



Tivoli Security Compliance Manager

Version 5.1 – March, 2006

Collector and Message Reference Unix Oracle™ Addendum

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Preface

The *IBM Tivoli Security Compliance Manager Collector and Message Reference Oracle™ Addendum* describes the following:

- New collectors that gather Oracle™ database configuration information
- New policy template, Unix Oracle Policy, for monitoring the configuration of Oracle™ databases.

Documentation for previously developed collectors that are used in the new policy template can be found in the *IBM Tivoli Security Compliance Manager Collector and Message Reference* publication.

The information in this book will be added to the *IBM Tivoli Security Compliance Manager Collector and Message Reference* publication the next time that publication is updated.

What this book contains

This document contains the following chapters:

- Chapter 1, Required Configuration
- Chapter 2, Policies
Provides information on the Unix Oracle Policy.
- Chapter 3, Collectors
Provides general information on the new collectors.

Chapter 1.Required Configuration

Create Database Tables

Some of the queries in the Unix Oracle Policy template refer to tables that you must create before the queries can be executed. You must first edit the **jac_add.sql** file that was bundled with the policy template to verify the contents are correct for your deployment. The comments in the sql file should be thoroughly reviewed. After you have verified the contents, use DB2 to create the tables in your IBM Tivoli Security Compliance Manager 5.1.0 database, JAC, using the DB2 command, `db2 -tvf jac_add.sql`.

Chapter 2. Policy Templates

This chapter documents the following policy template:

- Unix Oracle Policy

Unix Oracle Policy Template

The Unix Oracle Policy template is a policy for checking compliance of Oracle™ databases running on Unix platforms.

Deployment information for the policy template

The IBM Tivoli Security Compliance Manager Unix Oracle Policy template consists of collectors and compliance queries that can be used to determine if a Oracle™ database complies with specific security requirements.

The collector instances associated with this policy are scheduled to run once a day at random times on each client that has this policy assigned.

See the *IBM Tivoli Security Compliance Manager Administration Guide* for details regarding installing and deploying policies.

Policy overview

Parameters used in the policy:

Parameter Name	Description	Type	Default
Allowed Grantors	List of grantor types that have permission to add access to the database.	List of strings	'ORACLE-1', 'IBM'
DBA Grantees	List of allowed GRANTEE's for the DBA role.	List of strings	'SYS', 'SYSTEM', 'MWADM', 'TIVADMDB', 'OPS\$TIVADM'
DBA Group Members	List of userids that are allowed in the DBA group.	List of strings	'root', 'oracle', 'ora', 'mwadm', 'tivadm'
Disallowed User Names	Disallowed user names (this names are already used by Oracle for various purposes).	List of strings	'TRACESVR', 'MDSYS', 'ORDSYS', 'CTXSYS', 'REPADMIN', 'AURORA\$ORB\$UNAUTHENTICATED', 'SYS', 'SYSTEM', 'DBSNMP', 'SCOTT', 'PO8', 'OUTLN', 'ADAMS', 'JONES', 'BLAKE', 'CLARK', 'HR', 'OE', 'SH', 'TEST', 'DUMMY', 'GUEST', 'DEMO'

Failed Login Limit	Limit of failed login attempts.	Integer	3
Max Collector Data Age	The maximum acceptable age of collector data in days.	Integer	8 [days]
Minimum Idle Time Limit	The minimum setting allowed as the idle time. The number of days an account will be locked after the specified number of consecutive failed login attempts	Integer	30
Minimum Password Lock Time	The minimum password lock time.	Integer	8
Password Grace Limit	The number of days after the grace period begins during which a warning is issued and login is allowed. If the password is not changed during the grace period, the password expires	Integer	
Password Lifetime Limit	The minimum setting allowed for the password lifetime.	Integer	83
Password Reuse Limit	The maximum password reuse number.	Integer	12
PWD Changing Standard Users	List of standard user ids who must change their default password.	List of strings	'SYS' , 'SYSTEM', 'DBSNMP', 'SCOTT', 'DEMO', 'PO8', 'OUTLN'

The queries included in this policy check the following items:

- Recent collector data exists for the collector instances. These queries ensure that the collector instance data has been returned from each of the clients for the specific collector within the past eight days.
- Informational list of clients scanned
- Auditing – Database Level
 - Profile
 - Role
 - User
- Auditing – System Level
 - Required auditing enabled
 - Audit trail logging enabled
 - Session
 - System audit by access
 - System grant by access

- Encryption / DBLINK_ENCRYPT_LOGIN
- File Permissions
 - Default files
 - Listener.ora file
 - Listener.ora file ownership
 - Mirror control files exist
 - SQL.BSQ
- Identify and Authenticate
 - ALTER SESSION privilege
 - ANY privileges
 - AUDIT privileges
 - DBA Role
 - DBA group
 - Disallowed User Accounts
 - Failed Login Attempts
 - Idle time check minimum setting
 - Idle time resource limit
 - LOCK ANY privilege
 - No DBA Role for disallowed user account
 - Password Grace Time
 - Password Lock Time
 - Password complexity function
 - Privileges
 - Restrict Role Privileges
 - Restrict System Privilege
 - SYSDBA Role
- Privileges Permissions
 - Grants to Public
 - Table Grants to Public
- Protecting OSR Resources
 - \$ORACLE_HOME directory file access permissions
 - Archive logging enabled
 - Archive log files
 - Control file access permissions
 - Init<sid>.ORA (initialization file)
 - Listener.ora password access
 - Oracle Program File Access

- Oracle config file permission
- Redo Log file ownership
- Rollback segments
- Table Space data files
- Temporary File access permission
- UTLPWDMG.SQL ownership
- UTLPWDMG.SQL world access
- Protecting User Resources
 - \$ORACLE_HOME files
 - Archive log files ownership
 - Config.ora files
 - Control file ownership
 - Database files
 - Init.ora files
 - Temp files
- Synonyms
 - Synonym ownership
- UTL
 - Utl_file package
 - Utl_file_dir
- User Settings
 - Disallowed user names
 - Password life time
 - Password reuse max
 - Password reuse not limited
 - Password reuse time unlimited
 - Standard user accounts password changed

Configuring this policy for your deployment

To configure the policy for your environment, do the following:

- Remove any queries that are not relevant to your deployment.
- Modify any values or parameters if the defaults used do not match the values required for your deployment.

Compliance queries

The following sections contain additional information on all of the compliance queries contained within the policy.

Application / Userid 'ORA<sid>.xx (xx=name of tier) or 'oracle'

This compliance query ensures that Oracle is installed on the system.

Table 1. Application / Userid 'ORA<sid>.xx (xx=name of tier) or 'oracle' Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: Oracle not on system. (Client id: {0}, Hostname: {1}).

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.alias as "Hostname"
FROM        jac_sys.clients a
EXCEPT
SELECT      e.cli_id, f.alias as "Hostname"
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 e
INNER JOIN  jac_sys.clients f
ON (e.cli_id=f.cli_id AND (upper(e.owner) = 'ORACLE' OR upper(e.owner) LIKE 'ORA%'))
```

Auditing – Database Level / Profile

This compliance query ensures that the PROFILE audit option is set correctly. The PROFILE audit option has to be set to 'BY ACCESS' in both, 'success' and 'failure', cases.

Table 2. Auditing – Database Level / Profile Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Audit option, PROFILE, is not correct. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1}).

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_version_v1 a
LEFT JOIN   jac_data.unx_ora_audit_option_v1 b
ON (a.cli_id=b.cli_id AND a.sid=b.sid)
EXCEPT
(
  SELECT      c.cli_id, c.sid, c.hostname
  FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_audit_option_v1 c
  WHERE      upper(value(audit_option, '')) = 'PROFILE'
  AND        upper(value(user_name, '')) = ''
  AND        upper(value(success, '')) = 'BY ACCESS'
  AND        upper(value(failure, '')) = 'BY ACCESS'
)
```

Auditing – Database Level / Role

This compliance query ensures that the ROLE audit option is set correctly. The ROLE audit option has to be set to 'BY ACCESS' in both, 'success' and 'failure', cases.

Table 3. Auditing – Database Level / Role Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: No ROLE audit option for all users. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1}).

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id,a.sid, a.hostname
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_version_v1 a
LEFT JOIN   jac_data.unx_ora_audit_option_v1 b
ON          (a.cli_id=b.cli_id AND a.sid=b.sid)
EXCEPT
(
  SELECT      c.cli_id, c.sid, c.hostname
FROM          jac_data.unx_ora_audit_option_v1 c
WHERE        upper(value(audit_option, '')) = 'ROLE'
AND          upper(value(user_name, '')) = ''
AND          upper(value(success, '')) = 'BY ACCESS'
AND          upper(value(failure, '')) = 'BY ACCESS'
)
```

Auditing – Database Level / User

This compliance query ensures that the USER audit option is set correctly. The USER audit option has to be set to 'BY ACCESS' in both, 'success' and 'failure', cases.

Table 4. Auditing – Database Level / User Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: USER audit option is not correct. SID={1}

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id,a.sid, a.hostname
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_version_v1 a
LEFT JOIN   jac_data.unx_ora_audit_option_v1 b
ON          (a.cli_id=b.cli_id AND a.sid=b.sid)
EXCEPT
(
  SELECT      c.cli_id, c.sid, c.hostname
FROM          jac_data.unx_ora_audit_option_v1 c
WHERE        upper(value(audit_option, '')) = 'USER'
AND          upper(value(user_name, '')) = ''
AND          upper(value(success, '')) = 'BY ACCESS'
AND          upper(value(failure, '')) = 'BY ACCESS'
)
```

Auditing – System Level / AUDIT_SYS_OPERATIONS Not Enabled

This compliance query ensures the AUDIT_SYS_OPERATIONS parameter is set to true. This is only valid for versions of Oracle 9.2. or higher.

Table 5. Auditing – System Level / AUDIT_SYS_OPERATIONS Not Enabled Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: {2} is set to {3}. It must be set to TRUE. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {4}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.name, a.value, a.hostname
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_parameter_v1 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_version_v1 b
ON          (a.cli_id = b.cli_id AND a.sid = b.sid)
WHERE       upper (a.name) = 'AUDIT_SYS_OPERATIONS'
AND         upper (a.value) <> 'TRUE'
AND         ((b.level_1 > 9) OR (b.level_1 = 9 AND b.level_2 >= 2))
```

Auditing – System Level / Audit Trail Logging

This compliance query ensures that the AUDIT_TRAIL parameter is set to OS to enable system wide auditing.

Table 6. Auditing – System Level / Audit Trail Logging Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: AUDIT_TRAIL parameter is {3}. It must be OS to enable system wide auditing. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {4}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      cli_id, sid, name, value, hostname
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_parameter_v1
WHERE       upper (value(name, '')) = 'AUDIT_TRAIL'
AND         upper (value(value, '')) <> 'OS'
```

Auditing – System Level / Create Session

This compliance query ensures that audit option CREATE SESSION is set correctly. The CREATE SESSION audit option has to be set to 'BY ACCESS' in both, 'success' and 'failure', cases.

Table 7.Auditing – System Level / Create Session Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: No Audit CREATE SESSION for all users. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id,a.sid, a.hostname
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_version_v1 a
LEFT JOIN   jac_data.unx_ora_audit_option_v1 b
ON          (a.cli_id=b.cli_id AND a.sid=b.sid)
EXCEPT
(
  SELECT      c.cli_id, c.sid, c.hostname
  FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_audit_option_v1 c
  WHERE       upper(value(audit_option, '')) = 'CREATE SESSION'
  AND         upper(value(user_name, '')) = ''
  AND         upper(value(success, '')) = 'BY ACCESS'
  AND         upper(value(failure, '')) = 'BY ACCESS'
)
```

Auditing – System Level / System Audit By Access

This compliance query ensures that the SYSTEM AUDIT access is configured properly. The SYSTEM AUDIT audit option has to be set to 'BY ACCESS' in both, 'success' and 'failure', cases.

Table 8.Auditing - System Level / System Audit By Access Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: SYSTEM AUDIT access configuration is not correct. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id,a.sid, a.hostname
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_version_v1 a
LEFT JOIN   jac_data.unx_ora_audit_option_v1 b
ON          (a.cli_id=b.cli_id AND a.sid=b.sid)
EXCEPT
(
  SELECT      c.cli_id, c.sid, c.hostname
  FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_audit_option_v1 c
  WHERE       upper(value(audit_option, '')) ='SYSTEM AUDIT'
  AND         upper(value(user_name, '')) = ''
  AND         upper(value(success, '')) = 'BY ACCESS'
  AND         upper(value(failure, '')) = 'BY ACCESS'
)
```

Auditing – System Level / System Grant

This compliance query ensures that all defined Oracle Instances (SIDs) have their SYSTEM GRANT audit option set correctly. Audit option SYSTEM GRANT is correct when it is BY ACCESS for all users.

Table 9. Auditing – System Level / System Grant Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Audit option SYSTEM GRANT must be BY ACCESS for all users. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_version_v1 a
LEFT JOIN   jac_data.unx_ora_audit_option_v1 b
ON          (a.cli_id=b.cli_id AND a.sid=b.sid)
EXCEPT
(
  SELECT      c.cli_id, c.sid, c.hostname
FROM          jac_data.unx_ora_audit_option_v1 c
WHERE         upper(value(audit_option, '')) = 'SYSTEM GRANT'
AND           upper(value(user_name, '')) = ''
AND           upper(value(success, '')) = 'BY ACCESS'
AND           upper(value(failure, '')) = 'BY ACCESS'
)
```

Collector Data / OraBinaryFilePermsV1 Data Exists

Verifies the collector used by this policy has run successfully within the allowed time frame. Default is 8 days.

Table 10. Collector Data / OraBinaryFilePermsV1 Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: Required collector data is missing or is too old: unix.any.OraBinaryFilePermsV1. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.alias as "Hostname"
FROM        jac_sys.clients a
EXCEPT ALL
SELECT      cli_id, hostname as "Hostname"
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1
WHERE       logdate > TIMESTAMP(CHAR(CURRENT DATE - $(Max Collector Data Age) DAYS) || '-00.00.00')
```

Collector Data / OraHomeFilePermsV1 Data Exists

Verifies the collector used by this policy has run successfully within the allowed time frame. Default is 8 days.

Table 11. Collector Data / OraHomeFilePermsV1 Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OraHomeFilePermsV1

Violation message: Required collector data is missing or is too old: unix.any.OraHomeFilePermsV1. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.alias as "Hostname"
FROM        jac_sys.clients a
EXCEPT ALL
SELECT      cli_id, hostname as "Hostname"
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_home_files_v1
WHERE logdate > TIMESTAMP(CHAR(CURRENT DATE - $(Max Collector Data Age) DAYS) || '-00.00.00')
```

Collector Data / OraListenerFilePermsV1 Data Exists

Verifies the collector used by this policy has run successfully within the allowed time frame. Default is 8 days.

Table 12. Collector Data / OraListenerFilePermsV1 Data Exists Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OraListenerFilePermsV1

Violation message: Required collector data is missing or is too old: unix.any.OraListenerFilePermsV1. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.alias as "Hostname"
FROM        jac_sys.clients a
EXCEPT ALL
SELECT      cli_id, hostname as "Hostname"
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_listener_v2
WHERE logdate > TIMESTAMP(CHAR(CURRENT DATE - $(Max Collector Data Age) DAYS) || '-00.00.00')
```


Collector Data / OraPwdfFunctionsV1 Data Exists

Verifies the collector used by this policy has run successfully within the allowed time frame. Default is 8 days.

Table 13. Collector Data / OraPwdfFunctionsV1 Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OraPwdfFunctionsV1

Violation message: Required collector data is missing or is too old: unix.any.OraPwdfFunctionsV1. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.alias as "Hostname"
FROM        jac_sys.clients a
EXCEPT ALL
SELECT      cli_id, hostname as "Hostname"
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_pw_function_v1
WHERE logdate > TIMESTAMP(CHAR(CURRENT DATE - $(Max Collector Data Age) DAYS) || '-00.00.00')
```

Collector Data / OracleQueriesV1 Data Exists

Verifies the collector used by this policy has run successfully within the allowed time frame. Default is 8 days.

Table 14. Collector Data / OracleQueriesV1 Data Exists Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Required collector data is missing or is too old: unix.any.OracleQueriesV1. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.alias as "Hostname"
FROM        jac_sys.clients a
EXCEPT ALL
SELECT      cli_id, hostname as "Hostname"
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_config_files_v1
WHERE logdate > TIMESTAMP(CHAR(CURRENT DATE - $(Max Collector Data Age) DAYS) || '-00.00.00')
```

Encryption / DBLINK_ENCRYPT_LOGIN

This compliance query ensures that the DBLINK_ENCRYPT_LOGIN parameter is set to TRUE. This check is only valid for versions of Oracle prior to 9.2.

Table 15. Encryption / DBLINK_ENCRYPT_LOGIN Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: {2} is set to {3}. Must be set to TRUE. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {4}, SID={1})

SQL query:

SELECT	a.cli_id, a.sid, b.name, b.value, a.hostname
FROM	jac_data.unx_ora_version_v1 a
INNER JOIN	jac_data.unx_ora_parameter_v1 b
ON	(a.cli_id=b.cli_id AND a.sid=b.sid)
WHERE	upper(value(b.name, ' '))='DBLINK_ENCRYPT_LOGIN'
AND	upper(value(b.value, ' ')) <> 'TRUE'
AND	(a.level_1 < 9 OR (a.level_1 = 9 AND a.level_2 < 2))

File Permissions / Default protection of database files

This compliance query ensures that the file ownership and access permissions of database files are correct. The Oracle files cannot be world-writable (the permissions should be exactly like rw- r-- ---).

Table 16. File Permissions / Default protection of database files Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1, OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: Database file,{8}, ownership or permissions are incorrect.
OWNER={3}\nGROUP={4}\nOWNER Permissions={5}\nGROUP Permissions={6}\nOther users permissions={7}\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

SELECT DISTINCT	a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, a.owner, a.group, a.mod_owner, a.mod_group,
	a.mod_other, a.file_name
FROM	jac_data.unx_ora_data_files_v2 a
INNER JOIN	jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 b
ON	(a.sid = b.sid AND a.cli_id=b.cli_id)
WHERE	(a.owner <> b.owner
	OR a.group <> b.group
	OR a.mod_owner <> 'rw-'
	OR a.mod_group <> 'r--'
	OR a.mod_other <> '---')
UNION	
SELECT	a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, a.owner, a.group, a.mod_owner, a.mod_group,
	a.mod_other, a.file_name
FROM	jac_data.unx_ora_temp_files_v1 a
INNER JOIN	jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 b
ON	(a.sid = b.sid AND a.cli_id=b.cli_id)
WHERE	(a.owner <> b.owner
	OR a.group <> b.group

```

OR    a.mod_owner <> 'rw-'
OR    a.mod_group <> 'r--'
OR    a.mod_other <> '---'

```

File Permissions / Listener.ora access permissions

This compliance query ensures that listener.ora files have the proper access permission settings. The listener.ora cannot be world-writable (the permissions should be exactly like rw- r-- ---).

Table 17. File Permissions / Listener.ora access permissions Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OraListenerFilePermsV1

Violation message: File, {7}, has incorrect file permissions. Owner={2}. Group={3}. Owner Permissions={4}. Group Permissions={5}. Other user permissions={6}\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2})

SQL query:

```

SELECT DISTINCT cli_id, hostname, owner, group, mod_owner, mod_group, mod_other, file
FROM          jac_data.unx_ora_listener_v2
WHERE        mod_owner <> 'rw-'
OR          mod_group <> 'r--'
OR          mod_other <> '---'

```

File Permissions / Listener.ora correct file ownership

This compliance query ensures that the listener.ora files have proper user and group ownership (the same as the oracle binary file).

Table 18. File Permissions / Listener.ora correct file ownership Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OraListenerFilePermsV1, OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: File {4} is owned by user {2} group {3}. Should be owned by user {5} group {6}.\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2})

SQL query:

```

SELECT      a.cli_id, a.hostname, a.owner, a.group, a.file, b.owner, b.group
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_listener_v2 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 b ON a.cli_id=b.cli_id
WHERE      (a.owner <> b.owner OR a.group <> b.group)

```

File Permissions / Mirror Control Files

This compliance query ensures that a control files have a mirror.

Table 19. File Permissions / Mirror Control Files Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: File {8} has no mirror. Owner={3}. Group={4}. Owner permissions={5}. Group permissions={6}. Other user permissions={7}.\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT DISTINCT cli_id, sid, hostname, owner, group, mod_owner, mod_group, mod_other,
count(value) filecount
FROM          jac_data.unx_ora_ctrl_files_v2
GROUP BY     cli_id, sid, hostname, owner, group, mod_owner, mod_group, mod_other
HAVING      count(value) < 2
```

Identify and Authenticate / ALTER SESSION privilege

This compliance query ensures that ALTER SESSION privilege has not been granted incorrectly. Only ALLOWED_GRANTORS and users specified by Oracle DBA can have ALTER SESSION privilege.

Note: This query uses additional database server tables JAC_ADD.ALLOWED_GRANTOR_TYPES_V1 and JAC_ADD.ORACLE_USERS_V1.

Table 20. Identify and Authenticate / ALTER SESSION privilege Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: ALTER SESSION privilege invalid. GRANTEE={3}\nPRIVILEGE={4}\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, grantee, privilege
FROM        jac_data.UNX_ORA_SYS_PRIVS_V1
WHERE       (UPPER(privilege) = 'ALTER SESSION')
AND        UPPER(grantee)
NOT IN
    (SELECT  y.username
     FROM    jac_add.oracle_users_v1 y
           INNER JOIN jac_add.allowed_grantor_types_v1 z
                   ON y.usertype=z.usertype)
AND        UPPER(grantee)
NOT IN
    (SELECT  role
     FROM    jac_add.oracle_roles_v1)
```

Identify and Authenticate / ANY Privileges

This compliance query checks that no unauthorized user has been granted excessive permissions ('%ANY%', 'BECOME USER', 'UNLIMITED TABLESPACE').

If the permission has been granted by an authorized grantor, no violation is detected.

Table 21. Identify and Authenticate / ANY Privileges Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Grantee {3} must not have privilege {4}.\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, grantee, privilege
FROM        jac_data.UNX_ORA_SYS_PRIVS_V1
```

```

WHERE      (UPPER(privilege) LIKE '%ANY%' OR UPPER(privilege) = 'BECOME USER'
            OR      UPPER(privilege) = 'UNLIMITED TABLESPACE')
AND        UPPER(grantee)
NOT IN
            (SELECT      username
              FROM        jac_add.oracle_users_v1 x
              INNER JOIN  jac_add.allowed_grantor_types_v1 y ON x.usertype = y.usertype)
AND        UPPER(grantee)
NOT IN      (SELECT role FROM jac_add.oracle_roles_v1)

```

Identify and Authenticate / AUDIT privileges

This compliance query checks that no unauthorized user has been granted AUDIT permissions ('AUDIT%').

Note: This query uses additional database server tables

JAC_ADD.ORACLE_ROLES_V1, JAC_ADD.ORACLE_USERS_V1,
JAC_ADD.ALLOWED_GRANTOR_TYPES_V1

Table 22. Identify and Authenticate / AUDIT privileges Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Incorrect audit privilege. GRANTEE={3}\nPRIVILEGE={4}\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```

SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, grantee, privilege
FROM        jac_data.UNX_ORA_SYS_PRIVS_V1
WHERE       (UPPER(privilege) LIKE 'AUDIT%')
AND        UPPER(grantee)
NOT IN
            (SELECT      username
              FROM        jac_add.oracle_users_v1 x
              INNER JOIN  jac_add.allowed_grantor_types_v1 y
              ON          x.usertype=y.usertype)
AND        UPPER(grantee)
NOT IN      (SELECT      UPPER(role)
              FROM        jac_add.oracle_roles_v1)

```

Identify and Authenticate / DBA Role

This compliance query ensures that the DBA role is not granted inappropriately. Any user that is not listed in '\$(DBA Grantees)' group can not have DBA role granted.

Table 23. Identify and Authenticate / DBA Role Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Unauthorized user with DBA-Role. User={3}. Role={4}. S\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT cli_id, sid, hostname, grantee, granted_role
FROM jac_data.unx_ora_role_privs_v1
WHERE granted_role = 'DBA'
AND upper(grantee)
NOT IN ($(DBA Grantees))
```

Identify and Authenticate / DBA Group

This compliance query ensures that oracle files group ownership is limited to acceptable users. Violation is caused when owner of oracle files is not listed in \$(DBA Group Members) list.

Table 24. Identify and Authenticate / DBA Group Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: Unauthorized user, {4} is a member of group {3} which has group ownership of file {5}.
\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT cli_id, sid, hostname, group, owner, value
FROM jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1
WHERE lower(owner) NOT IN ($(DBA Group Members))
```

Identify and Authenticate / Disallowed User Accounts

This compliance query ensures that sample and other disallowed user names are not assigned privileges. List of disallowed user names is taken from the parameter \$(Disallowed User Names).

Table 25. Identify and Authenticate / Disallowed User Accounts Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Disallowed user, {3}, has role {4}. \n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT a.cli_id, a.hostname, a.sid, a.username, b.granted_role
FROM jac_data.unx_ora_user_profile_v1 a
LEFT OUTER JOIN jac_data.unx_ora_role_privs_v1 b
ON a.username = b.grantee AND a.cli_id=b.cli_id
WHERE upper(a.username) IN ($(Disallowed User Names))
```

Identify and Authenticate / Failed Login Attempts

This compliance query ensures that the failed login limit is set for all users.

Table 26. Identify and Authenticate / Failed Login Attempts Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: User {3} has {5} set to {6}. Profile={4}. \n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, b.username, a.profile, a.resource_name, a.limit
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_profile_settings_v1 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_user_profile_v1 b
ON          a.cli_id=b.cli_id AND a.sid=b.sid AND a.profile=b.profile
WHERE      resource_name='FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS'
AND        (((substr(a.limit,1,1) between '0' AND '9')
AND integer(a.limit) > $(Failed Login Limit))
OR (substr(a.limit,1,1) NOT between '0' AND '9') OR ( a.limit IS NULL ))
```

Identify and Authenticate / Idle Time Check Minimum Setting

This compliance query ensures that the IDLE_TIME is set.

Table 27. Identify and Authenticate / Idle Time Check Minimum Setting Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: User, {3} has {5} set to {6}. Must be less than or equal to {7}. PROFILE={4}.\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, b.username, a.profile, resource_name, a.limit,
            $(Minimum Idle Time Limit)
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_profile_settings_v1 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_user_profile_v1 b
ON          a.cli_id=b.cli_id AND a.sid=b.sid AND a.profile=b.profile
WHERE      resource_name = 'IDLE_TIME'
AND        ((substr(limit,1,1) between '0' AND '9' AND integer(limit)>$(Minimum Idle Time Limit))
OR (substr(limit,1,1) NOT between '0' AND '9')
OR (limit IS NULL))
```

Identify and Authenticate / LOCK ANY privilege

This compliance query ensures that LOCK permissions have not been granted incorrectly. LOCK% privileges can not be granted to users that are not listed as \$(Allowed Grantors).

Table 28. Identify and Authenticate / LOCK ANY privilege Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: LOCK privilege incorrect. GRANTEE={3}\nPRIVILEGE={4}.\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      cli_id, hostname, sid, grantee, privilege
FROM        jac_data.UNX_ORA_SYS_PRIVS_V1
WHERE      (UPPER(privilege) LIKE 'LOCK%')
AND        UPPER(grantee)
NOT IN
```

```

        (SELECT DISTINCT username
         FROM          jac_add.oracle_users_v1 x
         WHERE         x.usertype IN ($(Allowed Grantors)))
AND  UPPER(grantee)
NOT IN
        (SELECT      role
         FROM          jac_add.oracle_roles_v1)

```

Identify and Authenticate / No DBA Role For Disallowed User Account

This compliance query ensures that disallowed user names are not assigned the DBA role.

Table 29. Identify and Authenticate / No DBA Role for Disallowed User Account Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: User {3} must not have role {4}. \n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```

SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, grantee, granted_role
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_role_privs_v1 a
WHERE       upper(a.grantee) IN ($(Disallowed User Names))
AND         upper (granted_role) = 'DBA'

```

Identify and Authenticate / Password Grace Time

This compliance query ensures that the PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME setting is correct.

Table 30. Identify and Authenticate / Password Grace Time Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: ORA PROFILE SETTINGS PASSWORD GRACE TIME NOT STANDARD.\nUSERNAME={2}\nPROFILE={3}\nRESOURCE NAME={4}\nLIMIT={5}.\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```

SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, username, a.profile, resource_name, limit,
            $(Password Grace Limit)
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_profile_settings_v1 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_user_profile_v1 b
ON          a.cli_id=b.cli_id
AND         a.sid=b.sid
AND         a.profile=b.profile
WHERE       resource_name='PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME'
AND         ((substr(limit,1,1) between '0' AND '9' AND integer(limit)>$(Password Grace Limit)
            OR (substr(limit,1,1) NOT between '0' AND '9') OR (limit IS NULL))

```


Identify and Authenticate / Password Lock Time

This compliance query ensures that the minimum password lock time setting is valid.

Table 31. Identify and Authenticate / Password Lock Time Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: User {2} has {4} set to {5}. Should be at least {6}. Profile={3}.\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, username, a.profile, resource_name, limit,
            $(Minimum Password Lock Time)
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_profile_settings_v1 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_user_profile_v1 b
ON         a.cli_id=b.cli_id AND a.profile=b.profile
WHERE      resource_name='PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME'
AND ((substr(limit,1,1) between '0' AND '9') AND integer(limit)>$(Minimum Password Lock
Time))
           OR substr(limit,1,1) NOT between '0' AND '9'
           OR limit IS NULL)
```

Identify and Authenticate / Password complexity function

The password complexity function must be enabled to enforce the following attributes:

A valid password will have a minimum length of eight (8) characters.

A valid password will contain at least one alpha and one numeric character.

Table 32. Identify and Authenticate / Password complexity function Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1, OraPwdFunctionsV1

Violation message: Password complexity invalid for user {3}: profile "{4}" "{5}" "{6}" "{7}". (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      u.cli_id, u.sid, u.hostname, u.username, u.profile, p.limit, p.hc_id,
            p.hc_description
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_user_profile_v1 u
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_pw_function_v1 p
ON         (u.cli_id = p.cli_id AND u.sid = p.sid AND u.profile=p.profile)
WHERE      (p.limit is NULL OR p.hc_id is NOT NULL)
```

Identify and Authenticate / Privileges

It is recommended that privileges be assigned to users indirectly. Privileges should be granted to roles only.

Table 33. Identify and Authenticate / Privileges Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: User {3} has privilege granted directly.\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, grantee
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_tab_privs_v1
WHERE       grantee
NOT IN
      (SELECT      role
       FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_roles_v1 )
AND        upper( grantee )
NOT IN      ($ (Allowed Grantors))
```

Identify and Authenticate / Resource Limit

This compliance query ensures that the RESOURCE_LIMIT configuration parameter is not set to false.

Table 34. Identify and Authenticate / Resource Limit Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Configuration parameter {3} is incorrectly set to {4}. \n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      cli_id, hostname, sid,name, value
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_parameter_v1
WHERE       upper(name) = 'RESOURCE_LIMIT'
AND        (upper(value) IN ('FALSE', 'NONE') OR value IS NULL)
```

Identify and Authenticate / Restrict Role Privileges

Roles containing %ANY%,%ADMINISTER%,%ALTER%,%USER%,%DROP%,or %AUDIT% must be restricted to administrative users listed in \$(Allowed Grantors) parameter.

Table 35. Identify and Authenticate / Restrict Role Privileges Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: user “{3}” with role “{4}” with privs not allowed. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, a.grantee, a.granted_role
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_role_privs_v1 a
WHERE       a.granted_role
IN
  (SELECT DISTINCT grantee
   FROM      jac_data.UNX_ORA_SYS_PRIVS_V1
   WHERE     grantee
   IN
     (SELECT      role
      FROM        jac_data.UNX_ORA_ROLES_V1 )
  AND (privilege LIKE '%ANY%'
      OR privilege LIKE '%ADMINISTER%'
      OR privilege LIKE '%ALTER%'
      OR privilege LIKE '%USER%'
      OR privilege LIKE '%DROP%'
      OR privilege LIKE '%AUDIT%'))
AND a.grantee
NOT IN      ($(Allowed Grantors))
```

Identify and Authenticate / Restrict System Privileges

System privileges, FORCE TRANSACTION, MANAGE TABLESPACE, RESTRICTED SESSION, and GLOBAL QUERY REWRITE, must be restricted to system administrators listed in \$(Allowed Grantors).

Table 36. Identify and Authenticate / Restrict System Privileges Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: grantee “{3}” has privilege “{4}”. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, grantee, privilege
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_sys_privs_v1
WHERE       privilege
IN          ('FORCE TRANSACTION', 'MANAGE TABLESPACE', 'RESTRICTED SESSION', 'GLOBAL QUERY REWRITE')
AND        grantee NOT IN ($(Allowed Grantors))
```

Identify and Authenticate / SYSDBA Role

This compliance query checks that no users other than SYS and SYSTEM gave access to pwfile

Table 37. Identify and Authenticate / SYSDBA Role Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: User {3} can connect as sysdba/sysoper. SYSDBA={4}. SYSOPER={5}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT cli_id, sid, hostname, username, sysdba, sysoper
FROM jac_data.unx_ora_pwfile_users_v1
WHERE upper(username) NOT IN ($ (DBA Grantees))
```

Privileges Permissions / Grants to Public

This compliance query ensures that system roles and privileges are not granted to PUBLIC.

Table 38. Privileges Permissions / Grants to Public Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: {3}, {5}, granted to PUBLIC. GRANTEE={4}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT cli_id, sid, hostname, 'ROLE' , GRANTEE, GRANTED_ROLE
FROM jac_data.UNX_ORA_ROLE_PRIVS_V1
WHERE GRANTEE = 'PUBLIC'
UNION
SELECT cli_id, sid, hostname, 'SYSTEM' , GRANTEE, PRIVILEGE
FROM jac_data.UNX_ORA_SYS_PRIVS_V1
WHERE GRANTEE = 'PUBLIC'
```

Privileges Permissions / Table Grants to Public

This compliance query ensures that public table access is not incorrectly granted. Only users that are considered as \$(Allowed Grantors) can have public access to tables.

Table 39. Privileges Permissions / Table Grants to Public Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Public granted access to tables. Grantee={3}. Grantor={4}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT cli_id, sid, hostname, GRANTEE, grantor
FROM jac_data.UNX_ORA_TAB_PRIVS_V1
WHERE upper (GRANTEE) = 'PUBLIC'
```

```

AND          grantor
NOT IN
      (SELECT      username
       FROM        jac_add.oracle_users_v1 a
       INNER JOIN  jac_add.allowed_grantor_types_v1 b ON a.usertype=b.usertype)

```

Protecting OSR Resources / \$ORACLE_HOME directory file access permissions

This compliance query ensures that files in the \$ORACLE_HOME directory have proper world access permissions. World access permissions can not include 'write' access.

Table 40. Protecting OSR Resources / \$ORACLE_HOME directory file access permissions Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OraHomeFilePermsV1

Violation message: File {8} has incorrect world access permissions {7}. Owner={3}. Group={4}. Owner permissions={5}. Group permissions={6}.\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```

SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, owner, group, mod_owner, mod_group, mod_other, value
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_home_files_v1
WHERE       mod_other NOT LIKE ' _ '

```

Protecting OSR Resources / Archive Logging Enabled

This compliance query ensures that archive log mode is enabled.

Table 41. Protecting OSR Resources / Archive Logging Enabled Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Archive log mode is not enabled. Database logmode={2}\nAutomatic archival={3}.\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```

SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, database_logmode, automatic_archival
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_archive_v1
WHERE       upper (DATABASE_LOGMODE) = 'NO ARCHIVE MODE'
OR          upper (AUTOMATIC_ARCHIVAL) = 'DISABLED'

```

Protecting OSR Resources / Archive log files

This compliance query ensures that Oracle archive log files are not world-accessible.

Table 42. Protecting OSR Resources / Archive log files Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Archive log file,{8}, has incorrect access permission.
OWNER={3}\nGROUP={4}\nOWNER Permissions={5}\nGROUP Permissions={6}\nOTHER Users Permissions={7}.\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT cli_id, sid, hostname, owner, group, mod_owner, mod_group, mod_other, value
FROM jac_data.unx_ora_archive_files_v1
WHERE mod_other NOT LIKE '--_'
```

Protecting OSR Resources / Control file access permission

This compliance query ensures that Oracle control files are not world-accessible.

Table 43. Protecting OSR Resources / Control file access permission Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Oracle database control file has incorrect file access permissions.OWNER={3}, GROUP={4}, MOD_OWNER={5}, MOD_GROUP={6}, MOD_OTHER={7}, VALUE={8}, (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT DISTINCT cli_id, sid, hostname, owner, group, mod_owner, mod_group, mod_other, value
FROM jac_data.unx_ora_ctrl_files_v2
WHERE mod_other NOT LIKE '--_'
```

Protecting OSR Resources / Init <database sid>.ORA(initialization file)

This compliance query ensures that the init files do not have world access (is neither world-readable nor world-writable).

Table 44. Protecting OSR Resources / Init<database.sid>.ORA(initialization file) Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: File {8} has incorrect world access permissions={7}. Onwer={3}. Group={4}. Owner permissions={5}. Group permissions={6}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT cli_id, sid, hostname, owner, group, mod_owner, mod_group, mod_other, file_name
FROM jac_data.unx_ora_sid_files_v2
```

```
WHERE mod_other NOT LIKE '---'
```

Protecting OSR Resources / Oracle Program File Access

This compliance query ensures that Oracle Program files have the correct access permissions for the file owner and group (the only restriction is that both owner and group need to have executable rights).

Table 45. Protecting OSR Resources / Oracle Program File Access Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: File {8} has incorrect access permissions. Owner={3}. Group={4}. Owner permissions={5}. Group permissions={6}. Other user permissions={7}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT cli_id, sid, hostname, owner, group, mod_owner, mod_group, mod_other, value
FROM jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1
WHERE mod_group NOT LIKE '___s'
OR mod_owner NOT LIKE '___s'
```

Protecting OSR Resources / Oracle config file permission

This compliance query ensures that the Oracle config files have valid world access permission. Oracle configuration file cannot be world-accessible

Table 46. Protecting OSR Resources / Oracle config file permission Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Config file {8} has invalid access permissions. Owner={3}. Group={4}. Owner permissions={5}. Group permissions={6}. Other user permissions={7}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT cli_id, sid, hostname, owner, group, mod_owner, mod_group, mod_other, value
FROM jac_data.unx_ora_config_files_v1
WHERE mod_other NOT LIKE '---'
```

Protecting OSR Resources / Redo Log file ownership

This compliance query checks the redo log files for proper file ownership (the same as the oracle binary file).

Table 47. Protecting OSR Resources/ Redo Log file ownership Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1, OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: Redo log file, is owned by user {3} and group {4}. It should be owned by {8} and group {9}. User permissions={5}. Group permissions={6}. Other user permissions={7}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```

SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, a.owner, a.group, a.mod_owner, a.mod_group,
            a.mod_other, a.member, b.owner as REQ_OWN, b.group as REQ_GROUP
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_redo_files_v1 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 b
ON          (a.sid = b.sid AND a.cli_id=b.cli_id)
WHERE      (a.owner <> b.owner OR a.group <> b.group)

```

Protecting OSR Resources / Redo log files access permissions

This compliance query ensures that the redo log files are not world readable or world writable.

Table 48. Protecting OSR Resources / Redo log files access permissions Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Redo log file, has incorrect access permissions. Owner={3}. Group={4}. Owner permissions={5}. Group permissions={6}. Other users permissions={7}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```

SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, owner, group, mod_owner, mod_group, mod_other, member
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_redo_files_v1
WHERE      mod_other NOT LIKE '--_'

```

Protecting OSR Resources / Rollback Segments

This compliance query ensures that the Oracle rollback files have correct ownership and is neither world-readable nor world-writable.

Table 49. Protecting OSR Resources / Rollback Segments Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1, OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: Rollback file, {8} has incorrect ownership or access permission. OWNER={3}, GROUP={4}, Owner Permissions={5}, GROUP Permissions={6}, OTHER Users Permissions={7}, (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```

SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, a.owner, a.group, a.mod_owner, a.mod_group,
            a.mod_other, a.file_name
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_rollback_files_v1 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 b ON (a.sid = b.sid AND a.cli_id = b.cli_id)
WHERE      (a.owner <> b.owner OR a.group <> b.group OR a.mod_other NOT LIKE '--_')

```

Protecting OSR Resources / Table Space Data Files

This compliance query ensures that table space data files are neither world-readable nor world-writable.

Table 50. Protecting OSR Resources / Table Space Data Files Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Table space data file,{8}, has world access permission={7}. Owner={3}, Group={4}, Owner Permissions={5}, Group Permissions={6}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT cli_id, sid, hostname, owner, group, mod_owner, mod_group, mod_other, file_name
FROM jac_data.unx_ora_data_files_v2
WHERE mod_other NOT LIKE '--_'
```

Protecting OSR Resources / Temporary File Access Permission

This compliance query ensures that the temporary file is neither world-readable, nor world-writable.

Table 51. Protecting OSR Resources / Temporary File Access Permission Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Temporary file {8} has incorrect access permissions. Owner={3}. Group={4}. Owner permissions={5}. Group Permissions={6}. Other User Permissions={7}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT cli_id, sid, hostname, owner, group, mod_owner, mod_group, mod_other, file_name
FROM jac_data.unx_ora_temp_files_v1
WHERE mod_other NOT LIKE '--_'
```

Protecting OSR Resources / UTLPWDMG.SQL ownership

This compliance query ensures that Oracle file, utlpwdmg.sql, has the same owner and group owner as the files in the Oracle installation directory.

Table 52. Protecting OSR Resources / UTLPWDMG.SQL ownership Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1, OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: Oracle file, UTLPWDMG.SQL, file owner or group is incorrect. OWNER={2}, GROUP={3}, Owner Permissions={4}, Group Permissions={5}, Other Users Permissions={6}, File={7}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT a.cli_id, a.hostname, a.owner, a.group, a.mod_owner, a.mod_group, a.mod_other,
a.value
FROM jac_data.unx_ora_utlpwd_file_v1 a
INNER JOIN jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 b
ON a.sid=b.sid AND a.cli_id=b.cli_id
WHERE (a.owner <> b.owner OR a.group <> b.group)
```

Protecting OSR Resources / UTLPWDMG.SQL world access

This compliance query ensures that the Oracle file, utlpwdmg.sql, has the correct file access (is neither world-readable nor world-writable). Only the owner and group members should have access to this file..

Table 53. Protecting OSR Resources / UTLPWDMG.SQL world access Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Oracle utlpwdmg.sql file has incorrect access permissions. OWNER={2}, GROUP={3}, OWNER PERMISSIONS={4}, GROUP PERMISSIONS={5}, OTHER USER PERMISSIONS={6}, FILE NAME={7}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      cli_id, hostname, owner, group, mod_owner, mod_group, mod_other, value
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_utlpwd_file_v1
WHERE       mod_other NOT LIKE '--_'
```

Protecting User Resources / \$ORACLE_HOME files

This compliance query ensures that files in the \$ORACLE_HOME directory have proper user and group ownership (the same as the oracle binary file).

Table 54. Protecting User Resources / \$ORACLE_HOME files Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OraBinaryFilePermsV1, OraHomeFilePermsV1

Violation message: File {8} is owned by user {3} group {4}. Should be owned by user {9} group {10}. Owner permissions={5}\nGroup permissions={6}\nOther user permissions={7}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, a.owner, a.group, a.mod_owner, a.mod_group,
            a.mod_other, a.value, b.owner, b.group
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_home_files_v1 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 b ON (a.sid = b.sid AND a.cli_id=b.cli_id)
WHERE       (a.owner <> b.owner OR a.group <> b.group)
```

Protecting User Resources / Archive Log files ownership

This compliance query ensures that the archive log files have the correct owner (the same as the oracle binary file).

Table 55. Protecting User Resources / Archive Log files ownership Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1, OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: Archive file {8} is owned by user {3} group {4}. It should be owned by user {9} group {10}. Owner permissions={5}.Group permissions={6}.Other user permissions={7}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, a.owner, a.group, a.mod_owner, a.mod_group,
            a.mod_other, a.value, b.owner, b.group
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_archive_files_v1 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 b ON (a.sid = b.sid AND a.cli_id=b.cli_id)
WHERE      (a.owner <> b.owner OR a.group <> b.group)
```

Protecting User Resources / Config.ora files

This compliance query ensures that instance configuration files have the correct file ownership (the same as the oracle binary file).

Table 56. Protecting User Resources / Config.ora files Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1, OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: Config file, {8} has incorrect user ({3}) or group ({4}) ownership. User should be {9}. Group should be {10}. Owner permissions={5}. Group permissions={6}. Other user permissions={7}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, a.owner, a.group, a.mod_owner, a.mod_group,
            a.mod_other, a.value, b.owner, b.group
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_config_files_v1 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 b ON (a.sid = b.sid AND a.cli_id = b.cli_id)
WHERE      (a.owner <> b.owner OR a.group <> b.group)
```

Protecting User Resources / Control file ownership

This compliance query checks the file ownership of list control files(the same as the oracle binary file).

Table 57. Protecting User Resources / Control file ownership Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1, OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: File {8} has owner {3}, group {4}. Should be owned by {9} group {10}. Owner permissions={5}\nGroup permissions={6}\nOther user permissions={7}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, a.owner, a.group, a.mod_owner, a.mod_group,
            a.mod_other, a.value, b.owner, b.group
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_ctrl_files_v2 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 b ON (a.sid = b.sid AND a.cli_id=b.cli_id)
WHERE      (a.owner <> b.owner OR a.group <> b.group)
```

Protecting User Resources / Database files

This compliance query ensures that the database files have the correct owner (the same as the oracle binary file).

Table 58. Protecting User Resources / Database files Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1, OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: File {8} is owned by user {3} and group {4}. It should be owned by user {9} and group {10}. Owner permissions={5}.Group permissions={6}.Other users permissions={7}.(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2},SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, a.owner, a.group, a.mod_owner, a.mod_group,
            a.mod_other, a.file_name, b.owner, b.group
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_data_files_v2 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 b ON (a.sid = b.sid AND a.cli_id=b.cli_id)
WHERE      (a.owner <> b.owner OR a.group <> b.group)
```

Protecting User Resources / Init.ora files

This compliance query ensures that the SID files have the proper ownership (the same as the oracle binary file).

Table 59. Protecting User Resources / Init.ora files Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1, OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: File {8} is owned by user {3} and group {4}. It should be owned by user {9} and group {10}. Owner permissions={5}.Group permissions={6}.Other users permissions={7}.(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2},SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, a.owner, a.group, a.mod_owner, a.mod_group,
            a.mod_other, a.file_name, b.owner, b.group
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_sid_files_v2 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 b ON (a.sid = b.sid AND a.cli_id=b.cli_id)
WHERE      (a.owner <> b.owner OR a.group <> b.group)
```

Protecting User Resources / Temp files

This compliance query ensures that temp files have correct ownership (the same as the oracle binary file).

Table 60. Protecting User Resources / Temp files Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1, OraBinaryFilePermsV1

Violation message: Temp file, {8}, has incorrect ownership or access permissions. OWNER={3}, GROUP={4}, OWNER Permissions={5}, GROUP Permissions={6}, OTHER Users Permissions={7}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, a.owner, a.group, a.mod_owner, a.mod_group,
            a.mod_other, a.file_name
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_temp_files_v1 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_oracle_file_v1 b ON (a.sid = b.sid AND a.cli_id = b.cli_id)
WHERE      (a.owner <> b.owner OR a.group <> b.group)
```

Roles, Views, and Access Control / Host Command

This compliance query ensures that the HOST command is disabled.

Table 61. Roles, Views, and Access Control / Host Command Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Host command not disabled. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_version_v1
WHERE      (cli_id, sid, hostname)
NOT IN
    (SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname
    FROM        jac_data.UNX_ORA_CLP_PRODUCT_PROFILE_V1
    WHERE      upper(product) = 'SQL*PLUS'
    AND        userid = '%'
    AND        char_value = 'DISABLED'
    AND        attribute = 'HOST' )
```

Roles, Views, and Access Control / Oracle default role

This compliance query ensures that roles are assigned appropriately. (What is the rule that can determine if assigned role is correct or not?)

Table 62.Roles, Views, and Access Control / Oracle default role Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: User,{3}, has been granted role, {4}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, grantee, granted_role
FROM        jac_data.UNX_ORA_ROLE_PRIVS_V1
WHERE       UPPER(grantee)
NOT IN
    (SELECT      username
     FROM        jac_add.oracle_users_v1
     WHERE       usertype
     IN          ($ (Allowed Grantors))
     AND        UPPER(grantee)
     NOT IN
        (SELECT      role
         FROM        jac_add.oracle_roles_v1)
     AND        granted_role
     IN
        (SELECT      role
         FROM        jac_add.oracle_roles_v1))
```

Roles, Views, and Access Control / Set Role Privilege

This compliance query ensures that the SET ROLE and SET attributes are disabled for the SQL*PLUS product.

Table 63.Roles, Views, and Access Control / Set Role Privilege Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: SET ROLE or SET command not disabled. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_version_v1
WHERE       (cli_id, sid, hostname)
NOT IN
      (SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname
FROM        jac_data.UNX_ORA_CLP_PRODUCT_PROFILE_V1
WHERE       upper(product) = 'SQL*PLUS'
AND        userid = '%'
AND        char_value = 'DISABLED'
AND        (attribute = 'SET ROLE' OR attribute = 'SET'))
```

Snapshot Info / Clients

Lists the clients contained in the snapshot.

Table 64.Snapshot Info / Clients Attributes

Priority	Informational
Collector instance name	None

Violation message: Client Snapshot Successful: (Client: {0}, Hostname: {1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      cli_id, alias
FROM        jac_sys.clients
```

Synonyms / Synonym ownership

This compliance query ensures that synonym tables have acceptable ownership (only users considered as Allowed Grantors can have access).

Table 65.Synonyms / Synonym ownership Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Incorrect ownership of synonym, {3}. Table owner={4}. Table name={5}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```

SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, SYNONYM_NAME, TABLE_OWNER, TABLE_NAME
FROM        jac_data.UNX_ORA_SYNONYM_V1
WHERE       UPPER(table_owner)
NOT IN      (SELECT      UPPER(username)
            FROM        jac_add.oracle_users_v1 x
            WHERE       x.usertype IN ($ (Allowed Grantors)))

```

UTL / Utl_file package

This compliance query ensures that the UTL_FILE table does not have EXECUTE privilege granted to PUBLIC.

Table 66.UTL / Utl_file package Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: {3} is public. Privilege={4}. \n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```

SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, table_name, privilege
FROM        jac_data.UNX_ORA_UTL_PRIVS_V1
WHERE       table_name = 'UTL_FILE'
AND        privilege = 'EXECUTE'
AND        grantee= 'PUBLIC'

```

UTL / Utl_file_dir

This compliance query ensures that the Oracle UTL_FILE_DIR parameter is not set to *.

Table 67.UTL / Utl_file_dirAttributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: UTL_FILE_DIR parameter incorrect. NAME={3}\nVALUE={4}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```

SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, name, value
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_parameter_v1
WHERE       upper (name) = 'UTL_FILE_DIR'
AND        value = '*'

```


User Settings / Disallowed User Names

This compliance query ensures that disallowed usernames are not active.

Table 68. User Settings / Disallowed User Names Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Disallowed user name, {3}, is active. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

SELECT	cli_id, sid, hostname, username
FROM	jac_data.unx_ora_user_profile_v1
WHERE	username IN (\${Disallowed User Names})

User Settings / Password Life Time

This compliance query ensures that the PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME setting in the user profile is correct.

Table 69. User Settings / Password Life Time Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: User {3} has {5} set to {6}. Must be less than or equal to {7}. PROFILE={4}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

SELECT	a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, b.username, a.profile, a.resource_name, a.limit, \$(Password Lifetime Limit)
FROM	jac_data.unx_ora_profile_settings_v1 a
INNER JOIN	jac_data.unx_ora_user_profile_v1 b
ON	(a.cli_id=b.cli_id AND a.profile=b.profile AND a.sid=b.sid)
WHERE	a.resource_name='PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME'
AND	((substr(limit,1,1) between '0' AND '9' AND integer(limit)>\$(Password Lifetime Limit)) OR substr(limit,1,1) NOT between '0' AND '9' OR limit IS NULL)

User Settings / Password Reuse Max

This compliance query ensures that the user profile password reuse maximum is set appropriately.

Table 70. User Settings / Password Reuse Max Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: User, {3}, {5} is set to {6}. Must be at least {7}. Profile={4}.\n(Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      u.cli_id, u.sid, u.hostname, u.username, p.profile, p.resource_name, p.limit,
            $(Password Reuse Limit) as required_setting
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_profile_settings_v1 p
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_user_profile_v1 u
ON          (p.cli_id=u.cli_id AND u.sid=p.sid AND u.profile=p.profile)
WHERE       resource_name='PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX'
AND         (((substr(p.limit,1,1) between '0' AND '9') AND integer(p.limit) < $(Password Reuse
Limit))
            OR      (p.profile='DEFAULT' AND p.limit='UNLIMITED')
            OR      (p.limit IS NULL))
```

User Settings / Password Reuse Not Limited

This compliance query checks whether the PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME profile setting is not set to 'UNLIMITED' or 'DEFAULT'.

Table 71. User Settings / Password Reuse Not Limited Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: User, {3}, has {5} set to {6}. Profile={4}. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, b.username, a.profile, a.resource_name, a.limit
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_profile_settings_v1 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_user_profile_v1 b
ON          a.cli_id=b.cli_id AND a.sid=b.sid AND a.profile=b.profile
WHERE       resource_name='PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME'
AND         upper(limit) NOT IN ('UNLIMITED', 'DEFAULT')
```

User Settings / Password Reuse Time Unlimited

Users with default system profile must have unlimited password reuse time.

Table 72. User Settings / Password Reuse Time Unlimited Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: User,{3}, profile, {4}, has {5} set to {6}. Must be set to UNLIMITED. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      a.cli_id, a.sid, a.hostname, b.username, b.profile, a.resource_name, a.limit
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_profile_settings_v1 a
INNER JOIN  jac_data.unx_ora_user_profile_v1 b
ON         a.profile=b.profile AND a.cli_id=b.cli_id AND a.sid=b.sid
WHERE      a.resource_name='PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME'
AND        b.profile='DEFAULT' AND a.limit <> 'UNLIMITED'
```

User Settings / Standard User Accounts Password Changed

This compliance query checks that the standard Oracle users do not have their original default passwords.

Table 73. User Settings / Attributes

Priority	Normal
Collector instance name	OracleQueriesV1

Violation message: Standard user, {3}, password has not been changed. (Client: {0}, Hostname: {2}, SID={1})

SQL query:

```
SELECT      cli_id, sid, hostname, username
FROM        jac_data.unx_ora_strd_users_v2
WHERE      username IN ($ (PWD Changing Standard Users))
```

Collector Instances and Parameters

The table below associates each collector instance with a specific collector and lists any parameters it has and the values for those parameters. Each collector instance is scheduled to run once a day at a random time.

Table 74. Collector instances and parameters for Unix Oracle Policy template

Instance name	Collector name	Parameter name	Parameter value
OraBinaryFilePermsV1	unix.any.OraBinaryFilePermsV1	None	None
OraHomeFilePermsV1	unix.any.OraHomeFilePermsV1	PERM	??????w?
OraHomeFilePermsV1	unix.any.OraHomeFilePermsV1	SEARCH_PATH	No value specified
OraListenerFilePermsV1	unix.any.OraListenerFilePermsV1	SEARCH_PATH	No value specified
OracleQueriesV1	unix.any.OracleQueriesV1	None	None
OraPwdFunctionsV1	unix.any.OraPwdFunctionsV1	None	None

Chapter 3.Collectors

This chapter documents new collectors that were developed for use in the policy. Documentation for previously developed collectors that are used in the policy template can be found in the *IBM Tivoli Security Compliance Manager Collector and Message Reference* publication.

unix.any.OraBinaryFilePermsV1.jar

This collector provides information about the file permissions of the Oracle™ main application files located in \$ORACLE_HOME/bin/oracle

Platforms: AIX, SUNOS, LINUX

Oracle Releases: 8.04, 8.1, 9.2, 10

Tables

UNX_ORA_ORACLE_FILE_V1

Table 75.Column information for UNX_ORA_ORACLE_FILE_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
VALUE	The value	VARCHAR(128)
MOD_OWNER	Owner file access permissions	VARCHAR(64)
MOD_GROUP	Group file access permissions	VARCHAR(64)
MOD_OTHER	Global access permissions of the file	VARCHAR(64)
OWNER	File owner user name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP	Group name	VARCHAR(64)

Parameters

None.

unix.any.OraHomeFilePermsV1.jar

This collector gathers file access permissions for files in the \$ORACLE_HOME directory.

Platforms: AIX, SUNOS, LINUX

Oracle Releases: 8.04, 8.1, 9.2, 10

Tables

UNIX_ORA_ORACLE_HOME_FILES_V1

Table 76. Column information for UNIX_ORA_ORACLE_HOME_FILES_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
VALUE	The file name	VARCHAR(128)
MOD_OWNER	Owner file access permissions	VARCHAR(64)
MOD_GROUP	Group file access permissions	VARCHAR(64)
MOD_OTHER	Global access permissions of the file	VARCHAR(64)
OWNER	File owner user name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP	Group name	VARCHAR(64)

Parameters

Table 77. Parameters for unix.any.OraHomeFilePermsV1.jar

Parameter	Description	Required	Default
PERMS	Regular expression (regex) pattern for permission matching. Only files with permissions matching this string are included in the output.	No	Match all permissions

unix.any.OraListenerFilePermsV1.jar

This collector returns access right permissions for file, listener.ora.

Tables

UNIX_ORA_LISTENER_V2

Table 78. Column information for UNIX_ORA_LISTENER_V2

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
FILE	File name	VARCHAR(512)
CONTENT	Content associated with the keywords, PASSWORDS_ and passwords_	VARCHAR(512)
COMMENT	Line is commented. Null if not a comment line.	VARCHAR(4)

MOD_OWNER	Owner file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_GROUP	Group file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_OTHER	Global access permissions of the file	VARCHAR(4)
OWNER	File owner user name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP	Group name	VARCHAR(64)

Parameters

Table 79. Parameters for *unix.any.OraListenerFilePermsV1.jar*.

Parameter	Description	Required	Default
SEARCH_PATH	The directories to include when searching for listener.ora files.	No	/home/oracle /oracle /applications

unix.any.OraPwdFunctionsV1.jar

This collector verifies Oracle password functions by creating temporary new profile users that have weak passwords that violate security controls.

Tables

UNIX_ORA_PW_FUNCTION_V1

Table 80. Column information for *UNIX_ORA_PW_FUNCTION_V1*

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
PROFILE	The profile that is incorrectly configured	VARCHAR(128)
LIMIT	The limit	VARCHAR(64)
HC_ID	Temporary id	VARCHAR(2)
HC_DESCRIPTION	Description of problematic id	VARCHAR(128)

Parameters

None

unix.any.OracleQueriesV1.jar

This collector gathers configuration and security information by sending structured queries to running Oracle instances and checking for keywords in listener.ora and sqlnet.ora.

Platforms: AIX, SUNOS, LINUX

Oracle Releases: 8.04, 8.1, 9.2, 10

Tables

UNIX_ORA_ARCHIVE_FILES_V1

Table 81. Column information for UNIX_ORA_ARCHIVE_FILES_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
VALUE	File name	VARCHAR(128)
MOD_OWNER	Owner file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_GROUP	Group file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_OTHER	Global access permissions of the file	VARCHAR(4)
OWNER	File owner user name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP	Group name	VARCHAR(64)

UNIX_ORA_AUDIT_OPTION_V1

Table 82. Column information for UNIX_ORA_AUDIT_OPTION_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
USER_NAME	The user name	VARCHAR(30)
PROXY_NAME	The proxy name	VARCHAR(30)
AUDIT_OPTION	The audit option name	VARCHAR(40)
SUCCESS	Indication that success auditing is enabled	VARCHAR(10)
FAILURE	Indication that failure auditing is enabled	VARCHAR(10)

UNIX_ORA_BSQ_FILE_V1

Table 83. Column information for UNIX_ORA_BSQ_FILE_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
FILE_NAME	The file name	VARCHAR(128)
MOD_OWNER	Owner file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_GROUP	Group file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)

MOD_OTHER	Global access permissions of the file	VARCHAR(4)
OWNER	File owner user name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP	Group name	VARCHAR(64)
SUM_1	First number from the sum command	INTEGER
SUM_2	The second number returned from the sum command	INTEGER

Note: This table will contain file information for the following Oracle™ files:

- \$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/admin/sql.bsq
- \$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/admin/catalog.bsq

UNIX_ORA_CONFIG_FILES_V1

Table 84. Column information for UNIX_ORA_CONFIG_FILES_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
VALUE	File name	VARCHAR(128)
MOD_OWNER	Owner file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_GROUP	Group file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_OTHER	Global access permissions of the file	VARCHAR(4)
OWNER	File owner user name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP	Group name	VARCHAR(64)

UNIX_ORA_CTRL_FILES_V2

Table 85. Column information for UNIX_ORA_CTRL_FILES_V2

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
VALUE	File name	VARCHAR(128)
MOD_OWNER	Owner file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_GROUP	Group file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_OTHER	Global access permissions of the file	VARCHAR(4)
OWNER	File owner user name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP	Group name	VARCHAR(64)

UNIX_ORA_DATA_FILES_V2

Table 86. Column information for UNIX_ORA_DATA_FILES_V2

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
FILE_NAME	File name	VARCHAR(64)

TABLESPACE_NAME	The tablespace name	VARCHAR(64)
MOD_OWNER	Owner file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_GROUP	Group file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_OTHER	Global access permissions of the file	VARCHAR(4)
OWNER	File owner user name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP	Group name	VARCHAR(64)

UNIX_ORA_SID_FILES_V2

Table 87. Column information for UNIX_ORA_SID_FILES_V2

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
FILE_TYPE	Init.ora or spfile.ora	VARCHAR(16)
FILE_NAME	The file name	VARCHAR(64)
MOD_OWNER	Owner file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_GROUP	Group file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_OTHER	Global access permissions of the file	VARCHAR(4)
OWNER	File owner user name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP	Group name	VARCHAR(64)

UNIX_ORA_REDO_FILES_V1

Table 88. Column information for UNIX_ORA_REDO_FILES_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
MEMBER	File name	VARCHAR(128)
MOD_OWNER	Owner file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_GROUP	Group file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_OTHER	Global access permissions of the file	VARCHAR(4)
OWNER	File owner user name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP	Group name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP#	The group number	INTEGER
TYPE	Online/Offline	VARCHAR(7)

UNIX_ORA_ROLLBACK_FILES_V1

Table 89. Column information for UNIX_ORA_ROLLBACK_FILES_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
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SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
FILE_NAME	File name	VARCHAR(64)
TABLESPACE_NAME	The tablespace name	VARCHAR(64)
MOD_OWNER	Owner file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_GROUP	Group file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_OTHER	Global access permissions of the file	VARCHAR(4)
OWNER	File owner user name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP	Group name	VARCHAR(64)

UNIX_ORA_CLP_PRODUCT_PROFILE_V1

Table 90. Column information for UNIX_ORA_CLP_PRODUCT_PROFILE_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
PRODUCT	Product name selected from system.SQLPLUS_PRODUCT_PROFILE	VARCHAR(30)
USERID	The user id selected from system.SQLPLUS_PRODUCT_PROFILE	VARCHAR(30)
ATTRIBUTE	The attribute selected from systemSQLPLUS_PRODUCT_PROFILE	VARCHAR(240)
CHAR_VALUE	The CHAR_VALUE selected from system.SQLPLUS_PRODUCT_PROFILE	VARCHAR(240)

UNIX_ORA_SYNONYM_V1

Table 91. Column information for UNIX_ORA_SYNONYM_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
SYNONYM_NAME	The synonym name	VARCHAR(30)
TABLE_OWNER	The table owner	VARCHAR(30)
TABLE_NAME	The table name	VARCHAR(30)

UNIX_ORA_TEMP_FILES_V1

Table 92. Column information for UNIX_ORA_TEMP_FILES_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
FILE_ID	File id	VARCHAR(16)
FILE_NAME	File name	VARCHAR(64)

TABLESPACE_NAME	The tablespace name	VARCHAR(64)
BYTES	Size	VARCHAR(16)
MOD_OWNER	Owner file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_GROUP	Group file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_OTHER	Global access permissions of the file	VARCHAR(4)
OWNER	File owner user name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP	Group name	VARCHAR(64)

UNIX_ORA_USR_PW_EXT_V2

Table 93. Column information for UNIX_ORA_USR_PW_EXT_V2

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
USERNAME	User name	VARCHAR(32)
PASSWORD	Password	VARCHAR(32)

Note: This table includes all dba_users whose password is 'external'.

UNIX_ORA_UTL_PRIVS_V1

Table 94. Column information for UNIX_ORA_UTL_PRIVS_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
GRANTEE	The grantee of the privilege	VARCHAR(30)
OWNER	Owner	VARCHAR(30)
TABLE_NAME	The table name	VARCHAR(30)
PRIVILEGE	The privilege name	VARCHAR(30)

UNIX_ORA_UTLPWD_FILE_V1

Table 95. Column information for UNIX_ORA_UTLPWD_FILE_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
VALUE	File name	VARCHAR(128)
MOD_OWNER	Owner file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_GROUP	Group file access permissions	VARCHAR(4)
MOD_OTHER	Global access permissions of the file	VARCHAR(4)
OWNER	File owner user name	VARCHAR(64)
GROUP	Group name	VARCHAR(64)

UNIX_ORA_VERSION_V1

Table 96. Column information for UNIX_ORA_VERSION_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
LEVEL_1	Integer value of first significant value of the current Oracle version	INTEGER
LEVEL_2	Integer value of second significant value of the current Oracle version	INTEGER
LEVEL_3	Integer value of the third significant value of the current Oracle version	INTEGER
LEVEL_4	Integer value of the fourth significant value of the current Oracle version	INTEGER
LEVEL_5	Integer value of the fifth significant value of the current Oracle version	INTEGER
SAP	/usr/sap file exists	VARCHAR(5)

UNIX_ORA_ARCHIVE_V1

Table 97. Column information for UNIX_ORA_ARCHIVE_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
DATABASE_LOGMODE	The database log mode	VARCHAR(64)
AUTOMATIC_ARCHIVAL	Automatic archival	VARCHAR(64)

UNIX_ORA_COL_PRIVS_V1

Table 98. Column information for UNIX_ORA_COL_PRIVS_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
GRANTEE	The user who has been granted column privileges	VARCHAR(30)

UNIX_ORA_PARAMETER_V1

Table 99. Column information for UNIX_ORA_PARAMETER_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
NAME	The NAME from v\$parameter	VARCHAR(64)
VALUE	The VALUE from v\$parameter	VARCHAR(512)

UNIX_ORA_PROFILE_SETTINGS_V1

Table 100.Column information for UNX_ORA_PROFILE_SETTINGS_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
PROFILE	The profile from dba_profiles	VARCHAR(30)
RESOURCE	The resource from dba_profiles where resource_name is one of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME IDLE_TIME 	VARCHAR(32)
LIMIT	The LIMIT from dba_profiles	VARCHAR(32)

UNX_ORA_PWFILERS_USERS_V1

Table 101.Column information for UNX_ORA_PWFILERS_USERS_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
USERNAME	The user name from v\$pwfile_users	VARCHAR(32)
SYSDBA	The sysdba from v\$pwfile_users	VARCHAR(8)
SYSOPER	The sysoper from v\$pwfile_users	VARCHAR(8)

UNX_ORA_ROLE_PRIVS_V1

Table 102.Column information for UNX_ORA_ROLE_PRIVS_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
GRANTEE	The user granted the role privilege	VARCHAR(30)
GRANTED_ROLE	The role granted	VARCHAR(30)
ADMIN_OPTION	The admin option	VARCHAR(3)
DEFAULT_ROLE	The default role	VARCHAR(3)

UNX_ORA_ROLES_V1

Table 103.Column information for UNX_ORA_ROLES_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
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SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
ROLE	The defined role from dba_roles	VARCHAR(30)
PASSWORD_REQUIRED	Password required	VARCHAR(8)

UNIX_ORA_STRD_USERS_V2

Table 104. Column information for UNIX_STRD_USERS_V2

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
USERNAME	The user name	VARCHAR(32)

UNIX_ORA_SYS_PRIVS_V1

Table 105. Column information for UNIX_ORA_PARAMETER_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
GRANTEE	The user granted the privilege	VARCHAR(30)
PRIVILEGE	The granted privilege	VARCHAR(40)
ADMIN_OPTION	The admin_option from dba_sys_privs	VARCHAR(3)

UNIX_ORA_TAB_PRIVS_V1

Table 106. Column information for UNIX_ORA_TAB_PRIVS_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
GRANTEE	The user granted dba_tab_privs	VARCHAR(30)
GRANTOR	The grantor of the privilege	VARCHAR(30)
OWNER	The table owner	VARCHAR(30)

UNIX_ORA_USER_PROFILE_V1

Table 107. Column information for UNIX_ORA_USER_PROFILE_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
SID	The Oracle SID	VARCHAR(64)
PROFILE	The profile from dba_users	VARCHAR(30)
USERNAME	The user name from dba_users	VARCHAR(30)

UNIX_ORA_SQL_LOG_V1

Table 108. Column information for UNIX_ORA_SQL_LOG_V1

Column Name	Description	Type (size)
TIMESTAMP	The time an error was encountered.	VARCHAR(64)
LEVEL	The level of the error logged	VARCHAR(64)
ACTOR	The activities class that encountered the error	VARCHAR(128)
DETAILS	Details of the error encountered	VARCHAR(512)

Note: Since `unix.any.OracleQueriesV1.jar` invokes many Oracle™ sql queries, any errors that are encountered during normal collector processing are returned in this table instead of `JAC_DATA.ERROR_LOG`.

Parameters

None.

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