





Power Systems  Power Systems  **IBM**

**Today** **Session 61: DB2 for IBM i Services**

Starting at 14:00 UK time with Scott Forstie  
90 min session 


IBM Meetings → Put questions into the Chat box or Toll Free phone for better audio

- 0800 279 6716= UK Toll Free
- 020 7660 2093 = UK but you pay for the call
- Then 93505484# Participant Code
- Other countries [ibm.biz/globalaccessnumbers](http://ibm.biz/globalaccessnumbers)




<p><b>Previous Sessions:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IBM i PDI</li> <li>Top Tech Tips</li> <li>LPM/SRR Automation Tool</li> <li>PowerVC 1.3.1 update</li> <li>IBM i Mobile Access</li> <li>Application Runtime Expert</li> <li>Hands-On with AIX7.2</li> <li>Accessing IBM i Now/Future</li> <li>PowerVC New Features</li> <li>Boost IBM i perm with Flash</li> <li>Simplified Remote Restart</li> <li>Linux on POWER Field Exp</li> <li>And more.....</li> </ul>	<p><b>Future Sessions:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>8th Feb: HMC V8R860 - recent, important updates and changes</li> <li>15th Mar: IBM i Predictive Performance Management</li> <li>19th Apr: IBM i Virtualization Performance</li> <li>17th May: Relax and Recover (the opensource mksysb for Linux on Power)</li> </ul>
--	---

Webinar wiki: <http://tinyurl.com/PowerSystemsTechnicalWebinars>  
Youtube Channel: <http://tinyurl.com/IBMPowerVUGYoutubeChannel>

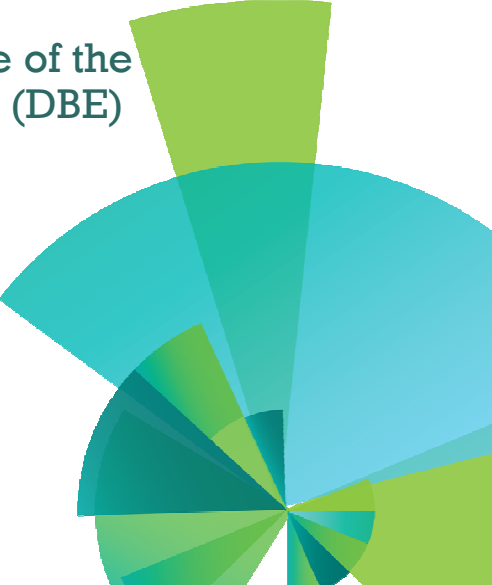
Twitter:   
Scott Forstie @Forstie\_IBMi  
Jyoti Dodhia @JyotiDodhia

Therese Eaton @tetweetings

© 2017 IBM Corporation **IBM Power Systems technical webinar series**



Power Systems  **IBM**

## Automating the role of the Database Engineer (DBE)



Scott Forstie  
DB2 for i Business Architect  
[forstie@us.ibm.com](mailto:forstie@us.ibm.com)  
@Forstie\_IBMi

© 2017 IBM Corporation

PowerSystems  

## Database Engineer (DBE)

**Challenge:**

- DB2 for i is easy to use and also easy to neglect
- You should have a Database Engineer (DBE) on staff



**Benefit:**

- Pain can be detected and avoided
- Performance can be optimized
- Avoid solving performance issues with cores and upgrades

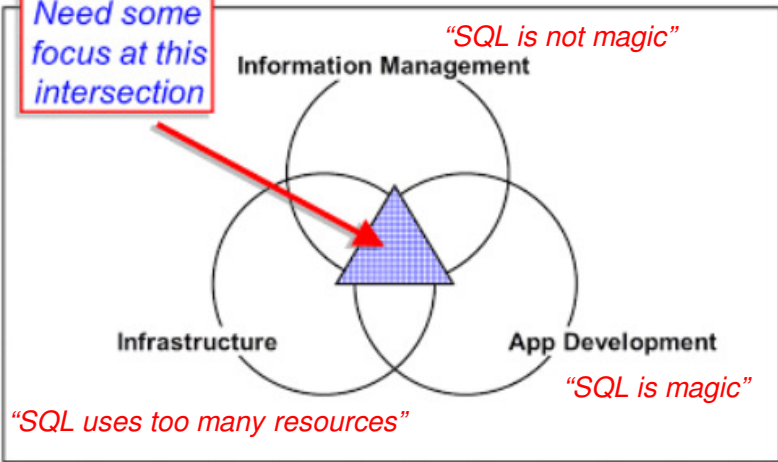
**How:**

- Job description:  
<http://db2fori.blogspot.com/2012/11/db2-for-i-database-engineer-description.html>
- How to become one:  
<http://db2fori.blogspot.com/2012/12/how-to-become-ibm-i-database-engineer.html>
- Also...have this person introduced to me

© 2017 IBM Corporation IBM Power Systems technical webinar series 3

PowerSystems  

## Skillset





*Need some focus at this intersection*

Information Management *"SQL is not magic"*

Infrastructure *"SQL uses too many resources"*

App Development *"SQL is magic"*

© 2017 IBM Corporation IBM Power Systems technical webinar series 4

PowerSystems 


## DBA/DBE – Topic areas



**What can we hope to automate?**

- Performance oriented indexes
- Database health checking
- Regular capture of database query detail
- Enforcement of business guidelines
- Maintaining a central hub for DBE meta-data
- Find the highest use SQL statements & programs
- Find the lowest use indexes
- And more...

**Will the results be perfect, complete now and forever?**

No... that's another reason why you need a DBE

© 2017 IBM Corporation
IBM Power Systems technical webinar series

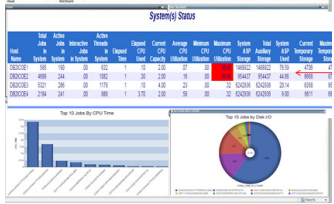
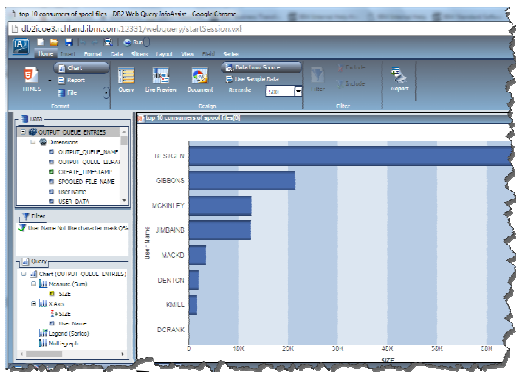
PowerSystems 


## DB2 Web Query and IBM i Services

- DB2 Web Query can jump-start your consumption of IBM i Services
- Built-in reports, dashboards and stored procedures
- Enables mobile, graphical, modern system administration
- **If you'd like some help with this, contact [qu2@us.ibm.com](mailto:qu2@us.ibm.com)**



**Follow DB2 Web Query:**

- @mckdrmloly
- db2webqueryi@blogspot.com
- ibm.co/db2wqwiki

**No need to start from scratch**

© 2017 IBM Corporation
IBM Power Systems technical webinar series

PowerSystems  



## DBA/DBE – Setup

**The DBE needs to establish processes and procedures for the database detail which is captured and archived.**





**Topics:**

1. **Organization**  
Why? Statistical and definitional detail should be easily consumed  
Suggestion: Create and use a standard set of libraries
2. **Cadence**  
Why? By establishing a cadence for collection of detail, the DBE will be well positioned to recognize and understand anomalies  
Suggestion: Start with weekly collections and revise as needed
3. **Security**  
Why? DBE detail most likely contains sensitive information and should be governed  
Suggestion: Remove \*PUBLIC access to the DBE libraries, leverage the function usage ID for Database administration, and leverage a group profile for DBE membership
4. **And more...**

© 2017 IBM Corporation IBM Power Systems technical webinar series 7



PowerSystems  

## DBA/DBE – Setup

<p><b>DBE Statistical Detail</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Object statistics</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Index Advice</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> System Limits</li> </ul>	<p><b>SQE Plan Cache Snapshots (full or partial)</b></p>	<p><b>SQL Performance Monitors (database traces)</b></p>	<p><b>SQE Event Monitors (pruned plans)</b></p>
↓	↓	↓	↓
			

**Also: optionally dedicate a library to generated DDL source**

© 2017 IBM Corporation IBM Power Systems technical webinar series 8

PowerSystems  

## DBA/DBE – Setup

### How?



```
-- Establish DBE authorization
CL: CRTUSRPRF USRPRF(DBEGROUP) PASSWORD(*NONE)
      SPCAUT(*ALLOBJ);
CL: CHGFCNUSG FCNID(QIBM_DB_SQLADM) USER(DBEGROUP)
      USAGE(*ALLOWED);
CL: CHGUSRPRF USRPRF(FRANKDBA) GRPPRF(DBEGROUP);

-- Establish Database artifact libraries for the DBE
CL: CRTLIB DBESTUDY;
...

-- Establish group management and authorization
CL: CHGOBJOWN OBJ(DBESTUDY) OBJTYPE(*LIB) NEWOWN(DBEGROUP);
...
```

© 2017 IBM Corporation 9

IBM Power Systems technical webinar series

PowerSystems  

## IBM® DB2® for i Services

**Health Center Procedures**

- QSYS2.HEALTH\_ACTIVITY
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_DATABASE\_OVERVIEW
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_DESIGN\_LIMITS
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_ENVIRONMENTAL\_LIMITS
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_SIZE\_LIMITS
- QSYS2.RESET\_ENVIRONMENTAL\_LIMITS

**Performance Services**

- SYSTOOLS.ACT\_ON\_INDEX\_ADVICE - PROCEDURE
- SYSTOOLS.HARVEST\_INDEX\_ADVICE - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.OVERRIDE\_QAQINI - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.RESET\_TABLE\_INDEX\_STATISTICS - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.SYSIXADV - TABLE
- SYSTOOLS.REMOVE\_INDEXES - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.DATABASE\_MONITOR\_INFO - VIEW

**Utility Procedures**


- QSYS2.CANCEL\_SQL
- QSYS2.DUMP\_SQL\_CURSORS
- QSYS2.EXTRACT\_STATEMENTS
- QSYS2.FIND\_AND\_CANCEL\_QSQSRVR\_SQL
- QSYS2.FIND\_QSQSRVR\_JOBS
- QSYS2.GENERATE\_SQL
- QSYS2.RESTART\_IDENTITY
- SYSTOOLS.CHECK\_CST
- SYSTOOLS.CHECK\_SYSRoutine

**Plan Cache Procedures**

- QSYS2.CHANGE\_PLAN\_CACHE\_SIZE
- QSYS2.CLEAR\_PLAN\_CACHE
- QSYS2.DUMP\_PLAN\_CACHE
- QSYS2.DUMP\_PLAN\_CACHE\_PROPERTIES
- QSYS2.DUMP\_PLAN\_CACHE\_topN
- QSYS2.DUMP\_SNAP\_SHOT\_PROPERTIES
- QSYS2.END\_ALL\_PLAN\_CACHE\_EVENT\_MONITORS
- QSYS2.END\_PLAN\_CACHE\_EVENT\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.IMPORT\_PC\_EVENT\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.IMPORT\_PC\_SNAPSHOT
- QSYS2.REMOVE\_PERFORMANCE\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.REMOVE\_PC\_EVENT\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.REMOVE\_PC\_SNAPSHOT
- QSYS2.START\_PLAN\_CACHE\_EVENT\_MONITOR

**Application Services**

- QSYS2.OVERRIDE\_TABLE - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.DELIMIT\_NAME - UDF
- SYSPROC.WLM\_SET\_CLIENT\_INFO - PROCEDURE

 DB2 for i Services

<http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/ibmi/techupdates/db2/landscape>

© 2017 IBM Corporation 10

IBM Power Systems technical webinar series

## SYSTOOLS.ACT\_ON\_INDEX\_ADVICE – Procedure

- Input parameters are criteria for finding actionable advice

1. IN P\_LIBRARY CHAR(10)
2. IN P\_FILE CHAR(10)
3. IN P\_TIMES\_ADVISED BIGINT
4. IN P\_MTI\_USED BIGINT
5. IN P\_AVERAGE\_QUERY\_ESTIMATE INTEGER

-- If a Maintained Temporary Index (MTI) has been used  
 -- more than 1000 times, for any table create a permanent  
 index

```
CALL SYSTOOLS.ACT_ON_INDEX_ADVICE('TOYSTORE',
                                  NULL,
                                  NULL,
                                  1000,
                                  NULL)
```

## SYSTOOLS.REMOVE\_INDEXES – Procedure

- Input parameters are criteria for detecting performance indexes that should be removed due to lack of use
- Only indexes created by the ACT\_ON\_INDEX\_ADVICE or HARVEST\_INDEX\_ADVICE are examined

1. IN P\_LIBRARY CHAR(10)
2. IN P\_TIMES\_USED BIGINT
3. IN P\_INDEX\_AGE VARCHAR(100)

-- Find indexes created by ACT\_ON\_INDEX\_ADVICE  
 -- that are at least 7 days old.  
 -- For any index which has been used less than 500 times  
 -- by the Query engine, drop the index

```
CALL SYSTOOLS.REMOVE_INDEXES('TOYSTORE', 500, ' 7 days ')
```

## SYSTOOLS.HARVEST\_INDEX\_ADVICE – Procedure

- Input parameters are criteria for finding actionable advice

1. IN P\_LIBRARY CHAR(10)
2. IN P\_FILE CHAR(10)
3. IN P\_TIMES\_ADVISED BIGINT
4. IN P\_MTI\_USED BIGINT
5. IN P\_AVERAGE\_QUERY\_ESTIMATE INTEGER
6. IN T\_LIBRARY CHAR(10)
7. IN T\_FILE CHAR(10)

-- If a Maintained Temporary Index (MTI) has been used  
 -- more than 1000 times, build CREATE INDEX statements  
 -- and place them in the GENSOURCE/IDXSRC file

```
CALL SYSTOOLS.HARVEST_INDEX_ADVICE('TOYSTORE',
                                     NULL,
                                     NULL,
                                     1000,
                                     NULL,
                                     GENSOURCE,
                                     IDXSRC)
```

## Automation Example

**Create the SQL source:**

```
CRTSRCPF QGPL/QSQLSRC
STRSEU SRCFILE(QGPL/QSQLSRC) SRCMBR(INDEXMAINT)
```

**Add these lines:**

```
CALL SYSTOOLS.ACT_ON_INDEX_ADVICE(NULL, NULL, NULL, 1000, NULL);
CALL SYSTOOLS.REMOVE_INDEXES(NULL, 500, ' 7 DAYS');
```

**Retrieve and modify the system startup program source code:**



```
RTVCLSRC PGM(QSYS/QSTRUP) SRCFILE(QGPL/QCLSRC)
STRSEU SRCFILE(QGPL/QCLSRC) SRCMBR(QSTRUP) TYPE(CLP)
OPTION(2)
```

**Immediately after the DONE: label, add the following three lines:**

```
SBMJOB SCDDATE(*SAT) SCDDTIME(040000) +
CMD(RUNSQLSTM SRCFILE(QGPL/QCLSRC) SRCMBR(INDEXMAINT) +
COMMIT(*NONE) NAMING(*SQL) OUTPUT(*PRINT))
```

**Build and replace the system startup program:**

```
CRTCLPGM PGM(QSYS/QSTRUP) SRCFILE(QGPL/QCLSRC)
REPLACE(*YES)
```

---

## Reading material

**IBM Knowledge Center:**  
[http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/ssw\\_ibm\\_i\\_73/rzajq/idxadvisor.htm](http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/ssw_ibm_i_73/rzajq/idxadvisor.htm)  
[http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/ssw\\_ibm\\_i\\_73/rzajq/rzajqservicesperf.htm](http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/ssw_ibm_i_73/rzajq/rzajqservicesperf.htm)  
[http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/ssw\\_ibm\\_i\\_73/rzajq/rzajqserviceshealth.htm](http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/ssw_ibm_i_73/rzajq/rzajqserviceshealth.htm)  
[http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/ssw\\_ibm\\_i\\_73/rzajq/rzajqhealthcentersqlprocs.htm](http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/ssw_ibm_i_73/rzajq/rzajqhealthcentersqlprocs.htm)  
[https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/beta/ssw\\_ibm\\_i\\_73/db2/rbafzcatalogtbls.htm](https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/beta/ssw_ibm_i_73/db2/rbafzcatalogtbls.htm)

**IBM developerWorks:**  
<http://ibm.biz/DB2foriServices>

Articles:  
**SYSTOOLS Brings on the Advice**  
<http://www.ibm.com/systemsmag.com/ibmi/administrator/db2/SYSTOOLS-Brings-on-the-Advice/>



**Are deleted rows wasting resources on your IBM i system?**  
<http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/ibmi/library/i-db2-table-with-deleted-rows/index.html>

**Automate Index Creation and Removal with SYSTOOLS Procedures**  
<http://iprodeveloper.com/database/automate-index-creation-and-removal-systools-procedures>

© 2017 IBM Corporation

IBM Power Systems technical webinar series

15

---

## QSYS2.RESET\_TABLE\_INDEX\_STATISTICS – Procedure

- Zeroes the **QUERY\_USE\_COUNT** and **QUERY\_STATISTICS\_COUNT** usage statistics for indexes over a specified table(s), without needing an exclusive lock
- The CHGOBJD command includes USECOUNT(\*RESET), but requires an **exclusive lock**
- LAST\_QUERY\_USE, LAST\_STATISTICS\_USE, LAST\_USE\_DATE and NUMBER\_DAYS\_USED are not affected
- The same wild card characters ( \_ and % ) allowed in the SQL LIKE predicate are supported.



```
-- Description: Reset indexes over the EMPLOYEE table
CALL QSYS2.RESET_TABLE_INDEX_STATISTICS(
                                     'TOYSTORE', 'EMPLOYEE');
-- Description: Reset any table like TOYSTORE/S%
CALL QSYS2.RESET_TABLE_INDEX_STATISTICS('TOYSTORE', 'S%');
```

© 2017 IBM Corporation

IBM Power Systems technical webinar series

16



## Archiving index statistics

• QSYS2.RESET\_TABLE\_INDEX\_STATISTICS() processed index detail can be archived



**-- Description: Review indexes that were reset**

```
SELECT INDEX_NAME, INDEX_TYPE, LAST_STATISTICS_USE,
LAST_QUERY_USE, QUERY_USE_COUNT, QUERY_STATISTICS_COUNT
FROM SESSION.SQL_INDEXES_RESET;
```

INDEX_NAME	INDEX_TYPE	LAST_STATISTICS_USE	LAST_QUERY_USE	QUERY_USE_COUNT	QUERY_STATISTICS_COUNT
Q_TOYSTORE_EMPLOYEE_EMPNO_00001	PRIMARY KEY	-	-	0	0
RED	FOREIGN KEY	2016-04-26 06:39:40.000000	-	0	0
Q_TOYSTORE_EMPLOYEE_TESTING_EMPNO_00001	PRIMARY KEY	-	-	0	0
REDT	FOREIGN KEY	2016-04-26 15:57:01.000000	-	0	0
Q_TOYSTORE_EMPLOYEE_TESTING22_EMPNO_00001	PRIMARY KEY	-	-	0	0
REDT22	FOREIGN KEY	-	-	0	0
EMP_IND1	INDEX	-	-	0	0
EMP_IND1	INDEX	-	-	0	0
EMP_IND1	INDEX	-	-	0	0
EMP_IND1	INDEX	-	-	0	0
Q_TOYSTORE_DEPARTMENT_DEPTNO_00001	PRIMARY KEY	2016-04-25 16:08:41.000000	-	0	0
RDE	FOREIGN KEY	-	-	0	0
ROD	FOREIGN KEY	-	-	0	0
Q_TOYSTORE_PROJECT_PROJNO_00001	PRIMARY KEY	2015-10-12 19:59:12.000000	-	0	0

© 2017 IBM Corporation

IBM Power Systems technical webinar series

## IBM® DB2® for i Services

**Health Center Procedures**

- QSYS2.HEALTH\_ACTIVITY
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_DATABASE\_OVERVIEW
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_DESIGN\_LIMITS
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_ENVIRONMENTAL\_LIMITS
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_SIZE\_LIMITS
- QSYS2.RESET\_ENVIRONMENTAL\_LIMITS

**Performance Services**

- SYSTOOLS.ACT\_ON\_INDEX\_ADVICE - PROCEDURE
- SYSTOOLS.HARVEST\_INDEX\_ADVICE - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.OVERRIDE\_QAQINI - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.RESET\_TABLE\_INDEX\_STATISTICS - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.SYSIXADV - TABLE
- SYSTOOLS.REMOVE\_INDEXES - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.DATABASE\_MONITOR\_INFO - VIEW

**Utility Procedures**

- QSYS2.CANCEL\_SQL
- QSYS2.DUMP\_SQL\_CURSORS
- QSYS2.EXTRACT\_STATEMENTS
- QSYS2.FIND\_AND\_CANCEL\_QSQSRVR\_SQL
- QSYS2.FIND\_QSQSRVR\_JOBS
- QSYS2.GENERATE\_SQL
- QSYS2.RESTART\_IDENTITY
- SYSTOOLS.CHECK\_CST
- SYSTOOLS.CHECK\_SYSRoutine

**Plan Cache Procedures**

- QSYS2.CHANGE\_PLAN\_CACHE\_SIZE
- QSYS2.CLEAR\_PLAN\_CACHE
- QSYS2.DUMP\_PLAN\_CACHE
- QSYS2.DUMP\_PLAN\_CACHE\_PROPERTIES
- QSYS2.DUMP\_PLAN\_CACHE\_topN
- QSYS2.DUMP\_SNAP\_SHOT\_PROPERTIES
- QSYS2.END\_ALL\_PLAN\_CACHE\_EVENT\_MONITORS
- QSYS2.END\_PLAN\_CACHE\_EVENT\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.IMPORT\_PC\_EVENT\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.IMPORT\_PC\_SNAPSHOT
- QSYS2.REMOVE\_PERFORMANCE\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.REMOVE\_PC\_EVENT\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.REMOVE\_PC\_SNAPSHOT
- QSYS2.START\_PLAN\_CACHE\_EVENT\_MONITOR

**Application Services**



- QSYS2.OVERRIDE\_TABLE - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.DELIMIT\_NAME - UDA
- SYSPROC.WLM\_SET\_CLIENT\_INFO - PROCEDURE

DB2 for i Services

<http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/ibmi/techupdates/db2/landscape>

© 2017 IBM Corporation

IBM Power Systems technical webinar series

## Daily Plan Cache Snapshot

- A daily capture of the most expensive queries enables several DBE tasks
- Most expensive is defined as the longest elapsed time

```



--
-- Procedure: Daily Plan Cache snapper
-- Purpose: This procedure captures the 100 most expensive queries
--           within a plan cache snapshot
--           Naming formula: "SNP<Julian date>"
--
--           The new snapshot is imported into the Navigator control
--           table.
--
--           The procedure deletes the snapshot that is 60 days old,
--           to prevent an endless accumulation of snapshots.
--

```

© 2017 IBM Corporation

IBM Power Systems technical webinar series

19

## Daily Plan Cache Snapshot

### Source code

```

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE SNAPSHOTS.DAILY_PC()
LANGUAGE SQL
BEGIN
DECLARE SNAP_NAME CHAR(10);
DECLARE OLDEST_SNAP_NAME CHAR(10);
DECLARE SNAP_COMMENT VARCHAR(100);

-- A Julian date is the integer value representing a number of days
-- from January 1, 4713 B.C. (the start of the Julian calendar) to
-- the date specified in the argument.
SET SNAP_NAME = 'SNP' CONCAT JULIAN_DAY(current date);
SET OLDEST_SNAP_NAME = 'SNP' CONCAT
                        JULIAN_DAY(current date - 60 days);


CALL QSYS2.DUMP_PLAN_CACHE_topN('SNAPSHOTS', SNAP_NAME, 100);
CALL QSYS2.IMPORT_PC_SNAPSHOT('SNAPSHOTS', SNAP_NAME, 'Top 100
Queries-' CONCAT CHAR(CURRENT DATE));
CALL QSYS2.REMOVE_PC_SNAPSHOT('SNAPSHOTS', OLDEST_SNAP_NAME);
END;

```

© 2017 IBM Corporation

IBM Power Systems technical webinar series

20

PowerSystems 

### IBM® DB2® for i Services

**Health Center Procedures**

- QSYS2.HEALTH\_ACTIVITY
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_DATABASE\_OVERVIEW
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_DESIGN\_LIMITS
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_ENVIRONMENTAL\_LIMITS
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_SIZE\_LIMITS
- QSYS2.RESET\_ENVIRONMENTAL\_LIMITS

**Performance Services**

- SYSTOOLS.ACT\_ON\_INDEX\_ADVICE - PROCEDURE
- SYSTOOLS.HARVEST\_INDEX\_ADVICE - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.OVERRIDE\_QAQINI - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.RESET\_TABLE\_INDEX\_STATISTICS - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.SYSIXADV - TABLE
- SYSTOOLS.REMOVE\_INDEXES - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.DATABASE\_MONITOR\_INFO - VIEW

**Utility Procedures**

- QSYS2.CANCEL\_SQL
- QSYS2.DUMP\_SQL\_CURSORS
- QSYS2.EXTRACT\_STATEMENTS
- QSYS2.FIND\_AND\_CANCEL\_QSQSRV\_SQL
- QSYS2.FIND\_QSQSRV\_JOBS
- QSYS2.GENERATE\_SQL
- QSYS2.RESTART\_IDENTITY
- SYSTOOLS.CHECK\_CST
- SYSTOOLS.CHECK\_SYSRoutine

**Plan Cache Procedures**

- QSYS2.CHANGE\_PLAN\_CACHE\_SIZE
- QSYS2.CLEAR\_PLAN\_CACHE
- QSYS2.DUMP\_PLAN\_CACHE
- QSYS2.DUMP\_PLAN\_CACHE\_PROPERTIES
- QSYS2.DUMP\_PLAN\_CACHE\_topN
- QSYS2.DUMP\_SNAP\_SHOT\_PROPERTIES
- QSYS2.END\_ALL\_PLAN\_CACHE\_EVENT\_MONITORS
- QSYS2.END\_PLAN\_CACHE\_EVENT\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.IMPORT\_PC\_EVENT\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.IMPORT\_PC\_SNAPSHOT
- QSYS2.REMOVE\_PERFORMANCE\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.REMOVE\_PC\_EVENT\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.REMOVE\_PC\_SNAPSHOT
- QSYS2.START\_PLAN\_CACHE\_EVENT\_MONITOR


**Application Services**

- QSYS2.OVERRIDE\_TABLE - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.DELIMIT\_NAME - UDF
- SYSPROC.WLM\_SET\_CLIENT\_INFO - PROCEDURE

■ DB2 for i Services

<http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/ibmi/techupdates/db2/landscape>

© 2017 IBM Corporation IBM Power Systems technical webinar series 21

PowerSystems 

## SYSTOOLS.CHECK\_SYSROUTINE() procedure

- High Availability (HA) and Disaster Recovery (DR)** work better when the database catalogs are identical, across Production, HA, and DR.
- DB2 for i Catalogs are not replicated objects
- Given the complex nature of keeping SQL and external procedure/function database catalog entries in sync, DB2 for i has provided a catalog assessment utility

**-- Search for procedure and function differences**

```
CALL SYSTOOLS.CHECK_SYSROUTINE(<target-database-name>,
                                <schema-to-compare>,
                                <optional-result-set-parameter>)
```

SERVER_NAME	ROUTINE_CREATED	ROUTINE_DEFINER	LAST_ALTERED	SPECIFIC_SCHEMA	SPECIFIC_NAME	ROUTINE_SCHEMA	ROUTINE_NAME
X1423P1	2012-09-14 08:41:48.885000	QSYS	-	SYSTEM	SQLP500002	SYSTEM	SQLPSEUDOCOLUMNS
X1423P1	2012-09-13 19:09:53.937000	QSYS	-	SYSTEM	SQLP500001	SYSTEM	SQLPSEUDOCOLUMNS
X1423P1	2012-09-20 20:25:00.230000	LMEROICH	-	SYSTEM	DB2COLLUC	SYSTEM	DB2COLLUC
X1423P1	2012-10-16 12:13:37.805000	QLPINSTALL	-	SYSTEM	CPRIVS	SYSTEM	CPRIVLEGES

© 2017 IBM Corporation IBM Power Systems technical webinar series 22

PowerSystems

## SYSTOOLS.CHECK\_SYSCST() procedure

- Similar to the COMPARE\_SYSROUTINE() procedure, but for Constraints
- Expectation is to receive an empty result set
- Not satisfied with the procedure? Extract the source and modify.

```

-- Search for constraint differences
CALL SYSTOOLS.CHECK_SYSCST (<target-database-name>,
                             <schema-to-compare>,
                             <optional-result-set-parameter>)
```

CALL SYSTOOLS.CHECK\_SYSCST('LP01UT18', 'CORPDB\_EX' - X1423p1(X1423p1)

SERVER_NAME	CONSTRAINT_SCHEMA	CONSTRAINT_NAME	CONSTRAINT_TYPE	CONSTRAINT_STATE	ENABLE
LP01UT18	CORPDB_EX	Q_CORPDB_EX_EM...	PRIMARY KEY	ESTABLISHED	YES
LP01UT18	CORPDB_EX	NUMBER	CHECK	ESTABLISHED	YES
X1423P1	CORPDB_EX	NUMBER	CHECK	ESTABLISHED	NO

© 2017 IBM Corporation
IBM Power Systems technical webinar series
23

PowerSystems

## IBM® DB2® for i Catalogs

**Catalogs**

- SYSCATALOGS
- INFORMATION\_SCHEMA\_CATALOG\_NAME

**Schemas**

- SYSSCHEMAS
- SQLSCHEMAS
- SCHEMATA

**Tables Views Indexes**

- SYSCOLUMNS
- SYSCOLUMNS2
- SYSFIELDS
- SYSHISTORYTABLES
- SYINDEXES
- SYKEYS
- SYSPERIODS
- SYSTABLEDEP
- SYSTABLES
- SYVIEWDEP
- SYVIEWS
- SQLCOLUMNS
- SQLSPECIALCOLUMNS
- SQLTABLES
- COLUMNS
- TABLES
- VIEWS

**Database Support**

- SQL\_FEATURES
- SQL\_LANGUAGES
- SQL\_SIZING
- CHARACTER\_SETS

**Constraints**

- SYSCCHKCST
- SYSCST
- SYSCSTCOL
- SYSCSTDEP
- SYSCKEYCST
- SYSCREFCST
- SQLFOREIGNKEYS
- SQLPRIMARYKEYS
- CHECK\_CONSTRAINTS
- REFERENTIAL\_CONSTRAINTS
- TABLE\_CONSTRAINTS

**Privileges**

- SYSCOLAUTH
- SYSCONROLS
- SYSCONROLSDEP
- SYSPACKAGEAUTH
- SYSRoutineAUTH
- SYSSchemaAUTH
- SYSEQUENCEAUTH
- SYSTABAUTH
- SYSDTAUTH
- SYSVARIABLEAUTH
- SYXSROBJECTAUTH
- SQLCOLPRIVILEGES
- SQLTABLEPRIVILEGES
- AUTHORIZATIONS
- ROUTINE\_PRIVILEGES
- UDT\_PRIVILEGES
- USAGE\_PRIVILEGES
- VARIABLE\_PRIVILEGES

**Triggers**

- SYSTRIGCOL
- SYSTRIGDEP
- SYSTRIGGERS
- SYSTRIGUPD

**Routines**

- SYSFUNCS
- SYSJARCONTENTS
- SYSJAROBJECTS
- SYSPARMS
- SYSPROCS
- SYSRoutineDEP
- SYSRoutines
- SQLFUNCTIONCOLS
- SQLFUNCTIONS
- SQLPROCEDURECOLS
- SQLPROCEDURES
- PARAMETERS
- ROUTINES
- XML Schemas
- XSRANNOTATIONINFO
- XSROBJECTCOMPONENTS
- XSROBJECTHIERARCHIES
- XSROBJECTS

**Statistics**

- SYSCOLUMNSTAT
- SYINDEXSTAT
- SYSMQTSTAT
- SYSPACKAGESTAT
- SYSPACKAGESTMTSTAT
- SYSPARTITIONDISK
- SYSPARTITIONINDEXES
- SYSPARTITIONINDEXDISK
- SYSPARTITIONINDEXSTAT
- SYSPARTITIONMGTS
- SYSPARTITIONSTAT
- SYSPROGRAMSTAT
- SYSPROGRAMSTMTSTAT
- SYSTABLEINDEXSTAT
- SYSTABLESTAT
- SQLSTATISTICS

**Miscellaneous Objects**

- SYSLANGUAGE
- SYSSERVICES
- SYSTYPES
- SYSVARIABLEDEP
- SYSVARIABLES
- SQLTYPEINFO
- SQLUDTS
- USER\_DEFINED\_TYPES
- SEQUENCES

■ DB2 for i catalog views (QSYS2)  
■ ODBC and JDBC™ catalog views (SYSIBM)  
■ ANS and ISO catalog views (QSYS2)

<http://www.ibm.com/systems/i/software/db2/>

© 2017 IBM Corporation
IBM Power Systems technical webinar series
24

## QSYS2.SYSPARTITIONSTAT - View

- This catalog is a DBE's best friend
- Some of this data is reset to zero on an IPL, restore or alteration of the file

### -- Capture database file detail

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE DBESTUDY.STAR100G_TABLE_RUNTIME_DETAILS
(TABLE_SCHEMA, TABLE_NAME, TABLE_PARTITION, PARTITION_TYPE,
NUMBER_DELETED_ROWS, NUMBER_ROWS, DATA_SIZE, OVERFLOW,
VARIABLE_LENGTH_SIZE, MAINTAINED_TEMPORARY_INDEX_SIZE,
OPEN_OPERATIONS, CLOSE_OPERATIONS, INSERT_OPERATIONS,
UPDATE_OPERATIONS, DELETE_OPERATIONS, PHYSICAL_READS,
SEQUENTIAL_READS, RANDOM_READS, KEEP_IN_MEMORY, MEDIA_PREFERENCE,
CAPTURE_TIME)
```



```
AS (SELECT TABLE_SCHEMA, TABLE_NAME, TABLE_PARTITION,
PARTITION_TYPE, NUMBER_DELETED_ROWS, NUMBER_ROWS, DATA_SIZE,
OVERFLOW, VARIABLE_LENGTH_SIZE, MAINTAINED_TEMPORARY_INDEX_SIZE,
OPEN_OPERATIONS, CLOSE_OPERATIONS, INSERT_OPERATIONS,
UPDATE_OPERATIONS, DELETE_OPERATIONS, PHYSICAL_READS,
SEQUENTIAL_READS, RANDOM_READS, VARCHAR(CASE KEEP_IN_MEMORY WHEN
'1' THEN 'YES' ELSE 'NO' END, DEFAULT, 37), VARCHAR(CASE
MEDIA_PREFERENCE WHEN 255 THEN 'SSD' ELSE 'ANY' END, DEFAULT, 37),
CURRENT_TIMESTAMP FROM QSYS2.SYSPARTITIONSTAT
WHERE TABLE_SCHEMA = 'PRODLIB') WITH DATA ON REPLACE DELETE ROWS;
```

## QSYS2.SYSPARTITIONSTAT - View

### -- Identify candidates for physical file reorganization

```
SELECT TABLE_SCHEMA,
TABLE_NAME,
NUMBER_ROWS AS VALID_ROWS,
NUMBER_DELETED_ROWS AS DELETED_ROWS,
DATA_SIZE AS DATA_SPACE_SIZE_IN_BYTES,
DEC(DEC(NUMBER_DELETED_ROWS,19,2) /
DEC(NUMBER_ROWS + NUMBER_DELETED_ROWS,19,2) * 100,19,2) AS
DELETED_ROW_PERCENTAGE
FROM DBESTUDY.STAR100G_TABLE_RUNTIME_DETAILS A
WHERE NUMBER_DELETED_ROWS > 100000
ORDER BY DELETED_ROW_PERCENTAGE DESC ;
```

TABLE_SCHEMA	TABLE_NAME	VALID_ROWS	DELETED_ROWS	DATA_SPACE_SIZE_IN_BYTES	DELETED_ROW_PERCENTAGE
STAR100G	SUPP_DIM	330000	1650000	46157824	83.33
STAR100G	PART_DIM	6600000	33000000	958488576	83.33
STAR100G	ITEM_FACT	197999368	989996840	53064544256	83.33
STAR100G	CUST_DIM	4950000	24750000	1109471232	83.33
STAR100G	CUST2_DIM	4950000	24750000	11196968960	83.33
STAR100G	PART2_DIM	6600000	33000000	2414055424	83.33
STAR100G	SUPP2_DIM	330000	1650000	199450624	83.33



## QSYS2.SYSPARTITIONSTAT - View

```
--
-- Review variable length column efficiency
--
```

```
SELECT *
  FROM DBESTUDY.STAR100G_TABLE_RUNTIME_DETAILS
 ORDER BY VARIABLE_LENGTH_SIZE DESC;
```

TABLE_SCHEMA	TABLE_NAME	TABLE_PARTITION	NUMBER_ROWS	OVERFLOW	VARIABLE_LENGTH_SIZE
STAR100G	CUST2_DIM	CUST2_DIM	4950000	4950000	10084827136
STAR100G	PART2_DIM	PART2_DIM	6600000	6600000	1353031680
STAR100G	ORDERS2	ORDERS2	5	5	150994944
STAR100G	SUPP2_DIM	SUPP2_DIM	330000	330000	95375360
STAR100G	ORDERS1	ORDERS1	2000	2000	32755712
STAR100G	SUPP_DIM	SUPP_DIM	330000	0	0
STAR100G	PART_DIM	PART_DIM	6600000	0	0
STAR100G	ITEM_FACT	ITEM_FACT	197999368	0	0
STAR100G	CUST_DIM	CUST_DIM	4950000	0	0
STAR100G	CURRENCY	CURRENCY	6	0	0

© 2017 IBM Corporation
IBM Power Systems technical webinar series 27

## QSYS2.SYSPARTITIONINDEXSTAT - View

- Another good friend to the DBE
- Some of this data is reset to zero on an IPL, restore or alteration of the file

```
-- Capture database index detail
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE DBESTUDY.STAR100G_INDEX_RUNTIME_DETAILS
(INDEX_SCHEMA, INDEX_NAME, INDEX_MEMBER, INDEX_TYPE, TABLE_SCHEMA, TABLE_NAME,
TABLE_PARTITION, PARTITION_TYPE, LAST_QUERY_USE, LAST_STATISTICS_USE,
QUERY_USE_COUNT, QUERY_STATISTICS_COUNT, LAST_USED_TIMESTAMP, DAYS_USED_COUNT,
INDEX_VALID, INDEX_SIZE, ESTIMATED_BUILD_TIME, LAST_BUILD_TIME, LAST_BUILD_DEGREE,
SPARSE, DERIVED_KEY, PARTITIONED, ACCPTH_TYPE, INDEX_HELD, PHYSICAL_READS,
SEQUENTIAL_READS, RANDOM_READS, KEEP_IN_MEMORY, MEDIA_PREFERENCE, CAPTURE_TIME)
AS
(SELECT INDEX_SCHEMA, INDEX_NAME, INDEX_MEMBER, INDEX_TYPE, TABLE_SCHEMA, TABLE_NAME,
TABLE_PARTITION, PARTITION_TYPE, LAST_QUERY_USE, LAST_STATISTICS_USE,
QUERY_USE_COUNT, QUERY_STATISTICS_COUNT, LAST_USED_TIMESTAMP, DAYS_USED_COUNT,
VARCHAR(CASE INDEX_VALID WHEN '0' THEN 'NO' ELSE 'YES' END, DEFAULT, 37),
INDEX_SIZE, ESTIMATED_BUILD_TIME, LAST_BUILD_TIME, LAST_BUILD_DEGREE, VARCHAR(CASE
SPARSE WHEN '0' THEN 'NO' ELSE 'YES' END, DEFAULT, 37), VARCHAR(CASE DERIVED_KEY
WHEN '0' THEN 'NO' ELSE 'YES' END, DEFAULT, 37), PARTITIONED, VARCHAR(CASE
ACCPTH_TYPE WHEN '0' THEN '1 TB' WHEN '1' THEN '4 GB' ELSE 'EVI' END, DEFAULT, 37),
VARCHAR(CASE INDEX_HELD WHEN '0' THEN 'NO' ELSE 'YES' END, DEFAULT, 37),
PHYSICAL_READS, SEQUENTIAL_READS, RANDOM_READS, VARCHAR(CASE KEEP_IN_MEMORY WHEN '1'
THEN 'YES' ELSE 'NO' END, DEFAULT, 37), VARCHAR(CASE MEDIA_PREFERENCE WHEN 255 THEN
'SSD' ELSE 'ANY' END, DEFAULT, 37), CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
FROM QSYS2.SYSPARTITIONINDEXSTAT
WHERE TABLE_SCHEMA = 'STAR100G') WITH DATA ON REPLACE DELETE ROWS;
```

© 2017 IBM Corporation
IBM Power Systems technical webinar series 28

## QSYS2.SYSPARTITIONINDEXSTAT - View

```
--
-- Identify candidates for SSD
--
```

```
SELECT *
  FROM DBESTUDY.STAR100G_TABLE_RUNTIME_DETAILS
 ORDER BY VARIABLE_LENGTH_SIZE DESC;
```

INDEX_NAME	TABLE_NAME	SEQUENTIAL_READS	RANDOM_READS	RANDOM_READS_PERCENTAGE
RADIX_ON_ORDERDATE	ITEM_FACT	410000	88556849	95.57
Q_STAR100G_SUPP...	SUPP_DIM	10000000000	10000000	0.00
SUPP_IDX3	SUPP_DIM	10000000000	10000000	0.00
SUPP_IDX2	SUPP_DIM	10000000000	10000000	0.00
SUPP_IDX1	SUPP_DIM	10000000000	10000000	0.00
Q_STAR100G_PART...	PART_DIM	10000000000	10000000	0.00
PART_IDX4	PART_DIM	10000000000	10000000	0.00

## QSYS2.SYSPARTITIONINDEXDISK - View

- Another good friend to the DBE
- Study storage use

```
-- Contrast Solid State Drives (SSD) vs Spinning Disk
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE DBESTUDY.STAR100G_INDEX_STORAGE
(Index_Name, Index_Member, Index_Type, SSD_Space, NonSSD_Space,
Collection_time)
```



```
AS (SELECT INDEX_NAME, INDEX_MEMBER, INDEX_TYPE, SUM(CASE UNIT_TYPE
WHEN 1 THEN UNIT_SPACE_USED ELSE 0 END) AS SSD_SPACE, SUM(CASE
UNIT_TYPE WHEN 0 THEN UNIT_SPACE_USED ELSE 0 END) AS NONSSD_SPACE,
CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
```

```
FROM QSYS2.SYSPARTITIONINDEXDISK B
```

```
WHERE INDEX_SCHEMA = 'STAR100G'
```

```
GROUP BY INDEX_NAME, INDEX_MEMBER, INDEX_TYPE, TABLE_SCHEMA,
TABLE_NAME, TABLE_PARTITION)
```

```
WITH DATA ON REPLACE DELETE ROWS;
```

PowerSystems  

### IBM® i Services



<b>Application Services</b> QSYS2.QCMDEXC - PROCEDURE QSYS2.ENVIRONMENT_VARIABLE_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.SERVICES_INFO - VIEW	<b>Storage Services</b> QSYS2.MEDIA_LIBRARY_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.SYSDISKSTAT - VIEW QSYS2.SYSTMPSTG - VIEW QSYS2.USER_STORAGE - VIEW	<b>System Health Services</b> QSYS2.SYSLIMITS - VIEW QSYS2.SYSLIMTBL - TABLE
<b>Security Services</b> QSYS2.AUTHORITY_COLLECTION - VIEW QSYS2.DRDA_AUTHENTICATION_ENTRY_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.FUNCTION_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.FUNCTION_USAGE - VIEW QSYS2.GROUP_PROFILE_ENTRIES - VIEW QSYS2.SQL_CHECK_AUTHORITY - UDF QSYS2.USER_INFO - VIEW SYSPROC.SET_COLUMN_ATTRIBUTE - PROCEDURE	<b>Journal Services</b> QSYS2.DISPLAY_JOURNAL - UDTF QSYS2.JOURNAL_INFO - VIEW	<b>Message Handling Services</b> QSYS2.JOBLOG_INFO - UDTF QSYS2.REPLY_LIST_INFO - VIEW
<b>Communication Services</b> QSYS2.NETSTAT_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.NETSTAT_INTERFACE_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.NETSTAT_JOB_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.NETSTAT_ROUTE_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.SERVER_SBS_ROUTING - VIEW QSYS2.SET_SERVER_SBS_ROUTING - PROCEDURE QSYS2.TCPIP_INFO - VIEW SYSIBMADM.ENV_SYS_INFO - VIEW	<b>Java Services</b> QSYS2.JVM_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.SET_JVM - PROCEDURE	<b>Librarian Services</b> QSYS2.LIBRARY_LIST_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.OBJECT_STATISTICS - UDTF
	<b>Product Services</b> QSYS2.LICENSE_INFO - VIEW	<b>Work Management Services</b> QSYS2.ACTIVE_JOB_INFO - UDTF QSYS2.GET_JOB_INFO - UDTF QSYS2.MEMORY_POOL - UDTF QSYS2.MEMORY_POOL_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.OBJECT_LOCK_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.RECORD_LOCK_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.SCHEDULED_JOB_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.SYSTEM_STATUS - UDTF QSYS2.SYSTEM_STATUS_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.SYSTEM_VALUE_INFO - VIEW
	<b>Spool Services</b> QSYS2.OUTPUT_QUEUE_ENTRIES - VIEW QSYS2.OUTPUT_QUEUE_ENTRIES - UDTF QSYS2.OUTPUT_QUEUE_INFO - VIEW	<b>PTF Services</b> QSYS2.PTF_INFO - VIEW QSYS2.GROUP_PTF_INFO - VIEW SYSTOOLS.GROUP_PTF_CURRENCY - VIEW SYSTOOLS.GROUP_PTF_DETAILS - UDTF

IBM i Services

<http://ibm.biz/DB2foriServices>  
<http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/ibmi/techupdates/db2/landscape>

© 2017 IBM Corporation 31

IBM Power Systems technical webinar series

PowerSystems  

## Alert when a DB file is growing very large


```

CL: ALCOBJ OBJ((QSYS2/SYSLIMTBL *FILE *EXCL)) CONFLICT(*RQSRLS) ;
CL: DLCOBJ OBJ((QSYS2/SYSLIMTBL *FILE *EXCL));

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER MYLIB.SYSTEM_LIMITS_LARGE_FILE
  AFTER INSERT ON QSYS2.SYSLIMTBL
  REFERENCING NEW AS N FOR EACH ROW MODE DB2ROW
SET OPTION USRPRF=*OWNER, DYNUSRPRF=*OWNER
BEGIN ATOMIC
DECLARE V_CMDSTMT VARCHAR(200) ;
DECLARE ERROR INTEGER;
DECLARE EXIT HANDLER FOR SQLEXCEPTION SET ERROR = 1;
/* ----- */
/* If a table is nearing the maximum size, alert the operator */
/* ----- */
IF (N.LIMIT_ID = 15000 AND
    N.CURRENT_VALUE > 3000000000) THEN

SET V_CMDSTMT = 'SNMSG MSG(''Table: '
  CONCAT N.SYSTEM_SCHEMA_NAME CONCAT '/' CONCAT N.SYSTEM_OBJECT_NAME
  CONCAT ' (' CONCAT N.SYSTEM_TABLE_MEMBER CONCAT
  ') IS GETTING VERY LARGE - ROW COUNT = '
  CONCAT CURRENT_VALUE CONCAT ' ') TOUSR(*SYSOPR) MSGTYPE(*INFO) ' ;
CALL QSYS2.QCMDEXC( V_CMDSTMT );
END IF;
END;

```



© 2017 IBM Corporation 32

IBM Power Systems technical webinar series



### Find the largest IFS Stream Files



```
SELECT LASTCHG, JOB_NAME, ASP_NUMBER, IFS_PATH_NAME,
USER_NAME, CURRENT_VALUE FROM QSYS2.SYSLIMITS WHERE
LIMIT_ID = 18409 ORDER BY CURRENT_VALUE DESC;
```


LASTCHG	JOB_NAME	ASP_NUMBER	IFS_PATH_NAME	USER_NAME	CURRENT_VALUE
2015-01-03 23:...	337465/VCPDTA/QJVACMDSRV	1	/orbtrc.18122014.0929.20.txt	VCPDTA	1099511535858
2015-01-03 23:...	337465/VCPDTA/QJVACMDSRV	1	/orbtrc.18122014.0929.20.txt	VCPDTA	1099510485672
2015-01-03 23:...	337465/VCPDTA/QJVACMDSRV	1	/orbtrc.18122014.0929.20.txt	VCPDTA	1099509435486
2015-01-03 23:...	337465/VCPDTA/QJVACMDSRV	1	/orbtrc.18122014.0929.20.txt	VCPDTA	1099508385300
2015-01-03 23:...	337465/VCPDTA/QJVACMDSRV	1	/orbtrc.18122014.0929.20.txt	VCPDTA	1099507335114
2015-02-26 15:...	407956/QACE/QP0ZSPWP	1	/QIBM/UserData/ACE/log/server.log	QACE	61870255
2015-02-27 12:...	405803/QBRMS/Q1ACPDST	1	/tmp/brms/qbrms	QBRMS	49286416
2015-02-27 10:...	405803/QBRMS/Q1ACPDST	1	/tmp/brms/qbrms	QBRMS	48237784
2015-02-27 08:...	405803/QBRMS/Q1ACPDST	1	/tmp/brms/qbrms	QBRMS	47189088
2015-02-27 06:...	405803/QBRMS/Q1ACPDST	1	/tmp/brms/qbrms	QBRMS	46140361
2015-02-27 04:...	405803/QBRMS/Q1ACPDST	1	/tmp/brms/qbrms	QBRMS	45091718
2015-02-27 02:...	405803/QBRMS/Q1ACPDST	1	/tmp/brms/qbrms	QBRMS	44042651
2015-02-27 00:...	405803/QBRMS/Q1ACPDST	1	/tmp/brms/qbrms	QBRMS	42993987
2015-02-26 22:...	405803/QBRMS/Q1ACPDST	1	/tmp/brms/qbrms	QBRMS	41945337
2015-02-26 20:...	405803/QBRMS/Q1ACPDST	1	/tmp/brms/qbrms	QBRMS	40896606
2015-02-26 18:...	405803/QBRMS/Q1ACPDST	1	/tmp/brms/qbrms	QBRMS	39848021
2015-02-26 16:...	405803/QBRMS/Q1ACPDST	1	/tmp/brms/qbrms	QBRMS	38799357
2015-02-26 14:...	405803/QBRMS/Q1ACPDST	1	/tmp/brms/qbrms	QBRMS	37750700
2015-02-26 13:...	413714/QBRMS/QBRMSYNC	1	/tmp/brms/qbrms	QBRMS	36702048
2015-02-26 13:...	413707/HERBST/QPADEV09K6	1	/tmp/brms/flightrec	HERBST	22021074
2015-02-27 04:...	407982/EBANK/QJVACMDSRV	1	/ebank/logs/EBANK00052.log	EBANK	22020395
2015-02-27 00:...	407982/EBANK/QJVACMDSRV	1	/ebank/logs/EBANK00052.log	EBANK	20971806
2015-02-26 21:...	407982/EBANK/QJVACMDSRV	1	/ebank/logs/EBANK00052.log	EBANK	19923136
2015-02-26 18:...	407982/EBANK/QJVACMDSRV	1	/ebank/logs/EBANK00052.log	EBANK	18874543
2015-02-26 14:...	407982/EBANK/QJVACMDSRV	1	/ebank/logs/EBANK00052.log	EBANK	17825926

### DB2 for IBM i Lab Services

- Facilitated workshops covering current state, requirements, future state, possible solutions, implementation best practices, and formulation of a strategic roadmap:
  - RCAC
  - Temporal Tables
- Customized consulting workshops
  - Advanced SQL and Data-centric Programming
  - SQL Performance Best Practices, Monitoring and Tuning
  - Remote performance assessments
- Consulting on any DB2 for i topic
- For more information, contact [mcaïn@us.ibm.com](mailto:mcaïn@us.ibm.com)



PowerSystems  





# ithankyou

[www.ibm.com/developerworks/ibmi/techupdates/db2](http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/ibmi/techupdates/db2)

© 2017 IBM Corporation 35

IBM Power Systems technical webinar series

PowerSystems  

## IBM® DB2® for i Services

**Health Center Procedures**

- QSYS2.HEALTH\_ACTIVITY
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_DATABASE\_OVERVIEW
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_DESIGN\_LIMITS
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_ENVIRONMENTAL\_LIMITS
- QSYS2.HEALTH\_SIZE\_LIMITS
- QSYS2.RESET\_ENVIRONMENTAL\_LIMITS

**Performance Services**

- SYSTOOLS.ACT\_ON\_INDEX\_ADVICE - PROCEDURE
- SYSTOOLS.HARVEST\_INDEX\_ADVICE - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.OVERRIDE\_QAQINI - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.RESET\_TABLE\_INDEX\_STATISTICS - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.SYSIXADV - TABLE
- SYSTOLS.REMOVE\_INDEXES - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.DATABASE\_MONITOR\_INFO - VIEW

**Utility Procedures**

- QSYS2.CANCEL\_SQL
- QSYS2.DUMP\_SQL\_CURSORS
- QSYS2.EXTRACT\_STATEMENTS
- QSYS2.FIND\_AND\_CANCEL\_QSQSRV\_SQL
- QSYS2.FIND\_QSQSRV\_JOBS
- QSYS2.GENERATE\_SQL
- QSYS2.RESTART\_IDENTITY
- SYSTOOLS.CHECK\_CST
- SYSTOOLS.CHECK\_SYSRoutine

**Plan Cache Procedures**

- QSYS2.CHANGE\_PLAN\_CACHE\_SIZE
- QSYS2.CLEAR\_PLAN\_CACHE
- QSYS2.DUMP\_PLAN\_CACHE
- QSYS2.DUMP\_PLAN\_CACHE\_PROPERTIES
- QSYS2.DUMP\_PLAN\_CACHE\_topN
- QSYS2.DUMP\_SNAP\_SHOT\_PROPERTIES
- QSYS2.END\_ALL\_PLAN\_CACHE\_EVENT\_MONITORS
- QSYS2.END\_PLAN\_CACHE\_EVENT\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.IMPORT\_PC\_EVENT\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.IMPORT\_PC\_SNAPSHOT
- QSYS2.REMOVE\_PERFORMANCE\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.REMOVE\_PC\_EVENT\_MONITOR
- QSYS2.REMOVE\_PC\_SNAPSHOT
- QSYS2.START\_PLAN\_CACHE\_EVENT\_MONITOR

**Application Services**

- QSYS2.OVERRIDE\_TABLE - PROCEDURE
- QSYS2.DELIMIT\_NAME - UDF
- SYSPROC.WLM\_SET\_CLIENT\_INFO - PROCEDURE

■ DB2 for i Services

<http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/ibmi/techupdates/db2/landscape>

© 2017 IBM Corporation 36

IBM Power Systems technical webinar series

## QSYS2.HEALTH\_DATABASE\_OVERVIEW – procedure

- Service used by System i Navigator for Database -> Health Center -> Overview
- The QSYS2.Health\_Database\_Overview() procedure returns counts of all the different types of DB2 for i objects within the target schema or schemas. The counts are broken down by object type and subtype.
- '%' is used to wildcard the schema name
- A single row result set is returned for all matching schema names

-- Retrieve the overview for the entire database



```
CALL QSYS2.Health_Database_Overview(1, '%', NULL, NULL, NULL);
```

## QSYS2.HEALTH\_DESIGN\_LIMITS – procedure

- The QSYS2.Health\_Design\_Limits() procedure returns detailed counts of design limits over a set of objects within one or more schemas. Design limits correspond to architectural constructs.
- **The Database Health Center Design limits include:**
  - MAXIMUM NUMBER OF MEMBERS
  - MAXIMUM NUMBER OF RECORD FORMATS
  - MAXIMUM JOURNAL RECEIVER SIZE
  - TOTAL SQL STATEMENTS
  - TOTAL ACTIVE SQL STATEMENTS
  - MAXIMUM SQL PACKAGE SIZE
  - MAXIMUM LARGE SQL PACKAGE SIZE
  - MAXIMUM SQL PROGRAM ASSOCIATED SPACE SIZE

-- Retrieve the overview for the entire database

```
CALL QSYS2.Health_Design_Limits(1, 0, 'PRODLIB1', '%', 20, NULL, NULL, NULL);
```

## QSYS2.HEALTH\_SIZE\_LIMITS – procedure



- The QSYS2.Health\_Size\_Limits () procedure returns detailed size information for database objects within one or more schemas. Size limits help you understand trends towards reaching a database limit.
- The Database Health Center Design limits include:**

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ALL ROWS	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VALID ROWS
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DELETED ROWS	MAXIMUM TABLE PARTITION SIZE
MAXIMUM ROW LENGTH	MAXIMUM ROW LENGTH WITH LOBS
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF PARTITIONS	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF REFERENCED TABLES
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TRIGGERS	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF CONSTRAINTS
MAXIMUM LENGTH OF CHECK CONSTRAINT	
MAXIMUM *MAX4GB INDEX SIZE	MAXIMUM *MAX1TB INDEX SIZE
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF INDEX ENTRIES	MAXIMUM KEY COLUMNS
MAXIMUM KEY LENGTH	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF PARTITIONING KEYS
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF FUNCTION PARAMETERS	
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF PROCEDURE PARAMETERS	

-- Retrieve the size limits for TOYSTORE/S\* objects

```
CALL QSYS2.Health_Size_Limits(1, 0, TOYSTORE', 'S%', 5, NULL, NULL,
NULL);
```

39 © 2017 IBM Corporation
IBM Power Systems technical webinar series
39

## QSYS2.HEALTH\_ACTIVITY – procedure



- The QSYS2.Health\_Activity () procedure returns summary counts of database and SQL operations over a set of objects within one or more schemas.
- The Database Health Center Activity counts include:**

INSERT OPERATIONS	UPDATE OPERATIONS
DELETE OPERATIONS	LOGICAL READS
PHYSICAL READS	CLEAR OPERATIONS
INDEX BUILDS/REBUILDS	DATA SPACE REORGANIZE OPERATIONS
DATA SPACE COPY OPERATIONS	FULL OPENS
FULL CLOSES	DAYS USED
INDEX QUERY USE	INDEX QUERY STATISTICS USE
INDEX LOGICAL READS	INDEX RANDOM READS
SQL STATEMENT COMPRESSION COUNT	SQL STATEMENT CONTENTION COUNT
RANDOM READS	SEQUENTIAL READS

-- Retrieve the size limits for TOYSTORE/S\* objects

```
CALL QSYS2.Health_Activity(1, 0, TOYSTORE', '%', 10, NULL, NULL,
NULL);
```

40 © 2017 IBM Corporation
IBM Power Systems technical webinar series
40

## QSYS2.HEALTH\_ENVIRONMENTAL\_LIMITS – procedure



- The QSYS2.Health\_Environmental\_Limits() procedure returns detail on the top 10 jobs on the system, for different SQL or application limits.
- The jobs do not have to be in existence.
- The top 10 information is maintained within DB2® for i and gets reset when the machine is IPLed, the IASP is varied ON, or when the QSYS2.Reset\_Environmental\_Limits() procedure is called.

- **The Database Health Center Environmental limits include:**
  - MAXIMUM NUMBER OF LOB AND XML LOCATORS PER JOB
  - MAXIMUM NUMBER OF LOB AND XML LOCATORS PER SERVER JOB
  - MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ACTIVATION GROUPS
  - MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DESCRIPTORS
  - MAXIMUM NUMBER OF CLI HANDLES
  - MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SQL OPEN CURSORS
  - MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SQL PSEUDO OPEN CURSORS
  - MAXIMUM LENGTH OF SQL STATEMENT

-- Retrieve the size limits for TOYSTORE/S\* objects

```
CALL QSYS2.Health_Environmental_Limits(1, 0, NULL, NULL);
```

41 © 2017 IBM Corporation
IBM Power Systems technical webinar series 41



## QSYS2.RESET\_ENVIRONMENTAL\_LIMITS – procedure

- The QSYS2.Reset\_Environmental\_Limits () procedure clears out the environment limit cache for the database. If IASPs are being used, this procedure clears the environment limit cache for the IASP within which it is called.
- Consider calling this procedure if you are iterating through applications changes based upon Health\_Environmental\_Limits data.

-- Reset the top 10

```
CALL QSYS2.RESET_ENVIRONMENTAL_LIMITS;
```

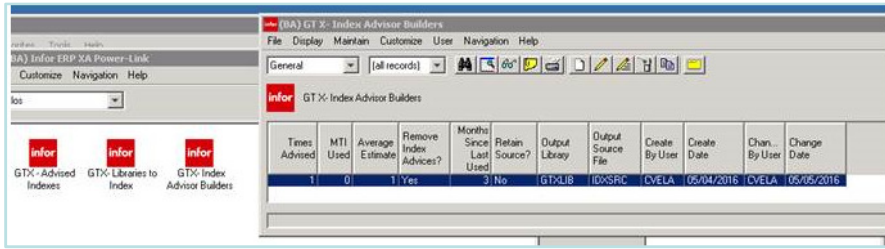
42 © 2017 IBM Corporation
IBM Power Systems technical webinar series 42

PowerSystems 




## Automating performance index creation and removal

### Real example of automating performance indexes... for Infor clients

*“Scott:  
I have developed a tool to automate (to a certain extent) the build of indexes and have beta tested the process at a single customer. The front end seen below interfaces with SYSTOOLS capabilities on the backend to run scheduled jobs.”*



© 2017 IBM Corporation
IBM Power Systems technical webinar series 43

PowerSystems 


## Special notices

This document was developed for IBM offerings in the United States as of the date of publication. IBM may not make these offerings available in other countries, and the information is subject to change without notice. Consult your local IBM business contact for information on the IBM offerings available in your area.

Information in this document concerning non-IBM products was obtained from the suppliers of these products or other public sources. Questions on the capabilities of non-IBM products should be addressed to the suppliers of those products.

IBM may have patents or pending patent applications covering subject matter in this document. The furnishing of this document does not give you any license to these patents. Send license inquires, in writing, to IBM Director of Licensing, IBM Corporation, New Castle Drive, Armonk, NY 10504-1785 USA.

All statements regarding IBM future direction and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice, and represent goals and objectives only.

The information contained in this document has not been submitted to any formal IBM test and is provided "AS IS" with no warranties or guarantees either expressed or implied.

All examples cited or described in this document are presented as illustrations of the manner in which some IBM products can be used and the results that may be achieved. Actual environmental costs and performance characteristics will vary depending on individual client configurations and conditions.

IBM Global Financing offerings are provided through IBM Credit Corporation in the United States and other IBM subsidiaries and divisions worldwide to qualified commercial and government clients. Rates are based on a client's credit rating, financing terms, offering type, equipment type and options, and may vary by country. Other restrictions may apply. Rates and offerings are subject to change, extension or withdrawal without notice.



IBM is not responsible for printing errors in this document that result in pricing or information inaccuracies.

All prices shown are IBM's United States suggested list prices and are subject to change without notice; reseller prices may vary.

IBM hardware products are manufactured from new parts, or new and serviceable used parts. Regardless, our warranty terms apply.

Any performance data contained in this document was determined in a controlled environment. Actual results may vary significantly and are dependent on many factors including system hardware configuration and software design and configuration. Some measurements quoted in this document may have been made on development-level systems. There is no guarantee these measurements will be the same on generally-available systems. Some measurements quoted in this document may have been estimated through extrapolation. Users of this document should verify the applicable data for their specific environment.

© 2017 IBM Corporation
IBM Power Systems technical webinar series 44

## Special notices (cont.)

IBM, the IBM logo, ibm.com AIX, AIX (logo), AIX 5L, AIX 6 (logo), AS/400, BladeCenter, Blue Gene, ClusterProven, DB2, ESCON, i5/OS, i5/OS (logo), IBM Business Partner (logo), IntelliStation, LoadLeveler, Lotus, Lotus Notes, Notes, Operating System/400, OS/400, PartnerLink, PartnerWorld, PowerPC, pSeries, Rational, RISC System/6000, RS/6000, THINK, Tivoli, Tivoli (logo), Tivoli Management Environment, WebSphere, xSeries, z/OS, zSeries, Active Memory, Balanced Warehouse, CacheFlow, Cool Blue, IBM Systems Director VMControl, pureScale, TurboCore, ChipHopper, Cloudscape, DB2 Universal Database, DS4000, DS6000, DS8000, EnergyScale, Enterprise Workload Manager, General Parallel File System, , GPFS, HACMP, HACMP/6000, HASM, IBM Systems Director Active Energy Manager, iSeries, Micro-Partitioning, POWER, PowerExecutive, PowerVM, PowerVM (logo), PowerHA, Power Architecture, Power Everywhere, Power Family, POWERhypervisor, Power Systems, Power Systems (logo), Power Systems Software, Power Systems Software (logo), POWER2, POWER3, POWER4, POWER4+, POWERS, POWERS+, POWER6, POWER6+, POWER7, System i, System p, System p5, System Storage, System z, TIME 10, Workload Partitions Manager and X-Architecture are trademarks or registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both. If these and other IBM trademarked terms are marked on their first occurrence in this information with a trademark symbol (® or ™), these symbols indicate U.S. registered or common law trademarks owned by IBM at the time this information was published. Such trademarks may also be registered or common law trademarks in other countries.

A full list of U.S. trademarks owned by IBM may be found at: <http://www.ibm.com/legal/copytrade.shtml>.

Adobe, the Adobe logo, PostScript, and the PostScript logo are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Adobe Systems Incorporated in the United States, and/or other countries.

AltiVec is a trademark of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.

AMD Opteron is a trademark of Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.

InfiniBand, InfiniBand Trade Association and the InfiniBand design marks are trademarks and/or service marks of the InfiniBand Trade Association.

Intel, Intel logo, Intel Inside, Intel Inside logo, Intel Centrino, Intel Centrino logo, Celeron, Intel Xeon, Intel SpeedStep, Itanium, and Pentium are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation or its subsidiaries in the United States and other countries.

IT Infrastructure Library is a registered trademark of the Central Computer and Telecommunications Agency which is now part of the Office of Government Commerce.

Java and all Java-based trademarks and logos are trademarks or registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Linear Tape-Open, LTO, the LTO Logo, Ultrium, and the Ultrium logo are trademarks of HP, IBM Corp. and Quantum in the U.S. and other countries.

Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds in the United States, other countries or both.

Microsoft, Windows and the Windows logo are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States, other countries or both.

NetBench is a registered trademark of Ziff Davis Media in the United States, other countries or both.

SPECint, SPECintp, SPECjob, SPECweb, SPECAppServer, SPEC OMP, SPECviewerperf, SPECcapc, SPECchpc, SPECjvm, SPECmail, SPECimap and SPECcsfs are trademarks of the Standard Performance Evaluation Corp (SPEC).

The Power Architecture and Power.org wordmarks and the Power and Power.org logos and related marks are trademarks and service marks licensed by Power.org.

TPC-C and TPC-H are trademarks of the Transaction Performance Processing Council (TPPC).




UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group in the United States, other countries or both.

Other company, product and service names may be trademarks or service marks of others.

© 2017 IBM Corporation

**IBM Power Systems technical webinar series**


45








Next Time

HMC V8R860 - recent, important updates and changes with Gareth Coates

8<sup>th</sup> Feb 2017 10am UK time








**Previous Sessions:**

- IBM i PDI
- Top Tech Tips
- LPM/SRR Automation Tool
- PowerVC 1.3.1 update
- IBM i Mobile Access
- Application Runtime Expert
- Hands-On with AIX7.2
- Accessing IBM i Now/Future
- PowerVC New Features
- Boost IBM i perm with Flash
- Simplified Remote Restart
- Linux on POWER Field Exp
- And more.....

**Future Sessions:**

- 15th Mar: IBM i Predictive Performance Management
- 19th Apr: IBM i Virtualization Performance
- 17th May: Relax and Recover (the opensource mksysb for Linux of Power)



Webinar wiki: <http://tinyurl.com/PowerSystemsTechnicalWebinars>

Youtube Channel: <http://tinyurl.com/IBMPowerVUGYoutubeChannel>

Twitter: [Gareth Coates @power\\_gaz](#) [Nigel Griffiths @mr\\_nmon](#)  
[Jyoti Dodhia @JyotiDodhia](#) [Therese Eaton @tetweetings](#)

© 2017 IBM Corporation

**IBM Power Systems technical webinar series**

46