

IBM WebSphere Business Integration Adapters



Adapter for iSeries User Guide

Version 1.1.x

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Note!

Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in "Notices" on page 51.

19December2003

This edition of this document applies to connector version 1.0.x and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

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About this document

The IBM^(R) WebSphere^(R) Business Integration Adapter portfolio supplies integration connectivity for leading e-business technologies, enterprise applications, legacy, and mainframe systems. The product set includes tools and templates for customizing, creating, and managing components for business process integration.

This document describes the installation, configuration, business object development, and troubleshooting for the IBM WebSphere Business Integration Adapter for iSeries^(TM).

Audience

This document is for WebSphere consultants and customers who are implementing the connector as part of a WebSphere business-integration system. To use the information in this document, you should be knowledgeable in the following areas:

- Connector development
- Business object development
- OS/400 application architecture

Related documents

The complete set of documentation available with this product describes the features and components common to all WebSphere Business Integration Adapters installations, and includes reference material on specific components.

You can install related documentation from the following sites:

For general adapter information; for using adapters with WebSphere message brokers (WebSphere MQ Integrator, WebSphere MQ Integrator Broker, WebSphere Business Integration Message Broker); and for using adapters with WebSphere Application Server:

<http://www.ibm.com/websphere/integration/wbiadapters/infocenter>

For using adapters with InterChange Server:

<http://www.ibm.com/websphere/integration/wicserver/infocenter>
<http://www.ibm.com/websphere/integration/wbicollaborations/infocenter>

For more information about message brokers (WebSphere MQ Integrator Broker, WebSphere MQ Integrator, and WebSphere Business Integration Message Broker):

<http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/mqfamily/library/manualsa/>

For more information about WebSphere Application Server:

<http://www.ibm.com/software/webservers/appservo/library.html>

These sites contain simple directions for downloading, installing, and viewing the documentation.

Typographic conventions

This document uses the following conventions:

<code>courier font</code>	Indicates a literal value, such as a command name, filename, information that you type, or information that the system prints on the screen.
bold	Indicates a new term the first time that it appears.
<i>italic, italic</i>	Indicates a variable name or a cross-reference.
<i>blue outline</i>	A blue outline, which is visible only when you view the manual online, indicates a cross-reference hyperlink. Click inside the outline to jump to the object of the reference.
{ }	In a syntax line, curly braces surround a set of options from which you must choose one and only one.
[]	In a syntax line, square brackets surround an optional parameter.
...	In a syntax line, ellipses indicate a repetition of the previous parameter. For example, <code>option[,...]</code> means that you can enter multiple, comma-separated options.
< >	In a naming convention, angle brackets surround individual elements of a name to distinguish them from each other, as in <code><server_name><connector_name>tmp.log</code> .
/, \	In this document, backslashes (\) are used as the convention for directory paths. For UNIX installations, substitute slashes (/) for backslashes. All WebSphere business integration system product pathnames are relative to the directory where the product is installed on your system.
<code>%text%</code> and <code>\$text</code>	Text within percent (%) signs indicates the value of the Windows text system variable or user variable. The equivalent notation in a UNIX environment is <code>\$text</code> , indicating the value of the <code>text</code> UNIX environment variable.
<i>ProductDir</i>	Represents the directory where the product is installed.

New in this release

Version 1.1.x

Support for Remote Program Generator (RPG) 3 has been added

Beginning with the 1.1 version, the adapter for iSeries is no longer supported on Microsoft Windows NT.

Adapter installation information has been moved from this guide. See Chapter 2, "Installing the iSeries adapter and related files" on page 6, for the new location of that information.

Prior versions

Changes in prior versions.

Version 1.0.x

Version 1.0.x is the first release of the IBM WebSphere Business Integration Adapter for iSeries. The adapter provides the ability to execute Remote Program Generator (RPG) 4 programs on an iSeries or AS/400 system.

Chapter 1. Overview

This chapter describes the IBM WebSphere Business Integration Adapter for iSeries. The adapter, using the IBM Toolbox for Java (a set of Java[™] classes), provides the ability to execute **Report Program Generator** (RPG, a modular programming language) programs on an iSeries or AS/400 system. IBM's Toolbox for Java provides a set of classes to access and run these programs. The adapter uses these classes and information from the incoming business object to build the parameter list for the program and then execute the program. The iSeries adapter currently supports only request processing

Adapters consist of an application-specific component and the connector framework. The application-specific component contains code tailored to a particular application. The connector framework, whose code is common to all adapters, acts as an intermediary between the integration broker and the application-specific component. The connector framework provides the following services between the integration broker and the application-specific component:

- Sends business objects.
- Manages the exchange of startup and administrative messages.

This document contains information about the application-specific component and connector framework. It refers to both of these components as the adapter.

For more information about the relationship of the integration broker to the adapter, see the *IBM WebSphere InterChange Server System Administration Guide*, or the *IBM WebSphere Business Integration Implementation Guide for WebSphere MQ Integrator Broker*.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- "An overview of the iSeries and AS/400 systems"
- "How the adapter works" on page 3

An overview of the iSeries and AS/400 systems

The iSeries and the AS/400 are major network systems distributed by IBM for relational databases. They are mid-range computers, reliable, and able to handle hundreds of users. Their integrity and security characteristics allow them to be used in "critical" applications.

RPG (Report Program Generator) is a modular programming language. Typically RPG programs are used for batch uploads on iSeries or AS/400 systems.

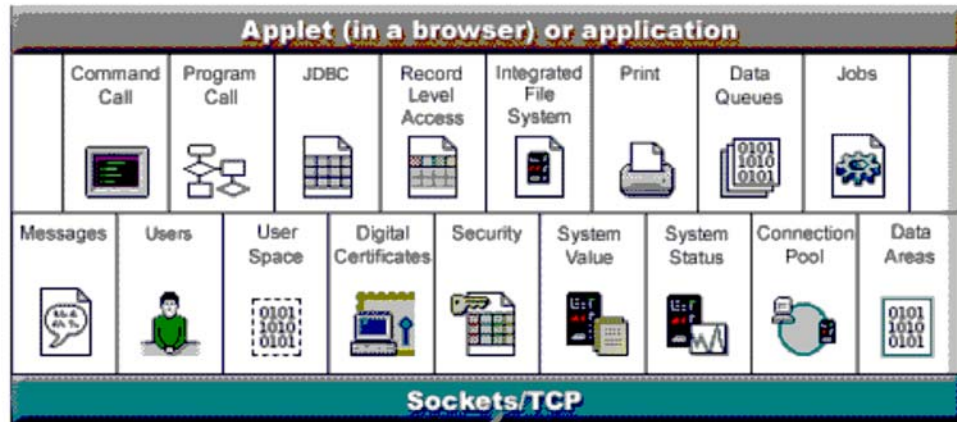
Host servers handle requests from client PCs or other devices running an application as illustrated in Figure 1 on page 2 to enable printing a document and other tasks. The iSeries and AS/400 computers are full function servers capable of performing many tasks at once, including file, database, applications, mail, print, multimedia, fax and wireless communications. Each task server runs as a separate job on the system, and each server job sends and receives data streams on a socket connection.

One of these host servers is the Remote Command and Distributed program call server. This server handles running the programs on an iSeries or AS/400 system.

IBM's Toolbox for JAVA has a multitude of packages which handle different functionalities. For example Access classes manage sign-on information, create and maintain socket connections, send and receive data, while Command Call classes run iSeries and AS/400 batch commands.

IBM's iSeries adapter uses the Access classes, and Program Call classes to call the RPG program. Data conversion classes provide the capability to convert numeric and character data between iSeries or AS/400 and Java formats.

Clients with JVM



AS/400 System

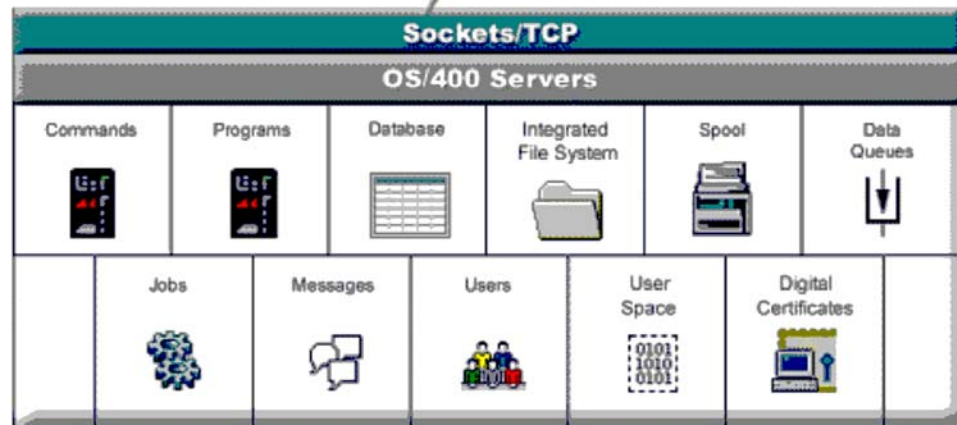


Figure 1. Overview of AS/400 client - server architecture

While OS/400 running on a AS/400 is capable of handling many types of tasks, the iSeries adapter only uses the Remote Command and Distributed program call server. This server handles running the programs on the AS/400 system.

A diagram of the iSeries Adapter connection of the client to the server is shown below in Figure 2 on page 3.

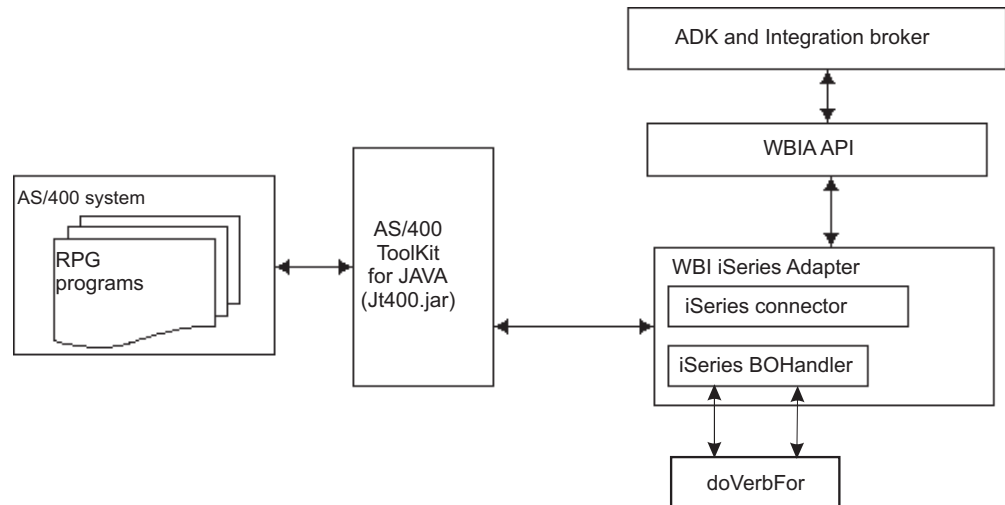


Figure 2. Diagram of the iSeries adapter's connections.

How the adapter works

The following sections describe how the adapter processes business objects.

Business object processing

The adapter receives business object requests from an integration broker and builds the parameter list for the RPG program, then establishes a connection with an iSeries or AS/400 system and executes the program.

The incoming business object has the connection child attribute. The information in this attribute is used to connect to the iSeries or AS/400 system.

Connector operations

The connector passes business objects between the integration broker and a business object handler. The connector:

1. Registers the BOHandler with the framework.
2. The framework sends the BO request to the BOHandler.
3. The BOHandler uses the attribute information in the incoming business object to build the RPG program parameter list.
4. The BOHandler calls the RPG program running on the iSeries or AS/400 system.

Note: This is essentially a call to execute an RPG program on the iSeries or AS/400 system which then returns a success or fail message.

5. The BOHandler then returns the results of the execution of the RPG program to the adapter framework. It also populates the business object with the returned parameters.

The adapter is written in Java and consists of two components:

- Connector
- BO handler

Chapter 2. Installing and configuring the iSeries adapter

This chapter describes the process of installing and configuring the connector. It contains the following sections:

- “Compatibility”
- “Prerequisites” on page 6
- “Installing the iSeries adapter and related files” on page 6
- “Configuring the connector” on page 6
- “Standard connector properties” on page 6
- “Creating multiple connector instances” on page 7
- “Starting the connector” on page 9
- “Stopping the connector” on page 10

Compatibility

The adapter framework that an adapter uses must be compatible with the version of the integration broker (or brokers) with which the adapter is communicating. Version 1.1 of the adapter for iSeries is supported on the following versions of the adapter framework and with the following integration brokers:

Adapter framework: WebSphere Business Integration Adapter Framework versions 2.1, 2.2, 2.3.x, and 2.4.

Integration brokers:

- WebSphere InterChange Server, versions 4.2.x
- WebSphere MQ Integrator, version 2.1.0
- WebSphere MQ Integrator Broker, version 2.1.0
- WebSphere Business Integration Message Broker, version 5.0
- WebSphere Application Server Enterprise, version 5.0.2, with WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition, version 5.0.1

See the Release Notes for any exceptions.

Note: For instructions on installing the integration broker and its prerequisites, see the following documentation. For WebSphere InterChange Server (ICS), see the System Installation Guide for UNIX or for Windows.

For message brokers (WebSphere MQ Integrator Broker, WebSphere MQ Integrator, and WebSphere Business Integration Message Broker), see *Implementing Adapters with WebSphere Message Brokers*, and the installation documentation for the message broker. Some of this can be found at the following Web site:
<http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/mqfamily/library/manualsa/>.

For WebSphere Application Server, see *Implementing Adapters with WebSphere Application Server* and the documentation at:
<http://www.ibm.com/software/webservers/appserv/library.html>.

Prerequisites

To use the connector, your environment must have the following:

1. Java and jar files:

- JDK 1.3 or later
- Java Secure Socket Extension 1.0 (JSSE)
- Jt400.jar file.

Note: The IBM Toolbox for Java (licensed product 5722-JC1) V5R2 file can be downloaded from the Toolbox web site at : <http://www-1.ibm.com/servers/eserver/iserie/toolbox/downloads.htm>. The jt400.jar needs to be copied to the %Product_dir%\connectors\iSeries directory.

- WBIA.jar file.
- CrossWorlds.jar file.
- BIA_iSeries.jar file.

2. The iSeries adapter is designed to connect to an AS/400 with one of the following OS/400 versions:

- Version 4, Releases 1 through 3
- Version 3, Release 7 at cumulative program temporary fix (PTF) level C7105370 or later
- Version 3, Release 2 at PTF level C7126320 or later

3. The Host Servers option of OS/400 must be installed and running.

Note: The OS/400 data queue server requires PTFs to correctly perform peek functions. You must have the appropriate PTF from the following list:

- V4R2, no PTF is required.
- V4R1, 5769SS1: PTF SF42813
- V3R7, 5716SS1: PTF SF42398
- V3R2, 5763SS1: PTF SF43295

4. You must be running RPG IV.

Installing the iSeries adapter and related files

For information on installing WebSphere Business Integration adapter products, refer to the *Installation Guide for WebSphere Business Integration Adapters*, located in the WebSphere Business Integration Adapters Infocenter at the following site:

<http://www.ibm.com/websphere/integration/wbiadapters/infocenter>

Configuring the connector

The iSeries adapter uses standard connector properties for configuration as detailed in the next section and connector-specific properties as detailed in the following section.

Standard connector properties

Standard configuration properties provide information that all connectors use. See Appendix A, "Standard configuration properties for connectors," on page 19 for documentation of these properties.

Important: Because this connector supports all integration brokers, configuration properties for all brokers are relevant to it.

You must set at least the following standard connector configuration properties before running the connector.

- AgentTraceLevel
- ApplicationName
- ControllerStoreAndForwardMode
- ControllerTraceLevel
- DeliveryTransport

Connector-specific properties

Connector-specific configuration properties provide information needed by the connector at runtime. Connector-specific properties also provide a way of changing static information or logic within the connector agent without having to recode and rebuild the agent.

Table 1 lists the connector-specific configuration properties for the connector. See the section that follows for explanations of the properties.

Table 1. Connector-specific configuration properties

Name	Possible values	Default value	Required?
ApplicationName	iSeriesAdapter	None	Yes
UseDefaults	<i>default value</i>	None	Yes
MessageFileName	BIA_iSeriesAdapter.txt	BIA_iSeriesAdapter.txt	No

ApplicationName

This is a unique name that must be specified for each connector.

UseDefaults

Typically, some of the input parameters to a program would be constant. So these attributes can be designed to have default values. If there is no default value and the UseDefaults property is set to true, the adapter errors out and throws a `VerbProcessingFailedException`. If UseDefaults is not set or set to false, and there are no default values, the adapter builds a String of length `MaxLength` with padded spaces for the attribute values.

MessageFileName

This is the name and path of the error message file if it is not located in the standard message location `%CROSSWORLDS%\connectors\messages`. If the message file name is not in a fully qualified path, the message file is assumed to be located in the directory specified by the HOME environment variable or the startup parameter `user.home`. If a connector message file does not exist, the file `BIA_iSeriesAdapter.txt` is used as the message file.

Creating multiple connector instances

Creating multiple instances of a connector is in many ways the same as creating a custom connector. You can set your system up to create and run multiple instances of a connector by following the steps below. You must:

- Create a new directory for the connector instance
- Make sure you have the requisite business object definitions

- Create a new connector definition file
- Create a new start-up script

Create a new directory

You must create a connector directory for each connector instance. This connector directory should be named:

`ProductDir\connectors\connectorInstance`

where `connectorInstance` uniquely identifies the connector instance.

If the connector has any connector-specific meta-objects, you must create a meta-object for the connector instance. If you save the meta-object as a file, create this directory and store the file here:

`ProductDir\Repository\connectorInstance`

Create business object definitions

If the business object definitions for each connector instance do not already exist within the project, you must create them.

1. If you need to modify business object definitions that are associated with the initial connector, copy the appropriate files and use Business Object Designer to import them. You can copy any of the files for the initial connector. Just rename them if you make changes to them.
2. Files for the initial connector should reside in the following directory:

`ProductDir\Repository\initialConnectorInstance`

Any additional files you create should be in the appropriate `connectorInstance` subdirectory of `ProductDir\Repository`.

Create a connector definition

You create a configuration file (connector definition) for the connector instance in Connector Configurator. To do so:

1. Copy the initial connector's configuration file (connector definition) and rename it.
2. Make sure each connector instance correctly lists its supported business objects (and any associated meta-objects).
3. Customize any connector properties as appropriate.

Create a start-up script

To create a startup script:

1. Copy the initial connector's startup script and name it to include the name of the connector directory:
`dirname`
2. Put this startup script in the connector directory you created in "Create a new directory."
3. Create a startup script shortcut (Windows only).
4. Copy the initial connector's shortcut text and change the name of the initial connector (in the command line) to match the name of the new connector instance.

You can now run both instances of the connector on your integration server at the same time.

For more information on creating custom connectors, refer to the *Connector Development Guide for C++ or for Java*.

Starting the connector

A connector must be explicitly started using its **connector start-up script**. The startup script should reside in the connector's runtime directory:

```
ProductDir\connectors\connName
```

where *connName* identifies the connector. The name of the startup script depends on the operating-system platform, as Table 2 shows.

Table 2. Startup scripts for a connector

Operating system	Startup script
UNIX-based systems	connector_manager_connName
Windows	start_connName.bat

You can invoke the connector startup script in any of the following ways:

- On Windows systems, from the **Start** menu
Select **Programs>IBM WebSphere Business Integration Adapters>Adapters>Connectors**. By default, the program name is "IBM WebSphere Business Integration Adapters". However, it can be customized. Alternatively, you can create a desktop shortcut to your connector.

- From the command line

- On Windows systems:

```
start_connName connName brokerName [-cconfigFile ]
```

- On UNIX-based systems:

```
connector_manager_connName -start
```

where *connName* is the name of the connector and *brokerName* identifies your integration broker, as follows:

- For WebSphere InterChange Server, specify for *brokerName* the name of the ICS instance.
- For WebSphere message brokers (WebSphere MQ Integrator, WebSphere MQ Integrator Broker, or WebSphere Business Integration Message Broker) or WebSphere Application Server, specify for *brokerName* a string that identifies the broker.

Note: For a WebSphere message broker or WebSphere Application Server on a Windows system, you *must* include the *-c* option followed by the name of the connector configuration file. For ICS, the *-c* is optional.

- From Adapter Monitor (WebSphere Business Integration Adapters product only), which is launched when you start System Manager
You can load, activate, deactivate, pause, shutdown or delete a connector using this tool.
- From System Monitor (WebSphere InterChange Server product only)
You can load, activate, deactivate, pause, shutdown or delete a connector using this tool.
- On Windows systems, you can configure the connector to start as a Windows service. In this case, the connector starts when the Windows system boots (for an Auto service) or when you start the service through the Windows Services window (for a Manual service).

For more information on how to start a connector, including the command-line startup options, refer to one of the following documents:

- For WebSphere InterChange Server, refer to the *System Administration Guide*.
- For WebSphere message brokers, refer to *Implementing Adapters with WebSphere Message Brokers*.
- For WebSphere Application Server, refer to *Implementing Adapters with WebSphere Application Server*.

Stopping the connector

The way to stop a connector depends on the way that the connector was started, as follows:

- If you started the connector from the command line, with its connector startup script:
 - On Windows systems, invoking the startup script creates a separate “console” window for the connector. In this window, type “Q” and press Enter to stop the connector.
 - On UNIX-based systems, connectors run in the background so they have no separate window. Instead, run the following command to stop the connector:
`connector_manager_connName -stop`
where *connName* is the name of the connector.
- From Adapter Monitor (WebSphere Business Integration Adapters product only), which is launched when you start System Manager
You can load, activate, deactivate, pause, shutdown or delete a connector using this tool.
- From System Monitor (WebSphere InterChange Server product only)
You can load, activate, deactivate, pause, shutdown or delete a connector using this tool.
- On Windows systems, you can configure the connector to start as a Windows service. In this case, the connector stops when the Windows system shuts down.

Chapter 3. Developing business objects for the connector

This chapter describes the structure of a business object passed by the connector. It also describes the required attributes and describes how the connector processes the business object. It contains the following sections:

- “Connector business object processing”
- “Connector business object structure”

Connector business object processing

The connector passes business objects between the integration broker and the AS/400 system.

When an integration broker passes a business object to the connector, the connector performs the following operations:

1. Uses the information in the connection child attribute to connect to the AS/400 system.
2. Builds the parameter list for the RPG program based on the attributes in the BO.
3. Executes the RPG program corresponding to the BO.
4. Returns the result of executing the program: success or failure.

Connector business object structure

The business object for the iSeries adapter is a flat business object. The attributes can be input, output or inout parameters. One of the attributes needs to be a key for the business object designer.

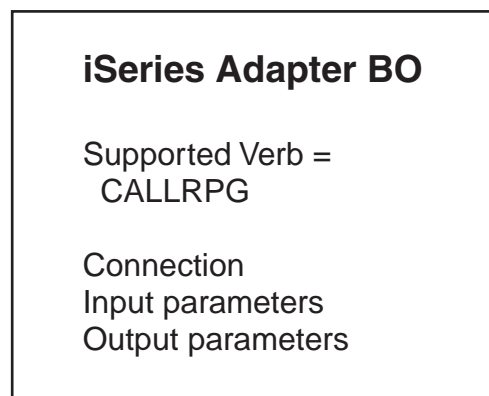


Figure 3. The iSeries parent business object.

Also, there is a child attribute of type Connection. This will in turn have information about the connection to the AS/400 machine; the HostName, UserName and Password.

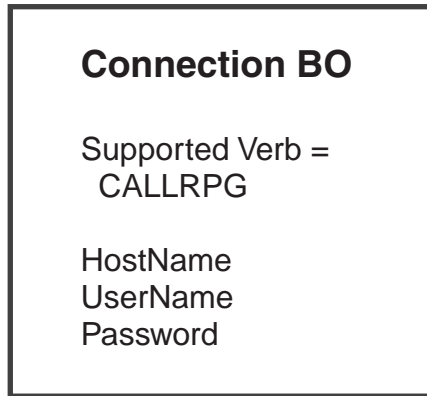


Figure 4. The iSeries child business object.

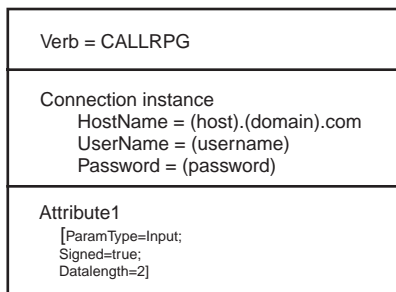


Figure 5. Example of a business object

The information within brackets in the above diagram represents the application specific information.

Use Business Object Designer to create the business objects. Create the business object definition, and add the required attributes. Then configure the connector to support the business object.

Business object Connection XSD schema

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" standalone="no" ?>
- <xsd:schema elementFormDefault="qualified"
targetNamespace="http://www.ibm.com/websphere/crossworlds
2002/BOSchema/Connection"
xmlns:bx=
"http://www.ibm.com/websphere/crossworlds/2002/BOSchema"
xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
- <xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation>Fri Jun 06 21:20:50 IST 2003
</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:element name="Connection">
- <xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:appinfo>
<bx:boDefinition version="3.0.0" />
</xsd:appinfo>
</xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:complexType>

```

```

- <xsd:sequence>
- <xsd:element name="UserName" default="[insert username]" minOccurs="1">
- <xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:appinfo>
<bx:boAttribute>
<bx:attributeInfo isForeignKey="false" isKey="true" />
</bx:boAttribute>
</xsd:appinfo>
</xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:simpleType>
- <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
<xsd:maxLength value="255" />
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
</xsd:element>
- <xsd:element name="Password" default="[insert password]" minOccurs="1">
- <xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:appinfo>
- <bx:boAttribute>
<bx:attributeInfo isForeignKey="false" isKey="true" />
</bx:boAttribute>
</xsd:appinfo>
</xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:simpleType>
- <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
<xsd:maxLength value="255" />
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
</xsd:element>
- <xsd:element name=
"HostName" default="(hostname).(domain name).com" minOccurs="1">
- <xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:appinfo>
- <bx:boAttribute>
<bx:attributeInfo isForeignKey="false" isKey="true" />
</bx:boAttribute>
</xsd:appinfo>
</xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:simpleType>
- <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
<xsd:maxLength value="255" />
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
</xsd:element>
<xsd:element name=
"ObjectEventId" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="0" />
</xsd:sequence>
<xsd:attribute name="version" type="xsd:token" default="0.0.0" />
<xsd:attribute name="delta" type="xsd:boolean" default="false" />
- <xsd:attribute name="verb" use="required">
- <xsd:simpleType>
- <xsd:restriction base="xsd:NMTOKEN">
<xsd:enumeration value="CALLRPG" />
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
</xsd:attribute>

```

```
</xsd:complexType>
</xsd:element>
</xsd:schema>
```

Business object PAS400rpg2 XSD schema

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" standalone="no" ?>
- <xsd:schema elementFormDefault="qualified"
targetNamespace="http://www.ibm.com/websphere
/crossworlds/2002/BOSchema/PAS400rpg2"
xmlns:Connection=
"http://www.ibm.com/websphere/crossworlds/2002
/BOSchema/Connection"
xmlns:bx="http://www.ibm.com/websphere/crossworlds/2002
/BOSchema" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
- <xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation>Fri Jun 06 21:20:50 IST 2003</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
<xsd:import namespace=
"http://www.ibm.com/websphere/crossworlds/2002
/BOSchema/Connection" schemaLocation="Connection.xsd" />
- <xsd:element name="PAS400rpg2">
- <xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:appinfo>
<bx:boDefinition version="3.0.0" />
</xsd:appinfo>
</xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:complexType>
- <xsd:sequence>
- <xsd:element name="attr1" minOccurs="1">
- <xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:appinfo>
- <bx:boAttribute>
<bx:appSpecificInfo>
ParamType=Input;PackedDec=true;DecimalPositions=0
</bx:appSpecificInfo>
<bx:attributeInfo isForeignKey="false" isKey="false" />
</bx:boAttribute>
</xsd:appinfo>
</xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:simpleType>
- <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
<xsd:maxLength value="3" />
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
</xsd:element>
- <xsd:element name="attr2" minOccurs="1">
- <xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:appinfo>
- <bx:boAttribute>
<bx:appSpecificInfo>
ParamType=Input;PackedDec=true;DecimalPositions=0
</bx:appSpecificInfo>
<bx:attributeInfo isForeignKey="false" isKey="false" />
</bx:boAttribute>
</xsd:appinfo>
```



```

</xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:simpleType>
- <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
<xsd:maxLength value="2" />
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
</xsd:element>
- <xsd:element name="attr3" minOccurs="0">
- <xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:appinfo>
- <bx:boAttribute>
<bx:appSpecificInfo>
ParamType=Inout;PackedDec=true;DecimalPositions=0
</bx:appSpecificInfo>
<bx:attributeInfo isForeignKey="false" isKey="false" />
</bx:boAttribute>
</xsd:appinfo>
</xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:simpleType>
- <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
<xsd:maxLength value="3" />
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
</xsd:element>
- <xsd:element name="Connection" minOccurs="1">
- <xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:appinfo>
- <bx:boAttribute>
<bx:appSpecificInfo>ParamType=Input</bx:appSpecificInfo>
<bx:attributeInfo isForeignKey="false" isKey="true" />
<bx:childObjectInfo relationship="Containment" version="3.0.0" />
</bx:boAttribute>
</xsd:appinfo>
</xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:complexType>
- <xsd:sequence>
<xsd:element ref="Connection:Connection" />
</xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
</xsd:element>
<xsd:element name="ObjectEventId" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="0" />
</xsd:sequence>
<xsd:attribute name="version" type="xsd:token" default="0.0.0" />
<xsd:attribute name="delta" type="xsd:boolean" default="false" />
- <xsd:attribute name="verb" use="required">
- <xsd:simpleType>
+ <xsd:restriction base="xsd:NMTOKEN">
- <xsd:enumeration value="CALLRPG">
- <xsd:annotation>
- <xsd:appinfo>
- <bx:boVerb>
<bx:appSpecificInfo>
/QSYS.LIB/XYZ.LIB/RPG3.PGM
</bx:appSpecificInfo>
</bx:boVerb>
</xsd:appinfo>

```

```

</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
</xsd:attribute>
</xsd:complexType>
</xsd:element>
</xsd:schema>

```

Business Object Attribute Level Application Text

The following information is part of the business object attribute level application text.

Table 3. BO Attributes

Property	Values	Description
ParamType	Input/Output/InOut	Indicates what type of parameter the attribute represents.
Offset	Any integer value	Indicates the offset in the byte array from where the parameter value starts.
Signed	True/false	For integer /short/long types, the property indicates if it is signed. If not set, the value is taken as unsigned.
DataLength	Any integer value	Applies to integer/short/long types. Used to distinguish the data length for the signed/unsigned types. If not set, a default of 4 is assumed.
DecimalPositions	Any integer value	Applies for zoned decimal and packed decimal types. The value represents the number of decimal positions.
PackedDec	True/false	If set to true, the attribute represents a packed decimal.
ZonedDec	True/false	If set to true, the attribute represents a zoned decimal.

Data conversion from iSeries or AS400 toolbox

The Toolbox for iSeries/AS400 has data conversion classes included. The following table matches the iSeries/AS400 data types with the corresponding IBM WebSphere Business Integration datatypes, along with the data conversion class used.

Table 4. Conversion datatypes and classes

iSeries/AS400 data type	IBM WBI datatype	Data conversion class
Signed two byte AS/400 number.	Integer - The app specific info - Signed=true; DataLength=2	AS400Bin2
Signed four byte AS/400 number.	Integer - The app specific info - Signed=true; DataLength=4	AS400Bin4

Table 4. Conversion datatypes and classes (continued)

iSeries/AS400 data type	IBM WBI datatype	Data conversion class
Signed two byte AS/400 floating point number.	Float	AS400Float4
Signed four byte AS/400 floating point number.	Double	AS400Float8
Unsigned two byte AS/400 number.	Integer - the app specific info Signed=false; DataLength=2	AS400UnsignedBin2
Unsigned four byte AS/400 number.	Integer - the app specific info Signed=false; DataLength=4	AS400UnsignedBin4
Packed-Decimal AS/400 number.	String - the MaxLength attribute property needs to have the number of digits. App specific info - DecimalPositions=<number of decimal positions>; PackedDec=true	AS400PackedDecimal
Zoned-Decimal AS/400 number.	String - the MaxLength attribute property needs to have the number of digits. App specific info - DecimalPositions=<number of decimal positions>; ZonedDec=true	AS400ZonedDecimal
Character data	String - MaxLength has the maximum length for the character data.	AS400Text
Date data	String - MaxLength has the maximum length for the date data.	AS400Text

Appendix A. Standard configuration properties for connectors

This appendix describes the standard configuration properties for the connector component of WebSphere Business Integration adapters. The information covers connectors running on the following integration brokers:

- WebSphere InterChange Server (ICS)
- WebSphere MQ Integrator, WebSphere MQ Integrator Broker, and WebSphere Business Integration Message Broker, collectively referred to as the WebSphere Message Brokers (WMQI).
- WebSphere Application Server (WAS)

Not every connector makes use of all these standard properties. When you select an integration broker from Connector Configurator, you will see a list of the standard properties that you need to configure for your adapter running with that broker.

For information about properties specific to the connector, see the relevant adapter user guide.

Note: In this document, backslashes (\) are used as the convention for directory paths. For UNIX installations, substitute slashes (/) for backslashes and follow the conventions for each operating system.

New and deleted properties

These standard properties have been added in this release.

New properties

- XMLNamespaceFormat

Deleted properties

- RestartCount

Configuring standard connector properties

Adapter connectors have two types of configuration properties:

- Standard configuration properties
- Connector-specific configuration properties

This section describes the standard configuration properties. For information on configuration properties specific to a connector, see its adapter user guide.

Using Connector Configurator

You configure connector properties from Connector Configurator, which you access from System Manager. For more information on using Connector Configurator, refer to the Connector Configurator appendix.

Note: Connector Configurator and System Manager run only on the Windows system. If you are running the connector on a UNIX system, you must have a Windows machine with these tools installed. To set connector properties

for a connector that runs on UNIX, you must start up System Manager on the Windows machine, connect to the UNIX integration broker, and bring up Connector Configurator for the connector.

Setting and updating property values

The default length of a property field is 255 characters.

The connector uses the following order to determine a property's value (where the highest number overrides other values):

1. Default
2. Repository (only if WebSphere InterChange Server is the integration broker)
3. Local configuration file
4. Command line

A connector obtains its configuration values at startup. If you change the value of one or more connector properties during a run-time session, the property's **Update Method** determines how the change takes effect. There are four different update methods for standard connector properties:

- **Dynamic**
The change takes effect immediately after it is saved in System Manager. If the connector is working in stand-alone mode (independently of System Manager), for example with one of the WebSphere message brokers, you can only change properties through the configuration file. In this case, a dynamic update is not possible.
- **Component restart**
The change takes effect only after the connector is stopped and then restarted in System Manager. You do not need to stop and restart the application-specific component or the integration broker.
- **Server restart**
The change takes effect only after you stop and restart the application-specific component and the integration broker.
- **Agent restart (ICS only)**
The change takes effect only after you stop and restart the application-specific component.

To determine how a specific property is updated, refer to the **Update Method** column in the Connector Configurator window, or see the Update Method column in the Property Summary table below.

Summary of standard properties

Table 5 on page 21 provides a quick reference to the standard connector configuration properties. Not all the connectors make use of all these properties, and property settings may differ from integration broker to integration broker, as standard property dependencies are based on RepositoryDirectory.

You must set the values of some of these properties before running the connector. See the following section for an explanation of each property.

Table 5. Summary of standard configuration properties

Property name	Possible values	Default value	Update method	Notes
AdminInQueue	Valid JMS queue name	CONNECTORNAME /ADMININQUEUE	Component restart	Delivery Transport is JMS
AdminOutQueue	Valid JMS queue name	CONNECTORNAME/ADMINOUTQUEUE	Component restart	Delivery Transport is JMS
AgentConnections	1-4	1	Component restart	Delivery Transport is MQ or IDL: Repository directory is <REMOTE>
AgentTraceLevel	0-5	0	Dynamic	
ApplicationName	Application name	Value specified for the connector application name	Component restart	
BrokerType	ICS, WMQI, WAS			
CharacterEncoding	ascii7, ascii8, SJIS, Cp949, GBK, Big5, Cp297, Cp273, Cp280, Cp284, Cp037, Cp437 Note: This is a subset of supported values.	ascii7	Component restart	
ConcurrentEventTriggeredFlows	1 to 32,767	1	Component restart	Repository directory is <REMOTE>
ContainerManagedEvents	No value or JMS	No value	Component restart	Delivery Transport is JMS
ControllerStoreAndForwardMode	true or false	True	Dynamic	Repository directory is <REMOTE>
ControllerTraceLevel	0-5	0	Dynamic	Repository directory is <REMOTE>
DeliveryQueue		CONNECTORNAME/DELIVERYQUEUE	Component restart	JMS transport only
DeliveryTransport	MQ, IDL, or JMS	JMS	Component restart	If Repository directory is local, then value is JMS only
DuplicateEventElimination	True or False	False	Component restart	JMS transport only: Container Managed Events must be <NONE>
FaultQueue		CONNECTORNAME/FAULTQUEUE	Component restart	JMS transport only

Table 5. Summary of standard configuration properties (continued)

Property name	Possible values	Default value	Update method	Notes
jms.FactoryClassName	CxCommon.Messaging.jms.IBMMQSeriesFactory or CxCommon.Messaging.jms.SonicMQFactory or any Java class name	CxCommon.Messaging.jms.IBMMQSeriesFactory	Component restart	JMS transport only
jms.MessageBrokerName	If FactoryClassName is IBM, use crossworlds.queue.manager. If FactoryClassName is Sonic, use localhost:2506.	crossworlds.queue.manager	Component restart	JMS transport only
jms.NumConcurrentRequests	Positive integer	10	Component restart	JMS transport only
jms.Password	Any valid password		Component restart	JMS transport only
jms.UserName	Any valid name		Component restart	JMS transport only
JvmMaxHeapSize	Heap size in megabytes	128m	Component restart	Repository directory is <REMOTE>
JvmMaxNativeStackSize	Size of stack in kilobytes	128k	Component restart	Repository directory is <REMOTE>
JvmMinHeapSize	Heap size in megabytes	1m	Component restart	Repository directory is <REMOTE>
ListenerConcurrency	1- 100	1	Component restart	Delivery Transport must be MQ
Locale	en_US, ja_JP, ko_KR, zh_CN, zh_TW, fr_FR, de_DE, it_IT, es_ES, pt_BR Note: This is a subset of the supported locales.	en_US	Component restart	
LogAtInterchangeEnd	True or False	False	Component restart	Repository Directory must be <REMOTE>
MaxEventCapacity	1-2147483647	2147483647	Dynamic	Repository Directory must be <REMOTE>
MessageFileName	Path or filename	InterchangeSystem.txt	Component restart	
MonitorQueue	Any valid queue name	CONNECTORNAME/MONITORQUEUE	Component restart	JMS transport only: DuplicateEvent Elimination must be True
OADAutoRestartAgent	True or False	False	Dynamic	Repository Directory must be <REMOTE>

Table 5. Summary of standard configuration properties (continued)

Property name	Possible values	Default value	Update method	Notes
OADMaxNumRetry	A positive number	1000	Dynamic	Repository Directory must be <REMOTE>
OADRetryTimeInterval	A positive number in minutes	10	Dynamic	Repository Directory must be <REMOTE>
PollEndTime	HH:MM	HH:MM	Component restart	
PollFrequency	A positive integer in milliseconds no (to disable polling) key (to poll only when the letter p is entered in the connector's Command Prompt window)	10000	Dynamic	
PollQuantity	1-500	1	Agent restart	JMS transport only: Container Managed Events is specified
PollStartTime	HH:MM(HH is 0-23, MM is 0-59)	HH:MM	Component restart	
RepositoryDirectory	Location of metadata repository		Agent restart	For ICS: set to <REMOTE> For WebSphere MQ message brokers and WAS: set to C:\crossworlds\repository
RequestQueue	Valid JMS queue name	CONNECTORNAME/REQUESTQUEUE	Component restart	Delivery Transport is JMS
ResponseQueue	Valid JMS queue name	CONNECTORNAME/RESPONSEQUEUE	Component restart	Delivery Transport is JMS: required only if Repository directory is <REMOTE>
RestartRetryCount	0-99	3	Dynamic	
RestartRetryInterval	A sensible positive value in minutes: 1 - 2147483547	1	Dynamic	
RHF2MessageDomain	mrm, xml	mrm	Component restart	Only if Delivery Transport is JMS and WireFormat is CwXML.

Table 5. Summary of standard configuration properties (continued)

Property name	Possible values	Default value	Update method	Notes
SourceQueue	Valid WebSphere MQ name	CONNECTORNAME/SOURCEQUEUE	Agent restart	Only if Delivery Transport is JMS and Container Managed Events is specified
SynchronousRequestQueue		CONNECTORNAME/SYNCHRONOUSREQUESTQUEUE	Component restart	Delivery Transport is JMS
SynchronousRequestTimeout	0 - any number (milliseconds)	0	Component restart	Delivery Transport is JMS
SynchronousResponseQueue		CONNECTORNAME/SYNCHRONOUSRESPONSEQUEUE	Component restart	Delivery Transport is JMS
WireFormat	CwXML, CwBO	CwXML	Agent restart	CwXML if Repository Directory is not <REMOTE>; CwBO if Repository Directory is <REMOTE>
WsifSynchronousRequest Timeout	0 - any number (milliseconds)	0	Component restart	WAS only
XMLNamespaceFormat	short, long	short	Agent restart	WebSphere MQ message brokers and WAS only

Standard configuration properties

This section lists and defines each of the standard connector configuration properties.

AdminInQueue

The queue that is used by the integration broker to send administrative messages to the connector.

The default value is CONNECTORNAME/ADMININQUEUE.

AdminOutQueue

The queue that is used by the connector to send administrative messages to the integration broker.

The default value is CONNECTORNAME/ADMINOUTQUEUE.

AgentConnections

Applicable only if RepositoryDirectory is <REMOTE>.

The AgentConnections property controls the number of ORB connections opened by `orb.init[]`.

By default, the value of this property is set to 1. There is no need to change this default.

AgentTraceLevel

Level of trace messages for the application-specific component. The default is 0. The connector delivers all trace messages applicable at the tracing level set or lower.

ApplicationName

Name that uniquely identifies the connector's application. This name is used by the system administrator to monitor the WebSphere business integration system environment. This property must have a value before you can run the connector.

BrokerType

Identifies the integration broker type that you are using. The options are ICS, WebSphere message brokers (WMQI, WMQIB or WBIMB) or WAS.

CharacterEncoding

Specifies the character code set used to map from a character (such as a letter of the alphabet, a numeric representation, or a punctuation mark) to a numeric value.

Note: Java-based connectors do not use this property. A C++ connector currently uses the value `asci i7` for this property.

By default, a subset of supported character encodings only is displayed in the drop list. To add other supported values to the drop list, you must manually modify the `\Data\Std\stdConnProps.xml` file in the product directory. For more information, see the appendix on Connector Configurator.

ConcurrentEventTriggeredFlows

Applicable only if `RepositoryDirectory` is `<REMOTE>`.

Determines how many business objects can be concurrently processed by the connector for event delivery. Set the value of this attribute to the number of business objects you want concurrently mapped and delivered. For example, set the value of this property to 5 to cause five business objects to be concurrently processed. The default value is 1.

Setting this property to a value greater than 1 allows a connector for a source application to map multiple event business objects at the same time and deliver them to multiple collaboration instances simultaneously. This speeds delivery of business objects to the integration broker, particularly if the business objects use complex maps. Increasing the arrival rate of business objects to collaborations can improve overall performance in the system.

To implement concurrent processing for an entire flow (from a source application to a destination application), you must:

- Configure the collaboration to use multiple threads by setting its `Maximum number of concurrent events` property high enough to use multiple threads.
- Ensure that the destination application's application-specific component can process requests concurrently. That is, it must be multi-threaded, or be able to use connector agent parallelism and be configured for multiple processes. Set the `Parallel Process Degree` configuration property to a value greater than 1.

The `ConcurrentEventTriggeredFlows` property has no effect on connector polling, which is single-threaded and performed serially.

ContainerManagedEvents

This property allows a JMS-enabled connector with a JMS event store to provide guaranteed event delivery, in which an event is removed from the source queue and placed on the destination queue as a single JMS transaction.

The default value is `No value`.

When `ContainerManagedEvents` is set to `JMS`, you must configure the following properties to enable guaranteed event delivery:

- `PollQuantity` = 1 to 500
- `SourceQueue` = `CONNECTORNAME/SOURCEQUEUE`

You must also configure a data handler with the `MimeType`, `DHClass`, and `DataHandlerConfigMOName` (optional) properties. To set those values, use the **Data Handler** tab in Connector Configurator. The fields for the values under the Data Handler tab will be displayed only if you have set `ContainerManagedEvents` to `JMS`.

Note: When `ContainerManagedEvents` is set to `JMS`, the connector does *not* call its `pollForEvents()` method, thereby disabling that method's functionality.

This property only appears if the `DeliveryTransport` property is set to the value `JMS`.

ControllerStoreAndForwardMode

Applicable only if `RepositoryDirectory` is `<REMOTE>`.

Sets the behavior of the connector controller after it detects that the destination application-specific component is unavailable.

If this property is set to `true` and the destination application-specific component is unavailable when an event reaches ICS, the connector controller blocks the request to the application-specific component. When the application-specific component becomes operational, the controller forwards the request to it.

However, if the destination application's application-specific component becomes unavailable **after** the connector controller forwards a service call request to it, the connector controller fails the request.

If this property is set to `false`, the connector controller begins failing all service call requests as soon as it detects that the destination application-specific component is unavailable.

The default is `true`.

ControllerTraceLevel

Applicable only if `RepositoryDirectory` is `<REMOTE>`.

Level of trace messages for the connector controller. The default is `0`.

DeliveryQueue

Applicable only if DeliveryTransport is JMS.

The queue that is used by the connector to send business objects to the integration broker.

The default value is CONNECTORNAME/DELIVERYQUEUE.

DeliveryTransport

Specifies the transport mechanism for the delivery of events. Possible values are MQ for WebSphere MQ, IDL for CORBA IIOP, or JMS for Java Messaging Service.

- If ICS is the broker type, the value of the DeliveryTransport property can be MQ, IDL, or JMS, and the default is IDL.
- If the RepositoryDirectory is a local directory, the value may only be JMS.

The connector sends service call requests and administrative messages over CORBA IIOP if the value configured for the DeliveryTransport property is MQ or IDL.

WebSphere MQ and IDL

Use WebSphere MQ rather than IDL for event delivery transport, unless you must have only one product. WebSphere MQ offers the following advantages over IDL:

- Asynchronous communication:
WebSphere MQ allows the application-specific component to poll and persistently store events even when the server is not available.
- Server side performance:
WebSphere MQ provides faster performance on the server side. In optimized mode, WebSphere MQ stores only the pointer to an event in the repository database, while the actual event remains in the WebSphere MQ queue. This saves having to write potentially large events to the repository database.
- Agent side performance:
WebSphere MQ provides faster performance on the application-specific component side. Using WebSphere MQ, the connector's polling thread picks up an event, places it in the connector's queue, then picks up the next event. This is faster than IDL, which requires the connector's polling thread to pick up an event, go over the network into the server process, store the event persistently in the repository database, then pick up the next event.

JMS

Enables communication between the connector and client connector framework using Java Messaging Service (JMS).

If you select JMS as the delivery transport, additional JMS properties such as `jms.MessageBrokerName`, `jms.FactoryClassName`, `jms.Password`, and `jms.UserName`, appear in Connector Configurator. The first two of these properties are required for this transport.

Important: There may be a memory limitation if you use the JMS transport mechanism for a connector in the following environment:

- AIX 5.0
- WebSphere MQ 5.3.0.1
- When ICS is the integration broker

In this environment, you may experience difficulty starting both the connector controller (on the server side) and the connector (on the client side) due to memory use within the WebSphere MQ client. If your installation uses less than 768M of process heap size, IBM recommends that you set:

- The `LDR_CNTRL` environment variable in the `CWSharedEnv.sh` script.
This script resides in the `\bin` directory below the product directory. With a text editor, add the following line as the first line in the `CWSharedEnv.sh` script:

```
export LDR_CNTRL=MAXDATA=0x30000000
```


This line restricts heap memory usage to a maximum of 768 MB (3 segments * 256 MB). If the process memory grows more than this limit, page swapping can occur, which can adversely affect the performance of your system.
- The `IPCCBaseAddress` property to a value of 11 or 12. For more information on this property, see the *System Installation Guide for UNIX*.

DuplicateEventElimination

When you set this property to true, a JMS-enabled connector can ensure that duplicate events are not delivered to the delivery queue. To use this feature, the connector must have a unique event identifier set as the business object's **ObjectEventId** attribute in the application-specific code. This is done during connector development.

This property can also be set to false.

Note: When `DuplicateEventElimination` is set to true, you must also configure the `MonitorQueue` property to enable guaranteed event delivery.

FaultQueue

If the connector experiences an error while processing a message then the connector moves the message to the queue specified in this property, along with a status indicator and a description of the problem.

The default value is `CONNECTORNAME/FAULTQUEUE`.

JvmMaxHeapSize

The maximum heap size for the agent (in megabytes). This property is applicable only if the `RepositoryDirectory` value is `<REMOTE>`.

The default value is 128m.

JvmMaxNativeStackSize

The maximum native stack size for the agent (in kilobytes). This property is applicable only if the `RepositoryDirectory` value is `<REMOTE>`.

The default value is 128k.

JvmMinHeapSize

The minimum heap size for the agent (in megabytes). This property is applicable only if the `RepositoryDirectory` value is `<REMOTE>`.

The default value is 1m.

jms.FactoryClassName

Specifies the class name to instantiate for a JMS provider. You *must* set this connector property when you choose JMS as your delivery transport mechanism (DeliveryTransport).

The default is `CxCommon.Messaging.jms.IBMMQSeriesFactory`.

jms.MessageBrokerName

Specifies the broker name to use for the JMS provider. You *must* set this connector property when you choose JMS as your delivery transport mechanism (DeliveryTransport).

The default is `crossworlds.queue.manager`.

jms.NumConcurrentRequests

Specifies the maximum number of concurrent service call requests that can be sent to a connector at the same time. Once that maximum is reached, new service calls block and wait for another request to complete before proceeding.

The default value is 10.

jms.Password

Specifies the password for the JMS provider. A value for this property is optional.

There is no default.

jms.UserName

Specifies the user name for the JMS provider. A value for this property is optional.

There is no default.

ListenerConcurrency

This property supports multi-threading in MQ Listener when ICS is the integration broker. It enables batch writing of multiple events to the database, thus improving system performance. The default value is 1.

This property applies only to connectors using MQ transport. The `DeliveryTransport` property must be set to MQ.

Locale

Specifies the language code, country or territory, and, optionally, the associated character code set. The value of this property determines such cultural conventions as collation and sort order of data, date and time formats, and the symbols used in monetary specifications.

A locale name has the following format:

ll_TT.codeset

where:

ll a two-character language code (usually in lower case)

<i>TT</i>	a two-letter country or territory code (usually in upper case)
<i>codeset</i>	the name of the associated character code set; this portion of the name is often optional.

By default, only a subset of supported locales appears in the drop list. To add other supported values to the drop list, you must manually modify the `\Data\Std\stdConnProps.xml` file in the product directory. For more information, see the appendix on Connector Configurator.

The default value is `en_US`. If the connector has not been globalized, the only valid value for this property is `en_US`. To determine whether a specific connector has been globalized, see the connector version list on these websites:

<http://www.ibm.com/software/websphere/wbiadapters/infocenter>, or
<http://www.ibm.com/websphere/integration/wicsserver/infocenter>

LogAtInterchangeEnd

Applicable only if `RepositoryDirectory` is `<REMOTE>`.

Specifies whether to log errors to the integration broker's log destination. Logging to the broker's log destination also turns on e-mail notification, which generates e-mail messages for the `MESSAGE_RECIPIENT` specified in the `InterchangeSystem.cfg` file when errors or fatal errors occur.

For example, when a connector loses its connection to its application, if `LogAtInterChangeEnd` is set to `true`, an e-mail message is sent to the specified message recipient. The default is `false`.

MaxEventCapacity

The maximum number of events in the controller buffer. This property is used by flow control and is applicable only if the value of the `RepositoryDirectory` property is `<REMOTE>`.

The value can be a positive integer between 1 and 2147483647. The default value is 2147483647.

MessageFileName

The name of the connector message file. The standard location for the message file is `\connectors\messages`. Specify the message filename in an absolute path if the message file is not located in the standard location.

If a connector message file does not exist, the connector uses `InterchangeSystem.txt` as the message file. This file is located in the product directory.

Note: To determine whether a specific connector has its own message file, see the individual adapter user guide.

MonitorQueue

The logical queue that the connector uses to monitor duplicate events. It is used only if the `DeliveryTransport` property value is `JMS` and `DuplicateEventElimination` is set to `TRUE`.

The default value is CONNECTORNAME/MONITORQUEUE

OADAutoRestartAgent

Valid only when the RepositoryDirectory is <REMOTE>.

Specifies whether the connector uses the automatic and remote restart feature. This feature uses the MQ-triggered Object Activation Daemon (OAD) to restart the connector after an abnormal shutdown, or to start a remote connector from System Monitor.

This property must be set to true to enable the automatic and remote restart feature. For information on how to configure the MQ-triggered OAD feature, see the *Installation Guide for Windows or for UNIX*.

The default value is false.

OADMaxNumRetry

Valid only when the RepositoryDirectory is <REMOTE>.

Specifies the maximum number of times that the MQ-triggered OAD automatically attempts to restart the connector after an abnormal shutdown. The OADAutoRestartAgent property must be set to true for this property to take effect.

The default value is 1000.

OADRetryTimeInterval

Valid only when the RepositoryDirectory is <REMOTE>.

Specifies the number of minutes in the retry-time interval for the MQ-triggered OAD. If the connector agent does not restart within this retry-time interval, the connector controller asks the OAD to restart the connector agent again. The OAD repeats this retry process as many times as specified by the OADMaxNumRetry property. The OADAutoRestartAgent property must be set to true for this property to take effect.

The default is 10.

PollEndTime

Time to stop polling the event queue. The format is HH:MM, where *HH* represents 0-23 hours, and *MM* represents 0-59 seconds.

You must provide a valid value for this property. The default value is HH:MM, but must be changed.

PollFrequency

The amount of time between polling actions. Set PollFrequency to one of the following values:

- The number of milliseconds between polling actions.
- The word *key*, which causes the connector to poll only when you type the letter *p* in the connector's Command Prompt window. Enter the word in lowercase.
- The word *no*, which causes the connector not to poll. Enter the word in lowercase.

The default is 10000.

Important: Some connectors have restrictions on the use of this property. To determine whether a specific connector does, see the installing and configuring chapter of its adapter guide.

PollQuantity

Designates the number of items from the application that the connector should poll for. If the adapter has a connector-specific property for setting the poll quantity, the value set in the connector-specific property will override the standard property value.

PollStartTime

The time to start polling the event queue. The format is *HH:MM*, where *HH* represents 0-23 hours, and *MM* represents 0-59 seconds.

You must provide a valid value for this property. The default value is *HH:MM*, but must be changed.

RequestQueue

The queue that is used by the integration broker to send business objects to the connector.

The default value is `CONNECTOR/REQUESTQUEUE`.

RepositoryDirectory

The location of the repository from which the connector reads the XML schema documents that store the meta-data for business object definitions.

When the integration broker is ICS, this value must be set to `<REMOTE>` because the connector obtains this information from the InterChange Server repository.

When the integration broker is a WebSphere message broker or WAS, this value must be set to `<local directory>`.

ResponseQueue

Applicable only if `DeliveryTransport` is JMS and required only if `RepositoryDirectory` is `<REMOTE>`.

Designates the JMS response queue, which delivers a response message from the connector framework to the integration broker. When the integration broker is ICS, the server sends the request and waits for a response message in the JMS response queue.

RestartRetryCount

Specifies the number of times the connector attempts to restart itself. When used for a parallel connector, specifies the number of times the master connector application-specific component attempts to restart the slave connector application-specific component.

The default is 3.

RestartRetryInterval

Specifies the interval in minutes at which the connector attempts to restart itself. When used for a parallel connector, specifies the interval at which the master connector application-specific component attempts to restart the slave connector application-specific component. Possible values ranges from 1 to 2147483647.

The default is 1.

RHF2MessageDomain

WebSphere message brokers and WAS only.

This property allows you to configure the value of the field domain name in the JMS header. When data is sent to WMQI over JMS transport, the adapter framework writes JMS header information, with a domain name and a fixed value of `mrm`. A configurable domain name enables users to track how the WMQI broker processes the message data.

A sample header would look like this:

```
<mcd><Msd>mrm</Msd><Set>3</Set><Type>
Retek_POPhyDesc</Type><Fmt>CwXML</Fmt></mcd>
```

The default value is `mrm`, but it may also be set to `xml`. This property only appears when `DeliveryTransport` is set to `JMSand` and `WireFormat` is set to `CwXML`.

SourceQueue

Applicable only if `DeliveryTransport` is `JMS` and `ContainerManagedEvents` is specified.

Designates the JMS source queue for the connector framework in support of guaranteed event delivery for JMS-enabled connectors that use a JMS event store. For further information, see “`ContainerManagedEvents`” on page 26.

The default value is `CONNECTOR/SOURCEQUEUE`.

SynchronousRequestQueue

Applicable only if `DeliveryTransport` is `JMS`.

Delivers request messages that require a synchronous response from the connector framework to the broker. This queue is necessary only if the connector uses synchronous execution. With synchronous execution, the connector framework sends a message to the `SynchronousRequestQueue` and waits for a response back from the broker on the `SynchronousResponseQueue`. The response message sent to the connector bears a correlation ID that matches the ID of the original message.

The default is `CONNECTORNAME/SYNCHRONOUSREQUESTQUEUE`

SynchronousResponseQueue

Applicable only if `DeliveryTransport` is `JMS`.

Delivers response messages sent in reply to a synchronous request from the broker to the connector framework. This queue is necessary only if the connector uses synchronous execution.

The default is CONNECTORNAME/SYNCHRONOUSRESPONSEQUEUE

SynchronousRequestTimeout

Applicable only if DeliveryTransport is JMS.

Specifies the time in minutes that the connector waits for a response to a synchronous request. If the response is not received within the specified time, then the connector moves the original synchronous request message into the fault queue along with an error message.

The default value is 0.

WireFormat

Message format on the transport.

- If the RepositoryDirectory is a local directory, the setting is CwXML.
- If the value of RepositoryDirectory is <REMOTE>, the setting is CwB0.

WsifSynchronousRequest Timeout

WAS integration broker only.

Specifies the time in minutes that the connector waits for a response to a synchronous request. If the response is not received within the specified, time then the connector moves the original synchronous request message into the fault queue along with an error message.

The default value is 0.

XMLNameSpaceFormat

WebSphere message brokers and WAS integration broker only.

A strong property that allows the user to specify short and long name spaces in the XML format of business object definitions.

The default value is short.

Appendix B. Connector Configurator

This appendix describes how to use Connector Configurator to set configuration property values for your adapter.

You use Connector Configurator to:

- Create a connector-specific property template for configuring your connector
- Create a configuration file
- Set properties in a configuration file

Note:

In this document, backslashes (\) are used as the convention for directory paths. For UNIX installations, substitute slashes (/) for backslashes and follow the conventions for each operating system.

The topics covered in this appendix are:

- “Overview of Connector Configurator” on page 35
- “Starting Connector Configurator” on page 36
- “Creating a connector-specific property template” on page 37
- “Creating a new configuration file” on page 39
- “Setting the configuration file properties” on page 42
- “Using Connector Configurator in a globalized environment” on page 48

Overview of Connector Configurator

Connector Configurator allows you to configure the connector component of your adapter for use with these integration brokers:

- WebSphere InterChange Server (ICS)
- WebSphere MQ Integrator, WebSphere MQ Integrator Broker, and WebSphere Business Integration Message Broker, collectively referred to as the WebSphere Message Brokers (WMQI)
- WebSphere Application Server (WAS)

You use Connector Configurator to:

- Create a **connector-specific property template** for configuring your connector.
- Create a **connector configuration file**; you must create one configuration file for each connector you install.
- Set properties in a configuration file.

You may need to modify the default values that are set for properties in the connector templates. You must also designate supported business object definitions and, with ICS, maps for use with collaborations as well as specify messaging, logging and tracing, and data handler parameters, as required.

The mode in which you run Connector Configurator, and the configuration file type you use, may differ according to which integration broker you are running. For example, if WMQI is your broker, you run Connector Configurator directly, and not from within System Manager (see “Running Configurator in stand-alone mode” on page 36).

Connector configuration properties include both standard configuration properties (the properties that all connectors have) and connector-specific properties (properties that are needed by the connector for a specific application or technology).

Because **standard properties** are used by all connectors, you do not need to define those properties from scratch; Connector Configurator incorporates them into your configuration file as soon as you create the file. However, you do need to set the value of each standard property in Connector Configurator.

The range of standard properties may not be the same for all brokers and all configurations. Some properties are available only if other properties are given a specific value. The Standard Properties window in Connector Configurator will show the properties available for your particular configuration.

For **connector-specific properties**, however, you need first to define the properties and then set their values. You do this by creating a connector-specific property template for your particular adapter. There may already be a template set up in your system, in which case, you simply use that. If not, follow the steps in “Creating a new template” on page 37 to set up a new one.

Note: Connector Configurator runs only in a Windows environment. If you are running the connector in a UNIX environment, use Connector Configurator in Windows to modify the configuration file and then copy the file to your UNIX environment.

Starting Connector Configurator

You can start and run Connector Configurator in either of two modes:

- Independently, in stand-alone mode
- From System Manager

Running Configurator in stand-alone mode

You can run Connector Configurator independently and work with connector configuration files, irrespective of your broker.

To do so:

- From **Start>Programs**, click **IBM WebSphere InterChange Server>IBM WebSphere Business Integration Toolset>Development>Connector Configurator**.
- Select **File>New>Configuration File**.
- When you click the pull-down menu next to **System Connectivity Integration Broker**, you can select ICS, WebSphere Message Brokers or WAS, depending on your broker.

You may choose to run Connector Configurator independently to generate the file, and then connect to System Manager to save it in a System Manager project (see “Completing a configuration file” on page 41.)

Running Configurator from System Manager

You can run Connector Configurator from System Manager.

To run Connector Configurator:

1. Open the System Manager.
2. In the System Manager window, expand the **Integration Component Libraries** icon and highlight **Connectors**.
3. From the System Manager menu bar, click **Tools>Connector Configurator**. The Connector Configurator window opens and displays a **New Connector** dialog box.
4. When you click the pull-down menu next to **System Connectivity Integration Broker**, you can select ICS, WebSphere Message Brokers or WAS, depending on your broker.

To edit an existing configuration file:

1. In the System Manager window, select any of the configuration files listed in the Connector folder and right-click on it. Connector Configurator opens and displays the configuration file with the integration broker type and file name at the top.
2. Click the Standard Properties tab to see which properties are included in this configuration file.

Creating a connector-specific property template

To create a configuration file for your connector, you need a connector-specific property template as well as the system-supplied standard properties.

You can create a brand-new template for the connector-specific properties of your connector, or you can use an existing file as the template.

- To create a new template, see “Creating a new template” on page 37.
- To use an existing file, simply modify an existing template and save it under the new name.

Creating a new template

This section describes how you create properties in the template, define general characteristics and values for those properties, and specify any dependencies between the properties. Then you save the template and use it as the base for creating a new connector configuration file.

To create a template:

1. Click **File>New>Connector-Specific Property Template**.
2. The **Connector-Specific Property Template** dialog box appears, with the following fields:
 - **Template**, and **Name**
Enter a unique name that identifies the connector, or type of connector, for which this template will be used. You will see this name again when you open the dialog box for creating a new configuration file from a template.
 - **Old Template**, and **Select the Existing Template to Modify**
The names of all currently available templates are displayed in the Template Name display.

- To see the connector-specific property definitions in any template, select that template's name in the **Template Name** display. A list of the property definitions contained in that template will appear in the **Template Preview** display. You can use an existing template whose property definitions are similar to those required by your connector as a starting point for your template.
3. Select a template from the **Template Name** display, enter that template name in the **Find Name** field (or highlight your selection in **Template Name**), and click **Next**.

If you do not see any template that displays the connector-specific properties used by your connector, you will need to create one.

Specifying general characteristics

When you click **Next** to select a template, the **Properties - Connector-Specific Property Template** dialog box appears. The dialog box has tabs for General characteristics of the defined properties and for Value restrictions. The General display has the following fields:

- **General:**
 - Property Type
 - Updated Method
 - Description
- **Flags**
 - Standard flags
- **Custom Flag**
 - Flag

After you have made selections for the general characteristics of the property, click the **Value** tab.

Specifying values

The **Value** tab enables you to set the maximum length, the maximum multiple values, a default value, or a value range for the property. It also allows editable values. To do so:

1. Click the **Value** tab. The display panel for Value replaces the display panel for General.
2. Select the name of the property in the **Edit properties** display.
3. In the fields for **Max Length** and **Max Multiple Values**, make any changes. The changes will not be accepted unless you also open the **Property Value** dialog box for the property, described in the next step.
4. Right-click the box in the top left-hand corner of the value table and click **Add**. A **Property Value** dialog box appears. Depending on the property type, the dialog box allows you to enter either a value, or both a value and range. Enter the appropriate value or range, and click **OK**.
5. The **Value** panel refreshes to display any changes you made in **Max Length** and **Max Multiple Values**. It displays a table with three columns:
 - The **Value** column shows the value that you entered in the **Property Value** dialog box, and any previous values that you created.
 - The **Default Value** column allows you to designate any of the values as the default.
 - The **Value Range** shows the range that you entered in the **Property Value** dialog box.

After a value has been created and appears in the grid, it can be edited from within the table display. To make a change in an existing value in the table, select an entire row by clicking on the row number. Then right-click in the **Value** field and click **Edit Value**.

Setting dependencies

When you have made your changes to the **General** and **Value** tabs, click **Next**. The **Dependencies - Connector-Specific Property Template** dialog box appears.

A dependent property is a property that is included in the template and used in the configuration file *only if* the value of another property meets a specific condition. For example, `PollQuantity` appears in the template only if JMS is the transport mechanism and `DuplicateEventElimination` is set to `True`.

To designate a property as dependent and to set the condition upon which it depends, do this:

1. In the **Available Properties** display, select the property that will be made dependent.
2. In the **Select Property** field, use the drop-down menu to select the property that will hold the conditional value.
3. In the **Condition Operator** field, select one of the following:
 - == (equal to)
 - != (not equal to)
 - > (greater than)
 - < (less than)
 - >= (greater than or equal to)
 - <=(less than or equal to)
4. In the **Conditional Value** field, enter the value that is required in order for the dependent property to be included in the template.
5. With the dependent property highlighted in the **Available Properties** display, click an arrow to move it to the **Dependent Property** display.
6. Click **Finish**. Connector Configurator stores the information you have entered as an XML document, under `\data\app` in the `\bin` directory where you have installed Connector Configurator.

Creating a new configuration file

When you create a new configuration file, your first step is to select an integration broker. The broker you select determines the properties that will appear in the configuration file.

To select a broker:

- In the Connector Configurator home menu, click **File>New>Connector Configuration**. The **New Connector** dialog box appears.
- In the **Integration Broker** field, select ICS, WebSphere Message Brokers or WAS connectivity.
- Complete the remaining fields in the **New Connector** window, as described later in this chapter.

You can also do this:

- In the System Manager window, right-click on the **Connectors** folder and select **Create New Connector**. Connector Configurator opens and displays the **New Connector** dialog box.

Creating a configuration file from a connector-specific template

Once a connector-specific template has been created, you can use it to create a configuration file:

1. Click **File>New>Connector Configuration**.
2. The **New Connector** dialog box appears, with the following fields:
 - **Name**

Enter the name of the connector. Names are case-sensitive. The name you enter must be unique, and must be consistent with the file name for a connector that is installed on the system.

Important: Connector Configurator does not check the spelling of the name that you enter. You must ensure that the name is correct.
 - **System Connectivity**

Click ICS or WebSphere Message Brokers or WAS.
 - **Select Connector-Specific Property Template**

Type the name of the template that has been designed for your connector. The available templates are shown in the **Template Name** display. When you select a name in the Template Name display, the **Property Template Preview** display shows the connector-specific properties that have been defined in that template.

Select the template you want to use and click **OK**.
3. A configuration screen appears for the connector that you are configuring. The title bar shows the integration broker and connector names. You can fill in all the field values to complete the definition now, or you can save the file and complete the fields later.
4. To save the file, click **File>Save>To File** or **File>Save>To Project**. To save to a project, System Manager must be running.

If you save as a file, the **Save File Connector** dialog box appears. Choose *.cfg as the file type, verify in the File Name field that the name is spelled correctly and has the correct case, navigate to the directory where you want to locate the file, and click **Save**. The status display in the message panel of Connector Configurator indicates that the configuration file was successfully created.

Important: The directory path and name that you establish here must match the connector configuration file path and name that you supply in the startup file for the connector.
5. To complete the connector definition, enter values in the fields for each of the tabs of the Connector Configurator window, as described later in this chapter.

Using an existing file

You may have an existing file available in one or more of the following formats:

- A connector definition file.

This is a text file that lists properties and applicable default values for a specific connector. Some connectors include such a file in a \repository directory in their delivery package (the file typically has the extension .txt; for example, CN_XML.txt for the XML connector).
- An ICS repository file.

Definitions used in a previous ICS implementation of the connector may be available to you in a repository file that was used in the configuration of that connector. Such a file typically has the extension .in or .out.

- A previous configuration file for the connector.
Such a file typically has the extension *.cfg.

Although any of these file sources may contain most or all of the connector-specific properties for your connector, the connector configuration file will not be complete until you have opened the file and set properties, as described later in this chapter.

To use an existing file to configure a connector, you must open the file in Connector Configurator, revise the configuration, and then resave the file.

Follow these steps to open a *.txt, *.cfg, or *.in file from a directory:

1. In Connector Configurator, click **File>Open>From File**.
2. In the **Open File Connector** dialog box, select one of the following file types to see the available files:
 - Configuration (*.cfg)
 - ICS Repository (*.in, *.out)
Choose this option if a repository file was used to configure the connector in an ICS environment. A repository file may include multiple connector definitions, all of which will appear when you open the file.
 - All files (*.*)
Choose this option if a *.txt file was delivered in the adapter package for the connector, or if a definition file is available under another extension.
3. In the directory display, navigate to the appropriate connector definition file, select it, and click **Open**.

Follow these steps to open a connector configuration from a System Manager project:

1. Start System Manager. A configuration can be opened from or saved to System Manager only if System Manager has been started.
2. Start Connector Configurator.
3. Click **File>Open>From Project**.

Completing a configuration file

When you open a configuration file or a connector from a project, the Connector Configurator window displays the configuration screen, with the current attributes and values.

The title of the configuration screen displays the integration broker and connector name as specified in the file. Make sure you have the correct broker. If not, change the broker value before you configure the connector. To do so:

1. Under the **Standard Properties** tab, select the value field for the BrokerType property. In the drop-down menu, select the value ICS, WMQI, or WAS.
2. The Standard Properties tab will display the properties associated with the selected broker. You can save the file now or complete the remaining configuration fields, as described in “Specifying supported business object definitions” on page 44..
3. When you have finished your configuration, click **File>Save>To Project** or **File>Save>To File**.

If you are saving to file, select *.cfg as the extension, select the correct location for the file and click **Save**.

If multiple connector configurations are open, click **Save All to File** to save all of the configurations to file, or click **Save All to Project** to save all connector configurations to a System Manager project.

Before it saves the file, Connector Configurator checks that values have been set for all required standard properties. If a required standard property is missing a value, Connector Configurator displays a message that the validation failed. You must supply a value for the property in order to save the configuration file.

Setting the configuration file properties

When you create and name a new connector configuration file, or when you open an existing connector configuration file, Connector Configurator displays a configuration screen with tabs for the categories of required configuration values.

Connector Configurator requires values for properties in these categories for connectors running on all brokers:

- Standard Properties
- Connector-specific Properties
- Supported Business Objects
- Trace/Log File values
- Data Handler (applicable for connectors that use JMS messaging with guaranteed event delivery)

Note: For connectors that use JMS messaging, an additional category may display, for configuration of data handlers that convert the data to business objects.

For connectors running on **ICS**, values for these properties are also required:

- Associated Maps
- Resources
- Messaging (where applicable)

Important: Connector Configurator accepts property values in either English or non-English character sets. However, the names of both standard and connector-specific properties, and the names of supported business objects, must use the English character set only.

Standard properties differ from connector-specific properties as follows:

- Standard properties of a connector are shared by both the application-specific component of a connector and its broker component. All connectors have the same set of standard properties. These properties are described in Appendix A of each adapter guide. You can change some but not all of these values.
- Application-specific properties apply only to the application-specific component of a connector, that is, the component that interacts directly with the application. Each connector has application-specific properties that are unique to its application. Some of these properties provide default values and some do not; you can modify some of the default values. The installation and configuration chapters of each adapter guide describe the application-specific properties and the recommended values.

The fields for **Standard Properties** and **Connector-Specific Properties** are color-coded to show which are configurable:

- A field with a grey background indicates a standard property. You can change the value but cannot change the name or remove the property.
- A field with a white background indicates an application-specific property. These properties vary according to the specific needs of the application or connector. You can change the value and delete these properties.
- Value fields are configurable.
- The **Update Method** field is informational and not configurable. This field specifies the action required to activate a property whose value has changed.

Setting standard connector properties

To change the value of a standard property:

1. Click in the field whose value you want to set.
2. Either enter a value, or select one from the drop-down menu if it appears.
3. After entering all the values for the standard properties, you can do one of the following:
 - To discard the changes, preserve the original values, and exit Connector Configurator, click **File>Exit** (or close the window), and click **No** when prompted to save changes.
 - To enter values for other categories in Connector Configurator, select the tab for the category. The values you enter for **Standard Properties** (or any other category) are retained when you move to the next category. When you close the window, you are prompted to either save or discard the values that you entered in all the categories as a whole.
 - To save the revised values, click **File>Exit** (or close the window) and click **Yes** when prompted to save changes. Alternatively, click **Save>To File** from either the File menu or the toolbar.

Setting application-specific configuration properties

For application-specific configuration properties, you can add or change property names, configure values, delete a property, and encrypt a property. The default property length is 255 characters.

1. Right-click in the top left portion of the grid. A pop-up menu bar will appear. Click **Add** to add a property. To add a child property, right-click on the parent row number and click **Add child**.
2. Enter a value for the property or child property.
3. To encrypt a property, select the **Encrypt** box.
4. Choose to save or discard changes, as described for “Setting standard connector properties.”

The Update Method displayed for each property indicates whether a component or agent restart is necessary to activate changed values.

Important: Changing a preset application-specific connector property name may cause a connector to fail. Certain property names may be needed by the connector to connect to an application or to run properly.

Encryption for connector properties

Application-specific properties can be encrypted by selecting the **Encrypt** check box in the **Edit Property** window. To decrypt a value, click to clear the **Encrypt** check box, enter the correct value in the **Verification** dialog box, and click **OK**. If the entered value is correct, the value is decrypted and displays.

The adapter user guide for each connector contains a list and description of each property and its default value.

If a property has multiple values, the **Encrypt** check box will appear for the first value of the property. When you select **Encrypt**, all values of the property will be encrypted. To decrypt multiple values of a property, click to clear the **Encrypt** check box for the first value of the property, and then enter the new value in the **Verification** dialog box. If the input value is a match, all multiple values will decrypt.

Update method

Refer to the descriptions of update methods found in the *Standard configuration properties for connectors* appendix, under “Setting and updating property values” on page 20.

Specifying supported business object definitions

Use the **Supported Business Objects** tab in Connector Configurator to specify the business objects that the connector will use. You must specify both generic business objects and application-specific business objects, and you must specify associations for the maps between the business objects.

Note: Some connectors require that certain business objects be specified as supported in order to perform event notification or additional configuration (using meta-objects) with their applications. For more information, see the *Connector Development Guide for C++* or the *Connector Development Guide for Java*.

If ICS is your broker

To specify that a business object definition is supported by the connector, or to change the support settings for an existing business object definition, click the **Supported Business Objects** tab and use the following fields.

Business object name: To designate that a business object definition is supported by the connector, with System Manager running:

1. Click an empty field in the **Business Object Name** list. A drop-down list displays, showing all the business object definitions that exist in the System Manager project.
2. Click on a business object to add it.
3. Set the **Agent Support** (described below) for the business object.
4. In the File menu of the Connector Configurator window, click **Save to Project**. The revised connector definition, including designated support for the added business object definition, is saved to the project in System Manager.

To delete a business object from the supported list:

1. To select a business object field, click the number to the left of the business object.
2. From the **Edit** menu of the Connector Configurator window, click **Delete Row**. The business object is removed from the list display.
3. From the **File** menu, click **Save to Project**.

Deleting a business object from the supported list changes the connector definition and makes the deleted business object unavailable for use in this implementation of this connector. It does not affect the connector code, nor does it remove the business object definition itself from System Manager.

Agent support: If a business object has Agent Support, the system will attempt to use that business object for delivering data to an application via the connector agent.

Typically, application-specific business objects for a connector are supported by that connector's agent, but generic business objects are not.

To indicate that the business object is supported by the connector agent, check the **Agent Support** box. The Connector Configurator window does not validate your Agent Support selections.

Maximum transaction level: The maximum transaction level for a connector is the highest transaction level that the connector supports.

For most connectors, Best Effort is the only possible choice.

You must restart the server for changes in transaction level to take effect.

If a WebSphere Message Broker is your broker

If you are working in stand-alone mode (not connected to System Manager), you must enter the business name manually.

If you have System Manager running, you can select the empty box under the **Business Object Name** column in the **Supported Business Objects** tab. A combo box appears with a list of the business object available from the Integration Component Library project to which the connector belongs. Select the business object you want from the list.

The **Message Set ID** is an optional field for WebSphere Business Integration Message Broker 5.0, and need not be unique if supplied. However, for WebSphere MQ Integrator and Integrator Broker 2.1, you must supply a unique **ID**.

If WAS is your broker

When WebSphere Application Server is selected as your broker type, Connector Configurator does not require message set IDs. The **Supported Business Objects** tab shows a **Business Object Name** column only for supported business objects.

If you are working in stand-alone mode (not connected to System Manager), you must enter the business object name manually.

If you have System Manager running, you can select the empty box under the Business Object Name column in the Supported Business Objects tab. A combo box appears with a list of the business objects available from the Integration Component Library project to which the connector belongs. Select the business object you want from this list.

Associated maps (ICS only)

Each connector supports a list of business object definitions and their associated maps that are currently active in WebSphere InterChange Server. This list appears when you select the **Associated Maps** tab.

The list of business objects contains the application-specific business object which the agent supports and the corresponding generic object that the controller sends to the subscribing collaboration. The association of a map determines which map

will be used to transform the application-specific business object to the generic business object or the generic business object to the application-specific business object.

If you are using maps that are uniquely defined for specific source and destination business objects, the maps will already be associated with their appropriate business objects when you open the display, and you will not need (or be able) to change them.

If more than one map is available for use by a supported business object, you will need to explicitly bind the business object with the map that it should use.

The **Associated Maps** tab displays the following fields:

- **Business Object Name**

These are the business objects supported by this connector, as designated in the **Supported Business Objects** tab. If you designate additional business objects under the Supported Business Objects tab, they will be reflected in this list after you save the changes by choosing **Save to Project** from the **File** menu of the Connector Configurator window.

- **Associated Maps**

The display shows all the maps that have been installed to the system for use with the supported business objects of the connector. The source business object for each map is shown to the left of the map name, in the **Business Object Name** display.

- **Explicit**

In some cases, you may need to explicitly bind an associated map.

Explicit binding is required only when more than one map exists for a particular supported business object. When ICS boots, it tries to automatically bind a map to each supported business object for each connector. If more than one map takes as its input the same business object, the server attempts to locate and bind one map that is the superset of the others.

If there is no map that is the superset of the others, the server will not be able to bind the business object to a single map, and you will need to set the binding explicitly.

To explicitly bind a map:

1. In the **Explicit** column, place a check in the check box for the map you want to bind.
2. Select the map that you intend to associate with the business object.
3. In the **File** menu of the Connector Configurator window, click **Save to Project**.
4. Deploy the project to ICS.
5. Reboot the server for the changes to take effect.

Resources (ICS)

The **Resource** tab allows you to set a value that determines whether and to what extent the connector agent will handle multiple processes concurrently, using connector agent parallelism.

Not all connectors support this feature. If you are running a connector agent that was designed in Java to be multi-threaded, you are advised not to use this feature, since it is usually more efficient to use multiple threads than multiple processes.

Messaging (ICS)

The messaging properties are available only if you have set MQ as the value of the `DeliveryTransport` standard property and ICS as the broker type. These properties affect how your connector will use queues.

Setting trace/log file values

When you open a connector configuration file or a connector definition file, Connector Configurator uses the logging and tracing values of that file as default values. You can change those values in Connector Configurator.

To change the logging and tracing values:

1. Click the **Trace/Log Files** tab.
2. For either logging or tracing, you can choose to write messages to one or both of the following:

- To console (STDOUT):
Writes logging or tracing messages to the STDOUT display.

Note: You can only use the STDOUT option from the **Trace/Log Files** tab for connectors running on the Windows platform.

- To File:
Writes logging or tracing messages to a file that you specify. To specify the file, click the directory button (ellipsis), navigate to the preferred location, provide a file name, and click **Save**. Logging or tracing message are written to the file and location that you specify.

Note: Both logging and tracing files are simple text files. You can use the file extension that you prefer when you set their file names. For tracing files, however, it is advisable to use the extension `.trace` rather than `.trc`, to avoid confusion with other files that might reside on the system. For logging files, `.log` and `.txt` are typical file extensions.

Data handlers

The data handlers section is available for configuration only if you have designated a value of JMS for `DeliveryTransport` and a value of JMS for `ContainerManagedEvents`. Not all adapters make use of data handlers.

See the descriptions under `ContainerManagedEvents` in Appendix A, *Standard Properties*, for values to use for these properties. For additional details, see the *Connector Development Guide for C++* or the *Connector Development Guide for Java*.

Saving your configuration file

When you have finished configuring your connector, save the connector configuration file. Connector Configurator saves the file in the broker mode that you selected during configuration. The title bar of Connector Configurator always displays the broker mode (ICS, WMQI or WAS) that it is currently using.

The file is saved as an XML document. You can save the XML document in three ways:

- From System Manager, as a file with a `*.con` extension in an Integration Component Library, or
- In a directory that you specify.
- In stand-alone mode, as a file with a `*.cfg` extension in a directory folder.

For details about using projects in System Manager, and for further information about deployment, see the following implementation guides:

- For ICS: *Implementation Guide for WebSphere InterChange Server*
- For WebSphere Message Brokers: *Implementing Adapters with WebSphere Message Brokers*
- For WAS: *Implementing Adapters with WebSphere Application Server*

Changing a configuration file

You can change the integration broker setting for an existing configuration file. This enables you to use the file as a template for creating a new configuration file, which can be used with a different broker.

Note: You will need to change other configuration properties as well as the broker mode property if you switch integration brokers.

To change your broker selection within an existing configuration file (optional):

- Open the existing configuration file in Connector Configurator.
- Select the **Standard Properties** tab.
- In the **BrokerType** field of the Standard Properties tab, select the value that is appropriate for your broker.
When you change the current value, the available tabs and field selections on the properties screen will immediately change, to show only those tabs and fields that pertain to the new broker you have selected.

Completing the configuration

After you have created a configuration file for a connector and modified it, make sure that the connector can locate the configuration file when the connector starts up.

To do so, open the startup file used for the connector, and verify that the location and file name used for the connector configuration file match exactly the name you have given the file and the directory or path where you have placed it.

Using Connector Configurator in a globalized environment

Connector Configurator is globalized and can handle character conversion between the configuration file and the integration broker. Connector Configurator uses native encoding. When it writes to the configuration file, it uses UTF-8 encoding.

Connector Configurator supports non-English characters in:

- All value fields
- Log file and trace file path (specified in the **Trace/Log files** tab)

The drop list for the CharacterEncoding and Locale standard configuration properties displays only a subset of supported values. To add other values to the drop list, you must manually modify the `\Data\Std\stdConnProps.xml` file in the product directory.

For example, to add the locale `en_GB` to the list of values for the Locale property, open the `stdConnProps.xml` file and add the line in boldface type below:

```
<Property name="Locale"
isRequired="true"
updateMethod="component restart">
  <ValidType>String</ValidType>
  <ValidValues>
    <Value>ja_JP</Value>
    <Value>ko_KR</Value>
    <Value>zh_CN</Value>
    <Value>zh_TW</Value>
    <Value>fr_FR</Value>
    <Value>de_DE</Value>
    <Value>it_IT</Value>
    <Value>es_ES</Value>
    <Value>pt_BR</Value>
    <Value>en_US</Value>
    <Value>en_GB</Value>
  </ValidValues>
  <DefaultValue>en_US</DefaultValue>
</Property>
```

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