

IBM System x3655 Type 7985 and 7943



Problem Determination and Service Guide

IBM System x3655 Type 7985 and 7943



Problem Determination and Service Guide

Note: Before using this information and the product it supports, read the general information in Appendix B, "Notices," on page 187.

The most recent version of this document is available at <http://www.ibm.com/support/>.

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Safety

Before installing this product, read the Safety Information.

قبل تركيب هذا المنتج، يجب قراءة الملاحظات الأمنية

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações de Segurança.

在安裝本產品之前，請仔細閱讀 **Safety Information** (安全信息)。

安裝本產品之前，請先閱讀「安全資訊」。

Prije instalacije ovog produkta obavezno pročitajte Sigurnosne Upute.

Před instalací tohoto produktu si přečtěte příručku bezpečnostních instrukcí.

Læs sikkerhedsforskrifterne, før du installerer dette produkt.

Lees voordat u dit product installeert eerst de veiligheidsvoorschriften.

Ennen kuin asennat tämän tuotteen, lue turvaohjeet kohdasta Safety Information.

Avant d'installer ce produit, lisez les consignes de sécurité.

Vor der Installation dieses Produkts die Sicherheitshinweise lesen.

Πριν εγκαταστήσετε το προϊόν αυτό, διαβάστε τις πληροφορίες ασφάλειας (safety information).

לפני שתתקינו מוצר זה, קראו את הוראות הבטיחות.

A termék telepítése előtt olvassa el a Biztonsági előírásokat!

Prima di installare questo prodotto, leggere le Informazioni sulla Sicurezza.

製品の設置の前に、安全情報をお読みください。

본 제품을 설치하기 전에 안전 정보를 읽으십시오.

Пред да се инсталира овој продукт, прочитајте информацијата за безбедност.

Les sikkerhetsinformasjonen (Safety Information) før du installerer dette produktet.

Przed zainstalowaniem tego produktu, należy zapoznać się z książką "Informacje dotyczące bezpieczeństwa" (Safety Information).

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações sobre Segurança.

Перед установкой продукта прочтите инструкции по технике безопасности.

Pred inštaláciou tohto zariadenia si pečítajte Bezpečnostné predpisy.

Pred namestitvijo tega proizvoda preberite Varnostne informacije.

Antes de instalar este producto, lea la información de seguridad.

Läs säkerhetsinformationen innan du installerar den här produkten.

Guidelines for trained service technicians

This section contains information for trained service technicians.

Inspecting for unsafe conditions

Use the information in this section to help you identify potential unsafe conditions in an IBM product that you are working on. Each IBM product, as it was designed and manufactured, has required safety items to protect users and service technicians from injury. The information in this section addresses only those items. Use good judgment to identify potential unsafe conditions that might be caused by non-IBM alterations or attachment of non-IBM features or optional devices that are not addressed in this section. If you identify an unsafe condition, you must determine how serious the hazard is and whether you must correct the problem before you work on the product.

Consider the following conditions and the safety hazards that they present:

- Electrical hazards, especially primary power. Primary voltage on the frame can cause serious or fatal electrical shock.
- Explosive hazards, such as a damaged CRT face or a bulging capacitor.
- Mechanical hazards, such as loose or missing hardware.

To inspect the product for potential unsafe conditions, complete the following steps:

1. Make sure that the power is off and the power cord is disconnected.
2. Make sure that the exterior cover is not damaged, loose, or broken, and observe any sharp edges.
3. Check the power cord:
 - Make sure that the third-wire ground connector is in good condition. Use a meter to measure third-wire ground continuity for 0.1 ohm or less between the external ground pin and the frame ground.
 - Make sure that the power cord is the correct type, as specified in "Power cords" on page 102.
 - Make sure that the insulation is not frayed or worn.
4. Remove the cover.
5. Check for any obvious non-IBM alterations. Use good judgment as to the safety of any non-IBM alterations.
6. Check inside the server for any obvious unsafe conditions, such as metal filings, contamination, water or other liquid, or signs of fire or smoke damage.
7. Check for worn, frayed, or pinched cables.
8. Make sure that the power-supply cover fasteners (screws or rivets) have not been removed or tampered with.

Guidelines for servicing electrical equipment

Observe the following guidelines when servicing electrical equipment:

- Check the area for electrical hazards such as moist floors, nongrounded power extension cords, power surges, and missing safety grounds.
- Use only approved tools and test equipment. Some hand tools have handles that are covered with a soft material that does not provide insulation from live electrical currents.
- Regularly inspect and maintain your electrical hand tools for safe operational condition. Do not use worn or broken tools or testers.

- Do not touch the reflective surface of a dental mirror to a live electrical circuit. The surface is conductive and can cause personal injury or equipment damage if it touches a live electrical circuit.
- Some rubber floor mats contain small conductive fibers to decrease electrostatic discharge. Do not use this type of mat to protect yourself from electrical shock.
- Do not work alone under hazardous conditions or near equipment that has hazardous voltages.
- Locate the emergency power-off (EPO) switch, disconnecting switch, or electrical outlet so that you can turn off the power quickly in the event of an electrical accident.
- Disconnect all power before you perform a mechanical inspection, work near power supplies, or remove or install main units.
- Before you work on the equipment, disconnect the power cord. If you cannot disconnect the power cord, have the customer power-off the wall box that supplies power to the equipment and lock the wall box in the off position.
- Never assume that power has been disconnected from a circuit. Check it to make sure that it has been disconnected.
- If you have to work on equipment that has exposed electrical circuits, observe the following precautions:
 - Make sure that another person who is familiar with the power-off controls is near you and is available to turn off the power if necessary.
 - When you are working with powered-on electrical equipment, use only one hand. Keep the other hand in your pocket or behind your back to avoid creating a complete circuit that could cause an electrical shock.
 - When using a tester, set the controls correctly and use the approved probe leads and accessories for that tester.
 - Stand on a suitable rubber mat to insulate you from grounds such as metal floor strips and equipment frames.
- Use extreme care when measuring high voltages.
- To ensure proper grounding of components such as power supplies, pumps, blowers, fans, and motor generators, do not service these components outside of their normal operating locations.
- If an electrical accident occurs, use caution, turn off the power, and send another person to get medical aid.

Safety statements

Important:

Each caution and danger statement in this documentation begins with a number. This number is used to cross reference an English-language caution or danger statement with translated versions of the caution or danger statement in the *Safety Information* document.

For example, if a caution statement begins with a number 1, translations for that caution statement appear in the *Safety Information* document under statement 1.

Be sure to read all caution and danger statements in this documentation before performing the instructions. Read any additional safety information that comes with your server or optional device before you install the device.

Statement 1:



DANGER

Electrical current from power, telephone, and communication cables is hazardous.

To avoid a shock hazard:

- **Do not connect or disconnect any cables or perform installation, maintenance, or reconfiguration of this product during an electrical storm.**
- **Connect all power cords to a properly wired and grounded electrical outlet.**
- **Connect to properly wired outlets any equipment that will be attached to this product.**
- **When possible, use one hand only to connect or disconnect signal cables.**
- **Never turn on any equipment when there is evidence of fire, water, or structural damage.**
- **Disconnect the attached power cords, telecommunications systems, networks, and modems before you open the device covers, unless instructed otherwise in the installation and configuration procedures.**
- **Connect and disconnect cables as described in the following table when installing, moving, or opening covers on this product or attached devices.**

To Connect:

1. Turn everything OFF.
2. First, attach all cables to devices.
3. Attach signal cables to connectors.
4. Attach power cords to outlet.
5. Turn device ON.

To Disconnect:

1. Turn everything OFF.
2. First, remove power cords from outlet.
3. Remove signal cables from connectors.
4. Remove all cables from devices.

Statement 2:



CAUTION:

When replacing the lithium battery, use only IBM Part Number 33F8354 or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

Do not:

- **Throw or immerse into water**
- **Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)**
- **Repair or disassemble**

Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

Statement 3:



CAUTION:

When laser products (such as CD-ROMs, DVD drives, fiber optic devices, or transmitters) are installed, note the following:

- Do not remove the covers. Removing the covers of the laser product could result in exposure to hazardous laser radiation. There are no serviceable parts inside the device.
- Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein might result in hazardous radiation exposure.



DANGER

Some laser products contain an embedded Class 3A or Class 3B laser diode. Note the following.

Laser radiation when open. Do not stare into the beam, do not view directly with optical instruments, and avoid direct exposure to the beam.



Class 1 Laser Product
Laser Klasse 1
Laser Klass 1
Luokan 1 Laserlaite
Appareil À Laser de Classe 1

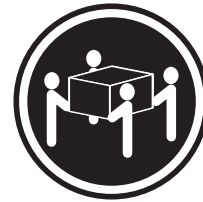
Statement 4:



≥ 18 kg (39.7 lb)



≥ 32 kg (70.5 lb)



≥ 55 kg (121.2 lb)

CAUTION:

Use safe practices when lifting.

Statement 5:



CAUTION:

The power control button on the device and the power switch on the power supply do not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one power cord. To remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.



Statement 8:



CAUTION:

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has the following label attached.



Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

Statement 26:



CAUTION:

Do not place any object on top of rack-mounted devices.



Attention: This server is suitable for use on an IT power distribution system whose maximum phase-to-phase voltage is 240 V under any distribution fault condition.

Chapter 1. Start here for hardware problems

This chapter contains a checkout procedure that you should follow to solve hardware problems in the server.

About the checkout procedure

Before you perform the checkout procedure for diagnosing hardware problems, review the following information:

- Read the safety information that begins on page vii.
- The diagnostic programs provide the primary methods of testing the major components of the server, such as the system board, Ethernet controller, keyboard, mouse (pointing device), serial ports, and hard disk drives. You can also use them to test some external devices. If you are not sure whether a problem is caused by the hardware or by the software, you can use the diagnostic programs to confirm that the hardware is working correctly.
- When you run the diagnostic programs, a single problem might cause more than one error message. When this happens, correct the cause of the first error message. The other error messages usually will not occur the next time you run the diagnostic programs.

Exception: If there are multiple error codes or light path diagnostic LEDs that indicate a microprocessor error, the error might be in the microprocessor or in the microprocessor socket. See “Microprocessor problems” on page 42 for information about diagnosing microprocessor problems.

- Before you run the diagnostic programs, you must determine whether the failing server is part of a shared hard disk drive cluster (two or more servers that share external storage devices). If it is part of a cluster, you can run all diagnostic programs except the ones that test the storage unit (that is, a hard disk drive in the storage unit) or the storage adapter that is attached to the storage unit. The failing server might be part of a cluster if any of the following conditions are true:
 - You have identified the failing server as part of a cluster (two or more servers that share external storage devices).
 - One or more external storage units are attached to the failing server and at least one of the attached storage units is also attached to another server or unidentifiable device.
 - One or more servers are located near the failing server.

Important: If the server is part of a shared hard disk drive cluster, run one test at a time. Do not run any suite of tests, such as “quick” or “normal” tests, because this might enable the hard disk drive diagnostic tests.

- If the server is halted and a POST error code is displayed, see “Error logs” on page 28. If the server is halted and no error message is displayed, see “Troubleshooting tables” on page 37 and “Solving undetermined problems” on page 89.
- For information about power-supply problems, see “Solving power problems” on page 87 and “Power-supply LEDs” on page 53.
- For intermittent problems, check the error log; see “Error logs” on page 28 and “Diagnostic programs, messages, and error codes” on page 55.

Performing the checkout procedure

To perform the checkout procedure, complete the following steps:

1. Is the server part of a cluster?
 - **No:** Go to step 2.
 - **Yes:** Shut down all failing servers that are related to the cluster. Go to step 2.
2. Complete the following steps:
 - a. Check the power supply LEDs, see “Power-supply LEDs” on page 53
 - b. Turn off the server and all external devices.
 - c. Check all internal and external devices for compatibility at <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/>.
 - d. Check all cables and power cords.
 - e. Set all monitor controls to the middle positions.
 - f. Turn on all external devices.
 - g. Turn on the server. If the server does not start, see “Troubleshooting tables” on page 37.
 - h. Check the system-error LED on the operator information panel. If it is flashing, check the light path diagnostic LEDs on the system board (see “System-board LEDs” on page 17).
 - i. Check for the following results:
 - Successful completion of POST, which is indicated by a single beep (see “POST” on page 19 for more information)
 - Successful completion of startup, which is indicated by a readable display of the operating-system desktop
3. Did a single beep sound and are there readable instructions on the main menu?

Note: A single beep indicates successful completion of POST and is not an error.

- **No:** Find the failure symptom in “Troubleshooting tables”, if necessary, see “Solving undetermined problems” on page 89.
- **Yes:** Run the diagnostic programs (see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 55).
 - If you receive an error, see “Diagnostic error codes” on page 56).
 - If the diagnostic programs were completed successfully and you still suspect a problem, see “Solving undetermined problems” on page 89.

Important: Clear the BMC system event log and system event/error log after you correct all conditions. This will turn off the system event/error LED if all conditions are corrected.

Chapter 2. Introduction

This *Problem Determination and Service Guide* contains information to help you solve problems that might occur in your IBM® System x3655 Type 7985 and 7943 servers. It describes the diagnostic tools that come with the server, error codes and suggested actions, and instructions for replacing failing components.

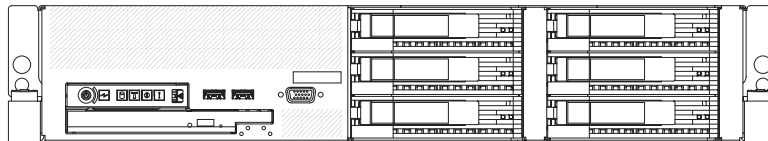
Replaceable components are of three types:

- **Tier 1 customer replaceable unit (CRU):** Replacement of Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If IBM installs a Tier 1 CRU at your request, you will be charged for the installation.
- **Tier 2 customer replaceable unit:** You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request IBM to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.
- **Field replaceable unit (FRU):** FRUs must be installed only by trained service technicians.

For information about the terms of the warranty and getting service and assistance, see the *Warranty and Support Information* document.

The server has two model styles, which are based on the size and number of hard disk drive bays:

- The *3.5-inch* models have six 3.5-inch hot-swap hard disk drive bays. Install only 3.5-inch drives in these models. If you install an optional tape drive, the tape drive occupies two of the six 3.5-inch drive bays.



- The *2.5-inch* models have eight 2.5-inch hot-swap hard disk drive bays and one 3.5-inch tape drive bay. Install only 2.5-inch hard disk drives and an optional 3.5-inch tape drive in these models.



Throughout this documentation, the terms *2.5-inch models* and *3.5-inch models* are used to distinguish between the server styles.

Related documentation

In addition to this document, the following documentation also comes with the server:

- *Installation Guide*

This printed document contains instructions for setting up the server and basic instructions for installing some optional devices.

- *User's Guide*

This document is in Portable Document Format (PDF) on the IBM System x™ Documentation CD. It provides general information about the server, including

information about features, and how to configure the server. It also contains detailed instructions for installing, removing, and connecting optional devices that the server supports.

- *Rack Installation Instructions*

This printed document contains instructions for installing the server in a rack.

- *Safety Information*

This document is in PDF on the IBM *System x Documentation* CD. It contains translated caution and danger statements. Each caution and danger statement that appears in the documentation has a number that you can use to locate the corresponding statement in your language in the *Safety Information* document.

- *Warranty and Support Information*

This document is in PDF on the IBM *System x Documentation* CD. It contains information about the terms of the warranty and getting service and assistance.

Depending on the server model, additional documentation might be included on the IBM *System x Documentation* CD.

The System x and xSeries Tools Center is an online information center that contains information about tools for updating, managing, and deploying firmware, device drivers, and operating systems. The System x and xSeries Tools Center is at <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolsctr/v1r0/index.jsp>

The server might have features that are not described in the documentation that you received with the server. The documentation might be updated occasionally to include information about those features, or technical updates might be available to provide additional information that is not included in the server documentation. These updates are available from the IBM Web site. To check for updated documentation and technical updates, complete the following steps.

Note: Changes are made periodically to the IBM web site. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html>.
2. From the **Hardware** list, select **System x3655** and click **Go**.
3. Click the **Install and use** tab.
4. Click **Product documentation**.

Notices and statements in this document

The caution and danger statements that appear in this document are also in the multilingual *Safety Information* document, which is on the IBM *System x Documentation* CD. Each statement is numbered for reference to the corresponding statement in the *Safety Information* document.

The following notices and statements are used in this document:

- **Note:** These notices provide important tips, guidance, or advice.
- **Important:** These notices provide information or advice that might help you avoid inconvenient or problem situations.
- **Attention:** These notices indicate potential damage to programs, devices, or data. An attention notice is placed just before the instruction or situation in which damage could occur.

- **Caution:** These statements indicate situations that can be potentially hazardous to you. A caution statement is placed just before the description of a potentially hazardous procedure, step, or situation.
- **Danger:** These statements indicate situations that can be potentially lethal or extremely hazardous to you. A danger statement is placed just before the description of a potentially lethal or extremely hazardous procedure step or situation.

Features and specifications

The following information is a summary of the features and specifications of the server. Depending on the server model, some features might not be available, or some specifications might not apply.

Table 1. Features and specifications

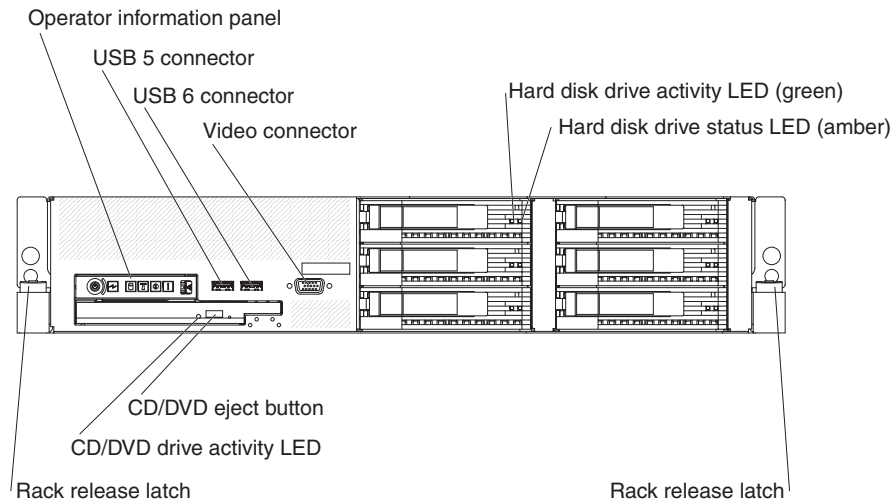
<p>Microprocessor:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type 7985 servers support up to two AMD Opteron dual-core microprocessors. Type 7943 servers support up to two AMD Opteron quad-core microprocessors. <p>Note: Use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to determine the type and speed of the microprocessor.</p> <p>Memory:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sixteen DIMM connectors Minimum: 1 GB Maximum: 64 GB Type: Registered PC2-5300 double data rate (DDR) II, DIMMs Sizes: 512 MB, 1 GB, 2 GB, or 4 GB, in pairs <p>Drives: (depending on your model)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hard disk drive: SAS or SATA One of the following IDE drives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DVD-ROM CD-RW/DVD-ROM combination <p>Expansion bays:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hot-swap hard disk drive bays: One of the following configurations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Six 3.5-inch drive bays (optional tape drive will require two of these bays) Eight 2.5-inch drive bays and one tape drive bay One 5.25-inch Ultrabay Enhanced bay (CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive installed) <p>Expansion slots:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Three low-profile PCI Express slots (two x8 and one x4 lanes) on the system board Support for one of the following riser cards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HTX riser card with a full height, full length HTX adapter slot (25 W max.) (standard) PCI Express riser card with a full height, full length adapter slot (x16 lanes) (25 W max.) (optional) PCI-X riser card with one full length, full height 133 MHz/64-bit adapter slot (optional) <p>Hot-swap fans:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Standard: Five Maximum: Ten - provide redundant cooling 	<p>Hot-swap power supplies:</p> <p>835 watts (100-240 V ac)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimum: One Maximum: Two - provide redundant power <p>Size (2 U):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Height: 85.4 mm (3.36 in.) Depth: 698 mm (27.48 in.) Width: 443.6 mm (17.5 in.) Weight: approximately 21.09 kg (46.5 lb) to 29.03 kg (64 lb) depending upon configuration <p>Integrated functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Baseboard management controller or on-board service processor Two Broadcom 10/100/1000 Ethernet controllers with Wake on LAN® support and TCPIP Offload Engine (TOE) support One serial port One serial-attached SCSI (SAS) controller Six Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports (2.0) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Two on the front of the server Four on the rear of the server Two video ports <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One on the front of the server One on the rear of the server Support for Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine <p>Video controller:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ATI RN50 video on system board Compatible with SVGA and VGA 16 MB DDR video memory <p>RAID controller:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ServeRAID-8k-I SAS Controller, 256 MB, that supports RAID levels 0, 1, 10 (standard) Upgradable to ServeRAID-8k SAS Controller, 512 MB with battery backup, that supports additional RAID levels <p>Acoustical noise emissions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Declared sound power, idle: 6.8 bel Declared sound power, operating: 6.8 bel 	<p>Environment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air temperature: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Server on: 10° to 35°C (50.0° to 95.0°F); altitude: 0 to 914.4 m (3000 ft). Decrease system temperature by 0.75°C for every 1000-foot increase in altitude. Server off: 10° to 43°C (50.0° to 109.4°F); maximum altitude: 2133 m (7000 ft) Shipment: -40° to +60°C (-40° to 140°F); maximum altitude: 2133 m (7000 ft) Humidity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Server on/off: 8% to 80% Shipment: 5% to 100% <p>Heat output:</p> <p>Approximate heat output in British thermal units (Btu) per hour:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimum configuration: 1230 Btu (360 watts) Maximum configuration: 2840 Btu (830 watts) <p>Electrical input:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sine-wave input (50-60 Hz) required Input voltage range automatically selected Input voltage low range: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimum: 100 V ac Maximum: 127 V ac Input voltage high range: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimum: 200 V ac Maximum: 240 V ac Input kilovolt-amperes (kVA) approximately: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimum: 0.36 kVA Maximum 0.93 kVA <p>Notes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Power consumption and heat output vary depending on the number and type of optional features that are installed and the power-management optional features in use. These levels were measured in controlled acoustical environments according to the procedures that are specified by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) S12.10 and ISO 7779 and are reported in accordance with ISO average values stated because of room reflections and other nearby noise sources. The declared sound-power levels indicate an upper limit, below which a large number of computer will operate.
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Server controls, LEDs, and connectors

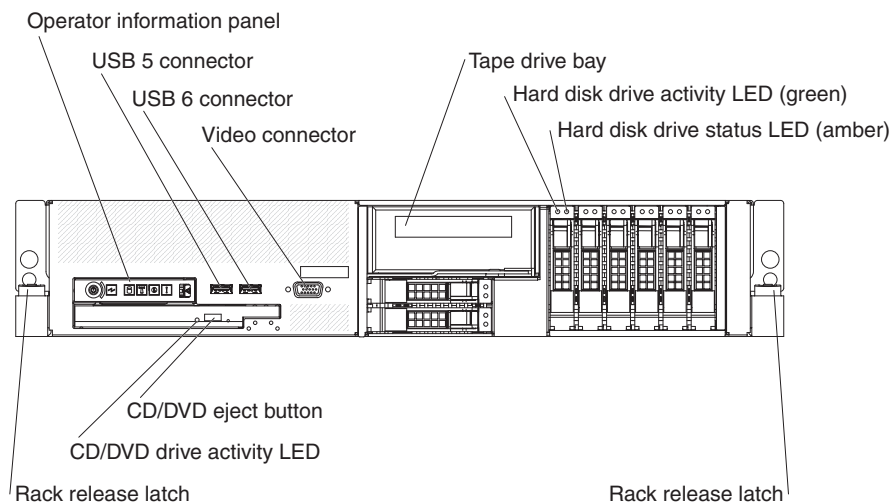
This section describes the controls and light-emitting diodes (LEDs) and how to turn the server on and off.

Front view

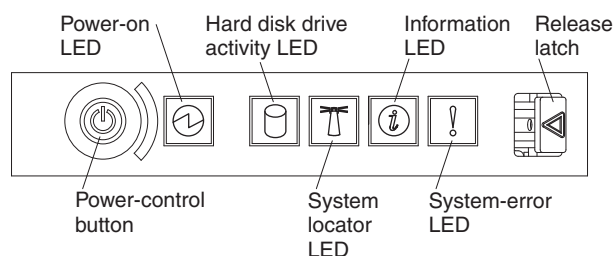
The following illustration shows the controls, light-emitting diodes (LEDs), and connectors on the front of the 3.5-inch model server.



The following illustration shows the controls, light-emitting diodes (LEDs), and connectors on the front of the 2.5-inch model server.



Operator information panel: The following illustration shows the controls, LEDs, and connectors on the operator information panel.



The following controls, LEDs, and connectors are on the operator information panel:

- **Release latch:** Slide this latch to the left to access the light path diagnostics panel.
- **System-error LED:** When this LED is lit, it indicates that a system error has occurred. An LED on the light path diagnostics panel is also lit to help isolate the error.
- **Information LED:** When this LED is lit, it indicates that a noncritical event has occurred. An LED on the light path diagnostics panel is also lit to help isolate the error.
- **Location LED:** Use this LED to visually locate the server among other servers. You can use IBM Director to light this LED remotely.
- **Power-control button:** Press this button to turn the server on and off manually. A power-control-button shield comes installed on the server to prevent the server from being turned off accidentally.
- **Power-on LED:** When this LED is lit and not flashing, it indicates that the server is turned on. When this LED is flashing, it indicates that the server is turned off and is still connected to an ac power source. When this LED is off, it indicates that ac power is not present, or the power supply or the LED itself has failed.

Note: If this LED is off, it does not mean that there is no electrical power in the server. The LED might be burned out. To remove all electrical power from the server, you must disconnect the power cord from the electrical outlet.

USB connectors: Connect a USB device, such as a USB mouse, keyboard, or other USB device, to either of these connectors.

Video connector: Connect a monitor to this connector.

Hard disk drive activity LED: On some server models, each hot-swap hard disk drive has an activity LED. When this LED is flashing, it indicates that the drive is in use.

Hard disk drive status LED: On some server models, each hot-swap hard disk drive has a status LED. When this LED is lit, it indicates that the drive has failed. If an optional IBM ServeRAID™ controller is installed in the server, when this LED is flashing slowly (one flash per second), it indicates that the drive is being rebuilt. When the LED is flashing rapidly (three flashes per second), it indicates that the controller is identifying the drive.

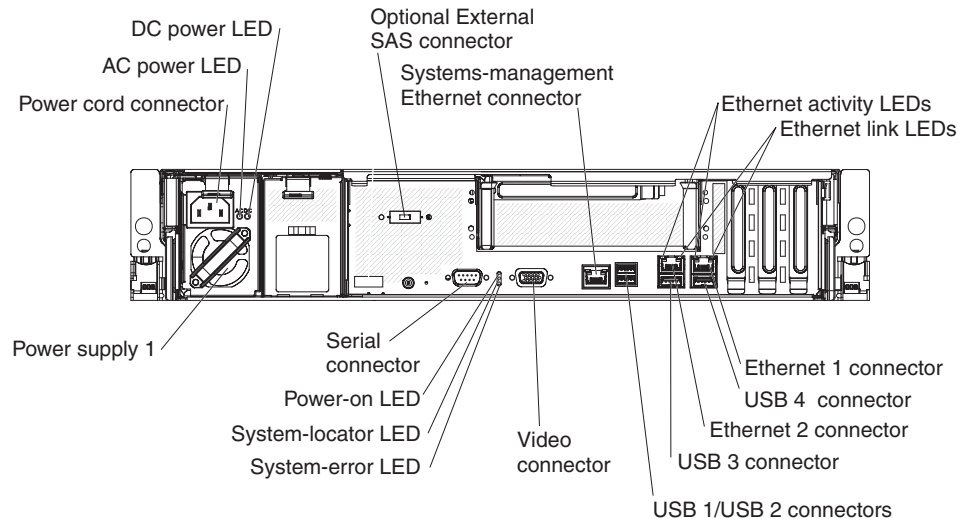
CD/DVD-eject button: Press this button to release a CD from the DVD-ROM drive.

CD/DVD drive activity LED: When this LED is lit, it indicates that the DVD drive is in use.

Rack release latches: Press these latches to release the server from the rack.

Rear view

The following illustration shows the connectors and LEDs on the rear of the server.



Power-cord connector: Connect the power cord to this connector.

AC power LED: Each hot-swap power supply has an ac power LED and a dc power LED. During typical operation, both the ac and dc power LEDs are lit. For any other combination of LEDs, see “Power-supply LEDs” on page 53.

DC power LED: Each hot-swap power supply has a dc power LED and an ac power LED. During typical operation, both the ac and dc power LEDs are lit. For any other combination of LEDs, see “Power-supply LEDs” on page 53.

Optional external SAS connector: Connect a serial-attached SCSI (SAS) device to this connector.

System-management Ethernet connector: Use this connector to connect the server to a network for systems-management information control. This connector is active only if you have installed a Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, and is used only by the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.

Ethernet link LEDs: When these LEDs are lit, they indicate that there is an active link connection on the 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-TX interface for the Ethernet port.

Ethernet activity LEDs: When these LEDs are lit, they indicate that the server is transmitting to or receiving signals from the Ethernet LAN that is connected to the Ethernet port.

Ethernet connectors: Use either of these connectors to connect the server to a network.

USB connectors: Connect a USB device, such as a USB mouse, keyboard, or other USB device, to any of these connectors.

Video connector: Connect a monitor to this connector.

Power-on LED: When this LED is lit and not flashing, it indicates that the server is turned on. When this LED is flashing, it indicates that the server is turned off and

still connected to an ac power source. When this LED is off, it indicates that ac power is not present, or the power supply or the LED itself has failed.

System locator LED: Use this LED to visually locate the server among other servers. You can use IBM Director to light this LED remotely.

System-error LED: When this LED is lit, it indicates that a system error has occurred. An LED on the light path diagnostics panel is also lit to help isolate the error.

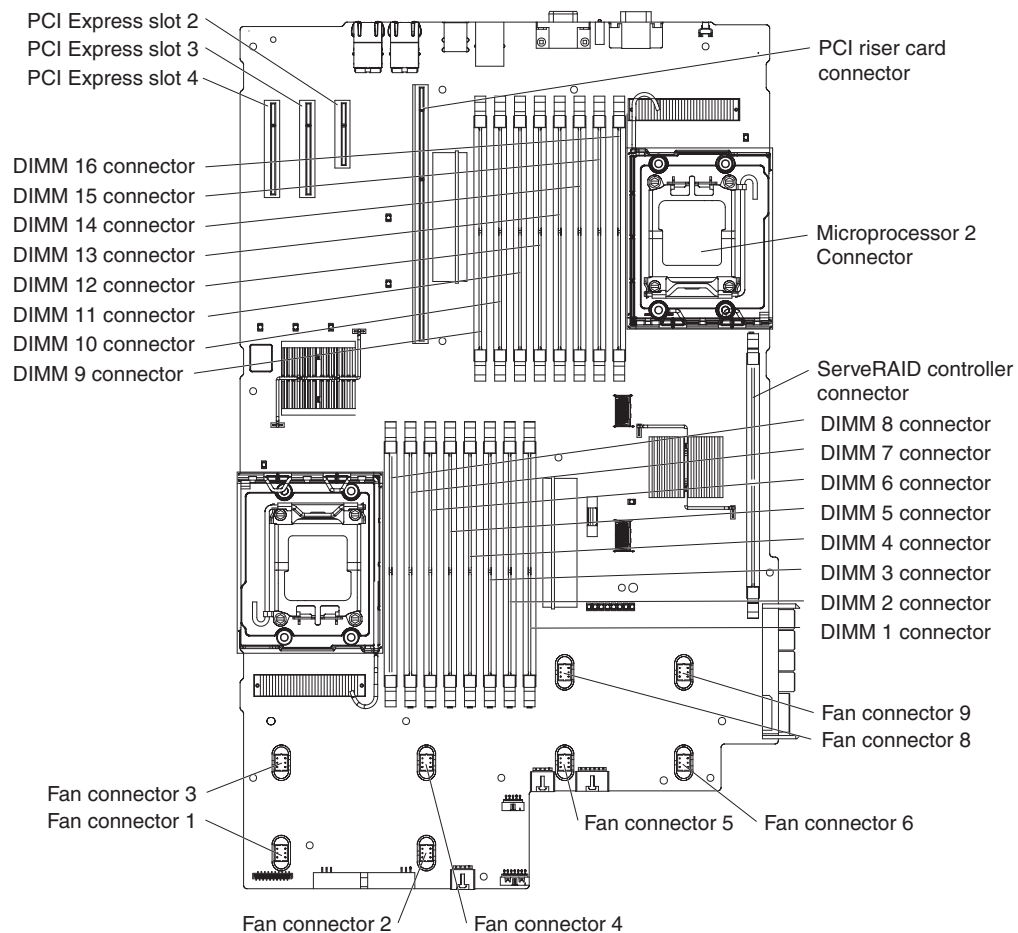
Serial connector: Connect a 9-pin serial device to this connector.

Internal connectors, LEDs, and jumpers

The illustrations in this section show the LEDs, connectors, and jumpers on the internal boards. The illustrations might differ slightly from your hardware.

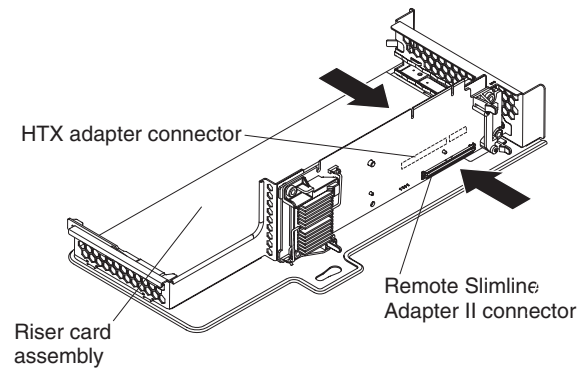
System-board optional-device connectors

The following illustration shows the connectors on the system board for user-installable devices.



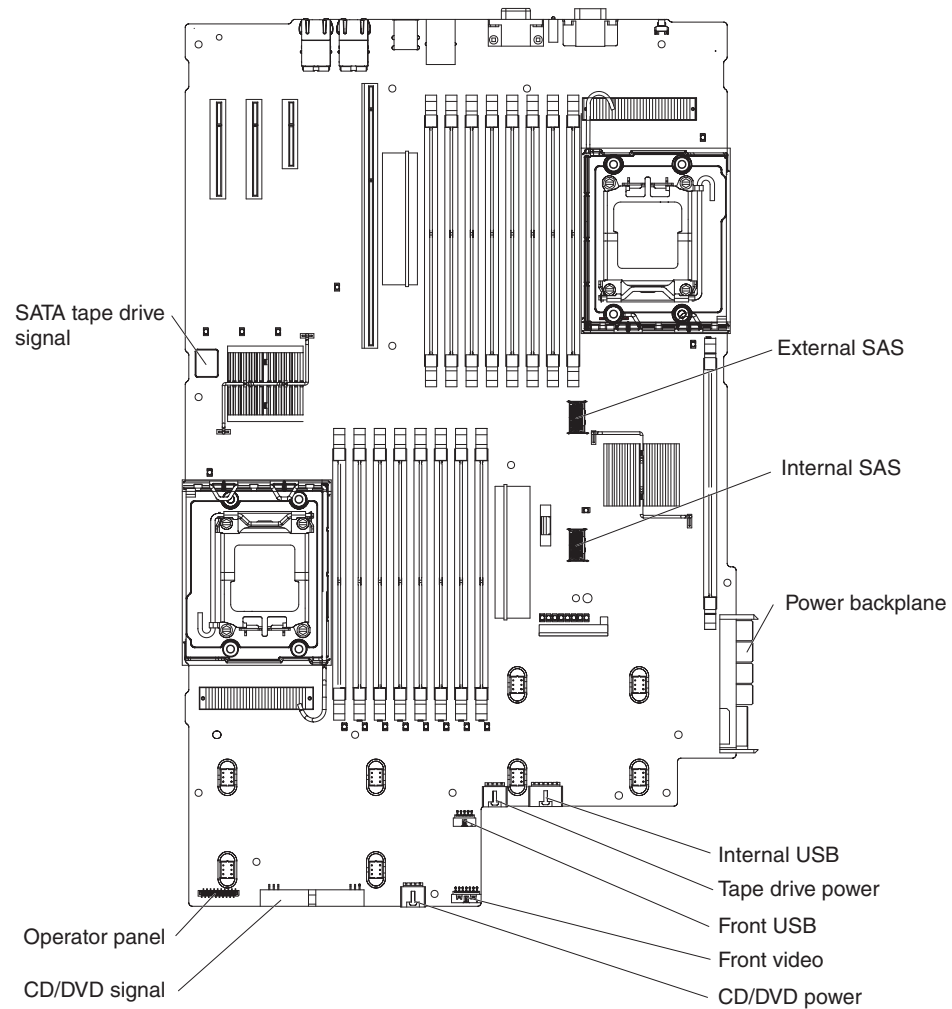
Riser-card optional-device connectors

The following illustration shows the connectors for user-installable devices on the riser card.



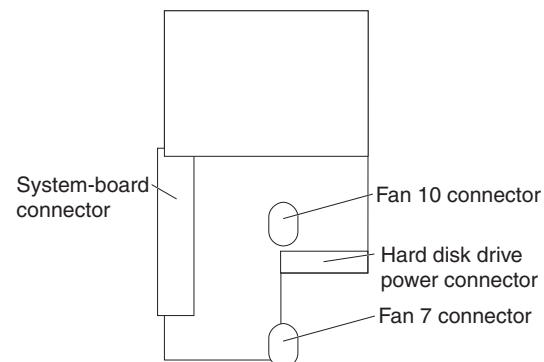
System-board internal connectors

The following illustration shows the internal connectors on the system board.



Power-backplane-card internal connectors

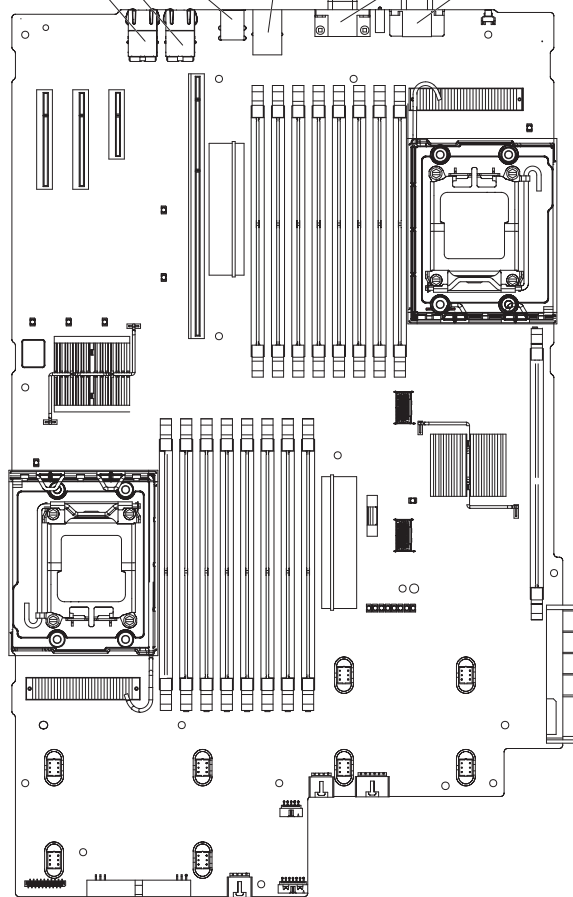
The following illustration shows the internal connectors on the power-backplane card.



System-board external connectors

The following illustration shows the external input/output connectors on the system board.

USB 1/USB 2 connectors
Ethernet 2/USB 3 connectors
Ethernet 1/USB 4 connectors
Systems-management Ethernet connector
Video connector
Serial connector



System-board jumpers

The following illustration shows the jumpers on the system board.

Any jumpers on the system board that are not shown in the illustration are reserved. See “Recovering the BIOS code” on page 67 for information about the BIOS recovery jumper.

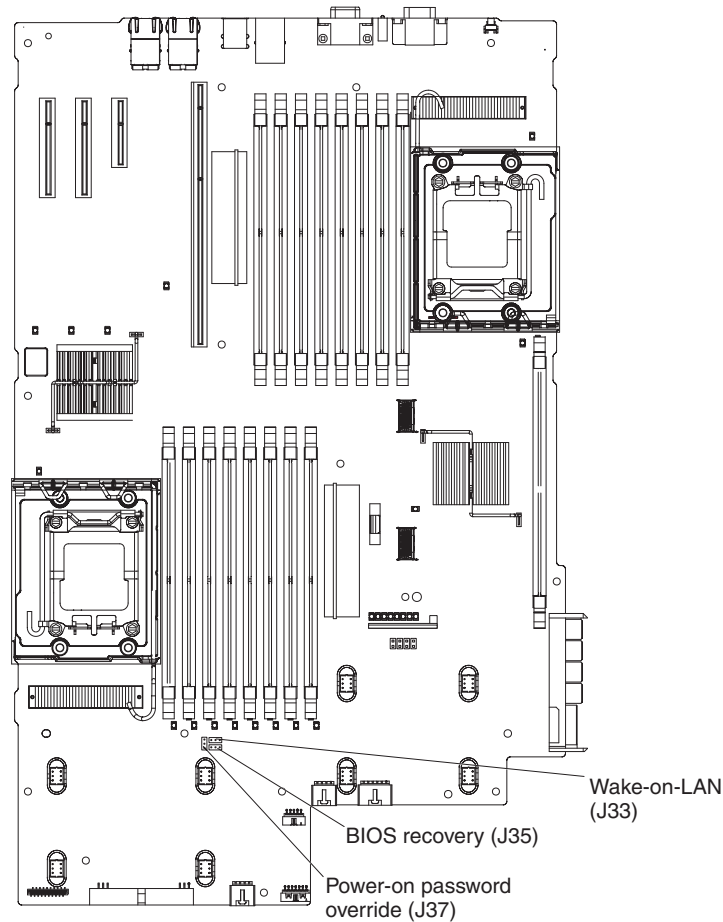


Table 2 describes the function of the jumpers on the system board.

Table 2. System Board Jumpers

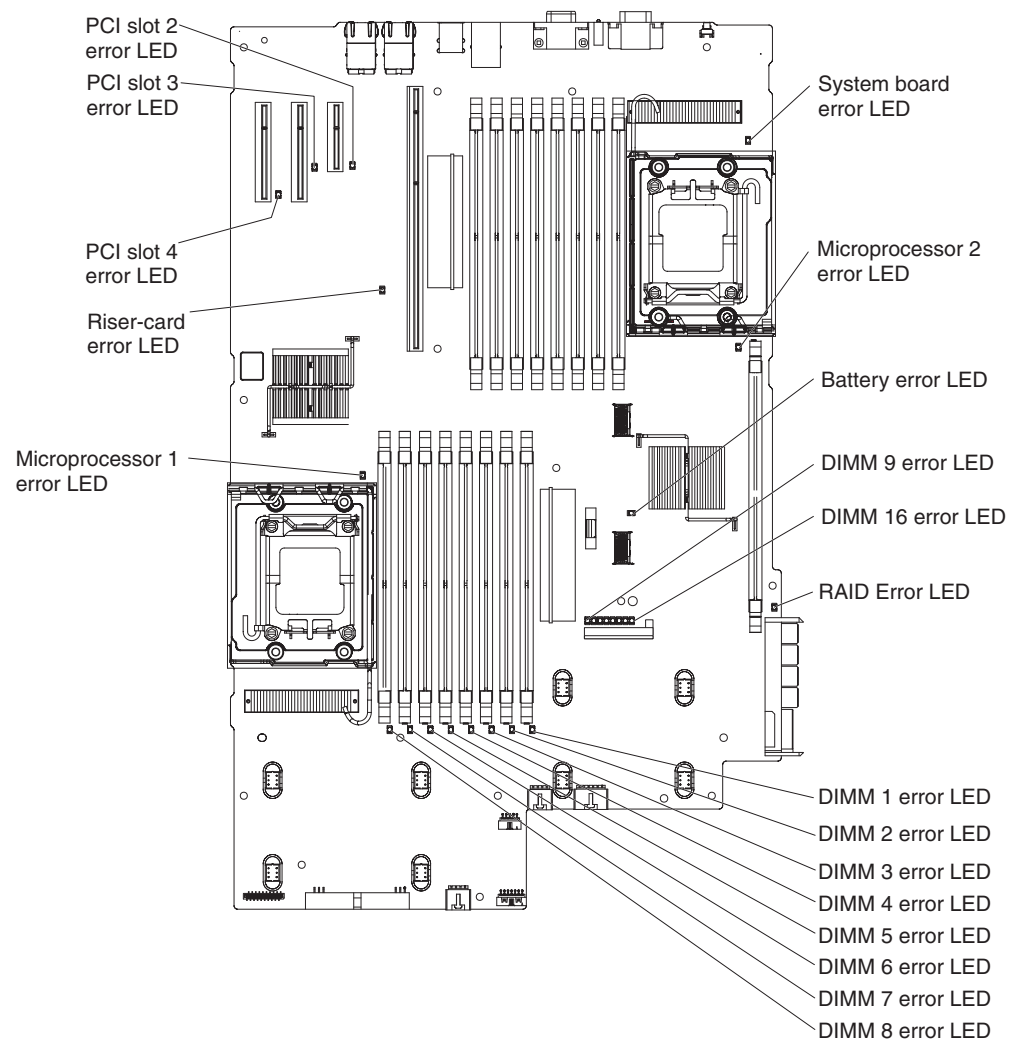
Jumper number	Jumper description
J33	Wake on LAN: The default position is pins 1 and 2. Change the position of this jumper to pins 2 and 3 to prevent a Wake on LAN packet from waking the system when the system is in the power-off state.
J35	BIOS recovery: The default position is pins 1 and 2 (use the primary page during startup). Move the jumper to pins 2 and 3 to use the secondary page during startup (see “Recovering the BIOS code” on page 67 for additional information about BIOS recovery mode).
J37	Power-on password: The default position is pins 1 and 2. Changing the position of this jumper to pins 2 and 3 bypasses the power-on password check the next time the server is turned on and starts the Configuration/Setup Utility so that you can change or delete the power-on password. Changing the position of this jumper does not affect the administrator password check if an administrator password is set. If you forget the administrator password, you must replace the system board.

Notes:

1. Before moving any jumpers, turn off the server; then, disconnect all power cords and external cables. (Review the information in “Safety” on page vii, “Installation guidelines” on page 105, and “Handling static-sensitive devices” on page 107.)
2. Any system-board jumper blocks that are not shown in the illustrations in this document are reserved.

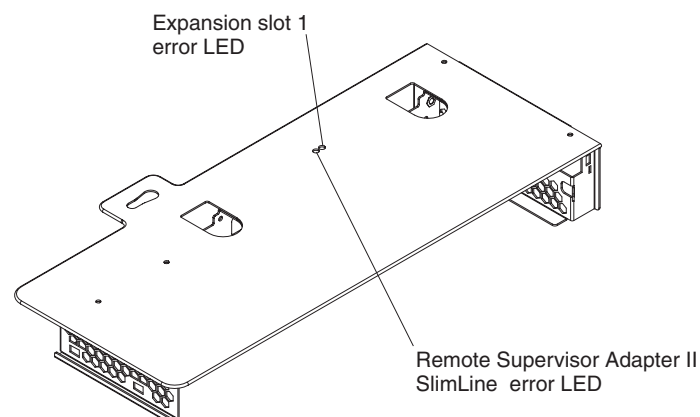
System-board LEDs

The following illustration shows the light-emitting diodes (LEDs) on the system board.



Riser-card assembly LEDs

The following illustration shows the light-emitting diodes (LEDs) on the riser-card assembly.



Chapter 3. Diagnostics

This chapter describes the diagnostic tools that are available to help you solve problems that might occur in the server.

If you cannot locate and correct the problem using the information in this chapter, see Appendix A, “Getting help and technical assistance,” on page 185 for more information.

Diagnostic tools

The following tools are available to help you diagnose and solve hardware-related problems:

- **POST beep codes, error messages, and error logs**

The power-on self-test (POST) generates beep codes and messages to indicate successful test completion or the detection of a problem. See “POST” for more information.

- **Troubleshooting tables**

These tables list problem symptoms and actions to correct the problems. See “Troubleshooting tables” on page 37.

- **Light path diagnostics**

Use the light path diagnostics to diagnose system errors quickly. See “Light path diagnostics” on page 49 for more information.

- **Diagnostic programs, messages, and error codes**

The diagnostic programs are the primary method of testing the major components of the server. The diagnostic programs are in read-only memory on the server. See “Diagnostic programs, messages, and error codes” on page 55 for more information.

POST

When you turn on the server, it performs a series of tests to check the operation of the server components and some optional devices in the server. This series of tests is called the power-on self-test, or POST.

If a power-on password is set, you must type the password and press Enter, when prompted, for POST to run.

If POST is completed without detecting any problems, a single beep sounds, and the server startup is completed.

If POST detects a problem, more than one beep might sound, or an error message is displayed. See “POST beep codes” and “POST error codes” on page 30 for more information.

POST beep codes

A beep code is a combination of short or long beeps or series of short beeps that are separated by pauses. For example, a “1-2-3” beep code is one short beep, a pause, two short beeps, a pause, and three short beeps. A beep code other than one beep indicates that POST has detected a problem. To determine the meaning of a beep code, see “Beep code descriptions” on page 20. If no beep code sounds, see “No-beep symptoms” on page 27.

Beep code descriptions

The following table describes the beep codes and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

A single problem might cause more than one error message. When this occurs, correct the cause of the first error message. The other error messages usually will not occur the next time POST runs.

Exception: If there are multiple error codes or light path diagnostics LEDs that indicate a microprocessor error, the error might be in a microprocessor or in a microprocessor socket. See “Microprocessor problems” on page 42 for information about diagnosing microprocessor problems.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Beep code	Description	Action
1-1-3	CMOS write/read test failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
1-1-4	BIOS ROM checksum failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Restart the server using the backup BIOS page (see “Recovering the BIOS code” on page 67).2. Update the BIOS code.3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
1-2-1	Programmable interval timer failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
1-2-2	DMA initialization failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
1-2-3	DMA page register write/read failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
1-2-4	RAM refresh verification failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Reseat the DIMMs.2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.<ol style="list-style-type: none">a. DIMMsb. (Trained service technician only) System board

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Beep code	Description	Action
1-3-1	First 64K RAM test failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the DIMMs. 2. Replace the lowest-numbered pair of DIMMs with an identical known good pair of DIMMs; then, restart the server. If the beep code error remains, go to 3b. Return one DIMM at a time from the failed pair to its connector, restarting the server after each DIMM, to identify the failed DIMM. 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. DIMMs b. (Trained Service Technician only) System board
1-3-2	First 64K RAM parity test failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the DIMMs. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. DIMMs b. (Trained service technician only) System board
2-1-1	Secondary DMA register failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
2-1-2	Primary DMA register failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
2-1-3	Primary interrupt mask register failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
2-1-4	Secondary interrupt mask register failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
2-2-1	Interrupt vector loading failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
2-2-2	Keyboard controller failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the keyboard. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Keyboard b. (Trained service technician only) System board

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Beep code	Description	Action
2-2-3	CMOS power failure and checksum checks failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the battery. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Battery b. (Trained service technician only) System board
2-2-4	CMOS configuration information validation failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the battery. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Battery b. (Trained service technician only) System board
2-3-1	Screen initialization failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
2-3-2	Screen memory failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
2-3-3	Screen retrace failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
2-3-4	Search for video ROM failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
2-4-1	Video failed; screen believed operable.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
2-4-4	Unsupported memory configuration.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Correct based on the actions for the 289 POST Error Code if displayed (see “Error logs” on page 28 for more information on the 289 error). 2. Check the DIMM error LEDs.
3-1-1	Timer tick interrupt failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
3-1-2	Interval timer channel 2 failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
3-1-3	RAM test failed above address 0FFFFh.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the DIMMs. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. DIMMs b. (Trained service technician only) System board

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Beep code	Description	Action
3-1-4	Time-of-day clock failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the battery. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Battery b. (Trained service technician only) System board
3-2-1	Serial port failed.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
3-2-4	Failure comparing CMOS memory size against actual.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. DIMMs b. Battery 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. DIMMs b. Battery c. (Trained service technician only) System board
3-3-1	Memory size mismatch occurred.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Verify that both DIMMs in the bank are of the same size, speed, type and technology. 2. Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. DIMMs b. Battery 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. DIMMs b. Battery c. (Trained service technician only) System board
3-3-2	Critical SMBUS error occurred.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the DIMMs. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. DIMMs b. (Trained service technician only) System board

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Beep code	Description	Action
3-3-3	No operational memory in system.	<p>Important: In some memory configurations, the 3-3-3 beep code might sound during POST followed by a blank display screen. If this occurs and the Boot Fail Count feature in the Start Options of the Configuration/Setup Utility program is set to Enabled (its default setting), you must restart the server three times to force the system BIOS to reset the CMOS values to the default configuration (memory connector or bank of connectors enabled).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Install or reseal DIMMS and restart the server. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. DIMMs b. (Trained service technician only) System board
Two short beeps	Information only, configuration has changed.	Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Beep code	Description	Action
Three short beeps	Memory error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the DIMMs. 2. Locate the failing DIMMs: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Remove all DIMMs from the server. b. Beginning with the primary bank of DIMMs, return one bank of DIMMs to the server at a time, restarting the server each time, until the beep code error returns. c. Replace one pair of DIMMs at a time in the failing bank with an identical pair of known good DIMMs, restarting the server after each pair, until the beep code error returns. d. Replace one DIMM at a time in the failing pair with an identical known good DIMM, restarting the server after each DIMM, to identify the failed DIMM. If the beep code error remains after you have replaced both DIMMs, go to step 3b. e. Repeat steps 2b through 2d until you have checked all memory banks. 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. DIMMs b. (Trained service technician only) System board

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Beep code	Description	Action
One continuous beep	Microprocessor error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the following components, one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 1 • (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 2 (if installed) 2. (Trained service technician only) Remove microprocessor 2 and its VRM and restart the server. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If no beep code occurs, microprocessor 2 might have failed; replace the microprocessor. • If the beep code remains, remove microprocessor 1 and install microprocessor 2 in the connector for microprocessor 1; then, restart the server. If no beep code occurs, microprocessor 1 might have failed; replace the microprocessor. 3. Replace the following components, one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 1 • (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 2 (if installed) • (Trained service technician only) System board
Repeating short beeps	Keyboard error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that nothing is resting on the keyboard. 2. Reseat the keyboard cable. 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Keyboard b. (Trained service technician only) System board

No-beep symptoms

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

No-beep symptom	Description	Action
No beep and the system operates correctly	Possible problem with the operator information panel.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Reseat the operator information panel cable.2. Replace the operator information panel assembly.
No beep and no video (System error LED is OFF)	Unknown problem	See “Solving undetermined problems” on page 89.
No beep and no video (System Attention LED is ON)	A possible system error has occurred	See “Light path diagnostics” on page 49.

Error logs

The POST error log contains the three most recent error codes and messages that were generated during POST. The BMC system event log contains monitored events, such as a threshold that is reached or a device that fails. The system event/error log, which is available only when an optional Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed, contains messages that were generated during POST and all system status messages from the service processor.

The following illustration shows an example of a BMC log entry.

```
BMC System Event Log
-----
Get Next Entry
Get Previous Entry
Clear BMC SEL

Entry Number=    00005 / 00011
Record ID=       0005
Record Type=     02
Timestamp=       2005/01/25  16:15:17
Entry Details:   Generator ID= 0020
                  Sensor Type= 04
                  Assertion Event
                  Fan
                  Threshold
                  Lower Non-critical - going high

                  Sensor Number= 40
                  Event Direction/Type= 01

                  Event Data= 52 00 1A
```

The BMC system event log is limited in size. When the log is full, new entries will not overwrite existing entries; therefore, you must periodically clear the BMC system event log through the Configuration/Setup Utility program (the menu choices are described in the *User's Guide*). When you are troubleshooting an error, be sure to clear the BMC system event log so that you can find current errors more easily.

Entries that are written to the BMC system event log during the early phase of POST show an incorrect date and time as the default time stamp; however, the date and time are corrected as POST continues.

Each system event/error log entry appears on its own page. To move from one entry to the next, use the up-arrow and down-arrow keys.

If you view the BMC system event log through the Web interface of the optional Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, the messages can be translated.

You can view the contents of the POST error log, the BMC system event log, and the system event/error log from the Configuration/Setup Utility program. You can view the contents of the BMC system event log also from the diagnostic programs.

When you are troubleshooting PCI-X slots, note that the error logs report the PCI-X buses numerically. The numerical assignments vary depending on the configuration. You can check the assignments by running the Configuration/Setup Utility program (see the *User's Guide* for more information).

Viewing error logs from the Configuration/Setup Utility program

For complete information about using the Configuration/Setup Utility program, see the *User's Guide*.

To view the error logs, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.
2. When the prompt Press F1 for Configuration/Setup appears, press F1. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to view the error logs.
3. Use one of the following procedures:
 - To view the POST error log, select **Event/Error Logs**, and then select **POST Error Log**.
 - To view the BMC system event log, select **Advanced Setup → Baseboard Management Controller (BMC) Setting → System Event Log**.
 - To view the combined system event/error log and POST error log, select **Event/Error logs**, and then select **System Event/Error Log**.

Viewing the BMC system event log from the diagnostic programs

The BMC system event log contains the same information, whether it is viewed from the Configuration/Setup Utility program or from the diagnostic programs.

For information about using the diagnostic programs, see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 55.

To view the BMC system event log, complete the following steps:

1. If the server is running, turn off the server and all attached devices.
2. Turn on all attached devices; then, turn on the server.
3. When the prompt F2 for Diagnostics is displayed, press F2. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to run the diagnostic programs.
4. From the top of the screen, select **Hardware Info**.
5. From the list, select **BMC Log**.

Clearing the error logs

For complete information about using the Configuration/Setup Utility program, see the *User's Guide*.

To clear the error logs, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.
2. When the prompt Press F1 for Configuration/Setup is displayed, press F1. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to view the error logs.
3. Use one of the following procedures:
 - To clear the BMC system event log, select **Advanced Setup --> Baseboard Management Controller (BMC) Setting → BMC System Event Log**. Select **Clear BMC SEL**.
 - To clear the system event/error log, if one is present, or the POST error log, select **Event/Error logs**, and then select **Post Error Log** or **System Event/Error Log**. When any log entry is displayed, press Enter (**Clear xxxx log** is highlighted on each entry page, where xxxx is the name of the log you are viewing).

Note: The POST error log is automatically cleared with each system restart.

POST error codes

The following table describes the POST error codes and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.		
Error code	Description	Action
161	Real-time clock battery error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program.2. Reseat the battery.3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:<ol style="list-style-type: none">a. Batteryb. (Trained service technician only) System board
162	Device configuration error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program, select Load Default Settings, and save the settings.2. Reseat the following components:<ol style="list-style-type: none">a. Batteryb. Failing device3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:<ol style="list-style-type: none">a. Batteryb. Failing devicec. (Trained service technician only) System board
163	Real-time clock error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program, select Load Default Settings, make sure that the date and time are correct, and save the settings.2. Reseat the battery.3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:<ol style="list-style-type: none">a. Batteryb. (Trained service technician only) System board
184	Power-on password damaged.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program, select Load Default Settings, and save the settings.2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
189	An attempt was made to access the server with invalid passwords.	Restart the server, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and change the power-on password.
199	Processor power rating unsupported.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that the microprocessor that was just installed has a supported power rating. If the power rating is not supported, replace the system board with one that has a supported power rating. 2. Update BIOS code. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
201	Memory test error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update BIOS code and rerun diagnostics. 2. Reseat the DIMMs. 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. DIMMs b. (Trained service technician only) System board
289	DIMM disabled by user or system.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. 2. Reseat the disabled DIMM. 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Disabled DIMM b. (Trained service technician only) System board
301	Keyboard or keyboard controller error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If you have installed a USB keyboard, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable keyboardless operation to prevent the POST error message 301 from being displayed during startup. 2. Reseat the keyboard. 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Keyboard b. (Trained service technician only) System board
303	Keyboard controller error.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
11xx	System board serial port error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the external cable on the serial port. 2. Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
1162	Serial port configuration conflicts.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program to ensure that the IRQ and I/O port assignments needed by the serial port are available. 2. If all interrupts are being used by adapters, remove an adapter or force other adapters to share an interrupt.
1200	Processor machine check.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the system event/error log or BMC log (see “System event/error log messages” on page 68). 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
1762	Hard disk configuration error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the hard disk drive. 2. Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and load the defaults. 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Hard disk drive b. (Trained service technician only) System board
1800	Unavailable PCI hardware interrupt.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and adjust the adapter settings. 2. Remove each adapter one at a time, restarting the server each time, until the problem is isolated.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
1801	An adapter has requested memory resources that are not available.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Rearrange the order of the adapters in the PCI slots, if possible. 2. Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program, select Startup Options, and alter the boot sequence. 3. Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and disable other resources, if possible. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Select Startup Options to disable the onboard Ethernet controller option ROM. b. Select Advanced Setup to disable the option ROM of adapters in the PCI slots. c. Select Devices and I/O Ports to disable any of the integrated devices. 4. If the problem remains, replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Each adapter b. (Trained service technician only) System board
1962	A drive does not contain a valid boot sector.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that a bootable operating system is installed. 2. Reseat the hard disk drive. 3. Run the hard disk drive diagnostic test. 4. Check for a valid RAID configuration, if a RAID configuration is in use. 5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Hard disk drive b. SAS backplane c. SAS cables d. (Trained service technician only) System board
2400	Video controller test failure.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the video adapter (if installed). 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Video adapter (if installed) b. (Trained service technician only) System board
2462	Video memory configuration error.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
5962	IDE CD or DVD drive configuration error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program, select Load Default Settings, and save the settings. 2. Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. CD or DVD drive power cable b. CD or DVD drive IDE cable c. CD or DVD drive 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. CD or DVD drive power cable b. CD or DVD drive IDE cable c. CD or DVD drive d. Battery e. (Trained service technician only) System board
8603	Pointing-device error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the pointing device. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Pointing device b. (Trained service technician only) system board
00019xxx	Processor x is not functioning or failed built in self test.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor x. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor x. b. (Trained service technician only) System board

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
00180xxx	A PCI adapter requested a resource that is not available.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. See http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html and search for MIGR-61663 for additional information on the error code. 2. Make sure that the BIOS code is at the latest level. 3. Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program to verify that the interrupt resource settings are correct. 4. Reseat the failing adapter (if installed). 5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Failing adapter b. (Trained service technician only) System board
012980xx	Processor patch (microcode) missing.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update the BIOS code. 2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor x. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor x.
012981xx	Processor patch (microcode) update failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update the BIOS code. 2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor x. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor x.
01298200	Processor speed mismatch.	Make sure that all microprocessors have the same number of cores, cache size and type, clock speed, and clock frequencies (see “Using the Configuration/Setup Utility program” on page 168).
19990301	Hard disk sector error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the hard disk drive. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Hard disk drive b. (Trained service technician only) System board

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
19990305	An operating system was not found.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that a bootable operating system is installed. 2. Run the hard disk drive diagnostic test. 3. Reseat the hard disk drive. 4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Hard disk drive b. (Trained service technician only) System board

Troubleshooting tables

Use the troubleshooting tables to find solutions to problems that have identifiable symptoms.

If you cannot find the problem in these tables, see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 55 for information about testing the server.

If you have just added new software or a new optional device and the server is not working, complete the following steps before using the troubleshooting tables:

1. Check the system-error LED on the operator information panel; if it is lit, check the LEDs on the system board (see “System-board LEDs” on page 17).
2. Remove the software or device that you just added.
3. Run the diagnostic tests to determine whether the server is running correctly.
4. Reinstall the new software or new device.

CD or DVD drive problems

<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.	
Symptom	Action
The CD or DVD drive is not recognized.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Make sure that:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The IDE channel to which the CD-RW/DVD drive is attached (primary) is enabled in the Configuration/Setup Utility program.• All cables and jumpers are installed correctly.• The signal cable and connector are not damaged and the connector pins are not bent.• The correct device driver is installed for the CD-RW/DVD drive.2. Run the CD-RW/DVD drive diagnostic programs.3. Reseat the following components:<ol style="list-style-type: none">a. CD-RW/DVD driveb. IDE/Ultrabay Enhanced (UBE) interposer card cable4. Replace the components listed in step 3 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
A CD or DVD is not working correctly.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Clean the CD or DVD.2. Run the CD-RW/DVD drive diagnostic programs.3. Check the connector and signal cable for bent pins or damage.4. Reseat the CD-RW/DVD drive.5. Replace the CD-RW/DVD drive.
The CD or DVD drive tray is not working.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Make sure that the server is turned on.2. Insert the end of a straightened paper clip into the manual tray-release opening.3. Reseat the CD-RW/DVD drive.4. Replace the CD-RW/DVD drive.

General problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
A cover lock is broken, an LED is not working, or a similar problem has occurred.	If the part is a CRU, replace it. If the part is a FRU, the part must be replaced by a trained service technician.

Hard disk drive problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
Not all drives are recognized by the hard disk drive diagnostic test (the Fixed Disk test).	Remove the drive that is indicated by the diagnostic tests; then, run the hard disk drive diagnostic test again. If the remaining drives are recognized, replace the drive that you removed with a new one. Verify that the hard disk drives have the minimum firmware levels.
The server stops responding during the hard disk drive diagnostic test.	Remove the hard disk drive that was being tested when the server stopped responding, and run the diagnostic test again. If the hard disk drive diagnostic test runs successfully, replace the drive that you removed with a new one.
A hard disk drive was not detected while the operating system was being started.	Reseat all hard disk drives and cables; then, run the hard disk drive diagnostic tests again.
A hard disk drive passes the diagnostic Fixed Disk Test but the problem remains.	Run the diagnostic SCSI Fixed Disk Test (see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 55). Note: This test is not available on servers that have RAID arrays or servers that have IDE or SATA hard disk drives.

Intermittent problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
A problem occurs only occasionally and is difficult to diagnose.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All cables and cords are connected securely to the rear of the server and attached devices. • When the server is turned on, air is flowing from the fan grille. If there is no airflow, the fan is not working. This can cause the server to overheat and shut down. 2. Check the system event/error log or BMC system event log (see “Error logs” on page 28). 3. See “Solving undetermined problems” on page 89.
The server resets (restarts) occasionally	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the reset occurs during POST and the POST watchdog timer is enabled (click Advanced Setup --> Baseboard Management Controller (BMC) Settings --> BMC Post Watchdog in the Configuration/Setup Utility program to see the POST watchdog setting), make sure that sufficient time is allowed in the watchdog timeout value (BMC POST Watchdog Timeout). See the <i>User's Guide</i> for information about the settings in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. If the server continues to reset during POST, see “POST” on page 19 and “Diagnostic programs, messages, and error codes” on page 55. 2. If the reset occurs after the operating system starts, disable any automatic server restart (ASR) utilities, such as the IBM Automatic Server Restart IPMI Application for Windows, or ASR devices that may be installed. Note: ASR utilities operate as operating-system utilities and are related to the IPMI device driver. If the reset continues to occur after the operating system starts, the operating system might have a problem; see “Software problems” on page 48. 3. If neither condition applies, check the system event/error log or BMC system event log (see “Error logs” on page 28). <p>If the problem remains, call for service.</p>

USB keyboard, mouse, or pointing-device problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
All or some keys on the keyboard do not work.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If you have installed a USB keyboard, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable keyboardless operation to prevent the POST error message 301 from being displayed during startup. 2. See http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/ for keyboard compatibility. 3. Make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The keyboard cable is securely connected. • The server and the monitor are turned on. 4. Move the keyboard cable to a different USB connector. 5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Keyboard b. (Only if the problem occurred with a front USB connector) Internal USB cable c. (Trained service technician only) System board
The USB mouse or USB pointing device does not work.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The mouse is compatible with the server. See http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/. • The mouse or pointing-device USB cable is securely connected to the server, and the device drivers are installed correctly. • The server and the monitor are turned on. • Keyboardless operation has been enabled in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. 2. If a USB hub is in use, disconnect the USB device from the hub and connect it directly to the server. 3. Move the mouse or pointing device cable to another USB connector. 4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Mouse or pointing device b. (Only if the problem occurred with a front USB connector) Internal USB cable c. (Trained service technician only) System board

Memory problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
The amount of system memory that is displayed is less than the amount of installed physical memory.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No error LEDs are lit on the operator information panel. • Memory sparing does not account for the discrepancy. • The memory modules are seated correctly. • You have installed the correct type of memory (see “Installing a memory module” on page 132). • If you changed the memory, you updated the memory configuration in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. • All banks of memory are enabled. The server might have automatically disabled a memory bank when it detected a problem, or a memory bank might have been manually disabled. 2. Check the POST error log for error message 289: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If a DIMM was disabled by a systems-management interrupt (SMI), replace the DIMM. • If a DIMM was disabled by the user or by POST, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. 3. Run memory diagnostics (see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 55). 4. Make sure that there is no memory mismatch when the server is at the minimum memory configuration (two 512 MB DIMMs). 5. Add one pair of DIMMs at a time, making sure that the DIMMs in each pair match. Install the DIMMs in the sequence described in “Installing a memory module” on page 132. 6. Reseat the DIMMs. 7. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. DIMMs b. (Trained service technician only) System board
Multiple rows of DIMMs in a failing branch are identified as failing.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the DIMMs; then, restart the server. 2. Remove the lowest-numbered DIMM pair of those that are identified and replace it with an identical pair of known good DIMMs; then, restart the server. Repeat as necessary. If the failures continue after all identified pairs are replaced, go to step 4. 3. Return the removed DIMMs, one pair at a time, to their original connectors, restarting the server after each pair, until a pair fails. Replace each DIMM in the failed pair with an identical known good DIMM, restarting the server after each DIMM. Replace the failed DIMM. Repeat step 3 until you have tested all removed DIMMs. 4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

Microprocessor problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
The server emits a continuous beep during POST, indicating that the microprocessor is not working correctly.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Correct any errors that are indicated by the LEDs (see “Light path diagnostics LEDs” on page 52).2. Make sure that the server supports all the microprocessors and that the microprocessors match in speed and cache size.3. (Trained service technician only) Make sure that microprocessor 1 is seated correctly.4. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessors.5. (Trained service technician only) Remove microprocessor 2 and restart the server.<ul style="list-style-type: none">• If no beep code occurs, microprocessor 2 might have failed; replace the microprocessor.• If the beep code remains, remove microprocessor 1 and install microprocessor 2 in the connector for microprocessor 1; then, restart the server. If no beep code occurs, microprocessor 1 might have failed; replace the microprocessor.6. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessors.

Monitor problems

Some IBM monitors have their own self-tests. If you suspect a problem with your monitor, see the documentation that comes with the monitor for instructions for testing and adjusting the monitor. If you cannot diagnose the problem, call for service.

<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.	
Symptom	Action
Testing the monitor	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Make sure that the monitor cables are firmly connected.2. Try using the other video port.3. Try using a different monitor on the server, or try testing the monitor on a different server.4. Run the diagnostic programs (see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 55). If the monitor passes the diagnostic programs, the problem might be a video device driver.5. Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine (if one is installed).6. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:<ol style="list-style-type: none">a. Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine (if one is installed)b. (Trained service technician only) System board
The screen is blank.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. If the server is attached to a KVM switch, bypass the KVM switch to eliminate it as a possible cause of the problem: connect the monitor cable directly to the correct connector on the rear of the server.2. Make sure that:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The server is turned on. If there is no power to the server, see “Power problems” on page 46.• The monitor cables are connected correctly.• The monitor is turned on and the brightness and contrast controls are adjusted correctly.• No beep codes sound when the server is turned on. <p>Important: In some memory configurations, the 3-3-3 beep code might sound during POST, followed by a blank monitor screen. If this occurs and the Boot Fail Count option in the Start Options of the Configuration/Setup Utility program is enabled, you must restart the server three times to reset the configuration settings to the default configuration (the memory connector or bank of connectors enabled).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">3. Make sure that the correct server is controlling the monitor, if applicable.4. Make sure that damaged BIOS code is not affecting the video; see “Recovering the BIOS code” on page 67 for information about recovering from a BIOS failure.5. See “Solving undetermined problems” on page 89 for information about solving undetermined problems.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
The monitor works when you turn on the server, but the screen goes blank when you start some application programs.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The application program is not setting a display mode that is higher than the capability of the monitor. • You installed the necessary device drivers for the application. 2. Run video diagnostics (see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 55). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the server passes the video diagnostics, the video is good; see “Solving undetermined problems” on page 89 for information about solving undetermined problems.
The monitor has screen jitter, or the screen image is wavy, unreadable, rolling, or distorted.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the monitor self-tests show that the monitor is working correctly, consider the location of the monitor. Magnetic fields around other devices (such as transformers, appliances, fluorescent lights, and other monitors) can cause screen jitter or wavy, unreadable, rolling, or distorted screen images. If this happens, turn off the monitor. Attention: Moving a color monitor while it is turned on might cause screen discoloration. Move the device and the monitor at least 305 mm (12 in.) apart, and turn on the monitor. Notes: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. To prevent diskette drive read/write errors, make sure that the distance between the monitor and any external diskette drive is at least 76 mm (3 in.). b. Non-IBM monitor cables might cause unpredictable problems. 2. Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Monitor cable b. Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine (if one is present) 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Monitor cable b. Monitor c. Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine (if one is installed) d. (Trained service technician only) System board
Wrong characters appear on the screen.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the wrong language is displayed, update the BIOS code with the correct language. 2. Reseat the monitor cable. 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Monitor b. (Trained service technician only) System board

Optional-device problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
An IBM optional device that was just installed does not work.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Make sure that:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The device is designed for the server (see http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/).• You followed the installation instructions that came with the device and the device is installed correctly.• You have not loosened any other installed devices or cables.• You updated the configuration information in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. Whenever memory or any other device is changed, you must update the configuration.2. Reseat the device that you just installed.3. Replace the device that you just installed.
An IBM optional device that used to work does not work now.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Make sure that all of the hardware and cable connections for the device are secure.2. If the device comes with test instructions, use those instructions to test the device.3. Reseat the failing device.4. Follow the instructions for device maintenance, such as keeping the heads clean, and troubleshooting in the documentation that comes with the device.5. Replace the failing device.

Power problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
<p>The power-control button does not work, and the reset button does work (the server does not start).</p> <p>Note: The power-control button will not function until 20 seconds after the server has been connected to ac power.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The power cords are correctly connected to the server and to a working electrical outlet. • The correct type of memory is installed. • The LEDs on the power supply do not indicate a problem (see “Power-supply LEDs” on page 53). • The microprocessors are installed in the correct sequence. 2. Make sure that the power-control button and the reset button are working correctly: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Disconnect the server power cords. b. Reconnect the power cords. c. Reseat the operator information panel cable. d. Press the power-control button to restart the server. If the button does not work, replace the operator information panel assembly. e. Press the reset button to restart the server. If the button does not work, replace the operator information panel assembly. 3. If you just installed an optional device, remove it and restart the server. If the server now turns on, you might have installed more devices than the power supply supports. 4. Reseat the power backplane and restart the server. 5. Replace the power backplane and restart the server. 6. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Hot-swap power supplies b. (Trained service technician Only) System board 7. See “Solving power problems” on page 87 8. See “Solving undetermined problems” on page 89.
<p>The server does not turn off.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Determine whether you are using an Advanced Configuration and Power Management (ACPI) or a non-ACPI operating system. If you are using a non-ACPI operating system, complete the following steps: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Press Ctrl+Alt+Delete. b. Turn off the server by pressing the power-control button for 5 seconds. c. Restart the server. d. If the server fails POST and the power-control button does not work, disconnect the ac power cord for 20 seconds; then, reconnect the ac power cord and restart the server. 2. If the problem remains or if you are using an ACPI-aware operating system, suspect the system board.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved. • See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU). • If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician. 	
Symptom	Action
The server unexpectedly shuts down, and the LEDs on the operator information panel are not lit.	See “Solving undetermined problems” on page 89.

Serial port problems

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved. • See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU). • If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician. 	
Symptom	Action
The number of serial ports that are identified by the operating system is less than the number of installed serial ports.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Each port is assigned a unique address in the Configuration/Setup Utility program and none of the serial ports is disabled. • The serial-port adapter (if one is present) is seated correctly. 2. Reseat the serial port adapter, if one is present. 3. Replace the serial port adapter, if one is present.
A serial device does not work.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The device is compatible with the server. • The serial port is enabled and is assigned a unique address. • The device is connected to the correct connector (see “Rear view” on page 9). 2. Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Failing serial device b. Serial cable c. Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine (if one is installed) 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Failing serial device b. Serial cable c. Remote Supervisor Adapter II (if one is installed) d. (Trained service technician only) System board

ServerGuide problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
The <i>ServerGuide™ Setup and Installation</i> CD will not start.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Make sure that the server supports the ServerGuide program and has a startable (bootable) CD or DVD drive.2. If the startup (boot) sequence settings have been changed, make sure that the CD or DVD drive is first in the startup sequence.3. If more than one CD or DVD drive is installed, make sure that only one drive is set as the primary drive. Start the CD from the primary drive.
The ServeRAID program cannot view all installed drives, or the operating system cannot be installed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Make sure that there are no duplicate IRQ assignments.2. Make sure that the hard disk drive is connected correctly.3. Make sure that the hard disk drive cables are securely connected.
The operating-system installation program continuously loops.	Make more space available on the hard disk.
The ServerGuide program will not start the operating-system CD.	Make sure that the operating-system CD is supported by the ServerGuide program. See the <i>ServerGuide Setup and Installation</i> CD label for a list of supported operating-system versions.
The operating system cannot be installed; the option is not available.	Make sure that the server supports the operating system. If it does, no logical drive is defined (RAID servers). Run the ServerGuide program and make sure that setup is complete.

Software problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
You suspect a software problem.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. To determine whether the problem is caused by the software, make sure that:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The server has the minimum memory that is needed to use the software. For memory requirements, see the information that comes with the software. If you have just installed an adapter or memory, the server might have a memory-address conflict.• The software is designed to operate on the server.• Other software works on the server.• The software works on another server.2. If you received any error messages when using the software, see the information that comes with the software for a description of the messages and suggested solutions to the problem.3. Contact your place of purchase of the software.

Universal Serial Bus (USB) port problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
A USB device does not work.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Make sure that:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The correct USB device driver is installed.• The operating system supports USB devices.2. Make sure that the USB configuration options are set correctly in the Configuration/Setup Utility program menu (see the <i>User's Guide</i> for more information).3. If you are using a USB hub, disconnect the USB device from the hub and connect it directly to the server.4. Move the device cable to a different USB connector.

Video problems

See “Monitor problems” on page 43.

Light path diagnostics

Light path diagnostics is a system of LEDs on various external and internal components of the server. When an error occurs, LEDs are lit throughout the server. By viewing the LEDs in a particular order, you can often identify the source of the error.

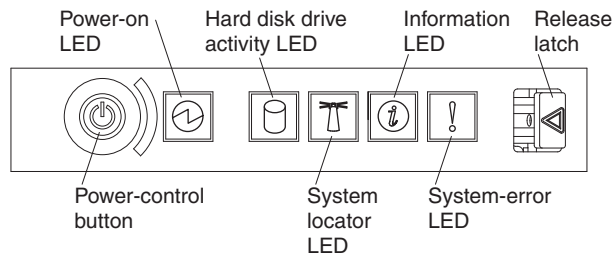
When LEDs are lit to indicate an error, they remain lit when the server is turned off, provided that the server is still connected to power and the power supply is operating correctly.

Before you work inside the server to view light path diagnostics LEDs, read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Handling static-sensitive devices” on page 107.

If an error occurs, view the light path diagnostics LEDs in the following order:

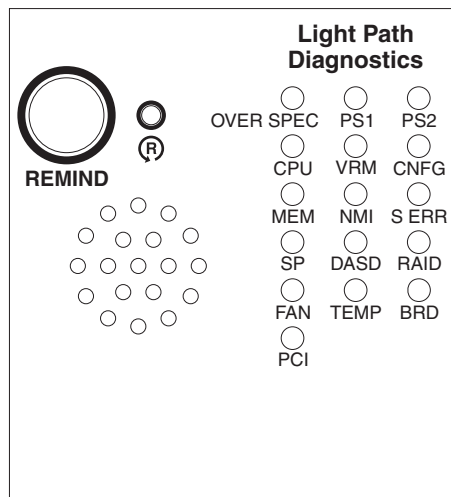
1. Look at the operator information panel on the front of the server.
 - If the information LED is lit, it indicates that information about a suboptimal condition in the server is available in the BMC system event log or in the system event/error log.
 - If the system-error LED is lit, it indicates that an error has occurred; go to step 2 on page 50.

The following illustration shows the operator information panel.



- To view the light path diagnostics panel, slide the latch to the left on the front of the light path diagnostics panel. This reveals the light path diagnostics panel. Lit LEDs on this panel indicate the type of error that has occurred.

The following illustration shows the light path diagnostics panel.

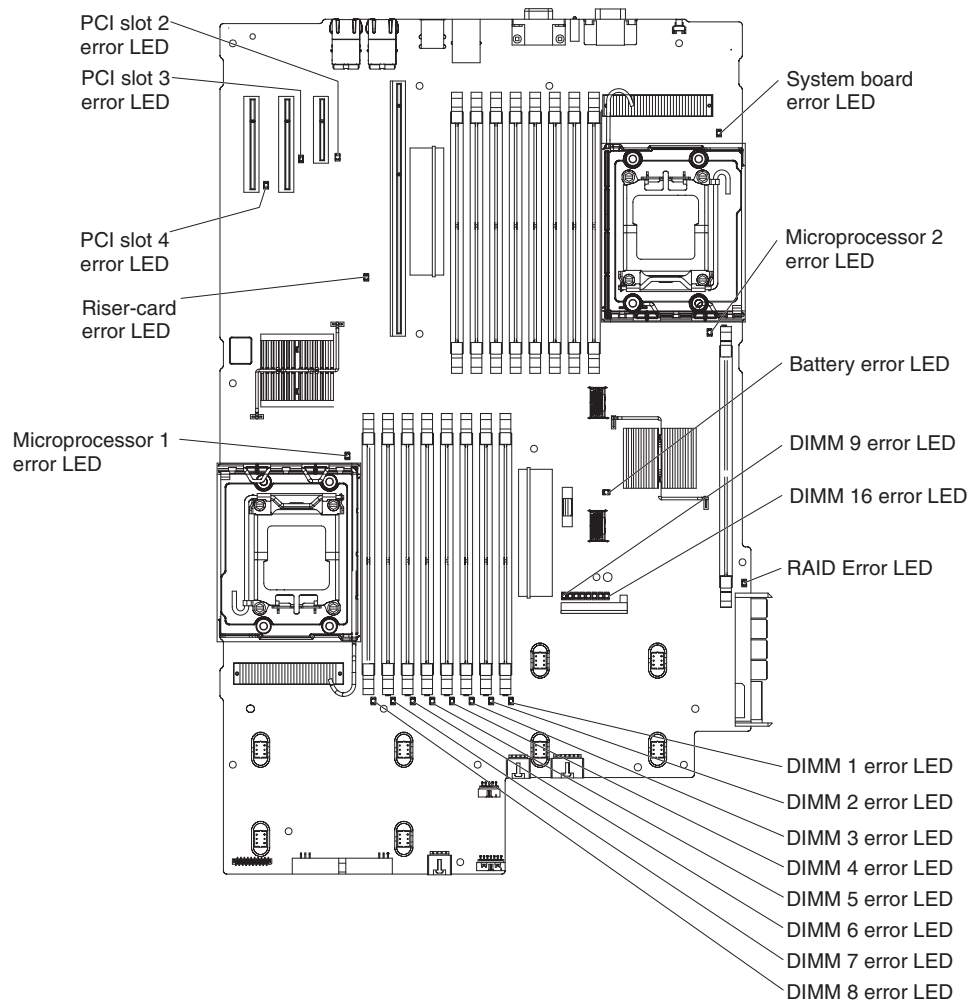


Note any LEDs that are lit, and then push the light path diagnostics panel back into the server.

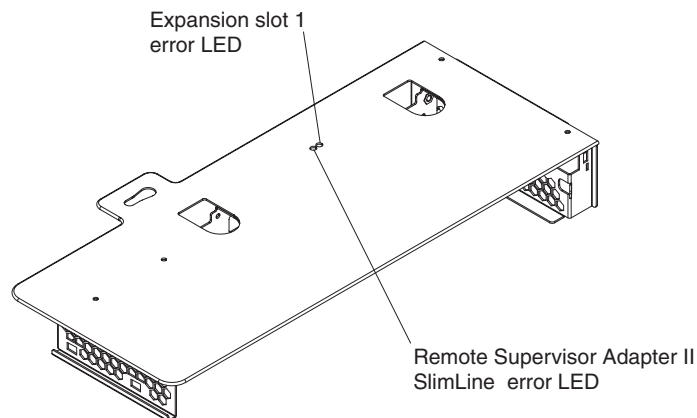
Look at the system service label on the top of the server, which gives an overview of internal components that correspond to the LEDs on the light path diagnostics panel. This information and the information in “Light path diagnostics LEDs” on page 52 can often provide enough information to diagnose the error.

- Remove the server cover and look inside the server for lit LEDs. A lit LED on or beside a component identifies the component that is causing the error.

The following illustration shows the LEDs on the system board.



The following illustration shows the LEDs on the riser card.



Remind button

You can use the remind button on the light path diagnostics panel to put the system-error LED on the operator information panel into Remind mode. When you press the remind button, you acknowledge the error but indicate that you will not take immediate action. The system-error LED flashes while it is in Remind mode and stays in Remind mode until one of the following conditions occurs:

- All known errors are corrected.

- The server is restarted.
- A new error occurs, causing the system-error LED to be lit again.

Light path diagnostics LEDs

The following table describes the LEDs on the light path diagnostics panel and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

Note: Check the system-error log and BMC log for additional information before replacing a FRU.

LED	Problem	Action
None, but the System Error LED is lit	An error has occurred and cannot be diagnosed, or the Advanced System Management (ASM) processor on the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine has failed. The error is not represented by a light path diagnostics LED.	Check the system error log for information about the error.
OVER SPEC	The power supplies are using more power than their maximum rating.	Replace the failing power supply, or remove optional devices from the server.
PS 1	The power supply in bay 1 has failed.	Make sure that the power supply is correctly seated. If the problem remains, replace the failed power supply.
PS 2	The power supply in bay 2 has failed.	Make sure that the power supply is correctly seated. If the problem remains, replace the failed power supply.
CPU	A microprocessor has failed.	Make sure that the failing microprocessor, which is indicated by a lit LED on the system board, is installed correctly. See "Installing a microprocessor" on page 158 for information about installing a microprocessor. If the problem remains, replace the microprocessor (trained service technician only).
VRM		Not used
CNFG	A hardware configuration error has occurred.	Check the microprocessors just installed to be sure that they are compatible with each other and with the VRM (see the microprocessor section of the <i>User's Guide</i> for compatibility requirements). Replace an incompatible microprocessor. Check the system-error logs for information about the error. Replace any components indicated.
MEM	When this LED is lit, a memory error has occurred.	Replace the failing DIMM, which is indicated by the lit LED on the system board.
NMI	A hardware error has been reported to the operating system. Note: The PCI or MEM LED might also be lit.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. See the BMC log or the system-error log for the source of the fault. 2. If the PCI LED is lit, follow the instructions for that LED. 3. If the MEM LED is lit, follow the instructions for that LED. 4. Restart the server.
S ERR	A PCI slot error has occurred.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. See the BMC log or the system-error log. 2. Replace the failing adapter. 3. (Trained service technician) Replace the system board.

LED	Problem	Action
SP	The service processor has failed.	<p>Remove ac power from the server; then, reconnect the server to ac power and restart the server.</p> <p>Update the firmware on the BMC.</p> <p>If a Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed, update the firmware; if the problem remains, replace the adapter.</p> <p>If the problem remains, replace the system board (trained service technician only).</p>
DASD	A hard disk drive error has occurred.	<p>Check the LEDs on the hard disk drives and replace the indicated drive.</p> <p>If the problem remains, replace the hard disk drive backplane (trained service technician only).</p>
BRD	An error has occurred on the system board.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the LEDs on the system board to identify the component that is causing the error. • Check the system error log for information about the error.
FAN	A fan has failed, is operating too slowly, or has been removed. The TEMP LED might also be lit.	Replace the failing fan, which is indicated by a lit LED on the fan body.
TEMP	The system temperature has exceeded a threshold level. A failing fan can cause the TEMP LED to be lit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine whether a fan has failed. If it has, replace it. • Make sure that the room temperature is not too high. See "Features and specifications" on page 6 for temperature information. • Make sure that the air vents are not blocked.
RAID	A RAID controller error has occurred.	Check the system error log for information about the error.
PCI	An error has occurred on a PCI bus or on the system board. An additional LED will be lit next to a failing PCI slot.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the LEDs on the PCI slots to identify the component that is causing the error. • Check the system error log for information about the error. • If you cannot isolate the failing adapter through the LEDs and the information in the system error log, remove one adapter at a time from the failing PCI bus, and restart the server after each adapter is removed. <p>If the problem remains, replace the following components, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PCI riser card • (Trained service technician only) System board

Power-supply LEDs

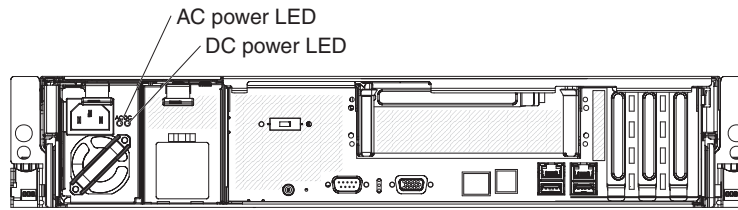
The following minimum configuration is required for the DC LED on the power supply to be lit:

- Power supply
- Power backplane
- Power cord

The following minimum configuration is required for the server to start:

- One microprocessor
- Two 512 MB DIMMs on the system board
- One power supply
- Power backplane
- Power cord
- RAID controller

The following illustration shows the locations of the power-supply LEDs.



The following table describes the problems that are indicated by various combinations of the power-supply LEDs and the power-on LED on the operator information panel and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Power-supply LEDs		Operator information panel power-on LED	Description	Action
AC	DC			
Off	Off	Off	No power to the server, or a problem with the ac power source.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the ac power to the server. 2. Make sure that the power cord is connected to a functioning power source. 3. Remove one power supply at a time.
Lit	Off	Off	DC source power problem.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove one power supply at a time. 2. View the system event/error log (see “Error logs” on page 28).
Lit	Lit	Off	Standby power problem.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. View the system event/error log (see “Error logs” on page 28). 2. Remove one power supply at a time. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the power backplane.
Lit	Lit	Flashing	System power-on problem.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. View the system event/error log (see “Error logs” on page 28). 2. Press the power-control button on the operator information panel. 3. Remove the optional Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, and try to turn on the server. 4. See “Solving power problems” on page 87. 5. (Trained service technician only) Replace the power backplane. 6. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Lit	Lit	Lit	The power is good.	No action is necessary.

Diagnostic programs, messages, and error codes

The diagnostic programs are the primary method of testing the major components of the server. As you run the diagnostic programs, text messages and error codes are displayed on the screen and are saved in the test log. A diagnostic text message or error code indicates that a problem has been detected; to determine what action you should take as a result of a message or error code, see the table in “Diagnostic error codes” on page 56.

Running the diagnostic programs

To run the diagnostic programs, complete the following steps:

1. If the server is running, turn off the server and all attached devices.
2. Turn on all attached devices; then, turn on the server.
3. When the prompt F2 for Diagnostics appears, press F2. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to run the diagnostic programs.
4. From the top of the screen, select either **Extended** or **Basic**.
5. From the diagnostic programs screen, select the test that you want to run, and follow the instructions on the screen.

When you are diagnosing hard disk drives, select **SCSI Attached Disk Test** for the most thorough test. Select **Fixed Disk Test** for any of the following situations:

- You want to run a faster test.
- The server contains SATA or IDE hard disk drives.

For help with the diagnostic programs, press F1. You also can press F1 from within a help screen to obtain online documentation from which you can select different categories. To exit from the help information, press Esc.

To determine what action you should take as a result of a diagnostic text message or error code, see the table in “Diagnostic error codes” on page 56.

If the diagnostic programs do not detect any hardware errors but the problem remains during normal server operations, a software error might be the cause. If you suspect a software problem, see the information that comes with your software.

A single problem might cause more than one error message. When this happens, correct the cause of the first error message. The other error messages usually will not occur the next time you run the diagnostic programs.

Exception: If there are multiple error codes or diagnostics LEDs that indicate a microprocessor error, the error might be in a microprocessor or in a microprocessor socket. See “Microprocessor problems” on page 42 for information about diagnosing microprocessor problems.

If the server stops during testing and you cannot continue, restart the server and try to run the diagnostic programs again. If the problem remains, replace the component that was being tested when the server stopped.

The keyboard and mouse (pointing device) tests assume that a keyboard and mouse are attached to the server. If no mouse or a USB mouse is attached to the server, you cannot use the **Next Cat** and **Prev Cat** buttons to select categories. All other mouse-selectable functions are available through function keys. You can use

the regular keyboard test to test a USB keyboard, and you can use the regular mouse test to test a USB mouse. You can run the USB interface test only if no USB devices are attached. The USB test will not run if a Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed.

To view server configuration information (such as system configuration, memory contents, interrupt request (IRQ) use, direct memory access (DMA) use, device drivers, and so on), select **Hardware Info** from the top of the screen.

Diagnostic text messages

Diagnostic text messages are displayed while the tests are running. A diagnostic text message contains one of the following results:

Passed: The test was completed without any errors.

Failed: The test detected an error.

User Aborted: You stopped the test before it was completed.

Not Applicable: You attempted to test a device that is not present in the server.

Aborted: The test could not proceed because of the server configuration.

Warning: The test could not be run. There was no failure of the hardware that was being tested, but there might be a hardware failure elsewhere, or another problem prevented the test from running; for example, there might be a configuration problem, or the hardware might be missing or is not being recognized.

The result is followed by an error code or other additional information about the error.

Viewing the test log

To view the test log when the tests are completed, select **Utility** from the top of the screen and then select **View Test Log**. The test-log data is maintained only while you are running the diagnostic programs. When you exit from the diagnostic programs, the test log is cleared.

To save the test log to a file on a diskette, a USB key, or to the hard disk, click **Save Log** on the diagnostic programs screen and specify a location and name for the saved log file.

Notes:

1. To create and use a diskette, you must add an optional external diskette drive to the server before initiating the diagnostic programs.
2. To save the test log to a diskette, you must use a diskette that you have formatted yourself; this function does not work with preformatted diskettes. If the diskette has sufficient space for the test log, the diskette can contain other data.
3. To save the test log to a USB key, the key must be plugged in when the server is booted (hot swap is not supported in DOS).

Diagnostic error codes

The following table describes the error codes that the diagnostic programs might generate and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

If the diagnostic programs generate error codes that are not listed in the table, make sure that the latest levels of BIOS, Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, and ServeRAID code are installed.

In the error codes, x can be any numeral or letter. However, if the three-digit number in the central position of the code is 000, 195, or 197, *do not* replace a CRU or FRU. These numbers appearing in the central position of the code have the following meanings:

- 000** The server passed the test. Do not replace a CRU or FRU.
- 195** The Esc key was pressed to end the test. Do not replace a CRU or FRU.
- 197** This is a warning error, but it does not indicate a hardware failure; do not replace a CRU or FRU. Take the action that is indicated in the Action column but *do not replace a CRU or a FRU*. See the description of **Warning** in “Diagnostic text messages” on page 56 for more information.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved. See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU). If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician. 		
Error code	Description	Action
001-xxx-000	Failed core tests.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
001-xxx-001	Failed core tests.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
001-197-000 001-198-000	Test Aborted.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check the test log for messages indicating the cause of the error, and take the indicated action. Restart the server and run the diagnostic test again. Run the Quick Memory Test All Banks diagnostic; then, if an error is detected, take the indicated action. Reinstall and, if necessary, update the BIOS code on the server; then rerun the test (see “Updating the firmware” on page 167).
001-250-00n	ECC test logic failed. See PC Doctor logs. Note: n = Failing CPU (1-2).	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Restart the server. Run the diagnostic test again. (Trained service technician only) Replace the failing microprocessor.
005-xxx-000	Failed video test.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Reseat the optional video adapter, if one is installed. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
011-xxx-000	Failed COM1 serial port test.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check the loopback plug that is connected to the externalized serial for; reseat or replace it if necessary. Check the cable from the externalized serial port to the system board; reseat the cable if necessary. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
030-xxx-099	Failed internal SCSI interface test.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
035-285-001	Adapter Communication error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Update the ServeRAID SAS controller firmware. Reseat the ServeRAID SAS controller. Replace the ServeRAID SAS controller.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
035-286-001	Adapter CPU Test Error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update the ServeRAID SAS controller firmware. 2. Reseat the ServeRAID SAS controller. 3. Replace the ServeRAID SAS controller.
035-287-001	Adapter Local RAM Test Error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update the ServeRAID SAS controller firmware. 2. Reseat the ServeRAID SAS controller. 3. Replace the ServeRAID SAS controller.
035-288-001	Adapter NVSRAM Test Error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update the ServeRAID SAS controller firmware. 2. Reseat the ServeRAID SAS controller. 3. Replace the ServeRAID SAS controller.
035-289-001	Adapter Cache Test Error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update the ServeRAID SAS controller firmware. 2. Reseat the ServeRAID SAS controller. 3. Replace the ServeRAID SAS controller.
035-292-001	Adapter Parameter Set Error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update the ServeRAID SAS controller firmware. 2. Reseat the ServeRAID SAS controller. 3. Replace the ServeRAID SAS controller.
035-230-001	Battery Low.	Replace the battery module on the ServeRAID SAS controller.
035-231-001	Abnormal Battery Temperature.	Replace the battery module on the ServeRAID SAS controller.
035-231-001	Battery Status Unknown.	Replace the battery module on the ServeRAID SAS controller.
089-xxx-0nn	Failed microprocessor test Note: nn = APIC ID for failing microprocessor <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0, 1 = microprocessor 1 • 2, 3 = microprocessor 2 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that the BIOS code is at the latest level. 2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
166-051-000	System Management: Failed Unable to communicate with Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update the firmware (BIOS, service processor, diagnostics) to the latest level. 2. Run the diagnostic test again. 3. Correct other error conditions (including failed system management tests and items that are logged in Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine system event/error log) and run the test again. 4. Disconnect all power cords and external cables from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords and cables, and run the test again. 5. Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine. 6. Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.
166-060-000	System Management: Failed. Unable to communicate with Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update the firmware (BIOS, service processor, diagnostics) to the latest levels. 2. Run the diagnostic test again. 3. Correct other error conditions (including failed system management tests and items that are logged in Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine system event/error log) and run the test again. 4. Disconnect all power cords and external cables from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords and cables, and run the test again. 5. Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine. 6. Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.
166-070-000	System Management: Failed Unable to communicate with Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update the firmware (BIOS, service processor, diagnostics) to the latest level. 2. Run the diagnostic test again. 3. Correct other error conditions (including failed system management tests and items that are logged in Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine system event/error log) and run the test again. 4. Disconnect all power cords and external cables from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords and cables, and run the test again. 5. Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine. 6. Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
166-198-000	System Management: Aborted	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Run the diagnostic test again. 2. Correct other error conditions (including failed system management tests and items logged in the BMC error log and the system event/error log) and retry the test. 3. Disconnect all server and option power cords from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords, and retry the test. 4. Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, if installed. 5. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
166-201-000	BMC indicates I2C errors on bus 0.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
166-201-001	BMC indicates I2C errors on bus 1.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor b. (Trained service technician only) System board
166-201-002	BMC indicates I2C errors on bus 2.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
166-201-003	BMC indicates I2C errors on bus 3.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
166-201-004	BMC indicates I2C errors on bus 4.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
166-201-005	BMC indicates I2C errors on bus 5.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
166-201-006	BMC indicates I2C errors on bus 6.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
166-201-007	BMC indicates I2C errors on bus 7.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor b. (Trained service technician only) System board

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
166-201-008	BMC indicates I2C errors on bus 8.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor b. (Trained service technician only) System board
166-250-000	System Management: Failed I ² C cable is disconnected	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reconnect the I²C ribbon cable between the operator information panel assembly and the system board. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
166-260-000	System Management: Failed Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine restart error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect all power cords and external cables from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords and cables, and run the test again. 2. Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine. 3. Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.
166-342-000	System Management: Failed Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine BIST indicates failed tests.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update the firmware for BIOS and the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine to the latest levels. 2. Disconnect all power cords and external cables from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords and cables, and run the test again. 3. Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine. 4. Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.
166-400-000	System Management: Failed BMC self-test failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update the BMC firmware to the latest level. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
166-404-001	System Management: Failed BMC indicates failure in I ² C bus test.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect all power cords and external cables from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords and cables, and retry the test. 2. Update the BMC firmware to the latest level. 3. Reseat the power backplane. 4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Power backplane b. (Trained service technician only) System board.
166-406-001	System Management: Failed BMC indicates failure in I ² C bus test.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect all power cords and external cables from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords and cables, and retry the test. 2. Update the BMC firmware to the latest level. 3. Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Hard disk drive signal cable b. Hard disk drive backplane 4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Hard disk drive backplane b. (Trained service technician only) System board
166-407-001	System Management: Failed BMC indicates failure in I ² C bus test.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect all power cords and external cables from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords and cables, and retry the test. 2. Update the BMC firmware to the latest level. 3. Reseat the operator information panel cable. 4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Operator information panel assembly b. (Trained service technician only) System board
166-nnn-001	System Management: Failed Note: nnn indicates the failure type. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 300 to 320: Self-test failure • 400 to 420 (excluding 412, 414, and 415): I²C bus test failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect all power cords and external cables from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords and cables, and retry the test. 2. Update the BMC firmware to the latest level. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
166-412-001	System Management: Failed I ² C bus failure.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect all power cords and external cables from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords and cables, and retry the test. 2. Update the BMC firmware to the latest level. 3. Reseat the power backplane. 4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. (Trained service technician only) Power backplane b. (Trained service technician only) System board
166-414-001	System Management: Failed I ² C bus failure.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect all power cords and external cables from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords and cables, and retry the test. 2. Update the BMC firmware to the latest level. 3. Reseat the hard disk drive cable. 4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. (Trained service technician only) Hard disk drive backplane b. (Trained service technician only) System board
166-415-001	System Management: Failed I ² C bus failure.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect all power cords and external cables from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords and cables, and retry the test. 2. Update the BMC firmware to the latest level. 3. Reseat the operator information panel cable. 4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Operator information panel assembly b. (Trained service technician only) System board
180-xxx-000	Diagnostics LED failure.	Run the diagnostics panel LED test for the failing LED.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
180-xxx-001	Failed front LED panel test.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the operator information panel cable. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Operator information panel assembly b. (Trained service technician only) System board
180-xxx-002	Failed diagnostics LED panel test.	<p>Note: The Light Path diagnostics panel is part of the operator information panel assembly.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the operator information panel cable. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Operator information panel assembly b. (Trained service technician only) System board
180-361-003	Failed fan LED test.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the fans. 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Fans b. (Trained service technician only) System board
180-xxx-003	Failed system board LED test.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
180-xxx-005	Failed hard disk drive backplane LED test.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Hard disk drive backplane cable b. Hard disk drive backplane 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Hard disk drive backplane b. (Trained service technician only) System board
201-198-xxx	Memory Test Aborted.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the server. 2. Run the diagnostic test again. 3. Reinstall the diagnostic programs (see “Updating the firmware” on page 167). 4. Check the system event/error log and the BMC log for messages that indicate the cause of the error and take the indicated action.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
201-199-xxx	Unexpected error. Test aborted.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the server. 2. Run the diagnostic test again. 3. Reinstall the diagnostic programs (see “Updating the firmware” on page 167). 4. Check the system event/error log and the BMC log for messages that indicate the cause of the error, and take the indicated action.
201-xxx-PBD	Test failed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • P = microprocessor [1 - 2] • B = Failing bank/pair number • D = Failing DIMM number within failing CPU #P Note: If D = 9, both DIMMS in the bank failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the failing DIMMs; then, run the memory diagnostic test again. 2. Replace the failing DIMMs; then, run the memory diagnostic test again. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board assembly.
202-xxx-0nn	Failed system cache test. Note: nn = APIC ID for failing microprocessor <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0, 1 = microprocessor 1 • 2, 3 = microprocessor 2 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that the BIOS code is at the latest level. 2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the indicated microprocessor. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the indicated microprocessor.
215-xxx-000	Failed CD-RW/DVD drive test.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Run the test again with a different CD-RW/DVD drive. 2. Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. CD-RW/DVD drive b. Operator information panel assembly 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. CD-RW/DVD drive b. CD-RW/DVD media backplane
217-198-xxx	Could not establish drive parameters.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the hard disk drive signal cable. 2. Reseat the hard disk drive. 3. Replace the following components in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Hard disk drive b. Hard disk drive signal cable c. Hard disk drive backplane
217-xxx-00n	Failed fixed disk test. Note: n is the number of the failed drive. The hard disk drive numbers are on the server front.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the hard disk drive indicated by n. 2. Replace the hard disk drive indicated by n.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved. See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU). If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician. 		
Error code	Description	Action
301-xxx-000	Failed keyboard test. Note: After installing a USB keyboard, you might have to use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to enable keyboardless operation and prevent the POST error message 301 from being displayed during startup.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Reseat the keyboard cable. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Keyboard (Trained service technician only) System board
405-xxx-000	Failed Ethernet test on Ethernet controller.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and make sure that Ethernet is not disabled and that the BIOS code is at the latest level. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
405-xxx-00n	Failed Ethernet test on adapter in PCI slot n.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Reseat the Ethernet adapter in slot n. Replace the Ethernet adapter in slot n. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

Recovering the BIOS code

If the BIOS code has become damaged, such as from a power failure during an update, you can recover the BIOS code using the boot block jumper and a BIOS recovery diskette.

Notes:

- You can obtain a BIOS recovery diskette from one of the following sources:
 - Download the BIOS code update from the World Wide Web and use it to make a recovery diskette
 - Contact your IBM service representative.
- To create and use a diskette, you must add an optional external diskette drive to the server.

To download the BIOS code update from the World Wide Web, complete the following steps:

- Go to <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html>.
- Select **System x3655** from the **Hardware** list
- From the **Software** list, select the applicable operating environment and click **GO**.
- Click the **Download** tab.
- Click **BIOS, drivers**, and **firmware** for the applicable operating environment.
- Download the latest BIOS code update.
- Create the BIOS recovery diskette, following the instructions that come with the update file that you downloaded.

The flash memory of the server consists of a primary page and a backup page. The backup page is a protected area that cannot be overwritten. The recovery boot block is a section of code in this protected area that enables the server to start up and to read a recovery diskette. The recovery utility recovers the system BIOS code from the BIOS recovery files on the diskette.

To recover the BIOS code and restore the server operation to the primary page, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Handling static-sensitive devices” on page 107.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all external cables and power cords; then, remove the cover.
3. Locate the BIOS recovery jumper (J35) on the system board. (see “System-board jumpers” on page 15).
4. Move the jumper from pins 1 and 2 to pins 2 and 3 to enable the BIOS recovery mode.
5. Insert the BIOS recovery diskette into the diskette drive.
6. Reinstall the server cover; then, reconnect all power cords.
7. Restart the server. The power-on self test (POST) starts.
8. Select **1 - Update POST/BIOS** from the menu that contains various flash update options.
9. When prompted as to whether you want to save the current code to a diskette, press **N**.
10. When prompted to choose a language, select a language (from 0 to 7), and press **Enter**.
11. Remove the BIOS recovery diskette from the diskette drive.
12. Turn off the server, and disconnect all power cords and external cables; then, remove the server cover.
13. Move the BIOS recovery jumper back to pins 1 and 2 to return to normal startup mode.
14. Reconnect all external cables and power cords, and turn on the peripheral devices; then, reinstall the server cover.
15. Restart the server.

System event/error log messages

A system event/error log is generated only if a Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed. The system-error log can contain three types of messages:

Information	Information messages do not require action; they record significant system-level events, such as when the server is started.
Warning	Warning messages do not require immediate action; they indicate possible problems, such as when the recommended maximum ambient temperature is exceeded.
Error	Error messages might require action; they indicate system errors, such as when a fan is not detected.

Each message contains date and time information, and it indicates the source of the message (POST/BIOS or the service processor).

Note: The BMC system event log, which you can view through the Configuration/Setup Utility program, also contains several information, warning, and error messages.

In the following example, the system event/error log message indicates that the server was turned on at the recorded time.

```

-----
Date/Time: 2002/05/07 15:52:03
DMI Type:
Source: SERVPROC
Error Code: System Complex Powered Up
Error Code:
Error Data:
Error Data:
-----

```

The following table describes the possible system-error log messages and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved. • See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU). • If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician. 	
System event/error log message	Action
+12V critical over voltage fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the OVER SPEC LED on the light path diagnostics panel is lit, or any of the four power channel error LEDs (A, B, C, or D) on the system board are lit, see the entries about power-channel error LEDs in “Power problems” on page 46. (See “System-board LEDs” on page 17). 2. If the actions in “Power problems” on page 46 do not identify a defective component, complete the following steps: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Remove the power supplies. Replace the power supplies one at a time, restarting the server each time, to isolate a failing power supply. b. If the server fails to start, replace the power backplane. Restart the server. c. If the server fails to start, (trained service technician only) replace the system board.
+12V critical under voltage fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the OVER SPEC LED on the light path diagnostics panel is lit, or any of the four power channel error LEDs (A, B, C, or D) on the system board are lit, see the entries about power-channel error LEDs in “Power problems” on page 46. (See “System-board LEDs” on page 17). 2. If the actions in “Power problems” on page 46 do not identify a defective component, complete the following steps: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Remove the power supplies. Replace the power supplies one at a time, restarting the server each time, to isolate a failing power supply. b. If the server fails to start, replace the power backplane. Restart the server. c. If the server fails to start, (trained service technician only) replace the system board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

System event/error log message	Action
+12V planar fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the OVER SPEC LED on the light path diagnostics panel is lit, or any of the four power channel error LEDs (A, B, C, or D) on the system board are lit, see the entries about power-channel error LEDs in “Power problems” on page 46. (See “System-board LEDs” on page 17). 2. If the actions in “Power problems” on page 46 do not identify a defective component, complete the following steps: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Remove the power supplies. Replace the power supplies one at a time, restarting the server each time, to isolate a failing power supply. b. If the server fails to start, replace the power backplane. Restart the server. c. If the server fails to start, (trained service technician only) replace the system board.
+5V critical over voltage fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove the following devices, which are powered by 5 volts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All PCI adapters • USB devices • CD-RW/DVD drive • Tape drive, if one is installed • Hard disk drive backplane 2. Reinstall each I/O device removed in step 1, one at a time, restarting the server each time, to isolate a defective device. Replace any defective device. 3. If the error continues, replace the power backplane. Restart the server. 4. If the error continues, (trained service technician only) replace the system board.
+5V critical under voltage fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove the following devices, which are powered by 5 volts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All PCI adapters • USB devices • CD-RW/DVD drive • Tape drive, if one is installed • Hard disk drive backplane 2. Reinstall each I/O device removed in step 1, one at a time, restarting the server each time, to isolate a defective device. Replace any defective device. 3. If the error continues, replace the power backplane. Restart the server. 4. If the error continues, (trained service technician only) replace the system board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

System event/error log message	Action
5V fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove the following devices, which are powered by 5 volts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All PCI adapters • USB devices • CD-RW/DVD drive • Tape drive, if one is installed • Hard disk drive backplane 2. Reinstall each I/O device removed in step 1, one at a time, restarting the server each time, to isolate a defective device. Replace any defective device. 3. If the error continues, replace the power backplane. Restart the server. 4. If the error continues, (trained service technician only) replace the system board.
+2.5V critical over voltage fault	Information only.
+2.5V critical under voltage fault	Information only.
+1.8V critical over voltage fault	Information only.
+1.8V critical under voltage fault	Information only.
The system real time clock battery is on longer reliable	Replace the battery.
+3.3V critical over voltage fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove all PCI adapters. 2. Reinstall each PCI adapter, one at a time, restarting the server each time, to isolate a defective adapter. Replace any defective adapter. 3. If the error continues, (trained service technician only) replace the system board.
+3.3V critical under voltage fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove all PCI adapters. 2. Reinstall each PCI adapter, one at a time, restarting the sever each time, to isolate a defective adapter. replace any defective adapter. 3. If the error continues, (trained service technician only) replace the system board.
3.3V bus fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove all PIC adapters. 2. Reinstall each PCI adapter, one at a time, restarting the server each time, to isolate a defective adapter. Replace any defective adapter. 3. If the system error continues, (trained service technician only) replace the system board.
Power good fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the power supplies. 2. If the error continues, replace the power backplane.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

System event/error log message	Action
Memory area non-critical over temperature warning	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that the fans are operating and are not obstructed. 2. Make sure that the air baffles are in place and correctly installed. 3. Make sure that the server cover is installed and fully closed.
Memory area non-recoverable over temperature fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that the fans are operating and are not obstructed. 2. Make sure that the air baffles are in place and correctly installed. 3. Make sure that the server cover is installed and fully closed. 4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Fan <i>n</i> failure <i>n</i> = the fan number	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that the connector on the fan is not damaged. 2. Make sure that the fan connector on the system board is not damaged. 3. Make sure that the fan is fully installed (press down on the fan). 4. Reseat fan <i>n</i>. 5. Replace fan <i>n</i>.
Fan <i>n</i> fault <i>n</i> = the fan number	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that the connector on the fan is not damaged. 2. Make sure that the fan connector on the system board is not damaged. 3. Make sure that the fan is fully installed (press down on the fan). 4. Reseat fan <i>n</i>. 5. Replace fan <i>n</i>.
Hard drive <i>n</i> fault <i>n</i> = the hard disk drive number	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat hard disk drive <i>n</i>. 2. Replace hard disk drive <i>n</i>.
Hard drive <i>n</i> removal detected <i>n</i> = the hard disk drive number	Reseat hard disk drive <i>n</i> .
HT1000 initiated sync flood: Legacy I/O Failure	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
HT1000 initiated sync flood: PERR on PCI-x slot	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the failing adapter. 2. Replace the failing adapter. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
HT1000 initiated sync flood: SERR on PCI-x slot	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the failing adapter. 2. Replace the failing adapter. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Power supply <i>n</i> removed <i>n</i> = the power supply number	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat power supply <i>n</i>. 2. Replace power supply <i>n</i>. 3. Replace the power backplane.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

System event/error log message	Action
Power supply <i>n</i> fault <i>n</i> = the power supply number	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the server power-on LED is lit, perform the following steps: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Reduce the server to the minimum configuration (see “Solving undetermined problems” on page 89 for a description of the minimum configuration). b. Reinstall the components you removed, one at a time, restarting the server each time. c. If the error recurs, the component you just reinstalled is defective; replace the defective component. 2. Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Power supply <i>n</i> b. Power backplane 3. Replace the components listed in step 2, one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
Power supply <i>n</i> AC power removed <i>n</i> = the power supply number	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that the power cords are correctly connected to the server and to a working electrical outlet. 2. Replace power supply <i>n</i>. 3. Replace the power backplane.
Power supply <i>n</i> fan fault <i>n</i> = the power supply number	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that there are no obstructions, such as bundled cables, to the airflow on the power-supply fan. 2. Replace power supply <i>n</i>.
Power supply current exceeded max spec value	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that two power supplies are installed, and that the AC power cords are correctly connected to the power supplies and to a working electrical outlet. 2. Replace the power backplane.
Primary HT2100 initiated sync flood: PCI-e slot <i>n</i> error	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the failing adapter. 2. Replace the failing adapter. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Primary HT2100 initiated sync flood: SAS error	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
POST reporting memory event DIMM Disabled - multi-bit or multi-symbol error Chassis Number 1 Memory Card <i>n</i> Memory DIMM <i>n</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the failing DIMM. 2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.
Processor initiated sync flood: Processor <i>n</i> failed	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.
Slot <i>n</i> error (possible timeout condition)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the failing adapter. 2. Replace the failing adapter. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

System event/error log message	Action
Front panel NMI	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the MEM LED on the light path diagnostics panel is lit, complete the following steps: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Check the other system logs for related entries and actions. b. Reinstall the server device drivers. c. Reinstall the operating system. 2. If the error LED for PCI slot 1 or PCI slot 2 on the riser card is lit, complete the following steps: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Remove the adapter from the PCI slot that has the lit error LED. b. (Trained service technician only) If the error continues, replace the system board. 3. If the error LED for PCI slot 3 or PCI slot 4 on the system board is lit, complete the following steps: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Remove the adapter from the PCI slot that has the lit error LED. b. (Trained service technician only) if the error continues, replace the system board. 4. Remove all PCI adapters from the server. (Trained service technician only) if the error continues, replace the system board.
Software NMI	Information only.
System resetting due to unrecoverable error	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the operator information panel and light path diagnostics LEDs. 2. Test the system with the minimum supported configuration before replacing parts. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
CPU <i>n</i> over temperature <i>n</i> = the microprocessor number	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffles are in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed. 2. Make sure that the heat sink for microprocessor <i>n</i> is installed correctly. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i>.
CPU removal detected	Information only. Take action as appropriate.
CPU <i>n</i> non-critical over temperature warning <i>n</i> = the microprocessor number	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffles are in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed. 2. Make sure that the heat sink for microprocessor <i>n</i> is installed correctly.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved. • See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU). • If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician. 	
System event/error log message	Action
CPU <i>n</i> non-recoverable over temperature fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffles are in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed. 2. Make sure that the heat sink for microprocessor <i>n</i> is installed correctly. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i>. 4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
VRD 1 critical over voltage fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 1. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor 1. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
VRD 1 critical under voltage fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 1. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor 1. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
VRD 2 critical over voltage fault VRD 2 = VRM	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 2. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor 2. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
VRD 2 critical under voltage fault VRD 2 = VRM	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 2. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor 2. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Processor VTT power fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 1. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor 1. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

IPMI BMC system-error log messages

The following table describes the possible IPMI BMC system-event log messages and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

BMC log message	Sensor number	Sensor type	Action
System event Assertion 00 (System reconfigured)	00	12	Information only
Battery Assertion 01 (Battery failed)	00	29	Replace the battery.
System firmware progress Assertion 0002 (No usable system memory)	00	0F	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the DIMMs. 2. Replace the DIMMs. 3. Replace the microprocessor. 4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
System firmware progress Assertion 000B (Firmware ROM corrupted)	00	0F	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the Boot recovery (BIOS) jumper (J35) to switch to the secondary BIOS page. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
System firmware progress Assertion 010B (SMBUS error)	00	0F	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Memory error Assertion 35xx (Correctable ECC memory error logging limit reached DIMM xx)	00	0C	Information only
System power monitor Assertion: 00 (Power off/power down) 01 (Power cycle) 03 (Interlock power down) 04 (AC lost) 07 (Predictive failure)	01	09	Information only
System power monitor Assertion 02 (240VA Power down) or 05 (Soft power control failure)	01	09	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

BMC log message	Sensor number	Sensor type	Action
System power monitor Assertion 06 (Power unit failure detected)	01	09	1. Check the primary voltages to the power supply. 2. Replace the power supply. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Watchdog	03	23	Information only
Planar 3.3V	16	02	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Planar 5V	17	02	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Planar 12V	18	02	1. Reseat the power supplies. 2. Replace the power supplies. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Planar VBAT	1C	02	1. Replace the battery. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Not redundant	1E	08	1. Install another power supply (if possible) and make sure that the ac power cords are connected to properly grounded electrical outlets. 2. Remove devices that consume an extraordinary amount of power. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
3V fault	20	02	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
5V fault	21	02	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
12V	22	02	1. Reseat the power supplies. 2. Replace the power supplies. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
VRD 1 status Assertion 00 (Presence detected)	24	08	Information only
VRD 1 status Assertion 01 (Power unit failure)	24	08	1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.
VRD 2 status Assertion 00 (Presence detected)	25	08	Information only
VRD 2 status Assertion 01 (Power unit failure)	25	08	1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 2. (Trained service technician) Replace the microprocessor.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

BMC log message	Sensor number	Sensor type	Action
VRD 3 status Assertion 00 (Presence detected)	26	08	Information only
VRD 3 status Assertion 01 (Power unit failure)	26	08	1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.
VRD 4 status Assertion 00 (Presence detected)	27	08	Information only
VRD 4 status Assertion 01 (Power unit failure)	27	08	1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.
VRD 5V Assertion 00 (Presence detected)	28	08	Information only
VRD 5V Assertion 01 (Power unit failure)	28	08	1. Remove the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time to isolate the failing component: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Keyboard, mouse, and USB devices b. DASD devices c. PCI adapters d. DVD drive 2. If the problems remains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Inspect the SAS power cable and the IDE power cable. b. Inspect the front panel USB cable. c. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
VRD 3.3V Assertion 00 (Presence detected)	29	08	Information only
VRD 3.3V Assertion 01 (Power unit failure)	29	08	1. Remove the PCI adapters one at a time, to isolate the failing component. 2. Inspect the IDE power cable. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board. 4. Replace the SAS backplane assembly.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

BMC log message	Sensor number	Sensor type	Action
VRD 2.5V Assertion 00 (Presence detected)	2A	08	Information only
VRD 2.5V Assertion 01 (Power unit failure)	2A	08	1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
VRD 2.1V Assertion 00 (Presence detected)	2B	08	Information only
VRD 2.1V Assertion 01 (Power unit failure)	2B	08	1. Inspect the SAS power cable. 2. Replace the SAS backplane assembly. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
12V faults	2C	09	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
VRD 1.8V Assertion 00 (Presence detected)	2D	08	Information only
VRD 1.8V Assertion 01 (Power unit failure)	2D	08	1. Reseat the following components: a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor b. Power supply 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor b. Power supply c. (Trained service technician only) system board Note: This power unit supplies power to the system board and the SAS backplane.
VRD 1.4V Assertion 00 (Presence detected)	2E	08	Information only
VRD 1.4V Assertion 01 (Power unit failure)	2E	08	1. Inspect the SAS power cable. 2. Replace the SAS backplane assembly. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
VRD 1.2V Assertion 00 (Presence detected)	2F	08	Information only

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

BMC log message	Sensor number	Sensor type	Action
VRD 1.2V Assertion 01 (Power unit failure)	2F	08	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board. 2. (Trained service technician only) Isolate the failing microprocessor. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.
Ambient temperature	32	01	Make sure that the fans have good airflow and are not obstructed.
Exhaust temperature	33	01	Make sure that the fans have good airflow and are not obstructed.
Power supply 1 fault	38	08	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat power supply 1. 2. Replace power supply 1. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Power supply 2 fault	39	08	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat power supply 2. 2. Replace power supply 2. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Fan 1 tach	40	04	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat fan 1. 2. Replace fan 1. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Fan 2 tach	41	04	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat fan 2. 2. Replace fan 2. 3. Replace the front fan board. 4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Fan 3 tach	42	04	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat fan 3. 2. Replace fan 3. 3. Replace the front fan board. 4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Fan 4 tach	43	04	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat fan 4. 2. Replace fan 4. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Fan 5 tach	44	04	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat fan 5. 2. Replace fan 5. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Fan 6 tach	45	04	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat fan 6. 2. Replace fan 6. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Power supply configuration error	4F	0A	Make sure that the power supplies are installed in the correct order and that the power supplies are operating properly.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

BMC log message	Sensor number	Sensor type	Action
Fan 1 detected Assertion 00 (Not detected)	50	04	Replace or install the fan.
Fan 1 detected Assertion 01 (Presence detected)	50	04	Information only
Fan 2 detected Assertion 00 (Not detected)	51	04	Replace or install the fan.
Fan 2 detected Assertion 01 (Presence detected)	51	04	Information only
Fan 3 detected Assertion 00 (Not detected)	52	04	Replace or install the fan.
Fan 3 detected Assertion 01 (Presence detected)	52	04	Information only
Fan 4 detected Assertion 00 (Not detected)	53	04	Replace or install the fan.
Fan 4 detected Assertion 01 (Presence detected)	53	04	Information only
Fan 5 detected Assertion 00 (Not detected)	54	04	Replace or install the fan.
Fan 5 detected Assertion 01 (Presence detected)	54	04	Information only
Fan 6 detected Assertion 00 (Not detected)	55	04	Replace or install the fan.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

BMC log message	Sensor number	Sensor type	Action
Fan 6 detected Assertion 01 (Presence detected)	55	04	Information only
Drive 1 status	60	C1	Information only
Drive 2 status	61	C1	Information only
Drive 3 status	62	C1	Information only
Drive 4 status	63	C1	Information only
Power supply 1 status Assertion 00 (Presence detected)	70	08	Information only
Power supply 1 status Assertion 01 (Power supply failure) or 03 (Power supply ac loss)	70	08	1. Check the primary voltages to the power supply. 2. Reseat power supply 1. 3. Replace power supply 1. 4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Power supply 2 status Assertion 00 (Presence detected)	71	08	Information only
Power supply 2 status Assertion 01 (Power supply failure) or 03 (Power supply ac loss)	71	08	1. Check the primary voltages to the power supply. 2. Reseat power supply 2. 3. Replace power supply 2. 4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
NMI state	80	13	Make sure that the system software is operating correctly and does not conflict with other software; the system software has created a software NMI.
Front cable panel detect	83	1B	1. Make sure that the operator panel cable is connected. 2. Replace the operator information panel assembly.
USB cable detect	84	1B	1. Make sure that the front panel USB cable is connected. 2. Replace the front panel USB cable.
DASD backplane detect	85	1B	1. Make sure that the SAS signal cable is connected. 2. Replace the SAS signal cable.
IDE cable detect	86	1B	1. Make sure that the IDE power cable is connected. 2. Replace the IDE power cable.
Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine detect	8C	17	1. Make sure that the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is fully seated in the connector. 2. Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

BMC log message	Sensor number	Sensor type	Action
ABR status	8F	0F	Information only
CPU 1 status Assertion 01 (Thermal trip)	90	07	Information only; if the message remains: 1. Make sure that the fans have good airflow and are not obstructed. 2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.
CPU 1 status Assertion 05 (Configuration error)	90	07	(Trained service technician only) Make sure that the microprocessor is installed correctly.
CPU 1 status Assertion 07 (Processor presence detected) or 0A (Processor automatically throttled)	90	07	Information only
CPU 1 status Assertion 08 (Processor disabled)	90	07	1. Check the DIMM error LEDs on the system board. 2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 3. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.
CPU 2 status Assertion 01 (Thermal trip)	91	07	Information only; if the message remains: 1. Make sure that the fans have good airflow and are not obstructed. 2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.
CPU 2 status Assertion 05 (Configuration error)	91	07	(Trained service technician only) Make sure that the microprocessor is installed correctly.
CPU 2 status Assertion 07 (Processor presence detected) or 0A (Processor automatically throttled)	91	07	Information only
CPU 2 status Assertion 08 (Processor disabled)	91	07	1. Check the DIMM error LEDs on the microprocessor. 2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.
CPU 1 temperature	98	01	1. Check all fans and remove any obstacles from the path of the airflow. 2. Make sure that the room temperature is within the recommended range.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

BMC log message	Sensor number	Sensor type	Action
CPU 2 temperature	99	01	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check all fans and remove any obstacles from the path of the airflow. 2. Make sure that the room temperature is within the recommended range.
CPU 1 volt	9C	02	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 2. Reseat the DIMMs. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
CPU 2 volt	9D	02	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 2. Reseat the DIMMs. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
PCI slot faults	AB	21	Information only
HT1000 initiated sync flood: Legacy I/O failure	AB-AC	21	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
HT1000 initiated sync flood: PERR on PCI-x slot	AB-AC	21	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the failing adapter. 2. Replace the failing adapter. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
HT1000 initiated sync flood: SERR on PCI-x slot	AB-AC	21	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the failing adapter. 2. Replace the failing adapter. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
System resetting due to unrecoverable error	AB-AC	21	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the operator information panel and light path diagnostics LEDs. 2. Test the system with the minimum supported configuration before replacing parts. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Primary HT2100 initiated sync flood: PCI-e slot n error	AB-AC	21	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the failing adapter. 2. Replace the failing adapter. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Primary HT2100 initiated sync flood: SAS error	AB-AC	21	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Processor n initiated sync flood: DIMM n failed	AB-AC	21	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the failing DIMM. 2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.
Processor n initiated sync flood: Processor n failed	AB-AC	21	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor. 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved. • See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU). • If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician. 			
BMC log message	Sensor number	Sensor type	Action
Processor n initiated sync flood: Slot n error (possible timeout condition)	AB-AC	21	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the failing adapter. 2. Replace the failing adapter. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Secondary HT2100 initiated sync flood: PCI-e slot n error	AB-AC	21	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reseat the failing adapter. 2. Replace the failing adapter. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
PCI PME	AC	09	Information only
DASD backplane detect	AD	1B	Information only
IDE cable detect	AE	1B	Information only
SEL fullness	B6	D0	Information only
CPU 1 hot	C0	01	Information only
CPU 2 hot	C1	01	Information only
CPU 3 hot	C2	01	Information only
CPU 4 hot	C3	01	Information only

BIOS-logged BMC system-error log messages

BIOS can log two types of system-event log messages: POST events, which occur during system start-up, and SMI events, which are generally run time errors detected by hardware.

The server logs OEM-specific BIOS messages in the BMC system-event log. The following table describes the four BIOS sensor types logged in the BMC system-event log. You can obtain third-party software to provide BMC system-event log translations for detailed byte definitions and repair actions.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved. • See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU). • If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician. 		
Sensor type	Sensor type code	Byte definition and description
OEM POST with time stamp	0xC0	Byte 11 POST Error/Event Type 0x00 POST PCI POST Event/Error 0x01 POST PCI Processor Event/Error 0x02 POST Memory Event/Error 0x04 POST Bus Event/Error 0x05 POST Chipset Event/Error

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Sensor type	Sensor type code	Byte definition and description
OEM POST without time stamp	0xE0	Byte 4 POST Error/Event Type 0x00 POST PCI POST Event/Error 0x01 POST PCI Processor Event 0x02 POST Memory Error 0x04 POST Bus Event 0x05 POST Chipset Event
OEM SMI handler with time stamp	0xC1	Byte 11 SMI Error/Event Type 0x00 SMI PCI Event/Error 0x01 SMI Processor Event/Error 0x02 SMI Memory Event/Error 0x04 SMI Bus Event/Error 0x05 SMI Chipset Event/Error
OEM SMI handler without time stamp	0xE1	Byte 4 SMI Error/Event Type 0x00 SMI PCI Event/Error 0x01 SMI Processor Event/Error 0x02 SMI Memory Event/Error 0x04 SMI Bus Event/Error 0x05 SMI Chipset Event/Error

Solving SCSI problems

Note: This information also applies to Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) problems.

For any SCSI error message, one or more of the following devices might be causing the problem:

- A failing SCSI device (adapter, drive, or controller)
- An incorrect SCSI termination jumper setting
- Duplicate SCSI IDs in the same SCSI chain
- A missing or incorrectly installed SCSI terminator
- A defective SCSI terminator
- An incorrectly installed cable
- A defective cable

For any SCSI error message, follow these suggested action in the order in which they are listed until the problem is solved.

- Make sure that SCSI devices are turned on before you turn on the server.
- Make sure that the cables for all external SCSI devices are connected correctly.
- If an external SCSI device is attached, make sure that the external SCSI termination is set to automatic
- Make sure that the last device in each SCSI chain is terminated correctly.
- Make sure that the SCSI devices are configured correctly.

Solving power problems

Power problems can be difficult to solve. For example, a short circuit can exist anywhere on any of the power distribution buses. Usually, a short circuit will cause the power subsystem to shut down because of an overcurrent condition. To diagnose a power problem, use the following general procedure:

1. Turn off the server and disconnect all ac power cords.
2. Check for loose cables in the power subsystem. Also check for short circuits, for example, if a loose screw is causing a short circuit on a circuit board.
3. If a power-channel error LED on the system board is lit, perform the following steps; otherwise, go to step 4. See “System-board LEDs” on page 17 for the location of the power-channel error LEDs. Table 3 identifies the components associated with each power channel, and the order in which to troubleshoot the components.
 - a. Disconnect the cables and power cords to all internal and external devices. Leave the power-supply cords connected.
 - b. Remove each component that is associated with the LED, one at time, in the sequence indicated in Table 3, restarting the server each time, until the cause of the overcurrent condition is identified.

Table 3. Components associated with power-channel error LEDs

Power-channel error LED	Components
A	Fan 4, fan 6, fan 8, fan 9, microprocessor 1, system board (integrated voltage regulator)
B	Fan 1, fan 2, fan 3, fan 5, VRM, IDE CD/DVD cable, IDE CD/DVD media backplane, microprocessor 2, system board

Table 3. Components associated with power-channel error LEDs (continued)

Power-channel error LED	Components
C	ServeRAID SAS controller (8k or 8k-l), DIMMs, tape power (connector J22), system board
D	Low-profile PCI Express adapter (PCI slots 2, 3, and 4), adapter on PCI riser card (PCI slot 1), system board.

- c. Replace the identified component.
4. Remove the adapters and disconnect the cables and power cords to all internal and external devices until the server is at the minimum configuration that is required for the server to start (see "Solving undetermined problems" on page 76 for the minimum configuration).
5. Reconnect all ac power cords and turn on the server. If the server starts successfully, replace the adapters and devices one at a time until the problem is isolated.

If the server does not start from the minimum configuration, replace the components in the minimum configuration one at a time until the problem is isolated.

Solving Ethernet controller problems

The method that you use to test the Ethernet controller depends on which operating system you are using. See the operating-system documentation for information about Ethernet controllers, and see the Ethernet controller device-driver readme file.

Try the following procedures:

- Make sure that the correct device drivers, which come with the server, are installed and that they are at the latest level.
- Make sure that the Ethernet cable is installed correctly.
 - The cable must be securely attached at all connections. If the cable is attached but the problem remains, try a different cable.
 - If the Ethernet controller is set to operate at 100 Mbps, you must use Category 5 cabling.
 - If you directly connect two servers (without a hub), or if you are not using a hub with X ports, use a crossover cable. To determine whether a hub has an X port, check the port label. If the label contains an X, the hub has an X port.
- Determine whether the hub supports auto-negotiation. If it does not, try configuring the integrated Ethernet controller manually to match the speed and duplex mode of the hub.
- Check the Ethernet controller LEDs on the rear panel of the server. These LEDs indicate whether there is a problem with the connector, cable, or hub.
 - The Ethernet link status LED is lit when the Ethernet controller receives a link pulse from the hub. If the LED is off, there might be a defective connector or cable or a problem with the hub.
 - The Ethernet transmit/receive activity LED is lit when the Ethernet controller sends or receives data over the Ethernet network. If the Ethernet transmit/receive activity light is off, make sure that the hub and network are operating and that the correct device drivers are installed.
- Check the Ethernet activity LED on the rear of the server. The Ethernet activity LED is lit when data is active on the Ethernet network. If the Ethernet activity LED is off, make sure that the hub and network are operating and that the correct device drivers are installed.
- Check for operating-system-specific causes of the problem.

- Make sure that the device drivers on the client and server are using the same protocol.

If the Ethernet controller still cannot connect to the network but the hardware appears to be working, the network administrator must investigate other possible causes of the error.

Solving undetermined problems

If the diagnostic tests did not diagnose the failure or if the server is inoperative, use the information in this section.

If you suspect that a software problem is causing failures (continuous or intermittent), see “Software problems” on page 48.

Damaged data in CMOS memory or damaged BIOS code can cause undetermined problems. To reset the CMOS data, use the password override jumper to override the power-on password and clear the CMOS memory, see “System-board jumpers” on page 15. If you suspect that the BIOS code is damaged, see “Recovering the BIOS code” on page 67.

Check the LEDs on all the power supplies (see “Power-supply LEDs” on page 53). If the LEDs indicate that the power supplies are working correctly, complete the following steps:

1. Turn off the server.
2. Make sure that the server is cabled correctly.
3. Remove or disconnect the following devices, one at a time, until you find the failure. Turn on the server and reconfigure it each time.
 - Any external devices.
 - Surge-suppressor device (on the server).
 - Modem, printer, mouse, and non-IBM devices.
 - Each adapter.
 - Hard disk drives.
 - Memory modules. The minimum configuration requirement is 1 GB (two 512 MB DIMM, in DIMM slots 1 and 2).
 - Service processor (Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine).

The following minimum configuration is required for the server to start:

- One microprocessor
 - Two 512 MB DIMMs
 - One power supply
 - Power backplane
 - Power cord
 - ServeRAID SAS controller
4. Turn on the server. If the problem remains, suspect the following components in the following order:
 - a. Power backplane
 - b. Memory card (DIMM)
 - c. System board

If the problem is solved when you remove an adapter from the server but the problem recurs when you reinstall the same adapter, suspect the adapter; if the problem recurs when you replace the adapter with a different one, suspect the riser card.

If you suspect a networking problem and the server passes all the system tests, suspect a network cabling problem that is external to the server.

Problem determination tips

Due to the variety of hardware and software combinations that can be encountered, use the following information to assist you in problem determination. If possible, have this information available when requesting assistance from Service Support and Engineering functions.

- Machine type and model
- Microprocessor or hard disk upgrades
- Failure symptom
 - Do diagnostics fail?
 - What, when, where, single, or multiple systems?
 - Is the failure repeatable?
 - Has this configuration ever worked?
 - If it has been working, what changes were made prior to it failing?
 - Is this the original reported failure?
- Diagnostics version
 - Type and version level
- Hardware configuration
 - Print (print screen) configuration currently in use
 - BIOS level
- Operating system software
 - Type and version level

Note: To eliminate confusion, identical systems are considered identical only if they:

1. Are the exact machine type and models
2. Have the same BIOS level
3. Have the same adapters/attachments in the same locations
4. Have the same address jumpers/terminators/cabling
5. Have the same software versions and levels
6. Have the same diagnostics code (version)
7. Have the same configuration options set in the system
8. Have the same setup for the operation system control files

Comparing the configuration and software setup between “working” and “non-working” systems will often lead to problem resolution.

Calling IBM for service

See Appendix A, “Getting help and technical assistance,” on page 185 for information about calling IBM for service.

When you call for service, have as much of the following information available as possible:

- Machine type and model
- Microprocessor and hard disk drive upgrades

- Failure symptoms
 - Does the server fail the diagnostic programs? If so, what are the error codes?
 - What occurs? When? Where?
 - Is the failure repeatable?
 - Has the current server configuration ever worked?
 - What changes, if any, were made before it failed?
 - Is this the original reported failure, or has this failure been reported before?
- Diagnostic program type and version level
- Hardware configuration (print screen of the system summary)
- BIOS code level
- Operating-system type and version level

You can solve some problems by comparing the configuration and software setups between working and nonworking servers. When you compare servers to each other for diagnostic purposes, consider them identical only if all the following factors are exactly the same in all the servers:

- Machine type and model
- BIOS level
- Memory amount, type, and configuration
- Adapters and attachments, in the same locations
- Address jumpers, terminators, and cabling
- Software versions and levels
- Diagnostic program type and version level
- Configuration option settings
- Operating-system control-file setup

Chapter 4. Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943

The following replaceable components are available for the Series x3655 Type 7985 and 7943 servers except as specified otherwise in “Replaceable server components.” To check for an updated parts listing on the Web, complete the following steps:

1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html>.
2. From the **Hardware** list, select System 3655, and click **GO**.
3. Click the **Install and use** tab.
4. Under **Technical resources**, click **Parts information**.

Replaceable server components

Replaceable components are of three types:

- **Tier 1 customer replaceable unit (CRU):** Replacement of Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If IBM installs a Tier 1 CRU at your request, you will be charged for the installation.
- **Tier 2 customer replaceable unit:** You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request IBM to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.
- **Field replaceable unit (FRU):** FRUs must be installed only by trained service technicians.

For information about the terms of the warranty and getting service and assistance, see the *Warranty and Support Information* document.

View 1

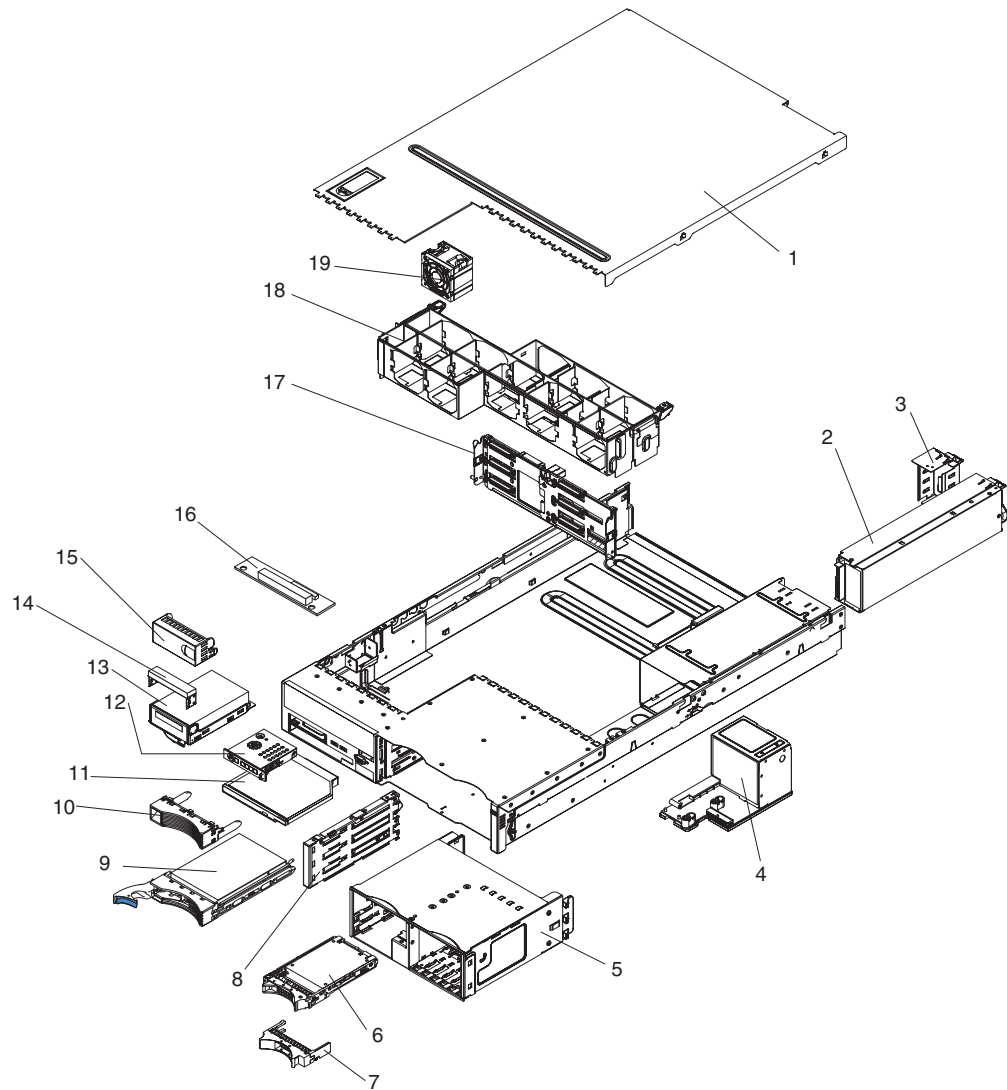


Table 4. View 1 parts listing, Type 7985 and 7943

Index	Description	CRU part number (Tier 1)	CRU part number (Tier 2)	FRU part number
1	Cover (all models)	42C9487		
2	power supply, 835 W (all models)	24R2731		
3	Filler panel, power supply bay (all models)	24R2735		
4	Power backplane (all models)	24R2733		
5	Cage with backplane, 2.5-inch drive (type 7985, models 11x, 12x, 21x, 41x, 51x, 61x) (type 7943, models 32x, 52x, AC1, CTO, MC1)		44R6271	
6	Hard disk drive, 2.5-inch, HS	varies		
6	146 GB hard disk drive assembly, (type 7985, model E5G) (type 7943, models AC1, CTO, MC1)	39R7342		
7	SSF filler panel, 2.5-inch hard disk drive bay (type 7985, models 11x, 12x, 21x, 41x, 51x, 61x) (type 7943, models 32x, 52x, AC1, CTO, MC1)	26K8680		
7	SAS filler panel (type 7985, models 1Ax, 1Bx, 2Ax, 4Ax, 5Ax, 6Ax, E1G, E2G, E4G) (type 7943, models 32x, 34x, 52x, AC1, CTO, MC1)	39M4375		
8	Center bracket, 3.5-inch drive cage (type 7985, models 1Ax, 1Bx, 2Ax, 4Ax, 5Ax, 6Ax, E1G, E2G, E4G, E5G) (type 7943, models 34x, AC1, CTO, MC1)			41Y8733
9	Hard disk drive, 3.5-inch, HS	varies		
10	Filler panel, 3.5-inch hard disk drive bay	39M4375		
11	CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive, 24/8X (all models)	39M3541		
12	Operator information panel assembly (all models)		43W0626	
13	Tape drive	Varies		
14	Tape drive space filler	Varies		
15	Filler panel, tape drive bay (type 7985, models 11x, 12x, 21x, 41x, 51x, 61x) (type 7943, Models 32x, 52x, AC1, CTO, MC1)	41Y8739		
16	CD/DVD media backplane (all models)		41Y8735	
17	SAS Backplane, 3.5-inch hard disk drive (all models)		44W3110	
18	Fan bracket assembly (all models)	40K7552		
19	Fan (60 mm) (all models)	46C4014		

View 2

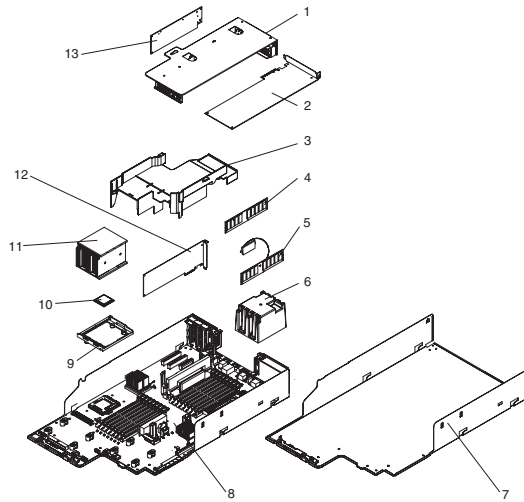


Table 5. View 2 parts listing, Type 7985 and 7943

Index	Description	CRU part number (Tier 1)	CRU part number (Tier 2)	FRU part number
1	HTX riser-card assembly (all models)		40K7448	
1	PCI Express riser-card assembly (optional)	40K7450		
1	PCI-X riser-card assembly (optional)	40K7449		
1	Advance PCI-X riser-card assembly (optional)	25R8592		
2	Full-length adapter	varies		
3	Air baffle (all models)	43W4537		
4	Memory, 512 MB PC2-5300 (type 7985, models 11x, 12x, 1Ax, 1Bx, 21x, 2Ax, 41x, 4Ax, 51x, 5Ax, 61x, 6Ax, E1G, E2G, E4G, E5G) (type 7943, models AC1, CTO, MC1)	41Y2758		
4	Memory, 1GB PC2-5300 (type 7985, EBU, ECU, EDU) (type 7943, models 32x, 34x, 52x, AC1, CTO, MC1)	41Y2761		
4	Memory, 2 GB PC2-5300 (optional)	41Y2764		
4	Memory, 4 GB PC2-5300 (optional)	41Y2851		
5	ServeRAID-8k-I SAS Controller (all models)	25R8079		
5	ServeRAID-8k SAS Controller with battery (optional)	25R8076		
6	Heat sink filler (all models)	39M6800		
7	Shuttle assembly (all models)			40K7571
8	System board (type 7985, all models)			43W7343
8	System board (type 7943, all models)			44R6065
9	Heat-sink retention module (all models)			40K7562
10	Microprocessor, 1.8 GHz, dual core w/ heatsink (type 7985, models 11x, 1Ax, E1G)			40K7548

Table 5. View 2 parts listing, Type 7985 and 7943 (continued)

Index	Description	CRU part number (Tier 1)	CRU part number (Tier 2)	FRU part number
10	Microprocessor, 1.8 GHz, dual core w/heatsink (type 7985, models 12x, 1Bx)			43W7268
10	Microprocessor, 2.0 GHz, dual core w/heatsink (type 7985, models 21x, 2Ax, E2G, EBU)			40K7549
10	Microprocessor, 2.4 GHz, dual core w/heatsink (type 7985, models 41x, 4Ax, E4G, ECU)			40K7550
10	Microprocessor, 2.4 GHz, dual core (optional)			44R6010
10	Microprocessor, 2.6 GHz, dual core w/heatsink (type 7985, models 51x, 5Ax, E5G, EDU)			40K7551
10	Microprocessor, 2.8 GHz, dual core w/heatsink (type 7985, models 61x, 6Ax)			43W7269
10	Microprocessor, 2.1 GHz, quad core w/heatsink (type 7943, models 32x, 34x, AC1, CTO, MC1)			44R6073
10	Microprocessor, 2.3 GHz quad core w/heatsink (type 7943, models 52x, AC1, CTO, MC1)			44R6074
10	Microprocessor, 1.7 GHz quad core w/heatsink (type 7943, models 22x, 1EY)			46M2283
11	Heat sink (all models)			40K7438
12	Low-profile adapter	varies		
13	Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine (optional)	44T1412		
	1000 TxG Dual Port Ethernet adapter (optional)	39Y6095		
	Rack power cable	39M5377		
	Bezel, DDS5 (optional)	25R0009		
	Bracket, EIA (all models)		40K6497	
	Battery, 3.0 V (all models)	33F8354		
	Battery with jumper tool (type 7943, all models)	30L6297		
	Cable, CD/DVD signal (all models)		39M6765	
	Cable, CD/DVD power (all models)		46C4178	
	Cable, SAS hard disk drive, power, 110 (type 7985, models 1Ax, 1Bx, 2Ax, 4Ax, 5Ax, 6Ax, E1G, E2G, E4G, E5G) (type 7943, models 34x, AC1, CTO, MC1)		39M6759	
	Cable, SAS power (all models)		46C4019	
	Cable, SAS hard disk drive, signal, 200 MM (all models)		42C2378	
	Cable, front panel video (all models)		39M6761	

Table 5. View 2 parts listing, Type 7985 and 7943 (continued)

Index	Description	CRU part number (Tier 1)	CRU part number (Tier 2)	FRU part number
	Cable, front panel USB (all models)		39M6763	
	Cable, external SAS (optional)		41Y0485	
	Cable, USB tape (optional)	39M6781		
	Cable, tape power (optional)	39M6797		
	Cable, tape power/SATA (optional)	40K6558		
	CD drive, 24x (optional)	26K5427		
	CD drive, slim ultrabay enhanced (optional)	42C0963		
	CD-RW/DVD drive, ultra slim combo (optional)	43W4587		
	Chassis assembly (all models)			40K7459
	DVD drive retention clip	part of 40K7563		
	DVD drive filler	41Y8740		
	DVD drive, slim ultrabay enhanced rambo 5 (optional)	42C0955		
	DVD drive, slim ultrabay enhanced rambo 5 (optional)	42C0959		
	E fiber SR server adapter, 10 GB (optional)	30R5009		
	Hard disk drive, 36 GB 10K (optional)	39R7364		
	Hard disk drive, 63 GB 15K (optional)	39R7346		
	Hard disk drive, 73 GB 10K (optional)	39R7340		
	Hard disk drive, 73 GB 10K (optional)	39R7366		
	Hard disk drive, 73 GB 15K (optional)	39R7348		
	Hard disk drive, 146 GB 10K (optional)	39R7350		
	Hard disk drive, 300 GB 10K (optional)	39R7344		
	Hard disk drive, 500 GB (optional)	39M4533		
	Hard disk drive, 750 GB (optional)	43W7579		
	Hard disk drive, 73.4 GB (optional)	43X0839		
	Hard disk drive, 146.8 GB (optional)	43X0825		
	Hard disk drive, 300 GB (optional)	43X0805		
	Hard disk drive carrier, 3.5 inch (optional)	44E8850		
	Havana 3U SCSI adapter (optional)	43W4325		
	HCA 400Ex-D, x8 PCI-E dual 4x DDR adapter (optional)	42D3729		
	iSCSI SX server adapter (optional)	30R5509		
	iSCSI TX server adapter (optional)	30R5209		
	Kit, misc. (all models)	40K7563		
	Kit, misc., label, (all models)	40K7564		
	Kit, cable management arm (all models)		40K6556	
	Kit, tape enablement	40K6449		

Table 5. View 2 parts listing, Type 7985 and 7943 (continued)

Index	Description	CRU part number (Tier 1)	CRU part number (Tier 2)	FRU part number
	LSI, 256 card assembly (optional)	39R8852		
	LSI card assembly (optional)	25R8071		
	Myrinet E PCI-X adapter (optional)	40K8751		
	Myrinet 333 MHz single fiber/PCI-X "F" adapter with 2MB memory card assembly (optional)	40K8753		
	Myrinet 10 GB Ethernet copper adapter (optional)	40K9055		
	Myrinet 10 GB Quad Fiber NIC adapter (optional)	40K9057		
	Myrinet 10G Ethernet NIC adapter (optional)	40K9067		
	NetXtreme II 1000 Express Ethernet adapter (optional)	39Y6070		
	NetXtreme 1000 TxG Ethernet adapter (optional)	39Y6081		
	NetXtreme 1000 SxG Ethernet adapter (optional)	39Y6090		
	NetXtreme 1000 Express G Ethernet adapter (optional)	39Y6100		
	PCI-E fiber channel, 4 GB, dual port adapter (optional)	39R6528		
	PCI-E fiber channel, 4 GB, single port adapter (optional)	39R6526		
	PCI-E fiber channel, 4 GB, single port adapter (optional)	43W7510		
	PCI-E fiber channel, 4 GB, dual port adapter (optional)	43W7512		
	PCI-E SR, 10 GB, server adapter (optional)	42C1762		
	PCI-E SDR, Infiniband full-high memory free adapter (optional)	44E9029		
	PCI-X 2.0 fiber channel, 4 GB, host bus adapter (optional)	42D0406		
	PCI-X 2.0 fiber channel, 4 GB, dual port, host bus adapter (optional)	42D0408		
	PCI-X fiber channel, 4 GB, single port adapter (optional)	39M6018		
	PCI-X fiber channel, 4 GB, dual port adapter (optional)	39M6019		
	PRO/1000 GT Server Ethernet adapter (optional)	39Y6107		
	PRO/1000 GT dual port server adapter (optional)	73P5109		
	PRO/1000 GT quad port server adapter (optional)	73P5209		
	PRO/1000 PF server adapter (optional)	42C1752		

Table 5. View 2 parts listing, Type 7985 and 7943 (continued)

Index	Description	CRU part number (Tier 1)	CRU part number (Tier 2)	FRU part number
	PRO/1000 PT dual port server adapter (optional)	39Y6128		
	PRO/1000 PT quad port server adapter (optional)	39Y6138		
	QLogic iSCSI Single-Port PCIe HBA adapter (optional)	39Y6148		
	QLogic iSCSI Dual-Port PCIe HBA adapter (optional)	42C1772		
	Rack power cord, 1.8 M	39M5074		
	Rack power cord, 2.8 M	39M5082		
	Rack power cord, 1.8 M	39M5115		
	Rack power cord, 2.8 M	39M5116		
	Rack power cord, 4.3 M	39M5117		
	Rack power cord, 2.8 M	39M5137		
	Rack power cord, 2.8 M	39M5247		
	Rack power cord, 2.8 M (all models)	39M5377		
	SCSI card, with 3U bracket (optional)	39R8750		
	ServeRAID-8k battery (optional)	25R8088		
	SFS 7000P PCI-E HCA adapter (optional)	41Y4606		
	Slide kit, toolless (all models)		40K6591	
	Slide kit shipping brackets (all models)	40K6592		
	Slide kit, screw-in	41Y8731		
	System label (all models)	40K7561		
	Tape enablement kit (optional)	40K6449		
	Voltaire PCI-E HCA 400 adapter (optional)	40K8755		

Product recovery CDs

Table 6.

Operating system, Number of microprocessors, Language	CRU part number
Windows Server Standard Edition 32 bit, 1-4 microprocessors, English	44W4046
Windows Server Standard Edition 32 bit, 1-4 microprocessors, French	44W4047
Windows Server Standard Edition 32 bit, 1-4 microprocessors, Italian	44W4048
Windows Server Standard Edition 32 bit, 1-4 microprocessors, German	44W4049
Windows Server Standard Edition 32 bit, 1-4 microprocessors, Spanish	44W4050

Table 6. (continued)

Operating system, Number of microprocessors, Language	CRU part number
Windows Server Standard Edition 32 bit, 1-4 microprocessors, Japanese	44W4052
Windows Server Standard Edition 32 bit, 1-4 microprocessors, Korean	44W4054
Windows Server Standard Edition 32 bit, 1-4 microprocessors, Chinese - Simplified	44W4053
Windows Server Standard Edition 32 bit, 1-4 microprocessors, Chinese - Traditional	44W4051
Windows Server Standard Edition 64 bit, 1-4 microprocessors, English	44W4055
Windows Server Standard Edition 64 bit, 1-4 microprocessors, Japanese	44W4056
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-2 microprocessors, English	44W4057
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-8 microprocessors, English	44W4065
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 64 bit, 1-2 microprocessors, English	44W4074
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 64 bit, 1-8 microprocessors, English	44W4076
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-2 microprocessors, French	44W4058
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-8 microprocessors, French	44W4066
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-2 microprocessors, German	44W4059
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-8 microprocessors, German	44W4068
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-2 microprocessors, Spanish	44W4060
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-8 microprocessors, Spanish	44W4069
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-2 microprocessors, Chinese - Simplified	44W4061
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-8 microprocessors, Chinese - Simplified	44W4070
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-2 microprocessors, Chinese - Traditional	44W4062
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-8 microprocessors, Chinese - Traditional	44W4071
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-2 microprocessors, Japanese	44W4063
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-8 microprocessors, Japanese	44W4072
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 64 bit, 1-2 microprocessors, Japanese	44W4075

Table 6. (continued)

Operating system, Number of microprocessors, Language	CRU part number
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 64 bit, 1-8 microprocessors, Japanese	44W4077
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-2 microprocessors, Korean	44W4064
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-8 microprocessors, Korean	44W4073
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-2 microprocessors, Italian	44W4078
Windows Server Enterprise Edition 32 bit, 1-8 microprocessors, Italian	44W4067

Power cords

For your safety, IBM provides a power cord with a grounded attachment plug to use with this IBM product. To avoid electrical shock, always use the power cord and plug with a properly grounded outlet.

IBM power cords used in the United States and Canada are listed by Underwriter's Laboratories (UL) and certified by the Canadian Standards Association (CSA).

For units intended to be operated at 115 volts: Use a UL-listed and CSA-certified cord set consisting of a minimum 18 AWG, Type SVT or SJT, three-conductor cord, a maximum of 15 feet in length and a parallel blade, grounding-type attachment plug rated 15 amperes, 125 volts.

For units intended to be operated at 230 volts (U.S. use): Use a UL-listed and CSA-certified cord set consisting of a minimum 18 AWG, Type SVT or SJT, three-conductor cord, a maximum of 15 feet in length and a tandem blade, grounding-type attachment plug rated 15 amperes, 250 volts.

For units intended to be operated at 230 volts (outside the U.S.): Use a cord set with a grounding-type attachment plug. The cord set should have the appropriate safety approvals for the country in which the equipment will be installed.

IBM power cords for a specific country or region are usually available only in that country or region.

IBM power cord part number	Used in these countries and regions
39M5206	China
39M5102	Australia, Fiji, Kiribati, Nauru, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea

IBM power cord part number	Used in these countries and regions
39M5123	Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo (Democratic Republic of), Congo (Republic of), Cote D'Ivoire (Ivory Coast), Croatia (Republic of), Czech Republic, Dahomey, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Ethiopia, Finland, France, French Guyana, French Polynesia, Germany, Greece, Guadeloupe, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Laos (People's Democratic Republic of), Latvia, Lebanon, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macedonia (former Yugoslav Republic of), Madagascar, Mali, Martinique, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mayotte, Moldova (Republic of), Monaco, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Netherlands, New Caledonia, Niger, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Reunion, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia (Republic of), Somalia, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Tahiti, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, Upper Volta, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Vietnam, Wallis and Futuna, Yugoslavia (Federal Republic of), Zaire
39M5130	Denmark
39M5144	Bangladesh, Lesotho, Macao, Maldives, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Samoa, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Swaziland, Uganda
39M5151	Abu Dhabi, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Channel Islands, China (Hong Kong S.A.R.), Cyprus, Dominica, Gambia, Ghana, Grenada, Iraq, Ireland, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Liberia, Malawi, Malaysia, Malta, Myanmar (Burma), Nigeria, Oman, Polynesia, Qatar, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Sudan, Tanzania (United Republic of), Trinidad and Tobago, United Arab Emirates (Dubai), United Kingdom, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe
39M5158	Liechtenstein, Switzerland
39M5165	Chile, Italy, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya
39M5172	Israel
39M5095	220 - 240 V Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Brazil, Caicos Islands, Canada, Cayman Islands, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guam, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Japan, Mexico, Micronesia (Federal States of), Netherlands Antilles, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Taiwan, United States of America, Venezuela
39M5081	110 - 120 V Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Caicos Islands, Canada, Cayman Islands, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guam, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Micronesia (Federal States of), Netherlands Antilles, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Thailand, Taiwan, United States of America, Venezuela
39M5219	Korea (Democratic People's Republic of), Korea (Republic of)
39M5199	Japan

IBM power cord part number	Used in these countries and regions
39M5068	Argentina, Paraguay, Uruguay
39M5226	India
39M5233	Brazil

Chapter 5. Removing and replacing server components

Replaceable components are of three types:

- **Tier 1 customer replaceable unit (CRU):** Replacement of Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If IBM installs a Tier 1 CRU at your request, you will be charged for the installation.
- **Tier 2 customer replaceable unit:** You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request IBM to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.
- **Field replaceable unit (FRU):** FRUs must be installed only by trained service technicians.

See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3655, Type 7985 and 7943,” on page 93 to determine whether a component is a Tier 1 CRU, Tier 2 CRU, or FRU.

For information about the terms of the warranty and getting service and assistance, see the *Warranty and Support Information* document.

Installation guidelines

Before you remove or replace a component, read the following information:

- Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and the guidelines in “Handling static-sensitive devices” on page 107. This information will help you work safely.
- When you install your new server, take the opportunity to download and apply the most recent firmware updates. This step will help to ensure that any known issues are addressed and that your server is ready to function at maximum levels of performance. To download firmware updates for your server, go to <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html>, select **System x3655** from the **Hardware** list, click **Go**, and click the **Download** tab. For additional information about tools for updating, managing, and deploying firmware, see the System x and xSeries Tools Center at <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolctr/v1r0/index.jsp>.
- Before you install optional hardware devices, make sure that the server is working correctly. Start the server, and make sure that the operating system starts, if an operating system is installed, or that a 19990305 error code is displayed, indicating that an operating system was not found but the server is otherwise working correctly. If the server is not working correctly, see “Solving problems” in the *Installation Guide* for diagnostic information.
- Observe good housekeeping in the area where you are working. Place removed covers and other parts in a safe place.
- If you must start the server while the cover is removed, make sure that no one is near the server and that no tools or other objects have been left inside the server.
- Do not attempt to lift an object that you think is too heavy for you. If you have to lift a heavy object, observe the following precautions:
 - Make sure that you can stand safely without slipping.
 - Distribute the weight of the object equally between your feet.
 - Use a slow lifting force. Never move suddenly or twist when you lift a heavy object.

- To avoid straining the muscles in your back, lift by standing or by pushing up with your leg muscles.
- Make sure that you have an adequate number of properly grounded electrical outlets for the server, monitor, and other devices.
- Back up all important data before you make changes to disk drives.
- Have a small flat-blade screwdriver available.
- You do not have to turn off the server to install or replace hot-swap power supplies, hot-swap fans, or hot-plug Universal Serial Bus (USB) devices. However, you must turn off the server before performing any steps that involve removing or installing cables.
- Blue on a component indicates touch points, where you can grip the component to remove it from or install it in the server, open or close a latch, and so on.
- Orange on a component or an orange label on or near a component indicates that the component can be hot-swapped, which means that if the server and operating system support hot-swap capability, you can remove or install the component while the server is running. (Orange can also indicate touch points on hot-swap components.) See the instructions for removing or installing a specific hot-swap component for any additional procedures that you might have to perform before you remove or install the component.
- When you are finished working on the server, reinstall all safety shields, guards, labels, and ground wires.
- For a list of supported optional devices for the server, see <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/>.

System reliability guidelines

To help ensure proper cooling and system reliability, make sure that:

- Each of the drive bays has a drive or a filler panel and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) shield installed in it.
- If the server has redundant power, each of the power-supply bays has a power supply installed in it.
- There is adequate space around the server to allow the server cooling system to work properly. Leave approximately 50 mm (2.0 in.) of open space around the front and rear of the server. Do not place objects in front of the fans. For proper cooling and airflow, replace the server cover before turning on the server. Operating the server for extended periods of time (more than 2 minutes) with the server cover removed might damage server components.
- You have followed the cabling instructions that come with optional adapters.
- You have replaced a failed fan within 48 hours.
- You have replaced a hot-swap drive within 2 minutes of removal.
- You do not operate the server without the air baffle installed. Operating the server without the air baffle might cause the microprocessor to overheat.

Working inside the server with the power on

Attention: Static electricity that is released to internal server components when the server is powered-on might cause the server to halt, which could result in the loss of data. To avoid this potential problem, always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when working inside the server with the power on.

The server supports hot-plug, hot-add, and hot-swap devices and is designed to operate safely while it is turned on and the cover is removed. Follow these guidelines when you work inside a server that is turned on:

- Avoid wearing loose-fitting clothing on your forearms. Button long-sleeved shirts before working inside the server; do not wear cuff links while you are working inside the server.
- Do not allow your necktie or scarf to hang inside the server.
- Remove jewelry, such as bracelets, necklaces, rings, and loose-fitting wrist watches.
- Remove items from your shirt pocket, such as pens and pencils, that could fall into the server as you lean over it.
- Avoid dropping any metallic objects, such as paper clips, hairpins, and screws, into the server.

Handling static-sensitive devices

Attention: Static electricity can damage the server and other electronic devices. To avoid damage, keep static-sensitive devices in their static-protective packages until you are ready to install them.

To reduce the possibility of damage from electrostatic discharge, observe the following precautions:

- Limit your movement. Movement can cause static electricity to build up around you.
- The use of a grounding system is recommended. For example, wear an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap, if one is available. Always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when working inside the server with the power on.
- Handle the device carefully, holding it by its edges or its frame.
- Do not touch solder joints, pins, or exposed circuitry.
- Do not leave the device where others can handle and damage it.
- While the device is still in its static-protective package, touch it to an unpainted metal surface on the outside of the server for at least 2 seconds. This drains static electricity from the package and from your body.
- Remove the device from its package and install it directly into the server without setting down the device. If it is necessary to set down the device, put it back into its static-protective package. Do not place the device on the server cover or on a metal surface.
- Take additional care when handling devices during cold weather. Heating reduces indoor humidity and increases static electricity.

Returning a device or component

If you are instructed to return a device or component, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Connecting the cables

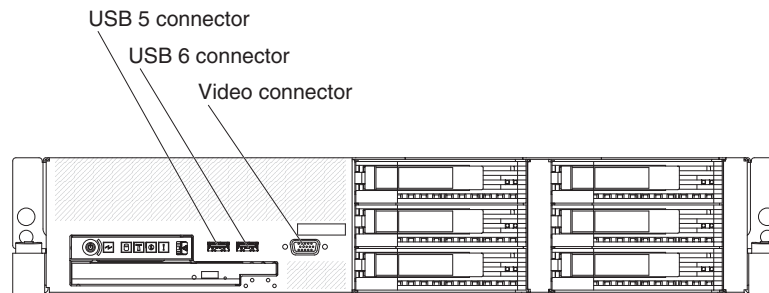
You must turn off the server before you connect any cables to or disconnect any cables from the server.

See the documentation that comes with optional devices for additional cabling instructions. It might be easier for you to route cables before you install certain devices.

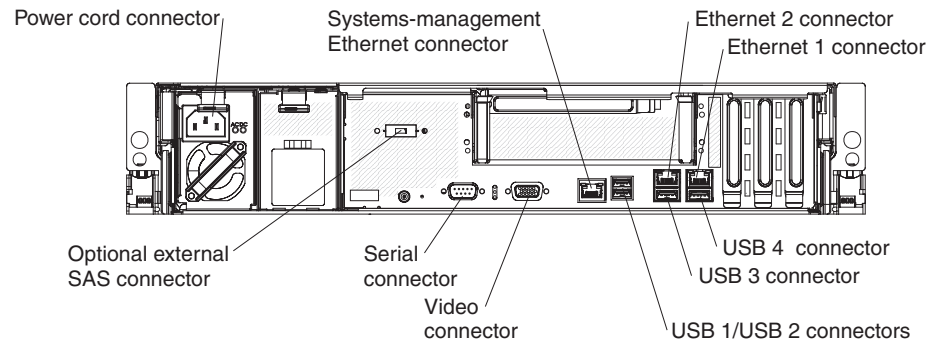
For details about the locations and functions of the input/output connectors, see “Server controls, LEDs, and connectors” on page 7.

The following illustrations shows the locations of the input/output connectors. Detailed cabling instructions for installing the server in a rack are in the *Rack Installation Instructions* that come with the server.

Front View



Rear View



Removing and replacing Tier 1 CRUs

Replacement of Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If IBM installs a Tier 1 CRU at your request, you will be charged for the installation.

The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

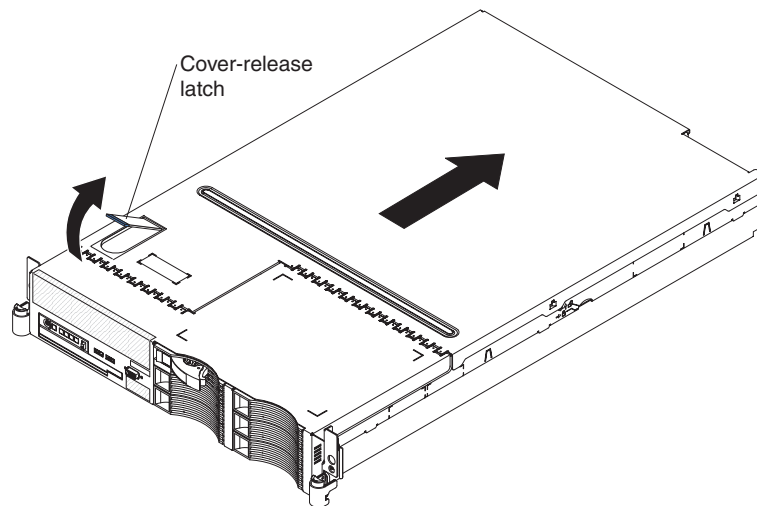
Removing the cover

Attention: For proper cooling and airflow, replace the cover before turning on the server. Operating the server for extended periods of time (more than 2 minutes) with the cover removed might damage server components.

To remove the cover, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. If you are planning to install or remove a microprocessor, memory module, PCI adapter, or tape drive, turn off the server and all attached devices and disconnect all external cables and power cords.
3. Press down on the left and right side latches and slide the server out of the rack enclosure until both slide rails lock.

Note: You can reach the cables on the back of the server when the server is in the locked position.

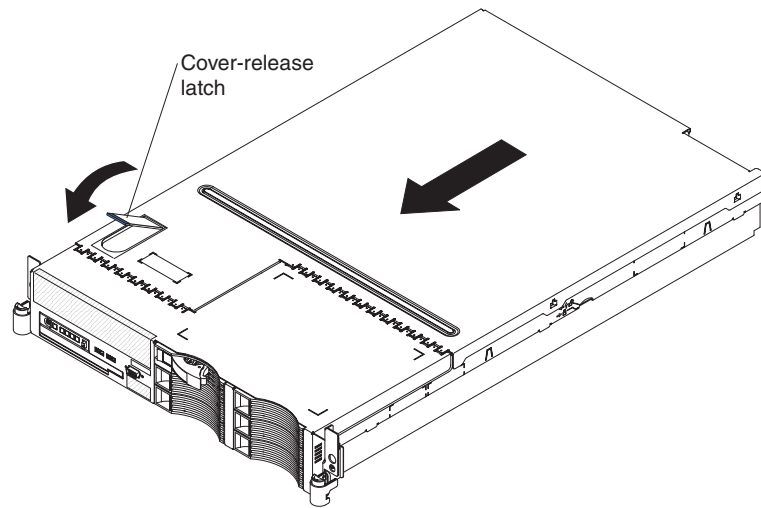


4. Lift the cover-release latch. Lift the cover off the server and set the cover aside.
5. If you are instructed to return the cover, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the cover

To install the cover, complete the following steps:

1. Make sure that all internal cables are correctly routed.

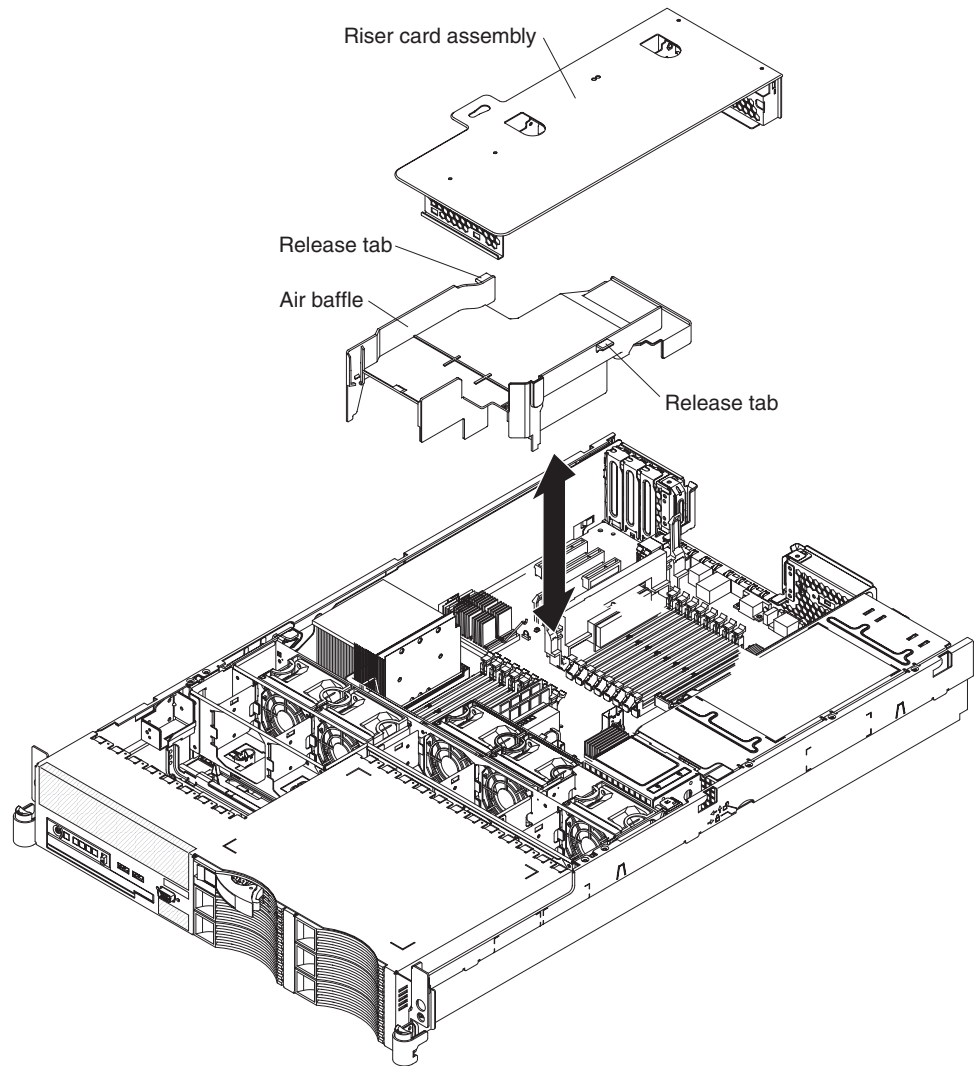


2. Place the cover-release latch in the open (up) position.
3. Insert the bottom tabs of the top cover into the matching slots in the server chassis.
4. Press down on the cover-release latch to lock the cover in place.
5. Slide the server into the rack.
6. Connect the cables and power cords.
7. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Removing the air baffle

When you work with some optional devices you must first remove the air baffle to access certain components or connectors on the system board. The following illustration shows how to remove the air baffle.

Attention: For proper cooling and airflow, replace the air baffle before turning on the server. Operating the server with the air baffle removed might damage server components.

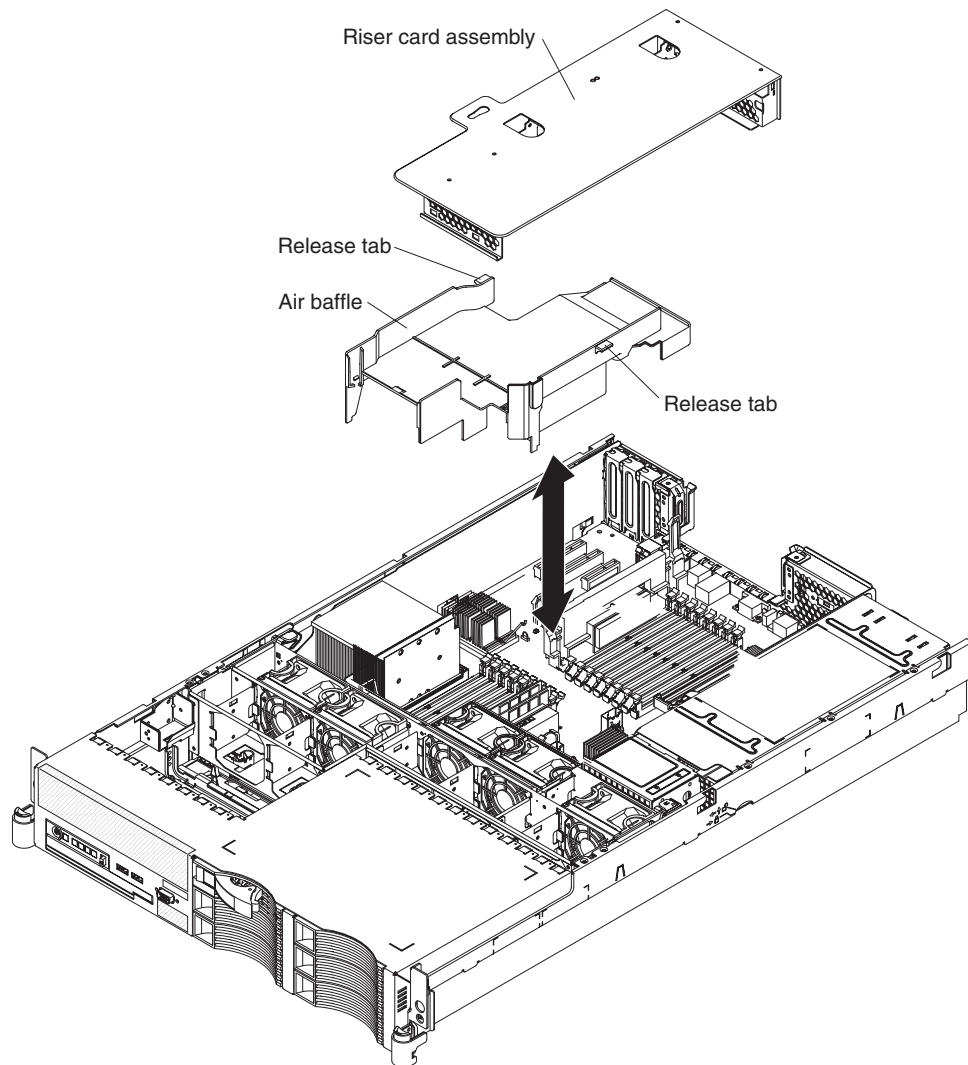


To remove the air baffle, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
5. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 154).
6. Grasp the release tabs on each side of the air baffle, and lift the air baffle out of the server.

7. If you are instructed to return the air baffle, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the air baffle



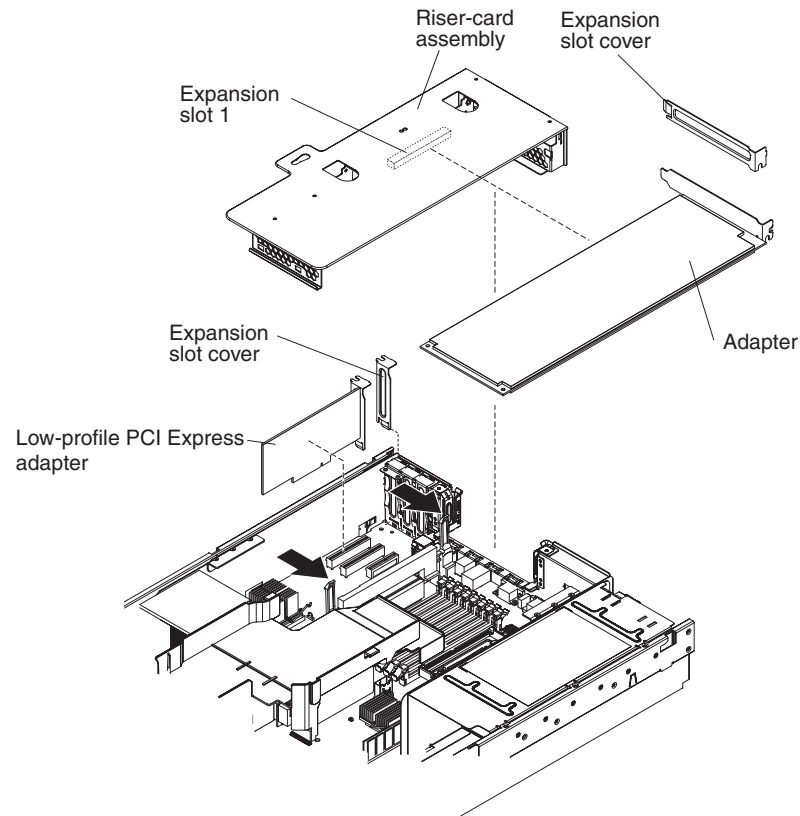
To install the replacement air baffle, complete the following steps:

1. Hold the air baffle by the release tabs on each side. Align the front of the air baffle with the rear of the fan bracket assembly and the side of the heat sink on microprocessor number one.
2. Slide the air baffle down into the server until the bottom edge rests on the system board.
3. Install the riser-card assembly (see "Installing the riser-card assembly" on page 155).
4. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 110).
5. Slide the server into the rack.
6. Connect the cables and power cords.
7. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Removing an adapter

This topic describes removing an adapter from a PCI slot. To remove a Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, go to “Removing the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine” on page 118. To remove the ServeRAID SAS controller, go to “Removing the ServeRAID SAS controller” on page 120.

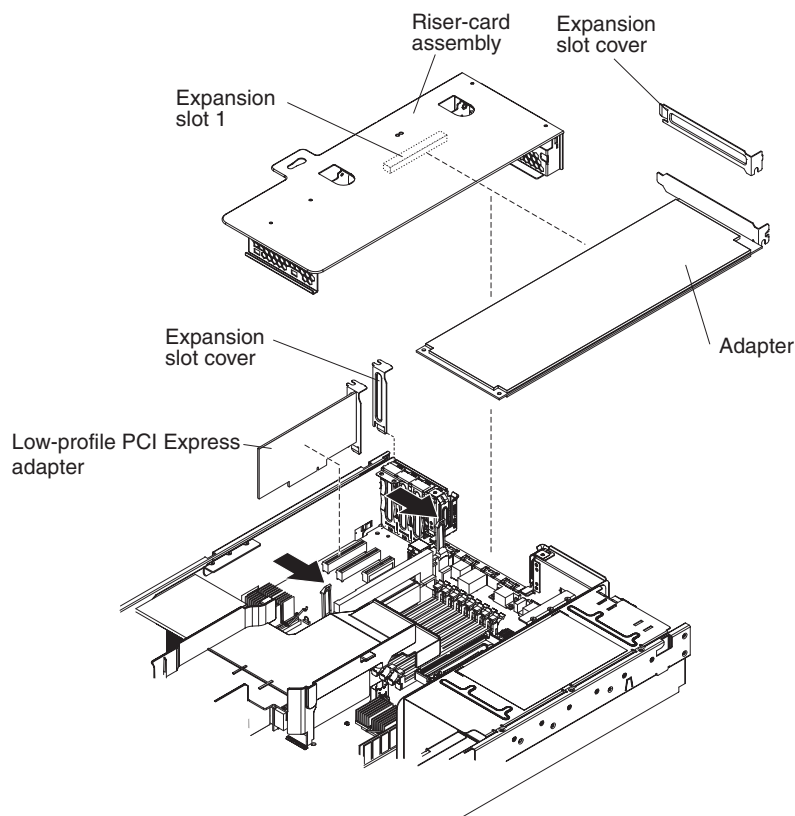
To remove an adapter from a PCI slot, complete the following steps.



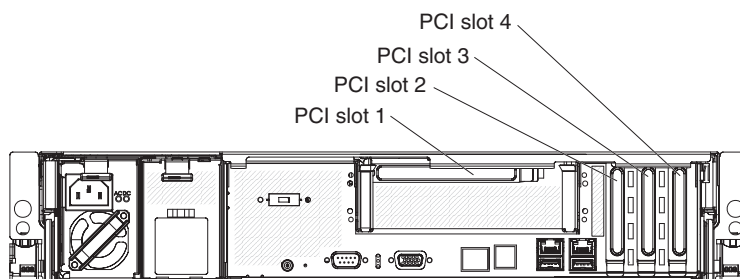
1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Slide the server out of the rack.
5. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
6. If the adapter is on the riser card, remove the riser-card assembly from the server (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 154).
7. Disconnect any cables from the adapter.
8. Carefully grasp the adapter by its top edge or upper corners, and pull the adapter from the PCI slot.
9. If you are instructed to return the adapter, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing an adapter

This topic describes installing an adapter in a PCI slot. To install a Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, go to “Installing the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine” on page 119. To install a ServeRAID SAS controller, go to “Installing a ServeRAID SAS controller” on page 121.



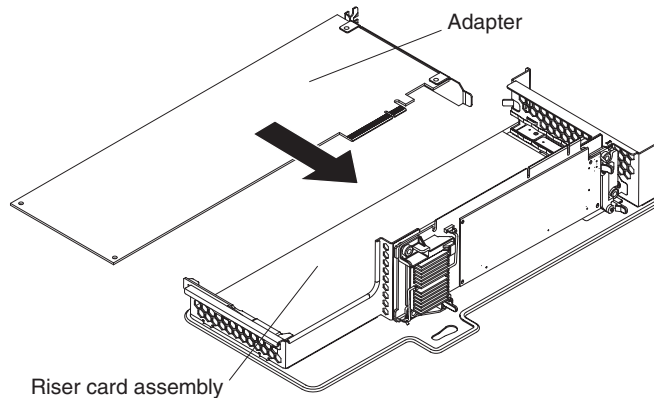
The following illustration shows the location of the adapter expansion slots.



To install the replacement adapter, complete the following steps:

1. Slide the expansion-slot cover out of the PCI low-profile-card slot or PCI riser-card slot.
2. Install the adapter in the expansion slot. The following illustration shows how to install an adapter in a PCI slot on the riser card.

Note: For clarity, the riser-card assembly is inverted in this illustration.

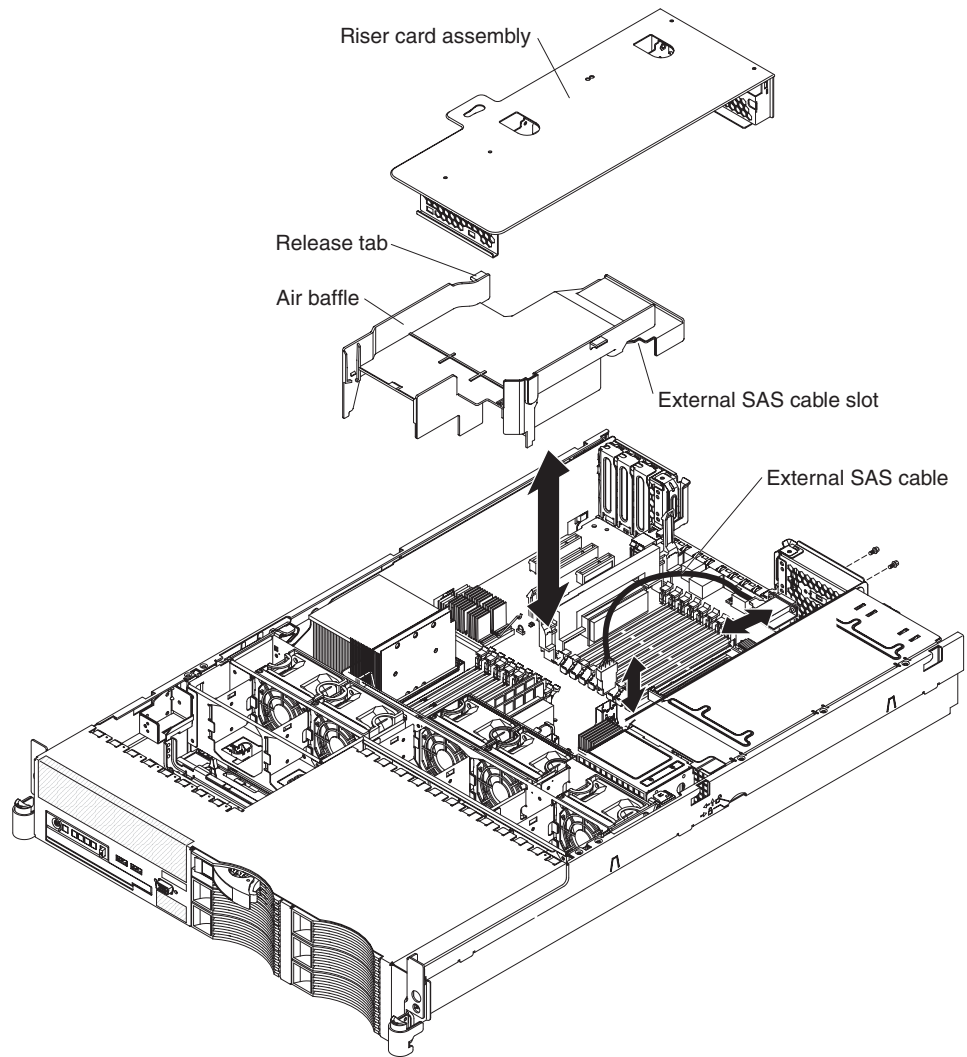


3. If you removed the riser-card assembly to install the adapter, install the riser card assembly (see “Installing the riser-card assembly” on page 155).
4. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
5. Slide the server into the rack.
6. Connect the cables and power cords.
7. Turn on all attached devices and the server.
8. Perform any configuration tasks that are required for the adapter.

Removing the external SAS cable

To remove the external SAS cable, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Slide the server out of the rack.
5. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
6. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 154).
7. Remove the air baffle (see “Removing the air baffle” on page 111).
8. Remove the two screws securing the cable to the rear of the chassis. Store the screws in a safe place for reuse later.



9. Disconnect the other end of the cable from the external SAS connector on the system board.

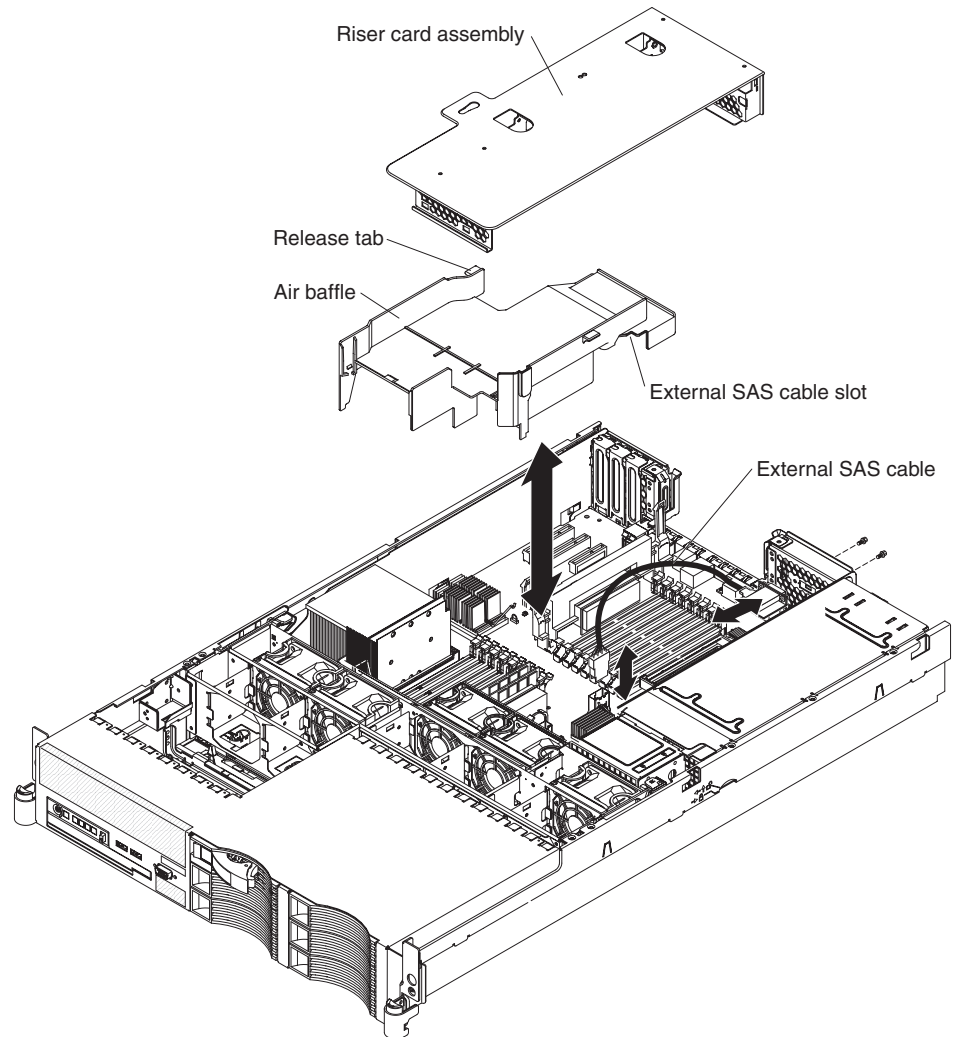
If you are instructed to return the external SAS cable, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging material that are supplied to you.

Installing the external SAS cable

To install the external SAS cable complete the following steps:

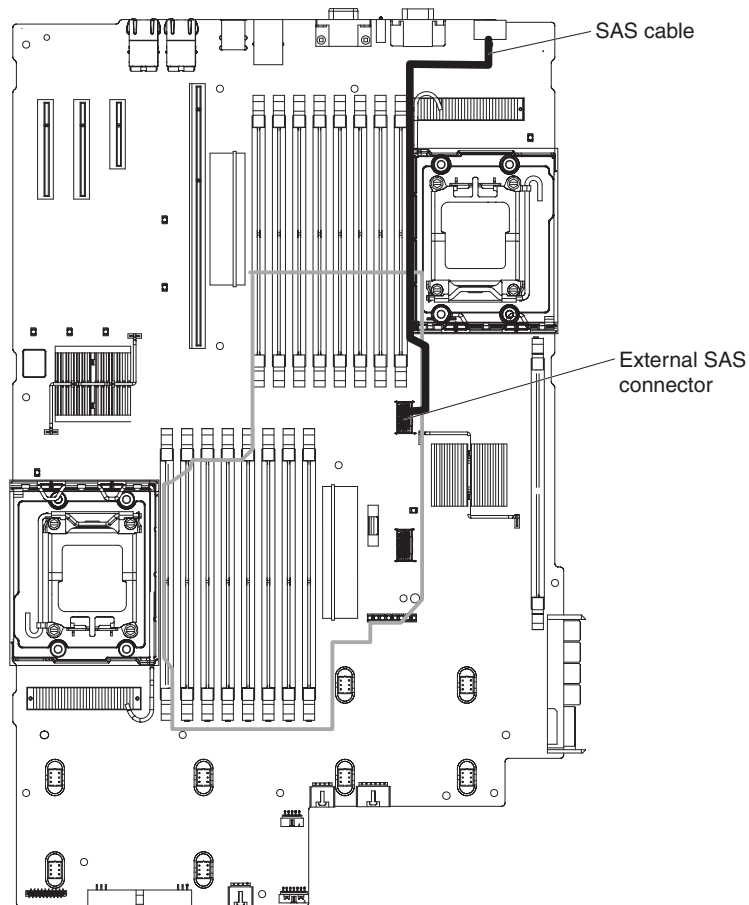
1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Slide the server out of the rack.
5. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 109).
6. Remove the riser-card assembly (see "Removing the riser-card assembly" on page 154).
7. Remove the air baffle (see "Removing the air baffle" on page 111).
8. Remove the cap on the external SAS connector on the system board.

9. Using the screws supplied with the cable, attach the end of the cable with the connector to the rear of the chassis. Attach the other end of the cable to the external SAS connector on the system board.
10. Install the air baffle (see “Installing the air baffle” on page 112); then, route the cable through the slot in the side of the air baffle.



The following illustration shows the routing for the external SAS cable.

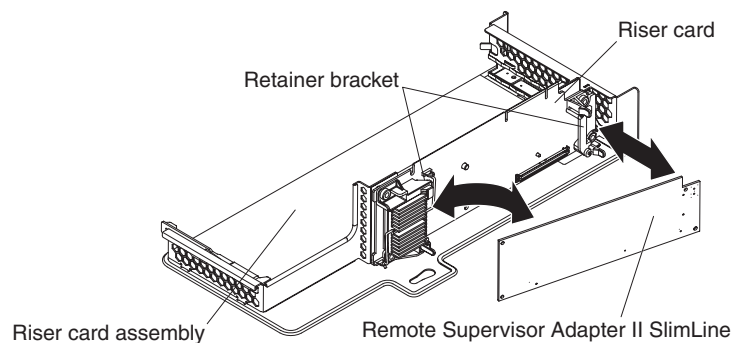
Important: Make sure the SAS cable doesn't interfere with an adapter installed in the riser-card assembly.



11. Install the riser card assembly (see “Installing the riser-card assembly” on page 155).
12. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
13. Slide the server into the rack.
14. Connect the cables and power cords.
15. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Removing the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine

The following illustration shows how to remove the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.



Note: Before removing a Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, create a backup copy of the configuration so that if you are replacing the adapter, you can restore the configuration.

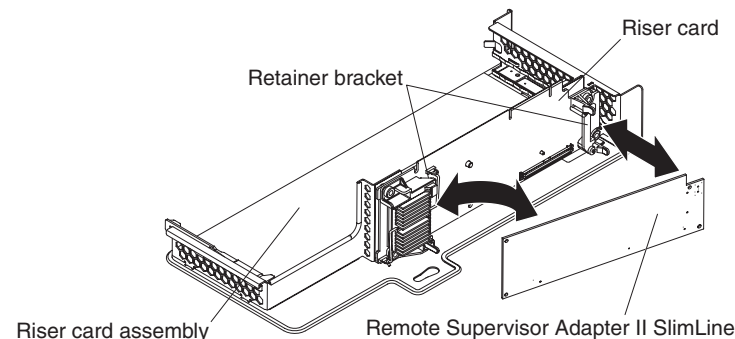
To remove the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
6. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 154) and set it on a static-free surface.
7. Spread the tabs of the latch brackets apart and lift the end of the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, until the tabs release the card; then, slide the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine out of the brackets.
8. Lift the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine out of the server.
9. If you are instructed to return the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine

The optional Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine can be installed only on the riser card. After the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed, the system-management Ethernet port on the rear of the server is active.

Note: Earlier versions of the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine might not work in this server. See the ServerProven® list at <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/> for information about the supported Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.



To install the replacement Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, complete the following steps:

1. Turn the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine adapter so that the connector aligns correctly with the connector on the riser card.
2. Install the end of the adapter without the connector first. Slide the adapter under the tabs; then, slide the holes in the adapter onto the pins on the retainer bracket.

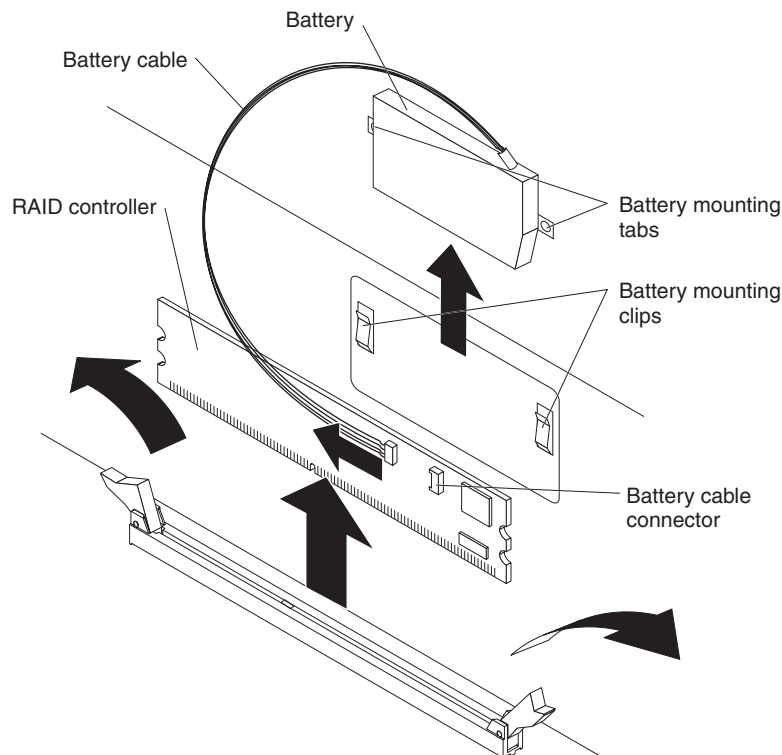
3. Rotate the free end of the adapter down under the tabs and onto the pins on the retainer brackets; then, press the adapter into the connector on the riser card and make sure that all the tabs on the latch brackets secure the adapter in place.
4. Replace the riser-card assembly (see “Installing the riser-card assembly” on page 155)
5. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
6. Slide the server into the rack.
7. Connect the cables and power cords.
8. Turn on all attached devices and the server.
9. Restore the backup copy of the configuration to the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine. If you do not have a backup copy of the configuration, see the documentation that comes with the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine for information about installing the firmware and configuring the options.

Note: When you start the server for the first time after you install a Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, the start-up process will take several minutes longer than a typical start-up.

Removing the ServeRAID SAS controller

Attention: To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the connectors, handle the clips gently.

Note: The following illustration shows removing a ServeRAID-8k SAS controller; the ServeRAID-8k-I SAS controller does not have a battery.



To remove the ServeRAID SAS controller, complete the following steps:

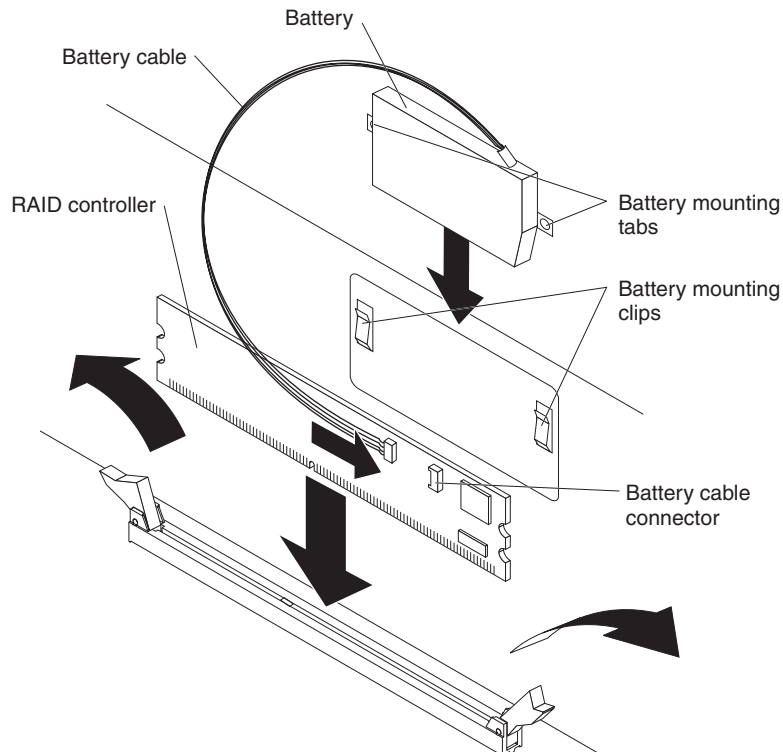
1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.

2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
5. Remove the fan-bracket assembly (see “Removing the fan-bracket assembly” on page 136).
6. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 154).
7. Remove the air baffle (see “Removing the air baffle” on page 111).
8. Locate the ServeRAID SAS controller on the system board.
9. Move the SAS cable so it is not interfering with removing the ServeRAID SAS controller.
10. If the controller is a ServeRAID-8k SAS Controller, disconnect the battery from the card and remove the battery from the server.
11. Open the retaining clip on each end of the connector.
12. Lift the ServeRAID SAS controller out of the connector.
13. If you are instructed to return the ServeRAID SAS controller, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a ServeRAID SAS controller

To install the replacement ServeRAID-8k-I SAS controller or the ServeRAID-8k SAS controller, complete the following steps:

Note: The following illustration shows installing a ServeRAID-8k SAS controller, the ServeRAID-8k-I SAS controller does not have a battery.



1. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new ServeRAID SAS controller to any unpainted metal surface on the server. Then, remove the ServeRAID SAS controller from the package.

2. Turn the new ServeRAID SAS controller so that the keys on the bottom edge align correctly with the connector.
3. Firmly press the ServeRAID SAS controller straight down into the connector by applying pressure on both ends of the controller simultaneously. The retaining clips snap into the locked position when the controller is firmly seated in the connector.

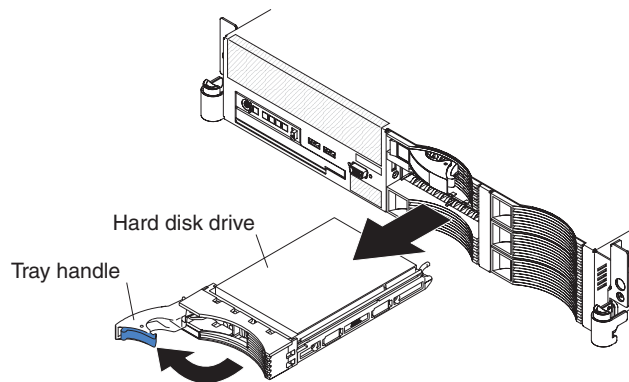
Note: If there is a gap between the controller and the retaining clips, the controller has not been correctly installed. In this case, open the retaining clips and remove the controller; then, reinsert the controller.

4. If you are installing a ServeRAID-8k SAS controller, complete the following steps.
 - a. Remove the battery from the ServeRAID-8k SAS controller package.
 - b. Slide the battery mounting tabs into the battery mounting clips on the wall of the power supply bay next to the connector.
 - c. Connect the ServeRAID-8k SAS controller battery cable to the ServeRAID SAS controller.
5. Reposition the SAS cable.
6. Install the fan-bracket assembly (see "Installing the fan-bracket assembly" on page 137).
7. Install the air baffle ("Installing the air baffle" on page 112).
8. Install the riser-card assembly (see "Installing the riser-card assembly" on page 155).
9. Install the cover.
10. Slide the server into the rack.
11. Connect the cables and power cords.
12. Turn on all attached devices and the server.
13. When you restart the server, you will be given the opportunity to import the existing RAID configuration to the new RAID controller.

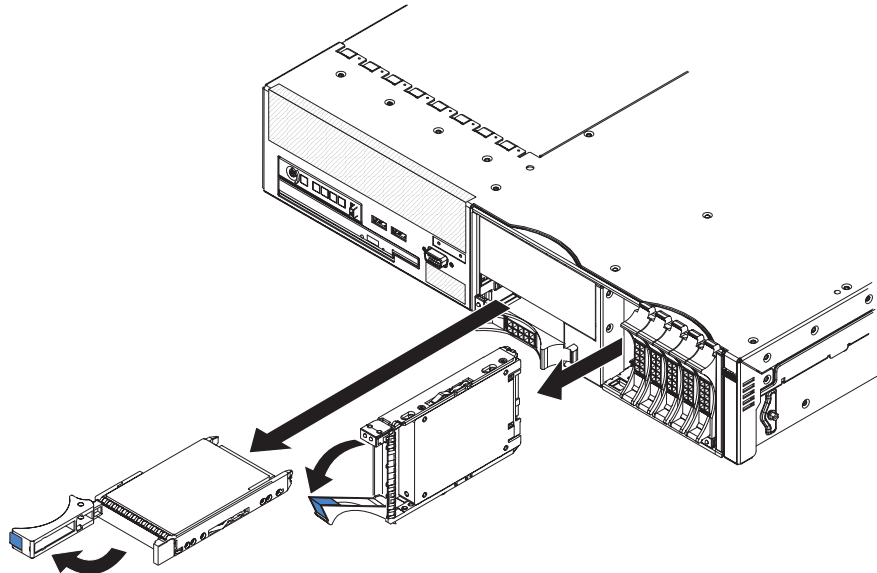
Removing a hard disk drive

To remove a hard disk drive from a hot-swap bay, complete the following steps.

3.5-inch drives



2.5-inch drives



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105
2. Move the handle on the drive to the open position (perpendicular to the drive).
3. Pull the hot-swap drive assembly from the bay.
4. If you are instructed to return the hot-swap drive, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a hard disk drive

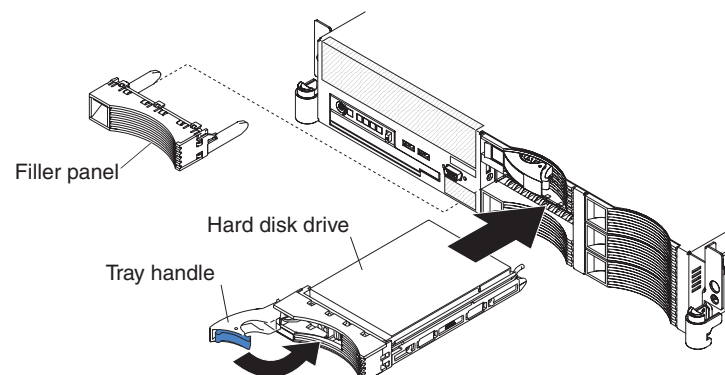
Locate the documentation that comes with the hard disk drive and follow those instructions in addition to the instructions in this chapter.

For information about the type of hard disk drive that the server supports and other information that you must consider when installing a hard disk drive, see the *User's Guide* on the IBM *Documentation CD*.

To install the replacement drive in a hot-swap bay, complete the following steps.

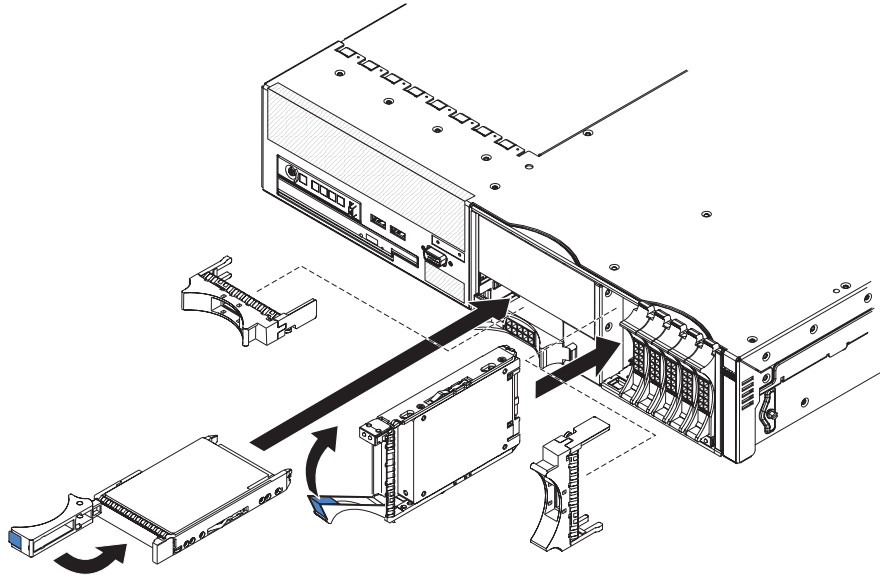
3.5-inch drives

Important: Install only SAS or SATA 3.5-inch hard disk drives in this server.



2.5-inch drives

Important: Install only SAS 2.5-inch hard disk drives in this server.



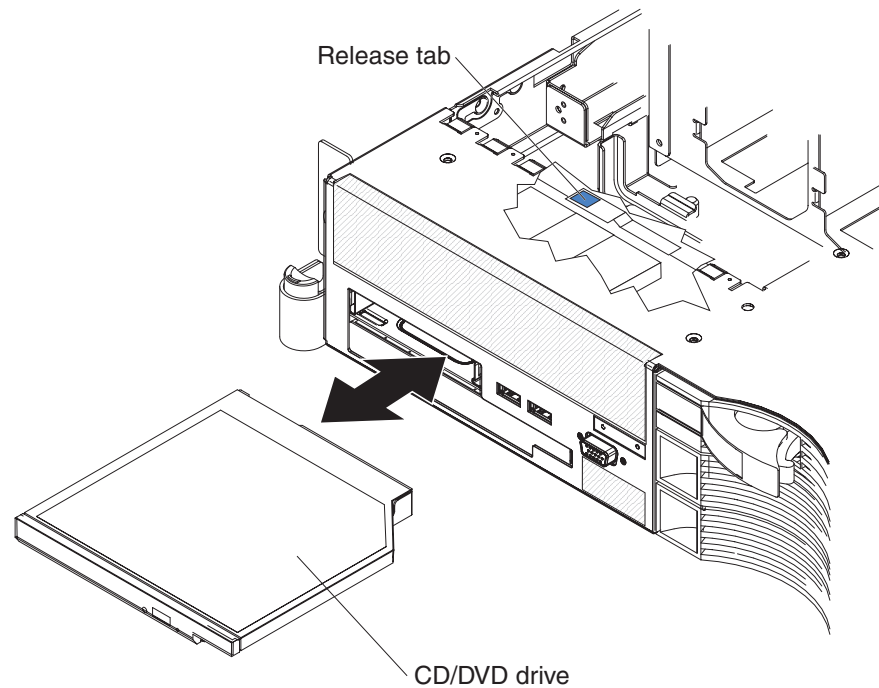
Attention: To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the server for more than 10 minutes without either a drive or a filler panel installed in each bay.

1. Install the hard disk drive in the hot-swap bay:
 - a. Make sure that the tray handle is open (that is, perpendicular to the drive).
 - b. Align the drive assembly with the guide rails in the bay.
 - c. Gently push the drive assembly into the bay until the drive stops.
 - d. Push the tray handle to the closed (locked) position.
2. Check the hard disk drive status LED to verify that the hard disk drive is operating correctly.

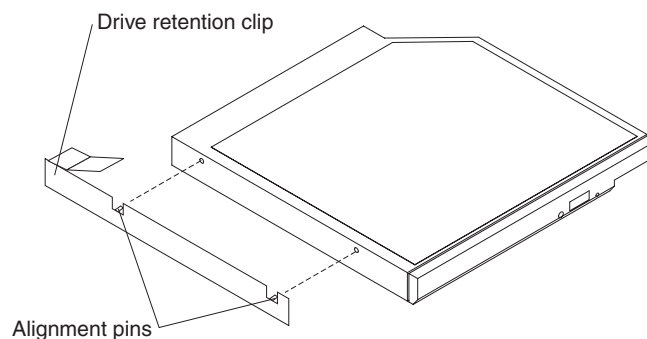
If the amber hard disk drive status LED for a drive is lit continuously, that drive is faulty and must be replaced. If the green hard disk drive activity LED is flashing, the drive is being accessed.

Removing a CD-RW/DVD drive

To remove the CD-RW/DVD drive, complete the following steps.



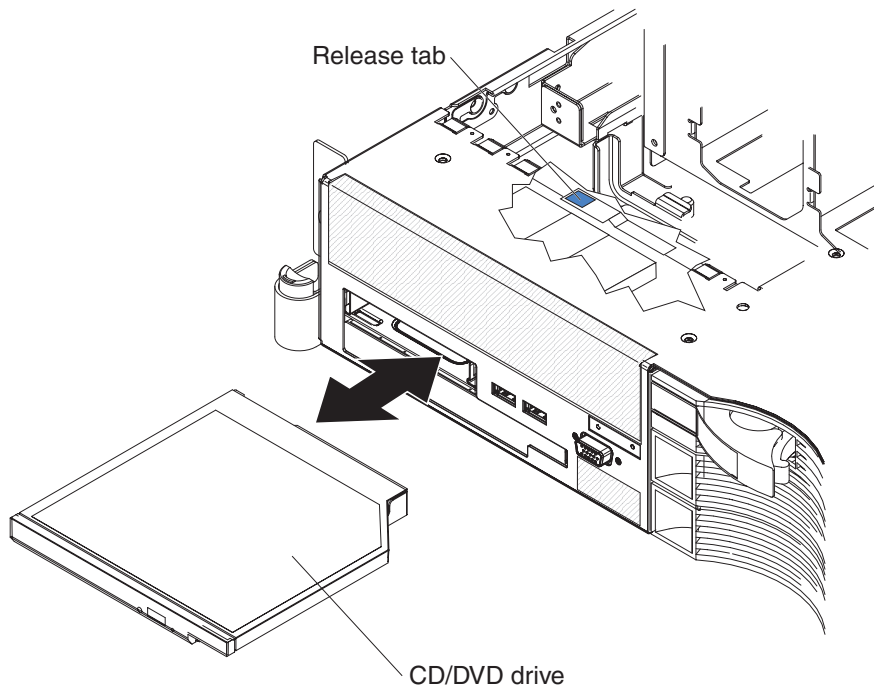
1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Slide the server out of the rack.
5. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
6. Press down on the release tab on the top of the drive bay to release the drive; then, while pressing the tab, push the drive toward the front of the server.



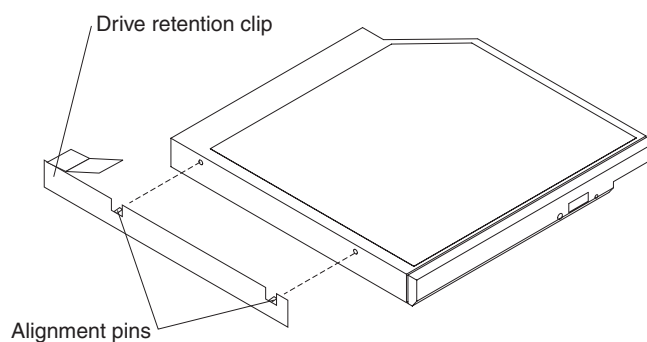
7. From the front of the server, pull the drive out of the bay.
8. Remove the retention clip from the drive.
9. If you are instructed to return the CD-RW/DVD drive, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a CD-RW/DVD drive

To install the replacement CD-RW/DVD drive, complete the following steps.



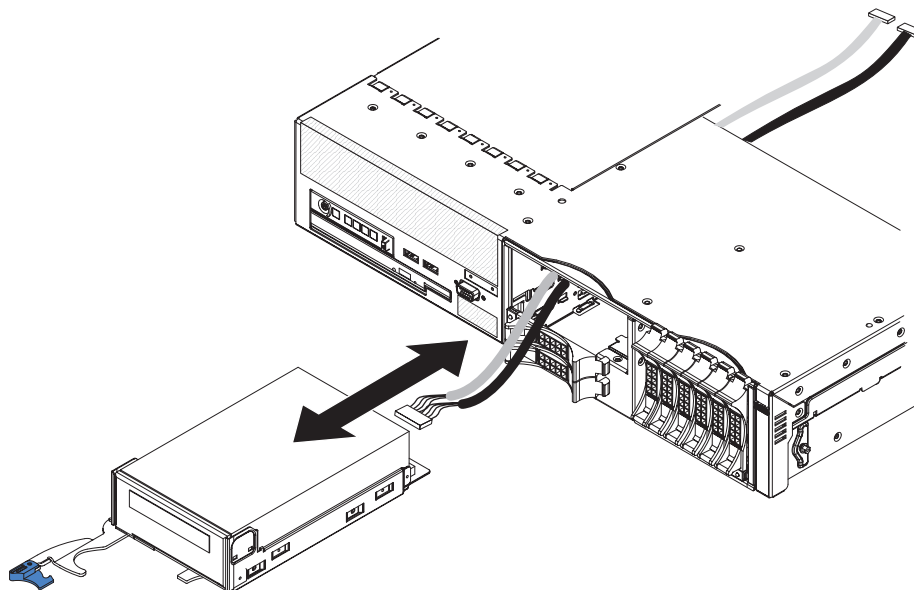
1. Follow the instructions that come with the drive to set any jumpers or switches.



2. Attach the drive-retention clip to the side of the drive.
3. From the front of the server, slide the drive into the CD-RW/DVD drive bay until the drive clicks into place.
4. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 110).
5. Slide the server into the rack.
6. Connect the cables and power cords.
7. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Removing an optional tape drive

The following illustration shows removing a tape drive from a 2.5 inch server model.



To remove the tape drive, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Remove the cover from the server.
5. Remove the fan-bracket assembly (see “Removing the fan-bracket assembly” on page 136).
6. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 154).
7. Remove the air baffle (see “Removing the air baffle” on page 111).
8. Disconnect the tape drive cables from the connectors on the system board.
9. Open the tape drive tray release latch.
10. Gently pull the drive and cables out of the bay.

Note: On a 3.5-inch model server, gently pull the drive cables out through the slot in the left side of the bay.

11. If you are not installing another drive in the bay, install a filler panel or panels in the bay.
12. If you are instructed to return the tape drive, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

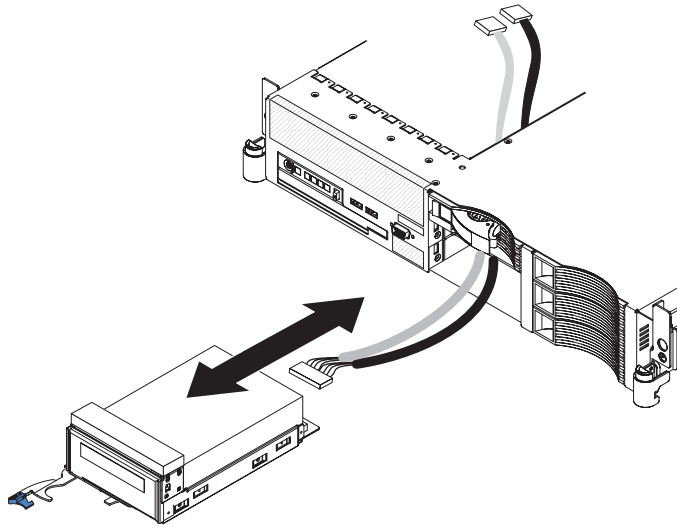
Installing an optional tape drive

Prepare the drive according to the instructions that come with the drive, setting any switches or jumpers, then see “Installing the tape drive in a 3.5-inch model server” or “Installing the tape drive in a 2.5-inch model server” on page 129.

Installing the tape drive in a 3.5-inch model server

The optional tape drive installs in the two bottom-left hard disk drive bays. If you have hard disk drives in those bays, move the drives to the other bays. The cables

for the tape drive come with the tape drive option.

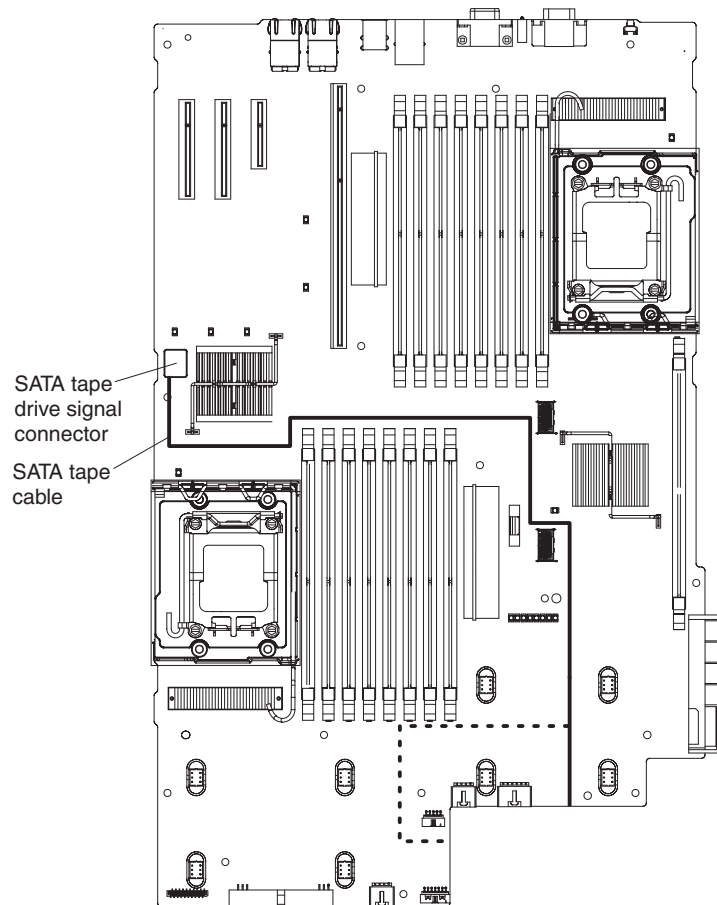


To install a replacement tape drive in a 3.5-inch model server, complete the following steps:

1. Remove the tape drive and the cable from their static-protective package.
2. If you have not attached the space filler from the from the tape drive option to the tape drive assembly, do so now.
3. From the inside of the server, thread the tape-drive end of the cable through the slot in the left side of the hard disk drive cage and out the front of the server.
4. Connect the cable to the back of the tape drive.
5. Push the tape drive assembly into the bays, gently pulling the cables farther into the server as you do so, until the tape drive assembly stops.
6. Push the tray handle to the closed (locked) positions.
7. Connect the cable to the following system board connectors (see "System-board internal connectors" on page 13for the location of the connectors):
 - Signal connector: SATA tape drive signal connector, J36.
 - Power connector: Tape drive power connector J22

The following illustration shows the routing of the SATA tape drive signal cable.

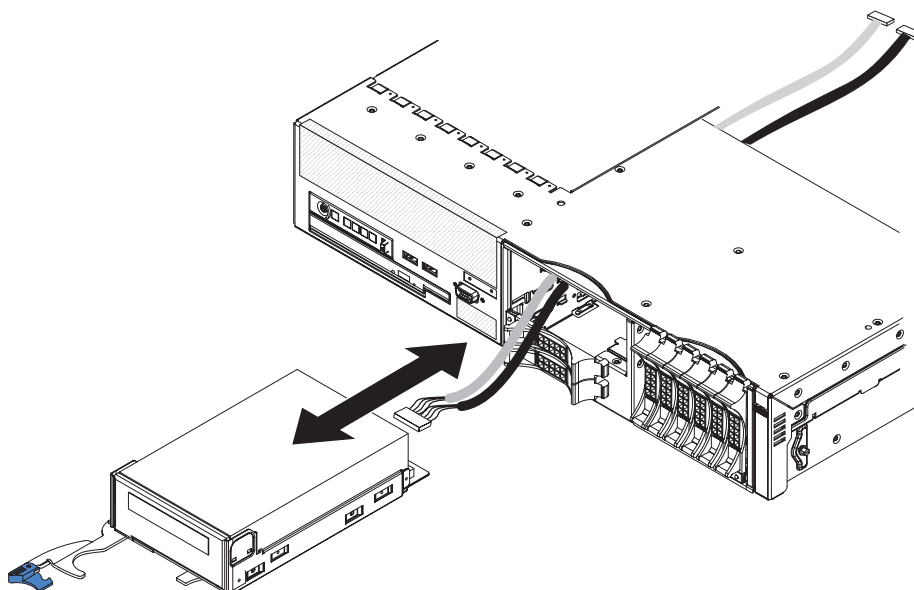
Important: Make sure that the cable avoids any fan connectors.



8. Install the air baffle (see “Installing the air baffle” on page 112).
9. Install the riser-card assembly (see “Installing the riser-card assembly” on page 155).
10. Install the fan-bracket assembly (see “Installing the fan-bracket assembly” on page 114).
11. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
12. Slide the server into the rack.
13. Connect the cables and power cords.
14. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Installing the tape drive in a 2.5-inch model server

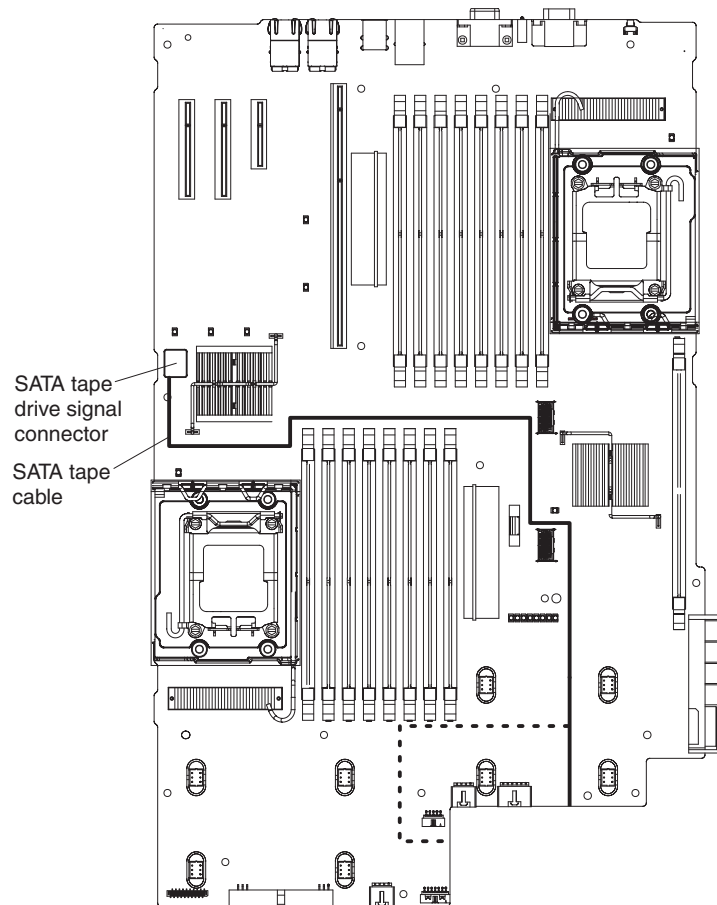
To install a replacement tape drive in a 2.5-inch model server, complete the following steps.



1. Remove the tape drive and the cable from their static-protective package.
2. If the tape drive assembly has a space filler on top of the drive, remove it now.
3. From the inside of the server, thread the tape-drive end of the cable for your tape drive through the rear of the tape drive bay and out the front of the server.
4. Connect the cable to the back of the tape drive.
5. Push the tape drive assembly into the tape drive bay, gently pulling the cable farther into the server as you do so, until the tape drive assembly stops.
6. Push the tray handle to the closed (locked) position.
7. Connect the cable to the following system-board connectors (see "System-board internal connectors" on page 11 for the location of the connectors).
 - Signal connector: SATA tape drive signal connector J36
 - Power connector: Tape drive power connector J22

The following illustration shows the routing of the SATA tape drive signal cable.

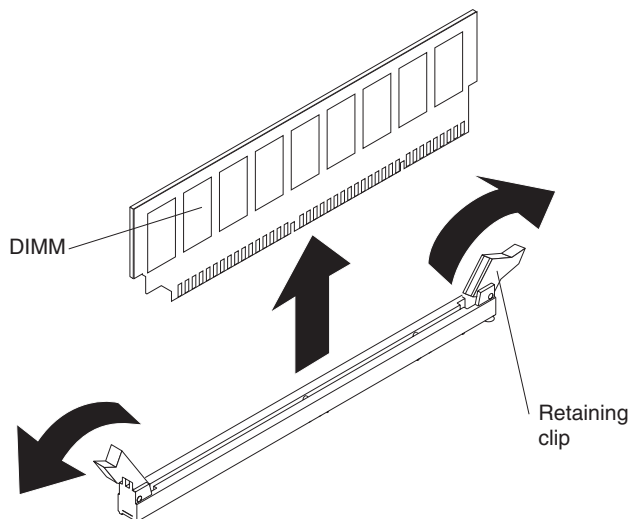
Important: Make sure that the cables avoid any fan connectors.



8. Install the air baffle (see "Installing the air baffle" on page 112).
9. Install the riser-card assembly, if you removed it to install a SATA drive (see "Installing the riser-card assembly" on page 155).
10. Install the fan-bracket assembly (see "Installing the fan-bracket assembly" on page 114).
11. Install the cover (see "Installing the server cover" page 88).
12. Slide the server into the rack.
13. Connect the cables and power cords.
14. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Removing a memory module

To remove a dual inline memory module (DIMM), complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 109).
5. Remove the riser-card assembly (see "Removing the riser-card assembly" on page 120).
6. Remove the air baffle (see "Removing the air baffle" on page 111).
Attention: To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the DIMM connectors, open and close the clips gently.
7. Open the retaining clip on each end of the DIMM connector and lift the DIMM from the connector.
8. Replace the DIMM or remove the second DIMM of the pair.
9. If you are instructed to return the DIMM, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a memory module

For information about the types of dual inline memory modules (DIMMs) that the server supports and other information that you must consider when installing DIMMs, see the *User's Guide* on the IBM System x Documentation CD.

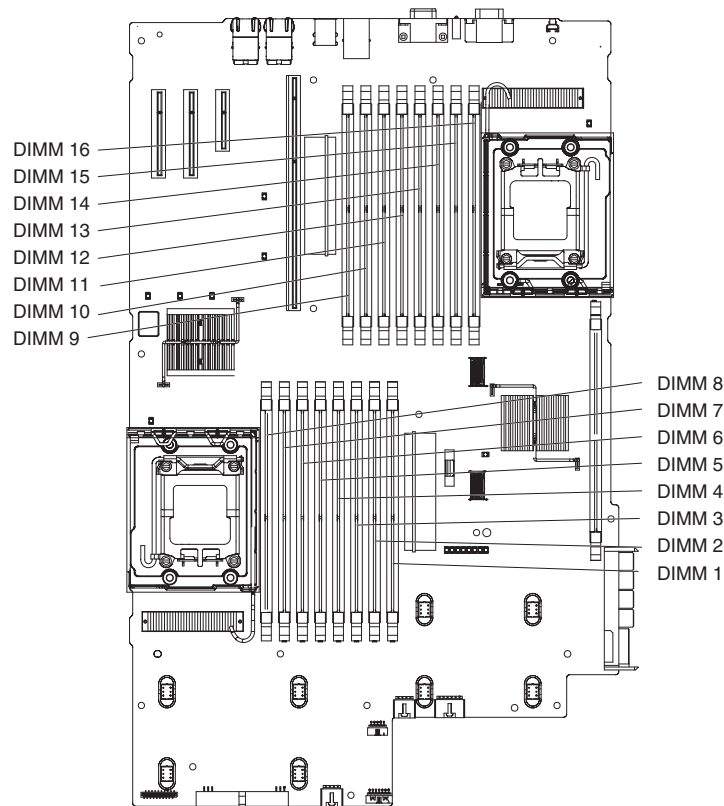
- The server comes with a minimum of two 512 MB DIMMs, installed in slots 1 and 2. When you install additional DIMMs, you must install two identical DIMMs at a time, in the order shown in the following table, to maintain performance:

Table 7. DIMM installation sequence

DIMMs	1 microprocessor installed	2 microprocessors installed
2	DIMM connectors 1 and 2	Not applicable
4	DIMM connectors 1 through 4	DIMM connectors 1 and 2 and 9 and 10
6	DIMM connectors 1 through 6	DIMM connectors 1 through 4 and 9 and 10

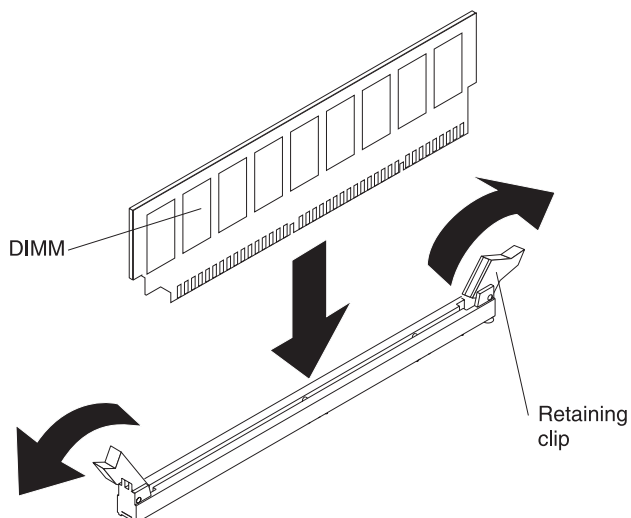
Table 7. DIMM installation sequence (continued)

DIMMs	1 microprocessor installed	2 microprocessors installed
8	DIMM connectors 1 through 8	DIMM connectors 1 through 4 and 9 through 12
10	Not applicable	DIMM connectors 1 through 6 and 9 through 12
12	Not applicable	DIMM connectors 1 through 6 and 9 through 14
14	Not applicable	DIMM connectors 1 through 8 and 9 through 14
16	Not applicable	DIMM connectors 1 through 16



- If you install two processors in the server, at a minimum, you must install two DIMMs in Slots 1 and 2 and two DIMMs in slot 9 and 10.
- The server supports online-spare memory. This feature disables a failed pair of DIMMs from the system configuration and activates an online-spare pair of DIMMs to replace the failed pair. Online-sparing is supported on a per processor basis. Each microprocessor requires that two or more pairs of DIMMs be installed to support online sparing. The DIMMs must be the same speed, type, size (or larger), and technology as the failed pair of DIMMs.

Enable online-spare memory through the Configuration/Setup Utility program. The BIOS code assigns the online-spare memory DIMM pairs according to your DIMM configuration.



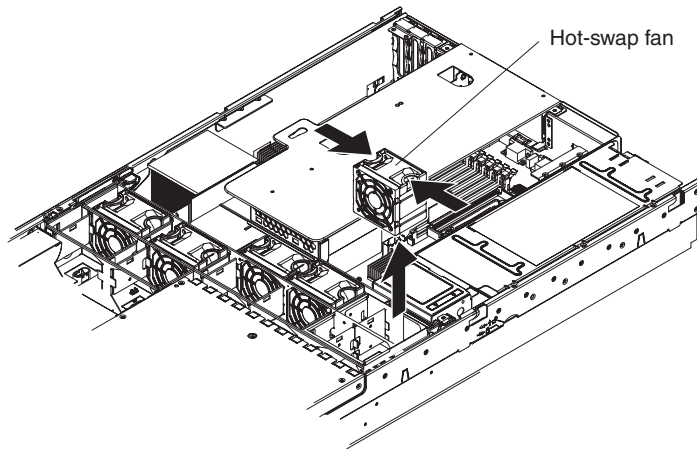
To install a replacement DIMM, complete the following steps:

1. Open the retaining clip on each end of the DIMM connector.
2. Touch the static-protective package that contains the DIMM to any unpainted metal surface on the server. Then, remove the DIMM from the package.
3. Turn the DIMM so that the DIMM key aligns correctly with the connector.
4. Insert the DIMM into the connector by aligning the edges of the DIMM with the slots at the ends of the DIMM connector. Firmly press the DIMM straight down into the connector by applying pressure on both ends of the DIMM simultaneously. The retaining clips snap into the locked position when the DIMM is firmly seated in the connector. If there is a gap between the DIMM and the retaining clips, the DIMM has not been correctly inserted; open the retaining clips, remove the DIMM, and then reinsert it.
5. Repeat steps 1 through 4 until all the new or replacement DIMMs are installed.
6. Install the air baffle (see "Installing the air baffle" on page 112).
7. Install the riser card assembly (see "Installing the riser-card assembly" on page 121).
8. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 110).
9. Slide the server into the rack.
10. Connect the cables and power cords.
11. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Removing a hot-swap fan

Attention: To ensure proper server operation and cooling, if you remove a fan you must install a replacement fan as soon as possible.

To remove any of the ten replaceable fans, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Slide the server out of the rack and remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109). The LED on the failing fan will be lit.
Attention: To ensure proper cooling and airflow, do not operate the server for more than 2 minutes with the top cover removed.
3. Remove the failed fan from the server:
 - a. Place your fingers into the two handles on the top of the failing fan.
 - b. Press the handles together and lift the fan out of the server.
4. If you are instructed to return the fan, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a hot-swap fan

For proper cooling, the server requires five fans installed for each hot-swap power supply installed.

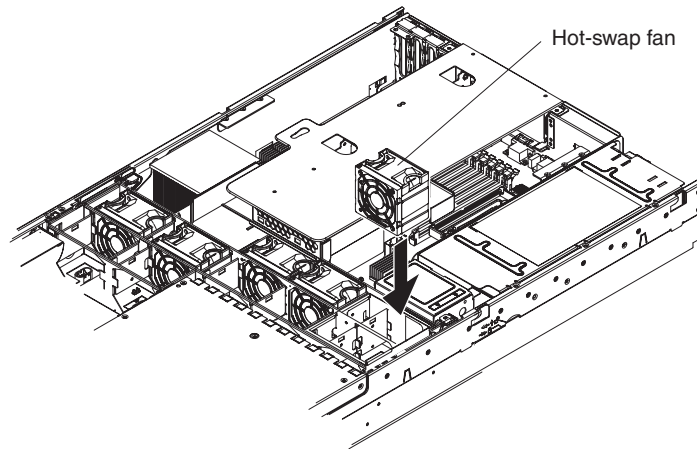
The server comes with five replaceable fans. If you install a second hot-swap power supply, you must install the complete set of five fans that come with the power-supply option.

Important: Only the configurations shown in the following table are supported:

Installed power supplies	Required fans
Power supply 1	Fans in locations 3, 4, 8, 9, and 10
Power supplies 1 and 2	All 10 fans

Attention: To ensure proper server operation, if a fan fails, replace it as soon as possible.

To install any of the 10 replaceable fans, complete the following steps.

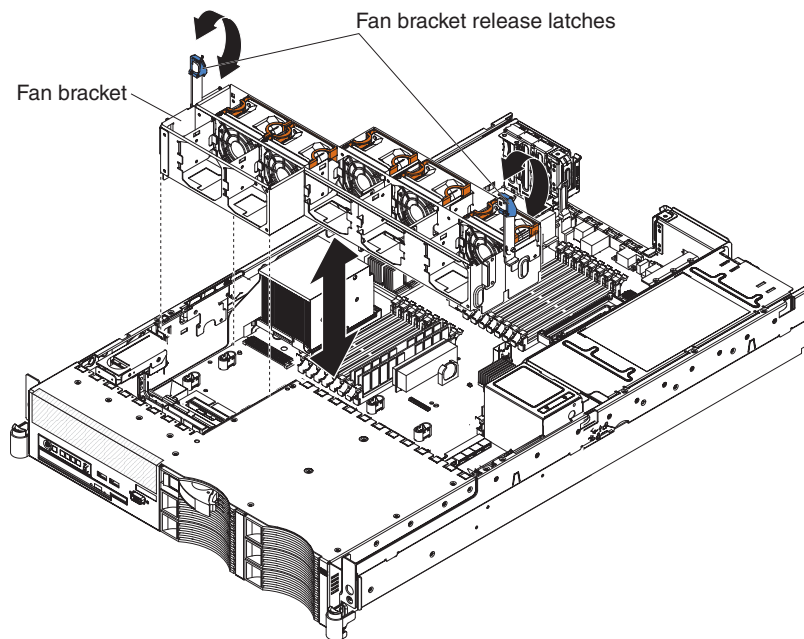


1. Orient the new fan over its position in the fan assembly bracket so that the LED on top of the fan is toward the left side of the server.
2. Push the fan into the fan bracket assembly until it clicks into place.
3. Repeat until all the new or replacement fans are installed.
4. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
5. Slide the server into the rack.

Removing the fan-bracket assembly

To replace some components, such as the CD-RW/DVD drive, you must remove the fan-bracket assembly; to route some cables, you might have to remove the fan-bracket assembly.

Note: To remove or install a fan, it is not necessary to remove the fan-bracket assembly. See “Removing a hot-swap fan” on page 134 and “Installing a hot-swap fan” on page 135.



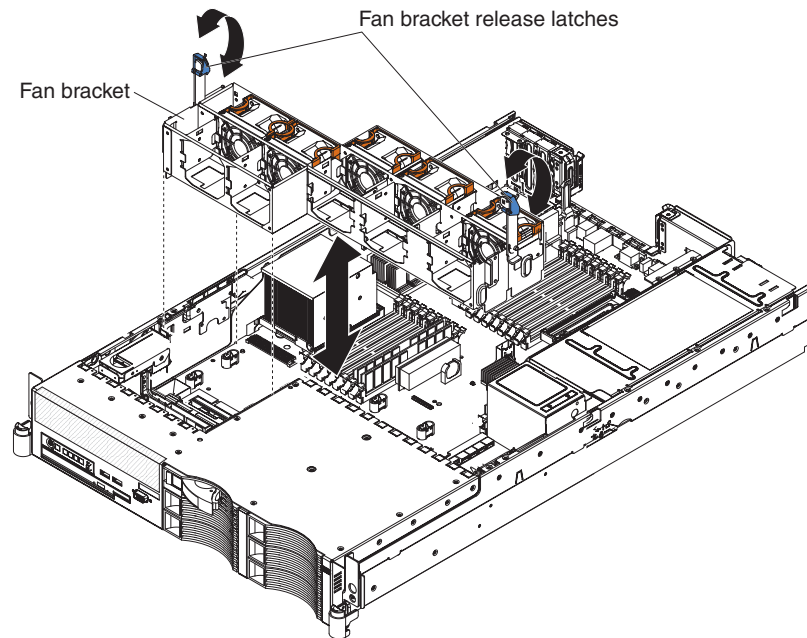
To remove the fan-bracket assembly, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.

2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Slide the server out of the rack.
5. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
6. Place your thumbs on the metal tabs of the fan-bracket-assembly levers and pinch the tab and blue release latch together; then, raise the levers, raising the fan-bracket assembly.
7. Grasp the levers and lift the fan-bracket assembly out of the server.
8. If you are instructed to return the fan-bracket assembly, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the fan-bracket assembly

To install the replacement fan-bracket assembly, complete the following steps.

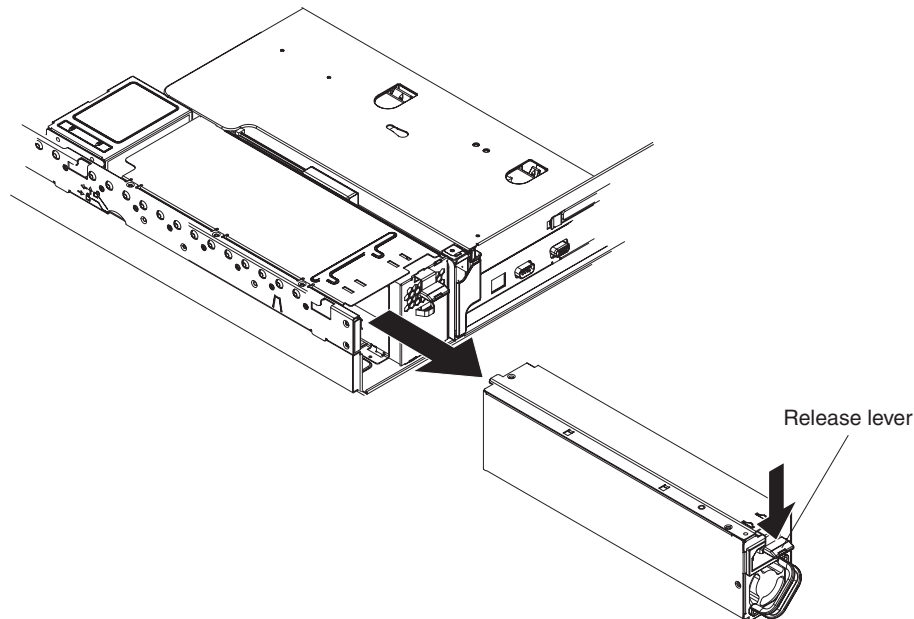


1. Align the guides on the left and right sides of the assembly with the slots in the sides of the chassis.
2. Lower the fan-bracket assembly into the chassis.
3. Push the fan-bracket-assembly levers toward the rear of the server until they stop; pinch the release latches and metal tabs together and push the levers down into place.
4. Press down on the lever metal tabs and on the fans to be sure the fan-bracket assembly is fully seated.
5. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
6. Slide the server into the rack.
7. Connect the cables and power cords.
8. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Removing a hot-swap power supply

Important: If the server has two power supplies and if you remove either of them, the server will not have redundant power; if the server power load then exceeds 835 W, the server might not start or might not function correctly.

To remove a power supply, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. If only one power supply is installed, turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect the power cord from the power supply you are removing.
4. Grasp the power-supply handle.
5. Press the orange release latch down and hold it down.
6. Pull the power supply part of the way out of the bay.
7. Release the release latch; then, support the power supply and pull it the rest of the way out of the bay.
8. If you are not installing a replacement power supply, install the power supply filler panel.
9. If you are instructed to return the power supply, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Note: It is not necessary to remove any fans when you remove a power supply. You must, however, have all 10 fans installed when you have both power supplies installed.

Installing a hot-swap power supply

The server supports a maximum of two hot-swap power supplies.

Important: Only the configurations shown in the following table are supported:

Installed power supplies	Required fans
Power supply 1	Fans in locations 3, 4, 8, 9, and 10
Power supplies 1 and 2	All 10 fans

Statement 8:

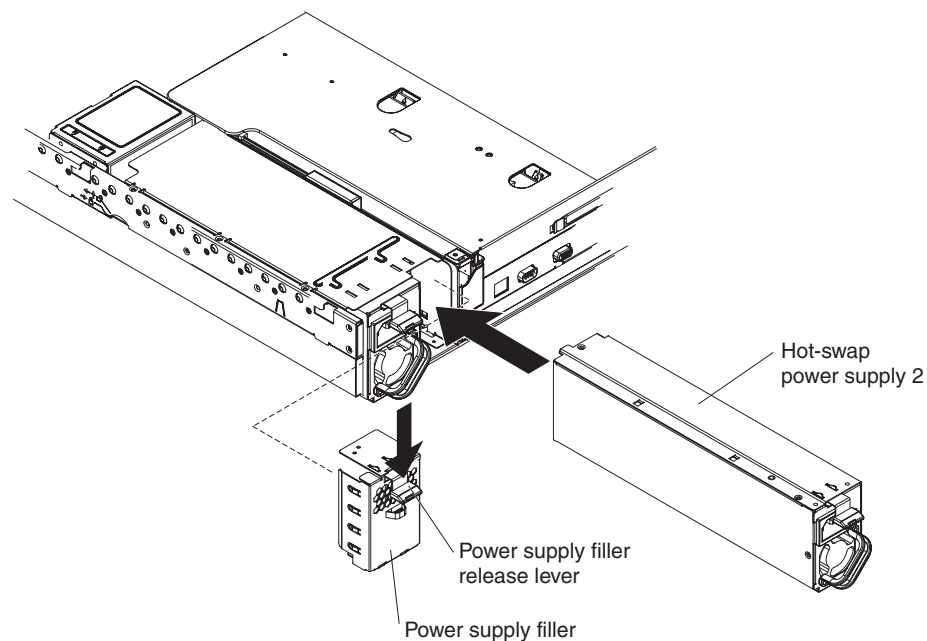


CAUTION:

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has the following label attached.



Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

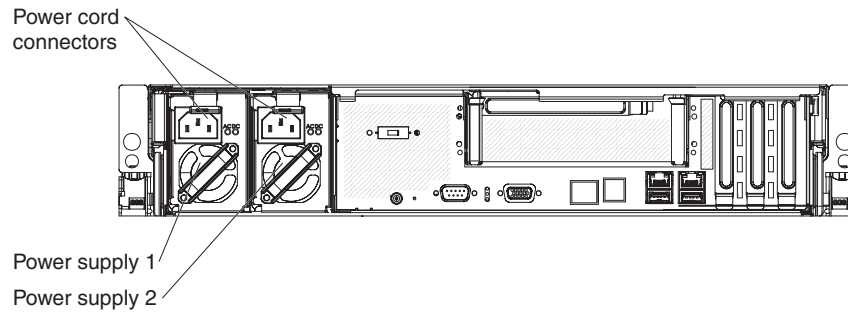


Attention: During normal operation, each power-supply bay must have either a power supply or power-supply blank installed for proper cooling.

To install a replacement power supply, complete the following steps:

1. Slide the power supply into the bay until the retention latch clicks into place.
2. Connect the power cord for the new power supply to the power-cord connector on the power supply.

The following illustration shows the power-supply connectors on the back of the server.



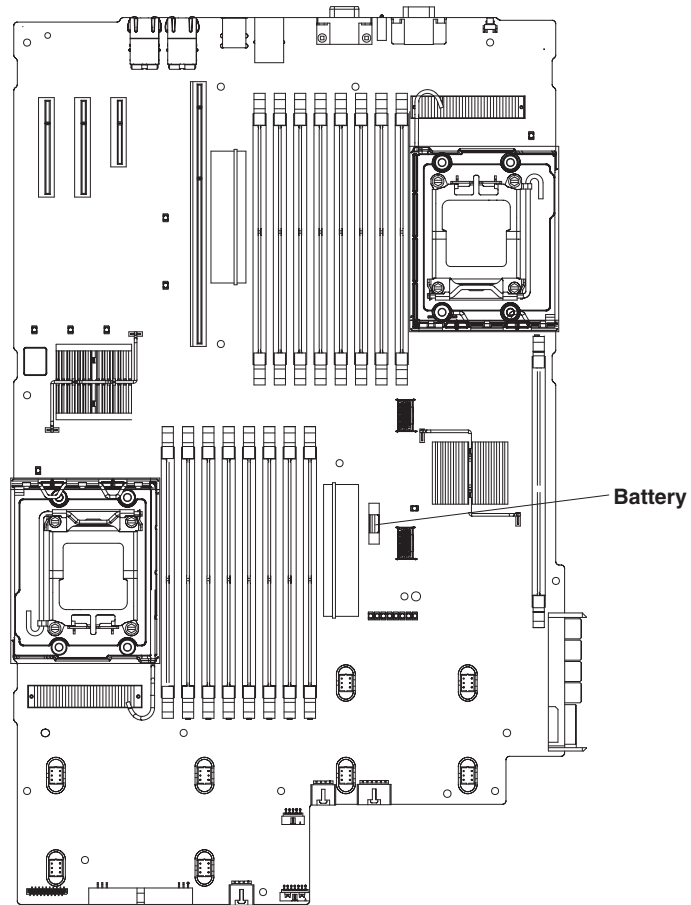
3. Route the power cord through the power-supply handle and through any cable clamps on the rear of the server, to prevent the power cord from being accidentally pulled out when you slide the server in and out of the rack.
4. Connect the power cord to a properly grounded electrical outlet.
5. Make sure that the dc power LED and ac power LED on the power supply are lit, indicating that the power supply is operating correctly.

Removing the battery

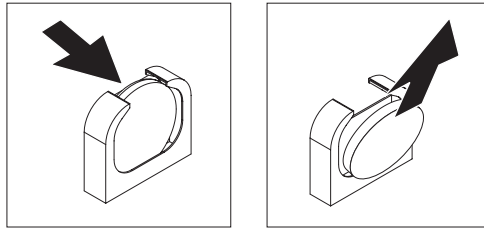
Note: After you replace the battery, you must reconfigure the server and reset the system date and time.

To remove the battery, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Follow any special handling and installation instructions that come with the battery.
3. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
4. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
5. Pull the server out of the rack.
6. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
7. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 154).
8. Remove the air baffle (see “Removing the air baffle” on page 111).
9. Disconnect any internal cables, as necessary.
10. Locate the battery on the system board.



11. Remove the battery:
 - a. Use one finger to push the battery horizontally out of its housing.
 - b. Lift the battery from the socket.



12. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations. See “Battery return program” on page 190 for more information.

Installing the battery

The following notes describe information that you must consider when replacing the battery in the server.

- You must replace the battery with a lithium battery of the same type from the same manufacturer.
- To order replacement batteries, call 1-800-426-7378 within the United States and 1-800-465-7999 or 1-800-465-6666 within Canada. Outside the U.S. and Canada, call your IBM marketing representative or authorized reseller.
- After you replace the battery, you must reconfigure the server and reset the system date and time.
- To avoid possible danger, read and follow the following safety statement.

Statement 2:



CAUTION:

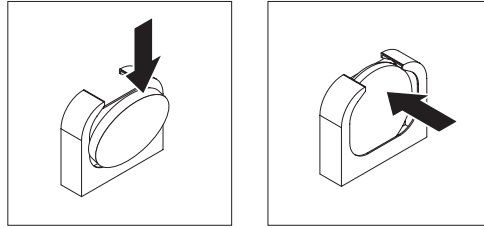
When replacing the lithium battery, use only IBM Part Number 33F8354 or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

Do not:

- **Throw or immerse into water**
- **Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)**
- **Repair or disassemble**

To install the replacement battery, complete the following steps:

1. Follow any special handling and installation instructions that come with the replacement battery.
2. Insert the replacement battery:
 - a. Hold the battery in a vertical orientation so the smaller side is facing the housing.
 - b. Place the battery into its socket, and press the battery toward the housing until it snaps into place.



3. Install any adapters you removed.
4. Connect the internal cables that you disconnected.
5. Install the air baffle (see “Installing the air baffle” on page 112).
6. Install the riser-card assembly “Installing the riser-card assembly” on page 155.
7. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
8. Slide the server into the rack.
9. Connect the cables and power cords.

Note: You must wait approximately 20 seconds after you connect the power cord of the server to an electrical outlet before the power-control button becomes active.

10. Turn on all attached devices and the server.
11. Start the Configuration/Setup Utility program and reset the configuration.
 - Set the system date and time.
 - Set the power-on password.
 - Reconfigure the server.

See “Using the Configuration/Setup Utility program” on page 168 for details.

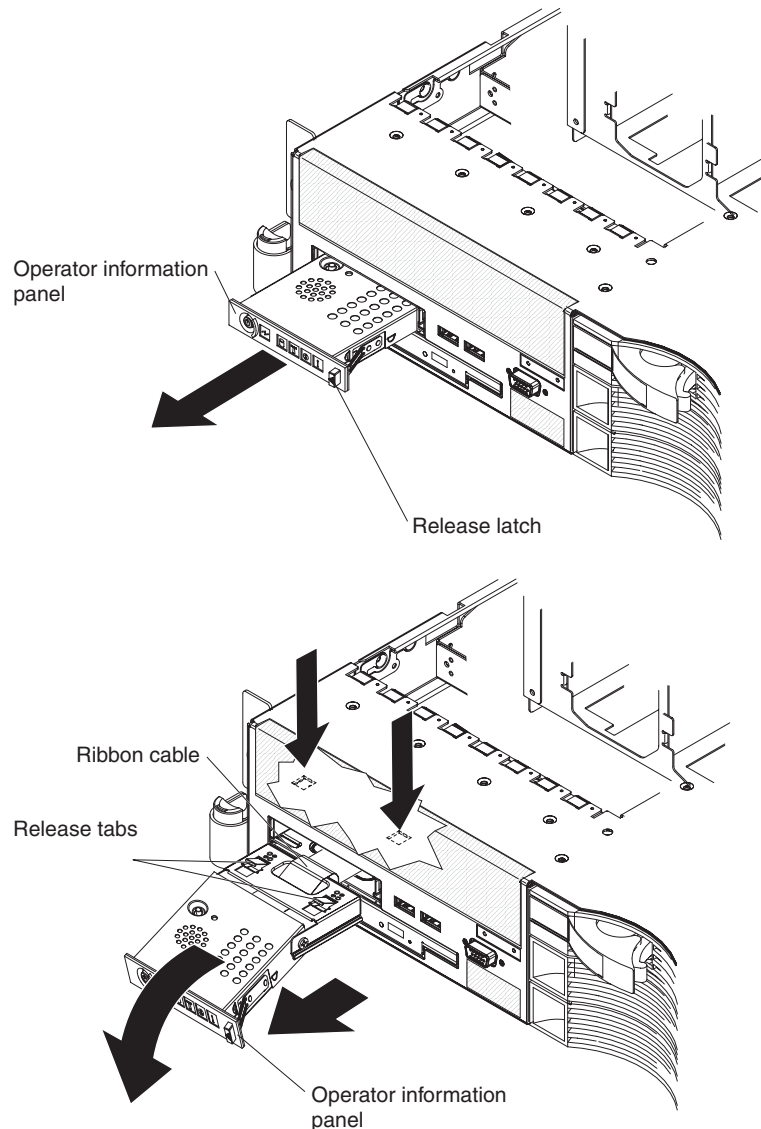
Removing and replacing Tier 2 CRUs

You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request IBM to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.

The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

Removing the operator information panel assembly

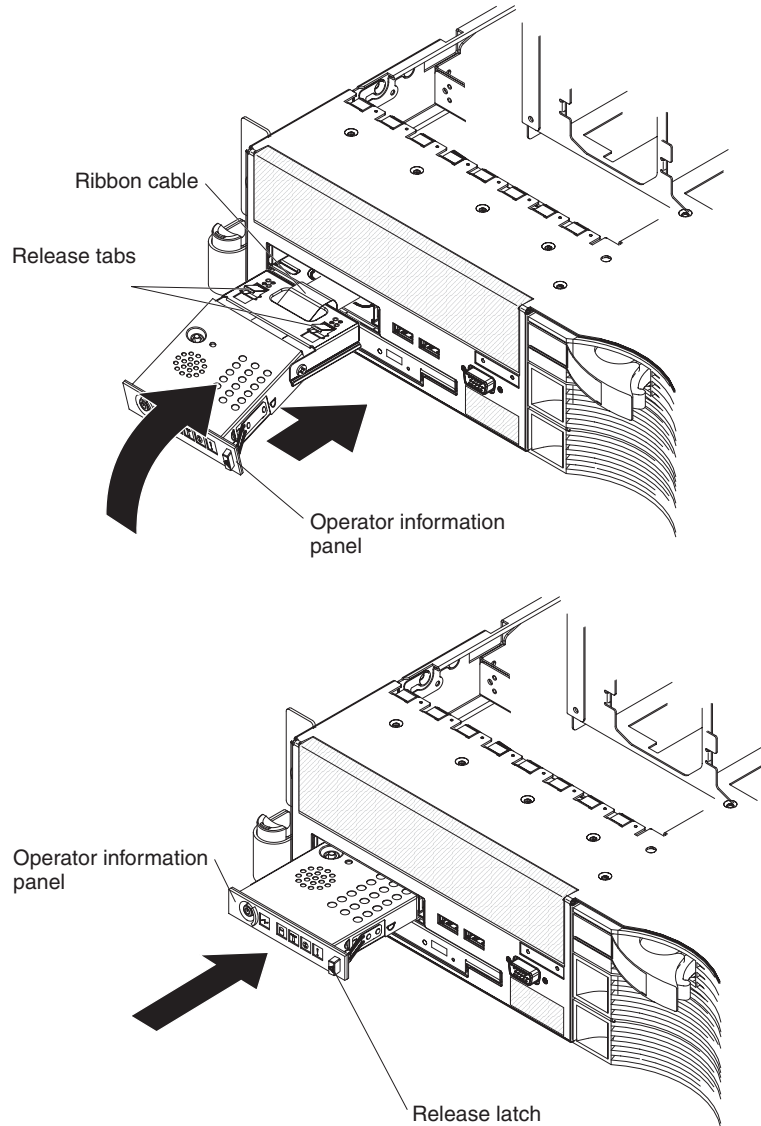
To remove the operator information panel assembly, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
5. Remove the fan bracket assembly (see “Removing the fan-bracket assembly” on page 136).
6. Disconnect the operator-information-panel ribbon cable from the system board.
7. Reach inside the server and gently pull up on the cable to separate the velcro holding the cable to the top of the operator panel housing.
8. Slide the operator-information-panel release latch to the left and pull the panel out of the server as far as it will go.
9. Reach inside the server and press the release tabs; then, pull the panel away from the rails and carefully pull the ribbon cable out of the server.

10. If you are instructed to return the operator information panel assembly, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the operator information panel assembly



To install the replacement operator information panel assembly, complete the following steps:

1. From the front of the server, thread the operator-information-panel ribbon cable through the panel housing in the server; then, connect the ribbon cable to the operator-panel connector (J76) on the system board (see “System-board internal connectors” on page 13 for the location of the connector).
2. Slide the panel into the server until it clicks into place.
3. Inside the server, secure the ribbon cable to the top of the panel enclosure using the velcro fastener.
4. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
5. Slide the server into the rack.
6. Connect the cables and power cords.

7. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

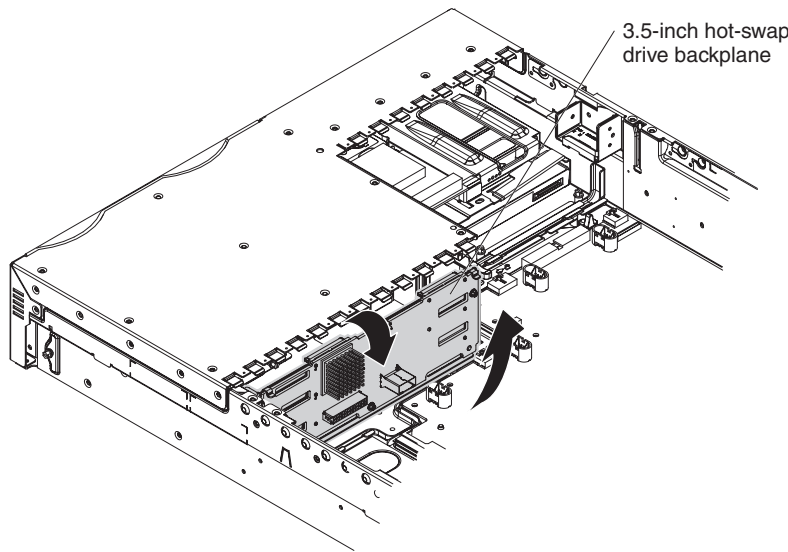
Installing and removing the hard disk drive backplane

The procedure to use for installing or removing the hard disk drive backplane depends on the server model.

- For a 3.5-inch-hard disk drive model, see “Removing the 3.5-inch-drive backplane” and “Installing the 3.5-inch-drive backplane” on page 147.
- For a 2.5-inch hard disk drive model, see “Removing the 2.5-inch-drive backplane” on page 148 and “Installing the 2.5-inch-drive backplane” on page 149.

Removing the 3.5-inch-drive backplane

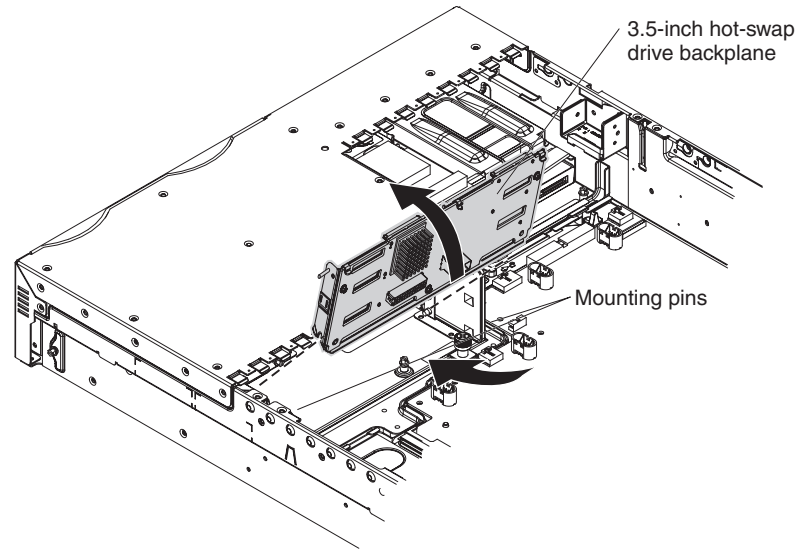
To remove the 3.5-inch-drive backplane, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Slide the server from the rack and place it on a flat, static-protective surface.
5. Pull all the hard disk drives out of the server slightly to disengage them from the backplane.
6. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
7. Remove the fan-bracket assembly (see “Removing the fan-bracket assembly” on page 136).
8. Disconnect the backplane cables.
9. Press down on the blue release latches that are on each side of the hard-disk-drive enclosure. The hard disk drive backplane pops out.
10. Lift the backplane out of the server.
11. If you are instructed to return the backplane, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the 3.5-inch-drive backplane

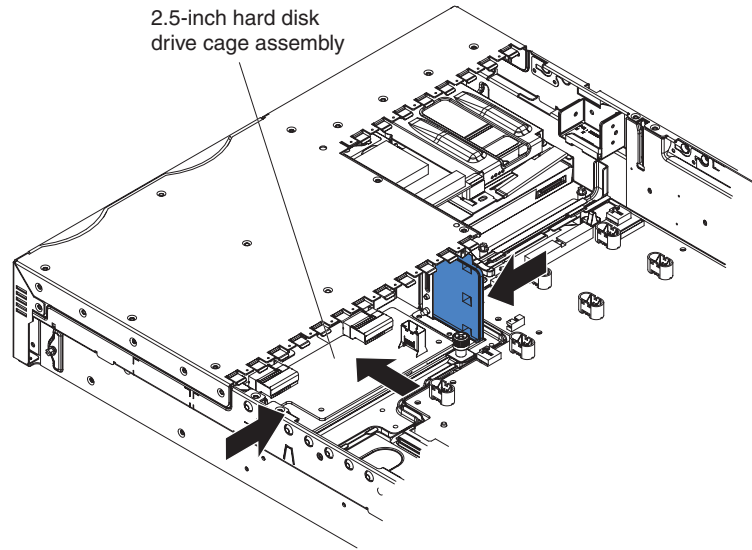
To install the replacement 3.5-inch-drive backplane, complete the following steps.



1. Orient the replacement hard disk drive backplane so that the connectors for the hard-disk drives face the front of the server.
2. Place the notches that are at the bottom of the hard disk drive backplane frame onto the pins that are on the lower outside of the hard-disk-drive enclosure.
3. Push the top of the hard disk drive backplane toward the front of the server until it clicks into place. Make sure the release latches hold the backplane securely in place.
4. Connect the power and signal cables to the hard disk drive backplane.
5. Install the fan bracket assembly (see “Installing the fan-bracket assembly” on page 137).
6. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
7. Slide the server into the rack.
8. Insert the hard disk drives into the bays.
9. Connect the cables and power cords.
10. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Removing the 2.5-inch-drive backplane

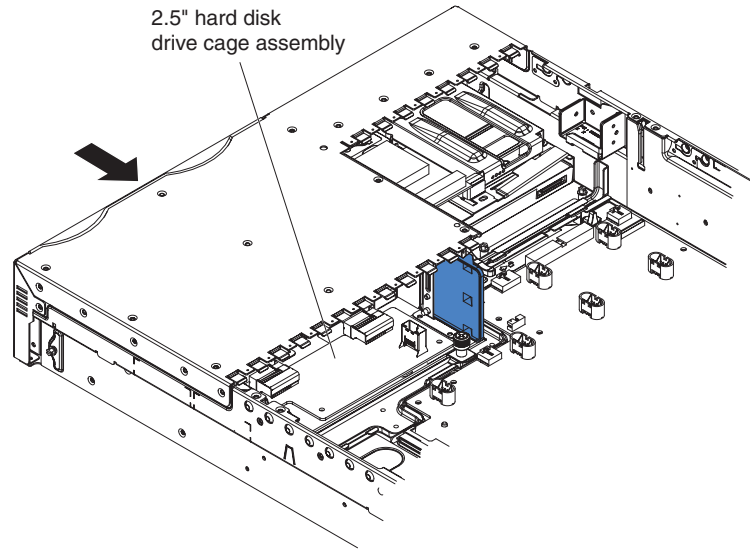
To remove the 2.5-inch-drive backplane, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on pagevii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Slide the server from the rack and place it on a flat, non-conductive surface.
5. Pull the hard disk drives out of the server slightly to disengage them from the backplane.
6. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
7. Remove the fan-bracket assembly (see “Removing the fan-bracket assembly” on page 136).
8. Disconnect the backplane cables.
9. Press the large blue release tabs at the rear of the drive cage toward each other; then, push the drive cage assembly out through the front of the server.
10. If you are instructed to return the backplane, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the 2.5-inch-drive backplane

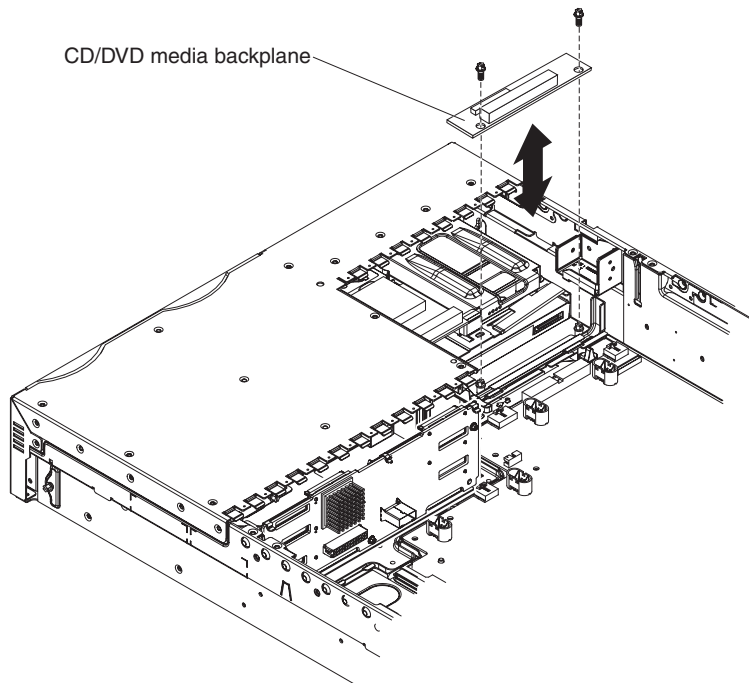
To install the replacement 2.5-inch-drive backplane, complete the following steps.



1. Align the replacement backplane cage assembly with the opening in the front of the server.
2. Slide the backplane cage assembly into the front of the server until it clicks into place. Make sure the release latches hold the backplane securely in place.
3. Connect the power and signal cables to the backplane.
4. Replace the fan bracket assembly (see “Installing the fan-bracket assembly” on page 137).
5. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
6. Slide the server into the rack.
7. Insert the hard disk drives into the bays.
8. Connect the cables and power cords.
9. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Removing the CD/DVD media backplane

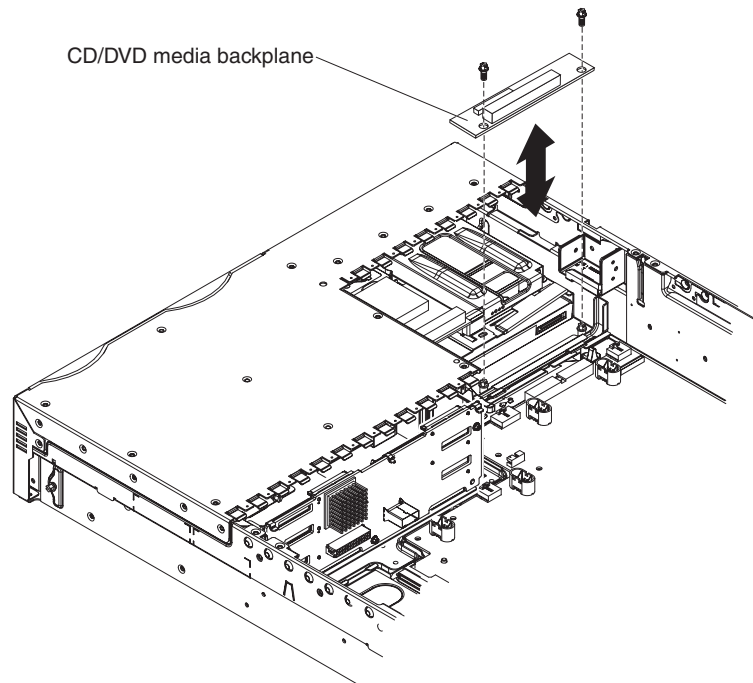
To remove the CD/DVD media backplane, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that starts on page vii, and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server, and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Slide the server out of the rack.
5. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
6. Remove the fan bracket assembly (see “Removing the fan-bracket assembly” on page 136).
7. Disconnect the operator-information-panel cable from the system board.
8. Release the CD-RW/DVD drive and pull it out of the bay slightly (see “Removing a CD-RW/DVD drive” on page 125).
9. Disconnect the CD/DVD power and signal cables from the connectors on the media backplane.
10. Remove the two screws that secure the media backplane to the chassis.
11. Lift the media backplane out of the server.
12. If you are instructed to return the media backplane, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the CD/DVD media backplane

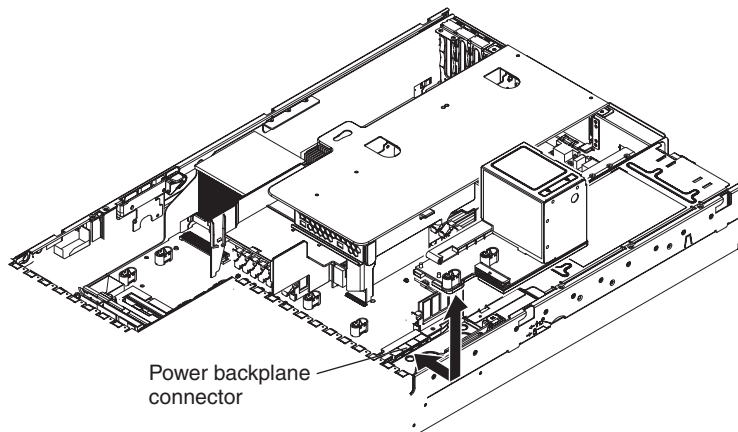
To install the replacement CD/DVD media backplane, complete the following steps.



1. Align the CD/DVD media backplane at the rear of the CD/DVD bay.
2. Install the two screws that secure the media backplane to the chassis.
3. Connect the CD/DVD power and signal cables to the two connectors on the media backplane.
4. Connect the operator-information-panel cable to the connector on the system board (J76) (see "System-board internal connectors on page 11 for the location of the connector).
5. Slide the CD-RW/DVD drive into the bay until it clicks (see "Installing a CD-RW/DVD drive" on page 126).
6. Install the fan-bracket assembly (see "Installing the fan-bracket assembly" on page 137).
7. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 110).
8. Slide the server into the rack.
9. Connect the cables and power cords.
10. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Removing the power backplane

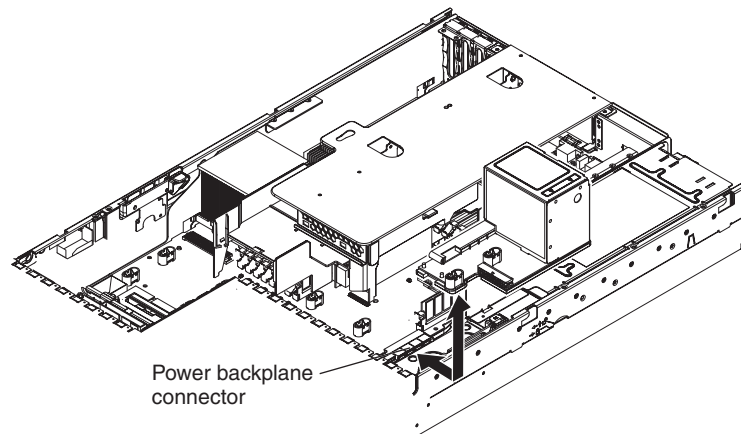
To remove the power backplane, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Slide the server from the rack and place it on a flat, non-conductive surface.
5. Remove the power supplies from the power-supply bays (see “Removing a hot-swap power supply” on page 138).
6. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
7. Remove the fan-bracket assembly (see “Removing the fan-bracket assembly” on page 136).
8. Grasp the power backplane and slide it toward the right side of the server.
9. Disconnect the power cable from the hard disk drive backplane.
10. Lift the power backplane out of the server.
11. If you are instructed to return the backplane, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the power backplane

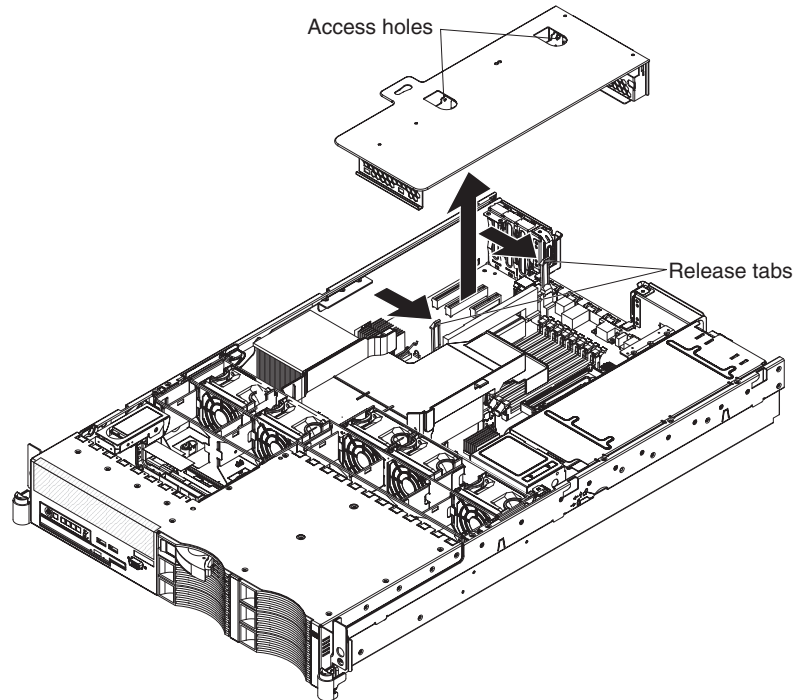
To install the replacement power backplane, complete the following steps.



1. Align the edge-connector of the power backplane with the power-backplane edge-connector on the system board.
2. Slide the power backplane toward the left side of the server until the edge-connectors are fully connected.
3. Connect the power cable from the hard disk drive backplane to the power backplane.
4. Install the fan-bracket assembly (see “Installing the fan-bracket assembly” on page 137).
5. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
6. Install the power supplies into the power-supply bays (see “Installing a hot-swap power supply” on page 139).
7. Slide the server into the rack.
8. Connect the cables and power cords.

Removing the riser-card assembly

The server comes with an HTX riser-card assembly that contains an HTX adapter slot. You can replace the riser-card assembly with one that contains a PCI Express connector (x16 lanes) or one that contains a PCI-X 64-bit 133 MHz connector. See the ServerProven list at <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/> for a list of riser-card assemblies that you can use with the server.

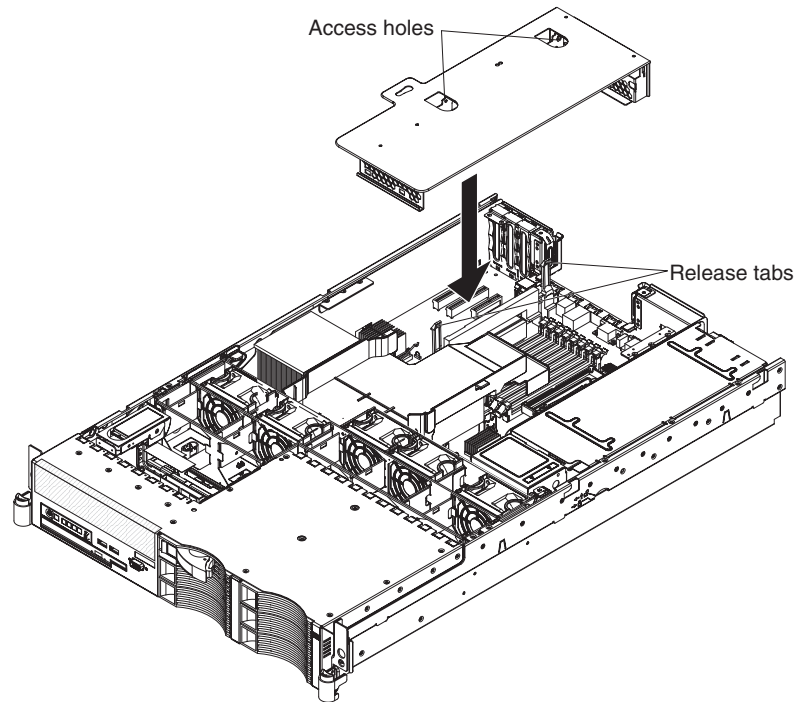


Complete the following steps to remove the riser-card assembly.

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Pull the server out of the rack.
5. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
6. Push the two retention latches on the riser-card assembly toward the microprocessor 2 socket; then, grasp the assembly at the rear and side edges and lift it to remove it from the server. Place the riser-card assembly on a flat, static-protective surface.

Installing the riser-card assembly

To install the replacement riser-card assembly, complete the following steps:



1. Install any adapters and connect any cables you might have removed in other procedures.
2. Carefully align the riser-card assembly with the retention latches, the guides on the rear of the server, and the riser-card connector on the system board; then, press down on the assembly. Make sure that the riser-card assembly is fully seated in the riser-card connector on the system board.
3. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
4. Slide the server into the rack.
5. Connect the cables and power cords.
6. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Removing and replacing FRUs

FRUs must be installed only by trained service technicians.

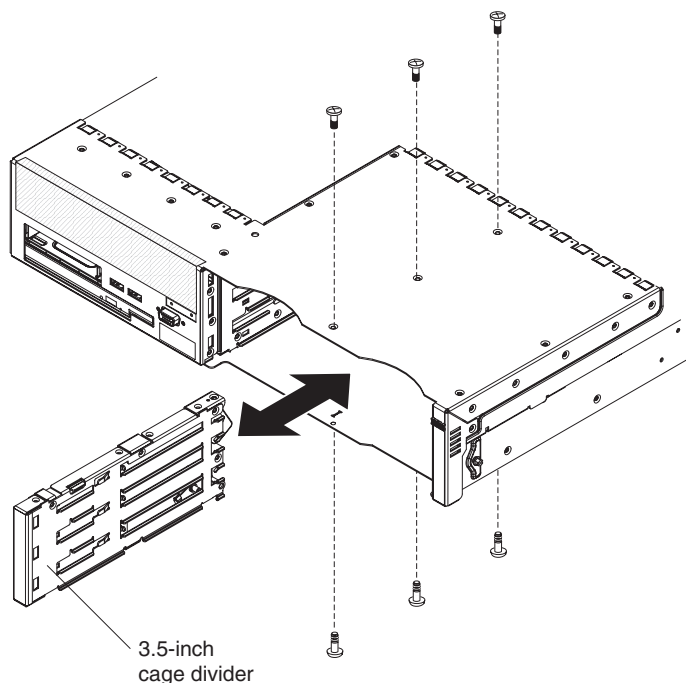
The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from the hardware.

Replacing the 3.5-inch-drive center bracket

This topic applies to 3.5-inch model servers only. If the center bracket between the two columns of 3.5-inch hard disk drives becomes damaged, you can replace it.

Removing the center bracket

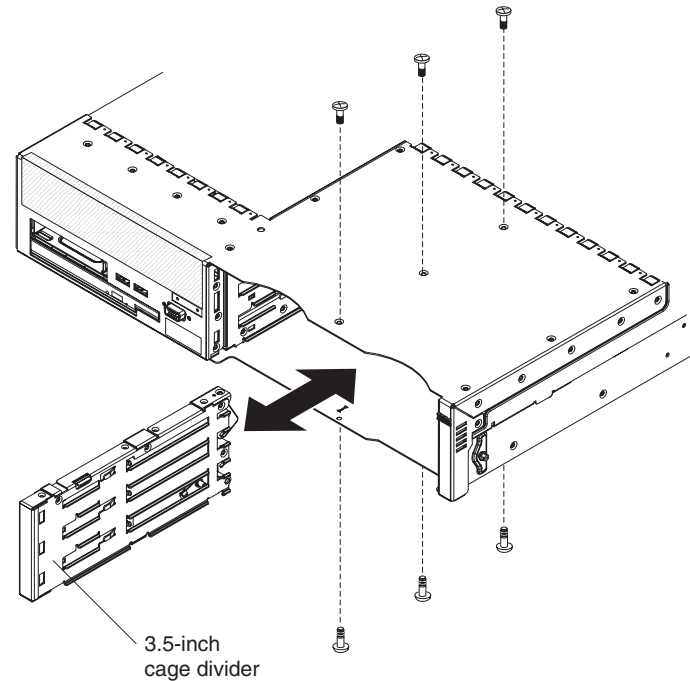
To remove the center bracket, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Slide the server from the rack and place it on a flat, non-conductive surface.
5. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
6. Remove the fan-bracket assembly (see “Removing the fan-bracket assembly” on page 136).
7. Remove the hard disk drive backplane (see “Removing the 3.5-inch-drive backplane” on page 146).
8. Remove the top and bottom screws that hold the center bracket in place.
9. Pull the center bracket out the front of the server.
10. If you are instructed to return the center bracket, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the center bracket

To install the replacement center bracket, complete the following steps.



1. Align the center bracket with the screw holes in the top and bottom of the drive bay area, and push the center bracket into the server.
2. Install the top and bottom screws that hold the center bracket in place.
3. Install the hard disk drive backplane (see “Installing the 3.5-inch-drive backplane” on page 147).
4. Install the fan-bracket assembly (see “Installing the fan-bracket assembly” on page 137).
5. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
6. Slide the server into the rack.
7. Install the hard disk drives (see “Installing a hard disk drive” on page 123).
8. Connect the cables and the power cord.
9. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

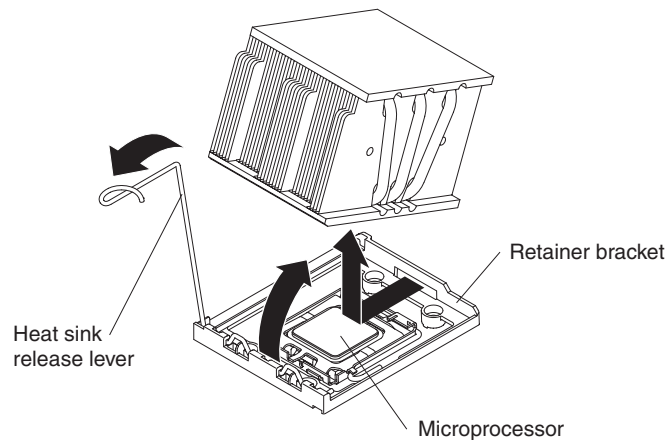
Removing a microprocessor

Attention:

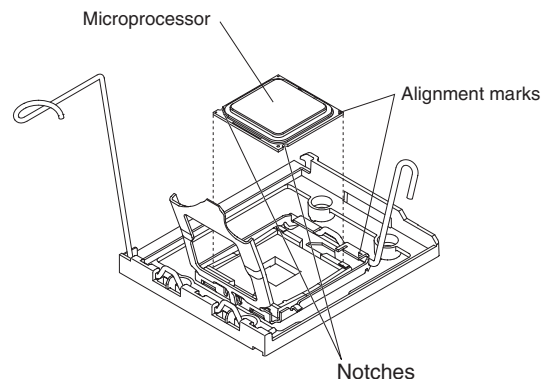
- Do not allow the thermal grease on the microprocessor and heat sink to come in contact with anything. Contact with any surface can compromise the thermal grease and the microprocessor socket.
- Handle the microprocessor carefully. Dropping the microprocessor during installation or removal can damage the contacts.
- Do not touch the microprocessor contacts; handle the microprocessor by the edges only. Contaminants on the microprocessor contacts, such as oil from your skin, can cause connection failures between the contacts and the socket.

To remove a microprocessor, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 105.
2. Turn off the server and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 109).
5. Remove the riser-card assembly (see "Removing the riser-card assembly" on page 154).
6. Remove the air baffle (see "Removing the air baffle" on page 111).
7. Open the heat-sink release latch to the fully-open position.
8. Lift the heat sink out of the server.



9. Open the microprocessor release latch to the fully-open position.
10. Open the microprocessor bracket frame and carefully remove the microprocessor.



11. If you are instructed to return the microprocessor, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a microprocessor

For information about the type of microprocessor that the server supports and other information that you must consider when installing a microprocessor, see the *User's Guide* on the *IBM System x Documentation CD*.

Read the documentation that comes with the microprocessor to determine whether you must update the basic input/output system (BIOS) code. To download the most

current level of BIOS code, go to <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html>, select **System 3655** from the **Hardware** list, and click the **Download** tab.

Attention:

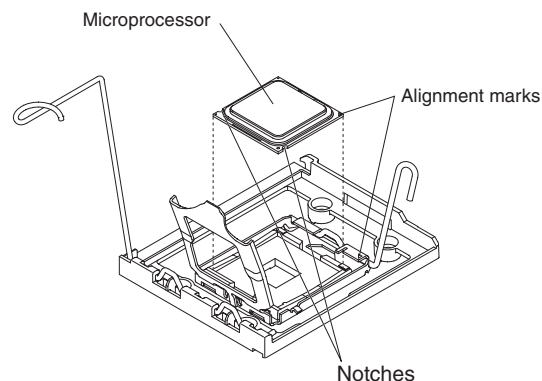
- A startup (boot) processor must always be installed in microprocessor connector 1 on the system board.
- To ensure correct server operation when you install an additional microprocessor, use microprocessors that have the same cache size and type, and the same clock speed. Microprocessor clock frequencies must be identical.
- If you are installing a microprocessor that has been removed, make sure that it is paired with its original heat sink or a new replacement heat sink. Do not reuse a heat sink from another microprocessor; the thermal grease distribution might be different and might affect conductivity.

To install a replacement microprocessor, complete the following steps:

1. Touch the static-protective package containing the microprocessor to any unpainted metal surface on the server. Then, remove the microprocessor from the package.
2. Rotate the microprocessor release lever on the socket from its closed and locked position until it stops or clicks in the fully open position.

Attention:

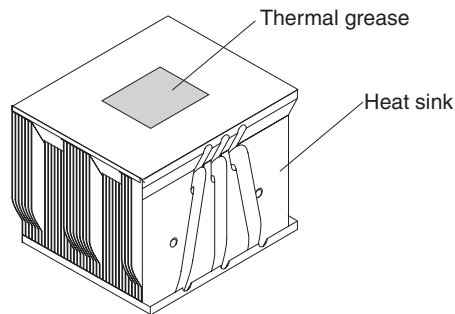
- Handle the microprocessor carefully. Dropping the microprocessor during installation or removal can damage the contacts. Also, contaminants on the microprocessor contacts, such as oil from your skin, can cause connection failures between the contacts and the socket.
 - Do not use excessive force when pressing the microprocessor into the socket.
3. Align the microprocessor with the socket (note the alignment mark and the position of the notches); then carefully place the microprocessor on the socket. Close the microprocessor bracket frame.



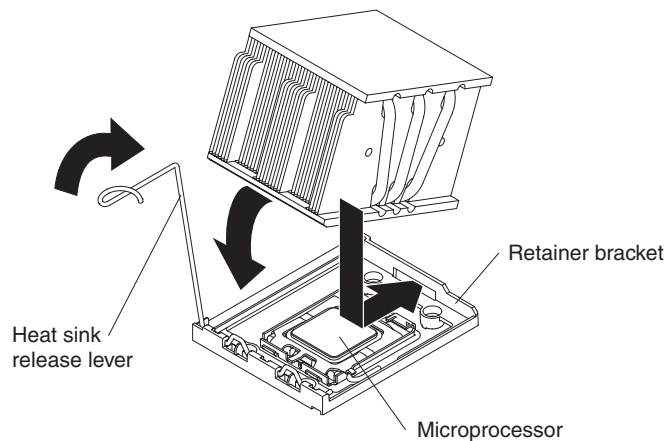
Note: The microprocessor fits only one way on the socket.

4. Carefully close the microprocessor release lever to secure the microprocessor in the socket.
5. Install a heat sink on the microprocessor.

Attention: Do not touch the thermal grease on the bottom of the heat sink or set down the heat sink after the plastic cover is removed. Touching the thermal grease will contaminate it.



- a. Make sure that the heat-sink release lever is in the open position.
- b. Remove the plastic protective cover from the bottom of the heat sink.
- c. Align the heat sink above the microprocessor with the thermal grease side down. Press firmly on the heat sink.



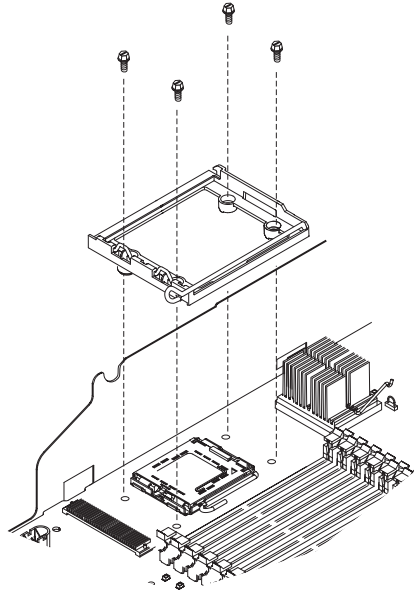
- d. Slide the rear flange of the heat sink into the opening in the retainer bracket.
 - e. Press down firmly on the front of the heat sink until it is seated securely.
 - f. Rotate the heat-sink release lever to the closed position and hook it underneath the lock tab.
6. Install the air baffle (see "Installing the air baffle" on page 112).
 7. Install the riser-card assembly (see "Installing the riser-card assembly" on page 155).
 8. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 110).
 9. Slide the server into the rack.
 10. Connect the cables and power cords.
 11. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Removing a heat-sink retention module

To remove a heat-sink retention module, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Installation guidelines" on page 105.
2. Turn off the server, and all attached devices.

3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 109).
5. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 154).
6. Remove the air baffle; then, remove the heat sink and microprocessor (see “Removing the air baffle” on page 111 and “Removing a microprocessor” on page 157).
7. Remove the four screws that secure the heat-sink retention module to the system board; then, lift the heat-sink retention module from the system board.



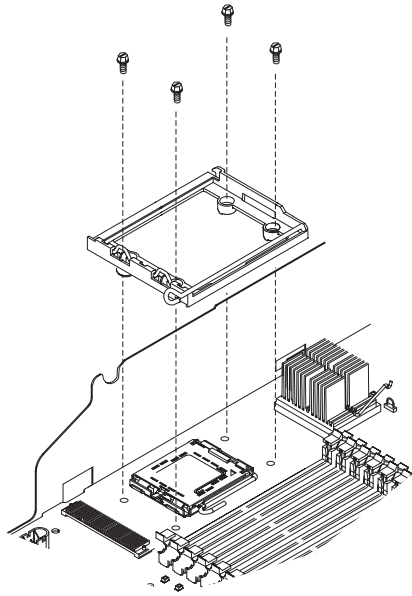
8. If you are instructed to return the heat-sink retention module, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a heat-sink retention module

To install a replacement heat-sink retention module, complete the following steps:

1. Place the heat-sink retention module in the microprocessor location on the system board.
2. Install the four screws that secure the module to the system board

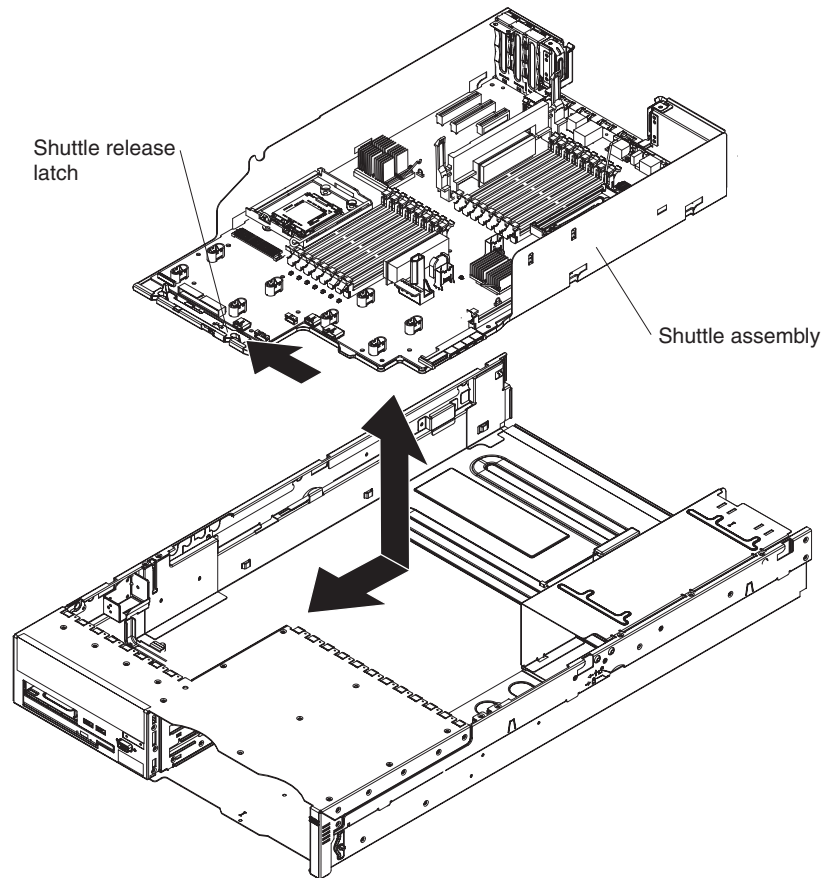
Attention: Make sure that you install each heat sink with its paired microprocessor.



3. Install the microprocessor, and heat sink (see “Installing a microprocessor” on page 158).
4. Install the air baffle (see “Installing the air baffle” on page 112).
5. Install the riser-card assembly (see “Installing the riser-card assembly” on page 155).
6. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 110).
7. Slide the server into the rack.
8. Connect the cables and power cords.
9. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Removing the system board and shuttle

The system board is attached to a shuttle for easy replacement.



To remove the system board and shuttle, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 105.
2. Turn off the server, and all attached devices.
3. Disconnect all external cables and power cords.
4. Remove the cover.

Note: When replacing the system board, you must either update the server with the latest firmware or restore the pre-existing firmware that the customer provides on a diskette or CD image. Make sure that you have the latest firmware or a copy of the pre-existing firmware before you proceed.

5. Remove the following components and place them on a static-protective surface for reinstallation:
 - The riser-card assembly with adapters (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 154).
 - Remove the air baffle (see “Removing the air baffle” on page 111).
 - All other adapters (see “Removing an adapter” on page 113).
 - The Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine (see “Removing the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine” on page 118).
 - The ServeRAID SAS controller (see “Removing the ServeRAID SAS controller” on page 120).

Important: Note which DIMMs are in which connectors, before you remove the DIMMs. You must install them in the same configuration on the replacement system board.

6. Remove all DIMMs, and place them on a static-protective surface for reinstallation (see “Removing a memory module” on page 132).
7. Disconnect all cables from the system board.
8. Slide the power supplies out of the bays slightly or remove them entirely (see “Removing a hot-swap power supply” on page 138).
9. Slide the power backplane toward the right side of the server (see “Removing the power backplane” on page 152).

Attention: In the following step, do not allow the thermal grease to come in contact with anything, and keep each heat sink paired with its microprocessor for reinstallation. Contact with any surface can compromise the thermal grease and the microprocessor socket; a mismatch between the microprocessor and its original heatsink can require the installation of a new heat sink instead.

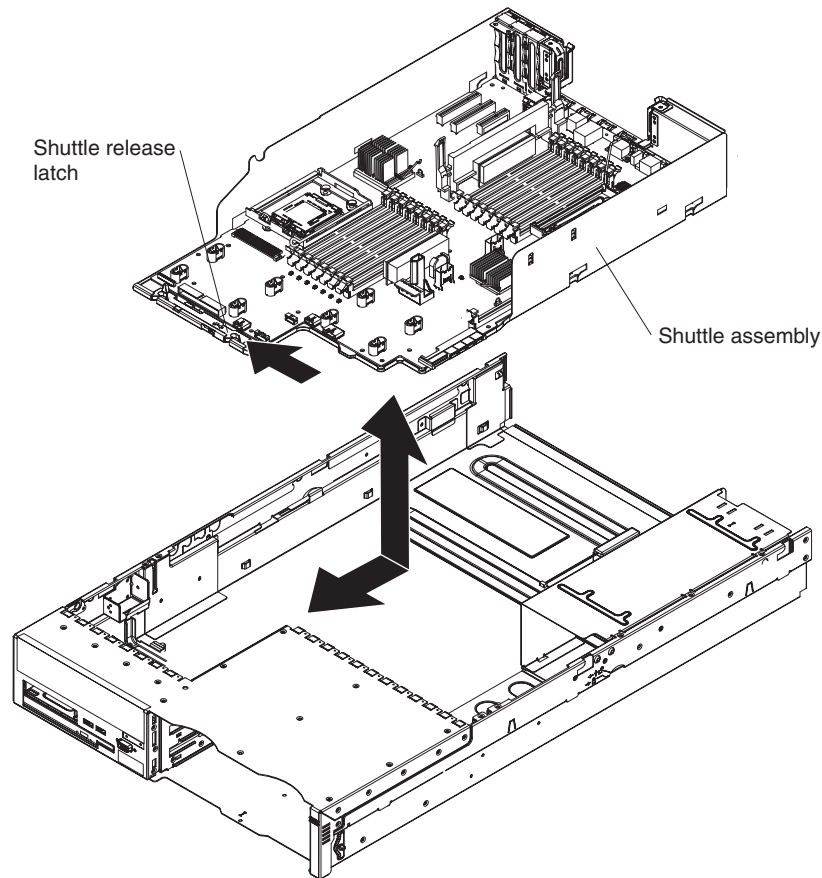
10. Remove each microprocessor heat sink and microprocessor; then, place them on a static-protective surface for reinstallation (see “Removing a microprocessor” on page 157).
11. Slide the shuttle release latch toward the left side of the server, and push the shuttle toward the rear of the server approximately 12.7 mm (0.5 inch).
12. Lift the shuttle out of the server.
13. If you are instructed to return the shuttle assembly, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the system board and shuttle

Notes:

1. When you reassemble the components in the server, be sure to route all cables carefully so that they are not exposed to excessive pressure.
2. When you replace the system board, you must either update the server with the latest firmware or restore the pre-existing firmware that the customer provides on a diskette or CD image.

To install the replacement system board and shuttle, complete the following steps:



1. Align the openings in the sides of the shuttle with the protrusions in the sides of the server, and lower the shuttle into the server; then, slide the shuttle toward the front of the server until it clicks into place. Make sure that the shuttle locking latch holds the shuttle securely in place.
2. Slide the power backplane toward the system board until the connectors mate (see “Installing the power backplane” on page 153).
3. Install the power supplies (see “Installing a hot-swap power supply” on page 139).
4. Connect the cables to the system board that you disconnected in step 7 of “Removing the system board and shuttle” on page 163.
5. Install each microprocessor with its heat sink (see “Installing a microprocessor” on page 158).
6. Install the DIMMs (see “Installing a memory module” on page 132).
7. Install the air baffles.
8. Install the riser-card assembly and all adapters.
9. Install the fan-bracket assembly.
10. Install the server cover (see Installing the cover).
11. Slide the server into the rack.
12. Connect the cables and power cords.
13. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

Important: Perform the following updates:

- Either update the server with the latest SAS firmware or restore the pre-existing firmware from a diskette or CD image.
- Update the UUID (see “Updating the UUID” on page 183).

Chapter 6. Configuration information and instructions

This chapter provides information about updating the firmware and using the configuration utilities.

Updating the firmware

The firmware in the server is periodically updated and is available for download on the Web. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html> to check for the latest level of firmware, such as BIOS code, vital product data (VPD) code, device drivers, and service processor firmware.

When you replace a device in the server, you might have to either update the server with the latest version of the firmware that is stored in memory on the device or restore the pre-existing firmware from a diskette or CD image.

- BIOS code is stored in ROM on the system board.
- BMC firmware is stored in ROM on the baseboard management controller on the system board.
- Ethernet firmware is stored in ROM on the Ethernet controller.
- ServeRAID firmware is stored in ROM on the ServeRAID SAS controller.
- SAS firmware is stored in ROM on the integrated RAID controller on the system board.
- Major components contain vital product data (VPD) code. You can select to update the VPD code during the BIOS code update procedure.

Configuring the server

The *ServerGuide Setup and Installation* CD provides software setup tools and installation tools that are specifically designed for your IBM server. Use this CD during the initial installation of the server to configure basic hardware features and to simplify the operating-system installation. (See “Using the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD” for more information.)

In addition to the *ServerGuide Setup and Installation* CD, you can use the following configuration programs to customize the server hardware:

- Configuration/Setup Utility program
- Baseboard management controller utility programs
- RAID configuration programs
 - Adaptec RAID Configuration Utility program
 - ServeRAID Manager

For more information about these programs, see “Configuring the server” in the *User's Guide* on the IBM *System x Documentation* CD.

Using the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD

The *ServerGuide Setup and Installation* CD provides state-of-the-art programs to detect the server model and optional hardware devices that are installed, configure the server hardware, provide device drivers, and help you install the operating system. For information about the supported operating-system versions, see the

label on the CD. If the *ServerGuide Setup and Installation* CD did not come with the server, you can download the latest version from <http://www.ibm.com/pc/qtechinfo/MIGR-4ZKPPT.html>.

To start the *ServerGuide Setup and Installation* CD, complete the following steps:

1. Insert the CD, and restart the server. If the CD does not start, see “ServerGuide problems” on page 48.
2. Follow the instructions on the screen to:
 - a. Select your language.
 - b. Select your keyboard layout and country.
 - c. View the overview to learn about ServerGuide features.
 - d. View the readme file to review installation tips about your operating system and adapter.
 - e. Start the setup and hardware configuration programs.
 - f. Start the operating-system installation. You will need your operating-system CD.

Using the Configuration/Setup Utility program

The Configuration/Setup Utility program is part of the BIOS. You can use it to perform the following tasks:

- View configuration information
- View and change assignments for devices and I/O ports
- Set the date and time
- Set and change the power-on password
- Set the startup characteristics of the server and the order of startup devices (startup-drive sequence)
- Set and change settings for advanced hardware features
- View and clear the error log
- Change interrupt request (IRQ) settings
- Enable USB legacy keyboard and mouse support
- Resolve configuration conflicts

To start the Configuration/Setup Utility program, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.
2. When the prompt Press F1 for Configuration/Setup appears, press F1. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to access the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu. If you do not type the administrator password, a limited Configuration/Setup Utility menu will appear.
3. Select settings to view or change.

Using the ServeRAID configuration programs

Use the IBM ServeRAID Configuration Utility program and ServeRAID Manager to configure and manage redundant array of independent disks (RAID) arrays. Be sure to use these programs as described in this document.

- Use the IBM ServeRAID Configuration Utility program to:
 - Perform a low-level format on a hard disk drive
 - View or change IDs for attached devices
 - Set protocol parameters on hard disk drives

- Use ServeRAID Manager to:
 - Configure arrays
 - View the RAID configuration and associated devices
 - Monitor operation of the RAID controllers

Consider the following information when using the IBM ServeRAID Configuration Utility program and ServeRAID Manager to configure and manage arrays:

- The ServeRAID-8k-I SAS controller that comes with the server supports only RAID level-0, level-1, and level-10. You can replace it with a ServeRAID-8k SAS controller that supports additional RAID levels.
- Hard disk drive capacities affect how you create arrays. The drives in an array can have different capacities, but the ServeRAID controller treats them as if they all have the capacity of the smallest hard disk drive.
- To help ensure signal quality, do not use drives with different speeds and data rates.
- To update the firmware and BIOS code for an optional ServeRAID SAS controller, you must use the IBM *ServeRAID Support* CD that comes with the ServeRAID option.

Using the ServeRAID Configuration Utility program

Use the IBM ServeRAID configuration Utility programs to perform the following tasks:

- Configure a redundant array of independent disks (RAID) array.
- View or change the RAID configuration and associated devices.

Starting the ServeRAID Configuration Utility program: To start the IBM ServeRAID Configuration Utility program, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.
2. When the prompt <<<Press <CTRL><A> for IBM ServeRAID Configuration Utility! appears, press Ctrl+A. If you have set an administrator password, you are prompted to type the password.
3. To select a choice from the menu, use the arrow keys.
4. Use the arrow keys to select the channel for which you want to change settings.
5. To change the settings of the selected items, follow the instructions on the screen. Be sure to press Enter to save your changes.

IBM ServeRAID Configuration Utility menu choices: The following choices are on the IBM ServeRAID Configuration Utility menu:

- **Array Configuration Utility**
Select this choice to create, manage, or delete arrays, or to initialize drives.
- **SerialSelect Utility**
Select this choice to configure the controller interface definitions or to configure the physical transfer and SAS address of the selected drive.
- **Disk Utilities**
Select this choice to format a disk or verify the disk media. Select a device from the list and read the instructions on the screen carefully before making a selection.

Using ServeRAID Manager

Use ServeRAID Manager, which is on the *IBM ServeRAID Support* CD, to perform the following tasks:

- Configure a redundant array of independent disks (RAID) array

- Erase all data from a hard disk drive and return the disk drive to the factory-default settings
- View the RAID configuration and associated devices
- Monitor the operation of the RAID controllers

To perform some tasks, you can run ServeRAID Manager as an installed program. However, to configure the RAID controller and perform an initial RAID configuration on the server, you must run ServeRAID Manager in Startable CD mode, as described in the instructions in this section.

See the ServeRAID documentation on the *IBM ServeRAID Support* CD for additional information about RAID technology and instructions for using ServeRAID Manager to configure the RAID controller. Additional information about ServeRAID Manager is also available from the **Help** menu. For information about a specific object in the ServeRAID Manager tree, select the object and click **Actions → Hints and tips**.

Configuring the RAID controller: By running ServeRAID Manager in Startable CD mode, you can configure the RAID controller before you install the operating system. The information in this section assumes that you are running ServeRAID Manager in Startable CD mode.

To run ServeRAID Manager in Startable CD mode, turn on the server; then, insert the CD into the CD-RW/DVD drive. If ServeRAID Manager detects an unconfigured controller and ready drives, the Configuration wizard starts.

In the Configuration wizard, you can select express configuration or custom configuration. Express configuration automatically configures the controller by grouping the first two physical drives in the ServeRAID Manager tree into an array and creating a RAID level-1 logical drive. If you select custom configuration, you can select the two physical drives that you want to group into an array and create a hot-spare drive.

Using express configuration: To use express configuration, complete the following steps:

1. In the ServeRAID Manager tree, click the controller.
2. Click **Express configuration**.
3. Click **Next**.
4. In the "Configuration summary" window, review the information. To change the configuration, click **Modify arrays**.
5. Click **Apply**; when you are asked if you want to apply the new configuration, click **Yes**. The configuration is saved in the controller and in the physical drives.
6. Exit from ServeRAID Manager and remove the CD from the CD-RW/DVD drive.
7. Restart the server.

Using custom configuration: To use custom configuration, complete the following steps:

1. In the ServeRAID Manager tree, click the controller.
2. Click **Custom configuration**.
3. Click **Next**.
4. In the "Create arrays" window, from the list of ready drives, select the drives that you want to group into the array.
5. Click the (Add selected drives) icon to add the drives to the array.

6. If you want to configure a hot-spare drive, complete the following steps:
 - a. Click the **Spares** tab.
 - b. Select the physical drive that you want to designate as the hot-spare drive, and click the (Add selected drives) icon.
7. Click **Next**.
8. Review the information in the “Configuration summary” window. To change the configuration, click **Back**.
9. Click **Apply**; when you are asked if you want to apply the new configuration, click **Yes**. The configuration is saved in the controller and in the physical drives.
10. Exit from ServeRAID Manager and remove the CD from the CD-RW/DVD drive.
11. Restart the server.

Viewing the configuration: You can use ServeRAID Manager to view information about RAID controllers and the RAID subsystem (such as arrays, logical drives, hot-spare drives, and physical drives). When you click an object in the ServeRAID Manager tree, information about that object appears in the right pane. To display a list of available actions for an object, click the object and click **Actions**.

Using the baseboard management controller

The baseboard management controller provides basic service-processor environmental monitoring functions for the server. If an environmental condition exceeds a threshold or if a system components fail, the baseboard management controller lights LEDs to help you diagnose the problem and also records the error in the BMC system event log.

The baseboard management controller also provides the following remote server management capabilities through the OSA SMBridge management utility program:

- **Command-line interface (IPMI Shell)**

The command-line interface provides direct access to server management functions through the IPMI protocol. Use the command-line interface to issue commands to control the server power, view system information, and identify the server. You can also save one or more commands as a text file and run the file as a script.

- **Serial over LAN**

Establish a Serial over LAN (SOL) connection to manage servers from a remote location. You can remotely view and change the BIOS settings, restart the server, identify the server, and perform other management functions. Any standard Telenet client application can access the SOL connection.

Enabling and configuring SOL using the OSA SMBridge management utility program

To enable and configure the server for SOL by using the OSA SMBridge management utility program, you must update and configure the BIOS code; update and configure the baseboard management controller (BMC) firmware; update and configure the Ethernet controller firmware; and enable the operating system for an SOL connection.

BIOS update and configuration: To update and configure the BIOS code to enable SOL, complete the following steps:

1. Update the BIOS code:
 - a. Download the latest version of the BIOS code from <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html>.
 - b. Update the BIOS code, following the instructions that come with the update file that you downloaded.
2. Update the BMC firmware:
 - a. Download the latest version of the BMC firmware from <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html>.
 - b. Update the BMC firmware following the instructions that come with the update file that you downloaded.
3. Configure the BIOS settings:
 - a. When you are prompted to start the Configuration/Setup Utility program, restart the server and press F1.
 - b. Select **Devices and I/O Ports**; then, make sure the values are set as follows:
 - **Serial Port A**: Auto-configure
 - **Serial Port B**: Auto-configure
 - c. Select **Remote Console Redirection**; then, make sure that the values are set as follows:
 - **Remote Console Active**: Enabled
 - **Remote Console COM Port**: COM 1
 - **Remote Console Baud Rate**: 19200 or higher
 - **Remote Console Data Bits**: 8
 - **Remote Console Parity**: None
 - **Remote Console Stop Bits**: 1
 - **Remote Console Text Emulation**: ANSI
 - **Remote Console Keyboard Emulation**: ANSI
 - **Remote Console Active After Boot**: Enabled
 - **Remote Console Flow Control**: Hardware
 - d. Press Esc twice to exit the **Remote Console Redirection** and **Devices and I/O Ports** sections of the Configuration/Setup Utility program.
 - e. Select **Advanced Setup**; then, select **Baseboard Management Controller (BMC) Settings**.
 - f. Set **BMC Serial Port Access Mode** to **Dedicated**.
 - g. Press Esc twice to exit the **Baseboard Management Controller (BMC) Settings** and **Advanced Setup** sections of the Configuration/Setup Utility program.
 - h. Select **Save Settings**; then, press Enter.
 - i. Press Enter to confirm.
 - j. Select **Exit Setup**; then, press Enter.
 - k. Make sure that **Yes, exit the Setup Utility** is selected; then, press Enter.

Linux configuration: For SOL operation on the server, you must configure the Linux® operating system to expose the Linux initialization (booting) process. This enables users to log in to the Linux console through an SOL session and directs Linux output to the serial console. See the documentation for your specific Linux operating-system type for information and instructions.

Use one of the following procedures to enable SOL sessions for your Linux operating system. You must be logged in as a root user to perform these procedures.

Red Hat Enterprise Linux ES 4 configuration:

Note: This procedure is based on a default installation of Red Hat Enterprise Linux ES 4. The file names, structures, and commands might be different for other versions of Red Hat Linux.

To configure the general Linux parameters for SOL operation when you are using the Red Hat Enterprise Linux ES 4 operating system, complete the following steps.

Note: Hardware flow control prevents character loss during communication over a serial connection. You must enable it when you are using a Linux operating system.

1. Add the following line to the end of the # Run gettys in standard runlevels section of the /etc/inittab file. This enables hardware flow control and enables users to log in through the SOL console.
`7:2345:respawn:/sbin/agetty -h ttyS0 19200 vt102`
2. Add the following line at the bottom of the /etc/securetty file to enable a user to log in as the root user through the SOL console:
`ttyS0`

LILO configuration: If you are using LILO, complete the following steps:

1. Modify the /etc/lilo.conf file:
 - a. Add the following text to the end of the first default=linux line
`-Monitor`
 - b. Comment out the map=/boot/map line by adding a # at the beginning of this line.
 - c. Comment out the message=/boot/message line by adding a # at the beginning of this line.
 - d. Add the following line before the first image= line:
`# This will allow you to only Monitor the OS boot via SOL`
 - e. Add the following text to the end of the first label=linux line:
`-Monitor`
 - f. Add the following line to the first image= section. This enables SOL.
`append="console=ttyS0,19200n8 console=tty1"`
 - g. Add the following lines between the two image= sections:
`# This will allow you to Interact with the OS boot via SOL`
`image=/boot/vmlinuz-2.4.9-e.12smp`
`label=linux-Interact`
`initrd=/boot/initrd-2.4.9-e.12smp.img`
`read-only`
`root=/dev/hda6`
`append="console=tty1 console=ttyS0,19200n8 "`

The following examples show the original content of the /etc/lilo.conf file and the content of this file after modification.

Original /etc/lilo.conf contents

```
prompt
timeout=50
default=linux
boot=/dev/hda
map=/boot/map
install=/boot/boot.b
message=/boot/message
linear
image=/boot/vmlinuz-2.4.9-e.12smp
    label=linux
    initrd=/boot/initrd-2.4.9-e.12smp.img
    read-only
    root=/dev/hda6
image=/boot/vmlinuz-2.4.9-e.12
    label=linux-up
    initrd=/boot/initrd-2.4.9-e.12.img
    read-only
    root=/dev/hda6
```

Modified /etc/lilo.conf contents

```
prompt
timeout=50
default=linux-Monitor
boot=/dev/hda
#map=/boot/map
install=/boot/boot.b
#message=/boot/message
linear
# This will allow you to only Monitor the OS boot via SOL
image=/boot/vmlinuz-2.4.9-e.12smp
    label=linux-Monitor
    initrd=/boot/initrd-2.4.9-e.12smp.img
    read-only
    root=/dev/hda6
    append="console=ttyS0,19200n8 console=tty1"
# This will allow you to Interact with the OS boot via SOL
image=/boot/vmlinuz-2.4.9-e.12smp
    label=linux-Interact
    initrd=/boot/initrd-2.4.9-e.12smp.img
    read-only
    root=/dev/hda6
    append="console=tty1 console=ttyS0,19200n8 "
image=/boot/vmlinuz-2.4.9-e.12
    label=linux-up
    initrd=/boot/initrd-2.4.9-e.12.img
    read-only
    root=/dev/hda6
```

2. Run the **lilo** command to store and activate the LILO configuration.

When the Linux operating system starts, a LILO boot: prompt is displayed instead of the graphical user interface. Press Tab at this prompt to install all of the boot options that are listed. To load the operating system in interactive mode, type linux-Interact and then press Enter.

GRUB configuration: If you are using GRUB, modify the /boot/grub/grub.conf file:

1. Comment out the splashimage= line by adding a # at the beginning of this line.
2. Add the following line before the first title= line:
This will allow you to only Monitor the OS boot via SOL
3. Append the following text to the first title= line:
SOL Monitor
4. Append the following text to the kernel/ line of the first title= section:
console=ttyS0,19200 console=tty1
5. Add the following five lines between the two title= sections:
This will allow you to Interact with the OS boot via SOL
title Red Hat Linux (2.4.9-e.12smp) SOL Interactive
 root (hd0,0)
kernel /vmlinuz-2.4.9-e.12smp ro root=/dev/hda6 console=tty1

```
console=ttyS0,19200
initrd /initrd-2.4.9-e.12smp.img
```

Note: The entry that begins with `kernel /vmlinuz` is shown with a line break after `console=tty1`. In your file, the entire entry must all be on one line.

The following examples show the original content of the `/boot/grub/grub.conf` file and the content of this file after modification.

Original /boot/grub/grub.conf contents
--

<pre>#grub.conf generated by anaconda # # Note that you do not have to rerun grub after making changes to this file # NOTICE: You have a /boot partition. This means that # all kernel and initrd paths are relative to /boot/, eg. # root (hd0,0) # kernel /vmlinuz-version ro root=/dev/hda6 # initrd /initrd-version.img #boot=/dev/hda default=0 timeout=10 splashimage=(hd0,0)/grub/splash.xpm.gz title Red Hat Enterprise Linux ES (2.4.9-e.12smp) root (hd0,0) kernel /vmlinuz-2.4.9-e.12smp ro root=/dev/hda6 initrd /initrd-2.4.9-e.12smp.img title Red Hat Enterprise Linux ES-up (2.4.9-e.12) root (hd0,0) kernel /vmlinuz-2.4.9-e.12 ro root=/dev/hda6 initrd /initrd-2.4.9-e.12.img</pre>
--

Modified /boot/grub/grub.conf contents

```
#grub.conf generated by anaconda
#
# Note that you do not have to rerun grub after making changes to this file
# NOTICE: You have a /boot partition. This means that
#           all kernel and initrd paths are relative to /boot/, eg.
#           root (hd0,0)
#           kernel /vmlinuz-version ro root=/dev/hda6
#           initrd /initrd-version.img
#boot=/dev/hda
default=0
timeout=10
# splashimage=(hd0,0)/grub/splash.xpm.gz
# This will allow you to only Monitor the OS boot via SOL
title Red Hat Enterprise Linux ES (2.4.9-e.12smp) SOL Monitor
    root (hd0,0)
    kernel /vmlinuz-2.4.9-e.12smp ro root=/dev/hda6 console=ttyS0,19200 console=tty1
    initrd /initrd-2.4.9-e.12smp.img
# This will allow you to Interact with the OS boot via SOL
title Red Hat Linux (2.4.9-e.12smp) SOL Interactive
    root (hd0,0)
    kernel /vmlinuz-2.4.9-e.12smp ro root=/dev/hda6 console=tty1 console=ttyS0,19200
    initrd /initrd-2.4.9-e.12smp.img
title Red Hat Enterprise Linux ES-up (2.4.9-e.12)
    root (hd0,0)
    kernel /vmlinuz-2.4.9-e.12 ro root=/dev/hda6
    initrd /initrd-2.4.9-e.12.img
```

You must restart the Linux operating system after completing these procedures for the changes to take effect and to enable SOL.

SUSE SLES 9.0 configuration:

Note: This procedure is based on a default installation of SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES) 9.0. The file names, structures, and commands might be different for other versions of SUSE Linux.

Configure the general Linux parameters for SOL operation when using the SLES 9.0 operating system.

Note: Hardware flow control prevents character loss during communication over a serial connection. You must enable it when using a Linux operating system.

1. Add the following line to the end of the # `getty-programs` for the normal `runlevels` section of the `/etc/inittab` file. This enables hardware flow control and enables users to log in through the SOL console.
`7:2345:respawn:/sbin/agetty -h ttyS0 19200 vt102`
2. Add the following line after the `tty6` line at the bottom of the `/etc/securetty` file to enable a user to log in as the root user through the SOL console:
`ttyS0`

3. Modify the `/boot/grub/menu.lst` file:
 - a. Comment out the `gfxmenu` line by adding a `#` in front of the word `gfxmenu`.
 - b. Add the following line before the first title line:
`# This will allow you to only Monitor the OS boot via SOL`
 - c. Append the following text to the first title line:
`SOL Monitor`
 - d. Append the following text to the kernel line of the first title section:
`console=ttyS1,19200 console=tty0`
 - e. Add the following four lines between the first two title sections:
`# This will allow you to Interact with the OS boot via SOL`
`title linux SOL Interactive`
`kernel (hd0,1)/boot/vmlinuz root=/dev/hda2 acpi=oldboot vga=791`
`console=tty1 console=ttyS0,19200`
`initrd (hd0,1)/boot/initrd`

The following examples show the original content of the `/boot/grub/menu.lst` file and the content of this file after modification.

Original <code>/boot/grub/menu.lst</code> contents	Notes
<pre>gfxmenu (hd0,1)/boot/message color white/blue black/light-gray default 0 timeout 8 title linux kernel (hd0,1)/boot/vmlinuz root=/dev/hda2 acpi=oldboot vga=791 initrd (hd0,1)/boot/initrd title floppy root chainloader +l title failsafe kernel (hd0,1)/boot/vmlinuz.shipped root=/dev/hda2 ide=nodma apm=off vga=normal nosmp disablepic maxcpus=0 3 initrd (hd0,1)/boot/initrd.shipped</pre>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p>
Note 1: The kernel line is shown with a line break. In your file, the entire entry must all be on one line.	

Modified <code>/boot/grub/menu.lst</code> contents	Notes
<pre>#gfxmenu (hd0,1)/boot/message color white/blue black/light-gray default 0 timeout 8 # This will allow you to only Monitor the OS boot via SOL title linux SOL Monitor kernel (hd0,1)/boot/vmlinuz root=/dev/hda2 acpi=oldboot vga=791 console=ttyS1,19200 console=tty1 initrd (hd0,1)/boot/initrd # This will allow you to Interact with the OS boot via SOL title linux SOL Interactive kernel (hd0,1)/boot/vmlinuz root=/dev/hda2 acpi=oldboot vga=791 console=tty1 console=ttyS0,19200 initrd (hd0,1)/boot/initrd</pre>	<p>1</p>

Modified /boot/grub/menu.lst contents	Notes
<pre> title floppy root chainloader +1 title failsafe kernel (hd0,1)/boot/vmlinuz.shipped root=/dev/hda2 ide=nodma apm=off vga=normal nosmp disableapic maxcpus=0 3 initrd (hd0,1)/boot/initrd.shipped </pre>	1
Note 1: The kernel line is shown with a line break. In your file, the entire entry must all be on one line.	

You must restart the Linux operating system after completing these procedures for the changes to take effect and to enable SOL.

Microsoft Windows 2003 Standard Edition configuration:

Note: This procedure is based on a default installation of the Microsoft® Windows® 2003 operating system.

To configure the Windows 2003 operating system for SOL operation, complete the following steps. You must be logged in as a user with administrator access to perform this procedure.

1. Determine which boot entry ID to modify:
 - a. Type `bootcfg` at a Windows command prompt; then, press Enter to display the current boot options for your server.
 - b. In the Boot Entries section, locate the boot entry ID for the section with an OS friendly name of Windows Server 2003, Standard. Write down the boot entry ID for use in the next step.
2. To enable the Microsoft Windows Emergency Management System (EMS), at a Windows command prompt, type

```
bootcfg /EMS ON /PORT COM1 /BAUD 19200 /ID boot_id
```

where *boot_id* is the boot entry ID from step 1b; then, press Enter.

3. Verify that the EMS console is redirected to the COM1 serial port:
 - a. Type `bootcfg` at a Windows command prompt; then, press Enter to display the current boot options for your server.
 - b. Verify the following changes to the bootcfg settings:
 - In the Boot Loader Settings section, make sure that `redirect` is set to COM1 and that `redirectbaudrate` is set to 19200.
 - In the Boot Entries section, make sure that the OS Load Options: line has `/redirect` appended to the end of it.

The following examples show the original bootcfg program output and the output after modification.

Original bootcfg program output
<pre> Boot Loader Settings ----- timeout: 30 default: multi(0)disk(0)rdisk(0)partition(1)\WINDOWS Boot Entries ----- Boot entry ID: 1 OS Friendly Name: Windows Server 2003, Standard Path: multi(0)disk(0)rdisk(0)partition(1)\WINDOWS OS Load Options: /fastdetect </pre>

Modified bootcfg program output
<pre> Boot Loader Settings ----- timeout: 30 default: multi(0)disk(0)rdisk(0)partition(1)\WINDOWS redirect: COM1 redirectbaudrate: 19200 Boot Entries ----- Boot entry ID: 1 OS Friendly Name: Windows Server 2003, Standard Path: multi(0)disk(0)rdisk(0)partition(1)\WINDOWS OS Load Options: /fastdetect /redirect </pre>

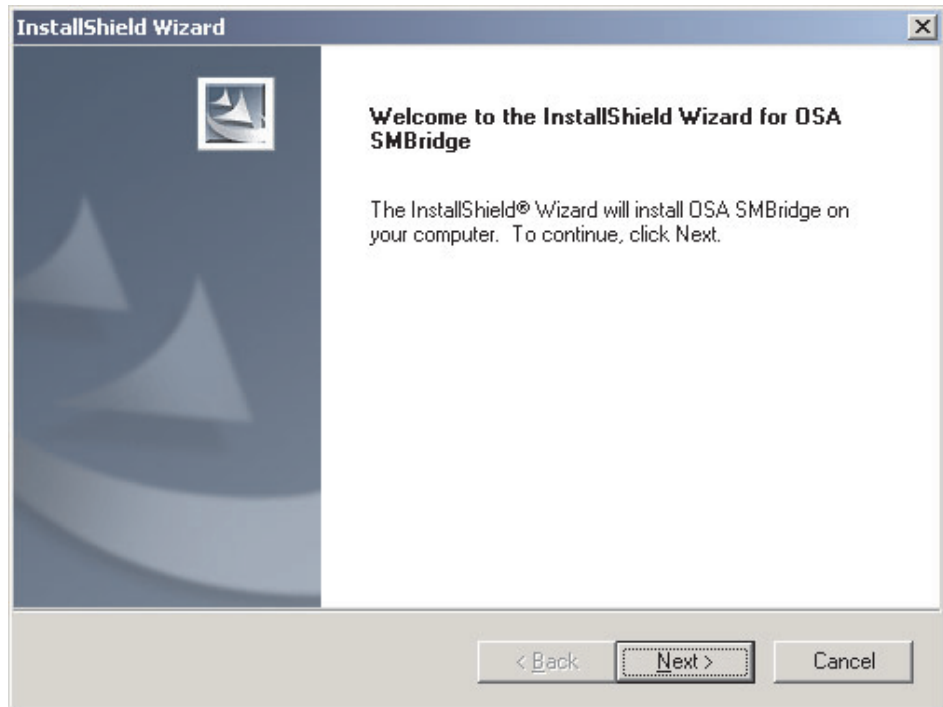
You must restart the Windows 2003 operating system after completing this procedure for the changes to take effect and to enable SOL.

Installing the OSA SMBridge management utility program

Important: To obtain maximum benefit from the OSA SMBridge management utility program, install and load the program *before* problems occur.

To install OSA SMBridge management utility program on a server running a Windows operating system, complete the following steps:

1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html> and download the utility program and create the OSA BMC Management Utility CD.
2. Insert the OSA BMC Management Utility CD into the drive. The InstallShield wizard starts, and a window similar to that shown in the following illustration opens.



3. Follow the prompts to complete the installation.

The installation program prompts you for a TCP/IP port number and an IP address. Specify an IP address, if you want to limit the connection requests that will be accepted by the utility program. To accept connections from any server, type `INADDR_ANY` as the IP address. Also specify the port number that the utility program will use. These values will be recorded in the `smbridge.cfg` file for the automatic startup of the utility program.

To install the OSA SMBridge management utility program on a server running a Linux operating system, complete the following steps. You must be logged in as a root user to perform these procedures.

1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html>. Download the utility program and create the OSA BMC Management Utility CD.
2. Insert the OSA BMC Management Utility CD into the drive.
3. Type `mount/mnt/cdrom`.
4. Locate the directory where the installation RPM package is located and type `cd/mnt/cdrom`.
5. Type the following command to run the RPM package and start the installation:
`rpm -I've smbridge-2.0-xx.rpm`

Where `xx` is the release level being installed

6. Follow the prompts to complete the installation. When the installation is complete, the utility copies files to the following directories:
 - `/etc/init.d/SMBridge`
 - `/etc/smbridge.cfg`
 - `/usr/sbin/smbridged`
 - `/var/log/smbridge/License.txt`
 - `/var/log/smbridge/Readme.txt`

The utility starts automatically when the server is started. You can also locate the /etc/init.d directory to start the utility and use the following commands to manage the utility:

```
smbridge status
smbridge start
smbridge stop
smbridge restart
```

Using the baseboard management controller utility programs

Use the baseboard management controller utility programs to configure the baseboard management controller, download firmware updates and sensor data record/field replaceable unit (SDR/FRU) updates, and remotely manage a network.

Using the baseboard management controller configuration utility program:

Use the baseboard management controller configuration utility program to view or change the baseboard management controller configuration settings. You can also use the utility program to save the configuration to a file for use on multiple servers.

Note: You must attach an optional USB diskette drive to the server to run this program.

To start the baseboard management controller configuration utility program, Complete the following steps:

1. Insert the configuration utility diskette into the diskette drive and restart the server.
2. From a command-line prompt, type `bmc_cfg` and press Enter.
3. Follow the instructions on the screen.

Using the baseboard management controller firmware update utility program:

Use the baseboard management controller firmware update utility program to download and apply a baseboard management controller firmware update and SDR/FRU data update. The firmware update utility program updates the baseboard management controller firmware and SDR/FRU data only and does not affect any device drivers.

Note: To ensure proper server operation, be sure to update the server baseboard management controller firmware before you update the BIOS code.

To update the firmware, if the Linux or Windows operating system update package is available from the World Wide Web and you have obtained the applicable update package, follow the instructions that come with the update package.

Using the OSA SMBridge management utility program: Use the OSA SMBridge management utility program to remotely manage and configure a network. The utility program provides the following remote management capabilities:

• CLI (command-line interface) mode

Use CLI mode to remotely perform power-management and system identification control functions over a LAN or serial port interface from a command-line interface. Use CLI mode also to remotely view the System Event log.

Use the following commands in CLI mode:

- **identify**
Control the system-locator LED on the front of the server.
- **power**
Turn the server on and off remotely.

- **sel**
Perform operations with the System Event/Error log.
- **sysinfo**
Display general system information that is related to the server and the baseboard management controller.
- **Serial over LAN**
Use the Serial over LAN capability to remotely perform control and management functions over a Serial over LAN (SOL) network. You can also use SOL to remotely view and change the server BIOS settings.
At a command prompt, type `telenet localhost 623` to access the SOL network. Type `help` at the `smbridge>` prompt for more information.
Use the following commands in an SOL session:
 - **connect**
Connect to the LAN. Type `connect -ip ip_address -u username -p password`.
 - **identify**
Control the system-locator LED on the front of the server.
 - **power**
Turn the server on and off remotely.
 - **reboot**
Force the server to restart.
 - **sel get**
Display the BMC system event log.
 - **sol**
Configure the SOL function.
 - **sysinfo**
Display system information that is related to the server and the globally unique identifier (GUID).

Updating the UUID

You must update the Universal Unique Identifier (UUID) when you replace the system board. To update the UUID, complete the following steps:

Note: You must attach an optional USB diskette drive to the server to run this program.

1. Copy the UUID utility (`uuid.exe`) from the BIOS flash diskette to a DOS bootable diskette.
2. Insert the diskette into a diskette drive that is connected to the server.
3. Restart the server from the diskette.
4. At the `a:\` prompt, type `UUID /wr`, and press Enter. The utility generates a random identifier.
5. Restart the server.

Appendix A. Getting help and technical assistance

If you need help, service, or technical assistance or just want more information about IBM products, you will find a wide variety of sources available from IBM to assist you. This appendix contains information about where to go for additional information about IBM and IBM products, what to do if you experience a problem with your system or optional device, and whom to call for service, if it is necessary.

Before you call

Before you call, make sure that you have taken these steps to try to solve the problem yourself:

- Check all cables to make sure that they are connected.
- Check the power switches to make sure that the system and any optional devices are turned on.
- Use the troubleshooting information in your system documentation, and use the diagnostic tools that come with your system. Information about diagnostic tools is in the *Problem Determination and Service Guide* on the IBM Documentation CD that comes with your system.

Note: For some IntelliStation models, the *Hardware Maintenance Manual* and *Troubleshooting Guide* is available only from the IBM support Web site.

- Go to the IBM support Web site at <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

You can solve many problems without outside assistance by following the troubleshooting procedures that IBM provides in the online help or in the documentation that is provided with your IBM product. The documentation that comes with IBM systems also describes the diagnostic tests that you can perform. Most systems, operating systems, and programs come with documentation that contains troubleshooting procedures and explanations of error messages and error codes. If you suspect a software problem, see the documentation for the operating system or program.

Using the documentation

Information about your IBM system and preinstalled software, if any, or optional device is available in the documentation that comes with the product. That documentation can include printed documents, online documents, readme files, and help files. See the troubleshooting information in your system documentation for instructions for using the diagnostic programs. The troubleshooting information or the diagnostic programs might tell you that you need additional or updated device drivers or other software. IBM maintains pages on the World Wide Web where you can get the latest technical information and download device drivers and updates. To access these pages, go to <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html> and follow the instructions. Also, some documents are available through the IBM Publications Center at <http://www.ibm.com/shop/publications/order/>.

Getting help and information from the World Wide Web

On the World Wide Web, the IBM Web site has up-to-date information about IBM systems, optional devices, services, and support. The address for IBM System x and xSeries® information is <http://www.ibm.com/systems/x>. The address for IBM IntelliStation information is <http://www.ibm.com/intellistation/>.

You can find service information for IBM systems and optional devices at <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/xseries/index.html>.

Software service and support

Through IBM Support Line, you can get telephone assistance, for a fee, with usage, configuration, and software problems with System x and xSeries servers, BladeCenter products, IntelliStation workstations, and appliances. For information about which products are supported by Support Line in your country or region, see <http://www.ibm.com/services/sl/products/>.

For more information about Support Line and other IBM services, see <http://www.ibm.com/services/>, or see <http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/> for support telephone numbers. In the U.S. and Canada, call 1-800-IBM-SERV (1-800-426-7378).

Hardware service and support

Important: When you call for service, you will be asked to provide the four-digit machine type of your system, which is 7985 or 7943

You can receive hardware service through IBM Services or through your IBM reseller, if your reseller is authorized by IBM to provide warranty service. See <http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/> for support telephone numbers, or in the U.S. and Canada, call 1-800-IBM-SERV (1-800-426-7378).

In the U.S. and Canada, hardware service and support is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. In the U.K., these services are available Monday through Friday, from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

IBM Taiwan product service

台灣 IBM 產品服務聯絡方式：
台灣國際商業機器股份有限公司
台北市松仁路 7 號 3 樓
電話：0800-016-888

IBM Taiwan product service contact information:

IBM Taiwan Corporation
3F, No 7, Song Ren Rd.
Taipei, Taiwan
Telephone: 0800-016-888

Appendix B. Notices

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Active PCI-X	Netfinity	Update Connector
Alert on LAN	Predictive Failure Analysis	Wake on LAN
BladeCenter	ServeRAID	XA-32

Chipkill	ServerGuide	XA-64
FlashCopy	ServerProven	X-Architecture
IBM	System x	XpandOnDemand
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Important notes

Processor speeds indicate the internal clock speed of the microprocessor; other factors also affect application performance.

CD drive speeds list the variable read rate. Actual speeds vary and are often less than the maximum possible.

When referring to processor storage, real and virtual storage, or channel volume, KB stands for approximately 1000 bytes, MB stands for approximately 1 000 000 bytes, and GB stands for approximately 1 000 000 000 bytes.

When referring to hard disk drive capacity or communications volume, MB stands for 1 000 000 bytes, and GB stands for 1 000 000 000 bytes. Total user-accessible capacity may vary depending on operating environments.

Maximum internal hard disk drive capacities assume the replacement of any standard hard disk drives and population of all hard disk drive bays with the largest currently supported drives available from IBM.

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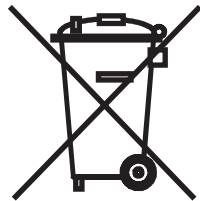
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Battery return program

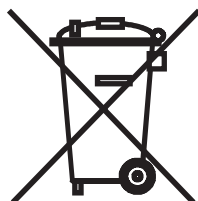
This product may contain a sealed lead acid, nickel cadmium, nickel metal hydride, lithium, or lithium ion battery. Consult your user manual or service manual for specific battery information. The battery must be recycled or disposed of properly. Recycling facilities may not be available in your area. For information on disposal of batteries outside the United States, go to <http://www.ibm.com/ibm/environment/products/index.shtml> or contact your local waste disposal facility.

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For Taiwan: Please recycle batteries.



For the European Union:



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Perchlorate material – special handling may apply. See <http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate/>.

The foregoing notice is provided in accordance with California Code of Regulations Title 22, Division 4.5 Chapter 33. Best Management Practices for Perchlorate Materials. This product/part may include a lithium manganese dioxide battery which contains a perchlorate substance.

Electronic emission notices

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) statement

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are

designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Properly shielded and grounded cables and connectors must be used in order to meet FCC emission limits. IBM is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by using other than recommended cables and connectors or by unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment. Unauthorized changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Industry Canada Class A emission compliance statement

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Avis de conformité à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

Australia and New Zealand Class A statement

Attention: This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

United Kingdom telecommunications safety requirement

Notice to Customers

This apparatus is approved under approval number NS/G/1234/J/100003 for indirect connection to public telecommunication systems in the United Kingdom.

European Union EMC Directive conformance statement

This product is in conformity with the protection requirements of EU Council Directive 89/336/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility. IBM cannot accept responsibility for any failure to satisfy the protection requirements resulting from a non-recommended modification of the product, including the fitting of non-IBM option cards.

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Attention: This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Taiwanese Class A warning statement

警告使用者：
這是甲類的資訊產品，在
居住的環境中使用時，可
能會造成射頻干擾，在這
種情況下，使用者會被要
求採取某些適當的對策。

Chinese Class A warning statement

聲 明
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該產品可能會造成無線電干擾。
在這種情況下，可能需要用戶對其
干擾採取切实可行的措施。

Japanese Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI) statement

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会（VCCI）の基準に
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引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求
されることがあります。

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