



Power Systems Virtual User Group Technical Webinars
Wiki: <http://tinyurl.com/PowerSystemsTechnicalWebinars>



PowerVC 1.3.1 New Features & Demonstration



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IBM Europe

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PowerVC 1.3.1

This video assumes:

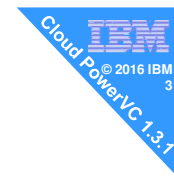
- You already know PowerVC version 1.3
 - So I'll cover the new features

If you have not used PowerVC:
Watch this YouTube video



- Power Systems Virtual User Group
- Session 52 – January 2016 roughly 90 minutes
- Name PowerVC 1.3.0
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yOTuavd0dc0>
~660 views so far plus the live audience on the day

→ My PowerVC YouTube videos have 16,000++ views in 2016 & growing



IBM PowerVC 1.3.1

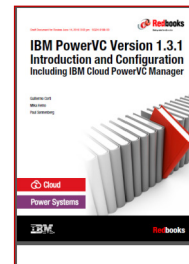
Announced: April 2016
 GA Released: 17th June 2016

Comes in two editions

1. PowerVC Standard Edition
2. Cloud PowerVC Manager Edition

PowerVC 1.3.1 Redbook available

- Already pretty good
- Draft under rapid writing & reviews until released ~August 2016



Nigel's 1.3.1 Announcement Highlights

IBM Cloud PowerVC Manager **V1.3.1** includes NEW THINGS:

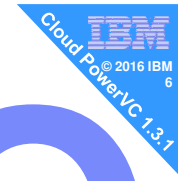
1. AIX VM - Active Memory Expansion ✓
 2. Dynamic Resource Optimiser – can be scheduled ✓
 3. Remove a VM but keep the storage “just in case” ✓
 4. Internal database moved from DB2 to MariaDB ✓
 5. Novalink improvements [not covered in this session]
 6. Project & user role admin for separating resources: VMs, Disks, Images ✓
 7. Hitachi Storage Provider Postponed
-
8. IBM Cloud Manager merging in to PowerVC
 - Self-service user has limited actions
 - User role “self-service” ✓
 - Deploy Templates from their project(s) only ✓
 - Policy based with or without admin approval process ✓
 - VM expirations - admin or auto remove ✓
 - Metering data that can be used for chargeback (REST API) ✓

PowerVC
Standard
Edition

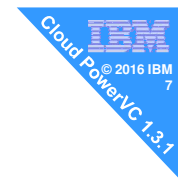
Cloud PowerVC
Manager Edition
adds to the
Standard Edition



DEMO



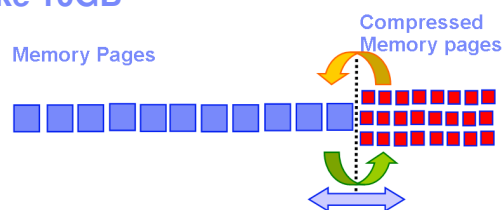
of
AME + SRR, CPU mode, CPU pool, weight
DRO scheduling + thresholds



1 Active Memory Expansion

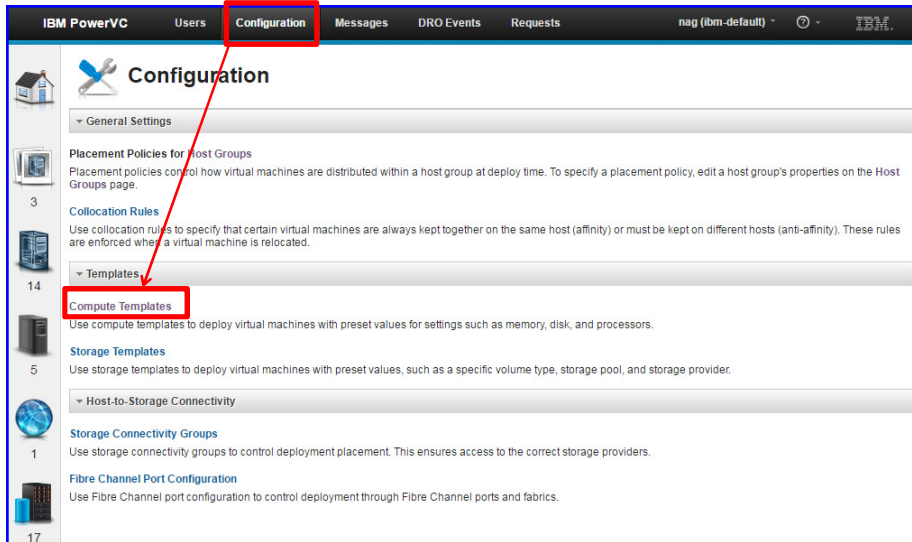
AIX only feature
Compresses memory for efficient use & performance

Switch on at the HMC + set the Expansion Factor
EF 1.0 = on but not active yet
EF 2.5 = 4GB looks like 10GB



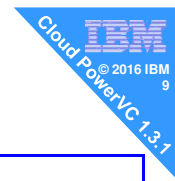
Active Memory Expansion

- Configuration → Compute Templates



Active Memory Expansion

- Configuration → Compute Templates



Configuration > Compute Templates

Compute Templates

Refresh Create Edit Delete

Name	Processors	Memory (MB)
m1.large	4	8,192
m1.medium	2	4,096
m1.small	1	2,048
m1.tiny	1	512
m1.xlarge	8	16,384
powervm.large	8	32,768
powervm.medium	4	16,384
powervm.small	2	8,192
powervm.tiny	1	4,096
powervm.xlarge	16	65,536
powervm.xxlarge	32	131,072

Advanced → Active Memory Expansion



IBM PowerVC Users Configuration Messages DRO Events Requests

Configuration > Compute Templates > Compute template: m1.small

Compute template: m1.small

Specify settings for images that are deployed with this compute template.
[Learn more about advanced settings](#)

Template settings:

Basic **Advanced**

* Template name: m1.small

Processors

Virtual processors:

Minimum:	* Desired:	Maximum:
	1	

Share processors

Processing units:

Minimum:	* Desired:	Maximum:

* Shared processor pool: DefaultPool

Processor sharing:

Idle sharing

Uncapped

Weight (0-255):

Memory

Memory (MB):

Minimum:	* Desired:	Maximum:
	2,048	

Active Memory Expansion:

Enable AME

* AME Expansion Factor: 2.5

Miscellaneous

Enable virtual machine remote restart.

Compatibility mode: default

Availability priority (0-255): 127

Save Compute Template Cancel

Advanced → Simplified Remote Restart



IBM PowerVC Users Configuration Messages DRO Events Requests

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Specify settings for images that are deployed with this compute template.
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Processing units:

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Processor sharing:

Idle sharing

Uncapped

Weight (0-255):

Memory

Memory (MB):

Minimum:	* Desired:	Maximum:
	2,048	

Active Memory Expansion:

Enable AME

AME Expansion Factor:

Miscellaneous

Enable virtual machine remote restart.

Compatibility mode: default

Availability priority (0-255): 127

Save Compute Template Cancel

Simplified Remote Restart (SRR) Update



- **SRR v1 HMC 8.4 + current FW & VIOS in Dec 2015**
 - LPM (static) from a dead machine + reactivate LPAR
 - Via HMC command line and/or PowerVC
 - Wrinkle: the dead machine must be a zombie (FSP alive)

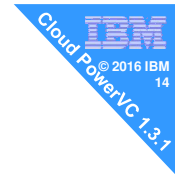
- **SRR v2 HMC 8.5 + current FW & VIOS in June 2016**
 - By popular demand → it doesn't need that FSP
 - Via HMC command line add the --noconnection option
 - Wrinkle: If it fails try the other HMC!
 - Wrinkle: PowerVC needs a small update to 1.3.1

- Also larger concurrency = 32 SRR at a time

Shared Processor Pool → SW license control



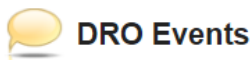
The screenshot shows the IBM PowerVC configuration interface for a compute template named 'm1.small'. The 'Advanced' tab is selected. A callout box highlights the 'Shared processor pool' section, which includes a dropdown menu set to 'DefaultPool', a 'Processor sharing' section with 'Idle sharing' and 'Uncapped' checked, and a 'Weight (0-255)' field set to 128. Another callout box points to the 'Processor sharing' section with the text 'Check your software vendor supports CPU Pools for licensing'.



2 Dynamic Resource Optimizer (DRO)

New in 2015:
PowerVC using LPM to load balance servers or Enterprise Mobile CPU core license balancing

Now with scheduling periods



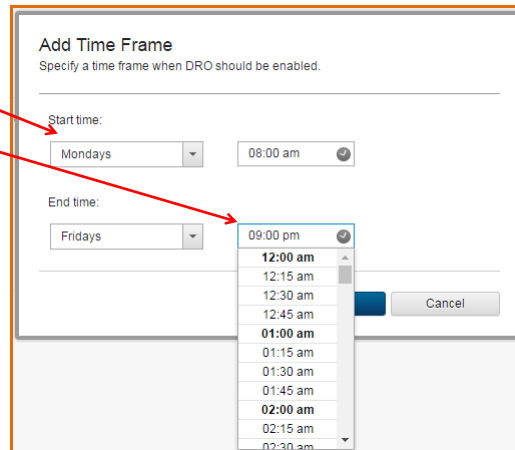
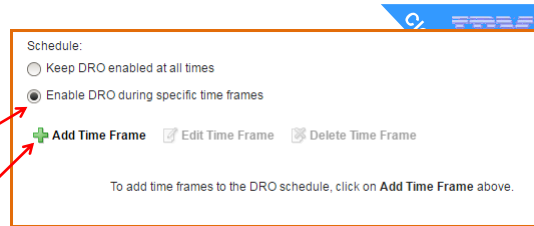
Dynamic Resource Optimizer	
Mode:	Active
Operations:	Migrations
CPU utilization threshold:	64%
Run interval:	5 minutes
Stabilization:	2 times
Maximum concurrent migrations:	5
Schedule:	DRO is always enabled

Dynamic Resource Optimizer (DRO)

- As before DRO is a Host Group feature
- Scheduling set-up here

Dynamic Resource Optimizer (DRO)

- Enable and ...
- "Add Time Frame"
- Days of the week + Hours of the day
- Can have many periods
- Lets you decide when LPM or Enterprise Mobile cores changed

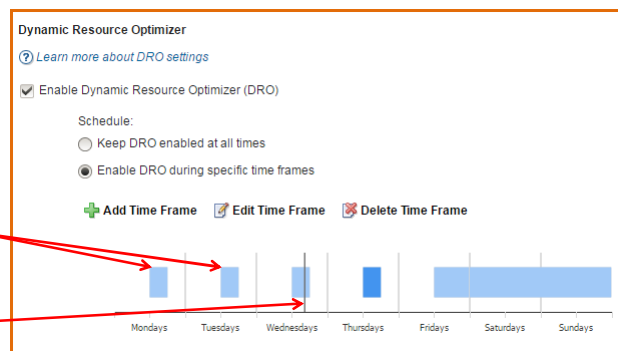


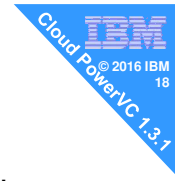
Dynamic Resource Optimizer (DRO)

- Example midday to 6 pm weekdays and any time at the weekend
- Not weekday morning = our busy time
- Click a period and you can adjust it (Edit)



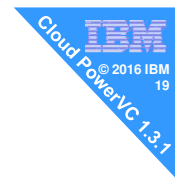
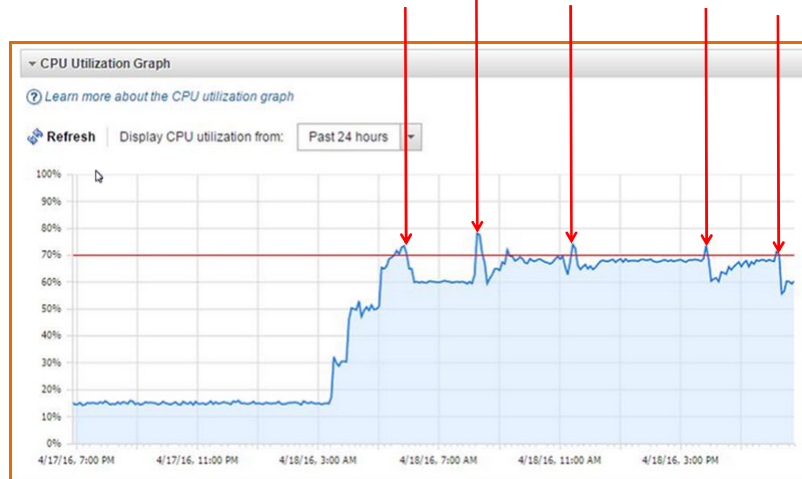
- **Welcome Feedback on how you see this being used!**
- Blobs are active periods
- Bar is now





Dynamic Resource Optimizer (DRO)

- Go to a particular Host's Details
- DRO actions when above the 70% threshold (settable)



3 Storage Life Cycle

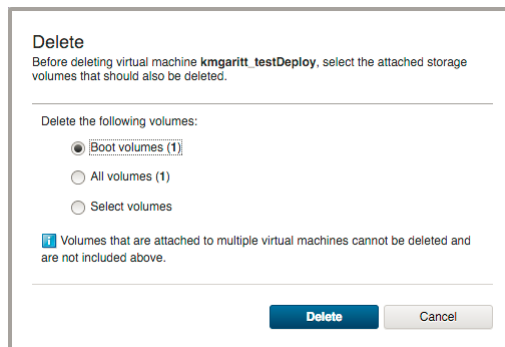


Improved Lifecycle Control of Data Volumes

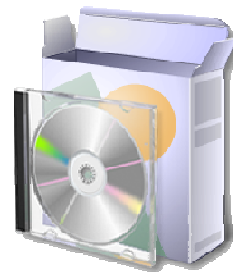
VM delete release CPU & RAM + removed the disks

Now you choose which disks to permanently destroy

- Example policy 1: Keep for 2 months as “dumb” users often want them back tomorrow!
- Example policy 2: Keep them to archive & destroy that evening



PowerVC 1.3.1 Install & Upgrade



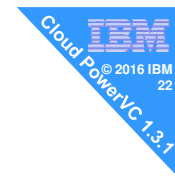
List prices

- PowerVC Standard – additional features
- IBM Cloud PowerVC Manager
 - Name decided by committee!
 - Massive feature jump and more to come in Q4
 - Effective merge IBM Cloud Manager into PowerVC



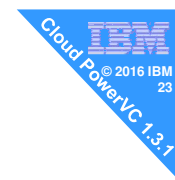
Power Systems Tiers	PowerVC Standard Edition License	IBM Cloud PowerVC Manager License
Large	\$160	\$460
Medium	\$120	\$320
Small	\$80	\$160

- Price per core managed by PowerVC
- Confirmed by the Product Manager April 2016



Installation PowerVC 1.3.1

1. You install RHEL 7
 2. Single media → DVD or large file (700MB)
 3. Unzip the .tgz file
 4. Untar the .tar file
 5. cd to the directory that tar created
 6. -s option decides what gets installed:
 - s **standard** or -s **powerkvm** or -s **cloud_powervm**
 7. Pre-test readiness `./install -s cloud_powervm -t`
 8. Install with `./install -s cloud_powervm`
 9. Takes about 30 minutes on fast disks
- If upgrading still use `./install` → it finds the older release
 - If running PowerVC Standard Edition you can upgrade later to Cloud PowerVC Manager Edition



Install

I prefer
RHEL 7.1 on POWER8
Can be BE or LE
but can be x86_64 LE

Hints:

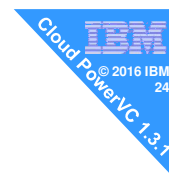
- On network – doh!
- Red Hat repositories connected up
- Install DVD repo

- Support is “RHEL7.1 or later”, so you can upgrade RHEL 7.1 & even use RHEL 7.2

```
# ./install -h
Installs the IBM PowerVC version 9.9.9.9.
Usage: install [-s <offering type>]
       install [-c nofirewall]
       install [-t]
       install [-u] [-f]
       install [-n preferipv4 | preferipv6 | requireipv4 | requireipv6]
       install [-h]
```

Options:

```
-c nofirewall No firewall configuration will be performed during installation
Admin will need to manually configure the firewall
per documentation.
-s <offering> Run a silent installation and requires the offering
value to be set to 'standard','powerkvm','cloud_powervm'
-t Run the prerequisite checks and exit
-u Uninstall to attempt clean up of failed installation and exit
-f Force install to override or bypass certain checks
Used with the uninstall option to bypass
failures during uninstall
-n preferipv4 (default) - This is the default option for IBM PowerVC installation.
Select this option to install IBM PowerVC using the IPv4
address. If the IPv4 address is unavailable, the
installation will use the IPv6 address.
preferipv6 - Select this option to install IBM PowerVC using the
IPv6 address. If the IPv6 address is unavailable,
the installation will use the IPv4 address.
requireipv4 - Select this option to install IBM PowerVC using the
IPv4 address only. If the IPv4 address is unavailable,
the installation will fail.
requireipv6 - Select this option to install IBM PowerVC using the
IPv6 address only. If the IPv6 address is unavailable,
the installation will fail.
-h Display this help message and exit
```



DB2 to MariaDB

- Installing PowerVC 1.3.1
 - MariaDB installed automatically behind the covers
- If Upgrading to PowerVC 1.3.1
 - the DB2 database is moved automatically to MariaDB
- If I did not tell you then you may not have noticed !



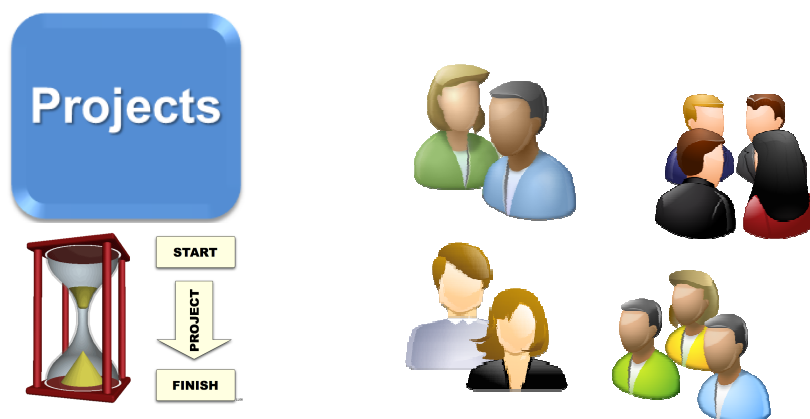
```
# ps -ef | grep -i maria
mysql 3464 2961 0 Jun13 ? 00:22:22 /usr/libexec/mysqld --basedir=/usr --
datadir=/var/opt/ibm/powervc/db --plugin-dir=/usr/lib64/mysql/plugin --log-
error=/var/log/mariadb/mariadb.log --open-files-limit=8192 --pid-
file=/var/run/mariadb/mariadb.pid --socket=/var/lib/mysql/mysql.sock --port=50110
```

```
[root@vm17 yum.repos.d]# rpm -qa | grep -i maria
mariadb-server-5.5.47-1.el7_2.ppc64
mariadb-libs-5.5.47-1.el7_2.ppc64
mariadb-5.5.47-1.el7_2.ppc64
```

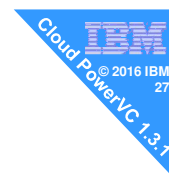




Projects & User Roles



Project & user roles for separating resources: VMs, Disks, Images



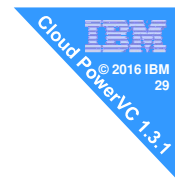
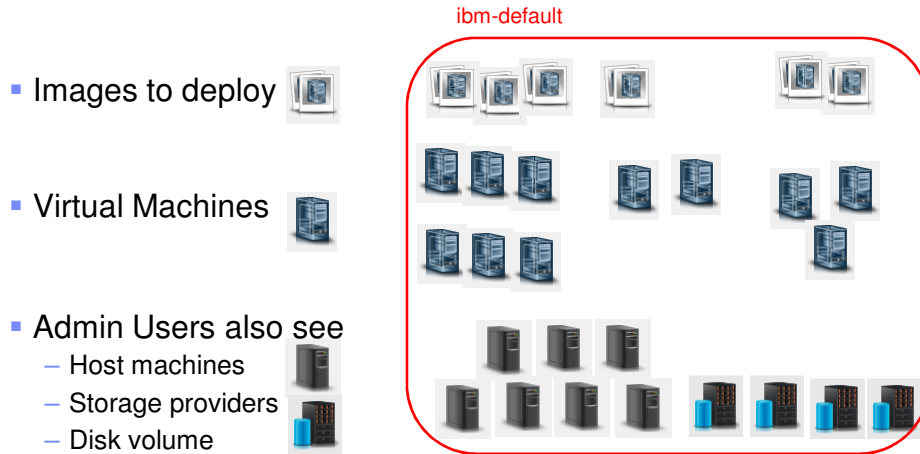
Why?

- Previously, one project “**ibm-default**” & one PowerVC super “**admin role**” owns everything & connected to the Linux user group “**admin**”
 - Likewise for user group **deployer** & **viewer** but less authority
- Now, different people (or teams) own & control their subset of PowerVC resources
- Makes for
 - Simpler management of larger PowerVC set-ups
 - Isolation of resources = reduced mistakes / multi-tenancy



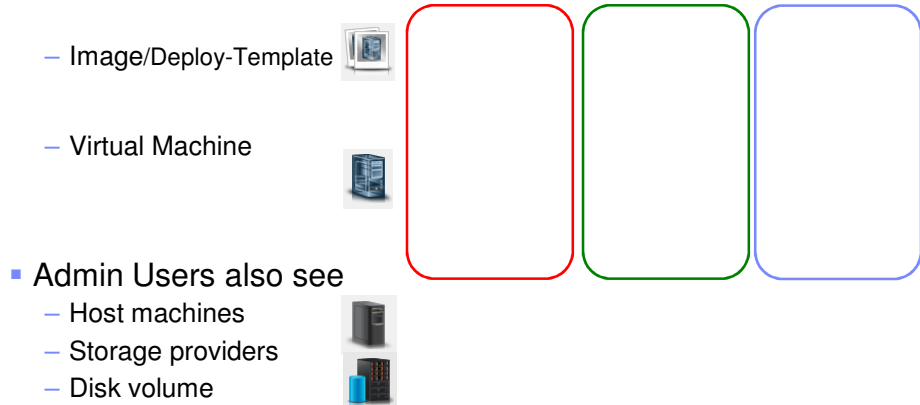
Project and roles – “Old School”

- PowerVC 1.3.0 (& older) already knew about projects
 - EVERYTHING was in project: **ibm-default**
 - EVERYTHING access by **admin** Role via **admin** Linux user group



Project and roles – new way

- Created three projects
 - **ibm-default**
 - **six**
 - **seven**






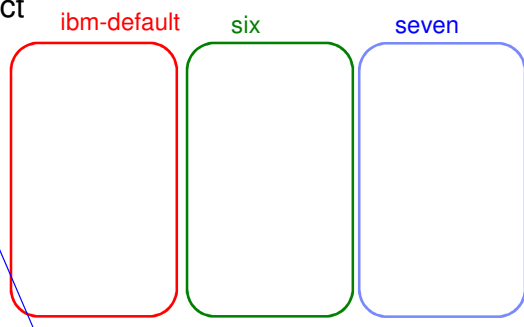
Project and roles – new way

- Manage a HMC → visible to admin user in all 3 projects




- Users see only their project

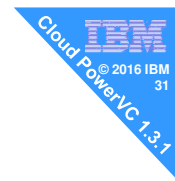
– Image/Deploy-Template 

– Virtual Machine 



- Admin Users also see

- Host machines 
- Storage providers 
- Disk volume 




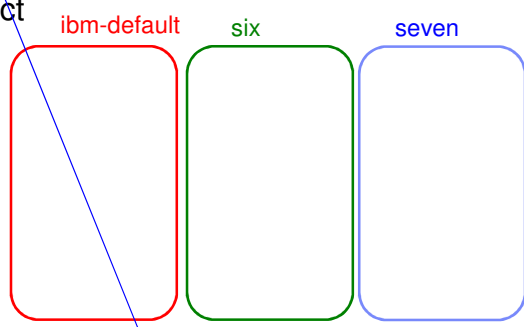
Project and roles – new way

- Next manage the host Power machines → visible in all projects




- Users see only their project

– Image/Deploy-Template 

– Virtual Machine 



- Admin Users also see

- Host machines 
- Storage providers 
- Disk volume 

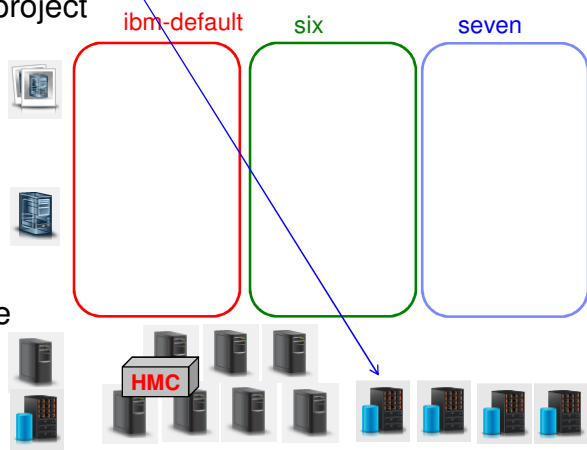




Project and roles – new way

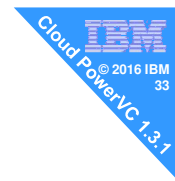
- Manage Storage Providers → visible from all 3 projects
- Shared Storage Pool found when managing VM using SSP
- Users see only their project

- Image/Deploy-Template
- Virtual Machine



- Admin Users also see
 - Host machines
 - Storage providers
 - Disk volume

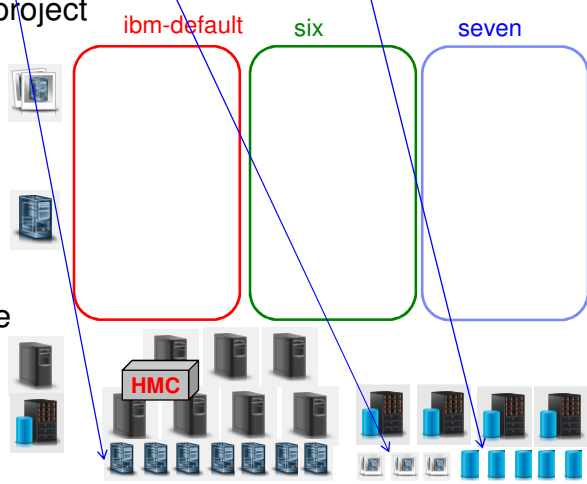
Project and roles – new way



- Now you can “see” VM’s, images and virtual Disks

- Users see only their project

- Image/Deploy-Template
- Virtual Machine



- Admin Users also see
 - Host machines
 - Storage providers
 - Disk volume

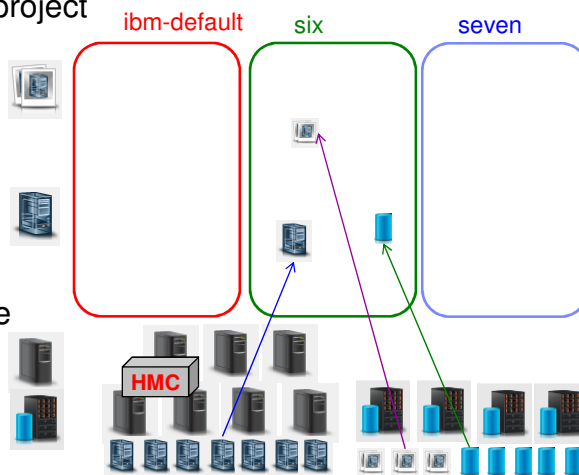


Project and roles – new way

- Now you can “see” VM’s, images and virtual Disks
- But these resources can only be managed in one Project
- Users see only their project

- Image/Deploy-Template
- Virtual Machine

- Admin Users also see
 - Host machines
 - Storage providers
 - Disk volume

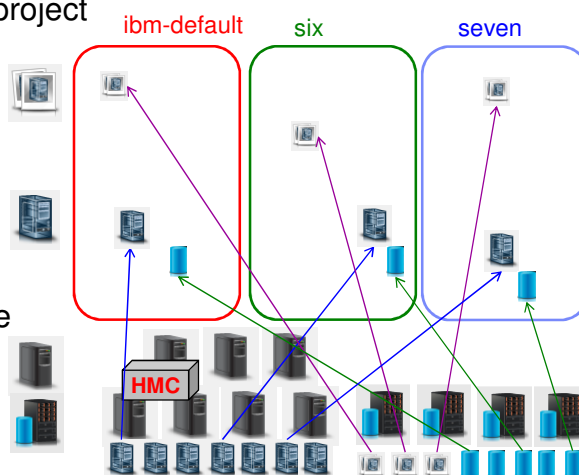


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Project and roles – new way

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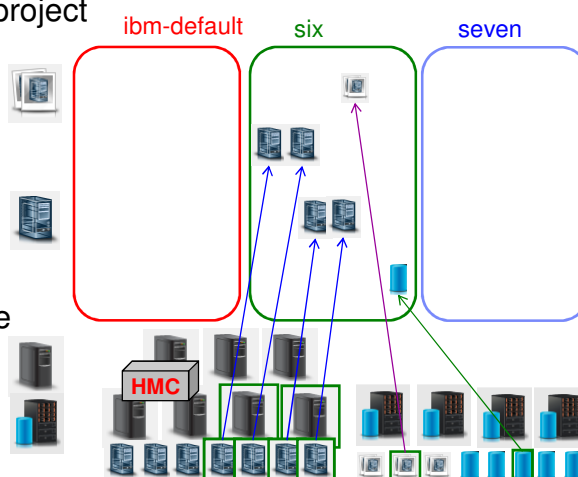
- Users see only their project

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– Virtual Machine

- Admin Users also see

– Host machines
– Storage providers
– Disk volume



Project & Role Management:

Now in PowerVC 1.3.1+

1. Use openstack command to create a project (once for each)

- This is mostly giving it a name
- The default project is “ibm-default”

2. Next create a Linux user: # adduser

3. Use openstack commands to

- Assign the new user to one (or more) project with a specific role

- There are 9 roles defined: See Redbook section 3.8.2

- Previous Roles: **admin**, **deployer**, **viewer**

- Six new ones → variations on the above three

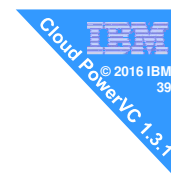
- Self-service → only for Cloud PowerVC Manager Edition


But first lets do something simpler



- By default **root user** has the **admin** role for **ibm-default** project
 - Not a good idea to use root id for accessing PowerVC
- So for security reasons
 - Create a powervc “master” user: “**powervc**”
 - With admin role for the default project “ibm-default”
- This should help you understand projects

Create new “master” user for GUI access

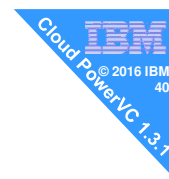


```
# adduser powervc -p SECRET 
#
#
# openstack role add --project ibm-default --user powervc admin
Missing parameter(s):
Set a username with --os-username, OS_USERNAME, or auth.username
Set an authentication URL, with --os-auth-url, OS_AUTH_URL or auth.auth_url
Set a scope, such as a project or domain, set a project scope with --os-project-name,
  OS_PROJECT_NAME or auth.project_name, set a domain scope with --os-domain-
  name, OS_DOMAIN_NAME or auth.domain_name 
```

Ugh!!!

REST API experts might recognise some of this as standard info needed to “talk” to openstack services

Create new “master” user for GUI access



```
# adduser powervc -p SECRET ✓
#
# source /opt/ibm/powervc/powervcrc ✓
#
# export OS_USERNAME=root ✓
# export OS_PASSWORD= <ROOT-PASSWD> ←actual password
#
# openstack role add --project ibm-default --user powervc admin ✓
#
```

Now you can login as Linux user: powervc at the PowerVC GUI webpage as the “master” user

However, CLI PowerVC commands still need to be run as root as in /opt/ibm/powervc/bin/ . . .

Create new “master” user for GUI access



So what is in that “magic” file? /opt/ibm/powervc/powervcrc
- Automatically created at install/upgrade time

```
export OS_IDENTITY_API_VERSION=3
export OS_REGION_NAME=RegionOne
export OS_AUTH_URL=https://pvc.acme.com:5000/v3/
export OS_CACERT=/etc/pki/tls/certs/powervc.crt
export OS_PROJECT_DOMAIN_NAME=Default
export OS_PROJECT_NAME=ibm-default
export OS_TENANT_NAME=ibm-default
export OS_USER_DOMAIN_NAME=Default
export OS_USERNAME=
export OS_PASSWORD=
export OS_COMPUTE_API_VERSION=2.25
export OS_NETWORK_API_VERSION=2.0
export OS_IMAGE_API_VERSION=2
export OS_VOLUME_API_VERSION=2
```

My PowerVC's hostname

← can add user name

← can add password

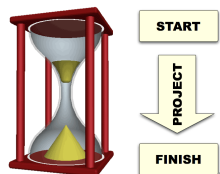
Create new “master” user for GUI access



1. To let powervc user run PowerVC CLI commands
 - cp /opt/ibm/powervc/powervcrc /home/powervc/powervcrc
2. Set the OS_USERNAME & OS_PASSWORD for root user
 - vi /home/powervc/powervcrc
3. Make it read/write only for powervc
 - chmod 700 /home/powervc/powervcrc
 - chown powervc /home/powervc/powervcrc
4. Add it to .bash_profile
 - cd /home/powervc
 - echo source /home/powervc/powervcrc >> .bash_profile
5. Then log out and back in again

Now powervc user can issue openstack commands

Now back to create project and setting user roles



Create a project

```
[root@vm19 ~]# openstack project create \
    --description "Six Project" six
```

Field	Value
description	Six Project
domain_id	default
enabled	True
id	4e5ed9491daf44319eab573ebd0825e6
is_domain	False
name	six
parent_id	default

```
[root@vm19 ~]# openstack project list
```

ID	Name
135537788461455183a90a4886142a65	powervm
1f0ca545a81a4fffa8af6cf5fd2bea91	ibm-default
4e5ed9491daf44319eab573ebd0825e6	six
aa0ed38f28154f0aaac3c0e60decfb65	service



Create users and add them to a project

```
[root@vm19 ~]# adduser sixadmin -p 666      ← NOT good password
[root@vm19 ~]# adduser halfdozen -p 666     ← NOT good password
[root@vm19 ~]#
```

```
[root@vm19 ~]# openstack role add --project six --user sixadmin admin
[root@vm19 ~]# openstack role add --project six --user halfdozen admin
[root@vm19 ~]# openstack user list
```

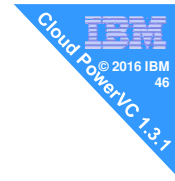
ID	Name
1dd45dfca1d83b0e38 . . .	powervc
79d13683f8ab37b1d5 . . .	sixadmin
897db369914c6109c4 . . .	halfdozen

Fixing a role – above halfdozen should have deployer role

```
[root@vm19 ~]# openstack role remove --project six --user halfdozen admin
[root@vm19 ~]# openstack role add --project six --user halfdozen deployer
```

WARNING: Not the "delete" sub-command





User role list

```
[root@vml9 ~]# openstack role list
```

ID	Name
0bd36ecc931549f5a0fe71a99c2a74e9	storage_manager
135f12bbf7c449e195c47bfd4d6c216	viewer
27547b499f9d47009284b29525f4b921	service
4426e5babb864a12ab417d8178ab229d	deployer_restricted
4bfea43c1019490eaf3aec4fa2a921c6	admin
72ad4c6b05d442cab7973a9d035a68b1	image_manager
b9b2866254dc40aa9512ec988ea76938	vm_manager
f864d7e879164df583098c318e7c5302	deployer
fda52585536d476793d2764fa76c4042	vm_user

See the PowerVC **Redbook** for the full Role Descriptions

admin		vm_manager	vm_user
deployer*	deployer_restricted	storage_manager	
viewer		image_manager	
	service**		

*deployer is deprecated (to be removed in later releases)

** service not for us



DEMO

of projects

powervc & sixadmin

As sixadmin user

IBM PowerVC Configuration Messages DRO Events sixadmin (six)

Home

IBM PowerVC Standard Edition will use the following resources to manage your virtual environment. [Learn more...](#)

+ Add Host + Add Storage + Add Network

Verify Environment Last verified: Never

Rather boring as I have not discovered anything yet!

Username (Project)

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Change project but these is only one!

IBM PowerVC Configuration Messages DRO Events sixadmin (six)

Home

IBM PowerVC Standard Edition will use the following resources to manage your virtual environment. [Learn more...](#)

+ Add Host + Add Storage

Verify Environment Last verified: Never

Click

Change Project Log Out

Change Current Project
Select a project and click Change Project to change to a different project.

Current project: six

Name	Description
six	Six Project

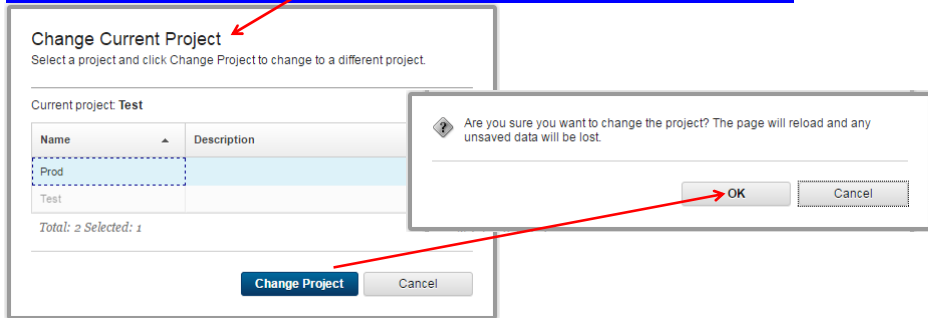
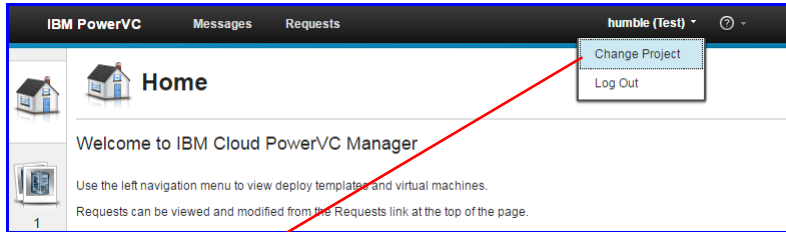
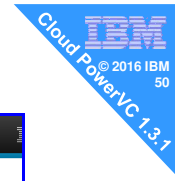
Total: 1 Selected: 0

Change Project Cancel

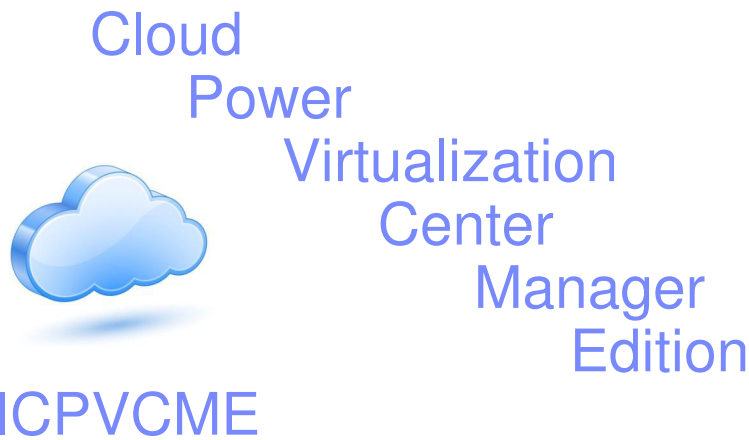
Can't change as sixadmin is only in one project

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User with two projects can switch

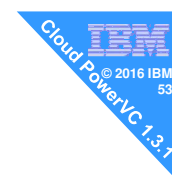


4 Cloud PowerVC Manager Edition IBM



Installing the Cloud Edition Features Changes

- New Role: self-service [mandatory]
- Manage Projects & User Roles [mandatory]
- Manage VM Deploy requests [optional]
- Manage VM Expiration [optional]
- You need at least 1 Deploy Image per Project [mandatory]
 - Currently these are not shared
- New Deploy-Templates resource [mandatory]
 - Deploy Image + Compute-Template
 - = one click Deploy with no questions for Self-Service users
- New `power-cloud-config` command for [mandatory]
 - Setting VM deploy, VM expire & Image Capture
- Metering usage stats [optional]



DEMO

of Self-service

humble

Don't make my mistake!!

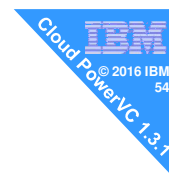
I crash & burn my PowerVC host so I then

- Find all the HMC
- Find the host machines
- Find the VMs
- Find the images

- Now look for the new cloud / projects stuff

- If you found everything its in the **ibm-default** project
- There is nothing left for Cloud projects to manage!

- So lets talk more about **projects**



My Projects and User roles

- Super admin: powervc = admin for all projects
- Project: six for POWER6 host group
 - Admin user: sixadmin
 - Deployer: halfdozen
 - Users: sixtus and sixtine and humble
- Project: seven
 - Admin user: sevenadmin
 - Deployer: sevendep
 - Users: sevenself and humble
- Project: eight
 - Admin user: eightadmin
 - Deployer: eightdep
 - Users: eightself and humble





How do we review the projects and role assignments?

- openstack project list
- openstack role list
- openstack user list

- openstack role assignment list
 - Oh dear! hexadecimal id’s → Yuck!

Role	User	Group	Project	Domain	Inherited
c9df2d090f1e4153b	0688b01e6439ca32d		c511b521ca9349839		False
f0de1306132c189	698d20789d5216912		7F33f1fa4b16dfc		
	6fb41fba4ddafaceb				
	b97d854e836c9				

“--names” can fix that but it is good to strip out some information we don’t need to see. Next slide →



List Project + Role + User script:

```

openstack role assignment list -c Project -c Role -c User --names -f value | \
grep -v @Service | sed 's/@Default//g' | \
awk '{ printf "%-15s %-15s %-15s\n", $3, $1, $2 }' | sort
    
```

Replaces Hex with readable names

Removes internal user id's & fluff

Smarter columns & reorder

```

eight      admin      eightadmin
eight      admin      powervc
eight      deployer  eightdep
eight      self_service eightself
eight      self_service humble
ibm-default admin      powervc
ibm-default admin      root
ibm-default self_service humble
seven      admin      powervc
seven      admin      sevenadmin
seven      deployer  sevendep
seven      self_service humble
seven      self_service selfish
seven      self_service sevenself
six        admin      powervc
six        admin      sixadmin
six        deployer  halfdozen
six        self_service humble
six        self_service sixtine
six        self_service sixtus
    
```

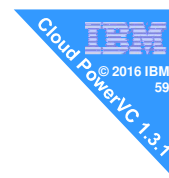
Alternatively: User + Project + Role
 awk '{ printf "%-15s %-15s %-15s\n", \ \$2, \$3, \$1}' | sort

powervc-config command - awkward



- Many PowerVC commands merging in this one
- This allows lots of settings like
 - PowerVC IP addresses
 - User web timeouts ← good
 - Max deploy image size
 - DNS domain defaults ← mandatory
 - Metering ← Cloud Edition more later
- See AIXpert blog
 - **PowerVC 1.3.1 Cheat Sheet**
 - for details on how to use this unhelpful command!
- https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/community/blogs/aixpert/entry/PowerVC_1_3_1_Cheat_Sheet

powervc-cloud-config command - painful



- Projects with **Self-Service** users Settings
 - VM deploy needs Admin approval?
 - VM to have expiration date?
 - Image Capture limits?
- If not set then something's do not appear on the GUI
- See AIXpert blog
 - **PowerVC 1.3.1 Cheat Sheet**
 - for details on how to use this command!
- https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/community/blogs/aixpert/entry/PowerVC_1_3_1_Cheat_Sheet

powervc-cloud-config command - painful

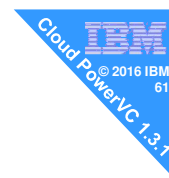
- Need those powervrc shell variables set
 - This allows lot of settings like (my shorthand reminder)
- | | |
|---|--|
| <code>default_request_wait_time</code> | Days waiting for VM approval before it's automatically approved |
| <code>deploy_approval_limit</code> | Number of VMs a user can have without needing approval |
| <code>expired_resources_lifetime</code> | After a VM expired, the days before the VM is deleted |
| <code>extension_approval_limit</code> | Number of VM user extensions before approval is needed |
| <code>default_expiration_days</code> | Number for the default days before the VM is expired and a limit to the maximum days that can be requested |
| <code>snapshot_approval_limit</code> | Number of VM Captures before approval needed |



powervc-cloud-config command - painful

You must script this or you will get caught out
 If OS_TENANT_NAME="ibm-default" then
 the **--project six** below is totally ignored!!

```
unset OS_TENANT_NAME
powervc-cloud-config --project six set-policy default_request_wait_time 5
powervc-cloud-config --project six set-policy deploy_approval_limit 3
powervc-cloud-config --project six set-policy expired_resources_lifetime 90
powervc-cloud-config --project six set-policy extension_approval_limit 4
powervc-cloud-config --project six set-policy default_expiration_days 30
powervc-cloud-config --project six set-policy snapshot_approval_limit 10
```



Project and User Control

- Linux user is allocated a role on specific project(s)

– Admin full access



Admin role

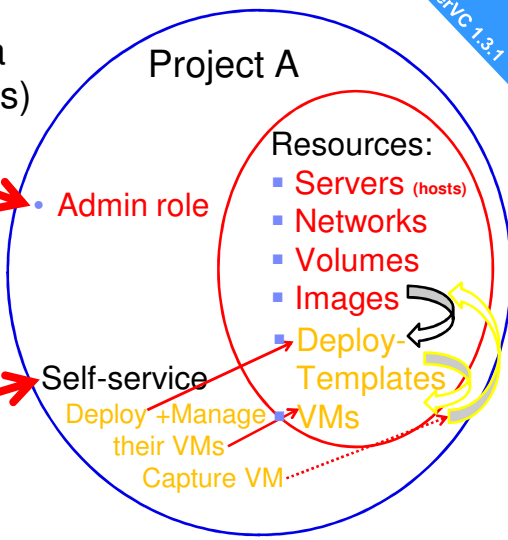
– Self-service limited



Self-service

Deploy + Manage their VMs
Capture VM

– Project Policy decides if VM needs approval



Project six

sixadmin = Admin with full access for project **six**

ALL Resources:

- Servers
- Networks
- Volumes
- Images
 - AIX 7.2 TL0 sp1
- ALL VMs
- Compute Template



Project six

sixadmin = Admin with full access for project **six**

ALL Resources:

- Servers
- Networks
- Volumes
- Images
 - AIX 7.2 TL0 sp1

Deploy-Templates

AIX 7.2 TL0 sp1

- ALL VMs
- Compute Template
 - # of CPU, GB RAM
 - Hosts group + settings



Project six

sixadmin = Admin with full access for project **six**

ALL Resources:

- Servers
- Networks
- Volumes
- Images
 - AIX 7.2 TL0 sp1

Deploy-Templates

AIX 7.2 TL0 sp1

- ALL VMs
- Compute Template

humble
vm1
vm2
vm3

sixtus
vm4
vm5

sixtine
vm6

Self-service users



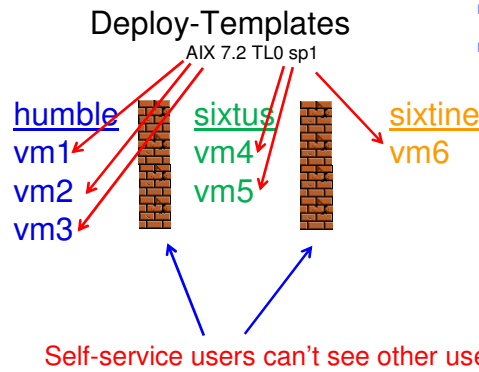
Project six

sixadmin = Admin with full access for project six

ALL Resources:

- Servers
- Networks
- Volumes
- Images
 - AIX 7.2 TL0 sp1

- ALL VMs
- Compute Template



Project six

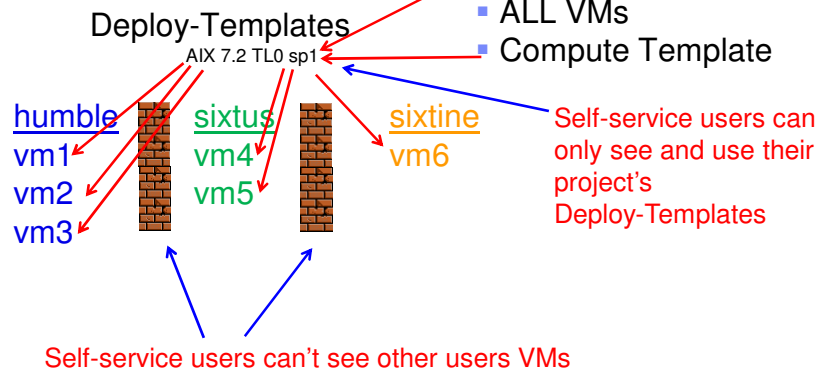
sixadmin = Admin with full access for project six

ALL Resources:

Self-service users can't see Servers, Network, Disk volumes or Images

- Servers
- Networks
- Volumes
- Images
 - AIX 7.2 TL0 sp1

- ALL VMs
- Compute Template

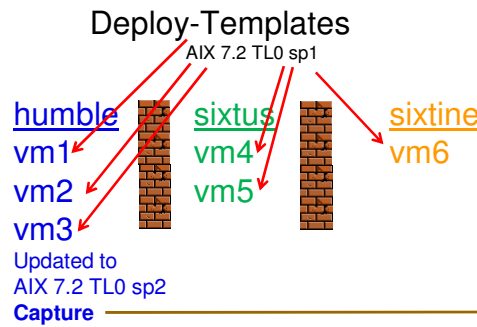


Project six

sixadmin = Admin with full access for project six

ALL Resources:

- Servers
- Networks
- Volumes
- Images
 - AIX 7.2 TL0 sp1
 - AIX7.2 TL0 sp2
- ALL VMs
- Compute Template



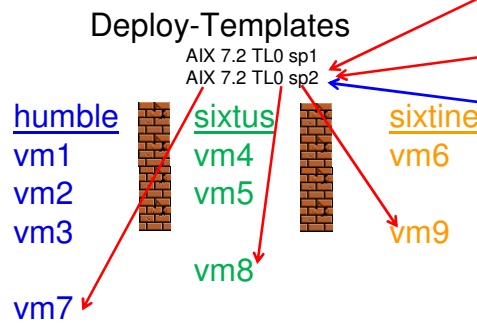
Self-service users Capture seems to disappear as its added to the Image list that it can't see

Project six

sixadmin = Admin with full access for project six

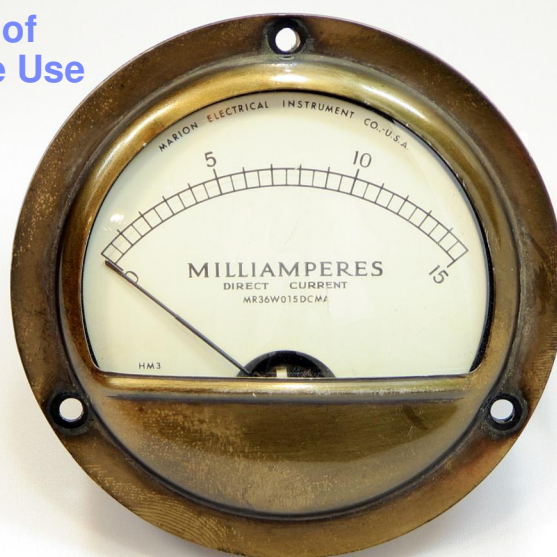
ALL Resources:

- Servers
- Networks
- Volumes
- Images
 - AIX 7.2 TL0 sp1
 - AIX7.2 TL0 sp2
- ALL VMs
- Compute Template



If the Admin user makes a new Deploy-Template from the new capture all the self-service users can deploy it

Metering of Resource Use

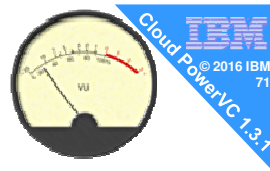


Users pay for their IT use?

- Multi-tenant or user department based charging

Currently, just raw stats - No invoice generation here!

User Metering via REST API



▪ Documented in the Manual

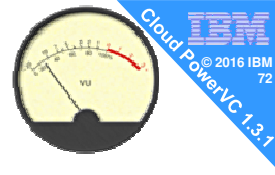
- https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/en/SSVSPA_1.3.1/com.ibm.powervc.cloud.help.doc/powervc_cloud_metering.html
- I found it very . . . challenging!
- Zero information about what you get

▪ Data extracted via REST API via tools like these:

- For scripting Curl (text) plus shell scripting
- Python with JSON modules
- GUI Firefox Rest Client
- GUI Chrome Postman

▪ We need a clear worked example

User Metering via REST API

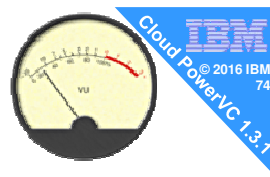


- From experiments
 - I use the curl command (text based) for scripts
It is already installed on PowerVC RHEL7.1+ server
 - Data in JSON format
 - IMHO one the worst formats on the planet!
 - Extreme duplication in returned text 95% pointless
 - 50 timestamps & numbers ~1KB and 45KB file and on one line
 - The data is often in internal ID form that you then need to decode
- REST API + JSON = good for program access
for you to develop a billing application !

CPU=1% Machine Timestamp

```
curl -i -k -X GET https://vml1.aixncc.uk.ibm.com:5000/powervc/openstack/metering/v2/samples -H X-Auth-Token:2e1c30048a674ab28b698e5167933b4
[[{"user_id": null, "resource_id": "8408E8E_21D494V_8408E8E_21D494V", "timestamp": "2016-07-08T12:47:45.439914", "meter": "compute.node.cpu.percent", "volume": 1.0, "source": "openstack", "recorded_at": "2016-07-08T12:47:45.828186", "project_id": null, "type": "gauge", "id": "2b333990-450a-11e6-9bb2-326cb0074402", "unit": "percent", "metadata": {"source": "powervc nova.virt.libmpowervm.hmc.driver.PowerVMDriver", "host": "compute.8408E8E_21D494V", "event_type": "compute.metrics.update"}}, {"user_id": null, "resource_id": "8203E4A_10E0A21_8203E4A_10E0A21", "timestamp": "2016-07-08T12:47:43.762267", "meter": "compute.node.cpu.percent", "volume": 0.0, "source": "openstack", "recorded_at": "2016-07-08T12:47:44.120103", "project_id": null, "type": "gauge", "id": "2a2ea8ea-450a-11e6-a822-326cb0074402", "unit": "percent", "metadata": {"source": "powervc nova.virt.libmpowervm.hmc.driver.PowerVMDriver", "host": "compute.8203E4A_10E0A21", "event_type": "compute.metrics.update"}}, {"user_id": null, "resource_id": "828422A_215296V_828422A_215296V", "timestamp": "2016-07-08T12:47:41.631892", "meter": "compute.node.cpu.percent", "volume": 0.0, "source": "openstack", "recorded_at": "2016-07-08T12:47:42.012994", "project_id": null, "type": "gauge", "id": "28ed22c2-450a-11e6-9326-326cb0074402", "unit": "percent", "metadata": {"source": "powervc nova.virt.libmpowervm.hmc.driver.PowerVMDriver", "host": "compute.828422A_215296V", "event_type": "compute.metrics.update"}}, {"user_id": null, "resource_id": "8203E4A_10E0A31_8203E4A_10E0A31", "timestamp": "2016-07-08T12:47:40.443859", "meter": "compute.node.cpu.percent", "volume": 0.0, "source": "openstack", "recorded_at": "2016-07-08T12:47:40.402204", "project_id": null, "type": "gauge", "id": "27f6ff0a-450a-11e6-8c8b-326cb0074402", "unit": "percent", "metadata": {"source": "powervc nova.virt.libmpowervm.hmc.driver.PowerVMDriver", "host": "compute.8203E4A_10E0A31", "event_type": "compute.metrics.update"}}, {"user_id": null, "resource_id": "8231E2B_06FC44P_8231E2B_06FC44P", "timestamp": "2016-07-08T12:47:37.055099", "meter": "compute.node.cpu.percent", "volume": 0.0, "source": "openstack", "recorded_at": "2016-07-08T12:47:37.440990", "project_id": null, "type": "gauge", "id": "2633c7b6-450a-11e6-bf81-326cb0074402", "unit": "percent", "metadata": {"source": "powervc nova.virt.libmpowervm.hmc.driver.PowerVMDriver", "host": "compute.8231E2B_06FC44P", "event_type": "compute.metrics.update"}}, {"user_id": null, "resource_id": "8231E1C_0659FDR_8231E1C_0659FDR", "timestamp": "2016-07-08T12:47:33.231023", "meter": "compute.node.cpu.percent", "volume": 0.0, "source": "openstack", "recorded_at": "2016-07-08T12:47:33.603068", "project_id": null, "type": "gauge", "id": "23e9dc34-450a-11e6-be74-326cb0074402", "unit": "percent", "metadata": {"source": "powervc nova.virt.libmpowervm.hmc.driver.PowerVMDriver", "host": "compute.8231E1C_0659FDR", "event_type": "compute.metrics.update"}}, {"user_id": null, "resource_id": "8233E8B_100271P_8233E8B_100271P", "timestamp": "2016-07-08T12:47:28.998088", "meter": "compute.node.cpu.percent", "volume": 0.0, "source": "openstack", "recorded_at": "2016-07-08T12:47:29.396018", "project_id": null, "type": "gauge", "id": "21682be6-450a-11e6-b359-326cb0074402", "unit": "percent", "metadata": {"source": "powervc nova.virt.libmpowervm.hmc.driver.PowerVMDriver", "host": "compute.8233E8B_100271P", "event_type": "compute.metrics.update"}}, {"user_id": null, "resource_id": "9117MMB_100525P_9117MMB_100525P", "timestamp": "2016-07-08T12:47:28.269003", "meter": "compute.node.cpu.percent", "volume": 0.0, "source": "openstack", "recorded_at": "2016-07-08T12:47:28.657466", "project_id": null, "type": "gauge", "id": "20f75574-450a-11e6-8fb3-326cb0074402", "unit": "percent", "metadata": {"source": "powervc nova.virt.libmpowervm.hmc.driver.PowerVMDriver", "host": "compute.9117MMB_100525P", "event_type": "compute.metrics.update"}}, {"user_id": null, "resource_id": "8233E8B_100272P_8233E8B_100272P", "timestamp": "2016-07-08T12:47:20.238242", "meter": "compute.node.cpu.percent", "volume": 0.0, "source": "openstack", "recorded_at": "2016-07-08T12:47:20.612747", "project_id": null, "type": "gauge", "id": "1c2bf23e-450a-11e6-b14d-326cb0074402", "unit": "percent", "metadata": {"source": "powervc nova.virt.libmpowervm.hmc.driver.PowerVMDriver", "host": "compute.8233E8B_100272P", "event_type": "compute.metrics.update"}}, {"user_id": null, "resource_id": "8203E4A_10E0A51_8203E4A_10E0A51", "timestamp": "2016-07-08T12:47:15.238091", "meter": "compute.node.cpu.percent.samples"}]]
```

User Metering via REST API



- From experiments
 - Project Data is taken every 10 minutes
 - It is configuration data
 - Project (admin) + User level (self-service)
 - Server Usage data is taken once a minute

- Data available
 - total_vcpu = Entitlement (not virtual CPUs)
 - total_memory = RAM in MB
 - total_volumes = Disk in GB (ignoring thin provisioning)
 - CPU Utilisation% per server (from HMC)

User Metering via REST API

Work in Progress



Sort of remotely login to PowerVC as a website

```
# export POWERVC=vm17.ache.com
# curl -l -k -i -X POST https://$POWERVC:5000/v3/auth/tokens \
-H "Accept: application/json" \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" -d @auth.json (file contains user/password/project)
```

Returns a TOKEN to use for the below GET data requests

Get a meter value, here Entitlement (called total_vcpu)

```
# curl -l -k -i -H "X-Auth-Token:$TOKEN" -X GET \
https://$POWERVC:5000/powervc/openstack/metering/v2/meters/total_vcpu
```

Similar for total_memory (RAM MB) and total_volumes (Diskspace GB)

Get Machine CPU use called samples

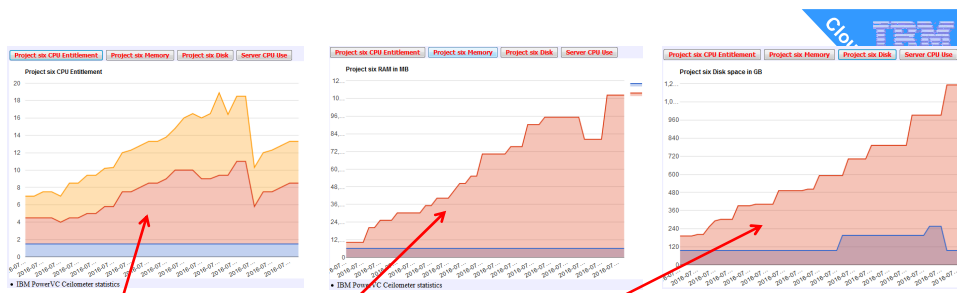
```
curl -l -k -X GET -H "X-Auth-Token:$TOKEN" \
"https://$POWERVC:5000/powervc/openstack/metering/v2/samples"
```

Then a few hours shell scripting to filter out the "noise" & for line by line CSV's

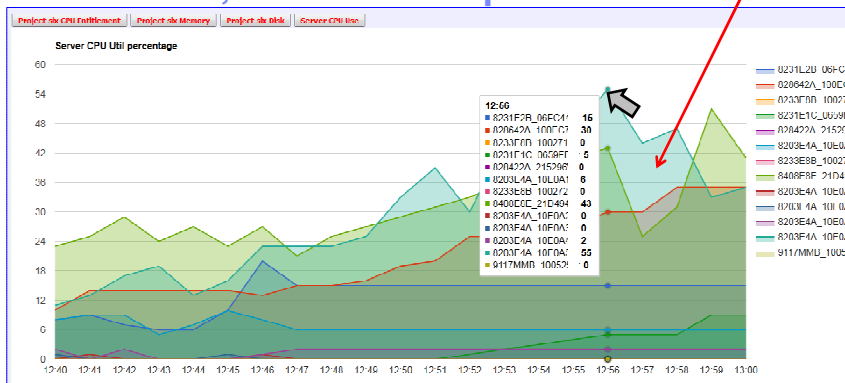
```
2016-07-06T215810,0.5,sixtus
2016-07-06T215810,6.0,sixadmin
2016-07-06T215810,2.5,humble
2016-07-06T215810,1.5,sixtine
```

And using awk to do a matrix inversion you get to usable CSV file (nmon format ☺)

```
Entitlement,sixtus,sixadmin,humble,sixtine
2016-07-06T215810,0.5,6.0,2.5,1.5
```



Entitlement, RAM & Disk space + Server CPU% use

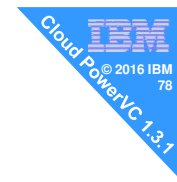


User Metering via REST API

Save events and data for 90 days = 2160 hours

```
Events are causes if stats pass a threshold that you set
# powervc-config metering event_ttl --set 2160 --unit hr
Setting event_time_to_live to 2160 hr
```

```
How much stats data you want to have stored
# powervc-config metering meter_ttl --set 2160 --unit hr
Setting metering_time_to_live to 2160 hr
#
```



DEMO

of Admin & Self-Service

Summary – Good time for Questions



IBM Cloud PowerVC Manager **V1.3.1** includes NEW THINGS:

1. AIX VM - Active Memory Expansion ✓
 2. Dynamic Resource Optimiser – can be scheduled ✓
 3. Remove a VM but keep the storage “just in case” ✓
 4. Internal database moved from DB2 to MariaDB ✓
 5. Novalink improvements [not covered in this session]
 6. Project & user role admin for separating resources: VMs, Disks, Images ✓
 7. Hitachi Storage Provider Postponed
-
8. IBM Cloud Manager merging in to PowerVC
 - Self-service user has limited actions
 - User role “self-service” ✓
 - Deploy Templates from their project(s) only ✓
 - Policy based with or without admin approval process ✓
 - VM expirations - admin or auto remove ✓
 - Metering data that can be used for chargeback (REST API) ✓

PowerVC
Standard
Edition

Cloud PowerVC
Manager Edition
adds to the
Standard Edition