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Introduction	
About the IBM High IOPS Platform	
System Requirements	
Hardware Requirements	
Supported Operating Systems	
Upgrading Legacy Adapters (IMPORTANT)	
Software Installation	
New ioMemory VSL Installation	
Existing ioMemory VSL Installation	
Silent Install Option	
Outdated Firmware Check	
Virtual Controller Configuration	
Device Naming	
Adding a File System	
Creating a RAID Configuration	
Using the Device as Swap	
Understanding TRIM Support	
Performance and Tuning	
Disable CPU Frequency Scaling	
Limiting APCI C-States	
Setting NUMA Affinity	
Setting the Interrupt Handler Affinity	
Maintenance	
GUI Mangement	
Command-line Utilities	
Virtual Controller Conversion	
Uninstalling the Software	
C	
Upgrading the ioMemory VSL- Non-RAID Configuration	
Upgrading the ioMemory VSL with a RAID Configuration	
Defragmentation	
Unmanaged Shutdown Issues	
Disabling Auto-Attach	
Enabling Auto-Attach	
Monitoring and Managing Devices	
IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows	1 IBM 2
IDM IOMETHORY VSL 3.2.5 User Guide for Microsoft Windows	10 / 1

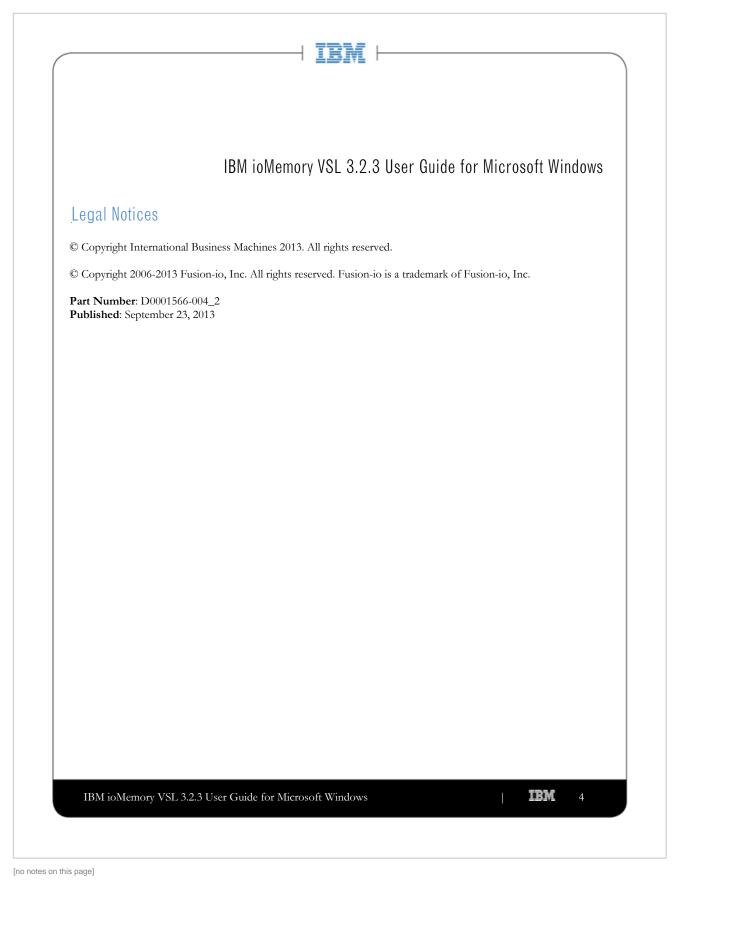
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Example Condition	ns to Monitor
Device LED Indic	ators
Appendix A- Troubles	shooting Event Log Messages
Appendix B- Manual I	Installation
Manual Installation	n on Windows Server 2003 3
Manual Install on V	Windows Server 2008 and 2012 4
Appendix C- Comma	nd-line Utilities
fio-attach	
fio-beacon	
fio-bugreport	
fio-config	
fio-detach	
fio-format	
fio-pci-check	
fio-status	
fio-sure-erase	
fio-update-iodrive	
Appendix D- Monitor	ing the Health of Devices
NAND Flash and	Component Failure
Health Metrics .	
Health Monitoring	g Techniques
Software RAID an	d Health Monitoring
Appendix E- Using W	/indows Page Files with the IBM High IOPS Devices
Configuring Devic	e Paging Support
Windows Page File	e Management
Performance	
Appendix F- NUMA	Configuration
Appendix G- Upgradi	ng Devices from VSL 2.x to 3.x
Uporade Procedur	e
opgrade i roeedaar	

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM



Introduction

Overview

Congratulations on your purchase of an IBM solid-state storage device. This guide explains how to install, troubleshoot, and maintain the software for your IBM High IOPS Adapters.

- NOTE Throughout this manual, when you see a reference to an **IBM High IOPS Adapter**, you may substitute your particular device(s), such as an IBM High IOPS Adapter or each of the two IBM High IOPS Adapters of an IBM High IOPS Duo Adapter.
- AttentionProducts with Multiple Devices: Some products, such as an IBM High IOPS Duo Adapter, are actually
comprised of multiple IBM High IOPS Adapters. If your product consists of multiple IBM High IOPS
Adapters, you will manage each IBM High IOPS Adapter as an independent device.

For example, if you have an IBM High IOPS Duo Adapter, you can independently attach, detach, and/or format each of the two IBM High IOPS Adapters. Each of the two devices will be presented as an individual device to your system.

About the IBM High IOPS Platform

The IBM High IOPS platform combines ioMemory VSL software with IBM High IOPS hardware to take enterprise applications and databases to the next level.

Performance

The IBM High IOPS platform provides consistent microsecond latency access for mixed workloads, multiple gigabytes per second access and hundreds of thousands of IOPS from a single product. The sophisticated IBM High IOPS architecture allows for nearly symmetrical read and write performance with best-in-class low queue depth performance, making the IBM High IOPS platform ideal across a wide variety of real world, high-performance enterprise environments.

The IBM High IOPS platform integrates with host system CPUs as flash memory to give multiple (and mostly idle) processor cores, direct and parallel access to the flash. The platform's cut-through architecture gives systems more work per unit of processing, and continues to deliver performance increases as CPU power increases.

Endurance

The IBM High IOPS platform offers best-in-class endurance in all capacities, which is crucial for caching and write-heavy databases and applications.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

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Reliability

The IBM High IOPS platform eliminates concerns about reliability like NAND failures and excessive wear. The all-new intelligent, self-healing feature called Adaptive Flashback provides complete, chip-level fault tolerance. Adaptive Flashback technology enables an IBM High IOPS product to repair itself after a single chip or a multi-chip failure without interrupting business continuity.

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System Requirements

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Please read the IBM ioMemory VSL Release Notes for more information on this release.

Hardware Requirements

- Hardware Requirements: These depend on your device (including device capacity, generation, and configuration). Please see the *IBM High IOPS Hardware Installation Guide* for requirements on the following:
 PCIe Slot
 - Cooling
 - Power
- Supported Devices: Also see the *IBM High IOPS Hardware Installation Guide* for a list of supported IBM High IOPS Adapters.
- **RAM Requirements:** The *IBM ioMemory VSL Release Notes* contains memory (RAM) requirements for this version of the software.

For specific IBM High IOPS System x server configuration information and requirements, refer to the following URL: <u>http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=SERV-IOPS</u>

Supported Operating Systems

- Microsoft Windows 2003 Server 64-Bit (with SP2 or higher)
- Microsoft Windows 2008 Server 64-Bit, R1 (with SP2 or higher)
- Microsoft Windows 2008 Server 64-Bit, R2
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012

Upgrading Legacy Adapters (IMPORTANT)

Please read these IBM High IOPS Adapter compatibility considerations.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

Multiple High IOPS adapters are installed in a single system:

When multiple High IOPS Adapters are installed in the same server, all devices must operate with the same version of software. High IOPS adapters require matching firmware, drivers and utilities. This is a very important consideration when adding a new Second Generation High IOPS Adapter in a server where Legacy Adapters are deployed.

When Upgrading Legacy Adapters operating with a previous generation of software (1.2.x or v2.x), you must back up the data on the adapter before upgrading to prevent data loss. After upgrading the ioMemory VSL to version 3.x, the legacy adapters will not logically attach to the system until the firmware is also updated. Detailed instructions for upgrading software is provided in <u>Appendix G-Upgrading Devices from VSL 2.x to 3.x</u> of this user guide.

Upgrading from version 1.2.x or 2.x software to 3.x:

Upgrading Legacy adapters from 1.2.x software to version 3.1.1 offers a number of significant changes and improvements, however there are some important considerations

When performing an upgrade from 1.2.x to 3.x, you must perform a staged upgrade (upgrade to the 2.x software and firmware before upgrading to 3.x). The device driver name has also changed from fio-driver (version 1.2.x) to iomemory-vsl (2.x and above).

The upgrade process from 2.x to 3.x will require the adapter to be formatted. Formatting will remove all existing data from the card and the data must be restored after the update completes. Users must back up their data before proceeding with the upgrade process to version 3.x.

The firmware upgrade process updates and modifies important hardware settings that are not compatible with 1.2.x or 2.2.3 versions of software. Once updated, the card cannot be black-leveled to the previous versions of software. Please see the "change history" documentation for a complete list of new features, enhancements, and fixes.

Replacing a failed legacy High IOPS card and "mandatory" update requirements:

As the supply of legacy adapters diminishes from inventory, it becomes more likely that warranty replacement cards will transition to the newer versions of the High IOPS adapters. Replacement High IOPS cards and may require firmware updates to support the new or existing cards in the server.

Any situation when mixing the flash NAND technology occurs, the minimum version of software supported by the latest generation of hardware prevails. A mandatory upgrade of software is required to support the latest generation of hardware with backward compatibility to legacy cards in the server.

Change History's Update Recommendations:

Change histories files provide an ongoing list of changes to a series of software compatible with a family of hardware. Please review the change histories using the following guidelines as to how IBM recommends or suggests updates to code levels at the website below:

http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?brand=5000008&lndocid=HELP-FIX

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Software Installation

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If you have IBM High IOPS Adapter installed and in a RAID configuration, please read the <u>Upgrading the ioMemory</u> <u>VSL with a RAID Configuration</u> information in the *Maintenance* section of this guide before you upgrade the software and/or firmware.

Installation Overview

- If you are installing this version of ioMemory VSL software on a system with IBM High IOPS Adapters configured for VSL 2.x, you must carefully follow the instructions in the <u>Appendix G-Upgrading Devices from VSL</u> <u>2.x to 3.x</u> section.
 - NOTE If you do not need to upgrade devices to the firmware for ioMemory VSL software version 3.x.x, but your system does have previous versions of the VSL software installed, you will need to uninstall the ioMemory VSL software. See the <u>Existing ioMemory VSL Installation</u> section for instructions. Once you have uninstalled the software, continue with the instructions on that page.
- 2. <u>Install</u> the latest version of the ioMemory VSL software.
 - NOTE For information on capturing an installation log for troubleshooting purposes, see the following <u>Microsoft KB article</u>.
 - a. Extracting the MSI File: If you require the MSI file, you may extract it using the following command:

<installname>.exe /extract

For example, you may need the MSI file to deploy the software via Group Policy on a Windows Server.

- <u>Upgrade the Firmware</u> to the latest version, if needed (recommended). This applies to IBM High IOPS Adapters
 that may use a version of the firmware that is earlier than the latest version.
- 4. Configure the device(s) by Adding a File System, Creating a RAID Configuration, etc.

New ioMemory VSL Installation

To install the ioMemory VSL software on a new system:

- 1. Complete all the installation steps given in the Hardware Installation Guide.
- 2. Log into your computer with an account that has Administrative rights.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

 3. Download the Windows ioMemory VSL installation program from <u>http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docidsplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723</u> (follow that link and then select IBM High IOPS software matrix) and save it to your desktop or another convenient directory. • Also download the highiops_<version>-<date>.fff firmware archive file for this release and </date></version>
save it in the same location.
4. Run the ioMemory VSL installation program. The installation program presents a custom setup tree-view with options for installation.
 Select a type of install by selecting components from the drop-down menus. If you change your mind later, you can use the Repair option in Programs and Features, or Add or Remove Programs in the Control Panel. NOTE Click on each component to view its description. The descriptions will appear to the right of the install tree.
6. Click Next.
7. To select a different folder for the installation, browse to the folder and click OK . The default folder is C:\Program Files\IBM HIGH IOPS.
8. Follow the onscreen prompts to complete the install.
9. Choose Finish on the finish screen of the installer.
Attention You should be prompted to reboot your system to complete the installation process. If you are not prompted to reboot, you should still reboot your system after completing the installation. If Windows does not recognize the IBM High IOPS Adapter(s) after rebooting, you may need to manually install the ioMemory VSL software for the device(s). See <u>Appendix B- Manual Installation</u> for information on manual installation.
The installation program:
• Creates a folder for the software components (the default path is C:\Program Files\IBM HIGH IOPS).
• Installs and loads the ioMemory VSL software. (This may require a restart.)
• Creates a folder for the ioMemory VSL utilites. The default path is C:\Program Files\Common Files\VSL Utils
When the install program creates the ioMemory VSL folder on the drive, it also creates this sub-folder: <vsl-version>\Driver — for manual installations using Device Manager</vsl-version>
NOTE You may also install the IBM High IOPS Management Application (optional GUI management software). IBM High IOPS Management Application and documentation are available as a separate download.
Proceed to the <u>Outdated Firmware Check</u> to continue.
Existing ioMemory VSL Installation
Attention Do not install new IBM High IOPS Adapters with previously installed IBM High IOPS Adapters (that are configured for ioMemory VSL software version 2.x) without first completing the instructions in Appendix J- Upgrading Devices from VSL 2.x to 3.x.
IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows 10

To install the latest ioMemory VSL software for Windows on an existing installation,

- 1. Review the Release Notes file available for this version of the software for additional steps that may be needed to complete the install.
- 2. Log in as Administrator or have Administrator rights.
- 3. Uninstall the existing ioMemory VSL software, utilities, etc., using **Programs and Features**, or **Add or Remove Programs** (depending on your version of Windows), in the **Control Panel**.
- 4. Restart the computer.

NOTE The ioMemory VSL installation program will attempt to remove previous versions of the software, however if it fails and a previous version is removed by the user after the newest version is installed, the ioMemory VSL software will no longer load after a restart. In that case, you need to a) run the Repair option in the installation program, from **Programs and Features** (or **Add or Remove Programs**) in the Control Panel, and b) restart the computer.

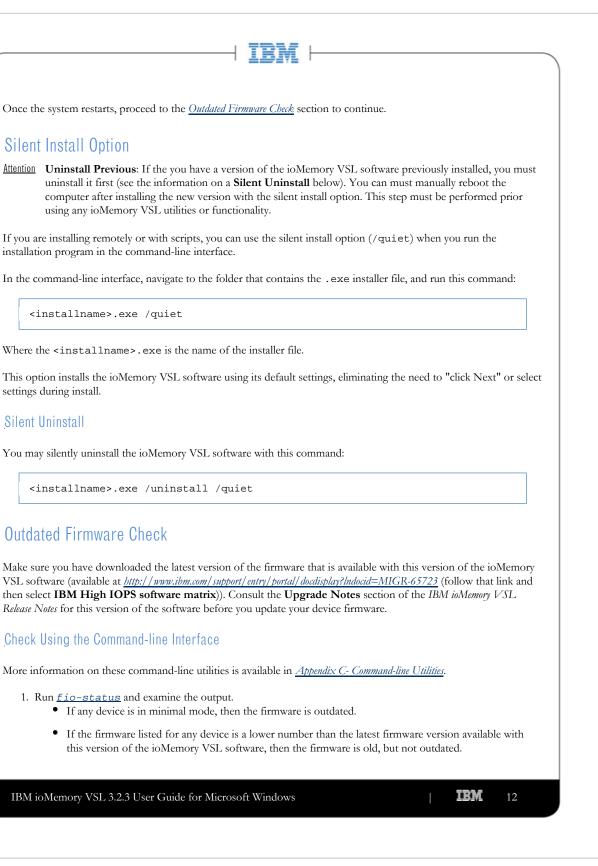
- 5. Download the ioMemory VSL installation program for Windows from <u>http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723</u> (follow that link and then select IBM High IOPS software matrix) to your desktop or a convenient directory.
 - Also download the highiops_<version>-<date>.fff firmware archive file for this release and save it in the same location.
- 6. Run the ioMemory VSL installation program. The installation program presents a custom setup tree-view with options for installation.
- Select a type of install by selecting components from the drop-down menus. If you change your mind later, you can use the **Repair** option in **Programs and Features**, or **Add or Remove Programs** in the Control Panel.
 NOTE Click on each component to view its description. The descriptions will appear to the right of the install tree.
- 8. Click Next.
- 9. To select a different folder for the installation, browse to the folder and click **OK**. The default folder is C:\Program Files\IBM HIGH IOPS.
 - The installer also creates a folder for the VSL utilites. The default path is C:\Program Files\Common Files\VSL Utils
- 10. Follow the onscreen prompts to complete the install.
- 11. Choose Finish on the finish screen of the installer.

 Attention
 You should be prompted to reboot your system to complete the installation process. If you are not prompted to reboot, you should still reboot your system after completing the installation. If Windows does not recognize the IBM High IOPS Adapter(s) after rebooting, you may need to manually install the ioMemory VSL software for the device(s). See <u>Appendix B- Manual Installation</u> for information on manual installation.

- Attention **Pagefile Support**: If your IBM High IOPS Adapter is configured for pagefile support, you may need to reboot a second time before Windows can create a permanent pagefile.
- NOTE You may also install the IBM High IOPS Management Application (optional GUI management software). IBM High IOPS Management Application and documentation are available as a separate download.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

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2. If the firmware is old or outdated, update it using the <u>fio-update-iodrive</u> utility.

Check using the Optional GUI Interface

You can use the (optional) IBM High IOPS Management Application GUI program to check for outdated firmware.

To check for outdated or old firmware:

- 1. Launch the IBM High IOPS Management Application and look for any devices that have a warning symbol.
- 2. Click on any devices with a warning symbol to ensure that the alert is from outdated firmware.
- 3. Select all devices requiring firmware update and use the IBM High IOPS Management Application to update the firmware. Refer to the *IBM High IOPS Management Application User Guide* for details.

To check for old but not outdated firmware:

- 1. Find the name of the latest firmware version available with this version of the ioMemory VSL software.
- 2. Use the IBM High IOPS Management Application to check each IBM High IOPS Adapter's firmware version against the latest.
- 3. Refer to the IBM High IOPS Management Application User Guide for instructions on how to update the firmware.

Virtual Controller Configuration

Depending on your use case and application, you may benefit from configuring supported devices to use Virtual Controller technology.

When configured, each physical IBM High IOPS Adapter is split into two (virtual) logical devices. Splitting the IBM High IOPS Adapter into two virtual devices has the following implications:

- Latency: There is no affect on latency.
- Throughput: The total peak I/O bandwidth of the device is approximately the same.
- **IOPS**: Depending on the use of the virtual devices (especially the average I/O size), the peak IOPS for each virtual device is about the same for a non-split device. In other words, the combined peak IOPS of the two virtual devices can be nearly double that of a non-split device. For details, see <u>Virtual Controller Conversion</u> in the *Maintenance* section.
- **Capacity:** Due to virtualization overhead, the combined capacity of the two virtual devices is slightly less than that of a single-controller device. See the *IBM ioMemory VSL Release Notes* for a list of compatible devices and their Virtual Controller capacities.

For more information on converting a device to use Virtual Controller technology, including device requirements, conversion steps, and additional considerations, see *Virtual Controller Conversion* in the *Maintenance* section.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

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Device Naming

The IBM High IOPS Adapter receives a name and number as part of the install process for identification. The syntax is fctx where x indicates the device number: 0, 1, 2, etc. For example, /dev/fct0 indicates the first IBM High IOPS Adapter installed on the system. Use the IBM High IOPS Management Application or the fio-status utility to view this bus number, or follow these steps:

- 1. Choose Start > Control Panel > System > Hardware > Device Manager.
- 2. Select Fusion ioMemory VSL devices.
- 3. Click on your IBM High IOPS Adapter in the list. The Properties dialog box appears.

	Driver Details	Resources
X	ioMemory VSL D	evice
	Device type:	Fusion-io io Memory VSL devices
	Manufacturer:	Fusion-io
	Location:	PCI Slot 118 (PCI bus 9, device 0, function 0)
	ice status s device is working p	property.
		OK Cancel

The Location field shows the PCIe bus number for your device (fct9 in this case).

Adding a File System

With IBM High IOPS Adapter(s) and ioMemory VSL software installed, you can now use the Windows Disk Management utility to make your device available to applications. Typically, Windows detects the new device, initializes it, and displays it in Disk Management. You can then add partitions, format a volume, or create a RAID configuration on your IBM High IOPS Adapter using the standard Windows procedures (see the *Windows Disk Management Utility* documentation for more details).

If Windows does not initialize the device, you can do so manually. To initialize an IBM High IOPS Adapter,

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows	I	IBM	14

- 1. Select Start > Control Panel.
- 2. Click Administrative Tools.
- 3. Click Computer Management.
- 4. Click **Disk Management** in the Storage section of the console tree.
- 5. Locate and right-click the IBM High IOPS Adapter in the list of storage devices on the right. (If the IBM High IOPS Adapter does not appear in the list, choose **Rescan Disks** from the Action menu. You may also need to restart your computer to display the IBM High IOPS Adapter in the list.)
- 6. Click Initialize Disk.

You can now use the Disk Management Utility to add a file system to your IBM High IOPS Adapter.

Creating a RAID Configuration

You can use your IBM High IOPS Adapter as part of a RAID configuration with one or more additional IBM High IOPS Adapters. To do so, you must format your IBM High IOPS Adapters as dynamic volumes. In turn, you can then use these dynamic volumes to create multi-disk RAID configurations (spanned, striped, mirrored, or RAID 5).

For specific steps to perform a RAID configuration, see the Windows Disk Management Utility documentation for details.

NOTE If you are using RAID1/Mirroring and one device fails, be sure to run a fio-format on the replacement device (not the remaining good device) before rebuilding the RAID.

Using the Device as Swap

To safely use the IBM High IOPS Adapter as swap space, you need to use the *fio-config* utility to pass a special pre-allocation parameter.

For example:

fio-config -p FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY 1072,4997,6710,10345

• Where 1072,4997,6710,10345 are device serial numbers obtained from *fio-status* (do not use adapter serial numbers).

A 4K sector size format is required for swap—this reduces the software memory footprint. See the <u>fio-format</u> utility for information on changing the device sector sizes.

- NOTE Be sure to provide the serial numbers for the IBM High IOPS Adapter, not the adapter.
- NOTE FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY is necessary to have the device usable as swap space. This will ensure the device is crash-free during operation. See <u>fio-config</u> for more information on setting this parameter.

<u>Attention</u>

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

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	You must have enough RAM available to enable the IBM High IOPS Adapter with pre-allocation enabled for use as swap. Attaching an IBM High IOPS Adapter, with pre-allocation enabled, without sufficient RAM may result in the loss of user processes and system instability.
NOTE	Consult the <i>IBM ioMemory VSL Release Notes</i> for RAM requirements with this version of the ioMemory VSL softwareL. The FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY parameter is recognized by the ioMemory VSL software at load time, but the requested memory is not actually allocated until the specified device is attached.
Indei	standing TRIM Support
	s version of the ioMemory VSL software, TRIM (also known as Discard) is enabled by default on many g systems.
	ddresses an issue unique to solid-state storage. When a user deletes a file, the device does not recognize that it im the space. Instead the device assumes the data is valid.
	a feature on newer operating systems. It informs the device of logical sectors that no longer contain valid user is allows the wear-leveling software to reclaim that space (as reserve) to handle future write operations.
ttention.	Windows does not support TRIM with a RAID 5 configuration.
RIM o	n Windows Server 2008 R2 and Newer
	s Server 2008 R2 and newer have native TRIM support. With these operating systems, IBM High IOPS s work with Windows TRIM commands by default.
RIM o	n Windows Server 2003 and Windows Server 2008 R1
	s TRIM is not built into Windows Server 2003 or Windows Server 2008 R1. For more information on TRIM operating systems, please see the Change Log in the <i>IBM ioMemory VSL Release Notes</i> .



Performance and Tuning

IBM High IOPS Adapters provide high bandwidth, high Input/Output per Second (IOPS), and are specifically designed to achieve low latency.

As IBM High IOPS Adapters improve IOPS and low latency, the device performance may be limited by operating system settings and BIOS configuration. These settings may need to be tuned to take advantage of the revolutionary performance of IBM High IOPS Adapters.

While IBM devices generally perform well out of the box, this section describes some of the common areas where tuning may help achieve optimal performance.

Disable CPU Frequency Scaling

Dynamic Voltage and Frequency Scaling (DVFS) are power management techniques that adjust the CPU voltage and/or frequency to reduce power consumption by the CPU. These techniques help conserve power and reduce the heat generated by the CPU, but they adversely affect performance while the CPU transitions between low-power and high-performance states.

These power-savings techniques are known to have a negative impact on I/O latency and IOPS. When tuning for performance, you may benefit from reducing or disabling DVFS completely, even though this may increase power consumption.

DVFS, if available, is often configurable as part of your operating systems power management features as well as within your system's BIOS interface. Within the operating system and BIOS, DVFS features are often found under the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) sections; consult your computer documentation for details.

Limiting APCI C-States

Newer processors have the ability to go into lower power modes when they are not fully utilized. These idle states are known as ACPI C-states. The C0 state is the normal, full power, operating state. Higher C-states (C1, C2, C3, etc.) are lower power states.

While ACPI C-states save on power, they can have a negative impact on I/O latency and maximum IOPS. With each higher C-state, typically more processor functions are limited to save power, and it takes time to restore the processor to the C0 state.

When tuning for maximum performance you may benefit from limiting the C-states or turning them off completely, even though this may increase power consumption.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

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Setting ACPI C-State Options

If your processor has ACPI C-states available, you can typically limit or disable them in the BIOS interface (sometimes referred to as a Setup Utility). APCI C-states may be part of of the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) menu. Consult your computer documentation for details.

Setting NUMA Affinity

Servers with a NUMA (Non-Uniform Memory Access) architecture may require special installation instructions in order to maximize IBM High IOPS Adapter performance. This includes most multi-socket servers.

On some servers with NUMA architecture, during system boot, the BIOS will not associate PCIe slots with the correct NUMA node. Incorrect mappings result in inefficient I/O handling that can significantly degrade performance. To prevent this, you must manually assign ioMemory devices optimally among the available NUMA nodes.

For information on setting NUMA affinity, see <u>Appendix F- NUMA Configuration</u>.

Setting the Interrupt Handler Affinity

Device latency can be affected by placement of interrupts on NUMA systems. We recommend placing interrupts for a given device on the same NUMA node that the application is issuing I/O from. If the CPUs on this node are overwhelmed with user application tasks, in some cases it may benefit performance to move the the interrupts to a remote node to help load-balance the system.

Many operating systems will attempt to dynamically place interrupts across the nodes, and generally make good decisions.

Windows IRQ Policy

By default, Windows uses a policy of IrqPolicyAllCloseProcessors and a priority of IrqPriorityNormal, which should work best for most applications.

If manual tuning is needed, Windows provides the Interrupt Affinity Policy Tool. Information on this tool can be found at: <u>*bttp://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/bardware/ge463378</u>. The settings that the application changes are listed at: <u><i>bttp://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff547969(v=vs.85).aspx*.</u></u>

With Windows Sever 2008 or newer on a machine with more than 64 processors, there's an additional GroupPolicy parameter that can be set through the registry in order to set the affinity to a different processor group. This is documented at: <u>bttp://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/bardware/gg463349</u>.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

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18

Maintenance

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The ioMemory VSL software includes utilities for maintaining the device.

GUI Mangement

IBM High IOPS Management Application is a free browser-based solution for managing IBM High IOPS Adapters. IBM High IOPS Management Application and documentation are available as a separate download.

The IBM High IOPS Management Application can perform:

- Firmware upgrades
- Low-level formatting
- Attach and detach actions
- · Device status and performance information

Command-line Utilities

The Windows Setup package also includes several command-line utilities for managing your IBM High IOPS Adapter:

- fio-attach
- fio-beacon
- fio-bugreport
- fio-config
- fio-detach
- fio-format
- fio-pci-check
- fio-status
- fio-sure-erase
- fio-update-iodrive

Each of these is described in detail in Appendix C- Command-line Utilities.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

Virtual Controller Conversion

Converting your IBM High IOPS Adapter to a Virtual Controller configuration will split the IBM High IOPS Adapter into two logical devices.

For 512B I/Os, the combined IOPS performance of the two virtual devices is approximately double that of a single-controller device. For 4KB I/Os, there is more than an 80% improvement in IOPS performance with virtual devices. For 16KB and larger I/Os, there is no improvement of total IOPS performance over a non-Virtual Controller configuration.

Latency in the virtual devices is unaffected, and the combined bandwidth of the two virtual devices is the same as it would be without the split. Due to the overhead of an additional device, the combined capacity of the two virtual devices is slightly less than that of a single-controller device.

Splitting a single physical device into multiple virtualized devices, or merging multiple virtualized devices back to a single physical device requires a low-level format, which will erase all of the data on the device. Be sure to back up all of your data.

Supported Devices

Only relatively new devices (with few writes performed) may be split or merged. Devices with too much wear are unsuitable for converting to or from a Virtual Controller configuration. Merging virtual devices may also result in additional wear (depending on the wear differences of the two virtual devices).

To be suitable for splitting or merging, devices (including Virtual Controller devices) must have 90% or more of their remaining rated endurance of Petabytes Written (PBW). This rating as well as the current percentage remaining is visible in fio-status with the -a option. For example:

```
fio-status /dev/fct1 -a
...
Rated PBW: 17.00 PB, 99.95% remaining
```

In the above example, the device is suitable for conversion because it has more than 90% of the rated PBW remaining.

If you attempt to merge or split a device that does not support Virtual Controller technology or a device that has too much wear, the update utility will not allow the conversion and the firmware upgrade will not take place. See the Release Notes for a list of devices that support Virtual Controller technology and their capacities after the conversion.

Multi-device Products

For products with more than one IBM High IOPS Adapter, such as an IBM High IOPS Duo Adapter, you must configure all of the IBM High IOPS Adapters to Virtual Controller technology at the same time. All of the devices must also be merged at the same time. For example, the two IBM High IOPS Adapters in an IBM High IOPS Duo Adapter will be converted into four virtual devices. The utility will not allow a conversion if you attempt to split or merge only one physical device in a multi-device product.

IBM ioMemory	VSL 3.2.3	User	Guide for	Microsoft	Windows

[no notes on this page]

IBM

Splitting Controllers

Be sure to use firmware that supports Virtual Controller technology. Consult the Release Notes to determine if the firmware for that release supports Virtual Controller technology.

- 1. Back up all of your data. Because a low-level format is needed to complete the conversion, all of the user data on your device will be erased.
- 2. Use the fio-update-iodrive command-line utility to configure an IBM High IOPS Adapter to use Virtual Controller technology:
 - Use the --split option to split the controller.
 - Use the -d option to specify a device, otherwise all installed devices that can be split will be split.
 - Specify the firmware path, and check the *IBM ioMemory VSL Release Notes* to make sure the firmware supports Virtual Controller technology.

Example:

fio-update-iodrive --split -d /dev/fct0 <firmware-path>

After rebooting, each physical device will be split into two virtual devices. Each IBM High IOPS Adapter will therefore split into two logical devices, each with a unique device path. For example, /dev/fct0 may become /dev/fct0 and /dev/fct1. You will manage each device as a unique device.

3. Reboot.

- 4. Load the ioMemory VSL driver.
- 5. Run fio-status to determine which devices need to be formatted.
- 6. Low-level format the device(s). For example:

fio-format /dev/fct0 /dev/fct1

Attention Formatting will erase all user data, be sure to back up your data. You can reverse the split by merging the controllers (without losing data) up until you format the virtual devices.

Merging Controllers

If your IBM High IOPS Adapter (including the two virtual devices) is suitable for merging, then you will be able to use the fio-update-iodrive utility to merge the virtual devices back into one physical device.

1. Back up all of your data. Because a low-level format is needed to complete the merge, all of the user data on your device will be erased.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

21

	-update-iodrive command-line utility to configure the device for merging: themerge option to merge the virtual devices.
	the -d option to specify a device.
	ion The fio-update-iodrive utility only successfully works against one of the two virtual devices for each physical IBM High IOPS Adapter. Out of the two virtual devices, only the first virtual device (in terms of device numbering) is linked to the physical device (and the firmware). The second virtual device is not linked, and any firmware operation against that second virtual device will fail with this message:
	Error: Device '/dev/fctx' had an error while updating. This device does not support firmware update.
	This is expected, and the error will not affect the update/merge of the first (linked) virtual device. The update operation will complete on all devices that can merge and otherwise accept firmware changes.
supp	ify the firmware path, and check the <i>IBM ioMemory VSL</i> Release Notes to make sure the firmware orts Virtual Controller technology. mple :
[fio-update-iodrivemerge -d /dev/fct0 <firmware-path></firmware-path>
3. Reboot.	
4. Load the io	Memory VSL driver.
5. Run fio-s	tatus to determine which devices need to be formatted.
6. Low-level f	ormat the device(s). For example:
fio-	format /dev/fct0
	ormatting will erase all user data, be sure to back up your data. You can reverse the merge by litting the controllers (without losing data) up until you format the merged device.
he IBM High IO	PS Adapter is once again one logical device, and you will manage it as one device.

IBM

Uninstalling the Software

To uninstall the ioMemory VSL software,

- 1. Go to Start > Control Panel.
- 2. Click Programs & Files.
- 3. Select the Fusion-io ioMemory VSL entry.
- 4. Click Uninstall.

Windows uninstalls the ioMemory VSL folder along with all files and folders.

Attention The ioMemory VSL utilities are **not** uninstalled with this procedure. If you are upgrading to a newer version of the IBM High IOPS Adapter, you do not need to manually uninstall these utilities. However, if you are uninstalling the software completely, or planning on installing an earlier version of the ioMemory VSL software, you should manually remove the following folder and its contents: C:\Program Files\Common Files\VSL Utils

Upgrading the ioMemory VSL- Non-RAID Configuration

<u>Attention</u> Be sure to read the *IBM ioMemory VSL*. *Release Notes* document that comes with each new release as well as these installation instructions to ensure no loss of data when performing upgrades.

To upgrade the ioMemory VSL software in a non-RAID configuration:

- 1. Follow the steps in Uninstalling the Software earlier.
- Download the latest ioMemory VSL software from
 <u>http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723</u> (follow that link and then select IBM
 High IOPS software matrix).
- 3. Either unzip or run the Windows package to copy the files to a convenient directory.
- 4. Go to Start > Control Panel.
- 5. Click Administrative Tools.
- 6. Click Computer Management.
- 7. Click Device Manager in the console tree at the left.
- 8. Expand the Fusion-io Devices item.
- 9. Right-click the desired device.
- Click Update IBM High IOPS Adapter. If needed, refer to <u>Appendix B- Manual Installation</u> for details on the remaining steps to install the updated IBM High IOPS Adapter.

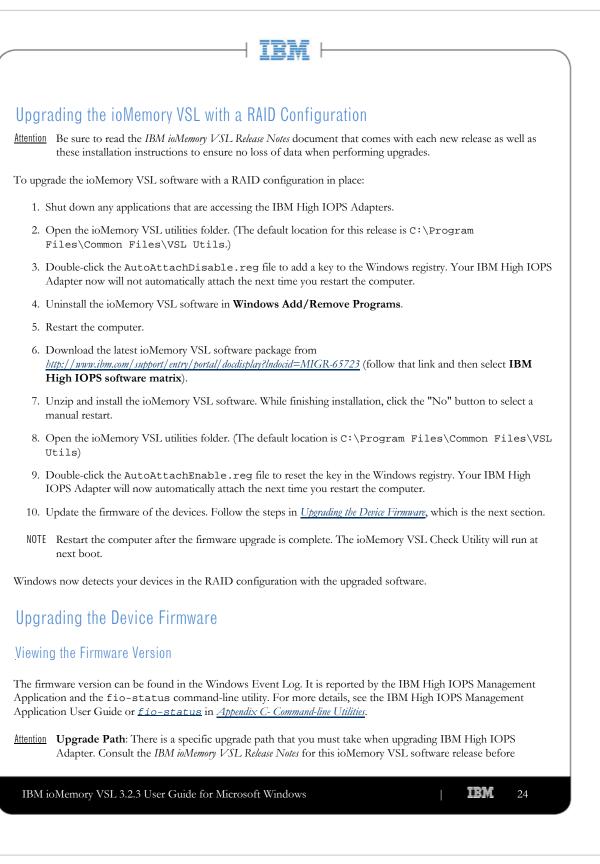
Windows now detects your IBM High IOPS Adapter(s) with the upgraded IBM High IOPS Adapter.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

[no notes on this page]

IBM

23



upgrading IBM High IOPS Adapters.

Performing the Upgrade

Attention You should back up the data on the device prior to any upgrade as a precaution.

To perform the upgrade, use either the IBM High IOPS Management Application (see the IBM High IOPS Management Application User Gnide) or the <u>fio-update-iodrive</u> command-line utility.

Your IBM High IOPS Adapter may have a minimum firmware label affixed (for example, "MIN FW: XXXXXX"). This label indicates the minimum version of the firmware that is compatible with your device. <u>Attention</u> Do not attempt to downgrade the firmware on any IBM High IOPS Adapter.

When installing a new IBM High IOPS Adapter along with existing devices, you must upgrade all of the currently installed devices to the latest available versions of the firmware and ioMemory VSL software before installing the new devices.

Consult the IBM ioMemory VSL Release Notes for this ioMemory VSL software release for any upgrade considerations.

Upgrading VMware Guest OS

If you are using your IBM High IOPS Adapter with a VMware guest OS (using VMDirectPathIO), you must cycle the power on the host after you upgrade the device(s). Just restarting the virtual machine won't apply the change.

Defragmentation

The IBM High IOPS Adapter does not need to be defragmented. Some versions of Windows, however, run defragmentation as a scheduled task automatically. If necessary, you should turn off automatic defragmentation.

Unmanaged Shutdown Issues

Unmanaged shutdown due to power loss or other circumstances can force the IBM High IOPS Adapter to perform a consistency check during restart. This may take several minutes or more to complete and is shown by a progress percentage during Windows startup.

You can cancel this consistency check by pressing Esc during the first 15 seconds after the "Fusion-io Consistency Check" message appears at the prompt. If you choose to cancel the check, however, the IBM High IOPS Adapter(s) will remain unavailable to users until the check is done. (You can perform this check later on using IBM High IOPS Management Application's Attach function).

Although data written to the IBM High IOPS Adapter will not be lost due to unmanaged shutdowns, important data structures may not have been properly committed to the device. This consistency check repairs these data structures.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

25

IBM

Disabling Auto-Attach

The ioMemory VSL software defaults to automatically attach (auto-attach) all installed IBM High IOPS Adapters to the operating system. (If the IBM High IOPS Adapter does not attach, it will not be available to applications or users.) You can disable auto-attach to assist in troubleshooting or diagnostics.

To disable auto-attach:

- 1. Open the ioMemory VSL Utilities folder. (The default location is C:\Program Files\Common Files\VSL Utils).
- 2. Double-click the autoattachdisable.reg file.
- 3. If you receive a prompt at this point, confirm that you want to modify the registry.

This creates a new DWORD parameter registry key called AutoAttach in:

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\fiodrive\Parameters

Once you restart your system, your IBM High IOPS Adapter will no longer automatically attach until you re-enable auto attach (see *Enabling Auto-Attach*)

When you finish troubleshooting the ioMemory VSL software issue, use <u>fio-attach</u> or the IBM High IOPS Management Application to attach the IBM High IOPS Adapter(s) and make them available to Windows.

Enabling Auto-Attach

To re-enable auto-attach after disabling it using the method described in Disabling Auto-Attach:

- 1. Open the ioMemory VSL utilities folder. (The default location is C:\Program Files\Common Files\VSL Utils).
- 2. Double-click the autoattachenable.reg file.
- 3. If you receive a prompt at this point, confirm that you want to modify the registry.

This resets the AutoAttach parameter in the Registry. The next time you restart your Windows system, your IBM High IOPS Adapter will automatically attach.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

26

IBM

Monitoring and Managing Devices

IBM provides many tools for managing your IBM High IOPS Adapters. These tools will allow you to monitor the devices for errors, warnings, and potential problems. They will also allow you to manage the devices including performing the following functions:

- Firmware upgrades
- Low-level formatting
- Attach and detach actions
- Device status and performance information
- Configuring Swap and Paging
- Generating bug reports

Management Tools

IBM has provided several tools for monitoring and managing IBM High IOPS Adapters. These include stand-alone tools that require no additional software and data-source tools that can be integrated with other applications.

Consider the descriptions of each tool to decide which tool (or combination of tools) best fits your needs.

Attention The ioMemory VSL software does print some error messages to the system logs, and while these messages are very useful for troubleshooting purposes, the VSL software log messages are not designed for continual monitoring purposes (as each is based on a variety of factors that could produce different log messages depending on environment and use case). For best results, use the tools described in this section to regularly monitor your devices.

Stand-alone Tools

These stand-alone tools do not require any additional software.

• **Command-line Utilities**: These utilities are run manually in the terminal. The fio-status utility provides status for all devices within a host. The other utilities allow you to perform other management functions. See Appendix A- Utilities Reference for full details.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

27

 IBM High IOPS Management Application: The GUI browser-based IBM High IOPS Management Application allows you to monitor and manage every IBM High IOPS Adapter installed in multiple hosts across your network. It collects all of the alerts for all IBM High IOPS Adapters and displays them in the Alert Tab. You may also set up the IBM High IOPS Management Application to send email or SMS messages for specific types of alerts or all alerts. The software packages and documentation are available from http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723 (follow that link and then select IBM High IOPS software matrix).

Data-source Tools

These data-source tools provide comprehensive data, just like the stand-alone tools, but they do require integration with additional software. At a minimum, some tools can interface with a browser. *However, the benefit of these tools is that they can be integrated into existing management software that is customized for your organization.*

These tools are available as separate downloads. See the IBM ioMemory VSL Release Notes for more information.

- **SNMP Subagent**: The IBM SNMP AgentX subagent allows you to monitor and manage your IBM High IOPS Adapters using the Simple Network Management Protocol. You can use a normal SNMP browser, or customize your existing application to interface with the subagent.
- **SMI-S CIM Provider**: The CIM provider allows you to monitor and manage your devices using the Common Information Model. You can use a normal CIM browser, or customize your existing application to interface with the CIM provider.
- ioMemory VSL Management SDK: This C programing API allows you to write customize applications for monitoring and managing IBM High IOPS Adapters.

Example Conditions to Monitor

This section gives examples of conditions you can monitor. It is intended as an introduction and not as a comprehensive reference. These conditions will have slightly different names, states, and values, depending on the tool you choose. For example, an SNMP MIB may have a different name than a SMI-S object or an API function.

In order to properly monitor these conditions, you should become familiar with the tool you choose to implement and read the documentation for that tool. You may also discover additional conditions that you wish to frequently monitor.

For quick reference, the possible states/values of these conditions are described as Normal (**GREEN**), Caution/Alert (**YELLOW**), or Error/Warning (**RED**). You may implement your own ranges of acceptable states/values, especially if you use a data-source tool.

Device Status

All of the monitoring tools return information on the status of the IBM High IOPS Adapters, including the following states:

GREEN	Attached		
IBM ioMe	mory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows	IBM	28

the device is equired Act the device is mware, then emperature M High IOI	in Minimal Mode, the action will depend on the reason. For example, if the reason is outdated you will need to update the firmware.
Required Act f the device is irmware, then Temperature BM High IOI	tions in Minimal Mode, the action will depend on the reason. For example, if the reason is outdated a you will need to update the firmware.
Required Act f the device is irmware, then Temperature BM High IOI	tions in Minimal Mode, the action will depend on the reason. For example, if the reason is outdated a you will need to update the firmware.
irmware, then Temperature BM High IOI	you will need to update the firmware.
BM High IO	9
emperature co naximum ope These tempera he IBM High	tling write performance once the on-board controller reaches a specified temperature. If the controller ontinues to rise, the software will shut down the device once the controller temperature reaches the rating temperature. Attures depend on the device. Newer IBM High IOPS Adapters have higher thermal tolerances. Consult <i>IOPS Hardware Installation Guide</i> to determine the thermal tolerances of all devices you will monitor. This e thermal tolerances for newer devices (93°C throttling, 100°C shutdown).
GREEN <	93°C
YELLOW 9	3-99°C
RED 1	00°C
You may wish xample:	to shift the conditions by a few degrees so the YELLOW condition exists before throttling occurs. For
GREEN <	90°C
YELLOW 9	0-96°C
RED 9	7°C
Required Ac	tions
he server envi conditions are he following	ture is at or approaching the YELLOW condition, thermal mitigation steps may be necessary. Evaluate ironment and system requirements necessary to operate the High IOPS adapters. Server operating documented in the user guides for the server and the requirement to operate High IOPS adapter is at website, which may include updates to uEFI and IMM code levels: <u>accom/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=SERV-IOPS</u>

Health Reserves Percentage

IBM High IOPS Adapters are highly fault-tolerant storage subsystem with many levels of protection against component failure and the loss nature of solid-state storage. As in all storage subsystems, component failures may occur.

By pro-actively monitoring device age and health, you can ensure reliable performance over the intended product life. The following table describes the Health Reserve conditions.



At the 10% healthy threshold, a one-time warning is issued. At 0%, the device is considered unhealthy. It enters *write-reduced* mode. After the 0% threshold, the device will soon enter *read-only* mode.

For complete information on Health Reserve conditions and their impact on performance, see Appendix B-Monitoring the Health of Devices.

Required Actions

The device needs close monitoring as it approaches 0% reserves and goes into write-reduced mode, which will result in reduced write performance. Prepare to replace the device soon.

Write (Health Reserves) Status

In correlation with the Health Reserves Percentage, the management tools will return write states similar to these:

GREEN	Device is healthy
YELLOW	Device is getting close to entering reduced write mode.
RED	Device has entered reduced-write or read-only mode to preserve the flash from further wearout.

Required Actions

The device needs close monitoring as it approaches 0% reserves and goes into write-reduced mode, which will result in reduced write performance. Prepare to replace the device soon.

Device LED Indicators

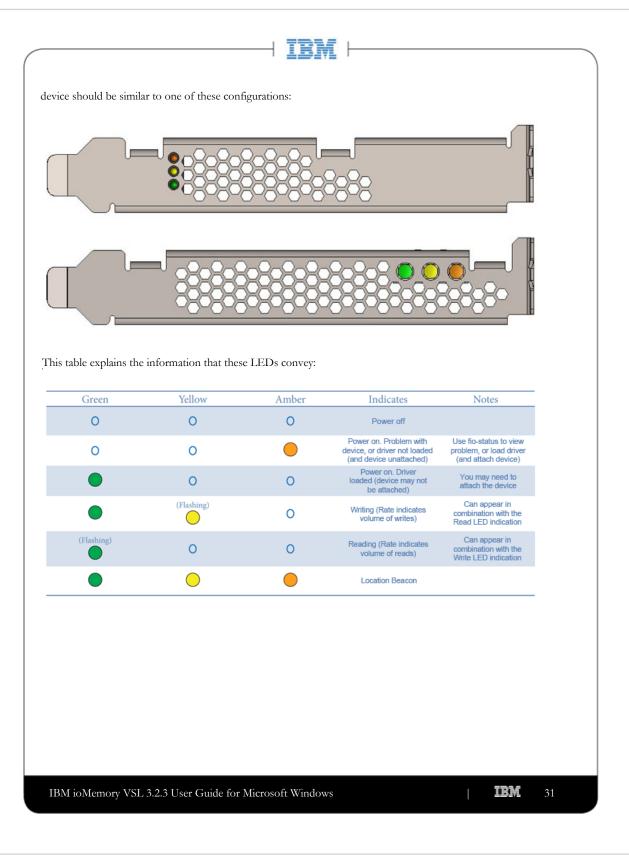
If you have physical access to the devices, you can use the LED indicators to monitor their status.

Each IBM High IOPS Adapter includes three LEDs showing drive activity or error conditions. The LEDs on your

[no notes on this page]

IBM

30





Appendix A- Troubleshooting Event Log Messages

The Windows System Event Log displays the following messages concerning the IBM High IOPS Adapter: Informational, Warnings, and Errors.

- NOTE Each IBM High IOPS Adapter is numbered from 0 upwards. Use the fio-status utility or IBM High IOPS Management Application to view this number for your device.
- Attention While these messages are very useful for troubleshooting purposes, the ioMemory VSL log messages are not designed for continual monitoring purposes (as each is based on a variety of factors that could produce different log messages depending on environment and use case). For best results, use the tools described in the <u>Monitoring and Managing Devices</u> section to regularly monitor your devices.

Verbose Event Log Parameter

If you begin experiencing issues with your IBM High IOPS Adapters, you should enable the WIN_LOG_VERBOSE ioMemory VSL parameter. This will expand the extent of the ioMemory VSL error log messages in the event log and provide additional crucial information for troubleshooting any issues.

Sample Command:

fio-config.exe -p WIN_LOG_VERBOSE 1

For more information on enabling parameters, see *fio-config*.

Viewing Logs

To open the Windows Event Viewer,

- 1. Click Start.
- 2. Click Computer and right-click Manage.
- 3. Expand Diagnostics.
- 4. Expand Event Viewer.
- 5. Expand Windows Logs.
- 6. Select System.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

32

Error Messages

The following are common Event Log error messages, along with suggested solutions:

		Suggested Solution
Error: ioDrive(x) firmware is too old. The firmware must be updated.		Use the firmware upgrade instructions in the <u>Maintenance</u> section to update the firmware.
Error: ioDrive initialization failed with error code 0xerrorcode*		 Reinstall the Windows ioMemory VSL. Remove and reseat the IBM High IOPS Adapter. Remove and insert the IBM High IOPS Adapter in a different PCIe slot
Error: ioDrive was not attached. Use the fio-attach utility to rebuild the drive.		This error may appear after an unmanaged shutdown. You can use either the <u>fio-attach</u> command-line utility or IBM High IOPS Management Application to re-attach the device. This attach process may take up to ten minutes as the utility performs a consistency check on the device(s).
Warning: ioDrive was not loaded because auto-attach is disabled.		The IBM High IOPS Adapter must attach to the Windows operating system to be available to users a applications. (This attach normally occurs at boot time.) As part of this attach process, the ioMemory VSL checks to see if there is an AutoAttach parameter in the Windows registry. If you create this Registry parameter to disable auto-attach, the attach operation does not complete.
		To attach an unattached device,
		1. Run the IBM High IOPS Management Application.
		2. Select your unattached IBM High IOPS Adapter from the Device Tree.
		3. Click Attach.
		4. Confirm the Attach operation.
		Your device now attaches to the Windows operating system. To re-enable Auto-Attach at boot time, refer to <u>Enabling Auto-Attach</u> in the Maintenance section.
Where 0xer	rorco	de is one of the following:
Error Code	Descr	ription
	Uncor	rrectable ECC Error
0xFFFFFC00		
0xFFFFFC00 0xFFFFFBFF	Uncon	rrectable ECC Error

0xFFFFBFD Unknown Error	
Dr one of the 43 standard Windows errno definitions found at ttp://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/t3ayayh1%28v=vs.110%29.aspx	
ttention The error code is converted to a negative number, and then repo errno=1 is converted to -1 and is represented as 0xFFFFFFF; and is represented as 0xFFFFFC00.	
nformational Messages	
The following is a common Event Log informational message:	
Message	Additional Information
Affinity not set for ioMemory VSL device fct119 because either WIN_DISABLE_ALL_AFFINITY is set to true or "SetWorkerAffinity119" does not exist in the registry and	When WIN_DISABLE_ALL_AFFINITY is set to 0, the driver will enable interrupt and worker thread affinity in the driver.
WIN_DISABLE_DEFAULT_NUMA_AFFINITY is set to true.	When WIN_DISABLE_ALL_AFFINITY is set to 1. the driver will disable all affinity settings. This is an override of any other affinity settings.
	Refer to <u>fio-config</u> for more information about affinity settings.
	IBM 34



Appendix B- Manual Installation

The Windows Setup program will install ioMemory VSL software on your Windows operating system. However, there are some instances where you may need to manually install the software for a particular IBM High IOPS Adapter, including:

- After a software installation (including upgrade), IBM High IOPS Adapters don't show up in fio-status.
- You install new IBM High IOPS Adapters on a system that has previously installed IBM High IOPS Adapters and ioMemory VSL software.

Follow the steps below for Windows Server 2003 or Windows Server 2008. This will ensure that the ioMemory VSL software is installed for a particular device. Repeat the steps for each device, if needed.

Manual Installation on Windows Server 2003

Before you manually install the ioMemory VSL software, make sure you have downloaded and run the ioMemory VSL Windows Setup program from <u>http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723</u> (follow that link and then select **IBM High IOPS software matrix**). This will install the ioMemory VSL software on the system, and you will now be able to install the ioMemory VSL software for each IBM High IOPS Adapter.

The Windows Driver Wizard may automatically detect the new IBM High IOPS Adapter and starts to locate its ioMemory VSL software after you restart the system. If this happens, you may skip to the Installation Wizard procedure below.

- 1. Choose Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Device Manager.
- 2. Select Fusion ioMemory VSL devices.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

35

	ntion The device may be titled Mass Storage Controller.
ioM	lemory VSL Device Properties
G	General Driver Details Resources
	ioMemory VSL Device
	Device type: Fusion-io ioMemory VSL devices
	Manufacturer: Fusion-io
	Location: PCI Slot 118 (PCI bus 9, device 0, function 0)
	Device status
	This device is working properly.
	OK Cancel
	a. If the Device Status reads This device is working properly, then the ioMemory VSL software has been installed.b. If the device is not working correctly, you will need to manually install the software for that device. Continue with the manual installation.
4. Clo	se the Properties dialog box.
5. Rig	ht-click on the device and choose Update Driver.
6. Fol	low the instructions below.

Installation Wizard	
1. Windows will ask if it is okay choose Next Found New Hardware Wizard	y to connect to Windows update to find the driver. Select No, not this time and
	Welcome to the Found New Hardware Wizard Windows will search for current and updated software by looking on your computer, on the hardware installation CD, or on the Windows Update Web site (with your permission). Online privacy information Can Windows connect to Windows Update to search for software? ① Yes, this time only ① Yes, now and gvery time I connect a device ① No, not this time
	Click Next to continue.
	<u> </u>

2. Click Install from a list or speci Found New Hardware Wizard	ific location. Click Next.	
	nis wizard helps you install software for: ioMemory VSL Device If your hardware came with an installation CD or floppy disk, insert it now.	
	That do you want the wizard to do? Install the software automatically (Recommended) Install from a list or specific location (Advanced) ick Next to continue.	
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel	
IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide	e for Microsoft Windows	IBM 38

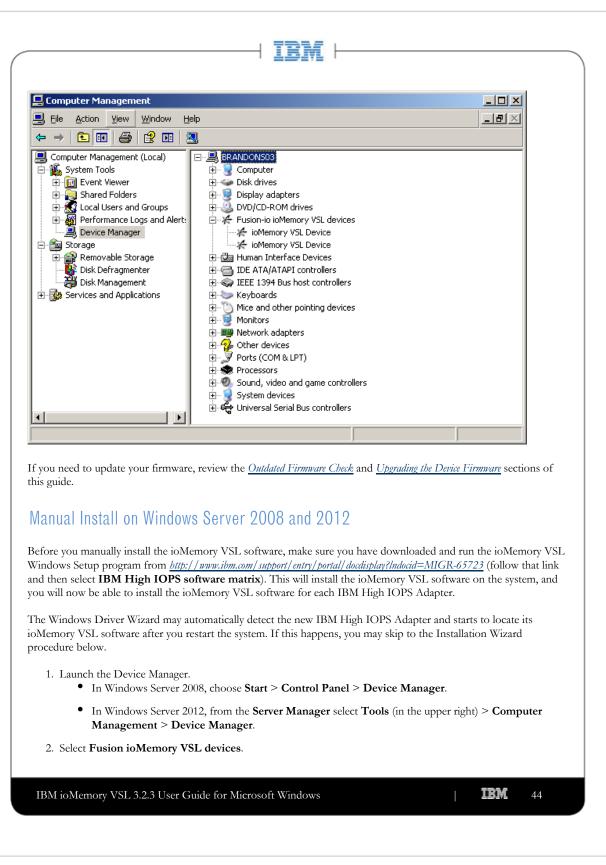
P	
	lease choose your search and installation options.
	 Search for the best driver in these locations. Use the check boxes below to limit or expand the default search, which includes local paths and removable media. The best driver found will be installed. Search removable media (floppy, CD-ROM) Include this location in the search:
	C:\WINDOWS\OPTIONS\CABS Browse Don't search. I will choose the driver to install. Choose this option to select the device driver from a list. Windows does not guarantee that the driver you choose will be the best match for your hardware.
	< <u>B</u> ack Next> Cancel
Click	Have Disk to bring up a browsing dialog.

tall From Disk Insert the manufacturer's installation disk, and then make sure that the correct drive is selected below. OK Cancel Insert the correct drive is selected below. Insert the correct drive is selected below.
Copy manufacturer's files from: Image: Second sec
me why driver signing is important < <u>Back</u> Next > Cancel

Selec	
	st the device driver you want to install for this hardware.
X	Select the manufacturer and model of your hardware device and then click Next. If you have a disk that contains the driver you want to install, click Have Disk.
🔽 Show	w <u>c</u> ompatible hardware
Model	emory VSL Device Version: 2.2.1.16842 [12/9/2010]
🔛 ioMe	emory VSL Device Version: 2.2.1.5747 [12/9/2010]
	s driver has an Authenticode(tm) signature. <u>H</u> ave Disk
	< <u>Back</u> <u>Next</u> Cancel

			re window. Make sure it is	selected and choos
	lardware Wizard			
Select th	ne device driver you want to	o install for this hardware		
K Sel hav	lect the manufacturer and model ve a disk that contains the driver	of your hardware device and t you want to install, click Have	hen click Next. If you Disk.	
Show <u>c</u> o	mpatible hardware			
	ory VSL Device			
	, 102 50 No			
	ver has an Authenticode(tm) sign why driver signing is important	nature.	<u>H</u> ave Disk	
		-		
		< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> e:	xt>Cancel	
the ioMemory	y VSL install completes, Wi	indows displays this mess	age:	

Found New Hardware Wizard		
	Completing the Found New Hardware Wizard	
	The wizard has finished installing the software for:	
	ioMemory VSL Device	
	Click Finish to close the wizard.	
	< Back Finish Cancel	
Now you can view the ioMer	nory VSL software in device manager.	
Now you can view the ioMer		
Now you can view the ioMer		
Now you can view the ioMer		
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	ention The device may be titled Mass Storage Controller.
io	Memory VSL Device Properties
	General Driver Details Resources
	io Memory VSL Device
	Device type: Fusion-io ioMemory VSL devices
	Manufacturer: Fusion-io
	Location: PCI Slot 118 (PCI bus 9, device 0, function 0)
	Device status This device is working properly.
	OK Cancel
	a. If the Device Status reads This device is working properly, then the ioMemory VSL software has been installed.
	b. If the device is not working correctly, you will need to manually install the software for that device. Continue with the manual installation.
4. Cle	ose the Properties dialog box.
5. Rig	ght-click on the device and choose Update Driver .
6. Fo	llow the instructions below.

	on Wizard
1. Wi	ndows will ask you to locate the software driver.
6	Update Driver Software - Fusion IoDrive ioDimm3
	Browse for driver software on your computer
	Charles and Construction and Construction and States and States and
	Search for driver software in this location: C:\Program Files\Fusion-io\Driver Browse
- 1	☑ Include subfolders
- 1	
	Let me pick from a list of device drivers on my computer This list will show installed driver software compatible with the device, and all driver software in the same category as the device.
1	
	Next Cancel
2. Cli	ck Browse next to the path field. Windows displays a file dialog.
	ect the folder with the ioMemory VSL software (the default is C:\Program Files\IBM HIGH
	PS\ <vsl-version>\Driver\). ck OK.</vsl-version>
	ck Next.
	ndows finds the correct software and installs the device software. When the driver installation completes,
6. Res	start the computer.
7. Pro	oceed to the Outdated Firmware Check section to continue.

IBM

Appendix C- Command-line Utilities

The Windows Setup package installs various utilities into the C:\Program Files\Common Files\VSL Utils folder, described in the table below.

Attention There are some additional utilities installed in the C:\Program Files\Common Files\VSL Utils directory that are not listed below. Those additional utilities are dependencies (used by the main ioMemory VSL utilities), and you should not use them directly unless Customer Support advises you to do so.

Utility	Purpose
fio-attach	Makes an IBM High IOPS Adapter available to the OS
fio-beacon	Lights the IBM High IOPS Adapter's external LEDs
fio-bugreport	Prepares a detailed report for use in troubleshooting problems
fio-config	Enables configuration parameters for device operation
fio-detach	Temporarily removes an IBM High IOPS Adapter from OS access
fio-format	Used to perform a low-level format of an IBM High IOPS Adapter
fio-pci-check	Checks for errors on the PCI bus tree, specifically for IBM High IOPS Adapter
fio-status	Displays information about the device
fio-update-iodrive	Updates the IBM High IOPS Adapter's firmware
fio-sure-erase	Clears or purges data from the device

- NOTE Administrator Rights: The command-line utilities require administrator rights in order to run under Windows (right-click the Command Prompt menu item and select Run as administrator.)
- NOTE To run these utilities from a command line, you must either change to the directory which contains them (by default, C:\Program Files\Common Files\VSL Utils) or add that directory to your system path. As a convenience, if you used the Windows installer then the utilities directory has been added to the system path for you. Otherwise, see the documentation for your version of Windows for information about adding a directory to the system path.
- NOTE There are -h (Help) and -v (Version) options for all of the utilities. Also, -h and -v cause the utility to exit after displaying the information.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM



fio-attach

Description

Attaches the IBM High IOPS Adapter and makes it available to Windows. You can then partition the IBM High IOPS Adapter, or set it up as part of a RAID array, using the Windows Disk Management utility. This command displays a progress bar and percentage as it completes the attach process.

- NOTE In most cases, the ioMemory VSL software automatically attaches the device on load and does a scan. You only need to run fio-attach if you ran fio-detach or if you set the ioMemory VSL software's auto_attach parameter to 0.
- NOTE If the IBM High IOPS Adapter is in minimal mode, then auto-attach is disabled until the cause of the device being in minimal mode is fixed.

Syntax

fio-attach <device> [options]

where <device> is the name of the device node (/dev/fctx), where x indicates the device number: 0, 1, 2, etc. For example, /dev/fct0 indicates the first IBM High IOPS Adapter installed on the system.

You can specify multiple IBM High IOPS Adapters. For example, /dev/fct1 /dev/fct2 indicates the second and third IBM High IOPS Adapters installed on the system.

Option	Description
-r	Force a metadata rescan. This may take an extended period of time, and is not normally required. <u>Attention</u> Only use this option when directed by Customer Support.
-C	Attach only if clean.
-d	Quiet: disables the display of the progress bar and percentage.

fio-beacon

Description

Lights the IBM High IOPS Adapter's three LEDs to locate the device. You should first detach the IBM High IOPS Adapter and then run fio-beacon.

Syntax

fio-beacon <device> [options]

where <device> is the name of the device node (/dev/fctx), where x indicates the card number: 0, 1, 2, etc. For example, /dev/fct0 indicates the first IBM High IOPS Adapter installed on the system. Use <u>fio-status</u> to view

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

48



this number.

Options	Description
-0	Off: (Zero) Turns off the three LEDs
-1	On: Lights the three LEDs
-p	Prints the PCI bus ID of the device at <device> to standard output. Usage and error information may be written to standard output rather than to standard error.</device>

fio-bugreport

Description

Prepares a detailed report of the device for use in troubleshooting problems.

Syntax

fio-bugreport

Notes

This utility captures the current state of the device. When a performance or stability problem occurs with the device, run the fio-bugreport utility and contact Customer Supportat <u>http://www.ibm.com/systems/support</u> for assistance in troubleshooting.

fio-bugreport runs several information-gathering utilities and combines the resulting data into a text file. The results are saved in the utils directory (default installation path is C:\Program Files\Common Files\VSL Utils) in a .cab file that indicates the date and time the utility was run.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

49

Sample Output C:\Users\username>"\Program Files\Fusion-io\Utils\fio-bugreport.exe" Generating bug report. Please wait, this may take a while... _____ Gathering all Windows Event Logs...DONE Gathering Fusion-io Windows Event Logs...DONE Gathering System Information...DONE Running fio utilities...DONE Compressing to CAB file...DONE Bug report has successfully been created: fio-bugreport-20100222_192621.cab. Please attach this file to your support case. If you do not have an open support case for this issue, please open a support case with a problem description and then attach this file to your new case.

For example, the filename for a bug report file named fiobugreport-20090921.192621.cab indicates the following:

- Date (20090921)
- Time (192621, or 19:26:21)

fio-config

Description

Sets and gets ioMemory VSL software configuration parameters for device operation. For a list of parameters, see **Parameters Reference** below.

In order for the parameter value(s) to be enforced, you must either reboot the system or first disable and then re-enable all IBM High IOPS Adapters in the **Device Manager**. This will reload the ioMemory VSL software with the values(s) enabled. Be sure to use the -p option if you plan to reboot.

Syntax

fio-config [options] [<parameter>] [<value>]

where <parameter> is the ioMemory VSL software parameter you wish to set, and <value> is the value you wish to set for the parameter.

Options	Description		
-e	Enumerate configuration parameter names and values.		
IBM ioN	lemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows	IBM	50
IBM ioM	lemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows	IBM	50

-g <name></name>	Get the configuration parameter.		
-p <name></name>	Set and make the configuration param remain after a reboot.	eter persistent.	. Use this option if you want the parameter setting to
-s <name></name>	Set the configuration parameter in me	mory only.	
-V	Print verbose information.		
-v	Print version information.		
NOTE f: MSI (Messa io-conf	io-config options must be entered age Signaled Interrupts) is enabled by ig.	in uppercase default for th	nis platform, and it cannot be disabled using
NOTE f: MSI (Messa Fio-conf Dther than he comput <u>ttention</u> B ac	io-config options must be entered age Signaled Interrupts) is enabled by ig. FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY all f. ter. y setting the FIO_PREALLOCATE_MI	in uppercase default for th io-config EMORY param t, you must lis	e to function properly. nis platform, and it cannot be disabled using options are global—they apply to all Fusion-io devices in neter, you overwrite previous values . If you wish to st the new serial numbers as well as the previously
NOTE f: MSI (Messa Fio-conf Dther than he comput <u>ttention</u> B ac	io-config options must be entered age Signaled Interrupts) is enabled by ig. FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY all f. ter. y setting the FIO_PREALLOCATE_MI ld additional serial numbers to the lis	in uppercase default for th io-config EMORY param t, you must lis	e to function properly. nis platform, and it cannot be disabled using options are global—they apply to all Fusion-io devices in neter, you overwrite previous values . If you wish to st the new serial numbers as well as the previously
NOTE f: MSI (Messa io-conf Other than the comput ttention B ac er Option	io-config options must be entered age Signaled Interrupts) is enabled by ig. FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY all f ter. y setting the FIO_PREALLOCATE_MI ld additional serial numbers to the lis thered numbers. To clear the list, set t	in uppercase default for th io-config EMORY param t, you must lis he parameter Default	e to function properly. his platform, and it cannot be disabled using options are global—they apply to all Fusion-io devices in heter, you overwrite previous values . If you wish to st the new serial numbers as well as the previously without any values.
NOTE f: ASI (Messa Fio-conf Dther than he comput tention B ac er Option AUTO_AT	io-config options must be entered age Signaled Interrupts) is enabled by ig. FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY all f ter. y setting the FIO_PREALLOCATE_MI ld additional serial numbers to the lis thered numbers. To clear the list, set t	in uppercase default for th io-config EMORY param t, you must lis he parameter Default (min/max)	e to function properly. his platform, and it cannot be disabled using options are global—they apply to all Fusion-io devices in heter, you overwrite previous values . If you wish to st the new serial numbers as well as the previously without any values. Description
NOTE f: MSI (Messa io-conf Other than he comput the comput the than ac er Option AUTO_AT [*] IODRIVE	io-config options must be entered age Signaled Interrupts) is enabled by ig. FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY all f. ter. y setting the FIO_PREALLOCATE_MI ld additional serial numbers to the list atered numbers. To clear the list, set t	in uppercase default for th io-config EMORY param t, you must lis he parameter Default (min/max) 1 (0, 1)	e to function properly. his platform, and it cannot be disabled using options are global—they apply to all Fusion-io devices in heter, you overwrite previous values . If you wish to st the new serial numbers as well as the previously without any values. Description Always attach the device on driver load (1).

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY	0	For the selected device, pre-allocate all memory necessary to have the device usable as swap space. For example: fio-config /dev/fct0 -p FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY = "1234,54321" where "1234" and "54321" are serial numbers obtained from fio-status.
WIN_LOG_VERBOSE	0(0/1)	If enabled (1), the ioMemory VSL software will write additional messages to the event log. This will assist Customer Support in troubleshooting any device issues or failures.
WIN_DISABLE_ALL_AFFINITY	0 (affinity is enabled)	When WIN_DISABLE_ALL_AFFINITY is set to 0, the driver will enable interrupt and worker thread affinity in the driver. When WIN_DISABLE_ALL_AFFINITY is set to 1, the driver will disable all affinity settings. This is an override of any other affinity settings. The driver must be reloaded for this parameter to take effect.
WIN_DISABLE_DEFAULT_NUMA_AFFINITY	0 ("default" NUMA affinity is enabled)	When WIN_DISABLE_DEFAULT_NUMA_AFFINITY is set to 0, during initialization, the driver will query Windows for the affinity settings assigned to the adapter by the OS. This is what is known as the "default NUMA affinity". Once the affinity is queried correctly, the driver sets the affinity of the adapter's interrupt and associated worker threads to the default OS setting. This generally has the effect of setting the affinity of the interrupt and worker threads to all processors on a single NUMA node in the system. When WIN_DISABLE_DEFAULT_NUMA_AFFINITY is set to 1, the driver will ignore the affinity settings assigned to the adapter by the OS. The driver must be reloaded for this parameter to take effect.
FIO_AFFINITY	N/A	FIO_AFFINITY is a list of <affinity< p=""> specification> triplets to specify the affinity settings of all adapters in the system. Each item in the triplet is separated by a comma, and each triplet set is separated by a semicolon. NOTE For syntax information and examples showing the use of this parameter, see <u>Appendix F- NUMA Configuration</u>.</affinity<>
IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Mic	rosoft Windo	ows 52

IBM

fio-detach

Description

Detaches the IBM High IOPS Adapter and removes the corresponding fctx block device from the OS. The fio-detach utility waits until the device completes all read/write activity before executing the detach operation. By default, the command also displays a progress bar and percentage as it completes the detach.

Attention Before using this utility, ensure that the device you want to detach is not currently mounted and in use. Syntax

fio-detach <device> [options]

where <device> is the name of the device node (/dev/fctx), where x indicates the device number: 0, 1, 2, etc. For example, /dev/fct0 indicates the first IBM High IOPS Adapter installed on the system.

You can specify multiple IBM High IOPS Adapters. For example, /dev/fct1 /dev/fct2 indicates the second and third IBM High IOPS Adapters installed on the system.

Options	Description
-f	Force: Causes an immediate detach (does not save metadata). <u>Attention</u> Although the -f (force) option causes the IBM High IOPS Adapter to detach, even in a RAID setup, it is strongly recommended to take the drives/volume offline using the Windows Disk Management plug-in, then perform the detach. Forcing the detach may result in loss of data.
-d	Quiet: Disables the display of the progress bar and percentage.

Notes

Attempting to detach an IBM High IOPS Adapter may fail with an error indicating that the device is busy. This typically may occur if the device is part of a software RAID (0,1,5) volume. Windows refuses the request to detach the drive associated with the IBM High IOPS Adapter because it is part of a RAID volume and may cause the volume to fail. This does not occur with simple volumes (such as a single IBM High IOPS Adapter). To detach in this case, take the volume offline using the Disk Management MMC plug-in application.

fio-format

Description

NOTE The IBM High IOPS Adapter ships pre-formatted, so fio-format is generally not required except to change the logical size or block size of the device, or to erase user data on the device.

Performs a low-level format of the device. By default, fio-format displays a progress-percentage indicator as it runs.

Attention Use this utility with care, as it deletes all user information on the device.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

- NOTE Using a larger block (sector) size, such as 4096 bytes, can significantly reduce worst-case ioMemory VSL host memory consumption; however, some applications are not compatible with non-512-byte sector sizes.
- NOTE If you do not include the -s or -o options, the device size defaults to the advertised capacity. If used, the -s and -o options must include the size or percentage indicators.
- Attention Do not interrupt the formatting! We recommend adding power backup to your system to prevent power failures during formatting. If formatting is interrupted, please contact Customer Support.

Syntax

fio-format [options] <device>

where <device> is the name of the device node (/dev/fctx), where x indicates the card number: 0, 1, 2, etc. For example, /dev/fct0 indicates the first IBM High IOPS Adapter installed on the system. Use <u>fio-status</u> to view this number.

Options	Description
-b <size B K></size 	Set the block (sector) size, in bytes or KiBytes (base 2). The default is 512 bytes. For example: -b 512B or -b 4K (B in 512B is optional).
-f	Force the format size, bypassing normal checks and warnings. This option may be needed in rare situations when fio-format does not proceed properly. (The "Are you sure?" prompt still appears unless you use the -y option.)
-d	Quiet mode: Disable the display of the progress-percentage indicator.
-s <size M G T %></size 	 Set the device capacity as a specific size (in TB, GB, or MB) or as a percentage of the advertised capacity: T Number of terabytes (TB) to format G Number of gigabytes (GB) to format M Number of megabytes (MB) to format % Percentage, such as 70% (the percent sign must be included)
-o <size B K M G T %></size 	Over-format the device size (to greater than the advertised capacity), where the maximum size equals the maximum physical capacity. If a percentage is used, it corresponds to the maximum physical capacity of the device. (Size is required for the -0 option; see the -3 option above for size indicator descriptions.) <u>Attention</u> Before you use this option, please discuss your use case with Customer Support.
-R	Disable fast rescan on unclean shutdown to reclaim some reserve capacity.
-у	Auto-answer "yes" to all queries from the application (bypass prompts).

fio-pci-check

Description

Checks for errors on the PCI bus tree, specifically for IBM High IOPS Adapters. This utility displays the current status of each IBM High IOPS Adapter. It also prints the standard PCI Express error information and resets the state.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

- NOTE It is perfectly normal to see a few errors (perhaps as many as five) when fio-pci-check is initially run. Subsequent runs should reveal only one or two errors during several hours of operation.
- Attention The ioMemory VSL software *must* be loaded to run this utility. Some PCI errors cannot be reset in Windows.

Syntax

fio-pci	-check [options]
Options	Description
-d <value></value>	1 = Disable the link; 0 = bring the link up
-e	Enable PCI-e error reporting.
-f	Scan every device in the system.
-r	Force the link to retrain.
-v	Verbose: Print extra data about the hardware.
-у	"Yes" is forced when the user is asked to continue.

fio-status

Description

Provides detailed information about the installed devices. This utility operates on either fctx or fiox devices. The utility depends on running as root and having the ioMemory VSL driver loaded. If no driver is loaded, a smaller set of status information is returned.

fio-status provides alerts for certain error modes, such as a minimal-mode, read-only mode, and write-reduced mode, describing what is causing the condition.

Syntax

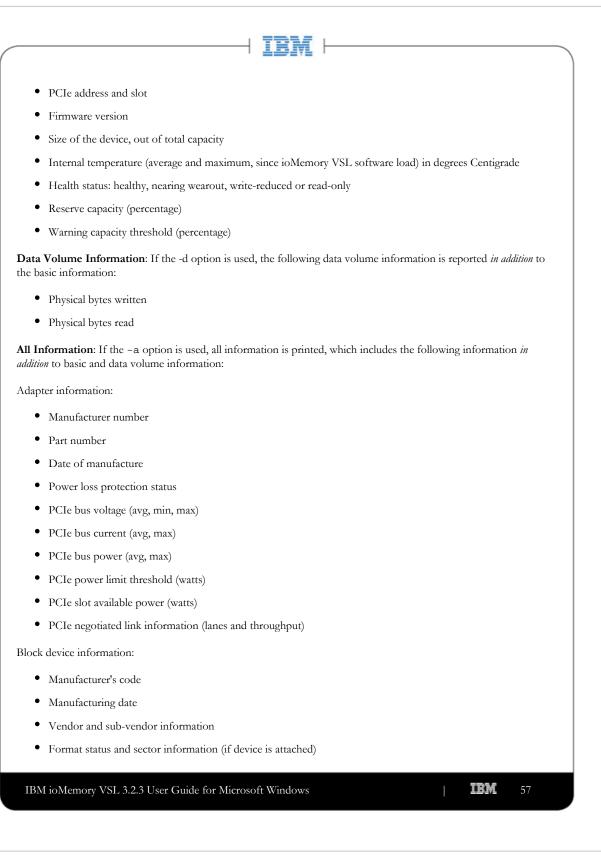
fio-status [<device>] [<options>]

where <device> is the name of the device node (/dev/fctx), where x indicates the card number: 0, 1, 2, etc. For example, /dev/fct0 indicates the first IBM High IOPS Adapter installed on the system.

If <dev> is not specified, fio-status displays information for all cards in the system. If the ioMemory VSL driver is not loaded, this parameter is ignored.

Options	Description				
-a	Report all available information for each device.				
TDM : M	mory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows		IBM	55	
IDIVI 101VIE	mory vol 5.2.5 Oser Oulde for microsoft windows				

-e	Show all errors and warnings for each device. This option is for diagnosing issues, and it hides other information such as format sizes.
-C	Count: Report only the number of IBM High IOPS Adapters installed.
-d	Show basic information set plus the total amount of data read and written (lifetime data volumes). This option is not necessary when the -a option is used.
-fj	Format JSON: creates the output in JSON format.
-fx	Format XML: creates the output in XML format.
-u	Show unavailable fields. Only valid with -fj or -fx.
-U	Show unavailable fields and details why. Only valid with -fjor -fx. NOTE Some fio-status fields are unavailable depending on the operating system or device. For example, some legacy fields are unavailable on newer IBM High IOPS Adapters.
-F <field></field>	
	Multiple -F options may be specified.
from outp asic Inform • Numbe	List the fields that can be individually accessed with -F. put Change : The standard formatting of fio-status ouput has changed compared to the output ioMemory VSL software version 2.x. This will affect any custom management tools that used the ut of this utility. nation : If no options are used, fio-status reports the following basic information: er and type of devices installed in the system
tention Outy from outp asic Inform Numbe ioMem dapter inform Adapte	List the fields that can be individually accessed with -F. put Change: The standard formatting of fio-status ouput has changed compared to the output ioMemory VSL software version 2.x. This will affect any custom management tools that used the ut of this utility. nation: If no options are used, fio-status reports the following basic information: er and type of devices installed in the system ory VSL software version mation:
tention Outg from outp asic Inform • Numbo • ioMem dapter inform • Adapte • Produc	List the fields that can be individually accessed with -F. put Change : The standard formatting of fio-status ouput has changed compared to the output i oMemory VSL software version 2.x. This will affect any custom management tools that used the ut of this utility. nation : If no options are used, fio-status reports the following basic information: er and type of devices installed in the system ory VSL software version mation: r type
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tention Outy from outp asic Inform Numbe ioMem dapter inform Adapte Produc Extern PCIe p	List the fields that can be individually accessed with -F. put Change: The standard formatting of fio-status ouput has changed compared to the output i oMemory VSL software version 2.x. This will affect any custom management tools that used the ut of this utility. nation: If no options are used, fio-status reports the following basic information: er and type of devices installed in the system ory VSL software version mation: rr type tt number al power status ower limit threshold (if available) cted IBM High IOPS Adapters
tention Outy from outp asic Inform Numbe ioMem dapter inform Adapte Produc Extern PCIe p Connec	List the fields that can be individually accessed with -F. put Change: The standard formatting of fio-status ouput has changed compared to the output ioMemory VSL software version 2.x. This will affect any custom management tools that used the ut of this utility. nation: If no options are used, fio-status reports the following basic information: er and type of devices installed in the system ory VSL software version mation: rr type tt number al power status ower limit threshold (if available) cted IBM High IOPS Adapters nformation:
tention Outy from outp asic Inform Numbe ioMem dapter inform Adapte Produc Extern PCIe p Connec lock device i	List the fields that can be individually accessed with -F. put Change: The standard formatting of fio-status ouput has changed compared to the output i oMemory VSL software version 2.x. This will affect any custom management tools that used the ut of this utility. ation: If no options are used, fio-status reports the following basic information: er and type of devices installed in the system ory VSL software version mation: rr type tt number al power status ower limit threshold (if available) cted IBM High IOPS Adapters nformation: status
tention Out from outp asic Inform Numbe ioMem dapter inform Adapte Produc Extern PCIe p Connec lock device i Attach Produc	List the fields that can be individually accessed with -F. put Change: The standard formatting of fio-status ouput has changed compared to the output i oMemory VSL software version 2.x. This will affect any custom management tools that used the ut of this utility. ation: If no options are used, fio-status reports the following basic information: er and type of devices installed in the system ory VSL software version mation: rr type tt number al power status ower limit threshold (if available) cted IBM High IOPS Adapters nformation: status



• FPGA ID and Low-level format GUID

- PCIe slot available power
- PCIe negotiated link information
- Card temperature, in degrees Centigrade
- Internal voltage (avg and max)
- Auxiliary voltage (avg and max)
- Percentage of good blocks, data and metadata
- Lifetime data volume statistics
- RAM usage

Error Mode Information: If the ioMemory VSL software is in minimal mode, read-only mode, or write-reduced mode when fio-status is run, the following differences occur in the output:

- Attach status is "Status unknown: Driver is in MINIMAL MODE:"
- The reason for the minimal mode state is displayed (such as "Firmware is out of date. Update firmware.")
- "Geometry and capacity information not available." is displayed.
- No media health information is displayed.

fio-sure-erase

- AttentionAs a best practice, do not use this utility if there are any IBM High IOPS Adapters installed in the system
that you do not want to clear or purge. First remove any devices that you do not want to accidentally erase.
Once the data is removed with this utility it is gone forever. It is not recoverable.
- <u>Attention</u> Before you use this utility, be sure to back up any data that you wish to preserve.
- NOTE After using fio-sure-erase, format the device using <u>fio-format</u> before using the device again.
- Attention If the device is in Read-only mode, perform a format using fio-format before running fio-sure-erase. If the device is in Minimal mode, then fio-sure-erase cannot erase the device. Updating the firmware may take the device out of Minimal Mode. If the device remains in Minimal mode, contact Customer Support at <u>http://www.ibm.com/systems/support</u> for further assistance.

In order to run fio-sure-erase, the block device **must be detached**. See the <u>fio-detach</u> section for more information.

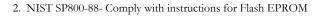
Description

The fio-sure-erase is a command-line utility that securely removes data from IBM High IOPS Adapters. It complies with the "Clear" and "Purge" level of destruction from the following standards:

1. DOD 5220.22-M - Comply with instructions for Flash EPROM

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM



See below for more information on Clear and Purge support.

Registry Requirement

On Windows, a registry key must be created to configure the driver for ECC-bypass mode:

1. Locate the following key:

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\fiodrive\Parameters

- 2. Create a DWORD key underneath it called "BypassECC" and set the value to "1".
- 3. Restart the computer before running the utility.

Syntax

fio-sure-erase [options] <device>

where <device> is the name of the device node (/dev/fctx), where x indicates the card number: 0, 1, 2, etc. For example, /dev/fct0 indicates the first IBM High IOPS Adapter installed on the system. Use <u>fio-status</u> to view this number.

NOTE **Products with Multiple Devices**: fio-sure-erase works on individual IBM High IOPS Adapters. For example, if you are planning to purge an IBM High IOPS Duo Adapter, you will need to perform this operation on each of the product's two IBM High IOPS Adapters.

Options	Description
-p	Purge instead of Clear: performs a write followed by an erase. For more information on Purge, see below. <u>Attention</u> Purging the device may take hours to accomplish, depending on the size of the device that needs to be purged.
-t	Do not preserve current format parameters, including device and sector size (reset to default).
-У	No confirmation: do not require a yes/no response to execute the utility.
-d	Quiet: do not display the status bar.

Each block of memory consists of uniform 1 bits or 0 bits.

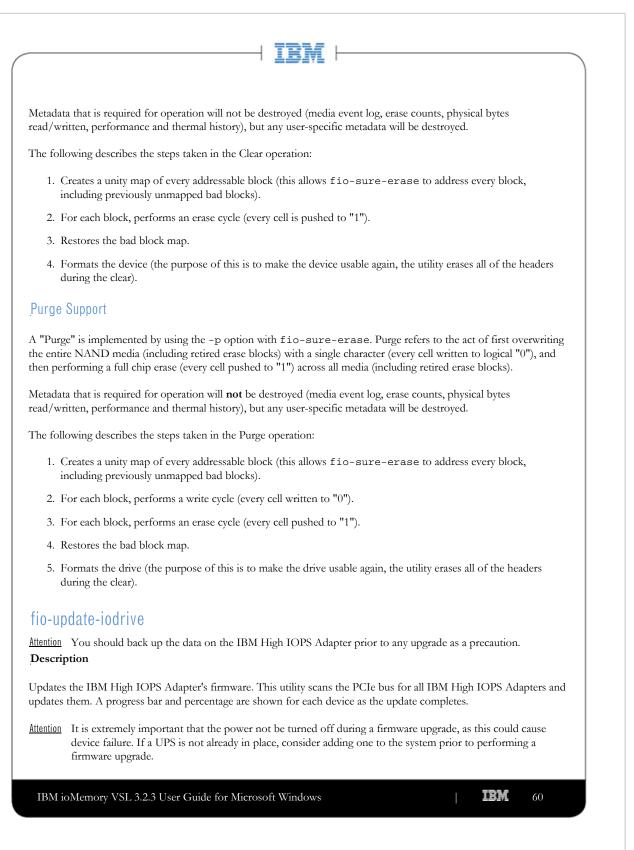
Clear Support

A "Clear" is the default state of running fio-sure-erase (with no options), and refers to the act of performing a full low-level erase (every cell pushed to "1") of the entire NAND media, including retired erase blocks.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

59



	Note that when running multiple firmware upgrades in sequence, it is critical to load the ioMemory VSL oftware after each firmware upgrade step. Otherwise the on-device format will not be changed, and there will be data loss.
	Do not use this utility to downgrade the IBM High IOPS Adapter to an earlier version of the firmware. Doing so may result in data loss and void your warranty.
<u>ttention</u>	The default action (without using the -d option) is to upgrade all IBM High IOPS Adapters with the immware contained in the fusion_ <version>-<date>.fff firmware archive file. Confirm that all levices need the upgrade prior to running the update. If in doubt, use the -p (Pretend) option to view the possible results of the update.</date></version>
<u>ttention</u>	You must detach all IBM High IOPS Adapters before updating the firmware. Upgrade Path: There is a specific upgrade path that you must take when upgrading IBM High IOPS Adapter. Consult the <i>IBM ioMemory VSL</i> Release Notes for this ioMemory VSL software release before upgrading IBM High IOPS Adapters.
	f you receive an error message when updating the firmware that instructs you to update the midprom nformation, contact Customer Support.
Syntax	
vhere <f vailable a High IO nost likel</f 	-update-iodrive [options] <firmware-path> irmaware-path> is the full path to the firmware archive file (highiops_<version>-<date>.fff) t <u>http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723</u> (follow that link and then select IB] PS software matrix). If you downloaded this with the ioMemory VSL software installation program, it is y in the same directory as that program. This parameter is required.</date></version></firmware-path>
vhere <f vailable a High IO nost likel</f 	irmaware-path> is the full path to the firmware archive file (highiops_ <version>-<date>.fff) t <u>http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723</u> (follow that link and then select IB PS software matrix). If you downloaded this with the ioMemory VSL software installation program, it is y in the same directory as that program. This parameter is required.</date></version>
vhere <f vailable a High IO</f 	<pre>irmaware-path> is the full path to the firmware archive file (highiops_<version>-<date>.fff) t <u>http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723</u> (follow that link and then select IBI PS software matrix). If you downloaded this with the ioMemory VSL software installation program, it is y in the same directory as that program. This parameter is required. Description Updates the specified devices (by fctx, where x is the number of the device shown in fio-status). If this option is not specified, all devices are updated.</date></version></pre>
vhere <f vailable a High IO nost likel Options</f 	<pre>irmaware-path> is the full path to the firmware archive file (highiops_<version>-<date>.fff) t http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723 (follow that link and then select IBI PS software matrix). If you downloaded this with the ioMemory VSL software installation program, it is y in the same directory as that program. This parameter is required. Description Updates the specified devices (by fctx, where x is the number of the device shown in fio-status). If this</date></version></pre>
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vhere <f vailable a High IO nost likel Options -d -f</f 	irmaware-path> is the full path to the firmware archive file (highiops_ <version>-<date>.fff) t <u>http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docidsplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723</u> (follow that link and then select IBI PS software matrix). If you downloaded this with the ioMemory VSL software installation program, it is y in the same directory as that program. This parameter is required. Description Updates the specified devices (by fctx, where x is the number of the device shown in fio-status). If this option is not specified, all devices are updated. Attention Use the -d option with care, as updating the wrong IBM High IOPS Adapter could damage your device. Force upgrade (used primarily to downgrade to an earlier firmware version). If the ioMemory VSL software is not loaded, this option also requires the -d option. Attention Use the -f option with care, as it could damage your card.</date></version>
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vhere <f vailable a High IO nost likel Options -d -f -1</f 	irmaware-path> is the full path to the firmware archive file (highiops_ <version>-<date>.fff) t <u>http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docidsplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723</u> (follow that link and then select IBI PS software matrix). If you downloaded this with the ioMemory VSL software installation program, it is y in the same directory as that program. This parameter is required. Description Updates the specified devices (by fctx, where x is the number of the device shown in fio-status). If this option is not specified, all devices are updated. Attention Use the -d option with care, as updating the wrong IBM High IOPS Adapter could damage your device. Force upgrade (used primarily to downgrade to an earlier firmware version). If the ioMemory VSL software is not loaded, this option also requires the -d option. Attention Use the -f option with care, as it could damage your card.</date></version>
vhere <f vailable a High IO nost likel Options -d -f -1 -c</f 	irmaware-path> is the full path to the firmware archive file (highiops_ <version>-<date>.fff) t http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723 (follow that link and then select IBI PS software matrix). If you downloaded this with the ioMemory VSL software installation program, it is y in the same directory as that program. This parameter is required. Description Updates the specified devices (by fctx, where x is the number of the device shown in fio-status). If this option is not specified, all devices are updated. Attention Use the -d option with care, as updating the wrong IBM High IOPS Adapter could damage your device. Force upgrade (used primarily to downgrade to an earlier firmware version). If the ioMemory VSL software is not loaded, this option also requires the -d option. Attention Use the -f option with care, as it could damage your card. List the firmware available in the archive. Clears locks placed on a device.</date></version>
vhere <f vailable a High IO nost likel Options -d -f -1 -c -p</f 	 irmaware-path> is the full path to the firmware archive file (highiops_<version>-<date>.fff) t http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723 (follow that link and then select IBI)</date></version> Software matrix). If you downloaded this with the ioMemory VSL software installation program, it is you in the same directory as that program. This parameter is required. Description Updates the specified devices (by fctx, where x is the number of the device shown in fio-status). If this option is not specified, all devices are updated. Attention Use the -d option with care, as updating the wrong IBM High IOPS Adapter could damage your device. Force upgrade (used primarily to downgrade to an earlier firmware version). If the ioMemory VSL software is not loaded, this option also requires the -d option. Attention Use the -f option with care, as it could damage your card. List the firmware available in the archive. Clears locks placed on a device. Pretend: Shows what updates would be done. However, the actual firmware is not modified.
vhere <f vailable a High IO nost likel Options -d -f -f -f -p -p -q</f 	 irmaware-path> is the full path to the firmware archive file (highiops_<version>-<date>.fff) t http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723 (follow that link and then select IBI SS software matrix). If you downloaded this with the ioMemory VSL software installation program, it is y in the same directory as that program. This parameter is required.</date></version> Description Updates the specified devices (by fctx, where x is the number of the device shown in fio-status). If this option is not specified, all devices are updated. Attention Use the -d option with care, as updating the wrong IBM High IOPS Adapter could damage your device. Force upgrade (used primarily to downgrade to an earlier firmware version). If the ioMemory VSL software is not loaded, this option also requires the -d option. Attention Use the -f option with care, as it could damage your card. List the firmware available in the archive. Clears locks placed on a device. Pretend: Shows what updates would be done. However, the actual firmware is not modified. Runs the update process without displaying the progress bar or percentage. Confirm all warning messages.



Appendix D- Monitoring the Health of Devices

This section describes how the health of IBM High IOPS Adapters can be measured and monitored in order to safeguard data and prolong device lifetime.

NAND Flash and Component Failure

An IBM High IOPS Adapter is a highly fault-tolerant storage subsystem that provides many levels of protection against component failure and the loss nature of solid-state storage. As in all storage subsystems, component failures may occur.

By properly selecting NAND flash media for the hosted application and proactively monitoring device age and health, you can ensure reliable performance over the intended product life.

Health Metrics

The ioMemory VSL software manages block retirement using pre-determined retirement thresholds. The IBM High IOPS Management Application and the fio-status utilities show a health indicator that starts at 100 and counts down to 0. As certain thresholds are crossed, various actions are taken.

At the 10% healthy threshold, a one-time warning is issued. See the 'monitoring' section below for methods for capturing this alarm event.

At 0%, the device is considered unhealthy. It enters *write-reduced* mode, which somewhat prolongs its lifespan so data can be safely migrated off. In this state the IBM High IOPS Adapter behaves normally, except for the reduced write performance.

After the 0% threshold, the device will soon enter *read-only* mode – any attempt to write to the IBM High IOPS Adapter causes an error. Some filesystems may require special mount options in order to mount a read-only block device in addition to specifying that the mount should be read-only.

Read-only mode should be considered a final opportunity to migrate data off the device, as device failure is more likely with continued use.

The IBM High IOPS Adapter may enter failure mode. In this case, the device is offline and inaccessible. This can be caused by an internal catastrophic failure, improper firmware upgrade procedures, or device wearout.

NOTE For service or warranty-related questions, contact the company from which you purchased the device. NOTE For products with multiple IBM High IOPS Adapters, these modes are maintained independently for each

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

62



Health Monitoring Techniques

fio-status: Output from the fio-status utility shows the health percentage and device state. These items are referenced as "Media status" in the sample output below.

Found 1 ioDrive in this system
Fusion-io driver version: 2.2.3 build 240
Adapter: ioDrive
Fusion-io ioDrive 160GB, Product Number:FS1-002-161-ES
...
Media status: Healthy; Reserves: 100.00%, warn at 10.00%; Data: 99.12%
Lifetime data volumes:
 Physical bytes written: 6,423,563,326,064
 Physical bytes read : 5,509,006,756,312

IBM High IOPS Management Application: In the Device Report tab, look for the Reserve Space percentage in the right column. The higher the percentage, the healthier the drive is likely to be.

The following Health Status messages are produced by the fio-status utility:

- Healthy
- Low metadata
- Read-only
- Reduced-write
- Unknown

Software RAID and Health Monitoring

Software RAID stacks are typically designed to detect and mitigate the failure modes of traditional storage media. The IBM High IOPS Adapter attempts to fail as gracefully as possible, and these new failure mechanisms are compatible with existing software RAID stacks. An IBM High IOPS Adapter in a RAID group will fail to receive data at a sufficient rate if a) the device is in a write-reduced state, and b) it is participating in a write-heavy workload. In this case, the device will be evicted from the RAID group. A device in read-only mode will be evicted when write I/Os are returned from the device as failed. Catastrophic failures are detected and handled just as though they are on traditional storage devices.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

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Appendix E- Using Windows Page Files with the IBM High IOPS Devices

Introduction

This appendix describes how to effectively use paging (swap) files on IBM High IOPS Adapters with Windows.

Using a page file with a traditional disk drive places practical limits on the usable size of the page file and virtual memory, due to the poor performance of disk drives in relation to RAM. Placing the OS paging file on one or more IBM High IOPS Adapters allows much larger page files and usable virtual memory. This is due to the much faster response times and bandwidth on IBM High IOPS Adapters versus hard disks.

Configuring Device Paging Support

The ioMemory VSL software can be configured to support paging files on one or more IBM High IOPS Adapters. This requires that each IBM High IOPS Adapter used with a paging file pre-allocates the worst-case amount of memory it may need in any possible I/O scenario. This is done on a per-adapter (ioDIMM) instance.

Because of the extra host RAM memory use, paging should be enabled only on IBM High IOPS Adapters that will actually hold a paging file. It is possible to place a single paging file on more than one IBM High IOPS Adapter. In this case Windows will stripe paging I/O across all available paging files, possibly providing additional performance to the Virtual Memory (VM) subsystem.

ioMemory VSL RAM Consumption

The amount of RAM pre-allocated per IBM High IOPS Adapter depends on the device's total size and the sector (block) size selected when formatting the drive (with fio-format).

NOTE Consult the Release Notes for this version of the software for RAM usage per GB of IBM High IOPS Adapter.

Using a larger sector size significantly reduces the amount of host memory consumption needed for paging support. It is recommended that a 4K sector size be used because a) that is generally the natural size of a host memory page, and b) it minimizes overall host memory consumption. In Windows, NTFS will generally use a cluster size of 4K, so formatting to 512 is not useful except for applications that compatible only with 512-byte sector sizes.

The indicated amount is needed per IBM High IOPS Adapter that supports paging. You must carefully plan which

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

64

IBM High IOPS Adapter(s) will be used to hold a paging file.

Non-paged Memory Pool

Pre-allocated memory for the IBM High IOPS Adapter comes from the Windows kernel non-paged memory pool. This pool dynamically grows as system components consume additional kernel memory. The maximum size of this pool is restricted to 75% of RAM up to a maximum of 128GB.

The amount of in-use, non-paged pool memory should be noted when planning page file usage. This is because the IBM High IOPS Adapter pre-allocates RAM, and that reduces the available physical non-paged memory. The ioMemory VSL software will fail to load if the total pre-allocated memory plus the in-use, non-paged memory exceeds the maximum non-paged memory pool.

To determine the total non-paged memory pool use for two IBM High IOPS Adapters, let's use the following example:

- One IBM High IOPS Adapter that requires 850 MB of RAM, and the other requires 1700 MB or RAM.
 NOTE Consult the *IBM ioMemory VSL Release Notes* for this version of the ioMemory VSL software for RAM requirements.
- Both are formatted with a 4K sector size
- Both will support paging files

The current allocated non-paged pool is obtained from Task Manager and, in this example, has a value of 576 MiB. (Values shown in Task Manager are in MiB [1024x1024 = 1 MiB]). The total RAM on the system is 8000 MB and the OS is Server 2008 R2.

First, covert the 576 MiB into MB: 576 MiB * (1 MB/1.048576 MiB) = ~549 MB

To calculate the total available non-paged pool, use the following formula:

(8000 MB x 0.75) - 549 - 850 - 1700

which still leaves 2901 MB available for the non-paged pool.

Enabling/Disabling Paging Support

Memory pre-allocation occurs during ioMemory VSL software initialization. To enable paging support, you must enable the FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY configuration item. This can be done using the fio-config command-line utility. This parameter is assigned a string with a list of decimal serial numbers of the IBM High IOPS Adapters that will support a paging file. The ioMemory VSL software performs memory pre-allocation for those instances.

Below is an example of using the fio-config utility to enable paging and pre-allocation on two IBM High IOPS Adapters with serial numbers 1234 and 17834. Serial number information can be obtained using the fio-status utility.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM



fio-config -p FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY "1234,17834"

To disable paging support on all devices, use a value of 0 for FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY:

fio-config -p FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY "0"

To query the current value, run this command:

fio-config -g FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY

An alternate method to manage (enable or disable) paging support is to use the IBM High IOPS Management Application.

NOTE You must reload the ioMemory VSL software for the new pre-allocation setting to take effect. Typically this can be done by restarting the machine or using disable/enable within Device Manager for each IBM High IOPS Adapter instance.

Also, using the Windows System Properties to change paging file configuration requires a system restart before the properties are applied. Therefore, you can change both FIO_PREALLOCATE_MEMORY and the system page file configuration and then apply both with a single restart.

Windows Page File Management

By default, the ioMemory VSL software disables support for page files. The previous section described how to enable support for page files on one or more IBM High IOPS Adapters. The following describes how to work with the built-in Windows control panels to configure and set up paging files on IBM High IOPS Adapters.

Setting Up Paging File(s)

To set up page files in Windows,

- 1. Go to Control Panel and double-click System.
- 2. Click Advanced system settings from the Task pane.
- 3. On the Advanced tab, click **Settings**. The Performance Options dialog opens.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

66

	Virtual Memory
	Automatically manage paging file size for all drives Paging file size for each drive Drive [Volume Label] Paging File Size (MB) C: None E: [New Volume] System managed
	Selected drive: E: [New Volume] Space available: 197493 MB © Qustom size: Initial size (MB): Maximum size (MB): © System managed size
	No paging file Set Total paging file size for all drives Minimum allowed: 16 MB Recommended: 12274 MB Currently allocated: 8183 MB
manage	his dialog, you can configure a page file for each available drive in the system. Selecting the "Automatically paging file size for all drives" checkbox causes Windows to create a single page file on the system drive, wh rive the OS is started from. This checkbox should be cleared when using an IBM High IOPS Adapter with a file.
Windo	ws supports up to 16 distinct paging files. To enable a page file on an IBM High IOPS Adapter,
1.	Choose the IBM High IOPS Adapter from the device list.
2.	Select the Custom size radio button.
3.	Provide values in the Initial size and Maximum size fields.
4.	Click Set to save the setting. Do not omit this step, or your changes will be lost.
5.	Click OK .
6.	When prompted to restart, click Yes . This is necessary for the new page file settings to take effect.
To rem	ove a paging file on the drive, follow the steps earlier but select No paging file. For performance reasons,

typically you will remove all paging files on any system hard disk.

NOTE The Virtual Memory dialog allows page files to be configured on available IBM High IOPS Adapters, even if the IBM High IOPS Adapter has not been configured to support a page file. Even though the dialog allows enabling of the page file, following the required restart you'll notice that no page file was created on the device. Follow the directions earlier in this document to properly enable page file support on one or more IBM High IOPS Adapters.

System Drive Paging File Configuration

By default Windows creates and manages a page file on the system boot drive (typically a hard disk), which is typically where Windows is installed. Keeping a regular page file on the system hard disk is generally not optimal, because the hard disk's I/O performance is many orders of magnitude slower than an IBM High IOPS Adapter. To remedy this, you can eliminate or minimize the size of the system boot drive page file, as explained later. Enabling page files on IBM High IOPS Adapters (but not the system drive) improves Virtual Memory (VM) subsystem performance, as the VM manager stripes I/O across all available page files. Additionally, the IBM High IOPS Adapters act as a very large memory store, which can greatly improve memory usage for large applications.

The Windows kernel uses the system disk page file to store crash dumps. Crash dumps may be small (mini-dumps) or large (full-kernel memory dumps). Typically, running without dump file support or with a small dump file is adequate. There are several possible system drive page file configurations:

- 1. Eliminate all page files on any hard disks, including the system boot drive. Although this maximizes paging I/O on IBM High IOPS Adapters, no post-mortem crash dump file will be available if a system crash occurs. However, it may be possible to re-enable a page file on the system drive and then reproduce the crash scenario.
- 2. Create a minimal-size page file on the system boot drive. The recommended minimum size is 16MB, although Windows may warn that a minimum 400MB page file is needed.
- 3. Create a page file large enough for a full-kernel memory dump. This typically requires a page file at least the size of installed RAM, with some recommending the size equal to RAM x 1.5.

IBM is actively working on adding support for an IBM High IOPS Adapter being a crash dump target.

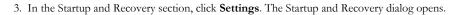
To view or change the crash dump configuration,

- 1. Go to the **System Properties** dialog.
- 2. Click the Advanced tab.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

68



System startup			
Default operating system:			
Windows 7			•
Time to display list of operating systems:	30	*	seconds
Time to display recovery options when needed:	30	-	seconds
System failure Write an event to the system log Automatically restart Write debugging information			
 <u>₩</u>rite an event to the system log <u>₩</u> Automatically restart 			

In the System Failure section you can change settings to handle the system log, restart, and debugging information.

Guaranteeing Minimum Committable Memory

If you enable "System managed size" or set a "Custom size" in the Virtual Memory dialog, you should do so with care. If the initial size is less than the desired amount of committable virtual memory, this can cause an application to have memory allocation failures if the amount of committed memory exceeds the currently allocated page file size or the initial size value. When committed memory exceeds the current page file size, a request to allocate additional memory will fail. The Windows Virtual Memory manager will slowly increase the size of the paging file up to the available size of its drive or to the "Maximum size" custom setting, whichever is smaller.

If you want to use a large amount of committed virtual memory (more than 1.5 times the amount of RAM) and avoid application memory allocation errors, the initial and maximum committed memory should be explicitly set for the expected application committed memory usage. These values should generally be the same.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

69



- Main Article Link: Pushing the Limits of Windows
- Specific section that documents virtual memory: Pushing the Limits of Windows: Virtual Memory

Verifying Page File Operation

To verify that a page file is actively placed on an IBM High IOPS Adapter, you can browse for hidden files at the drive's root. For example, run the following command at a prompt:

dir c: /ah

In the output listing there should be a file called pagefile.sys. If no page file is present, then recheck the page file configuration in the Virtual Memory dialog and verify that page file support has been enabled on the queried IBM High IOPS Adapter.

Performance

Using the IBM High IOPS Adapter as the paging store can improve overall Virtual Memory system performance. Actual benefits will vary widely with an application's virtual memory usage and with hardware platform/performance.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

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Appendix F- NUMA Configuration

About NUMA Architecture

Servers with a NUMA (Non-Uniform Memory Access) architecture may require special installation instructions in order to maximize IBM High IOPS Adapter performance. This includes most multi-socket servers.

On some servers with NUMA architecture, during system boot, the BIOS will not associate PCIe slots with the correct NUMA node. Incorrect mappings result in inefficient I/O handling that can significantly degrade performance. To prevent this, you must manually assign IBM High IOPS Adapters optimally among the available NUMA nodes.

Attention The example below shows the final implementation of custom affinity settings. This implementation required an analysis of the specific system, including the system architecture, type and number of IBM High IOPS Adapters installed, and the particular PCIe slots that were used. Your particular circumstances will require a custom analysis of your set-up. This analysis requires understanding of your system's NUMA architecture compared to your particular installation.

Your actual settings may be different than the example below, depending on your server configuration. In order to create the correct settings for your specific system, use fio-status to list all of the devices' bus numbers. For example:

```
# fio-status
Found 2 ioMemory devices in this system
...
PCI:04:00.0
...
PCI:05:00.0
```

In the above example, the bus numbers are the first numbers in the PCI address (04 and 05 respectively).

FIO_AFFINITY Parameter

Configuring your IBM High IOPS Adapters for servers with NUMA architecture requires the use of the FIO_AFFINTIY parameter with the fio-config utility.

The FIO_AFFINITY parameter is a list of <affinity specification> triplets that specify the affinity settings of all adapters in the system. Each item in the triplet is separated by a comma, and each triplet set is separated by a semicolon.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

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Syntax:

fio-config -p FIO_AFFINITY <affinity specification>[;<affinity
specification>...]

Where each <affinity specification> has the following syntax:

<[domain number:]bus number>,[g|n]<group or node number>[,<hex mask>]

If domain number is not specified, it will be set to 0 (most common).

If there is no g or n character before the group/node number, then the number is assumed to be a group number.

If the hex mask is a node mask, then the mask is relative to the node, not the group to which the node belongs.

Simple Example:

fio-config -p FIO_AFFINITY 1:7,n0,0xf;20,n1;80,7;2:132,4,0xff0

Has the effect of creating :

PCI Address (domain:bus)	Node/Group	Processor Affinity
1:7	node 0	processors 0 to 3 in the node (mask 0xf)
0:20	node 1	all processors in the node (no hex mask)
0:80	group 7	all processors in the group (no hex mask)
2:132	group 4	processors 4 to 11 in the group (mask 0xff0)

Advanced Configuration Example

If your server has multiple NUMA nodes and multiple IBM High IOPS Adapters installed, you will need to make sure that the IBM High IOPS Adapters are spread out among the various nodes.

While it may be optimal to pair devices to nodes that are electronically closer each device's PCIe slot (which would require an advanced understanding of your server's NUMA architechure and an analysis of the device installation), just simply spreading out all of the devices' node affinity among the available nodes should result in improved performance.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

72

Checking the Log for Errors

If you enter a configuration that is not valid, then the settings will be disabled and an error will be available in the system logs.

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For example:

fio-config -p FIO_AFFINITY 5,g0,0xf;6,0xf

In this example, the affinity for device fct6 is set incorrectly, because there is no group/node number before the mask. The following errors appear in the system log:

```
2011-09-09T12:22:15.176086800Z - ERROR - FusionEventDriver - FIO_AFFINITY:
Invalid group or node number
2011-09-09T12:22:15.176086800Z - ERROR - FusionEventDriver - Invalid
FIO_AFFINITY parameter syntax at character 13: "5,g0,0xf;6,0x". Manual
affinity settings are disabled!
```

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

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Appendix G- Upgrading Devices from VSL 2.x to 3.x

This version of the ioMemory VSL software supports new features, including the latest generation of High IOPS architecture and improved Flashback protection. These features require the latest version of the IBM firmware. Every IBM High IOPS Adapter in a system running 3.1.x or later must be upgraded to the latest version of the firmware.

For example, if you have a system running 2.x ioMemory VSL software with IBM High IOPS Adapters previously installed, and you want to install new IBM High IOPS Adapters (that require the latest version of the firmware), then you will need to upgrade all of the existing devices to the latest firmware version.

- Attention You cannot revert a device's firmware to an earlier version once you have upgraded the device (without voiding your warranty). If you experience problems with your upgrade, please contact Customer Support at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support.
- Attention Upgrading devices (previously configured for VSL 2.x.x) to work with VSL 3.x.x will require a low-level media format of the device. No user data will be maintained during the process. Be sure to backup all data as instructed.
- Attention
 Upgrade Path: Depending on the current firmware version of your devices, you may need to upgrade your device's firmware multiple times in order to preserve internal structures. Consult the ioMemory VSL software for the upgrade path. Visit http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723
 (follow that link and then select IBM High IOPS software matrix) for all of the required software and firmware versions.

For more information on upgrading from one version to the next, see the *IBM ioMemory VSL Release Notes* (available at <u>http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docidsplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723</u> (follow that link and then select **IBM High IOPS software matrix**)) for the version you will upgrade the device to. Then follow the upgrade instructions in that version's user guide for your operating system (including the firmware update instructions).

Upgrade Procedure

Be sure to follow the upgrade path in the *IBM ioMemory VSL Release Notes*. Make sure that all previously installed IBM High IOPS Adapters are updated with the appropriate firmware.

<u>Attention</u> If you plan to use IBM High IOPS Adapters and IBM High IOPS Adapters in the same host, perform this upgrade on all existing IBM High IOPS Adapters **before** installing the new IBM High IOPS Adapters.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

IBM

74

1.	Prepare eac	ch existing	IBM	High I	OPS	Adapter	for upgra	ıde.
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a. Backup user data on each IBM High IOPS Adapter.

<u>Attention</u> The upgrade process will require a low-level media format of the device. No user data will be maintained during the process; be sure to make a complete backup.

Use a backup method of your choice. For best results, use software and backup devices that have proven effective in the past. Do not backup the data onto another IBM High IOPS Adapter on the same system. The back up must be to a local disk or to an externally attached volume.

b. Run the <u>fio-bugreport</u> command-line utility and save the output. This will capture the device information for each device in the system. This device information will be useful in troubleshooting any upgrade issues. Sample command:

fio-bugreport

c. Detach IBM High IOPS Adapters, for example:

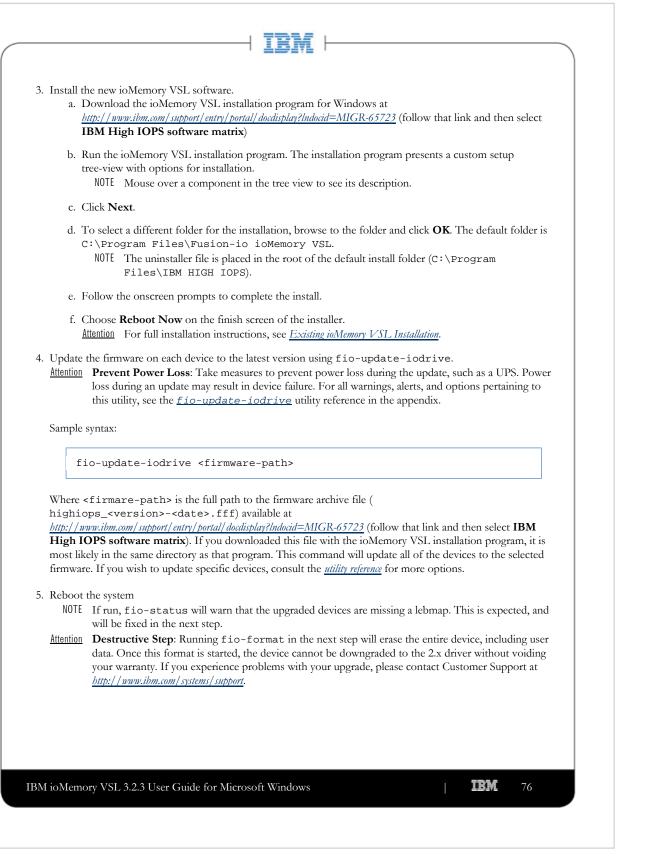
fio-detach /dev/fct*

For more information, see fio-detach

- 2. Uninstall the 2.x ioMemory VSL software.
 - a. Go to Start > Control Panel.
 - b. Click **Programs & Files**.
 - c. Select the ioMemory VSL entry.
 - d. Click Uninstall.
 - e. Restart the computer.

IBM ioMemory VSL 3.2.3 User Guide for Microsoft Windows

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6. Fc	ormat each device using fio-format, for example:
	fio-format <device></device>
V	bu will be prompted to confirm you wish to erase all data on the device.
	ention The format may take an extended period of time, depending on the wear on the device.
	tach all IBM High IOPS Adapters, for example:
	fio-attach /dev/fct*
8. Cł	neck the status of all devices using fio-status, for example:
	fio-status -a

		IBM Suppo	ort
IBM High IOPS Adapter software and c	ocumentation are available on the we	b at the following address:	
<u>bttp://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/d</u> IOPS software matrix).	<i>edisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723</i> (follow	that link and then select IBM High	ı
IBM part number 00D2424			