iSCSI Configuration Manager

Forth Edition (August 2008)

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1. Release Notes

Newer versions of BIOS (in some cases referred to as BoFM enabled BIOS) require iSCSI Configuration Manager (ICM) v2.3.0 or later. Blades using BladeBoot with an older level of BIOS will require rerunning ICM prior to performing a BIOS update.

A variety of methods are available:

1. Update the iSCSI configuration by using the RELOAD version of the CLI. See Section 6, CLI Usage of iSCSI Configuration Manager on page 26.
2. Run the ICM UI and load the existing XML file for the Blade to be updated. Step through the UI and down load the revised configuration. Take special note of Section 5.7, Blade Configuration Panel on page 20.
3. Run the ICM UI and begin by loading the current settings from the Blade. Step through the UI and down load the revised configuration. Take special note of Section 5.7, Blade Configuration Panel on page 20.

2. Overview

The iSCSI Configuration Manager (ICM) is a standalone Java™ application used to configure firmware Initiators on supported blades in an IBM® BladeCenter® chassis. A user can manually enter the iSCSI Target's parameters using the Manager's GUI and then map the entered Targets to Initiators.

Once the user has mapped Targets to Initiators, the Manager will format the parameters into the BIOS layout and send the commands to the BladeCenter Management Module necessary to cause the baseboard management controller (BMC) to write the parameters into the NVRAM of the Initiator Blades. The Manager can then save the parameters to a XML file for subsequent downloads.

The figure below shows the Manager running on a Management Station. This Management Station can be a PC or other system running one of the supported Operating Systems and connected to the IP Network connected to the Management Module.

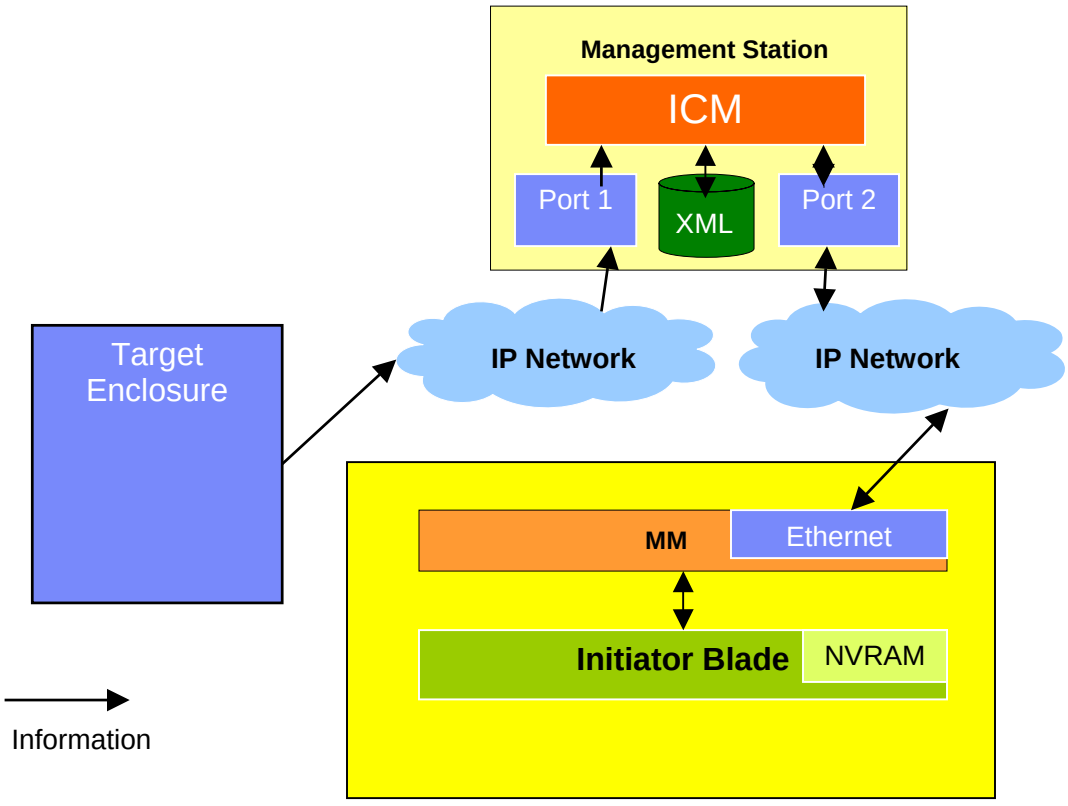

Figure 1: Initiator Configuration Manager (ICM) Overview

3. Supported Platforms and Requirements

This section details the supported Initiators as well as the requirements for the Management Station.

3.1. Management Station Requirements

The management station minimum requirements are the superset of the requirements for the Java Virtual Machine (JVM) and the requirements necessary for the management station to communicate with the BladeCenter Management Module.

Supported Management Station Operating System Requirements

- Windows XP
- Windows Vista
- Windows Server 2003
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux™ 4 AS Update 1 for IA32
- SLES 9
- SLES 10

Requirements for Communicating with Management Module

- Ethernet Network Interface Card (NIC)
- Internet Protocol (IP) connectivity to the BladeCenter Management Module

JVM Requirements

- Version 1.4.2 and 1.5.0
    - Note that v1.4.2 is required for the Remote Console feature via the BladeCenter management module.
- The requirements for the JVM are listed at the URL and below:

  http://java.com/en/download/help/sysreq.xml
  http://java.sun.com/j2se/1.4.2/download.html

3.2. Supported iSCSI Initiator Platforms

The Blades listed below must be at the latest revision of BIOS, BMC, and NIC microcode.

- IBM BladeCenter HS20 Type 8843
- IBM BladeCenter HS21 Type 8853
- IBM BladeCenter HS21 XM Type 7995
- IBM BladeCenter LS20 Type 8850
- IBM BladeCenter LS21 Type 7971
- IBM BladeCenter LS41 Type 7972

4. iSCSI Configuration Manager Installation

The following section outlines the steps necessary to install the iSCSI Configuration Manager on the Management Station for Windows and Linux respectively.

Windows

1. Install the Java Virtual Machine (JVM) on the Management Station.
2. Change the PATH system environment variable to include the JVM executable “java”.
3. Unzip the zip file downloaded into the directory of your choice.
4. Execute file “iSCSI_Configuration_Mgr_V2.3.1.msi” to do the setup.

Linux

1. Install the Java Virtual Machine (JVM) on the Management Station.
2. Change the PATH system environment variable to include the JVM executable “java”.
3. Unzip the zip file downloaded into the directory of your choice.
4. Launch a Linux shell window and change to the directory of your choice used above.
5. Change the permissions on wizard.sh to execute using a command similar to “chmod 755 wizard.sh”
6. Use the command “wizard.sh <configuration file directory path>” to launch the Wizard GUI enters.

5. iSCSI Configuration Manager Usage

This section details the function and usage of the various Manager Panels.

5.1. Running Mode Selection Panel

In ICM version 2.3.1, user can choose “Quick Configuration Mode” or “Advanced Configuration Mode” to configure the iSCSI Boot on blades. “Quick Configuration Mode” is a new introduced method which set parameters with only one “Initiator”, one “Target” and one “Blade Boot Attempt” for one “Blade” that let user can configure the iSCSI Boot more quickly if they don’t work for a complicated enviroment. “Advanced Configuration Mode” is the same as the previous ICM which can provide user the most comprehensive function.

The Running Mode Selection Panel allows the user to choose one of the previous two running modes based on their need to configure the iSCSI Boot. After selecting the running mode, pressing the “Next” button will move to the Quick Configuration Panel or XML Configuration File Selection Panel based on the choice.

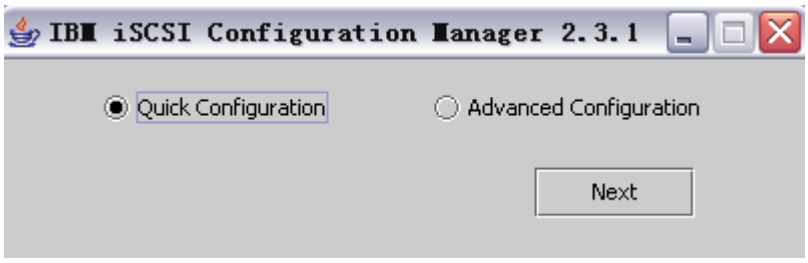

Figure 2: Running Mode Selection Panel

5.2. Quick Configuration Panel

The Quick Configuration Panel allows user do a simplest configuration which can set only one “Initiator”, one “Target” and one ”Blade Boot Attempt ” for one “Blade”. All parameters needed by this simplest configuration are included in this one panel. The parameters and their descriptions are contained in the tables below.

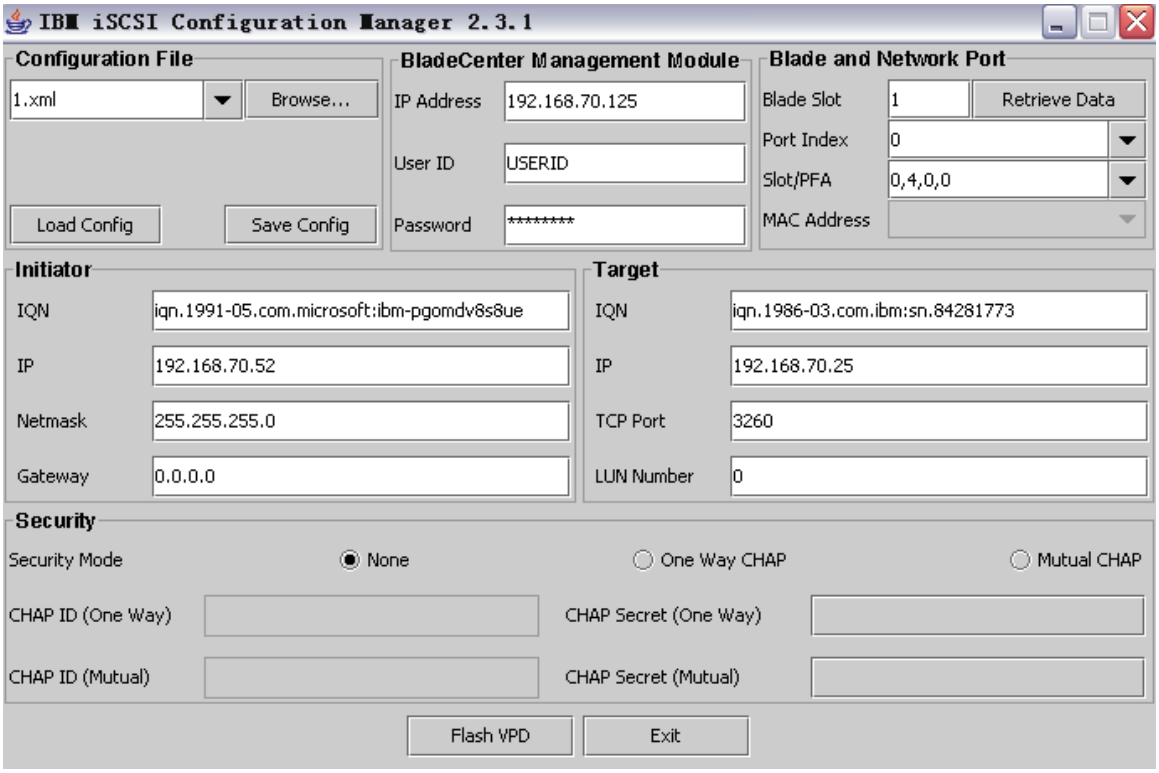

Figure 3: Quick Configuration Panel

User can select the configuration XML file from other place that different with ICM application folder via the “Browse…” button. User can read the previous stored data in the XML file via the “Load Config” button and also can save the newly modified data into the XML file via the “Save Config” button. Press the “Retrieve Data” button can retrieve the parameters from the blade that indicated by the number in the “Blade Slot”. If no such blade is in the BladeCenter, the ICM will raise an error message and ask user to input a corrected blade slot number. After input all the needed parameters, user can flash the parameters into blade VPD via the “Flash VPD” button.

Table 1: Quick Configuration Panel BladeCenter Management Module Parameters

IP Address	The IP address of the BladeCenter Management Module reachable from the Management Station running the Manager.
User ID	The user ID used to log into the Management Module. This is the same ID used by the Management Module’s Web and Command Line Interfaces.
Password	The password used to log into the Management Module. This is the same

	password used by the Management Module's Web and Command Line Interfaces.

Table 2: Quick Configuration Panel Blade Parameters

Blade Slot	The slot in BladeCenter, where this blade resides. If the blade occupies more than one slot then this is the slot number of the slot containing the LEDs and power button.
Port Number	The switch bay on your chassis where you have connected the iSCSI SAN. This is 0 based so the first switch bay is 0, the second is 1 and so on. The Port Number range depends on the software iSCSI boot device number. If user retrieves parameters from the blade, the Port Number combo box will list all available Port Number index values for that blade. After changing the value of Port Number combo box, the value in the Slot / PFA and MAC address combo box (if the BIOS is BOFM enabled) will be automatically changed to the related one. User can also input the Port Number manually.
Slot/PFA	The Slot / PFA (PCI Address Function) is the identification for PCI device. The format of this field is like "Slot, Bus, Device, Function". If user retrieves parameters from the blade, the Slot / PFA combo box will list all available Slot / PFA values for that blade. After change the value of Slot / PFA combo box, the value in the Port Number and MAC address combo box (if the BIOS is BOFM enabled) will be automatically changed to the related one. User can also input the Slot/PFA value manually.
MAC Address	The MAC address for the boot attempt device. If user retrieves parameters from the blade, the MAC address combo box will list all available MAC address for that blade (if the BIOS is BOFM enabled). After change the value of MAC address combo box, the value in the Port Number and Slot / PFA combo box will be automatically changed to the related one. Please pay attention that, not all available boot attempt devices have their MAC address stored in the BIOS, after changing the value in Port Number or Slot / PFA combo box, if there is no MAC address available for the selected boot attempt device, then MAC address combo box will show "None". User can't input MAC Address manually.

Table 3: Quick Configuration Panel Initiator Parameters

IQN	iSCSI qualified name of Initiator.
IP	iSCSI initiator IP address.

Netmask	The Netmask defines the local network scope of all the IP addresses on this particular subnet. Specifically, this mask defines the local network containing stations that may be accessed directly from this station (i.e. no router or gateways involved).
Gateway	Gateway address defines either the gateway or the router to reach outside the current subnet and it is IETF compliant.

Table 4: Quick Configuration Panel Target Parameters

IQN	iSCSI qualified name of Target.
IP	iSCSI Target IP address of storage.
TCP Port	iSCSI TCP port on Target IP address.
LUN Number	The LUN Number ranges from 0d ~ 65535d

Table 5: Quick Configuration Panel Security Parameters

CHAP ID (One Way)	CHAP ID or 1st half of security key for One Way CHAP. This field is active when “One Way CHAP” or “Mutual CHAP” is selected for “Security Mode”.
CHAP Secret (One Way)	CHAP PW or 2nd half of security key for One Way CHAP. This field is active when “One Way CHAP” or “Mutual CHAP” is selected for “Security Mode”.
CHAP ID (Mutual)	CHAP ID or 1st half of security key for Mutual CHAP. This field is active when “Mutual CHAP” is selected for “Security Mode”.
CHAP Secret (Mutual)	CHAP PW or 2nd half of security key for Mutual CHAP. This field is active when “Mutual CHAP” is selected for “Security Mode”.

5.3. XML Configuration File Selection Panel

The Configuration File Selection Panel allows the user to either select an existing configuration file to read or create a new configuration file. The parameter values read from the configuration file will be used as the initial values in the fields on the subsequent panels. The user can enter a file name or use the pull-down box to select a file. After selecting the desired file, pressing the “Next” button reads the parameter values and moves to the Environment Panel.

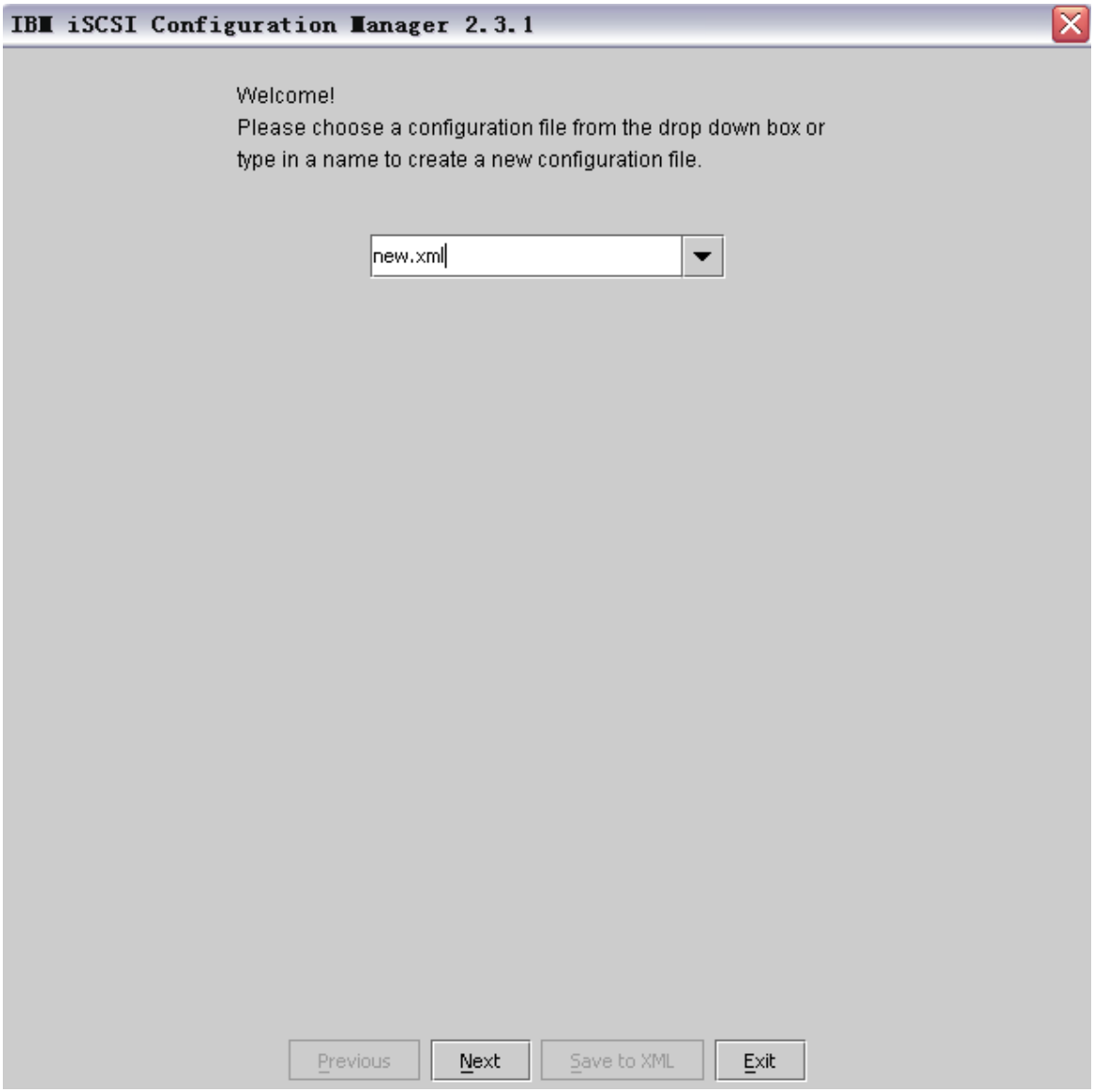

Figure 4: Configuration File Selection Panel

5.4. Environment Panel

The iSCSI Configuration Manager Environment Panel allows configuration of the parameters needed to communicate with the BladeCenter Management Module. Communication with the BladeCenter Management Module is required to write the Initiator's parameters to the supported blades. The parameters and their descriptions are contained in the tables below. Pressing the "Next" button retrieves the information from the BladeCenter, if Retrieve was selected, and moves to the Target Data Panel.

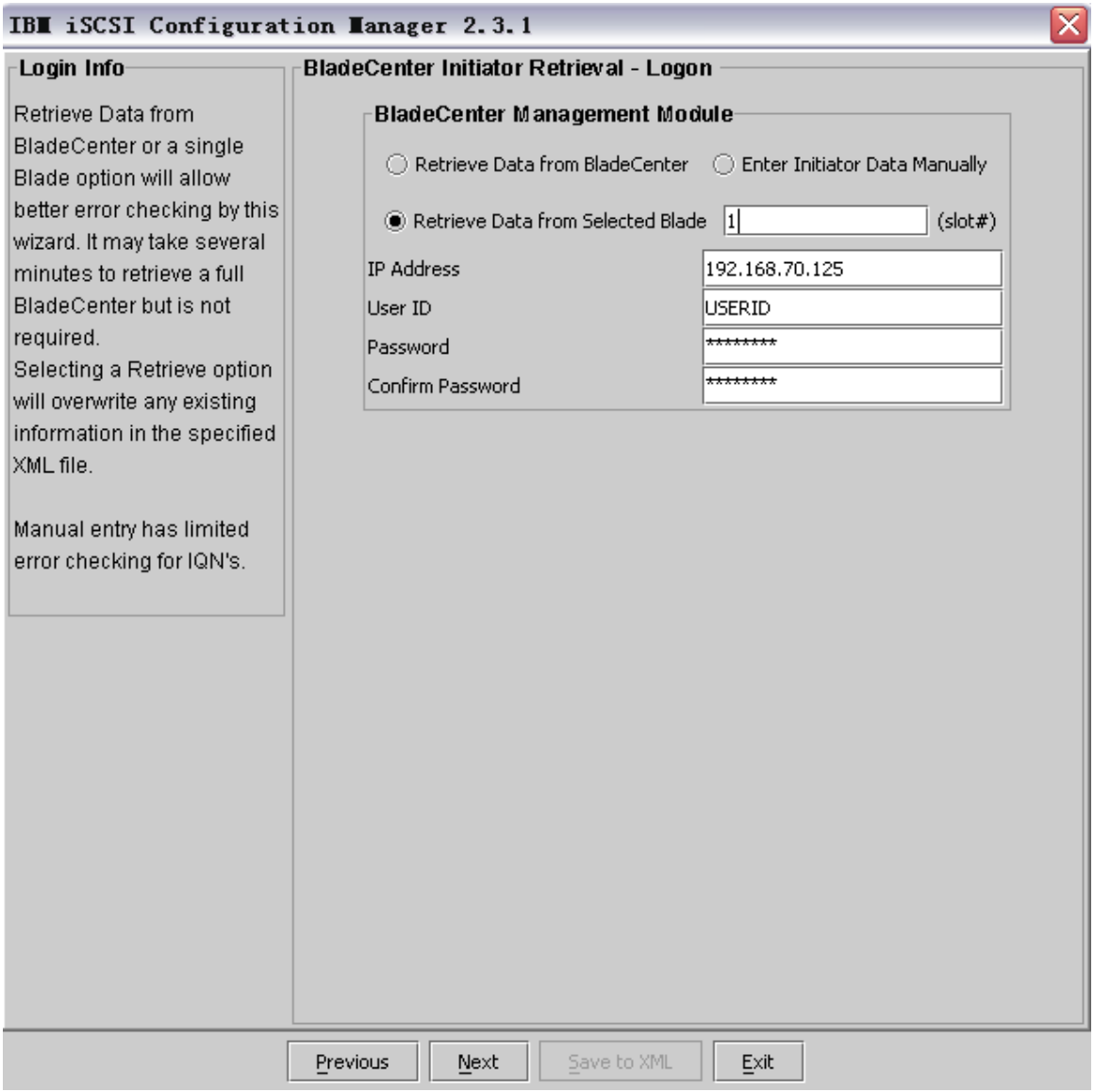

Figure 5: Environment Panel

Table 6: Environment Panel BladeCenter Parameters

Retrieve Data From BladeCenter	When this Radio Button is selected, the Manager will read the BIOS settings from all supported blades in the BladeCenter and display those settings as the initial parameter values on the Manager's GUIs. This may take several minutes.
Enter Initiator Data Manually	When this Radio Button is selected, the initial parameter values displayed by the Manager's GUI will be those contained in the specified configuration file or the default values.
Retrieve Data From Single Blade	When this Radio Button is selected, the Manager will read the BIOS settings from selected blade indicated by the "slot#" field and display those settings as the initial parameter values on the Manager's GUIs. This may take several minutes.
Slot#	The slot number of the selected blade for Retrieve Data From Selected Blade.
IP Address	The IP address of the BladeCenter Management Module reachable from the Management Station running the Manager.
User ID	The user ID used to log into the Management Module. This is the same ID used by the Management Module's Web and Command Line Interfaces.
Password	The password used to log into the Management Module. This is the same password used by the Management Module's Web and Command Line Interfaces.
Confirm Password	Same as above

5.5. Target Data Panel

The Target Data Panel is used to enter and display Target parameters that are relevant to the Initiators. The parameters and their descriptions are contained in the tables below.

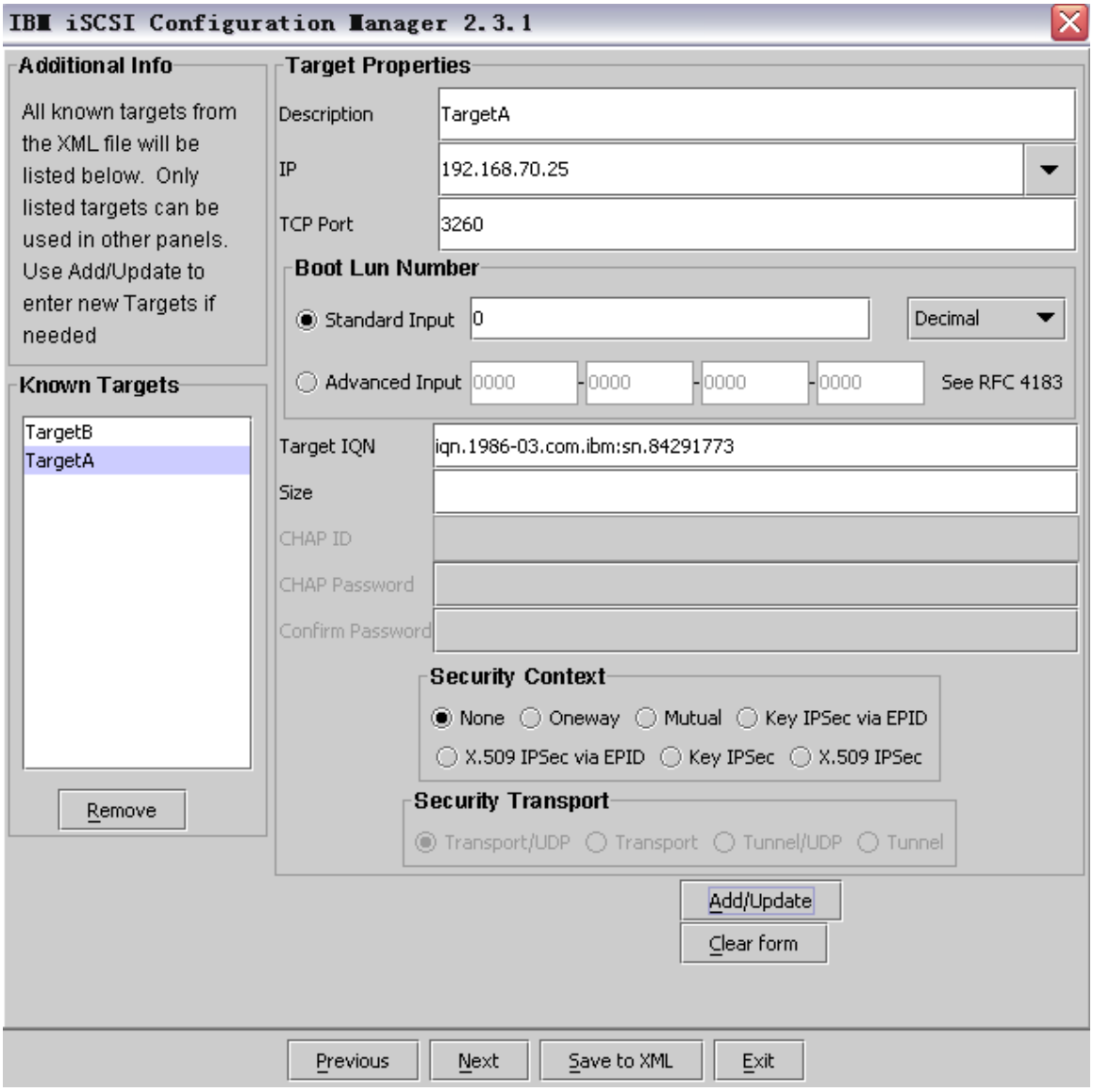

Figure 6: Target Data Panel

The user can enter and display Target parameters for multiple Targets using the “Add/Update”, “Clear” and “Remove” buttons. The Target selection box on the left displays the available Targets. The user can add Targets by entering the desired parameters in the “Target Properties” box and pressing the “Add/Update” button. The new Target will then display in the Target selection box. The user can modify Target parameters (in the Manager’s GUI only) by selecting the Target in the Target selection box, modifying the desired parameters in the “Target Properties” box, and pressing the “Add/Update” button. The user can set the values in the “Target Properties” box to their defaults by pressing the “Clear” button. The user can remove a Target by selecting the Target in the Target selection box then pressing “Remove”.

When the user has entered all the Target data, the user presses the “Next” button to move to the Initiator Configuration Panel.

Table 7: Target Panel Target Parameters

Description	A Text Description of the Target.
IP	iSCSI Target IP address of storage.
TCP Port	iSCSI TCP port on Target IP address.
Boot LUN Number: Standard Input	Input Boot LUN Number in hex or decimal mode. The Boot LUN Number ranges from 0d ~ 65535d (0x0000 ~ 0xFFFF).
Boot LUN Number: Advanced Input	Input Boot LUN Number following the format as xxxx-xxxx-xxx-xxxx, see RFC4183 for details.
Target IQN	iSCSI qualified name of Target.
Chap ID	CHAP ID or 1st half of security key.
Chap Password	CHAP PW or 2nd half of security key.
Confirm Password	Confirmation of above.

Table 8: Target Panel Target Security Context

None	No security context to be used.
Oneway	One way security to be used in logging into Target (Target authenticates Initiator) CHAP only.
Mutual	Mutual security to be used in logging into Target (Target authenticates Initiator / Initiator authenticates Target) CHAP only.
Key IPSec via EPID	Pre-shared key based IPSec authentication. The Distinguished Name is supplied via the EPID.
X.509 IPSec via EPID	X.509 Certificate based IPSec authentication. The Distinguished Name is supplied via the EPID.
Key IPSec	Pre-shared key based IPSec authentication.
X.509 IPSec	X.509 Certificate based IPSec authentication.

Security Transport

This is an optional field indicating the security transport mode to be used when IPSec security context is selected. If CHAP authentication is specified, then these fields are inactive.

Table 9: Target Panel Target Security Transport

Transport/UDP	Target security transport is Transport Mode / UDP Encapsulation. This field is only active when one of the IPSec options in Security Context is selected.
Transport	Target security transport is Transport Mode. This field is only active when one of the IPSec options in Security Context is selected.
Tunnel/IUDP	Target security transport is Tunnel Mode / UDP Encapsulation. This field is only active when one of the IPSec options in Security Context is selected.
Tunnel	Target security transport is Tunnel Mode. This field is only active when one of the IPSec options in Security Context is selected.

5.6. Initiator Configuration Panel

The Initiator Configuration Panel is used to enter and display Initiator parameters. If the “Retrieve Data from BladeCenter” or “Retrieve Data from Selected Blade” option was selected on the environment panel then the Manager will display the retrieved data on this panel. If the “Enter BladeCenter Data Manually” option was selected then the user must enter initiator parameters on this panel. The parameters and their descriptions are contained in the tables below.

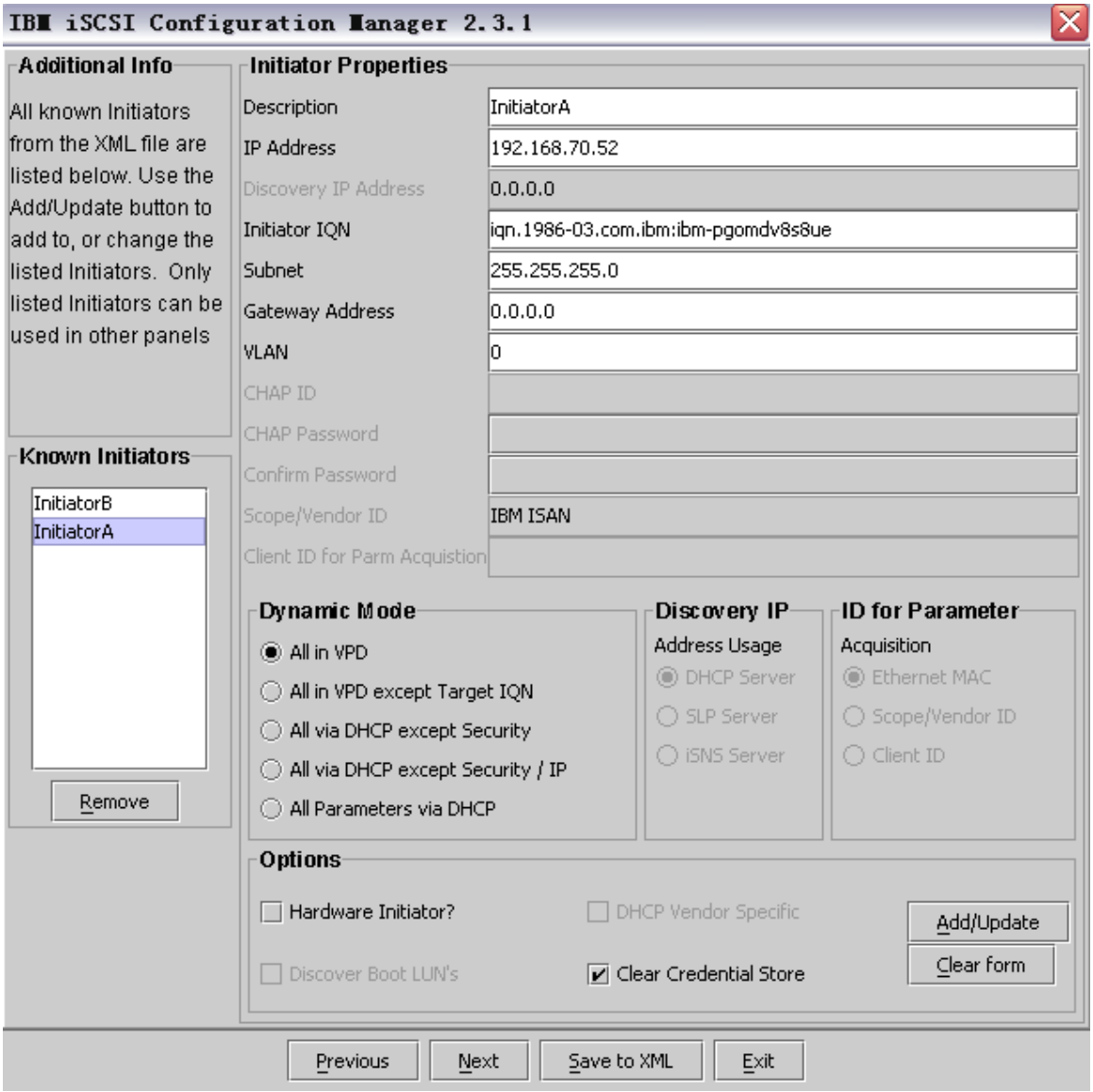

Figure 7: Initiator Configuration Panel

The user can enter and display Initiator parameters for multiple Initiators using the “Add/Update”, “Clear” and “Remove” buttons. The Initiator selection box on the left displays the available initiators. The user can add Initiators by entering the desired parameters in the “Initiator Properties” box and pressing the “Add/Update” button. The new Initiator will then display in the Initiator selection box. The user can modify Initiator parameters by selecting the Initiator in the Initiator selection box, modifying the desired parameters in the “Initiator Properties” box, then pressing the “Add/Update” button. The user can set the values in the “Initiator Properties” box to

their defaults by pressing the “Clear” button. The user can remove an Initiator by selecting the Initiator in the Initiator selection box then pressing “Remove”.

When the user has entered all the Initiator data, the user presses the “Next” button to move to the Blade Configuration Panel.

Table 10: Initiator Configuration Panel Initiator Properties

Description	A Text Description of the initiator.
IP Address	iSCSI initiator IP address. This field is inactive when “All Parameters via DHCP” or “All Parameters via DHCP except Security” under “Dynamic Mode” is selected.
Discovery IP Address	This discovery IP address is an optional address used in cases where the initiator IP address is defined via the static/parameter push approach. This option aids in the dynamic or parameter acquisition approach where, for a variety of reasons, the Initiator must access a specific IP address to acquire the parameters. The discovery IP address (with the appropriate Discovery IP Address Usage set to use DHCP option) is used by the Initiator to identify and to unicast to a specific DHCP server to acquire some or all of the iSCSI parameters. With the unicast support, DHCP broadcast storms can be eliminated. In the future, solutions using SLP or iSNS discovery services, this discovery IP address is used for identifying the SLP or iSNS server in the network. This field is only active when “All Parameters via DHCP except Security and IP” under “Dynamic Mode” is selected.
Initiator IQN	iSCSI qualified name of Initiator. This field is inactive when “All Parameters via DHCP”, “All Parameters via DHCP except Security” or “All Parameters via DHCP except Security and IP” under “Dynamic Mode” is selected.
Subnet	This network subnet mask is an optional mask used in cases where the subnet mask is defined via static/parameter push approach. The mask defines the local network scope of all the IP addresses on this particular subnet. Specifically, this mask defines the local network containing stations that may be accessed directly from this station (i.e. no router or gateways involved). This field is inactive when “All Parameters via DHCP”, “All Parameters via DHCP except Security” or “All Parameters via DHCP except Security and IP” under “Dynamic Mode” is selected.
Gateway Address	This network gateway/router IP address is an optional address used in cases where the subnet mask is defined via static/parameter push approach. Note that this address defines either the gateway or the router to reach

	outside the current subnet and it is IETF compliant. This field is inactive when “All Parameters via DHCP”, “All Parameters via DHCP except Security” or “All Parameters via DHCP except Security and IP” under “Dynamic Mode” is selected.
VLAN	The VLAN tag defines the VLAN virtual LAN to use for the iSCSI traffic within the subnet. A value of zero in this field means the Initiator NIC should not insert a VLAN tag. This field is inactive when “All Parameters via DHCP” under “Dynamic Mode” is selected.
CHAP ID	CHAP ID or 1st half of security key. This field is inactive when “All Parameters via DHCP” under “Dynamic Mode” is selected.
CHAP Password	CHAP PW or 2nd half of security key. This field is inactive when “All Parameters via DHCP” under “Dynamic Mode” is selected.
Confirm Password	Confirmation of above. This field is inactive when “All Parameters via DHCP” under “Dynamic Mode” is selected.
Scope/Vendor ID	This Scope/vendor ID is an optional address used in cases where parameters are acquired from a DHCP service and some scope or vendor casting is needed to aid the DHCP service in determining the parameters to return to the DHCP client. For example, this field can be used to identify the DHCPREQUEST or DHCPINFORM transaction is within the scope of iSCSI parameter acquisition. Note that since this field is per instance and per Initiator, finer levels of scoping are possible. This field is only active when “DHCP Vendor Specific” is selected.
Client ID for Parm Acquisition	This Client Alternate ID is an optional address used in cases where parameters are acquired from a DHCP service and a client ID different from EN MAC address or Scope/Vendor casting is needed to aid the DHCP service in determining the parameters to return to the DHCP client. For example, this field can be used to identify the DHCPREQUEST or DHCPINFORM transaction is within the scope of IP parameter or iSCSI parameter acquisition. Note that since this field is per instance and per initiator, finer levels of scoping are possible. Also note that the initiator may use this ID for either IP or iSCSI and use Scope/Vendor for iSCSI or IP to segment the context of acquisition. This field is only active when “All Parameters via DHCP”, “All Parameters via DHCP except Security” or “All Parameters via DHCP except Security and IP” under “Dynamic Mode” is selected.
Hardware Initiator	This is a hardware initiator versus a software

	initiator.
DHCP Vendor Specific	This defines the appropriate DHCP options to use to acquire iSCSI parameters. Namely, whether to use the internet draft using DHCP Option 17 to acquire iSCSI path information or whether to used customer/site specific options defined in this document. This option may be superseded by the Initiator and DHCP functionality. Specifically, the initiator can choose to ignore this option and ask DHCP for both Option 17 and Site/User specific Options. In turn, the DHCP server may respond with the valid options leaving the Initiator to interrogate the DHCP server response to determine which options are valid. This field is only active when "All Parameters via DHCP", "All Parameters via DHCP except Security" or "All Parameters via DHCP except Security and IP" under "Dynamic Mode" is selected.
Discover Boot LUN's	This field indicates whether to use the Target boot LUN field on the Target page or to ignore that value and discover from external sources. If the Initiator is to determine the boot LUN through other means such as intelligence or discovery, then this option should be checked. If an Initiator is to use the defined LUN number in the boot LUN fields on the target page, then this option should be unchecked. This field is inactive when "Hardware Initiator" and "All Parameters via DHCP", "All Parameters via DHCP except Security" or "All Parameters via DHCP except Security and IP" under "Dynamic Mode" are selected.
Clear Credential Store	This field is used to indicate to iSCSI service (iSCSI HBA based services namely) whether to clear IPSec certificates if they are in persistent storage.

Discovery IP Address Usage

This field indicates whether the discovery IP address should be used to access a DHCP server or should be used to access a SLP server (DA). These fields are only active when "All Parameters via DHCP except Security and IP" under "Dynamic Mode" is selected.

Table 11: Initiator Configuration Panel Discovery IP Address Usage

DHCP Server	The Discovery IP address points to a DHCP server.
SLP Server	The Discovery IP address points to a SLP server.
iSNS Server	The Discovery IP address points to an iSNS server.

ID for Parameter Acquisition

This field indicates what to use as the client ID for iSCSI parameter acquisition when querying a DHCP server for iSCSI parameters. If not present, then the parameters must be acquired from DHCP. Note that usage of Scope/Vendor ID as an additional usage scope tool is independent of this option. This field is only active when “All Parameters via DHCP”, “All Parameters via DHCP except Security” or “All Parameters via DHCP except Security and IP” under “Dynamic Mode” is selected.

Table 12: Initiator Configuration Panel ID for Parameter Acquisition

Ethernet MAC	Use Ethernet MAC address of current port as ID.
Scope/Vendor ID	Use Scope/Vendor ID as ID.
Client ID	Use Client Alternate ID as ID.

Dynamic Mode

The field is used by BIOS to determine if the iSCSI parameters are located in VPD space, for static mode, or should be acquired by a discovery service, in dynamic mode.

Table 13: Initiator Configuration Dynamic Mode

All Parameters via DHCP	All parameters acquired via DHCP acquisition.
All Parameters via DHCP except Security	All parms acquired via DHCP except: - Security parameters
All Parameters via DHCP except Security and IP	All parms acquired via DHCP except: -Security parameters -Initiator IP address and Discovery IP address
All in VPD except Target IQN	All parameters are present in data structure except: - Target name parms
All in VPD	All parameters are present in the data structure

5.7. Blade Configuration Panel

The Blade Configuration Panel is used to enter and display blade parameters. If the “Retrieve Data from BladeCenter” or “Retrieve Data from Selected Blade” option was selected on the environment panel then the Wizard will display the retrieved data on this panel. If the “Enter BladeCenter Data Manually” option was selected then the user must enter blade parameters on this panel. The parameters and their descriptions are contained in the tables below.

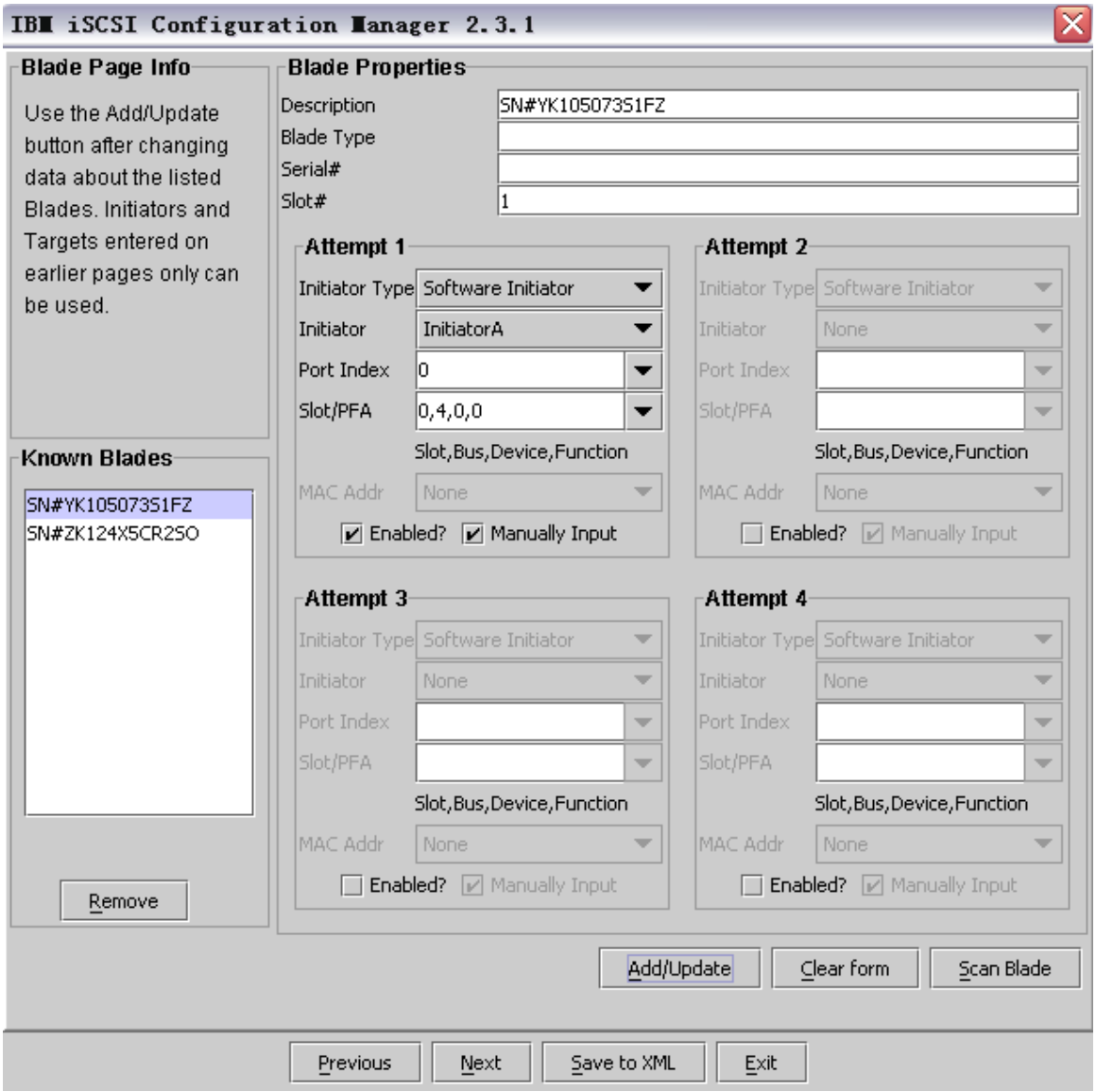

Figure 8: Blade Configuration Panel

The user can enter and display blade parameters for multiple blades using the “Add/Update”, “Clear” and “Remove” buttons. The blade selection box on the left displays the available blades. The user can add blades by entering the desired parameters in the “Blade Properties” box and pressing the “Add/Update” button. The new blade will then display in the blade selection box. The user can modify blade parameters by selecting the blade in the blade selection box, modifying the desired parameters in the “Blade Properties” box, then pressing the “Add/Update” button. The user can set the values in the “Blade Properties” box to their defaults by pressing the “Clear”

button. The user can remove a blade by selecting the blade in the blade selection box then pressing “Remove”.

If the “Retrieve Data from BladeCenter” or “Retrieve Data from Selected Blade” option was selected on the environment panel, “Manually Input” option will be unchecked by default and user can select the boot attempt device via listed Port Number or Slot/PFA or MAC address (MAC address selection only available when the Blade BIOS is BOFM supported). If “Enter BladeCenter Data Manually” option was selected on the environment panel or user checked the “Manually Input” option, user should manually input the Port Number or Slot/PFA value for boot attempt device (MAC address index mode is disabled under this situation). User can also scan a selected blade (indicated by Slot#) by pressing the “Scan Blade” button to retrieve its boot attempt device information. If no such blade is in the BladeCenter, the Manager will raise an error message and ask user to input a corrected blade slot number.

When the user has entered all the blade data, the user presses the “Next” button to move to the Initiator/Target Mapping Panel or the Blade Configuration Download Panel depending on whether the configuration needs to map Initiators to Targets.

Table 14: Blade Configuration Panel Blade Properties

Description	A Text Description of the blade.
Blade Type	An optional field describing the type of blade.
Serial#	An optional field containing the serial number of the blade.
Slot#	The slot in BladeCenter, where this blade resides. If the blade occupies more than one slot then this is the slot number of the slot containing the LEDs and power button.

Attempt n

Each blade can have up to four Initiator attempts. They are attempted one at a time until a Target is contacted. Attempt one is first, and attempt four last. The parameters for the four attempts are identical and described once in the table below.

Table 15: Blade Configuration Panel Attempt

Initiator Type	The type of Initiator that displays in the Initiator combo box. Currently support is for two initiator types: “Hardware Initiator” and “Software Initiator”. After select type in the Initiator Type combo box, the Initiator combo box will list all Initiators that belong to the selected type. This field is only active when “Enabled” is selected
Initiator	The description of the Initiator configured on the Initiator Configuration Panel to use for this attempt. This field is only active when “Enabled” is selected.
Port Number	The switch bay on your chassis where you have connected the iSCSI SAN. This is 0 based so the first switch bay is 0, the second is 1 and so on. The Port Number range depends on the software or hardware iSCSI boot device number. When “Manually Input” was unchecked, the Port Number combo box will

	list all available Port Number index values for the selected Initiator type and the combo box is not editable. After changing the value of Port Number combo box, the value in the Slot / PFA and MAC address combo box will be automatically changed to the related one. When “Manually Input” was checked, the combo box is editable. User should input Port Number index value manually. This field is only active when “Enabled” is selected.
Slot/PFA	The Slot / PFA (PCI Address Function) is the identification for PCI device. The format of this field is like “Slot, Bus, Device, Function”. When “Manually Input” was unchecked, the Slot / PFA combo box will list all available Slot / PFA values for the selected Initiator type and the combo box is not editable. After change the value of Slot / PFA combo box, the value in the Port Number and MAC address combo box will be automatically changed to the related one. When “Manually Input” was checked, the combo box is editable. User should input Slot / PFA value manually. This field is only active when “Enabled” is selected.
MAC Addr	The MAC address for the boot attempt device. The MAC address combo box will list all available MAC address for the selected Initiator type. After change the value of MAC address combo box, the value in the Port Number and Slot / PFA combo box will be automatically changed to the related one. Please pay attention that, not all available boot attempt devices have their MAC address stored in the BIOS, after changing the value in Port Number or Slot / PFA combo box, if there is no MAC address available for the selected boot attempt device, then MAC address combo box will show “None”. This field is only active when “Enabled” is selected, “Manually Input” is unchecked and BIOS is BOFM supported.
Enabled	Whether or not this attempt is enabled.
Manually Input	Whether or not user want to indicate the boot attempt device index value manually. This option is checked by default and will be unchecked after selected blade has been scanned (retrieve from BladeCenter or selected blade or via pressing “Scan Blade” button).

5.8. Initiator/Target Mapping Panel

This panel is used to assign Targets to Initiators. Each Initiator can be assigned up to two Targets. The Initiators configured on the previous panels are displayed in the selection box. The configured Targets are contained in the pull downs in the boxes marked “Target 1” and “Target 2”. A Target can only be assigned once to an Initiator. When an Initiator is configured in a blade’s attempt on the Blade Configuration Panel, the Targets assigned to the Initiator will be contacted when that attempt is activated during the boot process.

The fields Retry Count and Timeout are only active when “All in VPD” or “All in VPD except Target IQN” are selected in the Dynamic Mode box of the Initiator Configuration Panel.

The user presses the “Next” button to move to the Blade Configuration Download Panel.

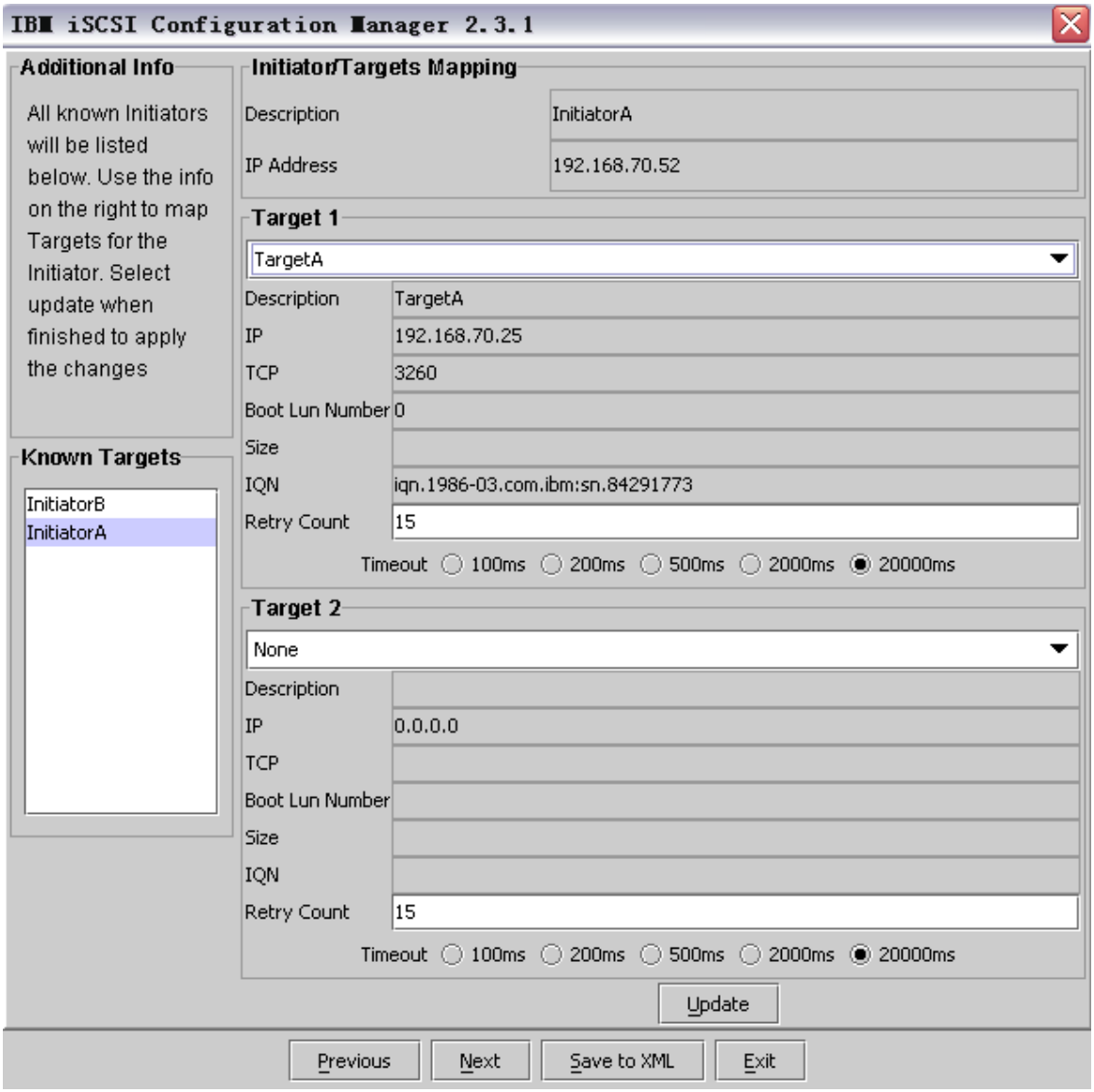

Figure 9: Initiator/Target Mapping Panel

5.9. Blade Configuration Download Panel

After the user has completed configuration of Targets, Initiators, and blades, the Manager can write the configuration into non-volatile storage on the blades. On the Blade Configuration Download Panel, the user selects the blades that should accept configuration from the Manager. After the user selects the desired blades, the user presses the “Flash NVS on Blade(s)” button to cause the Manager to download the configuration to the blades. The Manager uses the management module IP address, user ID, and password from the second wizard page to communicate with the blade through the management module. This is the last wizard page.

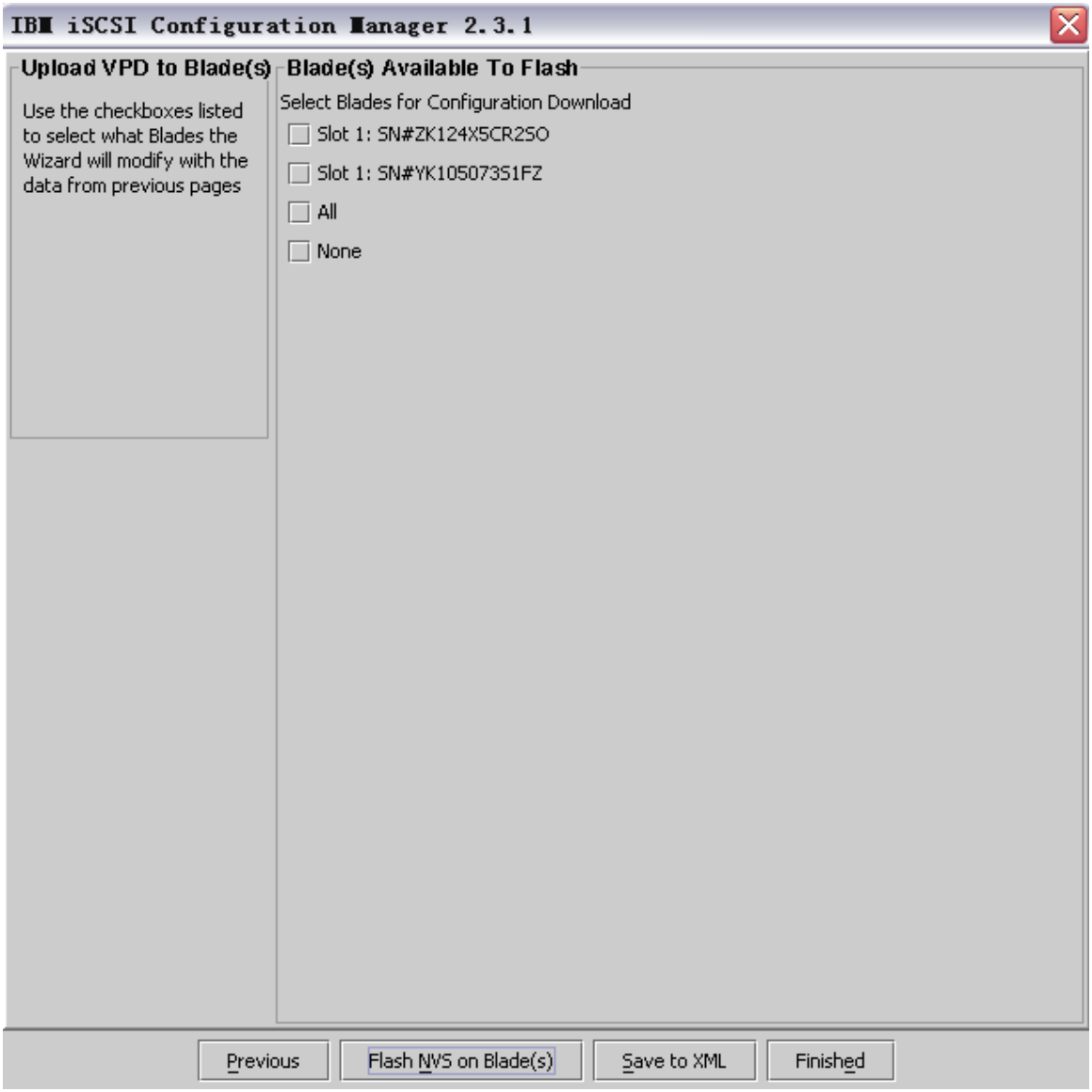

Figure 10: Blade Configuration Download Panel

5.10. Save Initiator Configuration Panel

After downloading the configuration to the blades, or at anytime during the configuration process, the user can save the parameters entered on the Manager's GUI. To do so, the user presses the "Save" button on any of the above panels. The Save Initiator Configuration pop up will appear. The user can save the configuration in an existing file by selecting a file from the pull down list or enter a new file name in the blank. The Manager will save the parameters when the "Save" button is pressed and when the "Finished" button is pressed on the Blade Configuration Download Panel.

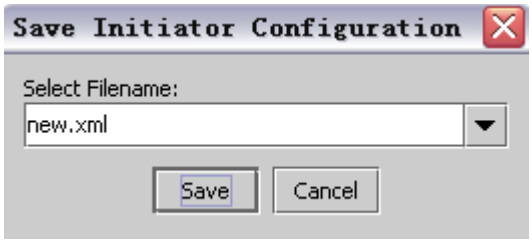

Figure 11: Save Pop-up

6. CLI Usage of iSCSI Configuration Manager

In addition to being used as a GUI, the Manager can be used from a command line interface (CLI). The CLI mode includes two functions as following:

1. BIOS download via existing XML file: The Manager reads an XML file containing the parameters and destination blades, builds the BIOS data structures, and sends the data structures to the destination blades. DTD is available to validate the XML file produced by an application other than the Initiator Configuration Manager
2. BIOS parameter reload: Since the BOFM supported BIOS will no longer support Port Number index mode, the previous user input parameter in an old BIOS will not work in a BOFM supported BIOS. In CLI mode, the old Port Number index value can be converted to Slot / PFA index value automatically via –RELOAD option. (In GUI mode, Port Number index value will be automatically converted to Slot / PFA index value after retrieving from blades).

6.1. Verifying the XML File

A XML Document Type Definition (DTD) file is available for the Manager's configuration file. The Manager should produce a valid configuration file that can be used in CLI mode. However, there may be environments, where the user may need to modify the XML file produced by the Manager. For example, the user may want to replicate one base configuration file to many initiators changing the IP address of each initiator. Then, the user may individually down load the configuration to each initiator using the CLI mode. In that case, the modified XML file can be verified using a tool such as xmllint (http://xmlsoft.org/xmllint.html - available as part of the libxml2 library from http://xmlsoft.org/downloads.html) with the example command below in a DOS (CMD) prompt or Linux shell window.

```
xmllint --dtdvalid wizard.dtd <filename>.xml
```

6.2. Running the Wizard in CLI Mode

1. BIOS download via existing xml file: The following command will execute the Wizard in CLI mode for BIOS download using an existing xml file. All the parameters are supplied on the command line or in the configuration file. There is no user prompt. If all the parameters are valid the Wizard will download the configuration to the blades specified in the configuration file on the chassis containing the management module with the IP address <MM IP address>. The configuration file is required. The IP address is optional. The user ID is optional, but if the user ID is given then the IP address and password are required. When an optional parameter is not present, its value is retrieved from the configuration file.

   ```
   "wizard.bat –CLI <configuration file>  [<MM IP address> [<MM user ID> <MM password>]]"
   ```

2. BIOS parameter reload: The following command will execute the Wizard in CLI mode for BIOS parameter reload. All parameters are supplied on the command line. There is no user prompt. If all the parameters are valid the Wizard will automatically convert the Port Number index value to Slot / PFA index value for the blade specified in the parameters. All parameters are required.

```
"wizard.bat –CLI –RELOAD –BLADE <BLADE slot number> <MM IP
address> <MM user ID> <MM password>"
```

6.3. CLI Mode Examples

Note: Example lines may wrap in this document but must be entered as a single line.

```
wizard.bat –QUICKCONFIG

wizard.bat –CLI MyBlade5.xml

wizard.bat –CLI Chassis2Blade7.xml 192.168.70.125

wizard.bat –CLI Slot3.xml 192.168.70.125 USERID PASSW0RD

wizard.bat –CLI –RELOAD –BLADE 1 192.168.70.125 USERID PASSW0RD
```

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