

IBM Spectrum Accelerate Family HyperSwap
Quorum Witness
1.0.3

User Guide



Note

Before using this document and the product it supports, read the information in [“Notices” on page 19](#).

Edition notice

Publication number: SC27-4631-10. This publication applies to version 1.0.3 of the IBM Spectrum Accelerate Family HyperSwap Quorum Witness and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in a newer publication.

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About this guide

This guide describes how to install and configure the IBM Spectrum Accelerate Family HyperSwap Quorum Witness.

Who should use this guide

This guide is intended for technology officers, enterprise storage managers, and storage administrators who want to learn about quorum witness functionality, as implemented in HyperSwap applications of the Spectrum Accelerate Family storage systems.

Conventions used in this guide

These notices are used in this guide to highlight key information.

Note: These notices provide important tips, guidance, or advice.

Important: These notices provide information or advice that might help you avoid inconvenient or difficult situations.



Attention: These notices indicate possible damage to programs, devices, or data. An attention notice appears before the instruction or situation in which damage can occur.

Related information and publications

You can find additional information and publications that are related to IBM Spectrum Accelerate Family HyperSwap Quorum Witness on the following information sources.

- [IBM FlashSystem® A9000R documentation \(ibm.com/docs/en/flashsystem-a9000r\)](http://ibm.com/docs/en/flashsystem-a9000r) – on which you can find the following related publications:
 - IBM FlashSystem A9000R – Release Notes
 - IBM FlashSystem A9000R – Deployment Guide
 - IBM FlashSystem A9000R – Command-Line Interface (CLI) Reference Guide
 - IBM FlashSystem A9000 and IBM FlashSystem A9000R – Open API Reference Guide
- [IBM FlashSystem A9000 documentation \(ibm.com/docs/en/flashsystem-a9000\)](http://ibm.com/docs/en/flashsystem-a9000) – on which you can find the following related publications:
 - IBM FlashSystem A9000 – Release Notes
 - IBM FlashSystem A9000 – Product Overview
 - IBM FlashSystem A9000 – Deployment Guide
 - IBM FlashSystem A9000 – Command-Line Interface (CLI) Reference Guide
 - IBM FlashSystem A9000 and IBM FlashSystem A9000R – Open API Reference Guide
- [IBM Hyper-Scale Manager documentation \(ibm.com/docs/en/hyper-scale-manager\)](http://ibm.com/docs/en/hyper-scale-manager) – on which you can find the following related publications:
 - IBM Hyper-Scale Manager – Release Notes
 - IBM Hyper-Scale Manager – User Guide
 - IBM Hyper-Scale Manager – Representational State Transfer (REST) API Specifications
- [IBM IT Infrastructure marketing website \(ibm.com/it-infrastructure\)](http://ibm.com/it-infrastructure)
- [IBM Storage Redbooks® website \(redbooks.ibm.com/portals/storage\)](http://redbooks.ibm.com/portals/storage)

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- [IBM Support Portal website \(ibm.com/support/entry/portal/support?brandind=Hardware~System_Storage\)](http://ibm.com/support/entry/portal/support?brandind=Hardware~System_Storage)
- [IBM Directory of Worldwide Contacts website \(ibm.com/planetwide\)](http://ibm.com/planetwide)

Use the Directory of Worldwide Contacts to find the appropriate phone number for initiating voice call support. Select the Software option, when using voice response system.

When asked, provide your Internal Customer Number (ICN) and/or the serial number of the storage system that requires support. Your call will then be routed to the relevant support team, to whom you can provide the specifics of your problem.

Ordering publications

The IBM Publications Center is a worldwide central repository for IBM product publications and marketing material.

The [IBM Publications Center website \(www.ibm.com/shop/publications/order/\)](http://www.ibm.com/shop/publications/order/) offers customized search functions to help you find the publications that you need. Some publications are available for you to view or download at no charge. You can also order publications. The publications center displays prices in your local currency.

Sending comments

Your feedback is important in helping to provide the most accurate and highest quality information.

Procedure

To submit any comments about this publication or any other IBM storage product documentation:

- Send your comments by email to ibmdocs@us.ibm.com. Be sure to include the following information:
 - Exact publication title and version
 - Publication form number (for example, GA32-1234-00)
 - Page, table, or illustration numbers that you are commenting on
 - A detailed description of any information that should be changed

Chapter 1. Introduction

The IBM Spectrum Accelerate Family HyperSwap® Quorum Witness is a software component that facilitates coordination between two IBM FlashSystem A9000 or A9000R storage systems in a HyperSwap relation.

Note: For your convenience, IBM Spectrum Accelerate Family HyperSwap Quorum Witness is referred to as Quorum Witness throughout this user guide.

IBM HyperSwap provides high availability of host applications running on IBM FlashSystem A9000 and A9000R storage systems. It is designed to guarantee business continuity in case of hardware, power, or connectivity failure, or if a natural or man-made disaster occurs. To enable a non-disruptive automatic failover, the IBM HyperSwap solution includes Quorum Witness software, which must be installed at a separate site (failure domain 3).

Important: Quorum Witness cannot reside on the same set of FlashSystem A9000 and/or A9000R systems of which it serves as part of a HyperSwap configuration.

Note: Full description of the IBM HyperSwap solution appears in the Product Overview of the IBM FlashSystem A9000 and A9000R storage systems. This information is available on [IBM Documentation](https://ibm.com/docs/en) (ibm.com/docs/en).

After the Quorum Witness software is installed on a dedicated server or a virtual machine, it is used by the connected IBM FlashSystem A9000 and A9000R storage systems as part of the HyperSwap solution. The Quorum Witness role in the solution is to track and report the systems health, using the storage systems' heartbeat messages, and serve as a tie breaker in split-brain scenarios. If a failure is detected, it resolves a potential contention between the peer storage systems, determining which of them will own the primary volume. The Quorum Witness is critical for complete high-availability functionality. Without a functioning Quorum Witness, automatic failover cannot be performed.

In the solution example illustrated below, data is replicated between two storage systems. The host is connected to a HyperSwap volume through both systems in an active-active configuration. The Quorum Witness is installed at a separate site (failure domain 3) and monitors the storage system health, by receiving heartbeat messages from both storage systems.

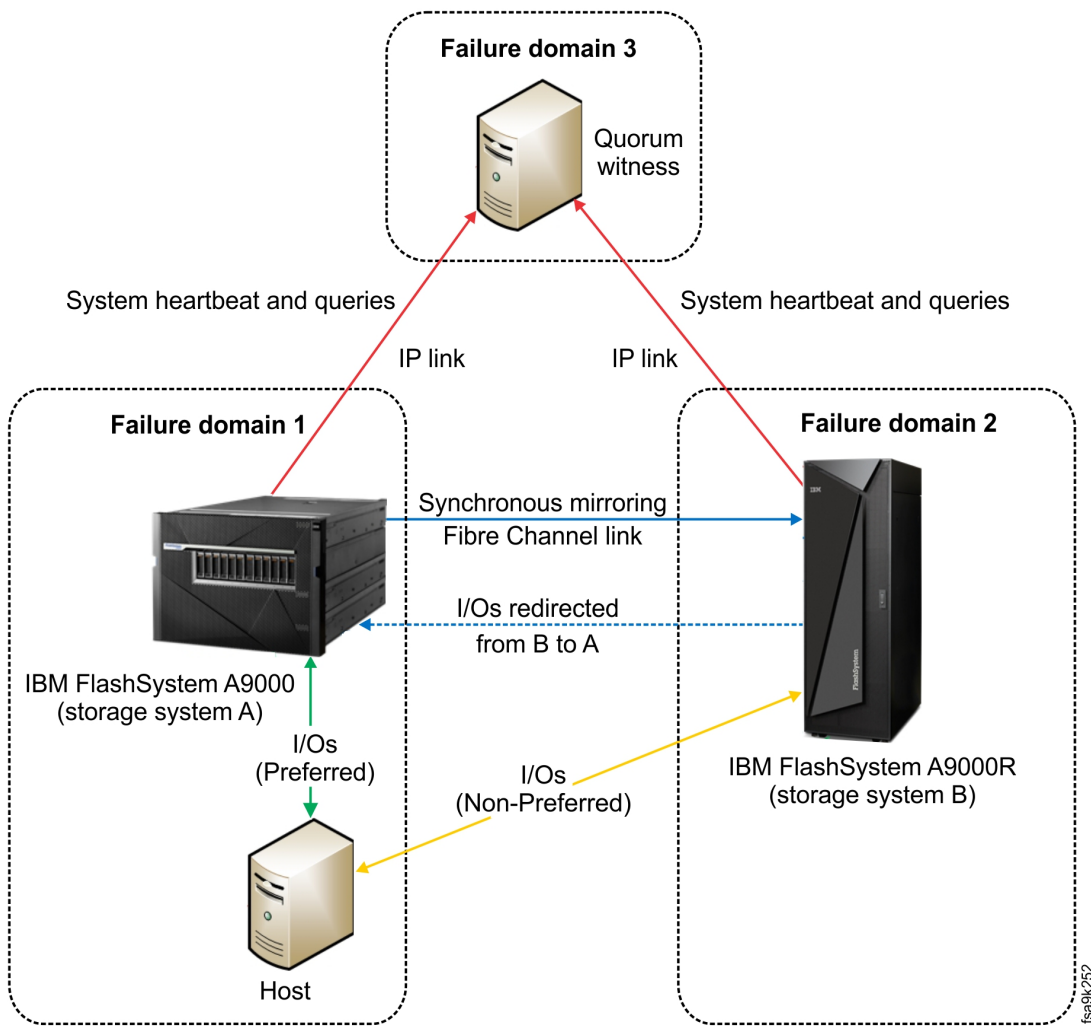


Figure 1. Typical HyperSwap solution with the Quorum Witness

Quorum Witness and storage systems

A minimal IBM HyperSwap high availability configuration consists of two independently located IBM storage systems with configured synchronous replication accessible to the same hosts, and a Quorum Witness at a third site.

Important: Quorum Witness cannot reside on the same set of FlashSystem A9000 and/or A9000R systems of which it serves as part of a HyperSwap configuration.

After the Quorum Witness is installed, it is registered on both storage systems, participating in the HyperSwap relation. Each storage system can be configured with one Quorum Witness instance, identified by its unique ID.

Note: To ensure that failover is possible at any time, the Quorum Witness can be made more resilient by deploying it on a dedicated highly-available virtual machine. The system robustness can be achieved using VMware HA products, as described in “Highly-available VM deployment” on page 15.

After the Quorum Witness is configured and activated on the storage system, the storage system starts sending keepalive messages to be used by the Quorum Witness to monitor the array health. After the HyperSwap relation is established, it is validated by the storage systems, relying on the information provided by the Quorum Witness. Then each storage system verifies that the Quorum Witness reports the health status of its peer. This ensures that both storage systems are connected to the same Quorum Witness and operate properly.

Multi-site HA/DR solution

The Multi-site function allows customers to deploy high availability (HA) and disaster recovery (DR) solutions over several sites, keeping multiple concurrent copies of data.

A Multi-site HA/DR configuration is composed of three peers with one HyperSwap, employing a Quorum Witness and two asynchronous mirroring relations between them without participation of the Quorum Witness. One of these asynchronous mirrors remains on standby. This provides both failover and failback mechanisms, while keeping data mirrored to ensure business continuity, minimal risk for data outage, service availability, and data restoration in the event of disaster.

Important: Quorum Witness cannot reside on the same set of FlashSystem A9000 and/or A9000R systems of which it serves as part of a HyperSwap configuration.

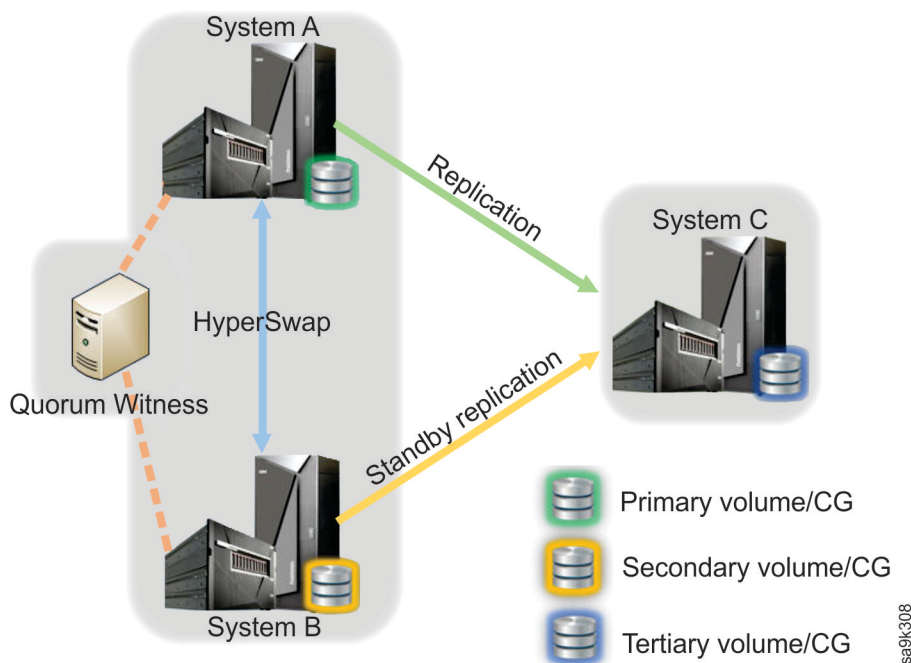


Figure 2. Multi-site HA/DR diagram

Multi-site HA/DR provides a higher level of data protection and more recovery capabilities than the common two-way high availability or mirroring solution. It fundamentally enhances business continuity, effectively prevents against extensive downtime, and allows to accommodate the most extensive compliance-related requirements.

Multiple Multi-site relations can exist on an IBM FlashSystem A9000 or A9000R storage system, each with different peers. Also, an IBM FlashSystem A9000 or A9000R storage system can have different volumes with different roles in Multi-site HA/DR configurations.

Chapter 2. Installation

Download and install the Quorum Witness software package as described in the following sections.

Important: Quorum Witness cannot reside on the same set of FlashSystem A9000 and/or A9000R systems of which it serves as part of a HyperSwap configuration.

- [“Compatibility and requirements” on page 5](#)
- [“Performing first-time installation” on page 5](#)
- [“Upgrading an existing installation” on page 7](#)
- [“Defining Quorum Witness on IBM storage systems” on page 7](#)

For information about uninstallation, see [“Uninstalling the Quorum Witness software” on page 8](#).

Compatibility and requirements

For the complete and up-to-date information about the compatibility and requirements of IBM Spectrum Accelerate Family HyperSwap Quorum Witness, refer to its latest release notes.

Important: Quorum Witness cannot reside on the same set of FlashSystem A9000 and/or A9000R systems of which it serves as part of a HyperSwap configuration.

Find the latest Release Notes on [IBM Documentation](http://www.ibm.com/docs/en) (www.ibm.com/docs/en).

Performing first-time installation

You can install the Quorum Witness software on a bare-metal machine or a dedicated VM, by using a compatible version of Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) or CentOS.

Before you begin

Important: Quorum Witness cannot reside on the same set of FlashSystem A9000 and/or A9000R systems of which it serves as part of a HyperSwap configuration.

- Verify that the following packages are installed on the Quorum Witness host. These files are also supplied in the package together with the product BIN file. They can be deployed during the installation process, see step [“5” on page 6](#) of the following procedure.
 - `pgdg-redhat-repo-latest.noarch.rpm`
 - `nginx-1.18.0-1.el8ngx.x86_64.rpm`
 - `postgresql12-12.5-1PGDG.rhel8.x86_64.rpm`
 - `postgresql12-contrib-12.5-1PGDG.rhel8.x86_64.rpm`
 - `postgresql12-libs-12.5-1PGDG.rhel8.x86_64.rpm`
 - `postgresql12-server-12.5-1PGDG.rhel8.x86_64.rpm`
 - `uuid-1.6.2-42.el8.x86_64.rpm`
 - `jemalloc-5.2.1-2.el8.x86_64.rpm`
 - `redis-5.0.3-2.module+el8.0.0.z+3657+acb471dc.x86_64.rpm`

Note: In addition to the files above, be sure to also install the following:

- The latest rsyslog RPM.
- `libxslt-1.1.32-5.el8.x86_64`.
- A new Linux username – **ibmqw** – is created during installation to be used for the Quorum Witness management operations. You can customize the user ID for **ibmqw** by adding a Linux user (**useradd**

command in RHEL) prior to the package installation. In this case, create the /home/ibmqw directory (or any other different path) before starting the installation process.

- Verify that the **ibmqw** user can access the /opt/ibm and /var/log/qw folders.

Procedure

Follow these steps to install the Quorum Witness.

1. Open the relevant TCP ports for a default Linux firewall:

- 8460 for API communication
- 8461 for the Quorum Witness log retrieval
- 8462 for retrieval of Nginx statistics (optional)

Note: If you are using a different firewall software, refer to its documentation for the port opening instructions.

- **firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port=8460/tcp**
- **firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port=8461/tcp**
- **firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port=8462/tcp**
- **firewall-cmd --reload**

2. Download the installation package to a local folder on the Linux host that will be used as Quorum Witness server.
3. Extract the installation package file ('*' represents the build number) :

```
# tar -xzf ibm_quorum_witness-1.0.3-*.x86_64.tar.gz
```

The following files are extracted:

- Dependencies (RPM files).
- **ibm_quorum_witness-1.0.3-*.x86_64.bin** – product BIN file
- **ibm_quorum_witness-1.0.3-xxxx.x86_64.bin.asc**– digital signature file for the BIN file verification

4. Verify that you have relevant permissions on the host.
5. If the complementary RPM files were not deployed before the installation of the Quorum Witness package, go to the extracted directory and use the **rpm -iv *.rpm** command to install them.
6. Enter **./ibm_quorum_witness-1.0.3-*.x86_64.bin** to start the installation.
7. Review and accept the license agreement which is displayed after you run the installation file.
After installation, the Quorum Witness application is started automatically.

Note: During the installation, a self-signed Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) certificate (**qw.crt**) and certificate key (**qw.key**) files are generated to create a secure communication channel for a storage system and the Quorum Witness host. Likewise, the Quorum Witness trusts the default certificate on the IBM storage system. If you need to replace any of these certificates, see the [“Managing SSL certificates”](#) on page 9 section for instructions.

8. Copy the certificate file from the /opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/settings/ssl_cert directory to each storage system, participating in the HyperSwap deployment. This certificate must be added to the storage system, when defining the Quorum Witness, using the command-line interface or IBM Hyper-Scale Manager.
9. In addition, store the **qw.crt** and **qw.key** files in a secure location, different from the Quorum Witness server or VM. These files may be required, when restoring the Quorum Witness database, if it becomes corrupted. Also, take note of the IP address or hostname, used during the installation. The same values must be used during software database restore as well. The Quorum Witness database restoration is detailed in [“Restoring Quorum Witness database”](#) on page 15.
10. If you are using SELinux, the program activation can fail. In this case allow nginx web server to bind to network interfaces and connect to the Quorum Witness socket.

- a) `semodule -i /opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/conf.d/selinux/rhel8/ibmqw.pp`
- b) Verify the new configuration by viewing the `ibmqw.te` file. This file presents the changes to the relevant SELinux *.pp files in the human-readable format.
`cat /opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/conf.d/selinux/rhel8/ibmqw.te`
- c) Restart the Quorum Witness service, as explained in [“Checking and controlling the Quorum Witness service”](#) on page 10.

Upgrading an existing installation

Use this information for upgrade to Quorum Witness 1.0.3.

Quorum Witness 1.0.3 upgrades are supported with reinstallation.

If you are using a previous version of Quorum Witness, be sure to uninstall it before upgrading your operating system to RHEL or CentOS 8.2, using one of the following procedures.

Installing Quorum Witness 1.0.3 on a new system

Refer to [“Restoring the database by installing Quorum Witness on a new system”](#) on page 16.

Installing Quorum Witness 1.0.3 on an existing system

Refer to [“Restoring the database by reinstalling Quorum Witness on the existing system”](#) on page 16.

Important: During the reinstallation of Quorum Witness on the existing system, perform the RHEL/CentOS upgrade to version 8.2 after backing up the certificate and uninstalling the Quorum Witness.

Defining Quorum Witness on IBM storage systems

The Quorum Witness instance must be defined on the IBM FlashSystem A9000/A9000R storage systems, participating in a HyperSwap relation.

Important: Quorum Witness cannot reside on the same set of FlashSystem A9000 and/or A9000R systems of which it serves as part of a HyperSwap configuration.

To ensure proper operation, define the Quorum Witness, using one of the following methods:

- IBM Hyper-Scale Manager, hybrid cloud management application for IBM Spectrum Accelerate Family products. Navigate to **SYSTEMS & DOMAINS VIEWS > Quorum Witnesses** and define Quorum Witness instances according to your application requirements.

For the description of the IBM Hyper-Scale Manager operation, refer to its user guide.

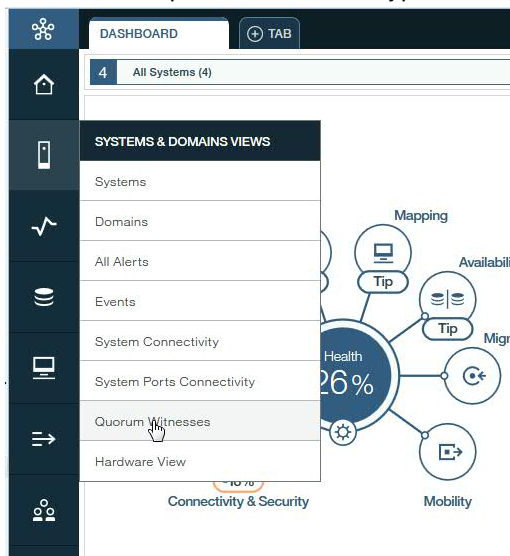


Figure 3. Navigating to Quorum Witness form in IBM Hyper-Scale Manager

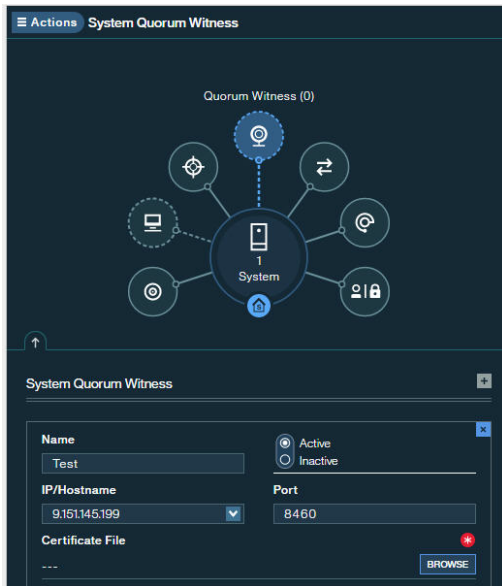


Figure 4. Quorum Witness form in IBM Hyper-Scale Manager

- XCLI utility, command-line user interface for managing IBM Spectrum Accelerate Family storage systems. Use the **quorum_witness_define** command for defining Quorum Witnesses. For details, refer to the IBM FlashSystem A9000/A9000R CLI reference guide.

Communication between the Quorum Witness and storage systems is performed over TCP/IP links. Verify that the TCP ports 8460 and 8461 are open on the external interface of the host. Refer to the installation procedure in see the [“Performing first-time installation” on page 5](#) section for the port opening procedures.

Uninstalling the Quorum Witness software

If you want to completely remove the Quorum Witness software from the Linux host upon which it is installed, follow the steps in the following procedure.

Procedure

To uninstall the Quorum Witness software from the Linux host:

1. Log on to the Linux command prompt environment as a root user.
2. Run the standard Linux uninstallation command for the Quorum Witness software package (**rpm -e ibm_quorum_witness**).

Chapter 3. Operation

This chapter describes operation tasks of managing SSL certificates and controlling the Quorum Witness service. For the detailed description of the CLI commands for managing and monitoring Quorum Witness from the storage system side, refer to the IBM FlashSystem A9000/A9000R CLI reference guide.

- [“Managing SSL certificates” on page 9](#)
- [“Checking and controlling the Quorum Witness service” on page 10](#)

Managing SSL certificates

The Quorum Witness uses SSL certificates for maintaining a secure link to a storage system. This section describes how to manage the Quorum Witness SSL certificates.

- [“Replacing a self-signed certificate on the Quorum Witness” on page 9](#)
- [“Managing CA public key on the Quorum Witness” on page 9](#)

Replacing a self-signed certificate on the Quorum Witness

During the installation, a self-signed Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) certificate is generated to create a secure communication channel for a storage system and the Quorum Witness. If you already have a trusted certificate that you want to use, you can replace the self-signed certificate with an existing certificate on the Quorum Witness.

Procedure

A self-signed certificate file, **qw.crt**, and a certificate key file, **qw.key**, are stored in the following directory: `/opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/settings/ssl_cert`. The following procedure describes how to replace them.

Important: When there are existing HyperSwap relations on the systems registered on the Quorum Witness, they must be deactivated before and reactivated after the certificate change. For more information, see the known issues of the release notes.

1. Create new X.509-type certificate and key files, using a utility of your choice. Make sure to use the same names for both files. Alternatively, you can use existing files in the PEM format.
2. Copy the new certificate and key files to the `/opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/settings/ssl_cert` directory, overwriting the old copies.
3. Restart the `nginx` service, using the **service nginx restart** command.
4. Add the public key of the new certificate file to each storage system, participating in the HyperSwap deployment. This certificate must be added to the storage system, when defining the Quorum Witness. This procedure is explained in the IBM FlashSystem A9000/A9000R CLI reference guide or IBM Hyper-Scale Manager user guide, depending on the management method that you intend to use.

Managing CA public key on the Quorum Witness

If a CA public key certificate is replaced on a storage system, it must be added to the trust store on the Quorum Witness to ensure a trusted link between the Quorum Witness and the storage system.

Procedure

The IBM CA public key, **ibm-xiv.crt**, is stored in the following directory: `/opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/settings/ssl_cert/client_certificates`. The following procedure describes how to remove the old key, add the new one and list all keys stored on the Quorum Witness.

1. Remove the old key by running the following command: **su - ibmqw -c "qw_certificates remove -f ibm-xiv.crt"**.

2. Copy the new CA public key to any location on the Quorum Witness host and run the following command to add the key: **su - ibmqw -c "qw_certificates add -f <path_to_new_certificate>/<new_certificate_name>"**.
The new CA public key is added to the database and copied to the /opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/settings/ssl_cert/client_certificates directory.
3. Restart the nginx service, using the **service nginx restart** command.
4. Display the trusted certificate to verify that the operation succeeded. Run this command: **su - ibmqw "qw_certificates list"**. The output must be as follows:

```
ibmqw@test-qw2 ~]$ qw_certificates list
qw.crt
ibm-xiv.crt
```

Checking and controlling the Quorum Witness service

At any time, you can check whether the Quorum Witness service runs properly on the Linux host. You can also stop and then restart the service, if needed.

Procedure

1. Log on to the Linux command prompt environment as a root user.
Important: Only root users can complete service operations.
2. Enter the following command: **ibm_quorum_witness status**.
The status of the service is displayed.

```
# service ibm_quorum_witness status
Celery services are running...
Django service is running...
```

What to do next

If you want to stop the Quorum Witness service, use the **stop** command:

Important: Stopping the service makes the Quorum Witness unavailable for storage systems, disrupting the HyperSwap operation.

```
# service ibm_quorum_witness stop
```

To start the service again, use the **start** command:

```
# service ibm_quorum_witness start
```

If you want to stop and then restart the Quorum Witness service in one command, use the **restart** command:

```
# service ibm_quorum_witness restart
```

Modifying the Quorum Witness communication port

At any time, you can modify the default communication port used by the Quorum Witness in accordance with your network requirements.

Procedure

1. Log on to the Linux command prompt environment as a root user.

2. Enter the following command: **sed --in-place --copy 's/current_port/new_port/g' /opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/conf.d/nginx/qw_nginx.conf**.
3. Use the same command to change the current port incremented by 1 to the new port incremented by 1. This port is reserved for log retrieval by storage systems in the HyperSwap solution.
4. Restart the nginx service, using the **service nginx restart** command.
For example, to change port 8460 to port 8470:

```
sed --in-place --copy 's/8460/8470/g' /opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/conf.d/nginx/qw_nginx.conf
sed --in-place --copy 's/8461/8471/g' /opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/conf.d/nginx/qw_nginx.conf
service nginx restart
```

5. Open the new ports, as explained in the [“Performing first-time installation”](#) on page 5 section.

Enabling IPv6 connectivity

By default, the Quorum Witness uses the IPv4 communication method. If required, you can enable IPv6 connectivity.

Procedure

1. Log on to the Linux command prompt environment as a root user.
2. Enter the following command: **sed --in-place --copy 's/#listen \[::\]/listen \[::\]/g' /opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/conf.d/nginx/qw_nginx.conf**.
3. Restart the nginx service, using the **service nginx restart** command.

Chapter 4. Troubleshooting

This chapter can help you detect and solve problems that you might encounter when using the IBM Spectrum Accelerate Family HyperSwap Quorum Witness.

Note:

- For up-to-date information about known issues and possible workarounds, refer to the latest Release Notes.
- When contacting IBM Support, specify the storage system you are managing, using Quorum Witness.

See the following sections for more information:

- [“Checking the log files” on page 13.](#)

Checking the log files

The IBM Spectrum Accelerate Family HyperSwap Quorum Witness maintains log files that record different types of events.

You can find the following log files in the `/var/log/qw/` directory:

- `events.log` – Records all events according to their type: **Info**, **Error**, or **Warning**. You can use the Rsyslog application, an open source utility for forwarding log messages over IP networks (for more information, see the [Rsyslog website](#)). The following example shows different events that might be recorded:

```
Mar 14 14:44:41 qw-rh82-1 INFO 52 | external | quorum_witness | Service started
Mar 15 10:12:53 qw-rh82-1 INFO 53 | external | quorum_witness | Service stopped
Mar 19 08:30:39 qw-rh82-1 INFO 54 | external | 7023804-2 | System 7023804-2 registered
Mar 19 15:13:59 qw-rh82-1 INFO 55 | external | 7023804-2 | System 7023804-2 unregistered
```

- `qw.log` – Records events related to the operation of the Quorum Witness application.
- `celery.log` – Records events regarding the Celery services on the Linux host on which Quorum Witness is installed.
- `django.log` – Records events regarding the Django service on the Linux host on which Quorum Witness is installed.
- `celerybeat.log` – Records events regarding the scheduled tasks of the Celery services on the Linux host.
- `gunicorn.log` – Records application-level events related to the Django service on the Linux host.
- `nginx_access.log` – Records access events of the NGINX service on the Linux host.
- `nginx_error.log` – Records errors of the NGINX service on the Linux host.
- `redis.log` – Records Redis-related events on the Linux host.

Chapter 5. Best practices

Refer to the general guidance and best practices that are described in the following sections.

- [“Highly-available VM deployment” on page 15](#)
- [“Restoring Quorum Witness database” on page 15](#)
- [“Additional reference information” on page 16](#)

Highly-available VM deployment

You can utilize vSphere Fault Tolerance (FT) for the Quorum Witness virtual machine to improve the HyperSwap application reliability and decrease the system downtime.

FT provides continuous availability for the Quorum Witness VM by creating and maintaining another VM that is identical and continuously available to replace it in the event of a failover situation. The duplicate virtual machine is created and runs on another host. Its execution is identical to that of the primary VM and it can take over at any point without interruption, thereby providing fault tolerant protection.

Important: Quorum Witness cannot reside on the same set of FlashSystem A9000 and/or A9000R systems of which it serves as part of a HyperSwap configuration.

The Fault Tolerance is a preferred solution for the Quorum Witness VM protection. It ensures zero downtime and no impact on the operation in case of the Quorum Witness host and/or datastore migration.

Restoring Quorum Witness database

The Quorum Witness database may become corrupted, making it unavailable for the storage systems and disrupting the HyperSwap operation. Database corruption can occur due to the physical failure of the Quorum Witness server hard disk. Also, it may happen during incorrect execution of VM failover, while using vSphere Fault Tolerance protection technique. The database failure is indicated by the **DB Recovery Needed** status of the Quorum Witness in the IBM Hyper-Scale Manager GUI or XCLI and relevant information message stored in the log file.

Before you begin

Important: Quorum Witness cannot reside on the same set of FlashSystem A9000 and/or A9000R systems of which it serves as part of a HyperSwap configuration.

Procedure

To restore the corrupted Quorum Witness database:

1. Reinstall the Quorum Witness software on a bare-metal machine or a dedicated VM, using the same IP address or hostname as the previous installation. See [“Performing first-time installation” on page 5](#).
2. Copy the previously saved `qw.cert` and `qw.key` files to the `/opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/settings/ssl_cert` directory.
3. Restart the `nginx` service, using the **`service nginx restart`** command.
4. Activate the Quorum Witness via XCLI or Hyper-Scale Manager.

Restoring the database by installing Quorum Witness on a new system

Complete the following steps to restore the Quorum Witness database by installing Quorum Witness on a new system.

Before you begin

Important: Quorum Witness cannot reside on the same set of FlashSystem A9000 and/or A9000R systems of which it serves as part of a HyperSwap configuration.

Procedure

To restore the corrupted Quorum Witness database by reinstalling Quorum Witness on a new system:

1. Reinstall the Quorum Witness software on a bare-metal machine or a dedicated VM, using the same IP address or hostname as the previous installation. See [“Performing first-time installation” on page 5](#).
2. Copy the previously saved `qw.cert` and `qw.key` files to the `/opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/settings/ssl_cert` directory.
3. Restart the `nginx` service, using the **`service nginx restart`** command.
4. Activate the Quorum Witness via XCLI or Hyper-Scale Manager.

Restoring the database by reinstalling Quorum Witness on the existing system

Complete the following steps to restore the Quorum Witness database by reinstalling Quorum Witness on the existing system.

Procedure

To restore the corrupted Quorum Witness database by reinstalling Quorum Witness on the existing system:

1. Back up the certificate directory using the following command:

```
cp -r /opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/settings/ssl_cert /tmp
```
2. Verify that you have the installation file with the same level by running the following command:

```
rpm -qa | grep quorum
```
3. Uninstall the existing Quorum Witness by running the following command:

```
rpm -e ibm_quorum_witness
```
4. Reinstall Quorum Witness by using the steps provided in [“Performing first-time installation” on page 5](#).
5. Stop the Quorum Witness service by running the following command:

```
systemctl stop ibm_quorum_witness
```
6. Replace the old `qw.cert` and `qw.key` files by running the following commands:

```
cp /tmp/qw.key /opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/settings/ssl_cert/qw.key
cp /tmp/qw.crt /opt/ibm/ibm_quorum_witness/settings/ssl_cert/qw.crt
```

7. Restart the Quorum Witness service by running the following command:

```
systemctl start ibm_quorum_witness
```

Additional reference information

IBM provides additional reference documentation to help users integrate, implement and operate realistic scenarios for IBM storage systems in a HyperSwap solution.

IBM Redbooks are technical documents where IBM experts share their expertise and best practices for using IBM Spectrum Accelerate Family HyperSwap Quorum Witness, as an active element of the

IBM HyperSwap solution. Among others, you can refer to this publication – [IBM HyperSwap for IBM FlashSystem A9000 and A9000R](#).

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Printed in USA

SC27-4631-10

