

Integrated Management Module II User's Guide



Integrated Management Module II User's Guide

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Contents

Tables	ii
Chapter 1. Introduction	1
IMM2 Basic, Standard, and Advanced Level features	2
IMM2 Basic Level features.	2
IMM2 Standard Level features	3
IMM2 Advanced Level features	3
IMM2 feature improvements	3
Upgrading IMM2.	3
Using IMM2 with the BladeCenter advanced	
management module	4
Web browser and operating-system requirements	4
Notices used in this book	6

Chapter 2. Opening and using the IMM2

web interface	. 7
Accessing the IMM2 web interface	. 7
Setting up the IMM2 network connection through	n
the IBM System x Server Firmware Setup utility	. 7
Logging in to the IMM2	. 10
IMM2 action descriptions	. 11

Chapter 3. IMM2 web user interface

overview							 . 17
Web session settings .							. 17
Page auto refresh .							. 17
Trespass message .							. 18
Log out							. 19
System Status tab							. 20
Events tab							. 26
Event log							. 26
Event recipients							. 28
Service and Support tab							. 31
Problems option.							. 31
Settings option							. 34
Preparing firewalls an	d j	oro	vies	5.			. 37
Download service dat	a o	pti	on				. 38
Server Management tab		•					. 39
Server firmware							. 40
Remote control							. 45
Server properties .							. 50
Server power actions							. 54
Cooling devices							. 54
Power modules							. 55
Local storage							. 56
Memory							. 57
Processors							. 58
Adapters							. 59
Server timeouts		•					. 60
PXE network boot .							. 60
Latest OS failure scree	en						. 60
Power management							. 61
Scalable complex .		•					. 61
IMM Management tab.							. 62

Chapter 4. Configuring the	IMI	М2		•	-	63
Setting server timeouts						. 66
Changing the IMM2 firmware auto	mat	ed p	oror	not	ior	ı
settings		. `				. 67
Setting the IMM2 date and time .						. 68
Configuring the serial port settings						. 70
Configuring user accounts						. 71
User accounts						. 71
Group profiles						. 75
Configuring global login settings .						. 76
General settings						. 76
Account security policy settings						. 77
Configuring network protocols						. 80
Configuring the Ethernet setting	·s	•	•	•	•	80
Configuring SNMP alert settings		•	•	•	•	82
Configuring DNS	, .	·	•	•	•	. 02
Configuring DDNS	•	·	·	•	•	85
Configuring SMTP	•	·	•	•	•	. 05
Configuring LDAP	•	·	•	•	•	. 05
Configuring Tolnot	•	·	·	•	•	. 00
Configuring USB	•	·	·	·	•	. 91
Configuring DSB	•	·	·	·	•	. 92
Configuring port assignments .	•	·	·	·	•	. 92
Configuring security settings	•	·	•	·	•	. 94
Configuring HTTPS protocol .	•	•,	·	·	·	. 94
Configuring CIM over HTTPS p	roto	col	•	·	•	. 95
Configuring LDAP client protoco	01.	·	•	·	•	. 96
Configuring the Secure Shell ser	ver	·	•	·	·	. 98
SSL overview.	•	·	·	•	•	. 99
SSL certificate handling	•	·	·	•	•	. 99
SSL certificate management	•	•	•	·	•	. 99
Configuring cryptography mana	gem	ient	•	•	•	101
Restoring and modifying your IMN	1 co:	nfig	ura	tio	n	103
Restarting the IMM2	•	• •	•	•		104
Resetting the IMM2 to the factory of	defa	ults	•	•	•	105
Activation management key						106
Chapter 5. Monitoring the s	erv	ver				
status.	_	-	-			107
Viewing the system status	-	-	-	-	-	107
Viewing the system information	·	• •	•	•	•	109
Viewing the server health	·	• •	•	•	•	109
Viewing the bardware health	•	• •	•	•	•	110
viewing the hardware hearth .	•	• •	•	•	•	110
Chapter 6 Derferming MM	0 + 0		_			110
Chapter 6. Performing IMM	z la	ISK	5	•	•	113
Controlling the power status of the	ser	ver.	•	•	•	114
Remote presence and remote control	ol fu	ncti	ons	;.		115
Updating your IMM2 firmware	and	Java	a oi	r		
ActiveX applet						116
Enabling the remote presence fu	ncti	on .				116
Remote control screen capture.						116
Remote control Video Viewer me	odes	; .				117
Remote control video color mod	e.					118
Remote control keyboard support	rt					118
Remote control mouse support						120

Viewing performance	statistic	cs.				. 122
Starting Remote Desk	top Pro	tocol				. 122
Knock-knock feature	descript	ion .				. 122
Remote disk						. 125
Setting up PXE network	boot .					. 127
Updating the server firm	ware.				•	. 128
Managing system events			•		•	. 133
Managing the event le	og				•	. 133
Notification of system	n events	• •	•	· ·	•	. 135
Collecting service and su	ipport i	nforn	natio	n.	•	. 140
Capturing the latest OS	failure s	creen	data	ι.	•	. 142
Managing the server pov	ver.				•	. 143
Controlling the power	r supply	v and	total	syste	em	
power				• •	•	. 143
Displaying currently i	installed	l pow	ver su	ıpplie	es	147
Displaying power sup	oply cap	oacity	•	· ·	•	. 148
Displaying the power	history	• •		• •	•	. 148
Managing the scalable co	omplex	• •		• •	•	. 149
Creating a partition					•	. 150
Changing a partition	mode.	• •		• •	•	. 152
Deleting a partition m	node .	• •		• •	•	. 153
Partition errors		• •	•	• •	·	. 153
Viewing the local storage	e config	uratio	on.	• •	•	. 154
Viewing the physical	resource	e info	rmat	ion	·	. 154
Viewing the adapter info	ormatior	ı	•	• •	·	. 159
	_					
Chapter 7. Features	s on D	ema	and	• •	•	161
Installing an activation k	aey					. 161
	1					. 164
Removing an activation	кеу.	• •	•	• •		
Removing an activation Exporting an activation I	key . key .	•••	•	· ·		. 165
Removing an activation Exporting an activation I	key . key .	•••	•	· ·		. 165
Removing an activation Exporting an activation I Chapter 8. Comman	key . key . n d-line	int	erfa	се.		. 165 167
Removing an activation Exporting an activation I Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wit	key . key . n d-line h IPMI	e int	erfa	 		. 165 167 . 167
Removing an activation of Exporting an activation of Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wite Using IPMItool.	key . key . n d-line h IPMI 	• int	erfa	 ce	•	. 167 . 167 . 167 . 167
Removing an activation of Exporting an activation of Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wite Using IPMItool Accessing the command-	key . key . n d-line h IPMI -line inte	• int	erfa	 ce	•	. 167 . 167 . 167 . 167 . 167
Removing an activation of Exporting an activation of Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wite Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comman	key . key . n d-line h IPMI -line inte and-line	e int	· erfa · ·	 ce		. 167 . 167 . 167 . 167 . 167 . 168
Removing an activation of Exporting an activation of Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wite Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comman Configuring serial-to-Teh	key . key . n d-line h IPMI -line inte and-line net or S	e int	erfa	ce 	•	. 167 . 167 . 167 . 167 . 167 . 168 . 168
Removing an activation of Exporting an activation of Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comma Configuring serial-to-Teli Command syntax .	key . nd-line h IPMI -line inte and-line net or S 	e int erface sessi SH re	erfa	ce 	· · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168
Removing an activation of Exporting an activation of Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 with Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comman Configuring serial-to-Tele Command syntax Features and limitations	key . key . h IPMI -line intrand-line net or S 	e int e int erface sessi SH re	erfa	ce 	· · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 168 169
Removing an activation of Exporting an activation of Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comman Configuring serial-to-Tele Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command 1	key hey h IPMI -line inte and-line net or S isting .	e int	erfa	ce 	· · · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170
Removing an activation of Exporting an activation of Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comman Configuring serial-to-Tele Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command 1 Utility commands .	key key h IPMI -line intrand-line net or S isting .	erface sessi SH re	erfa	ce •	· · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comma Configuring serial-to-Telis Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command 1 Utility commands . exit command .	key key h IPMI -line intra and-line net or S isting .	erface sessi SH re	erfa	ce • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 168 169 170 172 172
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comma Configuring serial-to-Telis Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command 1 Utility commands . exit command . help command .	key . key . h IPMI line intra and-line net or S isting . 	erface sessi SH re	erfa	ce 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 168 169 170 172 172 172 172
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comma Configuring serial-to-Tele Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command 1 Utility commands . exit command . help command .	key . key . h IPMI line intra and-line net or S isting . 	erface sessi SH re	erfa	ce 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172 172 172 172 172 172 172
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comma Configuring serial-to-Tele Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . history command .	key . key . h IPMI . line intra and-line net or S isting . 	erface sessi SH re 	erfa	ce 	• • • • • • • • • • •	 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comma Configuring serial-to-Tel: Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . history command . Monitor commands .	key . key . h IPMI . line intra and-line net or S isting . 	e int	erfa	Ce 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172 173
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comma Configuring serial-to-Tel: Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . history command . Monitor commands . adapter command .	key . key . h IPMI line intra and-line net or S 	e int e erface sessi SH re	erfa	Ce 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172 172 172 172 172 172 172 172 173 174
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Commai Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comma Configuring serial-to-Tel: Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . history command . Monitor commands . adapter command . fans command	key . key . h IPMI . line intra and-line net or S isting . 	e int e erface sessi SH re	erfa	ce 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 168 169 170 172 172 172 172 172 172 173 174 174
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Commai Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comma Configuring serial-to-Tel: Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . history command . history command . dapter command . clearlog command . fans command .	key . key . h IPMI . -line intra and-line net or S 	e int e erface sessi SH re 	erfa	Ce 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 168 169 170 172 172 172 172 172 172 173 174 174
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Commai Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comma Configuring serial-to-Tel: Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . history command . history command . dapter command . fans command . fdc command .	key . key . h IPMI . -line intra and-line net or S 	e int e sessi sessi SH re 	erfa	Ce 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 168 169 170 172 172 172 172 172 172 172 172 173 174 174 174
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comma Configuring serial-to-Tel: Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . history command . history command . dapter command . clearlog command . ffdc command . led command .	key . key . h IPMI line intra and-line net or S isting . 	e int e int erface sessi SH re 	erfa	Ce 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 168 169 170 172 174 174 174 176 177
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Comman Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comman Configuring serial-to-Tel: Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . history command . history command . dapter command . fans command . led command . readlog command .	key . key . h IPMI -line intra and-line net or S 	e int erface sessi SH re 	erfa	ce 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 168 168 169 170 172 172 172 172 172 172 172 174 174 174 176 177 178
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Commai Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the command Configuring serial-to-Tel: Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . help command . history command . history command . dapter command . fans command . ifdc command . led command . storage command .	key . key . h IPMI -line intra and-line net or S isting . 	e int erface sessi SH re 	erfa	ce 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 168 169 170 172 174 174 176 177 178
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Commai Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comma Configuring serial-to-Tel: Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . help command . history command . history command . dapter command . ffdc command . ifdc command . readlog command . storage command . syshealth command .	key . h IPMI . -line intraand-line net or S . . . </td <td>e int erface sessi SH re </td> <td>erfa</td> <td>ce ce ce co ction ction ction c ction c ction c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c</td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td> 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172 174 174 174 176 177 178 182 </td>	e int erface sessi SH re 	erfa	ce ce ce co ction ction ction c ction c ction c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172 174 174 174 176 177 178 182
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Commai Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comman Configuring serial-to-Tel: Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . help command . history command . history command . dapter command . ffdc command . ied command . storage command . storage command . storage command .	key . h IPMI . -line intraand-line net or S . . . </td <td>e int erface sessi SH re </td> <td>erfa</td> <td>Ce Ce Ce Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co</td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td> 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172 173 174 174 176 177 178 182 182 182 </td>	e int erface sessi SH re 	erfa	Ce Ce Ce Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172 173 174 174 176 177 178 182 182 182
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Commai Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comman Configuring serial-to-Tele Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . help command . history command . history command . dapter command . ffdc command . ifdc command . ffdc command . storage command . syshealth command . volts command .	key . key . h IPMI . . . -line intraand-line net or S . . .	e int e int sessi sessi SH re sessi s - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	erfa	Ce Ce Ce Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co		 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172 174 175 182 184 184
Removing an activation i Exporting an activation i Exporting an activation i Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the command Configuring serial-to-Tele Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . help command . history command . history command . dapter command . ffdc command . ied command . storage command . storage command . syshealth command temps command . volts command .	key h h IPMI . -line intrand-line net or S .	e int e int erface sessi SH re sessi s - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	erfa ion edirec	Ce Ce Ce Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co		 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172 173 174 174 176 177 178 182 183 183 183
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Commai Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the command Configuring serial-to-Tele Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . help command . help command . history command . history command . dapter command . ffdc command . ifdc command . ffdc command . storage command . syshealth command temps command . volts command . Server power and restart	key . key . h IPMI . . . -line intrand-line and-line net or S . . .	e int e int e erface sessi SH re 	erfa ion edirec edirec ion edirec i e i i i i e i i i i i i i i i i i i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172 173 183 184 184
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Commai Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the comman Configuring serial-to-Tele Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . exit command . help command . help command . history command . dapter command . clearlog command . ffdc command . ifdc command . ffdc command . storage command . syshealth command temps command . volts command . volts command . Server power and restart fuelg command .	key . h IPMI . -line intrand-line . net or S . . .	e int e int erface sessi SH re 	erfa	Ce Ce Ce Ce Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co		 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172 173 174 174 174 176 177 178 182 183 184 184 184
Removing an activation is Exporting an activation is Chapter 8. Commai Managing the IMM2 wit Using IPMItool Accessing the command- Logging in to the command Configuring serial-to-Tele Command syntax . Features and limitations Alphabetical command I Utility commands . exit command . help command . help command . history command . dapter command . ffdc command . ifdc command . ffdc command . ffdc command . storage command . storage command . storage command . syshealth command temps command . volts command . Server power and restart fuelg command . power command .	key . key . h IPMI . . . -line intrand-line and-line isting . . . <	e int e int erface sessi SH re 	erfa ion edirec ion edirec i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Ce Ce Ce Ce Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co		 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 169 170 172 173 174 175 182 183 184 184 184

reset command										. 188
Serial redirect command	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	188
console command	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	188
Configuration command	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	188
configuration command	.5	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	180
accseccig command	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 109
alerticig command .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 191
asu command	•	•	•	·	•	•	·	·	•	. 191
autopromo command	•	•	·	·	•	·	•	•	·	. 195
backup command .	·	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 196
cryptomode comman	d	•	•	·	•	•	•	•	•	. 196
dhcpinfo command	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 197
dns command	•		•	•						. 198
ethtousb command	•		•		•	•	•	•	•	. 200
gprofile command.										. 201
ifconfig command .										. 201
keycfg command .										. 204
ldap command										. 205
ntp command										. 206
passwordcfg commar	nd									. 207
ports command.										. 208
porte command	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	209
portcontrol command		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	210
rostoro command	L	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	210
restore command .	•	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	· 210
restorederauits command	and	ı	•	·	•	•	•	•	•	. 211
scale command	•	•	•	·	•	•	•	•	•	. 211
set command	·	•	·	·	·	•	•	•	•	. 221
smtp command.	•	•	·	·	·	•	•	•	•	. 221
snmp command .	•	•	·	·	·	•	•	•	•	. 222
snmpalerts command	•	•	·	·	·	•	•	•	•	. 224
srctg command.	·	•	·	·	·	•	•	•	•	. 225
sshctg command .	·	•	·	·	·	•	•	•	•	. 226
ssl command	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 227
sslctg command .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 228
telnetcfg command	·	•	·	·	·	•	•	•	•	. 230
tls command	·	•	·	·	·	•	•	•	•	. 231
thermal command.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 231
timeouts command										. 232
usbeth command .										. 232
users command .										. 233
IMM2 control command	s									. 237
alertentries command	l.									. 237
batch command .										. 240
clearcfg command.										. 240
clock command.										. 240
identify command.										. 241
info command										242
resetsp command										242
spreset command						•			•	242
Service advisor comman	de	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	242
autoftp command	us	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2/13
cheonfig command	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 240 2/12
chlog command	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 243 245
children command .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 240 245
crimanual command	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 243
events command .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 246
saemail command.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 246
					_					
Appendix A. Gettin	g l	he	lp	ar	nd					
technical assistant	20									249

lecinical assistance			 		243
Before you call					. 249
Using the documentation					. 250

Getting	help	and	information	from	the	World	Wide
X 4 X 1							

Web						. 250
How to send DSA data to IBM						. 250
Creating a personalized support	we	b p	ag	е		. 250
Software service and support .						. 251
Hardware service and support						. 251
IBM Taiwan product service .						. 251

Appendix B. Notices	253
Trademarks	. 253
Important notes	. 254
Particulate contamination	. 255
Documentation format	. 256
Telecommunication regulatory statement	. 256
Electronic emission notices	. 256
Federal Communications Commission (FCC)	
statement	. 256
Industry Canada Class A emission compliance	
statement	. 257

Avis de conformité à la réglementation	
d'Industrie Canada	257
Australia and New Zealand Class A statement	257
European Union EMC Directive conformance	
statement	257
Germany Class A statement	258
Japan VCCI Class A statement	259
Korea Communications Commission (KCC)	
statement	259
Russia Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) Class	
A statement	259
People's Republic of China Class A electronic	
emission statement	259
Taiwan Class A compliance statement	259
-	
Index	261

Tables

1.	IMM2 actions
2.	Server power and operating states
3.	Required internet connections
4.	Security setting policy values
5.	Permission bits
6.	System state descriptions

Power actions and descriptio	ns					. 114
Partition error conditions .						. 154
Power commands						. 185
ASU commands						. 192
Transaction commands						. 194
Limits for particulates and ga	ases					. 255
	Power actions and description Partition error conditions Power commands ASU commands Transaction commands Limits for particulates and ga	Power actions and descriptions Partition error conditions Power commands	Power actions and descriptions.Partition error conditions.Power commands.ASU commands.Transaction commands.Limits for particulates and gases	Power actions and descriptions.Partition error conditions.Power commands.ASU commands.Transaction commands.Limits for particulates and gases.	Power actions and descriptions.Partition error conditions.Power commands.ASU commands.Transaction commands.Limits for particulates and gases.	Power actions and descriptionsPartition error conditionsPower commandsASU commandsTransaction commandsLimits for particulates and gases.

Chapter 1. Introduction

The Integrated Management Module II (IMM2) service processor is the second generation of the Integrated Management Module (IMM) service processor that consolidates the service processor functionality, Super I/O, video controller, and remote presence capabilities into a single chip on the server system board. As was the case with IMM, IMM2 offers several improvements over the combined functionality of the baseboard management controller (BMC) and the Remote Supervisor Adapter II including these features:

- Choice of a dedicated or shared Ethernet connection for systems management.
- One IP address for both the Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) and the service processor interface. The feature does not apply to IBM[®] BladeCenter blade servers.
- Embedded Dynamic System Analysis (DSA).
- Remote configuration with Advanced Settings Utility (ASU). The feature does not apply to IBM BladeCenter blade servers.
- Capability for applications and tools to access the IMM2 either in-band or out-of-band. Only the in-band IMM2 connection is supported on IBM BladeCenter blade servers.
- Enhanced remote-presence capabilities. The feature does not apply to IBM BladeCenter blade servers.

Notes:

- A dedicated systems-management network port is not available on IBM BladeCenter blade servers and some System x servers; for these servers only the *shared* setting is available.
- For IBM BladeCenter blade servers the IBM BladeCenter advanced management module is the primary management module for systems-management functions and keyboard/video/mouse (KVM) multiplexing.

IBM System x[®] Server Firmware is IBM's implementation of Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI). It replaces the basic input/output system (BIOS) in IBM System x servers and IBM BladeCenter blade servers. The BIOS was the standard firmware code that controlled basic hardware operations, such as interactions with diskette drives, hard disk drives, and the keyboard. IBM System x Server Firmware offers several features that BIOS does not, including UEFI 2.3 compliance, iSCSI compatibility, Active Energy Manager technology, and enhanced reliability and service capabilities. The Setup utility provides server information, server setup, customization compatibility, and establishes the boot device order.

Notes:

- IBM System x Server Firmware is often called server firmware, and occasionally called UEFI, in this document.
- IBM System x Server Firmware is fully compatible with non-UEFI operating systems.
- For more information about using IBM System x Server Firmware, see the documentation that came with your IBM server.

This document explains how to use the functions of the IMM2 in an IBM server. The IMM2 works with IBM System x Server Firmware to provide systems-management capability for System x, BladeCenter, and the IBM Flex System.

To check for firmware updates, complete the following steps.

Note: The first time you access the IBM Support Portal, you must choose the product category, product family, and model numbers for your storage subsystems. The next time you access the IBM Support Portal, the products you selected initially are preloaded by the website, and only the links for your products are displayed. To change or add to your product list, click the **Manage my product lists** link.

Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. Procedures for locating firmware and documentation might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

- 1. Go to http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal.
- 2. Under Choose your products, select Browse for a product and expand Hardware.
- **3**. Depending on your type of server, click **Systems** > **System x** or **Systems** > **BladeCenter**, and check the box for your server or servers.
- 4. Under Choose your task, click Downloads.
- 5. Under See your results, click View your page.
- 6. In the Flashes & alerts box, click the link for the applicable download or click **More results** to see additional links.

IMM2 Basic, Standard, and Advanced Level features

With IMM2, Basic, Standard and Advanced levels of IMM2 functionality are offered. See the documentation for your server for more information about the level of IMM2 installed in your IBM server. All levels provide the following:

- · Around-the-clock remote access and management of your server
- · Remote management independent of the status of the managed server
- Remote control of hardware and operating systems

In addition, Standard and Advanced levels support web-based management with standard web browsers.

Note: Some features might not apply to IBM BladeCenter bladeservers.

The following is a list of IMM2 basic level features:

IMM2 Basic Level features

The following is a list of IMM2 Basic Level features:

- IPMI 2.0 Interface
- Thermal Monitoring
- Fan Control
- LED Management
- Server Power/Reset Control
- Sensor Monitoring

- IPMI Platform Event Trap Alerting
- IPMI Serial over LAN

IMM2 Standard Level features

The following is a list of IMM2 Standard Level features:

- All of the IMM2 Basic Level features
- Web-based Management with Standard Web Browsers
- SNMPv1 and SNMPv3 Interfaces
- Telnet and SSH CLI
- Scheduled Server Power/Reset Control
- Human-Readable Event and Audit Logging
- System Health Indication
- Operating System Loader and Operating System Watchdogs
- LDAP Authentication and Authorization
- SNMP TRAP, E-mail, Syslog, and CIM Indication Alerting
- NTP Clock Synchronization
- Serial Console Redirection over Telnet/SSH

IMM2 Advanced Level features

The following is a list of IMM2 Advanced Level features:

- All of the IMM2 Basic and Standard Level features
- Remote Presence Java and ActivX Clients:
 - Remote Keyboard, Video, and Mouse Support
 - Remote Media
 - Remote Disk on Card
- Failure Screen Capture for Operating System hangs

IMM2 feature improvements

The following is a list of IMM2 feature improvements over the IMM:

- Security (trusted service processor):
 - Secure boot
 - Signed updates
 - IMM2 Core Root for Trust Measurement
 - Trusted Platform Module
- New Web GUI design consistent across IBM System x
- · Increased remote presence video resolution and color depth
- ActiveX remote presence client
- Ethernet-over-USB interface upgraded to USB 2.0
- Syslog alerting
- No IMM2 reset required after configuration changes

Upgrading IMM2

If your IBM server came with Basic level or Standard level IMM2 firmware functionality, you might be able to upgrade the IMM2 functionality in your server. For more information about available upgrade levels and how to order, see Chapter 7, "Features on Demand," on page 161.

Using IMM2 with the BladeCenter advanced management module

The BladeCenter advanced management module is the standard systems-management interface for IBM BladeCenter products. Although the IMM2 is now included in some IBM BladeCenter blade servers, the advanced management module remains the management module for systems-management functions and KVM multiplexing for IBM BladeCenter products including IBM blade servers.

There is no external network access to the IMM2 on IBM BladeCenter blade servers and the advanced management module must be used for remote management of IBM BladeCenter blade servers. The IMM2 replaces the functionality of the BMC and the Concurrent Keyboard, Video and Mouse (cKVM) option card available in past IBM blade server products.

Web browser and operating-system requirements

The IMM2 web interface requires the Java[™] Plug-in 1.7 or later (for the remote presence feature) and one of the following web browsers:

- Microsoft Internet Explorer versions 8 through 10
- Mozilla Firefox versions 3.6 through 20
- Chrome versions 13 through 26

The browsers listed above match those currently supported by the IMM2 firmware. The IMM2 firmware may be enhanced periodically to include support for other browsers. The following illustration displays the IMM2 login screen.



Depending upon the version of the firmware on the IMM2, web browser support can vary from the browsers listed in this section. To see the list of supported browsers for the firmware that is currently on the IMM2, click the **Supported Browsers** menu list from the IMM2 login page (as shown in the following illustration).

Integrated Ma	anagement Module					
Ŭ,						
	User name:					
	Password:					
	20 minutes					
	Log In					
Note: To ensure s	ecurity and avoid login conflicts.					
always end your se	essions using the "Log out" option in the					
upper right area of	the web page.					
Currente d Dreuves						
◆ <u>Supported Browse</u>	<u>15</u>					
The Firefox browse	er is recommended for JAWs users.					
 Internet Exp 	blorer 8-10					
Firefox 3.6-2	20					
Chrome 13-	26					
The IMM2 Remote	Control function works with these client					
SLES11						
RHEL5, RHEL6						
Windows XP Windows Vista						
Windows 20	Windows 2008					
 Windows 7, 	8					
Windows 20)12					

For increased security, only high strength ciphers are now supported when using https. When using https, the combination of your client operating system and browser must support one of the following cipher suites:

- DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA256
- DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
- DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA256-SHA
- DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256
- DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
- DHE-RSA-SEED-SHA
- DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA
- AES256-GCM-SHA384
- AES256-SHA256
- AES256-SHA
- AES128-GCM-SHA256
- AES128-SHA256
- AES128-SHA
- CAMELLIA256-SHA

- CAMELLIA128-SHA
- EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
- DES-CBC3-SHA
- SEED-SHA
- RC4-SHA

The IMM2 Remote Control function works with the following client operating systems:

- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 (SLES11)
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux Enterprise 5 (RHEL5)
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux Enterprise 6 (RHEL6)
- Microsoft Windows XP
- Microsoft Windows Vista
- Microsoft Windows 2008
- Microsoft Windows 7
- Microsoft Windows 8
- Microsoft Windows 2012

Your internet browser's cache stores information about web pages that you visit so that they will load more quickly in the future. After a flash update of the IMM2 firmware, your browser may continue to use information from its cache instead of retrieving it from the IMM2. After updating the IMM2 firmware it is recommended that you clear the browser cache to ensure that web pages served by the IMM2 are displayed correctly.

Notices used in this book

The following notices are used in the documentation:

- Note: These notices provide important tips, guidance, or advice.
- **Important:** These notices provide information or advice that might help you avoid inconvenient or problem situations.
- Attention: These notices indicate potential damage to programs, devices, or data. An attention notice is placed just before the instruction or situation in which damage might occur.

Chapter 2. Opening and using the IMM2 web interface

Important: This section does not apply to IBM BladeCenter and IBM blade servers. Although the IMM2 is standard in some IBM BladeCenter products and IBM blade servers, the IBM BladeCenter advanced management module is the primary management module for systems-management functions and keyboard/video/ mouse (KVM) multiplexing for IBM BladeCenter products including IBM blade servers. Users who wish to configure the IMM2 settings on blade servers should use the Advanced Settings Utility (ASU) on the blade server to perform those actions.

The IMM2 combines service processor functions, a video controller, and remote presence function (when an optional virtual media key is installed) in a single chip. To access the IMM2 remotely by using the IMM2 web interface, you must first log in. This chapter describes the login procedures and the actions that you can perform from the IMM2 web interface.

Accessing the IMM2 web interface

The IMM2 supports static and Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) IPv4 addressing. The default static IPv4 address assigned to the IMM2 is 192.168.70.125. The IMM2 is initially configured to attempt to obtain an address from a DHCP server, and if it cannot, it uses the static IPv4 address.

The IMM2 also supports IPv6, but the IMM2 does not have a fixed static IPv6 IP address by default. For initial access to the IMM2 in an IPv6 environment, you can either use the IPv4 IP address or the IPv6 link-local address. The IMM2 generates a unique link-local IPv6 address, which is shown in the IMM2 web interface on the Network Interfaces page. The link-local IPv6 address has the same format as the following example.

fe80::21a:64ff:fee6:4d5

When you access the IMM2, the following IPv6 conditions are set as default:

- Automatic IPv6 address configuration is enabled.
- IPv6 static IP address configuration is disabled.
- DHCPv6 is enabled.
- Stateless auto-configuration is enabled.

The IMM2 provides the choice of using a dedicated systems-management network connection (if applicable) or one that is shared with the server. The default connection for rack-mounted and tower servers is to use the dedicated systems-management network connector.

Note: A dedicated systems-management network port might not be available on your server. If your hardware does not have a dedicated network port, the *shared* setting is the only IMM2 setting available.

Setting up the IMM2 network connection through the IBM System x Server Firmware Setup utility

After you start the server, you can use the Setup utility to select an IMM2 network connection. The server with the IMM2 hardware must be connected to a DHCP

server, or the server network must be configured to use the IMM2 static IP address. To set up the IMM2 network connection through the Setup utility, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server. The IBM System x Server Firmware welcome screen is displayed.

Note: Approximately 90 seconds after the server is connected to ac power, the power-control button becomes active.



- 2. When the prompt <F1> Setup is displayed, press F1. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to access the full Setup utility menu.
- 3. From the Setup utility main menu, select System Settings.
- 4. On the next screen, select Integrated Management Module.
- 5. On the next screen, select Network Configuration.
- 6. Highlight **DHCP Control**. There are three IMM2 network connection choices in the **DHCP Control** field:
 - Static IP
 - DHCP Enabled
 - DHCP with Failover (default)

	Network Configuration	
Network Interface Port Burmed-in MAC Address Hostname DHCP Control IP Address Submet Mask Default Gateway IP6 Local Link Address Advanced IMM Ethernet S	<pre><dedicated> 00-1A-64-E6-11-AD DST110 Static IP DHCP Enabled DHCP with Failover <enabled> AD10:E664:1100:EAE6:11 27/64 etup</enabled></dedicated></pre>	Set your DHCP Control preferences.
†∔=Move Highlight	<enter>=Complete Entry</enter>	Esc=Exit

- 7. Select one of the network connection choices.
- 8. If you choose to use a static IP address, you must specify the IP address, the subnet mask, and the default gateway.
- **9**. You can also use the Setup utility to select a dedicated network connection (if your server has a dedicated network port) or a shared IMM2 network connection.

Notes:

- A dedicated systems-management network port might not be available on your server. If your hardware does not have a dedicated network port, the *shared* setting is the only IMM2 setting available. On the **Network Configuration** screen, select **Dedicated** (if applicable) or **Shared** in the **Network Interface Port** field.
- To find the locations of the Ethernet connectors on your server that are used by the IMM2, see the documentation that came with your server.
- 10. Scroll down and select Save Network Settings.
- **11**. Exit from the Setup utility.

Notes:

- You must wait approximately 1 minute for changes to take effect before the server firmware is functional again.
- You can also configure the IMM2 network connection through the IMM2 web interface or command-line interface (CLI). In the IMM2 web interface, network connections are configured on the Network Protocol Properties page (select Network from the IMM Management menu). In the IMM2 CLI, network connections are configured using several commands that depend on the configuration of your installation.

Logging in to the IMM2

Important: The IMM2 is set initially with a user name of USERID and password of PASSWORD (with a zero, not the letter O). This default user setting has Supervisor access. Change this user name and password during your initial configuration for enhanced security.

To access the IMM2 through the IMM2 web interface, complete the following steps:

- 1. Open a web browser. In the address or URL field, type the IP address or host name of the IMM2 to which you want to connect.
- 2. Type your user name and password in the IMM2 Login window. If you are using the IMM2 for the first time, you can obtain your user name and password from your system administrator. All login attempts are documented in the event log. Depending on how your system administrator configured the user ID, you might need to enter a new password.

The Login window is shown in the following illustration.

IBM.
Integrated Management Module
User name: Password:
Inadive session timeout: 120 minutes =
Log In
Note: To ensure security and avoid login conflicts, always end your sessions using the "Log out" option in the upper right area of the web page.
*Supported Browsers
Licensed Materials - Property of IBM Corp. © IBM Corporation and other(s) 2012. IBM is a registered trademark of the IBM Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

3. Click **Log In** to start the session. The browser opens the System Status page, as shown in the following illustration. This page gives you a quick view of the server status and the server health summary.

Note: If you boot to the operating system while in the IMM2 GUI and the message "Booting OS or in unsupported OS" is displayed under **System Status > System State**, disable the Windows 2008 firewall or type the following command in the Windows 2008 console. This might also affect blue-screen capture features.

netsh firewall set icmpsetting type=8 mode=ENABLE

By default, the icmp packet is blocked by the Windows firewall. The IMM2 GUI will then change to "OS booted" status after you change the setting as indicated above in both the Web and CLI interfaces.

IBM Integrated Managemer	nt Module II		USERID Settings Log out IBM.
System Status Even	ts 👻 Service and Suppo	ort • Server Management • IMM Management • Search	
IBM Flex System	x240 with 100	Gb	
The System Status and Health pa System Status Power: Off System state: System power of System Information Powe	age provides an at-a-gland off/State unknown er Actions 💌 Remote	a overleew of the operating status of the server in which this John resides. Common	ntomation and actions are co-ocitied on this one page.
Active Events	Date	Message	
Hardware Health Component Type Disks Processors Memory System	Status Normal Normal Normal Normal		

For descriptions of the actions that you can perform from the tabs at the top of the IMM2 web interface, see "IMM2 action descriptions."

IMM2 action descriptions

Navigate to the top of the IMM2 window to perform activities with the IMM2. The title bar identifies the user name that is logged in. The title bar allows you to configure **Settings** for the status screen refresh rate and a custom trespass message, and **Log out** of the IMM2 web interface as shown in the following illustration. Beneath the title bar are tabs that allow you to access various IMM2 functions, as listed in Table 1.



Table 1	1.	IMM2	actions
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Tab	Selection	Description
System Status		The System Status page allows you to view system status, active system events, and hardware health information. It provides quick links to the System Information, Server Power Actions, and Remote Control functions of the Server Management tab, and allows you to view an image of the last operating-system-failure screen capture. See "System Status tab" on page 20 and "Viewing the system status" on page 107 for additional information.

Table 1. IMM2 actions (continued)

Tab	Selection	Description
Events	Event Log	The Event Log page displays entries that are currently stored in the IMM2 event log. The log includes a text description of system events that are reported, including information about all remote access attempts and configuration changes. All events in the log are time stamped, using the IMM2 date and time settings. Some events also generate alerts, if they are configured to do so. You can sort and filter events in the event log and export them to a text file. See "Events tab" on page 26 and "Managing the event log" on page 133 for additional information.
	Event Recipients	The Event Recipients page allows you to manage who will be notified of system events. It allows you to configure each recipient, and manage settings that apply to all event recipients. You can also generate a test event to verify notification feature operation. See "Event recipients" on page 28 and "Notification of system events" on page 135 for additional information.
Service and Support	Problems	The Problems page allows you to view current unresolved problems that are serviceable by the Support Center. You can also view the status of each problem as related to its resolution. See "Problems option" on page 31 for additional information.
	Settings	The Settings page configures your server to monitor and report service events. See "Settings option" on page 34 for additional information.
	Download Service Data	The Download Service Data page creates a compressed file of information that can be used by IBM Support to assist you. See "Download service data option" on page 38 and "Collecting service and support information" on page 140 for additional information.

Table 1. IMM2 actions (continued)

Tab	Selection	Description
Server Management	Server Firmware	The Server Firmware page displays firmware levels and allows you to update the IMM2 firmware, server firmware, and DSA firmware. See "Server firmware" on page 40 and "Updating the server firmware" on page 128 for additional information.
	Remote Control	The Remote Control page allows you to control the server at the operating system level. It provides access to both Remote Disk and Remote Console functionality. You can view and operate the server console from your computer, and you can mount one of your computer disk drives, such as the CD-ROM drive or the diskette drive, on the server. When you have mounted a disk, you can use it to restart the server and to update firmware on the server. The mounted disk appears as a USB disk drive that is attached to the server. See "Remote control" on page 45 and "Remote presence and remote control functions" on page 115 for additional information.
	Server Properties	The Server Properties page provides access to various properties, status conditions, and settings for your server. The following options are available from the Server Properties page:
		• The General Settings tab displays information that identifies the system to operations and support personnel.
		• The LEDs tab displays the status of all system LEDs. It also allows you to change the state of the location LED.
		• The Hardware Information tab displays server vital product data (VPD). The IMM2 collects server information, server component information, and network hardware information.
		• The Environmentals tab displays voltage and temperature information for the server and its components.
		• The Hardware Activity tab displays a history of Field Replaceable Unit (FRU) components that have been added to or removed from the system.
		See "Server properties" on page 50 for additional information.
	Server Power Actions	The Server Power Actions page provides full remote power control over your server with power-on, power-off, and restart actions. See "Server power actions" on page 54 and "Controlling the power status of the server" on page 114 for additional information.
	Cooling Devices	The Cooling Devices page displays the current speed and status of cooling fans in the server. See "Cooling devices" on page 54 for additional information.
	Power Modules	The Power Modules page displays power modules in the system with status and power ratings. See "Power modules" on page 55 for additional information.
	Local Storage	The Local Storage page displays the physical structure and storage configuration of a storage device. See "Local storage" on page 56 and "Viewing the local storage configuration" on page 154 for additional information.
	Memory	The Memory page displays the memory modules available in the system, along with their status, type, and capacity. You can click on a module name to display an event and additional hardware information for the memory module. If you remove or replace a dual inline memory module (DIMM), the server needs to be powered on at least once after the removal or replacement to display the correct memory information. See "Memory" on page 57 for additional information.

Table 1. IMM2 actions (continued)

Tab	Selection	Description
Server Management (continued)	Processors	The CPUs page displays the microprocessors in the system, along with their status and clock speed. You can click on a microprocessor name to display events and additional hardware information for the microprocessor. See "Processors" on page 58 for additional information.
	Adapters	The Adapters page displays the hardware, firmware, and network adapter information for adapters installed in the server. See "Adapters" on page 59 and "Viewing the adapter information" on page 159 for additional information.
	Server Timeouts	The Server Timeouts page allows you to manage server start timeouts to detect and recover from server hang occurrences. See "Server timeouts" on page 60 and "Setting server timeouts" on page 66 for additional information.
	PXE Network Boot	The PXE Network Boot page allows you to change the host server startup (boot) sequence for the next restart to attempt a Preboot Execution Environment (PXE)/Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) network startup. The host startup sequence will be altered only if the host is not under Privileged Access Protection (PAP). See "PXE network boot" on page 60 and "Setting up PXE network boot" on page 127 for additional information.
	Latest OS Failure Screen	The Latest OS Failure Screen page displays a screen image (when available), of the most recent operating system failure on the server. For your IMM2 to capture operating system failure screens, the operating system watchdog must be enabled. See "Latest OS failure screen" on page 60 and "Capturing the latest OS failure screen data" on page 142 for additional information.
	Power Management	The Server Power Management page allows you to manage power related policies and hardware and contains the history of the amount of power used by the server. See "Power management" on page 61 and "Managing the server power" on page 143 for additional information.
	Scalable Complex	The Scalable Complex page allows you to view and manage a scalable complex. See "Scalable complex" on page 61 and "Managing the scalable complex" on page 149 for additional information.
IMM Management (continued on next	IMM Properties	The IMM Properties page provides access to various properties and settings for your IMM2. The following options are available from the IMM Properties page:
page)		• The Firmware tab provides a link to the Server Firmware section of Server Management. You can also enable automated promotion of the IMM2 backup firmware from this tab.
		• The IMM Date and Time Settings tab allows you to view and configure date and time settings for the IMM2.
		• The Serial Port tab configures the IMM2 serial port settings. These settings include the serial port baud rate used by the serial port redirection function and the key sequence to switch between the serial redirection and CLI modes.
		See Chapter 4, "Configuring the IMM2," on page 63 for additional information.
	Users	The Users page configures the IMM2 login profiles and global login settings. You can also view user accounts that are currently logged in to the IMM2. Global login settings include enabling Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) server authentication, setting the web inactivity timeout, and customizing the account security settings. See "Configuring user accounts" on page 71 for additional information.

Table	1.	IMM2	actions	(continued)
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Tab	Selection	Description
IMM Management	Network	The Network Protocol Properties page provides access to networking properties, status, and settings for your IMM2:
(continued on next page)		• The Ethernet tab manages how the IMM2 communicates using Ethernet.
		• The SNMP tab configures the SNMPv1 and SNMPv3 agents.
		• The DNS tab configures the DNS servers that the IMM2 interacts with.
		• The DDNS tab enables or disables and configures Dynamic DNS for the IMM2.
		• The SMTP tab configures SMTP server information used for alerts sent via email.
		• The LDAP tab configures user authentication for use with one or more LDAP servers.
		• The Telnet tab manages Telnet access to the IMM2.
		• The USB tab controls the USB interface used for in-band communication between the server and the IMM2. These settings do not affect the USB remote control functions (keyboard, mouse, and mass storage).
		• The Port Assignments tab allows you to change the port numbers used by some services on the IMM2.
		See "Configuring network protocols" on page 80 for additional information.
	Security	The IMM Security page provides access to security properties, status, and settings for your IMM2:
		• The HTTPS Server tab allows you to enable or disable the HTTPS server and manage its certificates.
		 The CIM Over HTTPS tab allows you to enable or disable CIM over HTTPS and manage its certificates.
		 The LDAP Client tab allows you to enable or disable LDAP security and manage its certificates.
		• The SSH Server tab allows you to enable or disable the SSH server and manage its certificates.
		• The Cryptography Management tab allows you to configure the IMM2 firmware to comply with the requirements of SP 800-131A.
		See "Configuring security settings" on page 94 for additional information.
	IMM Configuration	The IMM Configuration page displays a summary of the current IMM2 configuration settings. See "Restoring and modifying your IMM configuration" on page 103 for additional information.
IMM Management	Restart IMM	The Restart IMM page allows you to reset the IMM2. See "Restarting the IMM2" on page 104 for additional information.
(continued)	Reset IMM to factory defaults	The Reset IMM to factory defaults page allows you to reset the configuration of the IMM2 to the factory defaults. See "Resetting the IMM2 to the factory defaults" on page 105 for additional information.
		Attention: When you click Reset IMM to factory defaults , all modifications that you have made to the IMM2 are lost.
	Activation Key Management	The Activation Key Management page allows you to manage activation keys for optional IMM2 or server Features on Demand (FoD) features. See "Activation management key" on page 106 for additional information.

Chapter 3. IMM2 web user interface overview

This chapter provides an overview of how to use the IMM2 web user interface features.

Important: This section does not apply to IBM BladeCenter and IBM blade servers. Although the IMM2 is standard in some IBM BladeCenter products and IBM blade servers, the IBM BladeCenter advanced management module is the primary management module for systems-management functions. Users who wish to configure the IMM2 settings on blade servers should use the Advanced Settings Utility (ASU) on the blade server to perform those actions.

Web session settings

This section provides information about the settings for the web interface session main page.

The IMM2 main page displays menu selections in the upper right area of the web page. These menu items allow you to configure the web page refresh behavior and the message that is displayed to a user when the user enters their credentials to login. The following illustration shows the menu selections in the upper right area of the web page.



Click the Settings item and the following menu selections display:



Page auto refresh

Use the **Page Auto Refresh** option under the Settings menu item in the top upper right area of the web session page to set the page content to automatically refresh every 60 seconds. To set the page content to refresh every 60 seconds, select the **Automatically refresh appropriate data...** check box and press **OK**. To disable the automatic page refresh, deselect the check box and press **OK**. The following illustration shows the Auto refresh settings window.

Auto refresh settings	х
Automatically refresh appropriate data (e.g., health status) every 60 seconds.	

Some IMM2 web pages are automatically refreshed, even if the automatic refresh check box is not selected. IMM2 web pages that are automatically refreshed are as follows:

• System Status:

The system and power status is refreshed automatically every three seconds.

• Server Power Actions: (under the Server Management tab):

Power status is refreshed automatically every three seconds.

• **Remote Control:** (under the Server Management tab):

The Start remote control... buttons are automatically refreshed every second. The Session List table is refreshed once every 60 seconds.

Notes:

- If you navigate from your web browser to a web page that automatically refreshes, the inactivity timeout may not automatically end your web session.
- If you send a request to a Remote Control user using the Remote Control option page under Server Management, your web session will not timeout regardless of which web page you navigate to until a response is received from the Remote Control user, or until the Remote Control user times out. When the request from the Remote Control user completes processing, the inactivity timeout function will resume.

Note: The preceding note applies to all web pages.

• The IMM2 firmware supports up to six simultaneous web sessions. To free up sessions for other users, log out of the web session when you are finished, rather than waiting on the inactivity timeout to automatically close your session. If you leave the browser while on an IMM2 web page that automatically refreshes, your web session will not automatically close due to inactivity.

Trespass message

Use the **Trespass Message** option under the Settings menu item in the top upper right area of the web session page to setup a message that you want displayed when a user logs in to the IMM2 server. The following screen displays when you select the Trespass Message option. Enter the message text that you want displayed to the user in the field provided and press **OK**.

Trespass message	х
A trespass message is text that will be displayed to any user logging in through the web or CLI interface. You can enter any relevant warning or informational text here that you wish users to see.	
WARNING! This computer system and network is PRIVATE AND PROPRIETARY and m	
OK Cancel	

The message text will be displayed in the Message area of the IMM2 login page when a user logs in, as shown in the following illustration.

	User name:
-	Password
	Password.
	Inactive session timeout:
	No timeout 👻
	Message: WARNING! This computer system and network is PRIVATE AND PROPRIETARY and may only be accessed by authorized users.
	Log In
lote: To ensure	security and avoid login conflicts, always ns using the "Log out" option in the upper

Log out

To ensure security, log out of the IMM2 web session when you are finished and manually close any other IMM2 web browser windows that you might have open.

To log out of the web session, click **Log out** in the top upper right area of the web page. The Login window will be shown.

	User name:
-	
=	Password:
	Inactive session timeout:
	No timeout 👻
	Manager
	WARNING! This computer system and network is PRIVATE AND PROPRIETARY and may only be accessed by authorized users.
	Log In
	1044 1154 927793 1054 828991 P3
<u>Note:</u> To ensure and your sessior ight area of the	security and avoid login conflicts, always is using the "Log out" option in the upper web page.

Note: The IMM2 firmware supports up to six simultaneous web sessions. To free up sessions for other users, log out of the web session when you are finished, rather than waiting on the inactivity timeout to automatically close your session. If you leave the browser while on an IMM2 web page that automatically refreshes, your web session may not automatically close due to inactivity.

System Status tab

This section provides information for using the options under the **System Status** tab on the IMM2 web user interface.

The System Status page is displayed after you log into the IMM2 web user interface or when you click the **System Status** tab. From the System Status page, you can view the system status, active system events, and hardware health information. The following window opens when you click the **System Status** tab or log into the IMM2 web interface.

IBM Integrated Man	agement Mo	odule II			
System Statu	Events 👻	Service and Support	✓ Server Management ✓	IMM Management 👻	Search
System x355 Test Server Rend Host Name: Hos	0 M4 ^{me}	Rename			
The System Status and resides. Common inform System Status Power: On System state: OS boo	Health page p ation and actio oted	rovides an at-a-glance nns are co-located on t	overview of the operating st his one page.	atus of the server in which this IMM	
System Information	Power Act	cions 🔻 Remote Co	ntrol Latest OS Failur	e Screen	
Severity •	Source	Date	Message		
Hardware Health Component Type	2) S	tatus			
Cooling Devices		Normal			
Power Modules		Normal			
Local Storage		Normal			
Processors		Normal			
Memory		Normal			
System		Normal			

You can click on the green icon (with the check mark) in the upper left corner of the page to get a quick summary of the server health. A check mark indicates that the server is operating normally.



If a red circle or a yellow triangle icon is displayed, this indicates that an error or warning condition exists, as shown in the following illustration.



The red circle icon indicates that an error condition exists on the server. A yellow triangle icon indicates that a warning condition exists. When a red circle or a

yellow triangle icon is displayed, the events associated with that condition are listed under the Active Events section on the System Status page, as shown in the following illustration.

Active Events	0		
Severity	 Source 	Date	Message
🔇 Error	System	16 Jul 2012 01:00:28.000 PM	Sensor Mezz Exp 2 Fault has transitioned to critical from a less severe state.
S Error	System	16 Jul 2012 01:00:29.000 PM	Sensor Mezz $\mbox{Exp}\ 2$ Fault has transitioned to critical from a less severe state.

You can add a descriptive name to the IMM2 server to assist you in identifying one IMM2 server from another. To assign a descriptive name to the IMM2 server, click the **Add System Descriptive Name...** link located below the server product name.



When you click the **Add System Descriptive Name...** link, the following window opens for you to specify a name to associate with the IMM2 server. You can change the System Descriptive Name at any time.

Change System Descriptive Name
Edit the name of your system. This is a name used for descriptive purposes to help you identify your system.
Test Server
OK Cancel

If you click the **Rename...** link beside the Host Name, the Network Protocol Properties page opens. You can use the Network Protocol Properties page to configure the Host Name on the **Ethernet** tab. See "Configuring network protocols" on page 80 for additional information.

The **System Status** section on the System Status page provides the server power state and operating state of the server. The status that is displayed is the server state at the time the System Status page is opened, (as shown in the following illustration).



The server can be in one of the following states described in the following table:

Table 2. Server power and operating states

Server state	Description
System power off/state unknown	The server is off.
System on/starting UEFI	The server is powered on, but UEFI is not running.
System running in UEFI	The server is powered on and UEFI is running.
System stopped in UEFI	The server is powered on; UEFI has detected a problem and has stopped running.
Booting OS or in unsupported OS	The server might be in this state for one of the following reasons:
	• The operating system loader has started but the operating system is not running yet.
	• The IMM2 Ethernet over USB interface is disabled.
	• The operating system does not have the drivers loaded that support the Ethernet over USB interface.
	• The operating system might be running a firewall; therefore, blocking communication to the IMM2.
OS booted	The server operating system is running.
Suspend to RAM	The server has been placed in standby or sleep state.

The System Status page also provide tabs for **System Information**, **Power Actions**, **Remote Control**, and **Latest OS Failure Screen**.



Click the System Information tab to view information about the server

vstem Information Oui	ck View
Name	Value
lachine Name	System x3550 M4
lachine Type-Model	7914A2A
Serial Number	06KNKL9
JUID	39B8A0803A7E11E284EF6CAE8B4E83C2
Server Power	On
Server State	OS booted
otal hours powered-on	1005
Restart count	27
mbient Temperature	66.20 F / 19.00 C
Enclosure Identify LED	Off Change
Check Log LED	Off

Click the **Power Actions** tab to view the actions that you can perform for full remote power control over the server with power-on, power-off, and restart actions. See "Controlling the power status of the server" on page 114 for details about how to remotely control the server power.

Click the **Remote Control** tab for information on how to control the server at the operating system level. See "Remote presence and remote control functions" on page 115 for details about the Remote Control function.

Click the **Latest OS Failure Screen** tab for information on how to capture the Latest OS Failure Screen data. See "Capturing the latest OS failure screen data" on page 142 for details about the Latest OS Failure Screen.

Under the **Hardware Health** section of the System Status page is a table with a list of the hardware components that are being monitored and their health status. The status displayed for a component might reflect the most critical state of the component in the Component Type column in the table. For example, a server might have several power modules installed and all of the power modules are operating normally except one. The status for the Power Modules components in the table will have a status of critical because of that *one* power module (as shown in the following illustration).

Hardware Health@	
Component Type	Status
Cooling Devices	🗹 Normal
Power Modules	🔕 Critical
Local Storage	🗹 Normal
Processors	Normal
Memory	🗹 Normal
System	🔽 Normal

Each component type is a link that you can click to get more detailed information. When you click on a component type, a table listing the status for each of the individual components is displayed (as shown in the following illustration).

Memory Display the memory	/ modules available on the	e server. Clicking on a module	displays a Properties pop-up window v	with 2 tab
FRU Name	▲ Status	Туре	Capacity (GB)	
DIMM 4	Normal	DDR3	4	
DIMM 9	Normal	DDR3	4	
DIMM 16	Normal	DDR3	4	
DIMM 21	Normal	DDR3	4	

You can click on a component in the FRU Name column of the table to obtain additional information for that component. All active events for the component will be displayed.

Click on the **Hardware Information** tab for detailed information about the component.

Properties fo	r DIMM 4			
Events	Hardwa	re Information		
Description	n	DIMM 4		
PartNumber		M393B5773CH0-YH9		
Manuf Date		2211		
Type		DDR3		
Size		2 GB		
Close		Angen gerren:		

Events tab

This section provides information for using the options under the **Events** tab on the IMM2 web user interface.

The options under the **Events** tab enables you to manage the Event Log history and manage Event Recipients for email and syslog notifications. The following illustration shows the options under the **Events** tab on the IMM2 web page.

IBM Integrated Management Module II									
System Status	Events 👻	Service and Support	•	Server Management 👻	IMM Management 👻 🔗				
	Event Log		Full log history of all events						
System x3750 Add System Descriptive Nam	event Recipients		Add and modify E-Mail and SysLog notifications						

Event log

Select **Event Log** under the **Events** tab to display the Event Log page. The Event Log page shows the severity for the events that are reported by the IMM2, and information about all remote access attempts and configuration changes. All events in the log are time stamped, using the IMM2 date and time settings. Some events also generate alerts, if they are configured to do so on the Event Recipients page. You can sort and filter events in the event log. The following is an illustration of the Event log page.
2	🔄 🥇 🔛	XIII	Fiters: 🔕	🛕 🚺 💄 🛛 Time: 🛛 All Da'	tes 🚽 Search Events Go
	Severity	Source	Date	- Event ID	Message
*	0 of 51 items filtered		0 items selected	Clear filter Applied filters: Events:[E	rror Warning Information Audit]
	🔝 Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:02:42.771 AM	0x4000000e00000000	Remote Login Successful. Login ID: USERID from webguis at IP address 9.111.29.57.
	👔 Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:01:00.297 AM	0x400000160000000	ENET[CIII:vep1] DHCP-HSTN=IIMI2-6cae8b4e83c6, DN=cn.lbm.com, IP@=9.186.166.78, SN=255.255.255,128, GVI@=9.186.166.1, DNS1@=9.0.148.50.
	🔝 Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:00:58.957 AM	0x4000001900000000	LAN: Ethernet[IBM:ep2] interface is now active.
	🚺 Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:00:55.004 AM	0x4000001700000000	ENET[CIM:ep2] IP-Cfg:HstName=IMM2-6cae8b4e83c6, IP@=159.254.95.118,NetMsk=255.255.0.0, GW@=0.0.0.0.
	🔢 Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:00:53.403 AM	0x4000003700000000	ENET[CIM:ep1] IPv6-LinkLocal:HstName=IMM2-6cae8b4e83c6, IP@=fe80::6eae:8bfffe4e:83c6,Pref=64.
	🔝 Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:00:51.592 AM	0x4000001900000000	LAN: Ethernet[IBM:ep1] interface is now active.
	🚺 Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:00:47.068 AM	0x4000000100000000	Management Controller SN# 06KNKL9 Network Initialization Complete.
	🚺 Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:00:02.874 AM	0x800801282101fff	Device Low Security Jmp has been added.
	🔢 Informational	Power	31 1 2013 09:00:02.304 AM	0x806f00091301ffff	Host Power has been turned off.
	🚺 Informational	System	31 1 2013 08:55:11.252 AM	0x4000001500000000	Management Controller SN# 06KNKL9 reset was initiated by user USERID.
	🚺 Informational	System	31 1 2013 08:47:59.118 AM	0x4000002300000000	Flash of SN# 06KNKL9 from (::fff:9.186.166.119) succeeded for user USERID .
	🚺 Informational	System	31 1 2013 08:43:15.666 AM	0x4000000e00000000	Remote Login Successful. Login ID: USERID from webguis at IP address 9.186.166.119.
	Informational	Contern	24 4 2042 20 04 07 470 411	0-1000000-00000000	Remote Login Successful. Login ID: USERID from

To sort and filter events in the event log, select the column heading. You can save all or save selected events in the event log to a file using the **Export** button. To select specific events, choose one or more events on the main Event Log page and left-click on the **Export** button (as shown in the following illustration).

Event Log This page displays the contents of the IMM event log, and allows y entry first). For each log entry, the severity of the event is displayed						
🔁 🙀 < Export Event Logs						
	Severity	Source	Date			
	0 of 52 items filtered		2 items selecte			
	🚹 Informational	System	31 Jan 2013 09:1			
	🚹 Informational	System	31 Jan 2013 09:0			

Use the **Delete Events** button to choose the type of events you want to delete (as shown in the following illustration).

2	1 🔄 🎽 🔛	X	Filters: 🔕 🛕	Time: All Dates	✓ Search Events Go
	Severity	Source	Date - Eve	ent ID	Message
	0 of 52 items filtered		Delete Events		g Information Audit]
	i Informational	System	3 Choose which events you wish to dele	ite	Remote Login Successful. Login ID: USE webguis at IP address 9.186.166.119.
	Informational	System	3 Platform Events		Remote Login Successful. Login ID: USE webguis at IP address 9.111.29.57.
	informational	System	OK Cancel 31 Jan 2013 09:01:00:291 AM	10000010000000	ENET[CIM:ep1] DHCP-HSTN=IMM2-6cae8b4e83c6, DN=cn.ibm.com, IP@=9.186.166.78, SN=255.255.255.128, GW@=9.186.166,

To select the type of event log entries that you want displayed, click the appropriate button (as shown in the following illustration).

Refresh Events	Warning Events Audit Events
an in the second	Filters: 🔇 🛕 🗾 💄 Time: All Dates 🦂 Search Events Go
Visible Columns	Error Events Information Events Date ranges to show

To search for specific types of events or keywords, type the type of event or keyword in the **Search Events** box; then, click **Go** (as shown in the following illustration).

2	📑 🧏 🔠 🕻	5	Filters: 🔇	Δ	, 🚺 (Time:	All Dates	- IENET	<u>P</u>
	Severity	Source	Date	-	Event ID			Message	
*	D of 53 items filtered		0 items selected	<u>C</u>	lear filter	Applied filters: Ev	ents:[Error Warni	ing Information Audit]	
	🚹 Informational	System	1 Feb 2013 01:29:28.414 AM		0x40000	00e00000000		Remote Login Successful webguis at IP address 9.1	Login ID: USERID 86.166.119.

To turn off the Check Log LED when the Check Log LED is on and the related Event Logs have been selected, click the **Check Log LED Status** button (as shown in the following illustration).

2	📑 🎽 🔛	x	Filters: 🔇 🛕 🕕 🚨 Time: All Dates	✓ Search Events Go
	Severity	Source	Date - Event ID	Message
10- 10-	0 of 55 items filtered		Change Check Log LED ×	g Information Audit]
	🛐 Informational	System	1 When this LED is lit, it indicates that an error has occurred. Read the event log to	ED Check Log state changed to Lit by USER
	🔝 Informational	System	acknowledges that you have read event log information but the error may still be present.	Remote Login Successful. Login ID: USERID f webguis at IP address 9,186,166,119.
	🔝 Informational	System	Do you want to turn off the Check Log LED in your system?	Remote Login Successful. Login ID: USERID f webguis at IP address 9.186.166.119.
	👔 Informational	System	3	Remote Login Successful. Login ID: USERID f webguis at IP address 9,186.166.119.

On the Event Log tool bar you can click any of the **Filter Events** buttons to select the events to be displayed. To clear the filter and show all types of events, click the **Clear Filter** link shown in the following illustration.

2 🔄 送 🔡 !		Filters: 🔇			Time: All Dates	✓ Search Events Go	
Severity	Source	Date	-	Event ID		Message	
34 of 56 items filtered		0 items selected	C	lear filter	Applied filters: Events: [Error War	ning Audit]	

Event recipients

Use the **Events Recipients** option under the **Events** tab to add and modify email and syslog notifications.

IBM Integrated Management Module II						
System Status	Events 👻	Service and Support + Server Management + IMM Management +	Sea			
	Event Lo	g Full log history of all events				
System x3750 Add System Descriptive Nam	Event Re	cipients Add and modify E-Mail and SysLog notifications				

The **Event Recipients** option enables you to manage who will be notified of system events. You can configure each recipient, and manage settings that apply to all event recipients. You can also generate a test event to verify the notification feature.

Click the **Create** button to create email and syslog notifications. The following illustration shows the Event Recipients window.



Select the **Create E-mail Notification** option to setup a target email address and choose the type of events for which you want to be notified. In addition, you can click **Advanced Settings** to select the starting index number. To include the event log in the email, select the **Include the event log contents in the e-mail body** check box. The following is an illustration of the Create E-mail Notification window.

Create E-Mail Notifica	ation			x
Use this dialog to confi Note: To enable an E-n	igure specified E-mail recipients to rece mail recipient, you need to go to the SM	ive Critical, Attention or System ITP tab on Network Protocols pa	notifications ge to configure the email server correctly.	
Descriptive name:				
E-Mail address:				
Events to receive:				
Select all events				
Show sub-types	✓ Critical	Attention	System	
Include the event lo	og contents in the e-mail body			
Status: © Enable this recipient O Disable this recipien	t It			
+ Advanced Settings				
OK Cancel				

Select the **Create SysLog Notification** option to setup the Host name and IP Address for the SysLog collector and choose the type of events for which you want to be notified. In addition, you can click **Advanced Settings** to select the starting index number. You can also specify the port you want to use for this type of notification. The following is an illustration of the Create SysLog Notification window.

Create SysLog Notifica	ation			×
Use this dialog to config	gure specified SysLog server to r	eceive Critical, Attention or System not	ifications.	
Descriptive name:				
Host name or IP addre	ess of the SysLog collector:	Port:		
Events to receive:				
 Show sub-types 	🔽 Critical	Z Attention	System 🛛	
Status: Enable this recipient Disable this recipient				
Advanced Settings				
OK Cancel				

To configure an *existing* email notification or system notification target click the target name. The following is an illustration of the Properties for Email Subject window that is used to configure existing email notification and system notification targets.

AND A DESCRIPTION OF A	and the second second second second second	the second s	
Descriptive name:			
Email Subject			
E-Mail address:			
recipient3.@test.com			
Events to receive:			
Select all events			
Hide sub-types	Critical	Attention	System
	Critical Temperature Threshold Exceeded Critical Voltage Threshold Exceeded Critical Voltage Threshold Exceeded Critical Nover Falaxe Hard Data One Falaxe Falar Falaxe OFU Falaxe Memory Falaxe Memory Falaxe Power reductory blaze Al other ordical events	Power reductivery warning Warning Temperature Threahed Exceeded Warning Volge Threahed Exceeded Warning Nover Threahed Exceeded Warning Nover Threahed Exceeded Warning Nover Threahed Exceeded Working Tax events Origin and the exceeded state Warning Ad other anertics events	Successful Remote Lager Consulting System Timesal At date informationally within exercis System Plaver (AVDI Operaning System Loader washinding time President System Loader washinding time President System (PFA) Eleventing John M Stetwork change

Select the **Generate Test Event** button to send a test email to a selected email target (as shown in the following illustration).



Select the **Global Settings** button to set a limit in which to retry the event notification, the delay (in minutes) between event notification entries, and the delay (in minutes) between attempts (as shown in the following illustration).

Event Notification Global Settings	×
These settings will apply to all event notifications.	
Retry limit: 5 - Delay between entries (minutes): 0.5 -	
Delay between attempts (minutes): 0.5 • OK Cancel	

If you want to remove an email or syslog notification target, select the **Delete** button. The following window opens:

IBM Integra	ated Manag	ement Modul	le II			
Syst	tem Status	Events 👻 S	ervice and Su	ipport 👻 Server Man	agement 👻 🛛 IMM Mai	nagement 👻 Search
Event R This table le name for that Create	Recipiel ts you view a particular rec Generate Te	nts summary list o Ipient mo ast Event	f all remote a re Global Sett	lert recipients. Use the	links in the Name colu	imn to configure indiv
Nam	Name		Method	Events to Receive	Status	
Emai	il Subject	E-Mail		None	Enabled	
🔘 Emai	il2 Subject	E-Mail		None	Enabled	
	Confi	rm Event No Do you wan Cancel	tification D	eletion e the notification 'E	x mail Subject' ?	
	L					_

Service and Support tab

This section provides information for using the options under the **Service and Support** tab on the IMM2 web user interface page (as shown in the following illustration).

IBM Integrated Management Mo	odule II		
System Status Events 🗸	Service and Support \bullet	Server Management 👻 IMM Management 👻	Search Q
System x3100 M4	Problems	Problems addressed by IEM Support, if you have enabled service and support to report problems.	
System x3100 M4 Rename.	Settings	Configure your system to monitor and report service events	
The System Status and Health page p resides. Common information and actio	Download Service Data	Obtain a compressed file of relevant service data	ІММ

Problems option

Use the **Problems** option under the **Service and Support** tab to view a list of unresolved problems that are serviceable by the Support Center (as shown in the following illustration). You can view the status of each problem in the **Problem Status** column and manually flag an event as corrected in the **Corrected** column once the problem has been resolved. Events can have a Problem Status value of Pending, Success, Disable, Not Sent, or Failed.

IBM	integrated Ma	anagement Mo	odule II					USERID	Settings Log out IBM.
	System Stat	tus Events v	Service and Support	 Server Manag 	ement 👻 IMM Manaç	gement 👻	Search	٩	
Serv The Se have be Each e m A Se Display	vice and rvice & Suppor een opened an went can have we rvice and Sup for: Both IBM	t Problems page d status related e the status of port is not yet Support and Fil	t - Problems alows the user to view to their resolution. You Pending, Success, D t enabled.	w a current list of p u can select to man Hisabled, Not Sent Export Ignored	roblems serviceable by uually mark one event a t or Failed. Problems Open Se	the Support Center the scorrected.	it Test Request Refresh		
	Corrected	Message		Severity	Problem Status	Ticket Number	File Transfer Server	Event Date	Event ID
	No	Uncorrectable memory devic Subsystem Sy	error detected for e 1 in Group 1 on /stem Memory.	Error	Disabled	N/A	Disabled	19 Nov 2013, 04:26:52.000 PM	0x806f010c25810001
	No	An Uncorrecta occurred on bi	ble Bus Error has us CPUs.	Error	Disabled	N/A	Disabled	19 Nov 2013, 04:25:57.000 PM	0x806f08132583ffff
	No	An Uncorrecta occurred on b	ble Bus Error has us CPUs.	Error	Disabled	N/A	Disabled	18 Nov 2013, 04:45:23.000 PM	0x806f08132583ffff
	No	An Uncorrecta occurred on bi	ble Bus Error has us CPUs.	Error	Disabled	N/A	Disabled	11 Nov 2013, 09:43:54.000 PM	0x806f08132583ffff
	No	Fault in slot Or System x3750	ne of PCIs on system M4.	Error	Disabled	N/A	Disabled	11 Nov 2013, 08:41:25.000 PM	0x806f002125820900

The **Display for:** field displays one of the following modes (as shown in the following illustration):

- Both IBM Support and File Transfer Server
- IBM Support Only
- File Transfer Server Only

Display	for:	Both IBM	Support and File Transfer Server	Export	Ignored Pro	oblems	Open Ser	vice Request	Open Test	Request	Refresh		
	Co	Both IB	M Support and File Transfer Server	Seven	ity	Proble	em Status	Ticket Num	ber	File Tra	insfer Server	Event Date	Event ID
	No	IBM Supp File Trans	iort Only ifer Server Only	🔕 Em	ror	Disab	led	N/A		Disable	ed	11 Nov 2013, 09:43:54.000 PM	0x806f08132583fff
	No		Fault in slot One of PCIs on system System x3750 M4.	🔕 Err	ror	Disab	led	N/A		Disable	d	11 Nov 2013, 08:41:25.000 PM	0x806f002125820900
	No		An Uncorrectable Bus Error has occurred on bus CPUs.	🔕 Em	ror	Disab	led	N/A		Disable	d	11 Nov 2013, 08:37:50.000 PM	0x806f08132583fff
	No		An Uncorrectable Bus Error has occurred on bus CPUs.	🔕 Em	ror	Disab	led	N/A		Disable	d	28 Oct 2013, 08:28:12.000 PM	0x806f08132583ffff
	No		An Uncorrectable Bus Error has occurred on bus CPUs.	🔕 Em	ror	Disab	led	N/A		Disable	ed	23 Oct 2013, 07:47:31.000 PM	0x806f08132583fff

Click the **Export** tab to download a service.csv file. The following window is displayed.

service.csv which is a: CSV file (896 bytes) from: http://9.115.232.133 What should Firefox do with this file?	
O Open with Browse	
€ <u>S</u> ave File	
Do this automatically for files like this from now on	n.

Click the **Ignore Problems** tab to display the list of event IDs that will not be reported by the *call home* feature. You can add event IDs to this list by entering an event ID in the **Event ID** field and clicking the **Add** button (as shown in the following illustration).

Note: Event IDs are obtained from the Event Log or from the Event ID column in the Service and Support Problem List. Add the event ID into the text box using the copy and paste function.

IBM Int	tegrated M	anagement M	odule II						USERID	Settings Log out	IBM
	System Sta	tus Events v	β ervice and Support \star	Server Management 👻	IMM Management 🗸	5	Search	٩			
gnor	ed Pro	blems									
This table	below show	is the list of eve	nt IDs that will not be repo	rted by call home. You c	an add events to this t	table by entering an	event ID in the tex	box and clicking	the add button. E	Event IDs can be obtain	ned from the
vent Log	g and Service	e and Support-P	oblem List entered into the	e text box using the cop	/-and-paste function.						
vent ip :	·		Add								
Remove	Selected	Remove All									
1	Index	Event ID									
		No Data Availa	ble								

After entering a valid event ID and clicking the **Add** button, a confirmation window displays indicating the event ID is successfully added.

Ignored Problems		
This table below shows the list of event IDs that will not be reported by call home. You can add eve the text box using the copy-and-paste function.	ents to this table by entering an event ID in the text box and clicking the add buttor	. Event IDs can be obtained from the Event Log and Service and Support-Problem List entered into
Event ID : Dx806f08132583ff Add		
Remove Selected Remove All		
Index Event ID 1 806/08132583/00		
	Ignored Problems ×	
	Add event id to the ignore list successfully.	
	Close	
	·	

To remove an event ID from the Ignored Problems list, complete the following steps:

1. Select the Index check box of the event ID you want to remove.

Note: To remove more than one event ID, select all applicable **Index** check boxes.

2. Click the **Remove Selected** button (as shown in the following illustration).

Ignored Problems	
This table below shows the list of event IDs that will not be rep the text box using the copy-and-paste function.	rted by call home. You can add events to this table by entering an event ID in the text box and clicking the add button. Event IDs can be obtained from the Event Log and Service and Support-Problem List entered into
Event ID : 0x806f08132583ff Add	
Remove Selected Remove All	
Index Event ID	
1 806/08132583/00	
	Ignored Problems ×
	Add event id to the ignore list successfully.
	Close

The selected event is deleted and a confirmation window is displayed.

Event ID : 0x806f0	Add Add		
Remove Selected	Remove All		
Index	Event ID		
	No Data Available		
		Ignored Problems	х
		Removed selected event IDs from ignore list.	
		Close	

To remove all event IDs from the list, select the **Remove All** button. The following window is displayed.

Event ID : 0x806f08	8132583ff Add		
Remove Selected	Remove All		
Index	Event ID		
	No Data Available		
		Ignored Prob	ems x
		Rem	oved all event IDs from ignore list.
		Close	

Click the **Open Service Request** tab to manually open a service request by indicating the problem area and entering a text description of the issue.

Click the **Open Test Request** tab to generate a test *call home* (call IBM support) request to expedite the proper configuration of this feature or to test its proper operation.

Click the **Refresh** tab to update the list of problems with the current status (as shown in the following illustration).

Display	for: Both IBM	Support and File Transfer Server 👻	Export Ignored	Problems Open Ser	vice Request Open 1	Fest Request Refresh		
	Corrected	Message	Severity	Problem Status	Ticket Number	File Transfer Server	Event Date	Event ID
	No	An Uncorrectable Bus Error has occurred on bus CPUs.	Error	Disabled	N/A	Disabled	11 Nov 2013, 09:43:54.000 PM	0x806f08132583fff
	No	Fault in slot One of PCIs on system System x3750 M4.	Error	Disabled	N/A	Disabled	11 Nov 2013, 08:41:25.000 PM	0x806f002125820900
	No	An Uncorrectable Bus Error has occurred on bus CPUs.	Error	Disabled	N/A	Disabled	11 Nov 2013, 08:37:50.000 PM	0x806f08132583fff
	Yes	An Uncorrectable Bus Error has occurred on bus CPUs.	Error	Disabled	N/A	Disabled	28 Oct 2013, 08:28:12.000 PM	0x806f08132583fff
	No	An Uncorrectable Bus Error has occurred on bus CPUs.	Error	Disabled	N/A	Disabled	23 Oct 2013, 07:47:31.000 PM	0x806f08132583fff

Settings option

Use the **Settings** option under the **Service and Support** tab to view, add, or change the service and support settings (as shown in the following illustration).

Notes:

- To successfully call home (call IBM support), make sure the Domain Name System (DNS) settings are valid.
- The service center and contact information are required to enable IBM support.
- To enable the file transfer server, the server information must be completed correctly.

IBM I	ntegrated Manag	jement Ma	odule II				USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
	System Status	Events 🗸	Service and Support \star	Server Management 🗸	IMM Management 👻	Search	٩		
Serv Use this settings to input	ice and S page to view or d are valid. The serv the server informa	upport nange curre ice center a tion correct	t - Settings nt service and support set ind contact information is iv.	tings. To successfully Call required to enable IBM su	home (IBM support), m ipport. To enable file tra	ske sure DNS nsfer server,			
moi	re								
\Lambda Ser	vice and Support	is not yet	enabled.						
IBM Su	upport File Trans	fer Server	HTTP Proxy						
Enable To su Ena IBM S Co Conta	e IBM Support ccessfully Call hom able IBM Support ervice Center ountry code: @ ect Information	e (IBM supp t. Automatie	ort), make sure DNS setti cally send the service infor	gs are valid. The service nation to IBM.	center and contact info	mation is required to enable IBM suppo	rt.		
T	ne information here	e will be use	d by IBM Support for any	follow-up inquires and shi	pment.				
P	rimay Contact			Alternat	te Contact (Optional)				
C	ompany name: 🥥			Contact r	name: 🥝				
C	ontact name: 🥝			Telephor	1e number: 🤍	Extension: @			
Т	elephone number:	0	Extension: @	Contact I	Email address: 🎯				

To allow the service processor to automatically send service information to IBM, complete the following steps (as shown in the following illustration):

- 1. Click the **IBM Support** tab.
- 2. Click the Enable IBM Support checkbox.
- 3. From the IBM Service Center list, select your IBM Service Center location.
- 4. Enter your Primary Contact information in the following fields:

- Company name
- Contact name
- Telephone number
- Extension (if applicable)
- Contact Email address
- Address
- City
- State/Providence
- Postal code
- 5. Click the Apply IBM Support Settings button.

able IBM Support		
o successfully Call home (IBM sur	oport), make sure DNS setting	is are valid. The service center and contact information is required to enable IBM sup
Fnable IBM Support. Automa	atically send the service inform	ation to TBM.
M Sanvica Cantor	,	
H Service Center		
Country code:		
US United States	-	
ontact Information		
The information here will be u	sed by IBM Support for any fo	llow-up inquires and shipment.
Primay Contact		Alternate Contact (Optional)
Company name: @		Contact name: @
Company		
Contact name:		Telephone number: @ Extension: @
Contact		
Telephone number: 🔍	Extension:	Contact Email address: @
000000		
Contact Email address: @		Machine Location Phone: 🥥
test@test.com		
Address @		
Address		
City: @		
City		
State/Brovince:		
state/Province.		
Sta		
Staj		
Staj Postal code: @ 000		

To allow the service processor to send hardware serviceable events and data to the specified File Transfer Server site, complete the following steps (as shown in the following illustration):

- 1. Click the File Transfer Server tab.
- 2. Check the Enable File Transfer Server checkbox.
- 3. Click the Apply File Transfer Server Settings button.

IBM Support File Transfer Server	HTTP Proxy
Use this feature to send hardware s hardware warranty, you should spec your service provider in correcting th	erviceable events and data to the File Transfer Server site you specify. If an approved service provider is providing your dry the File Transfer Server site provided by your service provider. Information contained in the service data will assist ne hardware issue.
Enable File Transfer Server	
Protocol:	
FIF 1	
IP address or host name:	Port:
9.115.232.123	21
User name:	
USERID	
Password:	
•••••	
Apply File Transfer Server Settings	Reset

To establish the method used to connect to the internet, complete the following steps (as shown in the following illustration):

- 1. Click the HTTP Proxy tab.
- 2. Click one of the following methods to access the internet:
 - The management server can access the Internet without a proxy server
 - · The management server will require a proxy server to access the Internet

IBM Support	File Transfer Server	HTTP Proxy
Select the m	ethod to connect in	ternet
The manage	ement server can acce	ess the Internet without a proxy server
The manag	ement server will requ	ire a proxy server to access the Internet
Apply Res	set	

- **3**. If a proxy server is required to access the internet, complete the following steps (as shown in the following illustration); otherwise, continue to step 4 on page 37.
 - a. In the **IP address or host name** field type the IP address or host name for the proxy server.
 - b. In the **Port** field enter the port for the proxy server.

Note: The Use authentication checkbox is an optional selection.

IBM Support File Transfer Server 🔕 HTTP Proxy						
Select the method to connect internet						
The management server can access the Internet without a proxy server						
The management server will require a proxy server to access the Interpretent of the server of the	nternet					
IP address or host name:	Port:					
	! 3128					
Use authentication						
User name:						
Password						
Apply Reset						

4. Click the **Apply** button.

Preparing firewalls and proxies

You must configure the firewalls and proxy server if you have firewalls in your network, or if the management server must use a proxy server to access the internet.

Complete the following steps to configure firewalls and proxies in your network:

- 1. Identify the ports that you will use in your systems-management environment and ensure that those ports are open before you start installation. For example, you must ensure that the listener ports are open.
- 2. Ensure that internet connections exist to the following internet addresses.

Note: IP addresses are subject to change, so ensure that you use DNS names whenever possible.

Host name	IP address	Port	Description
eccgw01.boulder.ibm.com	207.25.252.197	443	Electronic Customer Care (ECC) transaction gateway
eccgw02.rochester.ibm.com	129.42.160.51	443	ECC transaction gateway
www.ecurep.ibm.com	192.109.81.20	443	File upload for status reporting and problem reporting
www6.software.ibm.com	170.225.15.41	443	File upload for status reporting and problem reporting. Proxy to testcase.boulder.ibm.com
www-945.ibm.com	129.42.26.224	443	Problem reporting server v4
	129.42.34.224	443	Problem reporting server v4
	129.42.42.224	443	Problem reporting server v4

Table 3. Required internet connections

Host name	IP address	Port	Description
www.ibm.com	129.42.56.216	80, 443	Service provider file (CCF) download
	129.42.58.216	80, 443	Service provider file (CCF) download
	129.42.60.216	80, 443	Service provider file (CCF) download
www-03.ibm.com	204,146,30.17	80, 443	Service provider file (CCF) download

Table 3. Required internet connections (continued)

Download service data option

Use the **Download Service Data** option under the **Service and Support** tab to collect information and create a compressed file about the server. You can send this file to IBM Support to assist in problem determination.

Click the **Download Now** button to download the service and support data (as shown in the following illustration).



The process for collecting the data starts. The process takes a few minutes to generate the service data that you can then save to a file. A progress window displays indicating that the data is being generated.



When the process is complete, the following window displays prompting you for the location in which to save the generated file.



Server Management tab

This section provides information about the options under the **Server Management** tab on the IMM2 web user interface home page.

The options under the **Server Management** tab enable you to view information or perform tasks associated with server firmware status and control, remote control access, server properties status and control, server power actions, cooling devices, power modules, local storage, memory, processors, adapters, server time-outs, PXE network boot, latest OS failure screen, power management, and scalable complex (as shown in the following illustration).

Important: Some options may not be available on your server. Options that are displayed for the Server Management tab are based on which server platform the IMM2 resides on and the adapters that are installed in the server.

۷ 🕑		[IMM2-40f2	e94d004d] - IBM Integrat	ed Management Module - Mozilla Firefox	0
<u>File Edit V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory	<u>B</u> ookmark	ks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> e	lp		
[IMM2-6cae8b4b48f5]	- IB 💥 🖸][IMM2-40f2e	94d004d] - IB 💥 🛛	[][IMM2-6cae8b4b4335] - IB 🗶 🗍 [IMM2-6c	ae8b4b4309] - IB 💥
🔄 🚸 🔁 🔒 https://a	a2/designs/	imm/index-co	onsole.php#1	☆ ▼ Soogle	<u>م</u> ب
IBM Integrated Managemen	nt Module II			USERID	Settings Log out IBM.
System Status Even	nts v Service	and Support +	Server Management +	IMM Management - Search	٩
			Server Firmware	View firmware levels and update firmware	
System x3950 X	6		Remote Control	Allows you access into the operating system of	
System_x3950_X6 Rename		Server Properties	your system Various properties and settings related to your system		
The System Status and Health page provides an at-a-glance over		Server Power Actions	Power actions such as power on, power off, and restart		
resides. Common mormation and actions are co-located on this			Cooling Devices	Cooling devices installed in your system	
System Status Power: Off			Power Modules	Power modules installed in your system	
System state: System power o	ff/State unknov	vn	Local Storage	View local storage configuration and detailed information	
System Information - Powe	er Actions 🔻	Remote Contro	Memory	RAM installed in your system	
Active Events			Processors	Physical CPUs installed in your system	
Severity 🔺 Source	Date		Adapters	View Adapters information such as network interface card, GPU card, etc.	
Hardware Health Component Type	Status		Server Timeouts	Configure watchdogs, etc.	
Cooling Devices	🔽 Normal		PXE Network Boot	Settings for how your system performs boot from PXE server	
Power Modules	🔽 Normal		Latest OS Failure Screen	Windows systems only. View an image of the	
Local Storage	unavailable	e		most recent failure screen.	
Processors	Normal		Power Management	Power devices, policies, and consumption	
Memory	Normal		Scalable Complex	Scalable Complex configuration	
System	Normal				

Server firmware

Select the **Server Firmware** option under the **Server Management** tab to view the levels of firmware that are installed on the server and to apply firmware updates. The following illustration displays the server firmware levels and enables you to update the DSA, IMM2, and UEFI firmware.

Tom integrated Manag	ement Modul	e II				USERID	Settings Log
System Status	Events 👻 Se	rvice and Support 👻 S	Server Management 👻 🛛 IMM M	anagement 🗸 Search			
Server Firmwa Show the firmware levels o [Update Firmware,]	are In various server	components, including t	he IMM tself.				
Firmware Type	Status	Version	Build	Release Date			
0.04	Active	9.24	DSYTA4B	2012-08-10			
DSA							
IMM2							
IMM2 IMM2 (Primary)	Active	2.15	1400390	2013-01-28			
IMM2 IMM2 (Primary) IMM2 (Backup)	Active	2.15	1400390 1400391	2013-01-28 2013-01-30			
IMM2 IMM2 (Primary) IMM2 (Backup) UEFI	Active Inactive	2.15 3.00	1A00390 1A00391	2013-01-28 2013-01-30			
IMM2 IMM2 (Primary) IMM2 (Backup) UEFI UEFI (Primary)	Active Inactive Active	2.15 3.00	1A00390 1A00391 D7E120CUS	2013-01-28 2013-01-30 2012-08-23			

The current status and versions of firmware for the IMM2, UEFI, and DSA are displayed, including the primary and backup versions. There are three categories for the firmware status:

- Active: The firmware is active.
- **Inactive:** The firmware is not active.
- **Pending:** The firmware is waiting to become active.

Attention: Installing the wrong firmware update might cause the server to malfunction. Before you install a firmware or device-driver update, read any readme and change history files that are provided with the downloaded update. These files contain important information about the update and the procedure for installing the update, including any special procedure for updating from an early firmware or device-driver version to the latest version.

To update the firmware, select the **Update Firmware...** button. The Update Server Firmware window displays (as shown in the following illustration). You can click **Cancel** and return to the previous Server Firmware window or click on the **Select File...** button to select the firmware file that you want to use to flash the server firmware.

Note: Before you click on the **Select File...** button, read the warning displayed in the window prompt before you continue.

Update Server Firmw	are
Choose Firmware File	Select Firmware File
Upload and Verify	Select the firmware file that you wish to use to flash the IMM/Server Firmware
Additional Options	
erform Firmware Flash	Please note that updating server firmware via this wizard is intended for recovery purposes only. It is strongly recommended that updates be performed using the IBM Updateskoress System Pack Installer, available as a download from the IBM web site.
	Select File Selected Flash File: ibm_fw_imm2_1aoo311.60_anyos_noarch.uxz
< Back Next > F	nish Cancel

When you click the **Select File...** button, the File Upload window displays, which allows you to browse to the desired file.

System Status	Update Server Firmwa	are				
	Choose Firmware File	Select Firmware File				
Server Firmw Show the firmware levels Update Firmware	Upload and Verify Additional Options	Select the firmular ends to use to flash the DMI/Server Pirmulare				
Firmware Type DSA IMM2 (Active)	. Perform Firmware Plash	Please note that upo purposes only. It is t Updates/press Syste	lating server firmware via strongly recommended tha em Pack Installer, available	this wizard is intended for recovery tupdates be performed using the IBM as a download from the IBM web site	1 15	
IMM2 (Backup)						
UEFI (Active)						
UEFI (Primary)		Select File	Look in:	System-x3750fw-updates	× 0 🕫 🖻	
	< Back Next > Fin	nish Cancel	Documents Desktop			
			My Documents			
			My Computer			

After you navigate to the file that you want to select, click the **Open** button, you are returned to the Update Server Firmware window with the selected file displayed (as shown in the following illustration).

Update Server Firmw	vare
Choose Firmware File	Select Firmware File
Upload and Verify	Select the firmware file that you wish to use to flash the IMM/Server Firmware
Additional Options	
Perform Firmware Flash	Please note that updating server firmware via this wizard is intended for recovery purposes only. It is strongly recommended that updates be performed using the IBM Updates/press System Pack Installer, available as a download from the IBM web site.
	Selected Flash File: ibm_fw_imm2_1aoo311.60_anyos_noarch.uxz
< Back Next > F	inish Cancel

Click the **Next** > button to begin the upload and verify process on the selected file (as shown in the following illustration). A progress meter will be displayed as the file is being uploaded and verified.



A status window opens (as shown in the following illustration) so you can verify that the file you selected to update is the correct file. The window will have information regarding the type of firmware file that is to be updated, such as DSA, IMM2, or UEFI. If the information is correct, click the **Next** > button. If you want to redo any of the selections, click the **< Back** button.



When you click the **Next** > button, a set of additional options are displayed as shown in the following illustration.

Update Server Firmware	
 Choose Firmware File Upload and Verify 	Additional Options Some firmware types have additional options that you can select.
Additional Options	
Perform Firmware Flash	Action1: Update the primary bank (default action)
	k
< Back Next > Finish	Cancel

The drop-down menu beside **Action 1** (shown in the following illustration) gives you the choice to **Update the primary bank** (default action) or **Update the backup bank**.



After you select an action, you are returned to the previous window to allow additional actions by clicking the **Action 2** checkbox.

When the action is loaded, the selected action and a new **Action 2** drop-down menu are displayed (as shown in the following illustration).

Note: To disable an action, click the checkbox beside the related action.

 Choose Firmware File Upload and Verify 	Additional Options Some firmware types have	S ve additional options that you can select.		
Additional Options				
Perform Firmware Flash	- Anti-ot			
	Action1:	Update the primary bank (default action)	~	
		×		

The previous screen shows that for Action 1, the primary bank is selected to be updated. You can also select to update the backup bank under Action 2 (as shown in the previous window). Both the primary bank and the backup bank will be updated at the same time when you click **Next** >.

Note: Action 1 must be different from Action 2.

A progress meter is displayed that shows the progress of the firmware update (as shown in the following illustration).

Update Server Firmwa	are					
 Choose Firmware File Upload and Verify 	Perform Firmwar >The firmware is being	Perform Firmware Flash >The firmware is being flashed now.				
Additional Options	Action 1 of 2: 'Upda	te the primary bank (default action)'				
Perform Firmware Flash	Action 2 of 2: 'Upda	ite the backup bank'				
	312	27%				
	210.					
< Back Next > Fit	nish Cancel					

When the firmware update is completed successfully, the following window opens. Select the related operation according to the displayed content to complete the update process.

Update Server Firmware	
 Choose Firmware File Upload and Verify 	Perform Firmware Flash >The firmware is being flashed now.
 Additional Options Perform Eirmware Elash 	
	Firmware update success. The firmware update procedure completed successfully. Click Finish to close this wizard. If the update included a flash of the IMM primary partition, it will also be necessary to Restart the IMM for the IMM update to take effect. If the update included a flash of the UEFI firmware it will also be necessary to Restart the OS for the update to take effect.
< Back Next> Finis	Restart OS Restart IMM

If the primary firmware update did not complete, the following window opens.

IBM Int	I Integrated Management Module II							Settin	gs L	gs Loç	gs Log o	gs Log out 🔳						
	System Status	Events 👻 S	ervice and Support -	Server Management 🕶	IMM Management 🗸	Search												
Serve Show the	er Firmw firmware levels o	are	er components, includir	g the IMM itself.														
<u>[</u>	Firmware up The firmware pending firmw	date is successfo builds below requ are will keep the p	ul: ire restart actions. Before to previous build and the table	the actions are taken, the below still show the														
	The primary II to take effect.	name. MM build has beer	n updated to build 1AOO39	IQ , and it must restart IMM														
R	testart OS	Restart IMM	Schedule Restart Ac	tions														
Update	Firmware	Status	Version	Build	Rele	ase Date												
DSA),,,,	Active	9.24	DSYTA4B	2012	-08-10												
IMM2																		
IMM2 (F	Primary)	Pending	2.15	1AOO39Q	2013	-01-28												
IMM2 (B	Backup)	Inactive	2.15	1AOO39Q	2013	-01-28												
UEFI				i.														
UEFI (P	Primary)	Active	1.20	D7E120C0	S 2012	-08-23												
UEFI (B	Backup)	Inactive	1.20	D7E120CU	S 2012	-08-23												

Remote control

This section provides information about the remote control feature.

The ActiveX client and Java client are graphical remote consoles that allow you to remotely view the server video display and interact with it using the client keyboard and mouse.

Notes:

- The ActiveX client is only available with the Internet Explorer browser.
- To use the Java client, the Java Plug-in 1.7 or later release is required.
- The Java client is compatible with the IBM Java 6 SR9 FP2 or later release.

The remote control feature consist of two separate windows:

Video Viewer

The Video Viewer window uses a remote console for remote systems management. A remote console is an interactive graphical user interface (GUI) display of the server viewed on your computer. Your monitor displays exactly what is on the server console and you have keyboard and mouse control of the console. **Note:** The video viewer is able to display only the video that is generated by the video controller on the system board. If a separate video controller adapter is installed and is used in place of the system's video controller, the IMM2 cannot display the video content from the added adapter on the remote video viewer.

Virtual Media Session

The Virtual Media Session window list all of the drives on the client that can be mapped as remote drives and allows you to map ISO and diskette image files as virtual drives. Each mapped drive can be marked as read-only. The CD, DVD drives, and ISO images are always read-only. The Virtual Media Session window is accessed from the Tools menu bar of the Video Viewer window.

Notes:

- The Virtual Media Session can only be used by one remote control session client at a time.
- If the ActiveX client is used, a parent window will open and that window must remain open until the remote session is complete.

To remotely access a server console, complete the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the IMM2, (see "Logging in to the IMM2" on page 10 for additional information).
- 2. Access the Remote Control page by selecting one of the following menu choices:
 - Select the Remote Control option from the Server Management tab.
 - Click Remote Control... on the System Status page.

The Remote Control page opens as shown in the following illustration.

IBM In	tegrated Manaç	jement Mo	dule II			USE	RID Set	iings Log out	IBM.
	System Status	Events 🗸	Service and Support $\overline{\bullet}$	Server Management +	IMM Management +	Search			
Allows y functional Guide for	ote Control you to control the lity is launched fro r Remote Disk ar	rol server at the om the Rem id Remote C	e operating system level. A ote Console window, "Too ionsole	new window will appear Is" drop-down menu. (Note	that provides access to that the Remote Disk f	the Remote Disk and Remote (unction does not more	Console fui	nctionality. The R	temote Disk
Use th	ne ActiveX Client	0							
i Use th	ne Java Client			1					
	Your current brow	iser Java vers	ion (1.6.0.31) is supported for	use with remote control.					
Allow	others to request	my remote	session disconnect						
Start re	mote control in s	single-user	mode						
Gives	you exclusive acces	ss during the r	emote session.						
Start re	mote control in r	multi-user n	node						
Allows	s other users to star	t remote sess	ions while your session is acti	ve.					
Remot	e Control S	ession ir	n Progress			k			
lf all sessi	ions are currently	consumed,	you can send a request to	disconnect one of the av	ailable sessions.			Ret	fresh
User Na	ime		 Active Sessions 		Availabi	lity for Disconnection		Timeout	t Value
				No active se	ssion is in progress.				

3. You can click the **Guide for Remote Disk and Remote Console** link to access additional information. The following illustration shows the Guide for Remote Disk and Remote Console window.



- a. Click **Close** to exit from the Guide for Remote Disk and Remote Console window.
- 4. Select one of the following graphical remote console choices:
 - To use the Internet Explorer as your browser, select Use the ActiveX Client.
 - To use the Java client, select **Use the Java Client** as shown in the following illustration.

	nent moutien			USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
System Status E	Events - Service and Support -	Server Management 🗸	IMM Management - Search	L		
Allows you to control the se functionality is launched from Guide for Remote Disk and I) river at the operating system level. A the Remote Console window, "Tool Remote Console	new window will appear s" drop-down menu. (Note	that provides access to the Rem e that the Remote Disk function (ote Disk and Remote Cons loes not more	ole functionality. The F	emote Dis
Use the ActiveX Client						
💿 Use the Java Client 🎯	k					
Your current browse	r Java version (1.6.0.31) is supported for	use with remote control.				
Allow others to request m	y remote session disconnect					
Allow others to request m	y remote session disconnect 🥥					
Allow others to request m Start remote control in sim Gives you exclusive access of	y remote session disconnect gle-user mode during the remote session.					
Allow others to request m Start remote control in sin Gives you exclusive access of Start remote control in mu	y remote session disconnect gle-user mode during the remote session. itti-user mode					
Allow others to request m Start remote control in sin Gives you exclusive access of Start remote control in mu Allows other users to start re	y remote session disconnect gle-user mode during the remote session. litt-user mode] emote sessions while your session is activ	xe,				
Allow others to request m Start remote control in sin Gives you exclusive access of Start remote control in mu Allows other users to start re Remote Control Ses	y remote session disconnect gle-user mode turing the remote session. itt-user mode) emote sessions while your session is acth sssion in Progress	ve.	k			
Allow others to request m Start remote control in sin Gives you exclusive access of Start remote control in mu Allows other users to start re Remote Control Ses If all sessions are currently co	y remote session disconnect gle-user mode furing the remote session. itti-user mode emote session is while your session is active session in Progress onsumed, you can send a request to	e. disconnect one of the ava	k		Re	fresh
Allow others to request m Start remote control in sin Gives you exclusive access of Start remote control in mu Allows other users to start re Remote Control Sess If all sessions are currently or User Name	y remote session disconnect gle-user mode turing the remote session. itituaer mode emote sessions while your session is active session in Progress onsumed, you can send a request to A Active Sessions	re. disconnect one of the avr	k allable sessions. Availability for D	isconnection	Re Timeou	fresh : Value

Notes:

- If you are not using the Internet Explorer browser, only the Java client can be selected.
- The ActiveX and Java clients have identical functionality.
- A status line will be displayed indicating whether your client is supported.

The following window opens. It shows the information that the browser (for example, the Firefox browser) will use to open the Viewer file.

Remote Control	Somato Controlo functionaliti
functionality is launched from the Remote Console	Opening viewer(192.168.5.36@443@0@135348798989 × hore
Guide for Remote Disk and Remote Console	You have chosen to open
Use the ActiveX Client	53487989897@0@1@1@jnlp@USERID@0@0@0@0)
⊚ Use the Java Client	which is a: JNLP file (3.0 KB) from: https://192.168.5.36
Your current browser Java version (1.6.0.31) i	What should Firefox do with this file?
Encrypt disk and KVM data during transmission	Open with Browse
Allow others to request my remote session disc	Do this automatically for files like this from now on.
Start remote control in single-user mode	
Gives you exclusive access during the remote session	Cancel
Start remote control in multi-user mode	

5. After the browser downloads and opens the Viewer file, a confirmation window opens with a warning about the website certificate verification (as shown in the following illustration). Click **Yes** to accept the certificate.



- 6. To control the server remotely, select one of the following menu choices:
 - To have exclusive remote access during your session, click **Start remote control in single User mode**.
 - To allow others to have remote console access during your session, click **Start remote control in multi user mode**.

Note: If the **Encrypt disk and KVM data during transmission** checkbox is selected before the Video Viewer window is opened, the disk data is encrypted with ADES encryption during the session.

The Video Viewer window opens as (shown in the following illustration). This window provides access to the Remote Console functionality.



7. Close the Video Viewer and the Virtual Media Session windows when you are finished using the Remote Control feature.

Notes:

- The Video Viewer will automatically close the Virtual Media Session window.
- Do *not* close the Virtual Media Session window if a remote disk is currently mapped. See "Remote disk" on page 125 for instructions about closing and unmapping a remote disk.
- If you have mouse or keyboard problems when you use the remote control functionality, see the help that is available from the Remote Control page in the web interface.
- If you use the remote console to change settings for the IMM2 in the Setup utility program, the server might restart the IMM2. You will lose the remote console and the login session. After a short delay you can log in to the IMM2 again with a new session, start the remote console again, and exit the Setup utility program.

Important: The IMM2 uses a Java applet or an ActiveX applet to perform the remote presence function. When the IMM2 is updated to the latest firmware level, the Java applet and the ActiveX applet are also updated to the latest level. By default, Java caches (stores locally) applets that were previously used. After a flash update of the IMM2 firmware, the Java applet that the server uses might not be at the latest level.

To correct this problem, turn off caching. The method used will vary based on the platform and Java version. The following steps are for Oracle Java 1.7 on Windows:

- 1. Click Start -> Settings -> Control Panel.
- 2. Double-click Java Plug-in 1.7. The Java Plug-in Control Panel window opens.
- 3. Click the **Cache** tab.
- 4. Choose one of the following options:
 - Clear the **Enable Caching** check box so that Java caching is always disabled.
 - Click **Clear Caching**. If you choose this option, you must click **Clear Caching** after each IMM2 firmware update.

For more information about updating IMM2 firmware, see "Updating the server firmware" on page 128.

For more information about the remote control feature, see "Remote presence and remote control functions" on page 115.

Server properties

Select the **Server Properties** option under the **Server Management** tab to set various parameters to help identify the system. You can specify the **System descriptive name, Contact person, Location**, and additional information as shown in the following illustration. The information that you enter in these fields will take effect when you click **Apply**. To clear the information that was typed in the fields since the last time you applied changes, click **Reset**.

IBM Integrated Management Module II	USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
System Status Events • Service and Support • Server Management • IMM Management • Search			
Server Properties Various properties, status and settings related to your system. Acobr. Reset			
General Settings LEDs Hardware Information Environmentals Hardware Activity			
General Settings			
Provide information which identifies this system to operations and support personnel.			
System descriptive name: 🖗			
Contact person: 🖟			
Location (ste, geographical coordinates, etc): 🕖			
Room ID: 🖗			
Rack ID: 🖗			
Lowest unit of system: W			
U height of system: 0			

In the following illustration, you can specify the **Lowest unit of the system**. The **Lowest unit of the system** field requires a connection to the management module (for example the Advanced Management Module or Chassis Management Module).

IBM Integrated Management Module II		USERID Settings Log out IBM.
System Status Events - Service and Supp	rt • Server Management • IMM Management • Search	
erver Properties arous properties, status and settings related to your syst Apply Reset	erri.	
General Settings LEDs Hardware Information	Environmentals Hardware Activity	
Towle information which dentifies this system to open lystem descriptive name: N/A I Re, peographical coordinates, etc): A A A A A A A A A A	ons and support personnel.	

To view the LEDs in the system, click the LED tab. The following window opens.

erver Prop	erties	as soluted to your	natom			
nous propercies, scat	cus anu secon	gs relaced to your	by buenne			
Apply Reset						
	150.	1	. Factor and the Unit	duran dura di		
seneral seconds	LEDS	roware information	1 Environmentals Han	Iware Accivicy		
LEDs						
This web page shows status of those LEDs Click <u>here</u> to refresh I	s the status o that are inter LEDs.	f the LEDs on the nal to the server w	server's chassis and front ithout having to remove	panel. It also provides the ability to view the server's cover(s).	he	
EDs in front panel	1					
LED Label	Status		Descri	ption		
Power	On 🖸		Go to E	ower Action Page to do power action.		
Enclosure Identify	Cff	Change	Useitt	o identify the location of the system.		
Check Log	∐≣ Off	Chance	Check	Event Log to identify the problem.		
Fault LED	1 Off		Check	LEDs in below to isolate the failed comp	nents.	
Detailed LEDs and I The left two columns	Recommend s present prim	ed Actions lary LED types and	status, note that the lef	t LEDs not classified into the Primary LE	ypes will be shown in Others. Click any row to check detailed LEE	Os and recommended actions in righ
Finally LEDICED 1	ype	Status	Actions Description: 1 an	() with the same LCDs		
TEND (Temperature		0 Of	Replace in	dicated fan(s).		
CONFIG (Configura	r) dion	γ ο π	LED Label	 Status 		
Mismatch)		0 of	FAN 1	0 Off		
PS (Power Supply)		9 Off	FAN 2	0 Off		
HDD		0 Off	FAN 3	0 off		
OVER SPEC		0 OL	FAN 4	0 Off		
FAN		0 ou	FAN 5	0 off		
LINK		0 Off	FAN 6	0 Off		
PCI		୍ ୦୩				
BOARD		0 Off				

To view system information, system component information, and network hardware information, click the **Hardware Information** tab. You can also select the appropriate sub-tab within the **Hardware Information** tab to view various Vital Product Data (VPD) information.

The **System Information** sub-tab provides information such as the machine name, serial number, and model. The following illustration shows the System Information window.

General Settings	LEDs	Hardware Information	Environmentals	Hardware Activity			
Hardware This section lists vit System Information	Infor al product on System	mation data (VPD) on a system, Component Information	component and n Network Hardwa	ietwork basis. re			
Name		Value					
Machine Name		Syster	n x3550 M4				
Machine Type-M	odel	7914A	7914A2A				
Serial Number		06KN	06KNKL9				
UUID		39B8A	39B8A0803A7E11E284EF6CAE8B4E83C2				
Server Power		On	On				
Server State		OS bo	OS booted				
Total hours pow	ered-on	1005	1005				
Restart count		29	29				
Ambient Temper	rature	66.20	66.20 F / 19.00 C				
Enclosure Identi	fy LED	Off Ch	ange				
Check Log LED	Check Log LED Off						

The status of the **Enclosure Identify LED** can be viewed and changed from System Information window. To change the **Enclosure Identify LED**, click the **Change..** link. The following window opens.

Note: The Enclosure Identity LED is on the front of the Light Path panel.

Change Enclosure Identify LED ×
Choose the desired state for the Enclosure Identify LED
The Location LED is on the front of the Light Path panel. It is called Identify in the LED table.
Note: The system might need to be powered on for the Location LED to turn on or blink.
Current state: Off
Turn Off Turn On Blink Ok Cancel

Select the **System Component Information** sub-tab to view information such as the FRU Name, Serial Number, Manufacturer ID, and Manufacturer Date. The following illustration shows the information that you will see when you click the **System Component Information** tab.

IBM Integrated Manage	ement Module II				USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
System Status	Events 👻 Service and	I Support 🗸 🛛 Server Mana	gement 🗸 🛛 IMM Manaç	ement + Search			
Server Properties, status an Apply Reset General Settings LEE Hardware Info This section lists vital prod	ties Id settings related to you Ds Hardware Inform Drmation uct data (VPD) on a syst	r system. nation Environmentats em, component and networ	Hardware Activity				
System Information System	stem Component Inform	ation Network Hardware					
FRU Name	Serial Number	Manufacturer ID	Manufacturer Date				
CPU 1	Not Available	Intel(R) Corporation	Not Available				
DASD Backplane 1	Y010RW2AM12X	USIS	1996-01-01				
DIMM 1	3B9F3344	Hynix Semiconductor	2012-10-15				
Power Supply 1	YK10112BC2B2	ACBE	1996-01-01				
System Board	Y010RW2BG0DZ	IBM Corporation	2012-11-05				

Select the **Network Hardware** sub-tab to view the network hardware information. Network hardware information includes the Host Ethernet MAC Address Number and MAC Address. The following illustration shows the information that you will see when you click the **Network Hardware** tab.

IBM Integrated M	anagemen	t Module II						USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
System Sta	itus Even	ts 🕶 Service	e and Supp	ort 👻 Server Man	agement 😽 🛛 IMM M	anagement 👻 Se	earch			
Server Pro Various properties, sta Apply Reset	perties atus and set	5 ttings related to	o your syste	m.						
General Settings	LEDs	Hardware II	nformation	Environmentals	Hardware Activity					
System Informatio	n System	Component In Number	formation	Network Hardware Address						
Host Ethernet MA	C Address	1	5C:F3	3:FC:3C:13:D0						
Host Ethernet MA	C Address	2	5C:F3	3:FC:3C:13:D1						
Host Ethernet MA	C Address	3	5C:F3	3:FC:3C:13:D2						
Host Ethernet MA	C Address	4	5C:F3	3:FC:3C:13:D3						

Select the **Environmentals** tab on the Server Properties page to view the voltages and temperatures of the hardware components in the system. The following window opens. The **Status** column in the table shows normal activity or problem areas in the server.

	lanagement Modul	le II						USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
System St	atus Events - Se	ervice and Support +	Server Managem	ent 👻 IMM Manageme	nt - Search					
arious properties, s Apply Reset	Derties tatus and settings rela	ited to your system.								
General Settings	LEDs Hardwa	are Information En	vironmentals Han	iware Activity						
Environm	antals									
Linvironini	entats									
his section display	s the current voltage	and temperature rea	dings for various har	dware components in th	is system. All voltage rea	adings are displayed in	Volts. All temperatu	ire readings a	re displayed in degrees	
anrenneit or degr	ees cesius depending	on your location.								
Voltages										
Show Threshold	ts wh									
Show Threshold Source	Value (Volts)	Status	Fatal Lower Threshold	Critical Lower Threshold	Non-critical Lower Threshold	Non-critical Upper Threshold	Critical Upper Threshold	Fatal Up Threshol	per Id	
Show Threshold Source Planar 3.3V	Value (Volts) 3.39	Status	Fatal Lower Threshold N/A	Critical Lower Threshold 3.04	Non-critical Lower Threshold N/A	Non-critical Upper Threshold N/A	Critical Upper Threshold 3.56	Fatal Up Threshol	per Id	
Show Threshold Source Planar 3.3V Planar 5V	Value (Volts) 3.39 5.08	Status	Fatal Lower Threshold N/A N/A	Critical Lower Threshold 3.04 4.44	Non-critical Lower Threshold N/A N/A	Non-critical Upper Threshold N/A N/A	Critical Upper Threshold 3.56 5.53	Fatal Up Threshol N/A N/A	per Id	
Show Threshok Source Planar 3.3V Planar 5V Planar 12V	Value (Volts) 3.39 5.08 12.26	Status	Fatal Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A	Critical Lower Threshold 3.04 4.44 10.96	Non-critical Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A	Non-critical Upper Threshold N/A N/A	Critical Upper Threshold 3.56 5.53 13.23	Fatal Up Threshol N/A N/A N/A	per Id	
Show Threshok Source Planar 3.3V Planar 5V Planar 12V Planar VBAT	Value (Volts) 3.39 5.08 12.26 3.20	Status Status Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	Fatal Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A N/A	Critical Lower Threshold 3.04 4.44 10.96 2.00	Non-critical Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A 2.27	Non-critical Upper Threshold N/A N/A N/A N/A	Critical Upper Threshold 3.56 5.53 13.23 N/A	Fatal Up Threshol N/A N/A N/A N/A	per Id	
Show Threshold Source Planar 3.3V Planar 5V Planar 12V Planar VBAT	Value (Volts) 3.39 5.08 12.26 3.20	Status Normal Normal Normal Normal	Fatal Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A N/A	Critical Lower Threshold 3.04 4.44 10.96 2.00	Non-critical Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A 2.27	Non-critical Upper Threshold N/A N/A N/A N/A	Critical Upper Threshold 3.56 5.53 13.23 N/A	Fatal Upi Threshol N/A N/A N/A N/A	per Id	
Show Threshold Source Planar 3.3V Planar 5V Planar 12V Planar VBAT	Value (Volts) 3.39 5.08 12.26 3.20	Status Normal Normal Normal	Fatal Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A N/A	Critical Lower Threshold 3.04 4.44 10.96 2.00	Non-critical Lower Threshold N/A N/A 2.27	Non-critical Upper Threshold NJA NJA NJA	Critical Upper Threshold 3.56 5.53 13.23 N/A	Fatal Up Threshol N/A N/A N/A N/A	per Id	
Show Threshold Source Planar 3.3V Planar 5V Planar 5V Planar 12V Planar VBAT	Value (Volts) 3.39 5.08 12.26 3.20	Status Normal Normal Normal	Fatal Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A N/A	Critical Lower Threshold 3.04 4.44 10.96 2.00	Non-critical Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A 2.27	Non-critical Upper Threshold N/A N/A N/A N/A	Critical Upper Threshold 3.56 5.53 13.23 N/A	Fatal Up Threshol N/A N/A N/A N/A	per id	
Show Threshold Source Planar 3.3V Planar 5V Planar 5V Planar 12V Planar VBAT C Temperature	Value (Volts) 3.39 5.08 12.26 3.20	Status Normal Normal Normal	Fatal Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A N/A	Critical Lower Threshold 3.04 4.44 10.96 2.00	Non-critical Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A 2.27	Non-critical Upper Threshold N/A N/A N/A N/A	Critical Upper Threshold 3.56 5.53 13.23 N/A	Fatal Upp Threshol N/A N/A N/A N/A	per Id	
Show Threshold Source Planar 3.3V Planar 5V Planar 12V Planar VBAT Cemperature Show Threshold Source	5 Value (Volts) 3.39 5.08 12.26 3.20 55 55 Value (* F)	Status Normal Normal Normal Normal Status	Fatal Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A N/A Fatal Lower Threshold	Critical Lower Threshold 3.04 4.44 10.96 2.00 Critical Lower Threshold	Non-ontical Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A 2.27 Non-ontical Lower Threshold	Non-critical Upper Threshold N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	Critical Upper Threshold 3.56 5.53 13.23 N/A Critical Upper Threshold	Fatal Up Threshol N/A N/A N/A Fatal Up Threshol	per Id	
Show Threshold Source Planar 3.3V Planar 5V Planar 12V Planar VBAT Temperature Show Threshold Source Ambient Temp	55 Value (Volta) 3.39 5.08 12.26 3.20 25 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Status Status Normal Normal Normal Status Normal Normal	Fatal Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A N/A Fatal Lower Threshold N/A	Critical Lower Threshold 3.04 4.44 10.96 2.00 Critical Lower Threshold NA	Non-ortical Lower Threshold NIA NIA NIA 2.27 Non-ortical Lower Threshold NIA	Non-ontical Upper Threshold NIA NIA NIA NIA NIA NIA NIA NIA	Critical Upper Threshold 3.56 5.53 13.23 N/A Critical Upper Threshold 114.80	Fatal Up Threshol N/A N/A N/A N/A Fatal Up Threshol 122.00	per Id	
Show Threshok Source Planar 3.3V Planar 5V Planar 12V Planar VBAT Source Show Threshok Source Ambient Temp PCI Riser Temp	55 Value (Volta) 3.39 5.50 12.26 3.20 25 55 Value (* F) 78.80 NVA	Status Status Normal Normal Status Normal Ni	Fatal Lower Threshold N/A N/A N/A N/A Fatal Lower Threshold N/A N/A	Critical Lower Threshold 3.04 4.44 10.96 2.00 Critical Lower Threshold N/A N/A	Non-ontical Lower Threshold NIA NIA NIA 2 27 Non-ontical Lower Threshold NIA NIA	Non-critical Upper Threshold NIA NIA NIA NIA NOn-critical Upper Threshold 109.40 NIA	Critical Upper Threshold 3.56 5.53 13.23 N/A Critical Upper Threshold 114.80 N/A	Fatal Upp Threshol N/A N/A N/A N/A Fatal Upp Threshol 122.00 N/A	per Id	

The **Hardware Activity** tab on the Server Properties page provides a history of the hardware that has been added or removed from the system. The following illustration shows the information that you will see when you click the **Hardware Activity** tab.

IBM Integrated Man	agement Module II						USERID	Settings Log out	IBM
System Status	Events - Service and	l Support • Server Man	agement 👻 IMM Man	nagement 👻 🗇 Search					
Server Proper Various properties, statu: Apply Reset	rties s and settings related to yo	our system.							
General Settings	LEDs Hardware Inform	nation Environmentals	Hardware Activity						
1									
Hardware A	ctivity								
Hardware A	Ctivity story of Field Replacable Un	it (FRU) components whi	ch have been added to	or removed from the system.					
Hardware A This table contains a he FRU Name	ctivity story of Field Replacable Un Serial Number	it (FRU) components whi Manufacturer ID	ch have been added to Action	or removed from the system. Time of Action	•				
Hardware Ar This table contains a he FRU Name CPU/DIMM Tray	ctivity story of Field Replacable Un Serial Number Y135BG1CG00R	it (FRU) components whi Manufacturer ID CLCN	ch have been added to Action PAdded	or removed from the system. Time of Action 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM	•				
Hardware A This table contains a his FRU Name CPU/DIMM Tray Power Supply 1	Ctivity story of Field Replacable Un Serial Number Y135BG1CG00R K10511BE086	it (FRU) components whi Manufacturer ID CLCN Delta	ch have been added to Action Added Added	or removed from the system. Time of Action 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM	•				
Hardware A This table contains a hit FRU Name CPU/DIMM Tray Power Supply 1 Power Supply 2	ctivity story of Field Replacable Un Serial Number Y135BG1CG00R K10511BE086 K10511BE00F	it (FRU) components whi Manufacturer ID CLCN Delta Delta	ch have been added to Action Added BP Added BP Added	or removed from the system. Time of Action 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM	•				
Hardware Av This table contains a his FRU Name CPU/DIMM Tray Power Supply 1 Power Supply 2 SAS Backplane 1	ctivity story of Field Replacable Un Serial Number Y135BG1CG00R K10511BE006 K10511BE00F Y011US15G98C	It (FRU) components whi Manufacturer ID CLCN Delta Delta MDLX	ch have been added to Action Added Added Added Added	or removed from the system. Time of Action 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM	•				
Hardware Av This table contains a hie FRU Name CPU/DIMM Tray Power Supply 1 Power Supply 2 SAS Backplane 1 CPU 1	ctivity story of Field Replacable Un Serial Number Y135BG1CG00R K10511BE086 K10511BE00F Y011US15G98C Not Available	it (FRU) components whi Manufacturer ID CLCN Delta Delta MOLX Intel(R) Corporation	ch have been added to Action Action Added Added Added Added Added	or removed from the system. Time of Action 19 Jul 2012 09.12 AM 19 Jul 2012 09.12 AM 19 Jul 2012 09.12 AM 19 Jul 2012 09.12 AM 19 Jul 2012 09.12 AM	•				
Hardware Av This table contains a hie FRU Name CPU/DIMM Tray Power Supply 1 Power Supply 2 SAS Backplane 1 CPU 1 CPU 2	ctivity story of Feld Replacable Un serial Number Y1358G1CG00R K10511BE086 K10511BE086 Y0110515B8C Not Available Not Available	It (FRU) components whis Manufacturer ID CLON Delta Delta MOLX Intel(R) Corporation Intel(R) Corporation	ch have been added to Action Action Added Added Added Added Added Added Added	or removed from the system. Time of Action 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM	•				
Hardware Av This table contains a hie FRU Name CPU/DIMM Tray Power Supply 1 Power Supply 2 SAS Backplane 1 CPU 2 CPU 2 CPU 3	ctivity story of Fuld Replacable Un Senal Number Y135861C600R K105118E006 K105118E00F Y011U515G88C Not Available Not Available	It. (FRU) components whis Manufacturer ID CLCN Delta Delta MOLX Intel(R) Corporation Intel(R) Corporation	ch have been added to Action Added Added Added Added Added Added Added Added Added Added	or removed from the system. Time of Action 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM 19 Jul 2012 09:12 AM	•				

Server power actions

This section provides information about the **Server Power Actions** option under the **Server Management** tab on the IMM2 web interface home page.

Select the **Server Power Actions** option under the **Server Management** tab to view a list of actions that you can use to control system power. The following illustration is an example of the Server Power Actions window.



You can choose to power the server on immediately or at a scheduled time. You can also choose to shut down and restart the operating system. For more information about controlling the server power, see, "Controlling the power status of the server" on page 114.

Cooling devices

Select the **Cooling Devices** option under the **Server Management** tab to view the current speed and status of cooling fans in the server (as shown in the following illustration).

Note: In an IBM Flex System, cooling device settings are managed by the IBM Flex System Chassis Management Module (CMM) and cannot be modified on the IMM2.

IDM Integrated	I Management Modul	e n			USERID	Settings Log out	15.
System	Status Events - Se	ervice and Support + Server Mana	gement 👻 IMM Management 👻	Search Q			
Cooling D	evices	a ta a Garanta Marana Matalana a d					
Fan	 Speed (RPM) 	Speed (% of maximum)	Status				
Fan 1A Tach	0	0	Unknown				
Fan 1B Tach	0	0	Unknown				
Fan 2A Tach	0	0	Unknown				
Fan 2B Tach	0	0	Unknown				
Fan 3A Tach	0	0	Unknown				
Fan 3B Tach	0	0	Unknown				
Fan 4A Tach	0	0	Unknown				
Fan 4B Tach	0	0	Unknown				
Fan 5A Tach	0	0	Unknown				
Fan 5B Tach	0	0	Unknown				
Fan 6A Tach	0	0	Unknown				
Ean 6B Tach	0	0	Linknown				

Click on a cooling device (Fan link) in the table to view any active events for the device (as shown in the following screen).

IBM Integrate	l Manag						USERID		IBM
System	Status	Events + Servic	e and Support 👻 Server Mana	igement 👻 IMM Manage	ment -	Search	٩		
Cooling D Display the curren	evice speed a	ES ind status of cooling) fans in the system. Click on a d	levice to see active event	5.				
Fan	 Spe 	ed (RPM)	Speed (% of maximum)	Status					
Fan 1A Tach	0		0	Unknown					
Fan 1B Tach	0		0	Unknown					
Fan 2A Tach	0	Fan Properties	for Fan 1A Tach					×	
Fan 2B Tach	0								
Fan 3A Tach	0								
Fan 3B Tach	0	Events							
Fan 4A Tach	0	There are no	active events for this device						
Fan 48 Tach	0								
Fan 5A Tach	0	Close							
Fan 5B Tach	0		0	Unknown					
Fan 6A Tach	0		0	Unknown					
Fan 6B Tach	0		0	Unknown					

Power modules

Select the **Power Modules** option under the **Server Management** tab to view the power modules in the system with status and power ratings. Click on a power link in the table to view active events, hardware information, and errors associated with the power module (as shown in the following illustration).

Note: In an IBM Flex System, power module settings are managed by the IBM Flex System Chassis Management Module (CMM) and cannot be modified on the IMM2.

IBM Integrate	ed Managem	ent Module II							USERID	Settings Log out	IBI
Syster	m Status Ev	ents 👻 Service and	Support 👻 Server Ma	nagement 👻	IMM Management	÷	Search	٩)			
Power M Display power m with 3 tabs: Eve Display power m	odules in the s odules in the s nts, HW Info, odules in the s	system with status and and Errors. system with status and and Errors	d power ratings. Clicking d power ratings. Clicking	on a module o on a module c	displays a Properties displays a Properties	pop-up window					
Name	 Status 		Rated Power (Watts)								
Power System	Norn	mal r	N/A								
Power 1	Norm	nal ·	1400								
	Power modul	es properties for Pov	ver 1							×	
	Events	Hardware Informat	tion Errors								
	There are	no active events for t	this device								
	Close										

The Events tab displays active events, if any (as shown in the following screen).

IBM Integrated M	lanagement Module II				USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
System Sta	atus Events - Service a	nd Support 👻 Server Managem	ient 👻 IMM Management 👻	(SearchQ)		
Power Mod Display power module with 3 tabs: Events, Display power module with 3 tabs: Events,	ules as in the system with status : HW Info, and Errors. as in the system with status : HW Info, and Errors.	and power ratings. Clicking on a m and power ratings. Clicking on a m	nodule displays a Properties pop-up window nodule displays a Properties pop-up window				
Name 🔺	Status	Rated Power (Watts)					
Power System	Normal	N/A					
Power 1	Normal	1400					
Pow	er modules properties for P	ower 1				х	
	Events Hardware Inform	nation Errors					
Clo	se						

Click the **Hardware Information** tab to view details about the component such as the FRU name and manufacturer ID (as shown in the following illustration).

IBM Integrate	l Management	Module II			USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
System	Status Events	• Service and Supp	oort 👻 Server Managem	nent 👻 IMM Management 👻			
Power Mo Display power mo with 3 tabs: Even Display power mo with 3 tabs: Even	dules in the syste ts, HW Info, and Jules in the syste ts, HW Info, and	m with status and pov Errors. m with status and pov Errors.	ver ratings. Clicking on a r ver ratings. Clicking on a r	nodule displays a Properties pop-up window module displays a Properties pop-up window			
Name	 Status 	Rater	d Power (Watts)				
Power System	Normal	N/A 1400					
i	ower modules p	roperties for Power 1		2		х	
(Events H Field Replaceat Part Number FRU Number Serial Number Manufacturer Power On Dur Power cycles Errors	lardware Information ble Unit (FRU) Name ID ation	Errors Power Supply 1 39/7233 39/7238 K105118E099 DELT 5,782 hour(\$) 16949 3				

Click on the **Errors** tab to view detailed information about the errors of the Power Modules (as shown in the following illustration).

IBM Integrated	i Management Module	П		USERID	Settings Log out	IBM
System	Status Events + Sen	vice and Support 👻 Server Managemen	it ≠ IMM Management ≠			
Power Mc Display power more with 3 tabs: Event Display power more with 3 tabs: Event	dules in the system with st ts, HW Info, and Errors. Jules in the system with st ts, HW Info, and Errors.	tatus and power ratings. Clicking on a mo tatus and power ratings. Clicking on a mo	dule displays a Properties pop-up window dule displays a Properties pop-up window			
Name	Status	Rated Power (Watts)				
Power System	Normal	N/A				
Power 1	Normal	1400				
	Events Hardware	Information Errors				
	Record Number	Time of Error (since last power on)	+ Error Code			
	0	Not Available	32			
	1	Not Available	32			
	2	Not Available	32			

Local storage

Select the **Local Storage** option under the **Server Management** tab or the Local Storage link in the Hardware Health table on the System Status and Health page to view the local storage configuration information for the server. This option provides detailed information for the local storage devices in the server (as shown in the following illustration). You can view the physical or logical information for the local storage devices. Information is provided for supported RAID controllers and associated disks, storage pools, and volume information.

Note: If the server does not support the **Local Storage** option, only the status of the disks and associated active events are displayed.

erresn				k
hysical Resource	Storage RAID Configuration			
Click on a device to	see active events and proper	ties.		
RAID Controller	s and Physical Drives			
Name		Health Status	Capacity	Serial No
ServeRAID M5	110e(PCI Slot 0)			23V04K
Drive 0		🗹 Normal	68.366GB	BSF032F1
Drive 1		🔄 Normal	68.366GB	3TA0M7TY
Drive 2		🗹 Normal	68.366GB	D3A04350
Drive 3		Oritical	232.886GB	9XE0925FST9250610NS
Drive 4		🗹 Normal	68.366GB	D3A0439D
Drive 5		🗹 Normal	279.397GB	SOKOATYN
Drive 6		Oritical	232.886GB	9XE05Q69ST9250610NS
Drive 7		Normal	136.732GB	6TB1YZK2

Memory

Select the **Memory** option under the **Server Management** tab to view information about the memory modules installed in the system. A page similar to the following illustration is displayed. Each memory module is displayed in the table as a link that you can click to get more detailed information about the memory module. The table also displays the status of the DIMM, DIMM type, and DIMM capacity.

Note: If you remove or replace a DIMM, you must restart the system to view the updated DIMM information for the changes that you made to the system DIMMs.

IBM Integrated	l Management Module II					USERID	Settings Log out	IBA
System 5	Status Events v Servic	e and Support 👻 Server	Management 👻 IMM Management 👻 📝	earch,				
Memory Display the memory	y modules available on the s	erver. Clicking on a module	displays a Properties pop-up window with 2	2 tabs: Events, HW Info	o. If you remove or replace	DIMMs, the server	r needs to be powered o	on at lea
FRU Name	 Status 	Type	Capacity (GB)					
DIMM 1	Normal	DDR3	8					
DIMM 2	Normal	DDR3	8					
DIMM 3	Normal	DDR3	8					
DIMM 4	Normal	DDR3	8					
DIMM 5	Normal	DDR3	8					
DIMM 6	Normal	DDR3	8					
DIMM 7	Normal	DDR3	8					
DIMM 8	Normal	DDR3	8					
DIMM 9	Normal	DDR3	8					
DIMM 10	Normal	DDR3	8					
DIMM 11	Normal	DDR3	8					
DIMM 12	Normal	DDR3	8					
DIMM 13	Normal	DDR3	4					
DIMM 14	Normal	DDR3	4					
DIMM 15	Normal	DDR3	4					
DIMM 16	Normal	DDR3	4					
DHMM 17	Normal	DDR3	4					
DHMM 18	Normal	DDR3	4					
DIMM 19	Normal	DDR3	4					
DIMM 20	Normal	DDR3	4					
DIMM 21	Normal	DDR3	4					

Click on a **DIMM** link in the table to view any active events and more information about the component (as shown in the following screen).

System S	itatus Events - Se	rvice and Support - Server M	anagement 👻 🛛 IMM Manage	nent + Search					
Nemory Haplay the memory ince after the rem	rmodules available on ti oval/replacement to shr	he server. Cicking on a module d ow the correct DIMM information	splays a Properties pop-up wir	idow with 2 tabs: Events, HW Info.	If you remove or replace DIMM	is, the server r	needs to b	e powered c	in at least
FRUMame	Properties for	/ DIMM 3					×		
DIMINI									
	Events	Hardware Information							
SILILA A	There are i	no active events for this dev	rice						
DIMM 5	Class								
IMM 6	Close								
MM 7									
MMM 8									
IMM 9									
MMI 10									
IMM 11									
MM 12									
/IMM 13									
BMM 14									
0MM 15		www.co						1	
IMM 16	Normal	DDR3	4						
6MM 17	Normal	DDR3	4						
IMM 18	Mormal	DDR3	4						
MMM 19	Normal	DDR3	4						
HMM 20	Wormal	DDR3	4						
CHILL DA	Filtormal	DDR3	4						

Click on the **Hardware Information** tab to view details about the component such as the description, part number, FRU serial number, manufacturing date (week/year), type (for example, DDR3), and size in gigabytes (as shown in the following illustration).

System	Status Events + Service a	nd Support 👻 Server I	Aanagement 👻 - IMM Managem	ent + Search			
Memory							
Display the memo	ry modules available on the serv	et. Clicking on a module o	displays a Properties pop-up wind	low with 2 tabs: Events, HW Info. If you rem	ove or replace DIMMs, the server needs to	be powered o	on at least
FRU Name	movay repacement to snow the	correct DIMM Informatio				-	
DIMM 1	Properties for DIMP	43					
DIMM 2							
DIMM 3	Events Hard	ware Information					
DIMM 4	Description	DIMM 3					
DIMM 5	FRU Serial Numb	er 1855302B	(-H3				
DIMM 6	Manuf Date	3611					
DIMM 7	Size	8 GB					
DIMM 8	Lawo						
DIMM 8	Close						
DIMM 10							
DIMM 11							
DIMM 12							
DIMM 13							
DIMM 14							
DIMM 15		6.6772	100			_	
DIMM 16	Normal	DDR3	4				
DIMM 17	Normal	DDR3	4				
DIMM 18	Normal		4				
DIMM 19	Normal		4				
DIMM 20	Normal		4				
DIMM 21	Normal	DDR3	4				

Processors

Select the **Processors** option under the **Server Management** tab to view information about the microprocessors that are installed in the system. The following window opens.

CPUS Status Clock speed (Hz) CPU Status Clock speed (Hz)	System S	tatus Events - Si	envice and Sunnort - Server Ma	inanement + INM Mananement + Search	log out appres
CPUS Status Clock speed (GH2) CPU Status Status Clock speed (GH2) CPU Status Stromal 2.20	M Shaan S	Centra - J	and and support - Server He	inggenne e and paragenne e one of y	
Oracly the processor available on the serve: Clock or goes of a 20'U display. 3 Pop-up window with 2 table: Events, HW 1nfo, FPU 1 Status Status Clock operating 100 control	CPUs				
FRU Kane • Status Clock spees (CH2) CPU 1 Status @ Normal 2.20 CPU 2 Status @ Normal 2.20 CPU 4 Status @ Normal 2.20 CPU 4 Status @ Normal 2.20	Display the processo	ors available on the sen	ver. Clicking on a CPU displays a Pro	operties pop-up window with 2 tabs: Events, HW Info.	
CPU 5 Status @Normal 2.0 CPU 2 Status @Normal 2.20 CPU 3 Status @Normal 2.20 CPU 4 Status @Normal 2.20	FRU Name	 Status 	Clock speed (GHz)		
CPU 2 Status Z Normal 2 20 CPU 3 Status Z Normal 2 20 CPU 4 Status Z Normal 2 20	CPU 1 Status	Normal	2.20		
CPU 3 Status 23formal 2 20 CPU 4 Status CPU 4 Status 220	CPU 2 Status	Normal	2.20		
CPU 4 Status Zivermal 2.20	CPU 3 Status	Normal	2.20		
	CPU 4 Status	Normal	2.20		

Click on a **CPU** link in the table to view any active events and more information about the component (as shown in the following illustration).

IBM Integrate	d Manageme	nt Module II		USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
System		ts + Service and Support + Server Management	t + IMM Management + (Search)			
CPUS Display the proce FRU Name CPU 1 Status CPU 2 Status	stors available o Status Properties fo	n the server. Clicking on a CPU displays a Properties pop Clock speed (GHz) nal 2.20 r CPU 1 Status	op-up window with 2 tabs: Events, HW Info.		×	
CPU 3 Status CPU 4 Status	Events There are	Hardware Information no active events for this device				
L	Close					

Click on the **Hardware Information** tab to view details about the component such as the FRU name and manufacturer ID (as shown in the following illustration).



Adapters

Select the **Adapters** option under the **Server Management** tab to view information about the PCIe adapters that are installed in the server. Each adapter and its function are listed with the card slot number, device type, and card interface information (as shown in the following illustration).

Notes:

- If the server does not support the Adapters option, this option is not visible.
- If you remove, replace, or configure any adapters, you must restart the server (at least once) to view the updated adapter information.

Blot No.	Device Name	Device Type	Card Interface
OnBoard	Adapter 8B:01:07		Onboard
	LFunction 8B:01:00	Ethernet	
	L Function 8B:01:01	Ethernet	
	L., Function 8B:01:02	Ethernet	
	LFunction 8B:01:03	Ethernet	
OnBoard	Adapter 09:00:00	GPU	Onboard
OnBoard	IBM Flex System 4-port 10GbE LOM Virtual Fabric Adapter		Onboard
	c., IBM Flex System 4-port 10GbE LOM Virtual Fabric Adapter 88:00:00	Ethernet	
	L., IBM Flex System 4-port 10GbE LOM Virtual Fabric Adapter 8B:00:01	Ethernet	
	cIBM Flex System 4-port 10GbE LOM Virtual Fabric Adapter 8B:00:02	Ethernet	
	C., IBM Flex System 4-port 10GbE LOM Virtual Fabric Adapter 88:00:03	Ethernet	
2	IBM Flex System IB6132D 2-port FDR InfiniBand Adapter	Ethernet	FlexSystem Mezzanine Connector

Server timeouts

Select the **Server Timeouts** option under the **Server Management** tab to set timeouts to ensure that during a firmware update and powering on the server, the server does not hang indefinitely. You can enable this function by setting the values for the options.

Note: Server timeouts require that the in-band USB interface or LAN over USB be enabled to use commands. For more information about configuring the USB interface, see "Configuring USB" on page 92.

The following illustration shows the Server Timeouts window.

IBM Integrated Management Module II	USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
System Status Events - Service and Support - Server Management - IMM Management - Search			
Set Unexits to ensure that backforg firmware and powering on the server do not hang indefinitely. Enable Power off Delay @ Rook/ Reset.			

For additional information about server timeouts, see "Setting server timeouts" on page 66.

PXE network boot

Select the **PXE Network Boot** option under the **Server Management** tab to set up your server to attempt a PXE network boot at the next server restart. For more information about setting up a PXE network boot, see "Setting up PXE network boot" on page 127.

Latest OS failure screen

Select the **Latest OS Failure Screen** option under the **Server Management** tab to view or clear the most recent operating system failure screen data that has been saved by the IMM2. The IMM2 stores only the most recent error event information, overwriting earlier OS failure screen data when a new error event occurs.

The following illustration is an example of the OS Failure Screen.



For more information about the Latest OS Failure Screen option, see "Capturing the latest OS failure screen data" on page 142.

Power management

Use the **Power Management** option to perform the following tasks:

- Display information about installed power supplies.
- Control how the power supply "power" is managed.
- Control total system power.
- Display information about installed power supplies and current power supply capacity.
- Display the history of the amount of power used.

Select the **Power Management** option under the **Server Management** tab to view power management information and perform power management functions. For more information about the **Power Management** option, see "Managing the server power" on page 143.

Scalable complex

Select the **Scalable Complex** option under the **Server Management** tab to view and manage the current state of all available nodes (servers). A scalable complex allows nodes to be grouped into logical groups called partitions or separated into independent nodes. Nodes in a partition act as a single system and can share resources with each other. A node in a stand-alone (independent) mode operates as single (individual) node. For more information about the **Scalable Complex** option, see "Managing the scalable complex" on page 149. The following illustration shows the Scalable Complex window.

<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmark	s <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> e	elp						
🗌 [IMM2-6cae8b4b48f5] - IB 💥 🌅	[IMM2-40f2	e94d004d] - IB 🕷	[[] [IMM2-6ca	e8b4b4335]-	IBX 🖂 [IMN	12-6cae8b	4b43	
S → S ▲ https://a2/designs/i	mm/index-c	onsole.php#130			☆▼ <mark>8</mark> ▼ Go	ogle		
IBM Integrated Management Module II					USE	ERID Settin	ıgs L	
System Status Events - Service	and Support +	Server Management 🛪	- IMM Managem	ent v	Search	n Q	$\mathbf{\hat{s}}$	
Scalable Complex This page allows the user to view and manage scalable complex. Click the "Refresh" button to get the latest status. Refresh Assigned Nodes Assigned nodes are servers that have been logically grouped together into a partition. Servers in partition mode will behave as a single system. Servers in stand-alone mode will behave as individual systems. Partitioning in this scalable complex has not been specified. Please go to "unassigned nodes" to create partitions. Power Actions ▼ Partition Actions ▼								
Partition / Node	Mode	Status	Processors	Memory	Primary			
	И	lo Partitions Present						
Unassigned Nodes To configure a scalable partition, select one or more unassigned nodes in the powered off state and then click on the "Create Partition" United State Partition Power Actions Create Partition								
Sustem x2050 X6/Lower Node)	Doworod off	2 Intol XEON	16 GR					
System x3950 X6(Upper Node)	Powered off	2 Intel XEON	16 GB					

IMM Management tab

This section provides information about the options under the **IMM Management** tab on the IMM2 web user interface home page.

The options under the **IMM Management** tab enable you to view and modify the IMM2 setting. For the list of the options and details on how to use the options to configure the IMM2, see Chapter 4, "Configuring the IMM2," on page 63.
Chapter 4. Configuring the IMM2

The **IMM Management** tab contains options to configure the IMM2. Use the **IMM Management** tab to view and change IMM2 settings. The following options are listed under the **IMM Management** tab (as shown in the following illustration).

- IMM Properties
- Users
- Network
- Security
- IMM Configuration
- Restart IMM
- Reset IMM to factory defaults
- Activation Key Management

Note: In an IBM Flex System, some settings are managed by the IBM Flex System Chassis Management Module (CMM) and cannot be modified on the IMM2.

				USERID	Settings	I	Log out	IBM.
anage	ement -	IMM Management 🗸	Search				_	
	IMM Prop	perties	Various properties and IMM	settings related	to the			
	Users		Create and modify user profiles that will have ac	accounts and cess to the IMI	group A console			
ope	Network		Network settings such a by the IMM	as SNMP and L	DAP used		ins are c	o-located o
	Security		Configure security proto SSH	ocols such as S	SL and			
	IMM Con	figuration	View a summary of the settings.	current configu	iration			
est O	Restart I	мм	Restart the IMM. Typica experiencing problems	ally only needed with the IMM	l when			
N	Reset IM	M to factory defaults	Sets all current configur default values	ation settings b	ack to			
	Activatio	n Key Management	Add and remove activat functionality	tion keys for ad	ditional			

From the Integrated Management Module (IMM) Properties page, you can perform the following functions:

- Access the server firmware information
- Set the date and time:
 - Choose IMM2 time setting method: manual or NTP
 - Set the IMM2 date and time for manual setting method
 - Set NTP information for NTP setting method
 - Set IMM2 timezone information
- Access the IMM2 serial port information:
 - Configure the IMM2 serial port

- Set IMM2 command-line interface (CLI) key sequences

From the User Accounts page, you can perform the following functions:

- Manage IMM2 user accounts:
 - Create a user account
 - Click on a user name to edit properties for that user:
 - Edit user name
 - Set user password
 - Configure SNMPv3 settings for the user
 - Manage Secure Shell (SSH) public authentication keys for the user
 - Delete a user account
- Configure global user login settings:
 - Set user authentication method
 - Set web inactivity timeout
 - Configure user account security levels available for the IMM2
- View users that are currently connected to the IMM2

From the Network Protocol Properties page, you can perform the following functions:

- Configure Ethernet settings:
 - Ethernet settings:
 - Host name
 - IPv4 and IPv6 enablement and address settings
 - Advanced Ethernet settings:
 - Autonegotiation enablement
 - MAC address management
 - Set maximum transmission unit
 - Virtual LAN (VLAN) enablement
- Configure SNMP settings:
 - SNMPv1 enablement and configuration:
 - Set contact information
 - Community management
 - SNMPv3 enablement and configuration:
 - Set contact information
 - User account configuration
 - SNMP traps enablement and configuration
 - Configure the events alerted in the Traps tab
- Configure DNS settings:
 - Set DNS addressing preference (IPv4 or IPv6)
 - Additional DNS server addressing enablement and configuration
- Configure DDNS settings:
 - DDNS enablement
 - Select domain name source (custom or DHCP server)
 - Set custom domain name for custom, manually specified source
 - View DHCP server specified domain name
- Configure SMTP settings:

- Set SMTP server IP address or host name
- Set SMTP server port number
- Test the SMTP connection
- Configure LDAP settings:
 - Set LDAP server configuration (DNS or pre-configured):
 - If DNS specified LDAP server configuration, set the search domain:
 - Extract search domain from login ID
 - · Manually specified search domain and service name
 - Attempt to extract search domain from login ID then use manually specified search domain and service name
 - If using a pre-configured LDAP server:
 - Set the LDAP server host name or IP address
 - Set the LDAP server port number
 - Set LDAP server root distinguished name
 - Set UID search attribute
 - Select binding method (anonymous, with configured credentials, with login credentials):
 - For configured credentials, set client distinguished name and password
 - Enhanced role-based security for Active Directory Users enablement:
 - If disabled:
 - Set group filter
 - Set group search attribute
 - Set login permission attribute
 - If enabled, set the server target name
- Configure Telnet settings:
 - Telnet access enablement
 - Set maximum number of Telnet sessions
- Configure USB settings:
 - Ethernet over USB enablement
 - External Ethernet to Ethernet over USB port forwarding enablement and management
- Configure Port Assignments:
 - View open port numbers
 - Set port numbers used by IMM2 services:
 - HTTP
 - HTTPS
 - Telnet CLI
 - SSH CLI
 - SNMP agent
 - SNMP Traps
 - Remote Control
 - CIM over HTTPS
 - CIM over HTTP

From the Security page, you can perform the following functions:

· HTTPS server enablement and certificate management

- · CIM over HTTPS enablement and certificate management
- · LDAP security selection and certificate management
- · SSH server enablement and certificate management
- Cryptography management

From the IMM Configuration page, you can perform the following functions:

- View an IMM2 configuration summary
- Backup or restore the IMM2 configuration
- View backup or restore status
- Reset the IMM2 configuration to its factory default settings
- Access the IMM2 initial setup wizard

From the Restart IMM page, you can reset the IMM2.

From the Reset IMM2 to factory defaults.. page, you can reset the IMM2 configuration to its factory default settings.

From the Activation Key Management page, you can manage activation keys for optional IMM2 and server Features on Demand (FoD). See Chapter 7, "Features on Demand," on page 161 for information about managing FoD activation keys.

Setting server timeouts

Use the Server Timeouts option to set timeouts to ensure that the server does not hang indefinitely during a firmware update or powering on the server. You can enable this function by setting the value for this option shown in the following illustration.

Note: Server timeouts require that the in-band USB interface or LAN over USB be enabled to use commands. For additional information about enabling and disabling the USB interface, see "Configuring USB" on page 92.

IBM Integrated Management Module II	USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
System Status Events - Service and Support - Server Management - IMM Management - Search			
Set urenexts to ensure that loading firmware and powering on the server do not hang indefinitely. Enable Rower of Delay (Roby Reset			

To set the server timeout values, complete the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the IMM2 where you want to set the server timeouts. (see "Logging in to the IMM2" on page 10).
- 2. Click Server Management; then, select Server Timeouts.

You can set the IMM2 to respond automatically to the following events:

- Halted operating system
- Failure to load operating system
- **3**. Enable the server timeouts that correspond to the events that you want the IMM2 to respond to automatically. See "Server timeout selections" for a description of each choice.

4. Click Apply.

Note: There is a **Reset** button that you can use to clear all timeouts simultaneously.

Server timeout selections

Enable OS Watchdog

Use the **Enable OS Watchdog** field to specify the number of minutes between checks of the operating system by the IMM2. If the operating system fails to respond to one of these checks, the IMM2 generates an OS timeout alert and restarts the server. After the server is restarted, the OS watchdog is disabled until the operating system is shut down and the server is power cycled. To set the OS watchdog value, select **Enable OS Watchdog** and select a time interval from the menu. To turn off this watchdog, deselect **Enable OS Watchdog**. To capture operating-systemfailure screens, you must enable the watchdog in the **Enable OS Watchdog** field.

Enable Loader Watchdog

Use the **Enable Loader Watchdog** field to specify the number of minutes that the IMM2 waits between the completion of POST and the starting of the operating system. If this interval is exceeded, the IMM2 generates a loader timeout alert and automatically restarts the server. After the server is restarted, the loader timeout is automatically disabled until the operating system is shut down and the server is power cycled (or until the operating system starts and the software is successfully loaded). To set the loader timeout value, select the time limit that the IMM2 waits for the operating-system startup to be completed. To turn off this watchdog, deselect **Enable Loader Watchdog** from the menu.

Enable Power Off Delay

Use the **Enable Power Off Delay** field to specify the number of minutes that the IMM2 subsystem will wait for the operating system to shutdown before powering off the server. To set the power off delay timeout value, select the time limit that the IMM2 waits after the operating-system powers off. To turn off this watchdog, deselect **Enable Power Off Delay** from the menu.

Changing the IMM2 firmware automated promotion settings

Select the **Firmware** tab to view or change the firmware automated promotion setting for the IMM2 backup firmware. If enabled, the Automated Promotion feature automatically copies the IMM2 firmware from the primary area into the backup area once the firmware in the primary area has run successfully for a period of time. This activity results in the primary and backup areas having the same firmware version. If you wish to keep different versions of the IMM2 firmware in the primary and backup areas, the **Enable automated promotion of IMM backup firmware** checkbox should not be checked.

The IMM2 firmware uses various metrics such as amount of run time and firmware activity to verify the stability of the firmware in the primary area before it is copied into the backup area. The minimum interval before the auto promotion takes place is two weeks; but, the actual interval might be longer depending upon the IMM2 activity that occurs during that interval.

The following illustration shows the **Firmware** tab with the **Enable automated promotion of IMM backup firmware** checkbox selected.

IBM Integrated Management Module II	USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
System Status Events - Service and Support - Server Management - IMM Management -	Search	٩	
Integrated Management Module (IMM) Properties Various properties and settings related to the IMM Apply Reset			
Firmware Date and Time Serial Port For Information about the IMM firmware, see the Server Firmware Section			
Enable automated promotion of IMM backup firmware Status: Not Synchronized by Automated Promotion. IMM Primary firmware version: 4.00 IMM Backup firmware version: 3.50			

Setting the IMM2 date and time

Note: IMM2 Date and Time settings cannot be modified in an IBM Flex System.

Select the **Date and Time** tab to view or change the IMM2 date and time. The IMM2 uses its own real-time clock to time stamp all events that are logged in the event log. Alerts that are sent by email and Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) use the real-time clock setting to time stamp the alerts. The clock settings support Greenwich mean time (GMT) offsets and daylight saving time for added ease-of-use for administrators who are managing systems remotely over different time zones. You can remotely access the event log even if the server is turned off or disabled.

The IMM2 date and time setting affects only the IMM2 clock and not the server clock. The IMM2 real-time clock and the server clock are separate, independent clocks and can be set to different times.

Changing the time and date setting (manual mode)

Complete the following steps to manually change the time and date setting:

- 1. From the **Indicate how the IMM date and time should be set** menu list, click **Set Date and Time Manually**.
- 2. In the **Date** field, type the current month, day, and year.
- **3**. In the **Time** field, type the numbers that correspond to the current hour and minutes.
 - The hour must be a number from 1-12 as represented on a 12-hour clock.
 - The minutes must be numbers from 00 59.
 - Select AM or PM.
- 4. In the **GMT Offset** field, select the number that specifies the offset, in hours, from GMT. This number must correspond to the time zone where the server is located.
- 5. Select or clear the **Automatically adjust for Daylight Saving Time (DST)** check box to specify whether the IMM2 clock automatically adjusts when the local time changes between standard time and daylight saving time.

The following illustration shows the **IMM Date and Time** tab when setting the date and time manually.

	hent Module II	USERI
System Status Eve	ents Service and Support Server Management IMM Management Search	
rious properties and settings Apply Reset	agement Module (IMM) Properties	
Firmware Date and Time	Serial Port	
mm bate and I	Time Settings	
INITY Date and I Indicate how the IMM Date a Set Date and Time Manualy Date: 7/20/2012	I IME Settings and Tme should be set. Choose a method from the pul-down lst and supply appropriate settings.	
Indicate how the IMM Date a Set Date and Time Manualy Date: 7/20/2012 Time: 8:43 AM	I IME Settings and Time should be set. Choose a method from the pul-down lat and supply appropriate settings.	

Changing the time and date settings (NTP server mode)

Complete the following steps to synchronize the IMM2 clock with the server clock:

- 1. From the **Indicate how the IMM date and time should be set** menu list, click **Synchronize with an NTP server**.
- 2. In the **NTP server host name or IP address** field, specify the name of the NTP server to be used for clock synchronization.
- **3.** In the **Synchronization frequency (in minutes)** field, specify the approximate interval between synchronization requests. Enter a value between 3 1440 minutes.
- 4. Check the **Synchronize when these settings are saved** check box to request an immediate synchronization (when you click **Apply**), instead of waiting for the interval time to lapse.
- 5. In the **GMT Offset** field, select the number that specifies the offset, in hours, from GMT, corresponding to the time zone where the server is located.
- 6. Select or clear the **Automatically adjust for Daylight Saving Time (DST)** check box to specify whether the IMM2 clock automatically adjusts when the local time changes between standard time and daylight saving time.

The following illustration shows the **IMM Date and Time** tab when synchronizing with the server clock.

chronize with an NTP server	
Time: 2012/07/20 08:43 (NTP time)	
NTP server host name or IP ad	dress (you can specify up to 4 addresses): 😳
(not used)	
(not used)	
(not used)	
Synchronization frequency (mir 1,440	utes) 🖗
GMT Offset:	
+0:00 - Greenwich Mean Time	(Britain, Ireland, Portugal, Revkjavik (Iceland), Western Africa)

Configuring the serial port settings

Select the **Serial Port** tab to specify serial port redirection of the host. The IMM2 provides two serial ports that are used for serial redirection:

Serial port 1 (COM1)

Serial port 1 (COM1) on System x servers is used for Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) Serial over LAN (SOL). COM1 is configurable only through the IPMI interface.

Serial port 2 (COM2)

On blade servers, serial port 2 (COM2) is used for SOL. On System x rack servers and the IBM Flex System, COM2 is used for serial redirection through Telnet or SSH. COM2 is not configurable through the IPMI interface. On rack-mounted and tower servers, COM2 is an internal COM port with no external access.

Complete the following fields for serial port redirection:

Baud Rate

Specify the data-transfer rate of your serial port connection in this field. To set the baud rate, select the data-transfer rate, between 9600 and 115200, that corresponds to your serial port connection.

Parity Specify the parity bits of your serial port connection in this field. Available options are None, Odd, or Even.

Stop Bits

Specify the number of stop bits of your serial port connection in this field. Available options are 1 or 2.

CLI Mode

In this field, select CLI with IMM2 compatible keystroke sequences or select CLI with user defined keystroke sequences if you want to use your own key sequence. If you select CLI with user defined keystroke sequences, you must define the key sequence in the User-defined key sequence for 'Enter CLI' field.

After the serial redirection starts, it continues until you type the exit key sequence. When the exit key sequence is typed, serial redirection stops and you are returned to the command mode in the Telnet or SSH session. Use the **User-defined key sequence for 'Enter CLI'** field to specify the exit key sequence.

The following illustration shows the **Serial Port** tab.

IBM Integrated Management Module I			
🗾 System Status Events 🗸 Servi	and Support 👻 Server Management	✓ IMM Management ✓	Search
Integrated Managemen Janous properties and settings related to the Apply Reset	Module (IMM) Prope	rties	
Firmware Date and Time Serial Port			
Serial port redirection of the host Serial Port 2 (COM2) Baud Rate:	v		
Parity: 🥯 None	*		
Stop Bits: @			
CLI Mode: CLI with user-defined keystroke sequence	-		
User-defined key sequence for 'Enter CLI'			

Configuring user accounts

Select the **Users** option under the **IMM Management** tab to create and modify user accounts for the IMM2 and view group profiles. You will see the following informational message.

Note: In an IBM Flex System, IMM2 user accounts are managed by the CMM.



In an IBM Flex System, the user accounts that are configured in the IMM2 settings only authenticate access to the IMM2 using IPMI and SNMPv3 protocols. If a user has configured the CMM to centrally manage the IPMI and SNMPv3 user accounts on the IMM2, you will not be able to configure the accounts directly on the IMM2 itself. Access to other IMM2 interfaces such as the web and CLI is authenticated with the account credentials that reside on the LDAP server that the CMM has configured the IMM2 to use.

User accounts

Select the **Users Accounts** tab to create, modify, and view user accounts as shown in the following illustration.

Note: The IMM2 subsystem comes with one login profile.

IBM In	tegrated Ma	inagement Module II				USERID Settings
2	System Stat	us Events - Service a	and Support 👻 Server Mana	igement +	IMM Management 👻 Search	
User Create an	Accourt ad modify and	view user accounts. Use 'i	Group Profiles' tab to create,	modify and	view group profile for active directory user	15.
User Create propert	r Accou	INTS View user accounts that w ser. Note: By default, the D Global Login Settings	vil have access to the IMM co MM subsystem comes configu Currently Logged in Users	nsole. To a red with o Delete	dd a user profile, click "Create User" and co ne login profile that al more	infigure the profile details. Click a User Name to view or change
	User Name	Access	Password Expiration		Active Sessions	
	USERID	Supervisor	Supervisor No Expiration Supervisor No Expiration		(Web-HTTPS)9.44.77.169	
	username1	Supervisor			(none)	

Create user

Click the **Create User...** tab to create a new user account. Complete the following fields: **User name**, **Password**, and **Confirm Password** (as shown in the following illustration).

Create New User	r	x
User Credentials	User Credentials	
Authority	Enter a user name and password.	
SNMPv3	User name:	
	username1	
	Password:	
	•••••	
	Confirm password:	
	User name rules: User name rules: Cannot contain white space characters Can only contain the characters A-Z, a-Z, 0-9, '_' (underscore) and '.' (period) Must be different for each user	 Password rules: Passwords are not required Must be 0-20 characters Cannot contain white space characters Password and password confirm values must match Can only contain the characters A-Z, a-Z, 0-9, ~`1@#\$%^&*()-+={`}[]:;"<>,?/

User properties

Click the **User Properties** tab to modify existing user accounts (as shown in the following illustration).

User Properties			
User Credentials	Authority	SNMPv3	SSH Client Public Key
User name: USERID			
Password:			
Confirm password	:		
User name rules:			Password rules:
Cannot con	tain white sp	ace charac	ers Passwords are not required

User authority

Click the **Authority** tab to set the user authority level. The following user authority levels are available:

Supervisor

The Supervisor user authority level has no restrictions.

Read only

The Read only user authority level has read-only access and cannot perform actions such as file transfers, power and restart actions, or remote presence functions.

Custom

The Custom user authority level allows a more customized profile for user authority with settings for the actions that the user is allowed to perform.

Select one or more of the following Custom user authority levels:

User Account Management

A user can add, modify, or delete users, and change the global login settings.

Remote Console Access

A user can access the remote console.

Remote Console and Virtual Media Access

A user can access the remote console and the virtual media feature.

Remote Server Power/Restart Access

A user can perform power-on and restart functions for the remote server.

Ability to Clear Event Logs

A user can clear the event logs. Anyone can look at the event logs; but, this authority level is required to clear the logs.

Adapter Configuration - Basic

A user can modify configuration parameters on the Server Properties and Events pages.

Adapter Configuration - Networking & Security

A user can modify configuration parameters on the Security, Network, and Serial Port pages.

Adapter Configuration - Advanced

A user has no restrictions when configuring the IMM2. In addition, the user is said to have administrative access to the IMM2. Administrative access includes the following advanced functions: firmware updates, PXE network boot, restoring IMM2 factory defaults, modifying and restoring IMM2 settings from a configuration file, and restarting and resetting the IMM2.

When a user sets the authority level of an IMM2 login ID, the resulting IPMI privilege level of the corresponding IPMI User ID is set according to the following priorities:

- If a user sets the IMM2 login ID authority level to **Supervisor**, the IPMI privilege level is set to Administrator.
- If a user sets the IMM2 login ID authority level to **Read Only**, the IPMI privilege level is set to User.
- If a user sets the IMM2 login ID authority level to any of the following types of access, the IPMI privilege level is set to Administrator:
 - User Account Management Access
 - Remote Console Access
 - Remote Console and Remote Disk Access
 - Adapter Configuration Networking & Security
 - Adapter Configuration Advanced
- If a user sets the IMM2 login ID authority level to **Remote Server Power/Restart** Access or Ability to Clear Event Logs, the IPMI privilege level is set to Operator.
- If a user sets the IMM2 login ID authority level to Adapter Configuration Basic, the IPMI privilege level is set to User.

SNMP access rights

Click the **SNMPv3** tab to set SNMP access for the account. The following user access options are available:

Authentication protocol

Specify either **HMAC-MD5** or **HMAC-SHA** as the authentication protocol. These are the algorithms used by the SNMPv3 security model for authentication. If the **Authentication Protocol** is not enabled, no authentication protocol will be used.

Privacy protocol

The data transfer between the SNMP client and the agent can be protected using encryption. The supported methods are **DES** and **AES**. Privacy protocol is valid only if the authentication protocol is set to either **HMAC-MD5** or **HMAC-SHA**.

Privacy password

Specify the encryption password in this field.

Confirm privacy password

Specify the encryption password again for confirmation.

Access type

Specify either **Get** or **Set** as the access type. SNMPv3 users with **Get** as the access type can perform only query operations. SNMPv3 users with **Set** as the access type, can perform query operations and modify settings (for example, setting the password for a user).

Hostname/IP address for traps

Specify the trap destination for the user. This can be an IP address or hostname. Using traps, the SNMP agent notifies the management station about events, (for example, when a processor temperature exceeds the limit).

Group profiles

Select the **Group Profiles** tab to create, modify, and view group profiles (as shown in the following illustration).

IBM Integrated	Manag	gement M	lodule II			
System S	itatus	Events 🗸	Service and Support	- Server Management	IMM Management •	• Search
User Acco	unt	S				
Create and modify :	and view	w user acc	ounts. Use 'Group Profi	es' tab to create, modify an	d view group profile for	r active directory users.
Users Accounts	Group	Profiles				
Group Pro	ofile	es for	Active Direc	tory		
Note: These profi	les will r	not be use	d while the LDAP client	is configured for both auth	entication and authoriza	ation.
To use these grou	ip profi	les for auth	norization and LDAP for a	authentication, reconfigure	the LDAP Client section	of the Network Protocols page.
Create Group	Dele	ete				
Group ID	k i		Role			
٨	lo Grou	p Profiles /	Available.			

Click **Create Group** to create a new user group. The following illustration shows the Create Group Profile window.

Create Group Profile	х
Group ID: 🚳	
Role:	
⊖ Supervisor Has no restrictions.	
Read-only Has only read-only access, and cannot perform any save, modify, clear, or state affecting operations (e.g. restart IMM, restore defaults, upgrade the firmware, e	tc.)
© Custom	
May or may not have any restrictions, depending on which custom authority level is assigned to the group.	
OK Cancel	

Enter a **Group ID** and select the **Role**, (see "User authority" on page 73 for information about the user authority levels).

If you need to delete a group, click **Delete**. The following illustration shows the Confirm Group Deletion window.

IBM Integrated Managem	ent Module II		
System Status Eve	ents • Service and Support	t 👻 Server Management 👻 JMM Management 👻 Search 📖	
User Accounts	er accounts. Use 'Group Profi	les' tab to create, modify and view proup profile for active directory use	rs.
Users Accounts Group Prot	files		
Group Profiles f	for Active Direc	ctory	
Note: These profiles will not b	e used while the LDAP client	t is configured for both authentication and authorization.	
To use these group profiles fo	r authorization and LDAP for	authentication reconfigure the LDAP Client section of the Network Pro Confirm Group Deletion	torols name x
Create Group Delete		Do you want to delete the group 'groupProfile1'?	
Group ID groupProfile1	Role Supervisor	OK Cancel	

Configuring global login settings

Use the Global login settings tab to configure login settings that apply to all users.

General settings

Click the **General** tab to select how user login attempts are authenticated and specify how long, in minutes, the IMM2 waits before it disconnects an inactive web session. In the **User authentication method** field, you can specify how users who are attempting to login should be authenticated. You can select one of the following authentication methods:

- Local only: Users are authenticated by a search of the local use account configured on the IMM2. If there is no match of the user ID and password, access is denied.
- **LDAP only:** The IMM2 attempts to authenticate the user using an LDAP server. Local user accounts on the IMM2 are *not* searched with this authentication method.
- Local first, then LDAP: Local authentication is attempted first. If local authentication fails; then, LDAP authentication is attempted.
- **LDAP first, then Local:** LDAP authentication is attempted first. If LDAP authentication fails; then, local authentication is attempted.

Notes:

- Only locally administered accounts are shared with the IPMI and SNMP interfaces. These interfaces do not support LDAP authentication.
- IPMI and SNMP users can login using the locally administered accounts when the **User authentication method** field is set to **LDAP only**.

In the **Web inactivity session timeout** field, you can specify how long, in minutes, the IMM2 waits before it disconnects an inactive web session. Select **No timeout** to disable this feature. Select **User picks timeout** to select the timeout period during the login process.

The inactivity timeout applies only to web pages that do *not* automatically refresh. If a web browser continuously request web page updates when a user navigates to a web page that automatically refreshes, the inactivity timeout will not automatically end the user's session. Users can choose whether or not to have the web page content automatically refreshed every 60 seconds. See "Page auto refresh" on page 17 for additional information describing the auto refresh setting.

The **General** tab is shown in the following illustration.

Global Logir	n Settings	x
Global	Login Settings	
General	Account Security Level	
User authe	entication method: 🤍	
Local Only	/	
Web inacti	vity session timeout	
20 minute	25 💌	
_		
OK Cano	el	

There are some IMM2 web pages that are automatically refreshed even if the automatic refresh setting is not selected. IMM2 web pages that are automatically refreshed are as follows:

- **System Status:** The system and power status will be refreshed automatically every three seconds.
- **Server Power Actions:** The power status will be refreshed automatically every three seconds.
- **Remote Control:** The Start remote control buttons will be refreshed automatically every second. The Session List table will be refreshed automatically once every minute.

The IMM2 firmware supports up to six simultaneous web sessions. To free up sessions for use by others, it is recommended that you log out of the web session when you are finished rather than relying on the inactivity timeout to automatically close your session.

Note: If you leave the browser open on an IMM2 web page that automatically refreshes, your web session will not automatically close due to inactivity.

Account security policy settings

Click the **Account Security Level** tab to select the account security policy setting. There are three levels of account security policy settings:

- Legacy Security Settings
- High Security Settings
- Custom Security Settings

The Account Security Level tab is shown in the following illustration.

Global Logi	n Settings			X
Global	Login Settings			
General	Account Security Level			
Custom S	Security Settings 🖵 🥝			^
Passy	word required @			
Com	plex password required			
Passy	Password expiration period (days)			
Minin	Minimum password length () 5			
Minin	Minimum password reuse cycle			
Minin	num password change interval (hours) 🤍	0	*	
Maxir	mum number of login failures (times) 🎱	5	*	
Locke	Lockout period after maximum login failures (minutes)			
Minin	num different characters in passwords	0	*	
Facto	ry default 'USERID' account password must be changed on next login 20			
-				

Select the account security policy setting from the Security Settings item list.

Notes:

- The Legacy Security Settings and High Security Settings predefine the policy setting values and cannot be changed.
- The Custom Security Settings allow users to customize the security policies as needed.

The following table shows the values for each level of the security settings.

Policy setting/field	Legacy Security Settings	High Security Settings	Custom Security Settings
Password required	No	Yes	Yes or No
Complex password required	No	Yes	Yes or No
Password expiration period (days)	None	90	0 - 365
Minimum password length	None	8	5 - 20
Minimum password reuse cycle	None	5	0 - 5
Minimum password change interval (hours)	None	24	0 – 240
Maximum number of login failures (times)	5	5	0 - 10
Lockout period after maximum login failures (minutes)	2	60	0 – 240

Table 4. Security setting policy values (continued)

Policy setting/field	Legacy Security Settings	High Security Settings	Custom Security Settings
Minimum different characters in passwords	None	2	0 – 19
Factory default 'USERID' account password must be changed on next login	No	Yes	Yes or No
Force user to change password on first access	No	Yes	Yes or No

The following information is a description of the fields for the security settings.

Password required

This field indicates whether login IDs with no password are allowed to be created. If the **Password required** checkbox is selected, any existing login ID's with no password will be required to define a password the next time the user logs in.

Complex password required

If complex passwords are required the password must adhere to the following rules:

- Passwords must be a minimum of eight characters long.
- Passwords must contain at least three of the following four categories:
 - At least one lower case alpha character.
 - At least one upper case alpha character.
 - At least one numeric character.
 - At least one special character.
- Spaces or white space characters are not allowed.
- Passwords may have no more than three of the same character used consecutively (for example, aaa).
- Passwords must not be a repeat or reverse of the associated user ID.

If complex passwords are not required the password:

- Must be a minimum of five (or the number specified in the **Minimum password length** field) characters long.
- Cannot contain any spaces or white space characters.
- Must contain at least one numeric character.
- Can be blank (only if the **Password Required** check box is disabled).

Password expiration period (days)

This field contains the maximum password age that is permitted before the password must be changed. A value of 0 to 365 days are supported. The default value for this field is 0 (disabled).

Minimum password length

This field contains the minimum length of the password. 5 to 20 characters are supported for this field. If the **Complex password required** check box is checked; then, the minimum password length must be at least eight characters.

Minimum password reuse cycle

This field contains the number of previous passwords that cannot be reused. Up to five previous passwords can be compared. Select 0 to allow the reuse of all previous passwords. The default value for this field is 0 (disabled).

Minimum password change interval (hours)

This field contains how long a user must wait between password changes. A value of 0 to 240 hours are supported. The default value for this field is 0 (disabled).

Maximum number of login failures (times)

This field contains the number of failed login attempts that are allowed before the user is locked out for a period of time. A value of 0 to 10 is supported. The default value for this field is 0 (disabled).

Lockout period after maximum login failures (minutes)

This field specifies how long (in minutes), the IMM2 subsystem will disable remote login attempts from all users after detecting more than five sequential login failures from any user.

Minimum different characters in passwords

This field specifies the number of characters that must be different between the new password and the previous password. A value of 0 to 19 is supported.

Factory default 'USERID' account password must be changed on next login A manufacturing option is provided to reset the default USERID profile after the first successful login. When this checkbox is enabled, the default password must be changed before the account can be used. The new password is subject to all active password enforcement rules.

Force user to change password on first access

After setting up a new user with a default password, selection of this check box will force that user to change their password the first time the user logs in.

Configuring network protocols

Click the **Network** option under the **IMM Management** tab to view and set network settings.

Configuring the Ethernet settings

Click the **Ethernet** tab to view or modify IMM2 Ethernet settings (as shown in the following illustration).



To use an IPv4 Ethernet connection, complete the following steps:

1. Select the IPv4 option; then, select the corresponding checkbox.

Note: Disabling the Ethernet interface prevents access to the IMM2 from the external network.

- 2. From the Configure IP address settings list, select one of the following options:
 - Obtain an IP address from a DHCP server
 - Use static IP address
- **3.** If you want the IMM2 to default to a static IP address if unable to contact a DHCP server, select the corresponding check box.
- 4. In the Static address field, type the IP address of the IMM2.

Note: The IP address must contain four integers from 0 to 255 with no spaces and separated by periods.

5. In the **Subnet mask** field, type the subnet mask that is used by the IMM2.

Note: The subnet mask must contain four integers from 0 to 255 with no spaces or consecutive periods and separated by periods. The default setting is 255.255.255.0.

6. In the **Default Gateway** field, type your network gateway router.

Note: The gateway address must contain four integers from 0 to 255 with no spaces or consecutive periods and separated by periods.

The following illustration shows the **Ethernet** tab.

st name: 🔍			
M2-e41f13d90631			
IPv4 IPv	/6		
🔽 Enable IPv4 🎱			
Currently assi	aned IPv4 address int	ormation	
currently ussi	Address	ormation	
Host name	IMM2-e41f13d90631		
IP address	9.37.189.59		
Subnet mask	255.255.240.0		
Gateway address	9.37.176.1		
Domain name	raleigh.ibm.com		
Primary DNS Server	9.0.128.50		
Second DNS Server	9.0.130.50		
Tertiary DNS Server	0.0.0		
Configure IP a	ddress settings		
Obtain IP address	from DHCP server		
Use static IP ad	dress		
	ess from DHCP server		
Obtain IP addre			
Obtain IP addre Static address:	192.168.70.125		
Obtain IP addres Static address: Subnet mask:	192.168.70.125 255.255.255.0	0	

Configuring advanced Ethernet settings

Click the Advanced Ethernet tab to set additional Ethernet settings.

Note: In an IBM Flex System, the VLAN settings are managed by the IBM Flex System Chassis Management Module (CMM) and cannot be modified on the IMM2.

To enable Virtual LAN (VLAN) tagging select the **Enable VLAN** checkbox. When VLAN is enabled and a VLAN ID is configured, the IMM2 only accepts packets with the specified VLAN IDs. The VLAN IDs can be configured with numeric values between 1 and 4094.

From the MAC selection list choose one of the following selections:

- Used burned in MAC address
 - The Burned-in MAC address option is a unique physical address that is assigned to this IMM2 by the manufacturer. The address is a read-only field.
- Used locally administered MAC address

In the **Maximum transmission unit** field, specify the maximum transmission unit of a packet (in bytes) for your network interface. The maximum transmission unit range is from 60 to 1500. The default value for this field is 1500.

The following illustration shows the Advanced Ethernet tab and associated fields.

BM Integra	ated Manag	jement Mod	ule II					
1	System	Status Eve	ents + Serv	ice and Suppo	ort + Serve	r Management	* DMM N	Aanagement +
etwor	k Proto	ocol Pro	opertie	S				
ipply Res	iet	THE BOAR CONT	used by the	210				
Ethernet	SNMP	DNS	DDNS	SMTP	LDAP	Teinet	U58	Port Assignments
Ethernet Use Aut Enable V 4094	Advanced E onegotation /LAN @	themet						
MAC selecti	on: 🗐	raix		*				
Burned-i Maximum tr 1,500	n MAC addres	ss: 6c:ae:8b:4 nit (bytes)	b:3d:ed 💷					

Configuring SNMP alert settings

Complete the following steps to configure the IMM2 SNMP setting.

1. Click the **SNMP** tab (as shown in the following illustration).



- 2. Check the corresponding checkbox to enable the SNMPv1 agent, the SNMPv3 agent or SNMP Traps.
- **3**. If enabling the SNMPv1 agent, proceed to step 4. If enabling the SNMPv3 agent, proceed to step 5. If enabling the SNMP Traps, proceed to step 6
- 4. If enabling the SNMPv1 agent, complete the following fields:
 - a. Click the **Contact** tab. In the **Contact person** field, enter the name of the contact person. In the **Location** field, enter the site (geographical coordinates).
 - b. Click the **Communities** tab to set up a community to define the administrative relationship between SNMP agents and SNMP managers. You must define at least one community.

Notes:

- If an error message window appears, make the necessary adjustments to the fields that are listed in the error window; then, scroll to the top of the page and click **Apply** to save your corrected information.
- You must configure at least one community to enable this SNMP agent.

Complete the following fields:

- 1) In the **Community Name** field, enter a name or authentication string to specify the community.
- 2) In the Access type field, select an access type.
 - Select **Trap** to allow all hosts in the community to receive traps.
 - Select **Get** to allow all hosts in the community to receive traps and query management information base (MIB) objects.
 - Select **Set** to allow all hosts in the community to receive traps, query, and set MIB objects.
- c. In the **Host Name** or **IP Address** field, enter the host name or IP address of each community manager.
- d. Click Apply to apply the changes you have made.
- 5. If enabling the SNMPv3 agent, complete the following fields:
 - a. Click the **Contact** tab. In the **Contact person** field, enter the name of the contact person. In the **Location** field, enter the site (geographical coordinates).
 - b. Click the Users tab to show the list of local user accounts for the console.

Note: This is the same list that is in the Users option. You must configure SNMPv3 for each user account that will need SNMPv3 access.

- c. Click Apply to apply the changes you have made.
- 6. If enabling the SNMP Traps, configure the events alerted in the Traps tab.

Note: When configuring SNMP, required fields that are not complete or have incorrect values are highlighted with a red X that can be used to guide you through completion of the required fields.

The following illustration shows the **SNMP** tab when configuring the SNMPv1 agent.

thernet 🔇 SNMP DNS DDNS	SMTP	LDAP	Telnet	USB	Port Assignments
imple Network Management Proto onfigure SNMP v1 and/or v3 agents.	ocol (SN	MP)			
Enable SNMPv1 Agent @ Enable SNMPv3 Agent @ Enable SNMP Traps @					
Contact Users Communities Traps					
SNMPv1 Communities @	nunity must l	pe configured.			
SNMPv1 Communities @ ielect communities to configure. At least one comm Community 1	nunity must l	pe configured.	2		Enable Commu
SNMPv1 Communities @ select communities to configure. At least one comm Community 1 Community name: @ pub_net	nunity must l Enable Commun	be configured. e Community 2 ity name: @	2		Enable Commu
SNMPv1 Communities @ elect communities to configure. At least one comm Community 1 Community name: @ pub_get Access type: @ Get	Commun Dub_set Access ty Set	pe configured. e Community 2 ity name: /pe: /pe: /	2		Enable Commu
SNMPv1 Communities @ select communities to configure. At least one comm Community 1 Community name: @ pub_get Access type: @ Get v Allow any host to query MIB objects v	Commun Dub_set Access ty Set	pe configured. a Community 2 ity name: ype: ype: y host to que	2 ry MIB object:		Enable Commu
SNMPv1 Communities @ ielect communities to configure. At least one comm community 1 community name: @ pub_get Access type: @ Get v Allow any host to query MIB objects v Allow any host to query MIB objects	Enable Commun pub_set Access ty Set Allow an	pe configured. e Community 2 ity name: /pe: /pe: /pe: / v host to que /ccept IPv4 H	2 ry MIB objects	5 - 3	Enable Commu
SNMPv1 Communities @ Select communities to configure. At least one comm Community 1 Community name: @ pub_get Access type: @ Get Allow any host to query MIB objects Allow any host to query MIB objects Allow any specific hosts to query MIB objects and r	Aunity must l Commun pub_set Access ty Set Allow an receive traps	e configured. e Community 2 ity name: //pe: //pe: // y host to que kccept IPv4 H kccept IPv6 H	ry MIB object: losts	s v @	Enable Commu

Configuring DNS

Note: In an IBM Flex System, DNS settings cannot be modified on the IMM2. DNS settings are managed by the CMM.

Click the **DNS** tab to view or modify IMM2 Domain Name System settings. If you click the **Use additional DNS address servers** checkbox, specify the IP addresses of up to three Domain Name System servers on your network. Each IP address must contain integers from 0 to 255, separated by periods (as shown in the following illustration).

IBM Integra	ited Managen	nent Module II						USERID	Settings
Syst	em Status Ev	ents 👻 Service and	Support + S	erver Manager	ment 👻 IMM	Manageme	nt 🕶 Search,		
Network settin Apply Res	k Protoc	ol Propertie	e IMM						
Ethernet	SNMP	DDNS DDNS	SMTP	LDAP	Telnet	USB	Port Assignments		
In order for on these set Preferred DN IPv6	v assigned by th the 'Additional I rvers before it o S address type: onal DNS address	e DHCP server when i DNS addresses' to be iccurs on a DNS server as servers (at least one	DHCP is in use. enabled, at leas that is assigned must be non-z	t one must be d automatically tero)	e non-zero. Th r by a DHCP se	e additional ver.	DNS servers are added to t	e top of the search list, so the hostname lookup is	done
Brimani	IPv4	IPv6							
Secondary	0.0.0.0								
Tertiary	0.0.0.0								

Configuring DDNS

Click the **DDNS** tab to view or modify IMM2 Dynamic Domain Name System settings. Click the **Enable DDNS** checkbox, to enable DDNS. When DDNS is enabled, the IMM2 notifies a domain name server to change in real time, the active domain name server configuration of its configured hostnames, addresses or other information stored in the domain name server.

Choose an option from the item list to select how you want the domain name of the IMM2 to be selected, (as shown in the following illustration).

	ntegrated Mana System Status	agement Mo Events 🕶	dule II Service and Su	ipport v S	erver Managem	nent 👻 IMM	l Manageme	nt 🔹 Search. , .	
letwor Apply	work Prot	SNMP and LD/	operties AP used by the	IMM				1	
Ether	met SNMP	DNS	DDNS	SMTP	LDAP	Telnet	USB	Port Assignments	
Dyn Enab	amic Domai le or disable Dyna able DDNS @	in Name S mic DNS on th	Service (DE IIS IMM	ONS) Pro	tocol				
Use	domain name ob	tained from th	ne DHCP server						
Lie	e custom domai	n name							
USI									

Configuring SMTP

Click the **SMTP** tab to view or modify IMM2 SMTP settings. Complete the following fields to view or modify SMTP settings:

IP address or host name

Type the host name of the SMTP server. Use this field to specify the IP address or, if DNS is enabled and configured, the host name of the SMTP server.

Port Specify the port number for the SMTP server. The default value is 25.

Test connection

Click **Test Connection**, a test email is sent to verify your SMTP settings are correct.

The following illustration shows the SMTP tab.

IBM Integrated Management Module II	USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
2🔕 0 🕼 System Status Events 🗸 Service and Support 🗸 Server Management 🗸 IMM Management 🗸	Seas	rehQ	
Network Protocol Properties Network setting such as SNMP and LDAP used by the IMM			
The IMM2 is assigned a static IP address. When using a hostname or FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name), at last one DINS (Domain Name System) server must be specified for INS to add names ure the DNS server can resolve the hostname or FQDN to the IP address. Otherwise, communication errors will occur.			
Ethernet 🔇 SNMP DNS DDNS SMTP LDAP Telnet USB Port Assignments			
Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Provide the information for an SMTP server. This will be used if you configure alerts to be sent via E-Mail. IP address or host name: Port: Por			
0.0.0.0 25			
Requires authentication @			
Test Connection			

Configuring LDAP

Click the LDAP tab to view or modify IMM2 LDAP Client settings.

Note: In an IBM Flex System, the IMM2 is set up to use the LDAP server running on the CMM. You will see an informational message that reminds you that the LDAP settings may not be changed, (as shown in the following illustration).

j	The protocols listed below are preset to comply with required security policies.
	LDAP is pre-configured

Using a LDAP server, the IMM2 can authenticate a user by querying or searching an LDAP directory on an LDAP server, instead of going through its local user database. The IMM2 can remotely authenticate any user's access through a central LDAP server. You can assign authority levels according to information that is found on the LDAP server. You can also use the LDAP server to assign users and IMM2s to groups and perform group authentication, in addition to the normal user (password check) authentication. For example, an IMM2 can be associated with one or more groups, the user would pass group authentication only if the user belongs to at least one group that is associated with the IMM2.

The following illustration shows the LDAP tab.

IBM Integrated Management Mo	odule II					USER
System Status Events •	Service and Support	rt 👻 Server Manag	ement 👻 IMM	1 Managemer	nt 🔹 Search	
Network Protocol Pr Network setting such as SNMP and LD Apply Reset	Operties AP used by the IMM					
Ethernet SNMP DNS	DDNS	SMTP LDAP	Teinet	USB	Port Assignments	
Lightweight Directory A The IMM contains a Version 2.2 Op- authentication can be discovered d	ccess Protoco enLDAP client that ca ynamically or manually	I (LDAP) Clier in be configured to p pre-configured. Use	nt provide user aut the pull-down i	hentication t ist to select (hrough one or more LD/ which of these two met	AP servers. The LDAP server(s) to be used for hods should be used.
Use LDAP Servers for: Authenticatio	n and Authorization	-				
Active Directory Settings:						
Enable enhanced role-based	security for Active Dir	rectory Users				
Use Pre-configured LDAP servers						
Host name or IP address	Port 2					
0.0.0	389					
	389					
	389					
	389					
Miscellaneous Settings Root distinguished name: @						
UID coards attributes @						
sAMAccountName						
Binding method: 🧼 Anonymously 👻						
Group Fiter 🕑						
Group Search Attribute 🧐 memberOf						
Login Permission Attribute						

To use a preconfigured LDAP server, complete the following fields:

LDAP server configuration item list

Select **Use Pre-Configured LDAP Server** from the item list. The port number for each server is optional. If this field is left blank, the default value of 389 is used for nonsecured LDAP connections. For secured connections, the default value is 636. You must configure at least one LDAP server.

Root distinguished name

This is the distinguished name (DN) of the root entry of the directory tree on the LDAP server (for example, dn=mycompany,dc=com). This DN is used as the base object for all searches.

UID search attribute

When the binding method is set to **Anonymously** or **With Configured Credentials**, the initial bind to the LDAP server is followed by a search request that retrieves specific information about the user, including the user's DN, login permissions, and group membership. This search request must specify the attribute name that represents the user IDs on that server. This attribute name is configured in this field. On Active Directory servers, the attribute name is usually **sAMAccountName**. On Novell eDirectory and OpenLDAP servers, the attribute name is **uid**. If this field is left blank, the default is **uid**.

Binding method

Before you can search or query the LDAP server you must send a bind request. This field controls how this initial bind to the LDAP server is performed. The following bind methods are available:

• Anonymously

- Use this method to bind without a DN or password. This method is strongly discouraged because most servers are configured to not allow search requests on specific user records.
- With Configured Credentials
 - Use this method to bind with configured client DN and password.
- With Login Credentials
 - Use this method to bind with the credentials that are supplied during the login process. The user ID can be provided through a DN, a fully qualified domain name, or a user ID that matches the UID Search Attribute that is configured on the IMM2. If the initial bind is successful, a search is performed to find an entry on the LDAP server that belongs to the user who is logging in. If necessary, a second attempt to bind is made, this time with the DN that is retrieved from the user's LDAP record and the password that was entered during the login process. If this fails, the user is denied access. The second bind is performed only when the Anonymous or With Configured Credentials binding methods are used.

Group Filter

The **Group Filter** field is used for group authentication. Group authentication is attempted after the user's credentials are successfully verified. If group authentication fails, the user's attempt to log on is denied. When the group filter is configured, it is used to specify to which groups the service processor belongs. This means that the user must belong to at least one of the groups that are configured for group authentication to succeed. If the **Group Filter** field is left blank, group authentication automatically succeeds. If the group filter is configured, an attempt is made to match at least one group in the list to a group that the user belongs. If there is no match, the user fails authentication and is denied access. If there is at least one match, group authentication is successful.

The comparisons are case sensitive. The filter is limited to 511 characters and can consist of one or more group names. The colon (:) character must be used to delimit multiple group names. Leading and trailing spaces are ignored, but any other space is treated as part of the group name. A selection to allow or not allow the use of wildcards in the group name is provided. The filter can be a specific group name (for example, IMMWest), an asterisk (*) used as a wildcard that matches everything, or a wildcard with a prefix (for example, IMM*). The default filter is IMM*. If security policies in your installation prohibit the use of wildcards, you can choose to not allow the use of wildcards. The wildcard character (*) is then treated as a normal character instead of the wildcard. A group name can be specified as a full DN or using only the *cn* portion. For example, a group with a DN of cn=adminGroup,dc=mycompany,dc=com can be specified using the actual DN or with adminGroup.

In Active Directory environments only, nested group membership is supported. For example, if a user is a member of GroupA and GroupB, and GroupA is also a member of GroupC, the user is said to be a member of GroupC also. Nested searches stop if 128 groups have been searched. Groups in one level are searched before groups in a lower level. Loops are not detected.

Group Search Attribute

In an Active Directory or Novell eDirectory environment, the **Group Search Attribute** field specifies the attribute name that is used to identify the groups to which a user belongs. In an Active Directory environment, the attribute name is **memberOf**. In an eDirectory environment, the attribute name is **groupMembership**. In an OpenLDAP server environment, users are usually assigned to groups whose objectClass equals PosixGroup. In that context, this field specifies the attribute name that is used to identify the members of a particular PosixGroup. This attribute name is **memberUid**. If this field is left blank, the attribute name in the filter defaults to **memberOf**.

Login Permission Attribute

When a user is authenticated through an LDAP server successfully, the login permissions for the user must be retrieved. To retrieve the login permissions, the search filter that is sent to the server must specify the attribute name that is associated with login permissions. The **Login Permission Attribute** field specifies the attribute name. If this field is left blank, the user is assigned a default of read-only permissions, assuming that the user passes the user and group authentication.

The attribute value that is returned by the LDAP server searches for the keyword string IBMRBSPermissions=. This keyword string must be immediately followed by a bit string that is entered as 12 consecutive 0s or 1s. Each bit represents a set of functions. The bits are numbered according to their positions. The left-most bit is bit position 0, and the right-most bit is bit position 11. A value of 1 at a bit position enables the function that is associated with that bit position. A value of 0 at a bit position disables the function that is associated with that bit position.

The string IBMRBSPermissions=010000000000 is a valid example. The IBMRBSPermissions= keyword is used to allow it to be placed anywhere in this field. This enables the LDAP administrator to reuse an existing attribute; therefore, preventing an extension to the LDAP schema. This also enables the attribute to be used for its original purpose. You can add the keyword string anywhere in this field. The attribute that you use can allow for a free-formatted string. When the attribute is retrieved successfully, the value that is returned by the LDAP server is interpreted according to the information in the following table.

Bit position	Function	Explanation
0	Deny Always	A user will always fail authentication. This function can be used to block a particular user or users associated with a particular group.
1	Supervisor Access	A user is given administrator privileges. The user has read/write access to every function. If you set this bit, you do not have to individually set the other bits.

Table 5. Permission bits

Table 5. Permission bits (continued)

Bit position	Function	Explanation
2	Read Only Access	A user has read-only access, and cannot perform any maintenance procedures (for example, restart, remote actions, or firmware updates) or make modifications (for example, the save, clear, or restore functions. Bit position 2 and all other bits are mutually exclusive, with bit position 2 having the lowest precedence. When any other bit is set, this bit will be ignored.
3	Networking and Security	A user can modify the Security, Network Protocols, Network Interface, Port Assignments, and Serial Port configurations.
4	User Account Management	A user can add, modify, or delete users and change the Global Login Settings in the Login Profiles window.
5	Remote Console Access	A user can access the remote server console.
6	Remote Console and Remote Disk Access	A user can access the remote server console and the remote disk functions for the remote server.
7	Remote Server Power/Restart Access	A user can access the power on and restart functions for the remote server.
8	Basic Adapter Configuration	A user can modify configuration parameters in the System Settings and Alerts windows.
9	Ability to Clear Event Logs	A user can clear the event logs. Note: All users can view the event logs; but, the user is required to have this level of permission to clear the logs.
10	Advanced Adapter Configuration	A user has no restrictions when configuring the IMM2. In addition the user has administrative access to the IMM2. The user can perform the following advanced functions: firmware upgrades, PXE network boot, restore IMM2 factory defaults, modify and restore adapter configuration from a configuration file, and restart/reset the IMM2.

Table 5. Permission bits (continued)

Bit position	Function	Explanation
11	Reserved	This bit position is reserved for future use. If none of the bits are set, the user has read-only authority. Priority is given to login permissions that are retrieved directly from the user record.
		If the login permission attribute is not in the user's record, an attempt is made to retrieve the permissions from the groups to which the user belongs. This is performed as part of the group authentication phase. The user is assigned the inclusive OR of all the bits for all groups.
		The Read Only Access bit (position 2) is set only if all other bits are set to zero. If the Deny Always bit (position 0) is set for any of the groups, the user is refused access. The Deny Always bit (position 0) always has precedence over all other bits.

Configuring Telnet

Select the **Telnet** tab to view or modify IMM2 Telnet settings. Complete the following fields to view or modify Telnet settings:

Allow telnet access

Place a check-mark in the check box to choose whether or not you want the IMM2 to allow Telnet access.

Allowed simultaneous connections

Use the **Allowed simultaneous connections** list to choose the number of Telnet connections to allow at the same time.

The following illustration shows the **Telnet** tab.

System Status Events • Service and Support • Server Management • IMM Management • Search Network Protocol Properties Network setting such as SNMP and LDAP used by the IMM Apply Reset Ethemet SNMP DNS SMTP LDAP Teinet USB Port Assignments Telnet Control teinet access Allow teinet access Allow teinet access Allow teinet access 1	IBM I	ntegrated Ma	nagement M	odule II						
Network Protocol Properties Network setting such as SNMP and LDAP used by the IMM Apply Reset Ethernet SNMP DNS SMTP LDAP Telnet USB Port Assignments Telnet Control teinet access Allowed smultaneous connections: 2 1		System State	us Events -	Service and S	upport 👻 S	erver Manage	iment 👻 IMM	Manageme	nt + Search	
Telnet Control tehet access to the IMM.	Network Apply Ether	work Pro	IS SNMP and LE	DAP used by the	IMM SMTP	LDAP	Teinet	USB	Port Assignments	
	Teln Contr	et ol teinet access lowed simultane 2	s to the IMM. s eous connectio	ins:						

Configuring USB

Select the **USB** tab to view or modify IMM2 USB settings. The USB in-band interface, or LAN over USB, is used for in-band communications to the IMM2. Click the **Enable Ethernet over USB** check box to enable or disable the IMM2 Lan over USB interface.

Important: If you disable the USB in-band interface, you cannot perform an in-band update of the IMM2 firmware, server firmware, and DSA firmware using the Linux or Windows flash utilities. If the USB in-band interface is disabled, use the Firmware Server option under the **Server Management** tab to update the firmware. If you disable the USB in-band interface, also disable the watchdog timeouts to prevent the server from restarting unexpectedly.

Netwo Network set	rk P	rotocol Properties h as SNMP and LDAP used by the IMM	
Apply R	eset		
Ethernet	SN	IMP DNS DDNS SMTP	LDAP Telnet USB
Univers Control th	al Se e USB ir	rial Bus (USB) Settings	tween the server and the IMM. This setting do
🔽 Enable 8	Ethernet	t over USB 🥥	
V	Enable e Add M	external Ethernet to Ethernet over USB port lapping Remove	: forwarding 🥥
		External Ethernet port number	Ethernet over USB port number
	0	3389	3389
	0	5900	5900
	0	0	0
	0	0	0
	0	0	0
	\odot	0	0
	0	0	0
	0	0	0
	0	0	0
	0	0	0
	Configur	e IP Settings for Ethernet over USB 🧼	
	IP Addr	ress: 169 254 95 118	
	Subnet	Mask: 255.255.0.0	
	US Ethe	ernet over USB IP Settings	
	Th Your	255. 109.254.95.120	

The following illustration shows the **USB** tab.

Mapping of external Ethernet port numbers to Ethernet over USB port numbers is controlled by clicking the **Enable external Ethernet to Ethernet over USB port forwarding** check box and completing the mapping information for ports you wish to have forwarded.

Configuring port assignments

Select the **Port Assignments** tab to view or modify IMM2 port assignments. Complete the following fields to view or modify port assignments: **HTTP** In this field specify the port number for the HTTP server of the IMM2. The default value is 80. Valid port number values are from 1 to 65535.

HTTPS

In this field specify the port number that is used for web interface HTTPS Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) traffic. The default value is 443. Valid port number values are from 1 to 65535.

Telnet CLI

In this field specify the port number for Legacy CLI to log in through the Telnet service. The default value is 23. Valid port number values are from 1 to 65535.

SSH Legacy CLI

In this field specify the port number that is configured for Legacy CLI to log in through the SSH protocol. The default value is 22.

SNMP Agent

In this field specify the port number for the SNMP agent that runs on the IMM2. The default value is 161. Valid port number values are from 1 to 65535.

SNMP Traps

In this field specify the port number that is used for SNMP traps. The default value is 162. Valid port number values are from 1 to 65535.

Remote Control

In this field specify the port number that the remote control feature uses to view and interact with the server console. The default value is 3900 for rack-mounted and tower servers.

CIM over HTTP

In this field specify the port number for CIM over HTTP. The default value is 5988.

CIM over HTTPS

In this field specify the port number for CIM over HTTPS. The default value is 5989.

The following illustration shows the **Port Assignments** tab.

	d Manage	ment Mod	ule II							USERID	Settings
System	Status B	Events 👻	Service and Su	upport 👻 Si	erver Managei	ment 👻 IMM	Manageme	ent 🔹 [Search			
Network Network setting s Apply Reset	Protoc such as SNM	COL Pro	perties ^{9 used by the}	ЭММ							
Ethemet	SNMP	DNS	DDNS	SMTP	LDAP	Telnet	USB	Port Assignments			
Currently open i	ports: 22, 2	3, 80, 115,	121, 161, 42	7. 443. 546. 6	623, 3389, 39	00, 5900, 598	8, 5989, 9	ie saved. For examp 393	. more		
Currently open (ports: 22, 2	3, 80, 115,	121, 161, 42	7, 443, 546, 6	623, 3389, 39	00, 5900, 598	8, 5989, 9	ie saved. For examp 393	. more		
HTTP HTTPS	80 443	23, 80, 115,	121, 161, 42	7, 443, 546, 6	623, 3389, 39	00, 5900, 598	8, 5989, 9	ne saved. For examp 393	. more		
HTTP HTTPS Teinet CLI	80 443 23	23, 80, 115,	121, 161, 42	7, 443, 546, 6	623, 3389, 39	00, 5900, 598	8, 5989, 9	ie saved. For examp 393	. more		
HTTP HTTPS Telnet CLI SSH CLI	80 443 23 22	23, 80, 115,	121, 161, 42	7, 443, 546, (623, 3389, 39	00, 5900, 598	8, 5989, 9	ie saved. For examp 393	. more		
HTTP HTTPS Telnet CLI SSH CLI SNMP agent	80 443 23 22 161	23, 80, 115,	121, 161, 42	7, 443, 546, (623, 3389, 39	00, 5900, 598	8, 5989, 9	ie saved. For examp 393	. more		
HTTP HTTPS Telnet CLI SSH CLI SNMP agent SNMP Traps	80 443 23 22 161 162	3, 80, 115,	121, 161, 42	7, 443, 546, (623, 3389, 39	00, 5900, 598	8, 5989, 9	ie saved. For examp 393	. more		
HTTP HTTPS Teinet CLI SSH CLI SNMP agent SNMP Traps Remote Contro	80 443 23 22 161 162 3900	3, 80, 115,	121, 161, 42	7, 443, 546, (623, 3389, 39	00, 5900, 596	8, 5989, 9	ie saved. For examp 993	. more		
HTTP HTTPS Tehet CLI SSH CLI SIMP agent SIMP Taps Remote Contro CIM Over HTTP	80 443 23 22 161 162 13900 \$ 5989	3, 80, 115,	121, 161, 42	7, 443, 546, (623, 3389, 39	00, 5900, 596	8, 5989, 9	re saved. For examp 993	. more		

Configuring security settings

Click the **Security** option under the **IMM Management** tab (as shown in the following illustration) to access and configure security properties, status, and settings for your IMM2.

To apply any changes you have made, you must click the **Apply** button at the upper left of the IMM Security window. To reset any changes you have made, you must click the **Reset Values** button.

IMM Management 👻 Search	h
IMM Properties	Various properties and settings related to the IMM
Users	Create and modify user accounts and group profiles that will have access to the IMM console
Network	Network settings such as SNMP and LDAP used by the IMM
Security	Configure security protocols such as SSL and SSH
IMM Configuration	View a summary of the current configuration settings.
Restart IMM	Restart the IMM. Typically only needed when experiencing problems with the IMM
Reset IMM to factory defaults	Sets all current configuration settings back to default values
Activation Key Management	Add and remove activation keys for additional functionality

Configuring HTTPS protocol

Click the **HTTPS Server** tab to configure the IMM2 web interface to use the more secure HTTPS protocol rather than the default HTTP protocol.

Notes:

- Only one protocol can be enabled at a time.
- Enabling this option requires additional configuration of the SSL certificates.
- When you change protocols, you must restart the IMM2 web server.

For more information about SSL, see "SSL overview" on page 99. The following illustration shows the **HTTPS Server** tab.

IMM Secu Configure securit	urity ty protocols such as	HTTPS and S	5H. Manage se	curity certificates.	
Apply Reset	Values				
HTTPS Server	CIM Over HTTPS	LDAP Client	SSH Server	Cryptography Management	
Enable HTT Certificate M	PS server lanagement certificate status: A	signed certific	ate is installed	. A CSR has been generated.	
		Action	5		
Generate a Ne	ew Key and a Self-si	igned Certifica	ite	G	
Generate a Ne	ew Key and a Certifi	cate Signing F	Request (CSR)	G	
Import a Sign	ed Certificate			0	
Download Cer	rtificate			G	
Download Cer	rtificate Signing Req	juest (CSR)		0	

Note: On some servers, the IMM2 security levels may be controlled by another management system. In such environments, you can disabled the above actions in the IMM2 web interface.

HTTPS certificate handling

Use the options in the Actions menu for HTTPS certificate handling. If an option is disabled, you might need to perform another action first to enable it. While working with HTTPS certificates, you should disable the HTTPS server. For more information about certificate handling, see "SSL certificate handling" on page 99.

Note: After you set up the certificate handling, you must restart the IMM2 for your changes to take effect.

Configuring CIM over HTTPS protocol

Click the **CIM over HTTPS** tab to configure the IMM2 web interface to use the more secure CIM over HTTPS protocol, rather than the default CIM over HTTP protocol.

Notes:

- Only protocol may be enabled at a time.
- Enabling this option requires additional configuration of the SSL certificates.
- When you change protocols, you must restart the IMM2 web server.

For more information about SSL, see "SSL overview" on page 99. The following illustration shows the **CIM over HTTPS** tab.

onfigure security protocols such as	HTTPS and S	5H. Manage se	ecurity certificates.
Apply Reset Values			
HTTPS Server CIM Over HTTPS	LDAP Client	SSH Server	Cryptography Management
Enable CIM Over HTTPS			
Certificate Management @ Certificate status: A signed certifica	te is installed.		
Certificate Management @ Certificate status: A signed certifica	te is installed. Action:	s	
Certificate Management Certificate status: A signed certifica Generate a New Key and a Self-si	te is installed. Action: igned Certifica	s	@
Certificate Management Certificate status:A signed certifica Generate a New Key and a Self-si Generate a New Key and a Certifi	te is installed. Action: igned Certifica icate Signing F	s ite Request (CSR)	@
Certificate Management Certificate status: A signed certifica Generate a New Key and a Self-si Generate a New Key and a Certifi Import a Signed Certificate	te is installed. Action: igned Certifica icate Signing F	s ite Request (CSR)	@ @ @
Certificate Management Certificate status: A signed certificat Generate a New Key and a Self-si Generate a New Key and a Certifi Import a Signed Certificate Download Certificate	te is installed. Action: igned Certifica icate Signing F	s ite Request (CSR)	@ @ @

CIM over HTTPS certificate handling

Use the options under the Actions menu for CIM over HTTPS certificate handling. If an option is disabled, you might need to perform another action first to enable it. For more information about certificate handling, see "SSL certificate handling" on page 99.

Note: After you set up the certificate handling, you must restart the IMM2 for your changes to take effect.

Configuring LDAP client protocol

Click the **LDAP Client** option to use the more secure LDAP over SSL protocol rather than the default LDAP protocol.

Note: Enabling this option requires additional configuration of the SSL certificates. For more information about SSL, see "SSL overview" on page 99.

The following illustration shows the LDAP Client tab.

onfigure security protocols	such as HTTP	S and SSH. Manage	security cer	rtificates.
Apply Reset Values				
HTTPS Server CIM Over	HTTPS LDAP	Client SSH Serve	er Cryptog	raphy Management
LDAP security:				
LDAP security:				
p; 11				
Certificate Managem	ent@			
Certificate Managem Signed Certificate state	ent us: No certi	ficate is installed.		
Certificate Managem Signed Certificate state Trusted certificates:	ent @ us: No certi <u>No trust</u>	ficate is installed. red certificates are i	nstalled	
Certificate Managem Signed Certificate state Trusted certificates:	ent @ us: No certi <u>No trust</u>	ficate is installed. ed certificates are i Actions	nstalled	
Disable secure LDAP Certificate Managem Signed Certificate state Trusted certificates: Generate a New Key and	ent us: No certi <u>No trust</u> a Self-signed (ficate is installed. ed certificates are i Actions Certificate	nstalled	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Certificate Managem Signed Certificate state Trusted certificates: Generate a New Key and Generate a New Key and	ent us: No certi <u>No trust</u> a Self-signed (a Certificate S	ficate is installed. red certificates are i Actions Certificate Figning Request (CS	nstalled R)	
Certificate Managem Signed Certificate state Trusted certificates: Generate a New Key and Generate a New Key and Import a Signed Certifica	ent us: No certi <u>No trust</u> a Self-signed of a Certificate S te	ficate is installed. ed certificates are i Actions Certificate iigning Request (CS	nstalled iR)	
Certificate Managem Signed Certificate statu Trusted certificates: Generate a New Key and Generate a New Key and Import a Signed Certifica Import a Trusted Certifica	ent us: No certii <u>No trust</u> a Self-signed (a Certificate S te cate	ficate is installed. ed certificates are i Actions Certificate Figning Request (CS	nstalled iR)	
Certificate Managem Signed Certificate statu Trusted certificates: Generate a New Key and Generate a New Key and Import a Signed Certifica Import a Trusted Certific	ent us: No certii <u>No trust</u> a Self-signed of a Certificate S te cate	ficate is installed. ed certificates are i Actions Certificate iigning Request (CS	nstalled iR)	

Secure LDAP client certificate handling

Use the options under the Actions menu for LDAP over SSL certificate handling. If an option is disabled, you might need to perform another action first to enable it. While manipulating HTTPS certificates, you should disable the HTTPS server. For more information about certificate handling, see "SSL certificate handling" on page 99. Once you have installed the Trusted Certificate, you can enable LDAP over SSL as shown in the following illustration.

Notes:

- Changes to your IMM2 will take effect immediately.
- Your LDAP server must support Secure Socket Layer 3 (SSL3) or Transport Layer security (TLS) to be compatible with the IMM2 secure LDAP client.

Apply Reset Value	es							
HTTPS Server CIM	Over HTTPS	LDAP Client	SSH Server	Cryptography M	anagement			
LDAP security:								
LDAP security: 🤍					_	<u> </u>		
Enable secure LDAP								
Certificate Manag	gement @				• <			
Certificate Manag Signed Certificate : Trusted certificate	gement @ status: s:	A self-signed ce Trusted Certifica	rtificate is inst	alled. Iled Download	Replace	Remove	\neg	1
Certificate Manag Signed Certificate : Trusted certificate	gement @ status: s:	A self-signed ce Trusted Certifica Action	rtificate is inst ate #1 is insta s	alled. lled Download	Replace	Remove	⊐ <	<
Certificate Manag Signed Certificate : Trusted certificate: Generate a New Key	gement @ status: s: y and a Self-	A self-signed ce Trusted Certifica Action -signed Certifica	rtificate is inst ate #1 is insta s ate	alled. lled Download	Replace	Remove	\neg	<
Certificate Manag Signed Certificate : Trusted certificate Generate a New Key Generate a New Key	gement @ status: s: y and a Self y and a Cert	A self-signed ce Trusted Certifica Action -signed Certifica ificate Signing F	rtificate is inst ate #1 is insta s ate Request (CSR)	alled. Iled Download	Replace	Remove	\neg	<
Certificate Manag Signed Certificate : Trusted certificate Generate a New Key Generate a New Key Import a Signed Cer	gement @ status: s: y and a Self y and a Cert rtificate	A self-signed ce Trusted Certifica Action signed Certifica ificate Signing F	rtificate is inst ate #1 is insta s ate Request (CSR)	alled. lled Download	Replace	Remove	\neg	
Certificate Manag Signed Certificate : Trusted certificate: Generate a New Key Generate a New Key Import a Signed Cer Import a Trusted Ce	gement @ status: s: y and a Self- y and a Cert rtificate ertificate	A self-signed ce Trusted Certifica Action -signed Certifica ificate Signing F	rtificate is inst ate #1 is insta s ate Request (CSR)	aled. led Download	Replace	Remove	\neg	<
Certificate Manag Signed Certificate : Trusted certificate: Generate a New Key Import a Signed Cer Import a Trusted Cc Download Certificat	gement @ status: s: y and a Self- y and a Cert rtificate ertificate te	A self-signed ce Trusted Certifica Action -signed Certifica ificate Signing F	rtificate is inst ate #1 is insta s ate Request (CSR)	alled. lled Download	Replace	Remove	\neg	

Configuring the Secure Shell server

Click the **SSH Server** tab to configure the IMM2 web interface to use the more secure SSH protocol, rather than the default Telnet protocol.

Note:

- No certificate management is required to use this option.
- The IMM2 will initially create a SSH Server key. If you wish to generate a new SSH Server key, click **Generate SSH Server Private Host Key** in the Actions menu.
- After you complete the action, you must restart the IMM2 for your changes to take effect.

The SSH Server tab is shown in the following illustration.

IMM Security Configure security protocols such as HTTPS and SSH. Manage security certificates. Apply Reset Values				
HTTPS Server	CIM Over HTTPS	LDAP Client	SSH Server	Cryptography Management
Enable SSH Server				
Certificate Management 🥯				
Key status: SSH Server Key is installed.				
Actions				
Generate SSH Server Private Host Key				
SSL overview

SSL is a security protocol that provides communication privacy. SSL enables client/server applications to communicate in a way that prevents eavesdropping, tampering, and message forgery. You can configure the IMM2 to use SSL support for different types of connections, such as secure web server (HTTPS), secure LDAP connection (LDAPS), CIM over HTTPS, and SSH server. You can view or change the SSL settings from the Security option under the **IMM Management** tab. You can also enable or disable SSL and manage the certificates that are required for SSL.

SSL certificate handling

You can use SSL with a self-signed certificate or with a certificate that is signed by a third-party certificate authority. Using a self-signed certificate is the simplest method for using SSL; but, it does create a small security risk. The risk arises because the SSL client has no way of validating the identity of the SSL server for the first connection that is attempted between the client and server. For example, it is possible that a third party might impersonate the IMM2 web server and intercept data that is flowing between the actual IMM2 web server and the user's web browser. If, at the time of the initial connection between the browser and the IMM2, the self-signed certificate is imported into the certificate store of the browser, all future communications will be secure for that browser (assuming that the initial connection was not compromised by an attack).

For more complete security, you can use a certificate that is signed by a certificate authority (CA). To obtain a signed certificate, click **Generate a New Key and a Certificate Signing Request (CSR)** in the Actions menu. You must then send the certificate-signing request (CSR) to a CA and make arrangements to obtain a final certificate. When the final certificate is received, it is imported into the IMM2 by clicking **Import a Signed Certificate** in the Actions menu.

The function of the CA is to verify the identity of the IMM2. A certificate contains digital signatures for the CA and the IMM2. If a well-known CA issues the certificate or if the certificate of the CA has already been imported into the web browser, the browser can validate the certificate and positively identify the IMM2 web server.

The IMM2 requires a certificate for use with HTTPS Server, CIM over HTTPS, and the secure LDAP client. In addition the secure LDAP client also requires one or more trusted certificates to be imported. The trusted certificate is used by the secure LDAP client to positively identify the LDAP server. The trusted certificate is the certificate of the CA that signed the certificate of the LDAP server. If the LDAP server uses self-signed certificates, the trusted certificate can be the certificate of the LDAP server itself. Additional trusted certificates must be imported if more than one LDAP server is used in your configuration.

SSL certificate management

When managing IMM2 certificates, you are presented with a list of actions or a subset of them, (as shown in the following illustration).

Actions	
Generate a New Key and a Self-signed Certificate	0
Generate a New Key and a Certificate Signing Request (CSR)	0
Import a Signed Certificate	0
Import a Trusted Certificate	0
Download Certificate	0
Download Certificate Signing Request (CSR)	0)

If a certificate is currently installed, you will be able to use the **Download Certificate** action in the Actions menu to download the currently installed certificate or CSR. Certificates that are grayed out are *not* currently installed. The secure LDAP client requires the user to import a trusted certificate. Click **Import a Trusted Certificate** in the Actions menu. After generation of a CSR, click **Import a Signed Certificate** in the Actions menu.

When performing one of the "Generate" actions, a Generate New Key and Self-signed Certificate window opens (as shown in the following illustration).

Required SSL	Certificate Data	
Country	US United States	0
State or Province	NY	0
City or Locality	New York	0
Organization Name	My Company	0
IMM Host Name	imm1234	0
Optional SSL	. Certificate Data 🖗	
Optional SSL Contact Person	Certificate Data	0
Optional SSL Contact Person E-Mail address	Certificate Data Chris Manager cmanager@mycomp.com	0
Optional SSL Contact Person E-Mail address Organizational Unit	Chris Manager cmanager@mycomp.com Sales	0
Optional SSL Contact Person E-Mail address Organizational Unit Surname	Certificate Data Chris Manager cmanager@mycomp.com Sales	
Optional SSL Contact Person E-Mail address Organizational Unit Surname Given Name	Chris Manager Chris Manager cmanager@mycomp.com Sales	
Optional SSL Contact Person E-Mail address Organizational Unit Surname Given Name Initials	Certificate Data Chris Manager cmanager@mycomp.com Sales	

The Generate New Key and Self-signed Certificate window will prompt you to complete the required and optional fields. You *must* complete the required fields. Once you have entered your information, click **Ok** to complete the task. A Certificate Generated window opens (as shown in the following illustration).

	×
<	Certificate Generated
Close	

Configuring cryptography management

Click the **Cryptography Management** tab to configure the IMM2 firmware to comply with the requirements of SP 800-131A.

Important: Before you flash the IMM2 firmware back to an older version set the IMM2 Security option to use the Basic Compatibility Mode. This will prevent a possible loss of access to the IMM2.

The **Cryptography Management** tab contains two choices:

- The Basic Compatibility Mode
- The NIST SP 800-131A Compliance Mode

The **Basic Compatibility Mode** is compatible with older firmware versions and with browsers and other network clients that do not use the NIST SP 800-131A Compliance Mode.

The **Cryptography Management** tab with the **Basic Compatibility Mode** selected is shown in the following illustration.

IMM Security Configure security protocols such as HTTPS and SSH. Manage security certificates.					
Apply Reset Values					
HTTPS Server	CIM Over HTTPS	LDAP Client	SSH Server	Cryptography Management	
 Basic Compatibility Mode This mode is compatible with older firmware versions and with browsers and other network clients that do not implement the stricter security requirements of the compliance mode below. NIST SP 800-131A Compliance Mode Select this mode to have the IMM3 firmware complexity the convirgements of SD 800-131A. 					
 Select this mode to have the IMM2 firmware comply with the requirements of SP 800-131A. <u>Note</u>: To prevent loss of access to the IMM2, this mode should only be selected if you are sure that your browser and other network clients also work with the required SP 800-131A encryption modes. 					

The **NIST SP 800-131A Compliance Mode** provides strict security requirements. When using the **NIST SP 800-131A Compliance Mode**, the IMM2 firmware will comply with the requirements of SP 800-131A.

Notes:

- To prevent loss of access to the IMM2, use the **NIST SP 800-131A Compliance Mode** only if you are sure that your browser and other network clients can work with the SP 800-131A encryption modes.
- When using the **NIST SP 800-131A Compliance Mode**, you can allow SNMPv3 accounts to disobey the restrictions set by the this mode.

The **Cryptography Management** tab with the **NIST SP 800-131A Compliance Mode** selected is shown in the following illustration.



To configure the cryptography mode for a stand-alone server, complete the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the IMM2.
- 2. Click the **Security** option under the **IMM Management** tab.
- 3. Click the Cryptography Management tab.
- 4. Select the cryptography mode on the Cryptography Management page; then, click the **Apply** button. You are asked for confirmation as shown in the following illustration.

Confir	m Security Setting Changes	х
$\hat{\mathbf{a}}$	k	
•	Note: Changes to the security settings may cause existing	
	sessions to be terminated. A new login will be required for	
	terminated sessions. Do you wish to apply these changes?	
ОК	Cancel	

If the IMM2 has compatible certificates and SSH Keys, the Cryptography mode is set to the NIST-800-131A Compliance Mode as shown in the following illustration.

● ● [IMM2-6cae8b4b3ec1] - IBM Integrated Management More File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help □ [IMM2-6cae8b4b3ec1] - IBM I □ □ □ (□ [IMM2-6cae8b4b3ec1] - IBM I □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ (□ □ □ □ □ □ <tr< th=""></tr<>
Eile Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help [IMM2-6cae8b4b3ec1] - IBM I - <td< th=""></td<>
[IMM2-6cae8b4b3ec1] - IBM I Image: State of the stateo
M https://192.168.70.125/designs/imm/index-console.php#22 IBM Integrated Management Module II
IBM Integrated Management Module II
System Status Events - Service and Support - Server Management - IMM Management -
IMM Security Configure security protocols such as HTTPS and SSH. Manage security certificates. Apply Reset Values HTTPS Server CIM Over HTTPS LDAP Client SSH Server Cryptography Management
 Basic Compatibility Mode This mode is compatible with older firmware versions and with browsers and other network clients that do not implement the stricter security requirements of the compliance mode below. NIST SP 800-131A Compliance Mode Select this mode to have the IMM2 firmware comply with the requirements of SP 800-131A. <u>Mote</u>: To prevent loss of access to the IMM2, this mode should only be selected if you are sure that your browser and other network clients also work with the required SP 800-131A nercyption modes. Select the settings below to override a strict compliance.

If the installed certificates are not NIST-800-131A compliant the security settings cannot be changed as shown in the following illustration.



Restoring and modifying your IMM configuration

Select the **IMM Configuration** option from the **IMM Management** tab for the options to perform the following actions:

- View an IMM2 configuration summary
- Backup or restore the IMM2 configuration
- View backup or restore status
- · Reset the IMM2 configuration to its factory default settings
- · Access the IMM2 initial setup wizard

The following illustration shows the Manage the IMM Configuration window.

IBM Integrated Management Module II		
System Status Events - Service and Su	ipport 👻 Server Management 👻 IM	M Management - Search Q
Manage the IMM Configurati The IMM web console configuration settings can be exp purposes to that you can easily restore your configurati used by this web console: the file canot merc (Backup	ON orted to and imported from an external f on if you need to. The file created is a bi Reset IMM to factory defaults, In	Ille. This is primarily for backup nary file and is only intended to be Itibial Setup Wizard
Configuration Summary:	1 r	
Configuration Settings IMM Info(Name,location,date,time) Seture Actions	Configuration Settings	
📧 😂 User Accounts and Alert Settings	IMM Info(Name,location,date,t	ime)
📧 🚞 Network Settings	IMM Information	
	Name:	
	Contact:	test
	Location:	test
	IMM Date and Time	and the set of developments
	Automatic DST update:	Disabled
	GMT offset:	+0:00 - Greenwich Mean Time (Britain, Ireland, Portugal, Reykjavik (Iceland), Western Africa)
	Network Time Protocol:	Disabled
	NTP Host Name or IP Address:	e suo menintro nel delle vendencia i i contreterizza sero esta successi della seconde esta se solo secondo est
	NTP Update Frequency:	1,440 minutes
	Server Timeouts	
	OS watchdog:	Disabled
	Loader watchdog:	Disabled
	Power Off Delay:	Disabled
li		

Restarting the IMM2

Select the **Restart IMM** option from the **IMM Management** tab to restart the IMM2.

Notes:

- Only persons with the Supervisor user authority level can perform this function.
- When Ethernet connections are temporarily dropped, you must log in to the IMM2 to access the IMM2 web interface.
- When any other user is updating server firmware, Restart IMM cannot be performed (as shown in the following illustration).



To restart the IMM2 complete the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the IMM2. For more information, see "Logging in to the IMM2" on page 10.
- 2. Click the IMM Management tab; then, click Restart IMM.
- **3.** Click the **OK** button on the Confirm Restart window. The IMM2 will be restarted.

The following illustration shows the Confirm Restart window.



When you restart the IMM2, your TCP/IP or modem connections are broken.

The following illustration shows the notification window you will see when the IMM2 is being restarted.



4. Log in again to use the IMM2 web interface, (see "Logging in to the IMM2" on page 10 for instructions).

Resetting the IMM2 to the factory defaults

Select the **Reset IMM to factory defaults...** option from the **IMM Management** tab to restore the IMM2 to the factory default settings.

Notes:

- Only persons with the Supervisor user authority level can perform this function.
- When Ethernet connections are temporarily dropped, you must log in to the IMM2 to access the IMM2 web interface.
- When you use the Reset IMM to factory defaults option, you will lose all modifications that you have made to the IMM2.

To restore the IMM2 factory defaults, complete the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the IMM2. For more information, see "Logging in to the IMM2" on page 10.
- 2. Click the IMM Management tab; then, click IMM Reset to factory defaults....
- **3**. Click the **OK** button on the Confirm Reset to factory defaults window (as shown in the following illustration).



Note: After the IMM2 configuration is complete, the IMM2 will be restarted. If this is a local server, your TCP/IP connection will be broken and you must reconfigure the network interface to restore connectivity.

- 4. Log in again to the IMM2 to use the IMM2 web interface, (see "Logging in to the IMM2" on page 10 for instructions).
- 5. Reconfigure the network interface to restore connectivity.

Activation management key

Click the Activation Key Management option from the IMM Management tab to manage activation keys for optional IMM2 and server Feature on Demand (FoD) features. See Chapter 7, "Features on Demand," on page 161 for information about managing FoD activation keys.

Chapter 5. Monitoring the server status

This chapter provides information about how to view and monitor the information for the server that you are accessing.

Viewing the system status

The System Status page provides an overview of the operating status of the IMM2 server. This page also displays the hardware health of the server and any active events occurring on the server.

Note: If you access another page from the System Status page, you can return to the System Status page by clicking **System Status** from the menu items at the top of the page.

You can add a descriptive name to the IMM2 to assist you in identifying one IMM2 from another. Click the **Add System Descriptive Name...** link located below the server product name to designate a name to associate with the IMM2, (as shown in the following illustration).



In the Change System Descriptive Name window, specify a name to associate with the IMM2 (as shown in the following illustration).

Change System Descriptive Name
Edit the name of your system. This is a name used for descriptive purposes to help you identify your system.
Test Server
OK Cancel

You can rename the System Descriptive Name by clicking the **Rename...** link that is located next to the System Descriptive Name.

The following illustration shows the Rename link.



The System Status page displays the server power state and operating state. The status displayed is the server state at the time the System Status page is opened.

The following illustration shows the Power and System state fields.

System Status			
Power:	On		
System state:	System r	unning in UEFI	
System Inform	ation 🔻	Power Actions	

The server can be in one of the system states listed in the following table.

State	Description
System power off/State unknown	The server is powered off.
System on/starting UEFI	The server is powered on; but, UEFI is not running.
System running in UEFI	The server is powered on and UEFI is running.
System stopped in UEFI	The server is powered on; UEFI has detected a problem and has stopped running.
Booting OS or in unsupported OS	The server might be in this state for one of the following reasons:
	• The operating system (OS) loader has started; but, the OS is not running
	• The IMM2 Ethernet over USB interface is disabled.
	• The OS does not have the drivers loaded that support the Ethernet over USB interface.
OS booted	The server OS is running.
Suspend to RAM	The server has been placed in standby or sleep state.

Table 6. System state descriptions

The following menu choices on the System Status page provide additional server information and actions that can be performed on the server.

- System Information
- Power Actions
- Remote Control, (see "Remote presence and remote control functions" on page 115 for additional information).
- Latest OS Failure Screen, (see "Capturing the latest OS failure screen data" on page 142 for additional information).

Viewing the system information

The System Information menu provides a summary of common server information. Click the **System Information** tab on the System Status page to view the following information:

- Machine name
- Machine Type-Model
- Serial number
- Universally Unique Identifier (UUID)
- Server power
- Server state
- · Total hours powered on
- Restart count
- Ambient temperature
- Enclosure identity LED
- Check log LED

The following illustration shows the System Information window.

ystem Information Quic	k View
Name	Value
Machine Name	System x3550 M4
Machine Type-Model	7914A2A
Serial Number	06KNKL9
UUID	39B8A0803A7E11E284EF6CAE8B4E83C2
Server Power	On
Server State	OS booted
Total hours powered-on	1005
Restart count	27
Ambient Temperature	66.20 F / 19.00 C
Enclosure Identify LED	Off Change
Check Log LED	Off

Viewing the server health

The server health is displayed under the title bar in the upper left corner of the System Status page and is designated by an icon. A green check mark indicates that the server hardware is operating normally. Move your cursor over the green checkmark to get a quick indication of the server health.

The following illustration is an example of a server in a normal mode of operation.



A yellow triangle icon indicates that a warning condition exists. A red circle icon indicates that an error condition exists.

The following illustration is an example of a server with active error events.

IBM Integrated Management Module II				
2	0	ş	2 active error events 0 active attention event	ervice and Su
IBM	Flex	Sy	/stem x220+1Gb) ENET

If a warning icon (yellow triangle) or error icon (red circle) is displayed, click the icon to display the corresponding events in the Active Events section of the System Status page.

The following illustration is an example of the Active Events section with error conditions.

Active Event	s@		
Severity	 Source 	Date	Message
Error	System	16 Jul 2012 01:00:28.000 PM	Sensor Mezz Exp 2 Fault has transitioned to critical from a less severe state.
S Error	System	16 Jul 2012 01:00:29.000 PM	Sensor Mezz Exp 2 Fault has transitioned to critical from a less severe state.

Viewing the hardware health

The Hardware Health section of the System Status page list the server hardware components and displays the health status of each component that is monitored by the IMM2. The health status displayed for a component might reflect the most critical state of all individual components for a component type. For example, a server might have several power modules installed and all of the power modules

are operating normally except for one. The status for the Power Modules component will indicate critical because of the power module that is not operating normally.

The following illustration shows the Hardware Health section of the System Status page.

Hardware Health@	
Component Type	Status
Cooling Devices	Normal
Power Modules	🔇 Critical
Local Storage	Normal
Processors	Normal
Memory	Normal
System	Normal

Each component type is displayed as a link that can be clicked to obtain more detailed information. When you select a Component Type to view, a table listing the status of all components for that Component Type is displayed.

The following illustration shows the components for the Memory Component Type.

Memory				
Display the memory	modules available on the	server. Clicking on a module	displays a Properties pop-up window with	n 2 tabs:
FRU Name	 Status 	Туре	Capacity (GB)	
DIMM 4	Normal	DDR3	4	- î
DIMM 9	Normal	DDR3	4	
DIMM 16	Normal	DDR3	4	
DIMM 21	Normal	DDR3	4	

You can click on an individual Field Replaceable Unit (FRU) link in the table to obtain additional information for that component. All active events for the component are then displayed in the **Events** tab.

The following illustration shows the **Events** tab for DIMM 4.

Properties fo	or DIMM 4	
Events	Hardware Information	
There are	no active events for this device	
Close		
Close		

If applicable, additional information for the component might be provided in the **Hardware Information** tab.

The following illustration shows the **Hardware Information** tab for DIMM 4.

Events	Hardwa	re Information
Descriptio	n	DIMM 4
PartNumb	er	M393B5773CH0-YH9
RU Serial	Number	8634E095
Manuf Dat	e	2211
Туре		DDR3
Size		2 GB

Chapter 6. Performing IMM2 tasks

You can use the information in this section and Chapter 3, "IMM2 web user interface overview," on page 17 to perform the following tasks to control the IMM2.

From the System Status tab, you can perform the following tasks:

- View the server health
- View the server information, for example, the machine name and type, and serial number
- View server power and restart activity
- Remotely control the power status of the server
- Remotely access the server console
- · Remotely attach a disk or disk image to the server
- View active events
- View the hardware health of the server components

Note: The System Status page is displayed after logging in to the IMM2. Common information and actions are colocated on this page.

From the Events tab, you can perform the following tasks:

- Manage event log history
- · Manage event recipients for email notifications
- Manage event recipients for syslog notifications

From the Services and Support tab, you can perform the following task:

Manually obtain the service data for your server

From the Server Management tab, you can select options to perform the following tasks.

Important: Some options may not be available on your server. Options that are displayed for the Server Management tab are based on which server platform the IMM2 resides on and the adapters that are installed in the server.

- From the Server Firmware option, view and update the firmware levels of server components.
- From the Remote Control option, remotely view and interact with the server console:
 - Remotely control the power status of the server
 - Remotely access the server console
 - Remotely attach a CD drive, DVD drive, diskette drive, USB flash drive or disk image to the server
- From the Server Properties option, you can set parameters to assist in identifying the server.
- From the Server Power Actions option, you can perform such actions as power on, power off, and restart.
- From the Local Storage option, you can view the storage device's physical structure and storage configuration.

- From the Memory option, you can view information about the memory modules installed in the server.
- From the Processor option, you can view information about the microprocessors installed in the server.
- From the Adapters option, you can view information about the adapters that are installed in the server.
- From the Server Timeouts option, you can set timeouts to ensure the server does not hang indefinitely during a firmware update or powering on of the server.
- From the PXE Network Boot option, you can set up attempts to preboot the server Execution Environment.
- From the Latest OS Failure Screen option, you can capture the OS failure screen data and store it.
- From the Power Management option, you can view system power usage and power supply capacity and set parameters for system power usage.
- From the Scalable Complex option, you can view and manage the current state of all available nodes (servers).

Controlling the power status of the server

The **Power Actions** option contains a list of actions that you can take to control the server power (as shown in the following illustration). You can choose to power the server on immediately or at a scheduled time. You can also choose to shut down and restart the operating system.

IBM Integrated Management Module II	USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
System Status Events • Service and Support • Server Management • IMM Management • Search			
Server Actions			
Current server power state: ON			
Power On Server Immediately			
Power On Server at Specified Date and Time			
Power Off Server Immediately			
Shut down OS and then Power Off Server			
Shut down OS and then Restart Server			
Restart the Server Immediately			
Restart the Server with Non-maskable Interrupt (NMI)			
Schedule Daily/Weekly Power and Restart Actions			

Complete the following steps to perform server power and restart actions:

- 1. Access the Power Actions menu by performing one of the following steps:
 - Click the **Power Actions** tab on the System Status page.
 - Click Server Power Actions from the Server Management tab.
- 2. Select the server action from the Actions menu list.

The following table contains a description of the power and restart actions that can be performed on the server.

Table 7. Power actions and descriptions

Power Action	Description
Power on server immediately	Select this action item to power on the server and boot the operating system.
Power on server at specified date and time	Select this action item to schedule the server to automatically power on at a specific date and time.
Power off server immediately	Select this action item to power off the server without shutting down the operating system.

Power Action	Description
Shut down operating system and then power off server ¹	Select this action item to shut down the operating system and power off the server.
Shut down operating system and then restart server ¹	Select this action item to reboot the operating system.
Restart the server immediately	Select this action item to power cycle the server immediately without shutting down the operating system.
Restart the server with non-maskable interrupt (NMI)	Select this action item to force an NMI on a "hung "system. Selection of this action item allows the platform operating system to perform a memory dump that can be used for debug purposes of the system hang condition. The IMM2 firmware uses the auto reboot on the NMI setting from the UEFI F1 in the Setup menu to determine if a reboot after the NMI is needed.
Schedule daily/weekly power and restart actions	Select this action item to schedule daily and weekly power and restart actions for the server.
Enter Sleep Mode	When the platform operating system supports the S3 (Sleep Mode) function and the S3 function is enabled, this action item is displayed. When the operating system is on, select this action item to place the operating system into Sleep Mode.
Exit Sleep Mode	When the platform operating system supports the S3 (Sleep Mode) function and the S3 function is enabled, this action item is displayed. Select this action item to wake up the operating system from the Sleep Mode.
1. If the operating system is in the screen s request is attempted, the IMM2 might n IMM2 will perform a hard reset or shute while the operating system might still b	saver or locked mode when a "Shut Down" ot be able to initiate a normal shutdown. The down after the power off delay interval expires e running.

Table 7. Power actions and descriptions (continued)

Remote presence and remote control functions

You can use the IMM2 Remote Control feature or remote presence function in the IMM2 web interface to view and interact with the server console. You can assign to the server a CD or DVD drive, diskette drive, USB flash drive, or a disk image that is on your computer. The remote presence functionality is available with the IMM2 Premium features and is only available through the IMM2 web interface. You must log in to the IMM2 with a user ID that has Supervisor access to use any of the remote control features. For more information about upgrading from IMM2 Basic or IMM2 Standard to IMM2 Premium, see "Upgrading IMM2" on page 3. Refer to the documentation that came with your server for information about the level of IMM2 that is installed in your server.

Use the remote control features to do the following:

- Remotely view video with graphic resolution up to 1600 x 1200 at 75 Hz, regardless of the server state.
- Remotely access the server using the keyboard and mouse from a remote client.

- Map the CD or DVD drive, diskette drive, and USB flash drive on a remote client and map ISO and diskette image files as virtual drives that are available for use by the server.
- Upload a diskette image to the IMM2 memory and map it to the server as a virtual drive.

Notes:

- When the remote control feature is started in multi-user mode, the IMM2 supports up to six simultaneous sessions. The remote disk feature can be exercised by only one session at a time.
- The video viewer is able to display only the video that is generated by the video controller on the system board. If a separate video controller adapter is installed and is used in place of the system's video controller, the IMM2 cannot display the video content from the added adapter on the remote video viewer.

Updating your IMM2 firmware and Java or ActiveX applet

This section provides information about updating the firmware and Java and ActiveX applet.

Important: The IMM2 uses a Java applet or an ActiveX applet to perform the remote presence function. When the IMM2 is updated to the latest firmware level, the Java applet and the ActiveX applet are also updated to the latest level. By default, Java caches (stores locally) applets that were previously used. After a flash update of the IMM2 firmware, the Java applet that the server uses might not be at the latest level.

To correct this problem, turn off caching. The method used will vary based on the platform and Java version. The following steps are for Oracle Java 1.7 on Windows:

- 1. Click Start > Settings > Control Panel.
- 2. Double-click Java Plug-in 1.7. The Java Plug-in Control Panel window opens.
- **3**. Click the **Cache** tab.
- 4. Choose one of the following options:
 - Clear the **Enable Caching** check box so that Java caching is always disabled.
 - Click **Clear Caching**. If you choose this option, you must click **Clear Caching** after each IMM2 firmware update.

For more information about updating IMM2 firmware, see "Updating the server firmware" on page 128.

Enabling the remote presence function

The IMM2 remote presence function is available only in IMM2 Premium. For more information about upgrading from IMM Standard to IMM Premium, see "Upgrading IMM2" on page 3.

After you have purchased and obtained the activation key for the IMM Premium upgrade install it, see "Installing an activation key" on page 161.

Remote control screen capture

The screen capture feature in the Video Viewer window captures the video display contents of the server. To capture and save a screen image, complete the following steps:

- 1. In the Video Viewer window, click File.
- 2. Select Capture to File from the menu.
- **3**. When you are prompted, enter a name for the image file and save it to the location that you choose on the local client.

Note: The Java client saves the screen capture image as a JPG file type. The ActiveX client saves the screen capture image as a BMP file type.

The following illustration shows the window where you specify the location for the image file and enter the name of the image file.

	Save	INN SUSTEM LVENT	ron	X	I
0x0001 0x0002	Save In:	My Documents	- 6		.:52
0x0003 0x0004 0x0005 0x0006 0x0007 0x0008 0x0009 0x0009 0x0008 0x0008 0x0000 0x0000	a Access Co Bluetooth Download My eBooks My Picture File <u>N</u> ame: Files of <u>Type</u> :	My Videos nnections Snaght Catalog Exchange Folder Updater5 s s s			:s: 10
			Save	Cancel	

Remote control Video Viewer modes

To change the view of the Video Viewer window, click **View**. The following menu options are available:

Hide Status Bar

Hide the status bar that shows the state of the caps lock, num lock and scroll lock keys. This option is available only when the status bar is shown.

Show Status Bar

Show the status bar that displays the state of the caps lock, num lock and scroll lock keys. This option is available only when the status bar is hidden.

Refresh

The Video Viewer redraws the video display with the video data from the server.

Full Screen

The Video Viewer fills the client desktop with the video display. This option is available only when the Video Viewer is not in full screen mode.

Windowed

The Video Viewer switches out of full screen mode into windowed mode. This option is available only while the Video Viewer is in full screen mode.

Fit The Video Viewer resizes to completely display the target desktop without an extra border or scroll bars. This requires that the client desktop be large enough to display the resized window.

Remote control video color mode

If your connection to the remote server has limited bandwidth, you can reduce the bandwidth demand of the Video Viewer by adjusting the color settings in the Video Viewer window.

Note: The IMM2 has a menu item that allows for color depth adjustment to reduce the data that is transmitted in low-bandwidth situations. This menu item replaces the bandwidth slider used in the Remote Supervisor Adapter II interface.

To change the video color mode, complete the following steps:

- 1. In the Video Viewer window, click View.
- **2.** Click **Color Mode**. Two color-mode options are available (as shown in the following illustration):
 - Color: 7, 9, 12, 15, and 23-bit
 - Grayscale: 16, 32, 64, and 128 shades



3. Select the Color or Grayscale setting.

Remote control keyboard support

The operating system on the client server that you are using traps certain key combinations, such as Ctrl+Alt+Del in Microsoft Windows, instead of transmitting them to the server. Other keys, such as F1, might cause an action on your computer as well as on the server.

To use key combinations that affect the remote server, and not the local client, complete the following steps:

- 1. In the Video Viewer window, click Macros.
- 2. Select one of the predefined key combinations from the menu, or select **Soft Key** to choose or add a user-defined key combination (as shown in the following illustration).



Use the Video Viewer **Macros** menu item to create and edit customized buttons that can be used to send key strokes to the server.

To create and edit customized buttons, complete the following steps:

- 1. In the Video Viewer window, click Macros.
- 2. Select Soft Key and then select Add. A new window opens.
- **3**. Click **New** to add a new key combination, or select a key combination and click **Delete** to remove an existing key combination.
- 4. If you are adding a new combination, type the key combination that you want to define in the window that opens after selecting **New**; then, click **OK**.
- 5. When you are finished defining or removing key combinations, click OK.

International keyboard support

The Video Viewer uses platform-specific native code to intercept key events to access the physical key information directly. The client detects the physical key events and passes them along to the server. The server detects the same physical keystrokes that the client experienced and supports all standard keyboard layouts with the only limitation that the target and client use the same keyboard layout. If a remote user has a different keyboard layout from the server, the user can switch the server layout while it is being accessed remotely and then switch back again.

Keyboard pass-through mode

The keyboard pass-through mode disables the handling of most special key combinations on the client so that they can be passed directly to the server. This provides an alternative to using the macros.

Some operating systems define certain keystrokes to be outside the control of an application, so the behavior of the pass-through mechanism operates independently of the server. For example, in a Linux X session, the Ctrl+Alt+F2 keystroke combination switches to Virtual Console 2. There is no mechanism to intercept this keystroke sequence and; therefore, no way for the client to pass these keystrokes directly to the target. The only option in this case is to use the keyboard macros defined for this purpose.

To enable or disable the keyboard pass-through mode, complete the following steps:

- 1. In the Video Viewer window, click Tools.
- 2. Select Session Options from the menu.
- 3. When the Session Options window opens, click the General tab.
- 4. Select the **Pass all keystrokes to target** check box to enable or disable the keyboard pass-through mode.
- 5. Click **OK** to save the choice.

Remote control mouse support

The Video Viewer window offers several options for mouse control, including absolute mouse control, relative mouse control, and single cursor mode.

Absolute and relative mouse control

To access the absolute and relative options for controlling the mouse, complete the following steps:

- 1. In the Remote Control window, click **Tools**.
- 2. Select Session Options from the menu.
- **3**. When the Session Options window opens, click the **Mouse** tab (as shown in the following illustration).

0x0001 Sys 0x0002 Sys General Mouse Browser 0x0003 Sys	4:21:52
0x0002 Sys 0x0003 Sys	
Av0003 Sus	
Onoood agai Single Current	dress: 10
0x0004 Sys	1B
0x0005 Sys Termination Key: F12 💌	4
0x0006 Sys	nt
0x0007 Sys Mouse Mode	
Ox0008 Sys	
UX0009 Sys	
OX000H SUS O Relative	
Av0000 Sust	
AxAAAD Sust	
0x000E Sus	
OK Apply Cano	cel
51515129292732. 33-	
144 (44) (44) (44) (44) (44) (44) (44) (

4. Select one of the following Mouse Modes:

Absolute

The client sends mouse location messages to the server that are always relative to the origin (upper left area) of the viewing area.

Relative

The client sends the mouse location as an offset from the previous location.

Relative (default Linux acceleration)

The client applies an acceleration factor to align the mouse better on Linux targets. The acceleration settings have been selected to maximize compatibility with Linux distributions.

Single cursor mode

Some operating systems do not align the local and remote cursors, which results in offsets between the local and remote mouse cursors. The single cursor mode hides the local client cursor while the mouse is within the Video Viewer window. When the single cursor mode is activated, you see only the remote cursor. To enable the single cursor mode, click **Tools > Single Cursor** from the Video Viewer window.

Note: When the Video Viewer is in the single cursor mode, you cannot use the mouse to switch to another window or click outside the KVM client window, because there is no local cursor.

To disable the single cursor mode, click the **Defined Termination** key. To view the defined termination key, or change the termination key, click **Tools > Session Options > Mouse**.

Remote power control

You can send server power and restart commands from the Video Viewer window without returning to the web browser. To control the server power with the Video Viewer, complete the following steps:

- 1. In the Video Viewer window, click Tools.
- 2. Click **Power**. Select one of the following commands:

On Turns on the server power.

Off Turns off the server power.

Reboot

Restarts the server.

Cycle Turns the server power off, then back on.

Viewing performance statistics

To view the Video Viewer performance statistics from the Video Viewer window, click **Tools**; then, click **Stats**. The following information is displayed:

Frame Rate

A running average of the number of frames, decoded per second by the client.

Bandwidth

A running average of the total number of kilobytes per second received by the client.

Compression

A running average of the bandwidth reduction due to video compression. This value is often displayed as 100.0%. It is rounded to the tenth of a percent.

Packet Rate

A running average of the number of video packets received per second.

Starting Remote Desktop Protocol

If the Windows-based Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) client is installed, you can use a RDP client instead of the KVM client. The remote server must be configured to receive RDP connections.

Knock-knock feature description

When all possible remote control sessions are occupied (one session in the single-user mode option or six sessions in the multiuser mode option), another web user can send a disconnection request to the remote control user who has enabled the Knock-knock feature. This is only possible if the user that enabled the Knock-knock feature is not handling a disconnection request from other web user.

If the remote control user who has enabled the Knock-knock feature accepts the request or does not reply to the request within the timeout value, the remote control session will be terminated and will be reserved for the web user sending the request. If the web user sending the disconnection request does not launch a Java or ActiveX remote control session with the reserved remote control session within five minutes, the remote control session is no longer reserved for the web user.

To enable the Knock-knock feature complete the following steps:

- 1. Access the Remote Control page by selecting one of the following menu choices:
 - Click Remote Control from the Server Management tab.
 - Click Remote Control... on the System Status page.
- 2. Click the Allow others to request my remote session disconnect checkbox.

Note: There must exist one or more additional users selecting the **Allow others to request my remote session disconnect** checkbox when using the remote control feature.

- 3. Select a time interval from the No response time interval field.
- 4. Start the remote control session by selecting the user mode. Select one of the following modes:
 - Start remote control in single-user mode
 - Start remote control in multiuser mode

Notes:

- The IMM2 supports up to six simultaneous video sessions in the multiuser mode.
- The Knock-knock feature is automatically enabled.

The following illustration shows the fields described in steps 2 through 4.

Allow others to request my remot	e session disconnect 🥘	
No response time interval: 🥝	1 hour	~
Start remote control in single-use	er mode	
Gives you exclusive access during the	e remote session.	

To request a remote session complete the following steps:

 Click **Refresh** to display the Remote Control session that is in progress. The following illustration shows the Remote Control Session in Progress window.

Remote Control Session in Progress							
If all sessions are currently consumed, you can send a request to disconnect one of the available sessions.							
User Name 🔺	Active Sessions	Availability for Disconnection	Timeout Value				
USERID	192.168.5.11	8 Request to connect	1 hour				

You will see one of the following responses in the **Availability for Disconnection** field:

- **Request to connect:** This text is displayed when the remote control user enables the Knock-knock feature and is not handling a disconnection request from another web user. The current web user has not sent a disconnection request to the remote control user.
- Waiting for response: This text is displayed when the remote control user is handling the disconnection request from the current web user. The current web user can send a cancel request to the remote control user by clicking the **Cancel** button.

- Other request is pending: This text is displayed for one of the following conditions:
 - The remote control user is handling the disconnection request from another web user.
 - The remote control user enabled the Knock-knock feature and the current web user is waiting for the response of the disconnection request from another remote control user.
- Not available: This text is displayed under one of the following conditions:
 - All of the remote control sessions are not occupied. Whether the remote control user has or has not enabled the Knock-knock feature, has no effect on this condition.
 - All of the remote control sessions are occupied and the remote control user has not enable the Knock-knock feature.
 - This remote control connection is reserved for another user for five minutes.
- 2. Click **Request to connect** to send a disconnection request to the remote control user.

The following illustration shows the window that is displayed when the request is successfully sent.

Sendrequest	x
Your request has been sent successfully. Please wait for the response from the remote use	er,
Close	

If the remote control user accepts the disconnect request, the web user must start the remote control session within five minutes. If the web user does not start the session within five minutes, the session will not be reserved.

The following illustration shows the information that is displayed when the disconnect request is accepted and the request is in a reserved state.



The following illustration shows the information that is displayed when the disconnect request is accepted and the request is in an unreserved state.



If the remote control user denies the disconnection request, the user submitting the disconnect request will receive information stating that the request is denied (as shown in the following illustration).



If the web user attempts to log out of the IMM2 before receiving a message about their request, the web user will receive a message (as shown in the following illustration).

Warning	g to terminate the remote session request 💦 🕺
×	A remote session disconnect request is currently in progress. Logging out of the IMM2 web will terminate this request.
ОК	Cancel

After the remote control user receives the request, the user must determine whether to release the remote session in the interval time selected before starting the remote control session. A Request to End Remote Session window is displayed to remind the remote control user of any time remaining.

The Request to End Remote Session window is shown in the following illustration.



If the remote control user selects **Accept**, **end my session now**, the remote viewer will automatically close. If the remote control user selects **Deny**, the remote control user will continue to keep the remote session. After the Request to End Remote Session is ended, the remote session will be released automatically and the following window opens.

	Timeout of Remote Session	×
()	A request to end your session has timed out waiting for your response. Your remote session has ended automatic	ally.
	OK	

Remote disk

From the Virtual Media Session window, you can assign to the server a CD or DVD drive, a diskette drive, USB flash drive that is on your computer, or you can specify a disk image on your computer for the server to use. You can use the drive for functions such as restarting (booting) the server, updating code, installing new software on the server, and installing or updating the operating system on the server. You can access the remote disk. Drives and disk images are displayed as USB drives on the server.

Notes:

- USB support is required for the remote disk functionality. The following server operating systems have USB support:
 - Microsoft Windows Server 2003: Web, Std, Ent, DC (SP2, R2, SBS)
 - Microsoft Windows Server 2008 SP2: Std, SBS, EBS
 - Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server V10 SP3: x86_64
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server V11: x86,_64
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Enterprise Servers V3.7: x86, x86_64
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Enterprise Servers V4.8: x86, x86_64
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Enterprise Servers V5.5: x86, x86_64
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Enterprise Servers V6.0: x86, x86_64
 - ESX 4.5: 4.0 U1
- The client server requires the Java 1.7 Plug-in or later.
- The client server must have an Intel Pentium III microprocessor or greater, operating at 700 MHz or faster, or equivalent.

Accessing the Remote Control

To begin a remote control session and access the remote disk, complete the following steps:

- 1. In the Video Viewer window click Tools.
- 2. Click Launch Virtual Media. The Video Viewer window opens.

Note: If the **Encrypt disk and KVM data during transmission** check box is selected before the Video Viewer window opens, the disk data is encrypted with ADES encryption.

The Virtual Media Session window is separate from the Video Viewer window. The Virtual Media Session window lists all of the drives on the client that can be mapped as remote drives. The Virtual Media Session window also allows you to map ISO and diskette image files as virtual drives. Each mapped drive can be marked as read-only. The CD and DVD drives and ISO images are always read-only.

Mapping and unmapping drives

To map a drive, select the **Select** check box next to the drive that you want to map.

Note: A CD or DVD drive must contain media before it is mapped. If the drive is empty, you are prompted to insert a CD or DVD into the drive.

Click the **Mount Selected** button to mount and map the selected drive or drives. If you click **Add Image**, diskette image files and ISO image files can be added to the list of available drives. After the diskette or ISO image file is listed in the Virtual Media Session window, it can be mapped just like the other drives. To unmap the drives, click the **Unmount All** button. Before the drives are unmapped, you must confirm that you want the drives to be unmapped.

Note: After you confirm that you want the drives to be unmapped, all of the drives are unmounted. You cannot unmount drives individually.

Once an image is added to the list and the **Map** checkbox is selected, (if the image is suitable for loading to IMM2 memory for the Remote Disk-on-Card (RDOC)

feature) a window opens. This window gives you the option to transfer the image to the server. If you select **Yes**, enter a name for the image.

Note: Do not enter special characters such as an ampersand (&) or spaces in the name.

Uploading an image to IMM2 memory enables the disk to remain mounted on the server so that you can access the disk later, even after the IMM2 web interface session has ended. Multiple images can be stored on the IMM2; but, the total space used cannot exceed 50 Mb. To unload the image file from memory, select the name in the RDOC Setup window and click **Delete**.

Exiting Remote Control

Close the Video Viewer and the Virtual Media Session windows when you have finished using the Remote Control feature.

Setting up PXE network boot

Use the **PXE Network Boot** option to set up attempts to preboot the server Execution Environment. Perform the following steps to set up your server to attempt a Preboot Execution Environment network boot at the next server restart.

- 1. Log in to the IMM2. For more information, see "Logging in to the IMM2" on page 10 for additional information.
- 2. Click Server Management; then, select PXE Network Boot.

The following window opens.

IBM Integrated Management Module II	USERID	Settings Log out	IBM.
System Status Events • Service and Support •	Server Management IMM Management Search		
PXE Network Boot Attempt to boot this server via the PXE/DHCP network. The boo boot sequence will be akered for this boot attempt only, in order be set up properly. Consult your server's Hardware Mantenance Index: The host boots sequence will be akered only if the host is	t may be attempted now or set to occur at the next restart. The host server's for the PXE network boot to work, your server's Boot Agent and BIOS should annail for Instructions on how to configure your server for PXE network boot. out onler PAE (Privileged Access Protection).		
Actions			
Attempt PXE Network Boot at next server restart			
Restart Immediately and attempt PXE Network Boot			
Shut down OS, Restart, and attempt PXE Network Boot			

3. Select **Attempt PXE Network Boot at next server restart** from the Action options. The following window opens.

IBM Integrated Management Module II	USERID Settings Log out	IBM.
System Status Events - Service and Support - S	erver Management + IMM Management + Search	
PXE Network Boot Attempt to boot this server via the PXE/DHCP network. The boot to securice will be absend for the boot attempt only. In order for boot securice will be absend for the boot attempt only. In order for the securic boot securices and be absend only of the lotters and the securic boot boot securices and be absended only of the lotters and the securic boot boot securices and be absended on the lotter boot ConcePredent	may be attempted now or set to occur at the next restant. The host server's in the PXE network boot to work, your server's Boot Agent and BIOS should used for networks boot, under PAE (networks Access Protection).	
Actions Attempt PXE Network Boot at next server restart		
Actions Attempt PXE Network Boot at next server restart Restart Immediately and attempt PXE Network Boot		

If you wish to cancel the selection, click **CancelPxeBoot**. The following Confirm Cancel window opens.

IBM Integrated Management Module II			
System Status Events + Service and S	upport + Server Management + INIM Management + ISrarch		
PXE Network Boot Atternst to bot this server us the PXE/DHCP ontwo to sequence will be askered for the bost atternst o be ask up propuls. Consult, your server's Holdware build tools. The hold boat server PXE helmerk Boot will be attempted at next server CancePhaltont Access	K. The boot may be attempted now or set to occur at the next restart. The host server's hy is notee for the PXE network boot to work, your server's Boot Agent and EBOS should retranace Mayauf for instructions on how to configure your server for PXE network boot. To find the PXE PART of the PXE PART of the PXE network boot. To find the PXE Part of the PXE Boot at the next server restart. To for Concel		
Attempt PXE Network Boot at next server restart Restart Immediately and attempt PXE Network Boot			
Shut down OS, Restart, and attempt PXE Network I	Boot		

Updating the server firmware

The **Server Firmware** option displays firmware levels and allows you to update the DSA, IMM2, and UEFI firmware. The current versions of the IMM2, UEFI, and DSA firmware are displayed. This includes the Active, Primary, and Backup versions.

The following illustration shows the Server Firmware page.

IBM Integrated Man	agement Modul	e II			USERI	D Settings
System Status	Events 🗸 Se	rvice and Support + S	Gerver Management 👻 🛛 IMM M	lanagement 🗸 Search		
Server Firmw show the firmware level Update Firmware Time	Are on various server	components, including t	the IMM itself.	Balasse Date		
nsa	a diatus	0.24	DOVTLAD	2012-09-10		
IMM2	CONTR.		bornado	2012-00-10		
IMM2 (Primary)	Active	2.15	1A00390	2013-01-28		
IMM2 (Backup)	Inactive	3.00	1A0039T	2013-01-30		
UEFI						
	Active	1.20	D7E120CUS	2012-08-23		
UEFT (Primary)						

The current status and versions of firmware for the IMM2, UEFI, and DSA are displayed, including the primary and backup versions. There are three categories for the firmware status:

- Active: The firmware is active.
- **Inactive:** The firmware is not active.
- **Pending:** The firmware is waiting to become active.

Attention: Installing the wrong firmware update might cause the server to malfunction. Before you install a firmware or device-driver update, read any readme and change history files that are provided with the downloaded update. These files contain important information about the update and the procedure for installing the update, including any special procedure for updating from an early firmware or device-driver version to the latest version.

To update the server firmware complete the following steps:

- 1. Click Server Firmware from the Server Management menu list.
- **2**. Click **Update Firmware**. The Update Server Firmware window opens (as shown in the following illustration).

Update Server Firmv	Update Server Firmware		
Choose Firmware File	Select Firmware File		
Upload and Verify	Select the firmware file that you wish to use to flash the IMM/Server Firmware		
Additional Options			
Perform Firmware Flash	Please note that updating server firmware via this wizard is intended for recovery purposes only. It is strongly recommended that updates be performed using the IBM Updatestoress System Pack Installer, available as a download from the IBM web site.		
	Selected Flash File: ibm_fw_imm2_1aoo31~1.60_anyos_noarch.uxz		
< Back Next > F	inish Cancel		

- 3. Read the warning notice *before* continuing with the next step.
- 4. Perform one of the following steps:
 - Click Cancel and return to the previous Server Firmware window.
 - Click **Select File...** to select the firmware file that you want to use to flash the server firmware.

Note: All other options are grayed out when the Update Server Firmware window initially opens.

When you click **Select File...**, a File Upload window opens (as shown in the following illustration). This window allows you to browse to the desired file.



5. Navigate to the file you want to select and click **Open**. You are returned to the Update Server Firmware window with the selected file displayed (as shown in the following illustration).



6. Click **Next** > to begin the upload and verify process on the selected file. A progress meter will be displayed as the file is being uploaded and verified (as shown in the following illustration).

Update Server Firmw	are
Choose Firmware File	Upload and Verify
Upload and Verify	The firmware file is being uploaded. You will have an opportunity to verify it is the correct file prior to the flashing procedure.
Additional Options	
Perform Firmware Fash	Upload and Verify Firmware File Uploading firmware file 'bm_fw_imm2_1aoo311.60_anyos_noarch.uxz'
< Back Next > Fit	nish Cancel

You can view this status window to verify that the file you selected to update is the correct file. The status window will have information regarding the type of firmware file that is to be updated such as DSA, IMM, or UEFI.

After the firmware file is uploaded and verified successfully, a Successful upload window opens (as shown in the following illustration).

Choose Firmware File	Upload and Verify
Upload and Verify	The firmware file is being uploaded. You will have an opportunity to verify it is the correct file prior to the flashing procedure.
Additional Options	
Perform Firmware Flash	
	Successful upload. The firmware image ibm_fiw_imm2_1aoo311.60_anyos_noarch.uxz' was successfully uploaded and verified. The uploaded file was detected as a IMM firmware file with Build ID 1AOO31L. The current Build ID in the backup area is 1AOO31L. The current Build ID in the backup area is 1AOO31L. If this is correct, dick the Next button to continue the firmware update procedure.
< Back Next > Fil	nish Cancel

 Click Next > if the information is correct. Click < Back if you want to redo any of the selections.

If you click **Next** >, a set of additional options are displayed (as shown in the following illustration).

Update Server Firmware	
Choose Firmware File	Additional Options
Upload and Verify	Some firmware types have additional options that you can select.
Additional Options	
Perform Firmware Flash	
	Action1: Update the primary bank (default action)
	k
< Back Next> Finish	Cancel

8. The drop-down menu beside the Action 1 field gives you the choice to Update the primary bank (default action) or Update the backup bank (as shown in the following illustration).

Update Server Firmware	
Choose Firmware File	Additional Options
 Upload and Verify 	Some firmware types have additional options that you can select.
Additional Options	
Perform Firmware Flash	
	Action1: Update the primary bank (default action)
	Action2: Update the primary bank (default action)
	Update the backup bank
< Back Next > Finish	Cancel

After you select an action, you are returned to the previous screen with the requested additional action displayed.

After the selected action is loaded, that action and a new **Action 2** drop-down menu are displayed (as shown in the following illustration).

Note: To disable an action and start the additional option process again, click the checkbox beside the related action.

Update Server Firmware			
 Choose Firmware File Upload and Verify 	Additional Options Some firmware types have) re additional options that you can select.	
Additional Options			
Perform Firmware Flash	Action1		
	Action2:	Update the backup bank	
		k	
< Back Next > Finis	h Cancel		

The previous screen shows that for Action 1, the primary bank is selected to be updated. You can also select to update the backup bank under Action 2 (as shown in the previous screen). Both the primary bank and the backup bank will be updated at the same time when you click **Next** >.

Note: Action 1 must be different from Action 2.

A progress meter shows the progress of the update for the primary and backup banks, (as shown in the following illustration).

Update Server Firmwa	are					
 Choose Firmware File Upload and Verify 	Perform Firmware Flash >The firmware is being flashed now. Action 1 of 2: 'Update the primary bank (default action)' Action 2 of 2: 'Update the backup bank'					
Additional Options Perform Firmware Flash						
	27%					
Part Harts T						

When the firmware update is completed successfully, the following window opens. Select the related operation according to the displayed content to complete the update process.

Update Server Firmware						
 Choose Firmware File Upload and Verify 	Perform Firmware Flash >The firmware is being flashed now.					
Additional Options						
Perform Firmware Flash						
	Firmware update success.					
	The firmware update procedure completed successfully. Click Finish to close this witzard.					
	If the update included a flash of the IMM primary partition, it will also be necessary to Restart the IMM for the IMM update to take effect.					
	If the update included a flash of the UEFI firmware it will also be necessary to Restart the OS for the update to take effect.					
	Restart OS Restart IMM					
< Back Next> Finish	h Cancel					

If the primary firmware update did not complete, the following window opens when the Server Firmware screen is displayed.

IBM Integrated Manag	ement Module II					USERID	Settings Log out	IB
System Status	Events 🗸 Servi	ce and Support 🔻	Server Management 🕶	IMM Management 🕶	Search			
Server Firmwa Show the firmware levels o	are n various server co	mponents, includin	g the IMM itself.					
Firmware upd The firmware to pending firmware previous build r The primary IN to take effect.	ate is successful: builds below require re- tre will keep the previo name. IM build has been upo Restart IMM	start actions. Before t rus build and the table ated to build 1AOO39 chedule Restart Act	he actions are taken, the below still show the Q , and it must restart IMM ions					
Update Firmware								
Firmware Type	Status	Version	Build	Relea	se Date			
DSA	Active	9.24	DSYTA4B	2012-	08-10			
IMM2								
IMM2 (Primary)	Pending	2.15	1A0039Q	2013-	01-28			
IMM2 (Backup)	Inactive	2.15	1A0039Q	2013-	01-28			
UEFI			k.					
UEFI (Primary)	Active	1.20	D7E120C0	S 2012-	08-23			
UEFI (Backup)	Inactive	1.20	D7E120CU	S 2012-	08-23			

Managing system events

The **Events** menu enables you to manage the Event Log history and manage Event Recipients for email and syslog notifications.

Managing the event log

Click the **Event Log** option to display the Event Log window. The Event Log window includes a description of the events that are reported by the IMM2 and information about all remote access attempts and configuration changes. All events in the log are time stamped using the IMM2 date and time settings. Some events generate alerts, if they are configured to do so on the Event Recipients window. You can also sort and filter events in the event log. The capacity of the IMM2 logs can hold approximately 1024 event records and 1024 audit records. The actual number of records is dependent on the size of the each log's record content.

Click the Event Log option. The following window opens.

IBM Integrated Manag	jement Mo	dule II			
System Status	Events 👻	Service and Support	Ŧ	Server Management 👻	IMM Management 👻 Se
	Event Log	3	Full	log history of all events	
System x3750 Add System Descriptive Nam	Event Recipients		Add and modify E-Mail and SysLog notifications		SysLog

After selection of the Event Log option, the following window opens.

18	📑 💌 🔤	***	Filters: 🔕	🛕 🚺 💄 🛛 Time: 🛛 All Dates	✓ Search Events Go
s	Severity	Source	Date	 Event ID 	Message
0 0	f 51 items filtered		0 items selected	Clear filter Applied filters: Events:[Error	Warning Information Audit]
	Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:02:42.771 AM	0x4000000e00000000	Remote Login Successful. Login ID: USERID from webguis at IP address 9.111.29.57.
	🖬 Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:01:00.297 AM	0x400000160000000	ENET[CIM:ep1] DHCP:HSTN=IMM2-6cae8b4e83c6, DN=cn.ibm.com, IP@=9.186.166.78, SN=255.255.255.128, GW@=9.186.166.1, DNS1@=9.0.148.50.
	Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:00:58.957 AM	0x4000001900000000	LAN: Ethernet(IBM:ep2) interface is now active.
C	Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:00:55.004 AM	0x4000001700000000	ENET[CIM:ep2] IP-Cfg:HstName=IMM2-6cae8b4e83c6, IP@=169.254.95.118,NetMsk=255.255.0.0, GW@=0.0.0.
C	Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:00:53.403 AM	0x4000003700000000	ENET[CIM:ep1] IPv6-LinkLocal:HstName=IMM2-6cae8b4e83c6, IP@=fe80::5eae:8bff.fe4e:83c6,Pref=64.
	🚹 Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:00:51.592 AM	0x400000190000000	LAN: Ethernet[IBM:ep1] interface is now active.
l	Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:00:47.068 AM	0x4000000100000000	Management Controller SN# 06KNKL9 Network Initialization Complete.
	🚺 Informational	System	31 1 2013 09:00:02.874 AM	0x800801282101ffff	Device Low Security Jmp has been added.
	Informational	Power	31 1 2013 09:00:02:304 AM	0x806f00091301ffff	Host Power has been turned off.
	Informational	System	31 1 2013 08:55:11.252 AM	0x4000001500000000	Management Controller SN# 06KNKL9 reset was initiated by user USERID.
E	Informational	System	31 1 2013 08:47:59.118 AM	0x4000002300000000	Flash of SN# 06KNKL9 from (::ffff.9.186.166.119) succeeded for user USERID .
C	Informational	System	31 1 2013 08:43:15.666 AM	0x4000000e00000000	Remote Login Successful. Login ID: USERID from webguis at IP address 9.186.166.119.
	Information of	0			Remote Login Successful, Login ID: USERID from

To sort and filter events in the event log, select the column heading. You can save all or save selected events in the event log to a file using the **Export** button. To select specific events, choose one or more events on the main Event Log page and left-click on the **Export** button (as shown in the following illustration).

Event Log This page displays the contents of the IMM event log, and allows y entry first). For each log entry, the severity of the event is displayed								
2	Export Event Logs							
	Severity	Source	Date					
	0 of 52 items filtered		2 items selecte					
	🚹 Informational	System	31 Jan 2013 09:1					
	🚹 Informational	System	31 Jan 2013 09:0					

To choose which type of events you want to delete, click **Delete Events**. You must select the category of events you wish to delete.

The following illustration shows the Delete Events window.
	A	Filt	ers: 🙆 🔔 🔝	Time: All Dates	Go
Severity	Source	Date	👻 Event ID		Message
0 of 52 items filter	ed	Delete Events		2	g Information Audit]
Informationa	al System	3 Choose which ev	rents you wish to delete		Remote Login Successful. Login ID: US webguis at IP address 9.186.166.119.
🔽 🔳 Informationa	al System	3 Platform Even Audit events	ts		Remote Login Successful. Login ID: US vebguis at IP address 9.111.29.57.
📄 👔 Informationa	ıl System	OK Cancel	074000001000	300000	ENET[CIM:ep1] DHCP-HSTN=IMM2-6cae8b4e83c6, DN=cn.ibm.com, IP@=9.186.166.78, SN=255 255 128, GW/=0 186 166

To select the type of event log entries that you want to display, click the appropriate button (as shown in the following illustration).

Refresh Events	Warning Events Audit Events
al 🔁 i 🔁 🐹 📰	Filters: 🚫 🛕 间 💄 Time: All Dates 🦂 Search Events Go
Visible Columns	Error Events Information Events Date ranges to show

To search for specific types of events or keywords, type the type of event or keyword in the **Search Events** field and click **Go** (as shown in the following illustration).

2	🔄 🧏 🔠 🕻		Filters: 🔇		Time:	All Dates	- IENET	ß
	Severity	Source	Date	 Event ID 			Message	
*	0 of 53 items filtered		0 items selected	<u>Clear filter</u>	Applied filters: Ev	/ents:[Error Warn	ing Information Audit]	
	👔 Informational	System	1 Feb 2013 01:29:28.414 AM	0x40000	00e00000000		Remote Login Succes webguis at IP address	sful. Login ID: USERID 9.186.166.119.

Notification of system events

Select the **Event Recipients** option to add and modify email and syslog notifications.

The following illustration shows selection of the Event Recipients option.

IBM Integrated Management Module II									
System Status	Events 👻	Service and Support - Server Management - IMM Management -	Sea						
	Event Log	g Full log history of all events							
System x3750 Add System Descriptive Nam	Event Re	cipients Add and modify E-Mail and SysLog notifications							

The **Event Recipients** option enables you to manage who will be notified of system events. You can configure each recipient and manage settings that apply to all Event Recipients. You can also generate a test event to verify notification feature operation.

The following illustration shows the Event Recipients page.

Sy Sy	stem Status	Events 🗸	Service and Sup	oport 🗸	Server Manager	ment 👻	IMM Management	▼ Search
	Destate	onte						
vent	Recipie	ills	1					
This table I beled with	Recipie ets you view : the configure	a summary lised name for t	st of all remote ale that particular reci	ert recipie ipient	nts. Use the link . more	s in the I	Name column to con	figure individual alert re
Vent This table I beled with Create 💌	Recipie ets you view : the configure Generate	a summary lis ed name for t Test Event	st of all remote ale that particular reci Global Settir	ert recipie ipient ngs	nts. Use the link . more Delete	s in the I	Name column to con	figure individual alert re

The following illustration shows additional information that is displayed when you click the **more** link on the Event Recipients page.

IBM Integrated Ma	nagement Modu	le II								USERID	Setting	s Log	out	
System State	is Events v S	ervice and Support $ extsf{-}$	Server Manager	ment 👻 IMM Manager	ent 👻 🛛 Se	arch								
Event Recip This table lets you vie labeled with the config To work with an alert m less Create Ceneral	ients w a summary list o ured name for that acpient, click the l	of all remote alert recip t particular recipient. ink corresponding to th Global Settings	ients. Use the link hat recipient to op Delete	s in the Name column to	configure setup de	individual aler calls.	t recipients. '	'ou can defin	s up to 12	unique recipien	ts. Each ini	t for an a	lert recip	16
Name	Notification	Method Ever	nts to Receive	Status										

Creating email and syslog notifications

Select the Create tab to create email and syslog notifications.

The following illustration shows the options available in the Create menu.

IBM Integrated Managem	ent Module II			
System Status Ev	ents 👻 Service and Su	upport 👻 Server Manage	ment 👻 IMM Mana	agement 🗸 Search
This table lets you view a sur labeled with the configured na Create Test	S mmary list of all remote a me for that particular re Event Global Sett	alert recipients. Use the link cipient more tings Delete	ks in the Name colun	nn to configure individual alert recip
Create E-mail Notification	tification Method	Events to Receive	Status	
Create SysLog Notification	1			

In the **Create E-mail Notification** option you can setup a target email address and choose the types of events for which you want to be notified. In addition you can click **Advanced Settings** to select the starting index number. To include the event log in the email, select the **Include the event log contents in the e-mail body** check box.

The following illustration shows the Create E-mail Notification screen.

Create E-Mail Notifica	ation			x
Use this dialog to confi Note: To enable an E-n	igure specified E-mail recipients to receiv nail recipient, you need to go to the SMT	e Critical, Attention or System notificat P tab on Network Protocols page to co	ions infigure the email server correctly.	
Descriptive name:				
E-Mail address:				
Events to receive:				
Select all events				
 Show sub-types 	Critical	Attention	System	
Include the event lo	g contents in the e-mail body			
Status: Enable this recipient Disable this recipien	t It			
Advanced Settings				
OK Cancel				

The following illustration shows the selections in the Advance Settings pane.

a configure specified E-mail recipient			
an E-mail recipient, you need to go to	s to receive Critical, Attention or System notificatio the SMTP tab on Network Protocols page to con	ins figure the email server correctly.	
ne:			
2			
ents			
ypes Critical	Z Attention	System	
vent log contents in the e-mail body			
ecipient ecipient	k		
ettings			
lex number in the command line inter	face for this alert recipient		
e d	ecipient vent log contents in the e-mail body vert log contents in the e-mail body vent log contents in the e-mail body ve	an E-mail recipient, you need to go to the SMTP tab on Network Protocols page to con	an E-mail recipient, you need to go to the SMTP tab on Network Protocols page to configure the email server correctly.

In the **Create Syslog Notification** option you can setup the host name and IP address of the syslog collector and choose the types of events for which you want to be notified. You can click **Advanced Settings** to select the starting index number. You can also specify the port you want to use for this type of notification.

The following illustration shows the Create Syslog Notification screen.

Create SysLog Notification			х
Use this dialog to configure specified SysLog server to r	eceive Critical, Attention or System	notifications.	
Descriptive name:			
Host name or IP address of the SysLog collector:	Port:		
Events to receive:			
Show sub-types Critical	Z Attention	🔽 System	
Status: ©Enable this recipient Disable this recipient			
► Advanced Settings			
OK Cancel			

The following illustration shows the selections in the Advance Settings pane.

Create S	SysLo	g Notification
Use this Descrip	dialog tive na	to configure specified SysLog server to receive Critical, Attention or System notifications. ame:
Host na	1 2	P address of the SysLog collector: Port:
Events t	3	e: ents
▶ Sh	6 7	types Critical Attention System
Status:	8 9 10	ecipient recipient
🕶 Adva	1	ettings
Specif Index:	12 1 🗸	dex number in the command line interface for this alert recipient
ОК	Cance	el l

Generating test events

Use the **Generate Test Event...** tab to send a test email to a selected email target. After selection of the event notification, click **OK** to generate the test event. The test event is sent to the recipient with notification that this is a test.

The following illustration shows the Generate Test Event window.



Setting limits to retry notifications

Use the **Global Settings...** tab to set a limit in which to retry the event notification, retry the delay between event notification entries (in minutes), and retry the delay between attempts (in minutes).

The following illustration shows the settings for the Retry limit option.



The following illustration shows the settings for the Delay between entries (minutes) option.

Event Notification Global Settings	х
These settings will apply to all event notifications.	
Retry limit:	
Delay between entries (minutes): 🥥	
0 etween attempts (minutes): 🤍	
0.5 1 ancel 1.5	
2 2.5	
3	
3.5	
4	

The following illustration shows the settings for the Delay between attempts (minutes) option.

Event Notification Global Settings	х
These settings will apply to all event notifications.	
Retry limit: 🥝	
Delay between entries (minutes): 0.5	
Delay between attempts (minutes): 🧼	
0 ancel	
1	_
1.5	
2	
2.5	
3	
3.5	
4	

Deleting email or syslog notifications

Use the **Delete** tab to remove an email or syslog notification target.

The following illustration shows the Confirm Event Notification Deletion window.

IBM	Integr	ated Manag	ement Modu	le II						
	Sys	tem Status	Events + S	ervice and Su	ipport 👻	Server Manag	ement 👻 I	MM Manage	ement 👻 Sea	
Eve This name f	table le	Recipiei ts you view a particular rec Generate Te	nts summary list o Ipientmo est Event	f all remote a re Global Sett	ilert recipi	ents. Use the lir	nks in the Nai	me column	to configure ir	idi
	Name		Notification	lotification Method		Events to Receive		Status		
۲	Ema	il Subject	ect E-Mail		None		Enable	d		
0	Email2 Subject		E-Mail		None		Enable	d		
		Confi	rm Event No	tification D	eletion			x		
		OK OK	Do you war Cancel	nt to delete	e the no	tification 'Em	ail Subject	'?		

Collecting service and support information

Click the **Download Service Data** option under the Service and Support menu to collect information about the server that can be used by IBM Support to assist you with your problem.

The following illustration shows the Service and Support menu.

System Status Events 🗸	Service and Support $+$	Server Management 👻 IMM Management 👻
System x3550 M4 Test Server Rename	Problems Settings	Problems addressed by IBM Support, if you have enabled service and support to report problems. Configure your system to monitor and report
Hest Name: Hest Name	-	service events
nost Name: nost_Name	Download Service Data	Obtain a compressed file of relevant service
The System Status and Health page p	ovides an acta-giance over	view of the operating status of the server in which this

Click the **Download Now** button if you want to download the service and support data.

The following illustration shows the Download Service Data window.



The process of collecting the service and support data starts. This process takes a few minutes to generate the service data that you can save to a file.

You will see the following Progress window while the Service data is being generated.



When the process is complete, you will be prompted to enter the location in which to save the file. Refer to the following illustration for an example.



Capturing the latest OS failure screen data

Use the **Latest OS Failure Screen** option to capture the operating system failure screen data and store the data. The IMM2 stores only the most recent error event information, overwriting earlier OS failure screen data when a new error event occurs. The OS Watchdog feature must be enabled to capture the OS failure screen. If an event occurs that causes the OS to stop running, the OS Watchdog feature is triggered The OS failure screen capture is available only with the IMM2 Advance Level functionality. See the documentation for your server for information about the level of IMM2 that is installed in your server.

To remotely display a OS Failure Screen image, select one of the following menu choices:

- Latest OS Failure Screen from the Server Management tab
- Latest OS Failure Screen tab on the System Status page

Note: If an OS Failure Screen has not been captured, the **Latest OS Failure Screen** tab on the System Status page will be grayed out and cannot be selected.

The following illustration shows the OS Failure Screen.



Managing the server power

Select the **Power Management** option under the **Server Management** tab to view power management information and perform power management functions.

Note: In an IBM Flex System, the Chassis Management Module (CMM) controls chassis cooling and power; therefore, the Cooling Devices and Power Modules options do not appear in the **Server Management** tab.

Controlling the power supply and total system power

Click the **Policies** tab to control how the power supply is managed and optionally control total system power with the Active Energy Manager by setting a capping policy.

Note: The Policies tab is not available in an IBM Flex System.

Configuring up to two power supplies

The following illustration shows the **Policies** tab for servers that support up to two power supplies.



To select the policy you want to use to protect your server in the case of a potential power module failure, click the Current Policy **Change** button for the Redundant with Throttling option on the Power Policies window.

Note: By choosing a power policy you can trade off between redundancy and available power.

Available fields on the Power Policies page are as follows:

Redundant without Throttling

The server is allowed to boot if the server is guaranteed to survive the loss of a power supply and continue to run without throttling.

Redundant with Throttling

The server is allowed to boot if the server is guaranteed to survive the loss of a power supply, though the server may need to throttle to continue running.

Non-Redundant

The server is allowed to boot provided the server is guaranteed to continue running without throttling and both power supplies are operational. The server will throttle if a power supply fails in an attempt to remain running; but, there is no guarantee.

The following window opens when you select the **Change** button for the Redundant with Throttling option.

	Supply Failure Limit	Power Limit (Watts)	Estimated Usage ^{††}
Redundant without Throttling			
System will be allowed to boot only if it is guaranteed to survive the loss of a power supply and continue to run without throttling.	1	550	100%
Redundant with Throttling			
System will be allowed to boot only if it is guaranteed to survive the loss of a poper supply, though it may need to throttle to continue running.	1	660	83%
Non-Redundant			
System will be allowed to boot provided that it is guaranteed to stay up and running without throtting and both power supplies operational. The system will throttle if a power supply fails in an attempt to stay up and running, but there is no guarantee.	0	1045	52%
is is the maximum number of power supplies that can fail while still guaranteeing the operation of the selec	ted policy.		
he estimated usage is based on the maximum power limit allowed in this policy and the current aggregated	power in use of all	components in th	he chassis.

With Active Energy Manager you can limit the total amount of power that the server is allowed to use. To set a limit for server power usage, click the Current Policy **Change** button for the Power Limiting/Capping Policy option on the Power Policies window.

On the Change Power Capping Policy window, click the **Power Capping** button and move the *slider mark* to the desired wattage to set the overall server power limit, (as shown in the following illustration). The arrow provides guidance in setting a power cap limit.

😢 [IMN2-6cae8b4b476d] - IBM Integrated Management Module - Internet Explorer	_ 8 ×
Solo 🖓 🚱 https://9.39.88.58/designs/imm/index-console.php#117	🔎 💌 Certificate error 🛛 🏠 🚖 🔅
📑 STGC_XB/STGKB - IBM Rational 🔳 IBM Concurrent Compatibility a 🧭 [IMM2-6cae8b4b476d] - IB 🛛 🗶	
IBM Integrated Management Module II	USERID Settings Log out IBM.
System Status Events • Service and Support • Server Management • IMM Management • Search Q	
Server Power Management Prover Fielded policies and furthermore Power Fielded Power Advance Power Policies Current Policy: Redundancy Power Limiting Coapping Policy Power Limiting Coapping Policy Current Policy: RedPower Limiting Our Current Policy: RedPower	

Configuring up to four power supplies

If the server supports up to four power supplies you can configure the server to provide *power-feed* redundancy. With *power-feed* redundancy one or two power supplies are plugged into one power feed and one or two additional power supplies are plugged into another power feed. If one power feed fails, the power supply (supplies) on the other power feed will prevent failure of the server.

Note: For power-feed redundancy to function properly, the power supplies in bays 1 and 3 must be plugged into one power feed. The power supplies in bays 2 and 4 must be plugged into another power feed.

The following illustration shows the **Policies** tab for servers that support up to four power supplies.

(M2-6cae8b4b476d] - IBM Integrated Management Module - Internet Explorer		
https://9.39.88.58/designs/imm/index-console.php#117		P 💌 🎗 Certificate error 🛛 🏠 🏫
TGC_XB/STGXB - IBM Rational IBM Concurrent Compatibility a 🦉 [IMM2-6cae8b4b476d] - IB 🗙		
M Integrated Management Module II		USERID Settings Log out IBM
System Status Events + Service and Support + Server Management + IMM Management +	(Search Q)	
rver Power Management		
Jicies Power Modules Power Allocation Power History		
ower Policies		
Power Supply Redundancy set palote for low of you wish to partice your pattern in the case of potential power module failure. Current Policy: Redundancy Disabled Change		
Power Limiting/Capping Policy Set policies for how or if you wish to limit the total amount of power that the system overal is allowed to consume. Current Policy: No Power Limiting Change		

To select the policy you want to use to protect the server in the case of a potential power module failure, click the Current Policy **Change** button for the Power Supply Redundancy option on the Power Policies window. You will see a window similar to the following illustration. By choosing a power policy you can trade off between redundancy and available power.

Power supply configuration:	Nominal Rating	1	Voltage	F	ffective Rating	Feed	Feed
Bay 1	1400\//	(D)	110Vac		0001/		2
Bay 2	1400W	æ	220Vac	-	1400W		1
Bay 3	1400W	0	220Vac	=	1400W	1	
Bay 4	1400W	0	110Vac	-	900W		1
Non-Redundant Available power: 319	2W						
Maximum power consumption:				With F	ul Throttling	With No Thro	ottling
Budget for current configuration					461W	536W	
Budget for all hot-plug components					596W	672W	
Allow Throttling to keep system within	power budget						
N+N Redundancy (specify desired confi	guration/budget):				N+0	N+N	
1+1 with one 900W power supply pe	r feed				900W	1080W	
1+1 with one 1400W power supply p	er feed				1400W	1680W	
2+2 with two 900W power supplies p	ber feed			1	L710W	2052W	
2+2 with one 900W and 1400W pow	er supply per feer	t i			2160W	2592W	

Available fields on the Power Policies page are as follows:

Power supply configuration

This field is a read-only section that displays the power supplies in each bay and associated information for each power supply.

Non-Redundant Available power

When the server is running in a non-redundant mode of operation, this field displays the available non-redundant power. All of the power from all power supplies is assumed to be available in the non-redundant mode of operation.

Maximum power consumption

This field displays the maximum amount of power the server is capable of consuming, regardless of the power supplies installed. You can choose the configuration you want to budget for by selecting one of the following:

- Budget for current configuration
- Budget for all hot-plug components

Allow Throttling to keep system within power budget

Click this checkbox to permit throttling. Microprocessor throttling is a process that efficiently saves server energy and power; therefore, keeping the server within the power budget.

Note: Throttling during normal operation might impair performance of the server.

N+N Redundancy (specify desired configuration/budget)

Click this checkbox if you want the server to run in the redundancy mode of operation. When you click this checkbox, you are presented with additional redundancy configurations to choose from to achieve your desired configuration or power budget.

Note: If this checkbox is not selected, the server will run without redundancy.

With Active Energy Manager you can limit the total amount of power that the server is allowed to use. To set a limit for server power usage, click the Current Policy **Change** button for the Power Limiting/Capping Policy option on the Power Policies window.

On the Change Power Capping Policy window, click the **Power Capping** button and move the *slider mark* to the desired wattage to set the overall server power limit, (as shown in the following illustration). The arrow provides guidance in setting a power cap limit.

[TIM2-6cae8940176d] - IBM Integrated Management Module - Internet Explorer	_ 5
Concept of the second s	P 🔄 👻 Certificate error 🛛 🏠 ☆ 🔅
IBM Integrated Management Module II	USERID Settings Log out IBM.
System Status Events + Service and Support + Server Management + IMM Management + Service Q	
Server Power Management	
Manage power related policies and hardware	
Policies Power Modules Power Allocation Power History	
Power Policies	
Power Supply Redundancy Change Power Capping Policy ×	
Set policies for how or if you wish to protect your syste	
Current Policy: Redundancy Disabled Chan O No Power Limiting	
The maximum power limit will be determined by the active Power Redundancy policy.	
POWER LIMICING/Capping POICY Sets the overall system power limit. In a stuation where powering on a component would cause the limit to be exceeded, the component would not be exceeded, the component	
See percent Policy: No Power Limiting Change 116 505	
505 Watts (Range 116 - 505)	
▲ DC	
Ok Cancel Refresh	

Displaying currently installed power supplies

Click the **Power Modules** tab to display information about the currently installed power supplies. The name of each power module installed in the server is displayed along with the status and power rating of each power module. To display additional information for a power module, click on the name of a power module. A Properties window opens that contains three tabs: Events, HW Info and Errors for that specific power module.

The following illustration shows the **Power Modules** tab for servers that can support up to two power supplies.

nage pov	er related	policies a	nd hardware								
Policies	Power	Modules	Power Allocation	Power History							
						a a far					
isplay po ith 3 tabs	ver modul Events, H	es in the s W Info, an	ystem with status an d Errors.	d power ratings. Cli	cking on a r	module di	splays a P	roperties	pop-u	p wind	WO
isplay po ith 3 tabs Name	ver modul Events, H	es in the s W Info, an Status	ystem with status an d Errors.	d power ratings. Cli Rated Power (Wat	cking on a r S)	module di	splays a F	roperties	s pop-u	p wind	ow
isplay po ith 3 tabs Name Power Sy	ver modul Events, H	es in the s W Info, an Status	ystem with status an d Errors. nal	d power ratings. Cli Rated Power (Wat N/A	cking on a r	module di	splays a F	roperties	pop-u	p wind	ow
isplay po ith 3 tabs Name Power Sy Power 1	ver modul Events, H	es in the s W Info, an Status Norm	ystem with status an d Errors. nal	d power ratings. Cli Rated Power (Wat N/A 550	cking on a r	module di	splays a F	roperties	s pop-u	p wind	ow

The following illustration shows the **Power Modules** tab for servers that can support up to four power supplies.

Policies	Power Mo	dules	Power Allocation	Power History	
owel isplay pow tabs: Eve	r Modu ver modules nts, HW Info	in the s	ystem with status rrors.	and power ratings. Clicking o	on a module displays a Properties pop-up window with
Name	•	Status		Rated Power (Watts)	
Power Sy:	stem	Norr	naí	N/A	
		More	nal	900	
Power 2		Nou	indi i		

Displaying power supply capacity

Click the **Power Allocation** tab to display how much power supply capacity is being used and to display the current dc power consumption of the server (as shown in the following illustration).

C [INN2-6cae8b4b476d] - IBM Integrated Management Module - Internet Explorer	_ 8 ×
🔄 🔍 🗣 🥜 https:// 9.39.88.58 (designs://mm/index-console.pt/p#117	ficate error 👔 🏠 🎲
📑 STGC_XB/STGNB - IBM Rational 🔳 IBM Concurrent Compatibility a 💋 [JMM2-6cae8b4b476d] - IB 🗴	
IBM Integrated Management Module II USERID Settings	l Log out IBM.
System Status Events • Service and Support • Server Management • IMM Management • Search Q	
Server Power Management	
Manage power related policies and hardware	
Policies Power Modules Power Allocation Power History	
Power Allocation	
Total DC Power Available 1,710 Watts	
Total Thermal Output 320 BTU/Hour Refresh	
Power Supply Utilization Current DC Power Consumption	
Remaining: 884W	
Unused: 732W	
Monty: 1W	
Others: 55W	
System Max: 826W	
Surfam Mays analysis young that all companying transfers and a CDD company of any companying of all the CDD	
determined of the second	
Remaining: remaining Power Supply Capacity Other Devices: current DC power consumption of the other devices.	
Unused: amount remaining for additional devices.	

Displaying the power history

Click the **Power History** tab to display how much power is being used by the server for a selected time period. From the **Chart** tab on the Power History page,

you can select the time period and you also have the option to view ac or dc power. The average, minimum and maximum power usage is displayed (as shown in the following illustration).

[IMM2-6cae8b4b476d] - IBM	Integrated Management Module - Internet Explorer		_ 8
🗲 🗢 😽 🥝 https://9.39.	\$8.58/designs/mm/index-console.php#117	🔎 💌 🛛 Centricate	error 🟠 🚖 🔅
STGC_XB/STGXB - IBM Rational	, 🔚 IBM Concurrent Compatibility a 🧭 [IMM2-6cae8b4b476d] - IB 🛛 🔛		
BM Integrated Managemer	it Module II	USERID Settings Lo	out IBM.
System Status Event	s Service and Support Server Management IMM Management	(Search Q)	
erver Power Ma	nagement		
anage power related policies an	disardware		
Delicion Dower Medules	Down Allocation Down Litters		
Policies Power Houses	ower Anocaduri Power Hadury		
Power History			
Chart Table			
The chart below shows the I	XC power consumption history. You can check the average, maximum, and minimum DC	C power for the system.	
Previous hour 🔹 D	2 v Refresh		
100			
90			
80 -			
75			
sti co			
3 50			
40			
8 30			
20			
10			
19:17 19:19 19:22	19:24 19:27 19:29 19:32 19:34 19:37 19:39 19:42 19:44 19:47 19:49 19:52 19:54 19:57	19:59 20:02 20:04 20:07 20:09 20:12 20:14	
Polling Interval: 5 Data Poin	*		
Folling Interval. 5 Data Foll	*		
Note: Based on the polling	nterval and the trend period selected, if the total number of data points returned canno	t be clearly displayed due to the width of this chart, some data points may be omitted and the	
time periods between those	and the second		
	displayed may not match the chassis polling interval setting.		

Managing the scalable complex

Note: In this section the words *nodes* and *servers* are used interchangeably.

Use the **Scalable Complex** option to view and manage the current state of all available nodes (servers). A scalable complex allows nodes to be subdivided into separate partitions or independent nodes. Assigned nodes are servers that are logically grouped together into a partition. Servers in a partition act as a *single* system and can share resources with each other. The nodes in a partition can also be separated into stand-alone (independent) nodes. A node in the stand-alone mode performs as an *individual* system. Select the **Scalable Complex** option under the **Server Management** tab to configure the server. The Scalable Complex page consist of the Assigned Nodes and Unassigned Nodes sections. You can click the **Refresh** button to get the latest status information for the nodes.

The following illustration has no assigned nodes. In this illustration the nodes perform as individual servers. Without any nodes being assigned the only available functionality is to remotely control the server power or create a partition from the Assigned Nodes section. You can control the server power by selecting the **Power Actions** tab, see "Controlling the power status of the server" on page 114. for additional information.

Note: All power to the server must be turned off to add or remove a partition.

<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmark	s <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> e	lp				
🗌 [IMM2-6cae8b4b48f5] - IB 💥 💭	[IMM2-40f2e	94d004d] - IB	💥 🗌 [IMM2-6ca	e8b4b4335]-	IB 🕱 🗍 [IMM2-	6cae8b4b43
📀 🚸 🔂 🔒 https://a2/designs/i	mm/index-co	onsole.php#130			☆▼ ଃ Goog	le
IBM Integrated Management Module II					USERIC) Settings I
System Status Events - Service	and Support -	Server Manageme	nt 👻 IMM Managem	ent v	Search	. Q)
Scalable Complex This page allows the user to view and manage so Assigned Nodes Assigned nodes are servers that have been log single system. Servers in stand-alone mode with Partitioning in this scalable complex has not Power Actions v Partition Actions v Partition /Node	calable complex jically grouped to I behave as indi t been specified Mode	Click the "Refresh" ogether into a partitic vidual systems. . Please go to "unass Status	outton to get the latest m. Servers in partition signed nodes" to create Processors	mode will behave a partitions.	as a Primary	
	N	o Partitions Present				
Unassigned Nodes To configure a scalable partition, select one or Partition" button. Power Actions Create Partition	more unassigne	d nodes in the powe	red off state and then c	lick on the "Create		
Node	Status	Processors	Memory			
System_x3950_X6(Lower Node)	Powered off	2 Intel XEON	16 GB			

Creating a partition

In the Unassigned nodes section of the Scalable Complex page, select the checkbox that corresponds to the nodes that you want to add to your partition.

Notes:

- To add a partition all power to the server must be turned off.
- The **Create Partition** button is grayed out until a node is selected.
- If you select the Node check box, all nodes are automatically included and marked as checked.
- Firmware versions of the nodes within the scalable complex must be the same.

A Confirm to Create Partition window opens consisting of the nodes previously selected, (as shown in the following illustration). Click the **Create Partition Now** button to create the partition. You will receive a confirmation message indicating the partition is successfully created. Click the **Refresh** button to see the new partition status if the page does not automatically refresh. Once the partition is created the status of all partitions and any unassigned nodes is displayed. Power to the server can be turned on or off using the **Power Actions** button and the partition can be removed or the mode of operation for the partition can be changed using the **Partition Actions** button.

Note: Nodes in the partition mode of operation perform as one single system sharing resources.



After the partition is created you will see a window similar to the following illustration displaying the status of all partitions and unassigned nodes.

<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmark	s <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> el	р				
🔅 [IMM2-6cae8b4b48f5] - IB 💥 💭	[IMM2-40f2e9	94d004d] - IB	. 🗶 📋 [IMM2-6ca	e8b4b4335]-	IB 💥 🗍 [IMM	12-6cae8b4b430
	mm/index-co	nsole.php#13	0		☆▼ <mark>8</mark> ▼ Go	ogle
IBM Integrated Management Module II					USE	RID Settings Lo
System Status Events - Service	and Support -	Server Managem	ent 👻 IMM Manageme	nt v	Search	q
Scalable Complex This page allows the user to view and manage s Assigned Nodes Assigned nodes are servers that have been log single system. Servers in stand-alone mode wi Power Actions Partition Actions Partition Actions	calable complex. gically grouped to II behave as indiv Mode	Click the "Refresh" gether into a partiti idual systems. Status	button to get the latest s	tatus. Refresi node will behave a Memory	h as a Primary	
Partition 1	Partition					
System_x3950_X6(Lower Node)	Partition	Powered off	2 Intel XEON	16 GB	~	
System_x3950_X6(Upper Node)	Partition	Powered off	2 Intel XEON	16 GB		
Unassigned Nodes To configure a scalable partition, select one or Partition button. Power Actions	more unassigned	nodes in the powe	ered off state and then cli	ck on the "Create		
Node	Status	Processors	Memory			
N	o Nodes Present					

The details for a node are accessed by clicking on an individual node in the partition. The Node Property window is displayed (as shown in the following illustration).

• • 🃎 🔁 🔒 https://a2/designs/ii	mm/index-console.php#130	∰ ▼ <mark>8</mark> ▼ Goog	jle	0
BM Integrated Management Module II		USERI	D Settings	
System Status Events - Service	Node Property	· · · ·	x	
calable Compley	Check the node details in table be	low. You can also launch server web console to view more.		
is none allows the user to view and manage st	Property	Value		
s page allows the user to view and manage st	Name & Node String ID	System_x3950_X6(Lower Node)	1	
Assigned Nodes	UUID	313233342020202020202020202020202020		
ssigned nodes are servers that have been log	ic: Node Key	D000	-	
ingle system. Servers in stand-alone mode wil	Machine Type & Model	3837xyz		
Power Actions 🔻 Partition Actions 👻	Serial Number	1234568		
Partition / Node	IPv4 Address	9.37.80.63		
Partition 4	IPv6 Address	fe80::42f2:e9ff:fe4d:4d		
Partition 1	Lan Over Usb	169.254.95.118		
System_x3950_X6(Lower Node)	P Number of Ports	3		
System_x3950_X6(Upper Node)	F Port Type	QPI		
Inassigned Nedes	Port 0 Remote Node Key	7D01		
configure a scalable partition, select one or i	Port 0 Remote Port ID	0		
artition" button.	Port 0 Status	Enabled		
Power Actions 🔻 Create Partition	Port 1 Remote Node Key			
	Port 1 Remote Port ID			
Node	Port 1 Status	Disabled		
N	Port 2 Remote Node Key			
	Port 2 Remote Port ID			
	Port 2 Status	Disabled		

Changing a partition mode

Click the **Partition Actions** tab on the Scalable Complex page to change the mode of operation for the partition or remove the partition (as shown in the following illustration).

<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> o	lit <u>V</u> iew	Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmark	s <u>T</u> oo	ols <u>H</u> elp					
🔅 [ІММ	2-6cae8b4	b48f5] - IB 💥 🗍	[IMM2	2-40f2e94	4d004d] - IB	🗶 🔲 [IMM2-6cae	8b4b4335] - I	B 🕱 🗍 [IN	4M2-6cae8
 	2	https:// a2 /designs/i	mm/in	ndex-con:	sole.php#130)		☆ ▼ 8▼ 0	Google
IBM In	tegrated Mar	nagement Module II						ι	I SERID Se
	System Statu	is Events - Service	and Sup	pport v S	ierver Manageme	nt 👻 IMM Managemer	t v	Sear	ch
Scala This page Assign Assignes Single s	able Co e allows the us gned Node ed nodes are s system. Server: r Actions v	mplex er to view and manage s es rervers that have been log s in stand-alone mode wi Partition Actions v	calable o gically gr Il behave	complex. Cl rouped toge re as individ	lick the "Refresh" ether into a partitio lual systems.	button to get the latest sta	atus. Refresh	sa	
	Partition / No	Activate Stand-alone M	ode		Status	Processors	Memory	Primary	
	Partition 1	Restore Partition Mode	ic	on	oundo	1100000010	memory	T minary	
	A System	<3950 X6(Lower Node)	Partitic	on	Powered off	2 Intel XEON	16 GB	1	
	System_x3	3950_X6(Upper Node)	Partitic	on	Powered off	2 Intel XEON	16 GB		
Unas To confi Partition Powe	signed No gure a scalab " button. r Actions 💌	Ddes le partition, select one or Create Partition	more un	nassigned n	odes in the powe	red off state and then clic	k on the "Create		
	Node		Status	5	Processors	Memory			
		N	o Nodes	s Present					

Click **Activate Stand-alone Mode** to allow each node to act independently of one another. Click **Restore Partition Mode** to switch between the partition and stand-alone modes. Click **Remove Partition** to remove the partition.

The following illustration shows the nodes in the stand-alone mode of operation.

<u>ile E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmark	s <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> e	lp			
🗍 [IMM2-6cae8b4b48f5] - IB 💥 🗍	[IMM2-40f2e	94d004d] - IB.	🗶 [[IMM2-6ca	ae8b4b4335]	- IB 🕱 🗍 [IMM2
🗞 🚸 🛃 🔒 https://a2/designs/i	imm/index-co	onsole.php#13	0		☆▼ 8• Goo
IBM Integrated Management Module II					USER
System Status Events - Service	and Support -	Server Managem	ent 👻 IMM Managem	ent v	Search.
Assigned Nodes Assigned nodes are servers that have been lo single system. Servers in stand-alone mode w Power Actions Partition Actions	calable complex. gically grouped to ill behave as indiv	Click the "Refresh" ogether into a partit vidual systems.	" button to get the latest : ion. Servers in partition :	status. Refre	sh e as a
Partition / Node	Mode	Status	Processors	Memory	Primary
Partition 1	Stand-alone				
System_x3950_X6(Lower Node)	Stand-alone	Powered off	2 Intel XEON	16 GB	~
System_x3950_X6(Upper Node)	Stand-alone	Powered off	2 Intel XEON	16 GB	
Unassigned Nodes To configure a scalable partition, select one or Partition" button. Power Actions Create Partition	more unassigned	d nodes in the pow	ered off state and then c	lick on the "Creat	e
Node	Status	Processors	Memory		
N	lo Nodes Present				

Deleting a partition mode

Select the **Remove Partition** tab to delete a partition (as shown in the following illustration).

Note: To remove a partition the power to the node must be turned off.

ile <u>E</u> o	dit <u>V</u> iew	Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmark	s <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> e	lp				
] [IMM	2-6cae8b4	b48f5] - IB 🗶 🗌	[IMM2-40f2e	94d004d] - IB.	. 🗶 📋 [IMM2-6ca	e8b4b4335]	- IB 🕱 🗍 [IMN	42-6
ço os	2	https:// a2 /designs/i	mm/index-co	onsole.php#13	0		ি ▼ 8ि ▼ Gα	ogle
IBM In	ntegrated Mai	nagement Module II					US	ERID
	System Statu	is Events - Service	and Support 🗸	Server Managem	ent 👻 IMM Manageme	nt v	Searci	h
Scali nis page Assign Assigne	able Co e allows the us gned Node ed nodes are s	mplex er to view and manage s es ervers that have been loo s in stand-alone mode wi	calable complex gically grouped to	. Click the "Refresh ogether into a partit	' button to get the latest s ion. Servers in partition n	tatus. Refre	e as a	
Powe	r Actions 🔻	Partition Actions -	in benave as mai	viudai systems.				
	Partition / No	Activate Stand-alone M Restore Partition Mode	ode e	Status	Processors	Memory	Primary	
	Partition 1	Remove Partition	J-alone					
	A System_	3950_X6(Lower Node)	Stand-alone	Powered off	2 Intel XEON	16 GB	*	
	System_x	3950_X6(Upper Node)	Stand-alone	Powered off	2 Intel XEON	16 GB		
Unas To conf Partitio Powe	igure a scalab n" button.	Ddes le partition, select one or Create Partition	more unassigne	d nodes in the pow	ered off state and then cli	ck on the "Creat	te	
	Node		Status	Processors	Memory			
		N	o Nodes Present	t				

Partition errors

Error conditions can occur when working with partitions. If an error condition exists, the IMM2 will return an event code to the event logs. Two error conditions are described in the following table and displayed in the next two illustrations.

Table 8. Partition error conditions

Error	Description	Action
Failed to do partition action.	Some partitions that are selected are in the power on state.	Power off the partition.
Failed to group partition.	There is a mismatch of the firmware versions between the nodes within the complex.	Update the IMM2 firmware version for all of the nodes to the same firmware version.

The following illustration is the response received if attempting to perform any type of partition action and the nodes in that partition are powered on. To correct this problem power down all nodes in the partition.

Falled to	Do Partition Action ×
8	Failed to do partition action because some partitions you selected are in power on state.
	To take any partition actions, the partition must be in powered off status.
Close	

The following illustration is the response received if there is a mismatch between the firmware versions among the nodes. To correct this problem ensure all nodes contain the same IMM2 firmware version.

Faled	io Group Partition
8	Selected node(s) cannot be grouped into partition because:
	Failed to perform this action because there was a mismatch between firmware versions among nodes within the complex. Suggest to update IMM firmware to the same version.
-	
Close	

Viewing the local storage configuration

Click the **Local Storage** option under the **Server Management** tab or the Local Storage link in the Hardware Health table on the System Status and Health page to view the storage status of the server. This option provides the local storage status, configuration, and detailed information for the server.

Note: If the server does not support the **Local Storage** option, only the status of the disks and associated active events are displayed.

Viewing the physical resource information

On the Local Storage page click the **Physical Resource** tab to display the physical resource summary of the server (as shown in the following illustration). The summary includes the supported RAID controller and associated drive information. To obtain the latest status information click the **Refresh** button.

Note: On the Physical Resource page, the supported RAID controllers and associated physical drives are displayed. For physical drives that do not have an associated RAID controller, "None-manageable drives to IMM" is displayed in the **Name** field.

OCAI Stora	ge			
Refresh	s physical structure and st	orage configuration. Y	ou can refresh to get lai	est status.
Physical Resource	Storage RAID Configuration	on		
Click on a device to s RAID Controllers	ee active events and prop and Physical Drives	erties.		
Name		Health Status	Capacity	Serial No
- ServeRAID M12	I De (DOI Class 0)			
	IDe(PCI SIDED)			3B6015
Drive 3	106(PCI SI0(0)	🛛 Normal	465.762GB	3B6015 9XF2JL2T1018BD2E
Drive 3	e drives to IMM @	Normal	465.762GB	3B6015 9XF2JL2T1018BD2E

Click the link of the supported RAID controller to view the controller's active events, hardware, firmware, and port information.

The **Hardware Information** tab, contains the following information (as shown in the following illustration):

- RAID card summary
- Asset summary
- Cache model
- PCI
- Battery backup (if a battery backup has been installed)

Hardware Information Firm	ware Port Details	
		A
Product Name Port Number	ServeRAID M5110e 8	
Firmware Package Versior Battery Backup	0 23.22.0-0018 Not Installed	
Manufacture UUID Machine Type Machine Model	5005076040808848	
Serial No. FRU No. Part No.	23V04K	
- Cache Model		in-concentration and a second second
Cache Model Memory Size	2 368MB	
▼ PCI		

The **Firmware** tab contains detailed firmware information for the RAID controller (as shown in the following illustration).

pender ter contate ne			_
Hardware Information	Firmware	Port Details	
BIOS Firmware			16
► APP Firmware			
Firmware Name Description Manufacture	1	VVDT	11
Version	2	2.1312.03-0126	
Release Date	C	Det 31 2013	
+ BCON Firmware			
Firmware Name Description Manufacture	E	3CON	
Version	e	3.1-71-e_71-Rel	
Release Date	C	Det 29 2013	
▼ PCLI Firmware			
Firmware Name	F	PCLI	~

The **Port Details** tab contains the port number and port address information for the RAID controller (as shown in the following illustration).

	mation	Firmware	Port Details
otal port numb	per: 8		
Port No.	Port	Address	
0	5000	00E01AAC8	B32
1	5000	C5006810F	E3D
2	5000	00E11651AF	-42
3	5000	00E11651A4	172
4	5000	C50017451	301
5	4433	2211030000	00
6	4433	2211060000	00
7	0000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000

Click the link of the associated drive for the RAID controller. The Properties page for the drive opens. Click the **Events**, **Hardware Information**, or **Firmware** tab to view additional information about the drive.

Note: If the drive is displayed as "Non-manageable drives to IMM" on the Physical Resource page, only the associated active events are displayed.

The following two illustrations display the Hardware Information and Firmware pages for the drive associated with the RAID controller.

	Hardware Information	Firmware
Drive S	summary	
Product	Name	ST973452SS
State		Online
Slot No.		1
Disk Typ	e	SAS
Media T	ype	HDD
Speed		6.0Gb/s
Current	Temperature	0° C
Asset S	Summary	
Manufad	ture	IBM-ESXS
Device I	D	5
Enclosu	re ID	0x00FC
	е Туре	
Machine	Madal	
Machine Machine	Model	
Machine Machine Serial N	o.	3TA0M7TY
Machine Machine Serial N RU No		3TA0M7TY 42C0261

Licius	Hardware Info	ormation Firmware
 Drive F 	irmware	
Firmwar	e Name ion	Drive
Version Release	Date	3624

Storage RAID configuration tab

On the Local Storage page click the **Storage Raid Configuration** tab to display the storage that is managed by the IMM2. You can view storage pools, associated volumes and drives for the RAID controller. To obtain the latest status information click the **Refresh** button.

The **View Logical Drives by Storage Pools** tab displays the logical drives on the RAID controller (as shown in the following illustration). The logical drives are sorted by storage pools and controllers. Detailed information about the volume such as the volume strip size and bootable information is displayed.

IBM Integrated Management Module II							
System	Status Events -	Service and Support -	Server Management 👻 IMM Manag	ement -			
Physical Resour Display the stora Physical Resour Display the stora	ITAGE evices physical structu (Storage RAID Co age that manageable rives by Storage Pool	nfiguration	on, You can refresh to get latest status. rage pools, associated volumes and dr r Storage Pools	ives.			
Name		RAID State	Capacity	details			
ServeRAI	OM5110e(PCI Slot 0)						
E Storag	e Pool 0	RAID 1	67.055GB(0.055GB free)	1 Volume(s)			
Volume 0		Optimal	67.000GB	Bootable, Strip Size 128K			
Storage Pool 1		RAID 1	67.055GB(61.000GB free)	1 Volume(s)			
VD	_1	Optimal	6.055GB	Not Bootable, Strip Size 128KB			

To view the physical drives and associated storage pools click the **View Physical drives by Storage Pools** tab (as shown in the following illustration). The capacity and RAID level of the storage pool is displayed. The RAID state of the drive, the number of drives in the storage pool, along with the interface and one drive type are displayed.

esh			
sical Resource Storage RAID	Configuration		
splay the storage that manageabl	e by IMM2. You can view storage	pools, associated volumes and d	rives.
/iew Logical Drives by Storage Po	ols View Physical Drives by Sto	rage Pools	
Name	RAID State	Capacity	details
ServeRAID M5110e(PCI Slot	0)		
Storage Pool 0	RAID 1	67.055GB(0.055GB free)	2 Drive(s)
Drive 0	Online	68.366GB	SAS, HDD
Drive 1	Online	68.366GB	SAS, HDD
Storage Pool 1	RAID 1	67.055GB(61.000GB free)	2 Drive(s)
Drive 2	Online	68.366GB	SAS, HDD
Drive 4	Online	68.366GB	SAS, HDD
Non-RAID Drives			3 Drive(s)
Drive 3	Unconfigured Good	232.886GB	SATA, HDD
Drive 5	Hot Spare	279.397GB	SAS, HDD
Drive 6	Unconfigured Good	232.886GB	SATA, HDD

Viewing the adapter information

Click the **Adapters** option under the **Server Management** tab to view information about the PCIe adapters installed in the server.

Notes:

- If the server does support the **Adapters** option and you remove, replace, or configure any adapters, you must restart the server (at least once) to view the updated adapter information.
- If the server does not support the **Adapters** option, this option is not available on the **Server Management** tab.

Click an adapter or functional link on the Adapters page to view details about the component (as shown in the following illustration).

IBM Integrat	ed Management Module II			USERID	Settings Log out	IBM
Syste	m Status Events + Service and Support + Server Ma	nagement 👻 IMM M	anagement +	(Search	٩	
	S s information. Click the link of each device to view more detai	ls. If you remove or rep	lace adapters, the server			
slot No.	vered on at least once after the removal/replacement to show Device Name	the correct adapters in Device Type	Card Interface			
OnBoard	Adapter 06:00:00	SAS	Onboard			
OnBoard	IBM Flex System 2-port 10Gb LOM Virtual Fabric Adapter		Onboard			
	L. IBM Flex System 2-port 10Gb LOM Virtual Fabric Adapter 0C:00:00	Ethernet				
	L., IBM Flex System 2-port 10Gb LOM Virtual Fabric Adapter 0C:00:01	Ethernet				
OnBoard	Adapter 04:00:00	GPU	Onboard			
2	Adapter 16:00:00		Unknown			
	L., Function 16:00:00	Ethernet				
	L. Eunction 16:00:00	Ethernet				

From the Properties page the hardware and firmware information along with the port details for the component can be viewed (as shown in the following illustration).

lardware Information	Firmware	Port Details	
➡ IBM Flex System 2-	port 10Gb LC	DM Virtual Fabric Adapter 0C:00:00	
- Network Adapter	Summary		-
Product Name		IBM Flex System 2-port 10Gb LOM Virtual Fabric Adapter 0C:00:00	
Card Interface		Onboard	
Slot No.		OnBoard	
Physical Port Num	ber	1	
Max Logical Port N	lumber	4	
UUID		000000000000000006CAE8B2C1668	
Manufacturer		IBM	
Serial No.		I3212CT05K	
Part No.		OCI11102-F-X	
Model		OCI11102-F-X	
FRU No.		N/A	
FoD UID		8NFZGMG2NJYK1MEGAHHA5AEGZ9HKMHDV	
Max Data Width		8	
Package Type		Onboard	

For adapters using older firmware or for adapters that do not support out-of-band inventory, only part of the hardware information can be displayed. Firmware, port, and chipset information cannot be retrieved.

Chapter 7. Features on Demand

IMM2 Features on Demand (FoD) allows you to install and manage optional server and systems management features.

There are multiple levels of IMM2 firmware functionality and features available for your server. The level of IMM2 firmware features installed on your server vary based on hardware type. For information about the type of IMM2 hardware and features in your server, see the documentation that came with the server.

You can upgrade IMM2 functionality by purchasing and installing an FoD activation key. For additional detailed information about FoD, see the *Features on Demand User's Guide* at http://www.ibm.com/systems/x/fod/.

Note: On servers with the IMM2 Basic level functionality, the IBM Integrated Management Module Standard Upgrade is required prior to installing the IBM Integrated Management Module Advanced Upgrade functionality.

To order an FoD activation key, contact your IBM representative or business partner or go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/x/fod/.

Use the IMM2 web interface or the IMM2 command-line interface (CLI) to manually install an FoD activation key that lets you use an optional feature you have purchased. Before activating a key:

- The FoD activation key must be on the system that you are using to login to the IMM2.
- You must have ordered the FoD option and received its authorization code via mail or email.

See "Installing an activation key," "Removing an activation key" on page 164 or "Exporting an activation key" on page 165 for information about managing an FoD activation key using the IMM2 web interface. See "keycfg command" on page 204 for information about managing an FoD activation key using the IMM2 CLI.

Installing an activation key

Install a FoD activation key to add an optional feature to your server.

To install a FoD activation key, complete the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the IMM2. For more information, see "Logging in to the IMM2" on page 10.
- 2. From the IMM2 web interface, click on the **IMM Management** tab; then, click **Activation Key Management**.

				USERID	Settings	Log	out	IBM.
anage	ement 🗸	IMM Management 🗸	Search					
	IMM Prop	perties	Various properties and IMM	settings related	d to the			
	Users		Create and modify user profiles that will have a	r accounts and ccess to the IM	group M console			
ope	Network		Network settings such a by the IMM	as SNMP and I	LDAP used	ins	are co-	located o
	Security		Configure security proto SSH	ocols such as S	SSL and			
	IMM Con	figuration	View a summary of the settings.	current config	uration			
est O	Restart I	ММ	Restart the IMM. Typics experiencing problems	ally only neede with the IMM	d when			
N	Reset IM	M to factory defaults	Sets all current configue default values	ration settings	back to			
	Activatio	n Key Managerent	Add and remove activa functionality	tion keys for ac	lditional			

3. From the Activation Key Management page, click Add....

IBM I	ntegrated Manaq	jement Mo	dule II	
	System Status	Events 🗸	Service and Support $ extsf{-}$	Server
Activ Add, rem Add.	vation Key nove and export ad Delete Exp Descriptor Type	y Mana ctivation key port • Fe	agement s for additional functionalit ature Description	y.

4. In the Add Activation Key window, click **Select File...**; then, select the activation key file to add in the File Upload window and click **Open** to add the file or click **Cancel** to stop the installation. To finish adding the key, click **OK**, in the Add Activation Key window, or click **Cancel** to stop the installation.



The Success window indicates that the activation key is installed.

Success	х
Success	
Close	

Note:

• If the activation key is not valid, you will see the following error window.



• If you are attempting to install the activation key on a machine type that does not support the FoD feature, you will see the following error window.



5. Click OK to close the Success window.

The selected activation key is added to the server and appears in the Activation Key Management page.

Activation Key Management Add, remove and export activation keys for additional functionality. Add Delete Export							
Descriptor Type 🔺	Feature Description	Unique IDs	Constraints				
0 1	IBM Integrated Management Module Advanced Upgrade	791406KNKL9	No Constraints				

Removing an activation key

Remove a FoD activation key to delete an optional feature from your server.

To remove a FoD activation key, complete the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the IMM2. For more information, see "Logging in to the IMM2" on page 10.
- 2. From the IMM2 web interface, click on the **IMM Management** tab; then, click on **Activation Key Management**.

				USERID	Settings	I	Log out	IBM.
anage	ement 🗸	IMM Management 🗸	Search					
	IMM Prop	perties	Various properties and IMM	settings related	l to the			
	Users		Create and modify user profiles that will have ac	r accounts and ccess to the IMI	group M console			
ope	Network		Network settings such a by the IMM	as SNMP and L	.DAP used		ins are co	o-located or
	Security		Configure security proto SSH	ocols such as S	SL and			
	IMM Con	figuration	View a summary of the settings.	current configu	ıration			
est O	Restart I	MM	Restart the IMM. Typica experiencing problems	ally only needed with the IMM	l when			
M	Reset IM	M to factory defaults	Sets all current configur default values	ration settings b	ack to			
	Activatio	on Key Manageraent	Add and remove activat functionality	tion keys for ad	ditional			

3. From the Activation Key Management page, select the activation key to remove; then, click **Delete**.

Activation Key Management Add, remove and export activation keys for additional functionality. Add, Define Export							
Descriptor Type 🔺	Feature Description	Unique IDs					
I	IBM Integrated Management Module Advanced Upgrade	791406KNKL9					

4. In the Confirm Activation Key Deletion window, click **OK** to confirm activation key deletion or click **Cancel** to keep the key file.

Confirm Activation Key Deletion			
Do you want to remove the activation key 'IBM Integrated Management Module Advanced Upgrade' ?			
OK Cancel			

The selected activation key is removed from the server and no longer appears in the Activation Key Management page.



Exporting an activation key

Export a FoD activation key to export an optional feature from your server.

To export a FoD activation key, complete the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the IMM2. For more information, see "Logging in to the IMM2" on page 10.
- 2. From the IMM2 web interface, click on the **IMM Management** tab; then, click on **Activation Key Management**.

				USERID	Settings	Log out	IBM.
anage	ement 👻	IMM Management 🗸	Search				
	IMM Properties Various properties and settings related to the IMM				I to the		
	Users		Create and modify user accounts and group profiles that will have access to the IMM console				
ope	Network		Network settings such a by the IMM	as SNMP and L	.DAP used	ins are co)-located or
	Security		Configure security proto SSH	ocols such as S	SL and		
	IMM Con	figuration	View a summary of the settings.	current configu	ıration		
est O	Restart I	мм	Restart the IMM. Typically only needed when experiencing problems with the IMM				
N	N Reset IMM to factory defaults		Sets all current configu default values	ration settings t	back to		
	Activatio	n Key Managerment	Add and remove activa functionality	tion keys for ad	ditional		

3. From the Activation Key Management page, select the activation key to export; then, click **Export**.

Activation Key Management Add, remove and export activation keys for additional functionality. Add Delete Expret							
Descriptor Type 🔺	Feature Description	Unique IDs					
1	IBM Integrated Management Module Advanced Upgrade	791406KNKL9					

4. In the Confirm Activation Key Export window, click **OK** to confirm activation key exporting or click **Cancel** to cancel the key exporting request.



5. Select the directory to save the file. The selected activation key is exported from the server.

Chapter 8. Command-line interface

Use the IMM2 command-line interface (CLI) to access the IMM2 without having to use the web interface. It provides a subset of the management functions that are provided by the web interface.

You can access the CLI through a Telnet or SSH session. You must be authenticated by the IMM2 before you can issue any CLI commands.

Managing the IMM2 with IPMI

The IMM2 comes with User ID 1 set initially to a user name of USERID and password of PASSW0RD (with a zero, not the letter O). This user has Supervisor access.

Important: Change this user name and password during your initial configuration for enhanced security.

In an IBM Flex System, a user can configured the IBM Flex System Chassis Management Module (CMM) to centrally manage the IMM2 Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) user accounts. In this circumstance you might not be able to access the IMM2 using IPMI until the CMM has configured the IPMI User IDs. The User ID credentials configured by the CMM might be different than the USERID/PASSW0RD combination described above.

The IMM2 also provides the following IPMI remote server management capabilities:

Command-line interfaces

The CLI provides direct access to server-management functions through the IPMI 2.0 protocol. You can use the IPMItool to issue commands to control server power, view server information, and identify the server. For more information about IPMItool, see "Using IPMItool."

Serial over LAN

To manage servers from a remote location, use the IPMItool to establish a Serial over LAN (SOL) connection. For more information about IPMItool, see "Using IPMItool."

Using IPMItool

IPMItool provides various tools that you can use to manage and configure an IPMI system. You can use IPMItool in-band or out-of-band to manage and configure the IMM2.

For more information about IPMItool, or to download IPMItool, go to http://sourceforge.net/.

Accessing the command-line interface

To access the CLI, start a Telnet or SSH session to the IMM2 IP address (see "Configuring serial-to-Telnet or SSH redirection" on page 168 for more information).

Logging in to the command-line session

To log in to the command line, complete the following steps:

- 1. Establish a connection with the IMM2.
- 2. At the user name prompt, type the user ID.
- **3**. At the password prompt, type the password that you use to log in to the IMM2.

You are logged in to the command line. The command-line prompt is system>. The command-line session continues until you type exit at the command line. You are logged off and the session is ended.

Configuring serial-to-Telnet or SSH redirection

Serial-to-Telnet or SSH redirection enables a system administrator to use the IMM2 as a serial terminal server. A server serial port can be accessed from a Telnet or SSH connection when serial redirection is enabled.

Notes:

- 1. The IMM2 allows a maximum of two open Telnet sessions. The Telnet sessions can access the serial ports independently so that multiple users can have a concurrent view of a redirected serial port.
- 2. The CLI **console 1** command is used to start a serial redirection session with the COM port.

Example session

telnet 192.168.70.125 (Press Enter.) Connecting to 192.168.70.125... username: USERID (Press Enter.) password: ******** (Press Enter.) system> console 1 (Press Enter.)

All traffic from COM2 is now routed to the Telnet session. All traffic from the Telnet or SSH session is routed to COM2. ESC (

Type the exit key sequence to return to the CLI. In this example, press Esc and then type a left parenthesis. The CLI prompt displays to indicate return to the IMM2 CLI.

system>

Command syntax

Read the following guidelines before you use the commands:

- Each command has the following format: command [arguments] [-options]
- The command syntax is case sensitive.
- The command name is all lowercase.
- All arguments must immediately follow the command. The options immediately follow the arguments.
- Each option is always preceded by a hyphen (-). An option can be a short option (single letter) or a long option (multiple letters).
- If an option has an argument, the argument is mandatory, for example: ifconfig eth0 -i 192.168.70.34 -g 192.168.70.29 -s 255.255.255.0

where **ifconfig** is the command, eth0 is an argument, and -i, -g, and -s are options. In this example, all three options have arguments.

 Brackets indicate that an argument or option is optional. Brackets are not part of the command that you type.

Features and limitations

The CLI has the following features and limitations:

• Multiple concurrent CLI sessions are allowed with different access methods (Telnet or SSH). At most, two Telnet command-line sessions can be active at any time.

Note: The number of Telnet sessions is configurable; valid values are 0, 1, and 2. The value 0 means that the Telnet interface is disabled.

- One command is allowed per line (160-character limit, including spaces).
- There is no continuation character for long commands. The only editing function is the Backspace key to erase the character that you just typed.
- The Up Arrow and Down Arrow keys can be used to browse through the last eight commands. The **history** command displays a list of the last eight commands, which you can then use as a shortcut to execute a command, as in the following example:

```
system > history
0 ifconfig eth0
 1 readlog
2 readlog
3 readlog
4 history
system > !0
-state enabled
-c dthens
-i 192.168.70.125
-q 0.0.0.0
-s 255.255.255.0
-n IMM2A00096B9E003A
-r auto
-d auto
-m 1500
-b 00:09:6B:9E:00:3A
-1 00:00:00:00:00:00
system >
```

- In the CLI, the output buffer limit is 2 KB. There is no buffering. The output of an individual command cannot exceed 2048 characters. This limit does not apply in serial redirect mode (the data is buffered during serial redirect).
- The output of a command is displayed on the screen after the command has completed execution. This makes it impossible for commands to report real-time execution status. For example, in the verbose mode of the **flashing** command, the flashing progress is not shown in real time. It is shown after the command completes execution.
- Simple text messages are used to denote command execution status, as in the following example:

```
system> power on
ok
system> power state
Power: On
State: System power off/State unknown
system>
```

• The command syntax is case sensitive.

- There must be at least one space between an option and its argument. For example, ifconfig eth0 -i192.168.70.133 is incorrect syntax. The correct syntax is ifconfig eth0 -i 192.168.70.133.
- All commands have the -h, -help, and ? options, which give syntax help. All of the following examples will give the same result:

```
system> power -h
system> power -help
system> power ?
```

• Some of the commands that are described in the following sections might not be available for your system configuration. To see a list of the commands that are supported by your configuration, use the help or ? option, as shown in the following examples:

```
system> help
system> ?
```

• In an IBM Flex System, some settings are managed by the CMM and cannot be modified on the IMM2.

Alphabetical command listing

The complete list of all IMM2 CLI commands, in alphabetical order, is as follows:

- "accseccfg command" on page 189
- "adapter command" on page 173
- "alertcfg command" on page 191
- "alertentries command" on page 237
- "asu command" on page 191
- "autoftp command" on page 243
- "autopromo command" on page 195
- "backup command" on page 196
- "batch command" on page 240
- "chconfig command" on page 243
- "chlog command" on page 245
- "chmanual command" on page 245
- "clearcfg command" on page 240
- "clearlog command" on page 174
- "clock command" on page 240
- "console command" on page 188
- "cryptomode command" on page 196
- "dhcpinfo command" on page 197
- "dns command" on page 198
- "ethtousb command" on page 200
- "events command" on page 246
- "exit command" on page 172
- "fans command" on page 174
- "ffdc command" on page 174
- "fuelg command" on page 184
- "gprofile command" on page 201
- "help command" on page 172
- "history command" on page 172
- "identify command" on page 241
- "ifconfig command" on page 201
- "info command" on page 242
- "keycfg command" on page 204
- "ldap command" on page 205
- "led command" on page 176
- "ntp command" on page 206
- "passwordcfg command" on page 207
- "ports command" on page 208
- "portcfg command" on page 209
- "portcontrol command" on page 210
- "power command" on page 185
- "pxeboot command" on page 187
- "readlog command" on page 177
- "reset command" on page 188
- "resetsp command" on page 242
- "restore command" on page 210
- "restoredefaults command" on page 211
- "scale command" on page 211
- "sdemail command" on page 246
- "set command" on page 221
- "smtp command" on page 221
- "snmp command" on page 222
- "snmpalerts command" on page 224
- "spreset command" on page 242
- "srcfg command" on page 225
- "sshcfg command" on page 226
- "ssl command" on page 227
- "sslcfg command" on page 228
- "storage command" on page 178
- "syshealth command" on page 182
- "telnetcfg command" on page 230
- "temps command" on page 182
- "thermal command" on page 231
- "timeouts command" on page 232
- "tls command" on page 231
- "usbeth command" on page 232
- "users command" on page 233
- "volts command" on page 183
- "vpd command" on page 183

Utility commands

The utility commands are as follows:

- "exit command"
- "help command"
- "history command"

exit command

Use the exit command to log off and end the CLI session.

help command

Use the **help** command to display a list of all commands with a short description for each. You can also type ? at the command prompt.

history command

Use the **history** command to display an indexed history list of the last eight commands that were issued. The indexes can then be used as shortcuts (preceded by !) to reissue commands from this history list.

Example:

```
system> history
0 ifconfig eth0
1 readlog
2 readlog
3 readlog
4 history
system> ifconfig eth0
-state enabled
-c dthens
-i 192.168.70.125
-g 0.0.0.0
-s 255.255.255.0
-n IMM2A00096B9E003A
-r auto
-d auto
-m 1500
-b 00:09:6B:9E:00:3A
-1 00:00:00:00:00:00
system>
```

Monitor commands

The monitor commands are as follows:

- "clearlog command" on page 174
- "fans command" on page 174
- "ffdc command" on page 174
- "led command" on page 176
- "readlog command" on page 177
- "storage command" on page 178
- "syshealth command" on page 182
- "temps command" on page 182
- "volts command" on page 183
- "vpd command" on page 183

adapter command

Use the **adapter** command to display PCIe adapter inventory information. PCIe adapters managed by the IMM2 include: Ethernet, Fibre Channel, InfiniBand, and graphic processing units (GPU).

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-list	List all PCIe adapters in the server	
-show target_id	Show the detailed information for the target PCIe adapter	 target_id [info firmware ports chips] Where: info: display the hardware information for the adapter <i>firmware</i>: display all firmware information for the adapter <i>ports</i>: display all Ethernet port information for the adapter
		• <i>chips</i> : display all GPU chip information for the adapter
-h	Display the command usage and options	

```
Syntax:
```

```
adapter [options]
option:
    -list
    -show target_id [info|firmware|ports|chips]
    -h help
```

Examples:

system> adapter -list ob-1 IBM Flex System CN4054 10Gbps Virtual Fabric Adapter ob-2 GPU Card 1 slot-1 Raid Controller 1 slot-2 Adapter 01:02:03

system> adapter -show ob-1 info Product Name: IBM Flex System CN4054 10Gbps Virtual Fabric Adapter Card Interface: PCIe x 16 Function Count: 2

```
Function Name: xxx Emulx xx component1
Segment Number: 2348
Bus Number: 23949
Device Number: 1334
Function Number: 21
Vendor Id: 12
Device Id: 33
Revision Id: 1
Class Code: 2
Sub Vendor: 334
Sub Device: 223
Slot Description: a slot
Slot Type: 23
```

Slot Data Bus Width: 0 Hot Plug: 12 PCI Type: 11 Blade Slot Port: xxx UUID: 39302938485 Manufacturer: IBM Serial Number: 998AAGG Part Number: ADB233 Model: 345 Function Sku: 221 Fod Uid: 2355 Required Daughter: 0 Max Data Width: 0 Connector Layout: pci x Package Type: dici Function Name: xxx nVidia xx component2 Segment Number: 2348 Bus Number: 23949 Device Number: 1334 Function Number: 21 Vendor Id: 12 Device Id: 33 Revision Id: 1 Class Code: 2 Sub Vendor: 334 Sub Device: 223 Slot Description: a slot Slot Type: 23 Slot Data Bus Width: 0 Hot Plug: 12 PCI Type: 11 Blade Slot Port: xxx UUID: 39302938485 Manufacturer: IBM Serial Number: 998AAGG Part Number: ADB233 Model: 345 Function Sku: 221 Fod Uid: 2355 Required Daughter: 0 Max Data Width: 0 Connector Layout: pci x Package Type: dici

clearlog command

Use the **clearlog** command to clear the event log of the IMM2. You must have the authority to clear event logs to use this command.

fans command

Use the fans command to display the speed for each of the server fans.

Example:

system> **fans** fan1 75% fan2 80% fan3 90% system>

ffdc command

Use the **ffdc** (first failure data capture) command to generate and transfer service data to IBM Support.

The following list consist of commands to be used with the **ffdc** command:

- generate, create a new service data file
- status, check status of service data file
- copy, copy existing service data
- delete, delete existing service data

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-t	Type number	1 (processor dump) and 4 (service data). The default value is 1.
-f 1	Remote filename or sftp target directory.	For sftp, use full path or trailing / on directory name (~/ or /tmp/). The default value is the system generated name.
-ip 1	Address of the tftp/sftp server	
-pn ¹	Port number of the tftp/sftp server	The default value is 69/22.
-u ¹	Username for the sftp server	
-pw ¹	Password for the sftp server	
1. Additic	onal argurment for generation	ate and copy commands

Syntax:

```
ffdc [options]
option:
    -t 1 or 4
    -f
    -ip ip_address
    -pn port_number
    -u username
    -pw password
```

Example:

system> ffdc generate Generating ffdc... system> ffdc status Type 1 ffdc: in progress system> ffdc copy -t 1 -ip 192.168.70.230 -u User2 -pw Passw0rd -f /tmp/ Waiting for ffdc.... Copying ffdc... ok system> ffdc status Type 1 ffdc: completed 8737AC1_DSY0123_imm2_120317-153327.tgz

system> ffdc generate

Generating ffdc...
system> ffdc status
Type 1 ffdc: in progress
system> ffdc status
Type 1 ffdc: in progress
system> ffdc copy -ip 192.168.70.230
Copying ffdc...
ok

```
system> ffdc status
Type 1 ffdc: completed
8737AC1_DSY0123_imm2_120926-105320.tgz
system>
```

led command

Use the **led** command to display and set LED states.

- Running the **led** command with no options displays the status of front panel LEDs.
- The **led** -**d** command option must be used with **led** -**identify on** command option.

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-1	Get status of all LEDs on system and its subcomponents	
-chklog	Turn off check log LED	off
-identify	Change state of enclosure identify LED	off, on, blink
-d	Turn on identification LED for specified time period	Time period (seconds)

```
Syntax:
```

```
led [options]
option:
    -1
    -chklog off
    -identify state
    -d time
```

Example:

system> led Fault Identify Chklog Power	Off On E Off Off	31ue		
system> led -l				
Label	Location		State	Color
Battery	Planar		Off	
BMC Heartbeat	Planar		Blink	Green
BRD	Lightpath Card		Off	
Channel A	Planar		Off	
Channel B	Planar		Off	
Channel C	Planar		Off	
Channel D	Planar		Off	
Channel E	Planar		Off	
Chklog	Front Panel		Off	
CNFG	Lightpath Card		Off	
CPU	Lightpath Card		Off	
CPU 1	Planar		Off	
CPU 2	Planar		Off	
DASD	Lightpath Card		Off	
DIMM	Lightpath Card		Off	

DIMM 1	Planar	Off
DIMM 10	Planar	Off
DIMM 11	Planar	Off
DIMM 12	Planar	Off
DIMM 13	Planar	Off
DIMM 14	Planar	Off
DIMM 15	Planar	Off
DIMM 16	Planar	Off
DIMM 2	Planar	Off
DIMM 3	Planar	Off
DIMM 4	Planar	Off
DIMM 5	Planar	Off
DIMM 6	Planar	Off
DIMM 7	Planar	Off
DIMM 8	Planar	Off
DIMM 9	Planar	Off
FAN	Lightpath Card	Off
FAN 1	Planar	Off
FAN 2	Planar	Off
FAN 3	Planar	Off
Fault	Front Panel (+)	Off
Identify	Front Panel (+)	0n
LINK	Lightpath Card	Off
LOG	Lightpath Card	Off
NMI	Lightpath Card	Off
OVER SPEC	Lightpath Card	Off
PCI 1	FRU	Off
PCI 2	FRU	Off
PCI 3	FRU	Off
PCI 4	FRU	Off
Planar	Planar	Off
Power	Front Panel (+)	Off
PS	Lightpath Card	Off
RAID	Lightpath Card	Off
Riser 1	Planar	Off
Riser 2	Planar	Off
SAS ERR	FRU	Off
SAS MISSING	Planar	Off
SP	Lightpath Card	Off
TEMP	Lightpath Card	Off
VRM	Lightpath Card	Off
system>		

readlog command

Use the **readlog** command to display the IMM2 event log entries, five at a time. The entries are displayed from the most recent to the oldest.

readlog displays the first five entries in the event log, starting with the most recent, on its first execution, and then the next five for each subsequent call.

readlog -a displays all entries in the event log, starting with the most recent.

readlog -**f** resets the counter and displays the first 5 entries in the event log, starting with the most recent.

readlog -date *date* displays event log entries for the specified date, specified in mm/dd/yy format. It can be a pipe (|) separated list of dates.

readlog -sev *severity* displays event log entries for the specified severity level (E, W, I). It can be a pipe (1) separated list of severity levels.

readlog -i *ip_address* sets the IPv4 or IPv6 IP address of the TFTP or SFTP server where the event log is saved. The -i and -l command options are used together to specify the location.

readlog -1 *filename* sets the file name of the event log file. The -i and -1 command options are used together to specify the location.

Blue

readlog -pn *port_number* displays or sets the port number of the TFTP or SFTP server (default 69/22).

readlog -u *username* specifies the user name for the SFTP server.

readlog -pw password specifies the password for the SFTP server.

```
Syntax:
readlog [options]
option:
-a
-f
-date date
-sev severity
-i ip_address
-l filename
-pn port_number
-u username
-pw password
```

Example:

```
system> readlog -f
1 I SERVPROC 12/18/03 10:18:58 Remote Login Successful.
Login ID: ''USERID' CLI authenticated from 192.168.70.231 (Telnet).'
2 I SERVPROC 12/18/03 10:12:22 Remote Login successful.
Login ID: ''USERID' from web browser at IP@=192.168.70.231'
3 E SERVPROC 12/18/03 10:10:37 Failure reading I2C device.
4 E SERVPROC 12/18/03 10:10:37 Environmental monitor not responding.
5 E SERVPROC 12/18/03 10:10:37 Failure reading I2C device.
system> readlog
6 E SERVPROC 12/18/03 10:09:31 Fan 2 Fault. Multiple fan failures
7 E SERVPROC 12/18/03 10:09:31 Fan 1 Fault. Single fan failure
8 I SERVPROC 12/18/03 10:09:25 Ethernet[0] Link Established at 100Mb, Full Duplex.
9 I SERVPROC 12/18/03 10:09:24 Ethernet[0] configured to do Auto Speed/Auto Duplex.
10 I SERVPROC 12/18/03 10:09:24 Ethernet[0] MAC Address currently
being used: 0x00-09-6B-CA-0C-80
system>
```

storage command

Use the **storage** command to display information about the server's storage devices that are monitored by the IMM2.

Option	Description	Values
-list	List the storage targets managed by the IMM2	controllers pools volumes drives
	8	Where <i>target</i> is:
		 <i>controllers</i>: list the supported RAID controllers¹
		 <i>pools</i>: list the storage pools associated with the RAID controller ¹
		 <i>volumes</i>: list the storage volumes associated with the RAID controller ¹
		 <i>drives</i>: list the storage drives associated with the RAID controller ¹

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-list -target target_id	List the storage <i>targets</i> managed by the IMM2 according to the <i>target_id</i>	 pools volumes drives ctrl[x] pool[x] Where target and target_id are: pools ctrl[x]: list the storage pools associated with the RAID controller, based on the target_id ¹ volumes ctrl[x] pool[x]: list the storage volumes associated with the RAID controller, based on the target_id ¹ drives ctrl[x] pool[x]: list the storage drives associated with the RAID controller, based on the target_id ¹
-list flashdimms	List the Flash DIMMs managed by the IMM2	
-list devices	Display the status of all disks and Flash DIMMS managed by the IMM2	
-show target_id	Display information for the selected target that is managed by the IMM2	Where <i>target_id</i> is: <i>ctrl</i> [x] <i>vol</i> [x] <i>disk</i> [x] <i>pool</i> [x] <i>flashdimm</i> [x] ³
-show target_id info	Display detailed information for the selected target that is managed by the IMM2	Where <i>target_id</i> is: <i>ctrl[x]</i> <i>vol[x]</i> <i>disk[x]</i> <i>pool[x]</i> <i>flashdimm[x]</i> ³
-show target_id firmware	Display the firmware information for the selected target that is managed by the IMM2	Where <i>target_id</i> is: <i>ctrl[x]</i> <i>disk[x]</i> <i>flashdimm[x]</i> ²
-help	Display the command usage and options	

Notes:

1. This command is only supported on systems where the IMM2 can access the RAID controller.

2. Firmware information is displayed only for associated controllers, disks, and Flash DIMMs. Firmware information for associated pools and volumes are not displayed.

3. Values are displayed on multiple lines due to space limitations.

Syntax:

```
storage [options]
option:
    -list controllers|pools|volumes|drives
    -list pools -target ctrl[x]
    -list volumes -target ctrl[x]|pool[x]
    -list drives -target ctrl[x]|pool[x]
    -list devices
    -list flashdimms
    -show target_id
    -show {ctrl[x]|pool[x]|disk[x]|vol[x]|flashdimm[x]} info
    -show {ctrl[x]|disk[x]|flashdimm[x]} firmware
    -h help
```

Examples:

```
system> storage
-list controllers
ctr1[0]
           ServerRAID M5110e(Slot No. 0)
ctr1[1]
           ServerRAID M5110f(Slot No. 1)
system>
system> storage
-list pools
poo1[0-0]
             Storage Pool 0
pool[0-1]
             Storage Pool 1
system>
system> storage
-list drives
disk[0-0]
             Drive 0
disk[0-1]
             Drive 1
disk[0-2]
             Drive 2
system>
system> storage
-list volumes
system>storage -list volumes
vo1[0-0]
            Volume 0
vol[0-1]
            Volume 1
Vo1[0-2]
            Volume 2
system>
system> storage
-list drives -target ctrl[0]
disk[0-0]
            Drive 0
disk[0-1]
             Drive 1
disk[0-2]
             Drive 2
system>
system> storage
-list drives -target pool[0-0]
           Drive 0
disk[0-0]
disk[0-1]
             Drive 1
system>
system> storage
-list pools -target ctrl[0]
poo1[0-0]
             Storage Pool 0
system>
system> storage
-list volumes -target ctrl[0]
vol[0-0]
            Volume 0
vol[0-1]
            Volume 1
system>
system> storage
-list volumes -target pool[0-0]
vo1[0-0]
            Volume 0
vol[0-1]
            Volume 1
system>
system> storage
-list flashdimms
flashdimm[1]
                Flash DIMM 1
flashdimm[4]
                Flash DIMM 4
flashdimm[9]
                Flash DIMM 9
system>
system> storage
-show ctrl[0] info
Product Name: ServerRAID M5110e
Firmware Package Version: 23.7.0.1.2
Battery Backup: Installed
Manufacture: IBM
UUID: 1234567890123456
Model Type / Model: 1234AHH
```

Serial No.: 12345678901 FRU No.: 5005076049CC4 Part No.: LSI2004 Cache Model Status: Unknown Cache Model Memory Size: 300MB Cache Model Serial No.: PBKUD0XTA0P04Y PCI Slot Number: 0 PCI Bus Number: 2 PCI Device Number: 2 PCI Function Number: 10 PCI Device ID: 0x1000 PCI Subsystem Device ID: 0x1413 Ports: 2 Port 1: 12345678901234 Port 2: 12345678901235 Storage Pools: 2 pool[0-0] Storage Pool 0 pool[0-1] Storage Pool 1 Drives: 3 disk[0-0] Drive 0 disk[0-1] Drive 1 Drive 2 disk[0-2] system> system> storage -show ctrl[0] firmware Total Firmware number: 2 Name: RAID Firmware1 Description: RAID Firmware Manfacture: IBM Version: 4.01(3)T Release Date: 01/05/2013 Name: RAID Firmware2 Description: RAID Firmware system> system> storage -show disk[0-0] info Product Name: ST98394893 State: Online Slot No.: 0 Disk Type: SATA Media Type: HHD Health Status: Normal Capacity: 100.000GB Speed: 6.0Gb/s Current Temperature: 33C Manufacture: ATA Device ID: 5 Enclusure ID: 0x00FC Machine Type: Model: Serial No.: 9XKJKL FRU No.: Part No.: system> system> storage -show disk[0-0] firmware Total Firmware number: 1 Name: Drive Description: Manufacture: Version: BE24 Release Date: system> system> storage -show pool[0-0] RAID State: RAID 0

```
RAID Capacity: 67.000GB (0.000GB free)
Drives: 2
disk[0-0]
             Drive 0
disk[0-1]
             Drive 1
Volumes: 2
vo1[0-0]
            Volume 0
vol[0-1]
            Volume 1
system>
system> storage
-show vol[0-0]
Name: Volume 0
Stripe Size: 64KB
Status: Offline
Capacity: 100.000GB
system>
system> storage
-show flashdimm[15]
Name: CPU1 DIMM 15
Health Status: Normal
Operational Status: Online
Capacity(GB): 400GB
Model Type: DDR3
Part Number: 93E40400GGM101PAT
FRU S/N: 44000000
Manuf ID: Diablo Technologies
Temperature: OC
Warranty Writes: 100%
Write Endurance: 100%
F/W Level: A201.0.0.49152
system>
```

syshealth command

Use the **syshealth** command to display a summary of the health or active events of the server. The power state, system state, restart count, and IMM2 software status are displayed.

Syntax:

```
syshealth [argument]
argument:
   summary   -display the system health summary
   activeevents -display active events
```

Example:

system> **syshealth summary** Power On State OS booted Restarts 29

system> syshealth activeevents
No Active Event Available!

temps command

Use the **temps** command to display all the temperatures and temperature thresholds. The same set of temperatures are displayed as in the web interface.

Example: system> temps Temperatures are displayed in degrees Fahrenheit/Celsius WR W T SS HS ------CPU1 65/18 72/22 80/27 85/29 90/32

CPU2	58/14	72/22	80/27	85/29	90/32
DASD1	66/19	73/23	82/28	88/31	92/33
Amb	59/15	70/21	83/28	90/32	95/35
system	>				

Notes:

1. The output has the following column headings:

WR: warning reset

W: warning

T: temperature (current value)

SS: soft shutdown

HS: hard shutdown

2. All temperature values are in degrees Fahrenheit/Celsius.

volts command

Use the **volts** command to display all the voltages and voltage thresholds. The same set of voltages are displayed as in the web interface.

Example:

system> volts									
•	HSL	SSL	WL	WRL	V	WRH	WH	SSH	HSH
5v 3.3v 12v -5v -3.3v VRM1 VRM2	5.02 3.35 12.25 -5.10 -3.35	4.00 2.80 11.10 -5.85 -4.10	4.15 2.95 11.30 -5.65 -3.95	4.50 3.05 11.50 -5.40 -3.65	4.60 3.10 11.85 -5.20 -3.50 3.45 5.45	5.25 3.50 12.15 -4.85 -3.10	5.50 3.65 12.25 -4.65 -2.95	5.75 3.70 12.40 -4.40 -2.80	6.00 3.85 12.65 -4.20 -2.70
system	n>								

Note: The output has the following column headings:

HSL: hard shutdown low

SSL: soft shutdown low

WL: warning low

WRL: warning reset low

V: voltage (current value)

WRH: warning reset high

WH: warning high

SSH: soft shutdown high

HSH: hard shutdown high

vpd command

Use the **vpd** command to display vital product data for the system (sys), IMM2 (imm), server BIOS (uefi), server Dynamic System Analysis Preboot (dsa), server firmware (fw), and server components (comp). The same information is displayed as in the web interface.

Syntax:
vpd [argument]
argument:
sys
imm

uefi dsa fw comp			
Example system>	e: vpd dsa		
Туре	Version	Build	ReleaseDate
DSA system>	9.25	υς γι ΑσΑ	2012/0//31

Server power and restart control commands

The server power and restart commands are as follows:

- "fuelg command"
- "power command" on page 185
- "pxeboot command" on page 187
- "reset command" on page 188

fuelg command

Use the **fuelg** command to display and configure server power management.

Use the **fuelg** command to display information about server power usage and configure server power management. This command also configures policies for power redundancy loss. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-pme	Enable or disable power management and capping on the server	on, off
-pcapmode	Set the power capping mode for the server	ac, dc
-рсар	A numeric value that falls within the range of power capping values displayed when running the fuelg command, with no options, on the target.	numeric wattage value
If power sup	orted the following option is supported:	
-pm	Set the policy mode for loss of redundant power	basic with throttling (default), redundant without throttling, redundant with throttling
If power sup	ply redundancy is supporte	d the following options are supported:
-mpc	Set the maximum power consumption budget for the server	current configuration, all hot-plug components
-at	Allow throttling to keep the server within the power budget	on, off
-r	Allow power redundancy for the server	on, off
-nn	Value of N+N redundancy configuration	redundancy configuration value

Syntax:

```
fuelg [options]
option:
    -pme on | off
    -pcapmode dc | ac
    -pcap
    -pm bt | r | rt
    -mpc cc | ahp
    -at on | off
    -r on | off
    -nn
```

Example:

system> fuelg
-pme: on
system>

power command

Use the **power** command to control the server power. To issue **power** commands, you must have the Remote Server Power/Restart Access authority level.

The following table contains a subset of commands that can be used with the **power** command.

Table 9.	Power	commands
----------	-------	----------

Command	Description	Value
power on	Use this command to turn on the server power.	on, off
power off	Use this command to turn off the server power. Note: The -s option shuts down the operating system before the server is turned off.	on, off
power cycle	Use this command to turn off the server power and then turn on the server power. Note: The -s option shuts down the operating system before the server is turned off.	
power enterS3	Use this command to place the operating system into the S3 (sleep) mode. Note: This command is used only when the operating system is on. The S3 mode is not supported on all servers.	
power rp	Use this option to specify the host power restore policy.	alwayson alwaysoff restore
power S3resume	Use this command to wake up the operating system from the S3 (sleep) mode. Note: This command is used only when the operating system is on. The S3 mode is not supported on all servers.	

Table 9. Power commands (continued)

Command	Description	Value
power state	Use this command to display the server power state and the current state of the server.	on, off

The following table contains the options for the **power on**, **power off**, and **power cycle** commands.

Option	Description	Values
-S	Use this option to shut down the operating system before the server is turned off. Note: The -s option is implied when using the -every option for the power off and power cycle commands.	
-every	Use this option with the power on , power off , and power cycle commands to control the server power. You can set up the dates, times, and frequency (daily or weekly) to power on, power off, or power cycle your server.	Note: The values for this option are presented on separate lines due to space limitations. Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Day clear
-t	Use this option to specify the time in hours and minutes to power on the server, shut down the operating system, and power off or restart the server.	Use the following format: hh:mm
-d	Use this option to specify the date to power on the sever. This is an additional option for the power on command. Note: The -d and -every options, cannot be used together on the same command.	Use the following format: mm/dd/yyyy
-clear	Use this option to clear the scheduled power on date. This is an additional option for the power on command.	

Syntax:

power on
power off [-s]
power state
power cycle [-s]

The following information are examples of the **power** command.

To shut down the operating system and power off the server every Sunday at 1:30, enter the following command:

```
system> power off
-every Sun -t 01:30
```

To shut down the operating system and restart the server every day at 1:30, enter the following command:

```
system> power cycle
-every Day -t 01:30
```

To power on the server every Monday at 1:30, enter the following command:

system> power on
-every Mon -t 13:00

To power on the server on Dec 31 2013 at 11:30 PM, enter the following command:

system> **power on** -d 12/31/2013 -t 23:30

To clear a weekly power cycle, enter the following command:

system> power cycle
-every clear

pxeboot command

Use the **pxeboot** command to display and set the condition of the Preboot eXecution Environment.

Running **pxeboot** with no options, returns the current Preboot eXecution Environment setting. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-en	Sets the Preboot eXecution Environment condition for the next system restart	enabled, disabled

Syntax: pxeboot [options] option: -en state

Example:

```
system> pxeboot
-en disabled
system>
```

reset command

Use the **reset** command to restart the server. To use this command, you must have power and restart access authority.

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-S	Shut down the operating system before the server is reset.	
-d	Delay performing the reset for the given number of seconds.	0 - 120
-nmi	Generate a non-maskable interrupt (NMI)) on the server.	

```
Syntax:
reset [option]
option:
-s
-d
-nmi
```

Serial redirect command

There is one serial redirect command: the "console command."

console command

Use the **console** command to start a serial redirect console session to the designated serial port of the IMM2.

Syntax:

console 1

Configuration commands

The configuration commands are as follows:

- "accseccfg command" on page 189
- "alertcfg command" on page 191
- "asu command" on page 191
- "autopromo command" on page 195
- "backup command" on page 196
- "cryptomode command" on page 196
- "dhcpinfo command" on page 197
- "dns command" on page 198

- "ethtousb command" on page 200
- "gprofile command" on page 201
- "ifconfig command" on page 201
- "keycfg command" on page 204
- "ldap command" on page 205
- "ntp command" on page 206
- "passwordcfg command" on page 207
- "ports command" on page 208
- "portcfg command" on page 209
- "portcontrol command" on page 210
- "restore command" on page 210
- "restoredefaults command" on page 211
- "set command" on page 221
- "smtp command" on page 221
- "snmp command" on page 222
- "snmpalerts command" on page 224
- "srcfg command" on page 225
- "sshcfg command" on page 226
- "ssl command" on page 227
- "sslcfg command" on page 228
- "telnetcfg command" on page 230
- "thermal command" on page 231
- "timeouts command" on page 232
- "tls command" on page 231
- "usbeth command" on page 232
- "users command" on page 233

accseccfg command

Use the accseccfg command to display and configure account security settings.

Running the **accseccfg** command with no options displays all account security information. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-legacy	Sets account security to a predefined legacy set of defaults	
-high	Sets account security to a predefined high set of defaults	
-custom	Sets account security to user defined values	
-am	Sets user authentication method	local, ldap, localldap, ldaplocal
-lp	Lockout period after maximum login failures (minutes)	0, 1, 2, 5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 60, 120, 180, or 240 minutes. The default value is 60 if "High Security" is enabled and 2 if "Legacy Security" is enabled. A value of zero disables this function.

Option	Description	Values
-pe	Password expiration time period (days)	0 to 365 days
-pr	Password required	on, off
-pc	Password complexity rules	on, off
-pd	Password minimum number of different characters	0 to 19 characters
-pl	Password length	1 to 20 characters
-ci	Minimum password change interval (hours)	0 to 240 hours
-lf	Maximum number of login failures	0 to 10
-chgdft	Change default password after first login	on, off
-chgnew	Change new user password after first login	on, off
-rc	Password reuse cycle	0 to 5
-wt	Web inactivity session timeout (minutes)	1, 5, 10, 15, 20, none, or user

Syntax:

accseccfg [options] option: -legacy -high -custom -am *authentication_method* -lp lockout_period -pe time_period -pr state -pc state -pd number_characters
-pl number_characters -ci minimum_interval -lf number_failures -chgdft state -chgnew state -rc reuse cycle -wt timeout Example:

system> accseccfg
-legacy
-am local
-lp 2
-pe 0
-pr off
-pd 1
-pl 4
-ci 0
-lf 0

```
-chgdft off
-chgnew off
-rc 0
-wt user
system>
```

alertcfg command

Use the **alertcfg** command to display and configure the IMM2 global remote alert parameters.

Running the **alertcfg** command with no options displays all global remote alert parameters. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-dr	Sets wait time between retries before the IMM2 resends an alert	0 to 4.0 minutes, in 0.5 minute increments
-da	Sets wait time before the IMM2 sends an alert to the next recipient in the list	0 to 4.0 minutes, in 0.5 minute increments
-rl	Sets the number of additional times that the IMM2 attempts to send an alert, if previous attempts were unsuccessful	0 to 8

Syntax:

```
alertcfg [options]
options:
    -rl retry_limit
    -dr retry_delay
    -da agent_delay
```

Example:

system>alertcfg -dr 1.0 -da 2.5 -rl 5 system>

asu command

Advanced Settings Utility commands are used to set UEFI settings. The host system must be rebooted for any UEFI setting changes to take effect.

The following table contains a subset of commands that can be used with the **asu** command.

Command	Description	Value
delete	Use this command to delete an instance or record of a setting. The setting must be an instance that allows deletion, for example, iSCSI.AttemptName.1.	setting_instance
help	Use this command to display help information for one or more settings.	setting
set	 Use this command to change the value of a setting. Set the UEFI setting to the input value. Notes: Set one or more setting/value pairs. The setting can contain wildcards if it expands to a single setting. The value must be enclosed in quotes if it contains spaces. Ordered list values are separated by the equal symbol (=). For example, set B*.Bootorder "CD/DVD Rom=Hard Did a Did to a Did to a pair of the set of the s	setting value
showgroups	Use this command to display the available setting groups. This command displays the names of known groups. Group names may vary depending on the installed devices.	setting
show	Use this command to display the current value of one or more settings.	setting

Table 10. ASU commands

Table 10. ASU com	mands (continued)
-------------------	-------------------

Command	Description	Value
showvalues	Use this command to display all possible values for one or more settings. Notes:	setting
	 This command will display information about the allowable values for the setting. The minimum and maximum number of instances allowed for the 	
	The default value will be	
	 The default value is enclosed with opening and closing angle brackets (< and >). 	
	• Text values show the minimum and maximum length and regular expression.	

Notes:

• In the command syntax, *setting* is the name of a setting that you want to view or change, and *value* is the value that you are placing on the setting.

- *Setting* can be more than one name, except when using the **set** command.
- Setting can contain wildcards, for example an asterisk (*) or a question mark (?).
- *Setting* can be a group, a setting name, or **all**.

Examples of the syntax for the asu command are presented in the following list:

- To display all of the asu command options enter asu --help.
- To display verbose help for all commands enter asu -v --help.
- To display verbose help for one command enter asu -v set --help.
- To change a value enter asu set *setting value*.
- To display the current value enter asu show setting.
- To display settings in long batch format enter asu show -1 -b all
- To display all possible values for a setting enter asu showvalues *setting*. Example **show values** command:

```
system> asu showvalues S*.POST*
```

SystemRecovery.POSTWatchdogTimer==<Disable>=Enable

SystemRecovery.POSTWatchdogTimerValue=numeric min=5 max=20 step=1 default=5
system>

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-b ¹	Display in batch format.	

Option	Description	Values	
help ³	Display command usage and options. Thehelp option is placed before the command, for example asu help show.		
help ³	Display help for the command. Thehelp option is placed after the command, for example, asu showhelp .		
-l ¹	Long format setting name (include the configuration set).		
-m ¹	Mixed format setting name (use the configuration id).		
-v ²	Verbose output.		
1. The -v option i	1. The -v option is used only between asu and the command.		

```
Syntax:
```

```
asu [options] command [cmdopts]
options:
    -v verbose output
    --help display main help
cmdopts:
    --help help for the command
```

Note: See individual commands for more command options.

Use the asu transaction commands to set multiple UEFI settings and create and execute batch mode commands. Use the **tropen** and **trset** commands to create a transaction file containing multiple settings to be applied. A transaction with a given id is opened using the **tropen** command. Settings are added to the set using the **trset** command. The completed transaction is committed using the **trcommit** command. When you are finished with the transaction, it can be deleted with the **trrm** command.

Note: The UEFI settings restore operation will create a transaction with an id using a random three digit number.

The following table contains transaction commands that can be used with the **asu** command.

Command	Description	Value
tropen <i>id</i>	This command creates a new transaction file containing several settings to be set.	<i>Id</i> is the identifying string, 1 - 3 alphanumeric characters.
trset <i>id</i>	This command adds one or more settings or value pairs to a transaction.	<i>Id</i> is the identifying string, 1 - 3 alphanumeric characters.

Table 11. Transaction commands

Table 11. Transaction co	mmands (continued)
--------------------------	--------------------

Command	Description	Value
trlist <i>id</i>	This command displays the contents of the transaction file first. This can be useful when the transaction file is created in the CLI shell.	<i>Id</i> is the identifying string, 1 - 3 alphanumeric characters.
trcommit <i>id</i>	This command commits and executes the contents of the transaction file. The results of the execution and any errors will be displayed.	<i>Id</i> is the identifying string, 1 - 3 alphanumeric characters.
trrm <i>id</i>	This command removes the transaction file after it has been committed.	<i>Id</i> is the identifying string, 1 - 3 alphanumeric characters.

Example of establishing multiple UEFI settings:

```
asu tropen TR1
```

asu trset TR1 UEFI.BootModes.SystemBootMode "UEFI and Legacy" asu trset TR1 BootOrder.BootOrder "CD/DVD Rom=Hard Disk 0=PXE Network" asu trset TR1 BootOrder.WolBootOrder "CD/DVD Rom=Hard Disk 0=PXE Network" asu trset TR1 UEFI.DevicesandIOPorts.Com1BaudRate 115200 asu trset TR1 UEFI.DevicesandIOPorts.Com1DataBits 8 asu trset TR1 UEFI.DevicesandIOPorts.Com1FlowControl Disable asu trset TR1 UEFI.DevicesandIOPorts.Com1Parity None asu trset TR1 UEFI.DevicesandIOPorts.Com1StopBits 1 asu trset TR1 UEFI.DevicesandIOPorts.COMPort1 Enable asu trcommit TR1

autopromo command

Use the **autopromo** command to display and configure the setting for the automated promotion of IMM2 backup firmware. If enabled, the Automated Promotion feature automatically copies the IMM2 firmware from the primary area into the backup area once the firmware in the primary area has run successfully for a period of time.

Running the **autopromo** command with no options displays automated promotion parameters and status information. The following table shows the arguments for the option.

Option	Description	Values
-en	Enable or disable the automated promotion of the IMM2 backup firmware.	enabled, disabled

Syntax:

```
autopromo [options]
  options:
    -en enabled/disabled
```

Example:

system>**autopromo -en enabled** ok system>**autopromo** -en: enabled Status: Not Synced Primary bank version: 4.00 Backup bank version: 2.60

backup command

Use the **backup** command to create a backup file containing the current system security settings.

Option	Description	Values
-f	Backup file name	Valid file name
-рр	Password or pass-phrase used to encrypt passwords inside the backup file	Valid password or quote-delimited pass-phrase
-ip	IP address of TFTP/SFTP server	Valid IP address
-pn	Port number of TFTP/SFTP server	Valid port number (default 69/22)
-u	Username for SFTP server	Valid user name
-pw	Password for SFTP server	Valid password
-fd	Filename for XML description of backup CLI commands	Valid filename

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Syntax:

```
backup [options]
option:
    -f filename
    -pp password
    -ip ip_address
    -pn port_number
    -u username
    -pw password
    -fd filename
```

Example:

```
system> backup -f imm-back.cli -pp xxxxxx -ip 192.168.70.200
ok
system>
```

cryptomode command

Use the **cryptomode** command to display and configure the compliance mode with the exceptions for encryption. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-set	Select the compliance mode	basic, NIST ¹
-esnmpv3	Allow or disallow SNMPv3 accounts to operate in a non-compliant manner with the NIST compliance mode	enable, disable

Option	Description	Values
-h	List the usage and options	
1. If the compliance mode is set to NIST the TLS level must be set to 1.2.		

Syntax:

```
cryptomode [options]
options:
   -set basic|nist
   -esnmpv3 enabled|disabled
   -h usage_options
```

Examples:

To set the cryptomode to basic, type the following command:

```
system> cryptomode
-set basic
ok
system> cryptomode
Mode Exceptions
Basic Compatibility
system>
```

To set the cryptomode to NIST Strict, type following command:

```
system> cryptomode
-set NIST
ok
system> cryptomode
Mode Exceptions
NIST SP 800-131A
system>
```

To set the cryptomode to NIST Strict and allow SNMP in the compatible mode, type following command:

```
system> cryptomode
-set NIST -esnmpv3 enabled
ok
system> cryptomode
Mode Exceptions
NIST SP 800-131A allow SNMPv3 accounts
system>
```

If there are certificates or key strengths that are not compatible with the NIST mode; the command fails and an error message is generated. The compliance mode is not changed See the following example:

```
system> cryptomode
-set NIST
LDAP Server 1 certificate invalid
fail
system>
```

dhcpinfo command

Use the **dhcpinfo** command to view the DHCP server-assigned IP configuration for eth0, if the interface is configured automatically by a DHCP server. You can use the **ifconfig** command to enable or disable DHCP.

Syntax:

dhcpinfo eth0

Example:

system> dhcpinfo eth0

-server : 192.168.70.29 : IMM2A-00096B9E003A -n -i : 192.168.70.202 : 192.168.70.29 -g : 255.255.255.0 -s -d : linux-sp.raleigh.ibm.com -dns1 : 192.168.70.29 -dns2 : 0.0.0.0 -dns3 : 0.0.0.0 : 0::0 -i6 -d6 : * -dns61 : 0::0 -dns62 : 0::0 -dns63 : 0::0 system>

The following table describes the output from the example.

Option	Description
-server	DHCP server that assigned the configuration
-n	Assigned host name
-i	Assigned IPv4 address
-g	Assigned gateway address
-s	Assigned subnet mask
-d	Assigned domain name
-dns1	Primary IPv4 DNS server IP address
-dns2	Secondary IPv4 DNS IP address
-dns3	Tertiary IPv4 DNS server IP address
-i6	IPv6 address
-d6	IPv6 domain name
-dns61	Primary IPv6 DNS server IP address
-dns62	Secondary IPv6 DNS IP address
-dns63	Tertiary IPv6 DNS server IP address

dns command

Use the **dns** command to view and set the DNS configuration of the IMM2.

Note: In an IBM Flex System, DNS settings cannot be modified on the IMM2. DNS settings are managed by the CMM.

Running the **dns** command with no options displays all DNS configuration information. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-state	DNS state	on, off
-ddns	DDNS state	enabled, disabled

Option	Description	Values
-i1	Primary IPv4 DNS server IP address	IP address in dotted decimal IP address format.
-i2	Secondary IPv4 DNS IP address	IP address in dotted decimal IP address format.
-i3	Tertiary IPv4 DNS server IP address	IP address in dotted decimal IP address format.
-i61	Primary IPv6 DNS server IP address	IP address in IPv6 format.
-i62	Secondary IPv6 DNS IP address	IP address in IPv6 format.
-i63	Tertiary IPv6 DNS server IP address	IP address in IPv6 format.
-р	IPv4/IPv6 priority	ipv4, ipv6

Syntax:

dns [options]
option:
 -state state
 -ddns state
 -i1 first_ipv4_ip_address
 -i2 second_ipv4_ip_address
 -i3 third_ipv4_ip_address
 -i61 first_ipv6_ip_address
 -i62 second_ipv6_ip_address
 -i63 third_ipv6_ip_address
 -p priority

Note: The following example shows an IMM2 configuration where DNS is enabled.

Example:

system>	dns
-state	: enabled
-i1	: 192.168.70.202
-i2	: 192.168.70.208
-i3	: 192.168.70.212
-i61	: fe80::21a:64ff:fee6:4d5
-i62	: fe80::21a:64ff:fee6:4d6
-i63	: fe80::21a:64ff:fee6:4d7
-ddns	: enabled
-ddn	: ibm.com
-ddncur	: ibm.com
-dnsrc	: dhcp
-p	: ipv6

system>

The following table describes the output from the example.

Option	Description
-state	State of DNS (on or off)
-i1	Primary IPv4 DNS server IP address
-i2	Secondary IPv4 DNS IP address
-i3	Tertiary IPv4 DNS server IP address

Option	Description	
-i61	Primary IPv6 DNS server IP address	
-i62	Secondary IPv6 DNS IP address	
-i63	Tertiary IPv6 DNS server IP address	
-ddns	State of DDNS (enabled or disabled)	
-dnsrc	Preferred DDNS domain name (dhcp or manual)	
-ddn	Manually specified DDN	
-ddncur	Current DDN (read only)	
-p	Preferred DNS servers (ipv4 or ipv6)	

ethtousb command

Use the **ethtousb** command to display and configure Ethernet to Ethernet-over-USB port mapping.

The command allows you to map an external Ethernet port number to a different port number for Ethernet-over-USB.

Running the **ethtousb** command with no options displays Ethernet-over-USB information. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values	
-en	Ethernet-over-USB state	enabled, disabled	
-mx	Configure port mapping for index <i>x</i>	Port pair, separated by a colon (:), of the form <i>port1:port2</i>	
		Where:	
		• The port index number, <i>x</i> , is specified as an integer from 1 to 10 in the command option.	
		• <i>port1</i> of the port pair is the External Ethernet port number.	
		• <i>port2</i> of the port pair is the Ethernet-over-USB port number.	
-rm	Remove port mapping	1 through 10	
	for specifica filaex	Port map indexes are displayed using the ethtousb command with no options.	

Syntax:

```
ethtousb [options]
option:
    -en state
    -mx port_pair
    -rm map_index
```

Example:

```
system> ethtousb -en enabled -m1 100:200 -m2 101:201
system> ethtousb
  -en enabled
```

```
-m1 100:200
-m2 101:201
system> ethtousb -rm 1
system>
```

gprofile command

Use the **gprofile** command to display and configure group profiles for the IMM2.

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-clear	Delete a group	enabled, disabled
-n	The name of the group	String of up to 63 characters for <i>group_name</i> . The <i>group_name</i> must be unique.
-a	Role-based authority level	supervisor, operator, rbs <role list="">: nsc am rca rcvma pr bc ce ac Role list values are specified using a pipe separated list of values.</role>
-h	Display the command usage and options	*

Syntax:

```
gprofile [1 - 16 group_profile_slot_number] [options]
options:
-clear state
-n group_name
-a authority level:
    -nsc network and security
    -am user account management
    -rca remote console access
    -rcvma remote console and remote disk access
    -pr remote server power/restart access
    -bc basic adapter configuration
    -cel ability to clear event logs
    -ac advanced adapter configuration
-h help
```

ifconfig command

Use the **ifconfig** command to configure the Ethernet interface. Type ifconfig eth0 to display the current Ethernet interface configuration. To change the Ethernet interface configuration, type the options, followed by the values. To change the interface configuration, you must have at least Adapter Networking and Security Configuration authority.

Note: In an IBM Flex System, the VLAN settings are managed by the IBM Flex System Chassis Management Module (CMM) and cannot be modified on the IMM2.

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-b	Burned-in MAC Address (read-only and not configurable)	

Option	Description	Values
-state	Interface state	disabled, enabled
-c	Configuration method	dhcp, static, dthens (dthens corresponds to the try dhcp server , if it fails use static config option on the web interface)
-i	Static IP address	Address in valid format
-g	Gateway address	Address in valid format
-s	Subnet mask	Address in valid format
-n	Host name	String of up to 63 characters. The string can include letters, digits, periods, underscores, and hyphens.
-r	Data rate	10, 100, auto
-d	Duplex mode	full, half, auto
-m	MTU	Numeric between 60 and 1500
-1	LAA	MAC address format. Multicast addresses are not allowed (the first byte must be even).
-dn	Domain name	Domain name in valid format
-auto	Autonegotiation setting, which determines whether the Data rate and Duplex network settings are configurable	true, false
-nic	NIC access. This option determines which network port will be used by the IMM2.	shared, dedicated, shared_option_1 ¹
-failover ²	Failover mode	none, shared, shared_option_1
-nssync ³	Network setting synchronization	enabled, disabled
-address_table Table of automatically-generated IPv6 addresses and their prefix lengths Note: The option is visible only if IPv6 and stateless auto-configuration are enabled.		This value is read-only and is not configurable
-ipv6	IPv6 state	disabled, enabled
-lla	Link-local address Note: The link-local address only appears if IPv6 is enabled.	The link-local address is determined by the IMM2. This value is read-only and is not configurable.
-ipv6static	Static IPv6 state	disabled, enabled
-i6	Static IP address	Static IP address for Ethernet channel 0 in IPv6 format
-p6	Address prefix length	Numeric value between 1 and 128
-g6	Gateway or default route	IP address for the gateway or default route for Ethernet channel 0 in IPv6

Option	Description	Values
-dhcp6	DHCPv6 state	enabled, disabled
-sa6	IPv6 stateless autoconfig state	enabled, disabled
-vlan	Enable or disable the VLAN tagging	enabled, disabled
-vlanid	Network packet identification tag for the IMM2	Numeric value between 1 and 4094

Notes:

- 1. The shared_option_1 value is available on servers that have an optional mezzanine network card installed. This mezzanine network card can be used by the IMM2.
- 2. If the IMM2 is configured to use the dedicated management network port, the -failover option will direct the IMM2 to switch to the shared network port if the dedicated port is disconnected.
- **3**. If the failover mode is enabled, the -nssync option directs the IMM2 to use the same network settings that are used on the dedicated management network port for the shared network port.

Syntax:

ifconfig eth0 [options]

```
options:
 -state interface_state
 -c config_method
 -i static ipv4 ip address
 -g ipv4 gateway address
 -s subnet mask
 -n hostname
 -r data rate
 -d duplex mode
  -m max transmission unit
  -1 locally administered MAC
 -b burned in MAC address
 -dn domain name
 -auto state
 -nic state
 -failover mode
 -nssync state
  -address table
  -lla ipv6_link_local_addr
 -dhcp6 state
  -ipv6 state
 -ipv6static state
  -sa6 state
 -i6 static ipv6 ip address
 -g6 ipv6_gateway_address
 -p6 length
  -vlan state
 -vlanid VLAN ID
```

Example:

system> ifconfig eth0
-state enabled
-c dthens
-i 192.168.70.125
-g 0.0.0.0
-s 255.255.255.0
-n IMM2A00096B9E003A
-r auto

```
-d auto
-m 1500
-b 00:09:6B:9E:00:3A
-l 00:00:00:00:000
system> ifconfig eth0 -c static -i 192.168.70.133
These configuration changes will become active after the next reset of the IMM2.
system>
```

keycfg command

Use the **keycfg** command to display, add, or delete activation keys. These keys control access to optional IMM2 Features on Demand (FoD) features.

- When **keycfg** is run without any options, the list of installed activation keys is displayed. Key information displayed includes an index number for each activation key, the type of activation key, the date through which the key is valid, the number of uses remaining, the key status, and a key description.
- Add new activation keys through file transfer.
- Delete old keys by specifying the number of the key or the type of key. When deleting keys by type, only the first key of a given type is deleted.

Option Description Values -add Add activation key Values for the -ip, -pn, -u, -pw, and -f command options. IP address of TFTP Valid IP address for TFTP server. -ip server with activation key to add -pn Port number for Valid port number for TFTP/SFTP server (default TFTP/SFTP server 69/22). with activation key to add -u User name for SFTP Valid user name for SFTP server. server with activation key to add -pw Password for SFTP Valid password for SFTP server. server with activation key to add -f File name for Valid file name for activation key file. activation key to add -del Delete activation key Valid activation key index number from keycfg listing. by index number -deltype Delete activation key Valid key type value. by key type

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Syntax:

keycfg [options]
option:
 -add
 -ip ip_address
 -pn port_number
 -u username
 -pw password
 -f filename
 -del key_index
 -deltype key_type

Example:

sys	tem> k	eycfg			
ID	Туре	Valid	Uses	Status	Description
1	4	10/10/2010	5	"valid"	"IMM remote presence"
2	3	10/20/2010	2	"valid"	"IMM feature"
sys	tem>				

Idap command

Use the **ldap** command to display and configure the LDAP protocol configuration parameters.

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-a	User authentication method	local only, LDAP only, local first then LDAP, LDAP first then local
-aom	Authentication only mode	enabled, disabled
-b	Binding method	anonymous, bind with ClientDN and password, bind with Login Credential
-C	Client distinguished name	String of up to 127 characters for <i>client_dn</i>
-d	Search domain	String of up to 63 characters for search_domain
-f	Group filter	String of up to 127 characters for group_filter
-fn	Forest name	For active directory environments. String of up to 127 characters.
-g	Group search attribute	String of up to 63 characters for group_search_attr
-1	Login permission attribute	String of up to 63 characters for string
-р	Client password	String of up to 15 characters for <i>client_pw</i>
-pc	Confirm client password	String of up to 15 characters for <i>confirm_pw</i>
		This option is required when you change the client password. It compares the <i>confirm_pw</i> argument with the <i>client_pw</i> argument. The command will fail if the arguments do not match.
-ер	Encrypted password	Backup/restore password (internal use only)
-r	Root entry distinguished name (DN)	String of up to 127 characters for <i>root_dn</i>
-rbs	Enhanced Role-Based Security for active directory users	enabled, disabled
-s1ip	Server 1 host name/IP address	String up to 127 characters or an IP address for <i>host</i> name/ip_addr
-s2ip	Server 2 host name/IP address	String up to 127 characters or an IP address for <i>host</i> name/ip_addr
-s3ip	Server 3 host name/IP address	String up to 127 characters or an IP address for <i>host name/ip_addr</i>

Option	Description	Values
-s4ip	Server 4 host name/IP address	String up to 127 characters or an IP address for <i>host name/ip_addr</i>
-s1pn	Server 1 port number	A numeric port number up to 5 digits for <i>port_number</i>
-s2pn	Server 2 port number	A numeric port number up to 5 digits for <i>port_number</i>
-s3pn	Server 3 port number	A numeric port number up to 5 digits for <i>port_number</i>
-s4pn	Server 4 port number	A numeric port number up to 5 digits for <i>port_number</i>
-t	Server target name	When the –rbs option is enabled, this field specifies a target name that can be associated with one or more roles on the Active Directory server through the Role-Based Security (RBS) Snap-In tool.
-u	UID search attribute	String of up to 63 characters for search_attrib
-V	Get LDAP server address through DNS	off, on
-h	Displays the command usage and options	

Syntax:

ldap [options] options: -a loc |ldap |locld |ldloc -aom enable/disabled -b anon client login -c client_dn -d search_domain -f group_filter -fn forest name -g group_search_attr -1 string -p client pw -pc confirm_pw -ep encrypted_pw -r root_dn -rbs enable disabled -slip host name/ip addr -s2ip host name/ip addr -s3ip host name/ip_addr -s4ip host name/ip_addr -s1pn port_number -s2pn port number -s3pn port number -s4pn port_number -t name -u search_attrib -v off on -h

ntp command

Use the ntp command to display and configure the Network Time Protocol (NTP).

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-en	Enables or disables the Network Time Protocol	enabled, disabled
Option	Description	Values
--------------------------	---	--
-i ¹	Name or IP address of the Network Time Protocol server. This is the index number of the Network Time Protocol server.	The name of the NTP server to be used for clock synchronization. The range of the index number of the NTP server is from -i1 through -i4.
-f	The frequency (in minutes) that the IMM2 clock is synchronized with the Network Time Protocol server	3 - 1440 minutes
-synch	Requests an immediate synchronization with the Network Time Protocol server	No values are used with this parameter.
1 i is the same a	as i1.	

ntp [options]
options:
-en state
-i hostname/ip_addr
-f frequency
-synch

Example:

system> ntp
-en: disabled
-f: 3 minutes
-i: not set

passwordcfg command

Use the **passwordcfg** command to display and configure the password parameters.

Option	Description
-legacy	Sets account security to a predefined legacy set of defaults
-high	Sets account security to a predefined high set of defaults
-exp	Maximum password age (0 - 365 days). Set to 0 for no expiration.
-cnt	Number of previous passwords that cannot be reused (0 - 5)
-nul	Allows accounts with no password (yes no)
-h	Displays the command usage and options

Syntax:

```
passwordcfg [options]
options: {-high}|{-legacy}|{-exp|-cnt|-nul}
-legacy
-high
-exp:
-cnt:
-nul:
-h
```

Example:

```
system> passwordcfg
Security Level: Legacy
system> passwordcfg -exp 365
ok
system> passwordcfg -nul yes
ok
system> passwordcfg -cnt 5
ok
system> passwordcfg
Security Level: Customize
-exp: 365
-cnt: 5
-nul: allowed
```

ports command

Use the ports command to display and configure IMM2 ports.

Running the **ports** command with no options displays information for all IMM2 ports. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-open	Display open ports	
-reset	Reset ports to default settings	
-httpp	HTTP port number	Default port number: 80
-httpsp	HTTPS port number	Default port number: 443
-telnetp	Telnet legacy CLI port number	Default port number: 23
-sshp	SSH legacy CLI port number	Default port number: 22
-snmpap	SNMP agent port number	Default port number: 161
-snmptp	SNMP traps port number	Default port number: 162
-rpp	Remote presence port number	Default port number: 3900
-cimhp	CIM over HTTP port number	Default port number: 5988
-cimhsp	CIM over HTTPS port number	Default port number: 5989

Syntax:

ports [options]
option:
 -open
 -reset
 -httpp port_number
 -telnetp port_number
 -sshp port_number
 -snmpap port_number
 -snmptp port_number
 -rpp port_number
 -cimhp port_number
 -cimhsp port_number

Example: system> ports -httpp 80 -httpsp 443 -rpp 3900 -snmpap 161 -snmptp 162 -sshp 22 -telnetp 23 -cimhsp 5988 -cimhsp 5989 system>

portcfg command

Use the **portcfg** command to configure the IMM2 for the serial redirection feature.

The IMM2 must be configured to match the server internal serial port settings. To change the serial port configuration, type the options, followed by the values. To change the serial port configuration, you must have at least Adapter Networking and Security Configuration authority.

Note: The server external serial port can only be used by the IMM2 for IPMI functionality. The CLI is not supported through the serial port. The **serred** and **cliauth** options that were present in the Remote Supervisor Adapter II CLI are not supported.

Running the **portcfg** command with no options displays serial port configuration. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-b	Baud rate	9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200
-р	Parity	none, odd, even
-S	Stop bits	1, 2
-climode	CLI mode	0, 1, 2
		Where:
		• $0 =$ none: The CLI is disabled
		• 1 = cliems: The CLI is enabled with EMS-compatible keystroke sequences
		• 2 = cliuser: The CLI is enabled with user-defined keystroke sequences

Note: The number of data bits (8) is set in the hardware and cannot be changed.

Syntax:

portcfg [options]
options:
 -b baud_rate
 -p parity
 -s stopbits
 -climode mode

Example:

system> portcfg
-b: 57600
-climode: 2 (CLI with user defined keystroke sequence)

```
-p: even
-s: 1
system> portcfg -b 38400
ok
system>
```

portcontrol command

Use the portcontrol command to turn a network service port on or off.

Currently this command only supports control of the port for the IPMI protocol. Type **portcontrol** to display the IPMI port state. To enable or disable the IPMI network port, type the **-ipmi** option followed by the **on** or **off** values.

Option	Description	Values
-ipmi	Enable or disable the ipmi-server 623 port	on, off
-h		

Syntax:

```
portcontrol [options]
options:
_ipmi on/off
_h
```

Example:

system> portcontrol
-ipmi : on
system>

restore command

Use the restore command to restore system settings from a backup file.

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-f	Backup file name	Valid file name
-рр	Password or pass-phrase used to encrypt passwords inside the backup file	Valid password or quote-delimited pass-phrase
-ip	IP address of TFTP/SFTP server	Valid IP address
-pn	Port number of TFTP/SFTP server	Valid port number (default 69/22)
-u	Username for SFTP server	Valid user name
-pw	Password for SFTP server	Valid password

Syntax: restore [options] option: -f filename

```
-pp password
-ip ip_address
-pn port_number
-u username
-pw password
Example:
system> restore -f imm-back.cli -pp xxxxxx -ip 192.168.70.200
ok
system>
```

restoredefaults command

Use the **restoredefaults** command to restore all IMM2 settings to the factory default.

- There are no options for the **restoredefaults** command.
- You will be asked to confirm the command before it is processed.

Syntax:

restoredefaults

Example:

system> restoredefaults

This action will cause all IMM settings to be set to factory defaults.

If this is the local system, you will lose your TCP/IP connection as a result. You will need to reconfigure the IMM network interface to restore connectivity. After the IMM configuration is cleared, the IMM will be restarted.

Proceed? (y/n) Y Restoring defaults...

scale command

Use the **scale** command to set and display the partition control and configuration settings for multiple nodes (servers) in a scalable complex.

- Entering the **scale** command with no options displays all scalable information of the complex that the node belongs to.
- All nodes in a scalable complex must use the same firmware version.

The following information shows the arguments for the options.

-auto

Option	Description
-auto	Automatically create a partition spanning across all nodes of the scalable complex.
-auto <i>Node_Key</i>	Create a partition spanning across all nodes of the scalable complex. If the current system supports selection of a primary
	node; then, the node with the specified Node Key is chosen as the primary node of the partition being created.
	The Node Key is a unique identifier for the node.

Option	Description
-create <node1_key> <node2_key>₁</node2_key></node1_key>	Create a partition spanning across only the specified nodes of the scalable complex.
	If the current system supports selection of a primary node; then, the node with the first Node Key in this list is chosen as the primary node of the partition being created.
	The Node Key list is a space separated list of all the node keys for the nodes in the partition.
-create _with_physical_node_id <physnodeid1> <physnodeid2>¹</physnodeid2></physnodeid1>	Create a partition spanning across only the specified nodes of the scalable complex.
	If the current system supports selection of a primary node; then, the node with the first Physical Node Id in the list is chosen as the primary node of the partition being created.
	The Physical Node Id list is a space-separated list of all the physical node IDs for the nodes in the partition.
-delete -partid <id> -node <node_key>¹</node_key></id>	Delete a specific partition in the scalable complex. Note: The partition must be powered off to delete it.
	Delete a partition by providing one of the following identifiers:
	• The partition ID of a partition in the scalable complex.
	• The node key of a node in the partition in the scalable complex.
-delete	Delete all partitions in the scalable complex. Note: The partitions must be powered off to delete them.
-mode [stand-alone partition] [-partid <id> -node <node_key>]¹</node_key></id>	Set the mode for a specific partition in the scalable complex to stand-alone or partition. When you select the stand-alone mode, the nodes in the partition boot individually. When you select the partition mode, all nodes in the partition boot together.
	To set the partition mode, you can provide one of the following identifiers:
	• The partition ID of the partition in the scalable complex.
	• The node key of a node in the partition in the scalable complex.

Option	Description
-start -partid <id> -node <node_key>¹</node_key></id>	Power on a node or all of the nodes in a partition in the scalable complex.
	To power on the nodes in a partition, you can provide one of the following identifiers:
	• The partition ID of the partition in the scalable complex.
	• The node key of a node in the partition in the scalable complex.
	When the partition ID is provided as an argument and the nodes in the partition are in the partition mode, this option powers on all nodes within the partition.
	When a node key is provided as an argument and the node is in the partition mode, this option powers on all nodes within the partition to which the node key belongs.
	When a node key is provided as an argument and the node is in the stand-alone mode, this option powers on only the node to which the node key belongs.
-reset -partid <id> -node <node_key>¹</node_key></id>	Hard reset a node or all of the nodes in a partition in the scalable complex.
	To hard reset the nodes in a partition, you can provide one of the following identifiers:
	• The partition ID of the partition in the scalable complex.
	• The node key of a node in the partition in the scalable complex.
	When the partition ID is provided as an argument and the nodes in the partition are in the partition mode, this option will hard reset all nodes within the partition.
	When a node key is provided as an argument and the node is in the partition mode, this option will hard reset all nodes within the partition to which the node key belongs.
	When a node key is provided as an argument and the node is in the stand-alone mode, this option will hard reset only the node to which the node key belongs.

Option	Description
-stop -partid <id> -node <node_key>¹</node_key></id>	Power off a node or all of the nodes in a partition in the scalable complex.
	To power off the nodes in a partition, you can provide one of the following identifiers:
	• The partition ID of the partition in the scalable complex.
	• The node key of a node in the partition in the scalable complex.
	When the partition ID is provided as an argument and the nodes in the partition are in the partition mode, this option powers off all nodes within the partition.
	When a node key is provided as an argument and the node is in the partition mode, this option powers off all nodes within the partition to which the node key belongs.
	When a node key is provided as an argument and the node is in the stand-alone mode, this option powers off only the node to which the node key belongs.
-poweron -partid <id> -node <node_key>¹</node_key></id>	Powers on a node or all of the nodes in a partition in the scalable complex.
	To power on the nodes in a partition, you can provide one of the following identifiers:
	• The partition ID of the partition in the scalable complex.
	• The node key of a node in the partition in the scalable complex.
	When the partition ID is provided as an argument and the nodes in the partition are in the partition mode, this option powers on all nodes within the partition.
	When a node key is provided as an argument and the node is in the partition mode, this option powers on all nodes within the partition to which the node key belongs.
	When a node key is provided as an argument and the node is in the stand-alone mode, this option powers on only the node to which the node key belongs.

Option	Description
-poweroff -partid <id> -node <node_key>¹</node_key></id>	Power off a node or all of the nodes in a partition in the scalable complex.
	To power-off the nodes in a partition, you can provide one of the following identifiers:
	• The partition ID of the partition in the scalable complex.
	• The node key of a node in the partition in the scalable complex.
	When the partition ID is provided as an argument and the nodes in the partition are in the partition mode, this option powers off all nodes within the partition.
	When a node key is provided as an argument and the node is in the partition mode, this option powers off all nodes within the partition to which the node key belongs.
	When a node key is provided as an argument and the node is in the stand-alone mode, this option powers off only the node to which the node key belongs.
-powercycle -partid <id> -node <node_key>¹</node_key></id>	Power cycle a node or all of the nodes in a partition in the scalable complex.
	To power cycle the nodes in a partition, you can provide one of the following identifiers:The partition ID of the partition in the scalable complex.
	• The node key of a node in the partition in the scalable complex.
	When the partition ID is provided as an argument and the nodes in the partition are in the partition mode, this option will power cycle all nodes within the partition.
	When a node key is provided as an argument and the node is in the partition mode, this option will power cycle all nodes within the partition to which the node key belongs.
	When a node key is provided as an argument and the node is in the stand-alone mode, this option will power cycle only the node to which the node key belongs.
-partid <i>id</i>	This option is used to display information about the partition in the scalable complex.
-node Node_Key	This option is used to display information about a node in the scalable complex.
-smp	This option is used to display scalability hardware information.
-h or -help	This option is used to display usage information about the scale command.
Note: 1. Option is displayed on multiple	e lines due to space limitations.

Syntax: scale

Example:

system> scale SMP Hardware =2-node SMP =COMD Complex Signature Complex ID =0x4062 Complex Partition Count =1 Complex Node Count =2 Node[0] UUID =575D2D11717411E382996CAE8B7037F0 Node[0] Serial Number =23ZBVC8 Node[0] Node Key =0x6F00 Node[0] Machine Type & Model =7903AC1 Node[0] Slot ID =3-4 Node[0] Logical ID =0x00 Node[0] Partition ID =0x01 Node[0] Partition Node Count =0x02 Node[0] Partition Flags =0x1F Node[0] String ID =23ZBVC8[3-4] Node[0] Port[0] Remote Node Key =0x3F01 Node[0] Port[0] Remote Port Number =0x00 Node[0] Port[0] Status = Enabled Node[0] Port[0] Type =QPI Node[0] Port[1] Remote Node Key =0xFFFF Node[0] Port[1] Remote Port Number =0xFF Node[0] Port[1] Status =Disabled Node[0] Port[1] Type =QPI Node[0] Port[2] Remote Node Key =0xFFFF Node[0] Port[2] Remote Port Number =0xFF Node[0] Port[2] Status =Disabled Node[0] Port[2] Type =QPI Node[1] UUID =DEDB90B5722111E3BADB6CAE8B703620 Node[1] Serial Number =23ZBVF0 Node[1] Node Key =0x3F01 Node[1] Machine Type & Model =7903AC1 Node[1] Slot ID =5-6 Node[1] Logical ID =0x01 Node[1] Partition ID =0x01 Node[1] Partition Node Count =0x02 Node[1] Partition Flags =0x1F Node[1] String ID =23ZBVF0[5-6] Node[1] Port[0] Remote Node Key =0x6F00 Node[1] Port[0] Remote Port Number =0x00 Node[1] Port[0] Status =Enabled Node[1] Port[0] Type =QPI Node[1] Port[1] Remote Node Key =0xFFFF Node[1] Port[1] Remote Port Number =0xFF Node[1] Port[1] Status =Disabled Node[1] Port[1] Type =QPI Node[1] Port[2] Remote Node Key =0xFFFF Node[1] Port[2] Remote Port Number =0xFF Node[1] Port[2] Status =Disabled Node[1] Port[2] Type =QPI system> Syntax:

scale [options]
options:
 -auto node_key

Example:

system> scale
-auto 0x2f00
system>
system> scale
-auto
system>

Syntax:

scale [options]
options:
 -create node1_key node2_key

Example:

system> scale
-create 0x2f00 0x8f01
system>

Syntax:

scale [options]
options:
 -create _with_physical_node_id

Example:

system> scale
-create_with_physical_node_id <PhysNodeId1 PhysNodeId2>
system>

Syntax:

scale [options]
options:
 -delete

Examples:

system> scale
-delete -node 0x2f00
system>

system> scale
-delete -partid 1
system>

Syntax:

scale [options]
options:
 -mode

Examples:

system> **scale** -mode standalone -partid 1 system>

system> scale
-mode partition -partid 1
system>

system> scale
-mode standalone -node 0x2f00
system>

system> scale
-mode partition -node 0x2f00
system>

Syntax: scale [options] option: -start Examples: system> scale -start -partid 1 system> system> scale -start -node 0x2f00 system> Syntax: scale [options] option: -reset Examples: system> scale -reset -partid 1 system> system> scale -reset -node 0x2f00 system> Syntax: scale [options] option: -stop Examples: system> scale -stop -partid 1 system> system> scale -stop -node 0x2f00 system> Syntax: scale [options] option: -poweron Examples: system> scale -poweron -partid 1 system> system> scale -poweron -node 0x2f00 system> Syntax: scale [options] option: -poweroff

Examples:

```
system> scale
-poweroff -partid 1
system>
system> scale
-poweroff -node 0x2f00
system>
```

scale [options]
option:
 -powercycle

Examples:

```
system> scale
-powercycle -partid 1
system>
system> scale
```

```
-powercycle -node 0x2f00
system>
```

Syntax:

scale [options]
option:
 -partid

Example:

```
system> scale
-partid 1
Partition Id 1
    Node count = 2
    Complex id = 0x3360
    Node Logical id =0x00
     Node UUID = BA DF CC 0C DC A7 4E D6 96 44 D9 24 49 10 29 C3
     Node serial number = BOGUS04
     Node key =0x2F00
     Node machine type = 7903AC1
     Node partition id =0x01
     Node partition count =0x02
     Node partition flags =0x1F
     Node string id = []
        Node port[0] remote node key =0x0001
        Node port[0] remote node number =0x00
        Node port[0] port status =0x01
        Node port[0] port type =0x00
        Node port[1] remote node key =0x00FF
        Node port[1] remote node number =0xFF
        Node port[1] port status =0x00
        Node port[1] port type =0x00
        Node port[2] remote node key =0x00FF
        Node port[2] remote node number =0xFF
        Node port[2] port status =0x00
        Node port[2] port type =0x00
    Node Logical id =0x01
     Node UUID = BA D4 FF 2D F7 49 45 36 A9 E5 4E 77 6C 41 8B A0
     Node serial number = BOGUS05
     Node key =0x8F01
     Node machine type = 7903AC1
     Node partition id =0x01
     Node partition count =0x02
     Node partition flags =0x1F
     Node string id = []
```

```
Node port[0] remote node key =0x0000
        Node port[0] remote node number =0x00
        Node port[0] port status =0x01
        Node port[0] port type =0x00
        Node port[1] remote node key =0x00FF
        Node port[1] remote node number =0xFF
        Node port[1] port status =0x00
        Node port[1] port type =0x00
        Node port[2] remote node key =0x00FF
        Node port[2] remote node number =0xFF
        Node port[2] port status =0x00
        Node port[2] port type =0x00
system>
Syntax:
scale [options]
option:
  -node
Example:
system> scale
-node 0x2f00
Node Logical id =0x00
        Node UUID = BA DF CC OC DC A7 4E D6 96 44 D9 24 49 10 29 C3
        Node serial number = BOGUS04
        Node key =0x2F00
        Node machine type = 7903AC1
        Node partition id =0x01
        Node partition count =0x02
        Node partition flags =0x1F
        Node string id = []
            Node port[0] remote node key =0x0001
            Node port[0] remote node number =0x00
            Node port[0] port status =0x01
            Node port[0] port type =0x00
            Node port[1] remote node key =0x00FF
            Node port[1] remote node number =0xFF
            Node port[1] port status =0x00
            Node port[1] port type =0x00
            Node port[2] remote node key =0x00FF
            Node port[2] remote node number =0xFF
            Node port[2] port status =0x00
            Node port[2] port type =0x00
system>
Syntax:
scale [options]
option:
  -smp
Example:
```

```
system> scale
-smp -partid 1
SMP Hardware =2-node SMP
system>
```

scale [options]
option:
 -help

Examples:

```
system> scale
-h
system>
system> scale
-help
system>
```

set command

Use the **set** command to change IMM2 settings.

- Some IMM2 settings can be changed with a simple set command.
- Some of these settings, such as environment variables, are used by the CLI.

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
value	Set value for specified path or setting	Appropriate value for specified path or setting.

Syntax: set [options] option: value

smtp command

Use the smtp command to display and configure settings for the SMTP interface.

Running the **smtp** command with no options displays all SMTP interface information. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-auth	SMTP authentication support	enabled, disabled
-authepw	SMTP authentication encrypted password	Valid password string
-authmd	SMTP authentication method	CRAM-MD5, LOGIN
-authn	SMTP authentication user name	String (limited to 256 characters)
-authpw	SMTP authentication password	String (limited to 256 characters)
-pn	SMTP port number	Valid port number.
-s	SMTP server IP address or hostname	Valid IP address or hostname (63 character limit)

Syntax: smtp [options] option: -auth enabled|disabled -authepw password -authmd CRAM-MD5|LOGIN

```
-authn username
-authpw password
-s ip_address_or_hostname
-pn port_number
```

Example:

```
system> smtp
-s test.com
-pn 25
system>
```

snmp command

Use the snmp command to display and configure SNMP interface information.

Running the **snmp** command with no options displays all SNMP interface information. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-a	SNMPv1 agent	on, off Note: To enable the SNMPv1 agent, the following criteria must be met:
		• IMM2 contact specified using the -cn command option.
		• IMM2 location specified using the -l command option.
		• At least one SNMP community name specified using one of the <i>-cx</i> command options.
		• At least one valid IP address is specified for each SNMP community using one of the <i>-cxiy</i> command options.
-a3	SNMPv3 agent	on, off Note: To enable the SNMPv3 agent, the following criteria must be met:
		• IMM2 contact specified using the -cn command option.
		• IMM2 location specified using the -l command option.
-t	SNMP traps	on, off
-1	IMM2 location	String (limited to 47 characters). Note:
		• Arguments containing spaces must be enclosed in quotation marks. No leading or trailing spaces are allowed in arguments.
		• Clear the IMM2 location by specifying no argument or by specifying an empty string as the argument, such as "".
-cn	IMM2 contact name	String (limited to 47 characters). Note:
		• Arguments containing spaces must be enclosed in quotation marks. No leading or trailing spaces are allowed in arguments.
		• Clear the IMM2 contact name by specifying no argument or by specifying an empty string as the argument, such as "".

Option	Description	Values
-c <i>x</i>	SNMP community <i>x</i> name	String (limited to 15 characters). Note:
		• <i>x</i> is specified as 1, 2, or 3 in the command option to indicate the community number.
		 Arguments containing spaces must be enclosed in quotation marks. No leading or trailing spaces are allowed in arguments.
		 Clear an SNMP community name by specifying no argument or by specifying an empty string as the argument, such as "".
-cxiy	SNMP community <i>x</i> IP address or hostname <i>y</i>	Valid IP address or hostname (limited to 63 characters). Note:
		• <i>x</i> is specified as 1, 2, or 3 in the command option to indicate the community number.
		• <i>y</i> is specified as 1, 2, or 3 in the command option to indicate the IP address or hostname number.
		 An IP address or hostname can only contain dots, underscores, minus signs, letters and digits. No embedded spaces or consecutive periods are allowed.
		 Clear an SNMP community IP address or hostname by specifying no argument.
-cax	SNMPv3 community <i>x</i> access type	get, set, trap Note: <i>x</i> is specified as 1, 2, or 3 in the command option to indicate the community number.

```
snmp [options]
option:
    -a state
    -a3 state
    -t state
    -l location
    -cn contact_name
    -c2 snmp_community_1_name
    -c2 snmp_community_2_name
    -c1i1 community_1_ip_address_or_hostname_1
    -c1i2 community_1_ip_address_or_hostname_2
    -c1i3 community_2_ip_address_or_hostname_1
    -c2i2 community_2_ip_address_or_hostname_2
    -c2i3 community_3_ip_address_or_hostname_1
    -c3i2 community_3_ip_address_or_hostname_1
    -c3i2 community_3_ip_address_or_hostname_2
    -c3i3 community_1_access_type
    -ca2 community_2_access_type
    -ca3 community_3_access_type
```

Example:

system> snmp
-a Enabled
-a3 Enabled
-t Enabled
-1 RTC,NC

```
-cn Snmp Test
-c1 public
-c1i1 192.44.146.244
-c1i2 192.44.146.181
-c1i3 192.44.143.16
-cal set
-ch1 specific
-c2 private
-c2i1 192.42.236.4
-c2i2
-c2i3
-ca2 get
-ch2 specific
-c3
-c3i1
-c3i2
-c3i3
-ca3 get
-ch3 ipv4only
system>
```

snmpalerts command

Use the snmpalerts command to manage alerts sent via SNMP.

Running **snmpalerts** with no options displays all SNMP alert settings. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-status	SNMP alert status	on, off
-crt	Sets critical events that send alerts	all, none, custom:te vo po di fa cp me in re ot
		Custom critical alert settings are specified using a pipe separated list of values of the form snmpalerts -crt custom:telvo , where custom values are:
		• te: critical temperature threshold exceeded
		• vo: critical voltage threshold exceeded
		• po: critical power failure
	• di: hard disk drive failure	
		• fa: fan failure
		• cp: microprocessor failure
		• me: memory failure
		• in: hardware incompatibility
		• re: power redundancy failure
		• ot: all other critical events
-crten	Send critical event alerts	enabled, disabled

Option	Description	Values
-wrn	Sets warning events that send alerts	 all, none, custom:rp te vo po fa cp me ot Custom warning alert settings are specified using a pipe separated list of values of the form snmpalerts -wrn custom:rp te, where custom values are: rp: power redundancy warning te: warning temperature threshold exceeded vo: warning voltage threshold exceeded po: warning power threshold exceeded fa: non-critical fan event cp: microprocessor in degraded state me: memory warning ot: all other warning events
-wrnen	Send warning event alerts	enabled, disabled
-sys	Sets routine events that send alerts	 all, none, custom:loltiolot polbf tillpf ellne Custom routine alert settings are specified using a pipe separated list of values of the form snmpalerts -sys custom:loltio, where custom values are: lo: successful remote login tio: operating system timeout ot: all other informational and system events po: system power on/off bf: operating system loader watchdog timeout f: predicted failure (PFA) el: event log 75% full ne: network change
-sysen	Send routine event alerts	enabled, disabled

```
snmpalerts [options]
options:
    -status status
    -crt event_type
    -crten state
    -wrn event_type
    -wrnen state
    -sys event_type
    -sysen state
```

srcfg command

Use the **srcfg** command to indicate the key sequence to enter the CLI from the serial redirection mode. To change the serial redirect configuration, type the options, followed by the values. To change the serial redirect configuration, you must have at least Adapter Networking and Security Configuration authority.

Note: The IMM2 hardware does not provide for a serial port to serial port pass-through capability. Therefore the -passthru and entercliseq options which are present in the Remote Supervisor Adapter II CLI are not supported.

Running the **srcfg** command with no options displays the current serial redirection keystroke sequence. The following table shows the arguments for the srcfg -entercliseq command option.

Option	Description	Values
-entercliseq	Enter a CLI keystroke sequence	User-defined keystroke sequence to enter the CLI. Note: This sequence must have at least one character and at most 15 characters. The caret symbol (^) has a special meaning in this sequence. It denotes Ctrl for keystrokes that map to Ctrl sequences (for example, ^[for the escape key and ^M for carriage return). All occurrences of ^ are interpreted as part of a Ctrl sequence. Refer to an ASCII-to-key conversion table for a complete list of Ctrl sequences. The default value for this field is ^[(which is Esc followed by (.

```
Syntax:
srcfg [options]
options:
-entercliseq entercli_keyseq
```

Example:

```
system> srcfg
-entercliseq ^[Q
system>
```

sshcfg command

Use the sshcfg command to display and configure SSH parameters.

Running the **sshcfg** command with no options displays all SSH parameters. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-cstatus	State of SSH CLI	enabled, disabled
-hk gen	Generate SSH server private key	
-hk rsa	Display server RSA public key	

Syntax:

```
sshcfg [options]
option:
    -cstatus state
    -hk gen
    -hk rsa
```

Example:

```
system> sshcfg
-cstatus enabled
CLI SSH port 22
ssh-rsa 2048 bit fingerprint: b4:a3:5d:df:0f:87:0a:95:f4:d4:7d:c1:8c:27:51:61
1 SSH public keys installed
system>
```

ssl command

Use the ssl command to display and configure the SSL parameters.

Note: Before you can enable an SSL client, a client certificate must be installed.

Running the **ssl** command with no options displays SSL parameters. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-ce	Enables or disables an SSL client	on, off
-se	Enables or disables an SSL server	on, off
-cime	Enables or disables CIM over HTTPS on the SSL server	on, off

Syntax:

portcfg [options]
options:
 -ce state
 -se state
 -cime state

Parameters: The following parameters are presented in the option status display for the **ssl** command and are output only from the CLI:

Server secure transport enable

This status display is read-only and cannot be set directly.

Server Web/CMD key status

This status display is read-only and cannot be set directly. Possible command line output values are as follows:

Private Key and Cert/CSR not available

Private Key and CA-signed cert installed

Private Key and Auto-gen self-signed cert installed

Private Key and Self-signed cert installed

Private Key stored, CSR available for download

SSL server CSR key status

This status display is read-only and cannot be set directly. Possible command line output values are as follows:

Private Key and Cert/CSR not available

Private Key and CA-signed cert installed

Private Key and Auto-gen self-signed cert installed

Private Key and Self-signed cert installed

Private Key stored, CSR available for download

SSL client LDAP key status

This status display is read-only and cannot be set directly. Possible command line output values are as follows as follows:

Private Key and Cert/CSR not available

Private Key and CA-signed cert installed

Private Key and Auto-gen self-signed cert installed

Private Key and Self-signed cert installed

Private Key stored, CSR available for download

SSL client CSR key status

This status display is read-only and cannot be set directly. Possible command line output values are as follows:

Private Key and Cert/CSR not available

Private Key and CA-signed cert installed

Private Key and Auto-gen self-signed cert installed

Private Key and Self-signed cert installed

Private Key stored, CSR available for download

sslcfg command

Use the sslcfg command to display and configure SSL for the IMM2 and manage certificates.

Running the sslcfg command with no options displays all SSL configuration	
information. The following table shows the arguments for the options.	

Option	Description	Values
-server	SSL server status	enabled, disabled Note: The SSL server can be enabled only if a valid certificate is in place.
-client	SSL client status	enabled, disabled Note: The SSL client can be enabled only if a valid server or client certificate is in place.
-cim	CIM over HTTPS status	enabled, disabled Note: CIM over HTTPS can be enabled only if a valid server or client certificate is in place.
-i	IP address for TFTP/SFTP server	Valid IP address Note: An IP address for the TFTP or SFTP server must be specified when uploading a certificate, or downloading a certificate or CSR.
-pn	Port number of TFTP/SFTP server	Valid port number (default 69/22)
-u	User name for SFTP server	Valid user name
-pw	Password for SFTP server	Valid password
-1	Certificate filename	Valid filename Note: A filename is required when downloading or uploading a certificate or CSR. If no filename is specified for a download, the default name for the file is used and displayed.

Option	Description	Values
-dnld	Download certificate file	This option takes no arguments; but, must also specify values for the -cert or -csr command option (depending on the certificate type being downloaded). This option takes no arguments; but, must also specify values for the -i command option, and -1 (optional) command option.
-upld	Imports certificate file	This option takes no arguments, but must also specify values for the -cert , -i , and -l command options.
-tcx	Trusted certificate <i>x</i> for SSL client	import, download, remove Note: The trusted certificate number, x , is specified as an integer from 1 to 3 in the command option.
-c	Country	Country code (2 letters) Note: Required when generating a self-signed certificate or CSR.
-sp	State or province	Quote-delimited string (maximum 60 characters) Note: Required when generating a self-signed certificate or CSR.
-cl	City or locality	Quote-delimited string (maximum 50 characters) Note: Required when generating a self-signed certificate or CSR.
-on	Organization name	Quote-delimited string (maximum 60 characters) Note: Required when generating a self-signed certificate or CSR.
-hn	IMM2 hostname	String (maximum 60 characters) Note: Required when generating a self-signed certificate or CSR.
-ср	Contact person	Quote-delimited string (maximum 60 characters) Note: Optional when generating a self-signed certificate or CSR.
-ea	Contact person email address	Valid email address (maximum 60 characters) Note: Optional when generating a self-signed certificate or CSR.
-ou	Organizational unit	Quote-delimited string (maximum 60 characters) Note: Optional when generating a self-signed certificate or CSR.
-S	Surname	Quote-delimited string (maximum 60 characters) Note: Optional when generating a self-signed certificate or CSR.
-gn	Given name	Quote-delimited string (maximum 60 characters) Note: Optional when generating a self-signed certificate or CSR.
-in	Initials	Quote-delimited string (maximum 20 characters) Note: Optional when generating a self-signed certificate or CSR.
-dq	Domain name qualifier	Quote-delimited string (maximum 60 characters) Note: Optional when generating a self-signed certificate or CSR.
-cpwd	Challenge password	String (minimum 6 characters, maximum 30 characters) Note: Optional when generating a CSR.
-un	Unstructured name	Quote-delimited string (maximum 60 characters) Note: Optional when generating a CSR.

```
Syntax:
sslcfg [options]
option:
 -server state
 -client state
 -cim state
 -i ip address
 -pn port number
 -u username
 -pw password
 -1 filename
 -dnld
 -upld
 -tcx action
 -c country_code
 -sp state_or_province
 -cl city_or_locality
 -on organization name
 -hn imm hostname
 -cp contact person
 -ea email_address
 -ou organizational unit
 -s surname
 -gn given name
 -in initials
 -dq dn_qualifier
 -cpwd challenge password
 -un unstructured name
```

Examples:

```
system> sslcfg
-server enabled
-client disabled
-sysdir enabled
SSL Server Certificate status:
A self-signed certificate is installed
SSL Client Certificate status:
A self-signed certificate is installed
SSL CIM Certificate status:
A self-signed certificate is installed
SSL Client Trusted Certificate status:
Trusted Certificate 1: Not available
Trusted Certificate 3: Not available
Trusted Certificate 4: Not available
```

telnetcfg command

Use the **telnetcfg** command to display and configure Telnet settings.

Running the **telnetcfg** command with no options displays the Telnet state. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-en	Telnet state	disabled, 1, 2 Note: If not disabled, Telnet is enabled for either one or two users.

Syntax:

telnetcfg [options]
option:
 -en state

Example:

```
system> telnetcfg
-en 1
system>
```

tls command

Use the **tls** command to set the minimum TLS level. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-min	Select the minimum TLS level	1.0, 1.1, 1.2 ¹
-h	List the usage and options	

Note:

1. When the cryptography mode is set to the NIST-800-131A Compliance mode, the TLS version must be set to 1.2.

```
Syntax:
```

```
tls [options]
option:
-min 1.0|1.1|1.2
-h
```

Examples:

To get the usage for the tls command, issue the following command: system> tls -h

system>

To obtain the current tls version, issue the following command:

```
system> tls
-min 1.0
system>
```

To change the current tls version to 1.2, issue the following command:

```
system> tls
-min 1.2
ok
system>
```

thermal command

Use the **thermal** command to display and configure the thermal mode policy of the host system.

Running the **thermal** command with no options displays the thermal mode policy. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-mode	Thermal mode selection	normal, performance

thermal [options]
option:
 -mode thermal mode

Example:

system> thermal
-mode normal
system>

timeouts command

Use the **timeouts** command to display the timeout values or change them. To display the timeouts, type timeouts. To change timeout values, type the options followed by the values. To change timeout values, you must have at least Adapter Configuration authority.

The following table shows the arguments for the timeout values. These values match the graduated scale pull-down options for server timeouts on the web interface.

Option	Timeout	Units	Values
-f	Power off delay	minutes	disabled, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7.5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 60, 120
-1	Loader timeout	minutes	disabled, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4, 4.5, 5, 7.5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 60, 120
-0	Operating system timeout	minutes	disabled, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4

Syntax:

timeouts [options]
options:
-f power_off_delay_watchdog_option
-o OS_watchdog_option
-1 loader_watchdog_option

Example:

```
system> timeouts
-o disabled
-1 3.5
system> timeouts -o 2.5
ok
system> timeouts
-o 2.5
-1 3.5
```

usbeth command

Use the **usbeth** command to enable or disable the in-band LAN over USB interface.

Syntax:

usbeth [options] options: -en <enabled|disabled>

Example:

system>usbeth
-en : disabled
system>usbeth -en enabled
ok
system>usbeth
-en : disabled

users command

Use the **users** command to access all user accounts and their authority levels. The **users** command is also used to create new user accounts and modify existing accounts.

Running the **users** command with no options displays a list of users and some basic user information. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-user_index	User account index number	1 through 12, inclusive, or all for all users.
-n	User account name	Unique string containing only numbers, letters, periods, and underscores. Minimum of 4 characters and maximum of 16 characters.
-p	User account password	String that contains at least one alphabetic and one non-alphabetic character. Minimum of 6 characters and maximum of 20 characters. Null creates an account without a password that the user must set during their first login.
-а	User authority level	super, ro, custom
		Where:
		• super (supervisor)
		• ro (read only)
		 custom is followed by a colon and list of values that are separated by a pipe (), of the form custom:am rca. These values can be used in any combination.
		am (user account management access)
		rca (remote console access)
		rcvma (remote console and virtual media access)
		pr (remote server power/restart access)
		cel (ability to clear event logs)
		bc (adapter configuration - basic)
		nsc (adapter configuration - network and security)
		ac (Adapter configuration - advanced)
-ер	Encryption password (for backup/restore)	Valid password

Option	Description	Values
-clear	Erase specified user account	User account index number to erase must be specified, following the form:
		users -clear - <i>user_index</i>
-curr	Display users currently logged in	
-sauth	SNMPv3 authentication protocol	HMAC-MD5, HMAC-SHA, none
-spriv	SNMPv3 privacy protocol	CBC-DES, AES, none
-spw	SNMPv3 privacy password	Valid password
-sepw	SNMPv3 privacy password (encrypted)	Valid password
-sacc	SNMPv3 access type	get, set
-strap	SNMPv3 trap hostname	Valid hostname
-pk	Display SSH public key for user	 User account index number. Note: Each SSH key assigned to the user is displayed, along with an identifying key index number. When using the SSH public key options, the -pk option must be used after the user index (<i>-userindex</i> option), of the form: users -2 -pk. All keys are in OpenSSH format.
-e	Display entire SSH key in OpenSSH format (SSH public key option)	This option takes no arguments and must be used exclusive of all other users -pk options. Note: When using the SSH public key options, the -pk option must be used after the user index (<i>-userindex</i> option), of the form: users -2 -pk -e.
-remove	Remove SSH public key from user (SSH public key option)	Public key index number to remove must be given as a specific - <i>key_index</i> or -all for all keys assigned to the user. Note: When using the SSH public key options, the -pk option must be used after the user index (- <i>userindex</i> option), of the form: users -2 -pk -remove -1.

Option	Description	Values
-add	Add SSH public key for user	Quote-delimited key in OpenSSH format Note:
	(SSH public key option)	 The -add option is used exclusive of all other users -pk command options.
		• When using the SSH public key options, the -pk option must be used after the user index (<i>-userindex</i> option), of the form:
		users -2 -pk -add "AAAAB3NzC1yc2EAAAABIwAAA QEAvfnTUzRF7pdBuaBy4d0/aIFasa/Gtc+o/wlZnuC4aD HMA1UmnMyLOCiIaNOy400ICEKCqjKEhrYymtAoVtfKApv Y39GpnSGRC/qcLGWLM4cmirKL5kxHNOqIcwbT1NPceoKH j46X7E+mqlfWnAhhjDpcVFjagM3Ek2y7w/tBGrwGgN7DP HJU1tzcJy68mEAnIrzjUoR98Q3/B9cJD77ydGKe8rPdI2 hIEpXR5dNUiupA1Yd8PSSMgdukASKEd3eRRZTB13SAtMu cUsTkYjlXcqex10Qz4+N50R6MbNcwlsx+mTEAvvcpJhug a70UNPGhLJM16k7jeJiQ8Xd2p Xb0ZQ=="
-upld	Upload an SSH public key	Requires the -i and -l options to specify key location. Note:
	(SSH public key option)	 The -upld option is used exclusive of all other users -pk command options (except for -i and -1).
		 To replace a key with a new key, you must specify a -key_index. To add a key to the end of the list of current keys, do not specify a key index.
		 When using the SSH public key options, the -pk option must be used after the user index (-userindex option), of the form: users -2 -pk -upld -i tftp://9.72.216.40/ -1 file.key.
-dnld	Download the specified SSH public key	Requires a <i>-key_index</i> to specify the key to download and the -i and -l options to specify the download location on another computer running a TFTP server. Note:
	(SSH public key option)	 The -dnld option is used exclusive of all other users -pk command options (except for -i, -l, and -key_index).
		 When using the SSH public key options, the -pk option must be used after the user index (<i>-userindex</i> option), of the form: users -2 -pk -dnld -1 -i tftp://9.72.216.40/ -1 file.key.
-i	IP address of TFTP/SFTP server for uploading or downloading a key file	Valid IP address Note: The -i option is required by the users -pk -upld and users -pk -dnld command options.
	(SSH public key option)	
-pn	Port number of TFTP/SFTP server	Valid port number (default 69/22) Note: An optional parameter for the users -pk -upld and users -pk -dnld command options.
-u	User name for SFTP server (SSH public key option)	Valid user name Note: An optional parameter for the users -pk -upld and users -pk -dnld command options.

Option	Description	Values
-pw	Password for SFTP server (SSH public key option)	Valid password Note: An optional parameter for the users -pk -upld and users -pk -dnld command options.
-1	File name for uploading or downloading a key file via TFTP or SFTP (SSH public key option)	Valid file name Note: The -1 option is required by the users -pk -upld and users -pk -dnld command options.
-af	Accept connections from host (SSH public key option)	A comma-separated list of hostnames and IP addresses, limited to 511 characters. Valid characters include: alphanumeric, comma, asterisk, question mark, exclamation point, period, hyphen, colon and percent sign.
-cm	Comment (SSH public key option)	Quote-delimited string of up to 255 characters. Note: When using the SSH public key options, the -pk option must be used after the user index (-userindex option), of the form: users -2 -pk -cm "This is my comment.".

```
users [options]
options:
   -user index
   -n username
  -p password
   -a authority_level
   -ep encryption_password
   -clear
   -curr
  -sauth protocol
  -spriv protocol
   -spw password
   -sepw password
   -sacc state
   -strap hostname
users -pk [options]
options:
   -e
   -remove index
  -add key
   -upld
   -dnld
   -i ip_address
   -pn port_number
   -u username
   -pw password
   -1 filename
   -af list
   -cm comment
```

Example:

system> users
1. USERID Read/Write
Password Expires: no expiration
2. manu Read Only
Password Expires: no expiration
3. eliflippen Read Only

```
Password Expires: no expiration
4. <not used>
5. jacobyackenovic custom:cel|ac
Password Expires: no expiration
system> users -7 -n sptest -p PASSWORD -a custom:am|rca|ce1|nsc|ac
ok
system> users
1. USERID Read/Write
Password Expires: no expiration
2. test Read/Write
Password Expires: no expiration
3. test2 Read/Write
Password Expires: no expiration
4. <not used>
5. jacobyackenovic custom:cel|ac
Password Expires: no expiration
6. <not used>
7. sptest custom:am rca cel nsc ac
Password Expires: no expiration
8. <not used>
9. <not used>
10. <not used>
11. <not used>
12. <not used>
system>
```

IMM2 control commands

The IMM2 control commands are as follows:

- "alertentries command"
- "batch command" on page 240
- "clearcfg command" on page 240
- "clock command" on page 240
- "identify command" on page 241
- "info command" on page 242
- "resetsp command" on page 242
- "spreset command" on page 242

alertentries command

Use the alertentries command to manage alert recipients.

- alertentries with no options displays all alert entry settings.
- **alertentries -number -test** generates a test alert to the given recipient index number.
- alertentries -number (where number is 0 12) displays alert entry settings for the specified recipient index number or allows you to modify the alert settings for that recipient.

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-number	Alert recipient index number to display, add, modify, or delete	1 through 12
-status	Alert recipient status	on, off
-type	Alert type	email, syslog

Option	Description	Values
-log	Include event log in alert email	on, off
-n	Alert recipient name	String
-е	Alert recipient email address	Valid email address
-ip	Syslog IP address or hostname	Valid IP address or hostname
-pn	Syslog port number	Valid port number
-del	Delete specified recipient index number	
-test	Generate a test alert to specified recipient index number	
-crt	Sets critical events that send alerts	 all, none, custom:te vo po di fa cp me in re ot Custom critical alert settings are specified using a pipe separated list of values of the form alertentries -crt custom:te vo, where custom values are: te: critical temperature threshold exceeded vo: critical voltage threshold exceeded po: critical power failure di: hard disk drive failure fa: fan failure cp: microprocessor failure in: hardware incompatibility re: power redundancy failure ot: all other critical events
-crten	Send critical event alerts	enabled, disabled
-wrn	Sets warning events that send alerts	 all, none, custom:rp te vo po fa cp me ot Custom warning alert settings are specified using a pipe separated list of values of the form alertentries -wrn custom:rp te, where custom values are: rp: power redundancy warning te: warning temperature threshold exceeded vo: warning voltage threshold exceeded po: warning power threshold exceeded fa: non-critical fan event cp: microprocessor in degraded state me: memory warning ot: all other warning events
-wrnen	Send warning event alerts	enabled, disabled

Option	Description	Values
-sys	Sets routine events	all, none, custom:lo tio ot po bf til pf el ne
	Custom routine alert settings are specified using a pipe separated list of values of the form alertentries -sys custom:lo tio , where custom values are:	
		 lo: successful remote login
		 tio: operating system timeout
		• ot: all other informational and system events
		 po: system power on/off
		 bf: operating system boot failure
		• til: operating system loader watchdog timeout
		• pf: predicted failure (PFA)
		• el: event log 75% full
		ne: network change
-sysen	Send routine event alerts	enabled, disabled

```
alertentries [options]
   options:
   -number recipient_number
     -status status
      -type alert type
      -log include_log_state
      -n recipient name
      -e email_address
      -ip ip_addr_or_hostname
      -pn port_number
      -del
      -test
      -crt event_type
      -crten state
      -wrn event type
      -wrnen state
      -sys event_type
      -sysen state
```

Example:

1. test

system> alertentries

```
2. <not used>
3. <not used>
4. <not used>
5. <not used>
6. <not used>
7. <not used>
8. <not used>
9. <not used>
10. <not used>
11. <not used>
12. <not used>
system> alertentries -1
-status off
-log off
-n test
-e test@mytest.com
```

```
-crt all
-wrn all
-sys none
system>
```

batch command

Use the **batch** command to execute one or more CLI commands that are contained in a file.

- Comment lines in the batch file begin with a #.
- When running a batch file, commands that fail are returned along with a failure return code.
- Batch file commands that contain unrecognized command options might generate warnings.

Option	Description	Values
-f	Batch file name	Valid file name
-ip	IP address of TFTP/SFTP server	Valid IP address
-pn	Port number of TFTP/SFTP server	Valid port number (default 69/22)
-u	Username for SFTP server	Valid user name
-pw	Password for SFTP server	Valid password

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Syntax:

```
batch [options]
option:
    -f filename
    ip ip_address
    -pn port_number
    -u username
    -pw password
```

Example:

```
system> batch -f sslcfg.cli -ip 192.168.70.200
1 : sslcfg -client -dnld -ip 192.168.70.20
Command total/errors/warnings: 8 / 1 / 0
system>
```

clearcfg command

Use the **clearcfg** command to set the IMM2 configuration to its factory defaults. You must have at least Advanced Adapter Configuration authority to issue this command. After the configuration of the IMM2 is cleared, the IMM2 is restarted.

clock command

Use the **clock** command to display the current date and time according to the IMM2 clock and the GMT offset. You can set the date, time, GMT offset, and daylight saving time settings.

Note the following information:

- For a GMT offset of +2, -7, -6, -5, -4, or -3, special daylight saving time settings are required:
 - For +2, the daylight saving time options are as follows: off, ee (Eastern Europe), mik (Minsk), tky (Turkey), bei (Beirut), amm (Amman), jem (Jerusalem).
 - For -7, the daylight saving time settings are as follows: off, mtn (Mountain), maz (Mazatlan).
 - For -6, the daylight saving time settings are as follows: off, mex (Mexico), cna (Central North America).
 - For -5, the daylight saving time settings are as follows: off, cub (Cuba), ena (Eastern North America).
 - For -4, the daylight saving time settings are as follows: off, asu (Asuncion), cui (Cuiaba), san (Santiago), cat (Canada Atlantic).
 - For -3, the daylight saving time settings are as follows: off, gtb (Godthab), moo (Montevideo), bre (Brazil - East).
- The year must be from 2000 to 2089, inclusive.
- The month, date, hours, minutes, and seconds can be single-digit values (for example, 9:50:25 instead of 09:50:25).
- GMT offset can be in the format of +2:00, +2, or 2 for positive offsets, and -5:00 or -5 for negative offsets.

```
clock [options]
options:
-d mm/dd/yyyy
-t hh:mm:ss
-g gmt offset
-dst on/off/special case
```

Example:

```
system> clock
12/12/2011 13:15:23 GMT-5:00 dst on
system> clock -d 12/31/2011
ok
system> clock
12/31/2011 13:15:30 GMT-5:00 dst on
```

identify command

Use the **identify** command to turn the chassis identify LED on or off, or to have it flash. The -d option can be used with -s on to turn the LED on for only for the number of seconds specified with the -d parameter. The LED then turns off after the number of seconds elapses.

Syntax:

```
identify [options]
options:
-s on/off/blink
-d seconds
```

Example:

```
system> identify
-s off
system> identify -s on -d 30
ok
system>
```

info command

Use the info command to display and configure information about the IMM2.

Running the **info** command with no options displays all IMM2 location and contact information. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-name	IMM2 name	String
-contact	Name of IMM2 contact person	String
-location	IMM2 location	String
-room ¹	IMM2 room identifier	String
-rack ¹	IMM2 rack identifier	String
-rup ¹	Position of IMM2 in rack	String
-ruh	Rack unit height	Read only
-bbay	Blade bay location	Read only

1. Value is read only and cannot be reset if the IMM2 resides in an IBM Flex System.

Syntax:

```
info [options]
option:
    -name imm_name
    -contact contact_name
    -location imm_location
    -room room_id
    -rack rack_id
    -rup rack_unit_position
    -ruh rack_unit_height
    -bbay blade bay
```

resetsp command

Use the **resetsp** command to restart the IMM2. You must have at least Advanced Adapter Configuration authority to be able to issue this command.

spreset command

Use the **spreset** command to restart the IMM2. You must have at least Advanced Adapter Configuration authority to be able to issue this command.

Service advisor commands

The service advisor commands are as follows:

- "autoftp command" on page 243
- "chconfig command" on page 243
- "chlog command" on page 245
- "chmanual command" on page 245
- "events command" on page 246
- "sdemail command" on page 246
autoftp command

Use the **autoftp** command to display and configure the FTP/TFTP/SFTP server settings for the IMM2. The server will not send duplicate events if they are left unacknowledged in the activity log.

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-m	The automated problem reporting	ftp, sftp, tftp, disabled Notes:
	litotte	• For the ftp mode, all fields must be set.
		 For the tftp mode, only the -i and -p options are required.
-i	The FTP, SFTP, or TFTP server IP address or hostname for automated problem reporting	Valid IP address or hostname
-р	The FTP, SFTP, or TFTP transmission port for automated problem reporting	Valid port number (1 - 65535)
-u	The FTP, SFTP, or TFTP user name for automated problem reporting	Quote-delimited string up to 63 characters
-pw	FTP password for automated problem reporting	Quote-delimited string up to 63 characters

Syntax:

autoftp [options]
option:
 -m mode
 -i ip_address_or_hostname
 -p port_number
 -u user_name
 -pw password

chconfig command

Use the chconfig command to display and configure the Service Advisor settings.

Notes:

- The Service Advisor Terms and Conditions must be accepted, using the **chconfig** -li command option, before configuring any other parameters.
- All contact information fields, as well as the IBM Service Support Center field, are required before the IBM Support of Service Advisor can be enabled.
- All HTTP Proxy fields must be set, if an HTTP proxy is required.

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-li	View or accept the Service Advisor Terms and Conditions	view, accept
-sa	IBM Support status of the Service Advisor	enabled, disabled
-SC	Country code for the IBM Service Support Center	Two-character ISO country code
Service Advi	sor contact information opti	ons:
-ce	Email address of primary contact person	Valid email address of the form userid@hostname (30 characters maximum)
-cn	Name of primary contact person	Quote-delimited string (30 characters maximum)
-co	Organization or company name of primary contact person	Quote-delimited string (30 characters maximum)
-cph	Phone number of primary contact person	Quote-delimited string (5 - 30 characters)
-cpx	Phone extension of primary contact person	Quote-delimited phone extension of the contact person (1 - 5 characters)
Alternate Ser	rvice Advisor contact inform	nation options:
-ae	Email address of alternate contact person	Valid email address of the form userid@hostname (30 characters maximum)
-an	Name of alternate contact person	Quote-delimited string (30 characters maximum)
-aph	Phone number of alternate contact person	Quote-delimited string (5 - 30 characters)
-apx	Phone extension of alternate contact person	Quote-delimited string (1 - 5 characters)
System location information option:		
-mp	Phone number for the machine location	Quote-delimited string (5 - 30 characters)
HTTP proxy settings options:		
-loc	HTTP proxy location	Fully qualified hostname or IP address for HTTP proxy (63 characters maximum)
-po	HTTP proxy port	Valid port number (1 - 65535)
-ps	HTTP proxy status	enabled, disabled
-pw	HTTP proxy password	Valid password, quote-delimited (15 characters maximum)
-u	HTTP proxy user name	Valid user name, quote-delimited (30 characters maximum)

Syntax:

```
chconfig [options]
option:
    -li view|accept
    -sa enable|disable
    -sc service_country_code
    -ce contact_email
    -cn contact_name
    -co company_name
    -cph contact_phone
    -an alternate_contact_name
    -ae alternate_contact_email
    -aph alternate_contact_phone
    -apx alternate_contact_extension_phone
    -mp machine_phone_number
```

-loc hostname/ip_address
-po proxy_port
-ps proxy_status
-pw proxy_pw
-ccl machine_country_code
-u proxy_user_name

chlog command

Use the **chlog** command to display Service Advisor activity log entries. The **chlog** command displays the last five entries from the call-home activity log that were generated by the server or the user. The most recent call home entry is shown first. The server will not send duplicate events if they are not acknowledged as corrected in the activity log.

The following table shows the	arguments for the options.
-------------------------------	----------------------------

Option	Description	Values
-index	Specify a call home entry by using the Index from the Activity Log	Event index number. The index numbers can be viewed using the chlog command.
-ack	Acknowledge or unacknowledged that a call home event has been corrected	yes, no Note: The <i>-event_index</i> command option specifies the event to acknowledge or unacknowledged.
-s	Displays the last five IBM Support entries from the call-home activity log	
-f	Displays the last five FTP/TFTP server entries from the call-home activity log	

Syntax:

chlog [options] option: -index -ack state -s -f

chmanual command

Use the **chmanual** command to generate a manual call home request or a test call home event.

Note: Call home message recipients are configured using the chconfig command.

- The chmanual -test command generates a call home test message.
- The **chmanual** -desc command generates a manual call home message.

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-test	Generates a test message to call home recipients	
-desc	Sends user-generated message to call home recipients	Quote-delimited problem description string (100 characters maximum)

Syntax:

chmanual [options] option: -test -desc message

events command

Note: The Service Advisor Terms and Conditions must be accepted first before using the **events** command.

Use the **events** command to view and edit the call home event configuration. Each type of event generated by the IMM2 has a unique event ID. You can prevent specific events from generating call home messages by adding them to the call home event *exclusion list*. The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-add	Add a call home event into the call home <i>exclusion list</i>	Event ID of the form 0xhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh.
-rm	Remove a call home event from the call home <i>exclusion list</i>	Event ID of the form 0xhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh or all.

Syntax:

```
events -che [options]
option:
    -add event_id
    -rm event_id
```

sdemail command

Use the **sdemail** command to send service information using email. The **sdemail** command sends an email to the specified recipient with the IMM2 service log as an attachment.

The following table shows the arguments for the options.

Option	Description	Values
-to Recipient's information (required option)	Recipient's information	Recipient's email address:
	 Multiple addresses are separated with a comma (119 characters maximum), of the form: userid1@hostname1,userid2@hostname2. 	
		 The userid can be alphanumeric characters, '.', '-', or '_'; but, must begin and end with alphanumeric characters
	 The hostname can be alphanumeric characters, '.', '-', or '_'. It must contain two domain items. Every domain item should begin and end with alphanumeric characters. The last domain item should be 2 – 20 alphabetic characters 	
-subj	Email subject	Quote-delimited string (119 characters maximum)

Syntax:

sdemail [options]
option:
 -to recipient_info
 -subj subject

Appendix A. Getting help and technical assistance

If you need help, service, or technical assistance or just want more information about IBM products, you will find a wide variety of sources available from IBM to assist you.

Use this information to obtain additional information about IBM and IBM products, determine what to do if you experience a problem with your IBM system or optional device, and determine whom to call for service, if it is necessary.

Before you call

Before you call, make sure that you have taken these steps to try to solve the problem yourself.

If you believe that you require IBM to perform warranty service on your IBM product, the IBM service technicians will be able to assist you more efficiently if you prepare before you call.

- Check all cables to make sure that they are connected.
- Check the power switches to make sure that the system and any optional devices are turned on.
- Check for updated software, firmware, and operating-system device drivers for your IBM product. The IBM Warranty terms and conditions state that you, the owner of the IBM product, are responsible for maintaining and updating all software and firmware for the product (unless it is covered by an additional maintenance contract). Your IBM service technician will request that you upgrade your software and firmware if the problem has a documented solution within a software upgrade.
- If you have installed new hardware or software in your environment, check http://www.ibm.com/systems/info/x86servers/serverproven/compat/us to make sure that the hardware and software is supported by your IBM product.
- Go to http://www.ibm.com/supportportal to check for information to help you solve the problem.
- Gather the following information to provide to IBM Support. This data will help IBM Support quickly provide a solution to your problem and ensure that you receive the level of service for which you might have contracted.
 - Hardware and Software Maintenance agreement contract numbers, if applicable
 - Machine type number (IBM 4-digit machine identifier)
 - Model number
 - Serial number
 - Current system UEFI and firmware levels
 - Other pertinent information such as error messages and logs
- Go to http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/Open_service_request to submit an Electronic Service Request. Submitting an Electronic Service Request will start the process of determining a solution to your problem by making the pertinent information available to IBM Support quickly and efficiently. IBM service technicians can start working on your solution as soon as you have completed and submitted an Electronic Service Request.

You can solve many problems without outside assistance by following the troubleshooting procedures that IBM provides in the online help or in the documentation that is provided with your IBM product. The documentation that comes with IBM systems also describes the diagnostic tests that you can perform. Most systems, operating systems, and programs come with documentation that contains troubleshooting procedures and explanations of error messages and error codes. If you suspect a software problem, see the documentation for the operating system or program.

Using the documentation

Information about your IBM system and preinstalled software, if any, or optional device is available in the documentation that comes with the product. That documentation can include printed documents, online documents, readme files, and help files.

See the troubleshooting information in your system documentation for instructions for using the diagnostic programs. The troubleshooting information or the diagnostic programs might tell you that you need additional or updated device drivers or other software. IBM maintains pages on the World Wide Web where you can get the latest technical information and download device drivers and updates. To access these pages, go to http://www.ibm.com/supportportal.

Getting help and information from the World Wide Web

Up-to-date information about IBM products and support is available on the World Wide Web.

On the World Wide Web, up-to-date information about IBM systems, optional devices, services, and support is available at http://www.ibm.com/supportportal. IBM System x information is at http://www.ibm.com/systems/x. IBM BladeCenter information is at http://www.ibm.com/systems/bladecenter. IBM IntelliStation information is at http://www.ibm.com/systems/intellistation.

How to send DSA data to IBM

Use the IBM Enhanced Customer Data Repository to send diagnostic data to IBM.

Before you send diagnostic data to IBM, read the terms of use at http://www.ibm.com/de/support/ecurep/terms.html.

You can use any of the following methods to send diagnostic data to IBM:

- Standard upload: http://www.ibm.com/de/support/ecurep/send_http.html
- Standard upload with the system serial number: http://www.ecurep.ibm.com/app/upload_hw
- Secure upload: http://www.ibm.com/de/support/ecurep/ send_http.html#secure
- Secure upload with the system serial number: https://www.ecurep.ibm.com/app/upload_hw

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IBM Taiwan product service

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IBM Taiwan product service contact information:

IBM Taiwan Corporation 3F, No 7, Song Ren Rd. Taipei, Taiwan Telephone: 0800-016-888

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CD or DVD drive speed is the variable read rate. Actual speeds vary and are often less than the possible maximum.

When referring to processor storage, real and virtual storage, or channel volume, KB stands for 1024 bytes, MB stands for 1,048,576 bytes, and GB stands for 1,073,741,824 bytes.

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Contaminant	Limits
Particulate	• The room air must be continuously filtered with 40% atmospheric dust spot efficiency (MERV 9) according to ASHRAE Standard 52.2 ¹ .
	• Air that enters a data center must be filtered to 99.97% efficiency or greater, using high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters that meet MIL-STD-282.
	• The deliquescent relative humidity of the particulate contamination must be more than $60\%^2$.
	• The room must be free of conductive contamination such as zinc whiskers.
Gaseous	• Copper: Class G1 as per ANSI/ISA 71.04-1985 ³
	Silver: Corrosion rate of less than 300 Å in 30 days

Table 12. Limits for particulates and gases

Table 12. Limits for particulates and gases (continued)

Contaminant	Limits	
¹ ASHRAE 52.2-2008 - Method of Testing General Ventilation Air-Cleaning Devices for Removal Efficiency by Particle Size. Atlanta: American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc.		
² The delique humidity at v conduction.	scent relative humidity of particulate contamination is the relative which the dust absorbs enough water to become wet and promote ionic	
³ ANSI/ISA-7 systems: Airbo North Carolin	71.04-1985. Environmental conditions for process measurement and control orne contaminants. Instrument Society of America, Research Triangle Park, na, U.S.A.	

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European Community contact:

IBM Deutschland GmbH Technical Regulations, Department M372 IBM-Allee 1, 71139 Ehningen, Germany Telephone: +49 7032 15 2941 Email: lugi@de.ibm.com

Germany Class A statement

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Der verantwortliche Ansprechpartner des Herstellers in der EU ist:

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Index

Α

absolute mouse control 120 access remote control 126 Telnet 65, 230 accessible documentation 256 accseccfg command 189 actions partitions 152 activate stand-alone partition 152 activation key export 165 install 161, 204 manage 66, 204 remove 164, 204 Active Directory Users LDAP 65, 233 active energy manager policies tab 143, 145 power management 143, 145 power management option 143 ActiveX applet updating 116 adapter command 173 adapter configuration server management tab 159 adapters option server management 159 Server Management tab 59 advanced Ethernet settings 80 advanced level features 3 advanced management module 1, 4, 7 Advanced Settings Utility (ASU) 1 alertcfg command 191 alertentries command 237 alphabetical command list 170 assigned nodes scalable complex 149 assistance, getting 249 asu command 191 Australia Class A statement 257 autoftp command 243 autonegotiation set 64, 201 autopromo command 195

В

backup command 196 backup configuration IMM2 66 backup status view IMM2 66 baseboard management controller (BMC) 1 basic level features 2 batch command 240 binding method LDAP server 65, 205 BIOS (basic input/output system) 1 blade servers 1, 4, 7 BladeCenter 1, 4, 7 blue screen capture 116 browser requirements 4

С

Canada Class A electronic emission statement 257 capacity power supply 148 certificate handling CIM over HTTPS 95 secure LDAP client 96 certificate management CIM over HTTPS 66, 227, 228 HTTPS server 65, 227, 228 LDAP 66, 227, 228 SSH server 66, 226 change partition mode scalable complex 152 chart tab power history tab 148 power management option 148 chconfig command 243 China Class A electronic emission statement 259 chlog command 245 chmanual command 245 CIM over HTTP port set 65, 208 CIM over HTTPS certificate management 66, 227, 228 security 66, 227, 228 CIM over HTTPS port set 65, 208 Class A electronic emission notice 257 clearcfg command 240 clearlog command 174 CLI key sequence set 63, 209 client distinguished name LDAP server 65, 205 clock command 240 collecting service and support data 140 command-line interface (CLI) accessing 167 command syntax 168 description 167 features and limitations 169 logging in 168 commands accseccfg 189 adapter 173 alertcfg 191 alertentries 237 asu 191 autoftp 243

commands (continued) autopromo 195 backup 196 batch 240 chconfig 243 chlog 245 chmanual 245 clearcfg 240 clearlog 174 clock 240 console 188 cryptomode 196 dhcpinfo 197 dns 198 ethtousb 200 events 246 exit 172 fans 174 ffdc 175 fuelg 184 gprofile 201 help 172 history 172 identify 241 ifconfig 201 info 242 keycfg 204 ldap 205 led 176 ntp 206 passwordcfg 207 portcfg 209 portcontrol 210 ports 208 power 185 pxeboot 187 readlog 177 reset 188 resetsp 242 restore 210 restoredefaults 211 scale 211 sdemail 246 set 221 smtp 221 snmp 222 snmpalerts 224 spreset 242 srcfg 225 sshcfg 226 ssl 227 sslcfg 228 storage 178 syshealth 182 telnetcfg 230 temps 182 thermal 231 timeouts 232 TLS 231 usbeth 232 users 233

commands (continued) volts 183 vpd 183 commands, alphabetical list 170 commands, types of configuration 188 IMM2 control 237 monitor 172 serial redirect 188 server power and restart 184 service advisor 242 utility 172 configuration backup IMM2 66 configuration commands 188 configuration restore IMM2 66, 210 configuration summary, viewing 11 configuration view IMM2 66 configure CIM over HTTPS protocol 95 cryptography management 101 DDNS 64, 198 DDNS settings 85 DNS 64, 198 DNS settings 84 Ethernet 64, 201 Ethernet over USB 65, 200 Ethernet settings 80 HTTPS protocol 94 IMM2 66 IPv4 64, 201 IPv6 64, 201 LDAP 65, 205 LDAP client protocol 96 LDAP server 65, 205 LDAP settings 86 network protocols 80 network service port 210 port assignments 92 ports 65, 208 security 65 security settings 94 serial port 63, 70, 209 SMTP 64, 221 SMTP settings 85 SNMP alert settings 82 SNMPv1 64, 222 SNMPv1 traps 64, 222 SNMPv3 user accounts 64, 233 ssh server 98 Telnet 230 Telnet settings 65, 91 up to four power supplies 145 up to two power supplies 143 USB 65, 200 USB settings 92 user account security levels 64, 189 configuring global login settings 76 serial-to-SSH redirection 168 serial-to-Telnet redirection 168 configuring the IMM2 options to configure the IMM2 63 console command 188

contamination, particulate and gaseous 255 controlling the power status of the server 114 cooling devices option under Server Management tab 54 create email notification 135 syslog notification 135 user account 64, 233 create a partition scalable complex 150 creating a personalized support web page 251 cryptomode command 196 custom support web page 251

D

date set 63, 240 date and time. IMM2 setting 68 DDNS configure 64, 198 custom domain name 64, 198 DHCP server specified domain name 64, 198 domain name source 64, 198 manage 64, 198 default configuration IMM 211 IMM2 66 default static IP address 7 delete email notification 135 syslog notification 135 user 64, 233 delete group enable, disable 201 delete partition scalable complex 153 description partition error 153 dhcpinfo command 197 disk, remote 125 distinguished name, client LDAP server 65, 205 distinguished name, root LDAP server 65, 205 DNS configure 64, 198 IPv4 addressing 64, 198 IPv6 addressing 64, 198 LDAP server 65, 205 server addressing 64, 198 dns command 198 documentation format 256 using 250 domain name source DDNS 64, 198 domain name, custom DDNS 64, 198 domain name, DHCP server specified DDNS 64, 198

download service data option, overview 38 services and support tab 31 drives mapping 126 unmapping 126 DSA, sending data to IBM 250

Ε

electronic emission Class A notice 257 email recipients setting up 28 enhanced role-based security LDAP 65, 233 Ethernet configure 64, 201 Ethernet over USB configure 65, 200 port forwarding 65, 200 ethtousb command 200 European Union EMC Directive conformance statement 257 event log 133 event id problem list 31 event log 26 manage 133 event notification 28 event recipient 28 event recipients manage 133 event tab log 26 events recipients 135 events command 246 events menu 133 events tab overview 26 exit command 172 export activation key 165 export feature Features on Demand 165 FoD 165

F

fans command 174 FCC Class A notice 257 feature knock knock 122 Remote Disk-on-Card 126 features of IMM2 2 Features on Demand 161 export feature 165 install feature 161, 204 manage 66, 204 remove feature 164, 204 ffdc command 175 firewalls and proxies IBM Systems Director 37 firmware view server 63, 183

firmware automated promotion, IMM2 setting 67 firmware, server updating 128 FoD 161 export feature 165 install feature 161, 204 manage 66, 204 remove feature 164, 204 four power supplies configure 145 fuelg command 184

G

gaseous contamination 255 Germany Class A statement 258 global login settings 76 global login settings account security level tab 77 general tab 76 gprofile command 201 group filter LDAP 65, 205 group profile management 75 group search attribute LDAP 65, 205

Η

hardware health 110 hardware service and support telephone numbers 251 help from the World Wide Web 250 from World Wide Web 250 sending diagnostic data to IBM 250 sources of 249 help command 172 history command 172 host name LDAP server 65, 205 set 64, 201 SMTP server 65, 221 host server startup sequence, changing 11 HTTP port set 65, 208 HTTPS port set 65, 208 HTTPS server certificate management 65, 227, 228 security 65, 227, 228

IBM blade servers 1, 4, 7
IBM BladeCenter 1, 4, 7
IBM System x Server Firmware description 1 Setup utility 7
IBM Systems Director firewalls and proxies 37 system management tool 37 IBM Taiwan product service 251 identify command 241 ifconfig command 201 IMM configure 66 default configuration 211 reset 242 reset configuration 211 restart 242 restore configuration 210 spreset 242 IMM management activation management key 106 configure network protocol 80 configuring user accounts 71 IMM configuration restore and modify IMM configuration 103 IMM properties serial port settings 70 restart IMM2 104 security settings 94 user accounts 71 group profiles 75 IMM management tab 62 IMM2 action descriptions 11 activation management key 106 backup configuration 66 backup status view 66 configuration backup 66 configuration options 63 configuration restore 66, 210 configuration view 66 default configuration 66 description 1 features 2 IMM2 advanced level 2 IMM2 basic level 2 IMM2 standard level 2 network connection 7 new functions 1 reset 66, 105 reset configuration 66 restart 66, 104 restore configuration 66 restore status view 66 serial redirection 168 setup wizard 66 view backup status 66 view configuration 66 view restore status 66 web interface 7 web user interface overview 17 IMM2 control commands 237 IMM2 features advanced level 3 basic level 2 IMM2 featuresstandard level features standard level 3 IMM2 management IMM properties date and time 68 firmware automated promotion 67

reset IMM2 105

IMM2 tasks 113 IMM2 web session logging out 19 IMM2 web user interface events tab options overview 26 overview 17 service and support tab options overview 31 system status tab overview 20 important notices 254 info command 242 information center 250 install activation key 161, 204 install feature Features on Demand 161, 204 FoD 161, 204 installed power supplies power modules tab 147 international keyboard support in remote control 119 IP address configuring 7 IPv4 7 IPv6 7 LDAP server 65, 205 SMTP server 65, 221 IP address, default static 7 IPMI remote server management 167 IPMItool 167 IPv4 configure 64, 201 IPv4 addressing DNS 64, 198 IPv6 7 configure 64, 201 IPv6 addressing DNS 64, 198

J

Japan Class A electronic emission statement 259 Java 4, 125 Java applet updating 116

Κ

keyboard pass-through mode in remote control 120 keyboard support in remote control 118 keycfg command 204 knock knock feature enable 122 request remote session 122 user mode multi 122 single 122 Korea Class A electronic emission statement 259

L

latest OS failure screen option under Server Management tab 60 LDAP Active Directory Users 65, 233 certificate management 66, 227, 228 configure 65, 205 enhanced role-based security 65, 233 group filter 65, 205 group search attribute 65, 205 login permission attribute 65, 205 role-based security, enhanced 65, 233 security 66, 227, 228 server target name 65, 205 ldap command 205 LDAP server binding method 65, 205 client distinguished name 65, 205 configure 65, 205 DNS 65, 205 host name 65, 205 IP address 65, 205 password 65, 205 port number 65, 205 pre-configured 65, 205 root distinguished name 65, 205 search domain 65, 205 UID search attribute 65, 205 LDAP server port set 65, 205 led command 176 local storage configuration server management tab 154, 158 local storage option server management 154, 158 Server Management tab 56 logging in to the IMM2 10 logging out of the IMM2 session 19 logical storage pools 154, 158 login permission attribute LDAP 65, 205

Μ

MAC address manage 64, 201 manage activation key 66, 204 DDNS 64, 198 Features on Demand 66, 204 FoD 66, 204 MAC address 64, 201 SNMPv1 communities 64, 222 user 64, 233 mapping drives 126 maximum sessions Telnet 65, 230 maximum transmission unit set 64, 201 memory option under Server Management tab 57 minimum, levels TLS 231 monitor commands 172 monitoring the server status 107

mouse control absolute 120 relative 120 relative with default Linux acceleration 120 mouse support in remote control 120 MTU set 64, 201

Ν

network connection 7 default static IP address 7 IP address, default static 7 static IP address, default 7 network protocol properties DDNS 85 DNS 84 Ethernet settings 80 LDAP 86 port assignments 92 SMTP 85 SNMP alert settings 82 Telnet 91 USB 92 network service port configure 210 New Zealand Class A statement 257 notes, important 254 notices 253 electronic emission 257 FCC, Class A 257 notices and statements 6 ntp command 206

0

online publications documentation update information 1 error code information 1 firmware update information 1 operating-system requirements 4 operating-system screen capture 116 options on the IMM management tab 62 server management tab 39 OS failure screen data capture 142 overview download service data 38 ssl 99

Ρ

page auto refresh option 17 particulate contamination 255 partition actions 152 activate stand-alone remove, restore 152 partition error description 153 scalable complex 153 partitions scalable complex 149, 150 password LDAP server 65, 205 user 64, 233 passwordcfg command 207 People's Republic of China Class A electronic emission statement 259 performing IMM2 tasks 113 physical storage pools 154 port forwarding Ethernet over USB 65, 200 port number LDAP server 65, 205 SMTP server 65, 221 port numbers set 65, 208 portcfg command 209 portcontrol command 210 ports configure 65, 208 set numbers 65, 208 view open 65, 208 ports command 208 power actions 114 scalable complex 149 power allocation tab power management option 148 power command 185 power management active energy manager 143, 145 policies tab 143, 145 under Server Management tab 61 power management option active energy manager 143 chart tab 148 policies tab 143 power allocation tab 148 power history tab 148 power modules tab 147 Server Management tab 143 power modules option under Server Management tab 55 power modules tab installed power supplies 147 power management option 147 power supply capacity 148 pre-configured LDAP server 65, 205 problem list event id 31 problems services and support tab 31 problems, option services and support 31 processors option under Server Management tab 58 product service, IBM Taiwan 251 PXE Boot Agent 11 PXE network boot setting up 127 PXE network boot option under Server Management tab 60 pxeboot command 187

R

RDOC 126 readlog command 177 relative mouse control 120 relative mouse control for Linux (default Linux acceleration) 120 remote access 2 remote boot 125 remote control absolute mouse control 120 accessing 126 exiting 127 international keyboard support 119 keyboard pass-through mode 120 keyboard support 118 mouse support 120 performance statistics 122 power and restart commands 122 relative mouse control 120 relative mouse control for Linux (default Linux acceleration) 120 screen capture 116 single cursor mode 121 video viewer 115 Video Viewer 117, 118 virtual media session 115 Virtual Media Session 125 remote control feature 45, 115 remote control mouse support 120 Remote Control port set 65, 208 remote control, windows video viewer 45 virtual media session 45 Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) launching 122 remote disk 125, 126 Remote Disk-on-Card 126 remote power control 122 remote presence functionality 115 enabling 116 Remote Supervisor Adapter II 1 remove activation key 164, 204 remove feature Features on Demand 164, 204 FoD 164, 204 remove, partition mode scalable complex 153 remove, restore partition 152 requirements operating system 4 web browser 4 reset IMM 242 IMM2 66 reset command 188 reset configuration IMM 211 IMM2 66 resetsp command 242 restart IMM 242 IMM2 66 restore command 210

restore configuration IMM2 66, 210 restore status view IMM2 66 restoredefaults command 211 role-based levels operator 201 rbs 201 supervisor 201 role-based security, enhanced LDAP 65, 233 root distinguished name LDAP server 65, 205 Russia Class A electronic emission statement 259

S

scalable complex change partition mode 152 create a partition 150 delete partition 153 managing 149 partition error 153 partitions 150 remove, partition mode 153 separate nodes 149 server management tab 61 viewing 149 scale command 211 sdemail command 246 search domain LDAP server 65, 205 security CIM over HTTPS 66, 227, 228 CIM over HTTPS protocol 95 configure 65 cryptography management 101 HTTPS protocol 94 HTTPS server 65, 227, 228 LDAP 66, 227, 228 LDAP client 96 ssh server 98 SSH server 66, 226 ssl certificate handling 99 SSL certificate management 99 ssl overview 99 sending diagnostic data to IBM 250 Serial over LAN 167 serial port configuration 70 configure 63, 209 serial redirect command 188 serial-to-SSH redirection 168 serial-to-Telnet redirection 168 server addressing DNS 64, 198 server firmware updating 128 server firmware option under the Server Management tab 40 server management adapters option 159 local storage option 154, 158 OS failure screen data 142 PXE network boot 127 server firmware 128

server management (continued) server timeouts, setting 66 Server Management latest OS failure screen option 60 memory option 57 power management 61 power modules option 55 processors option 58 PXE network boot option 60 server cooling devices option 54 server firmware option 40 server power actions option 54 server properties option 50 server timeouts option 60 server management tab 39 adapter configuration 159 local storage configuration 154, 158 scalable complex 61 Server Management tab adapters option 59 local storage option 56 power management option 143 server power controlling 114 server power actions option under Server Management tab 54 server power and restart commands 184 server properties environmentals tab 50 general settings tab 50 hardware activity tab 50 hardware information tab network hardware tab 50 system component information tab 50 system information tab 50 LED tab 50 server properties option under Server Management tab 50 server status monitoring 107 server target name LDAP 65, 205 server timeout selections 66 server timeouts option under Server Management tab 60 service advisor commands 242 service and support before you call 249 hardware 251 software 251 service and support data collecting 140 downloading 140 service and support tab overview 31 services and support option, problems 31 option, settings 34 services and support tab download service data 31 problems 31 settings 31 sessions, maximum Telnet 65, 230

set autonegotiation 64, 201 CIM over HTTP port 65, 208 CIM over HTTPS port 65, 208 CLI key sequence 63, 209 date 63, 240 host name 64, 201 HTTP port 65, 208 HTTPS port 65, 208 LDAP server port 65, 205 maximum transmission unit 64, 201 MTU 64, 201 Remote Control port 65, 208 SNMP agent port 65, 208 SNMP Traps port 65, 208 SNMPv1 contact 64, 222 SNMPv3 contact 64, 222 SSH CLI port 65, 208 Telnet CLI port 65, 208 time 63, 240 user authentication method 64, 189 VLAN enablement 64 web inactivity timeout 64, 189 set command 221 set port numbers 65, 208 setting IMM2 firmware automated promotion 67 the IMM2 date and time 68 setting server timeouts 66 setting up alert recipients 28 settings advanced 80 CIM over HTTPS 95 cryptography management 101 DDNS 85 DNS 84 Ethernet 80 for the web session 17 global login 76 account security level tab 77 general tab 76 HTTPS 94 LDAP 86 LDAP client protocol 96 port assignments 92 security 94 services and support tab 31 SMTP 85 SNMP alert 82 ssh server 98 Telnet 91 USB 92 settings, option services and support 34 setup wizard IMM2 66 single cursor mode 121 SMTP configure 64, 221 server host name 65, 221 server IP address 65, 221 server port number 65, 221 test 65 smtp command 221

SNMP agent port set 65, 208 snmp command 222 SNMP Traps port set 65, 208 snmpalerts command 224 SNMPv1 configure 64, 222 SNMPv1 communities manage 64, 222 SNMPv1 contact set 64, 222 SNMPv1 traps configure 64, 222 SNMPv3 contact set 64, 222 SNMPv3 settings user 64, 233 SNMPv3 user accounts configure 64, 233 software service and support telephone numbers 251 spreset command 242 srcfg command 225 SSH CLI port set 65, 208 SSH keys user 64, 233 SSH server certificate management 66, 226 security 66, 226 sshcfg command 226 SSL certificate handling 99 certificate management 99 ssl command 227 sslcfg command 228 startup sequence, changing 11 static IP address, default 7 storage command 178 storage devices 178 storage devices storage command 178 storage pools logical 158 physical 154 physical 154 support web page, custom 251 syshealth command 182 system event notification 135 retry notification 135 system event notification 28 system health 109 system information 109 system status 107 system status page, overview 20 system status tab overview 20 Systems Director, IBM systems management tool 37 systems management tool IBM Systems Director 37

T

Taiwan Class A electronic emission statement 259 target name, server LDAP 65, 205 telecommunication regulatory statement 256 telephone numbers 251 Telnet access 65, 230 configure 230 maximum sessions 65, 230 Telnet CLI port set 65, 208 Telnet settings configure 65 telnetcfg command 230 temps command 182 test SMTP 65 test events generate 135 the system information viewing 109 thermal command 231 time set 63, 240 timeouts command 232 TLS minimum level 231 TLS command 231 tools IPMItool 167 trademarks 253 trespass message option 18 two power supplies configure 143

U

UID search attribute LDAP server 65, 205 unassigned nodes scalable complex 149 United States FCC Class A notice 257 unmapping drives 126 updating the ActiveX applet 116 the Java applet 116 updating firmware 116 USB configure 65, 200 usbeth command 232 user delete 64, 233 manage 64, 233 password 64, 233 SNMPv3 settings 64, 233 SSH keys 64, 233 user account create 64, 233 group profile 75 management 71 user account security levels configure 64, 189

user accounts configuring 71 user authentication method set 64, 189 users view current 64, 233 users command 233 using ActiveX client 45 Java client 45 remote control feature 115 remote presence function 115 utility commands 172

V

video color mode in remote control 118 Video Viewer absolute mouse control 120 exiting 127 international keyboard support 119 keyboard pass-through mode 120 mouse support 120 performance statistics 122 power and restart commands 122 relative mouse control 120 relative mouse control for Linux (default Linux acceleration) 120 screen capture 116 single cursor mode 121 video color mode 118 view modes 117 view backup status IMM 66 view configuration IMM2 66 view current users 64, 233 view firmware information server 63, 183 view modes in remote control 117 view open ports 65, 208 view restore status IMM2 66 viewing the hardware health 110 the system health 109 the system status 107 viewing and managing scalable complex partitions 149 Virtual Light Path 11 Virtual Media Session exiting 127 launch 126 map drives 126 remote disk 125 unmap drives 126 VLAN enablement set 64 volts command 183 vpd command 183

W

Web browser requirements 4

web inactivity timeout set 64, 189 web interface logging in to web interface 10 web interface, opening and using 7 web session settings 17 working with events in the event log 26

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