

# Security APIs (V5R2)

## Enterprise Identity Mapping (EIM) APIs

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# »Enterprise Identity Mapping (EIM) APIs

Enterprise Identity Mapping (EIM) provides the mechanics for cross-platform single sign-on enablement. Applications can use EIM to perform identity mapping lookup operations to authenticate the user to multiple systems in the enterprise.

For more information on this topic, see [Enterprise Identity Mapping](#).

For information on the EIM return code structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

The Enterprise Identity Mapping APIs are:

- [»Add a System Registry to the EIM Domain](#) (eimAddSystemRegistry()) adds a system registry to the EIM domain.⏪
- [»Add an Application Registry to the EIM Domain](#) (eimAddApplicationRegistry()) adds an application registry to the EIM domain.⏪
- [»Add EIM Access](#) (eimAddAccess()) adds the user to the EIM access group identified by the access type.⏪
- [»Add EIM Association](#) (eimAddAssociation()) associates a local identity in a specified user registry with an EIM identifier.⏪
- [»Add EIM Identifier](#) (eimAddIdentifier()) creates an identifier in EIM related to a specific person or entity within an enterprise.⏪
- [»Change an EIM Domain Object](#) (eimChangeDomain()) changes an attribute for the EIM domain entry identified by domainName.⏪
- [»Change EIM Identifier](#) (eimChangeIdentifier()) modifies an existing EIM identifier.⏪
- [»Change EIM Registry](#) (eimChangeRegistry()) changes the attribute of a registry participating in the EIM domain.⏪
- [»Change EIM Registry Alias](#) (eimChangeRegistryAlias()) allows you to add or remove a registry alias for the defined registry.⏪
- [»Change EIM Registry User](#) (eimChangeRegistryUser()) changes the attributes of a registry user entry.⏪
- [»Connect to EIM Domain](#) (eimConnect()) is used to connect to the EIM domain that is configured for this platform.⏪
- [»Connect to EIM Master Domain](#) (eimConnectToMaster()) is used to connect to the EIM master domain controller.⏪
- [»Convert EimRC into an Error Message](#) (eimErr2String()) function converts the EIM return code structure returned by an EIM function into a NULL-terminated error message string.⏪
- [»Create an EIM Domain Object](#) (eimCreateDomain()) creates an EIM domain object on the specified EIM domain controller.⏪
- [»Create an EIM Handle](#) (eimCreateHandle()) is used to allocate an EimHandle structure, which is used to identify the EIM connection and to maintain per-connection information.⏪
- [»Delete an EIM Domain Object](#) (eimDeleteDomain()) deletes the EIM domain information.⏪
- [»Destroy an EIM Handle](#) (eimDestroyHandle()) is used to deallocate an EimHandle structure.⏪
- [»Get Associated EIM Identifiers](#) (eimGetAssociatedIdentifiers()) returns a list of the identifiers.⏪

- [»Get EIM Attributes](#) (eimGetAttribute()) is used to get attributes for this EIM handle.❧❧
- [»Get EIM Connect Information](#) (QsyGetEIMConnectInfo()) returns the connection information that will be used by the OS/400 operating system when it needs to connect to the EIM domain that is configured for this system or for the master system.❧❧
- [»Get EIM Registry Name from an Alias](#) (eimGetRegistryNameFromAlias()) returns a list of registry names that match the search criteria provided by *aliasType* and *aliasValue*.❧❧
- [»Get EIM Target Identities from the Identifier](#) (eimGetTargetFromIdentifier()) gets the target identity(ies) for the specified registry that are associated with the specified EIM identifier.❧❧
- [»Get EIM Target Identities from the Source](#) (eimGetTargetFromSource()) gets the target identity or identities associated with the source identity as defined by source registry name and source registry user.❧❧
- [»List EIM Access](#) (eimListAccess()) lists the users that have the specified EIM access type.❧❧
- [»List EIM Associations](#) (eimListAssociations()) returns a list of associations for a given EIM identifier.❧❧
- [»List EIM Domain Objects](#) (eimListDomains()) can be used to list information for a single EIM domain or list information for all EIM domains that can be reached from this platform in the network.❧❧
- [»List EIM Identifiers](#) (eimListIdentifiers()) returns a list of identifiers in the EIM domain.❧❧
- [»List EIM Registries](#) (eimListRegistries()) lists the user registries participating in the EIM domain.❧❧
- [»List EIM Registry Aliases](#) (eimListRegistryAliases()) returns a list of all the aliases defined for a particular registry.❧❧
- [»List EIM Registry Users](#) (eimListRegistryUsers()) lists the users in a particular registry that have target associations defined.❧❧
- [»List EIM User Access](#) (eimListUserAccess()) lists the access groups of which this user is a member.❧❧
- [»Query EIM Access](#) (eimQueryAccess()) queries to see if the user has the specified access.❧❧
- [»Remove a Registry from the EIM Domain](#) (eimRemoveRegistry()) removes a currently participating registry from the EIM domain.❧❧
- [»Remove EIM Access](#) (eimRemoveAccess()) removes the user from the EIM access group identified by the access type.❧❧
- [»Remove EIM Association](#) (eimRemoveAssociation()) removes an association for a local identity in a specified user registry with an EIM identifier.❧❧
- [»Remove EIM Identifier](#) (eimRemoveIdentifier()) removes an EIM identifier and all of its associated mappings from the EIM domain.❧❧
- [»Retrieve EIM Configuration](#) (eimRetrieveConfiguration()) retrieves the EIM configuration information for this system.❧❧
- [»Set EIM Attributes](#) (eimSetAttribute()) is used to set attributes in the EIM handle structure.❧❧
- [»Set EIM Configuration](#) (eimSetConfiguration()) sets the configuration information for use by the system.❧❧
- [»Set EIM Connect Information](#) (QsySetEIMConnectInfo()) defines the connection information that will be used by the OS/400 operating system when it needs to connect to the EIM domain that

is configured for this system or for the master system.⏪



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## » EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter

All EIM APIs return an errno. If the EimRC parameter is not NULL, this EIM return code structure contains additional information about the error that was returned. It can be used to get a text description of the error.

The layout for EimRC follows:

```
typedef struct EimRC {
    unsigned int memoryProvidedByCaller; /* Input: Size of the entire RC
                                         structure. This is filled in by
                                         the caller. This is used to tell
                                         the API how much space was provided
                                         for substitution text          */
    unsigned int memoryRequiredToReturnData; /* Output: Filled in by API
                                              to tell caller how much data could
                                              have been returned. Caller can then
                                              determine if the caller provided
                                              enough space (that is, if the
                                              entire substitution string was
                                              able to be copied to this
                                              structure.                                */
    int returnCode; /* Same as the errno returned as the
                    rc for the API                                */
    int messageCatalogSetNbr; /* Message catalog set number          */
    int messageCatalogMessageID; /* Message catalog message id          */
    int ldapError; /* ldap error, if available          */
    int sslError; /* ssl error, if available          */
    char reserved[16]; /* Reserved for future use          */
    unsigned int substitutionTextLength; /* Length of substitution text
                                         excluding a null-terminator which
                                         may or may not be present          */
    char substitutionText[1]; /* further info describing the
                              error.                                */
} EimRC;
```

### Field Descriptions

#### memoryProvidedByCaller

(Input) The number of bytes the calling application provides for the error code. The number of bytes provided must be 48, or more than 48.

#### memoryRequiredToReturnData

(Output) The length of the error information available to the API to return, in bytes. If this is 0, no error was detected and none of the fields that follow this field in the structure are changed.

#### returnCode

(Output) The errno returned for this API. This is the same as the return value for each API.

#### messageCatalogSetNbr

(Output) The message set number for the EIM catalog. This can be used with the `messageCatalogID` to get the error message text.

### **messageCatalogMessageID**

(Output) The message ID number for the EIM catalog. This can be used with the `messageCatalogSetNbr` to get the error message text.

### **reserved**

(Output) Reserved for future use.

### **substitutionTextLength**

(Output) This field is set if any substitution text is returned. If there is no substitution text, this field is zero.

### **substitutionText**

(Output) Message substitution text.

## **Example**

The following example shows how to retrieve the message text from the message catalog.

```
#include <nl_types.h>
#include <eim.h>

char * getError(EimRC * eimrc)
{
    nl_catd catd;
    char * catmsg;
    char * msg = NULL;

    catd = catopen("/QIBM/PRODDATA/OS400/MRI2924/EIM/EIM.CAT", 0);
    if (NULL == catd)
        return NULL;

    catmsg = catgets(catd,
                    eimrc->messageCatalogSetNbr,
                    eimrc->messageCatalogMessageID,
                    strerror(eimrc->returnCode));

    if (catmsg)
    {
        msg = (char *)malloc(strlen(catmsg)+
                            eimrc->substitutionTextLength+1);

        if (0 == eimrc->substitutionTextLength)
            sprintf(msg, catmsg);
        else
            sprintf(msg, catmsg, eimrc->substitutionText);
    }
    catclose(catd);
}
```

```
    return msg;
}
```

**Note:** To use the message catalog support in `nl_types.h`, you must compile the parts with `LOCALETYPE(*LOCALE)` and `SYSIFCOPT(*IFSIO)`.



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## » **eimAddSystemRegistry()**--Add a System Registry to the EIM domain

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimAddSystemRegistry(EimHandle      * eim,
                        char            * registryName,
                        char            * registryType,
                        char            * description,
                        char            * URI,
                        EimRC          * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimAddSystemRegistry()** function adds a system registry to the EIM domain. Once added, this registry is participating in the EIM domain. Mapping associations can only be made with identities in registries that are currently participating in the EIM domain.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to **eimCreateHandle()**. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **registryName** (Input)

The name for this system registry. This name needs to be unique within the EIM domain.

### **registryType** (Input)

A string form of an OID that represents the registry type and a user name normalization method. The normalization method is necessary because some registries are case-independent and others are case-dependent. EIM uses this information to make sure the appropriate search occurs. When a

registry is case-independent registry user names are converted to uppercase. See `eim.h` for a list of predefined types. A user can define their own registry type. Refer to Registry Type section below.

**description** (Input)

The description for this new system registry entry. This parameter may be NULL.

**URI** (Input)

The ldap URI (Universal Resource Identifier) needed to access local users in this registry by way of ldap. This parameter may be NULL.

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, `eimrc` is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the `messageCatalogMessageID` field in the `eimrc` parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

**EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

**EBADDATA**

`eimrc` is not valid.

**EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

**ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

**EEXIST**

EIM registry entry already exists.

*EIMERR\_REGISTRY\_EXISTS (37)* Registry entry already exists in EIM.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_CHAR\_INVALID (21)* A restricted character was used in the object name. Check the API for a list of restricted characters.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use eimConnect() API and try the request again.

## **EROFS**

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

*EIMERR\_READ\_ONLY (36)* LDAP connection is for read only. Use eimConnectToMaster() to get a write connection.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## User Defined Registry Type

The registry type is comprised of two pieces: a string form of an OID that represents the registry type and a user name normalization method. The normalization method is necessary because some registries are case-independent and others are case-dependent. Platforms can define their own registry type. They would first define a unique OID for their registry and then concatenate it with the predefined normalization methods. Refer to `eim.h` for the supported normalization methods.

Example:

```
#define MYREGOID "7.6.5.4.3.2.1"
MyRegType = MYREGOID + EIM_NORM_CASE_IGNORE;
```

## Restrictions

There is a restriction on the characters allowed for registry name.

The following characters are special characters that are not allowed in object names. They also should not be used in object attributes that would be used for a search operation.

, = + < > # ; \ \*

## Related Information

- [eimAddApplicationRegistry\(\)](#) --Add an Application Registry to the EIM Domain
- [eimRemoveRegistry\(\)](#) --Remove a Registry from the EIM Domain
- [eimChangeRegistry\(\)](#) --Change EIM Registry
- [eimListRegistries\(\)](#) --List EIM Registries

## Example

The following example creates a new EIM system registry.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
}
```

```
handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

/* Set up error structure. */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Add new system registry */
if (0 != (rc = eimAddSystemRegistry(handle,
                                   "MyRegistry",
                                   EIM_REGTYPE_OS400,
                                   "The first registry",
                                   NULL,
                                   err)))
    printf("Add system registry error = %d", rc);

return 0;
}
<
```

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API introduced: V5R2

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## » **eimAddApplicationRegistry()**--Add an Application Registry to the EIM Domain

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimAddApplicationRegistry(EimHandle      * eim,
                             char          * registryName,
                             char          * registryType,
                             char          * description,
                             char          * systemRegistryName,
                             EimRC        * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimAddApplicationRegistry()** function adds an application registry to the EIM domain. An application registry is a subset of a system registry. These can be used to manage which applications can be used by a user in a registry. Once added, this registry is participating in the EIM domain. Mapping associations can only be made with identities in registries that are currently participating in the EIM domain.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to **eimCreateHandle()**. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **registryName** (Input)

The name for this application registry. This name needs to be unique within the EIM domain.

### **registryType** (Input)

A string form of an OID that represents the registry type and a user name normalization method.

The normalization method is necessary because some registries are case-independent and others are case-dependent. EIM uses this information to make sure the appropriate search occurs. When a registry is case-independent registry user names are converted to uppercase. See `eim.h` for a list of predefined types. A user can define their own registry type. Refer to Registry Type section below.

**description** (Input)

The description for this new application registry entry. This parameter may be NULL.

**systemRegistryName** (Input)

The name of the system registry of which this application registry is a subset.

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, `eimrc` is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the `messageCatalogMessageID` field in the `eimrc` parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

**EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

**EBADDATA**

`eimrc` is not valid.

**EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

**ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EEXIST**

EIM registry entry already exists.

*EIMERR\_REGISTRY\_EXISTS (37)* Registry entry already exists in EIM.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_CHAR\_INVALID (21)* A restricted character was used in the object name. Check the API for a list of restricted characters.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

## **ENOENT**

System registry not found.

*EIMERR\_NO\_SYSREG (33)* System registry not found.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use eimConnect() API and try the request again.

## **EROFS**

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

*EIMERR\_READ\_ONLY (36)* LDAP connection is for read only. Use eimConnectToMaster() to get a write connection.



## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR* (23) Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN* (44) Unknown error or unknown system state.

## User Defined Registry Type

The registry type is comprised of two pieces: a string form of an OID that represents the registry type and a user name normalization method. The normalization method is necessary because some registries are case-independent and others are case-dependent. Platforms can define their own registry type. They would first define a unique OID for their registry and then concatenate it with the predefined normalization methods. Refer to `eim.h` for the supported normalization methods.

Example:

```
#define MYREGOID "7.6.5.4.3.2.1"
MyRegType = MYREGOID + EIM_NORM_CASE_IGNORE;
```

## Restrictions

There is a restriction on the characters allowed for registry name.

The following characters are special characters that are not allowed in object names. They also should not be used in object attributes that would be used for a search operation.

, = + < > # ; \ \*

## Related Information

- [eimAddSystemRegistry\(\)](#) --Add a System Registry to the EIM Domain
- [eimRemoveRegistry\(\)](#) --Remove a Registry from the EIM Domain
- [eimChangeRegistry\(\)](#) --Change EIM Registry
- [eimListRegistries\(\)](#) --List EIM Registries

## Example

The following example creates a new EIM application registry.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>
```

```

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                  */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Add new application registry            */
    if (0 != (rc = eimAddApplicationRegistry(handle,
                                              "MyXXXRegistry",
                                              EIM_REGTYPE_OS400,
                                              "For XXX applications",
                                              "MyRegistry",
                                              err)))
        printf("Add application registry error = %d", rc);

    return 0;
}

```

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API introduced: V5R2

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## » **eimAddAccess()**--Add EIM Access

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimAddAccess(EimHandle          * eim,
                EimAccessUser      * accessUser,
                enum EimAccessType  accessType,
                char                * registryName,
                EimRC              * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimAddAccess()** function adds the user to the EIM access group identified by the access type.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **accessUser** (Input)

A structure that contains the user information for which to add access.

`EIM_ACCESS_LOCAL_USER` indicates a local user name on the system that the API is run. The local user name will be converted to the appropriate access id for this system.

`EIM_ACCESS_KERBEROS` indicates a kerberos principal. The kerberos principal will be converted to the appropriate access id. For example, `petejones@therealm` will be converted to `ibm-kn=petejones@therealm`.

The `EimAccessUser` structure layout follows:

```

enum EimAccessUserType {
    EIM_ACCESS_DN,
    EIM_ACCESS_KERBEROS,
    EIM_ACCESS_LOCAL_USER
};

typedef struct EimAccessUser
{
    union {
        char * dn;
        char * kerberosPrincipal;
        char * localUser;
    } user;
    enum EimAccessUserType userType;
} EimAccessUser;

```

### accessType (Input)

The type of access to add. Valid values are:

<i>EIM_ACCESS_ADMIN (0)</i>	Administrative authority to the entire EIM domain.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_REG_ADMIN (1)</i>	Administrative authority to all registries in the EIM domain.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_REGISTRY (2)</i>	Administrative authority to the registry specified in the <i>registryName</i> parameter.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_IDENTIFIER_ADMIN (3)</i>	Administrative authority to all of the identifiers in the EIM domain.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_MAPPING_LOOKUP (4)</i>	Authority to perform mapping lookup operations.

### registryName (Input)

The name of the registry for which to add access. This parameter is only used if *EimAccessType* is *EIM\_ACCESS\_REGISTRY*. If *EimAccessType* is anything other than *EIM\_ACCESS\_REGISTRY*, this parameter must be NULL.

### eimrc (Input)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the *messageCatalogMessageID* field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

## **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

## **EBADDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

## **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS\_TYPE\_INVALID (2)* Access type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS\_USER\_TYPE\_INVALID (3)* Access user type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_REG\_MUST\_BE\_NULL (55)* Registry name must be NULL when access type is not EIM\_ACCESS\_REGISTRY.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN* (31) Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## **EROFS**

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

*EIMERR\_READ\_ONLY* (36) LDAP connection is for read only. Use `eimConnectToMaster()` to get a write connection.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR* (23) Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN* (44) Unknown error or unknown system state.

## **Related Information**

- [eimRemoveAccess\(\)](#) --Remove EIM Access
- [eimListAccess\(\)](#) --List EIM Access
- [eimListUserAccess\(\)](#) --List EIM User Access
- [eimQueryAccess\(\)](#) --Query EIM Access

## **Example**

The following example adds users to access groups.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    EimAccessUser user;
```

```

/* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
/* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

/* Set up error structure.                  */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Set up access user information          */
user.userType = EIM_ACCESS_DN;
user.user.dn="cn=pete,o=ibm,c=us";

/* Add access for this user.              */
if (0 != (rc = eimAddAccess(handle,
                             &user,
                             EIM_ACCESS_ADMIN,
                             NULL,
                             err)))
{
    printf("Add access error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}

/* Set up access user information          */
user.userType = EIM_ACCESS_LOCAL_USER;
user.user.dn="mjones";

/* Add access for this user.              */
if (0 != (rc = eimAddAccess(handle,
                             &user,
                             EIM_ACCESS_REGISTRY,
                             "MyRegistry",
                             err)))
{
    printf("Add access error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}

return 0;
}

```

---

API introduced: V5R2

---

## » eimAddAssociation()--Add EIM Association

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimAddAssociation(EimHandle          * eim,
                    enum EimAssociationType  associationType,
                    EimIdentifierInfo * idName,
                    char                  * registryName,
                    char                  * registryUserName,
                    EimRC                  * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimAddAssociation()** function associates a local identity in a specified user registry with an EIM identifier. EIM supports three kinds of associations: source, target, and administrative. All EIM associations are between an EIM identifier and a local user identity -- never directly between local user identities.

Associated source identities are user identities that are primarily for authentication purposes. They can be used as the source identity of a mapping lookup operation (that is, `eimGetTargetFromSource()`), but will not be found as the target of a mapping lookup operation.

Associated target identities are user identities that are primarily used to secure existing data. They will be found as the result of a mapping lookup operation, but cannot be used as the source identity for a mapping lookup operation.

Administrative associations are used to show that an identity is associated with an EIM identifier, but cannot be used as the source for, and will not be found as the target of, a mapping lookup operation.

A single user identity may be used as both a target and a source. This is done by creating both a source and a target association for the local user identity with the appropriate EIM identifier. While this API supports an association type of `EIM_SOURCE_AND_TARGET`, two associations are actually created.

For an EIM identifier to be useful in mapping lookup operations, it must have at least one "source" and at least one "target" association.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The authority that the access group has to the EIM data depends on the type of association being added:

For administrative and source associations, the access groups whose members have authority to the



EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Identifiers Administrator

For target associations, the access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM authority to an individual registry

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **associationType** (Input)

The type of association to be added. Valid values are:

<i>EIM_TARGET</i> (1)	Add a target association.
<i>EIM_SOURCE</i> (2)	Add a source association.
<i>EIM_SOURCE_AND_TARGET</i> (3)	Add both a source association and a target association.
<i>EIM_ADMIN</i> (4)	Add an administrative association.

### **idName** (Input)

A structure that contains the identifier name for this association. The layout of the `EimIdentifierInfo` structure follows:

```
enum EimIdType {
    EIM_UNIQUE_NAME,
    EIM_ENTRY_UUID,
    EIM_NAME
};

typedef struct EimIdentifierInfo
{
    union {
        char        * uniqueName;
        char        * entryUUID;
        char        * name;
    } id;
    enum EimIdType    idtype;
} EimIdentifierInfo;
```

`idtype` indicates which identifier name is provided. Use of the `uniqueName` provides the best performance. Specifying an `idtype` of `EIM_NAME` does not guarantee that a unique EIM identifier

will be found. Therefore, use of EIM\_NAME may result in an error.

**registryName** (Input)

The registry name for the association.

**registryUserName** (Input)

The registry user name for the association. The registry user name may be normalized according to the normalization method for defined registry.

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

**EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

**EBADDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

**EBADNAME**

Registry or identifier name is not valid or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_IDNAME\_AMBIGUOUS (20)* More than 1 EIM Identifier was found that matches the requested Identifier name.

*EIMERR\_NOIDENTIFIER (25)* EIM Identifier not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NOREG (28)* EIM Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

**EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ASSOC\_TYPE\_INVALID (4)* Association type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_IDNAME\_TYPE\_INVALID (52)* The EimIdType value is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## **EROFS**

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

*EIMERR\_READ\_ONLY (36)* LDAP connection is for read only. Use `eimConnectToMaster()` to get a write connection.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

<code>EIMERR_LDAP_ERR (23)</code>	Unexpected LDAP error. %s
<code>EIMERR_UNEXP_OBJ_VIOLATION (56)</code>	Unexpected object violation.
<code>EIMERR_UNKNOWN (44)</code>	Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimGetAssociatedIdentifiers\(\)](#) --Get Associated EIM Identifiers
- [eimRemoveAssociation\(\)](#)--Remove an EIM Association
- [eimListAssociations\(\)](#)--List EIM Associations

## Example

The following example creates 3 associations for the same identifier: administrative, source and target.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    EimIdentifierInfo x;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                */
    memset(eimerr, 0x00, 100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Set up identifier information          */
    x.idtype = EIM_UNIQUE_NAME;
    x.id.uniqueName = "mjones";

    /* Add an admin association              */
    if (0 != (rc = eimAddAssociation(handle,
                                     EIM_ADMIN,
```

```

        &x,
        "MyRegistry",
        "maryjones",
        err))
    {
        printf("Add Association error = %d", rc);
        return -1;
    }
    /* Add a source association */
    if (0 != (rc = eimAddAssociation(handle,
        EIM_SOURCE,
        &x,
        "kerberosRegistry",
        "mjones",
        err)))
    {
        printf("Add Association error = %d", rc);
        return -1;
    }
    /* Add a target association */
    if (0 != (rc = eimAddAssociation(handle,
        EIM_TARGET,
        &x,
        "MyRegistry",
        "maryjo",
        err)))
    {
        printf("Add Association error = %d", rc);
        return -1;
    }

    return 0;
}

```

---

API introduced: V5R2

---

## >eimAddIdentifier()--Add EIM Identifier

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimAddIdentifier(EimHandle      * eim,
                    char           * name,
                    enum EimIdAction nameInUseAction,
                    unsigned int    * sizeOfUniqueName,
                    char           * uniqueName,
                    char           * description,
                    EimRC           * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimAddIdentifier()** function creates an identifier in EIM related to a specific person or entity within an enterprise. This identifier is used to manage information and identify relationships for a specific user or identity.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Identifiers Administrator

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **name** (Input)

A name to be used for this identifier.

### **nameInUseAction** (Input)

The name for the new identifier must be unique. This value indicates the action to be taken if the

provided name is already being used. Possible values are:

<i>EIM_FAIL (0)</i>	Do not generate a unique name, return an error.
<i>EIM_GEN_UNIQUE (1)</i>	Generate a unique name.

**sizeOfUniqueName** (Input/Output)

The size of the field in which to return the unique name. This parameter is ignored if *nameInUseAction* is *EIM\_FAIL*.

At input it is the size provided by the caller. On output it contains the actual size returned. This value should be the size of the *name* parameter plus an additional 20 bytes.

**uniqueName** (Output)

The space to return the unique identifier for this new EIM identifier. This parameter is ignored if *nameInUseAction* is *EIM\_FAIL*.

**description** (Input)

Description for the new EIM identifier. This parameter may be NULL.

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the *messageCatalogMessageID* field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

**EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

**EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

**EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EEXIST**

Identifier already exists.

*EIMERR\_IDENTIFIER\_EXISTS (19)* EIM Identifier already exists by this name.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_CHAR\_INVALID (21)* A restricted character was used in the object name. Check the API for a list of restricted characters.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_IDACTION\_INVALID (18)* Name in use action is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_UNIQUE\_SIZE (43)* Length of unique name is not valid.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## **EROFS**

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.



*EIMERR\_READ\_ONLY* (36) LDAP connection is for read only. Use `eimConnectToMaster()` to get a write connection.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR* (23) Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN* (44) Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Restrictions

There is a restriction on the characters allowed for identifier name.

The following characters are special characters that are not allowed in object names. They also should not be used in object attributes that would be used for a search operation.

, = + < > # ; \ \*

## Related Information

- [eimRemoveIdentifier\(\)](#)--Remove EIM Identifier
- [eimChangeIdentifier\(\)](#)--Change EIM Identifier
- [eimListIdentifiers\(\)](#)--List EIM Identifiers
- [eimGetAssociatedIdentifiers\(\)](#) --Get Associated EIM Identifiers

## Example

The following example will add an EIM identifier.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char        eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;
    EimHandle   * handle;

    char        unique[30];
```

```
unsigned int  sizeofUnique = 30;

/* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
/* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

/* Set up error structure.                  */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Add new identifier of Mary Smith        */
if (0 != (rc = eimAddIdentifier(handle,
                                "Mary Smith",
                                EIM_GEN_UNIQUE,
                                &sizeofUnique,
                                unique,
                                "The coolest person",
                                err)))
    printf("Add identifier error = %d", rc);

return 0;
}
<
```

---

API introduced: V5R2

---

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## »eimChangeDomain()--Change an EIM Domain Object

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimChangeDomain(char          * ldapURL,
                    EimConnectInfo connectInfo,
                    enum EimDomainAttr attrName,
                    char          * attrValue,
                    enum EimChangeType changeType,
                    EimRC          * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimChangeDomain()** function changes an attribute for the EIM domain entry identified by domainName.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator

## Parameters

### **ldapURL** (Input)

A uniform resource locator (URL) that contains the EIM host information. This URL has the following format:

```
ldap://host:port/dn
or
ldaps://host:port/dn
```

where:

- host:port is the name of the host on which the EIM domain controller is running with an optional port number.

- dn is the distinguished name of the domain to change.
- ldaps indicates that this host/port combination uses SSL and TLS.

Examples:

- ldap://systemx:389
- ldaps://systemy:636/o=ibm,c=us

### **connectInfo** (Input)

Connect information. EIM uses ldap. This parameter provides the information required to bind to ldap.

If the system is configured to connect to a secure port, EimSSLInfo is required.

For EIM\_SIMPLE connect type, the creds field should contain the EimSimpleConnectInfo structure with a binddn and password. EimPasswordProtect is used to determine the level of password protection on the ldap bind.

<i>EIM_PROTECT_NO (0)</i>	The clear-text password is sent on the bind.
<i>EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5 (1)</i>	The protected password is sent on the bind. The server side must support cram-md5 protocol to send the protected password.
<i>EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5_OPTIONAL (2)</i>	The protected password is sent on the bind if the cram-md5 protocol is supported. Otherwise, the clear-text password is sent.

For EIM\_KERBEROS, the default logon credentials are used. The kerberos creds field must be NULL.

For EIM\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION, the creds field is ignored. EimSSLInfo must be provided.

The structure layouts follow:

```
enum EimPasswordProtect {
    EIM_PROTECT_NO,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5_OPTIONAL
};
enum EimConnectType {
    EIM_SIMPLE,
    EIM_KERBEROS,
    EIM_CLIENT_AUTHENTICATION
};

typedef struct EimSimpleConnectInfo
{
    enum EimPasswordProtect protect;
    char * bindDn;
    char * bindPw;
} EimSimpleConnectInfo;

typedef struct EimSSLInfo
```

```

    {
        char * keyring;
        char * keyring_pw;
        char * certificateLabel;
    } EimSSLInfo;

typedef struct EimConnectInfo
{
    enum EimConnectType type;
    union {
        gss_cred_id_t * kerberos;
        EimSimpleConnectInfo simpleCreds;
    } creds;
    EimSSLInfo * ssl;
} EimConnectInfo;

```

**attrName** (Input)

The attribute to be updated. Valid values are:

*EIM\_DOMAIN\_DESCRIPTION* (0) Changes the description for the EIM domain. Valid *changeType* is EIM\_CHG (0).

**attrValue** (Input)

The new value for the attribute.

**changeType** (Input)

The type of change to make. This could be add, remove, or change. *attrName* parameter indicates which type is allowed for each attribute.

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* will be set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC - EIM return code](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the *messageCatalogMessageID* field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

**EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS* (1) Insufficient access to EIM data.

## **EBADDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

## **EBADNAME**

EIM domain not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NODOMAIN (24)* EIM Domain not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ATTR\_INVALID (5)* Attribute name is not valid.

*EIMERR\_CHGTYPE\_INVALID (9)* This change type is not valid with the requested attribute. Please check the API documentation.

*EIMERR\_CONN\_INVALID (54)* Connection type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_SECURE (32)* The system is not configured to connect to a secure port. Connection type of EIM\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PROTECT\_INVALID (22)* The protect parameter in EimSimpleConnectInfo is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SSL\_REQ (42)* The system is configured to connect to a secure port. EimSSLInfo is required.

*EIMERR\_URL\_NODN (45)* URL has no dn (required).

*EIMERR\_URL\_NODOMAIN (46)* URL has no domain (required).

*EIMERR\_URL\_NOHOST (47)* URL does not have a host.

*EIMERR\_URL\_NOTLDAP (49)* URL does not begin with ldap.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM* (27) No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## ENOTSUP

Connection type is not supported.

*EIMERR\_CONN\_NOTSUPP* (12) Connection type is not supported.

## EROFS

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

*EIMERR\_URL\_READ\_ONLY* (50) LDAP connection can only be made to a replica ldap server. Change the connection information and try the request again.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR* (23) Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN* (44) Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimDeleteDomain\(\)](#)--Delete an EIM Domain Object
- [eimCreateDomain\(\)](#)--Create an EIM Domain Object
- [eimListDomains\(\)](#)--List EIM Domain Objects

## Example

The following example changes the description of the specified EIM domain.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char        eimerr[100];
```

```
EimRC          * err;

char * ldapURL =
"ldap://eimsystem:389/ibm-eimDomainName=myEimDomain,o=mycompany,c=us";

EimConnectInfo con;

/* Set up connection information */
con.type = EIM_SIMPLE;
con.creds.simpleCreds.protect = EIM_PROTECT_NO;
con.creds.simpleCreds.bindDn = "cn=admin";
con.creds.simpleCreds.bindPw = "secret";
con.ssl = NULL;

/* Set up error structure. */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Change the description for this domain. */
if (0 != (rc = eimChangeDomain(ldapURL,
                               con,
                               EIM_DOMAIN_DESCRIPTION,
                               "This is the new description",
                               EIM_CHG,
                               err)))
    printf("Change domain error = %d", rc);

return 0;
}
<
```

---

API introduced: V5R2

---



## >eimChangeIdentifier()-- Change EIM Identifier

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimChangeIdentifier(EimHandle           * eim,
                       EimIdentifierInfo  * idName,
                       enum EimIdentifierAttr attrName,
                       char                * attrValue,
                       enum EimChangeType  changeType,
                       EimRC              * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimChangeIdentifier()** function modifies an existing EIM identifier.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Identifiers Administrator

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **idName** (Input)

A structure that contains the name for this identifier. The layout of the `EimIdentifierInfo` structure follows:

```
enum EimIdType {
    EIM_UNIQUE_NAME,
    EIM_ENTRY_UUID,
    EIM_NAME
};
```

```

typedef struct EimIdentifierInfo
{
    union {
        char      * uniqueName;
        char      * entryUUID;
        char      * name;
    } id;
    enum EimIdType      idtype;
} EimIdentifierInfo;

```

idtype will indicate which identifier name has been provided. Use of the uniqueName will provide the best performance. There is no guarantee that name will find a unique identifier. Therefore, use of name may result in an error.

### **attrName**

The attribute to be updated. Valid values are:

*EIM\_IDENTIFIER\_DESCRIPTION* (0) Change the identifier description. Valid *changeType* is EIM\_CHG (0).

*EIM\_IDENTIFIER\_NAME* (1) Add or remove a name attribute for this identifier. Valid *changeType* is

- EIM\_ADD (1)
- EIM\_RMV (2)

*EIM\_IDENTIFIER\_ADDL\_INFO* (2) Add or remove an additional information attribute for this identifier. Additional information is user defined data. Valid *changeType* is

- EIM\_ADD (1)
- EIM\_RMV (2)

### **attrValue** (Input)

The new value for the attribute.

### **changeType** (Input)

The type of change to make. This could be add, remove, or change. *attrName* parameter indicates which type is allowed for each attribute.

### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

### **EBADNAME**

Identifier name is not valid or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_IDNAME\_AMBIGUOUS (20)* More than 1 EIM Identifier was found that matches the requested Identifier name.

*EIMERR\_NOIDENTIFIER (25)* EIM Identifier not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ATTR\_INVALID (5)* Attribute name is not valid.

*EIMERR\_CHGTYPE\_INVALID (9)* This change type is not valid with the requested attribute. Please check the API documentation.

<i>EIMERR_HANDLE_INVALID</i> (17)	EimHandle is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_IDNAME_TYPE_INVALID</i> (52)	The EimIdType value is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_PARM_REQ</i> (34)	Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.
<i>EIMERR_PTR_INVALID</i> (35)	Pointer parameter is not valid.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM* (27) No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN* (31) Not connected to LDAP. Use eimConnect() API and try the request again.

## **EROFS**

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

*EIMERR\_READ\_ONLY* (36) LDAP connection is for read only. Use eimConnectToMaster() to get a write connection.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR* (23) Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN* (44) Unknown error or unknown system state.

## **Restrictions**

There is a restriction on the characters allowed for identifier name.

The following characters are special characters that are not allowed in object names. They also should not be used in object attributes that would be used for a search operation.

, = + < > # ; \ \*

## Related Information

- [eimAddIdentifier\(\)](#)--Add EIM Identifier
- [eimRemoveIdentifier\(\)](#)--Change EIM Identifier
- [eimListIdentifiers\(\)](#)--List EIM Identifiers
- [eimGetAssociatedIdentifiers\(\)](#) --Get Associated EIM Identifiers

## Example

The following example will change an EIM identifier description.

```
#include <eim.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;
    EimIdentifierInfo idInfo;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                  */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Set up identifier information            */
    idInfo.idtype = EIM_UNIQUE_NAME;
    idInfo.id.uniqueName = "Mary Smith";

    /* Change the description of the identifier */
    if (0 != (rc = eimChangeIdentifier(handle,
                                       &idInfo,
                                       EIM_IDENTIFIER_DESCRIPTION,
                                       "This is a new description",
                                       EIM_CHG,
                                       err)))
        printf("Change identifier error = %d", rc);

    return 0;
}
<<
```

---

API introduced: V5R2

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## » eimChangeRegistry()--Change EIM Registry

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimChangeRegistry(EimHandle          * eim,
                     char                * registryName,
                     enum EimRegistryAttr attrName,
                     char                * attrValue,
                     enum EimChangeType   changeType,
                     EimRC               * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimChangeRegistry()** function changes the attribute of a registry participating in the EIM domain.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM authority to an individual registry

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **registryName** (Input)

The name of the registry to change.

### **attrName** (Input)

The attribute to be updated. Valid values are:

*EIM\_REGISTRY\_DESCRIPTION* (0) Change the registry description. Valid *changeType* is EIM\_CHG (0).

*EIM\_REGISTRY\_LABELEDURI* (1) Change the URI for the system registry. Valid *changeType* is EIM\_CHG (0).

**attrValue** (Input)

The new value for the attribute.

**changeType** (Input)

The type of change to make. This could be add, remove, or change. *attrName* parameter indicates which type is allowed for each attribute.

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the *messageCatalogMessageID* field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

**EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS* (1) Insufficient access to EIM data.

**EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

**EBADNAME**

Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NOREG* (28) EIM Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

**EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK* (26) Unable to allocate internal system object.



## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ATTR\_INVALID (5)* Attribute name is not valid.

*EIMERR\_CHGTYPE\_INVALID (9)* This change type is not valid with the requested attribute. Please check the API documentation.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use eimConnect() API and try the request again.

## **EROFS**

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

*EIMERR\_READ\_ONLY (36)* LDAP connection is for read only. Use eimConnectToMaster() to get a write connection.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

`EIMERR_LDAP_ERR (23)` Unexpected LDAP error. %s

`EIMERR_UNKNOWN (44)` Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimAddSystemRegistry\(\)](#) --Add a System Registry to the EIM Domain
- [eimAddApplicationRegistry\(\)](#) --Add an Application Registry to the EIM Domain
- [eimRemoveRegistry\(\)](#) --Remove a Registry from the EIM Domain
- [eimListRegistries\(\)](#) --List EIM Registries

## Example

The following example changes the description for the registry.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                */
    memset(eimerr, 0x00, 100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Change the description for this registry */
    if (0 != (rc = eimChangeRegistry(handle,
                                     "MyAppRegsitry",
                                     EIM_REGISTRY_DESCRIPTION,
                                     "New description",
                                     EIM_CHG,
                                     err)))
        printf("Change registry error = %d", rc);

    return 0;
}
```

}



---

API introduced: V5R2

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## » **eimChangeRegistryAlias()**--Change EIM Registry Alias

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimChangeRegistryAlias(EimHandle          * eim,
                           char              * registryName,
                           char              * aliasType,
                           char              * aliasValue,
                           enum EimChangeType changeType,
                           EimRC            * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimChangeRegistryAlias()** function allows you to add or remove a registry alias for the defined registry.

One way to decouple names used by developers and names chosen by administrators is by using registry aliases. When designing applications, developers know the registry type their application uses and choose the registry alias their program will use. Developers communicate to the administrator which registry types their applications depend on along with the EIM registry aliases that must be associated with that registry type. The administrator adds the registry alias to the EIM registry of the appropriate type. The application can use **eimGetRegistryNameFromAlias()** API which, given a registry alias, returns the registry name for the entry(ies) with that registry alias.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM authority to this individual registry

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **registryName** (Input)

The name of the registry to be changed.

### **aliasType** (Input)

A type of alias for this registry. The user may supply their own alias type. There is a list of predefined alias types in `eim.h`.

### **aliasValue** (Input)

The value for this alias.

### **changeType** (Input)

The type of change to make. This could be add or remove.

### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, `eimrc` is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the `messageCatalogMessageID` field in the `eimrc` parameter for that value.

### **0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

`eimrc` is not valid.

### **EBADNAME**

Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NOREG (28)* EIM Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

## **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_CHGTYPE\_INVALID (9)* This change type is not valid with the requested attribute. Please check the API documentation.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## **EROFS**

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

*EIMERR\_READ\_ONLY (36)* LDAP connection is for read only. Use `eimConnectToMaster()` to get a write connection.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR* (23) Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN* (44) Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Restrictions

The wild card character (\*) should not be used for registry aliases.

## Related Information

- [eimListRegistryAliases\(\)](#) --List EIM Registry Aliases
- [eimGetRegistryNameFromAlias\(\)](#) --Get EIM Registry Name from an Alias

## Example

The following example adds a couple aliases to the registry.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                  */
    memset(eimerr, 0x00, 100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Add a dns alias for this registry      */
    if (0 != (rc = eimChangeRegistryAlias(handle,
                                           "MyRegistry",
                                           EIM_ALIAS_TYPE_DNS,
                                           "Clueless",
                                           EIM_ADD,
```

```
err)))
{
    printf("Change registry alias error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}
/* Add a tcpip address as an alias */
if (0 != (rc = eimChangeRegistryAlias(handle,
                                     "MyRegistry",
                                     EIM_ALIASTYPE_TCPIP,
                                     "9.5.2.12",
                                     EIM_ADD,
                                     err)))
{
    printf("Change registry alias error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}

return 0;
}
<
```

---

API introduced: V5R2

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## » eimChangeRegistryUser() --Change EIM Registry User

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimChangeRegistryUser(EimHandle          * eim,
                          char               * registryName,
                          char               * registryUserName,
                          enum EimRegistryUserAttr attrName,
                          char               * attrValue,
                          enum EimChangeType changeType,
                          EimRC             * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimChangeRegistryUser()** function changes the attributes of a registry user entry. A registry user is implicitly added to a registry when a target association for an identity in that registry is added. However, the attribute fields are not set at that time.

There are situations when more than one user can be returned on a mapping lookup operation. Applications can choose to use information in the additional information field to distinguish between which returned target identity to use. For example, assume Joe has two identities in a specific registry X, joeuser and joeadmin. An application provider can tell the administrator to add additional information, for example, "appname-admin," to the appropriate registry user -- in this case, joeadmin. The application can provide this additional information on the lookup APIs, `eimGetTargetFromSource()` and `eimGetTargetFromIdentifier()`.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM authority to an individual registry

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **registryName** (Input)

The name of the registry that contains this user.

### **registryUserName** (Input)

The name of the user in this registry to change.

### **attrName**

The attribute to be updated. Valid values are:

*EIM\_REGISTRYUSER\_DESCRIPTION* (0) Change the registry description. Valid *changeType* is *EIM\_CHG* (0).

*EIM\_REGISTRYUSER\_ADDL\_INFO* (1) Add or remove additional information for this user. Valid *changeType* is *EIM\_ADD* (1) and *EIM\_RMV* (2).

### **attrValue** (Input)

The new value for the attribute.

### **changeType** (Input)

The type of change to make. This could be add, remove, or change. *attrName* parameter indicates which type is allowed for each attribute.

### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* will be set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC - EIM return code](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the `messageCatalogMessageID` field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

### **0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

## **EBADDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

## **EBADNAME**

Registry or registry user not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NOREG (28)* EIM Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NOREGUSER (29)* Registry user not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

## **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ATTR\_INVALID (5)* Attribute name is not valid.

*EIMERR\_CHGTYPE\_INVALID (9)* This change type is not valid with the requested attribute. Please check the API documentation.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## ENOTCONN

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## EROFS

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

*EIMERR\_READ\_ONLY (36)* LDAP connection is for read only. Use `eimConnectToMaster()` to get a write connection.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNEXP\_OBJ\_VIOLATION (56)* Unexpected object violation.

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimListRegistryUsers\(\)](#)--List EIM Registry Users

## Example

The following example changes the description and adds additional information for the target registry user.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];
```

```

/* Set up error structure.                                     */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Change the registry user's description                    */
if (0 != (rc = eimChangeRegistryUser(handle,
                                     "MyRegistry",
                                     "mjones",
                                     EIM_REGISTRYUSER_DESCRIPTION,
                                     "cool customer",
                                     EIM_CHG,
                                     err)))
{
    printf("Change registry user error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}

/* Add additional information to the registry user*/
if (0 != (rc = eimChangeRegistryUser(handle,
                                     "MyRegistry",
                                     "mjones",
                                     EIM_REGISTRYUSER_ADDL_INFO,
                                     "security officer",
                                     EIM_ADD,
                                     err)))
{
    printf("Change registry user error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}

/* Add additional information to the registry user*/
if (0 != (rc = eimChangeRegistryUser(handle,
                                     "MyRegistry",
                                     "mjones",
                                     EIM_REGISTRYUSER_ADDL_INFO,
                                     "administrator",
                                     EIM_ADD,
                                     err)))
{
    printf("Change registry user error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}

return 0;
}

```




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API introduced: V5R2

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## >eimConnect()--Connect to EIM Domain

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimConnect(EimHandle      * eim,
               EimConnectInfo connectInfo,
               EimRC          * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimConnect()** function is used to connect to the EIM domain that is configured for this platform. Configuration information was set using **eimSetConfiguration()**.

### Parameters

**eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to **eimCreateHandle()**.

**connectInfo** (Input)

Connect information. EIM uses ldap. This parameter provides the information required to bind to ldap.

If the system is configured to connect to a secure port, **EimSSLInfo** is required.

For **EIM\_SIMPLE** connect type, the creds field should contain the **EimSimpleConnectInfo** structure with a binddn and password. **EimPasswordProtect** is used to determine the level of password protection on the ldap bind.

*EIM\_PROTECT\_NO (0)*                      The clear-text password is sent on the bind.

*EIM\_PROTECT\_CRAM\_MD5 (1)*                The protected password is sent on the bind.  
The server side must support cram-md5  
protocol to send the protected password.

*EIM\_PROTECT\_CRAM\_MD5\_OPTIONAL (2)*    The protected password is sent on the bind if  
the cram-md5 protocol is supported.  
Otherwise, the clear-text password is sent.

For **EIM\_KERBEROS**, the default logon credentials are used. The kerberos creds field must be NULL.

For **EIM\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION**, the creds field is ignored. **EimSSLInfo** must be provided.

The structure layouts follow:

```
enum EimPasswordProtect {
    EIM_PROTECT_NO,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5_OPTIONAL
};
enum EimConnectType {
    EIM_SIMPLE,
    EIM_KERBEROS,
    EIM_CLIENT_AUTHENTICATION
};

typedef struct EimSimpleConnectInfo
{
    enum EimPasswordProtect protect;
    char * bindDn;
    char * bindPw;
} EimSimpleConnectInfo;

typedef struct EimSSLInfo
{
    char * keyring;
    char * keyring_pw;
    char * certificateLabel;
} EimSSLInfo;

typedef struct EimConnectInfo
{
    enum EimConnectType type;
    union {
        gss_cred_id_t * kerberos;
        EimSimpleConnectInfo simpleCreds;
    } creds;
    EimSSLInfo * ssl;
} EimConnectInfo;
```

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the *messageCatalogMessageID* field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

**EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

## **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_CONN\_INVALID (54)* Connection type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_SECURE (32)* The system is not configured to connect to a secure port. Connection type of EIM\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PROTECT\_INVALID (22)* The protect parameter in EimSimpleConnectInfo is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SSL\_REQ (42)* The system is configured to connect to a secure port. EimSSLInfo is required.

## **EISCONN**

A connection has already been established.

*EIMERR\_CONN (11)* Connection already exists.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTSUP**



Connection type is not supported.

*EIMERR\_CONN\_NOTSUPP (12)* Connection type is not supported.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimCreateHandle\(\)](#)--Create an EIM Handle
- [eimDestroyHandle\(\)](#)--Destroy an EIM Handle
- [eimGetAttribute\(\)](#)--Get EIM Attributes
- [eimSetAttribute\(\)](#)--Set EIM Attributes
- [eimConnectToMaster\(\)](#)--Connect to EIM Master Domain

## Example

The following example will connect to an EIM domain.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    EimConnectInfo con;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle should not be connected to */
    /* the configuration system.              */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];
```

```
/* Set up error structure. */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Set up connection information */
con.type = EIM_SIMPLE;
con.creds.simpleCreds.protect = EIM_PROTECT_NO;
con.creds.simpleCreds.bindDn = "cn=admin";
con.creds.simpleCreds.bindPw = "secret";
con.ssl = NULL;

/* Connect to configuration system */
if (0 != (rc = eimConnect(handle,
                        con,
                        err)))
    printf("Connect error = %d", rc);

return 0;
}
<
```

---

API introduced: V5R2

---

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## » eimConnectToMaster()--Connect to EIM Master Domain

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimConnectToMaster(EimHandle      * eim,
                      EimConnectInfo connectInfo,
                      EimRC          * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimConnectToMaster()** function is used to connect to the EIM master domain controller. This API should be used if an earlier API invocation returned a referral error (EROFS). A referral error indicates that the current EIM connection is to a replication system. An explicit connection must be made to the master system in order to make updates.

The ldap configuration file is used to retrieve information for the master host, master port, and secure port. If the host system is not a replica then the master information retrieved is the same as the host and port defined in the handle.

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`.

### **connectInfo** (Input)

Connect information. EIM uses ldap. This parameter provides the information required to bind to ldap.

If the system is configured to connect to a secure port, `EimSSLInfo` is required.

For `EIM_SIMPLE` connect type, the `creds` field should contain the `EimSimpleConnectInfo` structure with a `binddn` and `password`. `EimPasswordProtect` is used to determine the level of password protection on the ldap bind.

*EIM\_PROTECT\_NO (0)*

The clear-text password is sent on the bind.

*EIM\_PROTECT\_CRAM\_MD5 (1)*

The protected password is sent on the bind. The server side must support `cram-md5` protocol to send the protected password.

*EIM\_PROTECT\_CRAM\_MD5\_OPTIONAL* (2) The protected password is sent on the bind if the cram-md5 protocol is supported. Otherwise, the clear-text password is sent.

For *EIM\_KERBEROS*, the default logon credentials are used. The kerberos creds field must be NULL.

For *EIM\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION*, the creds field is ignored. *EimSSLInfo* must be provided.

The structure layouts follow:

```
enum EimPasswordProtect {
    EIM_PROTECT_NO,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5_OPTIONAL
};
enum EimConnectType {
    EIM_SIMPLE,
    EIM_KERBEROS,
    EIM_CLIENT_AUTHENTICATION
};
typedef struct EimSimpleConnectInfo
{
    enum EimPasswordProtect protect;
    char * bindDn;
    char * bindPw;
} EimSimpleConnectInfo;
typedef struct EimSSLInfo
{
    char * keyring;
    char * keyring_pw;
    char * certificateLabel;
} EimSSLInfo;
typedef struct EimConnectInfo
{
    enum EimConnectType type;
    union {
        gss_cred_id_t * kerberos;
        EimSimpleConnectInfo simpleCreds;
    } creds;
    EimSSLInfo * ssl;
} EimConnectInfo;
```

#### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_CONN\_INVALID (54)* Connection type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_SECURE (32)* The system is not configured to connect to a secure port. Connection type of EIM\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PROTECT\_INVALID (22)* The protect parameter in EimSimpleConnectInfo is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SSL\_REQ (42)*

The system is configured to connect to a secure port. EimSSLInfo is required.

## **EISCONN**

A connection has already been established.

*EIMERR\_CONN (11)* Connection already exists.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made. When configured for SSL we cannot retrieve the master information until a connection has been established to the configured system.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use eimConnect() API and try the request again.

## **ENOTSUP**

Connection type is not supported.

*EIMERR\_CONN\_NOTSUPP (12)* Connection type is not supported.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## **Related Information**

- [eimCreateHandle\(\)](#)--Create an EIM Handle
- [eimDestroyHandle\(\)](#)--Destroy an EIM Handle
- [eimGetAttribute\(\)](#)--Get EIM Attributes

- [eimSetAttribute\(\)](#)--Set EIM Attributes
- [eimConnect\(\)](#)--Connect to EIM Domain

## Example

The following example will connect to an EIM master domain.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    EimConnectInfo con;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle should not be connected to  */
    /* the master system.                      */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                 */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Set up connection information          */
    con.type = EIM_SIMPLE;
    con.creds.simpleCreds.protect = EIM_PROTECT_NO;
    con.creds.simpleCreds.bindDn = "cn=admin";
    con.creds.simpleCreds.bindPw = "secret";
    con.ssl = NULL;

    /* Connect to master system.              */
    if (0 != (rc = eimConnectToMaster(handle,
                                     con,
                                     err)))
        printf("Connect error = %d", rc);

    return 0;
}
```



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## » **eimErr2String()**--Convert EimRC into an Error Message

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

char * eimErr2String(EimRC          * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimErr2String()** function converts the EIM return code structure returned by an EIM function into a NULL-terminated error message string. `free()` should be used to free the space allocated for the error message string.

### Authorities

No authorization is required.

### Parameters

**eimrc** (Input)

The structure that contains error code information from a previous call to an EIM API. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

### Return Value

If successful, the return value is the address of the error message. The caller is responsible for freeing the message.

If unsuccessful, `eimErr2String` returns a NULL pointer. The `errno` global variable is set to indicate the error. The `errno` may come from `catopen`, `catget`, or `catclose` or one of the following values.

#### **EBADDATA**

`eimrc` is not valid.

#### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

## EINVAL

Input parameter was not valid.

## ENOMEM

Unable to allocate required space.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

## Related Information

- [eimRC\(\)](#) --EIM Return Code Parameter

## Example

The following example converts an EimRC into an error message and prints it.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <errno.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    EimRC        * err;
    char         * errMessage;

    /* Get EimRC from input arg. */
    err = (EimRC *)argv[1];

    /* Get error message */
    if (NULL == (errMessage = eimErr2String(err)))
    {
        printf("eimErr2String error = %s", strerror(errno));
        return -1;
    }

    /* Print the message */
    printf("%s", errMessage);

    free(errMessage);

    return 0;
}
```



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## » eimCreateDomain()--Create an EIM Domain Object

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimCreateDomain(char          * ldapURL,
                    EimConnectInfo connectInfo,
                    char          * description,
                    EimRC         * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimCreateDomain()** function creates an EIM domain object on the specified EIM domain controller.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

LDAP administrators have the authority to create an EIM domain.

## Parameters

### **ldapURL** (Input)

A uniform resource locator (URL) that contains the EIM host information. This URL has the following format:

```
ldap://host:port/dn
    or
ldaps://host:port/dn
```

where:

- host:port is the name of the host on which the EIM domain controller is running with an optional port number.
- dn is the distinguished name of the domain to create.
- ldaps indicates that this host/port combination uses SSL and TLS.

Examples:

- ldap://systemx:389/ibm-eimDomainName=myEimDomain,o=myCompany,c=us

- ldaps://systemy:636/ibm-eimDomainName=thisEimDomain

### **connectInfo** (Input)

Connect information. EIM uses ldap. This parameter provides the information required to bind to ldap.

If the system is configured to connect to a secure port, EimSSLInfo is required.

For EIM\_SIMPLE connect type, the creds field should contain the EimSimpleConnectInfo structure with a binddn and password. EimPasswordProtect is used to determine the level of password protection on the ldap bind.

<i>EIM_PROTECT_NO (0)</i>	The clear-text password is sent on the bind.
<i>EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5 (1)</i>	The protected password is sent on the bind. The server side must support cram-md5 protocol to send the protected password.
<i>EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5_OPTIONAL (2)</i>	The protected password is sent on the bind if the cram-md5 protocol is supported. Otherwise, the clear-text password is sent.

For EIM\_KERBEROS, the default logon credentials are used. The kerberos creds field must be NULL.

For EIM\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION, the creds field is ignored. EimSSLInfo must be provided.

The structure layouts follow:

```
enum EimPasswordProtect {
    EIM_PROTECT_NO,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5_OPTIONAL
};
enum EimConnectType {
    EIM_SIMPLE,
    EIM_KERBEROS,
    EIM_CLIENT_AUTHENTICATION
};
typedef struct EimSimpleConnectInfo
{
    enum EimPasswordProtect protect;
    char * bindDn;
    char * bindPw;
} EimSimpleConnectInfo;
typedef struct EimSSLInfo
{
    char * keyring;
    char * keyring_pw;
    char * certificateLabel;
} EimSSLInfo;
```

```

typedef struct EimConnectInfo
{
    enum EimConnectType type;
    union {
        gss_cred_id_t * kerberos;
        EimSimpleConnectInfo simpleCreds;
    } creds;
    EimSSLInfo * ssl;
} EimConnectInfo;

```

**description** (Input)

Textual description for the new EIM domain entry. This parameter may be NULL.

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, `eimrc` is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EIMRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the `messageCatalogMessageID` field in the `eimrc` parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

**EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

**EBADDATA**

`eimrc` is not valid.

**ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

**EEXIST**

EIM domain already exists.

*EIMERR\_DOMAIN\_EXISTS (14)* EIM domain already exists in EIM.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

<i>EIMERR_CHAR_INVALID (21)</i>	A restricted character was used in the object name. Check the API for a list of restricted characters.
<i>EIMERR_CONN_INVALID (54)</i>	Connection type is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_NOT_SECURE (32)</i>	The system is not configured to connect to a secure port. Connection type of <code>EIM_CLIENT_AUTHENTICATION</code> is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_PARM_REQ (34)</i>	Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.
<i>EIMERR_PROTECT_INVALID (22)</i>	The protect parameter in <code>EimSimpleConnectInfo</code> is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_PTR_INVALID (35)</i>	Pointer parameter is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_SSL_REQ (42)</i>	The system is configured to connect to a secure port. <code>EimSSLInfo</code> is required.
<i>EIMERR_URL_NODN (45)</i>	URL has no dn (required).
<i>EIMERR_URL_NODOMAIN (46)</i>	URL has no domain (required).
<i>EIMERR_URL_NOHOST (47)</i>	URL does not have a host.
<i>EIMERR_URL_NOTLDAP (49)</i>	URL does not begin with ldap.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

<i>EIMERR_NOMEM (27)</i>	No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.
--------------------------	---

## **ENOTSUP**

Connection type is not supported.

<i>EIMERR_CONN_NOTSUPP (12)</i>	Connection type is not supported.
---------------------------------	-----------------------------------

## **EROFS**

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

<i>EIMERR_URL_READ_ONLY (50)</i>	LDAP connection can only be made to a replica ldap server. Change the connection information and try the request again.
----------------------------------	---

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR* (23) Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN* (44) Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimDeleteDomain\(\)](#)--Delete an EIM Domain Object
- [eimChangeDomain\(\)](#)--Change an EIM Domain Object
- [eimListDomains\(\)](#)--List EIM Domain Objects

## Example

The following example creates an EIM domain by the name of myEIMDomain. The distinguished name for the domain after it is created will be: "ibm-eimDomainName=myEIMDomain,o=mycompany,c=us".

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;

    char * ldapURL =
"ldap://eimsystem:389/ibm-eimDomainName=myEimDomain,o=mycompany,c=us";

    EimConnectInfo con;

    /* Set up connection information */
    con.type = EIM_SIMPLE;
    con.creds.simpleCreds.protect = EIM_PROTECT_NO;
    con.creds.simpleCreds.bindDn = "cn=admin";
    con.creds.simpleCreds.bindPw = "secret";
    con.ssl = NULL;

    /* Set up error structure. */
    memset(eimerr, 0x00, 100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Create a new EIM domain */
    if (0 != (rc = eimCreateDomain(ldapURL,
                                con,
```



```
        NULL,  
        err))  
    printf("Create domain error = %d", rc);  
    return 0;  
}
```

---

API introduced: V5R2

---

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## » eimCreateHandle()--Create an EIM Handle

### Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimCreateHandle(EimHandle      * eim,
                   char           * ldapURL,
                   EimRC          * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimCreateHandle()** function is used to allocate an EimHandle structure, which is used to identify the EIM connection and to maintain per-connection information. The EimHandle structure should be passed on subsequent calls to other EIM operations.

## Parameters

### **eim** (Output)

The pointer to an EIM handle to be returned. This handle is used as input for other EIM APIs. The handle is temporary; you can use it only in the job that created it.

### **ldapURL** (Input)

A uniform resource locator (URL) that contains the EIM host information. A NULL parameter indicates that the ldapURL information set by the eimSetConfiguration() API should be used. This URL has the following format:

```
ldap://host:port/dn
      or
ldaps://host:port/dn
```

where:

- host:port is the name of the host on which the EIM domain controller is running with an optional port number.
- dn is the distinguished name of the domain to work with.
- ldaps indicates that this host/port combination uses SSL and TLS.

Examples:

- ldap://systemx:389/ibm-eimDomainName=myEimDomain,o=myCompany,c=us
- ldaps://systemy:636/ibm-eimDomainName=thisEimDomain

## **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## **Return Value**

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the *messageCatalogMessageID* field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

### **0**

Request was successful.

### **EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK* (26) Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION* (13) Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ* (34) Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID* (35) Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_URL\_NODN* (45) URL has no dn (required).

*EIMERR\_URL\_NODOMAIN* (46) URL has no domain (required).

*EIMERR\_URL\_NOHOST* (47) URL does not have a host.

*EIMERR\_URL\_NOTLDAP* (49) URL does not begin with ldap.

### **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM* (27) No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## ENOSYS

EIM is not configured.

*EIMERR\_NOTCONFIG* (30) EIM environment is not configured. Run `eimSetConfiguration()` API and try the request again.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR* (23) Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN* (44) Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimDestroyHandle\(\)](#)--Destroy an EIM Handle
- [eimGetAttribute\(\)](#)--Get EIM Attributes
- [eimSetAttribute\(\)](#)--Set EIM Attributes
- [eimConnectToMaster\(\)](#)--Connect to EIM Master Domain
- [eimConnect\(\)](#)--Connect to EIM Domain

## Example

The following example creates an EIM handle.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;
    EimHandle    handle;
    EimHandle    handle2;
```

```
char * ldapURL =
"ldap://eimsystem:389/ibm-eimDomainName=myEimDomain,o=mycompany,c=us";

/* Set up error structure. */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Create a new eim handle. Use the eim configuration URL */
if (0 != (rc = eimCreateHandle(&handle,
                             NULL,
                             err)))
    printf("Create handle error = %d", rc);

/* Create a new eim handle. Use the specified URL */
if (0 != (rc = eimCreateHandle(&handle2,
                             ldapURL,
                             err)))
    printf("Create handle error = %d", rc);

return 0;
}
```



---

API introduced: V5R2

---

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## »eimDeleteDomain()--Delete an EIM Domain Object

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimDeleteDomain(char          * ldapURL,
                    EimConnectInfo connectInfo,
                    EimRC         * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimDeleteDomain()** function deletes the EIM domain information. If there are any registries or identifiers in the domain then it cannot be deleted.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator

## Parameters

### **ldapURL** (Input)

A uniform resource locator (URL) that contains the EIM host information. This URL has the following format:

```
ldap://host:port/dn
    or
ldaps://host:port/dn
```

where:

- host:port is the name of the host on which the EIM domain controller is running with an optional port number.
- dn is the distinguished name of the domain to delete.
- ldaps indicates that this host/port combination uses SSL and TLS.

Examples:

- ldap://systemx:389/ibm-eimDomainName=myEimDomain,o=myCompany,c=us
- ldaps://systemy:636/ibm-eimDomainName=thisEimDomain

### **connectInfo** (Input)

Connect information. EIM uses ldap. This parameter provides the information required to bind to ldap.

If the system is configured to connect to a secure port, EimSSLInfo is required.

For EIM\_SIMPLE connect type, the creds field should contain the EimSimpleConnectInfo structure with a binddn and password. EimPasswordProtect is used to determine the level of password protection on the ldap bind.

<i>EIM_PROTECT_NO (0)</i>	The clear-text password is sent on the bind.
<i>EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5 (1)</i>	The protected password is sent on the bind. The server side must support cram-md5 protocol to send the protected password.
<i>EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5_OPTIONAL (2)</i>	The protected password is sent on the bind if the cram-md5 protocol is supported. Otherwise, the clear-text password is sent.

For EIM\_KERBEROS, the default logon credentials are used. The kerberos creds field must be NULL.

For EIM\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION, the creds field is ignored. EimSSLInfo must be provided.

The structure layouts follow:

```
enum EimPasswordProtect {
    EIM_PROTECT_NO,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5_OPTIONAL
};
enum EimConnectType {
    EIM_SIMPLE,
    EIM_KERBEROS,
    EIM_CLIENT_AUTHENTICATION
};

typedef struct EimSimpleConnectInfo
{
    enum EimPasswordProtect protect;
    char * bindDn;
    char * bindPw;
} EimSimpleConnectInfo;

typedef struct EimSSLInfo
{
    char * keyring;
    char * keyring_pw;
    char * certificateLabel;
} EimSSLInfo;
```

```

typedef struct EimConnectInfo
{
    enum EimConnectType type;
    union {
        gss_cred_id_t * kerberos;
        EimSimpleConnectInfo simpleCreds;
    } creds;
    EimSSLInfo * ssl;
} EimConnectInfo;

```

### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, `eimrc` will be set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC - EIM return code](#).

## **Return Value**

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the `messageCatalogMessageID` field in the `eimrc` parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

`eimrc` is not valid.

### **EBADNAME**

EIM domain not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NODOMAIN (24)* EIM Domain not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL**



Input parameter was not valid.

<i>EIMERR_CONN_INVALID</i> (54)	Connection type is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_NOT_SECURE</i> (32)	The system is not configured to connect to a secure port. Connection type of EIM_CLIENT_AUTHENTICATION is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_PARM_REQ</i> (34)	Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.
<i>EIMERR_PROTECT_INVALID</i> (22)	The protect parameter in EimSimpleConnectInfo is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_PTR_INVALID</i> (35)	Pointer parameter is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_SSL_REQ</i> (42)	The system is configured to connect to a secure port. EimSSLInfo is required.
<i>EIMERR_URL_NODN</i> (45)	URL has no dn (required).
<i>EIMERR_URL_NODOMAIN</i> (46)	URL has no domain (required).
<i>EIMERR_URL_NOHOST</i> (47)	URL does not have a host.
<i>EIMERR_URL_NOTLDAP</i> (49)	URL does not begin with ldap.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM* (27) No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTSAFE**

Not safe to delete domain.

*EIMERR\_DOMAIN\_NOTEMPTY* (15) Cannot delete a domain when it has registries or identifiers.

## **ENOTSUP**

Connection type is not supported.

*EIMERR\_CONN\_NOTSUPP* (12) Connection type is not supported.

## **EROFS**

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

*EIMERR\_URL\_READ\_ONLY (50)* LDAP connection can only be made to a replica ldap server. Change the connection information and try the request again.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimCreateDomain\(\)](#)--Create an EIM Domain Object
- [eimChangeDomain\(\)](#)--Change an EIM Domain Object
- [eimListDomains\(\)](#)--List EIM Domain Objects

## Example

The following example deletes the specified EIM domain information.

```
#include <eim.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;

    char * ldapURL =
"ldap://eimsystem:389/ibm-eimDomainName=myEimDomain,o=mycompany,c=us";

    EimConnectInfo con;

    /* Set up connection information          */
    con.type = EIM_SIMPLE;
    con.creds.simpleCreds.protect = EIM_PROTECT_NO;
    con.creds.simpleCreds.bindDn = "cn=admin";
    con.creds.simpleCreds.bindPw = "secret";
    con.ssl = NULL;

    /* Set up error structure.                */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
```

```
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Delete this domain */
if (0 != (rc = eimDeleteDomain(ldapURL,
                               con,
                               err)))
    printf("Delete domain error = %d", rc);

return 0;
}
```

---

API introduced: V5R2

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## »eimDestroyHandle()--Destroy an EIM Handle

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimDestroyHandle(EimHandle      * eim,
                    EimRC          * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimDestroyHandle()** function is used to deallocate an EimHandle structure. This will close any EIM connections for this handle.

### Parameters

**eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to eimCreateHandle().

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

### Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

**EBADDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

**EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

## EINVAL

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimCreateHandle\(\)](#)--Create an EIM Handle
- [eimGetAttribute\(\)](#)--Get EIM Attributes
- [eimSetAttribute\(\)](#)--Set EIM Attributes
- [eimConnectToMaster\(\)](#)--Connect to EIM Master Domain
- [eimConnect\(\)](#)--Connect to EIM Domain

## Example

The following example destroys an EIM handle.

```
#include <eim.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];           */
}
```

```
/* Set up error structure. */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Destroy the handle */
if (0 != (rc = eimDestroyHandle(handle,
                                err)))
    printf("Destroy handle error = %d", rc);

return 0;
}
<
```

---

API introduced: V5R2

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## »eimGetAssociatedIdentifiers() --Get Associated EIM identifiers

### Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimGetAssociatedIdentifiers(EimHandle          * eim,
                               enum EimAssociationType associationType,
                               char               * registryName,
                               char               * registryUserName,
                               unsigned int      lengthOfListData,
                               EimList          * listData,
                               EimRC            * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimGetAssociatedIdentifiers()** function returns a list of the identifiers. Given a registry name and user name within that user registry, return the EIM identifier associated with it.

It is possible that more than one person is associated with a specific identifier. This occurs when users share identities (and possibly passwords) within a single instance of a user registry. While this practice is not condoned, it does happen. This creates an ambiguous result.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM Identifiers Administrator
- EIM Mapping Lookup
- EIM authority to an individual registry

The list returned contains only the information that the user has authority to access.

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **associationType** (Input)

The type of association to be retrieved. Valid values are:

<i>EIM_ALL_ASSOC</i> (0)	Retrieve all associations.
<i>EIM_TARGET</i> (1)	Retrieve target associations.
<i>EIM_SOURCE</i> (2)	Retrieve source associations.
<i>EIM_SOURCE_AND_TARGET</i> (3)	Retrieve source and target associations.
<i>EIM_ADMIN</i> (4)	Retrieve administrative associations.

**registryName** (Input)

The registry name for the lookup.

**registryUserName** (Input)

The registry user name for the lookup.

**lengthOfListData** (Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the *listData* parameter. The minimum size required is 20 bytes

**listData** (Output)

A pointer to the EimList structure.

The EimList structure contains information about the returned data. The API will return as much data as space has been provided. The data returned is a linked list of EimIdentifier structures. firstEntry is used to get to the first EimIdentifier structure in the linked list.

EimList structure:

```
typedef struct EimList
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned; /* Number of bytes actually returned
                                by the API */
    unsigned int bytesAvailable; /* Number of bytes of available data
                                that could have been returned by
                                the API */
    unsigned int entriesReturned; /* Number of entries actually
                                returned by the API */
    unsigned int entriesAvailable; /* Number of entries available to be
                                returned by the API */
    unsigned int firstEntry; /* Displacement to the first linked
                                list entry. This byte offset is
                                relative to the start of the
                                EimList structure. */
} EimList;
```

EimIdentifier structure:

```
typedef struct EimIdentifier
{
    unsigned int nextEntry; /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                byte offset is relative to the
                                start of this structure */
    EimListData uniqueness; /* Unique name */
    EimListData description; /* Description */
    EimListData entryUUID; /* UUID */
    EimSubList names; /* EimIdentifierName sublist */
    EimSubList additionalInfo; /* EimAddlInfo sublist */
}
```



```
    } EimIdentifier;
```

Identifiers may have defined several name attributes as well as several additional information attributes. In the EimIdentity structure, the names EimSubList gives addressability to a linked list of EimIdentifierName structures.

EimIdentifierName structure:

```
typedef struct EimIdentifierName
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;          /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                     byte offset is relative to the
                                     start of this structure          */
    EimListData name;               /* Name                               */
} EimIdentifierName;
```

The additionalInfo EimSubList gives addressability to a linked list of EimAddlInfo structures.

EimAddlInfo structure:

```
typedef struct EimAddlInfo
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;          /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                     byte offset is relative to the
                                     start of this structure          */
    EimListData addlInfo;           /* Additional info                     */
} EimAddlInfo;
```

EimSubList structure:

```
typedef struct EimSubList
{
    unsigned int listNum;           /* Number of entries in the list      */
    unsigned int disp;              /* Displacement to sublist. This
                                     byte offset is relative to the
                                     start of the parent structure;
                                     that is, the structure containing
                                     this structure.                      */
} EimSubList;
```

EimListData structure:

```
typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length;            /* Length of data                       */
    unsigned int disp;              /* Displacement to data. This byte
                                     offset is relative to the start of
                                     the parent structure; that is, the
                                     structure containing this
                                     structure.                          */
} EimListData;
```

#### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

### **EBADNAME**

Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NOREG (28)* EIM Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ASSOC\_TYPE\_INVALID (4)* Association type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_EIMLIST\_SIZE (16)* Length of EimList is not valid. EimList must be at least 20 bytes in length.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SPACE (41)* Unexpected error accessing parameter.

### **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## ENOTCONN

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNEXP\_OBJ\_VIOLATION (56)* Unexpected object violation.

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimAddIdentifier\(\)](#)--Add EIM Identifier
- [eimChangeIdentifier\(\)](#)--Change EIM Identifier
- [eimRemoveIdentifier\(\)](#)--Remove EIM Identifier
- [eimListIdentifiers\(\)](#)--List EIM Identifiers

## Example

The following example will list all of the identifiers associated with the registry, MyRegistry, and a user of carolb.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void printListResults(EimList * list);
void printSubListData(char * fieldName,
                    void * entry,
                    int offset);
void printListData(char * fieldName,
                 void * entry,
                 int offset);

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char        eimerr[100];
```

```

EimRC      * err;
EimHandle  * handle;

char        listData[1000];
EimList    * list = (EimList * ) listData;

/* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
/* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

/* Set up error structure.                 */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Get associated identifiers              */
if (0 != (rc = eimGetAssociatedIdentifiers(handle,
                                             EIM_ALL_ASSOC,
                                             &MyRegistry&,
                                             &carolb&,
                                             1000,
                                             list,
                                             err)))
{
    printf(&Get Associated Identifiers error = %d&, rc);
    return -1;
}

/* Print the results                       */
printListResults(list);

return 0;
}

void printListResults(EimList * list)
{
    int i;
    EimIdentifier * entry;

    printf(&_____&\n&);
    printf(& bytesReturned = %d\n&, list->bytesReturned);
    printf(& bytesAvailable = %d\n&, list->bytesAvailable);
    printf(& entriesReturned = %d\n&, list->entriesReturned);
    printf(& entriesAvailable = %d\n&, list->entriesAvailable);
    printf(&\n&);

    entry = (EimIdentifier *)((char *)list + list->firstEntry);
    for (i = 0; i < list->entriesReturned; i++)
    {
        printf(&\n&);
        printf(&=====\n&);
        printf(&Entry %d.\n&, i);

        /* Print out results */
        printListData(&Unique name&,
                     entry,
                     offsetof(EimIdentifier, uniquename));
        printListData(&description&,
                     entry,
                     offsetof(EimIdentifier, description));
        printListData(&entryUUID&,
                     entry,

```

```

        offsetof(EimIdentifier, entryUUID));
printSubListData(&Names&,
                entry,
                offsetof(EimIdentifier, names));
printSubListData(&Additional Info&,
                entry,
                offsetof(EimIdentifier, additionalInfo));

    /* advance to next entry */
    entry = (EimIdentifier *)((char *)entry + entry->nextEntry);
}
printf(&\n&);

}

void printSubListData(char * fieldName,
                    void * entry,
                    int offset)
{
    int i;
    EimSubList * subList;
    EimAddlInfo * subentry;

    // Address the EimSubList object */
    subList = (EimSubList *)((char *)entry + offset);

    if (subList->listNum > 0)
    {
        subentry = (EimAddlInfo *)((char *)entry + subList->disp);
        for (i = 0; i < subList->listNum; i++)
        {
            /* Print out results */
            printListData(fieldName,
                          subentry,
                          offsetof(EimAddlInfo, addlInfo));

            /* advance to next entry */
            subentry = (EimAddlInfo *)((char *)subentry +
                                       subentry->nextEntry);
        }
    }
}

void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset)
{
    EimListData * listData;
    char * data;
    int dataLength;

    printf(&    %s = &,fieldName);
    /* Address the EimListData object */
    listData = (EimListData *)((char *)entry + offset);

    /* Print out results */
    data = (char *)entry + listData->disp;
    dataLength = listData->length;

```

```
if (dataLength > 0)
    printf(&%. *s\n&,dataLength, data);
else
    printf(&Not found.\n&);
```

```
}
```



---

API introduced: V5R2

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## »eimGetAttribute()--Get EIM attributes

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimGetAttribute(EimHandle          * eim,
                  enum EimHandleAttr  attrName,
                  unsigned int        lengthOfEimAttribute,
                  EimAttribute        * attribute,
                  EimRC               * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimGetAttribute()** function is used to get attributes for this EIM handle.

The ldap configuration file is used to retrieve information for the master host, master port, and secure port. If the host system is not a replica then the master information retrieved is the same as the host and port defined in the handle.

### Parameters

**eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`.

**attrName** (Input)

The name of the attribute to retrieve. Following are valid values:

<i>EIM_HANDLE_CCSSID</i> (0)	This is the CCSID of character data passed by the caller of EIM APIs with the specified EimHandle. The returned field is a 4 byte integer.
<i>EIM_HANDLE_DOMAIN</i> (1)	The EIM domain name.
<i>EIM_HANDLE_HOST</i> (2)	The host system for the EIM domain.
<i>EIM_HANDLE_PORT</i> (3)	The port for the EIM connection. The returned field is a 4 byte integer.
<i>EIM_HANDLE_SECPORT</i> (4)	Security type for this connection. The returned field is a 4 byte integer. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ 0 - Non-SLL</li><li>○ 1 - Port uses SSL</li></ul>
<i>EIM_HANDLE_MASTER_HOST</i> (5)	If the <i>EIM_HANDLE_HOST</i> is a replica LDAP server, this value will indicate the master LDAP server.

<i>EIM_HANDLE_MASTER_PORT</i> (6)	If the <i>EIM_HANDLE_HOST</i> is a replica LDAP server, this value will indicate the port for the master LDAP server. The returned field is a 4 byte integer.
<i>EIM_HANDLE_MASTER_SECPORT</i> (7)	If the <i>EIM_HANDLE_HOST</i> is a replica LDAP server, this value will indicate the security type for the master LDAP server. The returned field is a 4 byte integer.

**lengthOfEimAttribute** (Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the attribute information. Minimum size required is 16 bytes.

**attribute** (Output)

A pointer to the data to be returned.

The *EimAttribute* structure contains information about the returned data. The API will return as much data as space has been provided.

*EimAttribute* structure:

```
typedef struct EimAttribute
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned; /* Number of bytes actually returned
                                by the API */
    unsigned int bytesAvailable; /* Number of bytes of available data
                                that could have been returned by
                                the API */
    EimListData attribute; /* handle attribute */
} EimAttribute;
```

*EimListData* structure:

```
typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length; /* Length of data */
    unsigned int disp; /* Displacement to data. This byte
                       offset is relative to the start of
                       the parent structure; that is, the
                       structure containing this
                       structure. */
} EimListData;
```

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the *messageCatalogMessageID* field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

**EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.



*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

## **EBADDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

## **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ATTR\_INVALID (5)* Attribute name is not valid.

*EIMERR\_ATTRIB\_SIZE (53)* Length of EimAttribute is not valid.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SPACE (41)* Unexpected error accessing parameter.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made. When configured for SSL we cannot retrieve the master information until a connection has been established to the configured system.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## **ENOTSUP**

Attribute type is not supported.

*EIMERR\_ATTR\_NOTSUPP (6)* Attribute not supported.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimCreateHandle\(\)](#)--Create an EIM Handle
- [eimDestroyHandle\(\)](#)--Destroy an EIM Handle
- [eimSetAttribute\(\)](#)--Set EIM Attributes
- [eimConnectToMaster\(\)](#)--Connect to EIM Master Domain
- [eimConnect\(\)](#)--Connect to EIM Domain

## Example

The following example will get the domain for the EIM handle.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int            rc;
    char           eimerr[100];
    EimRC          * err;
    EimHandle      * handle;
    char           * data;
    char           * listData[1000];
    EimAttribute * list = (EimAttribute *) listData;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                 */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Get EIM domain name                     */
    if (0 != (rc = eimGetAttribute(handle,
                                   EIM_HANDLE_DOMAIN,
```

```
        1000,
        list,
        err))
    printf("Get Attribute error = %d", rc);

    /* Print results */
    printf("    Bytes returned = %d.\n", list->bytesReturned);
    printf("    Bytes available = %d.\n", list->bytesAvailable);

    printf("    Attr size = %d.\n", list->attribute.length);
    printf("    Attr disp = %d.\n", list->attribute.disp);

    data = (char * )list + list->attribute.disp;

    printf("    %s = %s.\n", "domain name", data);

    return 0;
}
<<
```

---

API introduced: V5R2

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## »QsyGetEIMConnectInfo()--Get EIM Connect Information

### Syntax

```
#include <qsyeimapi.h>

#include <eim.h>

int QsyGetEIMConnectInfo(int          lengthOfConnectInfo,
    EimList * connectInfo,
                                EimRc      * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIMAPI

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **QsyGetEIMConnectInfo()** function returns the connection information that will be used by the OS/400 operating system when it needs to connect to the EIM domain that is configured for this system or for the master system.

## Parameters

### lengthOfConnectInfo

(Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the connection information parameter. The minimum size required is 20 bytes. The API will return the number of bytes available for all of the connection information and as much data as space has been provided.

### connectInfo

(Output)

A pointer to the data to be returned.

The EimList structure contains information about the returned data. The data returned is a linked list of QsyEimConnectInfo structures. firstEntry is used to get to the first QsyEimConnectInfo structure in the linked list.

EimList structure:

```
typedef struct EimList
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned; /* Number of bytes actually
returned                               by the API
*/
    unsigned int bytesAvailable; /* Number of bytes of available
data                               that could have been returned
by                               the API
*/
    unsigned int entriesReturned; /* Number of entries actually
```



```

        } connectInfo;
    } QsyEimConnectInfo;

```

EimListData structure:

```

typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length;           /* Length of data
*/
    byte          unsigned int disp; /* Displacement to data. This
of                                     offset is relative to the start
the                                     the parent structure; that is,
                                        structure containing this
                                        structure
*/
} EimListData;

```

### **eimrc**

(Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## **Return Value**

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the eimrc parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EBADDDATA (3028)**

eimrc is not valid.

### **EBUSY (3029)**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **ECONVERT (3490)**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL (3021)**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_EIMLIST\_SIZE (16)* Length of EimList is not valid. EimList must be at least 20 bytes in length.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ* (34) Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.  
*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID* (35) Pointer parameter is not valid.  
*EIMERR\_SPACE* (41) Unexpected error accessing parameter.

### **ENOMEM (3460)**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM* (27) No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

### **EUNKNOWN (3474)**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN* (44) Unknown error or unknown system state.

## **Related Information**

- [QsySetEIMConnectInfo\(\)](#)--Set EIM Connect Information

## **Example**

The following example will get connection information used by the operating system.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <qsyeimapi.h>

void printListResults(EimList * list)
{
    int i;
    QsyEimConnectInfo * entry;
    char * data;
    int    dataLength;

    printf("\n_____");
    printf("\nBytes Returned    = %d", list->bytesReturned);
    printf("\nBytes Available    = %d", list->bytesAvailable);
    printf("\nEntries Returned    = %d", list->entriesReturned);
    printf("\nEntries Available = %d", list->entriesAvailable);

    entry = (QsyEimConnectInfo *)((char *)list + list->firstEntry);
    for (i = 0; i < list->entriesReturned; i++)
    {
        printf("\n");
        printf("\n***** Entry %d ***** ",i+1);
        printf("\nConnect system : %d ",entry->connectSystem );
        printf("\nConnect type : %d ",entry->connectType );

        switch (entry->connectType) /* Determine connect type. */
        {
            case QSY_EIM_SIMPLE:
```

```

    {
        printf("\nProtect type : %d ",
            entry->connectInfo.simpleConnect.protect );
        data = ((char *)entry +
            entry->connectInfo.simpleConnect.bindDN.disp );
        dataLength =
            entry->connectInfo.simpleConnect.bindDN.length;
        printf("\n%s : ", "Bind DN");
        if (dataLength > 0)
            printf("%. *s", dataLength, data);
        else
            printf("Not found.");
        break;
    }
case QSY_EIM_KERBEROS_KEYTAB:
    {
        /* Print out the keytab file name */
        data = ((char *)entry + entry->
            connectInfo.kerberosKeyTab.kerberosKeyTab.disp );
        dataLength =
            entry->connectInfo.kerberosKeyTab.kerberosKeyTab.length;
        printf("\n%s : ", "Keytab file name");
        if (dataLength > 0)
            printf("%. *s", dataLength, data);
        else
            printf("Not found.");
        /* Print out the principal */
        data = ((char *)entry + entry->
            connectInfo.kerberosKeyTab.kerberosPrincipal.disp );
        dataLength =
            entry->connectInfo.kerberosKeyTab.kerberosPrincipal.length;
        printf("\n%s : ", "Kerberos principal");
        if (dataLength > 0)
            printf("%. *s", dataLength, data);
        else
            printf("Not found.");
        /* Print out the realm */
        data = ((char *)entry + entry->
            connectInfo.kerberosKeyTab.kerberosRealm.disp );
        dataLength =
            entry->connectInfo.kerberosKeyTab.kerberosRealm.length;
        printf("\n%s : ", "Kerberos realm");
        if (dataLength > 0)
            printf("%. *s", dataLength, data);
        else
            printf("Not found.");
        break;
    }
case QSY_EIM_KERBEROS_PWD:
    {
        /* Print out the principal */
        data = ((char *)entry + entry->
            connectInfo.kerberosPwd.kerberosPrincipal.disp );
        dataLength =
            entry->connectInfo.kerberosPwd.kerberosPrincipal.length;
        printf("\n%s : ", "Kerberos principal");
        if (dataLength > 0)
            printf("%. *s", dataLength, data);
        else
            printf("Not found.");
        /* Print out the realm */
        data = ((char *)entry + entry->

```



```

        connectInfo.kerberosPwd.kerberosRealm.disp );
    dataLength =
        entry->connectInfo.kerberosPwd.kerberosRealm.length;
    printf("\n%s : ", "Kerberos realm");
    if (dataLength > 0)
        printf("%.*s", dataLength, data);
    else
        printf("Not found.");
    break;
}
} /* end determine connect type. */

/* advance to next entry */
entry = (QsyEimConnectInfo *)((char *)entry + entry->nextEntry);

}
printf("\n");
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int rc;
    char    eimerr[100];
    EimRC   *err;

    char    listData[5000];
    EimList * list = (EimList * ) listData;

    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    if (0 != (rc = QsyGetEIMConnectInfo(5000,
                                        list,
                                        err)))
    {
        printf("Get connection information error = %d", rc);
        return -1;
    }

    printListResults(list);

    return 0;
}

```

---

API introduced: V5R2

---

## »eimGetRegistryNameFromAlias() --Get EIM Registry Name from an Alias

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimGetRegistryNameFromAlias(EimHandle      * eim,
                                char           * aliasType,
                                char           * aliasValue,
                                unsigned int   lengthOfListData,
                                EimList       * listData,
                                EimRC         * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimGetRegistryNameFromAlias()** function will return a list of registry names that match the search criteria provided by *aliasType* and *aliasValue*.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM Identifiers Administrator
- EIM Mapping Lookup
- EIM authority to an individual registry

The list returned contains only the information that the user has authority to access.

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **aliasType** (Input)

The type of alias for which to search. See `eim.h` for a list of predefined alias types.

### **aliasValue** (Input)

The value for this alias.

**lengthOfListData** (Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the *listData* parameter. The minimum size required is 20 bytes.

**listData** (Output)

A pointer to the EimList structure.

The EimList structure contains information about the returned data. The API will return as much data as space has been provided. The data returned is a linked list of EimRegistryName structures. firstEntry is used to get to the first EimRegistryName structure in the linked list.

EimList structure:

```
typedef struct EimList
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned;    /* Number of bytes actually returned
                                   by the API */
    unsigned int bytesAvailable;  /* Number of bytes of available data
                                   that could have been returned by
                                   the API */
    unsigned int entriesReturned; /* Number of entries actually
                                   returned by the API */
    unsigned int entriesAvailable; /* Number of entries available to be
                                   returned by the API */
    unsigned int firstEntry;      /* Displacement to the first linked
                                   list entry. This byte offset is
                                   relative to the start of the
                                   EimList structure. */
} EimList;
```

EimRegistryName structure:

```
typedef struct EimRegistryName
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;        /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                   byte offset is relative to the
                                   start of this structure */
    EimListData name;            /* Name */
} EimRegistryName;
```

EimListData structure:

```
typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length;          /* Length of data */
    unsigned int disp;           /* Displacement to data. This byte
                                   offset is relative to the start of
                                   the parent structure; that is, the
                                   structure containing this
                                   structure. */
} EimListData;
```

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the `messageCatalogMessageID` field in the `eimrc` parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

`eimrc` is not valid.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_EIMLIST\_SIZE (16)* Length of `EimList` is not valid. `EimList` must be at least 20 bytes in length.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* `EimHandle` is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SPACE (41)* Unexpected error accessing parameter.

### **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

### **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimChangeRegistryAlias\(\)](#) --Change EIM Registry Alias
- [eimListRegistryAliases\(\)](#) --List EIM Registry Aliases

## Example

The following example will get the registry name from the specified alias

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void printListResults(EimList * list);
void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset);

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                 */
    memset(eimerr, 0x00, 100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Get registry from alias                  */
    if (0 != (rc = eimGetRegistryNameFromAlias(handle,
                                                EIM_ALIASTYPE_DNS,
                                                "Clueless",
                                                1000,
                                                list,
```

```

err))
{
    printf("Get registry name from alias error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}

/* Print the results */
printListResults(list);

return 0;
}

void printListResults(EimList * list)
{
    int i;
    EimRegistryName * entry;

    printf("_____ \n");
    printf("    bytesReturned    = %d\n", list->bytesReturned);
    printf("    bytesAvailable    = %d\n", list->bytesAvailable);
    printf("    entriesReturned    = %d\n", list->entriesReturned);
    printf("    entriesAvailable    = %d\n", list->entriesAvailable);
    printf("\n");

    entry = (EimRegistryName *)((char *)list + list->firstEntry);
    for (i = 0; i < list->entriesReturned; i++)
    {
        /* Print out results */
        printListData("Registry Name",
                    entry,
                    offsetof(EimRegistryName, name));

        /* advance to next entry */
        entry = (EimRegistryName *)((char *)entry + entry->nextEntry);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset)
{
    EimListData * listData;
    char * data;
    int dataLength;

    printf("    %s = ", fieldName);
    /* Address the EimListData object */
    listData = (EimListData *)((char *)entry + offset);

    /* Print out results */
    data = (char *)entry + listData->disp;
    dataLength = listData->length;

    if (dataLength > 0)
        printf("%. *s\n", dataLength, data);
    else
        printf("Not found.\n");
}

```



---

API introduced: V5R2

---

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## »eimGetTargetFromIdentifier() --Get EIM Target Identities from the Identifier

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimGetTargetFromIdentifier(EimHandle          * eim,
                              EimIdentifierInfo * idName,
                              char              * targetRegistryName,
                              char              * additionalInformation,
                              unsigned int     * lengthOfListData,
                              EimList          * listData,
                              EimRC            * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimGetTargetFromIdentifier()** function gets the target identity or identities for the specified registry that is associated with the specified EIM identifier.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM Identifiers Administrator
- EIM Mapping Lookup
- EIM authority to an individual registry

The list returned contains only the information that the user has authority to access.

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **idName** (Input)

A structure that contains the name of the identifier for this lookup operation. The layout of the `EimIdentifierInfo` structure follows:



```

enum EimIdType {
    EIM_UNIQUE_NAME,
    EIM_ENTRY_UUID,
    EIM_NAME
};

typedef struct EimIdentifierInfo
{
    union {
        char        * uniqueName;
        char        * entryUUID;
        char        * name;
    } id;
    enum EimIdType    idtype;
} EimIdentifierInfo;

```

idtype indicates which identifier name is provided. Use of the uniqueName provides the best performance. Specifying an idtype of EIM\_NAME does not guarantee that a unique EIM identifier will be found. Therefore, use of EIM\_NAME may result in an error.

**targetRegistryName** (Input)

The target registry for this lookup operation.

**additionalInfo** (Input)

Additional information that will be used as selection criteria for this operation. This may be NULL.

**lengthOfListData** (Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the *listData* parameter. The minimum size required is 20 bytes.

**listData** (Output)

A pointer to the EimList structure.

The EimList structure contains information about the returned data. The API will return as much data as space has been provided. The data returned is a linked list of EimTargetIdentity structures. firstEntry is used to get to the first EimTargetIdentity structure in the linked list. Each EimTargetIdentity entry contains a user name returned by this lookup operation.

EimList structure:

```

typedef struct EimList
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned;    /* Number of bytes actually returned
                                   by the API. */
    unsigned int bytesAvailable;   /* Number of bytes of available data
                                   that could have been returned by
                                   the API. */
    unsigned int entriesReturned; /* Number of entries actually
                                   returned by the API. */
    unsigned int entriesAvailable; /* Number of entries available to be
                                   returned by the API. */
    unsigned int firstEntry;       /* Displacement to the first linked
                                   list entry. This byte offset is
                                   relative to the start of the
                                   EimList structure. */
} EimList;

```

EimTargetIdentity structure:

```

typedef struct EimTargetIdentity

```

```

    {
        unsigned int nextEntry;          /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                        byte offset is relative to the
                                        start of this structure.          */
        EimListData userName;          /* User name                      */
    } EimTargetIdentity;

```

EimListData structure:

```

typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length;                /* Length of data                */
    unsigned int disp;                 /* Displacement to data. This byte
                                        offset is relative to the start of
                                        the parent structure; that is, the
                                        structure containing this
                                        structure.                          */
} EimListData;

```

### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## **Return Value**

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the *messageCatalogMessageID* field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

### **EBADNAME**

Registry or identifier not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_IDNAME\_AMBIGUOUS (20)* More than 1 EIM Identifier was found that matches the requested Identifier name.

*EIMERR\_NOIDENTIFIER (25)* EIM Identifier not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NOREG (28)* EIM Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK* (26) Unable to allocate internal system object.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION* (13) Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_EIMLIST\_SIZE* (16) Length of EimList is not valid. EimList must be at least 20 bytes in length.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID* (17) EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_IDNAME\_TYPE\_INVALID* (52) The EimIdType value is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ* (34) Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID* (35) Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SPACE* (41) Unexpected error accessing parameter.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM* (27) No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN* (31) Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR* (23) Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNEXP\_OBJ\_VIOLATION* (56) Unexpected object violation.

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN* (44) Unknown error or unknown system state.

## **Related Information**

- [eimGetTargetFromSource\(\)](#) --Get EIM Target Identities from the Source

## Example

The following example will get the list of users in the target registry, MyRegistry, that are associated with the specified identifier.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void printListResults(EimList * list);
void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset);

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;
    EimHandle   * handle;

    char        listData[1000];
    EimList     * list = (EimList * ) listData;

    EimIdentifierInfo x;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                 */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Set up identifier information */
    x.idtype = EIM_UNIQUE_NAME;
    x.id.uniqueName = "mjones";

    if (0 != (rc = eimGetTargetFromIdentifier(handle,
                                              &x,
                                              "MyRegistry",
                                              NULL,
                                              1000,
                                              list,
                                              err)))
    {
        printf("Get Target from identifier error = %d", rc);
        return -1;
    }

    printListResults(list);

    return 0;
}
```

```

void printListResults(EimList * list)
{
    int i;
    EimTargetIdentity * entry;

    printf("_____\\n");
    printf("    bytesReturned    = %d\\n", list->bytesReturned);
    printf("    bytesAvailable    = %d\\n", list->bytesAvailable);
    printf("    entriesReturned    = %d\\n", list->entriesReturned);
    printf("    entriesAvailable = %d\\n", list->entriesAvailable);
    printf("\\n");

    entry = (EimTargetIdentity *)((char *)list + list->firstEntry);
    for (i = 0; i < list->entriesReturned; i++)
    {
        printf("\\n");
        printf("=====\\n");
        printf("Entry %d.\\n", i);

        /* Print out results */
        printListData("target user",
                     entry,
                     offsetof(EimTargetIdentity, userName));

        /* advance to next entry */
        entry = (EimTargetIdentity *)((char *)entry + entry->nextEntry);
    }
    printf("\\n");
}

void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset)
{
    EimListData * listData;
    char * data;
    int dataLength;

    printf("    %s = ", fieldName);
    /* Address the EimListData object */
    listData = (EimListData *)((char *)entry + offset);

    /* Print out results */
    data = (char *)entry + listData->disp;
    dataLength = listData->length;

    if (dataLength > 0)
        printf("%.*s\\n", dataLength, data);
    else
        printf("Not found.\\n");
}

```




---

API introduced: V5R2

---

## »eimGetTargetFromSource() --Get EIM Target Identities from the Source

### Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimGetTargetFromSource(EimHandle      * eim,
                           char          * sourceRegistryName,
                           char          * sourceRegistryUserName,
                           char          * targetRegistryName,
                           char          * additionalInformation,
                           unsigned int  lengthOfListData,
                           EimList      * listData,
                           EimRC        * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimGetTargetFromSource()** function gets the target identity(ies) associated with the source identity as defined by source registry name and source registry user. This is known as a mapping lookup operation -- from the known source information return the user for this target registry.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM Identifiers Administrator
- EIM Mapping Lookup
- EIM authority to an individual registry

The list returned contains only the information that the user has authority to access.

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **sourceRegistryName** (Input)

The source registry for this lookup operation.

**sourceRegistryUserName** (Input)

The source user name for this lookup operation.

**targetRegistryName** (Input)

The target registry for this lookup operation.

**additionalInfo** (Input)

Additional information that will be used as selection criteria for this operation. This may be NULL. This filter data may contain the wild card char(\*).

**lengthOfListData** (Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the *listData* parameter. The minimum size required is 20 bytes

**listData** (Output)

A pointer to the EimList structure.

The EimList structure contains information about the returned data. The API will return as much data as space has been provided. The data returned is a linked list of EimTargetIdentity structures. firstEntry is used to get to the first EimTargetIdentity structure in the linked list. Each EimTargetIdentity entry contains a user name returned by this lookup operation.

EimList structure:

```
typedef struct EimList
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned;    /* Number of bytes actually returned
                                   by the API */
    unsigned int bytesAvailable;  /* Number of bytes of available data
                                   that could have been returned by
                                   the API */
    unsigned int entriesReturned; /* Number of entries actually
                                   returned by the API */
    unsigned int entriesAvailable; /* Number of entries available to be
                                   returned by the API */
    unsigned int firstEntry;      /* Displacement to the first linked
                                   list entry. This byte offset is
                                   relative to the start of the
                                   EimList structure. */
} EimList;
```

EimTargetIdentity structure:

```
typedef struct EimTargetIdentity
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;        /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                   byte offset is relative to the
                                   start of this structure */
    EimListData userName;         /* User name */
} EimTargetIdentity;
```

EimListData structure:

```
typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length;          /* Length of data */
    unsigned int disp;           /* Displacement to data. This byte
```

offset is relative to the start of the parent structure; that is, the structure containing this structure. \*/

```
} EimListData;
```

### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## **Return Value**

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the *messageCatalogMessageID* field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

### **EBADNAME**

Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NOREG (28)* EIM Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.



<i>EIMERR_EIMLIST_SIZE (16)</i>	Length of EimList is not valid. EimList must be at least 20 bytes in length.
<i>EIMERR_HANDLE_INVALID (17)</i>	EimHandle is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_PARM_REQ (34)</i>	Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.
<i>EIMERR_PTR_INVALID (35)</i>	Pointer parameter is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_SPACE (41)</i>	Unexpected error accessing parameter.

## ENOMEM

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## ENOTCONN

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNEXP\_OBJ\_VIOLATION (56)* Unexpected object violation.

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimGetTargetFromIdentifier\(\)](#) --Get EIM Target Identities from the Identifier

## Example

The following example will get the target identity that is associated with the source information.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void printListResults(EimList * list);
void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset);
```

```

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int            rc;
    char           eimerr[100];
    EimRC          * err;
    EimHandle      * handle;

    char           listData[1000];
    EimList        * list = (EimList * ) listData;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                  */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Get target identity                      */
    if (0 != (rc = eimGetTargetFromSource(handle,
                                           "kerberosRegistry",
                                           "mjones",
                                           "MyRegistry",
                                           NULL,
                                           1000,
                                           list,
                                           err)))
    {
        printf("Get Target from source error = %d", rc);
        return -1;
    }

    /* Print the results                        */
    printListResults(list);

    return 0;
}

void printListResults(EimList * list)
{
    int i;
    EimTargetIdentity * entry;

    printf("_____\\n");
    printf("  bytesReturned    = %d\\n", list->bytesReturned);
    printf("  bytesAvailable    = %d\\n", list->bytesAvailable);
    printf("  entriesReturned    = %d\\n", list->entriesReturned);
    printf("  entriesAvailable  = %d\\n", list->entriesAvailable);
    printf("\\n");

    entry = (EimTargetIdentity *)((char *)list + list->firstEntry);
    for (i = 0; i < list->entriesReturned; i++)
    {
        printf("\\n");
        printf("=====\\n");
        printf("Entry %d.\\n", i);

        /* Print out results */
        printListData("target user",
                     entry,

```

```

        offsetof(EimTargetIdentity, userName));

    /* advance to next entry */
    entry = (EimTargetIdentity *)((char *)entry + entry->nextEntry);
}
printf("\n");

}

void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset)
{
    EimListData * listData;
    char * data;
    int dataLength;

    printf("    %s = ",fieldName);
    /* Address the EimListData object */
    listData = (EimListData *)((char *)entry + offset);

    /* Print out results */
    data = (char *)entry + listData->disp;
    dataLength = listData->length;

    if (dataLength > 0)
        printf("%.*s\n",dataLength, data);
    else
        printf("Not found.\n");
}
}

```

---

API introduced: V5R2

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## » eimListAccess()--List EIM Access

### Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimListAccess(EimHandle          * eim,
                  enum EimAccessType  accesType,
                  char                * registryName,
                  unsigned int        lengthOfListData,
                  EimList             * listData,
                  EimRC               * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimListAccess()** function lists the users that have the specified EIM access type.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator

The list returned contains only the information that the user has authority to access.

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **accessType** (Input)

The type of access to list. Valid values are:

<i>EIM_ACCESS_ADMIN</i> (0)	Administrative authority to the entire EIM domain.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_REG_ADMIN</i> (1)	Administrative authority to all registries in the EIM domain.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_REGISTRY</i> (2)	Administrative authority to the registry specified in the <i>registryName</i> parameter.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_IDENTIFIER_ADMIN</i> (3)	Administrative authority to all of the identifiers in the EIM domain.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_MAPPING_LOOKUP</i> (4)	Authority to perform mapping lookup operations.

**registryName** (Input)

The name of the EIM registry for which access is to be listed. This parameter is only used if EimAccessType is EIM\_ACCESS\_REGISTRY.

**lengthOfListData** (Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the *listData* parameter. The minimum size required is 20 bytes.

**listData** (Output)

A pointer to the EimList structure.

The EimList structure contains information about the returned data. The API will return as much data as space has been provided. The data returned is a linked list of EimAccess structures. firstEntry is used to get to the first EimAccess structure in the linked list.

EimList structure:

```
typedef struct EimList
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned;    /* Number of bytes actually returned
                                   by the API */
    unsigned int bytesAvailable;  /* Number of bytes of available data
                                   that could have been returned by
                                   the API */
    unsigned int entriesReturned; /* Number of entries actually
                                   returned by the API */
    unsigned int entriesAvailable; /* Number of entries available to be
                                   returned by the API */
    unsigned int firstEntry;      /* Displacement to the first linked
                                   list entry. This byte offset is
                                   relative to the start of the
                                   EimList structure. */
} EimList;
```

EimAccess structure:

```
typedef struct EimAccess
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;      /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                   byte offset is relative to the
                                   start of this structure */
    EimListData user;          /* User with access. This data will
                                   be in the format of the dn for
                                   for access id. */
} EimAccess;
```

EimListData structure:

```
typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length;        /* Length of data */
    unsigned int disp;         /* Displacement to data. This byte
                                   offset is relative to the start of
                                   the parent structure; that is, the
                                   structure containing this
                                   structure. */
} EimListData;
```

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, `eimrc` is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the `messageCatalogMessageID` field in the `eimrc` parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### EACCES

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### EBADDATA

`eimrc` is not valid.

### EBUSY

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

### ECONVERT

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### EINVAL

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS\_TYPE\_INVALID (2)* Access type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_EIMLIST\_SIZE (16)* Length of `EimList` is not valid. `EimList` must be at least 20 bytes in length.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* `EimHandle` is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_REG\_MUST\_BE\_NULL (55)* Registry name must be NULL when access type is not `EIM_ACCESS_REGISTRY`.

*EIMERR\_SPACE (41)* Unexpected error accessing parameter.

## ENOMEM

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## ENOTCONN

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimAddAccess\(\)](#) --Add EIM Access
- [eimRemoveAccess\(\)](#) --Remove EIM Access
- [eimListUserAccess\(\)](#) --List EIM User Access
- [eimQueryAccess\(\)](#) --Query EIM Access

## Example

The following example lists all users with the specified access.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void printListResults(EimList * list);
void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset);

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char        eimerr[100];
```

```

EimRC      * err;
EimHandle  * handle;

char        listData[5000];
EimList    * list = (EimList * ) listData;

/* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
/* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

/* Set up error structure.                  */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* List all users with this access          */
if (0 != (rc = eimListAccess(handle,
                               EIM_ACCESS_ADMIN,
                               NULL,
                               5000,
                               list,
                               err)))
{
    printf("List access error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}

/* Print the results                        */
printListResults(list);

return 0;
}

void printListResults(EimList * list)
{
    int i;
    EimAccess * entry;

    printf("_____ \n");
    printf(" bytesReturned      = %d\n", list->bytesReturned);
    printf(" bytesAvailable      = %d\n", list->bytesAvailable);
    printf(" entriesReturned     = %d\n", list->entriesReturned);
    printf(" entriesAvailable    = %d\n", list->entriesAvailable);
    printf("\n");

    entry = (EimAccess *)((char *)list + list->firstEntry);
    for (i = 0; i < list->entriesReturned; i++)
    {
        printf("\n");
        printf("=====\n");
        printf("Entry %d.\n", i);

        /* Print out results */
        printListData("Access user",
                     entry,
                     offsetof(EimAccess, user));

        /* advance to next entry */
        entry = (EimAccess *)((char *)entry + entry->nextEntry);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

```



```
}  
  
void printListData(char * fieldName,  
                 void * entry,  
                 int offset)  
{  
    EimListData * listData;  
    char * data;  
    int dataLength;  
  
    printf("    %s = ",fieldName);  
    /* Address the EimListData object */  
    listData = (EimListData *)((char *)entry + offset);  
  
    /* Print out results */  
    data = (char *)entry + listData->disp;  
    dataLength = listData->length;  
  
    if (dataLength > 0)  
        printf("%. *s\n",dataLength, data);  
    else  
        printf("Not found.\n");  
  
}
```



---

API introduced: V5R2

---

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## »eimListAssociations()-- List EIM Associations

### Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimListAssociations(EimHandle          * eim,
                       enum EimAssociationType  associationType,
                       EimIdentifierInfo      * idName,
                       unsigned int          lengthOfListData,
                       EimList               * listData,
                       EimRC                  * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimListAssociations()** function returns a list of associations for a given EIM identifier. This can be used to find all of the associated identities for an individual in the enterprise.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM Identifiers Administrator
- EIM Mapping Lookup
- EIM authority to an individual registry

The list returned contains only the information that the user has authority to access.

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **associationType** (Input)

The type of association to be listed. Valid values are:

- |                          |                           |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| <i>EIM_ALL_ASSOC</i> (0) | List all associations.    |
| <i>EIM_TARGET</i> (1)    | List target associations. |



EimAssociation structure:

```
typedef struct EimAssociation
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;          /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                     byte offset is relative to the
                                     start of this structure          */
    enum EimAssociationType associationType; /* Type of association          */
    EimListData registryType;        /* Registry type                  */
    EimListData registryName;       /* Registry name                  */
    EimListData registryUserName;   /* Registry user name            */
} EimAssociation;
```

EimListData structure:

```
typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length;            /* Length of data                  */
    unsigned int disp;             /* Displacement to data. This byte
                                     offset is relative to the start of
                                     the parent structure; that is, the
                                     structure containing this
                                     structure.                          */
} EimListData;
```

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

### **EBADNAME**

Identifier name is not valid or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_IDNAME\_AMBIGUOUS (20)* More than 1 EIM Identifier was found that matches the requested Identifier name.

*EIMERR\_NOIDENTIFIER (25)* EIM Identifier not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

## **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ASSOC\_TYPE\_INVALID (4)* Association type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_EIMLIST\_SIZE (16)* Length of EimList is not valid. EimList must be at least 20 bytes in length.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_IDNAME\_TYPE\_INVALID (52)* The EimIdType value is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SPACE (41)* Unexpected error accessing parameter.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNEXP\_OBJ\_VIOLATION (56)* Unexpected object violation.

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimGetAssociatedIdentifiers\(\)](#) --Get Associated EIM Identifiers
- [eimAddAssociation\(\)](#)--Add an EIM Association
- [eimRemoveAssociations\(\)](#)--Remove an EIM Associations

## Example

The following example will list the associations for an identifier.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void printListResults(EimList * list);
void printAssociationType(int type);
void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset);

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    char        listData[1000];
    EimList     * list = (EimList * ) listData;

    EimIdentifierInfo x;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                  */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Set up identifier information            */
    x.idtype = EIM_UNIQUE_NAME;
    x.id.uniqueName = "mjones";

    /* Get associations for this identifier     */
    if (0 != (rc = eimListAssociations(handle,
                                       EIM_ALL_ASSOC,
                                       &x,
                                       1000,
                                       list,
                                       err)))
```

```

    {
        printf("List Association error = %d", rc);
        return -1;
    }

    /* Print the results */
    printListResults(list);

    return 0;
}

void printListResults(EimList * list)
{
    int i;
    EimAssociation * entry;

    printf("_____ \n");
    printf(" bytesReturned = %d\n", list->bytesReturned);
    printf(" bytesAvailable = %d\n", list->bytesAvailable);
    printf(" entriesReturned = %d\n", list->entriesReturned);
    printf(" entriesAvailable = %d\n", list->entriesAvailable);
    printf("\n");

    entry = (EimAssociation *)((char *)list + list->firstEntry);
    for (i = 0; i < list->entriesReturned; i++)
    {
        printf("\n");
        printf("=====\n");
        printf("Entry %d.\n", i);

        /* Association type */
        printAssociationType(entry->associationType);

        /* Print out results */
        printListData("Registry Type",
                     entry,
                     offsetof(EimAssociation, registryType));
        printListData("Registry Name",
                     entry,
                     offsetof(EimAssociation, registryName));
        printListData("Registry User Name",
                     entry,
                     offsetof(EimAssociation, registryUserName));

        /* advance to next entry */
        entry = (EimAssociation *)((char *)entry + entry->nextEntry);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

void printAssociationType(int type)
{
    switch(type)
    {
        case EIM_TARGET:
            printf(" Target Association.\n");
            break;
        case EIM_SOURCE:
            printf(" Source Association.\n");
            break;
        case EIM_ADMIN:

```

```

        printf("    Admin Association.\n");
        break;
    default:
        printf("ERROR - unknown association type.\n");
        break;
    }
}

void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset)
{
    EimListData * listData;
    char * data;
    int dataLength;

    printf("    %s = ",fieldName);
    /* Address the EimListData object */
    listData = (EimListData *)((char *)entry + offset);

    /* Print out results */
    data = (char *)entry + listData->disp;
    dataLength = listData->length;

    if (dataLength > 0)
        printf("%. *s\n",dataLength, data);
    else
        printf("Not found.\n");
}

```




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API introduced: V5R2

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## »eimListDomains()--List EIM Domain Objects

### Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimListDomains(char          * ldapURL,
                   EimConnectInfo connectInfo,
                   unsigned int  lengthOfListData,
                   EimList      * listData,
                   EimRC        * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimListDomains()** function can be used to list information for a single EIM domain or list information for all EIM domains that are reachable from this platform in the network.

To list a single domain, the *domainName* parameter should be set. In addition, the parent dn should be set in the *ldapURL* if there is one for this domain.

To list all reachable domains, the domain name should be NULL. The parent dn should not be set.

## Authorities and Locks

### EIM Data

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator

The list returned contains only the information that the user has authority to access.

## Parameters

### ldapURL (Input)

A uniform resource locator (URL) that contains the EIM host information. This URL has the following format:

```
ldap://host:port/dn
or
ldaps://host:port/dn
```

where:

- host:port is the name of the host on which the EIM domain controller is running with an optional port number.
- dn is the distinguished name of the domain to list. If dn is not set then all domains that are reachable from this platform are returned.
- ldaps indicates that this host/port combination uses SSL and TLS.

Examples:

- ldap://systemx:389/ibm-eimDomainName=myEimDomain,o=myCompany,c=us
- ldaps://systemy:636/o=ibm,c=us

### **connectInfo** (Input)

Connect information. EIM uses ldap. This parameter provides the information required to bind to ldap.

If the system is configured to connect to a secure port, EimSSLInfo is required.

For EIM\_SIMPLE connect type, the creds field should contain the EimSimpleConnectInfo structure with a binddn and password. EimPasswordProtect is used to determine the level of password protection on the ldap bind.

<i>EIM_PROTECT_NO (0)</i>	The clear-text password is sent on the bind.
<i>EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5 (1)</i>	The protected password is sent on the bind. The server side must support cram-md5 protocol to send the protected password.
<i>EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5_OPTIONAL (2)</i>	The protected password is sent on the bind if the cram-md5 protocol is supported. Otherwise, the clear-text password is sent.

For EIM\_KERBEROS, the default logon credentials are used. The kerberos creds field must be NULL.

For EIM\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION, the creds field is ignored. EimSSLInfo must be provided.

The structure layouts follow:

```
enum EimPasswordProtect {
    EIM_PROTECT_NO,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5_OPTIONAL
};
enum EimConnectType {
    EIM_SIMPLE,
    EIM_KERBEROS,
    EIM_CLIENT_AUTHENTICATION
};
typedef struct EimSimpleConnectInfo
{
    enum EimPasswordProtect protect;
    char * bindDn;
    char * bindPw;
} EimSimpleConnectInfo;
typedef struct EimSSLInfo
{
    char * keyring;
    char * keyring_pw;
    char * certificateLabel;
} EimSSLInfo;
typedef struct EimConnectInfo
{
    enum EimConnectType type;
    union {
        gss_cred_id_t * kerberos;
        EimSimpleConnectInfo simpleCreds;
    } creds;
    EimSSLInfo * ssl;
```

```
    } EimConnectInfo;
```

### **lengthOfListData** (Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the list of domains. Minimum size required is 20 bytes. The API will return the number of bytes available for the entire list and as much data as space has been provided.

### **listData** (Output)

A pointer to the data to be returned.

The EimList structure contains information about the returned data. The data returned is a linked list of EimDomain structures. firstEntry is used to get to the first EimDomain structure in the linked list.

EimList structure:

```
typedef struct EimList
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned;    /* Number of bytes actually returned
                                   by the API */
    unsigned int bytesAvailable;   /* Number of bytes of available data
                                   that could have been returned by
                                   the API */
    unsigned int entriesReturned; /* Number of entries actually
                                   returned by the API */
    unsigned int entriesAvailable; /* Number of entries available to be
                                   returned by the API */
    unsigned int firstEntry;       /* Displacement to the first linked
                                   list entry. This byte offset is
                                   relative to the start of the
                                   EimList structure. */
} EimList;
```

EimDomain structure:

```
typedef struct EimDomain
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;        /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                   byte offset is relative to the
                                   start of this structure */
    EimListData name;             /* Domain name */
    EimListData dn;               /* Distinguished name for the domain
                                   */
    EimListData description;      /* Description */
} EimDomain;
```

EimListData structure:

```
typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length;          /* Length of data */
    unsigned int disp;           /* Displacement to data. This byte
                                   offset is relative to the start of
                                   the parent structure; that is, the
                                   structure containing this
                                   structure. */
} EimListData;
```

### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc will be set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC - EIM return code](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

### **EBADNAME**

EIM domain not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NODOMAIN (24)* EIM Domain not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_CONN\_INVALID (54)* Connection type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_EIMLIST\_SIZE (16)* Length of EimList is not valid. EimList must be at least 20 bytes in length.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_SECURE (32)* The system is not configured to connect to a secure port. Connection type of EIM\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PROTECT\_INVALID (22)* The protect parameter in EimSimpleConnectInfo is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SPACE (41)* Unexpected error accessing parameter.

*EIMERR\_SSL\_REQ (42)* The system is configured to connect to a secure port. EimSSLInfo is required.

*EIMERR\_URL\_NODOMAIN (46)* URL has no domain (required).

*EIMERR\_URL\_NOHOST (47)* URL does not have a host.

*EIMERR\_URL\_NOTLDAP (49)* URL does not begin with ldap.

## ENOMEM

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## ENOTSUP

Connection type is not supported.

Connection type is not supported.

*EIMERR\_CONN\_NOTSUPP (12)*

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimDeleteDomain\(\)](#)--Delete an EIM Domain Object
- [eimCreateDomain\(\)](#)--Create an EIM Domain Object
- [eimChangeDomain\(\)](#)--Change an EIM Domain Object

## Example

The following example lists the information for the specified EIM domain.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void printListResults(EimList * list);
void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset);

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
```

```

char          eimerr[100];
EimRC        * err;

char          listData[1000];
EimList      * list = (EimList * ) listData;

char * ldapURL =
"ldap://eimsystem:389/ibm-eimDomainName=myEimDomain,o=mycompany,c=us";

EimConnectInfo con;

/* Set up connection information */
con.type = EIM_SIMPLE;
con.creds.simpleCreds.protect = EIM_PROTECT_NO;
con.creds.simpleCreds.bindDn = "cn=admin";
con.creds.simpleCreds.bindPw = "secret";
con.ssl = NULL;

/* Set up error structure. */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Get info for specified domain */
if (0 != (rc = eimListDomains(ldapURL,
                             con,
                             1000,
                             list,
                             err)))
{
printf("List domain error = %d", rc);
return -1;
}

/* Print the results */
printListResults(list);
return 0;
}

void printListResults(EimList * list)
{
int i;
EimDomain * entry;
EimListData * listData;
char * data;
int dataLength;

printf("_____\\n");
printf("  bytesReturned    = %d\\n", list->bytesReturned);
printf("  bytesAvailable    = %d\\n", list->bytesAvailable);
printf("  entriesReturned    = %d\\n", list->entriesReturned);
printf("  entriesAvailable  = %d\\n", list->entriesAvailable);
printf("\\n");

entry = (EimDomain *)((char *)list + list->firstEntry);
for (i = 0; i < list->entriesReturned; i++)
{
printf("\\n");
printf("=====\\n");
printf("Entry %d.\\n", i);
}
}

```

```

    /* Print out results */
    printListData("Domain Name",
                  entry,
                  offsetof(EimDomain, name));
    printListData("Domain dn",
                  entry,
                  offsetof(EimDomain, dn));
    printListData("description",
                  entry,
                  offsetof(EimDomain, description));

    /* advance to next entry */
    entry = (EimDomain *)((char *)entry + entry->nextEntry);

}
printf("\n");

}

void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset)
{
    EimListData * listData;
    char * data;
    int dataLength;

    printf("    %s = ",fieldName);
    /* Address the EimListData object */
    listData = (EimListData *)((char *)entry + offset);

    /* Print out results */
    data = (char *)entry + listData->disp;
    dataLength = listData->length;

    if (dataLength > 0)
        printf("%.*s\n",dataLength, data);
    else
        printf("Not found.\n");
}

```




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API introduced: V5R2

---

## »eimListIdentifiers()-- List EIM Identifiers

### Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimListIdentifiers(EimHandle          * eim,
                      EimIdentifierInfo * idName,
                      unsigned int       lengthOfListData,
                      EimList            * listData,
                      EimRC              * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimListIdentifiers()** function returns a list of identifiers in the EIM domain. *idName* can be used to filter the results returned.

## Authorities and Locks

### EIM Data

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM Identifiers Administrator
- EIM Mapping Lookup
- EIM authority to an individual registry

The list returned contains only the information that the user has authority to access.

## Parameters

### eim (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### idName (Input)

A structure that contains the name for this identifier. This parameter may be NULL in which case no filtering would be done by *idName*. The layout of the `EimIdentifierInfo` structure follows:

```
enum EimIdType {
    EIM_UNIQUE_NAME,
    EIM_ENTRY_UUID,
    EIM_NAME
```



```

};

typedef struct EimIdentifierInfo
{
    union {
        char        * uniqueName;
        char        * entryUUID;
        char        * name;
    } id;
    enum EimIdType    idtype;
} EimIdentifierInfo;

```

idtype will indicate which identifier name has been provided. There is no guarantee that name will find a unique identifier. Therefore, use of name may result in multiple identifiers being returned. The id values, uniqueName, entryUUID and name may contain the wild card (\*).

#### **lengthOfListData** (Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the *listData* parameter. The minimum size required is 20 bytes.

#### **listData** (Output)

A pointer to the EimList structure.

The EimList structure contains information about the returned data. The API will return as much data as space has been provided. The data returned is a linked list of EimIdentifier structures. firstEntry is used to get to the first EimIdentifier structure in the linked list.

EimList structure:

```

typedef struct EimList
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned;    /* Number of bytes actually returned
                                   by the API */
    unsigned int bytesAvailable;  /* Number of bytes of available data
                                   that could have been returned by
                                   the API */
    unsigned int entriesReturned; /* Number of entries actually
                                   returned by the API */
    unsigned int entriesAvailable; /* Number of entries available to be
                                   returned by the API */
    unsigned int firstEntry;      /* Displacement to the first linked
                                   list entry. This byte offset is
                                   relative to the start of the
                                   EimList structure. */
} EimList;

```

EimIdentifier structure:

```

typedef struct EimIdentifier
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;        /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                   byte offset is relative to the
                                   start of this structure */
    EimListData uniqueName;      /* Unique name */
    EimListData description;     /* Description */
    EimListData entryUUID;       /* UUID */
    EimSubList names;            /* EimIdentifierName sublist */
    EimSubList additionalInfo;   /* EimAddlInfo sublist */
} EimIdentifier;

```

Identifiers may have defined several name attributes as well as several additional information attributes. In the

EimIdentifier structure, the names EimSubList gives addressability to a linked list of EimIdentifierName structures.

EimIdentifierName structure:

```
typedef struct EimIdentifierName
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;          /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                     byte offset is relative to the
                                     start of this structure          */
    EimListData name;              /* Name                               */
} EimIdentifierName;
```

The additionalInfo EimSubList gives addressability to a linked list of EimAddlInfo structures.

EimAddlInfo structure:

```
typedef struct EimAddlInfo
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;          /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                     byte offset is relative to the
                                     start of this structure          */
    EimListData addlInfo;          /* Additional info                    */
} EimAddlInfo;
```

EimSubList structure:

```
typedef struct EimSubList
{
    unsigned int listNum;           /* Number of entries in the list    */
    unsigned int disp;             /* Displacement to sublist. This
                                     byte offset is relative to the
                                     start of the parent structure;
                                     that is, the structure containing
                                     this structure.                    */
} EimSubList;
```

EimListData structure:

```
typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length;           /* Length of data                    */
    unsigned int disp;            /* Displacement to data. This byte
                                     offset is relative to the start of
                                     the parent structure; that is, the
                                     structure containing this
                                     structure.                    */
} EimListData;
```

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

### **EBADNAME**

Identifier name is not valid or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NOIDENTIFIER (25)* EIM Identifier not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_EIMLIST\_SIZE (16)* Length of EimList is not valid. EimList must be at least 20 bytes in length.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_IDNAME\_TYPE\_INVALID (52)* The EimIdType value is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SPACE (41)* Unexpected error accessing parameter.

### **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## ENOTCONN

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimAddIdentifier\(\)](#)--Add EIM Identifier
- [eimChangeIdentifier\(\)](#)--Change EIM Identifier
- [eimRemoveIdentifier\(\)](#)--Remove EIM Identifier
- [eimGetAssociatedIdentifiers\(\)](#) --Get Associated EIM Identifiers

## Example

The following example will list all EIM identifiers.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void printListResults(EimList * list);
void printSubListData(char * fieldName,
                    void * entry,
                    int offset);
void printListData(char * fieldName,
                 void * entry,
                 int offset);

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char        eimerr[100];
    EimRC      * err;
```

```

EimHandle    * handle;

char          listData[1000];
EimList      * list = (EimList * ) listData;

/* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
/* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

/* Set up error structure.                  */
memset(eimerr, 0x00, 100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Get all identifiers                      */
if (0 != (rc = eimListIdentifiers(handle,
                                     NULL,
                                     1000,
                                     list,
                                     err)))
{
    printf("List identifiers error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}

/* Print the results                        */
printListResults(list);

return 0;
}

void printListResults(EimList * list)
{
    int i;
    EimIdentifier * entry;

    printf("_____\\n");
    printf(" bytesReturned      = %d\\n", list->bytesReturned);
    printf(" bytesAvailable      = %d\\n", list->bytesAvailable);
    printf(" entriesReturned      = %d\\n", list->entriesReturned);
    printf(" entriesAvailable     = %d\\n", list->entriesAvailable);
    printf("\\n");

    entry = (EimIdentifier *)((char *)list + list->firstEntry);
    for (i = 0; i < list->entriesReturned; i++)
    {
        printf("\\n");
        printf("=====\\n");
        printf("Entry %d.\\n", i);

        /* Print out results */
        printListData("Unique name",
                     entry,
                     offsetof(EimIdentifier, uniquename));
        printListData("description",
                     entry,
                     offsetof(EimIdentifier, description));
        printListData("entryUUID",
                     entry,
                     offsetof(EimIdentifier, entryUUID));
        printSubListData("Names",
                         entry,

```

```

        offsetof(EimIdentifier, names));
    printSubListData("Additional Info",
                    entry,
                    offsetof(EimIdentifier, additionalInfo));

    /* advance to next entry */
    entry = (EimIdentifier *)((char *)entry + entry->nextEntry);
}
printf("\n");

}

void printSubListData(char * fieldName,
                    void * entry,
                    int offset)
{
    int i;
    EimSubList * subList;
    EimAddlInfo * subentry;

    /* Address the EimSubList object */
    subList = (EimSubList *)((char *)entry + offset);

    if (subList->listNum > 0)
    {
        subentry = (EimAddlInfo *)((char *)entry + subList->disp);
        for (i = 0; i < subList->listNum; i++)
        {
            /* Print out results */
            printListData(fieldName,
                          subentry,
                          offsetof(EimAddlInfo, addlInfo));

            /* advance to next entry */
            subentry = (EimAddlInfo *)((char *)subentry +
                                      subentry->nextEntry);
        }
    }
}

void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset)
{
    EimListData * listData;
    char * data;
    int dataLength;

    printf("    %s = ", fieldName);
    /* Address the EimListData object */
    listData = (EimListData *)((char *)entry + offset);

    /* Print out results */
    data = (char *)entry + listData->disp;
    dataLength = listData->length;

    if (dataLength > 0)

```

```
        printf("%. *s\n",dataLength, data);  
    else  
        printf("Not found.\n");  
}
```



---

API introduced: V5R2

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## » eimListRegistries()--List EIM Registries

### Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimListRegistries(EimHandle          * eim,
                    char                * registryName,
                    char                * registryType,
                    enum EimRegistryKind registryKind,
                    unsigned int        lengthOfListData,
                    EimList             * listData,
                    EimRC               * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimListRegistries()** function lists the user registries participating in the EIM domain. The following parameters can be used to filter the results returned: `registryType`, `registryName` and `registryKind`.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM Identifiers Administrator
- EIM Mapping Lookup
- EIM authority to an individual registry

The list returned contains only the information that the user has authority to access.

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **registryName** (Input)

The name of the EIM registry to list. The name may contain the wild card char (\*). This is used as a filter to determine which registries to return. This parameter may be NULL in which case no filtering would be done by name.

### **registryType** (Input)

A string form of an OID that represents the registry type and a user name normalization method. The



normalization method is necessary because some registries are case-independent and others are case-dependent. EIM uses this information to make sure the appropriate search occurs. See `eim.h` for a list of defined types. This parameter may be `NULL` in which case no filtering would be done by type.

### **registryKind** (Input)

The kind of registry to list. Valid values are:

<code>EIM_ALL_REGISTRIES (0)</code>	Both system and application registries will be returned.
<code>EIM_SYSTEM_REGISTRY (1)</code>	Return system registries.
<code>EIM_APPLICATION_REGISTRY (2)</code>	Return application registries.

### **lengthOfListData** (Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the `listData` parameter. The minimum size required is 20 bytes.

### **listData** (Output)

A pointer to the data to be returned.

The `EimList` structure contains information about the returned data. The API will return as much data as space has been provided. The data returned is a linked list of `EimRegistry` structures. `firstEntry` is used to get to the first `EimRegistry` structure in the linked list.

`EimList` structure:

```
typedef struct EimList
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned; /* Number of bytes actually returned
                                by the API */
    unsigned int bytesAvailable; /* Number of bytes of available data
                                that could have been returned by
                                the API */
    unsigned int entriesReturned; /* Number of entries actually
                                returned by the API */
    unsigned int entriesAvailable; /* Number of entries available to be
                                returned by the API */
    unsigned int firstEntry; /* Displacement to the first linked
                              list entry. This byte offset is
                              relative to the start of the
                              EimList structure. */
} EimList;
```

`EimRegistry` structure:

```
typedef struct EimRegistry
{
    unsigned int nextEntry; /* Displacement to next entry. This
                              byte offset is relative to the
                              start of this structure */
    enum EimRegistryKind kind; /* Kind of registry */
    EimListData name; /* Registry name */
    EimListData type; /* Registry type */
    EimListData description; /* Description */
    EimListData entryUUID; /* Entry UUID */
    EimListData URI; /* URI */
    EimListData systemRegistryName; /* System registry name */
    EimSubList registryAlias; /* EimRegistryAlias sublist */
} EimRegistry;
```

Registries may have a number of aliases defined. In the EimRegistry structure, the registryAlias EimSubList gives addressability to the first EimRegistryAlias structure.

EimRegistryAlias structure:

```
typedef struct EimRegistryAlias
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;          /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                     byte offset is relative to the
                                     start of this structure          */
    EimListData type;               /* Alias type                      */
    EimListData value;             /* Alias value                      */
} EimRegistryAlias;
```

EimSubList structure:

```
typedef struct EimSubList
{
    unsigned int listNum;           /* Number of entries in the list  */
    unsigned int disp;             /* Displacement to sublist. This
                                     byte offset is relative to the
                                     start of the parent structure;
                                     that is, the structure containing
                                     this structure.                      */
} EimSubList;
```

EimListData structure:

```
typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length;           /* Length of data                  */
    unsigned int disp;             /* Displacement to data. This byte
                                     offset is relative to the start of
                                     the parent structure; that is, the
                                     structure containing this
                                     structure.                      */
} EimListData;
```

### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## **Return Value**

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS(1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

## **EBADDDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

## **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_EIMLIST\_SIZE (16)* Length of EimList is not valid. EimList must be at least 20 bytes in length.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_REGKIND\_INVALID (38)* Requested registry kind is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SPACE (41)* Unexpected error accessing parameter.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use eimConnect() API and try the request again.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimAddSystemRegistry\(\)](#) --Add a System Registry to the EIM Domain
- [eimAddApplicationRegistry\(\)](#) --Add an Application Registry to the EIM Domain
- [eimRemoveRegistry\(\)](#) --Remove a Registry from the EIM Domain
- [eimChangeRegistry\(\)](#) --Change EIM Registry

## Example

The following example lists all registries found.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void printRegistryKind(int kind);
void printListResults(EimList * list);
void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset);
void printAliasSubList(void * entry,
                     int offset);

int main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;
    EimHandle   * handle;

    char        listData[1000];
    EimList     * list = (EimList * ) listData;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                  */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Get all registries                       */
    if (0 != (rc = eimListRegistries(handle,
                                     NULL,
                                     NULL,
                                     EIM_ALL_REGISTRIES,
                                     1000,
                                     list,
                                     err)))
```

```

    {
        printf("List registries error = %d", rc);
        return -1;
    }

    /* Print the results */
    printListResults(list);

    return 0;
}

void printListResults(EimList * list)
{
    int i;
    EimRegistry * entry;

    printf("_____ \n");
    printf(" bytesReturned = %d\n", list->bytesReturned);
    printf(" bytesAvailable = %d\n", list->bytesAvailable);
    printf(" entriesReturned = %d\n", list->entriesReturned);
    printf(" entriesAvailable = %d\n", list->entriesAvailable);
    printf("\n");

    entry = (EimRegistry *)((char *)list + list->firstEntry);
    for (i = 0; i < list->entriesReturned; i++)
    {
        printf("\n");
        printf("=====\n");
        printf("Entry %d.\n", i);

        /* Registry kind */
        printRegistryKind(entry->kind);

        /* Print out results */
        printListData("Registry Name",
                    entry,
                    offsetof(EimRegistry, name));
        printListData("Registry Type",
                    entry,
                    offsetof(EimRegistry, type));
        printListData("description",
                    entry,
                    offsetof(EimRegistry, description));
        printListData("entryUUID",
                    entry,
                    offsetof(EimRegistry, entryUUID));
        printListData("URI",
                    entry,
                    offsetof(EimRegistry, URI));
        printListData("system registry name",
                    entry,
                    offsetof(EimRegistry, systemRegistryName));
        printAliasSubList(entry,
                    offsetof(EimRegistry, registryAlias));

        /* advance to next entry */
        entry = (EimRegistry *)((char *)entry + entry->nextEntry);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

```

```

}

void printRegistryKind(int kind)
{
    switch(kind)
    {
        case EIM_SYSTEM_REGISTRY:
            printf("    System Registry.\n");
            break;
        case EIM_APPLICATION_REGISTRY:
            printf("Application Registry.\n");
            break;
        default:
            printf("ERROR - unknown registry kind.\n");
            break;
    }
}

void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset)
{
    EimListData * listData;
    char * data;
    int dataLength;

    printf("    %s = ",fieldName);
    /* Address the EimListData object */
    listData = (EimListData *)((char *)entry + offset);

    /* Print out results */
    data = (char *)entry + listData->disp;
    dataLength = listData->length;

    if (dataLength > 0)
        printf("%. *s\n",dataLength, data);
    else
        printf("Not found.\n");
}

void printAliasSubList(void * entry,
                      int offset)
{
    int i;
    EimSubList * subList;
    EimRegistryAlias * subentry;

    /* Address the EimSubList object */
    subList = (EimSubList *)((char *)entry + offset);

    if (subList->listNum > 0)
    {
        subentry = (EimRegistryAlias *)((char *)entry +
                                       subList->disp);
        for (i = 0; i < subList->listNum; i++)
        {
            /* Print out results */
            printListData("Registry alias type",

```

```
        subentry,
        offsetof(EimRegistryAlias, type));
printListData("Registry alias value",
        subentry,
        offsetof(EimRegistryAlias, value));

/* advance to next entry */
subentry = (EimRegistryAlias *)((char *)subentry +
        subentry->nextEntry);
    }
}
}
<<
```

---

API introduced: V5R2

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## » eimListRegistryAliases()--List EIM Registry Aliases

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimListRegistryAliases(EimHandle      * eim,
                           char          * registryName,
                           unsigned int  lengthOfListData,
                           EimList      * listData,
                           EimRC        * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimListRegistriesAliases()** function returns a list of all the aliases defined for a particular registry.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM Identifiers Administrator
- EIM Mapping Lookup
- EIM authority to an individual registry

The list returned contains only the information that the user has authority to access.

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to **eimCreateHandle()**. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **registryName** (Input)

The name of the registry for which to list aliases.

### **lengthOfListData** (Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the *listData* parameter. The minimum size required is 20 bytes.

### **listData** (Output)

A pointer to the data to be returned.



The EimList structure contains information about the returned data. The API will return as much data as space has been provided. The data returned is a linked list of EimRegistryAlias structures. firstEntry is used to get to the first EimRegistryAlias structure in the linked list.

EimList structure:

```
typedef struct EimList
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned; /* Number of bytes actually
returned by the API
*/
    unsigned int bytesAvailable; /* Number of bytes of available
data that could have been returned
by the API
*/
    unsigned int entriesReturned; /* Number of entries actually
returned by the API
*/
    unsigned int entriesAvailable; /* Number of entries available
to be returned by the API
*/
    unsigned int firstEntry; /* Displacement to the first
linked list entry. This byte offset is
relative to the start of the
EimList structure.
*/
} EimList;
```

EimRegistryAlias structure:

```
typedef struct EimRegistryAlias
{
    unsigned int nextEntry; /* Displacement to next entry.
This byte offset is relative to the
start of this structure
*/
    EimListData type; /* Alias type
*/
    EimListData value; /* Alias value
*/
} EimRegistryAlias;
```

EimListData structure:

```
typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length; /* Length of data
*/
    unsigned int disp; /* Displacement to data. This
byte offset is relative to the start
of the parent structure; that is,
the structure containing this
structure.
```

```
*/  
    } EimListData;
```

### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## **Return Value**

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the *messageCatalogMessageID* field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

### **EBADNAME**

Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NOREG (28)* EIM Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_EIMLIST\_SIZE (16)* Length of *EimList* is not valid. *EimList* must be at least 20 bytes in length.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* *EimHandle* is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.  
*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.  
*EIMERR\_SPACE (41)* Unexpected error accessing parameter.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## **Related Information**

- [eimChangeRegistryAlias\(\)](#) --Change EIM Registry Alias
- [eimGetRegistryNameFromAlias\(\)](#) --Get EIM Registry Name from an Alias

## **Example**

The following example lists all aliases for the specified registry.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void printListResults(EimList * list);
void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset);

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;
```

```

EimHandle * handle;

/* Get eim handle from input arg. */
/* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

/* Set up error structure. */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Get all aliases for the registry */
if (0 != (rc = eimListRegistryAliases(handle,
                                     "MyRegistry",
                                     1000,
                                     list,
                                     err)))
{
    printf("List registry aliases error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}

/* Print the results */
printListResults(list);

return 0;
}

void printListResults(EimList * list)
{
    int i;
    EimRegistryAlias * entry;

    printf("_____\n");
    printf(" bytesReturned = %d\n", list->bytesReturned);
    printf(" bytesAvailable = %d\n", list->bytesAvailable);
    printf(" entriesReturned = %d\n", list->entriesReturned);
    printf(" entriesAvailable = %d\n", list->entriesAvailable);
    printf("\n");

    entry = (EimRegistryAlias *)((char *)list + list->firstEntry);
    for (i = 0; i < list->entriesReturned; i++)
    {
        /* Print out results */
        printListData("Registry Alias Type",
                     entry,
                     offsetof(EimRegistryAlias, type));
        printListData("Registry Alias Value",
                     entry,
                     offsetof(EimRegistryAlias, value));

        /* advance to next entry */
        entry = (EimRegistryAlias *)((char *)entry + entry->nextEntry);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset)

```

```
{
    EimListData * listData;
    char * data;
    int dataLength;

    printf("    %s = ",fieldName);
    /* Address the EimListData object */
    listData = (EimListData *)((char *)entry + offset);

    /* Print out results */
    data = (char *)entry + listData->disp;
    dataLength = listData->length;

    if (dataLength > 0)
        printf("%.*s\n",dataLength, data);
    else
        printf("Not found.\n");
}
<<
```

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API introduced: V5R2

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## »eimListRegistryUsers()-- List EIM Registry Users

### Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimListRegistryUsers(EimHandle      * eim,
                        char            * registryName,
                        char            * registryUserName,
                        unsigned int    lengthOfListData,
                        EimList         * listData,
                        EimRC           * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimListRegistryUsers()** function lists the users in a particular registry that have target associations defined.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM Identifiers Administrator
- EIM Mapping Lookup
- EIM authority to an individual registry

The list returned contains only the information that the user has authority to access.

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to **eimCreateHandle()**. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **registryName** (Input)

The name of the registry that contains this user.

### **registryUserName** (Input)

The name of the user in this registry to list. NULL will indicate all users.

**lengthOfListData** (Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the *listData* parameter. The minimum size required is 20 bytes.

**listData** (Output)

A pointer to the EimList structure.

The EimList structure contains information about the returned data. The API will return as much data as space has been provided. The data returned is a linked list of EimRegistryUser structures. firstEntry is used to get to the first EimRegistryUser structure in the linked list.

EimList structure:

```
typedef struct EimList
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned;    /* Number of bytes actually returned
                                   by the API */
    unsigned int bytesAvailable;   /* Number of bytes of available data
                                   that could have been returned by
                                   the API */
    unsigned int entriesReturned;  /* Number of entries actually
                                   returned by the API */
    unsigned int entriesAvailable; /* Number of entries available to be
                                   returned by the API */
    unsigned int firstEntry;       /* Displacement to the first linked
                                   list entry. This byte offset is
                                   relative to the start of the
                                   EimList structure. */
} EimList;
```

EimRegistryUser structure:

```
typedef struct EimRegistryUser
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;        /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                   byte offset is relative to the
                                   start of this structure. */
    EimListData registryUserName; /* Name */
    EimListData description;      /* Description */
    EimSubList additionalInfo;    /* EimAddlInfo sublist */
} EimRegistryUser;
```

Registry users may have defined several additional attributes. In the EimRegistryUser structure, additionalInfo gives addressability to a the first EimAddlInfo structure that contains a linked list of attributes.

EimAddlInfo structure:

```
typedef struct EimAddlInfo
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;        /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                   byte offset is relative to the
                                   start of this structure. */
    EimListData addlInfo;         /* Additional info */
} EimAddlInfo;
```

EimSubList structure:

```
typedef struct EimSubList
{
    unsigned int listNum;          /* Number of entries in the list */
    unsigned int disp;            /* Displacement to sublist. This
```

byte offset is relative to the start of the parent structure; that is, the structure containing this structure. \*/

```
} EimSubList;
```

EimListData structure:

```
typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length;          /* Length of data          */
    unsigned int disp;          /* Displacement to data. This byte
                                offset is relative to the start of
                                the parent structure; that is, the
                                structure containing this
                                structure.          */
} EimListData;
```

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the *messageCatalogMessageID* field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

**EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

**EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

**EBADNAME**

Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NOREG (28)* EIM Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

**EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

**ECONVERT**



Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_EIMLIST\_SIZE (16)* Length of EimList is not valid. EimList must be at least 20 bytes in length.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SPACE (41)* Unexpected error accessing parameter.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNEXP\_OBJ\_VIOLATION (56)* Unexpected object violation.

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## **Related Information**

- [eimChangeRegistryUser\(\)](#)--Change EIM Registry User

## Example

The following example lists all users in the specified registry.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void printListResults(EimList * list);
void printSubListData(char * fieldName,
                     void * entry,
                     int offset);
void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset);

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Get registry user                      */
    if (0 != (rc = eimListRegistryUsers(handle,
                                         "MyRegistry",
                                         NULL,
                                         1000,
                                         list,
                                         err)))
    {
        printf("List registry users error = %d", rc);
        return -1;
    }

    /* Print the results                      */
    printListResults(list);

    return 0;
}

void printListResults(EimList * list)
{
    int i;
    EimRegistryUser * entry;

    printf("_____ \n");
    printf(" bytesReturned      = %d\n", list->bytesReturned);
    printf(" bytesAvailable      = %d\n", list->bytesAvailable);
    printf(" entriesReturned      = %d\n", list->entriesReturned);
    printf(" entriesAvailable     = %d\n", list->entriesAvailable);
    printf("\n");

    entry = (EimRegistryUser *)((char *)list + list->firstEntry);
```

```

for (i = 0; i < list->entriesReturned; i++)
{
    printf("\n");
    printf("=====\n");
    printf("Entry %d.\n", i);

    /* Print out results */
    printListData("Registry user name",
                  entry,
                  offsetof(EimRegistryUser, registryUserName));
    printListData("description",
                  entry,
                  offsetof(EimRegistryUser, description));
    printSubListData("Additional information",
                     entry,
                     offsetof(EimRegistryUser, additionalInfo));

    /* advance to next entry */
    entry = (EimRegistryUser *)((char *)entry + entry->nextEntry);
}
printf("\n");

}

void printSubListData(char * fieldName,
                     void * entry,
                     int offset)
{
    int i;
    EimSubList * subList;
    EimAddlInfo * subentry;

    /* Address the EimSubList object */
    subList = (EimSubList *)((char *)entry + offset);

    if (subList->listNum > 0)
    {
        subentry = (EimAddlInfo *)((char *)entry + subList->disp);
        for (i = 0; i < subList->listNum; i++)
        {
            /* Print out results */
            printListData(fieldName,
                          subentry,
                          offsetof(EimAddlInfo, addlInfo));

            /* advance to next entry */
            subentry = (EimAddlInfo *)((char *)subentry +
                                       subentry->nextEntry);
        }
    }
}

void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset)
{
    EimListData * listData;
    char * data;

```

```
int dataLength;

printf("      %s = ",fieldName);
/* Address the EimListData object */
listData = (EimListData *)((char *)entry + offset);

/* Print out results */
data = (char *)entry + listData->disp;
dataLength = listData->length;

if (dataLength > 0)
    printf("%.*s\n",dataLength, data);
else
    printf("Not found.\n");
}
<<
```

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API introduced: V5R2

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## » eimListUserAccess()--List EIM User Access

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimListUserAccess(EimHandle      * eim,
                     EimAccessUser * accessUser,
                     unsigned int   lengthOfListData,
                     EimList       * listData,
                     EimRC          * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimListUserAccess()** function lists the access groups of which this user is a member.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator

The list returned contains only the information that the user has authority to access.

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to **eimCreateHandle()**. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **accessUser** (Input)

A structure that contains the user information for which to retrieve access.

**EIM\_ACCESS\_LOCAL\_USER** Indicates a local user name on the system that the API is run. The local user name will be converted to the appropriate access id for this system.

**EIM\_ACCESS\_KERBEROS** Indicates a kerberos principal. The kerberos principal will be converted to the appropriate access id. For example, **petejones@therealm** will be converted to **ibm-kn=petejones@therealm**.

The **EimAccessUser** structure layout follows:

```
enum EimAccessUserType {
    EIM_ACCESS_DN,
    EIM_ACCESS_KERBEROS,
```

```

        EIM_ACCESS_LOCAL_USER
};

typedef struct EimAccessUser
{
    union {
        char * dn;
        char * kerberosPrincipal;
        char * localUser;
    } user;
    enum EimAccessUserType userType;
} EimAccessUser;

```

### **lengthOfListData** (Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the *listData* parameter. The minimum size required is 20 bytes.

### **listData** (Output)

A pointer to the EimList structure.

The EimList structure contains information about the returned data. The API will return as much data as space has been provided. The data returned is a linked list of EimUserAccess structures. firstEntry is used to get to the first EimUserAccess structure in the linked list.

EimList structure:

```

typedef struct EimList
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned;        /* Number of bytes actually returned
                                        by the API. */
    unsigned int bytesAvailable;       /* Number of bytes of available data
                                        that could have been returned by
                                        the API. */
    unsigned int entriesReturned;      /* Number of entries actually
                                        returned by the API. */
    unsigned int entriesAvailable;     /* Number of entries available to be
                                        returned by the API. */
    unsigned int firstEntry;           /* Displacement to the first linked
                                        list entry. This byte offset is
                                        relative to the start of the
                                        EimList structure. */
} EimList;

```

EimUserAccess structure:

```

typedef struct EimUserAccess
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;            /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                        byte offset is relative to the
                                        start of this structure. */
    enum EimAccessIndicator eimAdmin;
    enum EimAccessIndicator eimRegAdmin;
    enum EimAccessIndicator eimIdenAdmin;
    enum EimAccessIndicator eimMappingLookup;
    EimSubList registries;            /* EimRegistryName sublist */
} EimUserAccess;

```

The registries EimSubList gives addressability to a linked list of EimRegistryName structures.

EimRegistryName structure:

```

typedef struct EimRegistryName
{
    unsigned int nextEntry;          /* Displacement to next entry. This
                                     byte offset is relative to the
                                     start of this structure.          */
    EimListData name;              /* Name                               */
} EimRegistryName;

```

EimSubList structure:

```

typedef struct EimSubList
{
    unsigned int listNum;          /* Number of entries in the list */
    unsigned int disp;           /* Displacement to sublist. This
                                     byte offset is relative to the
                                     start of the parent structure;
                                     that is, the structure containing
                                     this structure.                    */
} EimSubList;

```

EimListData structure:

```

typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length;          /* Length of data */
    unsigned int disp;           /* Displacement to data. This byte
                                     offset is relative to the start of
                                     the parent structure; that is, the
                                     structure containing this
                                     structure.                    */
} EimListData;

```

**eimrc** (Input)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, *eimrc* is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the *messageCatalogMessageID* field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

**EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

**EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

**EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS\_USERTYPE\_INVALID (3)* Access user type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_EIMLIST\_SIZE (16)* Length of EimList is not valid. EimList must be at least 20 bytes in length.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SPACE (41)* Unexpected error accessing parameter.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.



## Related Information

- [eimAddAccess\(\)](#) --Add EIM Access
- [eimRemoveAccess\(\)](#) --Remove EIM Access
- [eimListAccess\(\)](#) --List EIM User Accesses
- [eimQueryAccess\(\)](#) --Query EIM Access

## Example

The following example lists all registries found.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void printListResults(EimList * list);
void printSubListData(char * fieldName,
                     void * entry,
                     int offset);
void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset);

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char        eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;
    EimHandle   * handle;

    EimAccessUser user;

    char        listData[5000];
    EimList     * list = (EimList * ) listData;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                  */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Set up access user information          */
    user.userType = EIM_ACCESS_DN;
    user.user.dn="cn=pete,o=ibm,c=us";

    /* Get user accesses                       */
    if (0 != (rc = eimListUserAccess(handle,
```

```

                                &user,
                                5000,
                                list,
                                err)))
{
    printf("List user access error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}

/* Print the results */
printListResults(list);

return 0;
}

void printListResults(EimList * list)
{
    int i;
    EimUserAccess * entry;
    EimListData * listData;
    EimRegistryName * registry;

    printf("_____ \n");
    printf("    bytesReturned      = %d\n", list->bytesReturned);
    printf("    bytesAvailable       = %d\n", list->bytesAvailable);
    printf("    entriesReturned      = %d\n", list->entriesReturned);
    printf("    entriesAvailable     = %d\n", list->entriesAvailable);
    printf("\n");

    if (list->entriesReturned > 1)
        printf("Unexpected number of entries returned.\n");

    entry = (EimUserAccess *)((char *)list + list->firstEntry);

    if (EIM_ACCESS_YES == entry->eimAdmin)
        printf("    EIM Admin.\n");
    if (EIM_ACCESS_YES == entry->eimRegAdmin)
        printf("    EIM Reg Admin.\n");
    if (EIM_ACCESS_YES == entry->eimIdenAdmin)
        printf("    EIM Iden Admin.\n");
    if (EIM_ACCESS_YES == entry->eimMappingLookup)
        printf("    EIM Mapping Lookup.\n");

    printf("    Registries:\n");
    printSubListData("Registry names",
                    entry,
                    offsetof(EimUserAccess, registries));
    printf("\n");
}

void printSubListData(char * fieldName,
                    void * entry,
                    int offset)
{
    int i;
    EimSubList * subList;
    EimRegistryName * subentry;

    /* Address the EimSubList object */
    subList = (EimSubList *)((char *)entry + offset);

```

```

if (subList->listNum > 0)
{
    subentry = (EimRegistryName *)((char *)entry + subList->disp);
    for (i = 0; i < subList->listNum; i++)
    {
        /* Print out results */
        printListData(fieldName,
                      subentry,
                      offsetof(EimRegistryName, name));

        /* advance to next entry */
        subentry = (EimRegistryName *)((char *)subentry +
                                       subentry->nextEntry);
    }
}
}

```

```

void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset)
{
    EimListData * listData;
    char * data;
    int dataLength;

    printf("    %s = ",fieldName);
    /* Address the EimListData object */
    listData = (EimListData *)((char *)entry + offset);

    /* Print out results */
    data = (char *)entry + listData->disp;
    dataLength = listData->length;

    if (dataLength > 0)
        printf("%.*s\n",dataLength, data);
    else
        printf("Not found.\n");
}

```




---

API introduced: V5R2

---

## » eimQueryAccess()--Query EIM Access

### Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimQueryAccess(EimHandle          * eim,
                  EimAccessUser      * accessUser,
                  enum EimAccessType  accessType,
                  char                 * registryName,
                  unsigned int        * accessIndicator,
                  EimRC               * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimQueryAccess()** function queries to see if the user has the specified access.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **accessUser** (Input)

A structure that contains the user information for which to query access.

*EIM\_ACCESS\_LOCAL\_USER* Indicates a local user name on the system that the API is run. The local user name will be converted to the appropriate access id for this system.

*EIM\_ACCESS\_KERBEROS* Indicates a kerberos principal. The kerberos principal will be converted to the appropriate access id. For example, `petejones@therealm` will be converted to `ibm-kn=petejones@threalm`.

The EimAccessUser structure layout follows:

```
enum EimAccessUserType {
    EIM_ACCESS_DN,
    EIM_ACCESS_KERBEROS,
    EIM_ACCESS_LOCAL_USER
};

typedef struct EimAccessUser
{
    union {
        char * dn;
        char * kerberosPrincipal;
        char * localUser;
    } user;
    enum EimAccessUserType userType;
} EimAccessUser;
```

**accessType** (Input)

The type of access to check. Valid values are:

<i>EIM_ACCESS_ADMIN (0)</i>	Administrative authority to the entire EIM domain.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_REG_ADMIN (1)</i>	Administrative authority to all registries in the EIM domain.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_REGISTRY (2)</i>	Administrative authority to the registry specified in the <i>registryName</i> parameter.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_IDENTIFIER_ADMIN (3)</i>	Administrative authority to all of the identifiers in the EIM domain.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_MAPPING_LOOKUP (4)</i>	Authority to perform mapping lookup operations.

**registryName** (Input)

The name of the EIM registry for which to check access. This parameter is only used if EimAccessType is EIM\_ACCESS\_REGISTRY.

**accessIndicator** (Output)

Indicator set to indicate if access found.

<i>EIM_ACCESS_NO (0)</i>	Access not found
<i>EIM_ACCESS_YES (1)</i>	Access found.

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

(Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see

[EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter.](#)

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS\_TYPE\_INVALID (2)* Access type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS\_USERTYPE\_INVALID (3)* Access user type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_REG\_MUST\_BE\_NULL (55)*

Registry name must be NULL when access type is not EIM\_ACCESS\_REGISTRY.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## **Related Information**

- [eimAddAccess\(\)](#) --Add EIM Access
- [eimRemoveAccess\(\)](#) --Remove EIM Access
- [eimListUserAccess\(\)](#) --List EIM User Access
- [eimListAccess\(\)](#) --List EIM Access

## **Example**

The following example checks to see if the user has the requested access.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
```

```

int          rc;
char         eimerr[100];
EimRC       * err;
EimHandle   * handle;

EimAccessUser user;

unsigned int indicator;

/* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
/* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

/* Set up error structure.                */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Set up access user info                */
user.userType = EIM_ACCESS_DN;
user.user.dn="cn=pete,o=ibm,c=us";

/* Query access for this user.            */
if (0 != (rc = eimQueryAccess(handle,
                                &user,
                                EIM_ACCESS_ADMIN,
                                NULL,
                                &indicator,
                                err)))
{
    printf("Query access error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}

/* Print the results                       */
if (EIM_ACCESS_YES == indicator)
    printf("Access found\n");
else
    printf("Access not found\n");

return 0;
}

```

---

API introduced: V5R2

---



## » **eimRemoveRegistry()**--Remove a Registry from the EIM Domain

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimRemoveRegistry(EimHandle      * eim,
                      char           * registryName,
                      EimRC          * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimRemoveRegistry()** function removes a currently participating registry from the EIM domain. It is recommended that all associations be removed for this registry before it is removed or it may result in orphaned associations. This includes admin, source and target associations. A system registry cannot be removed if there are any application registries that are a subset of this system registry.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **registryName** (Input)

The name of the registry to remove.

### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, `eimrc` is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

### **EBADNAME**

Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NOREG (28)* EIM Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

## ENOMEM

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## ENOTCONN

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## ENOTSAFE

Cannot delete a system registry when an application registry has this system registry defined.

*EIMERR\_REG\_NOTEMPTY (40)* Cannot delete a registry when an application registry has this system registry defined.

## EROFS

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

*EIMERR\_READ\_ONLY (36)* LDAP connection is for read only. Use `eimConnectToMaster()` to get a write connection.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNEXP\_OBJ\_VIOLATION (56)* Unexpected object violation.

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimAddSystemRegistry\(\)](#) --Add a System Registry to the EIM Domain
- [eimAddApplicationRegistry\(\)](#) --Add an Application Registry to the EIM Domain
- [eimChangeRegistry\(\)](#) --Change EIM Registry

- [eimListRegistries\(\)](#) --List EIM Registries

## Example

The following example removes an EIM registry.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;
    EimHandle   * handle;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                 */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Remove the registry                     */
    if (0 != (rc = eimRemoveRegistry(handle,
                                     "MyRegistry",
                                     err)))
        printf("Remove registry error = %d", rc);

    return 0;
}
<<
```

---

API introduced: V5R2

---

## » eimRemoveAccess()--Remove EIM Access

### Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimRemoveAccess(EimHandle          * eim,
                   EimAccessUser      * accessUser,
                   enum EimAccessType  accessType,
                   char                * registryName,
                   EimRC               * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimRemoveAccess()** function removes the user from the EIM access group identified by the access type.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **accessUser** (Input)

A structure that contains the user information to remove access from.

*EIM\_ACCESS\_LOCAL\_USER* Indicates a local user name on the system that the API is run. The local user name will be converted to the appropriate access id for this system.

*EIM\_ACCESS\_KERBEROS* Indicates a kerberos principal. The kerberos principal will be converted to the appropriate access id. For example, `petejones@therealm` will be converted to `ibm-kn=petejones@threalm`.

The EimAccessUser structure layout follows:

```
enum EimAccessUserType {
    EIM_ACCESS_DN,
    EIM_ACCESS_KERBEROS,
    EIM_ACCESS_LOCAL_USER
};

typedef struct EimAccessUser
{
    union {
        char * dn;
        char * kerberosPrincipal;
        char * localUser;
    } user;
    enum EimAccessUserType userType;
} EimAccessUser;
```

#### **accessType** (Input)

The type of access to remove. Valid values are:

<i>EIM_ACCESS_ADMIN (0)</i>	Administrative authority to the entire EIM domain.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_REG_ADMIN (1)</i>	Administrative authority to all registries in the EIM domain.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_REGISTRY (2)</i>	Administrative authority to the registry specified in the <i>registryName</i> parameter.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_IDENTIFIER_ADMIN (3)</i>	Administrative authority to all of the identifiers in the EIM domain.
<i>EIM_ACCESS_MAPPING_LOOKUP (4)</i>	Authority to perform mapping lookup operations.

#### **registryName** (Input)

The name of the registry to remove access from. This parameter is only used if EimAccessType is EIM\_ACCESS\_REGISTRY. If EimAccessType is anything other than EIM\_ACCESS\_REGISTRY, this parameter must be NULL.

#### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## **Return Value**

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

## **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

## **EBADDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

## **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS\_TYPE\_INVALID (2)* Access type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS\_USERTYPE\_INVALID (3)* Access user type is not valid.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_REG\_MUST\_BE\_NULL (55)* Registry name must be NULL when access type is not EIM\_ACCESS\_REGISTRY.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## ENOTCONN

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use `eimConnect()` API and try the request again.

## EROFS

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

*EIMERR\_READ\_ONLY (36)* LDAP connection is for read only. Use `eimConnectToMaster()` to get a write connection.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimAddAccess\(\)](#) --Add EIM Access
- [eimListAccess\(\)](#) --List EIM Access
- [eimListUserAccess\(\)](#) --List EIM User Access
- [eimQueryAccess\(\)](#) --Query EIM Access

## Example

The following example removes the user from the access group.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;
```



```
EimAccessUser user;

/* Get eim handle from input arg. */
/* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

/* Set up error structure. */
memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Set user information */
user.userType = EIM_ACCESS_DN;
user.user.dn="cn=pete,o=ibm,c=us";

/* Remove access for this user. */
if (0 != (rc = eimRemoveAccess(handle,
                               &user,
                               EIM_ACCESS_ADMIN,
                               NULL,
                               err)))
{
    printf("Remove access error = %d", rc);
    return -1;
}

return 0;
}
```



---

API introduced: V5R2

---

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## >eimRemoveAssociation()-- Remove EIM Association

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimRemoveAssociation(EimHandle          * eim,
                        enum EimAssociationType associationType,
                        EimIdentifierInfo   * idName,
                        char                 * registryName,
                        char                 * registryUserName,
                        EimRC                * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimRemoveAssociation()** function removes an association for a local identity in a specified user registry with an EIM identifier.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The authority that the access group has to the EIM data depends on the type of association being removed:

For administrative and source associations, the access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Identifiers Administrator

For target associations, the access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator
- EIM Registries Administrator
- EIM authority to an individual registry

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **associationType** (Input)

The type of association to be removed. Valid values are:

<i>EIM_ALL_ASSOC</i> (0)	Remove all associations.
<i>EIM_TARGET</i> (1)	Remove a target association.
<i>EIM_SOURCE</i> (2)	Remove a source association.
<i>EIM_SOURCE_AND_TARGET</i> (3)	Remove both a source association and a target association.
<i>EIM_ADMIN</i> (4)	Remove an administrative association.

### **idName** (Input)

A structure that contains the identifier name to remove this association from. The layout of the `EimIdentifierInfo` structure follows:

```
enum EimIdType {
    EIM_UNIQUE_NAME,
    EIM_ENTRY_UUID,
    EIM_NAME
};

typedef struct EimIdentifierInfo
{
    union {
        char * uniqueName;
        char * entryUUID;
        char * name;
    } id;
    enum EimIdType idtype;
} EimIdentifierInfo;
```

`idtype` indicates which identifier name is provided. Use of the `uniqueName` provides the best performance. Specifying an `idtype` of `EIM_NAME` does not guarantee that a unique EIM identifier will be found. Therefore, use of `EIM_NAME` may result in an error.

### **registryName** (Input)

The registry name.

### **registryUserName** (Input)

The registry user name. The registry user name may be normalized according to the normalization method for defined registry.

## **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, `eimrc` is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## **Return Value**

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the `messageCatalogMessageID` field in the `eimrc` parameter for that value.

### **0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

`eimrc` is not valid.

### **EBADNAME**

Registry or identifier name is not valid or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_IDNAME\_AMBIGUOUS (20)* More than 1 EIM Identifier was found that matches the requested identifier name.

*EIMERR\_NOIDENTIFIER (25)* EIM Identifier not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_NOREG (28)* EIM Registry not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

<i>EIMERR_ASSOC_TYPE_INVALID (4)</i>	Association type is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_HANDLE_INVALID (17)</i>	EimHandle is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_IDNAME_TYPE_INVALID (52)</i>	The EimIdType value is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_PARM_REQ (34)</i>	Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.
<i>EIMERR_PTR_INVALID (35)</i>	Pointer parameter is not valid.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

<i>EIMERR_NOMEM (27)</i>	No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.
--------------------------	---

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

<i>EIMERR_NOT_CONN (31)</i>	Not connected to LDAP. Use eimConnect() API and try the request again.
-----------------------------	--

## **EROFS**

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

<i>EIMERR_READ_ONLY (36)</i>	LDAP connection is for read only. Use eimConnectToMaster() to get a write connection.
------------------------------	---

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

<i>EIMERR_LDAP_ERR (23)</i>	Unexpected LDAP error. %s
<i>EIMERR_UNEXP_OBJ_VIOLATION (56)</i>	Unexpected object violation.
<i>EIMERR_UNKNOWN (44)</i>	Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimGetAssociatedIdentifiers\(\)](#) --Get Associated EIM Identifiers
- [eimAddAssociation\(\)](#)--Remove an EIM Association
- [eimListAssociations\(\)](#)--List EIM Associations

## Example

The following example will removes 2 associations.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    EimIdentifierInfo x;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                  */
    memset(eimerr, 0x00, 100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Set up identifier information.           */
    x.idtype = EIM_UNIQUE_NAME;
    x.id.uniqueName = "mjones";

    /* Remove association                        */
    if (0 != (rc = eimRemoveAssociation(handle,
                                        EIM_ADMIN,
                                        &x,
                                        "MyRegistry",
                                        "maryjones",
                                        err)))
    {
        printf("Remove Association error = %d", rc);
        return -1;
    }
    /* Remove association                        */
    if (0 != (rc = eimRemoveAssociation(handle,
                                        EIM_SOURCE,
```

```
        &x,
        "kerberosRegistry",
        "mjjones",
        err))
    {
        printf("Remove Association error = %d", rc);
        return -1;
    }
    /* Remove association */
    if (0 != (rc = eimRemoveAssociation(handle,
        EIM_TARGET,
        &x,
        "MyRegistry",
        "maryjo",
        err))
    {
        printf("Remove Association error = %d", rc);
        return -1;
    }

    return 0;
}
<
```

---

API introduced: V5R2

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## » **eimRemoveIdentifier()**-- Remove EIM Identifier

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimRemoveIdentifier(EimHandle      * eim,
                       EimIdentifierInfo * idName,
                       EimRC          * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimRemoveIdentifier()** function removes an EIM identifier and all of its associated mappings from the EIM domain.

## Authorities and Locks

### *EIM Data*

Access to EIM data is controlled by EIM access groups. LDAP administrators also have access to EIM data. The access groups whose members have authority to the EIM data for this API follow:

- EIM Administrator

## Parameters

### **eim** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`. A valid connection is required for this function.

### **idName** (Input)

A structure that contains the name for this identifier. The layout of the `EimIdentifierInfo` structure follows:

```
enum EimIdType {
    EIM_UNIQUE_NAME,
    EIM_ENTRY_UUID,
    EIM_NAME
};

typedef struct EimIdentifierInfo
{
```



```

        union {
            char      * uniqueName;
            char      * entryUUID;
            char      * name;
        } id;
        enum EimIdType      idtype;
    } EimIdentifierInfo;

```

idtype will indicate which identifier name has been provided. Use of the uniqueName will provide the best performance. There is no guarantee that name will find a unique identifier. Therefore, use of name may result in an error.

### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## **Return Value**

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCES**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to access data.

*EIMERR\_ACCESS (1)* Insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBADDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

### **EBADNAME**

Identifier not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

*EIMERR\_IDNAME\_AMBIGUOUS (20)* More than 1 EIM Identifier was found that matches the requested Identifier name.

*EIMERR\_NOIDENTIFIER (25)* EIM Identifier not found or insufficient access to EIM data.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

## **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

## **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_IDNAME\_TYPE\_INVALID (52)* The EimIdType value is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

## **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## **ENOTCONN**

LDAP connection has not been made.

*EIMERR\_NOT\_CONN (31)* Not connected to LDAP. Use eimConnect() API and try the request again.

## **EROFS**

LDAP connection is for read only. Need to connect to master.

*EIMERR\_READ\_ONLY (36)* LDAP connection is for read only. Use eimConnectToMaster() to get a write connection.

## **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNEXP\_OBJ\_VIOLATION* (56) Unexpected object violation.

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN* (44) Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimAddIdentifier\(\)](#)--Add EIM Identifier
- [eimChangeIdentifier\(\)](#)--Change EIM Identifier
- [eimListIdentifiers\(\)](#)--List EIM Identifiers
- [eimGetAssociatedIdentifiers\(\)](#) --Get Associated EIM Identifiers

## Example

The following example will remove an EIM identifier.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;

    EimIdentifierInfo idInfo;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                  */
    memset(eimerr, 0x00, 100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Set identifier information.              */
    idInfo.idtype = EIM_UNIQUE_NAME;
    idInfo.id.uniqueName = "Mary Smith";

    /* Remove this identifier.                  */
    if (0 != (rc = eimRemoveIdentifier(handle,
                                       &idInfo,
                                       err)))
        printf("Remove identifier error = %d", rc);
}
```

```
    return 0;  
}  
◀
```

---

API introduced: V5R2

---

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## »eimRetrieveConfiguration()--Retrieve EIM Configuration

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimRetrieveConfiguration(unsigned int    lengthOfEimConfig,
                             EimConfig     * configData,
                             int           ccsid,
                             EimRC        * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimRetrieveConfiguration()** function retrieves the EIM configuration information for this system.

### Authorities and Locks

No authorization is required.

### Parameters

#### **lengthOfEimConfig** (Input)

The number of bytes provided by the caller for the configuration information. Minimal size required is 36 bytes.

#### **configData** (Output)

A pointer to the data to be returned.

The EimConfig structure contains information about the returned data. The API will return as much data as space has been provided.

EimConfig structure:

```
typedef struct EimConfig
{
    unsigned int bytesReturned; /* Number of bytes actually returned
                               by the API. */
    unsigned int bytesAvailable; /* Number of bytes of available data
                                that could have been returned by
                                the API. */
    int          enable;        /* Flag to indicate if enabled to
                                participate in EIM domain
                                0 = not enabled
                                1 = enabled */
    EimListData ldapURL;       /* ldap URL for domain controller */
    EimListData localRegistry; /* Local system registry */
    EimListData kerberosRegistry; /* Kerberos registry */
} EimConfig;
```

EimListData structure:

```
typedef struct EimListData
{
    unsigned int length;           /* Length of data */
    unsigned int disp;            /* Displacement to data. This byte
                                offset is relative to the start of
                                the parent structure; that is, the
                                structure containing this
                                structure. */
} EimListData;
```

**ccsid** (Input)

The ccsid for the output data. If the ccsid is 0 or 65535 the default job ccsid will be used.

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EBADDATA**

eimrc is not valid.

### **ECONVERT**

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION (13)* Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_CCSD\_INVAL (8)* CCSID is outside of valid range or CCSID is not supported.

*EIMERR\_CONFIG\_SIZE (10)* Length of EimConfig is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVAL (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_SPACE (41)* Unexpected error accessing parameter.

### **ENOMEM**

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM* (27) No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR* (23) Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN* (44) Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimSetConfiguration\(\)](#) --Set EIM Configuration

## Example

The following example retrieves the configuration information and prints out the results..

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset);

int main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;
    char        listData[4000];
    EimConfig   * list = (EimConfig * ) listData;

    /* Set up error structure. */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Get configuration information */
    if (0 != (rc = eimRetrieveConfiguration(4000,
                                           list,
                                           0,
                                           err)))
    {
        printf("Retrieve configuration error = %d", rc);
        return -1;
    }

    /* Print the results */
    printf("_____ \n");
    printf("    bytesReturned    = %d\n", list->bytesReturned);
}
```

```

printf("    bytesAvailable    = %d\n", list->bytesAvailable);
printf("\n");

if (0 == list->enable)
    printf("Disabled.\n");
else
    printf("Enabled.\n");

printListData("ldap URL",
              list,
              offsetof(EimConfig, ldapURL));
printListData("local Registry",
              list,
              offsetof(EimConfig, localRegistry));
printListData("kerberos registry",
              list,
              offsetof(EimConfig, kerberosRegistry));

return 0;
}

void printListData(char * fieldName,
                  void * entry,
                  int offset)
{
    EimListData * listData;
    char * data;
    int dataLength;

    printf("    %s = ", fieldName);
    /* Address the EimListData object */
    listData = (EimListData *)((char *)entry + offset);

    /* Print out results */
    data = (char *)entry + listData->disp;
    dataLength = listData->length;

    if (dataLength > 0)
        printf("%. *s\n", dataLength, data);
    else
        printf("Not found.\n");
}

```




---

API introduced: V5R2

---



## >eimSetAttribute()--Set EIM attributes

Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>
```

```
int eimSetAttribute(EimHandle          * eim,  
                   enum EimHandleAttr  attrName,  
                   void                * attrValue,  
                   EimRC               * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimSetAttribute()** function is used to set attributes in the EIM handle structure.

### Parameters

**eimhandle** (Input)

The EIM handle returned by a previous call to `eimCreateHandle()`.

**attrName** (Input)

The name of the attribute to set. Following are valid values:

*EIM\_HANDLE\_CCSID (0)* This is the CCSID of character data passed by the caller of EIM APIs using the specified `EimHandle`. This field is a 4 byte integer. When a handle is created, this is set to the job default CCSID.

**attrValue** (Input)

A pointer to the attribute value.

**eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, `eimrc` is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EBADDATA**

*eimrc* is not valid.

### **EBUSY**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK (26)* Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **EINVAL**

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_ATTR\_INVALID (5)* Attribute name is not valid.

*EIMERR\_CCSID\_INVALID (8)* CCSID is outside of valid range or CCSID is not supported.

*EIMERR\_HANDLE\_INVALID (17)* EimHandle is not valid.

*EIMERR\_PARM\_REQ (34)* Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID (35)* Pointer parameter is not valid.

### **ENOTSUP**

Attribute type is not supported.

*EIMERR\_ATTR\_NOTSUPP (6)* Attribute not supported.

### **EUNKNOWN**

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimCreateHandle\(\)](#)--Create an EIM Handle
- [eimDestroyHandle\(\)](#)--Destroy an EIM Handle
- [eimGetAttribute\(\)](#)--Get EIM Attributes
- [eimConnectToMaster\(\)](#)--Connect to EIM Master Domain
- [eimConnect\(\)](#)--Connect to EIM Domain

## Example

The following example will set the CCSID attribute in the EIM handle.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC       * err;
    EimHandle    * handle;
    unsigned int ccsid = 37;

    /* Get eim handle from input arg.          */
    /* This handle is already connected to EIM. */
    handle = (EimHandle *)argv[1];

    /* Set up error structure.                  */
    memset(eimerr, 0x00, 100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Change the CCSID for this handle.        */
    if (0 != (rc = eimSetAttribute(handle,
                                   EIM_HANDLE_CCSID,
                                   (void *)&ccsid,
                                   err)))
        printf("Set Attribute error = %d", rc);

    return 0;
}
<<
```

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## » **eimSetConfiguration()--Set EIM Configuration**

### Syntax

```
#include <eim.h>

int eimSetConfiguration(int          enable,
                        char         * ldapURL,
                        char         * localRegistry,
                        char         * kerberosRegistry,
                        int          ccsid,
                        EimRC        * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIM

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **eimSetConfiguration()** function sets the configuration information for use by the system.

## Authorities and Locks

The caller of the API must have \*SECADM special authority.

## Parameters

### **enable** (Input)

Indicates if this system is able to establish new connections in order to participate in an EIM domain. Possible values are:

- |                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| <i>0</i>        | Not enabled to participate in EIM domain. New connections may not be established with the configured EIM domain |
| <i>non-zero</i> | Enabled to participate in EIM domain. New connections may be established with the EIM domain.                   |

### **ldapURL** (Input)

A uniform resource locator (URL) that contains the EIM configuration information for the EIM domain controller. This information will be used for all EIM operations. The maximum size for this URL is 1000 bytes.

Possible values are:

- |             |  |
|-------------|--|
| <i>NULL</i> | A value of NULL indicates that it should not change. |
|-------------|--|

*EIM\_CONFIG\_NONE* (\*NONE) This value indicates that this system is not configured for EIM.

*ldapURL* A URL that contains EIM domain controller information.

This URL has the following format:

```
ldap://host:port/dn
      or
ldaps://host:port/dn
```

where:

- host:port is the name of the host on which the EIM domain controller is running with an optional port number.
- dn is the distinguished name for the domain entry.
- ldaps indicates that this host/port combination uses SSL and TLS.

Examples:

- ldap://systemx:389/ibm-eimDomainName=myEimDomain,o=myCompany,c=us
- ldaps://systemy:636/ibm-eimDomainName=thisEimDomain

#### **localRegistry** (Input)

The local EIM system registry name. The maximum size for this registry name is 256 bytes.

Possible values are:

*NULL* A value of NULL indicates that it should not change.

*EIM\_CONFIG\_NONE* (\*NONE) This value indicates that there is no local system registry.

*registry* The local EIM system registry name.

#### **kerberosRegistry** (Input)

The EIM Kerberos registry name. The maximum size for this registry name is 256 bytes.

Possible values are:

*NULL* A value of NULL indicates that it should not change.

*EIM\_CONFIG\_NONE* (\*NONE) This value indicates that there is no kerberos registry for EIM.

*registry* The EIM Kerberos registry name. This is the Kerberos realm name.

#### **ccsid** (Input)

The ccsid of the input data. If the ccsid is 0 or 65535 the default job ccsid will be used.

#### **eimrc** (Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM](#)

[Return Code Parameter.](#)

## Return Value

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the *eimrc* parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### EACCES

Access denied.

*EIMERR\_AUTH\_ERR* (7) Insufficient authority for the operation.

### EBADDATA

eimrc is not valid.

### EBUSY

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK* (26) Unable to allocate internal system object.

### ECONVERT

Data conversion error.

*EIMERR\_DATA\_CONVERSION* (13) Error occurred when converting data between code pages.

### EINVAL

Input parameter was not valid.

*EIMERR\_CCSID\_INVALID* (8) CCSID is outside of valid range or CCSID is not supported.

*EIMERR\_CHAR\_INVALID* (21) A restricted character was used in the object name. Check the API for a list of restricted characters.

*EIMERR\_PTR\_INVALID* (35) Pointer parameter is not valid.

*EIMERR\_URL\_NODN* (45) URL has no dn (required).

*EIMERR\_URL\_NODOMAIN* (46) URL has no domain (required).

*EIMERR\_URL\_NOHOST* (47) URL does not have a host.

*EIMERR\_URL\_NOTLDAP* (49) URL does not begin with ldap.

## ENAMETOOLONG

ldapURL or registry name is too long.

*EIMERR\_REGNAME\_SIZE (39)* Local registry name is too large.

*EIMERR\_URL\_SIZE (51)* Configuration URL is too large.

## ENOMEM

Unable to allocate required space.

*EIMERR\_NOMEM (27)* No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.

## EUNKNOWN

Unexpected exception.

*EIMERR\_LDAP\_ERR (23)* Unexpected LDAP error. %s

*EIMERR\_UNKNOWN (44)* Unknown error or unknown system state.

## Related Information

- [eimRetrieveConfiguration\(\)](#) --Retrieve EIM Configuration

## Example

The following example sets the configuration information but it is not enabled.

```
#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;

    char * ldapURL=
        "ldap://mysystem:389/ibm-eimDomainName=myEIMDomain,o=mycompany,c=us";
    char * local   = "mysystem";
    char * kerberos= "krbprin";

    /* Set up error structure. */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
```



```

err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

/* Set config info, but it is disabled.      */
if (0 != (rc = eimSetConfiguration(0,
                                   ldapURL,
                                   local,
                                   kerberos,
                                   0,
                                   err)))
    printf("Set configuration error = %d", rc);

return 0;
}

```

In this example, the configuration information is not changed but it is now enabled for use.

```

#include <eim.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int          rc;
    char         eimerr[100];
    EimRC        * err;

    /* Set up error structure.                */
    memset(eimerr,0x00,100);
    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;

    /* Enable configuration info.            */
    if (0 != (rc = eimSetConfiguration(1,
                                       NULL,
                                       NULL,
                                       NULL,
                                       0,
                                       err)))
        printf("Set configuration error = %d", rc);

    return 0;
}

```

---

API introduced: V5R2

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## » QsySetEIMConnectInfo()--Set EIM Connect Information

Syntax

```
#include <qsyeimapi.h>
#include <eim.h>

int QsySetEIMConnectInfo(enum QsyEimConnectSystem  connectSystem,
                        QsyEimConnectionInfo      connectInfo,
                        EimRc                       * eimrc)
```

Service Program Name: QSYS/QSYEIMAPI

Default Public Authority: \*USE

Threadsafe: Yes

The **QsySetEIMConnectInfo()** function defines the connection information that will be used by the OS/400 operating system when it needs to connect to the EIM domain that is configured for this system or for the master system. EIM configuration information is set using **eimSetConfiguration()**.

### Authorities and Locks

*Authority required*

\*ALLOBJ and \*SECADM special authorities

### Parameters

#### **connectSystem**

(Input)

The system defined by **eimSetConfiguration()**. If the configured system is a replica system and EIM updates will be done, then connection information for the master system must also be defined.

*QSY\_EIM\_CONFIG (0)* The specified connection information will be used to connect to the EIM domain that is configured for this system.

*QSY\_EIM\_MASTER (1)* The specified connection information will be used to connect to the master system.

#### **connectInfo**

(Input)

The connection information. EIM uses ldap. The connection information indicates the required information to bind to ldap. There are two types of connections supported, simple bind and Kerberos.

If the system is configured to connect to a secure port then Digital Certificate Manager (DCM) must be used to assign a certificate to the Enterprise Identity Mapping Client (QIBM\_QSY\_EIM\_CLIENT) application.

For QSY\_EIM\_SIMPLE (0) connect type, the *connectInfo* field must contain an EimSimpleConnectInfo structure with a binddn and password. The binddn cannot be longer than 400 bytes. The password cannot be longer than 174 bytes. EimPasswordProtect is used to determine the level of password protection on the ldap bind.

<i>EIM_PROTECT_NO</i> (0)	The "clear-text" password is sent on the bind.
<i>EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5</i> (1)	The protected password is sent on the bind. The server side must support cram-md5 protocol in order to send the protected password.
<i>EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5_OPTIONAL</i> (2)	The protected password will be sent on the bind if the cram-md5 protocol is supported. Otherwise, the "clear-text" password is sent.

For QSY\_EIM\_KERBEROS\_KEYTAB (1), connect type, the *connectInfo* field must contain a QsyEimKerberosKeyTab structure with a keytab file name, principal, and realm. Each of the keytab file name, principal, and realm cannot be longer than 400 bytes.

For QSY\_EIM\_KERBEROS\_PWD (2), connect type, the *connectInfo* field must contain a QsyEimKerberosPassword structure with a principal, realm, and password. The principal and realm cannot be longer than 400 bytes. The password cannot be longer than 174 bytes.

For QSY\_EIM\_REMOVE\_CONNECT\_INFO (3), connect type, the *connectInfo* field must be zeros. The connection information that is currently defined for the specified connection system will be removed.

Following are the structure layouts:

```
#pragma enumsize(4)

enum QsyEimConnectType {
    QSY_EIM_SIMPLE,
    QSY_EIM_KERBEROS_KEYTAB,
    QSY_EIM_KERBEROS_PWD,
    QSY_EIM_REMOVE_CONNECT_INFO
};

enum EimPasswordProtect {
    EIM_PROTECT_NO,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5,
    EIM_PROTECT_CRAM_MD5_OPTIONAL
};

typedef struct EimSimpleConnectInfo
{
    enum EimPasswordProtect protect;
    char reserved[12];
    char * bindDn;
    char * bindPw;
} EimSimpleConnectInfo;

typedef struct QsyEimKerberosKeyTab
{
    char * keyTabFile;
    char * principal;
}
```

```

        char * realm;
    }

typedef struct QsyEimKerberosPassword
{
    char * principal;
    char * realm;
    char * password;
}

typedef struct QsyEimConnectionInfo
{
    enum QsyEimConnectType type;
    union {
        EimSimpleConnectInfo simpleCreds;
        QsyEimKerberosKeyTab kerberosKeyTab;
        QsyEimKerberosPassword kerberosPassword;
    } connectInfo;
} QsyEimConnectionInfo;

```

## **eimrc**

(Input/Output)

The structure in which to return error code information. If the return value is not 0, eimrc is set with additional information. This parameter may be NULL. For the format of the structure, see [EimRC--EIM Return Code Parameter](#).

## **Return Value**

The return value from the API. Following each return value is the list of possible values for the messageCatalogMessageID field in the eimrc parameter for that value.

**0**

Request was successful.

### **EACCESS (3401)**

Access denied. Not enough permissions to set connection information.

*EIMERR\_AUTH\_ERR* (7) Insufficient authority for the operation.

### **EBADDATA (3028)**

eimrc is not valid.

### **EBUSY (3029)**

Unable to allocate internal system object.

*EIMERR\_NOLOCK* (26) Unable to allocate internal system object.

### **EINVAL (3021)**

Input parameter was not valid.

<i>EIMERR_PROTECT_INVALID</i> (22)	The protect parameter in EimSimpleConnectInfo is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_PARM_REQ</i> (34)	Missing required parameter. Please check API documentation.
<i>EIMERR_PTR_INVALID</i> (35)	Pointer parameter is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_OS400_CONN_SYS_INVALID</i> (5002)	Connection system is not valid.
<i>EIMERR_RESERVE_INVALID</i> (57)	Reserved field is not valid.

### **ENAMETOOLONG (3486)**

Input parameter is too long.

<i>EIMERR_OS400_BINDDN_SIZE</i> (5001)	Bind DN is too large.
<i>EIMERR_OS400_KEYTAB_SIZE</i> (5003)	Kerberos keytab file name is too large.
<i>EIMERR_OS400_PRINCIPAL_SIZE</i> (5004)	Kerberos principal is too large.
<i>EIMERR_OS400_PWD_SIZE</i> (5005)	Kerberos password is too large.
<i>EIMERR_OS400_REALM_SIZE</i> (5006)	Kerberos realm is too large.

### **ENOMEM (3460)**

Unable to allocate required space.

<i>EIMERR_NOMEM</i> (27)	No memory available. Unable to allocate required space.
--------------------------	---

### **ENOTSUP (3440)**

Connection type is not supported.

<i>EIMERR_CONN_NOTSUPP</i> (12)	Connection type is not supported.
---------------------------------	-----------------------------------

### **EUNKNOWN (3474)**

Unexpected exception.

<i>EIMERR_UNKNOWN</i> (44)	Unknown error or unknown system state.
----------------------------	--

## **Related Information**

- [QsyGetEIMConnectInfo\(\)](#)--Get EIM Connect Information

## Example

The following example will set connection information used by the operating system.


```
#include <eim.h>
#include <qsyeimapi.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int rc;
    enum QsyEimConnectSystem      *connectSys;
    QsyEimConnectionInfo  connectInfo;
    char          eimerr[100];
    EimRC          *err;

    /* Get the system that the connection information is for. */
    connectSys = (enum QsyEimConnectSystem *)argv[1];
    /* Get the type of the connection information. */
    connectInfo.type = *((enum QsyEimConnectType *)argv[2]);
    /* Set the connection information based on the connection type.
    switch (connectInfo.type)          /* Determine connect type.          */
    {
        case QSY_EIM_SIMPLE:
            {
                connectInfo.connectInfo.simpleCreds.protect =
                    *((enum EimPasswordProtect *)argv[3]);
                connectInfo.connectInfo.simpleCreds.bindDn = argv[4];
                connectInfo.connectInfo.simpleCreds.bindPw = argv[5];
                break;
            }
        case QSY_EIM_KERBEROS_KEYTAB:
            {
                connectInfo.connectInfo.kerberosKeyTab.keyTabFile = argv[3];
                connectInfo.connectInfo.kerberosKeyTab.principal = argv[4];
                connectInfo.connectInfo.kerberosKeyTab.realm = argv[5];
                break;
            }
        case QSY_EIM_KERBEROS_PWD:
            {
                connectInfo.connectInfo.kerberosPassword.principal = argv[3];
                connectInfo.connectInfo.kerberosPassword.realm = argv[4];
                connectInfo.connectInfo.kerberosPassword.password = argv[5];
                break;
            }
        case QSY_EIM_REMOVE_CONNECT_INFO:
            {
                connectInfo.connectInfo.kerberosPassword.principal = NULL;
                connectInfo.connectInfo.kerberosPassword.realm = NULL;
                connectInfo.connectInfo.kerberosPassword.password = NULL;
                break;
            }
    } /* end determine connect type. */

    err = (EimRC *)eimerr;
    err->memoryProvidedByCaller = 100;
```

```
    if (0 != (rc = QsySetEIMConnectInfo(*connectSys,
                                       connectInfo,
                                       err)))
        printf("Set connection information error = %d", rc);
    return 0;
}
```



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API introduced: V5R2

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