Vertica® Analytic Database 5.0

# **Getting Started Guide**

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# **Technical Support**

To submit problem reports, questions, comments, and suggestions, use the Technical Support page on the Vertica Web site.

#### Notes:

- You must be a registered user in order to access the MyVertica Portal http://myvertica.vertica.com/v-zone/overview.
- If you are not a registered user, you can request access at the **Technical Support** Web page http://www.vertica.com/support.

Before you report a problem, run the Diagnostics Utility described in the Troubleshooting Guide and attach the resulting .zip file to your ticket.

# About the Documentation

This section describes how to access and print Vertica documentation. It also includes **suggested reading paths** (page 4).

# Where to Find the Vertica Documentation

You can read or download the Vertica documentation for the current release of Vertica® Analytic Database from the *Product Documentation Page* 

*http://www.vertica.com/v-zone/product\_documentation*. You must be a registered user to access this page.

The documentation is available as a compressed tarball (.tar) or a zip archive (.zip) file. When you extract the file on the database server system or locally on the client, contents are placed in a /vertica50 doc/ directory.

#### Notes:

- The documentation on the Vertica Web site is updated each time a new release is issued.
- A more recent version of the product documentation might be available online. To check for critical product or document information added after the product release, see the Vertica Product Documentation downloads site. You can download the PDF version or browse books online
- If you are using an older version of the software, refer to the documentation on your database server or client systems.

See Installing Vertica Documentation in the Installation Guide.

# **Reading the Online Documentation**

#### Reading the HTML documentation files

The Vertica documentation files are provided in HTML browser format for platform independence. The HTML files require only a browser that displays frames properly with JavaScript enabled. The HTML files do not require a Web (HTTP) server.

The Vertica documentation is supported on the following browsers:

- Mozilla FireFox
- Internet Explorer
- Apple Safari
- Opera
- Google Chrome (server-side installations only)

The instructions that follow assume you have installed the documentation on a client or server machine.

#### **Mozilla Firefox**

- **1** Open a browser window.
- **2** Choose one of the following methods to access the documentation:
  - Select File > Open File, navigate to ... \HTML-WEBHELP\index.htm, and click Open.
  - OR drag and drop index.htm into a browser window.
  - OR press CTRL+O, navigate to index.htm, and click Open.

#### Internet Explorer

Use one of the following methods:

- 1 Open a browser window.
- 2 Choose one of the following methods to access the documentation:
  - Select File > Open > Browse, navigate to ..\HTML-WEBHELP\index.htm, click Open, and click OK.
  - OR drag and drop index.htm into the browser window.
  - OR press CTRL+O, Browse to the file, click Open, and click OK.

**Note:** If a message warns you that Internet Explorer has restricted the web page from running scripts or ActiveX controls, right-click anywhere within the message and select **Allow Blocked Content**.

#### Apple Safari

- 1 Open a browser window.
- 2 Choose one of the following methods to access the documentation:
  - Select File > Open File, navigate to ... \HTML-WEBHELP\index.htm, and click Open.
  - OR drag and drop index.htm into the browser window.
  - OR press CTRL+O, navigate to index.htm, and click Open.

#### Opera

- 1 Open a browser window.
- 2 Position your cursor in the title bar and right click > **Customize** > **Appearance**, click the **Toolbar** tab and select **Main Bar**.
- **3** Choose one of the following methods to access the documentation:
  - Open a browser window and click Open, navigate to ..\HTML-WEBHELP\index.htm, and click **Open**.
  - OR drag and drop index.htm into the browser window.
  - OR press CTRL+O, navigate to index.htm, and click Open.

#### Google Chrome

Google does not support access to client-side installations of the documentation. You'll have to point to the documentation installed on a server system.

- 1 Open a browser window.
- 2 Choose one of the following methods to access the documentation:
  - In the address bar, type the location of the index.htm file on the server. For example: file://<servername>//vertica50\_doc//HTML/Master/index.htm
  - OR drag and drop index.htm into the browser window.
  - OR press CTRL+O, navigate to index.htm, and click Open.

#### Notes

The .tar or .zip file you download contains a complete documentation set.

#### The documentation page of the Downloads Web site

*http://www.vertica.com/v-zone/download\_vertica* is updated as new versions of Vertica are released. When the version you download is no longer the most recent release, refer only to the documentation included in your RPM.

The Vertica documentation contains links to Web sites of other companies or organizations that Vertica does not own or control. If you find broken links, please let us know.

Report any script, image rendering, or text formatting problems to *Technical Support* (on page 1).

# **Printing Full Books**

Vertica also publishes books as Adobe Acrobat<sup>™</sup> PDF. The books are designed to be printed on standard 8½ x 11 paper using full duplex (two-sided) printing.

**Note:** Vertica manuals are topic driven and not meant to be read in a linear fashion. Therefore, the PDFs do not resemble the format of typical books.

Open and print the PDF documents using Acrobat Acrobat Reader. You can download the latest version of the free Reader from the **Adobe Web site** (*http://www.adobe.com/products/acrobat/readstep2.html*).

The following list provides links to the PDFs.

- Concepts Guide
- Installation Guide
- Getting Started Guide
- Administrator's Guide
- Programmer's Guide
- SQL Reference Manual
- Troubleshooting Guide

# **Suggested Reading Paths**

This section provides a suggested reading path for various users. Vertica recommends that you read the manuals listed under All Users first.

#### All Users

- New Features Release-specific information, including new features and behavior changes to the product and documentation
- Concepts Guide Basic concepts critical to understanding Vertica
- Getting Started Guide A tutorial that takes you through the process of configuring a Vertica database and running example queries
- Troubleshooting Guide General troubleshooting information

#### System Administrators

- New Features Release-specific information, including new features and behavior changes to the product and documentation
- Installation Guide Platform configuration and software installation

#### **Database Administrators**

- Installation Guide Platform configuration and software installation
- Administrator's Guide Database configuration, loading, security, and maintenance

#### **Application Developers**

- Programmer's Guide Connecting to a database, queries, transactions, and so on
- SQL Reference Manual SQL and Vertica-specific language information

# Where to Find Additional Information

Visit the *Vertica Web site* (*http://www.vertica.com*) to keep up to date with:

- Downloads
- Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)
- Discussion forums
- News, tips, and techniques
- Training

# **Typographical Conventions**

The following are the typographical and syntax conventions used in the Vertica documentation.

Typographical Convention	raphical Convention Description		
Bold	Indicates areas of emphasis, such as a special menu command.		
Button	Indicates the word is a button on the window or screen.		
Code	SQL and program code displays in a monospaced (fixed-width) font.		
Database objects	Names of database objects, such as tables, are shown in san-serif type.		
Emphasis	Indicates emphasis and the titles of other documents or system files.		
monospace	Indicates literal interactive or programmatic input/output.		
monospace italics	Indicates user-supplied information in interactive or programmatic input/output.		
UPPERCASE	Indicates the name of a SQL command or keyword. SQL keywords are case insensitive; SELECT is the same as Select, which is the same as select.		
User input	Text entered by the user is shown in bold san serif type.		
₽	indicates the Return/Enter key; implicit on all user input that includes text		
Right-angle bracket >	Indicates a flow of events, usually from a drop-down menu.		
Click	Indicates that the reader clicks options, such as menu command buttons, radio buttons, and mouse selections; for example, "Click OK to proceed."		
Press	Indicates that the reader perform some action on the keyboard; for example, "Press Enter."		

Syntax Convention	Description
Text without brackets/braces	Indicates content you type as shown.
< Text inside angle brackets >	Placeholder for which you must supply a value. The variable is usually shown in italics. See Placeholders below.
[ Text inside brackets ]	Indicates optional items; for example, CREATE TABLE [ <i>schema_name</i> .] <i>table_name</i> The brackets indicate that the <i>schema_name</i> is optional. Do not type the square brackets.
{ Text inside braces }	Indicates a set of options from which you choose one; for example: QUOTES { ON   OFF } indicates that exactly one of ON or OFF must

	be provided. You do not type the braces: QUOTES ON
Backslash \	Continuation character used to indicate text that is too long to fit on a single line.
Ellipses	Indicate a repetition of the previous parameter. For example, option[,] means that you can enter multiple, comma-separated options.
	Note: Showing an ellipses in code examples might also mean that part of the text has been omitted for readability, such as in multi-row result sets.
Indentation	Is an attempt to maximize readability; SQL is a free-form language.
Placeholders	Items that must be replaced with appropriate identifiers or expressions are shown in italics.
Vertical bar	Is a separator for mutually exclusive items. For example: [ASC   DESC]
	Choose one or neither. You do not type the square brackets.

# **Overview to Getting Started**

This guide serves as as a tutorial, walking you through the process of configuring a Vertica database and running example queries.

Before you start, Vertica recommends that you read the Concepts Guide to gain a quick understanding of unfamiliar concepts.

#### Prerequisites

All example databases described in this guide (including the one-step example) share the following prerequisites:

- You have installed Vertica on a cluster of hosts, as described in the Installation Guide.
- You have downloaded and installed the documentation, as described in *Where to Find the Vertica Documentation* (page 2).
- You are logged in to the server as the Database Administrator user; for example, dbadmin.
- You access to your database either by an SSH client or through the terminal utility in your Linux Console, such as vsql.

#### **User Interfaces**

By following this tutorial, you use the following user interfaces:

- The Linux command line (shell) interface
- The Vertica Administration Tools (see the Administrator's Guide for details)
- The vsql client interface (see the Programmer's Guide for details)

#### Example Databases

Vertica provides several simplified versions of databases that might actually be used in real-world applications. Detailed descriptions of each are provided in *Example Databases* (page 11).

You can use these databases as examples for learning purposes or as templates for actual databases. Even if your business has nothing to do with any of the sample schemas, the tutorial is useful because the techniques are the same, regardless of the type of data warehouse you use.

If you installed the product RPM, the example databases are located in /opt/vertica/examples on the host.

#### One-step Example Database

Vertica provides a one-step installation script that lets you create an example database and start using it immediately. The scripts are located in /opt/vertica/sbin and are called:

- install\_example Creates a database on the default port (5433), generates data, creates the schema and a default superprojection, and loads the data.
- delete example Drops the database

#### Notes

- Before you can install the example, you must accept the EULA (one time only) using the Administration Tools.
- For a more advanced but equally-simple example using the Vertica databases, see the *Tutorial* (page 87) in the Getting Started Guide.

### Tutorial

The Tutorial describes how to configure a Vertica database that you'll use to run sample queries. It assumes that you have already installed Vertica on a cluster of hosts, as described in the Installation Guide. You can copy the example databases to non-cluster hosts for reference purposes, but you must perform the tasks in the Tutorial on the Administration Host.

#### Example Queries

Each example database includes several queries that are intended to represent queries that might be used in a real business. Once you're comfortable running the example queries, you'll probably want to write your own. Instructions are provided in *Running Simple Queries* (page 104).

#### **Cleanup Procedure**

When you have finished with the tutorial, you can restore your host machines to their original state. Instructions are provided in *Cleanup Procedure* (page 105).

# **Example Databases**

Vertica provides several example databases that you can use in the tutorial:

- ClickStream Example Database (page 13)
- Credit History Example Database (page 22)
- Retail Sales Example Database (page 31)
- Stock Exchange Example Database (page 44)
- Telecom Example Database (page 57)
- VMart Example Database (page 66)

You can perform this tutorial using any or all of the example databases. The actual data returned from your queries will differ from the data published within this guide because the sample data generator program generates a new set of data for each of your example databases.

**Caution:** Although you can define multiple example databases within a single Vertica installation, Vertica strongly recommends that you start only one example database at a time to avoid unpredictable results.

#### **Example Database File Locations**

The example databases are installed in:

```
/opt/vertica/examples/ClickStream_Schema
/opt/vertica/examples/CreditHistory_Schema
/opt/vertica/examples/Retail_Schema
/opt/vertica/examples/Stock_Schema
/opt/vertica/examples/Telecom_Schema
/opt/vertica/examples/VMart_Schema
```

#### **Example Database File Descriptions**

Each example database has an identical set of files except for the file name prefix and the number of query files. In each of the names in the list below, replace *example* with the prefix string that corresponds to one of the example databases:

```
clickstream
credithistory
retail
stock
telecom
vmart
```

example_count_data.sql	SQL script that does a COUNT(*) of each table; can be used to verify load.
<i>example_define_schema.sql</i>	SQL script that defines the logical schema: tables and referential integrity constraints.
example_gen.cpp	Data generator source code (C++).
example_gen	Data generator executable file.

example_load_data.sql	SQL script that loads the generated sample data.
example_queries.sql	SQL script contain concatenated queries for use as a training set for the Database Designer.
example_query_01.sql	SQL scripts containing individual queries.
example_schema_drop.sql	SQL script that drops the schema.
README	Text file containing instructions for using the data generator.
Time.txt	Text file containing pre-computed data for date dimension tables.

# **ClickStream Example Database**

The ClickStream Example Database is a simple star schema that represents a record of the clicks made by a user on a web site. This data can be analyzed and used, for example, for business/marketing purposes or the detection of malicious activities on the web site. Each table is described in a separate section.



The ClickStream schema is focused towards discovering interesting and useful information from Web content and usage. This schema can be used for

- Marketing promotions
- Click Fraud Detection
- Improving Web site design and performance etc.

The data in the ClickStream schema is populated from parsing Web Server logs, users browsing activities and habits etc. This data can be used for tracking malicious and fraudulent activities in real time. The schema is focused towards recognizing patterns either by using statistical models, by manual off-line analysis or by SQL queries.

The schema is intended to answer following queries for fraud detection or other purposes

- 1 Number of users accessing web server from a given server IP per day? This helps us analyze whether any particular server is clogging the network or is involved in malicious attack.
- 2 Which client IP is generating excessively large hits?
- 3 Which customer (Client\_IP) address is downloading huge amount of Data?
- 4 Which customer is coming from more then one client IP?
- 5 Which customer is creating large number of sessions per day?
- 6 On which page do users stay for maximum duration?

Table Name	Default Number of Rows
ClickStream_Fact (on page 14)	5000000
Customer_Dimension (on page 15)	5000
<b>Session_Dimension</b> (on page 17)	50000
UserAgent_Dimension (on page 17)	500
<b>IPAddress _Dimension</b> (on page 16)	1000
<b>Page_Dimension</b> (on page 16)	5000
<b>CreditCard_Dimension</b> (on page 15)	5000

# ClickStream\_Fact

Each row in the fact table represents a summary of the user clicks done during browser session.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Date_Key	INTEGER	Date Key
Session_Key	INTEGER	Foreign Key, references Session_Dimension table
Customer_Key	INTEGER	Foreign Key, references Customer_Dimension Table
ClientIP_Key	INTEGER	Client IP Address, Foreign Key, references IPAddress_Dimension Table
ServerIP_Key	INTEGER	WebServer IP Address Foreign Key, references IPAddress_Dimension Table
UserAgent_ID	INTEGER	Foreign Key, references UserAgent_Dimension table
Page_Id	INTEGER	Foreign Key, references Page_Dimension table
Referrer_Page_id	INTEGER	Referring Page id
CreditCard_ID	INTEGER	Foreign Key, references CreditCard_Dimension Table
Num_Errors	INTEGER	Number of Errors encountered while browsing

KBytes_Downloaded	INTEGER	Amount of Data downloaded at client machine
Browsing_Time_Per_Page	INTEGER	Browsing time in minutes

# Customer\_Dimension

This table describes the user demographic information. Data in this table is populated from parsing strings from web logs of server.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Customer_Key	INTEGER	Primary key
Name	VARCHAR	Name of customer
E-mail_ID	VARCHAR	Unique mail id of customer
Sex	CHAR	Sex of the customer
Age	INTEGER	Age of customer
Annual_income	INTEGER	Annual income of the customer; for example, 50000 (\$50000)
City	VARCHAR	Home city of customer
State	VARCHAR	Home state of customer
Country	VARCHAR	Home country of customer

# CreditCard\_Dimension

This table describes the all domain pages.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Card_Key	INTEGER	PrimaryKey
CardHolder_Name	VARCHAR	Varchar
Card_Type	VARCHAR	MasterCard/Visa/Amex
Card_Expiration_Date	DATE	Date

# Date\_Dimension

Contains data for dates.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Date_Key	INTEGER	Primary key
Date_Val	DATE	Date in 'mm/dd/yyyy' format
Date_Description	VARCHAR	Description of the date; for example, January 1, 2000
Day_Num_In_Fiscal_Month	INTEGER	The day number in the month (1-31); for example, 21 for 21 <sup>st</sup> of any month.
Calendar_Year_Month	INTEGER	Calendar month of the date (1-12); for example, 9 for September
Calendar_Year	INTEGER	Calendar year of the date; for example, 2001

# **IPAddress** \_Dimension

This table describes the customer demographic information. Data in this table is populated from parsing strings from web logs of server.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
IPAddress_Key	INTEGER	Primary key
IPAddress_Val	VARCHAR	IP Address value in dotted decimal; for example, 172.16.0.1
City	VARCHAR	City part of IP address
State	VARCHAR	State part of IP address
Country	VARCHAR	Country part of IP address

# Page\_Dimension

This table describes each page's domain relationships.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Page_Key	INTEGER	Primary key
Page_Name	VARCHAR	Page description and name
Page_Sub_Domain	VARCHAR	Page sub domain
Page_Domain	VARCHAR	Page domain

# Session\_Dimension

This table details user browsing session information.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Session_Key	INTEGER	Primary key
Session_Start_Time	VARCHAR	Session start time
Session_End_Time	VARCHAR	Session end time
Duration	INTEGER	Duration of the session in minutes
Server_IP	VARCHAR	IP address of server
Client_IP	VARCHAR	IP address of client

# **UserAgent\_Dimension**

This table describes user agent types for all machine types.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
UserAgent_Key	INTEGER	Primary key
Browser_Type	VARCHAR	Mozilla
Browser_Version	VARCHAR	4.7
Operating_System	VARCHAR	WinNT/Linux
Operating_System_Version	VARCHAR	4.0/5.0 etc
Agent Language	VARCHAR	English/French etc

# clickstream\_query\_01.sql

#### Query

```
-- Customer hitting the web server the most

-- number of times in a day

SELECT Date_Val,

Customer_Name,

COUNT(*) AS Hits

FROM ClickStream_Fact A,

Customer_Dimension B,

Date_Dimension C

WHERE A.Customer_Key = B.Customer_Key

AND A.Date_Key = C.Date_Key

GROUP BY Date_Val,Customer_Name
```

ORDER BY Hits DESC;

#### Example

Date_Val	Customer_Name		Hits
2000-11-19	 Michael		321
2000-03-03	Michael		320
2000-12-20	Sophie		317
2000-12-03	Sophie		314
2000-07-02	Sophie		313
2000-05-17	Michael		311

# clickstream\_query\_02.sql

### Query

Client	IP hitting the server the most of times in a day
SELECT	Date_Val,
	City
	COUNT(*) AS Hits
FROM	ClickStream Fact A
11(011	IPAddress_Dimension B,
	Date_Dimension C
WHERE	A.ClientIP_Key = B.IPAddress_Key
	AND A.Date_Key = C.Date_Key
GROUP BY	Date_Val,IPAddress_Val,City
ORDER BY	Hits DESC;

### Example

Date_Val	IPaddress_Val		City	H	its
2000-08-06	 172.16.2.15		Noida		11
2000-10-19	172.16.1.3		Tokyo		10
2000-06-05	172.16.2.4		Paris		10
2000-07-05	172.16.1.6		London		10
2000-07-29	172.16.1.6		London		10
2000-01-19	172.16.2.15		Noida		10
2000-02-10	172.16.0.4		Detroit		10

# clickstream\_query\_03.sql

### Query

-- Page with the maximum number of hits -- and total browsing time

SELECT Date\_Val,

		Page_Name,
		SUM(Browsing Time) AS Browsing Time,
		COUNT(*) AS Hits
FROM		ClickStream_Fact A,
		Page_Dimension B,
		Date_Dimension C
WHERE		A.Date Key = C.Date Key
		AND A.Page_Key = B.Page_Key
GROUP	ΒY	Date_Val,Page_Name
ORDER	ΒY	Browsing Time DESC,
		Hits DESC;

# Example

Date_Val	Page_Name	Browsing_Time	Hits
2000-06-06	<pre>//www.Geocities.Yahoo.com/page72.html</pre>	90	   16
2000-11-19	http://www.Jewellery.Rediff.com/page23.html	87	11
2000-03-16	<pre>http://www.MP3-Players.Rediff.com/page34.html</pre>	81	14
2000-05-04	<pre>http://www.Cricket.Rediff.com/page90.html</pre>	80	13
2000-04-27	http://www.Laptops.Rediff.com/page69.html	79	11
2000-01-20	<pre>http://www.Mobiles.Rediff.com/page97.html</pre>	75	12

# clickstream\_query\_04.sql

### Query

-- Customers creating more than 5 sessions per day

SELECT	Date_Val,			
	Customer_Name,			
	SUM(Duration),			
	COUNT(*) AS Count_Session			
FROM	ClickStream_Fact A,			
	Date Dimension B,			
	Session_Dimension C,			
	Customer_Dimension D			
WHERE	A.Date_Key = B.Date_Key			
	AND A.Customer_Key = D.Customer_Key			
	AND A.Session_Key = C.Session_Key			
GROUP BY	Date_Val,Customer_Name,Duration			
HAVING	COUNT(*) > 5			
ORDER BY	Duration DESC;			

# Example

Date_Val		Customer_Name		SUM		Count_Session
2000-06-29	т. 	Matthew		1320		11
2000-07-08		Hannah		1200	Ι	10
2000-07-11		Hannah		960		8
2000-07-12		Hannah		840		7
2000-07-13		Hannah		1800		15
2000-07-15		Hannah		1920		16

# clickstream\_query\_05.sql

#### Query

```
-- Customers coming from more than one IP address
SELECT
        Date Val,
        Customer Name,
         COUNT(ClientIP Key) AS Client IPS
         ClickStream Fact A,
FROM
         Date Dimension B,
         Customer_Dimension C
WHERE
        A.Date Key = B.Date Key
         AND A.Customer_Key = C.Customer_Key
         AND A.Date Key > 100
         AND A.Date Key < 105
GROUP BY Date Val, Customer Name
HAVING COUNT(ClientIP Key) > 10
ORDER BY Client IPs DESC;
```

#### Example

Date_Val		Customer_Name	Client_	_IPS
2000-04-11	т. 	Sophie		308
2000-04-11		Michael	l	307
2000-04-11	I	Samuel		224
2000-04-11		Hannah	l	222
2000-04-11		Emily	l	214
2000-04-13		Sophie	l	213

# clickstream\_query\_06.sql

Query

```
-- Pages visited by the maximum number of
-- IP addresses for a given month
SELECT
         Page Name,
         count (DISTINCT ipaddress val) AS IP Address Count
         ClickStream Fact A,
FROM
         Page Dimension B,
         IPAddress Dimension C,
         Date Dimension D
WHERE
        A.Page Key = B.Page Key
         AND A.ClientIP Key = C.IPAddress Key
         AND A.Date Key = D.Date Key
        AND D.Calendar Year = 2004
         AND D.Calendar Month Number In Year = 2
GROUP BY Page Name
ORDER BY IP Address Count DESC;
```

# Example

...

page_name	ip_address_count
http://www.Geocities.Yahoo.com/page2.html	+   46
http://www.Geocities.Yahoo.com/page67.html	45
http://www.Auctions.Rediff.com/page32.html	44
http://www.Books.Amazon.com/page90.html	44
http://www.Games.Yahoo.com/page33.html	43
http://www.Messenger.Rediff.com/page17.html	43
http://www.Yellow-Pages.Yahoo.com/page60.html	42
http://www.Groups.Yahoo.com/page73.html	41
http://www.Electronics.Amazon.com/page16.html	41
http://www.Real-Estate.Yahoo.com/page50.html	41
http://www.Games.Yahoo.com/page61.html	41
http://www.Jewellery&Watches.Amazon.com/page6.html	41
http://www.Tools&Automotive.Amazon.com/page79.html	40
http://www.Home&Garden.Amazon.com/page8.html	40
http://www.Aparel&Accessories.Amazon.com/page63.html	40
http://www.Maps.Yahoo.com/page66.html	39
http://www.Jobs.Rediff.com/page6.html	39

# **Credit History Example Database**

The Credit History database is a simple star schema that represents customer credit history.



Table Name	Default Number of Rows
CreditHistory_Fact (on page 23)	5000000
Customer_Dimension (on page 23)	5000
<i>Institution_Dimension</i> (on page 25)	100
AccountType_Dimension (on page 23)	50
<i>MortgageType_Dimension</i> (on page 25)	1000

# CreditHistory\_Fact

Each row in the fact table represents a credit transaction performed by an individual.

Field Name	Data Type	Description
Date_Key	INTEGER	Foreign Key reference Date table
Customer_Key	INTEGER	Foreign Key reference Customer table
Institution_Key	INTEGER	Foreign Key reference Institution table
Account_Key	INTEGER	Foreign Key reference AccountType Table
Mortgage_Key	INTEGER	Foreign Key reference MortgageType Table
Days_Overdue	INTEGER	This field represents the number of days credit is overdue. 99999 represents bad debt.
Outstanding_Amount	FLOAT	Outstanding amount for a credit transaction

# AccountType\_Dimension

This table describes the type of accounts that can be offered by financial institutions

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Account_Key	INTEGER	Primary key
Account_Type	VARCHAR	Type of account checking/current/loan
Account_Desc	VARCHAR	Brief description of account type
Account_Limit	INTEGER	If Ioan account then sanctioned credit limit

# **Customer\_Dimension**

This table describes details of customers whose credit history is maintained by the company.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Customer_Key	INTEGER	Primary key
Customer_FirstName	VARCHAR	Customer first name
Customer_LastName	VARCHAR	Customer last name
Current_Employer	VARCHAR	Current employer
SSN	VARCHAR	Social security number
HomePhone	VARCHAR	Home phone
Age	VARCHAR	Customer age

Sex	VARCHAR	Customer sex
City	VARCHAR	Customer city
State	INTEGER	Customer state
Zip	VARCHAR	Zip code

# Date\_Dimension

Contains data for dates.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Date_Key	INTEGER	Primary Key
Date_val	DATE	Date In 'mm/dd/yyyy' format
Full_date_description	VARCHAR(18)	Description of the date; for example, January 1, 2000
Day_of_week	VARCHAR(9)	Calendar year of the date; for example, 2001
Day_number_in_calendar_month	INTEGER	Calendar month of the date (1-12); for example, for September
Day_number_in_calendar_year	INTEGER	The day number in the month (1-31); for example, 21 for 21 <sup>st</sup> of any month.
Day_number_in_fiscal_month	INTEGER	
Day_number_in_fiscal_year	INTEGER	
Last_day_in_week_indicator	INTEGER	
Last_day_in_month_indicator	INTEGER	
Calendar_week_number_in_year	INTEGER	
Calendar_month_name	VARCHAR(9)	
Calendar_month_number_in_year	INTEGER	
Calendar_year_month	CHAR(7)	
Calendar_quarter	INTEGER	
Calendar_year_quarter	CHAR(7)	
Calendar_half_year	INTEGER	
Calendar_year	INTEGER	
Holiday_indicator	VARCHAR(10)	
Weekday_indicator	CHAR(7)	

# Institution\_Dimension

This table describes all the banking and financial institutions in the country.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Institution_Key	INTEGER	Primary key
Institution_Name	VARCHAR	Bank/credit lending institutions
Address	VARCHAR	Address of institution
City	VARCHAR	City of institution
State	VARCHAR	State of institution
Zip	VARCHAR	Zip code

# MortgageType\_Dimension

This table describes types of mortgages.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Mortgage_Key	INTEGER	Primary key
Mortgage_Type	VARCHAR	Car/home/personal mortgage
Mortgage_Amount	INTEGER	Mortgage Amount, such as \$1000, \$10000, and so on
Mortgage_Tenure	INTEGER	Mortgage tenure in months, such as 12, 24, 36, and so on
Mortgage_Interest	DOUBLE	Applicable interest rate.
Mortgage_EMI	DOUBLE	Amount payable monthly as installments

# credithistory\_query\_01.sql

#### Query

-- Overdue statistics for 2001 by state -- a. Avg Overdue (Amount and Days) -- b. Max Overdue (Amount and Days) -- c. Min Overdue (Amount and Days) SELECT State, MAX(Days\_Overdue) AS Max\_Days, MIN(Days\_Overdue) AS Min\_Days, AVG(Days\_Overdue) AS Avg\_Days, MAX(Outstanding\_Amount) AS Max\_Amount,

MIN(Outstanding_Amount) AS Min_Amount,
AVG(Outstanding_Amount) AS Avg_Amount,
COUNT(*) AS Overdue_Recs
CreditHistory Fact A,
Customer Dimension B,
Date Dimension C
A.Date Key = C.Date Key
AND A.Customer_Key = B.Customer_Key
AND C.Calendar_Year = 2001
State
Avg Amount DESC,
Avg_Days DESC;

#### Example

```
State | Max_Days | Min_Days | Avg_Days | Max_Amount | Min_Amount | Avg_Amount
                                                           Overdue Recs
_____
        999 |
                0 | 498.137946406459 | 15000.3 |
                                          500.67 | 7785.36343702016 |
IL |
20189
                0 | 500.163568584688 | 15000.11 |
NY
   999 |
                                          500.02 | 7750.80704536809 |
39433
CA |
        999 |
                0 | 499.313933330031 | 15000.51 |
                                          500.73 | 7733.53519366982 |
40378
```

# credithistory\_query\_02.sql

#### Query

```
-- Overdue statistics for 2001 by Institution
-- a. Avg Overdue (Amount and Days)
-- b. Max Overdue (Amount and Days)
-- c. Min Overdue (Amount and Days)
SELECT Institution Name,
        MAX(Days Overdue) AS Max Days,
        MIN(Days_Overdue) AS Min_Days,
        AVG(Days Overdue) AS Avg Days,
        MAX (Outstanding Amount) AS Max Amount,
        MIN (Outstanding Amount) AS Min Amount,
         AVG (Outstanding Amount) AS Avg Amount,
        COUNT(*) AS Overdue Recs
        CreditHistory Fact A,
FROM
        Institution Dimension B,
        Date Dimension C
WHERE A.Date Key = C.Date Key
        AND A.Institution Key = B.Institution Key
         AND C.Calendar Year = 2000
GROUP BY Institution Name
ORDER BY Avg Amount DESC;
```

#### Example

```
Institution_Name | Max_Days | Min_Days | Avg_Days | Max_Amount | Min_Amount | Avg_Amount
| Overdue_Recs
```

	+-			+	. +		+		+
INSTT#98		997	0 '	506.386450381679		14986.93	1	511.55	I
8034.51529580153	1	1048							
INSTT#57		999	2	494.70480081716		15000.01		508.57	
8023.94215526047		979							
INSTT#83		999	0 1	508.528806584362		14994.48		502.39	
8019.49127572016		972							
INSTT#56		999	3	516.19877675841		14979.93		511.46	
7998.86175331295		981							
INSTT#45		997	1	498.116596638655		14994.69		507.47	
7985.12201680672		952							
INSTT#66		998	0	488.579420579421		14990.66		501.3	
7973.51433566434		1001	_						
INSTT#84	.	998	5	505.276302851524		14985.32		504.76	
7964.23406096362	Ι.	1017	_						
INS'I''I'#90	. 1	996	1 1	510.3030303030303	1	14990.34		536.82	1
/951.992043010/5	Ι.	1023	~	4.0.4		14070 07			
INSTT#44		998	J	484.883883883883	I	14970.27	I	525.28	
/945./5424424424	Ι.	999	~			1 400 6 1		500 00	
INSTT#69		999	2	507.625502008032	I	14986.1	I	509.98	
/936./3396383342	1	996	0	L E 0.2 E 2 0 C C 0 2 0 1 3 2 0		1 E O O O E 1		E0.2 0.2	1
INSTT#93	. '	998	J	502.520669291339	I	12000.21	I	502.02	
1930.11129330109 TNOTT #73	1	7070 TOTO	0	1 1 91 0661 995 95 797		1/003 1/		550 /5	I
1NJ11#/J 702/ /500/00/055	1	) 02C	J	1 491.000130333/8/	I	14990.14	1	JJ 7.43	I
/ /2 7 • 7 5 5 5 4 5 0 4 5 5 5	1	J 9 1							

# credithistory\_query\_03.sql

### Query

-- Overdue mortgage statistics by year with mortgage type

SELECT	Mortgage Type,
	AVG(Days Overdue) AS Avg Days,
	AVG(Outstanding_Amount) AS Avg_Amount,
	COUNT(*) AS Overdue_Recs
FROM	CreditHistory_Fact A,
	Mortgage_Dimension B,
	Date_Dimension C
WHERE	A.Mortgage_Key = B.Mortgage_Key
	AND A.Date_Key = C.Date_Key
GROUP B	Calendar_Year,Mortgage_Type
ORDER B	7 Calendar Year,
	Mortgage_Type;

#### Example

Mortgage_Type	Avg_Days	Avg_Amount	Overdue_Recs
Car Home (2 rows)	499.179450730653   499.670780499164	7758.45090843616   7742.27507610237	105522 94478

# credithistory\_query\_04.sql

#### Query

-- Overdue mortgage statistics by year with tenure

SELECT Mortgage\_Type,

```
Mortgage_Tenure,

AVG(Days_Overdue) AS Avg_Days,

AVG(Outstanding_Amount) AS Avg_Amount,

COUNT(*) AS Record_Count

FROM CreditHistory_Fact A,

Mortgage_Dimension B,

Date_Dimension C

WHERE A.Mortgage_Key = B.Mortgage_Key

AND A.Date_Key = C.Date_Key

GROUP BY Calendar_Year, Mortgage_Type, Mortgage_Tenure

ORDER BY Calendar_Year,

Mortgage_Type,

Mortgage_Tenure;
```

#### Example

Mortgage_Type	Mortgage_Tenure	Avg_Days	Avg_Amount	Record_Count
Car	12	+   498.664561695056	7745.60994349813	24070
Car	24	502.332021237642	7753.32524533138	21848
Car	36	500.580798992262	7793.29573420911	22228
Car	48	498.262124831239	7730.3517000727	19258
Car	60	495.317695109836	7768.80918644442	18118
Home	60	500.719860896445	7858.66575637558	20704
Home	96	500.386262760763	7710.50094429649	18024
Home	120	496.92023054755	7751.82940172911	17350
Home	180	498.150733659404	7721.11076144953	17992
Home	240	501.653077224618	7662.79473049784	20408
(10 rows)				

# credithistory\_query\_05.sql

#### Query

SELECT	Account Type,
	AVG(Days Overdue) AS Avg Days,
	AVG(Outstanding Amount) AS Avg Amount,
	COUNT(*) AS Record Count
FROM	CreditHistory Fact A,
	AccountType Dimension B,
	Date_Dimension C
WHERE	A.AccountType Key = B.AccountType Key
	AND A.Date Key = C.Date Key
GROUP BY	Calendar Year, Account Type
ORDER BY	Calendar Year,
	Account Type;

-- Overdue mortgage statistics by year with account type

#### Example

Account_Type	Avg_Days	Avg_Amount	Record_Count
Checking	500.261721483555	7741.41345971209	40012
Current	501.090460467923	7785.66681471225	28167
Saving	496.856415574621	7731.76984318532	31821

## credithistory\_query\_06.sql

#### Query

```
-- Overdue statistics for 2001 by Customer age group
-- (in 5-year intervals)
-- a. Avg Overdue (Amount and Days)
-- b. Max Overdue (Amount and Days)
-- c. Min Overdue (Amount and Days)
SELECT
        (Age - MOD(age, 5)) AS Age Group,
         COUNT(DISTINCT A.Customer Key) AS Num Customers,
         MAX(Days_Overdue) AS Max_Days,
         MIN(Days Overdue) AS Min Days,
         AVG(Days Overdue) AS Avg Days,
         MAX(Outstanding_Amount) AS Max_Amount,
         MIN(Outstanding Amount) AS Min Amount,
         AVG(Outstanding_Amount) AS Avg_Amount,
         COUNT(*) AS Overdue_Recs
FROM
        CreditHistory_Fact A,
        Institution Dimension B,
         Date Dimension C,
        Customer_Dimension D
        A.Date_Key = C.Date_Key
WHERE
         AND A.Institution_Key = B.Institution_Key
         AND A.Customer Key = D.Customer Key
         AND C.Calendar Year = 2001
GROUP BY (Age - MOD(age, 5))
ORDER BY (Age - MOD(age, 5));
```

#### Example

age_group   num_c	ustomers   max_	days	min_days	avg_days	max_amount	min_amount
avg_amount   ov	erdue_recs					
+-		+		r	+	.++
15	222	999	0	497.936727480296	15000.93	500.23
7766.68663241784	45549					
20	628	999	0	501.106663765097	15001	500.01
7771.59768322634	128666					
25	507	999	0	499.240936955664	15000.96	500.03
7766.86130486666	103911					
30	585	999	0	500.578115364744	15000.98	500.03
//4/.69135839403	120002					
35	582	999	0	499.998786631186	15000.98	500.15
//40.60186540811	119502					
40	596	999	0	500.107618470409	15000.9	500.06
7766.74586684467	122098					
45	583	999	0	499.767012348991	15000.92	500
7745.33969399988	119281					
50	586	999	0	498.041474731711	15000.97	500.03
7748.55477013954	119181					
55	583	999	0	498.440118960102	15000.9	500.07
7743.21703075921	119704					
60	128	999	0	499.436279703345	15000.92	500.14
7794.25127364916	26428					
(10 rows)						

# **Retail Sales Example Database**

The Retail Sales Example Database is based on a fictional retail grocery chain store. It a simple star schema that represents individual line items on POS (Point of Sale) transactions. Each tuple in the fact table represents an item purchased from a store. Each table is described in a separate section.



Table Name	Default Number of Rows
<b>Retail_Sales_Fact</b> (on page 32)	5000000
<b>Product_Dimension</b> (on page 70)	60000
Store_Dimension (on page 34)	250

31

<b>Promotion_Dimension</b> (on	1000
page 71)	

# Retail\_Sales\_Fact

The Retail\_Sales\_Fact table describes individual items purchased from a grocery store. The generated data file contains data for five million items purchased by default.

Column Name	Data Type
Date_Key	INTEGER
Product_key	INTEGER
Store_key	INTEGER
Promotion_key	INTEGER
Pos_transaction_number	INTEGER
Sales_quantity	INTEGER
Sales_dollar_amount	INTEGER
Cost_dollar_amount	INTEGER
Gross_profit_dollar_amount	INTEGER

# Date\_Dimension

The Date Dimension table contains data for 1,828 dates for the years 2000-2004. It is generated from a file containing correct date/time data.

Column Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Date_Key	INTEGER	1
Date	DATE	01/01/2000
Full_date_description	VARCHAR(18)	January 1, 2000
Day_of_week	VARCHAR(9)	Sunday
Day_number_in_calendar_month	INTEGER	1
Day_number_in_calendar_year	INTEGER	1
Day_number_in_fiscal_month	INTEGER	1
Day_number_in_fiscal_year	INTEGER	1
Last_day_in_week_indicator	INTEGER	1
Last_day_in_month_indicator	INTEGER	0
Calendar_week_number_in_year	INTEGER	52
-------------------------------	-------------	----------------
Calendar_month_name	VARCHAR(9)	January
Calendar_month_number_in_year	INTEGER	1
Calendar_year_month	CHAR(7)	2000-1
Calendar_quarter	INTEGER	1
Calendar_year_quarter	CHAR(7)	2000-q1
Calendar_half_year	INTEGER	1
Calendar_year	INTEGER	2000
Holiday_indicator	VARCHAR(10)	Holiday
Weekday_indicator	CHAR(7)	Weekend
Selling_season	VARCHAR(32)	Valentines Day

## **Product\_Dimension**

The Product Dimension table describes all products sold by the grocery chain since its beginning. Typically, individual stores only carry a subset of the products. The generated data file contains data for 60,000 products by default.

Column Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Product_Key	INTEGER	1
Product_description	VARCHAR(128)	Seafood Product 1
Sku_number	CHAR(32)	Sku-#1
Category_description	CHAR(32)	Food
Department_description	CHAR(32)	Seafood
Package_type_description	CHAR(32)	Вох
Package_size	CHAR(32)	18 Oz
Fat_content	INTEGER	89
Diet_type	CHAR(32)	South Beach
Weight	INTEGER	50
Weight_units_of_measure	CHAR(32)	Gram
Shelf_width	INTEGER	2
Shelf_height	INTEGER	4
Shelf_depth	INTEGER	4

# **Promotion\_Dimension**

The Promotion Dimension describes every promotion (announced temporary price reduction) ever done by the grocery chain. The generated data file contains data for one thousand promotions by default.

Column Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Promotion_Key	INTEGER	1
Product_description	VARCHAR(128)	Seafood Product 1
Promotion_name	VARCHAR(128)	July 4th Liquidation Promotion
Price_reduction_type	VARCHAR(32)	20 Cents Off
Promotion_media_type	VARCHAR(32)	Magazine
Ad_type	VARCHAR(32)	1 Minute
Display_type	VARCHAR(32)	Pos
Coupon_type	VARCHAR(32)	Register Receipt
Ad_media_name	VARCHAR(32)	Other
Display_provider	VARCHAR(128)	Corporate
Promotion_cost	INTEGER	492
Promotion_begin_date	DATE	3-6-2001
Promotion_end_date	DATE	3-15-2001

## Store\_Dimension

The Store Dimension table describes all the stores in the chain. The generated data file contains data for 250 stores by default.

Column Name	Data Type	Example
Store_Key	INTEGER	1
Store_name	VARCHAR(64)	Store1
Store_name	VARCHAR(64)	Store1
Store_number	INTEGER	1
Store_street_address	VARCHAR(256)	3, Main St
Store_city	VARCHAR(64)	Concord
Store_state	CHAR(2)	Са
Store_region	VARCHAR(64)	West
Floor_plan_type	VARCHAR(32)	Plan1
Photo_processing_type	VARCHAR(32)	Premium
Financial_service_type	VARCHAR(32)	None
Selling_square_footage	INTEGER	100
Total_square_footage	INTEGER	2000
First_open_date	DATE	3-1-2004
Last_remodel_date	DATE	null

### retail\_query\_01.sql

This query joins the fact table (five million rows) with one dimension table (1,828 rows).

#### Query

```
-- The best day of the week in gross profit
-- for each year of operation.
SELECT Calendar_Year,
        Day_Of_Week,
        SUM(Gross_Profit_Dollar_Amount) AS Profit
FROM Retail_Sales_Fact,
        Date_Dimension
WHERE Retail_Sales_Fact.Date_Key = Date_Dimension.Date_Key
GROUP BY Calendar_Year,Day_Of_Week
ORDER BY Calendar_Year,
        Profit DESC;
```

```
Retail_Single_Node=> \i retail_query_01.sql
calendar_year | day_of_week | profit
2000 | Sunday | 24610107
2000 | Tuesday | 24389067
2000 | Thursday | 23973851
2000 | Friday | 23392757
```

2000	Ι	Saturday	1	22134302
2000		Wednesday		21427790
2000		Monday		20650172
2001	Ι	Thursday		24057786
2001		Sunday		22808366
2001		Friday		22262470
2001		Tuesday		21207805
2001		Wednesday		20648615
2001		Saturday		20522518
2001		Monday		16566382
2002		Saturday		23068736
2002		Wednesday		22749773
2002	Ι	Monday		22728810
2002		Sunday		20862246
2002		Friday		20825621
2002		Tuesday		20034320
2002	Ι	Thursday		18856255
2003		Friday		24563166
2003		Tuesday		22913972
2003		Wednesday		22255964
2003		Thursday		21596220
2003		Saturday		21039048
2003		Monday		20685036
2003		Sunday		20529061
2004		Friday		23675620
2004		Saturday		22815560
2004		Wednesday		21332928
2004		Tuesday		21303355
2004		Sunday		21190484
2004		Monday		20863037
2004		Thursday		20419213

(35 rows)

# retail\_query\_02.sql

This query joins five million rows of fact table data with three dimension tables (1,828 rows, 250 rows, and 1,000 rows).

### Query

Promot	tion Profits by Year, Month, and Region
SELECT	Calendar Year,
	Calendar Month Name,
	Store Region,
	Promotion Name,
	SUM(Gross Profit Dollar Amount) AS Profit
FROM	Retail Sales Fact POS Fact,
	Date Dimension Date Dim,
	Store Dimension Store Dim,
	Promotion Dimension Prom Dim
WHERE	POS Fact.Date Key = Date Dim.Date Key
	AND POS Fact.Store Key = Store Dim.Store Key
	AND POS Fact. Promotion Key = Prom Dim. Promotion Key
GROUP BY	Calendar Year,
	Calendar Month Name,
	Promotion Name,
	Store Region
HAVING	SUM(Gross Profit Dollar Amount) >= 4500
ORDER BY	Profit DESC;

<pre>Output format is unaligned. Retail_Single_Node=&gt; \i retail_query_02.sql calendar_year   calendar_month_name   store_region   promotion_name   pro</pre>	)  )1
<pre>Retail_Single_Node=&gt; \i retail_query_02.sql     calendar_year   calendar_month_name   store_region   promotion_name   pro</pre>	ofit 
calendar_year   calendar_month_name   store_region   promotion_name   pro	ofit  31 28
	51 28
	51 38
	51 28
2000   January   West   Summer Cool Sale   9745	28
2000   October   West   July 4th Discount Sale   965	50
2003   March   West   Thanksgiving Super Sellathon   9616	ĵ9
2000   January   West   Thanksgiving Super Sellathon   9518	34
2000   October   West   Thanksgiving Super Sellathon   951	34
2000   January   West   July 4th Super Sale   948	/1
2000   December   West   Summer Liquidation Promotion   943	43
2000   January   West   Summer Liquidation Promotion   9403	.4
2000   January   West   July 4th Cool Sellathon   9274	14
2004   January   West   Summer Cool Sale   926	59
2004   January   West   Thanksgiving Super Sellathon   923	۱0
2000   October   West   Summer Liquidation Promotion   918	12
2001   August   West   Thanksgiving Super Sellathon   9183	37
2001   May   West   Thanksgiving Super Sellathon   9138	39
2004   January   West   Summer Liquidation Promotion   906	15
2000   December   West   Thanksgiving Super Sellathon   9042	23
2004   January   West   July 4th Discount Sellathon   9028	32
2003   December   West   Thanksgiving Super Sellathon   8918	31
2004   December   West   Thanksgiving Super Sellathon   8823	36
(20 rows)	
Retail_Single_Node=>	

### retail\_query\_03.sql

This query joins five million rows of fact table data with four dimension tables.

#### Query

```
-- Most Profitable Seafood Products in the East in 2003
SELECT Product Description,
        SUM(Gross_Profit_Dollar_Amount) AS Profit
FROM Retail Sales Fact,
        Product Dimension,
        Store Dimension,
        Date Dimension
        Retail_Sales_Fact.Product_Key = Product_Dimension.Product_Key
WHERE
        AND Retail_Sales_Fact.Store_Key = Store_Dimension.Store_Key
        AND Retail_Sales_Fact.Date_Key = Date_Dimension.Date_Key
        AND Department Description = 'Seafood'
        AND Store Region = 'East'
        AND Calendar Year = 2003
GROUP BY Store Region,
        Product Description
ORDER BY Store Region,
        Profit DESC;
```

```
Retail_Single_Node=> \i retail_query_03.sql
product_description | profit
```

Seafood	Product	10370	2432
Seafood	Product	47983	2331
Seafood	Product	43929	2095
Seafood	Product	6474	2008
Seafood	Product	18213	1976
Seafood	Product	53224	1935
Seafood	Product	57425	1896
Seafood	Product	10608	1888
Seafood	Product	2989	1869
Seafood	Product	258	1812
Seafood	Product	25835	1809
Seafood	Product	40207	1794
Seafood	Product	16271	1794
Seafood	Product	1429	1791
Seafood	Product	58142	1777
Seafood	Product	33695	1772
Seafood	Product	20455	1765
Seafood	Product	12616	1757
Seafood	Product	57498	1750
Seafood	Product	29837	1748
Seafood	Product	53700	1745
Seafood	Product	31991	1733
Seafood	Product	16584	1731
Seafood	Product	19347	1724
Seafood	Product	25424	1719
Seafood	Product	49094	1694
Seafood	Product	57111	1683
Seafood	Product	53686	1681
Seafood	Product	32016	1680
Seafood	Product	48506	1676
Seafood	Product	12294	1669
Seafood	Product	21983	1667
Seafood	Product	30662	1666
Seafood	Product	30073	1663
Seafood	Product	27621	1662
Seafood	Product	3/650	1650
Searood	Product	3//55	1645
Seafood	Product	32/5/	1 1644
Searood	Product	21454	1636
Searood	Product	50994	1 1632
Searood	Product	32028	1 1630
Seafood	Product	41263	1 1626
Sealood	Product	6438 F701 F	I 1606
Searood	Product	J/JLJ 11⊑20	I 1605
Searood	Product	11039 E1605	I 1605
Sealood	Product	24664	I 1603
Searood	Product	34064	I 1600
searood	rroauct	5/98	1 1001

### retail\_query\_04.sql

#### Query

```
al2.category_description
ORDER BY al2.department_description;
```

<pre>department_description max_sales_dollar_amount</pre>	<pre>category_description</pre>	<pre>  total_sales_dollar_amount .</pre>	1
	-+	-+	-+
Bakery	Food	116489955	
600			
Canned Goods	Food	115699108	
Cleaning supplies	Non-food	113700725	1
600			'
Dairy	Food	117254596	
600 Frozen Goods	L Food	116859512	1
600	1000	1 110000012	I
Gifts	Misc	115800323	1
600			
Liquor	Non-food	118948581	I
Meat	l Food	1 119924642	I
600			1
Medical	Medical	115532701	I
600 Dhaarmaan	Madi and	110401002	
Pharmacy 600	Medical	119401892	I
Photography	Misc	113603404	I
600			
Produce	Food	113376462	
600 Seafood	L Food	1 19005848	I.
600	1 1000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1
(13 rows)			
(13 rows)			

## retail\_query\_05.sql

#### Query

```
-- Query 05
-- Top 5 Stores in a quarter on the basis of gross profit --
SELECT
        al2.calendar year quarter AS calendar year quarter,
         all.store key AS store key,
         max(a13.store name) AS store name,
         sum(all.sales_quantity) AS total_sales_quantity,
         sum (all.sales dollar amount) AS total sales dollar amount,
         sum(all.cost_dollar_amount) AS total_cost_dollar_amount,
         sum(all.gross_profit_dollar_amount) AS total_gross_profit
FROM
        retail sales fact all,
         date dimension a12,
         store dimension a13
         all.date key = al2.date key
WHERE
         AND all.store key = al3.store key
         AND al2.calendar year quarter = '2004-Q4'
GROUP BY al2.calendar year quarter,
         all.store key
ORDER BY total gross profit DESC
LIMIT
       5;
```

calendar\_year\_quarter | store\_key | store\_name | total\_sales\_quantity | total\_sales\_dollar\_amount |
total\_cost\_dollar\_amount | total\_gross\_profit

+		+			
2004-Q4	 164461	247   Store	e247   168949	5844	333410
2004-Q4	162774	239   Stor	e239   166106	5772	328880
2004-Q4	 166579	234   Stor	e234   166070	5828	3 3 2 6 4 9
2004-Q4	 159744	168   Stor	e168   165638	5995	325382
2004-Q4	 159716	15   Stor	e15   164927	5864	324643
(5 rows)					

### retail\_query\_06.sql

#### Query

```
-- Query 06
-- Region & state wise profit per unit --
SELECT
         al2.store_region AS store_region,
         al2.store_state AS store_state,
         sum(all.gross_profit_dollar_amount) AS
total gross profit dollar amount,
         sum (all.sales quantity) AS total sales quantity,
         ROUND((sum(all.gross profit dollar amount)::float /
sum(all.sales quantity)), 2)
          AS avg profit per unit
        retail sales fact all,
FROM
store_dimension al2
WHERE all.store_key = al2.store_key
GROUP BY al2.store_region,
        al2.store state
ORDER BY a12.store_region,
         al2.store_state;
```

#### Example

East 27.73	CT	I	27419268	988967	
East 27.76	DC	I	6083983	219193	I
East 27.85	MA	I	2 4 4 2 5 4 9 4	877070	
East 27.72	MD	I	18224018	657368	
East 27.67	MI	I	12192531	440660	
East 27.74	NC	I	9225154	332518	
East	NH	I	12227838	442973	

-40-

27.6				
East 27.77	NJ	I	9153991	329633
East 27.75	NY		3021472	108867
East 27.76	PA		18426900	663897
East	SC		12200472	439344
East	TN	I	27424332	989000
East	VA	I	12220511	439039
MidWest	IA	I	3077406	111375
MidWest	IL	I	36419633	1310671
MidWest	IN	I	27569070	993308
MidWest	MI	I	45764788	1653583
27.68 MidWest	OH	I	6150916	219351
28.04 MidWest	SD	I	12162880	437176
MidWest	WI	I	12146497	437395
NorthWest	OR	I	6090896	220814
NorthWest	WA	I	3104690	110723
South	FL	I	24266821	877191
South	GA	I	24364400	880309
South	LA	I	6080205	220558
South	MS	I	3044063	110011
South	TX	I	70301249	2536343
SouthWest	AZ	I	15291817	551088
SouthWest	CO	I	33598118	1208581
SouthWest	KS	I	6109911	221061
SouthWest	NV	I	12207238	439893
27.75 West	CA	I	201597518	7262311
27.70 West	UT	I	21366333	769336
27.77 (33 rows)				

# retail\_query\_07.sql

### Query

```
-- Query 07
-- Listing of sales quantity of all products with id less than 100 --
```

```
SELECT all.product_key AS product_key,
max(al2.product_description) AS product_description,
max(al2.package_size) AS package_size,
max(al2.weight_units_of_measure) AS weight_units_of_measure,
sum(all.sales_quantity) AS total_sales_quantity
FROM retail_sales_fact all, product_dimension al2
WHERE all.product_key = al2.product_key
AND all.product_key < 100
GROUP BY all.product_key;
```

### retail\_query\_08.sql

#### Query

```
-- Query 08
-- Quarterly and monthly sales for promotional schemes --
         al3.calendar year quarter AS calendar year quarter,
SELECT
         a13.calendar month name AS calendar month name,
         al2.ad type AS ad type,
         sum(all.sales dollar amount) AS total sales dollar amount,
        sum (all.sales quantity) AS total sales quantity
        retail sales fact all,
FROM
        promotion dimension a12,
        date dimension a13
WHERE
      all.promotion_key = al2.promotion_key
        AND all.date key = al3.date key
GROUP BY a13.calendar_year_quarter,
         al3.calendar month name,
         a13.calendar month number in year,
         al2.ad type
ORDER BY al3.calendar year quarter,
         al3.calendar month number in year,
         al2.ad type;
```

```
calendar_year_quarter | calendar_month_name | ad_type | total_sales_dollar_amount |
```

total_sales_quant	ity		
		++++	+
2000-Q1 1 42.398	January	1 minute	7858712
2000-Q1	January	30 seconds	7805195
2000-Q1	January	Fullpage	8622042
2000-Q1	January	Halfpage	7710140
2000-Q1	February	1 minute	5712781
2000-Q1	February	30 seconds	5674174
2000-Q1	February	Fullpage	6327306
2000-Q1	February	Halfpage	5623861
101407 2000-Q1	March	1 minute	6174128
2000-Q1	March	30 seconds	6274003
2000-Q1	March	Fullpage	68 90 512
2000-Q1	March	Halfpage	6064541
2000-Q2	April	1 minute	5990593
2000-Q2	April	30 seconds	5976581
2000-Q2	April	Fullpage	6548556
2000-Q2	April	Halfpage	5834707
2000-Q2	May	1 minute	6496888
2000-Q2 116323	May	30 seconds	6386322
2000-Q2 129226	May	Fullpage	7106788
2000-Q2 115019	May	Halfpage	6332820
2000-Q2 116730	June	1 minute	6435020
2000-Q2 117210	June	30 seconds	6451742
2000-Q2 128928	June	Fullpage	7143086
2000-Q2 114252	June	Halfpage	6262982
2000-Q3 119295	July	1 minute	6558197
2000-Q3 117877	July	30 seconds	6497357
2000-Q3 131812	July	Fullpage	7284518

...

# Stock Exchange Example Database

The Stock Exchange schema is a simple star schema that represents summary of trades done during the day by various business such as banks, insurance companies, retail investors, mutual funds, and so on. It is commonly known as a "tick store." Each table is described in a separate section.



# StockTransaction\_Fact

Each record in the fact table represents summary of stocks traded in a day.

Field Name	Data Type	Description
Date_key	INTEGER	Date Key
Exchange_Key	INTEGER	Foreign Key, references Exchange table
Settlement_Key	INTEGER	Foreign Key, references Settlement table
Trader_Key	INTEGER	Foreign Key, references Trader Table
Stock_Key	INTEGER	Foreign Key, references Stock Dimension table
Previous_Close	FLOAT	Previous close of the Script
Open_Price	FLOAT	Opening price of Script for the given day
High_Price	FLOAT	High price of Script for the given day
Low_Price	FLOAT	Low price of Script for the given day
Close_Price	FLOAT	Closing price of Script for the given day
Total_Traded_Quantity	FLOAT	Total traded quantity of the Script for the given day
Total_ Deliverable Qty	FLOAT	Total Deliverable quantity Script for the given day
Total_Turnover	FLOAT	Total value of transactions for the given day
artificial_segmentation_ column	INTEGER	Generated values for load-balancing nodes

# Date\_Dimension

The Date Dimension table contains data for dates.

Field Name	Data Type	Description
Date_Key	INTEGER	Primary Key
Date	DATE	
Full date description	VARCHAR(18)	
Day of week	VARCHAR(9)	
Day number in calendar month	INTEGER	
Day number in calendar year	INTEGER	
Day number in fiscal month	INTEGER	
Day_number_in_fiscal_year	INTEGER	
Last day in week indicator	INTEGER	
Last_day_in_month_indicator	INTEGER	
Calendar_week_number_in_year	INTEGER	
Calendar_month_name	VARCHAR(9)	
Calendar_month_number_in_year	INTEGER	
Calendar_year_month	CHAR(7)	
Calendar_quarter	INTEGER	
Calendar_year_quarter	CHAR(7)	
Calendar_half_year	INTEGER	
Calendar_year	INTEGER	
Holiday_indicator	VARCHAR(10)	
Weekday_indicator	CHAR(7)	

# Exchange\_Dimension

This table describes the stock exchanges included in the fact table.

Field Name	Data Type	Description
Exchange_Key	INTEGER	Primary Key
Exchange_Name	VARCHAR	Complete Exchange name
Exchange_City	VARCHAR	City where exchange is located
Exchange_Country	VARCHAR	Country where exchange is located
Local_Currency	VARCHAR	Local currency of where exchange is located

# Settlement\_Dimension

This table describes the types of settlements.

Field Name	Data Type	Description
Settlement_Key	INTEGER	Primary Key
Settlement_Description	VARCHAR	Exchange specific Settlement Number in which all transactions of specific period have to be settled
Settlement_Start_Date	DATE	Settlement Start Date
Settlement_End_Date	DATE	Settlement End Date

# Split\_Dimension

This tables contains stock split dates and factors.

Field Name	Data Type	Description
Split_Id	INTEGER	Primary Key
EntryDate	DATE	Date the split is announced.
SplitDate	DATE	Date the split is actually effective.
SplitFactor	FLOAT	The split factor expressed as a decimal value. For example, a 2 for 1 split is expressed as 0.5 and a 4 for 3 is expressed as 0.75.

# Stock Dimension

Describes all publicly traded stocks in stock exchanges.

Field Name	Data Type	Description
Stock_Key	INTEGER	Primary Key
Split_Key	INTEGER	Foreign Key references Split_Dimension Table
Stock_Name	VARCHAR	Publicly traded stock name
Stock_ Symbol	VARCHAR	Symbol of traded security
Stock_Type	VARCHAR	Equity/Bond
Industry_Type	VARCHAR	Chemical/Computers/Steel
SP_Rating	VARCHAR	S&P Rating, 'AAA',AA,A B+, B etc.
Company_Name	VARCHAR	Complete name of company
Registered_Address	VARCHAR	Complete address where the company is registered
Registered_City	VARCHAR	City where company is registered
Registered_State	VARCHAR	State where company is registered
Postal_Code	VARCHAR	Postal code
Registered_County	VARCHAR	Country where company is registered
FaceValue	INTEGER	Issue Price of stock in country where company is located; for example, \$1, \$5

## **Trader\_Dimension**

This table describes the institutions that trade stocks.

Field Name	Data Type	Description
Trader_Key	INTEGER	Primary Key
TraderName	VARCHAR	Name of institution.
TraderType	VARCHAR	Type of trader (broker, bank, insurance company, etc.)

### stock\_query\_01

#### Query

```
--- OUERY #1
--- Stocks that gained between 70% and 75% on a given day
SELECT B.Stock Name,
      MIN(A.Close Price),
      MAX(A.Close_Price)
FROM
       StockTransaction Fact A,
        Stock_Dimension B
      A.Date_Key > 50
WHERE
        AND A.Date Key < 53
         AND A.Stock Key = B.Stock Key
         AND (((A.close Price - A.Previous Close) * 100) / A.Previous Close) > 70
        AND (((A.close Price - A.Previous Close) * 100) / A.Previous Close) < 75
GROUP BY B.Stock Name
ORDER BY B.Stock Name;
```

#### Example

### stock\_query\_02

#### Query

```
--- QUERY #2
--- Total traded quantity and value of stock in a
--- given settlement period
```

```
SELECT Settlement Description,
      Stock Name,
      SUM(Total_Traded_Quantity) AS Total_Traded_Qty,
      SUM(Total Turnover) AS Total Trade value
FROM
       StockTransaction Fact A,
        Settlement Dimension B,
        Stock Dimension C,
        Date Dimension D
WHERE
        A.Settlement Key = B.Settlement Key
        AND A.Stock Key = C.Stock Key
        AND A.Date Key = D.Date Key
        AND B.Settlement Description = '2000010'
        AND D.Calendar_Month_Number_in_Year = 1
        AND D.Calendar Year = 2004
GROUP BY Settlement_Description,
        Stock Name
ORDER BY Settlement Description,
        Stock Name;
```

settlement_description		stock_name	tot	al_traded	_qty	total_	trade_value
2000010	1	STOCK NAME#1	1		1319		14927.65
2000010	Ι	STOCK NAME#100	1		913		8832.14
2000010		STOCK NAME#101			1236		23758.96
2000010		STOCK NAME#102	1		42		12155.77
2000010		STOCK NAME#103			828		12645.93
2000010		STOCK NAME#104	1		1891	1	16389.46
2000010		STOCK_NAME#105			384		9297.98
2000010		STOCK_NAME#106			999		5227.98
2000010		STOCK_NAME#107			161		9753.48
2000010		STOCK_NAME#108			570		10918.92
2000010		STOCK_NAME#109			460		8521.47
2000010		STOCK_NAME#110			1088		20814.29
2000010		STOCK_NAME#111			854		35174.67
2000010		STOCK NAME#112	1		325		10343.32
2000010		STOCK NAME#114	1		1967		27991.93
2000010		STOCK_NAME#115	1		986		24233.03

#### ...

### stock\_query\_03

#### Query

```
--- QUERY #3

--- Stocks with maximum traded quantity and value in a

--- given week of the year

SELECT Day_Number_in_Calendar_Month,

C.Stock_Name,

SUM(Total_Traded_Quantity) AS Total_Traded_Qty,

SUM(Total_Turnover) AS Total_Trade_Qty,

FROM StockTransaction_Fact A,

Date_Dimension B,

Stock_Dimension C

WHERE A.Date_Key = B.Date_Key

AND A.Stock_Key = C.Stock_Key
```

```
AND B.Calendar_Week_Number_in_Year = 7
GROUP BY Day_Number_in_Calendar_Month,
Stock_Name
ORDER BY Day_Number_in_Calendar_Month,
Total_Traded_Qty DESC;
```

day_number_in_calendar_month	stock_name	total_traded_qty	total_trade_value
9	STOCK NAME#88	14060	263374.23
9	STOCK NAME#84	11695	147378.71
9	STOCK NAME#35	11571	188538.46
9	STOCK NAME#139	11448	187385
9	STOCK_NAME#225	11225	196794.57
9	STOCK_NAME#247	11215	154407.54
9	STOCK_NAME#37	11142	160855.92
9	STOCK_NAME#237	11020	215696.29
9	STOCK_NAME#70	10965	177607.71
9	STOCK NAME#114	10806	146490.98
9	STOCK NAME#49	10641	184186.92
9	STOCK NAME#272	10410	207722.41
9	STOCK NAME#61	10324	152053.87
9	STOCK_NAME#18	10155	179153.75
9	STOCK_NAME#113	9993	177771.6

### stock\_query\_04

#### Query

```
--- Query 04
--- Types of traders who have a maximum turnover in a given week
SELECT TraderType,
      SUM(Total_Traded_Quantity) AS Total_Traded_Quantity,
      SUM(Total_Deliverable_Qty) AS Total_Deliverable_Qty,
      SUM(Total Deliverable Qty)
       / SUM(Total_Traded_Quantity) AS Delivery_Trade_Ratio
FROM
       StockTransaction_Fact A,
        Date Dimension B,
        Trader Dimension C
        A.Date_Key = B.Date_Key
WHERE
        AND A.Trader_Key = C.Trader_Key
        AND B.Calendar_Week_Number_in_Year = 9
GROUP BY TraderType
ORDER BY Delivery Trade Ratio;
```

tradertype	total_traded_quantity	total_deliverable_qty	delivery_trade_ratio
Retail-Investor	8909895	26430691	2.966
Stock-Broker	9715181	28858933	2.97
Insurance-Company	8740296	26128178	2.989
Others	11123241	33559823	3.017
Bank	10993831	33219510	3.022
(5 rows)			

## stock\_query\_05

#### Query

```
--- Ouerv 05
--- Exchange that has a maximum turnover in a year
SELECT Calendar Year,
      Exchange Name,
      SUM(Total Traded Quantity) AS Total Traded Quantity,
      SUM(Total_Turnover) AS Total_Trade_value
        StockTransaction Fact A,
FROM
        Date Dimension B,
        Exchange Dimension C
WHERE
      A.Date Key = B.Date Key
        AND A.Exchange Key = C.Exchange Key
GROUP BY Calendar Year,
       Exchange Name
ORDER BY Total Trade value DESC,
        Total Traded Quantity;
```

#### Example

calendar\_year | exchange\_name | total\_traded\_quantity | total\_trade\_value \_\_\_\_\_\_+ 140598876 |2804225676.4170490890 |1407294711.7369888940 |1403007907.570013693 |1402097341.0969828761 |1396841233.2469536068 |1391241795.02144673882 |2901380718.872325862 |1450172021.3172255304 |1446701214.6272053573 |1444195757.9972086902 |1442130576.8171951644 |1440488299.91 2000 | SHSE | 2000 | LSE 2000 | NYSE 2000 | TSE 2000 | BSE 2000 | MSE 2001 | SHSE 2001 | BSE 2001 | LSE 2001 | TSE 2001 | NYSE 71951644 | 2001 | MSE 1440488299.91 146419985 | 2002 | SHSE 2929077855.41 2002 | LSE 73391671 | 1472145875.43 2002 | MSE 73491704 | 1470316584.75 73413826 | 1468898162.55 2002 | NYSE 

 73131808 |
 1466021941.78

 72713813 |
 1458532063.79

 141327981 |
 2833415190.98

 70796425 |
 1414284020.43

 70275688 |
 1412779754.15

 70483411 |
 1412075549.07

 70573600 |
 1411885663.35

 2002 | TSE 2002 | BSE | 2003 | SHSE 2003 | MSE 2003 | TSE 2003 | NYSE 2003 | LSE 70085099 | 2003 | BSE 1405457706.97 2004 | SHSE 141762728 | 2832792072.94 2004 | NYSE 70852202 | 1420409267.29 2004 | BSE 70645192 | 1418096154.21 70803574 |1416000504.8470644325 |1413213041.39 2004 | TSE 2004 | LSE 

2004 | MSE | 70485707 | 1409461236.42

(30 rows)

### stock\_query\_06

#### Query

```
--- Query 06
--- Get the closing price of a set of 10 stocks for a 10-year period
--- and weekly aggregates.
SELECT Calendar Year,
       Calendar Year Month,
       Calendar Week Number in Year,
       Stock_name,
       MIN(Close_Price),
       MAX(Close_Price),
       AVG(Close Price)
       StockTransaction_fact A,
FROM
        Date_Dimension B,
        Stock Dimension C
        A.stock_key = C.stock_key
WHERE
         AND A.date_key = B.date_key
         AND Calendar_Year >= 1900
         AND Calendar Year <= 2007
GROUP BY Calendar Year,
         Calendar_Year_Month,
         Calendar_Week_Number_in_Year,
         Stock_name
ORDER BY Stock_name,
         Calendar Year,
         Calendar Year Month,
         Calendar_Week_Number_in_Year;
```

stock_name max_close_price	calendar e   avg_clos	c_year   se_price	calendar_year_month	week_number	min_close_	price
		+		-+	-+	
STOCK NAME#1	I	2000	2000-1	1		40.14
69.8	53.37					
STOCK_NAME#1		2000	2000-1	2		40.08
70.53	53.95					
STOCK_NAME#1	l	2000	2000-1	3		42.08
70.52	56.54					
STOCK_NAME#1		2000	2000-1	4		40.07
70.35	55.33					
STOCK_NAME#1		2000	2000-1	5		42.75
67.86	56.61					
STOCK_NAME#1		2000	2000-2	5		40.2
70.65	53.92					
STOCK_NAME#1		2000	2000-2	6		40.13
69.26	55.86					
STOCK_NAME#1		2000	2000-2	1 7		40.25
71	55.58					
STOCK_NAME#1		2000	2000-2	3		40.52
70.88	56.67					
STOCK_NAME#1		2000	2000-3	9		40.23
70.71	54.71					
STOCK NAME#1		2000	2000-2	9		40.85

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....

69.86   STOCK NAME#1	55.23 	2000   2000-3	I	10	40.28
70.73	56.48				
STOCK_NAME#1	 	2000   2000-3		11	40.06
STOCK_NAME#1 70.91	55.82   57.74	2000   2000-3	I	12	40.26

## **Telecom Example Database**

The Telecom schema is a simple star schema that represents a summary of the calls made by the customers of a fictional cell phone service provider. Each table is described in a separate section.



Table Name	Default Number of Rows
Billing_Fact (on page 58)	500000
<b>Customer_Details_Dimension</b> (on page 59)	50000
<b>Rate_Plan_Dimension</b> (on page 60)	500
<i>Numbering_Plan_Dimension</i> (on page 60)	500
<i>Equipment_Dimension</i> (on page 60)	200
<i>Feature_Dimension</i> (on page 60)	20
<b>Call_Termination_Dimension</b> (on page 58)	20

# Billing\_Fact

Each tuple in the fact table represents a summary of the CDR records generated at the switch for each customer.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example	
Date_Key	INTEGER	Call Date. Foreign Key, references Date table key	
Plan_Key	INTEGER	Foreign Key, references Rate_Plan table key	
Calling_Number_key	INTEGER	Calling party number. Foreign Key, references Number table key	
Called_Number_Key	INTEGER	Called party location. Foreign Key, references Number table key	
Cust_Key	INTEGER	Calling Party customer id who is billed for the call and services. Foreign Key, references Customer_Details table key	
Feature_key	INTEGER	Foreign Key, references Feature table key	
Termination_key	INTEGER	Call Termination Type; for example, normal or abnormal	
Equipment_Key	INTEGER	Type of Equipment	
Roaming_Flag	BOOL	Whether this call is made/received while roaming	
Call_Duration	TIMESTAMP	Duration of the call	
Number_of_Calls	INTEGER	Total number of calls made during the day	
Total_Minutes	INTEGER	Total number of minutes of calls made that day	
Total_Roaming_Minutes	INTEGER	Total number of roaming minutes used	
Total_Long_Distance_Minutes	INTEGER	Total number of long distance calls made.	
Total_Call_Cost	FLOAT	Total cost of all the call	
Total_Roaming_Cost	FLOAT	Total roaming charges	
Total_Long_Distance_Cost	FLOAT	Total Long Distance charges	
Service_tax	FLOAT	Service tax	
Surcharge	FLOAT	Surcharge	

# Call\_Termination\_Dimension

This table describes all possible reasons for which a call can be terminated.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Termination_key	INTEGER	Primary Key
Termination_type	VARCHAR	ITAU Termination Type (normal, service failure, equipment failure, etc.)
Termination_Description	VARCHAR	ITAU Termination Description

# Customer\_Details\_Dimension

This table describes the customers of the service provider.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Cust_Key	INTEGER	Primary Key
Cust_Name	VARCHAR	Customer/Subscriber Name
Cust_Age	INTEGER	Age of the customer
Cust_Sex	CHAR	Male/Female (M/F)
Cust_City	VARCHAR	City of the customer
Cust_State	VARCHAR	State of the customer
Cust_Zip	VARCHAR	Zip/postal code of the customer

# Date\_Dimension

This table contains data for dates.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example	
Date_Key	INTEGER	Primary Key	
Date_val	DATE	Date in 'mm/dd/yyyy' format	
Date_Description	VARCHAR	Description of the date; for example, January 1, 2000	
Calendar_Year	INTEGER	Calendar year of the date; for example, 2001	
Calendar_Year_Month	INTEGER	Calendar month of the date (1-12); for example, 9 for September	
Day_Num_in_Fiscal_Month	INTEGER	The day number in the month (1-31); for example, 21 for 21 <sup>st</sup> of any month.	

# Equipment\_Dimension

This table describes type of equipment (handsets) used by customers of the service provider.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Equipment_Key	INTEGER	Primary Key
Equipment type	VARCHAR	Landline/mobile/WLL/blackberry/wireless card
Manufacturer	VARCHAR	Nokia/Sony-Ericsson/Motorola
Model Number	INTEGER	Phone model number

# Feature\_Dimension

This table describes every feature offered by the service provider.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Feature_Key	INTEGER	Primary Key
Feature_type	VARCHAR	SMS/MMS/Call Forwarding/Call Waiting/
Feature_rate	VARCHAR	Feature cost per invocation

## Numbering\_Plan\_Dimension

This table describes the types of numbering plans. This is used to distinguish between originating and terminating destination calls.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Number_Key	INTEGER	Primary Key
Country_Code	VARCHAR	Country code part of the phone number.
Area_Code	VARCHAR	3 Digit Area Code of the Phone
State	VARCHAR	State Code of the Numbering Plan.
Phone_Type	VARCHAR	Type of the phone fixed/GSM/CDMA

## Rate\_Plan\_Dimension

This table describes all the rate plans offered by the service provider.

Field Name	Data Type	Description/Example
Plan_Key	INTEGER	Primary Key
Plan_Name	VARCHAR	Common/Business Name of the rate plan say 'Freedom25'
Plan_Description	VARCHAR	Description of the rate plan
Plan_Min_Rental	FLOAT	Minimum monthly rental for this rate plan say 24.99 (USD)
Plan_Currency	VARCHAR	Plan Currency (USD)
Plan_Pulse_Rate_sec	INTEGER	Pulse rate available in the plan say 30 sec pulse or 60 sec pulse
Toll_rate	FLOAT	Call charges for the plan

# telecom\_query\_01.sql

#### Query

```
-- Best month of the year in terms of

-- minutes of usage for each year of operation.

SELECT Calendar_Year,

Calendar_Year_Month,

SUM(Total_Minutes) AS Total_Minutes

FROM Billing_Fact,

Date_Dimension

WHERE Billing_Fact.Date_Key = Date_Dimension.Date_Key

GROUP BY Calendar_Year,Calendar_Year_Month

ORDER BY Calendar_Year,

Calendar_Year_Month;
```

#### Example

Calendar\_Year | Calendar\_Year\_Month | Total\_Minutes 1 | 1451 1616 2000 | 2 | 2000 | 3 | 2000 | 1397 2000 | 4 | 1334 2000 | 5 | 1076

(17 rows)

## telecom\_query\_02.sql

#### Query

-- Best rate plan in use

SELECT Calendar\_Year, Calendar\_Year\_Month, Plan\_Name,

	SUM(Number Of Calls) AS Calls,
	SUM(Total Minutes) AS Total Minutes
FROM	Billing Fact Bill Fact,
	Date Dimension Date Dim,
	Rate Plan Dimension Rate Dim
WHERE	Bill Fact.Date Key = Date Dim.Date Key
	AND Bill Fact. Plan Key = Rate Dim. Plan Key
GROUP BY	Calendar Year, Calendar Year Month, Plan Name
HAVING	SUM(Number Of Calls) >= 10
ORDER BY	Calls;

Calendar_Year	Calendar_Year_Month	Plan_Name	Calls	Total_Minutes
2000 2000	12   9	Freedom_40   Youth 45	10     10	 18 48
2000	2	Freedom 30	10	49
2000	6	Flexi_40	10	35
2000	1	Flexi_30	10	36
2000	9	Youth 30	10	81
2000	6	Youth 25	10	55
2000	10	Executive 40	10	42
(210		—		

(319 rows)

# telecom\_query\_03.sql

### Query

Custom	er using the most roaming minutes in 2000					
SELECT	Cust_Name, Calendar_Year, SUM(Total Roaming minutes) AS TOTAL ROAMING					
FROM	Billing_Fact Bill_Fact, Date_Dimension Date_Dim, Customer Details Dimension Cust Dim					
WHERE	<pre>Bill_Fact.Cust_Key = Cust_Dim.Cust_Key AND Bill_Fact.Date_Key = Date_Dim.Date_Key AND Date_Dim.Calendar_Year = 2000 AND Bill_Fact.Roaming_Flag = 1</pre>					
GROUP BY ORDER BY	Cust_Name,Calendar_Year Cust_Name, TOTAL_ROAMING DESC;					

Cust_Name	Calendar_Y	ear   Total_H	Roaming
(null)	2	+	361
Abıgaıl Andrew	2   2	000   000	323 216
Anthony	2	000	384
AshleyJack	2	000	378
Ava (29 rows)	2	000	243

## telecom\_query\_04.sql

#### Query

```
-- Total service tax and surcharge paid to government in 2000

SELECT Calendar_Year,

Calendar_Year_Month,

SUM(Service_Tax) AS SERVICE_TAX,

SUM(SURCHARGE) AS SURCHARGE

FROM Billing_Fact Bill_Fact,

Date_Dimension Date_Dim

WHERE Bill_Fact.Date_Key = Date_Dim.Date_Key

AND Date_Dim.Calendar_Year = 2000

GROUP BY Calendar_Year, Calendar_Year_Month

ORDER BY Calendar_Year,

Calendar_Year, Month DESC;
```

#### Example

Calendar	Year	Calendar_Yea:	r_Month	Serv	ice_Tax		Surcharge
	2000 2000	+   	12 11	+ <b></b>   	67.405 45.615	-+-   	6.7405 4.5615
	2000	 	10	I	49.315	Ì	4.9315
(12 marra)	2000		8		62.53	I	6.253

(12 rows)

## telecom\_query\_05.sql

#### Query

```
-- Total number of calls with abnormal termination code
SELECT
         Calendar_Year,
         Termination Description,
         SUM(Number Of Calls) AS CALL COUNT
FROM
         Billing Fact Bill Fact,
         Date Dimension Date Dim,
         Call Termination Dimension Term Dim
         Bill_Fact.Date_Key = Date_Dim.Date_Key
WHERE
         AND Bill_Fact.Termination_Key = Term_Dim.Termination_Key
         AND Term_Dim.Termination_Type = 'Abnormal'
GROUP BY Calendar Year, Termination Description
ORDER BY Calendar Year,
         CALL COUNT;
```

Calendar_Year			Termination_Description				Call_Count
	2000 2001		Abnormal Abnormal	Call Call	Termination Termination		2010 873
(2 rows)							

## telecom\_query\_06.sql

#### Query

```
-- Show average phone usage by customer age group
-- (5-year intervals) for a given month
SELECT calendar year month,
      (cust age - MOD(cust_age, 5)) AS age_group,
      count(DISTINCT A.cust key) AS num customers,
      ROUND(AVG(number of calls)) AS avg num calls,
      ROUND(AVG(calls_duration)) AS avg_call_duration,
      ROUND(AVG(total_minutes)) AS avg_total_mins
FROM
      Billing Fact A,
      Date Dimension B,
      Customer Details Dimension C
WHERE A.date key = B.date key
      AND A.cust key = C.cust key
      AND calendar_year_month = '2004-8'
GROUP BY calendar_year_month,
        (cust_age - MOD(cust_age, 5))
ORDER BY (cust_age - MOD(cust_age, 5));
```

calendar_year_month	1   age_	group   num_	customers	avg_num_calls	3	avg_call	_duration   a	vg_total_mins
2004-8		10	2871		8	I	25	
24								
2004-8		15	2903		7	I	25	
24								
2004-8		20	2790		7	I	24	
25								
2004-8		25	2787		8	I	25	
25								
2004-8		30	2768		7	I	24	
25								
2004-8		35	2843		7	I	25	
24								
2004-8		40	2873		8		25	
25								
2004-8		45	2856		8	I	24	
24								
2004-8		50	2926		8	I	24	
25								
2004-8		55	2809		8	I	25	
24								
2004-8		60	2836		7	I	25	
24								
2004-8		65	2855		7		24	
24								
2004-8		70	2772		7	I	24	1
25								
2004-8		75	2798		8	1	24	
25								
2004-8		80	572		7		25	
25								
(15 rows)								

# **VMart Example Database**

The VMart Example Database is based on a fictional department store chain that has an online store front in addition to traditional brick and mortar stores. This database contains the following schemas:

- Public Schema (page 67)
- Store Schema (page 73)
- Online\_Sales Schema (page 76)

Each schema is described in a separate section.

**Note:** The example VMart queries in subsequent sections are for illustrative purposes only. Your results could differ slightly from those listed in this guide.

## Public Schema

The Public schema is a snowflake schema. The following graphic illustrates the Public schema and its relationships with tables in the Online\_Sales and Store schemas.



### inventory\_fact

This table contains information about each product in inventory.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLs		
Date_key	INTEGER	No		

Product_key	INTEGER	No
Product_version	INTEGER	No
Warehouse_key	INTEGER	No
Qty_in_stock	INTEGER	No

### customer\_dimension

This table contains information about all the retail chain's customers.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLS
Customer_key	INTEGER	No
Customer_type	VARCHAR(16)	Yes
Customer_name	VARCHAR(256)	Yes
Customer_gender	VARCHAR(8)	Yes
Title	VARCHAR(8)	Yes
Household_id	INTEGER	Yes
Customer_address	VARCHAR(256)	Yes
Customer_city	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Customer_state	CHAR(2)	Yes
Customer_region	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Marital_status	VARCHAR(32)	Yes
Customer_age	INTEGER	Yes
Number_of_children	INTEGER	Yes
Annual_income	INTEGER	Yes
Occupation	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Largest_bill_amount	INTEGER	Yes
Store_membership_card	INTEGER	Yes
Customer_since	DATE	Yes
Deal_stage	VARCHAR(32)	Yes
Deal_size	INTEGER	Yes
Last_deal_update	DATE	Yes
# date\_dimension

This table contains information about dates. It is generated from a file containing correct date/time data.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLs
Date_key	INTEGER	No
Date	DATE	Yes
Full_date_description	VARCHAR(18)	Yes
Day_of_week	VARCHAR(9)	Yes
Day_number_in_calendar_month	INTEGER	Yes
Day_number_in_calendar_year	INTEGER	Yes
Day_number_in_fiscal_month	INTEGER	Yes
Day_number_in_fiscal_year	INTEGER	Yes
Last_day_in_week_indicator	INTEGER	Yes
Last_day_in_month_indicator	INTEGER	Yes
Calendar_week_number_in_year	INTEGER	Yes
Calendar_month_name	VARCHAR(9)	Yes
Calendar_month_number_in_year	INTEGER	Yes
Calendar_year_month	CHAR(7)	Yes
Calendar_quarter	INTEGER	Yes
Calendar_year_quarter	CHAR(7)	Yes
Calendar_half_year	INTEGER	Yes
Calendar_year	INTEGER	Yes
Holiday_indicator	VARCHAR(10)	Yes
Weekday_indicator	CHAR(7)	Yes
Selling_season	VARCHAR(32)	Yes

# employee\_dimension

This table contains information about all the people who work for the retail chain.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLs
Employee_key	INTEGER	No
Employee_gender	VARCHAR(8)	Yes
Employee_title	VARCHAR(8)	Yes

Employee_first_name	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Employee_middle_initial	VARCHAR(8)	Yes
Employee_last_name	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Employee_age	INTEGER	Yes
Hire_date	DATE	Yes
Employee_street_address	VARCHAR(256)	Yes
Employee_city	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Employee_state	CHAR(2)	Yes
Employee_region	CHAR(32)	Yes
Job_title	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Reports_to	INTEGER	Yes
Salaried_flag	INTEGER	Yes
Annual_salary	INTEGER	Yes
Hourly_rate	FLOAT	Yes
Vacation_days	INTEGER	Yes

# product\_dimension

The product\_dimension table describes all products sold by the department store chain.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLs
Product_key	INTEGER	No
Product_version	INTEGER	No
Product_description	VARCHAR(128)	Yes
Sku_number	CHA R(32)	Yes
Category_description	CHA R(32)	Yes
Department_description	CHA R(32)	Yes
Package_type_description	CHA R(32)	Yes
Package_size	CHA R(32)	Yes
Fat_content	INTEGER	Yes
Diet_type	CHA R(32)	Yes
Weight	INTEGER	Yes
Weight_units_of_measure	CHAR(32)	Yes
Shelf_width	INTEGER	Yes

		1
Shelf_height	INTEGER	Yes
Shelf_depth	INTEGER	Yes
Product_price	INTEGER	Yes
Product_cost	INTEGER	Yes
Lowest_competitor_price	INTEGER	Yes
Highest_competitor_price	INTEGER	Yes
Average_competitor_price	INTEGER	Yes
Discontinued_flag	INTEGER	Yes

# promotion\_dimension

The promotion\_dimension describes every promotion ever done by the retail chain.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLS
Promotion_key	INTEGER	No
Promotion_name	VARCHAR(128)	Yes
Price_reduction_type	VARCHAR(32)	Yes
Promotion_media_type	VARCHAR(32)	Yes
Ad_type	VARCHAR(32)	Yes
Display_type	VARCHAR(32)	Yes
Coupon_type	VARCHAR(32)	Yes
Ad_media_name	VARCHAR(32)	Yes
Display_provider	VARCHAR(128)	Yes
Promotion_cost	INTEGER	Yes
Promotion_begin_date	DATE	Yes
Promotion_end_date	DATE	Yes

# shipping\_dimension

This table contains information about the shipping companies that the retail chain uses.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLs
Shipping_key	INTEGER	No
Ship_type	CHAR(30)	Yes
Ship_mode	CHAR(10)	Yes

Ship_carrierCHAR(20)Yes	

# vendor\_dimension

This table contains information about each vendor that provides products sold through the retail chain.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLS
Vendor_key	INTEGER	No
Vendor_name	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Vendor_address	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Vendor_city	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Vendor_state	CHAR(2)	Yes
Vendor_region	VARCHAR(32)	Yes
Deal_size	INTEGER	Yes
Last_deal_update	DATE	Yes

# warehouse\_dimension

This table provides information about each of the chain's warehouses.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLs
Warehouse_key	INTEGER	No
Warehouse_name	VARCHAR(20)	Yes
Warehouse_address	VARCHAR(256)	Yes
Warehouse_city	VARCHAR(60)	Yes
Warehouse_state	CHAR(2)	Yes
Warehouse_region	VARCHAR(32)	Yes

# Store Schema

The Store schema is a snowflake schema that contains information about the retail chain's brick and mortar stores. The following graphic illustrates the Store schema and its relationship with tables in the Public schema.



## store\_orders\_fact

This table contains information about all orders made at the company's brick and mortar stores.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLS
Product_key	INTEGER	No
Product_version	INTEGER	No
Store_key	INTEGER	No

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Vendor_key	INTEGER	No
Employee_key	INTEGER	No
Order_number	INTEGER	No
Date_ordered	DATE	Yes
Date_shipped	DATE	Yes
Expected_delivery_date	DATE	Yes
Date_delivered	DATE	Yes
Quantity_ordered	INTEGER	Yes
Quantity_delivered	INTEGER	Yes
Shipper_name	VARCHAR(32)	Yes
Unit_price	INTEGER	Yes
Shipping_cost	INTEGER	Yes
Total_order_cost	INTEGER	Yes
Quantity_in_stock	INTEGER	Yes
Reorder_level	INTEGER	Yes
Overstock_ceiling	INTEGER	Yes

# store\_sales\_fact

This table contains information about all sales made at the company's brick and mortar stores.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLs
Date_key	INTEGER	No
Product_key	INTEGER	No
Product_version	INTEGER	No
Store_key	INTEGER	No
Promotion_key	INTEGER	No
Customer_key	INTEGER	No
Employee_key	INTEGER	No
Pos_transaction_number	INTEGER	No
Sales_quantity	INTEGER	Yes
Sales_dollar_amount	INTEGER	Yes
Cost_dollar_amount	INTEGER	Yes
Gross_profit_dollar_amount	INTEGER	Yes

Transaction_type	VARCHAR(16)	Yes
Transaction_time	TIME	Yes
Tender_type	VARCHAR(8)	Yes

**store\_dimension** This table contains information about each brick and mortar store within the retail chain.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLS
Store_key	INTEGER	No
Store_name	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Store_number	INTEGER	Yes
Store_address	VARCHAR(256)	Yes
Store_city	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Store_state	CHAR(2)	Yes
Store_region	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Floor_plan_type	VARCHAR(32)	Yes
Photo_processing_type	VARCHAR(32)	Yes
Financial_service_type	VARCHAR(32)	Yes
Selling_square_footage	INTEGER	Yes
Total_square_footage	INTEGER	Yes
First_open_date	DATE	Yes
Last_remodel_date	DATE	Yes
Number_of_employees	INTEGER	Yes
Annual_shrinkage	INTEGER	Yes
Foot_traffic	INTEGER	Yes
Monthly_rent_cost	INTEGER	Yes

# **Online\_Sales Schema**

The Online\_Sales schema is a snowflake schema. The following graphic illustrates the Online\_Sales schema and its relationship with tables in the Public schema.



# online\_sales\_fact

The online\_sales\_fact table describes all the items purchased through the online store front.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLS
Sale_date_key	INTEGER	No
Ship_date_key	INTEGER	No
Product_key	INTEGER	No
Product_version	INTEGER	No

Customer_key	INTEGER	No
Call_center_key	INTEGER	No
Online_page_key	INTEGER	No
Shipping_key	INTEGER	No
Warehouse_key	INTEGER	No
Promotion_key	INTEGER	No
Pos_transaction_number	INTEGER	No
Sales_quantity	INTEGER	Yes
Sales_dollar_amount	FLOAT	Yes
Ship_dollar_amount	FLOAT	Yes
Net_dollar_amount	FLOAT	Yes
Cost_dollar_amount	FLOAT	Yes
Gross_profit_dollar_amount	FLOAT	Yes
Transaction_type	VARCHAR(16)	Yes

# call\_center\_dimension

The call\_center\_dimension table describes all the chain's call centers.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLS
Call_center_key	INTEGER	No
Cc_closed_date	DATE	Yes
Cc_open_date	DATE	Yes
Cc_name	VARCHAR(50)	Yes
Cc_class	VARCHAR(50)	Yes
Cc_employees	INTEGER	Yes
Cc_hours	CHAR(20)	Yes
Cc_manager	VARCHAR(40)	Yes
Cc_address	VARCHAR(256)	Yes
Cc_city	VARCHAR(64)	Yes
Cc_state	CHAR(2)	Yes
Cc_region	VARCHAR(64)	Yes

### online\_page\_dimension

The online\_page\_dimension table describes all the pages in the online store front.

Column Name	Data Type	NULLS
Online_page_key	INTEGER	No
Start_date	DATE	Yes
End_date	DATE	Yes
Page_number	INTEGER	Yes
Page_description	VARCHAR(100)	Yes
Page_type	VARCHAR(100)	Yes

# vmart\_query\_01.sql

#### Query

```
-- vmart_query_01.sql
-- FROM clause subquery
-- Return the values for five products with the
-- lowest-fat content in the Dairy department
SELECT fat_content
FROM (
   SELECT DISTINCT fat_content
   FROM product_dimension
   WHERE department_description
   IN ('Dairy') ) AS food
   ORDER BY fat_content
   LIMIT 5
```

#### Example

```
fat_content

80

81

82

83

84
```

(5 rows)

# vmart\_query\_02.sql

#### Query

```
-- vmart_query_02.sql
```

```
-- WHERE clause subquery
-- Asks for all orders placed by stores located in Massachusetts
-- and by vendors located elsewhere before March 1, 2003:
SELECT order_number, date_ordered
FROM store.store_orders_fact orders
WHERE orders.store_key IN (
SELECT store_key
FROM store.store_dimension
WHERE store_state = 'MA')
AND orders.vendor_key NOT IN (
SELECT vendor_key
FROM public.vendor_dimension
WHERE vendor_state = 'MA')
AND date ordered < '2003-03-01';</pre>
```

#### Example

```
order number | date ordered
1584 | 2003-01-05
       39396 | 2003-02-05
       83738 | 2003-01-04
       8898 | 2003-02-05
       69712 | 2003-01-06
       74866 | 2003-01-03
       75397 | 2003-02-06
       60069 | 2003-01-10
       85854 | 2003-01-03
       21982 | 2003-02-03
       47766 | 2003-02-07
       31284 | 2003-02-03
       28005 | 2003-01-09
       79963 | 2003-02-01
       19515 | 2003-02-05
```

```
(15 rows)
```

# vmart\_query\_03.sql

### Query

```
-- vmart_query_03.sql
-- Noncorrelated subquery
-- Requests female and male customers with the maximum
-- annual income from customers
SELECT customer_name, annual_income
FROM public.customer_dimension
WHERE (customer_gender, annual_income) IN (
    SELECT customer_gender, MAX(annual_income)
    FROM public.customer_dimension
    GROUP BY customer_gender);
```

#### Example

```
customer_name | annual_income

Meghan U. Miller | 999960

Michael T. Jackson | 999981

(2 rows)
```

# vmart\_query\_04.sql

#### Query

```
-- vmart_query_04.sql
-- IN predicate
-- Find all products supplied by stores in Massachusetts
SELECT DISTINCT s.product_key, p.product_description
```

```
FROM store.store_sales_fact s, public.product_dimension p
WHERE s.product_key = p.product_key
AND s.product_version = p.product_version AND s.store_key IN (
   SELECT store_key
   FROM store.store_dimension
   WHERE store_state = 'MA')
ORDER BY s.product key;
```

#### Example

```
product_key |
                     product_description
_____
-----+-----+
          1 | Brand #1 butter
          1 | Brand #2 bagels
          2 | Brand #3 lamb
          2 | Brand #4 brandy
          2 | Brand #5 golf clubs
          2 | Brand #6 chicken noodle soup
          3 | Brand #10 ground beef
          3 | Brand #11 vanilla ice cream
          3 | Brand #7 canned chicken broth
          3 | Brand #8 halibut
          3 | Brand #9 camera case
          4 | Brand #12 rash ointment
          4 | Brand #13 low fat milk
          4 | Brand #14 chocolate chip cookies
          4 | Brand #15 silver polishing cream
```

```
(15 rows)
```

### vmart\_query\_05.sql

#### Query

```
-- vmart query 05.sql
```

```
-- EXISTS predicate
```

```
-- Get a list of all the orders placed by all stores on
```

```
-- January 2, 2003 for the vendors with records in the
```

```
-- vendor dimension table
```

SELECT store\_key, order\_number, date\_ordered

```
FROM store.store_orders_fact
WHERE EXISTS (
   SELECT 1
   FROM public.vendor_dimension
   WHERE public.vendor_dimension.vendor_key =
   store.store_orders_fact.vendor_key)
   AND date ordered = '2003-01-02';
```

#### Example

```
store key | order number | date ordered
_____
     213 | 148816 | 2003-01-02
               184148 | 2003-01-02
     111 |
      89 |
              279732 | 2003-01-02
                3677 | 2003-01-02
     115 |
              117057 | 2003-01-02
     212 |
               198323 | 2003-01-02
      65 |
     238 |
              246942 | 2003-01-02
     140 |
              257554 | 2003-01-02
                79699 | 2003-01-02
      43 |
              240925 | 2003-01-02
     219 |
     249 |
               4789 | 2003-01-02
              234175 | 2003-01-02
      12 |
     119 |
               176211 | 2003-01-02
     107 |
              249378 | 2003-01-02
     228 |
              251959 | 2003-01-02
```

```
(15 rows)
```

# vmart\_query\_06.sql

#### Query

```
-- vmart_query_06.sql
-- EXISTS predicate
-- Orders placed by the vendor who got the best deal
-- on January 4, 2004
SELECT store_key, order_number, date_ordered
FROM store.store_orders_fact ord, public.vendor_dimension vd
WHERE ord.vendor_key = vd.vendor_key
AND vd.deal_size IN (
    SELECT MAX(deal size)
```

### Example

FROM public.vendor\_dimension)
AND date ordered = '2004-01-04';

# vmart\_query\_07.sql

#### Query

- -- vmart query 07.sql
- -- Multicolumn subquery
- -- Which products have the highest cost,
- -- grouped by category and department

```
SELECT product_description, sku_number, department_description
FROM public.product_dimension
WHERE (category_description, department_description, product_cost) IN (
    SELECT category_description, department_description,
    MAX(product_cost) FROM product_dimension
    GROUP BY category description, department description);
```

#### Example

```
product_description | sku_number | department_description

Brand #7979 cheddar cheese | SKU-#7979 | Dairy

Brand #2197 sushi | SKU-#2197 | Seafood

Brand #28902 strawberries | SKU-#28902 | Produce

Brand #54595 sliced turkey | SKU-#54595 | Meat

Brand #26127 chocolate chip cookies | SKU-#26127 | Bakery

Brand #32608 chocolate ice cream | SKU-#32608 | Frozen Goods

Brand #27213 shrimp | SKU-#27213 | Seafood

Brand #12533 canned green beans | SKU-#12533 | Canned Goods

Brand #3957 canned tuna | SKU-#3957 | Canned Goods

Brand #22103 cod | SKU-#22103 | Seafood

(10 rows)
```

# vmart\_query\_08.sql

#### Query

```
-- vmart_query_08.sql
-- Using pre-join projections to answer subqueries
-- between online_sales_fact and online_page_dimension
SELECT page_description, page_type, start_date, end_date
FROM online_sales.online_sales_fact f, online_sales.online_page_dimension d
WHERE f.online_page_key = d.online_page_key
AND page_number IN
  (SELECT MAX(page_number)
    FROM online_sales.online_page_dimension)
AND page type = 'monthly' AND start date = '2003-06-02';
```

#### Example

page\_description | page\_type | start\_date | end\_date Online Page Description #1 | monthly | 2003-06-02 | 2003-06-11

	Online	Page	Description	#1	monthly	 2003-06-02		2003-06-11
	Online	Page	Description	#1	monthly	 2003-06-02		2003-06-11
	Online	Page	Description	#1	monthly	2003-06-02		2003-06-11
	Online	Page	Description	#1	monthly	 2003-06-02		2003-06-11
	Online	Page	Description	#1	monthly	 2003-06-02		2003-06-11
	Online	Page	Description	#1	monthly	2003-06-02		2003-06-11
	Online	Page	Description	#1	monthly	2003-06-02	Ι	2003-06-11
	Online	Page	Description	#1	monthly	2003-06-02		2003-06-11
	Online	Page	Description	#1	monthly	2003-06-02		2003-06-11
	Online	Page	Description	#1	monthly	 2003-06-02		2003-06-11
	Online	Page	Description	#1	monthly	2003-06-02		2003-06-11
1	(12 rows)							

# vmart\_query\_09.sql

#### Query

```
-- vmart_query_09.sql
-- Equi join
-- Joins online_sales_fact table and the call_center_dimension
-- table with the ON clause
SELECT sales_quantity, sales_dollar_amount, transaction_type, cc_name
FROM online_sales.online_sales_fact
INNER JOIN online_sales.call_center_dimension
ON (online_sales.online_sales_fact.call_center_key
```

```
= online_sales.call_center_dimension.call_center_key
AND sale_date_key = 156)
ORDER BY sales_dollar_amount DESC;
```

#### Example

sales_quantity	sales_dollar_amount	transaction_type	cc_name
7 3 10 5 7 2 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 6 1 5 7 10 2	513 439 425 364 320 314 299 265 247 221 198 177 131 110 -329	<pre>purchase purchase purchase</pre>	Southeastern Southwest North Midwest Pacific Northwest Pacific Northwest California Central Midwest Southwest Central Midwest Central Midwest Southwest North Midwest Other
(15 rows)			

# Installing the Example Database

Vertica provides a one-step installation script that lets you create an example database and start using it immediately. The scripts are located in /opt/vertica/sbin and are called:

- install\_example Creates a database on the default port (5433), generates data, creates the schema and a default superprojection, and loads the data.
- delete example Drops the database

### Notes

- Before you can install the example, you must accept the EULA (one time only) using the Administration Tools.
- For a more advanced but equally-simple example using the Vertica databases, see the *Tutorial* (page 87) in the Getting Started Guide.

## Installing the Example Database

- 1 In a terminal window, log in as the DBA user:
  - # su dbadmin
- 2 Change to the /example directory and run the install script:
  - \$ /opt/vertica/sbin/install\_example <example\_name>

where <*example\_name*> is one of the following: ClickStream, CreditHistory, Retail, Stock, TickStore, Telecom, VMart.

**Note:** If you have not already done so, you must accept the EULA (one time only) using the Administration Tools. You'll do that in *Step 2* (page 89) of the Tutorial.

- 3 Connect to the database:
  - \$ /opt/vertica/bin/vsql

Alternatively connect to the database using the Administration Tools and select **Connect to Database** from the Main Menu:

\$ admintools



4 Run a simple query. For example, to count all the records in the store\_sales\_fact table: => SELECT COUNT(1) FROM store.store\_sales\_fact;

The example database log files, ExampleDelete.txt and ExampleInstall.txt, are written to /opt/vertica/examples/log.

# **Example Database Scripts**

Each of the example directories contains query script files that you can use. While you can create your own queries, Vertica provides scripts to get you started quickly. All SQL scripts used by the <code>install\_example</code> installation script are available for review in the following folders. You can use the scripts as templates for your own applications.

- /opt/vertica/examples/ClickStream\_Schema
- /opt/vertica/examples/CreditHistory\_Schema
- /opt/vertica/examples/Retail Schema
- /opt/vertica/examples/Stock Schema
- /opt/vertica/examples/TickStore Schema
- /opt/vertica/examples/Telecom Schema
- /opt/vertica/examples/VMart Schema

The following table describes the scripts available, where {*identifier*} is the name of the example database:

Script Name	Description
{identifier}_count_data.sql	Counts rows of all example database tables
{identifier}_define_schema.sql	Defines the schema for each table
{identifier}_gen	Is the sample data generator
{identifier}_load_data.sql	Loads data to the corresponding tables using COPY DIRECT
{identifier}_queries.sql	Contains all sample queries

{identifier}_schema_drop.sql	Drops all example database tables
{identifier}_query_##.sql	Are the individual queries; for example query #1 through "n"

**Note:** The number of example databases you create is limited only by the disk space available on your system.

### **Deleting the One-Step Example Database**

To remove an example database:

- 1 Log in as the DBA user; for example:
  - # su dbadmin
- 2 Run the delete example script:

\$ /opt/vertica/sbin/delete\_example <example\_name>

where < *example\_name*> is the name of the example database you provided to the install script.

# **Tutorial: Setting up an Example Database**

# Prerequisites

Before you proceed, Vertica must be installed on one host or a cluster of hosts, as described in the Installation Guide. Vertica recommends a minimum of three hosts in the cluster.

### Audience

This tutorial targets anyone who wants to learn how to create and run a Vertica database. No special database knowledge is required at this point, though a rudimentary knowledge of basic SQL commands could be useful when you begin to run queries.

## Objectives

You'll follow the simple steps below to create a fully-functioning, comprehensive design using one of the schemas described in *Example Databases* (page 11).

- 1 Set up the example environment (page 88)
- 2 Create the example database (page 89)
- 3 Define the database schema (page 91)
- 4 Load the data (page 92)
- 5 Create a comprehensive design (page 93)
- 6 Connect to the database and run a simple query (page 100)
- 7 Test the design (page 100)
- 8 (Optional) Generate custom data files (page 102)

It's that easy! The whole process takes about 15 minutes, and when you are finished, you can proceed directly to *Running Simple Queries* (page 104).

# Notes

- Although the VMart database (page 66) is used throughout this tutorial, the steps are the same for all of the example databases (page 11). If you choose a different database, replace VMart with Clickstream, Credit History, Retail Sales, Stock Exchange, or Telecom in each example provided.
- This tutorial uses a Vertica-provided query, but you can follow the same set of procedures later, when you create your own design and use your own queries file.
- If, in the future, you have a query that you want to optimize, you can create an enhanced (incremental) design with additional projections to be tuned specifically for the query you provide. See Creating a Query-specific Design Using the Database Designer in the Administrator's Guide.
- For additional information about managing your designs, see Designing a Physical Schema in the Administrator's Guide.

# Step 1: Set Up the Example Environment

In this procedure, you set up the example Vmart database environment.

- 1 Stop all databases running on the same host on which you plan to install your example database.
- Choose the *example database* (page 11) that you want to use.
   Note: All procedures in this tutorial use the *Vmart example database* (page 66).
- **3** Log in to a terminal using the database administrator account that was created during product installation.

The default account name is dbadmin.

- 4 Create a directory for the example files on the Administration Host:
  - $\ensuremath{\$}$  mkdir examples

Do not use the default data directory /home/dbadmin.

- 5 Copy the files to the sample directory. If you installed the product rpm on a database server, the example databases are located in /opt/vertica/examples on the host.
- 6 Set your current directory to the example database directory your created:
  - \$ cd examples

**Note:** Do not change directories while following this tutorial. Some of the steps depend on being set to a specific directory.

- 7 Run the sample data generator program:
  - \$ ./vmart\_gen

Let the program run with the default parameters, which you can review in the README file. **Note:** If you want to generate a smaller data set, see **Step 8: (Optional) Generate Custom Data Files** (page 102) for a list of parameters you can include in the sample generator program.

```
Using default parameters
datadirectory = ./
numfiles = 1
seed = 20177
null = ''
timefile = Time.txt
numfactsalesrows = 5000000
numfactorderrows = 300000
numprodkeys = 60000
numstorekeys = 250
numpromokeys = 1000
numvendkeys = 50
numcustkeys = 50000
numempkeys = 10000
numwarehousekeys = 100
numshippingkeys = 100
numonlinepagekeys = 1000
numcallcenterkeys = 200
numfactonlinesalesrows = 5000000
numinventoryfactrows = 300000
gen_load_script = false
Data Generated successfully !
```

If the vmart\_gen executable does not work correctly, recompile it, as follows, and run the sample data generator script again. For example:

- 1. \$g++ vmart\_gen.cpp -o vmart\_gen
- 2. \$ chmod +x vmart\_gen
- 3. \$ ./vmart\_gen

(This example uses the GNU C++ compiler, which is a *free download* (*http://gcc.gnu.org/*). You can use any other C++ compiler.)

**Tip:** If you are using VMware, the fact table load could fail. Specify a smaller fact table size, such as 1000000 (1M) rows, as described in *Step 8: (Optional) Generate Custom Data Files* (page 102). The maximum size of a bulk load depends on the system resources and cannot be determined accurately.

# Step 2: Create the Example Database

In this procedure, you create the example database.

1 Run the Administration Tools.

```
$ /opt/vertica/bin/admintools
```

**Note:** See the *Administration Tools Keystrokes* (see "*Using the Graphical User Interface*" on page 106) for a quick reference. If you are using a remote terminal application, such as PuTTY or a Cygwin bash shell, see *Notes for Remote Terminal Users* (page 107).

- 2 Accept the license agreement (once only).
- 3 Specify the location of your license key file (once only).
- 4 From the Administration Tools Main Menu, click Configuration Menu and click OK.
- 5 Click Create Database and click OK.

Configuration M	ienu		
1	Create Database		
2	Run Database Designer		
3	Drop Database		
4	View Database		
5	Set Restart Policy		
6	Edit Authentication		
7	Distribute Config Files		
8	Install External Procedure		
M	Main Menu		
L			
< <mark>o</mark> r	Cancel> < Help >		

6 Name the database vmartdb and click OK.

Create Database					
Database name: <mark>vmart</mark> Comments:	:db				
< <mark>CK &gt;</mark>	<cancel></cancel>	< Help >			

- Click OK to bypass the password, and click Yes to confirm.
   Note: There is no need for a database superuser password in this tutorial. When you create a production database, however, always specify a superuser password. Otherwise, the database is permanently set to trust authentication (no passwords).
- 8 Select the hosts you want to include in the database cluster and click **OK**. This example creates the vmartdb database on a 4-host cluster.

Select hosts	for the database
[X] [X] [X] [X]	qaO1.verticacorp.com qaO2.verticacorp.com qaO3.verticacorp.com qaO4.verticacorp.com
< <mark>O</mark> K	> <cancel> &lt; Help &gt;</cancel>

- 9 Click **OK** to select the default paths for the data and catalog directories.
  - Catalog and data paths must contain only alphanumeric characters and cannot have leading space characters. Failure to comply with these restrictions could result in database creation failure.
  - When you create a production database, you'll likely specify other locations than the default. See Prepare Disk Storage Locations in the Administrator's Guide for more information.

10 Click Yes to create the database.

```
Current Database Definition

Database name: vmartdb

Comments:

Hosts:

qa01.verticacorp.com

qa02.verticacorp.com

qa03.verticacorp.com

Qa04.verticacorp.com

Create this database?

< Yes > < No >
```

During database creation, Vertica automatically creates a set of node definitions based on the database name and the names of the hosts you selected and returns a success message.

11 Click **OK** to close the message.

# Step 3: Define the Database Schema

Now that you have created a database, define the schema.

- 1 On the Administration Tools Configuration Menu, click **Main Menu** and click **OK**.
- 2 Click Connect to Database and click OK.

You'll see the following prompt:

3 To create the logical schema, run the SQL schema definition script using the \i meta-command in vsql:

vmartdb=> \i vmart\_define\_schema.sql

A series of CREATE TABLE and ALTER TABLE statement scrolls on the terminal window:

vmartdb=> \i vmart_define_schema.sql
CREATE SCHEMA
CREATE SCHEMA
CREATE TABLE
ALTER TABLE
CREATE TABLE
CREATE TABLE
ALTER TABLE
CREATE TABLE
ALTER TABLE
CREATE TABLE
CREATE TABLE
CREATE TABLE
ALTER TABLE
vmartdb=>

The <code>vmart\_define\_schema.sql</code> file creates the tables and referential integrity constraints that make up the logical schema.

# Step 4: Load the Data

In this brief step, you'll load data into the schema you created in the previous step. Vertica automatically creates a superprojection for each table into which data is loaded.

1 Load data into the VMart database using the <code>vmart\_load\_data.sql</code> script.

vmartdb=> \i	vmart_load_data.sql	
200 (1 row)		
Rows Loaded		
5000000 (1 row)		
Rows Loaded		
300000 (1 row)		
Rows Loaded		
5000000 (1 row)		
Rows Loaded		
300000 (1 row)		
vmartdb=>		

**Note:** It could take several minutes to load the default five-million row fact table on a typical hardware cluster. You can check the load by examining the *vertica*.log file, as described in Monitoring the Log Files in the Administrator's Guide.

# Step 5: Create a Comprehensive Design

This procedure guides you through creating a comprehensive design and assumes you have already performed the following prerequisite steps:

- 1 Set up the example environment (page 88)
- 2 Created the example database (page 89)
- 3 Defined the database schema (page 91)
- 4 Loaded the data (page 92)

**Note:** Remember you can always create an incremental design later; for example, if you have a query that you want to optimize. See Creating a Query-specific Design Using the Database Designer in the Administrator's Guide.

- 1 Type \g to exit the vsql session and return to the Main Menu in the Administration Tools. Alternatively, restart the Administrative Tools:
  - \$ /opt/vertica/bin/admintools
- 2 From the Main Menu, click Configuration Menu and click OK.
- 3 From the Configuration Menu, click Run Database Designer, and and click OK.

4 Select **vmartdb** as the database and click **OK**.

If you are asked to enter the password for the database, click **OK** to bypass. No password was assigned in **Step 2: Create the Example Database** (page 89), so you do not need to enter one now.

5 Click **OK** to accept the default directory for storing Database Designer output and log files. **Note this location**.

**Note:** If you choose to not deploy your design now, the Database Designer saves the SQL script to implement the design in this directory where you can review and manually deploy it later.

6 In the **Database Designer** window, enter a name for the design (this example uses **vmart\_design**) and click **OK**.

Database Designer				
Design nam	e: <mark>vmart_design</mark>			
< <mark>C</mark> K >	<cancel> &lt; Help &gt;</cancel>			

7 In the **Design Type** window, click **Comprehensive** to create a complete initial design, and click **OK**.

Desi	gn Type				
<mark>(X)</mark> (_)	Comprehensive Query-specifi	<mark>Create</mark> Design	a complete additional	initial or rep projection(s)	<mark>place</mark> tune
	< <mark>c</mark> k >	<(	Cancel>	< Help >	

8 Select the schemas for your design, and click **OK**.

If you include a schema that contains tables without data, the Administration Tools returns a message notifying you that designing for tables without data could be suboptimal. You can choose to continue, but Vertica recommends that you click Cancel and deselect the schemas that contain empty tables before you proceed.

**Note:** In this example, the Vmart design is a multi-schema database, so be sure to select all three options: public, store, and online\_sales

Select schema(s) for design				
[X] public [X] store [X] online_sales				
L				
< <mark>g</mark> k >	<cancel> &lt; Help &gt;</cancel>			

9 In the **Design Options** window, accept the default of all three options described below and click **OK**.

Generally, you want to accept the default of enabling all three because the Database Designer is best positioned to generate a new comprehensive design and create a complete set of projections for the tables in the selected schema. The three options are:

 Optimize with queries: Efficiency of the design is substantially improved if the Database Designer can access sample queries.

Supplying the Database Designer with queries is especially important if you want to optimize the database design for query performance.

 Update statistics: Accurate statistics help the Database Designer choose the best strategy for data compression. If you select this option, the database statistics are updated to maximize design quality.

Note that updating statistics takes time and resources, so if the current statistics are up to date, this step is unnecessary. When in doubt, update statistics.

 Deploy design: The new design will be automatically deployed, which means that during deployment, new projections are added, some existing projections might be retained, and any unnecessary existing projections are removed. Any new projections are refreshed so that they are populated with data. **Note:** For large databases, a full design session could take a long time, yet it is best to allow this process to complete uninterrupted. If the session must be canceled, use CTRL+C.

Desi	yn Option	ເຮ					
[X] [X] [X]	<mark>Optimize</mark> Update s Deploy d	with F tatis U lesign F	Provide Jpdate d Replace	<mark>sample</mark> lata sta all exi	queries tistics sting pr	to maximi to maximi cojections	ize t ize t 3 by
	<	C <mark>K &gt;</mark>	<ca< td=""><td>ancel&gt;</td><td>&lt; <b>H</b>e</td><td>≘lp &gt;</td><td></td></ca<>	ancel>	< <b>H</b> e	≘lp >	

**10** If you selected the **Optimize with queries** option, you are prompted for the location of the the query file. Type the full path to the file containing the queries that will be run on your database. In this example it is:

/examples/VMart Schema/vmart queries.sql

Efficiency of the design is substantially improved if the Database Designer can access sample queries. Vertica recommends that you supply a file with SQL queries.				
If queries are not available at this time, leave the input line blank.				
Enter the full path to queries file:				
/ <mark>e</mark> xamples/vmart/vmart_queries.sql				
•				
< OK > <cancel> &lt; Help &gt;</cancel>				

11 Choose the K-safety value you want. In this example, it is 1. Click OK.

**Note:** There will be no K-safe form if you are creating a comprehensive design on a single node. In that case, you can skip this step.

Database Designer				
Proposed K-safety value: 1				
< Cancel> < Help >				

12 Choose the Database Designer's priority for the design (in this procedure choose **Balanced**) and click **OK**.

The options are:

- Balanced query/load performance tells the Database Designer to create a design that is balanced between database size and query performance.
- Query load performance creates a design focused on faster query performance, which might recommend additional projections. These projections could result in a larger database storage size.
- Load performance is optimized for loads, minimizing size of the database, potentially at the expense of query performance.

Select storage footprint preference			
<ul> <li>(X) Balanced query/load performance</li> <li>( ) Query performance (larger footprint)</li> <li>( ) Load performance (smaller footprint)</li> </ul>			
V (+)			
< <mark>CK &gt;</mark> <cancel> &lt; Help &gt;</cancel>			

13 When the informational message displays, click **Proceed**.

The Database Designer:

- Sets up the design session
- Examines table data
- Loads queries from the query file you provided
- Creates the design
- Deploys the design or saves a SQL file containing the design, depending on what you selected for the Deploy design option in step 9.

You can watch the progress on the terminal window. The following image is just an example and might not match exactly what you see:

Creating de	esign	
[ 6%]	Analyzing data statistics (	Completed 1 of 15 tables. Analyzing p
[ 13%]	Analyzing data statistics (	Completed 2 of 15 tables. Analyzing p
[ 13%]	Analyzing data statistics (	Completed 2 of 15 tables. Analyzing p
[ 26%]	Analyzing data statistics (	Completed 4 of 15 tables. Analyzing p
[ 40%]	Analyzing data statistics (	Completed 6 of 15 tables. Analyzing p
[ 66%]	Analyzing data statistics (	Completed 10 of 15 tables. Analyzing
[ 73%]	Analyzing data statistics (	Completed 11 of 15 tables. Analyzing
[ 93%]	Analyzing data statistics (	Completed 14 of 15 tables. Analyzing
[100%]	Analyzing data statistics (	Completed 15 of 15 tables. Analyzing
[100%]	Analyzing data statistics (	Completed 15 of 15 tables.
[ 0%]	Optimizing for query performance	ce Completed O of 9 queries. Sett
[ 0%]	Optimizing for query performance	ce Completed O of 9 queries. Sett
[ 0%]	Optimizing for query performance	ce Completed O of 9 queries. Choo
[ 0%]	Optimizing for query performance	ce Completed O of 9 queries. Choo
[ 66%]	Optimizing for query performance	ce Completed 6 of 9 queries. Choo
[100%]	Optimizing for query performance	ce Completed 9 of 9 queries.
[ ۵۵ ]	Ontimizing storage footnrint	Completed 0 of 15 tebles Ontimizi
[ 6%]	Ontimizing storage footprint	Completed 1 of 15 tables Ontimizi
[ 6%]	Ontimizing storage footprint	Completed 1 of 15 tables Ontimizi
[ 00]	Ontimizing storage footprint	Completed 4 of 15 tables Ontimizi
[ 20%]	Ontimizing storage footprint	Completed 7 of 15 tables Ontimizi
[ 40%]	Ontimizing storage footprint	Completed 9 of 15 tables Optimizi
[ 00%]	Optimizing storage footprint	Completed 10 of 15 tables Optimizi
[ 00%]	Optimizing storage footprint	Completed 10 of 15 tables. Optimiz
[ 00%]	Optimizing storage footprint	. completed 10 of 15 tables. Optimiz
[ 00%]	Optimizing storage footprint	. completed 10 of 15 tables. Optimiz
[ 70%]	Optimizing storage footprint	. Completed 11 of 15 tables. Optimiz
[ /JK] [ /JK]	Optimizing storage footprint	. Completed II of 15 tables. Optimiz
[ 93%]	Optimizing storage footprint	. completed 14 of 15 tables. Optimiz
[ 93%]	Optimizing storage footprint	. completed 14 of 15 tables. Optimiz
[ 93%]	Optimizing Storage Lootprint	. Completed 14 of 15 tables. Optimiz
[ 93%]	Optimizing Storage Lootprint	. Completed 14 of 15 tables. Optimiz
[ 93%]	Optimizing storage footprint	. Completed 14 of 15 tables. Optimiz
[ 93%]	Optimizing storage footprint	. Completed 14 of 15 tables. Optimiz
[100%]	Optimizing storage footprint	. Completed 15 of 15 tables.
[100%]	All done	
Ouerv optig	mization results	
9 quer:	ies FULLY OPTIMIZED BY NEW PROJE	ECTIONS
Deploying	design	
ldding	32 new projections	
Dronni	ng 56 unnecessary existing pro-	jections
Proppri	ng be annecedeary existing pro-	
[100%]	Deploying/Dropping projections.	Completed 88 of 88 projections.
Completed 8	38 of 88 projections.	

Database Designer finished.

14 When the Database Designer finishes, press **Enter** to return to the Administration Tools menu. **Note:** The Database Designer creates a backup of the current design of your database before deploying the new design. This backup is stored in the output directory you entered in step 5, and is named design name projection backup nnnnnnnn.sql

# Step 6: Connect to the Database and Run a Simple Query

Proceeding directly from Step 5:

- 1 Click Main Menu and click OK.
- 2 Click Connect to Database and click OK.

The vsql welcome prompt displays:

```
Welcome to vsql, the Vertica Analytic Database v4.0.11-20100427010202 interactive terminal.
```

- Type: \h for help with SQL commands \? for help with vsql commands
  - \g or terminate with semicolon to execute query

```
\q to quit
```

vmartdb=>

3 Use the \i meta-command to execute the Vertica-provided example query script:

vmartdb=> \i vmart\_query\_03.sql

You results will be similar to:

```
customer_name| annual_incomeEmily G. Vogel999998James M. McNulty999979
```

```
(2 rows)
```

See the following list for the example queries that Vertica supplies:

- Clickstream Example Database (page 13)
- Credit History Example Database (page 22)
- Retail Sales Example Database (page 31)
- Stock Exchange Example Database (page 44)
- **Telecom Example Database** (page 57)
- VMart Example Database (page 66)

### See Also

Running Simple Queries (page 104)

Creating a Query-specific Design Using the Database Designer in the Administrator's Guide

# Step 7: Test the Optimized Design

Check query execution times to test your optimized design:

1 Use the vsql \timing meta-command to enable the display of query execution time in milliseconds.

Execute a SQL sample query script to test your schema and load scripts for errors.

**Note:** Include a sample of queries your users are likely to run against the database. If you don't have any real queries, just write simple SQL that collects counts on each of your tables. Alternatively, you can skip this step.

- 2 Execute several ad hoc queries
  - 1. Run Administration Tools and select Connect to Database.
  - 2. Use the \i meta-command to execute the query script; for example:

vmartdb=> \i vmart\_query\_01.sql

Once the database has been optimized, it should run queries efficiently. However, you might discover additional queries that you want to optimize. If this is the case, modify and update the design.

See Modifying Designs and Creating a Query-specific Design Using the Database Designer in the Administrator's Guide.

# Step 8: (Optional) Generate Custom Data Files

Each example database provided with Vertica includes a sample data generator program that produces output files whose names correspond to the tables in the logical schema. Each data generator has a similar set of input parameters that allow you to specify the number of rows of data to generate for any subset of the tables. To see a detailed list of the parameters for any example database, examine the README file in the example database directory.

Tip: You can repeat the tutorial using custom data files to test larger data sizes.

### Syntax

```
./example_gen [ --files files ]
    [ --seed seed ]
    [ --time_file path ]
    [ --fact_table_name rows ]
    [ --dimension table name rows ] ...
```

### Parameters

example_gen	Where example is one of the following:
	clickstream
	credithistory
	retail
	stock
	telecom
	vmart
files <i>files</i>	Splits the fact table data into the specified number of files. By default, the data generator produces a single, unnumbered fact table data file. If you specify a value of two (2) or more, the data generator numbers the files by appending an underscore character (_) and three digits to the file name, starting at _001. For example: ./retail_genfiles 3 produces: Retail Sales Fact 001.tbl
	Retail_Sales_Fact_002.tbl
	Retail_Sales_Fact_003.tbl
	Default: 1
seed seed	Is the seed for the pseudo-random number generator. If you use the same seed each time you run the data generator, you get the same data files (excluding external factors); for example, seed 9999.
	Default: 20177
time_file path	Is the pathname of the pre-computed time data input file used to generate the <i>Date Dimension</i> (see " <i>Date_Dimension</i> " on page 32) table. Default: ./Time.txt

	This Vertica-supplied file is provided for each example database and the date range may vary; for example 2000-2004 or 2003-2007.
fact_table_name rows	Is the name of the fact table in <i>example</i> followed by the number of rows of data to generate for the fact table. Default: 5,000,000 (five million)
dimension_table_name rows	Is the name of a dimension table in <i>example</i> (other than the Date_Dimension table) followed by the number of rows of data to generate for that dimension table.

### Notes

- The number of rows in Date\_Dimension tables is determined by the time data input file supplied with the example database.
- If you are using multiple fact table data files, make sure that your fact table load script(s) contain the correct file names as described in Using Load Scripts.

## Examples

```
./vmart_gen
./vmart_gen --files 3
/home/dbadmin/Vmart_Schema/examples/vmart_gen \
--seed 9999
--time_file /home/dbadmin/Vmart_Schema/examples/Time.txt \
--inventory_fact 100000 \
--customer_dimension 500 \
--date_dimension 500 \
--employee_dimension 500 \
--product_dimension 500 \
--promotion_dimension 500 \
--vendor_dimension 500 \
--warehouse_dimension 500 \
```

```
--promotion dimension 100
```

# **Running Simple Queries**

Each example database includes example SQL queries that represent the kinds of queries you might use in a production database. If you copy the query files to a client system, you can connect to the example database and execute the queries using any of the methods described in the Programmer's Guide.

To run an example query using vsql on a cluster host:

1 Run Administration Tools and select Connect to Database.

2 Use the \i meta-command to execute the query script:

```
vmartdb=> \i vmart_query_01.sql
```

See the following list for the example queries that Vertica supplies:

- Clickstream Example Database (page 13)
- Credit History Example Database (page 22)
- Retail Sales Example Database (page 31)
- Stock Exchange Example Database (page 44)
- Telecom Example Database (page 57)
- VMart Example Database (page 66)
# **Cleanup Procedure**

If you want to clean up your host and start over from scratch, use the following steps.

# Drop the database

- 1 In a terminal window, log in to the database administrator account that was created by the installation script. The default account name is dbadmin.
- **2** Run the Administration Tools.
  - \$ /opt/vertica/bin/admintools
- 3 If necessary, stop any running database (Main Men Stop Database).
- 4 Click Configuration Menu and click OK.
- 5 Click Drop Database and click OK.
- 6 In the Select database to drop window, select the database you want to drop and click OK.
- 7 Click Yes to confirm.
- 8 In the next window type yes (lowercase) to confirm and click OK.

# **Uninstall Vertica**

1 Perform the steps in Uninstalling Vertica in the Installation Guide.

# Other

- 1 Optionally remove the dbadmin account on all cluster hosts.
- 2 Remove any example database directories you created.

# See Also

For complete descriptions of each Admin Tools dialog, refer to the Administration Tools Reference in the Administrator's Guide.

# **Using the Graphical User Interface**

This is only a quick reference. It is not a complete guide to keystroke usage. See Using the Administration Tools in the Administrator's Guide for full details.

Return	Run selected command.
Tab	Move cursor from OK to Cancel to Help to menu or to OK
Up/Down Arrow	Move cursor up and down in menu, window, or help file.
Space	Select item in list.
Character	Select corresponding command from menu.

# **Notes for Remote Terminal Users**

The appearance of the graphical interface depends on the color and font settings used by your terminal window. The screen captures in this document were made using the default color and font settings in a PuTTy terminal application running on Windows XP.

**Note:** If you are using a remote terminal application, such as PuTTY or a Cygwin bash shell, make sure your window is at least 81 characters wide and 23 characters high

If you are using PuTTY, you can make the Administration Tools look like the screen captures in this document:

- 1 In a PuTTY window, right click the title area and select Change Settings.
- 2 Create or load a saved session.
- 3 In the Category dialog, click Window > Appearance.
- 4 In the Font settings, click the Change... button.
- 5 Select Font: Courier New: Regular Size: 10
- 6 Click Apply.

Repeat these steps for each existing session that you use to run the Administration Tools.

You can also change the translation to support UTF-8:

- 1 In a PuTTY window, right click the title area and select Change Settings.
- 2 Create or load a saved session.
- 3 In the Category dialog, click Window > Translation.
- 4 In the "Received data assumed to be in which character set" drop-down menu, select UTF-8.
- 5 Click Apply.

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.

jseward@bzip.org <mailto:jseward@bzip.org> bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0 of 21 March 2000 This program is based on (at least) the work of: Mike Burrows David Wheeler Peter Fenwick Alistair Moffat Radioed Neal Ian H. Witten Robert Sedgewick Jon L. Bentley

## Daemonize

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- lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi\_err\_generic.et
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_accept\_sec\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_acquire\_cred.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_canon\_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_compare\_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_context\_time.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_delete\_sec\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dsp\_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dsp\_status.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dup\_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_exp\_sec\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_export\_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_glue.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_imp\_name.c

- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_imp\_sec\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_init\_sec\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_initialize.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_cred.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_names.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_process\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_buffer.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_cred.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_name.c
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- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_store\_cred.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_unseal.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_userok.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_utils.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_verify.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd\_pname\_to\_uid.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid\_ops.c
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## Python 2.7

This is the official license for the Python 2.7 release:

### A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <u>http://www.cwi.nl</u>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <u>http://www.cnri.reston.va.us</u>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <a href="http://www.zope.com">http://www.zope.com</a>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <a href="http://www.python.org/psf/">http://www.zope.com</a>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <a href="http://www.python.org/psf/">http://www.zope.com</a>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <a href="http://www.python.org/psf/">http://www.zope.com</a>). In 2001, the Python Software moved to Digital Specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see <u>http://www.opensource.org</u> for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

Release	Derived	Year	Owner	GPL-
	from			compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.2	2.3.1	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.3	2.3.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4	2.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.4.1	2.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.2	2.4.1	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.3	2.4.2	2006	PSF	yes
2.5	2.4	2006	PSF	yes
2.7	2.6	2010	PSF	yes

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## Python Dialog

The Administration Tools part of this product uses Python Dialog, a Python module for doing console-mode user interaction.

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A tool for fast logging of numerical data graphical display of this data.

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zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library version 1.2.3, July 18th, 2005

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