



Extending Your Mainframe for More Business Value

Extend Your Investment in System z

Extend the Mainframe Like Never Before

We need to extend our environment to support new applications. Can the new mainframe handle this well?



**Service Oriented Finance
CIO**

The System z10 has *breakthrough* performance and scale especially to support new workloads like Java. It's a complete redesign!



IBM

System z10 Vital Statistics

	<i>System z9</i>	<i>System z10</i>
MIPS per processor	580	920
Maximum number of processors	54+10=64	64+13=77
Maximum MIPS per system	17,802	30,361
Clock-speed	1.7 GHz	4.4 GHz
I/O bandwidth	2.7 GBps	6.0 GBps
Max I/O thrupt/system	173 GBps	288 GBps
One MSU	7.3 MIPS	8.2 MIPS
PVU's (IFL)	100	120

60% more

20% more

70% more

**Compute-intensive tasks
benefit ~ 2X**

122% more

67% more

**12% reduction in MLC
price performance**

**32% reduction in OTC
price performance**

Typical Banking Data Center Workload

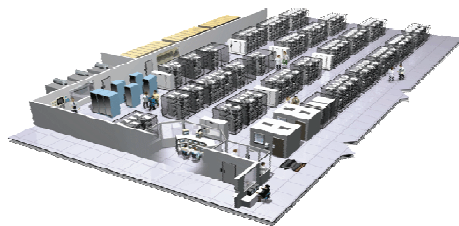
- **Banking by Telephone**
 - ▶ Interactive Voice Response (IVR)
 - Voice XML with WebSphere Application Server
 - ▶ 50 transactions per second
 - Each transaction is also logged to DB2 or Oracle
 - ▶ 24x7x365 availability required

- **Branch Transactions Sent to Backend Core Systems**
 - ▶ Message backbone with WebSphere MQ
 - ▶ Millions of messages per day

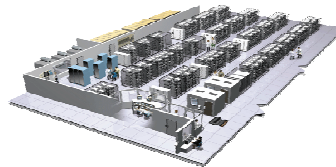
- **Workload is Separated by Function**
 - ▶ Production, development, quality assurance testing

- ***Let's Consider the Cost of Hardware, Software, Labor, Power, Cooling and Floor Space Over 5 Year Timeframe***

Three Choices to Run the Workload



Intel Servers



Intel Servers
with VMWare



System z10
z/VM, Linux, IFL's

350 Intel Servers

45 Larger Intel Servers

1 System z10

2.8 GHz each

3.2 GHz each

24 IFL's 4.4 GHz

700 cores

360 cores

24 cores

2,464,650 rated
capacity

1,263,555 rated
capacity

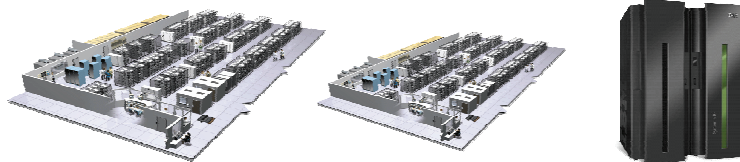
14,238 MIPS

Low Utilization

Better Utilization

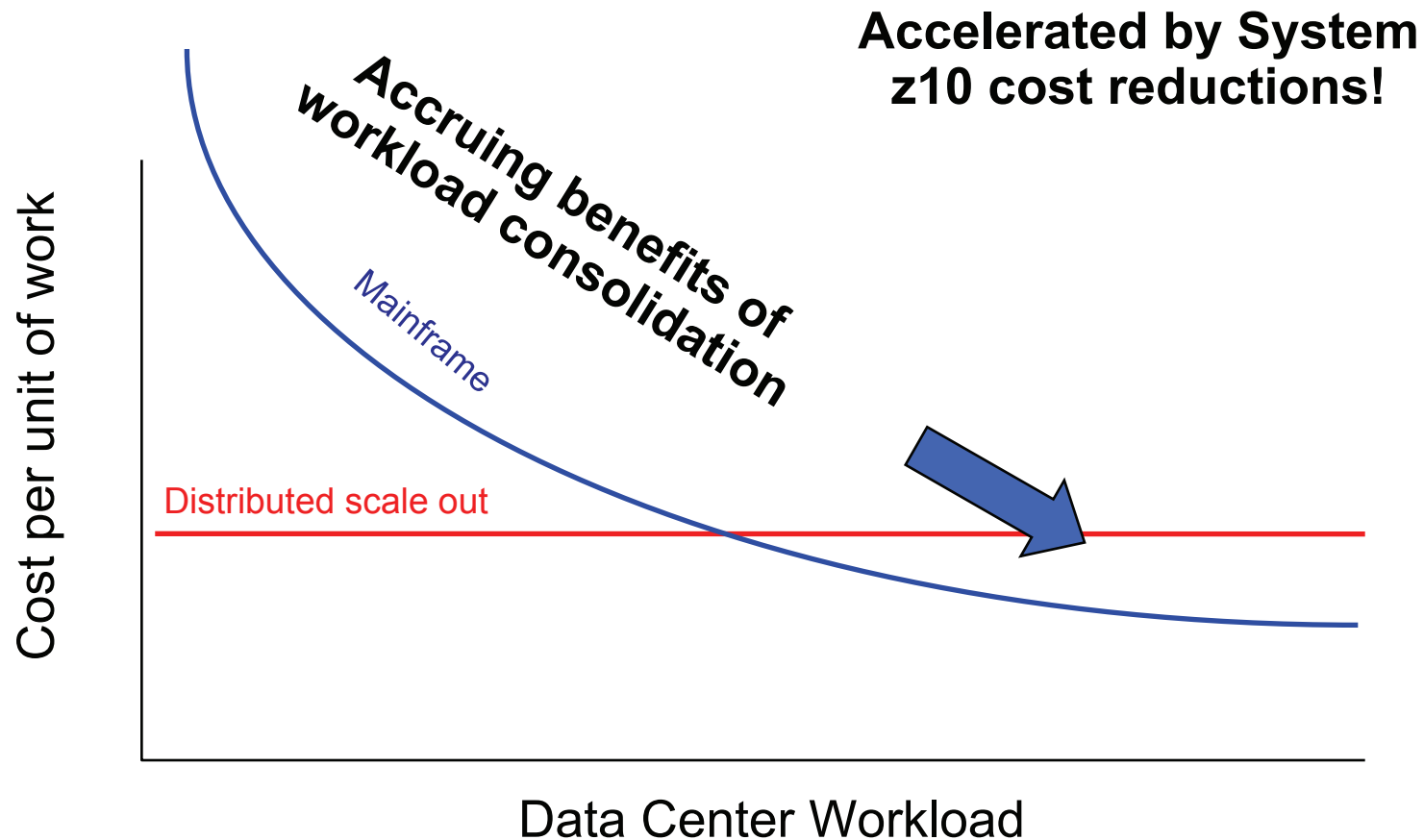
High Utilization

Resources Consumed by the Workload



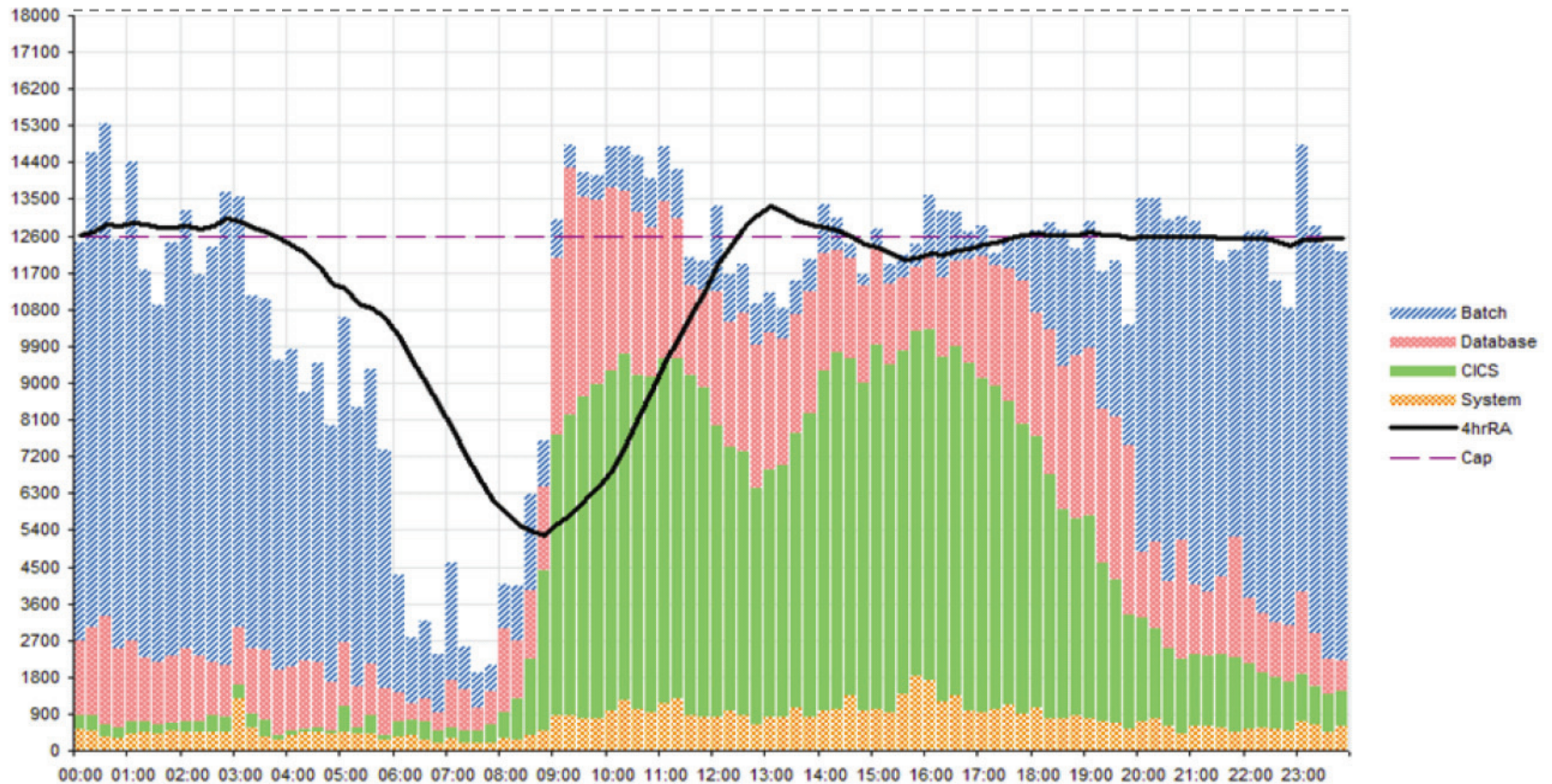
	<u>Intel</u>	<u>Intel with VMWare</u>	<u>System z10</u>	
Servers	350	45	1	} \$ 7 million yearly savings
Memory GB	700	720	352	
Cores	700	360	24	
Software Licenses	742	352	40	
System Administrators	35	18	5	
Sq. Feet of Floor Space	135	75	62	
Kilowatt Hours Per Year	3.2M	697K	127K	

Mainframe Cost Per Unit of Work Goes Down as Workload Increases



Only System z Consolidates Enterprise Workload

CPU Seconds



Note:

- Each bar represents the amount of CPU seconds used in 15 minutes (= 900 seconds) with 2 10-way machines
- The way Workload Management controls the workload 4-hour rolling average to the Cap "high-water mark"

Remember This:

- Deploying a new application on System z will probably cost less if:
- **It is Incremental Workload on an existing system**
- **Specialty Engines can be used**
- **Disaster Recovery is required**

The Value of Mainframe Computing

- ☑ Mainframe core business systems can be easily extended
- ☑ Mainframes deliver superior qualities of continuous operations, rapid scale-up, virtualization and security
- ☑ Consolidation is a proven way to save money and simplify operations
- ☑ Modern mainframes leverage the latest hardware and software technology for maximum business value
- ☑ Mainframes have a lower environmental impact
- ☑ Modern mainframe tools enable speed-to-value, flexibility, deployment, productivity and reduced cost

Shifting Trends Favor the Mainframe Again

- ☑ Continuous availability is increasingly more important
- ☑ Security and compliance are top of mind
- ☑ Server sprawl has driven up the cost of labor
- ☑ TCO pressure is driving customers to consolidate & integrate workloads on virtualized platforms
- ☑ Network economics favor consolidation once again
- ☑ Cost of power, cooling and space continues to increase
- ☑ Growing use of Linux
- ☑ IBM has delivered dramatic mainframe price reductions

Mainframes – more relevant than ever

