IBM Security QRadar Version 7.1.x and 7.2.x

DSM Configuration Guide



Note: Before using this information and the product that it supports, read the information in "Notices and Trademarks" on page page 719.

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ABOUT THIS GUIDE

	The DSM Configuration Guide for IBM Security QRadar provides you with information for configuring Device Support Modules (DSMs).
	DSMs allow QRadar to integrate events from security appliances, software, and devices in your network that forward events to IBM Security QRadar or IBM Security QRadar Log Manager. All references to QRadar or IBM Security QRadar is intended to refer both the QRadar and QRadar Log Manager product.
	For instructions about how to integrate DSMs that are released or updated after IBM Security QRadar V7.2.2, use the <i>IBM Security QRadar Integration Documentation Addendum</i> on IBM Fix Central (http://www-933.ibm.com/support/fixcentral/).
Intended audience	This guide is intended for the system administrator responsible for setting up event collection for QRadar in your network.
	This guide assumes that you have administrative access and a knowledge of your corporate network and networking technologies.
Conventions	The following conventions are used throughout this guide:
	Indicates that the procedure contains a single instruction.
	Note: Indicates that the information provided is supplemental to the associated feature or instruction.
	CAUTION: Indicates that the information is critical. A caution alerts you to potential loss of data or potential damage to an application, system, device, or network.
	WARNING: Indicates that the information is critical. A warning alerts you to potential dangers, threats, or potential personal injury. Read any and all warnings carefully before proceeding.

Technical documentation	For information on how to access more technical documentation, technical notes, and release notes, see the <i>Accessing IBM Security QRadar Documentation Technical Note</i> . (http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=0&uid=swg21614644)
Contacting customer support	For information on contacting customer support, see the <i>Support and Download</i> <i>Technical Note</i> . (http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=0&uid=swg21612861)
Statement of good security practices	IT system security involves protecting systems and information through prevention, detection and response to improper access from within and outside your enterprise. Improper access can result in information being altered, destroyed, misappropriated or misused or can result in damage to or misuse of your systems, including for use in attacks on others. No IT system or product should be considered completely secure and no single product, service or security measure can be completely effective in preventing improper use or access. IBM systems, products and services are designed to be part of a comprehensive security approach, which will necessarily involve additional operational procedures, and may require other systems, products or services to be most effective. IBM DOES NOT WARRANT THAT ANY SYSTEMS, PRODUCTS OR SERVICES ARE IMMUNE FROM, OR WILL MAKE YOUR ENTERPRISE IMMUNE FROM, THE MALICIOUS OR ILLEGAL CONDUCT OF ANY PARTY.

OVERVIEW

The DSM Configuration guide is intended to assist with device configurations for systems, software, or appliances that provide events to QRadar.

Device Support Modules (DSMs) parse event information for QRadar products to log and correlate events received from external sources such as security equipment (for example, firewalls), and network equipment (for example, switches and routers).

Events forwarded from your log sources are displayed in the **Log Activity** tab. All events are correlated and security and policy offenses are created based on correlation rules. These offenses are displayed on the **Offenses** tab. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Users Guide*.

Note: Information found in this documentation about configuring Device Support Modules (DSMs) is based on the latest RPM files located on the IBM website at *http://www.ibm.com/support.*

To configure QRadar to receive events from devices, you must:

- 1 Configure the device to send events to QRadar.
- 2 Configure log sources for QRadar to receive events from specific devices. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

ACCESS TO THE INTEGRATION DOCUMENTATION ADDENDUM

The following list contains the names of supported DSMs that are documented in the **IBM Security QRadar Integration Documentation Addendum** (http://public.dhe.ibm.com/software/security/products/qradar/documents/iTeam_ad dendum/b_dsm_guide.pdf).

- 3Com Switch 8800
- AccessData InSight
- AhnLab Policy Center
- Barracuda Web Application Firewall
- Arbor Networks Pravail
- APC UPS
- Bit9 Security Platform
- Cisco Ironport
- Correlog Agent for IBM z/OS
- CloudPassage Halo
- DG Technology MEAS
- FireEye
- FreeRADIUS
- Hytrust CloudControl
- · IBM AS/400 iSeries
- IBM AIX Server
- IBM AIX Audit
- IBM Federated Directory Server
- IBM Fiberlink MaaS360
- IBM Privileged Session Recorder
- IBM Security Network IPS
- IBM Security Privileged Identity Manager
- IBM Security Trusteer Apex Advanced Malware Protection

- IBM SmartCloud Orchestrator
- IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager
- IBM WebShere DataPower
- Kaspersky Security Center
- · Kisco Information System SafeNet/i
- Lastline Enterprise
- McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator
- LOGbinder EX event collection from MicrosoftExchange Server
- LOGbinder SP event collection from MicrosoftSharePoint
- LOGbinder SQL event collection from Microsoft SQL Server
- Microsoft Exchange Server
- Microsoft SQL Server
- OpenStack
- Oracle Enterprise Manager
- Palo Alto Networks
- Riverbed SteelCentral NetProfiler (Cascade Profiler) Alert
- SafeNet DataSecure
- Salesforce Security Auditing
- Salesforce Security Monitoring
- SSH CryptoAuditor
- Symantec Critical System Protection
- Sourcefire Defense Center (DC)
- Sourcefire Intrusion Sensor
- Trend Micro WatchGuard Fireware OS
- Deep Discovery Analyzer
- Universal CEF

3 INSTALLING DSMs

You can download and install weekly automatic software updates for DSMs,	
protocols, and scanner modules.	

After Device Support Modules (DSMs) are installed the QRadar Console provides any rpm file updates to managed hosts after the configuration changes are deployed. If you are using high availability (HA), DSMs, protocols, and scanners are installed during replication between the primary and secondary host. During this installation process, the secondary displays the status Upgrading. For more information, see Managing High Availability in the *IBM Security QRadar SIEM Administration Guide*.

CAUTION: Uninstalling a Device Support Module (DSM) is not supported in QRadar. If you need technical assistance, contact Customer Support. For more information, see Contacting customer support.

SchedulingYou can schedule when automatic updates are downloaded and installed on yourAutomatic UpdatesQRadar Console.

QRadar performs automatic updates on a recurring schedule according to the settings on the Update Configuration page; however, if you want to schedule an update or a set of updates to run at a specific time, you can schedule an update using the Schedule the Updates window. Scheduling your own automatic updates is useful when you want to schedule a large update to run during off-peak hours, thus reducing any performance impacts on your system.

If no updates are displayed in the Updates window, either your system has not been in operation long enough to retrieve the weekly updates or no updates have been issued. If this occurs, you can manually check for new updates

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 On the navigation menu, click System Configuration.
- Step 3 Click the Auto Update icon.
- Step 4 Optional. If you want to schedule specific updates, select the updates you want to schedule.

- Step 5 From the Schedule list, select the type of update you want to schedule. Options include:
 - · All Updates
 - · Selected Updates
 - DSM, Scanner, Protocol Updates
 - Minor Updates

Note: Protocol updates installed automatically require you to restart Tomcat. For more information on manually restarting Tomcat, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

- Step 6 Using the calendar, select the start date and time of when you want to start your scheduled updates.
- Step 7 Click OK.

The selected updates are now scheduled.

Viewing updates You can view or install any pending software updates for QRadar through the Admin tab.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 On the navigation menu, click System Configuration.
- Step 3 Click the Auto Update icon.

The Updates window is displayed. The window automatically displays the Check for Updates page, providing the following information:

 Table 3-1
 Check for Updates Window Parameters

Parameter	Description		
Updates were installed	Specifies the date and time the last update was installed.		
Next Update install is scheduled	Specifies the date and time the next update is scheduled to be installed. If there is no date and time indicated, the update is not scheduled to run.		
Name	Specifies the name of the update.		
Туре	Specifies the type of update. Types include:		
	DSM, Scanner, Protocol Updates		
	Minor Updates		

Parameter	Description			
Status	Specifies the status of the update. Status types include:			
	New - The update is not yet scheduled to be installed.			
	Scheduled - The update is scheduled to be installed.			
	Installing - The update is currently installing.			
	Failed - The updated failed to install.			
Date to Install	Specifies the date on which this update is scheduled to be installed.			

Table 3-1 Check for Updates Window Parameters (continued)

The Check for Updates page toolbar provides the following functions:

 Table 3-2
 Auto updates toolbar

Function	Description
Hide	Select one or more updates, and then click Hide to remove the selected updates from the Check for Updates page. You can view and restore the hidden updates on the Restore Hidden Updates page. For more information, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar SIEM Administrator Guide</i> .
Install	From this list, you can manually install updates. When you manually install updates, the installation process starts within a minute.
Schedule	From this list, you can configure a specific date and time to manually install selected updates on your Console. This is useful when you want to schedule the update installation during off-peak hours.
Unschedule	From this list, you can remove preconfigured schedules for manually installing updates on your Console.
Search By Name	In this text box, you can type a keyword and then press Enter to locate a specific update by name.
Next Refresh	This counter displays the amount of time until the next automatic refresh. The list of updates on the Check for Updates page automatically refreshes every 60 seconds. The timer is automatically paused when you select one or more updates.
Pause	Click this icon to pause the automatic refresh process. To resume automatic refresh, click the Play icon.
Refresh	Click this icon to manually refresh the list of updates.

Step 4 To view details on an update, select the update.

The description and any error messages are displayed in the right pane of the window.

 http://www.ibm.com/support Most users do not need to download updated DSMs as auto updates installs the latest rpm files on a weekly basis. If your system is restricted from the Internet, you might need to install rpm updates manually. The DSMs provided on the IBM website, or through auto updates contain improved event parsing for network security products and enhancements for event categorization in the QRadar Identifier Map (QID map). CAUTION: Uninstalling a Device Support Module (DSM) is not supported in QRadar. If you need technical assistance, contact Customer Support. For more 	se the IBM sup for QRadar.	downl	load and r	nanually	install the late	est
latest rpm files on a weekly basis. If your system is restricted from the Internet, you might need to install rpm updates manually. The DSMs provided on the IBM website, or through auto updates contain improved event parsing for network security products and enhancements for event categorization in the QRadar Identifier Map (QID map).	ibm.com/supp/					
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	files on a week d to install rpm r through auto r roducts and enh	[.] systei ally. Th n impro	m is restrie he DSMs p oved ever	cted fron provided nt parsing	n the Internet, on the IBM g for network	
information, see Contacting customer support.	f you need tech	e, con	ntact Custo	,		е
Installing a singleThe IBM support website contains individual DSMs that you can download andDSMinstall using the command-line.		dual D	SMs that	you can	download and	ł
Procedure	e					
Step 1 Download the DSM file to your system hosting QRadar.	the DSM file to	osting	g QRadar.			
Step 2 Using SSH, log in to QRadar as the root user.	l, log in to QRa	user.				
Username: root	root					
Password: <password></password>	<password></password>					
Step 3 Navigate to the directory that includes the downloaded file.	o the directory	ne dow	vnloaded f	ile.		
Step 4 Type the following command:	ollowing comma					
rpm -Uvh <filename></filename>	<filename></filename>					
Where <filename> is the name of the downloaded file. For example:</filename>	: ilename> is t	down	loaded file	e. For ex	ample:	
rpm -Uvh DSM-CheckPointFirewall-7.0-209433.noarch.rpm	DSM-CheckPo	-7.0-	-209433.:	noarch	.rpm	
Step 5 Log in to QRadar.	⊋Radar.					
https:// <ip address=""></ip>	? Address>					
Where <ip address=""> is the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.</ip>	P Address>iS	s of the	e QRadar	Console	or Event	
Step 6 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.	min tab, click [es.				
The installation is complete.	ation is comple					

Manually installing a DSM **21**

Installing a DSM The IBM support website contains a DSM bundle which is updated daily with the latest DSM versions that you can install.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Download the DSM bundle to your system hosting QRadar.
- Step 2 Using SSH, log in to QRadar as the root user.

Username: root

Password: <password>

- **Step 3** Navigate to the directory that includes the downloaded file.
- Step 4 Type the following command to extract the DSM bundle:

tar -zxvf QRadar_bundled-DSM-<version>.tar.gz

Where <version> is your version of QRadar.

Step 5 Type the following command:

for FILE in *Common*.rpm DSM-*.rpm; do rpm -Uvh "\$FILE"; done The installation of the DSM bundle can take several minutes to complete.

Step 6 Log in to QRadar.

https://<IP Address>

Where <IP Address> is the IP address of QRadar.

Step 7 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The installation is complete.

4 AMBIRON TRUSTWAVE ipANGEL

The Ambiron TrustWave ipAngel DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

Supported event QRadar records all Snort-based events from the ipAngel console.

types

- **Before you begin** Before you configure QRadar to integrate with ipAngel, you must forward your cache and access logs to your QRadar. The events in your cache and access logs that are forwarded from Ambiron TrustWave ipAngel are not automatically discovered. For information on forwarding device logs to QRadar, see your vendor documentation.
 - **Configure a log source** To integrate Ambiron TrustWave ipAngel events with QRadar, you must manually configure a log source.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Ambiron TrustWave ipAngel Intrusion Prevention System (IPS).
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 4-1
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Ambiron TrustWave ipAngel appliance.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Ambiron TrustWave ipAngel are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

5 APACHE HTTP SERVER

The Apache HTTP Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Apache events using syslog or syslog-ng.

QRadar records all relevant HTTP status events. The procedure in this section applies to Apache DSMs operating on UNIX/Linux platforms only.

CAUTION: Do not run both syslog and syslog-ng at the same time.

Select one of the following configuration methods:

- Configuring Apache HTTP Server with syslog
- Configuring Apache HTTP Server with syslog-ng

Configuring Apache HTTP Server with syslog		You can configure your Apache HTTP Server to forward events with the syslog protocol.
		Procedure
	Step 1	Log in to the server hosting Apache, as the root user.
	Step 2	Edit the Apache configuration file httpd.conf.
	Step 3	Add the following information in the Apache configuration file to specify the custom log format:
		LogFormat "%h %A %l %u %t \"%r\" %>s %p %b" <log format="" name=""></log>
		Where <log format="" name=""> is a variable name you provide to define the log format.</log>
	Step 4	Add the following information in the Apache configuration file to specify a custom path for the syslog events:
		CustomLog `` /usr/bin/logger -t httpd -p <facility>.<priority>" <log format="" name=""></log></priority></facility>
		Where:
		<facility> is a syslog facility, for example, local0.</facility>
		<priority> is a syslog priority, for example, info or notice.</priority>
		format name> is a variable name you provide to define the custom log format. The log format name must match the log format defined in Step 4.

For example,

```
CustomLog "|/usr/bin/logger -t httpd -p local1.info" MyApacheLogs
```

Step 5 Type the following command to disabled hostname lookup:

HostnameLookups off

- Step 6 Save the Apache configuration file.
- Step 7 Edit the syslog configuration file.

/etc/syslog.conf

Step 8 Add the following information to your syslog configuration file:

<facility>.<priority> <TAB><TAB>@<host>

Where:

<facility> is the syslog facility, for example, local0. This value must match the value you typed in Step 4.

<priority> is the syslog priority, for example, info or notice. This value must match the value you typed in Step 4.

<TAB> indicates you must press the Tab key.

<host> is the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

- Step 9 Save the syslog configuration file.
- Step 10 Type the following command to restart the syslog service:

/etc/init.d/syslog restart

Step 11 Restart Apache to complete the syslog configuration.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as syslog events from Apache HTTP Servers are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Apache HTTP Servers are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a LogYou can configure a log source manually for Apache HTTP Server events inSource in QRadarQRadar.

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Apache HTTP Server. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.

- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Apache HTTP Server.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 5-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Apache installations.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete. For more information on Apache, see *http://www.apache.org/.*

ConfiguringYou can configure your Apache HTTP Server to forward events with the syslog-ngApache HTTPprotocol.Server withServer with

Procedure

syslog-ng

- **Step 1** Log in to the server hosting Apache, as the root user.
- Step 2 Edit the Apache configuration file.

/etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf

Step 3 Add the following information to the Apache configuration file to specify the LogLevel:

LogLevel info

log format.

The LogLevel might already be configured to the info level depending on your Apache installation.

Step 4 Add the following to the Apache configuration file to specify the custom log format:

LogFormat "%h %A %l %u %t \"%r\" %>s %p %b" <log format name> Where <log format name> is a variable name you provide to define the custom

Step 5 Add the following information to the Apache configuration file to specify a custom path for the syslog events:

CustomLog "|/usr/bin/logger -t 'httpd' -u /var/log/httpd/apache_log.socket" <log format name>

The log format name must match the log format defined in Step 4.

- **Step 6** Save the Apache configuration file.
- **Step 7** Edit the syslog-ng configuration file.

/etc/syslog-ng/syslog-ng.conf

Step 8 Add the following information to specify the destination in the syslog-ng configuration file:

```
source s_apache {
    unix-stream("/var/log/httpd/apache_log.socket"
    max-connections(512)
    keep-alive(yes));
};
destination auth_destination { <udp|tcp>("<IP address>"
port(514)); };
log{
    source(s_apache);
    destination(auth_destination);
};
```

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<udp | tcp> is the protocol you select to forward the syslog event.

- Step 9 Save the syslog-ng configuration file.
- **Step 10** Type the following command to restart syslog-ng:

service syslog-ng restart

Step 11 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as syslog events from Apache HTTP Servers are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Apache HTTP Servers are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log
sourceYou can configure a log source manually for Apache HTTP Server events in
QRadar.

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog-ng events from Apache HTTP Server. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.

- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Apache HTTP Server.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 5-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Apache installations.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete. For more information on Apache, see *http://www.apache.org/.*

AMAZON AWS CLOUDTRAIL

The IBM Security QRadar DSM for Amazon AWS CloudTrail can collect audit events from your Amazon AWS CloudTrail S3 bucket.

The following table identifies the specifications for the Amazon AWS CloudTrail DSM:

Specification	Value			
Manufacturer	Amazon			
DSM	Amazon AWS CloudTrail			
Supported versions	1.0			
Protocol	Log File			
QRadar recorded events	All relevant events			
Automatically discovered	No			
Includes identity	No			
More information	http://docs.aws.amazon.com/awscloudtrail/latest/use rguide/whatisawscloudtrail.html			

Table 6-1 Amazon AWS CloudTrail DSM specifications

AWS CloudTrail DSM integration process	To integrate Amazon AWS CloudTrail with QRadar, use the following procedure:
1	Obtain and install a certificate to enable communication between your Amazon AWS CloudTrail S3 bucket and QRadar.
2	Install the most recent version of the Log File Protocol RPM on your QRadar Console. You can install a protocol by using the procedure to manually install a DSM.
3	Install the Amazon AWS CloudTrail DSM on your QRadar Console.
4	Configure the Amazon AWS CloudTrail log source in QRadar.
	Related tasks
	Manually installing a DSM
	Enabling communication between QRadar and AWS CloudTrail
	Configuring an Amazon AWS CloudTrail log source in QRadar
Enabling communication between QRadar and AWS CloudTrail	A certificate is required for the HTTP connection between QRadar and Amazon AWS CloudTrail.
	Procedure
Step 1	Access your Amazon AWS CloudTrail S3 bucket.
Step 2	Export the certificate as a DER-encoded binary certificate to your desktop system. The file extension must be .DER.
Step 3	Copy the certificate to the /opt/gradar/conf/trusted_certificates directory on the QRadar host on which you plan to configure the log source.
Configuring an Amazon AWS CloudTrail log source in QRadar	To collect Amazon AWS CloudTrail events, you must configure a log source in QRadar. When you configure the log source, use the location and keys that are required to access your Amazon AWS CloudTrail S3 bucket.
	Before you begin
	Ensure that the following components are installed and deployed on your QRadar host:
	 PROTOCOL-LogFileProtocol-build_number.noarch.rpm
	DSM-AmazonAWSCloudTrail-build_number.noarch.rpm
	Also ensure that audit logging is enabled on your Amazon AWS CloudTrail S3 bucket. For more information, see your vendor documentation.
	IBM Security QRadar DSM Configuration Guide

About this task

The following table provides more information about some of the extended parameters:

Parameter	Description
Bucket Name	The name of the AWS CloudTrail S3 bucket where the log files are stored.
AWS Access Key	The public access key required to access the AWS CloudTrail S3 bucket.
AWS Secret Key	The private access key required to access the AWS CloudTrail S3 bucket.
Remote Directory	The root directory location on the AWS CloudTrail S3 bucket from which the files are retrieved, for example, \user_account_name
FTP File Pattern	.*?\.json\.gz
Processor	GZIP
Event Generator	Amazon AWS JSON
	Applies additional processing to the retrieved event files.
Recurrence	Defines how often the Log File Protocol connects to the Amazon cloud API, checks for new files, and retrieves them if they exist. Every access to an AWS S3 bucket incurs a cost to the account that owns the bucket. Therefore, a smaller recurrence value increases the cost.

 Table 6-2
 Amazon AWS CloudTrail log source parameters

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Amazon AWS CloudTrail.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 8 From the Service Type field, select AWS.
- Step 9 Configure the remaining parameters.
- Step 10 Click Save.
- Step 11 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

7 APPLE MAC OS X

The Apple Mac OS X DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

Supported event
typesQRadar records all relevant firewall, web server access, web server error, privilege
escalation, and informational events.

Before you begin To integrate Mac OS X events with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive syslog events.

To complete this integration, you must configure a log source, then configure your Mac OS X to forward syslog events. Syslog events forwarded from Mac OS X devices are not automatically discovered. It is recommended that you create a log source, then forward events to QRadar. Syslog events from Mac OS X can be forwarded to QRadar on TCP port 514 or UDP port 514.

Configuring a log source QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Apple Mac OS X.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Mac OS X.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 7-1 Mac OS X syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Apple Mac OS X device.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. You are now ready to configure your Apple Mac OS X device to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Configuring syslog You can configure syslog on systems running Mac OS X operating systems.

on your Apple Mac OS X Procedure

- Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your Mac OS X device as a root user.
- Step 2 Open the /etc/syslog.conf file.
- Step 3 Add the following line to the top of the file. Make sure all other lines remain intact:
 - *.* @<IP address>
 - Where <IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar.
- Step 4 Save and exit the file.
- Step 5 Send a hang-up signal to the syslog daemon to make sure all changes are enforced:

sudo killall - HUP syslogd

The syslog configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar by your Apple Mac OS X are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab. For more information on configuring Mac OS X, see your Mac OS X vendor documentation.

8 APPLICATION SECURITY DBPROTECT

You can integrate Application Security DbProtect with QRadar.

Supported event types The Application Security DbProtect DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events from DbProtect devices installed with the Log Enhanced Event Format (LEEF) Service.

Before you begin To forward syslog events from Application Security DbProtect to QRadar requires the LEEF Relay module.

The LEEF Relay module for DbProtect translates the default events messages to Log Enhanced Event Format (LEEF) messages for QRadar, enabling QRadar to record all relevant DbProtect events. Before you can receive events in QRadar, you must install and configure the LEEF Service for your DbProtect device to forward syslog events. The DbProtect LEEF Relay requires that you install the .NET 4.0 Framework, which is bundled with the LEEF Relay installation.

Installing the DbProtect LEEF Relay module for DbProtect must be installed on the same server as the DbProtect console. This allows the DbProtect LEEF Relay to work alongside an existing installation using the standard hardware and software prerequisites for a DbProtect console.

Note: Windows 2003 hosts require the Windows Imaging Components (wic_x86.exe). The Windows Imaging Components are located on the Windows Server Installation CD and must be installed before you continue. For more information, see your Windows 2003 Operating System documentation.

Procedure

Step 1 Download the DbProtect LEEF Relay module for DbProtect from the Application Security, Inc. customer portal.

http://www.appsecinc.com

- **Step 2** Save the setup file to the same host as your DbProtect console.
- Step 3 Double click setup.exe to start the DbProtect LEEF Relay installation.

The Microsoft .NET Framework 4 Client Profile is displayed.

Step 4 Click Accept, if you agree with the Microsoft .NET Framework 4 End User License Agreement.

The Microsoft .NET Framework 4 is installed on your DbProtect console. After the installation is complete, the DbProtect LEEF Relay module installation Wizard is displayed.

Step 5 Click Next.

The Installation Folder window is displayed.

Step 6 To select the default installation path, click Next.

If you change the default installation directory, make note of the file location as it is required later. The Confirm Installation window is displayed.

Step 7 Click Next.

The DbProtect LEEF Relay module is installed.

Step 8 Click Close.

You are now ready to configure the DbProtect LEEF Relay module.

Configuring the After the installation of the DbProtect LEEF Relay is complete, you can configure the service to forward events to QRadar.

Relay

Note: The DbProtect LEEF Relay must be stopped before you edit any configuration values.

Procedure

Step 1 Navigate to the DbProtect LEEF Relay installation directory.

C:\Program Files (x86)\AppSecInc\AppSecLEEFConverter

Step 2 Edit the DbProtect LEEF Relay configuration file:

AppSecLEEFConverter.exe.config

Step 3 Configure the following values:

Table 8-1 DbProtect LEEF Relay Configuration Parameters

Parameter	Description
SyslogListenerPort	Optional. Type the listen port number the DbProtect LEEF Relay uses to listen for syslog messages from the DbProtect console. By default, the DbProtect LEEF Relay listens on port 514.
SyslogDestinationHost	Type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
SyslogDestinationPort	Type 514 as the destination port for LEEF formatted syslog messages forwarded to QRadar.
LogFileName	Optional. Type a file name for the DbProtect LEEF Relay to write debug and log messages. The LocalSystem user account that runs the DbProtect LEEF Relay service must have write privileges to the file path you specify.

Step 4 Save the configuration changes to the file.

- Step 5 On your desktop of the DbProtect console, select Start > Run. The Run window is displayed.
- Step 6 Type the following:

services.msc

Step 7 Click OK.

The Services window is displayed.

- Step 8 In the details pane, verify the DbProtect LEEF Relay is started and set to automatic startup.
- Step 9 To change a service property, right-click on the service name, and then click Properties.
- Step 10 Using the Startup type list, select Automatic.
- Step 11 If the DbProtect LEEF Relay is not started, click Start.

You are now ready to configure alerts for your DbProtect console.

Configure DbProtect You can configure sensors on your DbProtect console to generate alerts.

Procedure

alerts

- Step 1 Log in to your DbProtect console.
- Step 2 Click the Activity Monitoring tab.
- Step 3 Click the Sensors tab.
- Step 4 Select a sensor and click Reconfigure.

Any database instances that are configured for your database are displayed.

- Step 5 Select any database instances and click Reconfigure.
- Step 6 Click Next until the Sensor Manager Policy window is displayed.
- Step 7 Select the Syslog check box and click Next.
- Step 8 The Syslog Configuration window is displayed.
- Step 9 In the Send Alerts to the following Syslog console field, type the IP address of your DbProtect console.
- Step 10 In the **Port** field, type the port number you configured in the SyslogListenerPort field of the DbProtect LEEF Relay.

By default, 514 is the default Syslog listen port for the DbProtect LEEF Relay. For more information, see **Configuring the DbProtect LEEF Relay**, **Step 3**.

- Step 11 Click Add.
- Step 12 Click Next until you reach the Deploy to Sensor window.
- Step 13 Click Deploy to Sensor.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar by your DbProtect console are added as a log source and automatically displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Application Security DbProtect. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Application Security DbProtect.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 8-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Application Security DbProtect device.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar.

9 ARBOR NETWORKS PEAKFLOW

IBM Security QRadar can collect and categorize syslog events from Arbor Networks Peakflow SP appliances that are in your network.

Configuration Arbor Networks Peakflow SP appliances store the syslog events locally. **overview**

To collect local syslog events, you must configure your Peakflow SP appliance to forward the syslog events to a remote host. QRadar automatically discovers and creates log sources for syslog events that are forwarded from Arbor Networks Peakflow SP appliances. QRadar supports syslog events that are forwarded from Peakflow V5.8.

To configure Arbor Networks Peakflow SP, complete the following tasks:

- 1 On your Peakflow SP appliance, create a notification group for QRadar.
- 2 On your Peakflow SP appliance, configure the global notification settings.
- 3 On your Peakflow SP appliance, configure your alert notification rules.
- 4 On your QRadar system, verify that the forwarded events are automatically discovered.

Supported event types for Arbor Networks Peakflow SP The Arbor Networks Peakflow DSM for QRadar collects events from several categories.

Each event category contains low-level events that describe the action that is taken within the event category. For example, authentication events can have low-level categories of login successful or login failure.

The following list defines the event categories that are collected by QRadar from Peakflow SP appliances:

- Denial of Service (DoS) events
- Authentication events
- Exploit events
- Suspicious activity events
- System events

Configuring remote
syslog in Peakflow
SPTo collect events, you must configure a new notification group or edit existing
groups to add QRadar as a remote syslog destination.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the configuration interface for your Peakflow SP appliance as an administrator.
- Step 2 In the navigation menu, select Administration > Notification > Groups.
- Step 3 Click Add Notification Group.
- Step 4 In the Destinations field, type the IP address of your QRadar system.
- **Step 5** In the **Port** field, type 514 as the port for your syslog destination.
- Step 6 From the Facility list, select a syslog facility.
- Step 7 From the Severity list, select info.

The informational severity collects all event messages at the informational event level and higher severity.

- Step 8 Click Save.
- Step 9 Click Configuration Commit.

Configuring global notifications settings for alerts in Peakflow SP Global notifications in Peakflow SP provide system notifications that are not associated with rules. This procedure defines how to add QRadar as the default notification group and enable system notifications.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the configuration interface for your Peakflow SP appliance as an administrator.
- Step 2 In the navigation menu, select Administration > Notification > Global Settings.
- Step 3 In the **Default Notification Group** field, select the notification group that you created for QRadar syslog events.
- Step 4 Click Save.
- Step 5 Click Configuration Commit to apply the configuration changes.
- Step 6 Log in to the Peakflow SP command-line interface as an administrator.
- **Step 7** Type the following command to list the current alert configuration:

services sp alerts system_errors show

Step 8 Optional. Type the following command to list the fields names that can be configured:

services sp alerts system_errors ?

Step 9 Type the following command to enable a notification for a system alert:

services sp alerts system_errors <name> notifications enable Where <name> is the field name of the notification.

Step 10 Type the following command to commit the configuration changes:

config write

Configuring alert notification rules in Peakflow SP To generate events, you must edit or add rules to use the notification group that QRadar as a remote syslog destination.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the configuration interface for your Peakflow SP appliance as an administrator.
- Step 2 In the navigation menu, select Administration > Notification > Rules.
- Step 3 Select one of the following options:
 - Click a current rule to edit the rule.
 - Click Add Rule to create a new notification rule.
- Step 4 Configure the following values:

 Table 9-3
 Notification rule parameters

Parameter	Description
Name	Type the IP address or host name as an identifier for events from your Peakflow SP installation.
	The log source identifier must be unique value.
Resource	Type a CIDR address or select a managed object from the list of Peakflow resources.
Importance	Select the importance of the rule.
Notification Group	Select the notification group that you assigned to forward syslog events to QRadar.

- Step 5 Repeat these steps to configure any other rules you want to forward to QRadar.
- Step 6 Click Save.
- Step 7 Click Configuration Commit to apply the configuration changes.

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for Peakflow SP appliances. Events that are forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a
Peakflow SP log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events
forwarded from Arbor Peakflow. These configuration steps are optional.sourceSource

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 Optional. In the Log Source Description field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Arbor Networks Peakflow.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 9-4
 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name as an identifier for events from your Peakflow SP installation.
	The log source identifier must be unique value.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	Select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	Select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

10 ARPEGGIO SIFT-IT

	The IBM Security QRadar SIFT-IT DSM accepts syslog events from Arpeggio SIFT-IT running on IBM iSeries® that are formatted using the Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF).
Supported versions	QRadar supports events from Arpeggio SIFT-IT 3.1 and later installed on IBM iSeries version 5 revision 3 (V5R3) and later.
Supported events	Arpeggio SIFT-IT supports syslog events from the journal QAUDJRN in LEEF format.
	For example,
	Jan 29 01:33:34 RUFUS LEEF:1.0 Arpeggio SIFT-IT 3.1 PW_U sev=3 usrName=ADMIN src=100.100.100.114 srcPort=543 jJobNam=QBASE jJobUsr=ADMIN jJobNum=1664 jrmtIP=100.100.100.114 jrmtPort=543 jSeqNo=4755 jPgm=QWTMCMNL jPgmLib=QSYS jMsgId=PWU0000 jType=U jUser=ROOT jDev=QPADEV000F jMsgTxt=Invalid user id ROOT. Device QPADEV000F.
	Events SIFT-IT forwards to QRadar are determined with a configuration rule set file. SIFT-IT includes a default configuration rule set file that you can edit to meet your security or auditing requirements. For more information on configuring rule set files, see your <i>SIFT-IT User Guide</i> .
Configuring a SIFT-IT agent	Arpeggio SIFT-IT is capable of forwarding syslog events in LEEF format with SIFT-IT agents.
	A SIFT-IT agent configuration defines the location of your QRadar installation, the protocol and formatting of the event message, and the configuration rule set.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to your IBM iSeries.
Step 2	Type the following command and press Enter to add SIFT-IT to your library list:
	ADDLIBLE SIFTITLIB0
Step 3	Type the following command and press Enter to access the SIFT-IT main menu:
	GO SIFTIT

- Step 4 From the main menu, select 1. Work with SIFT-IT Agent Definitions.
- Step 5 Type 1 to add an agent definition for QRadar and press Enter.
- **Step 6** Configure the following agent parameters:
 - a In the SIFT-IT Agent Name field, type a name.
 - For example, **QRadar**.
 - **b** In the **Description** field, type a description for the agent.

For example, Arpeggio agent for QRadar.

- c In the **Server host name or IP address** field, type the location of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- d In the Connection type field, type either *TCP, *UDP, or *SECURE.

The *SECURE option requires the TLS protocol. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

e In the **Remote port number** field, type **514**.

By default, QRadar supports both TCP and UDP syslog messages on port 514.

- f In the Message format options field, type *QRADAR.
- **g** Optional. Configure any additional parameters for attributes that are not QRadar specific.

The additional operational parameters are described in the SIFT-IT User Guide.

- h Press F3 to exit to the Work with SIFT-IT Agents Description menu.
- Step 7 Type 9 and press Enter to load a configuration rule set for QRadar.
- Step 8 In the Configuration file field, type the path to your QRadar configuration rule set file.

For example,

/sifitit/QRadarconfig.txt

- Step 9 Press F3 to exit to the Work with SIFT-IT Agents Description menu.
- **Step 10** Type **11** to start the QRadar agent.

The configuration is complete.

Next steps

Syslog events forwarded by Arpeggio SIFT-IT in LEEF format are automatically discovered by QRadar. In most cases, the log source is automatically created in QRadar after a small number of events are detected. If the event rate is extremely low, then you might be required to manually create a log source for Arpeggio SIFT-IT in QRadar. Until the log source is automatically discovered and identified, the event type displays as Unknown on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar. Automatically discovered log sources can be viewed on the **Admin** tab of QRadar by clicking the Log Sources icon.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Arpeggio SIFT-IT.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 10-1 Syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Arpeggio SIFT-IT installation.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Additional After you create your QRadar agent definition, you can use your Arpeggio SIFT-IT software and QRadar integration to customize your security and auditing requirements.

This can include:

 Creating custom configurations in Apreggio SIFT-IT with granular filtering on event attributes.

For example, filtering on job name, user, file or object name, system objects, or ports. All events forwarded from SIFT-IT and the contents of the event payload in QRadar are easily searchable.

- Configuring rules in QRadar to generate alerts or offenses for your security team to identify potential security threats, data loss, or breaches in real-time.
- Configuring processes in Apreggio SIFT-IT to trigger real-time remediation of issues on your IBM iSeries.
- Creating offenses for your security team from Arpeggio SIFT-IT events in QRadar with the Offenses tab or configuring email job logs in SIFT-IT for your IBM iSeries administrators.
- Creating multiple configuration rule sets for multiple agents that run simultaneously to handle specific security or audit events.

For example, you can configure one QRadar agent with a specific rule sets for forwarding all IBM iSeries events, then develop multiple configuration rule sets for specific compliance purposes. This allows you to easily manage configuration rule sets for compliance regulations, such as FISMA, PCI. HIPPA, SOX, or ISO 27001. All of the events forwarded by SIFT-IT QRadar agents is contained in a single log source and categorized to be easily searchable.

11 ARRAY NETWORKS SSL VPN

The Array Networks SSL VPN DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects events from an ArrayVPN appliance using syslog.

- Supported event
typesQRadar records all relevant SSL VPN events forwarded using syslog on TCP port
514 or UDP port 514.
- **Configuring a log** To integrate Array Networks SSL VPN events with QRadar, you must manually create a log source.

QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Array Networks SSL VPN.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Array Networks SSL VPN Access Gateways.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 11-1
 Syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Array Networks SSL VPN appliance.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Array Networks SSL VPN are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Next Steps

You are now ready to configure your Array Networks SSL VPN appliance to forward remote syslog events to QRadar. For more information on configuring Array Networks SSL VPN appliances for remote syslog, please consult your Array Networks documentation.

12 ARUBA MOBILITY CONTROLLERS

	The Aruba Mobility Controllers DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.
Supported event types	QRadar records all relevant events forwarded using syslog on TCP port 514 or UDP port 514.
Configure your Aruba Mobility Controller	You can configure the Aruba Wireless Networks (Mobility Controller) device to forward syslog events to QRadar.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to the Aruba Mobility Controller user interface.
Step 2	From the top menu, select Configuration .
Step 3	From the Switch menu, select Management.
Step 4	Click the Logging tab.
Step 5	From the Logging Servers menu, select Add.
Step 6	Type the IP address of the QRadar server that you want to collect logs.
Step 7	Click Add.
Step 8	Optional. Change the logging level for a module:
	a Select the check box next to the name of the logging module.
	b Choose the logging level you want to change from the list that is displayed at the bottom of the window.
Step 9	Click Done.
Step 10	Click Apply.
	The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Aruba Mobility Controller events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Aruba Mobility Controller are displayed on the Log Activity tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Aruba Mobility Controllers. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Aruba Mobility Controller .
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 12-1
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Aruba Mobility Controller.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Aruba Mobility Controller appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

13 AVAYA VPN GATEWAY

The IBM Security QRadar DSM for Avaya VPN Gateway can collect event logs from your Avaya VPN Gateway servers.

The following table identifies the specifications for the Avaya VPN Gateway DSM:

Specification	Value
Manufacturer	Avaya Inc.
DSM	Avaya VPN Gateway
RPM file name	DSM-AvayaVPNGateway-7.1-799033.noarch.rpm
	DSM-AvayaVPNGateway-7.2-799036.noarch.rpm
Supported versions	9.0.7.2
Protocol	syslog
QRadar recorded events	OS, System Control Process, Traffic Processing, Startup, Configuration Reload, AAA Subsystem, IPsec Subsystem
Automatically discovered	Yes
Includes identity	Yes
More information	http://www.avaya.com

 Table 13-1
 Avaya VPN Gateway DSM specifications

 Avaya VPN
 To integrate Avaya VPN Gateway DSM with QRadar, use the following procedure:

 Gateway DSM
 integration process

- 1 If automatic updates are not enabled, download and install the most recent version of the following RPMs on your QRadar Console:
 - Syslog protocol RPM
 - DSMCommon RPM

	Avaya VPN Gateway RPM
2	For each instance of Avaya VPN Gateway, configure your Avaya VPN Gateway system to enable communication with QRadar.
3	If QRadar automatically discovers the log source, for each Avaya VPN Gateway server you want to integrate, create a log source on the QRadar Console.
	Related tasks
	Manually installing a DSM
	Configuring your Avaya VPN Gateway system for communication with QRadar
	Configuring an Avaya VPN Gateway log source in QRadar
Configuring your Avaya VPN	To collect all audit logs and system events from Avaya VPN Gateway, you must specify QRadar as the syslog server and configure the message format.
Gateway system for communication with QRadar	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to your Avaya VPN Gateway command-line interface (CLI).
Step 2	Type the following command:
	/cfg/sys/syslog/add
Step 3	At the prompt, type the IP address of your QRadar system.
Step 4	To apply the configuration, type the following command:
	apply
Step 5	To verify that the IP address of your QRadar system is listed, type the following command:
	/cfg/sys/syslog/list
Configuring an	To collect Avaya VPN Gateway events, configure a log source in QRadar.
Avaya VPN Gateway log source in QRadar	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.
Step 3	In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.

- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Avaya VPN Gateway.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

- Step 8 Configure the remaining parameters.
- Step 9 Click Save.
- Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

14 BALABIT IT SECURITY

	 The BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent application can collect and forward syslog events for the Microsoft Security Event Log DSM and the Microsoft ISA DSM in QRadar. To configure a BalaBit IT Security agent, select a configuration: Configuring BalaBit IT Security for Microsoft Windows Events Configuring BalaBit IT Security for Microsoft ISA or TMG Events
Configuring BalaBlt IT Security for Microsoft Windows Events	The Microsoft Windows Security Event Log DSM in QRadar can accept Log Extended Event Format (LEEF) events from BalaBit's Syslog-ng Agent.
Supported event types	 The BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent forwards Windows events to QRadar using syslog. Windows security Application System DNS DHCP Custom container event logs

Before you begin Before you can receive events from BalaBit IT Security Syslog-ng Agents, you must install and configure the agent to forward events.

Review the following configuration steps before you attempt to configure the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent:

- 1 Install the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent in your Windows host. For more information, see your BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent documentation.
- 2 Configure Syslog-ng Agent Events.
- 3 Configure QRadar as a destination for the Syslog-ng Agent.
- 4 Restart the Syslog-ng Agent service.
- 5 Optional. Configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring the
Syslog-ng Agent
event sourceBefore you can forward events to QRadar, you must specify what Windows-based
events the Syslog-ng Agent collects.

Procedure

Step 1 From the Start menu, select All Programs > syslog-ng Agent for Windows > Configure syslog-ng Agent for Windows.

The Syslog-ng Agent window is displayed.

- Step 2 Expand the syslog-ng Agent Settings pane, and select Eventlog Sources.
- Step 3 Double-click on Event Containers.

The Event Containers Properties window is displayed.

- Step 4 From the Event Containers pane, select the Enable radio button.
- Step 5 Select a check box for each event type you want to collect:
 - **Application** Select this check box if you want the device to monitor the Windows application event log.
 - Security Select this check box if you want the device to monitor the Windows security event log.
 - **System** Select this check box if you want the device to monitor the Windows system event log.

Note: BalaBit's Syslog-ng Agent supports additional event types, such as DNS or DHCP events using custom containers. For more information, see your BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent documentation.

Step 6 Click Apply, and then click OK.

The event configuration for your BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent is complete. You are now ready to configure QRadar as a destination for Syslog-ng Agent events.

Configuring a syslog
destinationThe Syslog-ng Agent allows you to configure multiple destinations for your
Windows-based events.

To configure QRadar as a destination, you must specify the IP address for QRadar, and then configure a message template for the LEEF format.

Procedure

Step 1 From the Start menu, select All Programs > syslog-ng Agent for Windows > Configure syslog-ng Agent for Windows.

The Syslog-ng Agent window is displayed.

- **Step 2** Expand the syslog-ng Agent Settings pane, and click **Destinations**.
- Step 3 Double-click on Add new sever.

The Server Property window is displayed.

- Step 4 On the Server tab, click Set Primary Server.
- Step 5 Configure the following parameters:
 - a **Server Name** Type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
 - **b** Server Port Type **514** as the TCP port number for events forwarded to QRadar.
- Step 6 Click the Messages tab.
- Step 7 From the Protocol list, select Legacy BSD Syslog Protocol.
- Step 8 In the Template field, define a custom template message for the protocol by typing:

<\${PRI}>\${BSDDATE} \${HOST} LEEF:\${MSG}

The information typed in this field is space delimited.

Step 9 From the Event Message Format pane, in the Message Template field, type the following to define the format for the LEEF events:

1.0|Microsoft|Windows|2k8r2|\${EVENT_ID}|devTime=\${R_YEAR}-\${R_MONTH}-\${R_DAY}T \${R_HOUR}:\${R_MIN}:\${R_SEC}GMT\${TZOFFSET} devTimeFormat=yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ssz cat=\${EVENT_TYPE}sev=\${EVENT_LEVEL} resource=\${HOST} usrName=\${EVENT_USERNAME} application=\${EVENT_SOURCE} message=\${EVENT_MSG}

Note: The LEEF format uses tab as a delimiter to separate event attributes from each other. However, the delimiter does not start until after the last pipe character for {Event_ID}. The following fields must include a tab before the event name: devTime, devTimeFormat, cat, sev, resource, usrName, application, and message.

You might need to use a text editor to copy and paste the LEEF message format into the **Message Template** field.

Step 10 Click OK.

The destination configuration is complete. You are now ready to restart the Syslog-ng Agent service.

Restart the Syslog-ngBefore the Syslog-ng Agent can forward LEEF formatted events, you must restartAgent servicethe Syslog-ng Agent service on the Windows host.

Procedure

Step 1 From the Start menu, select Start > Run.

The Run window is displayed.

Step 2 Type the following:

services.msc

Step 3 Click OK.

The Services window is displayed.

Step 4 In the Name column, right-click on Syslog-ng Agent for Windows, and select Restart.

After the Syslog-ng Agent for Windows service restarts, the configuration is complete. Syslog events from the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent are automatically discovered by QRadar. The Windows events that are automatically discovered are displayed as Microsoft Windows Security Event Logs on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from LEEF formatted messages. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Microsoft Windows Security Event Log.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 14-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Configuring BalaBit IT Security for Microsoft ISA or TMG Events	You can integrate the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent application to forward syslog events to QRadar.
Supported event types	The BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent reads Microsoft ISA or Microsoft TMG event logs and forwards syslog events using the Log Extended Event Format (LEEF).
	The events forwarded by BalaBit IT Security are parsed and categorized by the Microsoft Internet and Acceleration (ISA) DSM for QRadar. The DSM accepts both Microsoft ISA and Microsoft Threat Management Gateway (TMG) events.
Before you begin	Before you can receive events from BalaBit IT Security Syslog-ng Agents, you must install and configure the agent to forward events.
	Note: This integration uses BalaBit's Syslog-ng Agent for Windows and BalaBit's Syslog-ng PE to parse and forward events to QRadar for the DSM to interpret.
	Review the following configuration steps before you attempt to configure the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent:
	To configure the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent, you must:
1	Install the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent in your Windows host. For more information, see your BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent vendor documentation.
2	Configure the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent.
3	Install a BalaBit Syslog-ng PE for Linux or Unix in relay mode to parse and forward events to QRadar. For more information, see your BalaBit Syslog-ng PE vendor documentation.
4	Configure syslog for BalaBit Syslog-ng PE.
5	Optional. Configure the log source in QRadar.
Configure the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent	Before you can forward events to QRadar, you must specify the file source for Microsoft ISA or Microsoft TMG events in the Syslog-ng Agent collects.
	If your Microsoft ISA or Microsoft TMG appliance is generating event files for the Web Proxy Server and the Firewall Service, both files can be added.
	Configure the file source
	File sources allow you to define the base log directory and files monitored by the Syslog-ng Agent.

Procedure

Step 1 From the Start menu, select All Programs > syslog-ng Agent for Windows > Configure syslog-ng Agent for Windows.

The Syslog-ng Agent window is displayed.

- Step 2 Expand the syslog-ng Agent Settings pane, and select File Sources.
- Step 3 Select the Enable radio button.
- Step 4 Click Add to add your Microsoft ISA and TMG event files.
- Step 5 From the Base Directory field, click Browse and select the folder for your Microsoft ISA or Microsoft TMG log files.
- Step 6 From the File Name Filter field, click Browse and select a log file containing your Microsoft ISA or Microsoft TMG events.

Note: The **File Name Filter** field supports the wildcard (*) and question mark (?) characters to follow log files that are replaced after reaching a specific file size or date.

- Step 7 In the Application Name field, type a name to identify the application.
- Step 8 From the Log Facility list, select Use Global Settings.
- Step 9 Click OK.
- Step 10 To add additional file sources, click Add and repeat this process from Step 4.

Microsoft ISA and TMG store Web Proxy Service events and Firewall Service events in individual files.

Step 11 Click Apply, and then click OK.

The event configuration is complete. You are now ready to configure a syslog destinations and formatting for your Microsoft TMG and ISA events.

Configuring a syslog destination

The event logs captured by Microsoft ISA or TMG cannot be parsed by the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent for Windows, so you must forward your logs to a BalaBit Syslog-ng Premium Edition (PE) for Linux or Unix.

To forward your TMG and ISA event logs, you must specify the IP address for your PE relay and configure a message template for the LEEF format. The BalaBit Syslog-ng PE acts as an intermediate syslog server to parse the events and forward the information to QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 From the Start menu, select All Programs > syslog-ng Agent for Windows > Configure syslog-ng Agent for Windows.

The Syslog-ng Agent window is displayed.

- Step 2 Expand the syslog-ng Agent Settings pane, and click **Destinations**.
- Step 3 Double-click on Add new sever.
- Step 4 On the Server tab, click Set Primary Server.

- Step 5 Configure the following parameters:
 - a Server Name Type the IP address of your BalaBit Syslog-ng PE relay.
 - Server Port Type 514 as the TCP port number for events forwarded to your BalaBit Syslog-ng PE relay.
- Step 6 Click the Messages tab.
- Step 7 From the Protocol list, select Legacy BSD Syslog Protocol.
- Step 8 From the File Message Format pane, in the **Message Template** field, type the following format command:

\${FILE_MESSAGE}\${TZOFFSET}

Step 9 Click Apply, and then click OK.

The destination configuration is complete. You are now ready to filter comment lines from the event log.

Filtering the log file for comment lines

The event log file for Microsoft ISA or Microsoft TMG can contain comment markers, these comments must be filtered from the event message.

Procedure

Step 1 From the Start menu, select All Programs > syslog-ng Agent for Windows > Configure syslog-ng Agent for Windows.

The Syslog-ng Agent window is displayed.

- **Step 2** Expand the syslog-ng Agent Settings pane, and select **Destinations**.
- Step 3 Right-click on your QRadar syslog destination and select Event Filters > Properties.

The Global event filters Properties window is displayed.

- Step 4 Configure the following values:
 - From the Global file filters pane, select **Enable**.
 - From the Filter Type pane, select **Black List Filtering**.
- Step 5 Click OK.
- Step 6 From the filter list menu, double-click Message Contents.

The Message Contents Properties window is displayed.

- Step 7 From the Message Contents pane, select the Enable radio button.
- Step 8 In the Regular Expression field, type the following regular expression:
 *#
- Step 9 Click Add.
- Step 10 Click Apply, and then click OK.

The event messages containing comments are no longer forwarded.

Note: You might be required to restart Syslog-ng Agent for Windows service to begin syslog forwarding. For more information, see your BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent documentation.

Configuring a BalaBitThe BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent for Windows sends Microsoft TMG and ISA eventSyslog-ng PE RelayIogs to a Balabit Syslog-ng PE installation, which is configured in relay mode.

The relay mode installation is responsible for receiving the event log from the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent for Windows, parsing the event logs in to the LEEF format, then forwarding the events to QRadar using syslog.

To configure your BalaBit Syslog-ng PE Relay, you must:

- 1 Install BalaBit Syslog-ng PE for Linux or Unix in relay mode. For more information, see your BalaBit Syslog-ne PE vendor documentation.
- Configure syslog on your Syslog-ng PE relay.

Note: For a sample syslog.conf file you can use to configure Microsoft TMG and ISA logs using your BalaBit Syslog-ng PE relay, see *http://www.ibm.com/support.*

The BalaBit Syslog-ng PE formats the TMG and ISA events in the LEEF format based on the configuration of your syslog.conf file. The syslog.conf file is responsible for parsing the event logs and forwarding the events to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your BalaBit Syslog-ng PE relay command-line interface (CLI).
- Step 2 Edit the following file:

/etc/syslog-ng/etc/syslog.conf

Step 3 From the destinations section, add an IP address and port number for each relay destination.

For example,

```
######
# destinations
destination d_messages { file("/var/log/messages"); };
destination d_remote_tmgfw { tcp("QRadar_IP" port(QRadar_PORT)
log_disk_fifo_size(1000000) template(t_tmgfw)); };
destination d_remote_tmgweb { tcp("QRadar_IP" port(QRadar_PORT)
log_disk_fifo_size(1000000) template(t_tmgweb)); };
Where:
```

QRadar IP is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

QRadar_PORT is the port number required for QRadar to receive syslog events. By default, QRadar receives syslog events on port 514.

- **Step 4** Save the syslog configuration changes.
- Step 5 Restart Syslog-ng PE to force the configuration file to be read.

The BalaBit Syslog-ng PE configuration is complete. Syslog events forwarded from the BalaBit Syslog-ng relay are automatically discovered by QRadar as Microsoft Windows Security Event Log on the **Log Activity** tab. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Users Guide*.

Note: When using multiple syslog destinations, messages are considered delivered after they successfully arrived at the primary syslog destination.

Configuring a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
LEEF formatted messages provided by your BalaBit Syslog-ng relay. The following
configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Microsoft ISA.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 1	4-2	Svslog	Parameters
		Ovsiou.	

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for Microsoft ISA or Microsoft Threat Management Gateway events from the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The BalaBit IT Security configuration for Microsoft ISA and Microsoft TMG events is complete.

15 BARRACUDA

IBM Security QRadar supports the following Barracuda devices:

- Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall
- Barracuda Web Filter

Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall	You can integrate Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall with QRadar.
Supported event types	The Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts both Mail syslog events and Web syslog events from Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall appliances.
	Mail syslog events contain the event and action taken when the firewall processes email. Web syslog events record information on user activity and configuration changes on your Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall appliance.
Before you begin	Syslog messages are sent to QRadar from Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall using UDP port 514. You must verify any firewalls between QRadar and your Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall appliance allow UDP traffic on port 514.
Configuring syslog event forwarding	You can configure syslog forwarding for Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall. Procedure
Step 1	Log in to the Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall web interface.
Step 2	Click the Advanced tab.
Step 3	From the Advanced menu, select Advanced Networking.
Step 4	In the Mail Syslog field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or event collector.
Step 5	Click Add.
Step 6	In the Web Interface Syslog field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or event collector.
Step 7	Click Add.

Configuring a log source	QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.
Step 3	Click the Log Sources icon.
Step 4	Click Add.
Step 5	In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
Step 6	In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
Step 7	From the Log Source Type list, select Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall.
Step 8	From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
Step 9	In the Log Source Identifier field, type the IP address or host name for the log source.
Step 10	Click Save.
Step 11	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.
Barracuda Web	You can integrate Barracuda Web Filter appliance events with QRadar.
Filter	
Supported event types	The Barracuda Web Filter DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts web traffic and web interface events in syslog format forwarded by Barracuda Web Filter appliances.
Supported event	The Barracuda Web Filter DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts web traffic and web interface events in syslog format forwarded by Barracuda Web Filter
Supported event	The Barracuda Web Filter DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts web traffic and web interface events in syslog format forwarded by Barracuda Web Filter appliances. Web traffic events contain the event and action taken when the appliance processes web traffic. Web interface events contain user login activity and

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the Barracuda Web Filter web interface.
- Step 2 Click the Advanced tab.
- Step 3 From the Advanced menu, select Syslog.
- Step 4 From the Web Traffic Syslog field, type IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 From the Web Interface Syslog field, type IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 7 Click Add.

The syslog configuration is complete.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Barracuda Web Filter appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Barracuda Web Filter.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 15-1
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Barracuda Web Filter appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded by Barracuda Web Filter are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

16 BLUECAT NETWORKS ADONIS

	The BlueCat Networks Adonis DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events forwarded in Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF) using syslog from BlueCat Adonis appliances managed with BlueCat Proteus.
Supported versions	QRadar supports BlueCat Networks Adonis appliances using version 6.7.1-P2 and later.
	You might be required to include a patch on your BlueCat Networks Adonis to integrate DNS and DHCP events with QRadar. For more information, see KB-4670 and your BlueCat Networks documentation.
Supported event types	QRadar is capable of collecting all relevant events related to DNS and DHCP queries.
	This includes the following events:
	DNS IPv4 and IPv6 query events
	DNS name server query events
	DNS mail exchange query events
	DNS text record query events
	DNS record update events
	DHCP discover events
	DHCP request events
	DHCP release events
Event type format	The LEEF format consists of a pipe () delimited syslog header and a space delimited event payload.
	For example, Aug 10 14:55:30 adonis671-184 LEEF:1.0 BCN Adonis 6.7.1 DNS_Query cat=A_record src=10.10.10.10 url=test.example.com
	If the syslog events forwarded from your BlueCat Adonis appliance are not formatted similarly to the sample above, you must examine your device

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configuration. Properly formatted LEEF event messages are automatically discovered by the BlueCat Networks Adonis DSM and added as a log source to QRadar.

Before you begin BlueCat Adonis must be configured to generate events in Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF) and redirect the event output by way of syslog to QRadar.

BlueCat Networks provides a script on their appliance to assist you with configuring syslog. To complete the syslog redirection, you must have administrative or root access to the command-line interface of the BlueCat Adonis or your BlueCat Proteus appliance. If the syslog configuration script is not present on your appliance, you can contact your BlueCat Networks representative.

Configuring BlueCatYou can configure your BlueCat Adonis appliance to forward DNS and DHCPAdonisevents to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your BlueCat Adonis appliance command-line interface.
- Step 2 Type the following command to start the syslog configuration script:

/usr/local/bluecat/qradar/setup-qradar.sh

- Step 3 Type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 4 Type yes or no to confirm the IP address.

The configuration is complete when a success message is displayed.

The log source is added to QRadar as BlueCat Networks Adonis syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab. If the events are not automatically discovered, you can manually configure a log source.

Configuring a log source in QRadar BlueCat Networks Adonis. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select BlueCat Networks Adonis.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 16-2
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your BlueCat Networks Adonis appliance.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

17 BLUE COAT SG

The Blue Coat SG DSM for IBM Security QRadar allows you to integrate events from a Blue Coat SG appliance with QRadar.

QRadar records all relevant and available information from name-value events that are separated by pipe (|) characters.

QRadar can receive events from your Blue Coat SG appliance using syslog or can retrieve events from the Blue Coat SG appliance using the Log File protocol. The instructions provided describe how to configure Blue Coat SG using a custom name-value pair format. However, QRadar supports the following formats:

- Custom Format
- SQUID
- NCSA
- main
- IM
- Streaming
- smartreporter
- bcereportermain_v1
- bcreporterssl_v1
- p2p
- SSL
- bcreportercifs_v1
- CIFS
- MAPI

For more information about your Blue Coat SG Appliance, see your vendor documentation.

Creating a custom event format	The Blue Coat SG DSM for QRadar accepts custom formatted events from a Blue Coat SG appliance.
	Procedure
Step	Using a web browser, log in to the Blue Coat Management Console.
Step	2 Select Configuration > Access Logging > Formats.
Step	3 Select New.
Step	Type a format name for the custom format.
Step	5 Select Custom format string.
Step	Type the following custom format for QRadar:
	<pre>Bluecoat src=\$(c-ip) srcport=\$(c-port) dst=\$(cs-uri-address) ds tport=\$(cs-uri-port) username=\$(cs-username) devicetime=\$(gmtti me) s-action=\$(s-action) sc-status=\$(sc-status) cs-method=\$(cs- method) time-taken=\$(time-taken) sc-bytes=\$(sc-bytes) cs-bytes= \$(cs-bytes) cs-uri-scheme=\$(cs-uri-scheme) cs-host=\$(cs-host) c s-uri-path=\$(cs-uri-path) cs-uri-query=\$(cs-uri-query) cs-uri-e xtension=\$(cs-uri-extension) cs-auth-group=\$(cs-auth-group) rs(Content-Type)=\$(rs(Content-Type)) cs(User-Agent)=\$(cs(User-Agen t)) cs(Referer)=\$(cs(Referer)) sc-filter-result=\$(cs-uri)</pre>
Step	7 Select Log Last Header from the list.
Step	B Click OK .
Step	Olick Apply.
	Note: The custom format for QRadar supports additional key-value pairs using the Blue Coat ELFF format. For more information, see Creating additional custom format key-value pairs .
	You are ready to enable access logging on your Blue Coat device.
Creating a log facility	To use the custom log format created for QRadar, you must associate the custom log format for QRadar to a facility.
	Procedure
Step	Select Configuration > Access Logging > Logs.
Step	2 Click New.
Step	3 Configure the following parameters:
	Log Name - Type a name for the log facility.
	 Log Format - Select the custom format you created in Creating a custom event format, Step 4.
	Description - Type a description for the log facility.
Step	4 Click OK .

Step 5	Click Apply.	
	You are ready to enable logging on the Blue Coat device. For more information, see Enabling access logging .	
Enabling access	You must enable access logging on your Blue Coat SG device.	
logging	Procedure	
Step 1	Select Configuration > Access Logging > General.	
Step 2	Select the Enable Access Logging check box.	
	If the Enable Access Logging check box is not selected, logging is disabled globally for all of the formats listed.	
Step 3	Click Apply.	
	You are ready to configure the Blue Coat upload client. For more information, see Retrieving Blue Coat events .	
Retrieving Blue Coat events	Events from your Blue Coat SG appliance are forwarded using the Blue Coat upload client.	
	QRadar can receive forwarded events using FTP or syslog.	
	 If you are using FTP, see Log File protocol configuration. 	
	 If you are using syslog, see Syslog configuration. 	
Log File protocol configuration	To use FTP, you must configure the Blue Coat upload client.	
04	Procedure	
-	Select Configuration > Access Logging > Logs > Upload Client.	
-	From the Log list, select the log containing your custom format.	
-	From the Client type list, select FTP Client .	
Step 4	Select the text file option.	
	If you select the gzip file option on your Blue Coat appliance, you must configure a Processor for your log source with the GZIP option.	
Step 5	Click Settings.	
Step 6	From the Settings For list, select Primary FTP Server.	
Step 7	Configure the following values:	
	a Host - Type the IP address of the FTP server receiving the Blue Coat events.	
	b Port - Type the FTP port number.	
	c Path - Type a directory path for the log files.	
	d Username - Type the username required to access the FTP server.	
Step 8	Click OK .	

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- Step 9 Select the Upload Schedule tab.
- Step 10 From the Upload the access log option, select periodically.
- Step 11 Configure the Wait time between connect attempts.
- Step 12 Select if you want to upload the log file to the FTP daily or on an interval.
- Step 13 Click Apply.

Configuring a Log Source in QRadar

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 From the Log Source Type list, select the Bluecoat SG Appliance option.
- Step 8 From the Protocol Configuration list, select the Log File option.
- Step 9 Configure the following values:

Table 17-1 Blue Coat SG log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	• SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.

Parameter	Description	
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.	
	The options include:	
	FTP - TCP Port 21	
	SFTP - TCP Port 22	
	SCP - TCP Port 22	
	Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.	
Remote User	Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.	
	The username can be up to 255 characters in length.	
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.	
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.	
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.	
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.	
	Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.	
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.	
	The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.	
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.	
	The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files ending with .log, type the following:	
	.*\.log	
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/	

 Table 17-1
 Blue Coat SG log file protocol parameters (continued)

	5 1 1 ()
Parameter	Description
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only appears if you select FTP as the Service Type. The FTP Transfer Mode parameter allows you to define the file transfer mode when retrieving log files over FTP.
	From the list, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source:
	• Binary - Select Binary for log sources that require binary data files or compressed zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.
	 ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer.
	You must select NONE for the Processor parameter and LINEBYLINE the Event Generator parameter when using ASCII as the FTP Transfer Mode.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.
	This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
	For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save .
	After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	If the files located on the remote host are stored in a zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format, select the processor that allows the archives to be expanded and contents processed.

 Table 17-1
 Blue Coat SG log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.
	QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.
	This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar system for storing downloaded files during processing.
	We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.
	The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

 Table 17-1
 Blue Coat SG log file protocol parameters (continued)

Step 10 Click Save.

Step 11 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log file protocol configuration for Blue Coat SG is complete.

Syslog configuration To allow syslog event collection, you must configure your Blue Coat appliance to forward syslog events.

CAUTION: If your Blue Coat SG appliance is reporting events using syslog (rather than a file transfer protocol) and the destination syslog server becomes unavailable, it is possible that other syslog destinations can stop receiving data until all syslog destinations are again available. This creates the potential for some syslog data to not be sent at all. If you are sending to multiple syslog destinations, a disruption in availability in one syslog destination might interrupt the stream of events to other syslog destinations from your Blue Coat SG appliance.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select Configuration > Access Logging > Logs > Upload Client.
- Step 2 From the Log list, select the log containing your custom format.
- Step 3 From the Client type drop-down list bow, select Custom Client.
- Step 4 Click Settings.
- Step 5 From the Settings For list, select Primary Custom Server.
- Step 6 Configure the following values:

- a Host Type the IP address for your QRadar.
- **b Port** Type **514** as the syslog port for QRadar.
- Step 7 Click OK.
- Step 8 Select the Upload Schedule tab.
- Step 9 From the Upload the access log, select continuously.
- Step 10 Click Apply.

You are now ready to configure a log source for Blue Coat SG events.

Configure a log source

To integrate Barracuda Web Application Firewall with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive Blue Coat SG events.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- **Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Blue Coat SG Appliance.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 17-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Blue Coat SG appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Blue Coat SG are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Creating additional custom format key-value pairs	The custom format allows you to fo QRadar using the Extended Log F	prward specific Blue Coat data or events to le Format (ELFF).
	The custom format is a series of pipe delimited fields starting with Bluecoat and containing \$ (Blue Coat ELFF Parameter). Custom format fields for QRadar must be separated by the pipe character.	
	For example:	
	tport=\$(cs-uri-port) userna	t=\$(c-port) dst=\$(cs-uri-address) ds me=\$(cs-username) devicetime=\$(gmtti c-status=\$(sc-status) cs-method=\$(cs-
	Table 17-3 QRadar Custom Format E	Examples
	Blue Coat ELFF Parameter	QRadar Custom Format Example
	sc-bytes	\$(sc-bytes)

For more information on the available Blue Coat ELFF parameters, see your Blue Coat appliance documentation.

18 BRIDGEWATER

	The Bridgewater Systems DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.
Supported event types	QRadar records all relevant events forwarded from Bridgewater AAA Service Controller devices using syslog.
Configuring Syslog for your Bridgewater Systems Device	You must configure your Bridgewater Systems appliance to send syslog events to QRadar.
,	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to your Bridgewater Systems device command-line interface (CLI).
Step 2	To log operational messages to the RADIUS and Diameter servers, open the following file:
	/etc/syslog.conf
Step 3	To log all operational messages, uncomment the following line:
	local1.info /WideSpan/logs/oplog
Step 4	To log error messages only, change the local1.info /WideSpan/logs/oplog line to the following:
	local1.err /WideSpan/logs/oplog
	Note: RADIUS and Diameter system messages are stored in the /var/adm/messages file.
Step 5	Add the following line:
	local1.*@ <ip address=""></ip>
	Where <ip address=""> is the IP address your QRadar Console.</ip>
Step 6	The RADIUS and Diameter server system messages are stored in the /var/adm/messages file. Add the following line for the system messages:
	<facility>.*@<ip address=""></ip></facility>
	Where:
	<facility> is the facility used for logging to the /var/adm/messages file.</facility>
	<ip address=""> is the IP address of your QRadar Console.</ip>
	-

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- Step 7 Save and exit the file.
- Step 8 Send a hang-up signal to the syslog daemon to make sure all changes are enforced:

kill -HUP `cat /var/run/syslog.pid`

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Bridgewater Systems appliance events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by your Bridgewater Systems appliance are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from a Bridgewater Systems appliance. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Bridgewater Systems AAA Service Controller.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 18-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Bridgewater Systems appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

19 BROCADE FABRIC OS

IBM Security QRadar can collect and categorize syslog system and audit events from Brocade switches and appliances that use Fabric OS V7.x.

To collect syslog events, you must configure your switch to forward syslog events. Each switch or appliance must be configured to forward events.

Events that you forward from Brocade switches are automatically discovered. A log source is configured for each switch or appliance that forwards events to QRadar. Brocade switches or appliance that run Fabric OS V7.x.

Configuring syslog To collect events, you must configure syslog on your Brocade appliance to forward events to QRadar.

Procedure

OS appliances

Step 1 Log in to your appliance as an admin user.

Step 2 To configure an address to forward syslog events, type the following command:

syslogdipadd <IP address>

Where <IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar Console, Event Processor, Event Collector, or all-in-one system.

Step 3 To verify the address, type the following command:

syslogdipshow

Result

As events are generated by the Brocade switch, they are forwarded to the syslog destination you specified. The log source is automatically discovered after enough events are forwarded by the Brocade appliance. It typically takes a minimum of 25 events to automatically discover a log source.

What to do next

Administrators can log in to the QRadar Console and verify that the log source is created on the Console and that the **Log Activity** tab displays events from the Brocade appliance.

20 CA TECHNOLOGIES

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- CA ACF2
- CA SiteMinder
- CA Top Secret

CAACF2 IBM Security QRadar includes two options for integrating CA Access Control Facility (ACF2) events:

- Integrate CA ACF2 with QRadar using IBM Security zSecure
- Integrate CA ACF2 with QRadar using audit scripts

Integrate CA ACF2 with QRadar using IBM Security zSecure The CA ACF2 DSM allows you to integrate LEEF events from an ACF2 image on an IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure.

Using a zSecure process, events from the System Management Facilities (SMF) are recorded to an event file in the Log Enhanced Event format (LEEF). QRadar retrieves the LEEF event log files using the log file protocol and processes the events. You can schedule QRadar to retrieve events on a polling interval, which allows QRadar to retrieve the events on the schedule you have defined.

To integrate CA ACF2 events:

- 1 Confirm your installation meets any prerequisite installation requirements.
- 2 Configure your CA ACF2 z/OS image to write events in LEEF format. For more information, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide.*
- 3 Create a log source in QRadar for CA ACF2 to retrieve your LEEF formatted event logs.
- 4 Optional. Create a custom event property for CA ACF2 in QRadar. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Before You begin

Before you can configure the data collection process, you must complete the basic zSecure installation process.

The following installation prerequisites are required:

- You must ensure parmlib member IFAPRDxx is not disabled for IBM Security zSecure Audit on your z/OS image.
- The SCKRLOAD library must be APF-authorized.
- You must configure a process to periodically refresh your CKFREEZE and UNLOAD data sets.
- You must configure an SFTP, FTP, or SCP server on your z/OS image for QRadar to download your LEEF event files.
- You must allow SFTP, FTP, or SCP traffic on firewalls located between QRadar and your z/OS image.

After installing the software, you must also perform the post-installation activities to create and modify the configuration. For instructions on installing and configuring zSecure, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide.*

Create a log source for ACF2 in QRadar

You can use the Log File protocol to retrieve archived log files containing events from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM z/OS with zSecure writes log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your LEEF formatted event files and a polling interval.

To configure a log source in QRadar for CA ACF2:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select CA ACF2.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 20-1 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
	For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify the IP address or host name of the device that uniquely identifies the log source. This allows events to be identified at the device level in your network, instead of identifying the event for the file repository.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	• SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.

Parameter	Description	
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.	
	The options include:	
	FTP - TCP Port 21	
	SFTP - TCP Port 22	
	SCP - TCP Port 22	
	Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.	
Remote User	Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.	
	The username can be up to 255 characters in length.	
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.	
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.	
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.	
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.	
	Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.	
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.	
	The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.	

Table 20-1 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters (continued)

	• • •
Parameter	Description
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.
	IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern ACF2. <timestamp>.gz</timestamp>
	The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with ACF2 and ending with .gz, type the following:
	ACF2.*\.gz
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website:
	http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list, select Binary .
	The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.
	This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
	For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save .
	After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.

 Table 20-1
 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	From the list, select gzip.
	Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.
	QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.
	This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.
	We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.
	The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

Table 20-1 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters (continued)

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The CA ACF2 configuration is complete. If your configuration requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Integrate CA ACF2 The CA Access Control Facility (ACF2) DSM allows you to use an IBM mainframe to collect events and audit transactions with the log file protocol.

Configuration overview

QexACF2.load.trs is a TERSED file containing a PDS loadlib with the QEXACF2 program. A tersed file is similar to a zip file and requires you to use the TRSMAIN program to uncompress the contents. The TRSMAIN program is available from *http://www.ibm.com/support/*.

To upload a TRS file from a workstation, you must pre-allocate a file with the following DCB attributes: DSORG=PS, RECFM=FB, LRECL= 1024, BLKSIZE=6144. The file transfer type must be BINARY APPEND. If the transfer type is TEXT or TEXT APPEND, then the file cannot properly uncompress.

After you upload the file to the mainframe into the preallocated dataset the tersed file can be UNPACKED using the TRSMAIN utility using the sample JCL also included in the tar package. A return code of 0008 from the TRSMAIN utility indicates the dataset is not recognized as a valid TERSED file. This error might be the result of the file not being uploaded to a file with the correct DCB attributes or due to the fact that the transfer was not performed using the BINARY APPEND transfer mechanism.

After you have successfully UNPACKED the loadlib file, you can run the QEXACF2 program with the sample JCL file. The sample JCL file is contained in the tar collection. To run the QEXACF2 program, you must modify the JCL to your local naming conventions and JOB card requirements. You might also need to use the STEPLIB DD if the program is not placed in a LINKLISTED library.

To integrate CA ACF2 events into QRadar:

- 1 The IBM mainframe records all security events as Service Management Framework (SMF) records in a live repository.
- 2 The CA ACF2 data is extracted from the live repository using the SMF dump utility. The SMF file contains all of the events and fields from the previous day in raw SMF format.
- 3 The QexACF2.load.trs program pulls data from the SMF formatted file. The QexACF2.load.trs program only pulls the relevant events and fields for QRadar and writes that information in a condensed format for compatibility. The information is saved in a location accessible by QRadar.
- 4 QRadar uses the log file protocol source to retrieve the output file information on a scheduled basis. QRadar then imports and processes this file.

Configure CA ACF2 to integrate with QRadar

QRadar uses scripts to write audit events to from CAACF2 installations., which are retrieved by QRadar using the Log File protocol.

Procedure

Step 1 From the IBM support website (*http://www.ibm.com/support*), download the following compressed file:

qexacf2_bundled.tar.gz

Step 2 On a Linux-based operating system, extract the file:

tar -zxvf qexacf2_bundled.tar.gz

The following files are contained in the archive:

QexACF2.JCL.txt - Job Control Language file

QexACF2.load.trs - Compressed program library (requires IBM TRSMAIN)

trsmain sample JCL.txt - Job Control Language for TRSMAIN to decompress the .trs file

Step 3 Load the files onto the IBM mainframe using the following methods:

- a Upload the sample <code>QexACF2_trsmain_JCL.txt</code> and <code>QexACF2.JCL.txt</code> files using the TEXT protocol.
- b Upload the QexACF2.load.trs file using a BINARY mode transfer and append to a pre-allocated data set. The QexACF2.load.trs file is a tersed file containing the executable (the mainframe program QexACF2). When you upload the .trs file from a workstation, pre-allocate a file on the mainframe with the following DCB attributes: DSORG=PS, RECFM=FB, LRECL=1024, BLKSIZE=6144. The file transfer type must be binary mode and not text.

Note: QexACF2 is a small C mainframe program that reads the output of the TSSUTIL (EARLOUT data) line by line. QexACF2 adds a header to each record containing event information, for example, record descriptor, the date, and time. The program places each field into the output record, suppresses trailing blank characters, and delimits each field with the pipe character. This output file is formatted for QRadar and the blank suppression reduces network traffic to QRadar. This program does not consume CPU or I/O disk resources.

Step 4 Customize the trsmain sample_JCL.txt file according to your installation-specific parameters.

For example, jobcard, data set naming conventions, output destinations, retention periods, and space requirements.

The trsmain sample_JCL.txt file uses the IBM utility TRSMAIN to extract the program stored in the QexACF2.load.trs file.

An example of the QexACF2_trsmain_JCL.txt file includes:

```
//TRSMAIN
           JOB (yourvalidjobcard), Q1labs,
// MSGCLASS=V
//DEL EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//D1 DD DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXACF2.LOAD.TRS
11
       UNIT=SYSDA,
11
       SPACE = (CYL, (10, 10))
//TRSMAIN EXEC PGM=TRSMAIN, PARM='UNPACK'
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*, DCB=(LRECL=133, BLKSIZE=12901, RECFM=FBA)
//INFILE DD DISP=SHR, DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXACF2.LOAD.TRS
//OUTFILE DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
11
           DSN=<yourhlq>.LOAD,
11
       SPACE=(CYL, (10,10,5), RLSE), UNIT=SYSDA
11
```

The .trs input file is an IBM TERSE formatted library and is extracted by running the JCL, which calls the TRSMAIN. This tersed file, when extracted, creates a PDS linklib with the **QexACF2** program as a member.

- **Step 5** You can STEPLIB to this library or choose to move the program to one of the LINKLIBs that are in LINKLST. The program does not require authorization.
- Step 6 After uploading, copy the program to an existing link listed library or add a STEPLIB DD statement with the correct dataset name of the library that will contain the program.
- Step 7 The QexACF2_jcl.txt file is a text file containing a sample JCL. You must configure the job card to meet your configuration.

```
The QexACF2 jcl.txt sample file includes:
//QEXACF2 JOB (T, JXPO, JKSD0093), DEV, NOTIFY=Q1JACK,
// MSGCLASS=P,
// REGION=0M
//*
//*QEXACF2 JCL VERSION 1.0 OCTOBER, 2010
//*
//* Change below dataset names to sites specific datasets names*
//SET1 SET SMFIN='MVS1.SMF.RECORDS(0)',
// QEXOUT='Q1JACK.QEXACF2.OUTPUT',
// SMFOUT='Q1JACK.ACF2.DATA'
//* Delete old datasets
//DEL EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1 DD DISP=(MOD, DELETE), DSN=&SMFOUT,
// UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10)),
// DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80)
//DD2 DD DISP=(MOD, DELETE), DSN=&QEXOUT,
// UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10)),
// DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80)
//* Allocate new dataset
//ALLOC EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1 DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG),DSN=&QEXOUT,
// SPACE=(CYL, (100, 100)),
// DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=6144)
//* Execute ACFRPTPP (Report Preprocessor GRO) to extract ACF2*
//* SMF records
//PRESCAN EXEC PGM=ACFRPTPP
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//RECMAN1 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=&SMFIN
//SMFFLT DD DSN=&SMFOUT,SPACE=(CYL,(100,100)),DISP=(,CATLG),
// DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=8192,BLKSIZE=40960),
// UNIT=SYSALLDA
//* execute QEXACF2
//EXTRACT EXEC PGM=QEXACF2, DYNAMNBR=10,
// TIME=1440
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=Q1JACK.C.LOAD
//SYSTSIN DD DUMMY
```

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```
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//CFG DD DUMMY
//ACFIN DD DISP=SHR, DSN=&SMFOUT
//ACFOUT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=&QEXOUT
//FTP EXEC PGM=FTP, REGION=3800K
//INPUT DD *
<IPADDR>
<USER>
<PASSWORD>
PUT '<ACFOUT>' EARL <THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<ACFOUT>
QUIT
//OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//*
```

Step 8 After the output file is created, you must choose one of the following options:

a Schedule a job to a transfer the output file to an interim FTP server.

Each time the job completes, the output file is forwarded to an interim FTP server. You must configure the following parameters in the sample JCL to successfully forward the output to an interim FTP server:

For example:

```
//FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//INPUT DD *
<IPADDR>
<USER>
<PASSWORD>
PUT '<ACFOUT>' EARL_<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<ACFOUT>
QUIT
//OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
```

Where:

<IPADDR> is the IP address or host name of the interim FTP server to receive the output file.

<user> is the user name required to access the interim FTP server.

PASSWORD> is the password required to access the interim FTP server.

<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE> is the destination of the mainframe or interim FTP server receiving the output.

For example:

PUT 'Q1JACK.QEXACF2.OUTPUT.C320' /192.168.1.101/ACF2/QEXACF2. OUTPUT.C320

<gexoutdsn> is the name of the output file saved to the interim FTP server.

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You are now ready to create a log source in QRadar. For more information, see **Create a log source**.

b Schedule QRadar to retrieve the output file from CA ACF2.

If the zOS platform is configured to serve files through FTP, SFTP, or allow SCP, then no interim FTP server is required and QRadar can pull the output file directly from the mainframe. The following text must be commented out using //* or deleted from the <code>QexACF2_jcl.txt</code> file:

```
//FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//INPUT DD *
<IPADDR>
<USER>
<PASSWORD>
PUT '<ACFOUT>' EARL_<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<ACFOUT>
QUIT
//OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
```

You are now ready to configure the a log source in QRadar.

Create a log source

A log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

The CA ACF2 DSM supports the bulk loading of log files using the log file protocol source. When configuring your CA ACF2 DSM to use the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the CA ACF2 is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File protocol configuration.

To configure a log source in QRadar for CA ACF2:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select CA ACF2.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
	For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify the IP address or host name of the device that uniquely identifies the log source. This allows events to be identified at the device level in your network, instead of identifying the event for the file repository.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
	The options include:
	• FTP - TCP Port 21
	SFTP - TCP Port 22
	SCP - TCP Port 22
	Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.
Remote User	Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.
	The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.

Table 20-2 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
	Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.
	The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.
	IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern zOS. <timestamp>.gz</timestamp>
	The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with zOS and ending with .gz, type the following:
	ACF2.*\.gz
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website:
	http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list, select Binary .
	The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.
	This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.

Table 20-2 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
	For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save .
	After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do no want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	From the list, select gzip.
	Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.
	QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.
	This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.
	We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.
	The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. Fo example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

 Table 20-2
 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters (continued)

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The CA ACF2 configuration is complete. If your configuration requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

CA SiteMinder	The CA SiteMinder DS SiteMinder appliances	M collects and categorizes authorization events from CA using syslog-ng.
Supported event types		M accepts access and authorization events logged in vards the events to QRadar using syslog-ng.
Configure a log source		RadarQRadar does not automatically discover authorization g syslog-ng from CA SiteMinder appliances.
	To manually create a C	CA SiteMinder log source:
Step 1	Click the Admin tab.	
Step 2	On the navigation men	u, click Data Sources .
	The Data Sources pan	el is displayed.
Step 3	Click the Log Sources	icon.
	The Log Sources wind	ow is displayed.
Step 4	In the Log Source Na	me field, type a name for your CA SiteMinder log source.
Step 5	In the Log Source Des	scription field, type a description for the log source.
Step 6	From the Log Source Type list, select CA SiteMinder.	
Step 7	From the Protocol Co	nfiguration list, select Syslog.
	The syslog protocol pa	rameters are displayed.
		tocol is displayed in the Protocol Configuration list, g files is not a recommended configuration method.
Step 8	Configure the following	values:
	Table 20-3 Adding a Sy	slog Log Source
	Parameter	Description
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your CA SiteMinder appliance.
	Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, this check box is selected.

Credibility	From the list, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 to 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source device. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
T (C (0)	

Target Event Collector From the list, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.

Parameter	Description
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	Automatically discovered log sources use the default value configured in the Coalescing Events list in the System Settings window, which is accessible on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source. For more information on Settings, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide</i> .
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable or disable QRadar from storing the event payload.
	Automatically discovered log sources use the default value from the Store Event Payload list in the System Settings window, which is accessible on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source. For more information on Settings, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide</i> .
Click Save.	
	r detects log source changes and displays a messages to ed to deploy a change.
On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes .	
You are now ready to forward events to QRa	configure syslog-ng on your CA SiteMinder appliance to adar.
	our CA SiteMinder appliance to forward syslog-ng events to

 Table 20-3
 Adding a Syslog Log Source (continued)

Ste

Step

Configure Syslog-ng У siog-ng your QRadar Console or Event Collector. for CA SiteMinder

> QRadar can collect syslog-ng events from TCP or UDP syslog sources on port 514.

To configure syslog-ng for CA SiteMinder:

- Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your CA SiteMinder appliance as a root user.
- Step 2 Edit the syslog-ng configuration file.

/etc/syslog-ng.conf

Step 3 Add the following information to specify the access log as the event file for syslog-ng:

```
source s siteminder access {
file("/opt/apps/siteminder/sm66/siteminder/log/smaccess.log");
};
```

Step 4 Add the following information to specify the destination and message template:

```
destination d_remote_q1_siteminder {
    udp("<QRadar IP>" port(514) template ("$PROGRAM $MSG\n"));
```

```
};
```

Where <QRadar IP> is the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 5 Add the following log entry information:

	<pre>log { source(s_siteminder_access); destination(d_remote_q1_siteminder); };</pre>
Step 6	Save the syslog-ng.conf file.
Step 7	Type the following command to restart syslog-ng:
	service syslog-ng restart
	After the syslog-ng service restarts, the CA SiteMinder configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar by CA SiteMinder are display on the Log Activity tab.
CA Top Secret	IBM Security QRadar includes two options for integrating CA Top Secret events:
	Integrate CA Top Secret with QRadar using IBM Security zSecure
	Integrate CA Top Secret with QRadar using audit scripts
Integrate CA Top Secret with QRadar using IBM Security	The CA Top Secret DSM allows you to integrate LEEF events from a Top Secret image on an IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure.

To integrate CA Top Secret events:

- 1 Confirm your installation meets any prerequisite installation requirements.
- 2 Configure your CA Top Secret z/OS image to write events in LEEF format. For more information, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide*.
- 3 Create a log source in QRadar for CA Top Secret to retrieve your LEEF formatted event logs.
- 4 Optional. Create a custom event property for CA Top Secret in QRadar. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Before you begin

Before you can configure the data collection process, you must complete the basic zSecure installation process.

The following prerequisites are required:

- You must ensure parmlib member IFAPRDxx is not disabled for IBM Security zSecure Audit on your z/OS image.
- The SCKRLOAD library must be APF-authorized.
- You must configure a process to periodically refresh your CKFREEZE and UNLOAD data sets.
- You must configure an SFTP, FTP, or SCP server on your z/OS image for QRadar to download your LEEF event files.
- You must allow SFTP, FTP, or SCP traffic on firewalls located between QRadar and your z/OS image.

After installing the software, you must also perform the post-installation activities to create and modify the configuration. For instructions on installing and configuring zSecure, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide.*

Create a log source

The Log File protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM z/OS with zSecure writes log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your LEEF formatted event files and a polling interval. To configure a log source in QRadar for CA Top Secret:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select CA Top Secret.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 20-4 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
	For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify the IP address or host name of the device that uniquely identifies the log source. This allows events to be identified at the device level in your network, instead of identifying the event for the file repository.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	• SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.

Parameter	Description
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
	The options include:
	• FTP - TCP Port 21
	• SFTP - TCP Port 22
	SCP - TCP Port 22
	Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.
Remote User	Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.
	The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
	Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.
	The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.

 Table 20-4
 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters (continued)

If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing. IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern TSS. <timestamp>.gz The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you</timestamp>
event files using the pattern TSS. <timestamp>.gz</timestamp>
The ETD file pattern you aposify must match the name you
assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with TSS and ending with .gz, type the following:
TSS.*\.gz
Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website:
http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list, select Binary .
The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.
If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.
This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.
Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save .
After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do no want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
_

 Table 20-4
 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	From the list, select gzip .
	Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.
	QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.
	This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.
	We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.
	The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

 Table 20-4
 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters (continued)

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The CA Top Secret configuration is complete. If your configuration requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Integrate CA TopThe CA Top Secret DSM allows you to integrate with an IBM zOS mainframe to
collect events and audit transactions.Secret with QRadar
using audit scriptsQRadar records all relevant and available information from the event.

To integrate CA Top Secret events into QRadar:

- 1 The IBM mainframe records all security events as Service Management Framework (SMF) records in a live repository.
- 2 At midnight, the CA Top Secret data is extracted from the live repository using the SMF dump utility. The SMF file contains all of the events and fields from the previous day in raw SMF format.
- 3 The **qextopsloadlib** program pulls data from the SMF formatted file. The **gextopsloadlib** program only pulls the relevant events and fields for QRadar and writes that information in a condensed format for compatibility. The information is saved in a location accessible by QRadar.
- 4 QRadar uses the log file protocol source to retrieve the output file information on a scheduled basis. QRadar then imports and processes this file.

Configure CA Top Secret to integrate with QRadar

To integrate CA Top Secret with QRadar:

Step 1 From the IBM support website (http://www.ibm.com/support), download the following compressed file:

qextops_bundled.tar.gz

Step 2 On a Linux-based operating system, extract the file:

tar -zxvf qextops_bundled.tar.gz

The following files are contained in the archive:

qextops_jcl.txt

qextopsloadlib.trs

qextops_trsmain_JCL.txt

- Step 3 Load the files onto the IBM mainframe using any terminal emulator file transfer method.
 - a Upload the sample qextops_trsmain_JCL.txt and qextops_jcl.txt files using the TEXT protocol.
 - b Upload the qextopsloadlib.trs file using a BINARY mode transfer. The qextopsloadlib.trs file is a tersed file containing the executable (the mainframe program qextops). When you upload the .trs file from a workstation, pre-allocate a file on the mainframe with the following DCB attributes: DSORG=PS, RECFM=FB, LRECL=1024, BLKSIZE=6144. The file transfer type must be binary mode and not text.

Note: Qextops is a small C mainframe program that reads the output of the TSSUTIL (EARLOUT data) line by line. Qextops adds a header to each record containing event information, for example, record descriptor, the date, and time. The program places each field into the output record, suppresses trailing blank characters, and delimits each field with the pipe character. This output file is formatted for QRadar and the blank suppression reduces network traffic to QRadar. This program does not consume CPU or I/O disk resources.

Step 4 Customize the **qextops_trsmain_JCL.txt** file according to your installation-specific requirements.

The gextops_trsmain_JCL.txt file uses the IBM utility TRSMAIN to extract the program stored in the gextopsloadlib.trs file.

An example of the **qextops** trsmain JCL.txt file includes:

```
//TRSMAIN
           JOB (yourvalidjobcard), Q11abs,
// MSGCLASS=V
//DEL EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//D1 DD DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXTOPS.TRS
11
       UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10))
//TRSMAIN EXEC PGM=TRSMAIN, PARM='UNPACK'
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*, DCB=(LRECL=133, BLKSIZE=12901, RECFM=FBA)
//INFILE DD DISP=SHR,DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXTOPS.TRS
//OUTFILE DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
11
          DSN=<yourhlq>.LOAD,
11
       SPACE=(CYL, (10,10,5), RLSE), UNIT=SYSDA
11
```

You must update the file with your installation specific information for parameters, for example, jobcard, data set naming conventions, output destinations, retention periods, and space requirements.

The .trs input file is an IBM TERSE formatted library and is extracted by running the JCL, which calls the TRSMAIN. This tersed file, when extracted, creates a PDS linklib with the **qextops** program as a member.

- Step 5 You can STEPLIB to this library or choose to move the program to one of the LINKLIBs that are in the LINKLST. The program does not require authorization.
- Step 6 After uploading, copy the program to an existing link listed library or add a STEPLIB DD statement with the correct dataset name of the library that will contain the program.
- **Step 7** The **qextops_jcl.txt** file is a text file containing a sample JCL. You must configure the job card to meet your configuration.

The **qextops_jcl.txt** sample file includes:

```
//QEXTOPS JOB (T, JXPO, JKSD0093), DEV, NOTIFY=Q1JACK,
// MSGCLASS=P,
// REGION=0M
//*
//*QEXTOPS JCL version 1.0 September, 2010
//*
//* Change below dataset names to sites specific datasets names*
//SET1 SET TSSOUT='Q1JACK.EARLOUT.ALL',
11
      EARLOUT= 'Q1JACK.QEXTOPS.PROGRAM.OUTPUT'
//*
   Delete old datasets
```

```
//DEL
      EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1
          DISP=(MOD, DELETE), DSN=&TSSOUT,
      DD
11
      UNIT=SYSDA,
     SPACE=(CYL,(10,10)),
11
11
     DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80)
//DD2
      DD
          DISP=(MOD, DELETE), DSN=&EARLOUT,
11
      UNIT=SYSDA,
11
      SPACE = (CYL, (10, 10)),
11
      DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80)
//*
     Allocate new dataset
//ALLOC EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1
          DISP=(NEW, CATLG), DSN=&EARLOUT,
      DD
11
       SPACE=(CYL, (100,100)),
      DCB=(RECFM=VB, LRECL=1028, BLKSIZE=6144)
11
//* Execute Top Secret TSSUTIL utility to extract smf records*
//REPORT EXEC PGM=TSSUTIL
//SMFIN DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&SMFIN1
//SMFIN1 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=&SMFIN2
//UTILOUT DD DSN=&UTILOUT,
          DISP=(,CATLG),UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,(50,10),RLSE),
11
          DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=0)
11
//EARLOUT DD DSN=&TSSOUT,
11
         DISP=(NEW, CATLG), UNIT=SYSDA,
11
          SPACE=(CYL, (200,100), RLSE),
         DCB=(RECFM=VB, LRECL=456, BLKSIZE=27816)
11
//UTILIN DD *
 NOLEGEND
 REPORT EVENT (ALL)
               END
/*
//EXTRACT EXEC PGM=QEXTOPS, DYNAMNBR=10,
11
        TIME = 1440
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=Q1JACK.C.LOAD
//SYSTSIN DD DUMMY
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//CFG
         DD DUMMY
//EARLIN
        DD DISP=SHR, DSN=&TSSOUT
         DD DISP=SHR, DSN=&EARLOUT
//EARLOUT
//FTP EXEC PGM=FTP, REGION=3800K
//INPUT DD *
<IPADDR>
<USER>
<PASSWORD>
PUT '<EARLOUT>' EARL <THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<EARLOUT>
```

QUIT //OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=* //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*

Step 8 After the output file is created, you must choose one of the following options:

a Schedule a job to a transfer the output file to an interim FTP server.

Each time the job completes, the output file is forwarded to an intermin FTP server. You must configure the following parameters in the sample JCL to successfully forward the output to an interim FTP server:

For example:

```
//FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//INPUT DD *
<IPADDR>
<USER>
<PASSWORD>
PUT '<EARLOUT>' EARL_<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<EARLOUT>
QUIT
//OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
```

Where:

<IPADDR> is the IP address or host name of the interim FTP server to receive the output file.

<USER> is the user name required to access the interim FTP server.

sword> is the password required to access the interim FTP server.

<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE> is the destination of the mainframe or interim FTP server receiving the output.

For example:

PUT 'Q1JACK.QEXTOPS.OUTPUT.C320' /192.168.1.101/CA/QEXTOPS.OU TPUT.C320

<gexoutdsn> is the name of the output file saved to the interim FTP server.

You are now ready to configure the Log File protocol. See Create a log source.

b Schedule QRadar to retrieve the output file from CA Top Secret.

If the zOS platform is configured to serve files through FTP, SFTP, or allow SCP, then no interim FTP server is required and QRadar can pull the output file directly from the mainframe. The following text must be commented out using //* or deleted from the **qextops** jcl.txt file:

```
//FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//INPUT DD *
<IPADDR>
<USER>
<PASSWORD>
PUT '<EARLOUT>' EARL_<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<EARLOUT>
QUIT
```

//OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=* //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*

You are now ready to configure the Log File protocol. See Create a log source.

Create a log source

A log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host. The CA Top Secret DSM supports the bulk loading of log files using the log file protocol source.

When configuring your CA Top Secret DSM to use the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the CA Top Secret is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File Protocol configuration.

To configure a log source in QRadar for CA Top Secret:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select CA Top Secret.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 20-5
 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
	For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify the IP address or host name of the device that uniquely identifies the log source. This allows events to be identified at the device level in your network, instead of identifying the event for the file repository.

Parameter	Description
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	• SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
	The options include:
	• FTP - TCP Port 21
	SFTP - TCP Port 22
	SCP - TCP Port 22
	Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.
Remote User	Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.
	The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
	Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.
	The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.

 Table 20-5
 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.
	The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files.
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list, select Binary .
	The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.
	This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
	For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save .
	After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	From the list, select gzip.
	Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.

 Table 20-5
 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.
	QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.
	This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.
	We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.
	The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

 Table 20-5
 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters (continued)

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The CA Top Secret configuration is complete. If your configuration requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

21 CHECK POINT

This section provides information on the following DSMs for IBM Security QRadar:

- Check Point FireWall-1
- Check Point Provider-1

Check Point FireWall-1	You can configure QRadar to integrate with a Check Point FireWall-1 device using one of the following methods:
	Integrating Check Point FireWall-1 using OPSEC
	Integrating Check Point FireWall-1 using syslog
	Integrating Check Point Firewall events from external syslog forwarders
	Note: Depending on your Operating System, the procedures for the Check Point FireWall-1 device might vary. The following procedures are based on the Check Point SecurePlatform Operating system.
Integrating Check Point FireWall-1 using OPSEC	This section describes how to ensure that QRadar accepts Check Point FireWall-1 events using Open Platform for Security (OPSEC/LEA).
using OFSEC	To integrate Check Point OPSEC/LEA with QRadar, you must create two Secure Internal Communication (SIC) files and enter the information in to QRadar as a Check Point Firewall-1 log source.

Check Point Firewall-1 configuration overview

To integrate Check Point Firewall-1 with QRadar, you must complete the following procedures in sequence:

- 1 Add QRadar as a host for Check Point Firewall-1.
- 2 Add an OPSEC application to Check Point Firewall-1.
- 3 Locate the Log Source Secure Internal Communications DN.
- 4 In QRadar, configure the OPSEC LEA protocol.
- 5 Verify the OPSEC/LEA communications configuration.

Adding a Check Point Firewall-1 Host

To add QRadar as a host in Check Point Firewall-1 SmartCenter:

Step 1 Log in to the Check Point SmartDashboard user interface.

Step 2 Select Manage > Network Objects > New > Node > Host.

Step 3 Type parameters for your Check Point Firewall-1 host:

Name: QRadar

IP Address: <IP address of QRadar>

Comment: <Optional>

- Step 4 Click OK.
- Step 5 Select Close.

You are now ready to create an OPSEC Application Object for Check Point Firewall-1.

Creating an OPSEC Application Object

To create the OPSEC Application Object:

- Step 1 Open the Check Point SmartDashboard user interface.
- Step 2 Select Manage > Servers and OPSEC applications > New > OPSEC Application Properties.
- Step 3 Assign a name to the OPSEC Application Object.

For example:

QRadar-OPSEC

The OPSEC Application Object name must be different than the host name you typed when creating the node.

- a From the Host list, select QRadar.
- **b** From the **Vendor** list, select **User Defined**.
- c In Client Entities, select the **LEA** check box.
- d To generate a Secure Internal Communication (SIC) DN, click **Communication**.
- e Enter an activation key.

Note: The activation key is a password used to generate the SIC DN. When you configure your Check Point log source in QRadar, the activation key is typed into the Pull Certificate Password parameter.

f Click Initialize.

The window updates the Trust state from Uninitialized to Initilialized but trust not established.

g Click Close.

The OPSEC Application Properties window is displayed.

h Write down or copy the displayed SIC DN to a text file.

Note: The displayed SIC value is required for the OPSEC Application Object SIC Attribute parameter when you configure the Check Point log source in QRadar. The OPSEC Application Object SIC resembles the following example: CN=QRadar-OPSEC,O=cpmodule..tdfaaz.

You are now ready to locate the log source SIC for Check Point Firewall-1.

Locating the log source SIC

To locate the Log Source SIC from the Check Point SmartDashboard:

Step 1 Select Manage > Network Objects.

Step 2 Select your Check Point Log Host object.

Note: You must know if the Check Point Log Host is a separate object in your configuration from the Check Point Management Server. In most cases, the Check Point Log Host is the same object as the Check Point Management Server.

Step 3 Click Edit.

The Check Point Host General Properties window is displayed.

Step 4 Copy the Secure Internal Communication (SIC).

Note: Depending on your Check Point version, the Communication button might not be available to display the SIC attribute. You can locate the SIC attribute from the Check Point Management Server command-line interface. You must use the cpca_client lscert command from the command-line interface of the Management Server to display all certificates. The Log Source SIC Attribute resembles the following example: cn=cp_mgmt,o=cpmodule...tdfaaz. For more information, see your Check Point Command Line Interface Guide.

You must now install the Security Policy from the Check Point SmartDashboard user interface.

Step 5 Select Policy > Install > OK.

You are now ready to configure the OPSEC LEA protocol.

Configuring an OPSEC/LEA log source in QRadar

To configure the log source in QRadar:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 Click Add.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 7 From the Log Source Type list, select Check Point FireWall-1.
- Step 8 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select OPSEC/LEA.
- Step 9 Configure the following values:

Table 21-6 OPSEC/LEA protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address for the log source. This value must match the value configured in the Server IP parameter.
	The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Server IP	Type the IP address of the Check Point host or Check Point Management Server IP.
Server Port	Type the port used for OPSEC communication.
	Administrators must ensure the existing firewall policy permits the LEA/OPSEC connection from your QRadar.
Use Server IP for Log Source	Select this check box if you want to use the LEA server's IP address instead of the managed device's IP address for a log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Statistics Report Interval	Type the interval, in seconds, during which the number of syslog events are recorded in the gradar.log file. The valid range is 4 to 2,147,483,648 and the default is 600.
Authentication Type	From the list, select the authentication type you want to use for this LEA configuration.
	The options include:
	sslca (default)
	• sslca_clear
	• clear
	This value must match the authentication method configured on the Check Point Firewall or Check Point custom log management server.
OPSEC Application Object SIC Attribute (SIC Name)	Type the Secure Internal Communications (SIC) name of the OPSEC Application Object.
	The SIC name is the distinguished name (DN) of the application, for example: CN=LEA, o=fwconsole7psasx.

Parameter	Description
Log Source SIC Attribute (Entity SIC Name)	Type the SIC name for the server generating log sources.
	For example: cn=cp_mgmt,o=fwconsole7psasx.
Specify Certificate	Select this check box to define a certificate for this LEA configuration.
Certificate Filename	Type the directory path of the certificate you want to use for this configuration.
Certificate Authority IP	Type the IP address of the SmartCenter server from which you want to pull your certificate.
Pull Certificate Password	Type the password you want to use when requesting a certificate.
OPSEC Application	Type the name of the application you want to use when requesting a certificate. This value can be up to 255 characters in length.

 Table 21-6
 OPSEC/LEA protocol parameters (continued)

Step 10 Click Save.

Step 11 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

You are now ready to verify your OPSEC/LEA communications for Check Point Firewall-1.

Editing your OPSEC
communications
configurationThis section describes how to modify your Check Point FireWall-1 configuration to
allow OPSEC communications on non-standard ports, configure communications
in a clear text, un-authenticated stream, and verify the configuration in QRadar.

Changing your Check Point Custom Log Manager (CLM) IP address

If your Check Point configuration includes a Check Point Custom Log Manager (CLM), you might eventually need to change the IP address for the CLM, which impacts any of the automatically discovered Check Point log sources from that CLM in QRadar. This is because when you manually add the log source for the CLM using the OPSEC/LEA protocol, then all Check Point firewalls that forward logs to the CLM are automatically discovered by QRadar. These automatically discovered log sources cannot be edited. If the CLM IP address changes, you must edit the original Check Point CLM log source that contains the OPSEC/LEA protocol configuration and update the server IP address and log source identifier.

After you update the log source for the new Check Point CLM IP address, then any new events reported from the automatically discovered Check Point log sources are updated.

Note: Do not delete and recreate your Check Point CLM or automatically discovered log sources in QRadar. Deleting a log source does not delete event data, but can make finding previously recorded events more difficult to find.

To update your Check Point OPSEC log source:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Select the original Check Point CLM log source containing the OPSEC/LEA protocol configuration and click Edit.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Identifier field, type a new identifying name of your Check Point CLM.
- Step 7 In the Server IP field, type the new IP address of your Check Point CLM.
- Step 8 Click Save.

The IP address update for your Check Point CLM in QRadar is complete.

Changing the default port for OPSEC LEA communication

To change the default port on which OPSEC LEA communicates (that is, port 18184):

Step 1 At the command-line prompt of your Check Point SmartCenter Server, type the following command to stop the firewall services:

cpstop

- Step 2 Depending on your Check Point SmartCenter Server operating system, open the following file:
 - Linux \$FWDIR\conf\fwopsec.conf
 - Windows %FWDIR%\conf\fwopsec.conf

The default contents of this file are as follows:

```
# The VPN-1/FireWall-1 default settings are:
```

```
#
# sam_server auth_port 0
# sam_server port 18183
#
# lea server auth port 18184
# lea_server port 0
#
# ela_server auth_port 18187
# ela server port
                         0
#
# cpmi_server auth_port 18190
#
# uaa_server auth_port 19191
# uaa_server port
                         0
#
```

Step 3 Change the default lea_server auth_port from 18184 to another port number.Step 4 Remove the hash (#) mark from that line.

For example:

```
lea_server auth_port 18888
# lea_server port 0
```

- **Step 5** Save and close the file.
- Step 6 Type the following command to start the firewall services:

cpstart

Configuring OPSEC LEA for un-encrypted communications

To configure the OPSEC LEA protocol for un-encrypted communications:

Step 1 At the command-line prompt of your Check Point SmartCenter Server, stop the firewall services by typing the following command:

cpstop

- Step 2 Depending on your Check Point SmartCenter Server operating system, open the following file:
 - Linux \$FWDIR\conf\fwopsec.conf
 - Windows %FWDIR%\conf\fwopsec.conf
- **Step 3** Change the default lea_server auth_port from 18184 to 0.
- Step 4 Change the default lea_server port from 0 to 18184.
- **Step 5** Remove the hash (#) marks from both lines.

For example:

lea_server auth_port 0
lea_server port 18184

- Step 6 Save and close the file.
- Step 7 Type the following command to start the firewall services:

cpstart

Step 8 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Check Point Firewall-1 device:

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Check Point FireWall-1.
- Step 7 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select OPSEC/LEA.
- Step 8 Configure the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address for the log source. This value must match the value configured in the Server IP parameter.
	The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Server IP	Type the IP address of the server.
Server Port	Type the port used for OPSEC communication. The valid range is 0 to 65,536 and the default is 18184.
Use Server IP for Log Source	Select this check box if you want to use the LEA server's IP address instead of the managed device's IP address for a log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Statistics Report Interval	Type the interval, in seconds, during which the number of syslog events are recorded in the gradar.log file. The valid range is 4 to 2,147,483,648 and the default is 600.

 Table 21-7
 OPSEC/LEA protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Authentication Type	From the list, select the authentication type you want to use for this LEA configuration. The options are sslca (default), sslca_clear , or clear . This value must match the authentication method used by the server. The following parameters appear if sslca or sslca_clear is selected as the authentication type.
	 OPSEC Application Object SIC Attribute (SIC Name) - Type the Secure Internal Communications (SIC) name of the OPSEC Application Object. The SIC name is the distinguished name (DN) of the application, for example: CN=LEA, o=fwconsole7psasx. The name can be up to 255 characters in length and is case sensitive.
	 Log Source SIC Attribute (Entity SIC Name) - Type the SIC name of the server, for example:
	cn=cp_mgmt, o=fwconsole7psasx. The name can be up to 255 characters in length and is case sensitive.
	 Specify Certificate - Select this check box if you want to define a certificate for this LEA configuration. QRadar attempts to retrieve the certificate using these parameters when the certificate is required.
	If you select the Specify Certificate check box, the Certificat Filename parameter is displayed:
	 Certificate Filename - This option only appears if Specify Certificate is selected. Type the directory path of the certificate you want to use for this configuration.
	If you clear the Specify Certificate check box, the following parameters appear:
	 Certificate Authority IP - Type the IP address of the SmartCenter server from which you want to pull your certificate.
	 Pull Certificate Password - Type the password you want to use when requesting a certificate. The password can be up t 255 characters in length.
	 OPSEC Application - Type the name of the application you want to use when requesting a certificate. This value can be up to 255 characters in length.

 Table 21-7
 OPSEC/LEA protocol parameters (continued)

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Integrating Check
Point FireWall-1
using syslogThis section describes how to ensure that the QRadar Check Point FireWall-1
DSMs accepts FireWall-1 events using syslog.

Configuring Syslog for Check Point FireWall-1

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Check Point FireWall-1 device:

Note: If Check Point SmartCenter is installed on Microsoft Windows, you must integrate Check Point with QRadar using OPSEC. For more information, see **Integrating Check Point FireWall-1 using OPSEC**.

Step 1 Type the following command to access the Check Point console as an expert user:

expert

A password prompt is displayed.

- Step 2 Type your expert console password. Press the Enter key.
- Step 3 Open the following file:

/etc/rc.d/rc3.d/S99local

Step 4 Add the following lines:

Where:

<facility> is a Syslog facility, for example, local3.

<priority> is a Syslog priority, for example, info.

For example:

\$FWDIR/bin/fw log -ftn | /usr/bin/logger -p local3.info >
/dev/null 2>&1 &

- Step 5 Save and close the file.
- Step 6 Open the syslog.conf file.
- **Step 7** Add the following line:

<facility>.<priority> <TAB><TAB>@<host>

Where:

<facility> is the syslog facility, for example, local3. This value must match the value you typed in Step 4.

<priority> is the syslog priority, for example, info or notice. This value must match the value you typed in Step 4.

<тав> indicates you must press the Tab key.

<host> indicates the QRadar Console or managed host.

- Step 8 Save and close the file.
- Step 9 Depending on your operating system, type the following command to restart syslog:

In Linux: service syslog restart

In Solaris: /etc/init.d/syslog start

Step 10 Type the following command:

```
nohup $FWDIR/bin/fw log -ftn | /usr/bin/logger -p
<facility>.<priority> > /dev/null 2>&1 &
Where:
```

<facility> is a Syslog facility, for example, **local3**. This value must match the value you typed in **Step 4**.

<priority> is a Syslog priority, for example, info. This value must match the value you typed in Step 4.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Check Point Firewall-1 syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Check Point FireWall-1. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Check Point FireWall-1.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 21-1Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Check Point FireWall-1 appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Integrating Check Point Firewall events from external syslog forwarders

Check Point Firewall events can be forwarded from external sources, such as Splunk Forwarders or other third party syslog forwarders that send events to QRadar.

When Check Point Firewall events are provided from external sources in syslog format, the events identify with IP address in the syslog header. This causes events to identify incorrectly when they are processed with the standard syslog protocol. The syslog redirect protocol provides administrators a method to substitute an IP address from the event payload into the syslog header to correctly identify the event source.

To substitute an IP address, administrators must identify a common field from their Check Point Firewall event payload that contains the proper IP address. For example, events from Splunk Forwarders use orig= in the event payload to identify the original IP address for the Check Point firewall. The protocol substitutes in the proper IP address to ensure that the device is properly identified in the log source. As Check Point Firewall events are forwarded, QRadar automatically discovers and create new log sources for each unique IP address.

Substitutions are done with regular expressions and can support either TCP or UDP syslog events. The protocol automatically configures iptables for the initial log source and port configuration. If an administrator decides to change the port assignment a Deploy Full Configuration is required to update the iptables configuration and use the new port assignment.

Configuring a log To collect raw events forwarded from an external source, you must configure a log source for Check source before events are forwarded to QRadar.

Point forwarded events Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Check Point FireWall-1.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog Redirect.
- **Step 10** Configure the following values:

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for the Check Point Firewall events.
	The log source identifier must be unique value.
Log Source Identifier RegEx	Type the regular expression (regex) required to identify the Check Point Firewall IP address from the event payload.
	For example, administrators can use the following regular expression to parse Check Point Firewall events provided by Splunk Forwarders.
	orig=($d{1,3}$. $d{1,3}$. $d{1,3}$. $d{1,3}$)
Listen Port	Type the port number used by QRadar to accept incoming syslog redirect events.
	The default listen port is 517.
	The port number you configure must match the port that you configured on the appliance that forwards the syslog events. Administrators cannot specify port 514 in this field.
Protocol	From the list, select either UDP or TCP .
	The syslog redirect protocol supports any number of UDP syslog connection, but restricts TCP connections to 2500. If an administrator has more than 2500 log sources in the syslog stream, a second Check Point log source and listen port number is required.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	From the list, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.

 Table 21-2
 Syslog redirect protocol parameters

Check Point Provider-1

	Parameter	Description
	Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.
		By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Step 11	Click Save.	
Step 12	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.	
	You can configure QRadar to integrate with a Check Point Provider-1 device.	
		Point Provider-1 are parsed using the Check Point can integrate Check Point Provider-1 using one of the

 Table 21-2
 Syslog redirect protocol parameters (continued)

Configuring OPSEC for Check Point Provider-1

Note: Depending on your Operating System, the procedures for the Check Point Provider-1 device can vary. The following procedures are based on the Check Point SecurePlatform operating system.

Integrating syslog for This method ensures the Check Point FireWall-1 DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Check Point Provider-1 events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant Check Point Provider-1 events.

Configure syslog on Check Point Provider-1

To configure syslog on your Check Point Provider-1 device:

Step 1 Type the following command to access the console as an expert user:

expert

A password prompt is displayed.

- Step 2 Type your expert console password. Press the Enter key.
- Step 3 Type the following command:

csh

Step 4 Select the desired customer logs:

mdsenv <customer name>

Step 5 Type the following command:

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nohup \$FWDIR/bin/fw log -ftn | /usr/bin/logger -p
<facility>.<priority> 2>&1 &

Where:

<facility> is a Syslog facility, for example, local3.

<pri>riority> is a Syslog priority, for example, info.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Check Point Firewall-1 syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Check Point Provider-1 as Check Point FireWall-1 events. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Check Point Provider-1 syslog events:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Check Point Firewall-1.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 21-3
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Check Point Provider-1 appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

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 Configuring OPSEC
 This method ensures the QRadar Check Point FireWall-1 DSM accepts Check

 for Check Point
 Point Provider-1 events using OPSEC.

 Provider-1
 Provider-1

Reconfigure Check Point Provider-1 SmartCenter

This section describes how to reconfigure the Check Point Provider-1 SmartCenter.

In the Check Point Provider-1 Management Domain GUI (MDG), create a host object representing the QRadar. The leapipe is the connection between the Check Point Provider-1 and QRadar.

To reconfigure the Check Point Provider-1 SmartCenter (MDG):

- Step 1 To create a host object, open the Check Point SmartDashboard user interface and select Manage > Network Objects > New > Node > Host.
- Step 2 Type the Name, IP Address, and optional Comment for your host.
- Step 3 Click OK.
- Step 4 Select Close.
- Step 5 To create the OPSEC connection, select Manage > Servers and OPSEC Applications New > OPSEC Application Properties.
- Step 6 Type a name and optional comment.

The name you type must be different than the name used in Step 2.

- Step 7 From the Host drop-down menu, select the QRadar host object that you just created.
- Step 8 From Application Properties, select User Defined as the Vendor type.
- Step 9 From Client Entries, select LEA.
- Step 10 Configure the Secure Internal Communication (SIC) certificate, click Communication and enter an activation key.
- Step 11 Select OK and then Close.
- Step 12 To install the Policy on your firewall, select Policy > Install > OK.

Configure an OPSEC log source

To configure the log source in QRadar:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Check Point FireWall-1.
- Step 7 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select OPSEC/LEA.

The OPSEC/LEA protocol parameters appear.

- Step 8 Configure the following values:
 - a Log Source Name Type a name for the log source.
 - **b** Log Source Identifier Type the IP address for the log source. This value must match the value you typed in the Server IP parameter.
 - c Server IP Type the IP address of the Check Point Provider-1.
 - d Server Port Type the port used for OPSEC/LEA. The default is 18184.

You must ensure the existing firewall policy permits the LEA/OPSEC connection from your QRadar.

- e **OPSEC Application Object SIC Attribute** Type the SIC DN of the OPSEC Application Object.
- f Log Source SIC Attribute Type the SIC name for the server generating the log source.

SIC attribute names can be up to 255 characters in length and are case sensitive.

- g Specify Certificate Ensure the Specify Certificate check box is clear.
- h Pull Certificate Password Type the activation key password.
- i Certificate Authority IP Type the Check Point Manager Server IP address.
- **j OPSEC Application** Type the name of the application requesting a certificate. For example:

If the value is CN=QRadar-OPSEC,O=cpmodule...tdfaaz, the OPSEC Application value is QRadar-OPSEC.

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete. For detailed information on the OPSEC/LEA protocol, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

22 CILASOFT QJRN/400

IBM Security QRadar collects detailed audit events from Cilasoft QJRN/400 software for IBM i (AS/400, iSeries, System i).

Configuration overview To collect events, administrators can configure Cilasoft QJRN/400 to forward events with syslog or optionally configure the integrated file system (IFS) to write events to a file. Syslog provides real-time events to QRadar and provides automatic log source discovery for administrators, which is the easiest configuration method for event collection. The IFS option provides an optional configuration to write events to a log file, which can be read remotely by using the Log File protocol. QRadar supports syslog events from Cilasoft QJRN/400 V5.14.K and later.

To configure Cilasoft QJRN/400, complete the following tasks:

- 1 On your Cilasoft QJRN/400 installation, configure the Cilasoft Security Suite to forward syslog events to QRadar or write events to a file.
- 2 For syslog configurations, administrators can verify that the events forwarded by Cilasoft QJRN/400 are automatically discovered on the **Log Activity** tab.

Cilasoft QJRN/400 configurations that use IFS to write event files to disk are considered an alternative configuration for administrators that cannot use syslog. IFS configurations require the administrator to locate the IFS file and configure the host system to allow FTP, SFTP, or SCP communications. A log source can then be configured to use the log file protocol with the location of the event log file.

Configuring CilasoftTo collect events, you must configure queries on your Cilasoft QJRN/400 toQJRN/400forward syslog events to QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 To start the Cilasoft Security Suite, type the following command:

IJRN/QJRN

The account that is used to make configuration changes must have ADM privileges or USR privileges with access to specific queries through an Extended Access parameter.

Step 2 To configure the output type, select one of the following options:

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- a To edit several selected queries, type **2EV** to access the Execution Environment and change the **Output Type** field and type **SEM**.
- **b** To edit large numbers of queries, type the command CHGQJQRYA and change the **Output Type** field and type **SEM**.
- **Step 3** On the Additional Parameters screen, configure the following parameters:

Table 22-1 Cilasoft QJRN/400 output parameters

Parameter	Description
Format	Type *LEEF to configure the syslog output to write events in Log Extended Event Format (LEEF).
	LEEF is a special event format that is designed to for QRadar.
Output	To configure an output type, one of the following parameters to select an output type:
	*SYSLOG - Type this parameter to forward events with the syslog protocol. This option provides real-time events.
	*IFS - Type this parameter to write events to a file with the Integrated File System. This option requires the administrator to configure a log source with the Log File protocol. This option writes events to a file, which can only be read in 15 minute intervals.
IP Address	Type the IP address of your QRadar system.
	If an IP address for QRadar is defined as a special value in the WRKQJVAL command, you can type *CFG .
	Events can be forwarded to either the Console, an Event Collector, an Event Processor, or your QRadar all-in-one appliance.
Port	Type 514 or *CFG as the port for syslog events.
	By default, *CFG automatically selects port 514.
Тад	This field is not used by QRadar.
Facility	This field is not used by QRadar.
Severity	Select a value for the event severity.
	For more information on severity that is assigned to *QRY destinations, see command WRKQJFVAL in your Cilasoft documentation.

For more information on Cilasoft configuration parameters, see the *Cilasoft QJRN/400 User's Guide*.

Syslog events that are forwarded to QRadar are viewable on the Log Activity tab.

Configuring a Cilasoft QJRN/400 log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events that are forwarded from Cilasoft QJRN/400. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 Click Add.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Cilasoft QJRN/400.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

Note: If Cilasoft QJRN/400 is configured to write events to the integrated file system with the *IFS option, the administrator must select **Log File**. Configuration instructions for the log file protocol are available in the *Log Sources User Guide*.

Step 8 Configure the following values:

Table 22-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address as an identifier for events from your Cilasoft QJRN/400 installation.
	The log source identifier must be unique value.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source.
	By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	Select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	Select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

Cisco

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- Cisco ACE Firewall
- Cisco Aironet
- Cisco ACS
- Cisco ASA
- Cisco CallManager
- Cisco CatOS for Catalyst Switches
- Cisco CSA
- Cisco FWSM
- Cisco IDS/IPS
- Cisco NAC
- Cisco Nexus
- Cisco IOS
- Cisco Pix
- Cisco VPN 3000 Concentrator
- Cisco Wireless Services Module
- Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers
- Cisco Identity Services Engine

Cisco ACE Firewall You can integrate a Cisco ACE firewall with IBM Security QRadar.

QRadar can accept events forwarded from Cisco ACE Firewalls using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with an ACE firewall, you must configure your Cisco ACE Firewall to forward all device logs to QRadar. Configure Cisco ACE To forward Cisco ACE device logs to QRadar: Firewall

- Step 1 Log in to your Cisco ACE device.
- Step 2 From the shell interface, select Main Menu > Advanced Options > Syslog Configuration.
- Step 3 The Syslog Configuration menu varies depending on whether there are any syslog destination hosts configured yet. If no syslog destinations have been added, create one by selecting the Add First Server option. Click OK.
- Step 4 Type the hostname or IP address of the destination host and port in the First Syslog Server field. Click OK.

The system restarts with new settings. When finished, the Syslog server window displays the host you have configured.

Step 5 Click OK.

The Syslog Configuration menu is displayed. Notice that options for editing the server configuration, removing the server, or adding a second server are now available.

Step 6 If you want to add another server, click Add Second Server.

At any time, click the View Syslog options to view existing server configurations.

Step 7 To return to the Advanced Menu, click Return.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco ACE Firewall events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco ACE Firewall appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from **source** Cisco ACE Firewalls.

However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco ACE Firewall:

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.

- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco ACE Firewall.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 23-1 Syslog Parameters

		Table 23-1 Syslog Parar	neters
		Parameter	Description
		Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco ACE Firewalls.
	Step 11	Click Save.	
	Step 12	On the Admin tab, clic	k Deploy Changes.
		The configuration is co	mplete.
Cisco Aironet		You can integrate a Cis	sco Aironet devices with IBM Security QRadar.
		you configure QRadar	ccepts Cisco Emblem Format events using syslog. Before to integrate with a Cisco Aironet device, you must configure liance to forward syslog events.
Configure Cisco Aironet		To configure Cisco Airc	onet to forward events:
	Step 1	Establish a connection methods"	to the Cisco Aironet device using one of the following
		• Telnet to the wireles	ss access point
		Access the console	
	Step 2	Type the following com	mand to access privileged EXEC mode:
		enable	
	Step 3	Type the following com	mand to access global configuration mode:
		config terminal	
	Step 4	Type the following com	mand to enable message logging:
		logging on	
	Step 5	Configure the syslog fa	acility. The default is local7.
		logging facility <	<pre>facility, for example, local7></pre>
	Step 6	Type the following com	mand to log messages to your QRadar:
		logging <ip addres<="" td=""><td>ss of your QRadar></td></ip>	ss of your QRadar>
	Step 7	Enable timestamp on le	og messages:

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service timestamp log datatime

Step 8 Return to privileged EXEC mode:

end

Step 9 View your entries:

show running-config

Step 10 Save your entries in the configuration file:

copy running-config startup-config

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco Aironet events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco Aironet appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Cisco Aironet. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco Aironet:

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon. The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco Aironet.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 23-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco Aironet appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Cisco ACS	The Cisco ACS DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog ACS events using syslog.			
	QRadar records all relevant and available information from the event. You can integrate Cisco ACS with QRadar using one of the following methods:			
	 Configure your Cisco ACS device to directly send syslog to QRadar for Cisco ACS v5.x. See Configure Syslog for Cisco ACS v5.x. 			
	 Configure your Cisco ACS device to directly send syslog to QRadar for ACS v4.x. See Configure Syslog for Cisco ACS v4.x. 			
	 A server using the QRadar WinCollect or Adaptive Log Exporter (Cisco ACS software version 3.x or later). See Configure Cisco ACS for the Adaptive Log Exporter. 			
	Note: QRadar only DSM.	v supports Cisco ACS versions prior to v3.x using a Universal		
Configure Syslog for Cisco ACS v5.x	The configure syslog forwarding from a Cisco ACS appliance with software version 5.x, you must:			
	Create a Remote Log Target			
	To create a remote log target for your Cisco ACS appliance:			
Step 1	Log in to your Cisco ACS appliance.			
Step 2	On the navigation menu, click System Administration > Configuration > Log Configuration > Remote Log Targets.			
	The Remote Log Targets page is displayed.			
Step 3	Click Create.			
Step 4	Configure the following parameters:			
	Table 23-1 Remote Target Parameters			
	Parameter	Description		
	Name	Type a name for the remote syslog target.		
	Description	Type a description for the remote syslog target.		
	Туре	Select Syslog.		
	IP Address	Type the IP address of QRadar or your Event Collector.		

Step 5 Click Submit.

You are now ready to configure global policies for event logging on your Cisco ACS appliance.

Configure global logging categories

To configure Cisco ACS to forward log failed attempts to QRadar:

Step 1 On the navigation menu, click System Administration > Configuration > Log Configuration > Global.

The Logging Categories window is displayed.

- Step 2 Select the Failed Attempts logging category and click Edit.
- Step 3 Click Remote Syslog Target.
- Step 4 From the Available targets window, use the arrow key to move the syslog target for QRadar to the Selected targets window.
- Step 5 Click Submit.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco ACS v5.x.

However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive Cisco ACS events.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco ACS:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco ACS.
- Step 7 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog. The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 8 Configure the following values:

Table 23-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for Cisco ACS events.

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Configure Syslog for
Cisco ACS v4.xTo configure syslog forwarding from a Cisco ACS appliance with software version
4.x, you must:

Configure syslog forwarding for Cisco ACS v4.x

To configure an ACS device to forward syslog events to QRadar:

- **Step 1** Log in to your Cisco ACS device.
- Step 2On the navigation menu, click System Configuration.The System Configuration page opens.
- Step 3 Click Logging.

The logging configuration is displayed.

Step 4 In the Syslog column for Failed Attempts, click Configure.

The Enable Logging window is displayed.

- Step 5 Select the Log to Syslog Failed Attempts report check box.
- Step 6 Add the following Logged Attributes:
 - Message-Type
 - User-Name
 - Nas-IP-Address
 - Authen-Failure-Code
 - Caller-ID
 - NAS-Port
 - Author-Data
 - Group-Name
 - Filter Information
 - Logged Remotely

Step 7 Configure the following syslog parameters:

- **IP** Type the IP address of QRadar.
- Port Type the syslog port number of QRadar. The default is port 514.
- Max message length (Bytes) Type 1024 as the maximum syslog message length.

Note: Cisco ACS provides syslog report information for a maximum of two syslog servers.

Step 8 Click Submit.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

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Configure a log source for Cisco ACS v4.x

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco ACS v4.x. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually create a log source for Cisco ACS v4.x:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco ACS.
- Step 7 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 8 Configure the following values:

Table 23-3Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for Cisco ACS events.

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Configure Cisco ACSIf you are using an older version of Cisco ACS, such as v3.x, you can log eventsfor the Adaptive Logfrom your Cisco ACS appliance to a comma-seperated file.

Exporter

The Cisco ACS device plug-in for the Adaptive Log Exporter can be used to read and forward events from your comma-separated file to QRadar.

Configure Cisco ACS to log events

Your Cisco ACS appliance must be configured to write comma-seperated event files to integrate with the Adaptive Log Exporter.

To configure Cisco ACS:

- Step 1 Log in to your Cisco ACS appliance.
- Step 2 On the navigation manu, click System Configuration.

The System Configuration page opens.

Step 3 Click Logging.

The logging configuration is displayed.

Step 4 In the CSV column for Failed Attempts, click Configure.

The Enable Logging window is displayed.

- Step 5 Select the Log to CSV Failed Attempts report check box.
- **Step 6** Add the following Logged Attributes:
 - Message-Type
 - User-Name
 - Nas-IP-Address
 - Authen-Failure-Code
 - Caller-ID
 - NAS-Port
 - Author-Data
 - Group-Name
 - Filter Information
 - Logged Remotely
- Step 7 Configure a time frame for Cisco ACS to generate a new comma-seperated value (CSV) file.

Step 8 Click Submit.

You are now ready to configure the Adaptive Log Exporter.

For more information on installing and using the Adaptive Log Exporter, see the *Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide*.

Cisco ASA You can integrate a Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA) with IBM Security QRadar.

A Cisco ASA DSM accepts events using syslog or NetFlow using NetFlow Security Event Logging (NSEL). QRadar records all relevant events. Before you configure QRadar, you must configure your Cisco ASA device to forward syslog or NetFlow NSEL events.

Choose one of the following options:

- Forward events to QRadar using syslog. See Integrate Cisco ASA Using Syslog
- Forward events to QRadar using NetFlow NSEL. See Integrate Cisco ASA for NetFlow using NSEL

150 Cisco

Integrate Cisco ASA This section includes the following topics: Using Syslog

- Configure syslog forwarding
 - Configure a log source

Configure syslog forwarding

This section describes how to configure Cisco ASA to forward syslog events.

- Step 1 Log in to the Cisco ASA device.
- Step 2 Type the following command to access privileged EXEC mode:

enable

Step 3 Type the following command to access global configuration mode:

conf t

Step 4 Enable logging:

logging enable

Step 5 Configure the logging details:

logging console warning

logging trap warning

logging asdm warning

Step 6 Type the following command to configure logging to QRadar:

logging host <interface> <IP address>

Where:

<interface> is the name of the Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance interface.

<IP address> is the IP address of QRadar.

Note: Using the command **show interfaces** displays all available interfaces for your Cisco device.

Step 7 Disable the output object name option:

no names

You must disable the output object name option to ensure that the logs use IP addresses and not object names.

Step 8 Exit the configuration:

exit

Step 9 Save the changes:

write mem

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco ASA syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco ASA are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco ASA. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco ASA syslog events:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA).
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 23-4 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your OSSEC installations.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Integrate Cisco ASA This section includes the following topics:

- for NetFlow using NSEL
- Configure NetFlow Using NSEL
- Configure a log source

Configure NetFlow Using NSEL

To configure Cisco ASA to forward NetFlow events using NSEL.

- Step 1 Log in to the Cisco ASA device command-line interface (CLI).
- Step 2 Type the following command to access privileged EXEC mode:

enable

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Step 3 Type the following command to access global configuration mode:

conf t

Step 4 Disable the output object name option:

no names

Step 5 Type the following command to enable NetFlow export:

```
flow-export destination <interface-name> <ipv4-address or
hostname> <udp-port>
```

Where:

<interface-name> is the name of the Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance interface for the NetFlow collector.

<ipv4-address or hostname> is the IP address or host name of the Cisco ASA device with the NetFlow collector application.

<udp-port> is the UDP port number to which NetFlow packets are sent.

Note: QRadar typically uses port 2055 for NetFlow event data on QRadar QFlow Collectors. You must configure a different UDP port on your Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance for NetFlow using NSEL.

Step 6 Type the following command to configure the NSEL class-map:

class-map flow export class

- **Step 7** Choose one of the following traffic options:
 - a To configure a NetFlow access list to match specific traffic, type the command:

match access-list flow_export_acl

b To configure NetFlow to match any traffic, type the command:

match any

Note: The Access Control List (ACL) must exist on the Cisco ASA device before defining the traffic match option in **Step 7**.

Step 8 Type the following command to configure the NSEL policy-map:

policy-map flow_export_policy

Step 9 Type the following command to define a class for the flow-export action:

class flow export class

Step 10 Type the following command to configure the flow-export action:

flow-export event-type all destination <IP address>

Where <IP address> is the IP address of QRadar.

Note: If you are using a Cisco ASA version before v8.3 you can skip**Step 10** as the device defaults to the flow-export destination. For more information, see your Cisco ASA documentation.

Step 11 Type the following command to add the service policy globally:

service-policy flow_export_policy global

Step 12 Exit the configuration:

exit

Step 13 Save the changes:

write mem

You must verify that your collector applications use the Event Time field to correlate events.

Configure a log source

To integrate Cisco ASA using NetFlow with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive NetFlow events. QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Cisco ASA using NetFlow and NSEL.

Note: Your system must be running the latest version of the NSEL protocol to integrate with a Cisco ASA device using NetFlow NSEL. The NSEL protocol is available on IBM Support, *http://www.ibm.com/support,* or through auto updates in QRadar.

To configure a log source:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA).
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Cisco NSEL.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 23-5 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source.

	Parameter	Description	
	Collector Port	Type the UDP port number used by Cisco ASA to forward NSEL events. The valid range of the Collector Port parameter is 1-65535.	
		Note: QRadar typically uses port 2055 for NetFlow event data on QRadar QFlow Collectors. You must define a different UDP port on your Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance for NetFlow using NSEL.	
Step 11	Click Save.		
Step 12	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes .		
	The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco ASA are displayed on the Log Activity tab. For more information on configuring NetFlow with your Cisco ASA device, see your vendor documentation.		
Cisco CallManager	The Cisco CallManager DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects application explored from Cisco CallManager devices using syslog.		
	device to forward even	s in QRadar, you must configure your Cisco Call Manager ts. After you forward syslog events from Cisco CallManager, detects and adds Cisco CallManager as a log source.	
Configure syslog forwarding	To configure syslog on	your Cisco CallManager:	
Step 1	Log in to your Cisco Ca	allManager interface.	
Step 2	Select System > Enter	rprise Parameters.	
	The Enterprise Parame	eters Configuration is displayed.	
Step 3	In the Remote Syslog Console.	Server Name field, type the IP address of the QRadar	
Step 4	From the Syslog Seve Informational	rity For Remote Syslog messages list, select	
	The informational seve and later.	rity allows you to collect all events at the information level	
Step 5	Click Save.		
Step 6	Click Apply Config.		
	The syslog configuration source for Cisco CallM	on is complete. You are now ready to configure a syslog log anager.	

Table 23-5 Syslog Parameters (continued)

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Cisco CallManager devices. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a syslog log source for Cisco CallManager:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco Call Manager.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog. The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 23-6
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco CallManager.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Cisco CatOS for Catalyst Switches	The Cisco CatOS for Catalyst Switches DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.	
	QRadar records all relevant device events. Before configuring a Cisco CatOS device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.	
Configure syslog	To configure your Cisco CatOS device to forward syslog events:	
Step 1	Log in to your Cisco CatOS user interface.	
Step 2	Type the following command to access privileged EXEC mode:	
	enable	

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Step 3 Configure the system to timestamp messages:

set logging timestamp enable

Step 4 Type the IP address of QRadar:

set logging server <IP address>

Step 5 Limit messages that are logged by selecting a severity level:

set logging server severity <server severity level>

Step 6 Configure the facility level that should be used in the message. The default is **local7**.

set logging server facility <server facility parameter>

Step 7 Enable the switch to send syslog messages to the QRadar.

set logging server enable

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Cisco CatOS appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a syslog log source for Cisco CatOS:

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco CatOS for Catalyst Switches
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 23-7 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco CatOS for Catalyst Switch appliance.

Step 11 Click Save.

The configuration is complete.

Cisco CSA	You can integrate a Cisco Security Agent (CSA) server with IBM Security QRadar.	
Supported event types	The Cisco CSA DSM accepts events using syslog, SNMPv1, and SNMPv2. QRadar records all configured Cisco CSA alerts.	
Configure syslog for Cisco CSA	To configure your Cisco CSA server to forward events:	
Step 1	Open the Cisco CSA user interface.	
Step 2	Select Events > Alerts.	
Step 3	Click New.	
	The Configuration View window is displayed.	
Step 4	Type in values for the following parameters:	
	a Name - Type a name you wish to assign to your configuration.	
	b Description - Type a description for the configuration. This parameter is optional.	
Step 5	From the Send Alerts, select the event set from the list to generate alerts.	
Step 6	Select the SNMP check box.	
Step 7	Type a Community name.	
	The Community name entered in the CSA user interface must match the Community field configured on QRadar. This option is only available using the SNMPv2 protocol.	
Step 8	In the Manager IP address parameter, type the IP address of QRadar.	
Step 9	Click Save.	
	You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.	

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Cisco CSA appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a syslog log source for Cisco CSA:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco CSA.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog. The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 23-8Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco CSA appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Cisco FWSM	You can integrate Cisco Firewall Service Module (FWSM) with IBM Security QRadar.
Supported event types	The Cisco FWSM DSM for QRadar accepts FWSM events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant Cisco FWSM events.
Configure Cisco FWSM to forward syslog events	To integrate Cisco FWSM with QRadar, you must configure your Cisco FWSM appliances to forward syslog events to QRadar.
	To configure Cisco FWSM:
Step 1	Using a console connection, telnet, or SSH, log in to the Cisco FWSM.
Step 2	Enable logging:
	logging on
Step 3	Change the logging level:
	logging trap level (1-7)
	By default, the logging level is set to 3 (error).
Step 4	Designate QRadar as a host to receive the messages:
	logging host [interface] ip_address [tcp[/port] udp[/port]] [format emblem]
	For example:
	logging host dmz1 192.168.1.5
	Where 192.168.1.5 is the IP address of your QRadar system.
	You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.
Configure a log source	QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco FWSM appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.
	To manually configure a syslog log source for Cisco FWSM:
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.
Step 3	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources .
	The Data Sources panel is displayed.
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.
	The Log Sources window is displayed.
Step 5	Click Add.
	The Add a log source window is displayed.
Step 6	In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
Step 7	In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.

- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco Firewall Services Module (FWSM).
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 23-9
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco FWSM appliance.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Cisco IDS/IPS The Cisco IDS/IPS DSM for IBM Security QRadar polls Cisco IDS/IPS for events using the Security Device Event Exchange (SDEE) protocol.

The SDEE specification defines the message format and the protocol used to communicate the events generated by your Cisco IDS/IPS security device. QRadar supports SDEE connections by polling directly to the IDS/IPS device and not the management software, which controls the device.

Note: You must have security access or web authentication on the device before connecting to QRadar.

After you configure your Cisco IDS/IPS device, you must configure the SDEE protocol in QRadar. When configuring the SDEE protocol, you must define the URL required to access the device.

For example, https://www.mysdeeserver.com/cgi-bin/sdee-server.

You must use an http or https URL, which is specific to your Cisco IDS version:

- If you are using RDEP (for Cisco IDS v4.0), the URL should have /cgi-bin/event-server at the end. For example: https://www.my-rdep-server.com/cgi-bin/event-server
- If you are using SDEE/CIDEE (for Cisco IDS v5.x and later), the URL should have /cgi-bin/sdee-server at the end. For example: https://www.my-sdee-server/cgi-bin/sdee-server

QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Cisco IDS/IPS devices. To integrate Cisco IDS/IPS device events with QRadar, you must manually create a log source for each Cisco IDS/IPS in your network.

To configure a Cisco IDS/IPS log source using SDEE polling:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco Intrusion Prevention System (IPS).
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select SDEE.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 23-10 SDEE Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, hostname, or name to identify the SDEE event source. IP addresses or hostnames are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
	The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
URL	Type the URL required to access the log source, for example, https://www.mysdeeserver.com/cgi-bin/sdee-server. You must use an http or https URL.
	The options include:
	 If you are using SDEE/CIDEE (for Cisco IDS v5.x and later), the URL should have /cgi-bin/sdee-server at the end. For example,
	https://www.my-sdee-server/cgi-bin/sdee-serv er
	 If you are using RDEP (for Cisco IDS v4.0), the URL should have /cgi-bin/event-server at the end. For example, https://www.my-rdep-server.com/cgi-bin/event -server
Username	Type the username. This username must match the SDEE URL username used to access the SDEE URL. The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Password	Type the user password. This password must match the SDEE URL password used to access the SDEE URL. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.

Cisco NAC

	Table 23-10 SDEEP	
	Parameter	Description
	Events / Query	Type the maximum number of events to retrieve per query. The valid range is 0 to 501 and the default is 100.
	Force Subscription	Select this check box if you want to force a new SDEE subscription. By default, the check box is selected.
		The check box forces the server to drop the least active connection and accept a new SDEE subscription connection for this log source.
		Clearing the check box continues with any existing SDEE subscription.
	Severity Filter Low	Select this check box if you want to configure the severity level as low.
		Log sources that support SDEE return only the events that match this severity level. By default, the check box is selected.
	Severity Filter Medium	Select this check box if you want to configure the severity level as medium.
		Log sources that supports SDEE returns only the events that match this severity level. By default, the check box is selected.
	Severity Filter High	Select this check box if you want to configure the severity level as high.
		Log sources that supports SDEE returns only the events that match this severity level. By default, the check box is selected.
Step 11	Click Save .	
Step 12	On the Admin tab, o	click Deploy Changes .
	-	lded to QRadar. Events polled from your Cisco IDS/IPS ayed on the Log Activity tab of QRadar.
isco NAC	The Cisco NAC DSM	I for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.
Supported event types	and infected system	relevant audit, error, and failure events as well as quarantine events. Before configuring a Cisco NAC device in QRadar, your device to forward syslog events.
Configuring Cisco	To configure the dev	vice to forward syslog events:
NAC to forward events	Procedure	
	Log in to the Cisco N	NAC user interface.
Step 2	In the Monitoring se	ction, select Event Logs.
Step 3	Click the Syslog Se	ttings tab.
Step 4	In the Syslog Serve	er Address field, type the IP address of your QRadar.

Table 23-10 SDEE Parameters (continued)

- Step 5 In the Syslog Server Port field, type the syslog port. The default is 514.
- Step 6 In the System Health Log Interval field, type the frequency, in minutes, for system statistic log events.
- Step 7 Click Update.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source To integrate Cisco NAC events with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive Cisco NAC events. QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Cisco NAC appliances.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco NAC Appliance.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 23-11 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco NAC appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco NAC are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Cisco Nexus	The Cisco Nexus DSM for IBM Security QRadar supports alerts from Cisco NX-OS devices.
	The events are forwarded from Cisco Nexus to QRadar using syslog. Before you can integrate events with QRadar, you must configure your Cisco Nexus device to forward syslog events.
Configure Cisco Nexus to forward events	To configure syslog on your Cisco Nexus server:
Step 1	Type the following command to switch to configuration mode:
	config t
Step 2	Type the following commands:
	logging server <ip address=""> <severity></severity></ip>
	Where:
	<ip address=""> is the IP address of your QRadar Console.</ip>
	<pre>severity> is the severity level of the event messages, which range from 0-7.</pre>
	For example, logging server 100.100.10.1 6 forwards information level (6) syslog messages to 100.100.10.1.
Step 3	Type the following to configure the interface for sending syslog events:
	logging source-interface loopback
Step 4	Type the following command to save your current configuration as the start up configuration:
	copy running-config startup-config
	The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco Nexus events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco Nexus are displayed on the Log Activity tab of QRadar.
Configure a log source	QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco Nexus. The following configuration steps are optional.
	To manually configure a log source for Cisco Nexus:
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.
Step 3	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
	The Data Sources panel is displayed.
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.
	The Log Sources window is displayed.
Step 5	Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco Nexus.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 23-12Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco Nexus appliances.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete. For more information on configuring a Virtual Device Context (VDC) on your Cisco Nexus device, see your vendor documentation.

Cisco IOS You can integrate Cisco IOS series devices with IBM Security QRadar.

Supported event
typesThe Cisco IOS DSM for QRadar accepts Cisco IOS events using syslog. QRadar
records all relevant events. The following Cisco Switches and Routers are
automatically discovered as Cisco IOS and have their events parsed by the Cisco
IOS DSM:

- Cisco 12000 Series Routers
- Cisco 6500 Series Switches
- Cisco 7600 Series Routers
- Cisco Carrier Routing System
- Cisco Integrated Services Router.

Note: Make sure all Access Control Lists (ACLs) are set to LOG.

Configure Cisco IOS
to forward eventsTo configure a Cisco IOS-based device to forward events:Step 1Log in to your Cisco IOS Server, switch, or router.Step 2Type the following command to log in to the router in privileged-exec.
enableStep 3Type the following command to switch to configuration mode:

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conf t

Step 4 Type the following commands:

```
logging <IP address>
```

```
logging source-interface <interface>
Where:
```

<IP address> is the IP address hosting QRadar and the SIM components.

<interface> is the name of the interface, for example, dmz, lan, ethernet0, or ethernet1.

Step 5 Type the following to configure the priority level:

logging trap warning

logging console warning

Where warning is the priority setting for the logs.

Step 6 Configure the syslog facility:

logging facility syslog

- Step 7 Save and exit the file.
- Step 8 Copy running-config to startup-config:

copy running-config startup-config

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco IOS events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco IOS-based devices are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco IOS. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco IOS-based devices:

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select one of the following:

- Cisco IOS
- Cisco 12000 Series Routers
- Cisco 6500 Series Switches
- Cisco 7600 Series Routers
- Cisco Carrier Routing System
- Cisco Integrated Services Router
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 23-13Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco IOS-based device.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Cisco Pix	You can integrate Cisco Pix security appliances with IBM Security QRadar.
	The Cisco Pix DSM for QRadar accepts Cisco Pix events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant Cisco Pix events.
Configure Cisco Pix to forward events	To Configure Cisco Pix:
Step 1	Log in to your Cisco PIX appliance using a console connection, telnet, or SSH.
Step 2	Type the following command to access Privileged mode:
	enable
Step 3	Type the following command to access Configuration mode:
	conf t
Step 4	Enable logging and timestamp the logs:
	logging on
	logging timestamp
Step 5	Set the log level:
	logging trap warning
Step 6	Configure logging to QRadar:
	logging host <interface> <ip address=""></ip></interface>
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Where:

<interface> is the name of the interface, for example, dmz, lan, ethernet0, or ethernet1.

<ip address> is the IP address hosting QRadar.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco Pix Firewall events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco Pix Firewalls are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Cisco Pix Firewalls. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco Pix:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco PIX Firewall.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 23-14
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco Pix Firewall.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Cisco VPN 3000 Concentrator	The Cisco VPN 3000 Concentrator DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts
	Cisco VPN Concentrator events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events. Before you can integrate with a Cisco VPN concentrator, you must configure your device to forward syslog events to QRadar.
Configure a Cisco VPN 3000 Concentrator	To configure your Cisco VPN 3000 Concentrator:
Step 1	Log in to the Cisco VPN 3000 Concentrator command-line interface (CLI).
Step 2	Type the following command to add a syslog server to your configuration:
	set logging server <ip address=""></ip>
	Where <ip address=""> is the IP address of QRadar or your Event Collector.</ip>
Step 3	Type the following command to enable system message logging to the configured syslog servers:
	set logging server enable
Step 4	Set the facility and severity level for syslog server messages:
	set logging server facility server_facility_parameter
	<pre>set logging server severity server_severity_level</pre>
	The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco VPN Concentrator events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the Log Activity tab of QRadar.
Configure a log source	QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco VPN 3000 Series Concentrators. These configuration steps are optional.
	To manually configure a log source:
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.
Step 3	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
	The Data Sources panel is displayed.
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.
	The Log Sources window is displayed.
Step 5	Click Add.
	The Add a log source window is displayed.
Step 6	In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
Step 7	In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
Step 8	From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco VPN 3000 Series Concentrator.

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Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 23-15 Syslog Parameters

	Parameter	Description
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco VPN 3000 Series Concentrators.
Step 11	Click Save.	
Step 12	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.	
	The configuration is complete.	
Cisco Wireless Services Module	You can integrate a Ci Security QRadar.	sco Wireless Services Module (WiSM) device with IBM
		r QRadar accepts events using syslog. Before you can a Cisco WiSM device, you must configure Cisco WiSM to
Configure Cisco WiSM to forward events	To configure Cisco Wi	SM to forward syslog events to QRadar:
Step 1	Log in to the Cisco Wi	reless LAN Controller user interface.
Step 2	Click Management > I	Logs > Config.
	The Syslog Configurat	ion window is displayed.
Step 3		P Address field type the IP address of the QRadar host to d the syslog messages. Click Add .
Step 4		el list, set the severity level for filtering syslog messages to ng one of the following options:
	• Emergencies - Sev	verity level 0
	• Alerts - Severity leverity l	vel 1 (Default)
	• Critical - Severity l	evel 2
	• Errors - Severity le	vel 3
	• Warnings - Severit	y level 4
	Notifications - Sev	verity level 5
	• Informational - Se	verity level 6
	Debugging - Sever	rity level 7

If you set a syslog level, only those messages whose severity level is equal or less than that level are sent to the syslog servers. For example, if you set the syslog level to Warnings (severity level 4), only those messages whose severity is between 0 and 4 are sent to the syslog servers.

- Step 5 From the Syslog Facility list, set the facility for outgoing syslog messages to the syslog server using one of the following options:
 - Kernel Facility level 0
 - User Process Facility level 1
 - Mail Facility level 2
 - System Daemons Facility level 3
 - Authorization Facility level 4
 - **Syslog** Facility level 5 (default value)
 - Line Printer Facility level 6
 - USENET Facility level 7
 - Unix-to-Unix Copy Facility level 8
 - Cron Facility level 9
 - FTP Daemon Facility level 11
 - System Use 1 Facility level 12
 - System Use 2 Facility level 13
 - System Use 3 Facility level 14
 - System Use 4 Facility level 15
 - Local Use 0 Facility level 16
 - Local Use 1 Facility level 17
 - Local Use 2 Facility level 18
 - Local Use 3 Facility level 19
 - Local Use 4 Facility level 20
 - Local Use 5 Facility level 21
 - Local Use 6 Facility level 22
 - Local Use 7 Facility level 23
- Step 6 Click Apply.
- Step 7 From the Buffered Log Level and the Console Log Level listes, select the severity level for log messages to the controller buffer and console using one of the following options:

Emergencies - Severity level 0

Alerts - Severity level 1

Critical - Severity level 2

Errors - Severity level 3 (default value)

Warnings - Severity level 4

Notifications - Severity level 5

Informational - Severity level 6

Debugging - Severity level 7

If you set a logging level, only those messages whose severity is equal to or less than that level are logged by the controller. For example, if you set the logging level to Warnings (severity level 4), only those messages whose severity is between 0 and 4 are logged.

- Step 8 Select the **File Info** check box if you want the message logs to include information about the source file. The default value is enabled.
- Step 9 Select the Proc Info check box if you want the message logs to include process information. The default value is disabled.
- Step 10 Select the **Trace Info** check box if you want the message logs to include traceback information. The default value is disabled.
- Step 11 Click Apply to commit your changes.
- Step 12 Click Save Configuration to save your changes.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco WiSM events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by Cisco WiSM are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Cisco WiSM. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco WiSM:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco Wireless Services Module (WiSM).
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 23-16
 Syslog protocol parameters

		·
	Parameter	Description
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco WiSM appliance.
Step 11	Click Save.	
Step 12	On the Admin tab, clic	k Deploy Changes.
	The configuration is co	mplete.
Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers		N Controllers DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects events Wireless LAN Controller devices using syslog or SNMPv2.
	This section includes the	he following topics:
	Configuring syslog	for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller
	Configuring SNMP	v2 for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller
Before you begin	best collection method DSM for QRadar supp provides all available (om Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers, you should select the for your configuration. The Cisco Wireless LAN Controller orts both syslog and SNMPv2 events. However, syslog Cisco Wireless LAN Controller events, where SNMPv2 only security events to QRadar.
Configuring syslog for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller	You can configure Cisc QRadar.	co Wireless LAN Controller for forward syslog events to
LAN Controller	Procedure	
Step 1	Log in to your Cisco W	/ireless LAN Controller interface.
Step 2	Click the Managemen	t tab.
Step 3	From the menu, select	Logs > Config.
Step 4	In the Syslog Server I Console.	P Address field, type the IP address of your QRadar
Step 5	Click Add.	
Step 6	From the Syslog Leve	el list, select a logging level.
	The Information level a events above the debu	allows you to collect all Cisco Wireless LAN Controller ug level.
Step 7	From the Syslog Faci	lity list, select a facility level.
Step 8	Click Apply	
Step 9	Click Save Configurat	tion.

What to do next

You are now ready to configure a syslog log source for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.

Configuring a syslog log source in QRadar

QRadar does not automatically discover incoming syslog events from Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers. You must create a log source for each Cisco Wireless LAN Controller providing syslog events to QRadar.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 23-17
 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	From the list, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 to 10. The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	Automatically discovered log sources use the default value configured in the Coalescing Events drop-down in the QRadar Settings window on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source. For more information on settings, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide</i> .

Parameter	Description
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable or disable QRadar from storing the event payload.
	Automatically discovered log sources use the default value from the Store Event Payload drop-down in the QRadar Settings window on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source.

Table 23-17 Syslog protocol parameters (continued)

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Configuring SNMPv2
for Cisco WirelessSNMP event collection for Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers allows you to capture
the following events for QRadar:

LAN Controller

- SNMP Config Event
- bsn Authentication Errors
- LWAPP Key Decryption Errors

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to your Cisco Wireless LAN Controller interface.
- Step 2 Click the Management tab.
- Step 3 From the menu, select SNMP > Communities.

You can use the one of the default communities created or create a new community.

- Step 4 Click New.
- Step 5 In the Community Name field, type the name of the community for your device.
- Step 6 In the IP Address field, type the IP address of QRadar.

The IP address and IP mask you specify is the address from which your Cisco Wireless LAN Controller accepts SNMP requests. You can treat these values as an access list for SNMP requests.

- Step 7 In the IP Mask field, type a subnet mask.
- Step 8 From the Access Mode list, select Read Only or Read/Write.
- Step 9 From the Status list, select Enable.
- **Step 10** Click **Save Configuration** to save your changes.

What to do next

You are now ready to create a SNMPv2 trap receiver.

Configure a trap receiver for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller

Trap receivers configured for Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers define where the device can send SNMP trap messages.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Management tab.
- Step 2 From the menu, select **SNMP > Trap Receivers**.
- Step 3 In the Trap Receiver Name field, type a name for your trap receiver.
- Step 4 In the IP Address field, type the IP address of QRadar.

The IP address you specify is the address to which your Cisco Wireless LAN Controller sends SNMP messages. If you plan to configure this log source on an Event Collector, you want to specify the Event Collector appliance IP address.

- Step 5 From the Status list, select Enable.
- Step 6 Click Apply to commit your changes.
- Step 7 Click Save Configuration to save your settings.

What to do next

You are now ready to create a SNMPv2 log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source for SNMPv2 for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller

QRadar does not automatically discover and create log sources for SNMP event data from Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers. You must create a log source for each Cisco Wireless LAN Controller providing SNMPv2 events.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select SNMPv2.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.
Community	Type the SNMP community name required to access the system containing SNMP events. The default is Public.
Include OIDs in Event	Select the Include OIDs in Event Payload check box.
Payload	This options allows the SNMP event payload to be constructed using name-value pairs instead of the standard event payload format. Including OIDs in the event payload is required for processing SNMPv2 or SNMPv3 events from certain DSMs.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	From the list, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 to 10. The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	Automatically discovered log sources use the default value configured in the Coalescing Events drop-down in the QRadar Settings window on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source. For more information on settings, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide</i> .
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable or disable QRadar from storing the event payload.
	Automatically discovered log sources use the default value from the Store Event Payload drop-down in the QRadar Settings window on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source.

Table 23-18 SNMPv2 protocol parameters

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded to by Cisco Wireless LAN Controller are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Cisco Identity Services Engine	The Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE) DSM for QRadar accepts syslog events from Cisco ISE appliances with log sources configured to use the UDP Multiline protocol.
Configuration overview	QRadar supports syslog events forwarded by Cisco ISE versions 1.1. Before you configure your Cisco ISE appliance, you should consider which logging categories you want to configure on your Cisco ISE to forward to QRadar. Each logging category must be configured with a syslog severity and included as a remote target to allow Cisco ISE to forward the event to QRadar. The log source you configure in QRadar receives the event forwarded from Cisco ISE and uses a regular expression to assemble the multiline syslog event in to an event readable by QRadar.
	To integrate Cisco ISE events with QRadar, you must perform the following tasks:
1	Configure a log source in QRadar for your Cisco ISE appliance forwarding events to QRadar.
2	Create a remote logging target for QRadar on your Cisco ISE appliance.
3	Configure the logging categories on your Cisco ISE appliance.
Supported event logging categories	The Cisco ISE DSM for QRadar is capable of receiving syslog events from the following event logging categories.
	Table 23-1 Supported Cisco ISE event logging categories
	Table 23-1 Supported Cisco ISE event logging categories
	Event logging category
	Event logging category AAA audit
	Event logging category AAA audit Failed attempts
	Event logging category AAA audit Failed attempts Passed authentication
	Event logging category AAA audit Failed attempts Passed authentication AAA diagnostics
	Event logging category AAA audit Failed attempts Passed authentication AAA diagnostics Administrator authentication and authorization
	Event logging category AAA audit Failed attempts Passed authentication AAA diagnostics
	Event logging category AAA audit Failed attempts Passed authentication AAA diagnostics Administrator authentication and authorization Authentication flow diagnostics
	Event logging category AAA audit Failed attempts Passed authentication AAA diagnostics Administrator authentication and authorization Authentication flow diagnostics Identity store diagnostics
	Event logging category AAA audit Failed attempts Passed authentication AAA diagnostics Administrator authentication and authorization Authentication flow diagnostics Identity store diagnostics Policy diagnostics
	Event logging category AAA audit Failed attempts Passed authentication AAA diagnostics Administrator authentication and authorization Authentication flow diagnostics Identity store diagnostics Policy diagnostics Radius diagnostics
	Event logging category AAA audit Failed attempts Passed authentication AAA diagnostics Administrator authentication and authorization Authentication flow diagnostics Identity store diagnostics Policy diagnostics Radius diagnostics Guest
	Event logging category AAA audit Failed attempts Passed authentication AAA diagnostics Administrator authentication and authorization Authentication flow diagnostics Identity store diagnostics Policy diagnostics Radius diagnostics Guest Accounting
	Event logging categoryAAA auditFailed attemptsPassed authenticationAAA diagnosticsAdministrator authentication and authorizationAuthentication flow diagnosticsIdentity store diagnosticsPolicy diagnosticsRadius diagnosticsGuestAccountingRadius accounting
	Event logging categoryAAA auditFailed attemptsPassed authenticationAAA diagnosticsAdministrator authentication and authorizationAuthentication flow diagnosticsIdentity store diagnosticsPolicy diagnosticsRadius diagnosticsGuestAccountingRadius accountingAdministrative and operational audit

Table 23-1	Supported Cisc	o ISE event logging	categories	(continued)
		o ioe oroni iogging	outogonioo	(0011011000)

Event logging category	
System diagnostics	
Distributed management	
Internal operations diagnostics	
System statistics	

Configuring a Cisco To collect syslog events, you must configure a log source for Cisco ISE in QRadar to use the UDP Multiline Syslog protocol.

QRadar

You must configure a log source for each individual Cisco ISE appliance that forwards events to QRadar. However, all Cisco ISE appliances can forward their events to the same listen port on QRadar that you configure.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cisco Identity Services Engine.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select UDP Multiline Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 23-2
 Cisco ISE log source parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, host name, or name to identify the log source or appliance providing UDP Multiline Syslog events to QRadar.

Parameter	Description
Listen Port	Type 517 as the port number used by QRadar to accept incoming UDP Multiline Syslog events. The valid port range is 1 to 65535.
	To edit a saved configuration to use a new port number:
	 In the Listen Port field, type the new port number for receiving UDP Multiline Syslog events.
	2 Click Save.
	3 On the Admin tab, select Advanced > Deploy Full Configuration.
	After the full deploy completes, QRadar is capable of receiving events on the updated listen port.
	Note: When you click Deploy Full Configuration, QRadar restarts all services, resulting in a gap in data collection for events and flows until the deployment completes.
Message ID Pattern	Type the following regular expression (regex) required to filter the event payload messages.
	CISE_\S+ (\d{10})

 Table 23-2
 Cisco ISE log source parameters (continued)

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

What to do next

You are now ready to configure your Cisco ISE appliance with a remote logging target.

Creating a remote
logging target in
Cisco ISETo forward syslog events to QRadar, you must configure your Cisco ISE appliance
with a remote logging target.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to your Cisco ISE Administration Interface.
- Step 2 From the navigation menu, select Administration > System > Logging > Remote Logging Targets.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- **Step 4** In the **Name** field, type a name for the remote target system.
- Step 5 In the **Description** field, type a description.
- Step 6 In the IP Address field, type a the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 7 In the **Port** field, type **517** or use the port value you specific in your Cisco ISE log source for QRadar.
- Step 8 From the Facility Code list, select the syslog facility to use for logging events.

- Step 9 In the Maximum Length field, type **1024** as the maximum packet length allowed for the UDP syslog message.
- Step 10 Click Submit.

The remote logging target is created for QRadar.

What to do next

You are now ready to configure the logging categories forwarded by Cisco ISE to QRadar.

Configuring CiscoTo define which events are forwarded by your Cisco ISE appliance, you must
configure each logging category with a syslog severity and the remote logging
target your configured for QRadar.

For a list of pre-defined event logging categories for Cisco ISE, see **Supported** event logging categories.

Procedure

- Step 1 From the navigation menu, select Administration > System > Logging > Logging Categories.
- Step 2 Select a logging category, and click Edit.
- Step 3 From the Log Severity list, select a severity for the logging category.
- Step 4 In the Target field, add your remote logging target for QRadar to the Select box.
- Step 5 Click Save.
- Step 6 Repeat this process for each logging category you want to forward to QRadar.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded by Cisco ISE are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

24 CITRIX

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- Citrix NetScaler
- Citrix Access Gateway

Citrix NetScaler The Citrix NetScaler DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts all relevant audit log events using syslog. Configuring syslog To integrate Citrix NetScaler events with QRadar, you must configure Citrix on Citrix NetScaler NetScaler to forward syslog events. **Procedure** Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your Citrix NetScaler device as a root user. Step 2 Type the following command to add a remote syslog server: add audit syslogAction <ActionName> <IP Address> -serverPort 514 -logLevel Info -dateFormat DDMMYYYY Where: <ActionName> is a descriptive name for the syslog server action. <IP Address> is the IP address or hostname of your QRadar Console. For example: add audit syslogAction action-QRadar 10.10.10.10 -serverPort 514 -logLevel Info -dateFormat DDMMYYYY

Step 3 Type the following command to add an audit policy:

add audit syslogPolicy <PolicyName> <Rule> <ActionName> Where:

<policyName> is a descriptive name for the syslog policy.

<Rule> is the rule or expression the policy uses. The only supported value is ns_true.

<ActionName> is a descriptive name for the syslog server action.

For example:

add audit syslogPolicy policy-QRadar ns_true action-QRadar

Step 4 Type the following command to bind the policy globally:

bind system global <PolicyName> -priority <Integer>
Where:

<PolicyName> is a descriptive name for the syslog policy.

<Integer> is a numeric value used to rank message priority for multiple policies that are communicating using syslog.

For example:

bind system global policy-QRadar -priority 30

When multiple policies have priority assigned to them as a numeric value the lower priority value is evaluated before the higher value.

Step 5 Type the following command to save the Citrix NetScaler configuration.

save config

Step 6 Type the following command to verify the policy is saved in your configuration:

sh system global

Note: For information on configuring syslog using the Citrix NetScaler user interface, see http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX121728 or your vendor documentation.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Citrix NetScaler events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by Citrix NetScaler are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a CitrixQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events fromNetScaler log sourceCitrix NetScaler. This procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

Step 5 Click Add.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Citrix NetScaler.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 24-1 Syslog protocol parameters

	, , ,	·
	Parameter	Description
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Citrix NetScaler devices.
Step 11	Click Save.	
Step 12	On the Admin tab, clic	k Deploy Changes.
	The configuration is co	mplete.
Citrix Access Gateway		eway DSM accepts access, audit, and diagnostic events itrix Access Gateway appliance using syslog.
Configuring syslog for Citrix Access Gateway	•	s the configure steps required to configure syslog on your to forward events to the QRadar Console or an Event
	Procedure	
Step 1	Log in to your Citrix Ac	cess Gateway web interface.
Step 2	Click the Access Gate	eway Cluster tab.
Step 3	Select Logging/Settin	igs.
Step 4	In the Server field, type	e the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
Step 5	From the Facility list,	select a syslog facility level.
Step 6	In the Broadcast inte QRadar.	rval (mins), type 0 to continuously forward syslog events to
Step 7	Click Submit to save y	vour changes.
	Gateway events are a	mplete. The log source is added to QRadar as Citrix Access utomatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by are displayed on the Log Activity tab in QRadar.

Configuring a CitrixQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events fromAccess Gateway logCitrix Access Gateway appliances. This procedure is optional.

source Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Citrix Access Gateway.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 24-2
 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Citrix Access Gateway appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

25 CRYPTOCARD CRYPTO-SHIELD

The QRadar CRYPTOCard CRYPTO-Shield DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

Before you begin To integrate CRYPTOCard CRYPTO-Shield events with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive syslog events.

Before you can receive events in QRadar, you must configure a log source, then configure your CRYPTOCard CRYPTO-Shield to forward syslog events. Syslog events forwarded from CRYPTOCard CRYPTO-Shield devices are not automatically discovered. QRadar can receive syslog events on port 514 for both TCP and UDP.

Configuring a log source QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from CRYPTOCard CRYPTO-Shield devices.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select CRYPTOCard CRYPTOShield.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 25-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your CRYPTOCard CRYPTO-Shield device.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes. The log source is added to QRadar.

Configure syslog for To configure your CRYPTOCard CRYPTO-Shield device to forward syslog events:

CRYPTO-Shield

Step 1 Log in to your CRYPTOCard CRYPTO-Shield device.

Step 2 Configure the following System Configuration parameters:

NOTE -

You must have CRYPTOCard Operator access with the assigned default Super-Operator system role to access the System Configuration parameters.

- log4j.appender.<protocol> Directs the logs to a syslog host where the <protocol> is the type of log appender, which determines where you want to send logs for storage. The options are: ACC, DBG, or LOG. For this parameter, type the following: org.apache.log4j.net.SyslogAppender
- log4j.appender.<protocol>.SyslogHost <IP address> Type the IP address or hostname of the syslog server where:
 - <protocol> is the type of log appender, which determines where you want to send logs for storage. The options are: ACC, DBG, or LOG.
 - <IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar host to which you want to send logs. This value can only be specified when the first parameter is configured.

This parameter can only be specified when the log4j.apender.<protocol> parameter is configured.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar by CRYPTOCard CRYPTO-Shield are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

26 CYBER-ARK VAULT

	The Cyber-Ark Vault DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog formatted for Log Enhanced Event Format (LEEF).
Supported event types	QRadar records both user activities and safe activities from the Cyber-Ark Vault in the audit log events. Cyber-Ark Vault integrates with QRadar to forward audit logs using syslog to create a complete audit picture of privileged account activities.
Event type format	Cyber-Ark Vault must be configured to generate events in Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF) and forward these events using syslog. The LEEF format consists of a pipe () delimited syslog header and tab separated fields in the event payload.
	If the syslog events forwarded from your Cyber-Ark Vault is not formatted as described above, you must examine your device configuration or software version to ensure your appliance supports LEEF. Properly formatted LEEF event messages are automatically discovered and added as a log source to QRadar.
Configure syslog for	To configure Cyber-Ark Vault to forward syslog events to QRadar:
Cyber-Ark Vault	
,	Procedure
-	Procedure Log in to your Cyber-Ark device.
Step 1	
Step 1 Step 2	Log in to your Cyber-Ark device.
Step 1 Step 2	Log in to your Cyber-Ark device. Edit the DBParm.ini file.
Step 1 Step 2	Log in to your Cyber-Ark device. Edit the DBParm.ini file. Configure the following parameters:
Step 1 Step 2	 Log in to your Cyber-Ark device. Edit the DBParm.ini file. Configure the following parameters: SyslogServerIP - Type the IP address of QRadar. SyslogServerPort - Type the UDP port used to connect to QRadar. The default
Step 1 Step 2	 Log in to your Cyber-Ark device. Edit the DBParm.ini file. Configure the following parameters: SyslogServerIP - Type the IP address of QRadar. SyslogServerPort - Type the UDP port used to connect to QRadar. The default value is 514. SyslogMessageCodeFilter - Configure which message codes are sent from the Cyber-Ark Vault to QRadar. You can define specific message numbers or a range of numbers. By default, all message codes are sent for user activities and

190 CYBER-ARK VAULT

- SyslogTranslatorFile Type the file path to the LEEF.xsl translator file. The translator file is used to parse Cyber-Ark audit records data in the syslog protocol.
- Step 4 Copy LEEF.xsl to the location specified by the SyslogTranslatorFile parameter in the DBParm.ini file.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cyber-Ark Vault events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by Cyber-Ark Vault are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Cyber-Ark Vault. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Cyber-Ark Vault.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 26-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cyber-Ark Vault appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

27 CYBERGUARD FIREWALL/VPN APPLIANCE

The CyberGuard Firewall VPN Appliance DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts CyberGuard events using syslog. Supported event QRadar records all relevant CyberGuard events for CyberGuard KS series appliances forwarded using syslog. types To configure a CyberGuard device to forward syslog events: Configure syslog events Procedure Step 1 Log in to the CyberGuard user interface. Step 2 Select the Advanced page. Step 3 Under System Log, select Enable Remote Logging. Step 4 Type the IP address of QRadar. Step 5 Click Apply. The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as CyberGuard events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by CyberGuard appliances are displayed on the Log Activity tab of QRadar. Configure a log QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from source CyberGuard appliances. The following configuration steps are optional. **Procedure** Step 1 Log in to QRadar. Step 2 Click the Admin tab. Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources. Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon. Step 5 Click Add. Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source. **Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source. Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select CyberGuard TSP Firewall/VPN. Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

192 CyberGuard Firewall/VPN Appliance

Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 27-1
 Syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your CyberGuard appliance.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

28 DAMBALLA FAILSAFE

	The Failsafe DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events using the Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF), enabling QRadar to record all relevant Damballa Failsafe events.
Event type format	Damballa Failsafe must be configured to generate events in Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF) and forward these events using syslog. The LEEF format consists of a pipe () delimited syslog header and tab separated fields in the event payload.
	If the syslog events forwarded from your Damballa Failsafe is not formatted as described above, you must examine your device configuration or software version to ensure your appliance supports LEEF. Properly formatted LEEF event messages are automatically discovered and added as a log source to QRadar.
Configuring syslog for Damballa Failsafe	To collect events, you must configure your Damballa Failsafe device to forward syslog events to QRadar.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to your Damballa Failsafe Management Console
Step 2	From the navigation menu, select Setup > Integration Settings .
Step 3	Click the Q1 QRadar tab.
Step 4	Select Enable Publishing to Q1 QRadar.
Step 5	Configure the following options:
	a Q1 Hostname - Type the IP address or Fully Qualified Name (FQN) of your QRadar Console.
	b Destination Port - Type 514 . By default, QRadar uses port 514 as the port for receiving syslog events.
	c Source Port - Optional. Type the source port your Damballa Failsafe device uses for sending syslog events.
Step 6	Click Save.
	The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Damballa Failsafe events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by Damballa Failsafe are displayed on the Log Activity tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Damballa Failsafe devices. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Damballa Failsafe.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 28-1
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Damballa Failsafe devices.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

29 DIGITAL CHINA NETWORKS (DCN)

	The Digital China Ne QRadar can accept e	(/		,
syslog.	. '	ee 2g.		,g

Supported event
typesQRadar records all relevant IPv4 events forwarded from DCN switches. To
integrate your device with QRadar, you must configure a log source, then
configure your DCS or DCRS switch to forward syslog events.

Supported The DSM supports the following DCN DCS/DCRS Series switches: appliances

- DCS 3650
- DCS 3950
- DCS 4500
- DCRS 5750
- DCRS 5960
- DCRS 5980
- DCRS 7500
- DCRS 9800
- **Configuring a log source** QRadar does not automatically discover incoming syslog events from DCN DCS/DCRS Series switches.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select DCN DCS/DCRS Series.

Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

Step 10 Configure the following value:

Table 29-1 Syslog Parameters

	Parameter	Description	
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, hostname, or name for the log source as an identifier for your DCN DCS/DCRS Series switch.	
		Each log source you create for your DCN DCS/DCRS Series switch should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or hostname.	
Step 11	Click Save.		
Step 12	On the Admin tab, clic	k Deploy Changes.	
	-	ed to QRadar. You are now ready to configure your Digital or DCRS Series switch to forward events to QRadar.	
Configure a DCN DCS/DCRS Series Switch	To collect events, you must configure your DCN DCS/DCRS Series switch in QRadar.		
	Procedure		
Step 1	Log in to your DCN DC	CS/DCRS Series switch command-line Interface (CLI).	
Step 2	Type the following command to access the administrative mode:		
	enable		
Step 3	Type the following com	nmand to access the global configuration mode:	
	config		
	The command-line inte	erface displays the configuration mode prompt:	
	Switch(Config)#		
Step 4	Type the following com	nmand to configure a log host for your switch:	
	logging <ip addres<="" td=""><td><pre>ss> facility <local> severity <level></level></local></pre></td></ip>	<pre>ss> facility <local> severity <level></level></local></pre>	
	Where:		
	<ip address=""> is the</ip>	IP address of the QRadar Console.	
	<local> is the syslog</local>	facility, for example, local0.	
	specify a value of infor	y of the syslog events, for example, informational. If you mational, you forward all information level events and later, warnings, errors, critical, alerts, and emergencies.	
	For example,		
	logging 10.10.10.	1 facility local0 severity informational	
Step 5	Type the following com	nmand to save your configuration changes:	
	write		

The configuration is complete. You can verify events forwarded to QRadar by viewing events in the **Log Activity** tab.

30 ENTERASYS

	This section provides information on the following DSMs:	
	Enterasys Dragon	
	Enterasys HiGuard Wireless IPS	
	Enterasys HiPath Wireless Controller	
	Enterasys Stackable and Standalone Switches	
	Enterasys XSR Security Router	
	Enterasys Matrix Router	
	Enterasys NetSight Automatic Security Manager	
	Enterasys Matrix K/N/S Series Switch	
	Enterasys NAC	
	Enterasys 800-Series Switch	
Enterasys Dragon	The Enterasys Dragon DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Enterasys event using either syslog or SNMPv3 to record all relevant Enterasys Dragon events.	
Enterasys Dragon		
Enterasys Dragon	using either syslog or SNMPv3 to record all relevant Enterasys Dragon events.	
Enterasys Dragon	using either syslog or SNMPv3 to record all relevant Enterasys Dragon events. To configure your QRadar Enterasys Dragon DSM, you must:	
Enterasys Dragon	using either syslog or SNMPv3 to record all relevant Enterasys Dragon events. To configure your QRadar Enterasys Dragon DSM, you must: Choose one of the following: a Create an Alarm Tool policy using an SNMPv3 notification rule. See Create	
Enterasys Dragon	 using either syslog or SNMPv3 to record all relevant Enterasys Dragon events. To configure your QRadar Enterasys Dragon DSM, you must: Choose one of the following: a Create an Alarm Tool policy using an SNMPv3 notification rule. See Create a Alarm Tool Policy for SNMPv3. b Create an Alarm Tool policy using a Syslog notification rule. See Create a 	
Enterasys Dragon	 using either syslog or SNMPv3 to record all relevant Enterasys Dragon events. To configure your QRadar Enterasys Dragon DSM, you must: Choose one of the following: a Create an Alarm Tool policy using an SNMPv3 notification rule. See Create a Alarm Tool Policy for SNMPv3. b Create an Alarm Tool policy using a Syslog notification rule. See Create a Policy for Syslog. 	

Create an Alarm Tool Policy for SNMPv3 This procedure describes how to configure an Alarm Tool policy using an SNMPv3 notification rule. Use SNMPv3 notification rules if you need to transfer PDATA binary data elements.

To configure Enterasys Dragon with an Alarm Tool policy using an SNMPv3 notification rule:

- Step 1 Log in to the Enterasys Dragon EMS.
- Step 2 Click the Alarm Tool icon.
- Step 3 Configure the Alarm Tool Policy:
 - a In the Alarm Tool Policy View > Custom Policies menu tree, right-click and select Add Alarm Tool Policy.

The Add Alarm Tool Policy window is displayed.

b In the **Add Alarm Tool Policy** field, type a policy name.

For example:

- QRadar
- c Click OK.
- d In the menu tree, select the policy name you entered from Stepb.
- Step 4 To configure the event group:
 - a Click the Events Group tab.
 - b Click New.

The Event Group Editor is displayed.

- c Select the event group or individual events to monitor.
- d Click Add.

A prompt is displayed.

- e Click Yes.
- f In the right column of the Event Group Editor, type Dragon-Events.
- g Click OK.
- **Step 5** Configure the SNMPv3 notification rules:
 - a Click the Notification Rules tab.
 - b Click New.
 - c In the name field, type **QRadar-Rule**.
 - d Click OK.
 - e In the Notification Rules panel, select **QRadar-Rule**.
 - f Click the SNMP V3 tab.
 - g Click New.
 - h Update SNMP V3 values, as required:
 - Server IP Address Type the QRadar IP address.

Note: Do not change the OID.

- Inform Select the Inform check box.
- Security Name Type the SNMPv3 username.
- Auth Password Type the appropriate password.
- Priv Password Type the appropriate password.
- Message Type the following on one line:

```
Dragon Event:
%DATE%,,%TIME%,,%NAME%,,%SENSOR%,,%PROTO%,,%SIP%,,
%DIP%,,%SPORT%,,%DPORT%,, %DIR%,,%DATA%,,<<<<%PDATA%>>>
```

Note: Verify that the security passwords and protocols match data configured in the SNMP configuration.

i Click OK.

- **Step 6** Verify that the notification events are logged as separate events:
 - a Click the Global Options tab.
 - b Click the Main tab.
 - c Make sure that Concatenate Events is not selected.
- **Step 7** Configure the SNMP options:
 - a Click the Global Options tab.
 - b Click the SNMP tab
 - c Type the IP address of the EMS server sending SNMP traps.
- **Step 8** Configure the alarm information:
 - a Click the Alarms tab.
 - b Click New.
 - c Type values for the following parameters:
 - Name Type QRadar-Alarm.
 - Type Select Real Time.
 - Event Group Select Dragon-Events.
 - Notification Rule Select the QRadar-Rule check box.
 - d Click OK.
 - e Click Commit.
- Step 9 Navigate to the Enterprise View.
- Step 10 Right-click on the Alarm Tool and select Associate Alarm Tool Policy.
- Step 11 Select the **QRadar** policy. Click **OK**.
- **Step 12** From the Enterprise menu, right-click and select **Deploy**.

You are now ready to configure the log source SNMP protocol in QRadar.

Create a Policy for Syslog This procedure describes how to configure an Alarm Tool policy using a syslog notification rule in the Log Event Extended Format (LEEF) message format.

> LEEF is the preferred message format for sending notifications to Dragon Network Defense when the notification rate is very high or when IPv6 addresses are displayed. If you prefer not to use syslog notifications in LEEF format, refer to your *Enterasys Dragon documentation* for more information.

Note: Use SNMPv3 notification rules if you need to transfer PDATA, which is a binary data element. Do not use a syslog notification rule.

To configure Enterasys Dragon with an Alarm Tool policy using a syslog notification rule:

- Step 1 Log in to the Enterasys Dragon EMS.
- Step 2 Click the Alarm Tool icon.
- Step 3 Configure the Alarm Tool Policy:
 - a In the Alarm Tool Policy View > Custom Policies menu tree, right-click and select Add Alarm Tool Policy.

The Add Alarm Tool Policy window is displayed.

b In the **Add Alarm Tool Policy** field, type a policy name.

For example:

- QRadar
- c Click OK.
- d In the menu tree, select QRadar.
- Step 4 To configure the event group:
 - a Click the Events Group tab.
 - b Click New.

The Event Group Editor is displayed.

- c Select the event group or individual events to monitor.
- d Click Add.

A prompt is displayed.

- e Click Yes.
- f In the right column of the Event Group Editor, type Dragon-Events.
- g Click OK.

Step 5 Configure the Syslog notification rule:

- a Click the Notification Rules tab.
- b Click New.
- c In the name field, type QRadar-RuleSys.
- d Click OK.

- e In the Notification Rules panel, select the newly created QRadar-RuleSys item.
- f Click the Syslog tab.
- g Click New.

The Syslog Editor is displayed.

- h Update the following values:
 - Facility Using the Facility list, select a facility.
 - Level Using the Level list, select notice.
 - Message Using the Type list, select LEEF.

LEEF:Version=1.0|Vendor|Product|ProductVersion|eventID|devTime| proto|src|sensor|dst|srcPort|dstPort|direction|eventData|

Note: The LEEF message format delineates between fields using a pipe delimiter between each keyword.

- i Click OK.
- Step 6 Verify that the notification events are logged as separate events:
 - a Click the Global Options tab.
 - b Click the Main tab.
 - c Make sure that **Concatenate Events** is not selected.
- Step 7 Configure the alarm information:
 - a Click the Alarms tab.
 - b Click New.
 - c Type values for the parameters:
 - Name Type QRadar-Alarm.
 - Type Select Real Time.
 - Event Group Select Dragon-Events.
 - Notification Rule Select the QRadar-RuleSys check box.
 - d Click OK.
 - e Click Commit.
- Step 8 Navigate to the Enterprise View.
- Step 9 Right-click on the Alarm Tool and select Associate Alarm Tool Policy.
- Step 10 Select the newly created QRadar policy. Click OK.
- Step 11 In the Enterprise menu, right-click the policy and select **Deploy**.You are now ready to configure a syslog log source in QRadar.

Configure a log You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar: **source**

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Enterasys Dragon Network IPS.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select either the SNMPv3 or Syslog option. For more information on configuring a specific protocol, see the IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide.

For more information about Enterasys Dragon device, see your Enterasys Dragon documentation.

Note: Using the event mapping tool in the **Log Activity** tab, you can map a normalized or raw event to a high-level and low-level category (or QID). However, you cannot map combination Dragon messages using the event mapping tool. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Users Guide*.

Configure the EMS to
forward syslog
messagesStarting with Dragon Enterprise Management Server (EMS) v7.4.0 appliances, you
must use syslog-ng for forwarding events to a Security and Information Manager
such as QRadar.

Syslogd has been replaced by syslog-ng in Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and later.

To configure EMS to forward syslog messages, you must choose one of the following:

- If you are using syslog-ng and Enterasys Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and later, see Configuring syslog-ng Using Enterasys Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and later.
- If you are using syslogd and Enterasys Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and below, see Configuring syslogd Using Enterasys Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and below.

Configuring syslog-ng Using Enterasys Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and later

This section describes the steps to configure syslog-ng in non-encrypted mode and syslogd to forward syslog messages to QRadar.

If you are using encrypted syslog-ng, refer to your Enterasys documentation.

```
CAUTION: Do not run both syslog-ng and syslogd at the same time.
```

To configure syslog-ng in non-encrypted mode:

Step 1 On your EMS system, open the following file:

/opt/syslog-ng/etc/syslog-ng.conf

Step 2 Configure a Facility filter for the Syslog notification rule.

For example, if you selected facility local1:

filter filt_facility_local1 {facility(local1); };

Step 3 Configure a Level filter for the Syslog notification rule.

For example, if you selected level notice:

filter filt_level_notice {level(notice); };

Step 4 Configure a destination statement for the QRadar.

For example, if the IP address of the QRadar is 10.10.1.1 and you want to use syslog port of 514, type:

```
destination siem { tcp("10.10.1.1" port(514)); };
```

Step 5 Add a log statement for the notification rule:

```
log {
source(s_local);
filter (filt_facility_local1); filter (filt_level_notice);
destination(siem);
};
```

Step 6 Save the file and restart syslog-ng.

cd /etc/rc.d
./rc.syslog-ng stop
./rc.syslog-ng start

Step 7 The Enterasys Dragon EMS configuration is complete.

Configuring syslogd Using Enterasys Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and below

If your Dragon Enterprise Management Server (EMS) is using a version earlier than v7.4.0 on the appliance, you must use syslogd for forwarding events to a Security and Information Manager such as QRadar.

To configure syslogd, you must:

Step 1 On the Dragon EMS system, open the following file:

/etc/syslog.conf

Step 2 Add a line to forward the facility and level you configured in the syslog notification rule to QRadar.

For example, to define the local1 facility and notice level:

local1.notice @<IP address>

Where:

	<ip address=""> is the IP address of the QRadar system.</ip>
Step	3 Save the file and restart syslogd.
	cd /etc/rc.d ./rc.syslog stop ./rc.syslog start The Enterasys Dragon EMS configuration is complete.
Enterasys HiGuard Wireless IPS	The Enterasys HiGuard Wireless IPS DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant events using syslog
	Before configuring the Enterasys HiGuard Wireless IPS device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.
Configure Enterasys HiGuard	
Step	1 Log in to the HiGuard Wireless IPS user interface.
Step	2 In the left navigation pane, click Syslog , which allows the management server to send events to designated syslog receivers.
	The Syslog Configuration panel is displayed.
Step	3 In the System Integration Status section, enable syslog integration.
	This allows the management server to send messages to the configured syslog servers. By default, the management server enables syslog.
	The Current Status field displays the status of the syslog server. The options are: Running or Stopped. An error status is displayed if one of the following occurs:
	 One of the configured and enabled syslog servers includes a hostname that cannot be resolved.
	The management server is stopped.
	 An internal error has occurred. If this occurs, please contact Enterasys Technical Support.
Step	4 From Manage Syslog Servers, click Add.
	The Syslog Configuration window is displayed.
Step	5 Type values for the following parameters:
	 Syslog Server (IP Address/Hostname) - Type the IP address or hostname of the syslog server to which events should be sent.
	Note: Configured syslog servers use the DNS names and DNS suffixes configured in the Server initialization and Setup Wizard on the HWMH Config Shell.
	 Port Number - Type the port number of the syslog server to which HWMH sends events. The default is 514.
	Message Format - Select Plain Text as the format for sending events.

- Enabled? Select if the events are to be sent to this syslog server.
- **Step 6** Save your configuration.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as HiGuard events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Enterasys HiGuard are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Enterasys HiGuard. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Enterasys HiGuard:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Enterasys HiGuard.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 30-1
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Enterasys HiGuard.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Enterasys HiPath Wireless Controller	The Enterasys HiPath Wireless Controller DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant events using syslog.
Supported event types	 QRadar supports the following Enterasys HiPath Wireless Controller events: Wireless access point events
	 Application log events Service log events Audit log events

Configure your HiPath Wireless Controller	To integrate your Enterasys HiPath Wireless Controller events with QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.	
Controller	To forward syslog events to QRadar:	
Step 1	Log in to the HiPath Wireless Assistant.	
Step 2	Click Wireless Controller Configuration.	
	The HiPath Wireless Controller Configuration window is displayed.	
Step 3	From the menu, click System Maintenance.	
Step 4	From the Syslog section, select the Syslog Server IP check box and type the IP address of the device receiving the syslog messages.	
Step 5	Using the Wireless Controller Log Level list, select Information.	
Step 6	Using the Wireless AP Log Level list, select Major.	
Step 7	Using the Application Logs list, select local.0.	
Step 8	Using the Service Logs list, select local.3.	
Step 9	Using the Audit Logs list, select local.6.	
Step 10	Click Apply.	
	You are now ready to co	onfigure the log source in QRadar.
Configure a log source	-	liscovers and creates a log source for syslog events from following configuration steps are optional.
	To manually configure a	a log source for Enterasys HiPath:
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.	
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.	
Step 3	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.	
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.	
Step 5	Click Add.	
Step 6	In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.	
Step 7	In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.	
Step 8	From the Log Source Type list, select Enterasys HiPath.	
Step 9	Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.	
Step 10	Configure the following	values:
	Table 30-1 Syslog Param	neters
	Parameter	Description
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Enterasys HiPath.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete. For more information about your Enterasys HiPath Wireless Controller device, see your vendor documentation.

Enterasys
Stackable and
Stackable and
Standalone
SwitchesThe Enterasys Stackable and Standalone Switches DSM for IBM Security QRadar
accepts events using syslog.Standalone
SwitchesQRadar records all relevant events. Before configuring an Enterasys Stackable
and Standalone Switches device in QRadar, you must configure your device to
forward syslog events.

To configure the device to forward syslog events to QRadar:

- Step 1 Log in to the Enterasys Stackable and Standalone Switch device.
- Step 2 Type the following command:

```
set logging server <index> [ip-addr <IP address>] [facility
<facility>] [severity <severity>] [descr <description>] [port
<port>] [state <enable | disable>]
```

Where:

<index> is the server table index number (1 to 8) for this server.

<ip address> is the IP address of the server you wish to send
syslog messages. This is an optional field. If you do not define an IP
address, an entry in the Syslog server table is created with the specified index
number and a message is displayed indicating that no IP address has been
assigned.

<facility> is a syslog facility. Valid values are local0 to local7. This is an optional field. If not specified, the default value configured with the set logging default command is applied.

<severity> is the server severity level that the server will log messages. The valid range is 1 to 8. If not specified, the default value configured with the set logging default command is applied. This is an optional field. Valid values include:

- 1: Emergencies (system is unusable)
- 2: Alerts (immediate action required)
- 3: Critical conditions
- 4: Error conditions
- 5: Warning conditions
- 6: Notifications (significant conditions)
- 7: Informational messages
- 8: Debugging messages

<description> is a description of the facility/server. This is an optional field.

<port> is the default UDP port that the client uses to send messages to the server. If not specified, the default value configured with the set logging default command is applied. This is an optional field.

<enable | disable> enables or disables this facility/server configuration. This is
an optional field. If state is not specified, the server will not be enabled or disabled.

Step 3 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

When you create the log source in the QRadar user interface, select one of the following options from the **Log Source Type** list:

- Enterasys Stackable and Standalone Switches
- Enterasys A2-Series
- Enterasys B2-Series

- Enterasys B3-Series
- Enterasys C2-Series
- Enterasys C3-Series
- Enterasys D2-Series
- Enterasys G3-Series
- Enterasys I3-Series
- Enterasys A4-Series
- Enterasys B5-Series

For more information about your Enterasys Stackable and Standalone Switches, see your vendor documentation.

Enterasys XSR The Enterasys XSR Security Router DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events Security Router using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events. Before configuring an Enterasys XSR Security Router in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events. To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar: Step 1 Using Telnet or SSH, log in to the XSR Security Router command-line interface. **Step 2** Type the following command to access config mode: enable config **Step 3** Type the following command: logging <IP address> low Where <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar. Step 4 Exit from config mode. **Step 5** Save the configuration: exit copy running-config startup-config Step 6 You are now ready to configure the log sources in QRadar. To configure QRadar to receive events from an Enterasys XSR Security Router: From the Log Source Type list, select Enterasys XSR Security Routers. For more information on configuring log sources, see the IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide.

For more information about your Enterasys XSR Security Router, see your vendor documentation.

Enterasys Matrix Router	The Enterasys Matrix Router DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Enterasys Matrix events using SNMPv1, SNMPv2, SNMPv3, and syslog.			
	You can integrate Enterasys Matrix Router version 3.5 with QRadar. QRadar records all SNMP events and syslog login, logout, and login failed events. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with Enterasys Matrix, you must:			
Step 1	Log in to the switch/router as a privileged user.			
Step 2	Type the following command:			
	<pre>set logging server <server number=""> description <description> facility <facility> ip_addr <ip address=""> port <port> severity <severity></severity></port></ip></facility></description></server></pre>			
	Where:			
	<pre><server number=""> is the server number 1 to 8.</server></pre>			
	<pre><description> is a description of the server.</description></pre>			
	<pre><facility> is a syslog facility, for example, local0.</facility></pre>			
	<pre><ip address=""> is the IP address of the server you wish to send syslog messages.</ip></pre>			
	<pre><port> is the default UDP port that the client uses to send messages to the server. Use port 514 unless otherwise stated.</port></pre>			
	<pre><severity> is the server severity level 1 to 9 where 1 indicates an emergency and 8 is debug level.</severity></pre>			
	For example:			
	set logging server 5 description ourlogserver facility local0 ip_addr 1.2.3.4 port 514 severity 8			
Step 3	You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.			
	To configure QRadar to receive events from an Enterasys Matrix device:			
	From the Log Source Type list, select Enterasys Matrix E1 Switch.			
	For more information on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> .			
Enterasys NetSight Automatic Security	The Enterasys NetSight Automatic Security Manager DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.			
Manager	QRadar records all relevant events. Before configuring an Enterasys NetSight Automatic Security Manager device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.			

To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:

- **Step 1** Log in to the Automatic Security Manager user interface.
- Step 2 Click the Automated Security Manager icon to access the Automated Security Manager Configuration window.

Note: You can also access the Automated Security Manager Configuration window from the Tool menu.

- Step 3 From the left navigation menu, select Rule Definitions.
- Step 4 Choose one of the following options:
 - a If a rule is currently configured, highlight the rule. Click Edit.
 - **b** To create a new rule, click **Create**.
- Step 5 Select the Notifications check box.
- Step 6 Click Edit.

The Edit Notifications window is displayed.

Step 7 Click Create.

The Create Notification window is displayed.

- Step 8 Using the Type list, select Syslog.
- Step 9 In the Syslog Server IP/Name field, type the IP address of the device that will receive syslog traffic.
- Step 10 Click Apply.
- Step 11 Click Close.
- Step 12 In the Notification list, select the notification configured above.
- Step 13 Click OK.
- Step 14 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an Enterasys NetSight Automatic Security Manager device:

From the Log Source Type list, select Enterasys NetsightASM.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information about your Enterasys NetSight Automatic Security Manager device, see your vendor documentation.

Enterasys Matrix The Enterasys Matrix Series DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant Matrix K-Series, N-Series, or S-Series standalone device events.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Matrix K-Series, N-Series, or S-Series, you must:

- **Step 1** Log in to your Enterasys Matrix device command-line interface (CLI).
- Step 2 Type the following commands:

```
set logging server 1 ip-addr <IP Address of Event Processor>
state enable
set logging application RtrAcl level 8
set logging application CLI level 8
set logging application SNMP level 8
set logging application Webview level 8
set logging application System level 8
set logging application RtrFe level 8
set logging application Trace level 8
set logging application RtrLSNat level 8
set logging application FlowLimt level 8
set logging application UPN level 8
set logging application AAA level 8
set logging application Router level 8
set logging application AddrNtfy level 8
set logging application OSPF level 8
set logging application VRRP level 8
set logging application RtrArpProc level 8
set logging application LACP level 8
set logging application RtrNat level 8
set logging application RtrTwcb level 8
set logging application HostDoS level 8
set policy syslog extended-format enable
```

For more information on configuring the Matrix Series routers or switches, consult your vendor documentation.

Step 3 You are now ready to configure the log sources in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an Enterasys Matrix Series device:

From the Log Source Type list, select Enterasys Matrix K/N/S Series Switch.

For information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Enterasys NAC	The Enterasys NAC DS QRadar records all rele	SM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog. evant events.
	vendor documentation. events to QRadar, the QRadar as Enterasys N	ng your Enterasys NAC appliances for syslog, consult your After the Enterasys NAC appliance is forwarding syslog configuration is complete. The log source is added to IAC events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded liances are displayed on the Log Activity tab of QRadar.
Configure a log source		discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from lowing configuration steps are optional.
	To manually configure a	a log source for Enterasys NAC:
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.	
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.	
Step 3	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources .	
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.	
Step 5	Click Add.	
Step 6	In the Log Source Nar	ne field, type a name for your log source.
Step 7	In the Log Source Des	scription field, type a description for the log source.
Step 8	From the Log Source	Type list, select Enterasys NAC.
Step 9	Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.	
Step 10	Configure the following values: Table 30-2 Syslog Parameters	
	Parameter	Description
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Enterasys NAC appliances.
Step 11	Click Save.	
Step 12	On the Admin tab, clic	k Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Enterasys
800-Series SwitchThe Enterasys 800-Series Switch DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events
using syslog.QRadar records all relevant audit, authentication, system, and switch events.
Before configuring your Enterasys 800-Series Switch in QRadar, you must
configure your switch to forward syslog events.

Configure your To configure the device to forward syslog events:

Enterasys 800-Series Switch

Step 1 Log in to your Enterasys 800-Series Switch command-line interface.

You must be a system administrator or operator-level user to complete these configuration steps.

Step 2 Type the following command to enable syslog:

enable syslog

Step 3 Type the following command to create a syslog address for forwarding events to QRadar:

create syslog host 1 <IP address> severity informational
facility local7 udp_port 514 state enable

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 4 Optional. Type the following command to forward syslog events using an IP interface address:

create syslog source_ipif <name> <IP address>

Where:

<name> is the name of your IP interface.

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Enterasys 800-Series Switch events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Enterasys 800-Series Switches are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Enterasys 800-Series Switches. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Enterasys 800-Series Switch.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 30-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Enterasys 800-Series Switch.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

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31 EXTREME NETWORKS EXTREMEWARE

The Extreme Networks ExtremeWare DSM for IBM Security QRadar records al relevant Extreme Networks ExtremeWare and Extremeware XOS devices events from using syslog.

To integrate QRadar with an ExtremeWare device, you must configure a log source in QRadar, then configure your Extreme Networks ExtremeWare and Extremeware XOS devices to forward syslog events. QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from ExtremeWare appliances.

Configuring a log To integrate with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive the incoming ExtremeWare events forwarded to QRadar.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Extreme Networks ExtremeWare Operating System (OS).
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- **Step 10** Configure the following values:

 Table 31-1
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your ExtremeWare appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Extreme Networks ExtremeWare appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

For information on configuring syslog forwarding for your Extremeware appliances, see your vendor documentation.

32 F5 NETWORKS

	This section provides information on the following DSMs:
	F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM
	F5 Networks BIG-IP APM
	F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM
	F5 Networks BIG-IP LTM
	F5 Networks FirePass
F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM	The F5 Networks BIG-IP Advanced Firewall Manager (AFM) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events forwarded from F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM systems in name-value pair format.
Supported event types	QRadar is capable of collecting the following events from F5 BIG-IP appliances with Advanced Firewall Managers:
	Network events
	Network Denial of Service (DoS) events
	Protocol security events
	DNS events
	DNS Denial of Service (DoS) events
Before you begin	Before you can configure the Advanced Firewall Manager, you must verify that your BIG-IP appliance is licensed and provisions to include Advanced Firewall Manager.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to your BIG-IP appliance Management Interface.
Step 2	From the navigation menu, select System > License .
Step 3	In the License Status column, verify the Advanced Firewall Manager is licensed and enabled.

- Step 4 To enable the Advanced Firewall Manager, select System > Resource Provisioning.
- Step 5 From the Provisioning column, select the check box and select Nominal from the list.
- Step 6 Click Submit to save your changes.

Configure a logging
poolA logging pool allows you to define a pool of servers that receive syslog events.
The pool contains the IP address, port, and a node name that you provide.

Procedure

- Step 1 From the navigation menu, select Local Traffic > Pools.
- Step 2 Click Create.
- Step 3 In the Name field, type a name for the logging pool.

For example, Logging_Pool.

Step 4 From the Health Monitor field, in the Available list, select TCP and click <<.

This moves the TCP option from the Available list to the Selected list.

- Step 5 In the Resource pane, from the Node Name list, select Logging_Node or the name you defined in Step 3.
- Step 6 In the Address field, type the IP address for the QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 7 In the Service Port field, type 514.
- Step 8 Click Add.
- Step 9 Click Finish.

Creating a The process to configure logging for BIG-IP AFM requires that you create a high-speed logging destination. destination

Procedure

- Step 1 From the navigation menu, select System > Logs > Configuration > Log Destinations.
- Step 2 Click Create.
- Step 3 In the Name field, type a name for the destination.

For example, Logging_HSL_dest.

- Step 4 In the **Description** field, type a description.
- Step 5 From the Type list, select Remote High-Speed Log.
- **Step 6** From the **Pool Name** list, select a logging pool from the list of remote log servers. For example, Logging_Pool.
- Step 7 From the Protocol list, select TCP.
- Step 8 Click Finish.

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Creating a formatted The formatted log destination allows you to specify any special formatting required on the events forwarded to the high-speed logging destination.

Procedure

- Step 1 From the navigation menu, select System > Logs > Configuration > Log Destinations.
- Step 2 Click Create.
- Step 3 In the Name field, type a name for the logging format destination. For example, Logging_Format_dest.
- Step 4 In the **Description** field, type a description.
- Step 5 From the Type list, select Remote Syslog.
- Step 6 From the Syslog Format list, select Syslog.
- Step 7 From the High-Speed Log Destination list, select your high-speed logging destination.

For example, Logging_HSL_dest.

- Step 8 Click Finished.
- **Creating a log publisher** Creating a publisher allows the BIG-IP appliance to publish the formatted log message to the local syslog database.

Procedure

- Step 1 From the navigation menu, select System > Logs > Configuration > Log Publishers.
- Step 2 Click Create.
- Step 3 In the Name field, type a name for the publisher.

For example, Logging_Pub.

- Step 4 In the **Description** field, type a description.
- Step 5 From the Destinations field, in the Available list, select the log destination name you created in Step 3 and click << to add items to the Selected list.</p>

This moves your logging format destination from the Available list to the Selected list. To include local logging in your publisher configuration, you can add **local-db** and **local-syslog** to the Selected list.

Creating a logging profile Logging profiles allow you to configure the types of events that your Advanced Firewall Manager is producing and associates your events with the logging destination.

Procedure

- Step 1 From the navigation menu, select Security > Event Logs > Logging Profile.
- Step 2 Click Create.
- Step 3 In the Name field, type a name for the log profile. For example, Logging_Profile.
- Step 4 In the Network Firewall field, select the Enabled check box.
- Step 5 From the Publisher list, select the log publisher you configured. For example, Logging_Pub.
- Step 6 In the Log Rule Matches field, select the Accept, Drop, and Reject check boxes.
- Step 7 In the Log IP Errors field, select the Enabled check box.
- Step 8 In the Log TCP Errors field, select the Enabled check box.
- Step 9 In the Log TCP Events field, select the Enabled check box.
- Step 10 In the Storage Format field, from the list, select Field-List.
- Step 11 In the Delimiter field, type , (comma) as the delimiter for events.
- Step 12 In the Storage Format field, select all of the options in the Available Items list and click <<.</p>

This moves the all Field-List options from the Available list to the Selected list.

Step 13 In the IP Intelligence pane, from the **Publisher** list, select the log publisher you configured.

For example, Logging_Pub.

Step 14 Click Finished.

Associate the profile to a virtual server in the log profile you created must be associated with a virtual server in the Security
 Policy tab. This allows the virtual server to process your network firewall events, along with local traffic.

Procedure

- Step 1 From the navigation menu, select Local Traffic > Virtual Servers.
- Step 2 Click the name of a virtual server to modify.
- Step 3 From the Security tab, select Policies.
- Step 4 From the Log Profile list, select Enabled.
- Step 5 From the Profile field, in the Available list, select Logging_Profile or the name you specified in Step 3 and click <<.</p>

This moves the Logging_Profile option from the Available list to the Selected list.

Step 6 Click Update to save your changes.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a Log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM. However, you can manually create a log source for
QRadar to receive syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 32-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your F5 BIG-IP AFM appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

F5 Networks BIG-IP APM	The F5 Networks BIG-IP Access Policy Manager (APM) DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects access and authentication security events from a BIG-IP APM device using syslog.
Configure remote syslog	To configure your BIG-IP LTM device to forward syslog events to a remote syslog source, choose your BIG-IP APM software version:
	Configure Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP APM 11.x
	Configure Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP APM 10.x
	Configure Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP APM 11.x
	To configure syslog for F5 BIG-IP APM 11.x:
Step 1	Log in to the command-line of your F5 BIG-IP device.
Step 2	Type the following command to add a single remote syslog server:
	<pre>tmsh syslog remote server {<name> {host <ip address="">}}</ip></name></pre>
	Where:
	<name> is the name of the F5 BIG-IP APM syslog source.</name>
	<ip address=""> is the IP address of the QRadar Console.</ip>
	For example,
	<pre>bigpipe syslog remote server {BIGIP_APM {host 10.100.101}}</pre>
Step 3	Type the following to save the configuration changes:
	tmsh save sys config partitions all
	The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as F5 Networks BIG-IP APM events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by F5 Networks BIG-IP APM are displayed on the Log Activity tab in QRadar.
	Configure Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP APM 10.x
	To configure syslog for F5 BIG-IP APM 10.x:
Step 1	Log in to the command-line of your F5 BIG-IP device.
Step 2	Type the following command to add a single remote syslog server:
	<pre>bigpipe syslog remote server {<name> {host <ip address="">}} Where:</ip></name></pre>
	<name> is the name of the F5 BIG-IP APM syslog source.</name>
	<pre><ip address=""> is the IP address of QRadar Console.</ip></pre>
	For example,
	<pre>bigpipe syslog remote server {BIGIP_APM {host 10.100.101}}</pre>
Step 3	Type the following to save the configuration changes:
	bigpipe save

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as F5 Networks BIG-IP APM events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by F5 Networks BIG-IP APM are displayed on the Log Activity tab.

Configuring a log QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from source F5 Networks BIG-IP APM appliances. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- **Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select F5 Networks BIG-IP APM.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 32-1 Syslog protocol parameters

	Parameter	Description
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your F5 Networks BIG-IP APM appliance.
Step 11	Click Save.	
Step 12	On the Admin tab, clic	k Deploy Changes.
	The configuration is co	mplete.
F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM		IP Application Security Manager (ASM) DSM for IBM cts web application security events from BIG-IP ASM g.
Configure F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM	To forward syslog ever you must configure a le	nts from an F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM appliance to QRadar, ogging profile.
	A logging profile allows can be forwarded direc	s you to configure remote storage for syslog events, which ctly to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM appliance user interface.
- Step 2 On the navigation pane, select Application Security > Options.
- Step 3 Click Logging Profiles.
- Step 4 Click Create.
- Step 5 From the Configuration list, select Advanced.
- **Step 6** Configure the following parameters:
 - a Type a Profile Name.

For example, type **QRadar**.

b Optional. Type a Profile Description.

Note: If you do not want data logged locally as well as remotely, you must clear the **Local Storage** check box.

- c Select the Remote Storage check box.
- d From the Type list, select Reporting Server.
- e From the Protocol list, select TCP.
- f Configure the Server Addresses fields:
 - IP address Type the IP address of the QRadar Console.
 - Port Type a port value of 514.
- g Select the Guarantee Logging check box.

Note: Enabling the Guarantee Logging option ensures the system log requests continue for the web application when the logging utility is competing for system resources. Enabling the Guarantee Logging option can slow access to the associated web application.

- h Select the Report Detected Anomalies check box, to allow the system to log details.
- i Click Create.

The display refreshes with the new logging profile. The log source is added to QRadar as F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM appliances. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 32-2 Syslog protocol parameters

	Parameter	Description
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM appliance.
Step 1	1 Click Save.	
Step 1	2 On the Admin tab, clic	ck Deploy Changes.
	The configuration is co	omplete.
F5 Networks BIG-IP LTM		-IP Local Traffic Manager (LTM) DSM for IBM Security orks security events from a BIG-IP device using syslog.
	then configure your BI you create your log so	ts in QRadar, you must configure a log source for QRadar, G-IP LTM device to forward syslog events. We recommend burce before forward events as QRadar does not or create log sources for syslog events from F5 BIG-IP LTM
Configuring a log source	To integrate F5 BIG-IF to receive syslog even	P LTM with QRadar, you must manually create a log source ots.
	Procedure	
Step	1 Log in to QRadar.	
Step	2 Click the Admin tab.	
Step	3 On the navigation mer	nu, click Data Sources .
Step	4 Click the Log Sources	s icon.
Step	5 Click Add.	
Step	In the Log Source Na	me field, type a name for your log source.
Step	7 In the Log Source De	scription field, type a description for the log source.
Step	3 From the Log Source	Type list, select F5 Networks BIG-IP LTM.
Step	• Using the Protocol Co	onfiguration list, select Syslog.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 32-3 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your BIG-IP LTM appliance.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

You are now ready to configure your BIG-IP LTM appliance to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Configuring syslogTo configure your BIG-IP LTM device to forward syslog events, select your BIG-IPforwarding in BIG-IPLTM software version:

- LTM
- Configuring Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 11.x
- Configuring Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 10.x
- Configuring Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 9.4.2 to 9.4.8

Configuring Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 11.x

To configure syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 11.x:

- Step 1 Log in to the command-line of your F5 BIG-IP device.
- Step 2 To log in to the Traffic Management Shell (tmsh), type the following command:
- **Step 3** To add a syslog server, type the following command:

```
modify /sys syslog remote-servers add {<Name> {host <IP Address>
remote-port 514}}
```

Where:

<Name> is a name that you assign to identify the syslog server on your BIG-IP LTM appliance.

<IP Address> is the IP address of QRadar.

For example,

```
modify /sys syslog remote-servers add {BIGIPsyslog {host
10.100.100.100 remote-port 514}}
```

Step 4 Save the configuration changes:

save /sys config

Events forwarded from your F5 Networks BIG-IP LTM appliance are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

Configuring Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 10.x

To configure syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 10.x:

- Step 1 Log in to the command-line of your F5 BIG-IP device.
- Step 2 Type the following command to add a single remote syslog server:

bigpipe syslog remote server {<Name> {host <IP Address>}}
Where:

<Name> is the name of the F5 BIG-IP LTM syslog source.

<IP Address> is the IP address of QRadar.

For example:

bigpipe syslog remote server {BIGIPsyslog {host 10.100.100.100}}

Step 3 Save the configuration changes:

bigpipe save

Note: F5 Networks modified the syslog output format in BIG-IP v10.x to include the use of local/ before the hostname in the syslog header. The syslog header format containing local/ is not supported in QRadar, but a workaround is available to correct the syslog header. For more information, see *http://www.ibm.com/support*.

Events forwarded from your F5 Networks BIG-IP LTM appliance are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

Configuring Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 9.4.2 to 9.4.8

To configure syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 9.4.2 to 9.4.8:

- **Step 1** Log in to the command-line of your F5 BIG-IP device.
- Step 2 Type the following command to add a single remote syslog server:

bigpipe syslog remote server <IP Address>

Where <IP Address> is the IP address of QRadar.

For example:

bigpipe syslog remote server 10.100.100.100

Step 3 Type the following to save the configuration changes:

bigpipe save

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded from your F5 Networks BIG-IP LTM appliance are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

F5 Networks FirePass The F5 Networks FirePass DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects system events from an F5 FirePass SSL VPN device using syslog.

By default, remote logging is disabled and must be enabled in the F5 Networks FirePass device. Before receiving events in QRadar, you must configure your F5 Networks FirePass device to forward system events to QRadar as a remote syslog server.

Configuring syslog forwarding for F5 To forward syslog events from an F5 Networks BIG-IP FirePass SSL VPM appliance to QRadar, you must enable and configure a remote log server.

FirePass

The remote log server can forward events directly to your QRadar Console or any Event Collectors in your deployment.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the F5 Networks FirePass Admin Console.
- Step 2 On the navigation pane, select **Device Management > Maintenance > Logs**.
- Step 3 From the System Logs menu, select the Enable Remote Log Server check box.
- Step 4 From the System Logs menu, clear the Enable Extended System Logs check box.
- Step 5 In the **Remote host** parameter, type the IP address or hostname of your QRadar.
- Step 6 From the Log Level list, select Information.

The Log Level parameter monitors application level system messages.

Step 7 From the Kernel Log Level list, select Information.

The Kernel Log Level parameter monitors Linux kernel system messages.

Step 8 Click Apply System Log Changes.

The changes are applied and the configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as F5 Networks FirePass events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

Configuring a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
F5 Networks FirePass appliances. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select F5 Networks FirePass.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 32-4
 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your F5 Networks FirePass appliance.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

33 FAIR WARNING

The Fair Warning DSM for IBM Security QRadar retrieves event files from a remote source using the log file protocol.

QRadar records event categories from the Fair Warning log files about user activity related to patient privacy and security threats to medical records. Before you can retrieve log files from Fair Warning, you must verify your device is configured to generate an event log. Instructions for generating the event log can be found in your Fair Warning documentation.

When configuring the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the Fair Warning system is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File Protocol configuration.

Configuring a log source	You can configure QRadar to download an event log from a Fair Warning device.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.
Step 3	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources .
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.
Step 5	Click Add.
Step 6	In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
Step 7	In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
Step 8	From the Log Source Type list box, select Fair Warning.
Step 9	Select the Log File option from the Protocol Configuration list.
Step 10	In the FTP File Pattern field, type a regular expression that matches the log files generated by the Fair Warning system.
Step 11	In the Remote Directory field, type the path to the directory containing logs from your Fair Warning device.
Step 12	From the Event Generator list, select Fair Warning.
Step 13	Click Save.
Step 14	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

236 FAIR WARNING

The configuration is complete. For more information on full parameters for the Log File protocol, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information on configuring Fair Warning, consult your vendor documentation.

FIDELIS XPS

	The Fidelis XPS DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events forwarded in Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF) from Fidelis XPS appliances using syslog.
Supported event types	QRadar is capable of collecting all relevant alerts triggered by policy and rule violations configured on your Fidelis XPS appliance.
Event type format	Fidelis XPS must be configured to generate events in Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF) and forward these events using syslog. The LEEF format consists of a pipe () delimited syslog header and tab separated fields in the event payload.
	If the syslog events forwarded from your Fidelis XPS is not formatted as described above, you must examine your device configuration or software version to ensure your appliance supports LEEF. Properly formatted LEEF event messages are automatically discovered and added as a log source to QRadar.
Configuring Fidelis XPS	You can configure syslog forwarding of alerts from your Fidelis XPS appliance.
	Procedure
•	Log in to CommandPost to manage your Fidelis XPS appliance.
Step 2	From the navigation menu, select System > Export .
	A list of available exports is displayed. If this is the first time you have used the export function, the list is empty.
Step 3	Select one of the following options:
	Click New to create a new export for your Fidelis XPS appliance.
	• Click Edit next to an export name to edit an existing export on your Fidelis XPS appliance.
	The Export Editor is displayed.
Step 4	From the Export Method list, select Syslog LEEF.
Step 5	In the Destination field, type the IP address or host name for QRadar.
	For example, 10.10.10.100::::514
	This field does not support non-ASCII characters.
Step 6	From Export Alerts , select one of the following options:
	IBM Security QRadar DSM Configuration Guide

- All alerts Select this option to export all alerts to QRadar. This option is resource intensive and it can take time to export all alerts.
- Alerts by Criteria Select this option to export specific alerts to QRadar. This
 option displays a new field that allows you to define your alert criteria.
- Step 7 From Export Malware Events, select None.
- Step 8 From Export Frequency, select Every Alert / Malware.
- Step 9 In the Save As field, type a name for your export.
- Step 10 Click Save.
- Step 11 Optional. To verify events are forwarded to QRadar, you can click Run Now.

Run Now is intended as a test tool to verify that alerts selected by criteria are exported from your Fidelis appliance. This option is not available if you selected to export all events in **Step 6**.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Fidelis XPS syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Fidelis XPS are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Fidelis XPS. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive
syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- **Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Fidelis XPS.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 34-5 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Fidelis XPS appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

35 FORESCOUT COUNTERACT

	The ForeScout CounterACT DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Log Extended Event Format (LEEF) events from CounterACT using syslog.
Supported event	QRadar records the following ForeScout CounterACT events:
types	Denial of Service (DoS)
	Authentication
	Exploit
	Suspicious
	• System
Configuring a log source	To integrate ForeScout CounterACT with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive policy-based syslog events.
	QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from ForeScout CounterACT appliances.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.
Step 3	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources .
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.
Step 5	Click Add.
Step 6	In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
Step 7	In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
Step 8	From the Log Source Type list, select ForeScout CounterACT.
Step 9	Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog .
Step 10	Configure the following values:

	Parameter	Description
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your ForeScout CounterACT appliance.
Step 11	Click Save.	
Step 12	On the Admin tab, clic	k Deploy Changes.
	The log source is adde	ed to QRadar.
Configure ForeScout CounterACT		adar, you must install a plug-in for your ForeScout and configure ForeScout CounterACT to forward syslog
	Configure the ForeSo	cout CounterACT Plug-in
	configure a plug-in for	ith ForeScout CounterACT, you must download, install and CounterACT. The plug-in extends ForeScout CounterACT ework for forwarding LEEF events to QRadar.
	Procedure	
Step 1	From the ForeScout w	ebsite, download the plug-in for ForeScout CounterACT.
Step 2	Log in to your ForeSco	out CounterACT appliance.
Step 3	From the CounterACT select the location of the	Console toolbar, select Options > Plugins > Install and ne plug-in file.
	The plug-in is installed	and displayed in the Plugins pane.
Step 4	From the Plugins pane	e, select the QRadar plug-in and click Configure .
	The Add QRadar wiza	rd is displayed.
Step 5	In the Server Address	field, type IP address of QRadar.
Step 6	From the Port list, sele	ect 514 .
Step 7	Click Next.	
Step 8	From the Assigned Co options:	unterACT devices pane, choose one of the following
		elect this option to make all devices on this ForeScout of events to QRadar.
	devices running on	CT devices - Select this option to assign which individual ForeScout CounterACT forward events to QRadar. The devices option is only available if you have one or more ACT server.
Step 9	Click Finish.	
		on is complete. You are now ready to define the events by ForeScout CounterACT policies.

Table 35-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Configuring ForeScout CounterACT Policies

ForeScout CounterACT policies test conditions to trigger management and remediation actions on the appliance.

The plug-in provides an additional action for policies to forward the event to the QRadar using syslog. To forward events to QRadar, you must define a CounterACT policy that includes the QRadar update action. The policy condition must be met at least once to initiate an event to QRadar. You must configure each policy to send updates to QRadar for events you want to record.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select a policy for ForeScout CounterACT.
- Step 2 From the Actions tree, select Audit > Send Updates to QRadar Server.
- Step 3 From the Contents tab, configure the following values:
 - a Select the Send host property results check box.
 - **b** Choose one of the type of events to forward for the policy:
 - **Send All** Select this option to include all properties discovered for the policy to QRadar.
 - **Send Specific** Select this option to select and send only specific properties for the policy to QRadar.
 - c Select the Send policy status check box.
- Step 4 From the **Trigger** tab, select the interval ForeScout CounterACT uses for forwarding the event to QRadar:
 - Send when the action starts Select this check box to send a single event to QRadar when the conditions of your policy are met.
 - Send when information is updated Select this check box to send a report when there is a change in the host properties specified in the **Contents** tab.
 - Send periodically every Select this check box to send a reoccurring event to QRadar on an interval if the policy conditions are met.
- Step 5 Click **OK** to save the policy changes.
- **Step 6** Repeat this process to configure any additional policies with an action to send updates to QRadar, if required.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded by ForeScout CounterACT are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

36 FORTINET FORTIGATE

The Fortinet FortiGate DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant FortiGate IPS/Firewall events using syslog.

The following table identifies the specifications for the Fortinet FortiGate DSM:

Specification	Value
Manufacturer	Fortinet
DSM	Fortinet FortiGate
RPM file name	DSM-FortinetFortiGate-7.x-xxxxx.noarch.rpm
Supported version	FortiOS v2.5 and later
Protocol	Syslog
QRadar recorded events	All relevant events
Auto discovered	Yes
Includes identity	Yes
For more information	http://www.fortinet.com

Table 36-1	Fortinet FortiGate DSM specifications	3
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Fortinet FortiGate DSM integration process	To integrate Fortinet FortiGate DSM with QRadar, use the following procedures:
	1 Download and install the most recent Fortinet FortiGate RPM to your QRadar Console. If automatic updates are enabled, this procedure is not required. RPMs need to be installed only one time.
	2 Optional. Install the Syslog Redirect protocol RPM to collect events through

- 2 Optional. Install the Syslog Redirect protocol RPM to collect events through Fortigate FortiAnalyzer. When you use the Syslog Redirect protocol, QRadar can identify the specific Fortigate firewall that sent the event. You can use the procedure to manually install a DSM to install a protocol.
- 3 Configure your Fortinet FortiGate system to enable communication with QRadar. This procedure must be <u>performed</u> for each instance of Fortinet FortiGate. For

more information on configuring a Fortinet FortiGate device, see your vendor documentation.

4 For each Fortinet FortiGate server you want to integrate, create a log source on the QRadar Console. If QRadar automatically discovers the DSM, this step is not required.

Related tasks

Manually installing a DSM

Configuring a Fortinet FortiGate log source

Configuring a Fortinet FortiGate log source		discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from following configuration steps are optional.
0	Procedure	
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.	
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.	
Step 3	On the navigation men	u, click <u>Data Sources</u> .
Step 4	Click the Log Sources	icon.
Step 5	Click Add.	
Step 6	In the Log Source Na	me field, type a name for your log source.
Step 7	In the Log Source Des	scription field, type a description for the log source.
Step 8	From the Log Source	Type list, select Fortinet FortiGate Security Gateway.
Step 9	Using the Protocol Co	nfiguration list, select one of the following options:
	Select Syslog.	
	To configure QRada	ar to receive FortiAnalyzer events, select Syslog Redirect .
Step 10	Configure the following	values:
	Table 36-1 Syslog Parar	neters
	Parameter	Description
	Log Source Identifier RegEx	devname=([\w-]+)
	Listen Port	517
	Protocol	UDP

- **Step 11** Configure the remaining parameters.
- Step 12 Click Save.
- Step 13 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

37 FOUNDRY FASTIRON

You can integrate a Foundry FastIron device with IBM Security QRadar to collect all relevant events using syslog.

Configure syslog for To integrate QRadar with a Foundry FastIron RX device, you must configure the appliance to forward syslog events.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the Foundry FastIron device command-line interface (CLI).
- Step 2 Type the following command to enable logging:

logging on

Local syslog is now enabled with the following defaults:

- Messages of all syslog levels (Emergencies Debugging) are logged.
- Up to 50 messages are retained in the local syslog buffer.
- No syslog server is specified.
- Step 3 Type the following command to define an IP address for the syslog server:

logging host <IP Address>

Where <IP Address> is the IP address of your QRadar.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Foundry FastIron. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.

- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Foundry FastIron.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 37-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Foundry FastIron appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- $\label{eq:step 12} Step \ \textbf{12} \quad On \ the \ \textbf{Admin} \ tab, \ click \ \textbf{Deploy Changes}.$

The configuration is complete.

38 GENERIC FIREWALL

The generic firewall server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events.

Configuring event To configure QRadar to interpret the incoming generic firewall events:

properties

Step 1 Forward all firewall logs to your QRadar.

For information on forwarding firewall logs from your generic firewall to QRadar, see your firewall vendor documentation.

Step 2 Open the following file:

/opt/qradar/conf/genericFirewall.conf

Make sure you copy this file to systems hosting the Event Collector and the QRadar Console.

Step 3 Restart the Tomcat server:

service tomcat restart

A message is displayed indicating that the Tomcat server has restarted.

Step 4 Enable or disable regular expressions in your patterns by setting the regex_enabled property accordingly. By default, regular expressions are disabled. For example:

regex_enabled=false

When you set the regex_enabled property to false, the system generates regular expressions based on the tags you entered while attempting to retrieve the corresponding data values from the logs.

When you set the regex_enabled property to true, you can define custom regex to control patterns. These regex are directly applied to the logs and the first captured group is returned. When defining custom regex patterns, you must adhere to regex rules, as defined by the Java programming language. For more information, see the following website: *http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/*

To integrate a generic firewall with QRadar, make sure you specify the classes directly instead of using the predefined classes. For example, the digit class $(/\d)$ becomes /[0-9]/. Also, instead of using numeric qualifiers, re-write the expression to use the primitive qualifiers (/?/,/*/ and /+/).

Step 5 Review the file to determine a pattern for accepted packets.

For example, if your device generates the following log messages for accepted packets:

Aug. 5, 2005 08:30:00 Packet accepted. Source IP: 192.168.1.1 Source Port: 80 Destination IP: 192.168.1.2 Destination Port: 80 Protocol: tcp

The pattern for accepted packets is Packet accepted.

Step 6 Add the following to the file:

accept_pattern=<accept pattern>

Where <accept pattern> is the pattern determined inStep 5. For example:

accept pattern=Packet accepted

Patterns are case insensitive.

Step 7 Review the file to determine a pattern for denied packets.

For example, if your device generates the following log messages for denied packets:

Aug. 5, 2005 08:30:00 Packet denied. Source IP: 192.168.1.1 Source Port: 21 Destination IP: 192.168.1.2 Destination Port: 21 Protocol: tcp

The pattern for denied packets is **Packet denied**.

Step 8 Add the following to the file:

deny_pattern=<deny pattern>

Where <deny pattern> is the pattern determined in Step 7.

Patterns are case insensitive.

- **Step 9** Review the file to determine a pattern, if present, for the following:
 - source ip
 - source port
 - destination ip
 - destination port

protocol

For example, if your device generates the following log message:

Aug. 5, 2005 08:30:00 Packet accepted. Source IP: 192.168.1.1 Source Port: 80 Destination IP: 192.168.1.2 Destination Port: 80 Protocol: tcp

The pattern for source IP is source IP.

Step 10 Add the following to the file:

source_ip_pattern=<source ip pattern>
source_port_pattern=<source port pattern>
destination_ip_pattern=<destination ip pattern>
destination_port_pattern=<destination port pattern>

protocol_pattern=<protocol pattern>

Where <source ip pattern>, <source port pattern>, <destination ip pattern>, <destination port pattern>, and <protocol pattern> are the corresponding patterns identified in Step 9.

Note: Patterns are case insensitive and you can add multiple patterns. For multiple patterns, separate using a # symbol.

Step 11 Save and exit the file.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source To integrate generic firewalls with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive the events as QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for events from generic firewall appliances.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Configurable Firewall Filter.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 38-1
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your generic firewall appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by generic firewalls are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

39 GENERIC AUTHORIZATION SERVER

The generic authorization server DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant generic authorization events using syslog.

Configuring event To configure QRadar to interpret the incoming generic authorization events: properties

Step 1 Forward all authentication server logs to your QRadar system.

For information on forwarding authentication server logs to QRadar, see your generic authorization server vendor documentation.

Step 2 Open the following file:

/opt/qradar/conf/genericAuthServer.conf

Make sure you copy this file to systems hosting the Event Collector and the Console.

Step 3 Restart the Tomcat server:

service tomcat restart

A message is displayed indicating that the Tomcat server has restarted.

Step 4 Enable or disable regular expressions in your patterns by setting the regex_enabled property accordingly. By default, regular expressions are disabled. For example:

regex_enabled=false

When you set the regex_enabled property to false, the system generates regular expressions (regex) based on the tags you entered while attempting to retrieve the corresponding data values from the logs.

When you set the regex_enabled property to true, you can define custom regex to control patterns. These regex are directly applied to the logs and the first captured group is returned. When defining custom regex patterns, you must adhere to regex rules, as defined by the Java programming language. For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/

To integrate the generic authorization server with QRadar, make sure you specify the classes directly instead of using the predefined classes. For example, the digit class $(/\d/)$ becomes /[0-9]/. Also, instead of using numeric qualifiers, re-write the expression to use the primitive qualifiers (/?/,/*/ and /+/).

Step 5 Review the file to determine a pattern for successful login:

For example, if your authentication server generates the following log message for accepted packets:

Jun 27 12:11:21 expo sshd[19926]: Accepted password for root from 10.100.100.109 port 1727 ssh2

The pattern for successful login is Accepted password.

Step 6 Add the following entry to the file:

login_success_pattern=<login success pattern>

Where <login success pattern> is the pattern determined in Step 5.

For example:

login_success_pattern=Accepted password

All entries are case insensitive.

Step 7 Review the file to determine a pattern for login failures.

For example, if your authentication server generates the following log message for login failures:

Jun 27 12:58:33 expo sshd[20627]: Failed password for root from 10.100.109 port 1849 ssh2

The pattern for login failures is Failed password.

Step 8 Add the following to the file:

login_failed_pattern=<login failure pattern>

Where <login failure pattern> is the pattern determined for login failure.

For example:

login_failed_pattern=Failed password

All entries are case insensitive.

Step 9 Review the file to determine a pattern for logout:

For example, if your authentication server generates the following log message for logout:

Jun 27 13:00:01 expo su(pam_unix)[22723]: session closed for user genuser

The pattern for lookout is session closed.

Step 10 Add the following to the genericAuthServer.conf file:

logout_pattern=<logout pattern>

Where <logout pattern> is the pattern determined for logout in Step 9.

For example:

logout_pattern=session closed

All entries are case insensitive.

Step 11 Review the file to determine a pattern, if present, for source IP address and source port.

For example, if your authentication server generates the following log message:

Jun 27 12:11:21 expo sshd[19926]: Accepted password for root from 10.100.100.109 port 1727 ssh2

The pattern for source IP address is from and the pattern for source port is port.

Step 12 Add an entry to the file for source IP address and source port:

source_ip_pattern=<source IP pattern>

source_port_pattern=<source port pattern>

Where <source IP pattern> and <source port pattern> are the patterns identified in Step 11 for source IP address and source port.

For example:

source_ip_pattern=from

source_port_pattern=port

Step 13 Review the file to determine if a pattern exists for username.

For example:

Jun 27 12:11:21 expo sshd[19926]: Accepted password for root from 10.100.100.109 port 1727 ssh2

The pattern for username is for.

Step 14 Add an entry to the file for the username pattern:

For example:

user_name_pattern=for

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceTo integrate generic authorization appliance event with QRadar, you must
manually create a log source to receive the events as QRadar does not
automatically discover or create log sources for events from generic authorization
appliances.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Configurable Authentication message filter.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

Step 10 Configure the following	values:
---------------------------------	---------

 Table 39-1
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your generic authorization appliance.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by generic authorization appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

40 GREAT BAY BEACON

The Great Bay Beacon DSM for IBM Security QRadar supports syslog alerts from the Great Bay Beacon Endpoint Profiler.

QRadar records all relevant endpoint security events. Before you can integrate with QRadar, you must configure your Great Bay Beacon Endpoint Profiler to forward syslog event messages to QRadar.

Configuring syslog You can configure your Great Bay Beacon Endpoint Profiler to forward syslog events.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to your Great Bay Beacon Endpoint Profiler.
- Step 2 To create an event, select Configuration > Events > Create Events. A list of currently configured events is displayed.
- Step 3 From the Event Delivery Method pane, select the Syslog check box.
- Step 4 To apply your changes, select Configuration Apply Changes > Update Modules.
- Step 5 Repeat Step 2 to Step 4 to configure all of the events you want to monitor in QRadar.
- Step 6 Configure QRadar as an external log source for your Great Bay Beacon Endpoint Profiler.

For information on configuring QRadar as an external log source, see the *Great Bay Beacon Endpoint Profiler Configuration Guide*.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Great Bay Beacon. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Great Bay Beacon.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:
 - Table 40-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Great Bay Beacon appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

41 HBGARY ACTIVE DEFENSE

The HBGary Active Defense DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts several event types forwarded from HBGary Active Defense devices, such as access, system, system configuration, and policy events.

Events from Active Defense are forwarded in the Log Event Extended Format (LEEF) to QRadar using syslog. Before you can configure QRadar, you must configure a route for your HBGary Active Defense device to forward events to a syslog destination.

Configuring HBGary You can configure a route for syslog events in Active Defense for QRadar. **Active Defense**

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the Active Defense Management Console.
- Step 2 From the navigation menu, select Settings > Alerts.
- Step 3 Click Add Route.
- Step 4 In the Route Name field, type a name for the syslog route you are adding to Active Defense.
- Step 5 From the Route Type list, select LEEF (Q1 Labs).
- **Step 6** In the Settings pane, configure the following values:
 - Host Type the IP address or hostname for your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
 - Port Type 514 as the port number.
- **Step 7** In the Events pane, select any events you want to forward to QRadar.
- Step 8 Click OK to save your configuration changes.

The Active Defense device configuration is complete. You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar. For more information on configuring a route in Active Defense, see your HBGary Active Defense User Guide.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for LEEF formatted syslog events forwarded from Active Defense. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select HBGary Active Defense.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 41-1
 HBGary Active Defense syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your HBGary Active Defense device.
	The IP address or hostname identifies your HBGary Active Defense device as a unique event source in QRadar.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources Users Guide*.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The HBGary Active Defense configuration is complete.

42 HONEYCOMB LEXICON FILE INTEGRITY MONITOR (FIM)

You can use the Honeycomb Lexicon File Integrity Monitor (FIM) DSM with IBM Security QRadar to collect detailed file integrity events from your network.

Configuration
overviewQRadar supports syslog events that are forwarded from Lexicon File Integrity
Monitor installations that use Lexicon mesh v3.1 and later. The syslog events that
are forwarded by Lexicon FIM are formatted as Log Extended Event Format
(LEEF) events by the Lexicon mesh service.

To integrate Lexicon FIM events with QRadar, you must complete the following tasks:

- 1 On your Honeycomb installation, configure the Lexicon mesh service to generate syslog events in LEEF.
- 2 On your Honeycomb installation, configure any Lexicon FIM policies for your Honeycomb data collectors to forward FIM events to your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- 3 On your QRadar Console, verify that a Lexicon FIM log source is created and that events are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.
- 4 Optional. Ensure that no firewall rules block communication between your Honeycomb data collectors and the QRadar Console or Event Collector that is responsible for receiving events.

Supported Honeycomb FIM event types logged by QRadar The Honeycomb FIM DSM for QRadar can collect events from several categories.

Each event category contains low-level events that describe the action that is taken within the event category. For example, file rename events might have a low-level categories of either file rename successful or file rename failed.

The following list defines the event categories that are collected by QRadar for Honeycomb file integrity events:

- Baseline events
- · Open file events
- · Create file events
- Rename file events

- Modify file events
- · Delete file events
- · Move file events
- File attribute change events
- File ownership change events

QRadar can also collect Windows and other log files that are forwarded from Honeycomb Lexicon. However, any event that is not a file integrity event might require special processing by a Universal DSM or a log source extension in QRadar.

Configuring the
Lexicon meshTo collect events in a format that is compatible with QRadar, you must configure
your Lexicon mesh service to generate syslog events in LEEF.

Procedure

service

- Step 1 Log in to the Honeycomb LexCollect system that is configured as the dbContact system in your network deployment.
- Step 2 Locate the Honeycomb installation directory for the installImage directory.

For example, c:\Program Files\Honeycomb\installImage\data.

Step 3 Open the mesh.properties file.

If your deployment does not contain Honeycomb LexCollect, you can edit mesh.properties manually.

For example, c:\Program Files\mesh

Step 4 To export syslog events in LEEF, edit the formatter field.

For example, formatter=leef.

Step 5 Save your changes.

The mesh service is configured to output LEEF events. For information about the Lexicon mesh service, see your Honeycomb documentation.

Configuring a
Honeycomb Lexicon
FIM log source in
QRadarQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for file integrity events
that are forwarded from the Honeycomb Lexicon File Integrity Monitor. This
procedure is optional.QRadarQRadar

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.

- Step 7 Optional. In the Log Source Description field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Honeycomb Lexicon File Integrity Monitor.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 42-2	Syslog	protocol	parameters
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Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Honeycomb Lexicon FIM installation.
	The log source identifier must be unique value.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	From the list, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

Honeycomb Lexicon File Integrity Monitor events that are forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

43 HP

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- HP ProCurve
- HP Tandem
- Hewlett Packard UNIX (HP-UX)

HP ProCurve You can integrate an HP ProCurve device with IBM Security QRadar to record all relevant HP Procurve events using syslog.

Configuring syslog You can configure your HP ProCurve device to forward syslog events to QRadar **for HP ProCurve**

Procedure

- Step 1 Log into the HP ProCurve device.
- Step 2 Type the following command to make global configuration level changes.

If successful, the CLI will change to ProCurve (config) # as the prompt.

- **Step 3** Type the following command to logging <syslog-ip-addr> Where <syslog-ip-addr> is the IP address of the QRadar.
- Step 4 To exit config mode, press CTRL+Z.
- Step 5 Type write mem to save the current configuration to the startup configuration for your HP ProCurve device.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for LEEF formatted
syslog events forwarded from Active Defense. These configuration steps are
optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select HP ProCurve.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 43-1 HP ProCurve syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your HP ProCurve device.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

HP Tandem You can integrate an HP Tandem device with IBM Security QRadar. An HP Tandem device accepts SafeGuard Audit file events using a log file protocol source.

A log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host. The HP Tandem DSM supports the bulk loading of log files using the log file protocol source.

When configuring your HP Tandem device to use the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the HP Tandem device is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File Protocol configuration.

The SafeGuard Audit file names have the following format:

Annnnnn

The single alphabetic character **A** is followed by a seven-digit decimal integer **nnnnnn**, which increments by one each time a name is generated in the same audit pool.

You are now ready to configure the log source and protocol in QRadar:

Procedure

- Step 1 From the Log Source Type list, select HP Tandem.
- Step 2 To configure the log file protocol, from the **Protocol Configuration** list, select **Log File**.

Note: Your system must be running the latest version of the log file protocol to integrate with an HP Tandem device:

For the full list of Log File protocol parameters, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about HP Tandem see your vendor documentation.

Hewlett Packard UNIX (HP-UX)	You can integrate an HP-UX device with IBM Security QRadar. An HP-UX DSM accepts events using syslog.		
Configuring syslog for HP-UX	You can configure syslog on your HP-UX device to forward events to QRadar.		
	Procedure		
Step 1	Log in to the HP-UX device command-line interface.		
Step 2	Open the following file:		
	/etc/syslog.conf		
Step 3	Add the following line:		
	<facility>.<level> <destination></destination></level></facility>		
	Where:		
	<facility> is auth.</facility>		
	<level> is info.</level>		
	<destination> is the IP address of the QRadar.</destination>		
Step 4	Save and exit the file.		
Step 5	Type the following command to ensure that syslogd enforces the changes to the syslog.conf file.		
	kill -HUP `cat /var/run/syslog.pid`		
	Note: The above command is surrounded with back quotation marks.		
	You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.		
Configure a log source	QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events forwarded from HP-UX. These configuration steps are optional.		
	Procedure		
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.		
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.		
Step 3	In the navigation menu, click Data Sources .		
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.		
Step 5	Click Add.		
Step 6	In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.		

- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Hewlett Packard UniX.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 43-1 HP-UX syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your Hewlett Packard UniX device.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

44 HUAWEI

This section includes configurations for the following DSMs:

- Huawei AR Series Router
- Huawei S Series Switch

Huawei AR Series Router	The Huawei AR Series Router DSM for IBM Security QRadar can accept events from Huawei AR Series Routers using syslog.
	QRadar records all relevant IPv4 events forwarded from Huawei AR Series Router. To integrate your device with QRadar, you must create a log source, then configure your AR Series Router to forward syslog events.
Supported routers	The DSM supports events from the following Huawei AR Series Routers:
	• AR150
	• AR200
	• AR1200
	• AR2200
	• AR3200
Configuring a log source	QRadar does not automatically discover incoming syslog events from Huawei AR Series Routers.
	If your events are not automatically discovered, you must manually create a log source from the Admin tab in QRadar.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.
Step 3	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources .
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.
Step 5	Click Add.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Huawei AR Series Router.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 44-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, host name, or name for the log source as an identifier for your Huawei AR Series Router.
	Each log source you create for your Huawei AR Series Router should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or host name.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. You are now ready to configure your Huawei AR Series Router to forward events to QRadar.

Configuring Your To forward syslog events to QRadar, you must configure your Huawei AR Series Router as an information center, then configure a log host.

Router

The log host you create for your Huawei AR Series Router should forward events to your QRadar Console or an Event Collector.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to your Huawei AR Series Router command-line Interface (CLI).
- **Step 2** Type the following command to access the system view:

system-view

Step 3 Type the following command to enable the information center:

info-center enable

Step 4 Type the following command to send informational level log messages to the default channel:

```
info-center source default channel loghost log level informational debug state off trap state off
```

Step 5 Optional. To verify your Huawei AR Series Router source configuration, type the command:

display channel loghost

Step 6 Type the following command to configure the IP address for QRadar as the loghost for your switch:

info-center loghost <IP address> facility <local>

	Where:
	<ip address=""> is the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.</ip>
	<local> is the syslog facility, for example, local0.</local>
	For example,
	info-center loghost 10.10.10.1 facility local0
Step 7	Type the following command to exit the configuration:
	quit
	The configuration is complete. You can verify events forwarded to QRadar by viewing events on the Log Activity tab.
Huawei S Series	The Huawei S Series Switch DSM for IBM Security QRadar can accept events
Switch	from Huawei S Series Switch appliances using syslog.
	QRadar records all relevant IPv4 events forwarded from Huawei S Series Switches. To integrate your device with QRadar, you must configure a log source, then configure your S Series Switch to forward syslog events.
Supported switches	The DSM supports events from the following Huawei S Series Switches:
	• S5700
	• S7700
	• S9700
Configuring a log source	QRadar does not automatically discover incoming syslog events from Huawei S Series Switches.
	If your events are not automatically discovered, you must manually create a log source from the Admin tab in QRadar.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.
Step 3	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources .
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.
Step 5	Click Add.
Step 6	In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
Step 7	In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
Step 8	From the Log Source Type list, select Huawei S Series Switch.
Step 9	From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog .
Step 10	Configure the following values:
	IBM Security OBadar DSM Configuration Quida

	Parameter	Description
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, host name, or name for the log source as an identifier for your Huawei S Series switch.
		Each log source you create for your Huawei S Series switch should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or host name.
Step 11	Click Save.	
Step 12	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes .	
	The log source is adde Series Switch to forwa	ed to QRadar. You are now ready to configure your Huawei S and events to QRadar.
Configuring Your Huawei S Series		nts to QRadar, you must configure your Huawei S Series on center, then configure a log host.
Switch	The log host you creat your QRadar Console	e for your Huawei S Series Switch should forward events to or an Event Collector.
	Procedure	
Step 1	Log in to your Huawei S Series Switch command-line Interface (CLI).	
Step 2	Type the following command to access the system view:	
	system-view	
Step 3	Type the following command to enable the information center:	
	info-center enabl	e
Step 4	4 Type the following command to send informational level log messages to the default channel:	
		e default channel loghost log level ug state off trap state off
Step 5	Optional. To verify you command:	r Huawei S Series Switch source configuration, type the
	display channel 1	oghost
Step 6	Type the following com for your switch:	nmand to configure the IP address for QRadar as the loghost
	info-center logho	st <ip address=""> facility <local></local></ip>
	Where:	
	<ip address=""> is the</ip>	IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.
	<local> is the syslog</local>	facility, for example, local0.
	For example,	
	info-center logho	st 10.10.10.1 facility local0

 Table 44-2
 Syslog protocol parameters

Step 7 Type the following command to exit the configuration:

quit

The configuration is complete. You can verify events forwarded to QRadar by viewing events on the **Log Activity** tab.

45 IBM

This section provides information about IBM DSMs:

IBM CICS

The IBM CICS® DSM allows you to integrate events from IBM Custom Information Control System (CICS®) events from an IBM z/OS® mainframe using IBM Security zSecure.

Using a zSecure process, events from the System Management Facilities (SMF) are recorded to an event file in the Log Enhanced Event format (LEEF). QRadar retrieves the LEEF event log files using the log file protocol and processes the events. You can schedule QRadar to retrieve events on a polling interval, which allows QRadar to retrieve the events on the schedule you have defined.

To integrate IBM CICS events:

- 1 Confirm your installation meets any prerequisite installation requirements. For more information, see **Before You Begin**.
- 2 Configure your IBM z/OS image to write events in LEEF format. For more information, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide.*
- 3 Create a log source in QRadar for IBM CICS to retrieve your LEEF formatted event logs. For more information, see Create a log source.
- 4 Optional. Create a custom event property for IBM CICS in QRadar. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Before You Begin Before you can configure the data collection process, you must complete the basic zSecure installation process.

The following prerequisites are required:

- You must ensure parmlib member IFAPRDxx is not disabled for IBM Security zSecure Audit on your z/OS image.
- The SCKRLOAD library must be APF-authorized.
- You must configure a process to periodically refresh your CKFREEZE and UNLOAD data sets.

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- You must configure an SFTP, FTP, or SCP server on your z/OS image for QRadar to download your LEEF event files.
- You must allow SFTP, FTP, or SCP traffic on firewalls located between QRadar and your z/OS image.

After installing the software, you must also perform the post-installation activities to create and modify the configuration. For instructions on installing and configuring zSecure, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide.*

Create a log source The Log File protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM z/OS with zSecure writes log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your LEEF formatted event files and a polling interval.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM CICS.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- **Step 8** Configure the following values:

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
	For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify a name, IP address, or hostname for the image or location that uniquely identifies events for the IBM CICS log source. This allows events to be identified at the image or location level in your network that your users can identify.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
	The options include:
	FTP - TCP Port 21
	• SFTP - TCP Port 22
	• SCP - TCP Port 22
	Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.
Remote User	Type the user name or userid necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.
	 If your log files are located on your IBM z/OS image, type the userid necessary to log in to your IBM z/OS. The userid can be up to 8 characters in length.
	 If your log files are located on a file repository, type the user name necessary to log in to the file repository. The user name can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.

Table 45-3 IBM CICS log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.
	The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.
	IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern CICS. <timestamp>.gz</timestamp>
	The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with zOS and ending with .gz, type the following:
	CICS.*\.gz
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list, select Binary .
	The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.
	This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
	For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.

 Table 45-3
 IBM CICS log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save .
	After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follow your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processe files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do no want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000
Processor	From the list, select gzip .
	Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.
	QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the lo file protocol does not download the file for processing. All file that have not been previously processed are downloaded.
	This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.
	We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.
	The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line is a single event. For example if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.
Click Save.	
On the Admin tab,	click Deploy Changes .
	iguration is complete. If your IBM CICS requires custom eve IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS

Table 45-3 IBM CICS log file protocol parameters (continued)

IBM Lotus Domino You

You can integrate an IBM Lotus Domino® device with IBM Security QRadar. An IBM Lotus Domino device accepts events using SNMP.

Setting Up SNMP To set up the SNMP services on the IBM Lotus Domino server:

Procedure

Services

Step 1 Install the Lotus Domino SNMP Agent as a service. From the command prompt, go to the Lotus\Domino directory and type the following command:

Insnmp -SC

- Step 2 Confirm that the Microsoft SNMP service is installed.
- Step 3 Start the SNMP and LNSNMP services. From a command prompt, type the following commands:

net start snmp

net start lnsnmp

- Step 4 Select Start > Program > Administrative Tools > Services to open the Services MMC
- Step 5 Double-click on the SNMP service and select the Traps tab.
- Step 6 In the Community name field, type public and click add to list:
- Step 7 In the Traps destinations section, select Add and type the IP address of your QRadar. Click Add.
- Step 8 Click OK.
- Step 9 Confirm that both SNMP agents are set to Automatic so they run upon server boot.

Starting the Domino After you configure the SNMP services, you must start the Domino server add-in **Server Add-in Tasks** Repeat the below procedure for each Domino partition.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the Domino Server console.
- Step 2 To support SNMP traps for Domino events, type the following command to start the Event Interceptor add-in task:

load intrcpt

Step 3 To support Domino statistic threshold traps, type the following command to start the Statistic Collector add-in task:

load collect

Step 4 Arrange for the add-in tasks to be restarted automatically the next time that Domino is restarted. Add intrcpt and collect to the ServerTasks variable in Domino's NOTES.INI file.

Configuring SNMP To configure SNMP services: Services

Note: Configurations might vary depending on your environment. See your vendor documentation for more information.

Procedure

- Step 1 Open the Domino Administrator utility and authenticate with administrative credentials.
- Step 2 Click on the Files tab, and the Monitoring Configuration (events4.nsf) document.
- Step 3 Expand the DDM Configuration Tree and select DDM Probes By Type.
- Step 4 Select Enable Probes, and then select Enable All Probes In View.

Note: You might receive a warning after performing this action. This is a normal result, as some of the probes require additional configuration.

Step 5 Select DDM Filter.

You can either create a new DDM Filter or edit the existing DDM Default Filter.

- Step 6 Apply the DDM Filter to enhanced and simple events. Choose to log all event types.
- Step 7 Depending on the environment, you can choose to apply the filter to all servers in a domain or only to specific servers.
- Step 8 Click Save. Close when finished.
- Step 9 Expand the Event Handlers tree and select Event Handlers By Server.
- Step 10 Select New Event Handler.
- Step 11 Configure the following parameters:
 - **Basic Servers to monitor**: Choose to monitor either all servers in the domain or only specific servers.
 - Basic Notification trigger: Any event that matches the criteria.
 - Event Criteria to match: Events can be any type.
 - Event Criteria to match: Events must be one of these priorities (Check all the boxes).
 - Event Criteria to match: Events can have any message.
 - Action Notification method: SNMP Trap.
 - Action Enablement: Enable this notification.
- Step 12 Click Save. Close when finished.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log QRadar does not automatically discover incoming syslog events from Huawei AR **source** Series Routers.

If your events are not automatically discovered, you must manually create a log source from the **Admin** tab in QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 Click the Log Sources icon.

- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 5 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM Lotus Domino.
- Step 6 From the Protocol Configuration list, select SNMPv2.
- Step 7 Configure the following values:

Table 45-4 SNMPv2 protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, hostname, or name to identify the SNMPv2 event source.
	IP addresses or hostnames are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
Community	Type the SNMP community name required to access the system containing SNMP events.
Include OIDs in Event Payload	Clear the value from this check box.
	When selected, this option constructs SNMP events with name-value pairs instead of the standard event payload format.

Step 8 Click Save.

Step 9 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

IBM Proventia Management SiteProtector	The IBM Proventia® Management SiteProtector™ DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts SiteProtector events by polling the SiteProtector database.
	The DSM allows QRadar to record Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) events and audit events directly from the IBM SiteProtector database.
	Note: The IBM Proventia Management SiteProtector DSM requires the latest JDBC Protocol to collect audit events.
	The IBM Proventia Management SiteProtector DSM for IBM Security QRadar can accept detailed SiteProtector events by reading information from the primary SensorData1 table. The SensorData1 table is generated with information from several other tables in the IBM SiteProtector database. SensorData1 remains the primary table for collecting events.
	IDP events include information from SensorData1, along with information from the following tables:
	SensorDataAVP1
	SensorDataReponse1
	Audit events include information from the following tables:
	AuditInfo

AuditTrail

Audit events are not collected by default and make a separate query to the AuditInfo and AuditTrail tables when you select the **Include Audit Events** check box. For more information about your SiteProtector database tables, see your vendor documentation.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with SiteProtector, we recommend you create a database user account and password in SiteProtector for QRadar. Your QRadar user must have read permissions for the SensorData1 table, which stores SiteProtector events. The JDBC - SiteProtector protocol allows QRadar to log in and poll for events from the database. Creating a QRadar account is not required, but it is recommended for tracking and securing your event data.

Note: Ensure that no firewall rules are blocking the communication between the SiteProtector console and QRadar.

Configure a log To configure QRadar to poll for IBM SiteProtector events:

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 3 Click Add.

source

- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 5 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM Proventia Management SiteProtector.
- Step 6 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC SiteProtector.
- Step 7 Configure the following values:

 Table 45-5
 JDBC - SiteProtector protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. The log source identifier must be defined in the following format:
	<database>@<hostname></hostname></database>
	Where:
	<pre><database> is the database name, as defined in the Database</database></pre> Name parameter. The database name is a required parameter.
	<hostname> is the hostname or IP address for the log source as defined in the IP or Hostname parameter. The hostname is a required parameter.</hostname>
	The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Database Type	From the list, select MSDE as the type of database to use for the event source.

Parameter	Description
Database Name	Type the name of the database to which you want to connect. The default database name is RealSecureDB .
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the database server.
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default that is displayed depends on the selected Database Type. The valid range is 0 to 65536. The default for MSDE is port 1433.
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the database. The database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.
	The default port number for all options include:
	• MSDE - 1433
	• Postgres - 5432
	• MySQL - 3306
	• Oracle - 1521
	• Sybase - 1521
	Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.
Username	Type the database username. The username can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The username can also include underscores (_).
Password	Type the database password.
	The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password to access the database.
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Windows Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.
	The authentication domain must contain alphanumeric characters The domain can include the following special characters: underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Database Instance	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and you have multiple SQL server instances on one server, define the instance to which you want to connect.
	Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.
Table Name	Type the name of the view that includes the event records. The default table name is SensorData1.

 Table 45-5
 JDBC - SiteProtector protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
AVP View Name	Type the name of the view that includes the event attributes. The default table name is SensorDataAVP .
Response View Name	Type the name of the view that includes the response events. The default table name is SensorDataResponse .
Select List	Type * to include all fields from the table or view.
	You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type SensorDataRowID to identify new events added between queries to the table.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values without an H or M designator poll in seconds.
Use Named Pipe Communication	If you select MSDE as the Database Type, select this check box to use an alternative method to a TCP/IP port connection.
	When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.
Include Audit Events	Select this check box to collect audit events from IBM SiteProtector.
	By default, this check box is clear.
Use NTLMv2	Select the Use NTLMv2 check box to force MSDE connections to use the NTLMv2 protocol when communicating with SQL servers that require NTLMv2 authentication. The default value of the check box is selected.
	If the Use NTLMv2 check box is selected, it has no effect on MSDE connections to SQL servers that do not require NTLMv2 authentication.
Use SSL	Select this check box if your connection supports SSL communication.
Log Source Language	Select the language of the log source events.

 Table 45-5
 JDBC - SiteProtector protocol parameters (continued)

Step 8 Click Save.

Step 9 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

IBM ISS Proventia

The IBM Integrated Systems Solutions® (ISS) Proventia DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant IBM Proventia® events using SNMP.

Procedure

- Step 1 In the Proventia Manager user interface navigation pane, expand the System node.
- Step 2 Select System.
- Step 3 Select Services.

The Service Configuration page is displayed.

- Step 4 Click the SNMP tab.
- Step 5 Select SNMP Traps Enabled.
- Step 6 In the Trap Receiver field, type the IP address of your QRadar you wish to monitor incoming SNMP traps.
- Step 7 In the Trap Community field, type the appropriate community name.
- Step 8 From the Trap Version list, select the trap version.
- Step 9 Click Save Changes.

You are now ready to configure QRadar to receive SNMP traps.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an ISS Proventia device:

From the Log Source Type list, select IBM Proventia Network Intrusion Prevention System (IPS).

For information on configuring SNMP in the QRadar, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your ISS Proventia device, see your vendor documentation.

IBM RACF	 IBM Security QRadar includes two options for integrating event from IBM RACF®: Integrating IBM RACF with QRadar Using IBM Security zSecure Integrate IBM RACF with QRadar using audit scripts
Integrating IBM RACF with QRadar Using IBM Security zSecure	The IBM RACF DSM allows you to integrate events from an IBM z/OS® mainframe using IBM Security zSecure [™] .
	Using a zSecure process, events from the System Management Facilities (SMF) are recorded to an event file in the Log Enhanced Event format (LEEF). QRadar

retrieves the LEEF event log files using the log file protocol and processes the events. You can schedule QRadar to retrieve events on a polling interval, which allows QRadar to retrieve the events on the schedule you have defined.

To integrate IBM RACF LEEF events:

- Confirm your installation meets any prerequisite installation requirements. For more information, see Before You Begin.
- 2 Configure your IBM z/OS image to write events in LEEF format. For more information, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide.*
- 3 Create a log source in QRadar for IBM RACF to retrieve your LEEF formatted event logs. For more information, see Creating an IBM RACF Log Source in QRadar.
- 4 Optional. Create a custom event property for IBM RACF in QRadar. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Before You Begin

Before you can configure the data collection process, you must complete the basic zSecure installation process.

The following prerequisites are required:

- You must ensure parmlib member IFAPRDxx is not disabled for IBM Security zSecure Audit on your z/OS image.
- The SCKRLOAD library must be APF-authorized.
- You must configure a process to periodically refresh your CKFREEZE and UNLOAD data sets.
- You must configure an SFTP, FTP, or SCP server on your z/OS image for QRadar to download your LEEF event files.
- You must allow SFTP, FTP, or SCP traffic on firewalls located between QRadar and your z/OS image.

After installing the software, you must also perform the post-installation activities to create and modify the configuration. For instructions on installing and configuring zSecure, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide.*

Creating an IBM RACF Log Source in QRadar

The Log File protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM z/OS with zSecure writes

log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your LEEF formatted event files and a polling interval.

Procedure

- Step 5 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 6 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 7 Click Add.
- Step 8 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 9 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 10 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM Resource Access Control Facility (RACF).
- Step 11 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 12 Configure the following values:

 Table 45-6
 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
	For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify a name, IP address, or hostname for the image or location that uniquely identifies events for the IBM RACF log source. This allows events to be identified at the image or location level in your network that your users can identify.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	• SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.

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Parameter	Description
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
	The options include:
	FTP - TCP Port 21
	• SFTP - TCP Port 22
	• SCP - TCP Port 22
	Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.
Remote User	Type the user name or userid necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.
	 If your log files are located on your IBM z/OS image, type the userid necessary to log in to your IBM z/OS. The userid can be up to 8 characters in length.
	 If your log files are located on a file repository, type the user name necessary to log in to the file repository. The user name can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.
	The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.

 Table 45-6
 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.
	IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern RACF. <timestamp>.gz</timestamp>
	The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with zOS and ending with .gz, type the following:
	RACF.*\.gz
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website:
	http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type.
	The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.
	This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
	For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save .
	After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do no want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.

Table 45-6 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	From the list, select gzip.
	Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.
	QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.
	This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.
	We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.
	The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

 Table 45-6
 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters (continued)

Step 13 Click Save.

Step 14 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The IBM RACF configuration is complete. If your IBM RACF requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Integrate IBM RACFThe IBM Resource Access Control Facility (RACF®) DSM for IBM Securitywith QRadar using
audit scriptsQRadar allows you to integrate with an IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM RACF for
auditing transactions.

QRadar records all relevant and available information from the event.

Note: zSecure integration is the only integration that provides custom events to the log source. Custom events may be displayed even when you collect events by using the Native QEXRACF integration.

To integrate the IBM RACF events into QRadar:

- 1 The IBM mainframe system records all security events as Service Management Framework (SMF) records in a live repository.
- 2 At midnight, the IBM RACF data is extracted from the live repository using the SMF dump utility. The RACFICE utility IRRADU00 (an IBM utility) creates a log file containing all of the events and fields from the previous day in a SMF record format.
- 3 The QEXRACF program pulls data from the SMF formatted file, as described above. The program only pulls the relevant events and fields for QRadar and writes that information in a condensed format for compatibility. The information is also saved in a location accessible by QRadar.
- 4 QRadar uses the log file protocol source to pull the QEXRACF output file and retrieves the information on a scheduled basis. QRadar then imports and process this file.

Configure IBM RACF to integrate with QRadar

To integrate an IBM mainframe RACF with QRadar:

Step 1 From the IBM support website (*http://www.ibm.com/support*), download the following compressed file:

qexracf bundled.tar.gz

Step 2 On a Linux-based operating system, extract the file:

tar -zxvf qexracf_bundled.tar.gz

The following files are contained in the archive:

qexracf_jcl.txt

qexracfloadlib.trs

qexracf_trsmain_JCL.txt

Step 3 Load the files onto the IBM mainframe using any terminal emulator file transfer method.

Upload the **qexracf_trsmain_JCL.txt** and **qexracf_jcl.txt** files using the TEXT protocol.

Upload the **QexRACF** loadlib.trs file using binary mode and append to a pre-allocated data set. The **QexRACF** loadlib.trs file is a tersed file containing the executable (the mainframe program QEXRACF). When you upload the .trs file

from a workstation, pre-allocate a file on the mainframe with the following DCB attributes: DSORG=PS, RECFM=FB, LRECL=1024, BLKSIZE=6144. The file transfer type must be binary mode and not text.

Step 4 Customize the **gexracf_trsmain_JCL.txt** file according to your installation-specific requirements.

The qexracf_trsmain_JCL.txt file uses the IBM utility Trsmain to uncompress the program stored in the QexRACF loadlib.trs file.

An example of the **qexracf_trsmain_JCL**.txt file includes:

```
//TRSMAIN JOB (yourvalidjobcard),Qllabs,
// MSGCLASS=V
//DEL EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//D1 DD DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXRACF.TRS
// UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10))
//TRSMAIN EXEC PGM=TRSMAIN,PARM='UNPACK'
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*,DCB=(LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=12901,RECFM=FBA)
//INFILE DD DISP=SHR,DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXRACF.TRS
//OUTFILE DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
// DSN=<yourhlq>.LOAD,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10,5),RLSE),UNIT=SYSDA
//
```

You must update the file with your installation specific information for parameters, such as, jobcard, data set naming conventions, output destinations, retention periods, and space requirements.

The .trs input file is an IBM TERSE formatted library and is extracted by running the JCL, which calls the TRSMAIN. This tersed file, when extracted, creates a PDS linklib with the QEXRACF program as a member.

- Step 5 You can STEPLIB to this library or choose to move the program to one of the LINKLIBs that are in the LINKLST. The program does not require authorization.
- Step 6 After uploading, copy the program to an existing link listed library or add a STEPLIB DD statement with the correct dataset name of the library that will contain the program.
- Step 7 The qexracf_jcl.txt file is a text file containing a sample JCL deck to provide you with the necessary JCL to run the IBM IRRADU00 utility. This allows QRadar to obtain the necessary IBM RACF events. Configure the job card to meet your local standards.

An example of the **qexracf_jcl.txt** file includes:

```
names
//SET1 SET SMFOUT='<your hlq>.CUSTNAME.IRRADU00.OUTPUT',
11
          SMFIN='<your SMF dump ouput dataset>',
11
        QRACFOUT='<your hlq>.QEXRACF.OUTPUT'
//*
     Delete old datasets *
//DEL
      EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD2
      DD
          DISP=(MOD, DELETE), DSN=&QRACFOUT,
11
      UNIT=SYSDA,
11
      SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1)),
11
      DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80)
//*
     Allocate new dataset *
//ALLOC EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1
      DD
          DISP=(NEW, CATLG), DSN=&QRACFOUT,
11
      SPACE=(CYL, (1,10)), UNIT=SYSDA,
11
      DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=6144)
//* Execute IBM IRRADU00 utility to extract RACF smf records *
//IRRADU00 EXEC PGM=IFASMFDP
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//ADUPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//OUTDD DD DSN=&SMFOUT, SPACE=(CYL, (100, 100)), DISP=(,CATLG),
11
          DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=8192, BLKSIZE=40960),
11
           UNIT=SYSALLDA
//SMFDATA DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&SMFIN
//SMFOUT DD DUMMY
       DD *
//SYSIN
   INDD (SMFDATA, OPTIONS (DUMP))
   OUTDD (SMFOUT, TYPE (30:83))
   ABEND (NORETRY)
   USER2 (IRRADU00)
   USER3 (IRRADU86)
/*
//EXTRACT EXEC PGM=QEXRACF, DYNAMNBR=10,
        TIME = 1440
11
//*STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=<the loadlib containing the</pre>
QEXRACF program if not in LINKLST>
//SYSTSIN DD DUMMY
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
        DD DISP=SHR, DSN=&SMFOUT
//RACIN
//RACOUT
        DD DISP=SHR, DSN=&QRACFOUT
//
//* FTP Output file from C program (Qexracf) to an FTP server *
```

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```
//* QRadar will go to that FTP Server to get file
//* Note you need to replace <user>, <password>,<serveripaddr>*
//* <THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE> and <QEXRACFOUTDSN>
//*FTP EXEC PGM=FTP, REGION=3800K
//*INPUT DD *
//*<FTPSERVERIPADDR>
//*<USER>
//*<PASSWORD>
//*ASCII
//*PUT '<QEXRACFOUTDSN>'
/<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<QEXRACFOUTDSN>
//*QUIT
//*OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//*SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//*
//*
```

Step 8 After the output file is created, you must send this file to an FTP server. This ensures that every time you run the utility, the output file is sent to a specific FTP server for processing at the end of the above script. If the z/OS platform is configured to serve files through FTP or SFTP, or allow SCP, then no interim server is required and QRadar can pull those files directly from the mainframe. If an interim FTP server is needed, QRadar requires a unique IP address for each IBM RACF log source or they will be joined as one system.

Create an IBM RACF log source

The Log File protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM RACF with z/OS writes log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your event files and a polling interval.

Procedure

- Step 9 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 10 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 11 Click Add.
- Step 12 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- **Step 13** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 14 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM Resource Access Control Facility (RACF).

Step 15 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.

Step 16 Configure the following values:

 Table 45-7
 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
	For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify a name, IP address, or hostname for the image or location that uniquely identifies events for the IBM RACF log source. This allows events to be identified at the image or location level in your network that your users can identify.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	• SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
	The options include:
	• FTP - TCP Port 21
	• SFTP - TCP Port 22
	• SCP - TCP Port 22
	Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port

value accordingly.

Parameter	Description
Remote User	Type the user name or userid necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.
	 If your log files are located on your IBM z/OS image, type the userid necessary to log in to your IBM z/OS. The userid can be up to 8 characters in length.
	 If your log files are located on a file repository, type the user name necessary to log in to the file repository. The user name can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
	Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.
	The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.
	The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with zOS and ending with .gz, type the following:
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/

 Table 45-7
 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type.
	From the list, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source:
	• Binary - Select Binary for log sources that require binary data files or compressed zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.
	 ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.
	This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
	For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save .
	After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	From the list, select gzip.
	Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.
	QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.
	This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.

 Table 45-7
 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar system for storing downloaded files during processing.
	We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.
	The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

 Table 45-7
 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters (continued)

Step 17 Click Save.

Step 18 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The IBM RACF configuration is complete. If your IBM RACF requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

IBM DB2 IBM Security QRadar has two options for integrating events from IBM DB2®:

- Integrating IBM DB2 with LEEF Events
- Integrating IBM DB2 Audit Events

Integrating IBM DB2 The IBM DB2 DSM allows you to integrate DB2 events in LEEF format from an IBM z/OS® mainframe using IBM Security zSecure®.

Using a zSecure process, events from the System Management Facilities (SMF) are recorded to an event file in the Log Enhanced Event format (LEEF). QRadar retrieves the LEEF event log files using the log file protocol and processes the events. You can schedule QRadar to retrieve events on a polling interval, which allows you to retrieve the events on the schedule you have defined.

To integrate IBM DB2 events:

- Confirm your installation meets any prerequisite installation requirements. For more information, see Before You Begin.
- 2 Configure your IBM DB2 image to write events in LEEF format. For more information, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide*.
- 3 Create a log source in QRadar for IBM DB2 to retrieve your LEEF formatted event logs. For more information, see Creating a log source.
- 4 Optional. Create a custom event property for IBM DB2 in QRadar. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.
- **Before You Begin** Before you can configure the data collection process, you must complete the basic zSecure installation process.

The following prerequisites are required:

- You must ensure parmlib member IFAPRDxx is not disabled for IBM Security zSecure Audit on your IBM DB2 z/OS image.
- The SCKRLOAD library must be APF-authorized.
- You must configure a process to periodically refresh your CKFREEZE and UNLOAD data sets.
- You must configure an SFTP, FTP, or SCP server on your z/OS image for QRadar to download your LEEF event files.
- You must allow SFTP, FTP, or SCP traffic on firewalls located between QRadar and your z/OS image.

After installing the software, you must also perform the post-installation activities to create and modify the configuration. For instructions on installing and configuring zSecure, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide.*

Creating a log source The Log File protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM z/OS with zSecure writes log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your LEEF formatted event files and a polling interval.

Procedure

- Step 5 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 6 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 7 Click Add.
- Step 8 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 9 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 10 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM DB2.
- Step 11 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 12 Configure the following values:

Table 45-8 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
	For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify a name, IP address, or hostname for the image or location that uniquely identifies events for the IBM DB2 log source. This allows events to be identified at the image or location level in your network that your users can identify.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	• SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.

Parameter	Description
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
	The options include:
	FTP - TCP Port 21
	SFTP - TCP Port 22
	• SCP - TCP Port 22
	Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.
Remote User	Type the user name or userid necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.
	 If your log files are located on your IBM z/OS image, type the userid necessary to log in to your IBM z/OS. The userid can be up to 8 characters in length.
	 If your log files are located on a file repository, type the user name necessary to log in to the file repository. The user name can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.
	The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.

 Table 45-8
 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.
	IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern DB2. <timestamp>.gz</timestamp>
	The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with zOS and ending with .gz, type the following:
	DB2.*\.gz
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website:
	http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list, select Binary .
	The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.
	This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
	For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save .
	After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.

 Table 45-8
 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	From the list, select gzip .
	Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.
	QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.
	This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.
	We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.
	The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

 Table 45-8
 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters (continued)

Step 13 Click Save.

Step 14 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The IBM DB2 LEEF configuration is complete. If your configuration requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Integrating IBM DB2 The IBM DB2 DSM allows you to integrate your DB2 audit logs into QRadar for analysis.

The db2audit command creates a set of comma-delimited text files with a .del extension that defines the scope of audit data for QRadar when auditing is configured and enabled. Comma-delimited files created by the db2audit command include:

- audit.del
- checking.del
- context.del
- execute.del

- objmaint.del
- secmaint.del
- sysadmin.del
- validate.del

To integrate the IBM DB2 DSM with QRadar, you must:

- Use the db2audit command to ensure the IBM DB2 records security events. See your IBM DB2 vendor documentation for more information.
- 2 Extract the DB2 audit data of events contained in the instance to a log file, depending on your version of IBM DB2:
 - If you are using DB2 v9.5 and later, see Extract audit data: DB2 v9.5 and later.
 - If you are using DB2 v8.x to v9.4, see Extract audit data: DB2 v8.x to v9.4
- 3 Use the log file protocol source to pull the output instance log file and send that information back to QRadar on a scheduled basis. QRadar then imports and processes this file. See Creating a log source for IBM DB2.

Note: The IBM DB2 DSM does not support the IBM z/OS mainframe operating system.

Extract audit data: DB2 v9.5 and later

To extract audit data when you are using IBM DB2 v9.5 and later:

- **Step 1** Log into a DB2 account with SYSADMIN privilege.
- **Step 2** Move the audit records from the database instance to the audit log:

db2audit flush

For example, the flush command response might resemble the following:

AUD00001 Operation succeeded.

Step 3 Archive and move the active instance to a new location for future extraction:

db2audit archive

For example, an archive command response might resemble the following:

Node AUD Archived or Interim Log File Message 0 AUD00001 dbsaudit.instance.log.0.20091217125028 AUD00001 Operation succeeded.

Note: In DB2 v9.5 and later, the archive command replaces the prune command. The archive command moves the active audit log to a new location, effectively pruning all non-active records from the log. An archive command must be complete before an extract can be performed.

Step 4 Extract the data from the archived audit log and write the data to .del files:

db2audit extract delasc from files db2audit.instance.log.0.200912171528 For example, an archive command response might resemble the following:

AUD00001 Operation succeeded.

Note: Double-quotation marks (") are used as the default text delimiter in the ASCII files, do not change the delimiter.

Step 5 Move the .del files to a storage location where QRadar can pull the file. The movement of the comma-delimited (.del) files should be synchronized with the file pull interval in QRadar.

You are now ready to configure QRadar to receive DB2 log files. See **Creating a log source for IBM DB2**.

Extract audit data: DB2 v8.x to v9.4

To extract audit data when you are using IBM DB2 v8.x to v9.4.

- Step 1 Log into a DB2 account with SYSADMIN privilege.
- Step 2 Type the following start command to audit a database instance:

db2audit start

For example, the start command response might resemble the following:

AUD00001 Operation succeeded.

Step 3 Move the audit records from the instance to the audit log:

db2audit flush

For example, the flush command response might resemble the following:

AUD00001 Operation succeeded.

Step 4 Extract the data from the archived audit log and write the data to .del files:

db2audit extract delasc

For example, an archive command response might resemble the following:

AUD00001 Operation succeeded.

Note: Double-quotation marks (") are used as the default text delimiter in the ASCII files, do not change the delimiter.

Step 5 Remove non-active records:

db2audit prune all

Step 6 Move the .del files to a storage location where QRadar can pull the file. The movement of the comma-delimited (.del) files should be synchronized with the file pull interval in QRadar.

You are now ready to create a log source in QRadar to receive DB2 log files.

Creating a log source for IBM DB2

A log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

The IBM DB2 DSM supports the bulk loading of log files using the log file protocol source. When configuring your IBM DB2 to use the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the IBM DB2 system is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File protocol configuration. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 Click Add.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 7 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM DB2.
- Step 8 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 9 Configure the following values:

Table 45-9 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
	For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify a name, IP address, or hostname for the image or location that uniquely identifies events for the IBM DB2 log source. This allows events to be identified at the image or location level in your network that your users can identify.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	• SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.

Parameter	Description
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
	The options include:
	FTP - TCP Port 21
	SFTP - TCP Port 22
	SCP - TCP Port 22
	Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.
Remote User	Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.
	The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
	Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.
	The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.
	The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect comma-delimited files ending with .del, type the following:
	.*.del
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/

 Table 45-9
 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters (continued)

Description
From the list, select ASCII for comma-delimited, text, or ASCI log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer mode.
This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type.
If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.
This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.
Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save .
After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do no want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
From the list, select None.
Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed afte they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.
Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.
QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.

 Table 45-9
 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters (continued)

	Parameter	Description		
	Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.		
		We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.		
	Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.		
		The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.		
Step 10	Click Save.			
		click Deploy Changes .		
		or IBM DB2 is complete.		
	<u>j</u>			
IBM WebSphere Application Server		e® Application Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts g file protocol source.		
	QRadar records all Application Server le	relevant application and security events from the WebSphere og files.		
Configuring IBM WebSphere	-	BM WebSphere Application Server events for QRadar.		
-	Procedure			
-	•	er, log in to the IBM WebSphere administrative console.		
		> WebSphere Variables.		
-		Scope level for the variable.		
	Click New.			
Step 5	Configure the follow	0		
		name for the cell variable.		
		ppe a description for the variable (optional).		
		irectory path for the log files.		
	For example:			
	{QRADAR_LOG_ROO /opt/IBM/WebSpho	T} = ere/AppServer/profiles/Custom01/logs/QRadar		
	You must create the	e target directory specified in Step 5 before proceeding.		
Step 6	Click OK.			

 Table 45-9
 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters (continued)

Step 7 Click Save.

Step 8 You must restart the WebSphere Application Server to save the configuration changes.

Note: If the variable you created affects a cell, you must restart all WebSphere Application Servers in the cell before you continue.

You are now ready to customize the logging option for the IBM WebSphere Application Server DSM.

Customizing the You must customize the logging option for each application server WebSphere uses and change the settings for the JVM Logs (Java Virtual Machine logs).

Procedure

Step 1 Select Servers > Application Servers.

Step 2 Select your WebSphere Application Server to load the server properties.

Step 3 Select Logging and Tracing > JVM Logs.

Step 4 Configure a name for the JVM log files.

For example:

System.Out log file name:

\${QRADAR_LOG_ROOT}/\${WAS_SERVER_NAME}-SystemOut.log
System.Err log file name:

\${QRADAR LOG ROOT}/\${WAS SERVER NAME}-SystemErr.log

- Step 5 Select a time of day to save the log files to the target directory.
- Step 6 Click OK.
- Step 7 You must restart the WebSphere Application Server to save the configuration changes.

Note: If the JVM Logs changes affect the cell, you must restart all of the WebSphere Application Servers in the cell before you continue.

You are now ready to import the file into QRadar using the Log File Protocol.

Create a log source The log file protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host. The IBM WebSphere Application Server DSM supports the bulk loading of log files using the log file protocol source.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 Click Add.

- Step 5 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 7 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM WebSphere Application Server.
- Step 8 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 9 Configure the following values:

Table 45-10 Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, hostname, or name to identify your IBM WebSphere Application Server as an event source in QRadar. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
	For example, if your network contains multiple IBM WebSphere Application Serves that provides logs to a file repository, you should specify the IP address or hostname of the device that created the event log. This allows events to be identified at the device level in your network, instead of identifying the file repository.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remove server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	• SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of your IBM WebSphere Application Server storing your event log files.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
	The options include:
	• FTP - TCP Port 21
	SFTP - TCP Port 22
	SCP - TCP Port 22
	Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.
Remote User	Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.
	The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.

Parameter	Description
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file.
	The Remote Password field is ignored when you provide an SSH Key File.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host to the cell and file path you specified in Step 5 . This is the directory you created containing your IBM WebSphere Application Server event files.
	Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders. By default, the check box is clear.
	The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.
	The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your JVM logs in Step 4 . For example, to collect system logs, type the following:
	System.*\.log
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only appears if you select FTP as the Service Type. The FTP Transfer Mode parameter allows you to define the file transfer mode when retrieving log files over FTP.
	From the list, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source:
	 Binary - Select Binary for log sources that require binary data files or compressed zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.
	 ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCI FTP file transfer.
	You must select NONE for the Processor parameter and LINEBYLINE the Event Generator parameter when using ASCII as the FTP Transfer Mode.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.

Table 45-10 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D). For example, 2H if you want the directory to be scanned every 2 hours. The default is 1H.
	Note: We recommend when scheduling a Log File protocol, you select a recurrence time for the log file protocol shorter than the scheduled write interval of the WebSphere Application Server log files. This ensures that WebSphere events are collected by the Log File Protocol before a the new log file overwrites the old event log.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save. After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	If the files located on the remote host are stored in a zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format, select the processor that allows the archives to be expanded and contents processed.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track files that have already been processed. Files that have been previously processed are not processed a second time.
	This check box only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define the local directory on your QRadar that you want to use for storing downloaded files during processing. We recommend that you leave the check box clear. When the check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select WebSphere Application Server.
	The Event Generator applies additional processing, which is specific to retrieved event files for IBM WebSphere Application Server events.

Table 45-10 Log File Parameters (continued)

Step 10 Click Save.

Step 11 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete. For more information about IBM WebServer Application Server, see your vendor documentation.

IBM Informix Audit	The IBM Informix® Audit DSM allows IBM Security QRadar to integrate IBM Informix audit logs into QRadar for analysis.
	QRadar retrieves the IBM Informix archived audit log files from a remote host using the Log File protocol configuration. QRadar records all configured IBM Informix Audit events.
	For more information about IBM Informix auditing configuration, see your IBM Informix documentation at the following website: http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/idshelp/v10/index.jsp?topic=/com.ibm.tfg. doc/tfg26.htm
	When configuring your IBM Informix to use the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the IBM Informix is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File protocol configuration.
	You are now ready to configure the log source and protocol in QRadar:
Step 1	To configure QRadar to receive events from an IBM Informix device, you must select the IBM Informix Audit option from the Log Source Type list.
Step 2	To configure the log file protocol, you must select the Log File option from the Protocol Configuration list.
Step 3	We recommend that you use a secure protocol for transferring files, such as Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP).
	For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> .

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IBM IMS	The IBM Information Management System (IMS [™]) DSM for IBM Security QRadar allows you to use an IBM mainframe to collect events and audit IMS database transactions.
Configuration overview	To integrate IBM IMS events with QRadar, you must download scripts that allow IBM IMS events to be written to a log file.
	Overview of the event collection process:
1	The IBM mainframe records all security events as Service Management Framework (SMF) records in a live repository.
2	The IBM IMS data is extracted from the live repository using the SMF dump utility. The SMF file contains all of the events and fields from the previous day in raw SMF format.
3	The qeximsloadlib .trs program pulls data from the SMF formatted file. The qeximsloadlib .trs program only pulls the relevant events and fields for QRadar and writes that information in a condensed format for compatibility. The information is saved in a location accessible by QRadar.
4	QRadar uses the log file protocol source to retrieve the output file information for QRadar on a scheduled basis. QRadar then imports and processes this file.
Configure IBM IMS	To integrate IBM IMS with QRadar:
	Procedure
Step 1	From the IBM support website (<i>http://www.ibm.com/support</i>), download the following compressed file:
	QexIMS_bundled.tar.gz
Step 2	On a Linux-based operating system, extract the file:
	tar -zxvf qexims_bundled.tar.gz
	The following files are contained in the archive:
	<pre>qexims_jcl.txt - Job Control Language file</pre>
	qeximsloadlib.trs - Compressed program library (requires IBM TRSMAIN)
	qexims_trsmain_JCL.txt - Job Control Language for TRSMAIN to decompress the .trs file
Step 3	Load the files onto the IBM mainframe using the following methods:
	a Upload the sample <code>qexims_trsmain_JCL.txt</code> and <code>qexims_jcl.txt</code> files using the TEXT protocol.
	b Upload the qeximsloadlib.trs file using BINARY mode transfer and append to a pre-allocated data set. The qeximsloadlib.trs file is a tersed file containing the executable (the mainframe program QexIMS). When you upload the .trs file from a workstation, pre-allocate a file on the mainframe with the

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following DCB attributes: DSORG=PS, RECFM=FB, LRECL= 1024, BLKSIZE=6144. The file transfer type must be binary mode and not text.

Note: QexIMS is a small C mainframe program that reads the output of the IMS log file (EARLOUT data) line by line. QexIMS adds a header to each record containing event information, for example, record descriptor, the date, and time. The program places each field into the output record, suppresses trailing blank characters, and delimits each field with the pipe character. This output file is formatted for QRadar and the blank suppression reduces network traffic to QRadar. This program does not consume CPU or I/O disk resources.

Step 4 Customize the **qexims_trsmain_JCL.txt** file according to your installation specific information for parameters.

For example, jobcard, data set naming conventions, output destinations, retention periods, and space requirements.

The **qexims_trsmain_JCL.txt** file uses the IBM utility TRSMAIN to extract the program stored in the **qeximsloadlib.trs** file.

An example of the **qexims** trsmain JCL.txt file includes:

```
//TRSMAIN
            JOB (yourvalidjobcard), Q11abs,
// MSGCLASS=V
//DEL
       EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//D1
       DD DISP=(MOD, DELETE), DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXIMS.TRS
11
       UNIT=SYSDA,
11
       SPACE = (CYL, (10, 10))
//TRSMAIN EXEC PGM=TRSMAIN, PARM='UNPACK'
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*, DCB=(LRECL=133, BLKSIZE=12901, RECFM=FBA)
//INFILE DD DISP=SHR,DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXIMS.TRS
//OUTFILE DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
11
           DSN=<yourhlq>.LOAD,
11
       SPACE=(CYL, (1,1,5), RLSE), UNIT=SYSDA
11
```

The .trs input file is an IBM TERSE formatted library and is extracted by running the JCL, which calls the TRSMAIN. This tersed file, when extracted, creates a PDS linklib with the **qexims** program as a member.

- Step 5 You can STEPLIB to this library or choose to move the program to one of the LINKLIBs that are in LINKLST. The program does not require authorization.
- **Step 6** The **qexims_jcl.txt** file is a text file containing a sample JCL. You must configure the job card to meet your configuration.

The **qexims_jcl.txt** sample file includes:

//SET1 SET IMSOUT='Q1JACK.QEXIMS.OUTPUT', 11 IMSIN='Q1JACK.QEXIMS.INPUT.DATA' //* Delete old datasets * //DEL EXEC PGM=IEFBR14 //DD1 DD DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=&IMSOUT, // UNIT=SYSDA, // SPACE=(CYL,(10,10)), // DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80) //* Allocate new dataset //ALLOC EXEC PGM=IEFBR14 //DD1 DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG),DSN=&IMSOUT, SPACE=(CYL,(21,2)), DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=6144) 11 11 //EXTRACT EXEC PGM=QEXIMS, DYNAMNBR=10, TIME = 144011 //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=Q1JACK.C.LOAD //SYSTSIN DD DUMMY //SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=* //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=* //IMSIN DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&IMSIN //IMSOUT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&IMSOUT //*FTP EXEC PGM=FTP, REGION=3800K //*INPUT DD * //*<target server> //*<USER> //*<PASSWORD> //*ASCII //*PUT '<IMSOUT>' /TARGET DIRECTORY>/<IMSOUT> //*OUIT //*OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=* //*SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=* //*

Step 7 After the output file is created, you must choose one of the following options:

a Schedule a job to transfer the output file to an interim FTP server.

Each time the job completes, the output file is forwarded to an intermin FTP server. You must configure the following parameters in the sample JCL to successfully forward the output to an interim FTP server:

For example:

```
//*FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//*INPUT DD *
//*<target server>
//*<USER>
```

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```
//*<PASSWORD>
//*ASCII
//*PUT '<IMSOUT>' /TARGET DIRECTORY>/<IMSOUT>
//*QUIT
//*OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//*SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
```

Where:

<target server> is the IP address or host name of the interim FTP server to receive the output file.

<USER> is the user name required to access the interim FTP server.

sword> is the password required to access the interim FTP server.

<IMSOUT> is the name of the output file saved to the interim FTP server.

For example:

PUT 'Q1JACK.QEXIMS.OUTPUT.C320' /192.168.1.101/IMS/QEXIMS.OUT PUT.C320

Note: You must remove commented lines beginning with //* for the script to properly forward the output file to the interim FTP server.

You are now ready to configure the Log File protocol.

b Schedule QRadar to retrieve the output file from IBM IMS.

If the mainframe is configured to serve files through FTP, SFTP, or allow SCP, then no interim FTP server is required and QRadar can pull the output file directly from the mainframe. The following text must be commented out using //* or deleted from the **qexims_jcl.txt** file:

```
//*FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//*INPUT DD *
//*<target server>
//*<USER>
//*<PASSWORD>
//*ASCII
//*PUT '<IMSOUT>' /TARGET DIRECTORY>/<IMSOUT>
//*QUIT
//*OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//*SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
```

You are now ready to configure the Log File protocol.

Configure a log
sourceA log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote
host.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.

- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM IMS.
- Step 5 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 6 Configure the following parameters:

Table 45-1 Log File protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remove server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	• SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service types requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the IBM IMS system.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. If you configure the Service Type as FTP, the default is 21. If you configure the Service Type as SFTP or SCP, the default is 22.
	The valid range is 1 to 65535.
Remote User	Type the username necessary to log in to your IBM IMS system.
	The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to your IBM IMS system.
Confirm Password	Confirm the Remote Password to log in to your IBM IMS system.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP from the Service Type field you can define a directory path to an SSH private key file. The SSH Private Key File allows you to ignore the Remote Password field.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved. By default, the newauditlog.sh script writes the human-readable logs files to the /var/log/ directory.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to also search sub folders. The Recursive parameter is not used if you configure SCP as the Service Type. By default, the check box is clear.

Parameter	Description
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.
	For example, if you want to retrieve all files in the <starttime>.<endtime>.<hostname>.log format, use the following entry: \d+\.\w+\.log.</hostname></endtime></starttime>
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website:
	http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only appears if you select FTP as the Service Type. The FTP Transfer Mode parameter allows you to define the file transfer mode when retrieving log files over FTP.
	From the list, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source:
	 Binary - Select Binary for log sources that require binary data files or compressed .zip, .gzip, .tar, or .tar+gzip archive files.
	 ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer. You must select NONE for the Processon field and LINEBYLINE the Event Generator field when using ASCII as the transfer mode.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type, you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
	For example, type 2H if you want the directory to be scanned every 2 hours. The default is 1H.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save. After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File(s) parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.

 Table 45-1
 Log File protocol parameters (continued)

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Parameter	Description
Processor	If the files located on the remote host are stored in a .zip, .gzip, .tar, or tar+gzip archive format, select the processor that allows the archives to be expanded and contents processed.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track files that have already been processed and you do not want the files to be processed a second time. This only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define the local directory on your QRadar system that you want to use for storing downloaded files during processing. We recommend that you leave the check box clear. When the check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LINEBYLINE.

 Table 45-1
 Log File protocol parameters (continued)

Step 7 Click Save.

The configuration is complete. Events that are retrieved using the log file protocol are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

IBM Guardium IBM Guardium® is a database activity and audit tracking tool for system administrators to retrieve detailed auditing events across database platforms.

Note: These instructions require that you install the 8.2p45 fix for InfoSphere Guardium. For more information on this fix, see the Fix Central website at *http://www.ibm.com/support/fixcentral/*.

Supported event QRadar collects informational, error, alert, and warnings from IBM Guardium using syslog. IBM Security QRadar receives IBM Guardium Policy Builder events in the Log Event Extended Format (LEEF).

QRadar can only automatically discover and map events the default policies that ship with IBM Guardium. Any user configured events require are displayed as unknowns in QRadar and you must manually map the unknown events.

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- ConfigurationThe following list outlines the process required to integrate IBM Guardium with
QRadar.
 - 1 Create a syslog destination for policy violation events. For more information, see Creating a syslog destination for events.
 - 2 Configure your existing policies to generate syslog events. For more information, see Configuring policies to generate syslog events.
 - 3 Install the policy on IBM Guardium. For more information, see Installing an IBM Guardium Policy.
 - 4 Configure the log source in QRadar. For more information, see **Configure a log source**.
 - 5 Identify and map unknown policy events in QRadar. For more information, see Creating an event map for IBM Guardium events.

Creating a syslog To create a syslog destination for these events on IBM Guardium, you must log in to the command-line interface (CLI) and define the IP address for QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to IBM Guardium as the root user.

Username: <username>

Password: <password>

Step 2 Type the following command to configure the syslog destination for informational events:

store remote add daemon.info <IP address>:<port> <tcp|udp>
For example, store remote add daemon.info 10.10.1.1:514 tcp
Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<port> is the syslog port number used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<tcp|udp> is the protocol used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 3 Type the following command to configure the syslog destination for warning events:

store remote add daemon.warning <IP address>:<port> <tcp|udp>
Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<port> is the syslog port number used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<tcp | udp> is the protocol used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

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Step 4 Type the following command to configure the syslog destination for error events:
 store remote add daemon.err <IP address>:<port> <tcp|udp>
 Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<port> is the syslog port number used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<tcp|udp> is the protocol used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 5 Type the following command to configure the syslog destination for alert events:

store remote add daemon.alert <IP address>:<port> <tcp|udp>
Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<port> is the syslog port number used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<tcp|udp> is the protocol used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

You are now ready to configure a policy for IBM InfoSphere Guardium.

Configuring policiesPolicies in IBM Guardium are responsible for reacting to events and forwarding the
event information to QRadar.configuring policiesPolicies in IBM Guardium are responsible for reacting to events and forwarding the
events

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Tools tab.
- Step 2 From the left-hand navigation, select Policy Builder.
- Step 3 From the Policy Finder pane, select an existing policy and click Edit Rules.
- Step 4 Click Edit this Rule individually.

The Access Rule Definition is displayed.

- Step 5 Click Add Action.
- Step 6 From the Action list, select one of the following alert types:
 - Alert Per Match A notification is provided for every policy violation.
 - Alert Daily A notification is provided the first time a policy violation occurs that day.
 - Alert Once Per Session A notification is provided per policy violation for unique session.
 - Alert Per Time Granularity A notification is provided per your selected time frame.
- Step 7 From the Message Template list, select QRadar.
- Step 8 From Notification Type, select SYSLOG.

- Step 9 Click Add, then click Apply.
- Step 10 Click Save.
- Step 11 Repeat Step 2 to Step 10 for all rules within the policy you want to forward to QRadar.

For more information on configuring a policy, see your IBM InfoSphere Guardium vendor documentation. After you have configured all of your policies, you are now ready to install the policy on your IBM Guardium system.

Note: Due to the configurable policies, QRadar can only automatically discover the default policy events. If you have customized policies that forward events to QRadar, you must manually create a log source to capture those events.

Installing an IBM Any new or edited policy in IBM Guardium must be installed before the updated alert actions or rule changes can occur.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Administration Console tab.
- **Step 2** From the left-hand navigation, select **Configuration > Policy Installation**.
- Step 3 From the Policy Installer pane, select a policy you modified in Step 3, Configuring policies to generate syslog events.
- Step 4 From the drop-down list, select **Install and Override**.

A confirmation is displayed to install the policy to all Inspection Engines.

Step 5 Click OK.

For more information on installing a policy, see your IBM InfoSphere Guardium vendor documentation. After you have installed all of your policies, you are ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

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Configure a log QRadar only automatically discovers default policy events from IBM Guardium. **source**

Due to the configurable nature of policies, we recommend that you configure a log source manually for IBM Guardium.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 Click Add.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 7 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM Guardium.
- Step 8 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 9 Configure the following values:

 Table 45-2
 IBM Guardium Syslog Configuration

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the IBM InfoSphere Guardium appliance.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources Users Guide*.

- Step 10 Click Save.
- Step 11 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The IBM Infosphere Guardium configuration is complete.

 Creating an event map for IBM
 Guardium events
 But the customizable nature of policy rules, most events, except the default policy events do not contain a predefined QRadar Identifier (QID) map to categorize security events.

You can individually map each event for your device to an event category in QRadar. Mapping events allows QRadar to identify, coalesce, and track reoccurring events from your network devices. Until you map an event, all events that are displayed in the **Log Activity** tab for IBM Guardium are categorized as unknown. Unknown events are easily identified as the Event Name column and Low Level Category columns display Unknown.

Discovering unknown events

As your device forwards events to QRadar, it can take time to categorize all of the events for a device, as some events might not be generated immediately by the event source appliance or software. It is helpful to know how to quickly search for unknown events. When you know how to search for unknown events, we recommend you repeat this search until you are comfortable that you have identified the majority of your events.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 1 Click the Log Activity tab.
- Step 2 Click Add Filter.
- Step 3 From the first list, select Log Source.
- Step 4 From the Log Source Group list, select the log source group or Other.
 Log sources that are not assigned to a group are categorized as Other.
- **Step 5** From the **Log Source** list, select your IBM Guardium log source.
- Step 6 Click Add Filter.

The Log Activity tab is displayed with a filter for your log source.

Step 7 From the View list, select Last Hour.

Any events generated by the IBM Guardium DSM in the last hour are displayed. Events displayed as unknown in the Event Name column or Low Level Category column require event mapping in QRadar.

Note: You can save your existing search filter by clicking Save Criteria.

You are now ready to modify the event map.

Modifying the event map

Modifying an event map allows you to manually categorize events to a QRadar Identifier (QID) map. Any event categorized to a log source can be remapped to a new QRadar Identifier (QID).

Note: Events that do not have a defined log source cannot be mapped to an event. Events without a log source display SIM Generic Log in the Log Source column.

Procedure

Step 1 On the Event Name column, double-click an unknown event for IBM Guardium.

The detailed event information is displayed.

- Step 2 Click Map Event.
- Step 3 From the Browse for QID pane, select any of the following search options to narrow the event categories for a QRadar Identifier (QID):
 - a From the **High-Level Category** list, select a high-level event categorization.

	For a full list of high-level and low-level event categories or category definitions, see the Event Categories section of the <i>IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide</i> .
	b From the Low-Level Category list, select a low-level event categorization.
	c From the Log Source Type list, select a log source type.
	The Log Source Type list allows you to search for QIDs from other log sources. Searching for QIDs by log source is useful when events are similar to another existing network device. For example, IBM Guardium provides policy events, you might select another product that likely captures similar events.
	d To search for a QID by name, type a name in the QID/Name field.
	The QID/Name field allows you to filter the full list of QIDs for a specific word, for example, policy.
Step 4	Click Search.
	A list of QIDs are displayed.
Step 5	Select the QID you want to associate to your unknown event.
Step 6	Click OK.
	QRadar maps any additional events forwarded from your device with the same QID that matches the event payload. The event count increases each time the event is identified by QRadar.
	If you update an event with a new QRadar Identifier (QID) map, past events stored in QRadar are not updated. Only new events are categorized with the new QID.
IBM Security Directory Server	The IBM Security QRadar DSM for IBM Security Directory Server can collect event logs from your IBM Security Directory Server.
	The following table identifies the specifications for the IBM Security Directory Server DSM:
	Table 45-1 IBM Security Directory Server DSM specifications
	Specification Value

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Specification	Value
Manufacturer	IBM
DSM	IBM Security Directory Server
RPM file name	DSM-IBMSecurityDirectoryServer-build_number.noarch.rpm
Supported version	6.3.1 and later
Protocol	Syslog (LEEF)
QRadar recorded events	All relevant events
Automatically discovered	Yes

Specification	Value
Includes identity	Yes
For more information	http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/tivihelp/v2r1/index.jsp?t opic=%2Fcom.ibm.IBMDS.doc_6.3.1%2Fadmin_gd381.htm&pat h=9_3_4_13_18_3

 Table 45-1
 IBM Security Directory Server DSM specifications

IBM Security To integrate IBM Security Directory Server with QRadar, use the following procedure: integration process

- 1 If automatic updates are not enabled, download and install the most recent versions of the following RPMs on your QRadar Console:
 - DSMCommon RPM
 - IBM Security Directory Server RPM
- 2 Configure each IBM Security Directory Server system in your network to enable communication with QRadar.

For more information, see *Enabling communication between QRadar and IBM Security Directory Server* (http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/tivihelp/v2r1/index.jsp?topic=%2Fcom.ib m.IBMDS.doc 6.3.1%2Fadmin gd381.htm&path=9 3 4 13 18 3)

3 If QRadar does not automatically discover the log source, for each IBM Security Directory Server on your network, create a log source on the QRadar Console.

Related tasks

Manually installing a DSM

Configuring an IBM Security Directory Server log source in QRadar

Configuring an IBM To collect IBM Security Directory Server events, configure a log source in QRadar.

Security Directory Server log source in QRadar

Before you begin

Ensure that the

 ${\tt DSM-IBMSecurityDirectoryServer-build_number.noarch.rpm} \ file \ is installed and deployed on your QRadar host:$

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM Security Directory Server.

Step 7	From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
Step 8	Configure the remaining parameters.
Step 9	Click Save.
Step 10	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.
IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business	The IBM Tivoli® Access Manager for e-business DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts access, audit, and HTTP events forwarded from IBM Tivoli Access Manager.
	QRadar collects audit, access, and HTTP events from IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business using syslog. Before you can configure QRadar, you must configure Tivoli Access Manager for e-business to forward events to a syslog destination.
Configure Tivoli Access Manager for e-business	You can configure syslog on your Tivoli Access Manager for e-business to forward events.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to Tivoli Access Manager's IBM Security Web Gateway.
Step 2	From the navigation menu, select Secure Reverse Proxy Settings > Manage > Reverse Proxy .
	The Reverse Proxy pane is displayed.
Step 3	From the Instance column, select an instance.
Step 4	Click the Manage list and select Configuration > Advanced.
	The text of the WebSEAL configuration file is displayed.
Step 5	Locate the Authorization API Logging configuration.
	The remote syslog configuration begins with logcfg. For example,
	send authorization events to a remote syslog server: n:rsyslog server= <ip address="">,port=514,log_id=<log name=""></log></ip>
Step 6	Copy the remote syslog configuration (logcfg) to a new line without the comment (#) marker.
Step 7	Edit the remote syslog configuration.
	For example,
<pre>logcfg = audit.authr</pre>	csyslog server= <ip address="">,port=514,log_id=<log name=""> h:rsyslog server=<ip address="">,port=514,log_id=<log name=""> og server=<ip address="">,port=514,log_id=<log name=""></log></ip></log></ip></log></ip>
	Where:
	<ip address=""> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.</ip>
	<log name=""> is the name assigned to the log that is forwarded to QRadar. For example, log_id=WebSEAL-log.</log>

IBM Security QRadar DSM Configuration Guide

Step 8 Click Submit.

The Deploy button is displayed in the navigation menu.

Step 9 From the navigation menu, click **Deploy**.

Step 10 Click Deploy.

You must restart the reverse proxy instance to continue.

- **Step 11** From the Instance column, select your instance configuration.
- Step 12 Click the Manage list and select Control > Restart.

A status message is displayed after the restart completes. For more information on configuring a syslog destination, see your IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business vendor documentation. You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers syslog audit and access events, but does not
automatically discover HTTP events forwarded from IBM Tivoli Access Manager
for e-business.

Since QRadar automatically discovers audit and access events, you are not required to create a log source. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business syslog events. The following configuration steps for creating a log source are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 Click Add.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 7 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business.
- Step 8 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 9 Configure the following values:

 Table 45-2
 IBM Tivloi Access Manager for e-business Syslog Configuration

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business appliance.
_	The IP address or hostname identifies your IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business as a unique event source in QRadar.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources Users Guide*.

Step 10 Click Save.

Step 11 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business configuration is complete.

IBM z/Secure® Audit	The IBM z/OS® DSM for IBM Security QRadar allows you to integrate with an IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure® Audit to collect security, authorization, and audit events.
	Using a zSecure process, events from the System Management Facilities (SMF) are recorded to an event file in the Log Enhanced Event format (LEEF). QRadar retrieves the LEEF event log files using the log file protocol and processes the events. You can schedule QRadar to retrieve events on a polling interval, which allows QRadar to retrieve the events on the schedule you have defined.
	To integrate IBM z/OS events from IBM Security zSecure Audit into QRadar:
1	Confirm your installation meets any prerequisite installation requirements. For more information, see Before You Begin .
2	Configure your IBM z/OS image. For more information, see the IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide.
3	Create a log source in QRadar for IBM z/OS to retrieve your LEEF formatted event logs. For more information, see Create an IBM z/OS log source.
4	Optional. Create a custom event property for IBM z/OS in QRadar. For more information, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS</i> technical note.
Before You Begin	Before you can configure the data collection process, you must complete the basic zSecure installation process.
	The following prerequisites are required:
	 You must ensure parmlib member IFAPRDxx is not disabled for IBM Security zSecure Audit on your z/OS image.
	 The SCKRLOAD library must be APF-authorized.
	 You must configure a process to periodically refresh your CKFREEZE and UNLOAD data sets.
	 You must configure an SFTP, FTP, or SCP server on your z/OS image for QRadar to download your LEEF event files.
	• You must allow SFTP, FTP, or SCP traffic on firewalls located between QRadar and your z/OS image.
	After installing the software, you must also perform the post-installation activities to create and modify the configuration. For instructions on installing and configuring

zSecure, see the IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide.

Create an IBM z/OS The Log File protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM z/OS with zSecure writes log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your LEEF formatted event files and a polling interval.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 Click Add.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 7 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM z/OS.
- Step 8 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 9 Configure the following values:

Table 45-3 z/OS Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
	For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify a name, IP address, or hostname for the image or location that uniquely identifies events for the IBM z/OS log source. This allows events to be identified at the image or location level in your network that your users can identify.

Parameter	Description
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	• SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
	The options include:
	• FTP - TCP Port 21
	SFTP - TCP Port 22
	SCP - TCP Port 22
	Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.
Remote User	Type the user name or userid necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.
	 If your log files are located on your IBM z/OS image, type the userid necessary to log in to your IBM z/OS. The useric can be up to 8 characters in length.
	 If your log files are located on a file repository, type the user name necessary to log in to the file repository. The user name can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. Wher you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.
	The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.

 Table 45-3
 z/OS Log File Parameters (continued)

Description
If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.
IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern zOS. <timestamp>.gz</timestamp>
The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with zOS and ending with .gz, type the following:
zOS.*\.gz
Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website:
http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list, select Binary .
The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.
If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.
This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.
Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save .
After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.

 Table 45-3
 z/OS Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	From the list, select gzip .
	Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed afte they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.
	QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All file that have not been previously processed are downloaded.
	This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.
	We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.
	The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. Fo example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

 Table 45-3
 z/OS Log File Parameters (continued)

Step 10 Click Save.

Step 11 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The IBM z/OS with IBM zSecure configuration is complete. If your IBM z/OS for zSecure requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

IBM zSecure Alert The IBM zSecure Alert DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts alert events using syslog, allowing QRadar to receive alert events in real-time.

The alert configuration on your IBM zSecure Alert appliance determines which alert conditions you want to monitor and forward to QRadar. To collect events in QRadar, you must configure your IBM zSecure Alert appliance to forward events in a UNIX syslog event format using the QRadar IP address as the destination. For information on configuring UNIX syslog alerts and destinations, see the *IBM Security zSecure Alert User Reference Manual*.

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from IBM zSecure Alert. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 Click Add.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 7 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM zSecure Alert.
- Step 8 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 9 Configure the following values:

Table 45-4Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your IBM zSecure Alert.

Step 10 Click Save.

Step 11 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

IBM Security The IBM Security Identity Manager DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts audit, recertification, and system events from IBM Security Identity Manager appliances.

To collect events with QRadar, you must have the IBM Security Identity Manager JDBC protocol installed, which allows QRadar to poll for event information in the ITIMDB database. IBM Security Identity Manager events are generated from the audit table along with several other tables from the database.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with IBM Security Identity Manager, we recommend you create a database user account and password in IBM Security Identity Manager for QRadar. Your QRadar user must have read permissions to the ITIMDB database, which stores IBM Security Identity Manager events. The IBM Security Identity Manager protocol allows QRadar to log in and poll for events from the database. Creating a QRadar account is not required, but it is recommended for tracking and securing your event data.

Note: Ensure no firewall rules are blocking the communication between your IBM Security Identity Manager appliance and QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM Security Identity Manager.
- Step 7 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select IBM Security Identity Manager JDBC.
- Step 8 Configure the following values:

Table 45-5	IBM Security	Identity	Manager	JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. The log source identifier must be defined in the following format:
	ITIMDB@ <hostname></hostname>
	Where <hostname> is the IP address or host name for your IBM Security Identity Manager appliance.</hostname>
	The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Database Type	From the list, select a database to use for the event source.
	The options include:
	 DB2 - Select this option if DB2 is the database type on your IBM Security Identity Manager appliance. DB2 is the default database type.
	MSDE - Select this option if MSDE is the database type on your IBM Security Identity Manager appliance
	Oracle - Select this option if MSDE is the database type on your IBM Security Identity Manager appliance
Database Name	Type the name of the database to which you want to connect. The default database name is ITIMDB .
	The table name can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The table name can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the IBM Security Identity Manager appliance.

Parameter	Description
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default that is displayed depends on the selected Database Type. The valid range is 0 to 65536. The default for DB2 is port 50000.
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the database. The database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.
	The default port number for all options include:
	• DB2 - 50000
	• MSDE - 1433
	• Oracle - 1521
	Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.
Username	Type the database username. The username can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The username can also include underscores (_).
Password	Type the database password.
	The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password to access the database.
Table Name	Type ITIMUSER.AUDIT_EVENT as the name of the table or view that includes the event records. If you change the value of this field from the default, events cannot be properly collected by the IBM Security Identity Manager JDBC protocol.
	The table name can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The table name can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Select List	Type * to include all fields from the table or view.
	You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters ir length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type TIMESTAMP to identify new events added between queries to the table by their timestamp.
	The compare field can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).

 Table 45-5
 IBM Security Identity Manager JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Start Date and	Optional. Configure the start date and time for database polling.
Time	The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval in seconds, which is the amount of time between queries to the database table. The default polling interval is 30 seconds.
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values without an H or M designator poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Authentication Domain field is displayed. If your network is configured to validate users with domain credentials, you must define a Windows Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.
	The authentication domain must contain alphanumeric characters. The domain can include the following special characters: underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Database Instance	If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Database Instance field is displayed.
	Type the type the instance to which you want to connect, if you have multiple SQL server instances on one server.
	Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.
Use Named Pipe Communication	If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Use Named Pipe Communications check box is displayed. By default, this check box is clear.
	Select this check box to use an alternative method to a TCP/IP port connection.
	When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.

 Table 45-5
 IBM Security Identity Manager JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Use NTLMv2	If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Use NTLMv2 check box is displayed.
	Select the Use NTLMv2 check box to force MSDE connections to use the NTLMv2 protocol when communicating with SQL servers that require NTLMv2 authentication. The default value of the check box is selected.
	If the Use NTLMv2 check box is selected, it has no effect on MSDE connections to SQL servers that do not require NTLMv2 authentication.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.

 Table 45-5
 IBM Security Identity Manager JDBC Parameters (continued)

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

IBM Security Network Protection (XGS)	The IBM Security Network Protection (XGS) DSM accepts events by using the Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF), which enables QRadar to record all relevant events. The following table identifies the specifications for the IBM Security Network Protection (XGS) DSM:		
	Table 45-1 IBM S	Table 45-1 IBM Security Network Protection (XGS) specifications	
	Specification	Value	
	Manufacturer	IBM	
	DSM	Security Network Protection (XGS)	
	RPM file name		
	Supported versions	v5.0 with fixpack 7	
	Protocol	syslog (LEEF)	
	QRadar recorded events	All relevant system, access, and security events	
	Automatically discovered	Yes	
	Includes identity	No	
	More information	IBM Network Security Protection (XGS) website (http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/sprotect/v2r8m0/topic/com.ib m.alps.doc/tasks/alps_configuring_system_alerts.htm)	
	you must configure	are an Network Security Protection (XGS) appliance in QRadar, e remote syslog alerts for your IBM Security Network Protection icies to forward events to QRadar.	
Configure IBM Security Network	All event types are enabled.	sent to QRadar using a remote syslog alert object that is LEEF	
Protection (XGS) Alerts	Remote syslog alert objects can be created, edited and deleted from each context in which an events is generated. To configure a remote syslog alert object log in to the Network Security Protection (XGS) local management interface as admin and navigate to one of the following:		
	 Manage > System Settings > System Alerts (System events) 		
	 Secure > Network Access Policy (Access events) 		
	 Secure > IPS Event Filter Policy (Security events) 		
	 Secure > Intrusion Prevention Policy (Security events) 		
	Secure > Netw	ork Access Policy > Inspection > Intrusion Prevention	
	Policy		

In the IPS Objects, the Network Objects pane, or the System Alerts page, complete the following steps.

Procedure

Step 1 Click New > Alert > Remote Syslog.

- **Step 2** Select an existing remote syslog alert object, and then click **Edit**.
- Step 3 Configure the following options:

Table 45-2 Syslog Configuration Parameters

Option	Description
Name	Type a name for the syslog alert configuration.
Remote Syslog Collector	Type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
Remote Syslog Collector Port	Type 514 for the Remote Syslog Collector Port.
Remote LEEF Enabled	Select this check box to enable LEEF formatted events. This field is required.
	<i>Note:</i> If you do not see this option, verify you have software version 5.0 and fixpack 7 installed on your IBM Security Network Protection appliance.
Comment	Optional. Type a comment for the syslog configuration.

Step 4 Click Save Configuration.

The alert is added to the Available Objects list.

Step 5 To update your IBM Security Network Protection (XGS) appliance, click Deploy.

Step 6 Add the LEEF alert object for QRadar to the following locations:

- · One or more rules in a policy
- Added Objects pane on the System Alerts page

Step 7 Click Deploy

For more information about the Network Security Protection (XGS) device, click Help in the Network Security Protection (XGS) local management interface browser client window or access the online Network Security Protection (XGS) documentation.

Configuring a Log Source in QRadar QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for LEEF-enabled syslog events from IBM Security Network Protection (XGS). The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 3 Click Add.

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- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 5 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM Security Network Protection (XGS).
- Step 6 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 7 Configure the following values:

 Table 45-3
 Syslog Parameters

	Parameter	Description	
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your IBM Security Network Protection (XGS).	
Step 8	Click Save.		
Step 9	On the Admin tab, clic	ck Deploy Changes.	
IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On		Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On QRadar to receive events forwarded using syslog.	
Supported versions	QRadar can collect ev Single Sign-On version	ents from IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise n 8.1 or 8.2.	
Supported event types		he IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single system, and authentication events.	
	Events are read from t	he following database tables and forwarded using syslog:	
	IMSLOGUserServie	ce	
	IMSLOGUserAdmi	nActivity	
	IMSLOGUserActivi	ty	
	Single Sign-On use ##	o QRadar from IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise # as a syslog field-separator. IBM Security Access Manager Sign-On forwards events to QRadar using UDP on port 514.	
Before you begin		rwarding for events, you must be an administrator or your lude credentials to access the IMS Configuration Utility.	
Any firewalls configured between your IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On and QRadar should be configured to allow UE communication on port 514. This configuration requires you to restart you Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On appliance.		-On and QRadar should be configured to allow UDP t 514. This configuration requires you to restart your IBM	

IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On 343

Configuring a logIBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On appliance requires
you to configure a log server type to forward syslog formatted events:

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the IMS Configuration Utility for IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On.

For example, https://localhost:9043/webconf

- Step 2 From the navigation menu, select Advanced Settings > IMS Server > Logging > Log Server Information.
- Step 3 From the Log server types list, select syslog.
- Step 4 Click Add.
- Step 5 Click Update to save the configuration.
- Configuring syslog
forwardingTo forward events to QRadar, you must configure a syslog destination on your IBM
Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On appliance.

Procedure

- Step 1 From the navigation menu, select Advanced Settings > IMS Server > Logging > Syslog.
- Step 2 Configure the following options:

 Table 45-4
 Syslog Parameters

Field	Description
Enable syslog	From the Available Tables list, select the following tables and click Add .
	You must add the following tables:
	logUserService
	logUserActivity
	logUserAdminActivity
Syslog server port	Type 514 as the port number used for forwarding events to QRadar.
Syslog server hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
Syslog logging facility	Type an integer value to specify the facility of the events forwarded to QRadar. The default value is 20.
Syslog field-separator	Type ### as the characters used to separate name-value pair entries in the syslog payload.

Step 3 Click **Update** to save the configuration.

Step 4 Restart your IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-on appliance.

The syslog configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a Log Source in QRadar BM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On. The following procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 5 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On.
- Step 6 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 7 Configure the following values:

Table 45-5Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On appliance.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source.
	By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	Select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	Select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.

Parameter	Description
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.

Table 45-5 Syslog Parameters (continued)

Step 8 Click Save.

Step 9 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

46 ISC BIND

Security QRadar. An ISC BIND device accepts events using syslog. Configuring syslog You can configure syslog on your ISC BIND device to forward events to QRadar. for ISC BIND **Procedure** Step 1 Log in to the ISC BIND device. **Step 2** Open the following file to add a logging clause: named.conf logging { channel <channel_name> { syslog <syslog facility>; severity <critical | error | warning | notice | info |</pre> debug [level] | dynamic >; print-category yes; print-severity yes; print-time yes; }; category queries { <channel name>; }; category notify { <channel name>; }; category network { <channel name>; }; category client { <channel name>; };

You can integrate an Internet System Consortium (ISC) BIND device with IBM

```
};
For Example:
logging {
channel QRadar {
syslog local3;
severity info;
};
category queries {
QRadar;
};
category notify {
ORadar;
};
category network {
QRadar;
};
category client {
QRadar;
};
};
```

- Step 3 Save and exit the file.
- Step 4 Edit the syslog configuration to log to your QRadar using the facility you selected in Step 2:

<syslog facility>.* @<IP Address>

Where <IP Address> is the IP address of your QRadar.

For example:

local3.* @192.16.10.10

Note: QRadar only parses logs with a severity level of info or higher.

Step 5 Restart the following services.

service syslog restart

service named restart

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a logQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events fromsourceISC BIND. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select ISC BIND.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 46-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your ISC BIND appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

47 IMPERVA SECURESPHERE

The Imperva SecureSphere DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant events forwarded using syslog.

Configuration overview To collect syslog events, you must configure your Imperva SecureSphere appliance with an alert and a system event action that can be associated to a firewall or system policy. Each time a firewall policy triggers an alert action or a system event policy triggers an event action a syslog event is sent to QRadar.

To configure events for your SecureSphere appliance, complete the following tasks:

- 1 On your Imperva SecureSphere appliance, create an alert action and associate the alert action to your SecureSphere firewall policies.
- 2 your Imperva SecureSphere appliance, create a system alert action and associate the action to your SecureSphere system event policies.
- 3 On your QRadar system, verify that the syslog events are forwarded and that a log source is automatically discovered.

Configuring an alert
action for ImpervaYou can configure your Imperva SecureSphere appliance to forward syslog events
for firewall policy alerts to QRadar.SecureSphere

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to your SecureSphere device user interface using administrative privileges.
- Step 2 Click the Policies tab.
- Step 3 Click the Action Sets tab.
- **Step 4** To generate events for each alert generated by the SecureSphere device:
 - a Click **New** to create a new action set for an alert.
 - **b** Move the action to the **Selected Actions** list.
 - c Expand the System Log action group.
 - d In the Action Name field, type a name for your alert action.
 - e Configure the following parameters:
 - **Syslog host** Type the IP address of QRadar to which you want to send events.

IBM Security QRadar DSM Configuration Guide

I

- Syslog log level - Select INFO.

- **Message** - Define a message string for your event type from **Table 47-1**.

 Table 47-1
 Imperva SecureSphere alert message strings

Туре	Version	Mess	sage string
Database alerts	V9.5 and V10	\${Ale note] usrN name Desc	F:1.0 Imperva SecureSphere \${SecureSphereVersion} ert.alertType} \${Alert.immediateAction} Alert ID=\${Alert.dn} devTimeFormat= [see devTime=\${Alert.createTime} Alert type=\${Alert.alertType} src=\${Alert.sourceIp} ame=\${Event.struct.user.user} Application e=\${Alert.applicationName} dst=\${Event.destInfo.serverIp} Alert ription=\${Alert.description} Severity=\${Alert.severity} Immediate n=\${Alert.immediateAction} SecureSphere Version=\${SecureSphereVersion}
File server alerts	V9.5 and V10	\${Ale note] usrN Appl Alert Imm	F:1.0 Imperva SecureSphere \${SecureSphereVersion} rt.alertType} \${Alert.immediateAction} Alert ID={Alert.dn} devTimeFormat= [see devTime=\${Alert.createTime} Alert type=\${Alert.alertType} src=\${Alert.sourcelp} lame=\${Event.struct.user.username} Domain=\${Event.struct.user.domain} ication name=\${Alert.applicationName} dst=\${Event.destInfo.serverIp} : Description=\${Alert.description} Severity=\${Alert.severity} ediate Action=\${Alert.immediateAction} ureSphere Version=\${SecureSphereVersion}
Web application firewall alerts	V9.5 and V10	\${Ale note] usrN Serv Seve	F:1.0 Imperva SecureSphere \${SecureSphereVersion} ert.alertType} \${Alert.immediateAction} Alert ID=\${Alert.dn} devTimeFormat= [see devTime=\${Alert.createTime} Alert type=\${Alert.alertType} src=\${Alert.sourceIp} ame=\${Alert.username} Application name=\${Alert.applicationName} rice name=\${Alert.serviceName} Alert Description=\${Alert.description} erity=\${Alert.severity} Simulation Mode=\${Alert.simulationMode} ediate Action=\${Alert.immediateAction}
All alerts	v6.2 and v7.x Release Enterprise Edition	Alert Alert estInt	ceType=ImpervaSecuresphere an=\$!{Alert.alertMetadata.alertName} at=Securesphere sp=\$!{Event.sourceInfo.sourcePort} s=\$!{Event.sourceInfo.sourceIp} d=\$!{Event.d fo.serverIp} dp=\$!{Event.destInfo.serverPort} u=\$!{Alert.username} g=\$!{Alert.serve upName} ad=\$!{Alert.description}
		co for	ote: The devTimeFormat does not include a value as the time format can be nfigured on the SecureSphere appliance. Administrators must review the time mat of their SecureSphere appliance and specify the appropriate time format. or example, dd MMM yyyy HH:mm:ss Or yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.S.
		f	Select the Run on Every Event check box.
		f g	Select the Run on Every Event check box. Click Save .
			-
	Step	g h 5 To	Click Save . Repeat this process to create an alert with another message type from
	Step	g h 5 To	Click Save . Repeat this process to create an alert with another message type from Table 47-1 . trigger syslog events, you must associate your firewall policies to use your alert
	Step	g h 5 To ac	Click Save . Repeat this process to create an alert with another message type from Table 47-1 . trigger syslog events, you must associate your firewall policies to use your alert tions.

- e Ensure your policy is configured as enabled and is applied to the appropriate server groups.
- f Click Save.
- g Repeat this step for all policies that require an alert.

Configuring a system You can configure your Imperva SecureSphere appliance to forward syslog system event action for policy events to QRadar. Imperva Provide application of the policy events to QRadar.

SecureSphere

- Step 1 Click the Policies tab.
- Step 2 Click the Action Sets tab.
- **Step 3** To generate events for each event generated by the SecureSphere device:
 - a Click New to create a new action set for an event.
 - **b** Move the action to the **Selected Actions** list.
 - c Expand the System Log action group.
 - d In the Action Name field, type a name for your event action.
 - e Configure the following parameters:
 - **Syslog host** Type the IP address of QRadar to which you want to send events.
 - Syslog log level Select INFO.
 - Message Define a message string for your event type from Table 47-2.

 Table 47-2
 Imperva SecureSphere system event message strings

Туре	Version	Message string
System events	V9.5 and V10	LEEF:1.0 Imperva SecureSphere \${SecureSphereVersion} \${Event.eventType} Event ID=\${Event.dn} devTimeFormat= [see note] devTime=\${Event.createTime} Event Type=\${Event.eventType} Message=\${Event.message} Severity=\${Event.severity.displ ayName} usrName=\${Event.username} SecureSphere Version=\${SecureSphereVersion}

Туре	Version	Message string
Database audit records	V9.5 and V10	LEEF:1.0 Imperva SecureSphere {SecureSphereVersion} {Event.struct.eventType}} S erver Group={{Event.serverGroup} Service Name={{Event.serviceName} Application Name=\${Event.applicationName} Source Type={{Event.serviceName} Application Vame=\${Event.struct.user.userType}usrName=\${Event.struct.user.user} User Group=\${Event.struct.userGroup} Authenticated=\${Event.struct.user.authenticated} AppUser=\${Event.struct.applicationUser}src={Event.struct.user.authenticated} Application=\${Event.struct.application.application} [OS User=\${Event.struct.osUser.osUser} Host=\${Event.struct.host.host} Service Type=\${Event.struct.eventType}]dst=\${Event.struct.operations.name} [Operation type=\${Event.struct.operations.operationType} [Object name=\${Event.struct.operations.objects.name} [Object type=\${Event.struct.databases.databaseName} [Schema=\${Event.struct.databases.dstabaseName} [Table Group=\${Event.struct.tableGroups.sensitive}] Privileged=\${Event.struct.operations.privileged} [Stored Proc=\${Event.struct.operations.storedProcedure} [Completed Successfully=\${Event.struct.operations.storedProcedure} [Completed Successfully=\${Event.struct.operations.storedProcedure} [Completed Successfully=\${Event.struct.operations.storedProcedure} [Bind Vaiables=\${Event.struct.awData.rawData} [Parsed Query=\${Event.struct.awData.rawData} [Parsed Query=\${Event.struct.complete.responseSize} [Response Time=\${Event.struct.complete.responseTime} [Affected Rows=\${Event.struct.complete.responseTime} [Affected Rows=\${Event.struct.operations}] devTimeFormat= [see note]]devTime=\${Event.createTime}
All events	v6.2 and v7.x Release Enterprise Edition	DeviceType=ImpervaSecuresphere Event et=\$!{Event.eventType} dc=Securesphere System Event sp=\$!{Event.sourceInfo.sourcePort} s=\$!{Event.sourceInfo.sourceIp} d=\$!{Event.destInfo.serverIp} dp=\$!{Event.destInfo.serverPort} u=\$!{Event.username} t=\$!{Event.createTime} sev=\$!{Event.severity} m=\$!{Event.message}
		Note: The devTimeFormat does not include a value as the time format can be configured on the SecureSphere appliance. Administrators must review the time format of their SecureSphere appliance and specify the appropriate time format. For example, dd MMM yyyy HH:mm:ss Of yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.S.
		f Select the Run on Every Event check box.
		g Click Save.
		 Repeat this process to create an alert with another message type from Table 47-2.
	Ster	4 To enable the action, you must edit your system event policies to use the action.
		The below precedure details the stope to configure the estion for a system event

 Table 47-2
 Imperva SecureSphere system event message strings (continued)

The below procedure details the steps to configure the action for a system event policy. Repeat this procedure for all required policies.

a Go to **Policies > System Events**.

- **b** Select or create the system event policy you want to edit to use the event action.
- c Click the Followed Action tab.
- d From the Followed Action list, select your system event action.
- e Click Save.
- f Repeat this step for all system event policies that require an action.

Configuring a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Imperva SecureSphere. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 Click Add.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Imperva SecureSphere.
- Step 7 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 8 Configure the following values:

 Table 47-3
 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Imperva SecureSphere appliance.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source.
	By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	Select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	Select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.

Parameter	Description
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.

 Table 47-3
 Syslog protocol parameters (continued)

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

48 INFOBLOX NIOS

The Infoblox NIOS DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog, which enables QRadar to record all relevant events from an Infoblox NIOS device.

Before you configure QRadar, configure your Infoblox NIOS device to send syslog events to QRadar. For more information on configuring logs on your Infoblox NIOS device, see your Infoblox NIOS vendor documentation.

The following table identifies the specifications for the Infoblox NIOS DSM:

Specification	Value
Manufacturer	Infoblox
DSM	NIOS
Version	v6.x
Events accepted	Syslog
QRadar recorded	ISC Bind events
events	Linux DHCP events
	Linux Server events
	Apache events
Option in QRadar	Infoblox NIOS
Auto discovered	No
Includes identity	Yes
For more information	http://www.infoblox.com

Table 48-1 Infoblox NIOS DSM specifications

Configuring a log source

QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Infoblox NIOS appliances. To integrate Infoblox NIOS appliances with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive Infoblox NIOS events.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.

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- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Infoblox NIOS.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the remaining parameters.
- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

49 IT-CUBE AGILESI

The iT-CUBE agileSI DSM for IBM Security QRadar can accept security-based and audit SAP events from agileSI installations that are integrated with your SAP system.

QRadar uses the event data defined as security risks in your SAP environment to generate offenses and correlate event data for your security team. SAP security events are written in Log Event Extended Format (LEEF) to a log file produced by agileSI. QRadar retrieves the new events using the SMB Tail protocol. To retrieve events from agileSI, you must create a log source using the SMB Tail protocol and provide QRadar credentials to log in and poll the LEEF formatted agileSI event file. QRadar is updated with new events each time the SMB Tail protocol polls the event file for new SAP events.

Configuring agileSI To configure agileSI, you must create a logical filename for your events and configure the connector settings with the path to your agileSI event log.

The location of the LEEF formatted event file must be in a location viewable by Samba and accessible with the credentials you configure for the log source in QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 In agileSI core system installation, define a logical file name for the output file containing your SAP security events.

SAP provides a concept which enables you to use platform-independent logical file names in your application programs. Create a logical file name and path using transaction "FILE" (Logical File Path Definition) according to your organization's requirements.

Step 2 Log in to agileSI.

```
Forexample, http://<sap-system-url:port>/sap/bc/webdynpro/itcube/
ccf?sap-client=<client>&sap-language=EN
```

Where:

<sap-system-url> is the IP address and port number of your SAP system, such as 10.100.100.125:50041.

<client> is the agent in your agileSI deployment.

- Step 3 From the menu, click Display/Change to enable change mode for agileSI.
- Step 4 From the toolbar, select Tools > Core Consumer Connector Settings.

The Core Consumer Connector Settings are displayed.

- Step 5 Configure the following values:
 - a From the Consumer Connector list, select Q1 Labs.
 - **b** Select the **Active** check box.
 - c From the Connector Type list, select File.
 - d From the **Logical File Name** field, type the path to your logical file name you configured in **Step 1**.

For example, /ITCUBE/LOG_FILES.

The file created for the agileSI events is labeled LEEFYYYYDDMM.TXT where YYYYDDMM is the year, day, and month. The event file for the current day is appended with new events every time the extractor runs. iT-CUBE agileSI creates a new LEEF file for SAP events daily.

Step 6 Click Save.

The configuration for your connector is saved. Before you can complete the agileSI configuration, you must deploy the changes for agileSI using extractors.

Step 7 From the toolbar, select Tools > Extractor Management.

The Extractor Management settings are displayed.

Step 8 Click Deploy all.

The configuration for agileSI events is complete. You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar.

Configure an agileSI QRadar must be configured to log in and poll the event file using the SMB Tail protocol.

The SMB Tail protocol logs in and retrieves events logged by agileSI in the LEEFYYYDDMM.txt file.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.

- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select iT-CUBE agileSI.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select SMB Tail.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 49-1 SMB Tail protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
	•
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, hostname, or name for the log source as an identifier for your iT-CUBE agileSI events.
Server Address	Type the IP address of your iT-CUBE agileSI server.
Domain	Type the domain for your iT-CUBE agileSI server.
	This parameter is optional if your server is not located in a domain.
Username	Type the username required to access your iT-CUBE agileSI server.
	Note: The username and password you specify must be able to read to the LEEFYYYYDDMM.txt file for your agileSI events.
Password	Type the password required to access your iT-CUBE agileSI server.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access your iT-CUBE agileSI server.
Log Folder Path	Type the directory path to access the LEEFYYYYDDMM.txt file.
	Parameters that support file paths allow you to define a drive letter with the path information. For example, you can use c\$/LogFiles/ for an administrative share, or LogFiles/ for a public share folder path, but not c:/LogFiles.
	If a log folder path contains an administrative share (C\$), users with NetBIOS access on the administrative share (C\$) have the proper access required to read the log files. Local or domain administrators have sufficient privileges to access log files that reside on administrative shares.

Parameter	Description
File Pattern	Type the regular expression (regex) required to filter the filenames. All matching files are included for processing when QRadar polls for events.
	For example, if you want to list all files ending with txt, use the following entry: .*\.txt. Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
Force File Read	Select this check box to force the protocol to read the log file. By default, the check box is selected.
	If the check box is clear the event file is read when QRadar detects a change in the modified time or file size.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders. By default, the check box is selected.
Polling Interval (in seconds)	Type the polling interval, which is the number of seconds between queries to the event file to check for new data.
	The minimum polling interval is 10 seconds, with a maximum polling interval of 3,600 seconds. The default is 10 seconds.
Throttle Events/Sec	Type the maximum number of events the SMB Tail protocol forwards per second.
	The minimum value is 100 EPS and the maximum is 20,000 EPS. The default is 100 EPS.

 Table 49-1
 SMB Tail protocol parameters (continued)

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete. As your iT-CUBE agileSI log source retrieves new events, the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar is updated.

50 ITRON SMART METER

The Itron Smart Meter DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects events from an Itron Openway Smart Meter using syslog.

The Itron Openway Smart Meter sends syslog events to QRadar using Port 514. For details of configuring your meter for syslog, see your Itron Openway Smart Meter documentation.

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Itron Openway Smart Meters. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Itron Smart Meter.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 50-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Itron Openway Smart Meter installation.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

51 JUNIPER NETWORKS

IBM Security QRadar supports the following Juniper Networks DSMs:

- Juniper Networks AVT
- Juniper DDoS Secure
- Juniper DX Application Acceleration Platform
- Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch
- Juniper IDP
- Juniper Networks Secure Access
- Juniper Infranet Controller
- Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN
- Juniper Networks Network and Security Manager
- Juniper Junos OS
- Juniper Steel-Belted Radius
- Juniper Networks vGW Virtual Gateway
- Juniper Security Binary Log Collector
- Juniper Junos WebApp Secure
- Juniper Networks WLC Series Wireless LAN Controller

Juniper Networks AVT

The Juniper Networks Application Volume Tracking (AVT) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) protocol.

QRadar records all relevant events. To integrate with Juniper Networks NSM AVT data, you must create a view in the database on the Juniper Networks NSM server. You must also configure the Postgres database configuration on the Juniper Networks NSM server to allow connections to the database since, by default, only local connections are allowed.

Note: This procedure is provided as a guideline. For specific instructions, see your vendor documentation.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to your Juniper Networks AVT device command-line interface (CLI).
- Step 2 Open the following file:

/var/netscreen/DevSvr/pgsql/data/pg_hba.conf file

Step 3 Add the following line to the end of the file:

host all all <IP address>/32 trust

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector you want to connect to the database.

Step 4 Reload the Postgres service:

su - nsm -c "pg_ctl reload -D /var/netscreen/DevSvr/pgsql/data"

Step 5 As the Juniper Networks NSM user, create the view:

```
create view strm_avt_view as SELECT a.name, a.category,
v.srcip,v.dstip,v.dstport, v."last", u.name as userinfo, v.id,
v.device, v.vlan,v.sessionid, v.bytecnt,v.pktcnt, v."first" FROM
avt_part v JOIN app a ON v.app =a.id JOIN userinfo u ON
v.userinfo = u.id;
```

The view is created.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Juniper Networks AVT device:

- Step 1 From the Log Source Type list, select Juniper Networks AVT.
- Step 2 You must also configure the JDBC protocol for the log source. Use the following parameters to configure the JDBC protocol:
 - a Database Type From the Database Type list, select Postgres.
 - b Database Name Type profilerDb.
 - c IP or Hostname Type the IP address of the Juniper Networks NSM system.
 - d Port Type 5432.
 - e **Username** Type the username for the profilerDb database.
 - f Password Type the password for profilerDB database.
 - g Table Name Type strm_avt_view.
 - h Select List Type * for the select list.
 - i Compare Field Type id for the Compare Field.
 - j Use Prepared Statements The Use Prepared Statements check box must be clear. The Juniper Networks AVT DSM does not support prepared statements.
 - **k Polling Interval** Type 10 for the Polling interval.

Note: The Database Name and Table Name parameters are case sensitive.

For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Juniper DDoS Secure		The Juniper DDoS Secure DSM for IBM Security QRadar receives events from Juniper DDoS Secure devices by using syslog in Log Event Extended Format (LEEF) format. QRadar records all relevant status and network condition events.
		Procedure
	Step 1	Log in to Juniper DDoS Secure.
	Step 2	Go to the Structured Syslog Server window.
	Step 3	In the Server IP Address(es) field, type the IP address of the QRadar Console.
	Step 4	From the Format list, select LEEF.
	Step 5	Optional. If you do not want to use the default of $\verb ocal0 $ in the Facility field, type a facility .
	Step 6	From the Priority list, select the syslog priority level that you want to include. Events that meet or exceed the syslog priority level you select are forwarded to QRadar.
	Step 7	Log in to QRadar.
	Step 8	Click the Admin tab.
	Step 9	From the navigation menu, click Data Sources .
S	Step 10	Click the Log Sources icon.
\$	Step 11	Click Add.
S	Step 12	From the Log Source Type list, select the Juniper DDoS Secure option.
S	Step 13	Configure the parameters.
S	Step 14	Click Save.
		For more information about log source management, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> .
Juniper DX Application Acceleration Platform		The Juniper DX Application Acceleration Platform DSM for IBM Security QRadar uses syslog to receive events. QRadar records all relevant status and network condition events. Before configuring QRadar, you must configure your Juniper device to forward syslog events.
		Procedure
	Step 1	Log in to the Juniper DX user interface.
	Step 2	Browse to the desired cluster configuration (Services - Cluster Name), Logging section.
	Step 3	Select the Enable Logging check box.
	Step 4	Select the desired Log Format.
		QRadar supports Juniper DX logs using the common and perf2 formats only.
	Step 5	Select the desired Log Delimiter format.

QRadar supports comma delimited logs only. Step 6 In the Log Host section, type the IP address of your QRadar system. Step 7 In the Log Port section, type the UDP port on which you wish to export logs. Step 8 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar. To configure QRadar to receive events from a Juniper DX Application Acceleration Platform: From the Log Source Type list, select the Juniper DX Application Acceleration Platform option. For more information on configuring log sources, see the IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide. Juniper EX Series The Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts **Ethernet Switch** events using syslog. The Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch DSM supports Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switches running Junos OS. Before you can integrate QRadar with a Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch, you must configure your Juniper EX Series Switch to forward syslog events. **Procedure** Step 1 Log in to the Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch command-line interface (CLI). **Step 2** Type the following command: configure **Step 3** Type the following command: set system syslog host <IP address> <option> <level> Where: <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar. <level> is info, error, warning, or any. <option> is one of the following options from Table 51-1.
 Table 51-1
 Juniper Networks EX Series Switch Options
 Option Description All facilities any authorization Authorization system change-log Configuration change log conflict-log Configuration conflict log daemon Various system processes dfc Dynamic flow capture IBM Security QRadar DSM Configuration Guide

Option	Description
explicit-priority	Include priority and facility in messages
external	Local external applications
facility-override	Alternate facility for logging to remote host
firewall	Firewall filtering system
ftp	FTP process
interactive-commands	Commands run by the UI
kernel	Kernel
log-prefix	Prefix for all logging to this host
match	Regular expression for lines to be logged
pfe	Packet Forwarding Engine
user	User processes

 Table 51-1
 Juniper Networks EX Series Switch Options (continued)

For example:

set system syslog host 10.77.12.12 firewall info

Configures the Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch to send info messages from firewall filtering systems to your QRadar.

- Step 4 Repeat Step 3 to configure any additional syslog destinations and options. Each additional option must be identified using a separate syslog destination configuration.
- Step 5 You are now ready to configure the Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch:

From the Log Source Type list. select Juniper EX-Series Ethernet Switch option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Juniper switch, see your vendor documentation.

Juniper IDPThe Juniper IDP DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.QRadar records all relevant Juniper IDP events.

Configuring syslog You can configure a sensor on your Juniper IDP to send logs to a syslog server: **for Juniper IDP**

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the Juniper NSM user interface.
- Step 2 In NSM, double-click on the Sensor in Device Manager.
- Step 3 Select Global Settings.

Step 4 Select Enable Syslog.

- Step 5 Type the Syslog Server IP address to forward events to QRadar.
- Step 6 Click OK.
- Step 7 Use Update Device to load the new settings onto the IDP Sensor.

The format of the syslog message sent by the IDP Sensor is as follows:

<day id>, <record id>, <timeReceived>, <timeGenerated>, <domain>, <domainVersion>, <deviceName>, <deviceIpAddress>, <category>, <subcategory>,<src zone>, <src intface>, <src addr>, <src port>, <nat src addr>, <nat src port>, <dstzone>, <dst intface>, <dst addr>, <dst port>, <nat dst addr>, <nat dst port>,<protocol>, <rule domain>, <rule domainVersion>, <policyname>, <rulebase>, <rulenumber>, <action>, <severity>, <is alert>, <elapsed>, <bytes in>, <bytes out>, <bytestotal>, <packet in>, <packet out>, <misc-str>, <user str>, <application str>, <ure str>

For example:

[syslog@juniper.net dayId="20061012" recordId="0" timeRecv="2006/10/12 21:52:21" timeGen="2006/10/12 21:52:21" domain="" devDomVer2="0" device_ip="10.209.83.4" cat="Predefined" attack="TROJAN:SUBSEVEN:SCAN" srcZn="NULL" srcIntf="NULL" srcAddr="192.168.170.20" srcPort="63396" natSrcAddr="NULL" natSrcPort="0" dstZn="NULL" dstIntf="NULL" dstAddr="192.168.170.10" dstPort="27374" natDstAddr="NULL" natDstPort="0" protocol="TCP" ruleDomain="" ruleVer="5" policy="Policy2" rulebase="IDS" ruleNo="4" action="NONE" severity="LOW" alert="no" elaspedTime="0" inbytes="0" outbytes="0" totBytes="0" inPak="0" outPak="0" repCount="0" packetData="no" varEnum="31" misc="<017>'interface=eth2" user="NULL" app="NULL" uri="NULL"]

Configure a log
sourceJuniper NSM is a central management server for Juniper IDP. You can configure
QRadar to collect and represent the Juniper IDP alerts as coming from a central
NSM, or QRadar can collect syslog from the individual Juniper IDP device.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Juniper Networks Secure Access device:

From the Log Source Type list, select Juniper Networks Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP).

For more information on configuring devices, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about Juniper IDP, see your Network and Security Manager documentation.

Note: If your Juniper device is running release 5.5R3-HF2 - 6.1 or above, we recommend that you use the WELF:WELF format for logging. See your vendo documentation to determine if your device and license support logging in WELF:WELF format. This document provides information for integrating a Juniper Secure Access device using one of the following formats: • WELF:WELF (Recommended). See Use the WELF:WELF format. • Syslog. See Use the syslog format. Use the WELF:WELF To integrate a Juniper Networks Secure Access device with QRadar using the WELF:WELF format. • Drocedure Step 1 Log in to your Juniper device administration user interface: https://lo.xx.xx.xx/admin Step 2 Configure syslog server information for events: a If a WELF:WELF file is configured, go to Step f. Otherwise, go to Stepb. b From the left panel, select System > Log/Monitoring > Events > Filter. c Click New Filter. d Select WELF.	
 device using one of the following formats: WELF:WELF (Recommended). See Use the WELF:WELF format. Syslog. See Use the syslog format. Use the WELF:WELF To integrate a Juniper Networks Secure Access device with QRadar using the WELF:WELF format. Procedure Step 1 Log in to your Juniper device administration user interface: https://10.xx.xx./admin Step 2 Configure syslog server information for events: a If a WELF:WELF file is configured, go to Step f. Otherwise, go to Stepb. b From the left panel, select System > Log/Monitoring > Events > Filter. c Click New Filter. d Select WELF. 	r
 Syslog. See Use the syslog format. Use the WELF:WELF To integrate a Juniper Networks Secure Access device with QRadar using the WELF:WELF format. Procedure Step 1 Log in to your Juniper device administration user interface: https://10.xx.xx/admin Step 2 Configure syslog server information for events: a If a WELF:WELF file is configured, go to Step f. Otherwise, go to Stepb. b From the left panel, select System > Log/Monitoring > Events > Filter. c Click New Filter. d Select WELF. 	
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 b From the left panel, select System > Log/Monitoring > Events > Filter. c Click New Filter. d Select WELF. 	
c Click New Filter. d Select WELF.	
d Select WELF.	
e Click Save Changes.	
f From the left panel, select System > Log/Monitoring > Events > Settings	-
g From the Select Events to Log pane, select the events that you wish to log	
h In the Server name/IP field, type the name or IP address of the syslog ser	ver.
i From the Facility list, select the facility.	
j From the Filter list, select WELF:WELF .	
k Click Add, then click Save Changes.	
Step 3 Configure syslog server information for user access:	
a If a WELF:WELF file is configured, go to Step e. Otherwise, go to Step b.	
b From the left panel, select System > Log/Monitoring > User Access > Fi	lter.
c Click New Filter.	
d Select WELF. Click Save Changes.	
 From the left panel, select System > Log/Monitoring > User Access > Settings. 	

- f From the Select Events to Log pane, select the events that you wish to log.
- g In the Server name/IP field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.
- h From the Facility list, select the facility.
- i From the Filter list, select WELF:WELF.
- j Click Add and click Save Changes.
- Step 4 Configure syslog server information for administrator access:
 - a If a WELF:WELF file is configured, go to Stepf. Otherwise, go to Stepb.
 - b From the left panel, select System > Log/Monitoring > Admin Access > Filter.
 - c Click New Filter.
 - d Select WELF.
 - e Click Save Changes.
 - f From the left panel, select System > Log/Monitoring > Admin Access > Settings.
 - g From the Select Events to Log pane, select the events that you wish to log.
 - h In the Server name/IP field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.
 - i From the Facility list, select the facility.
 - j From the Filter list, select WELF:WELF.
 - k Click Add, then click Save Changes.
- Step 5 Configure syslog server information for client logs:
 - a If a WELF:WELF file is configured, go to Stepe. Otherwise, go to Step b.
 - b From the left panel, select System > Log/Monitoring > Client Logs > Filter. The Filter menu is displayed.
 - c Click New Filter.
 - d Select WELF. Click Save Changes.
 - From the left pane, select System > Log/Monitoring > Client Logs > Settings.
 - f From the Select Events to Log pane, select the events that you wish to log.
 - g In the Server name/IP field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.
 - h From the Facility list, select the facility.
 - i From the Filter list, select WELF:WELF.
 - j Click Add, then click Save Changes.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Juniper Networks Secure Access device:

From the Log Source Type list, select Juniper Networks Secure Access (SA) SSL VPN.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Juniper device, see your vendor documentation.

Use the syslog You can use the syslog format to integrate a Juniper Networks Secure Access device with QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Juniper device administration user interface:

https://10.xx.xx/admin

- Step 2 Configure syslog server information for events:
 - a From the left pane, select **System > Log/Monitoring > Events > Settings**.
 - **b** From the Select Events to Log section, select the events that you wish to log.
 - c In the Server name/IP field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.
- Step 3 Configure syslog server information for user access:
 - a From the left pane, select System > Log/Monitoring > User Access > Settings.
 - **b** From the Select Events to Log section, select the events that you wish to log.
 - c In the Server name/IP field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.
- Step 4 Configure syslog server information for administrator access:
 - a From the left pane, select System > Log/Monitoring > Admin Access > Settings.
 - **b** From the Select Events to Log section, select the events that you wish to log.
 - c In the Server name/IP field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.
- Step 5 Configure syslog server information for client logs:
 - a From the left pane, select System > Log/Monitoring > Client Logs > Settings.
 - **b** From the Select Events to Log section, select the events that you wish to log.
 - c In the Server name/IP field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

	To configure QRadar to receive events from Juniper Networks Secure Access device:
	From the Log Source Type list, select Juniper Networks Secure Access (SA) SSL VPN.
	For more information on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> . For more information about your Juniper device, see your vendor documentation.
Juniper Infranet Controller	The Juniper Networks Infranet Controller DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts DHCP events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events from a Juniper Networks Infranet Controller. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Juniper Networks Infranet Controller, you must configure syslog within the server. For more information on configuring your Juniper Networks Infranet Controller, consult your vendor documentation.
	After you configure syslog for your Juniper Infranet Controller, you are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.
	To configure QRadar to receive events from your Juniper Networks Infranet Controller:
	From the Log Source Type list, select Juniper Networks Infranet Controller option.
	For more information on configuring devices, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> .

Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN	The Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Juniper Firewall and VPN events using UDP syslog. QRadar records all relevant firewall and VPN events.
	Note: TCP syslog is not supported. You must use UDP syslog.
	You can Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN device to export events to QRadar.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to your Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN user interface.
Step 2	Select Configuration > Report Settings > Syslog.
Step 3	Select the enable syslog messages check box.
Step 4	Type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
Step 5	Click Apply.
	You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.
	To configure QRadar to receive events from a Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN device:
	From the Log Source Type list, select Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN option.
	For more information on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> . For more information about your Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN device, see your Juniper documentation.
Juniper Networks Network and Security Manager	The Juniper Networks Network and Security Manager (NSM) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Juniper Networks NSM and Juniper Networks Secure Service Gateway (SSG) logs. All Juniper SSG logs must be forwarded through Juniper NSM to QRadar. All other Juniper devices should be forwarded directory to QRadar.
	For more information on advanced filtering of Juniper Networks NSM logs, see your Juniper Networks vendor documentation.
	To integrate a Juniper Networks NSM device with QRadar, you must:
	Configuring Juniper Networks NSM to export logs to syslog
	Configuring a log source for Juniper Networks NSM
Configuring Juniper Networks NSM to export logs to syslog	Juniper Networks NSM uses the syslog server when exporting qualified log entries to syslog. Configuring the syslog settings for the management system only defines the syslog settings for the management system.

source for Juniper

It does not actually export logs from the individual devices. You can enable the management system to export logs to syslog.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the Juniper Networks NSM user interface.
- Step 2 From the Action Manager menu, select Action Parameters.
- Step 3 Type the IP address for the syslog server to which you want to send qualified logs.
- Step 4 Type the syslog server facility for the syslog server to which you want to send qualified logs.
- Step 5 From the Device Log Action Criteria node, select the Actions tab.
- Step 6 Select Syslog Enable for Category, Severity, and Action.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log You can configure a log source in QRadar for Juniper Networks NSM.

Networks NSM Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 1 From the Log Source Type list, select Juniper Networks Network and Security Manager.
- Step 2 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Juniper NSM.
- **Step 3** Configure the following values for the Juniper NSM protocol:

 Table 51-2
 Juniper NSM Protocol Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source.
	The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
IP	Type the IP address or hostname of the Juniper Networks NSM server.
Inbound Port	Type the inbound port to which the Juniper Networks NSM sends communications. The valid range is 0 to 65536. The default is 514.
Redirection Listen Port	Type the port to which traffic is forwarded. The valid range is 0 to 65,536. The default is 516.
Use NSM Address for Log Source	Select this check box to use the Juniper NSM management server IP address instead of the log source IP address. By default, the check box is selected.

	Note: In the QRadar interface, the Juniper NSM protocol configuration enables you to use the Juniper Networks NSM IP address by selecting the Use NSM Address for Event Source check box. If you wish to change the configuration to use the originating IP address (clear the check box), you must log in to your QRadar Console, as a root user, and reboot the Console (for an all-in-one system) or the Event Collector hosting the log sources (in a distributed environment) using the following command: shutdown -r now.
Juniper Junos OS	The Juniper Junos OS Platform DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog, structured-data syslog, or PCAP (SRX Series only). QRadar records all valid syslog or structured-data syslog events.
	The Juniper Junos OS Platform DSM supports the following Juniper devices running Junos OS:
	Juniper M Series Multiservice Edge Routing
	Juniper MX Series Ethernet Services Router
	Juniper T Series Core Platform
	Juniper SRX Series Services Gateway
	For information on configuring PCAP data using a Juniper Networks SRX Series appliance, see Configure the PCAP Protocol.
	Note: For more information about structured-data syslog, see RFC 5424 at the Internet Engineering Task Force: <i>http://www.ietf.org/</i>
	Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Juniper device, you must forward data to QRadar using syslog or structured-data syslog.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to your Juniper platform command-line interface (CLI).
Step 2	Include the following syslog statements at the set system hierarchy level:
	<pre>[set system] syslog { host (hostname) { facility <severity>; explicit-priority; any any; authorization any; firewall any;</severity></pre>
	<pre>} source-address source-address; structured-data { brief; } }</pre>

Table 51-3 lists and describes the configuration setting variables to be entered in the syslog statement.

Parameter	Description
host (hostname)	Type the IP address or the fully-qualified hostname of your QRadar.
Facility <severity></severity>	Define the severity of the messages that belong to the named facility with which it is paired. Valid severity levels are:
	• any
	• none
	• emergency
	• alert
	• critical
	• error
	• warning
	• notice
	• info
	Messages with the specified severity level and higher are logged. The levels from <i>emergency</i> through <i>info</i> are in order from highest severity to lowest.
Source-address	Type a valid IP address configured on one of the router interfaces for system logging purposes.
	The source-address is recorded as the source of the syslog message send to QRadar. This IP address is specified in host hostname statement set system syslog hierarchy level; not, however, for messages directed to the other routing engine, or to the TX Matrix platform in a routing matrix.
structured-data	Inserts structured-data syslog into the data.

 Table 51-3
 List of Syslog Configuration Setting Variables

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

The following devices are auto discovered by QRadar as a Juniper Junos OS Platform devices:

- Juniper M Series Multiservice Edge Routing
- Juniper MX Series Ethernet Services Router
- Juniper SRX Series
- Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch
- Juniper T Series Core Platform

To manually configure QRadar to receive events from a Juniper Junos OS Platform device:

From the Log Source Type list, select one of the following options: Juniper JunOS Platform, Juniper M-Series Multiservice Edge Routing, Juniper MX-Series Ethernet Services Router, Juniper SRX-series, or Juniper T-Series Core Platform.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Juniper device, see your vendor documentation.

Configure the PCAPThe Juniper SRX Series appliance supports forwarding of packet capture (PCAP)Protocoland syslog data to QRadar.

Syslog data is forwarded to QRadar on port 514. The IP address and outgoing PCAP port number is configured on the Juniper Networks SRX Series appliance interface. The Juniper Networks SRX Series appliance must be configured using the to forward PCAP data in the format <IP Address>:<Port>.

Where:

<IP Address> is the IP address of QRadar.

<port> is the outgoing port address for the PCAP data.

For more information on Configuring Packet Capture, see your Juniper Networks Junos OS documentation.

You are now ready to configure the log source and protocol in QRadar. For more information see **Configuring a New Juniper Networks SRX Log Source with PCAP**.

Configuring a New Juniper Networks SRX Log Source with PCAP

The Juniper Networks SRX Series appliance is auto discovered by QRadar as a Juniper Junos OS Platform.

QRadar detects the syslog data and adds the log source automatically. The PCAP data can be added to QRadar as Juniper SRX Series Services Gateway log source using the PCAP Syslog Combination protocol. Adding the PCAP Syslog Combination protocol after QRadar auto discovers the Junos OS syslog data adds an additional log source to your existing log source limit. Deleting the existing syslog entry, then adding the PCAP Syslog Combination protocol adds both syslog and PCAP data as single log source.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Juniper SRX-series Services Gateway.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select PCAP Syslog Combination.
- Step 8 Type the Log Source Identifier.
- Step 9 Type the Incoming PCAP Port.

To configure the Incoming PCAP Port parameter in the log source, enter the outgoing port address for the PCAP data as configured on the Juniper Networks SRX Series appliance interface. For more information on configuring log sources, see the Log Sources User Guide.

- Step 10 Click Save.
- Step 11 Select the auto discovered syslog-only Junos OS log source for your Juniper Networks SRX Series appliance.
- Step 12 Click Delete.

A delete log source confirmation window is displayed.

Step 13 Click Yes.

The Junos OS syslog log source is deleted from the log source list. You should now have the PCAP Syslog Combination protocol in your log source list.

Step 14 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

Juniper Steel-Belted Radius	The Juniper Steel-Belted Radius DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events from a client running the WinCollect or the Adaptive Log Exporter utility using the Windows operating system, or on Linux using syslog.
	QRadar records all successful and unsuccessful login attempts. You can integrate Juniper Networks Steel-Belted Radius with QRadar using one of the following methods:
	 Configure Juniper Steel Belted-Radius to use WinCollect or Adaptive Log Exporter on Microsoft Windows operating systems. For more information, see Configuring Juniper Steel-Belted Radius for the Adaptive Log Exporter or the WinCollect Use Guide.
	 Configure Juniper Steel-Belted Radius using syslog on Linux-based operating systems. For more information, see Configuring Juniper Steel-Belted Radius for syslog.

Configuring JuniperYou can integrate a Juniper Steel-Belted Radius DSM with QRadar using the
Adaptive Log Exporter.for the Adaptive LogFor the Adaptive Log

Exporter Procedure

Step 1 From the Start menu, select Start > Programs > Adaptive Log Exporter > Configure Adapter Log Exporter.

The Adaptive Log Exporter must be installed on the same system as your Juniper SBR system. The Adaptive Log Exporter must be updated to include the Juniper SBR device plug-in. For more information, see your Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide.

- Step 2 Click the Devices tab.
- Step 3 Select Juniper SBR, right-click and select Add Device.

The New Juniper SBR Properties window is displayed.

- Step 4 Configure the following parameters:
 - **a Name** Type a name for the device. The name can include alphanumeric characters and underscore (_) characters.
 - **b Description** Type a description for this device.
 - c Device Address Type the IP address or hostname that the device. The IP address or hostname is used to identify the device in syslog messages forwarded to QRadar. This is the IP address or hostname that will appear in QRadar.
 - d Root Log Directory Type the location where Juniper SBR stores log files. Report log files should be located in the Steel-Belted Radius directory <radiusdir>\authReports. The Adaptive Log Exporter monitors the Root Log Directory for any .CSV files having a date stamp in the file name matching the current day.
- Step 5 From the Adaptive Log Exporter toolbar, click Save.
- Step 6 From the Adaptive Log Exporter toolbar, click Deploy.

Note: You must use the default values for the log file heading in the Juniper Steel-Belted Radius appliance. If the log file headings have been changed from the default values and QRadar is not parsing SBR events properly, please contact Customer Support.

Step 7 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Juniper SBR events provided from the Adaptive Log Exporter are automatically discovered by QRadar. If you want to manually configure QRadar to receive events from Juniper Steel-Belted Radius:

From the Log Source Type drop-down box, select the Juniper Steel-Belted Radius option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Configuring Juniper You can integrate a Juniper Steel-Belted Radius DSM with QRadar using syslog **Steel-Belted Radius** on a Linux-based operating system. for syslog Procedure **Step 1** Using SSH log in to your Juniper Steel-Belted Radius device, as a root user. Step 2 Edit the following file: /etc/syslog.conf **Step 3** Add the following information: <facility>.<priority> @<IP address> Where: <facility> is the syslog facility, for example, local3. <priority> is the syslog priority, for example, info. <IP address> is the IP address of QRadar. Step 4 Save the file. **Step 5** From the command-line, type the following command to restart syslog: service syslog restart Step 6 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar. To configure QRadar to receive events from Juniper Steel-Belted Radius: From the Log Source Type list, select the Juniper Steel-Belted Radius option. For more information on configuring log sources, see the IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide. For more information on configuring your Steel-Belted Radius server consult your vendor documentation. Juniper Networks The Juniper Networks vGW Virtual Gateway DSM for IBM Security QRadar vGW Virtual accepts events using syslog and NetFlow from your vGW management server or Gateway firewall. QRadar records all relevant events, such as admin, policy, IDS logs, and firewall events. Before configuring an Juniper Networks vGW Virtual Gateway in QRadar, you must configure vGW to forward syslog events. Procedure **Step 1** Log in to your Juniper Networks vGW user interface. Step 2 Select Settings. Step 3 From Security Settings, select Global. Step 4 From External Logging, select one of the following: Send Syslog from vGW management server - Central logging with syslog event provided from a management server.

If you select the option **Send Syslog from vGW management server**, all events forwarded to QRadar contain the IP address of the vGW management server.

- Send Syslog from Firewalls Distribute logging with each Firewall Security VM providing syslog events.
- Step 5 Type values for the following parameters:
 - a **Syslog Server** Type the IP address of your vGW management server if you selected to **Send Syslog from vGW management server**. Or, type the IP address of QRadar if you selected **Send Syslog from Firewalls**.
 - **b Syslog Server Port** Type the port address for syslog. This is typically port 514.
- Step 6 From the External Logging panel, click Save.

Only changes made to the **External Logging** section are stored when you click **Save**. Any changes made to NetFlow require that you save using the button within **NetFlow Configuration** section.

Step 7 From the NetFlow Configuration panel, select the enable check box.

NetFlow does not support central logging from a vGW management server. From the External Logging section, you must select the option **Send Syslog from Firewalls**.

- Step 8 Type values for the following parameters:
 - a **NetFlow collector address** Type the IP address of QRadar.
 - b NetFlow collector port Type a port address for NetFlow events.

Note: QRadar typically uses port 2055 for NetFlow event data on QFlow Collectors. You must configure a different NetFlow collector port on your Juniper Networks vGW Series Virtual Gateway for NetFlow.

- Step 9 From the NetFlow Configuration, click Save.
- **Step 10** You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

QRadar automatically detects syslog forwarded from Juniper Networks vGW. If you want to manually configure QRadar to receive syslog events:

From the **Log Source Type** list, select **Juniper vGW**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information, see your Juniper Networks vGW documentation.

Juniper Security Binary Log Collector	The Juniper Security Binary Log Collector DSM for IBM Security QRadar can accept audit, system, firewall and intrusion prevention system (IPS) events in binary format from Juniper SRX or Juniper Networks J Series appliances. The Juniper Networks binary log file format is intended to increase performance when writing large amounts of data to an event log. To integrate your device with QRadar, you must configure your Juniper appliance to stream binary formatted events, then configure a log source in QRadar.	
	This section includes the following topics:	
	Configuring the Juniper Networks Binary Log Format	
	Configure a log source	
Configuring the Juniper Networks Binary Log Format	The binary log format from Juniper SRX or J Series appliances are streamed to QRadar using the UDP protocol. You must specify a unique port for streaming binary formatted events, the standard syslog port for QRadar cannot understand binary formatted events. The default port assigned to QRadar for receiving streaming binary events from Juniper appliances is port 40798.	
	Note: The Juniper Binary Log Collector DSM only supports events forwarded in Streaming mode. The Event mode is not supported.	
	Procedure	
Step 1	Log in to your Juniper SRX or J Series using the command-line Interface (CLI).	
Step 2	Type the following command to edit your device configuration:	
	configure	
Step 3	Type the following command to configure the IP address and port number for streaming binary formatted events:	
	set security log stream <name> host <ip address=""> port <port></port></ip></name>	
	Where:	
	<name> is the name assigned to the stream.</name>	
	<ip address=""> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.</ip>	
	<port> is a unique port number assigned for streaming binary formatted events to QRadar. By default, QRadar listens for binary streaming data on port 40798. For a list of ports used by QRadar, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Common Ports List</i> technical note.</port>	
Step 4	Type the following command to set the security log format to binary:	
	set security log stream <name> format binary</name>	
	Where <name> is the name you specified for your binary format stream in Step 3.</name>	
Step 5	Type the following command to enable security log streaming:	
	set security log mode stream	

Step 6 Type the following command to set the source IP address for the event stream:

set security log source-address <IP address>

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your Juniper SRX Series or Juniper J Series appliance.

Step 7 Type the following command to save the configuration changes:

commit

Step 8 Type the following command to exit the configuration mode:

exit

The configuration of your Juniper SRX or J Series appliance is complete. You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar does not automatically discover incoming Juniper Security Binary Log
Collector events from Juniper SRX or Juniper J Series appliances.

If your events are not automatically discovered, you must manually create a log source using the **Admin** tab in QRadar.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Juniper Security Binary Log Collector.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Juniper Security Binary Log Collector.

Parameter	Description		
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address or hostname to identify the log source. The identifier address should be the Juniper SRX or J Serie appliance generating the binary event stream.		
Binary Collector Port	Specify the port number used by the Juniper Networks SRX or J Series appliance to forward incoming binary data to QRadar. The UDP port number for binary data is the same port configured in Configuring the Juniper Networks Binary Log Format , Step 3 .		
	If you edit the outgoing port number for the binary event stream from your Juniper Networks SRX or J Series appliance, you must also edit your Juniper log source and update the Binary Collector Port parameter in QRadar.		
	To edit the port:		
	 In the Binary Collector Port field, type the new port number for receiving binary event data. 		
	2 Click Save.		
	Event collection is stopped for the log source until you fully deploy QRadar.		
	3 On the Admin tab, select Advanced > Deploy Full Configuration.		
	The port update is complete and event collection starts on the new port number.		
	Note: When you click Deploy Full Configuration, QRadar restarts all services, resulting in a gap in data collection for events and flows until the deployment completes.		
XML Template File Location	Type the path to the XML file used to decode the binary stream from your Juniper SRX or Juniper J Series appliance.		
	By default, QRadar includes an XML template file for decoding the binary stream in the following directory:		
	<pre>/opt/qradar/conf/security_log.xml</pre>		

 Table 51-4
 Juniper Security Binary Log Collector protocol parameters

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete. You can verify events forwarded to QRadar by viewing events in the **Log Activity** tab.

Juniper Junos WebApp Secure	The Juniper WebApp Secure DSM for QRadar accepts events forwarded from Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliances using syslog.	
	Juniper Junos WebApp Secure provides incident logging and access logging events to QRadar. Before you can receive events in QRadar, you must configure event forwarding on your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure, then define the events you want to forward.	
Configuring syslog forwarding	To configure a remote syslog server for Juniper Junos WebApp Secure, you must SSH in to a configuration interface. The configuration interface allows you to setup or configure core settings on your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance.	
	Procedure	
Step 1	Using SSH, log in to your Juniper Junos WebApp device using port 2022.	
	https:// <ip address="">:<port></port></ip>	
	Where:	
	<ip address=""> is the IP address of your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance.</ip>	
	<port> is the port number of your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance configuration interface. The default SSH configuration port is 2022.</port>	
Step 2	From the Choose a Tool menu, select Logging.	
Step 3	Click Run Tool.	
Step 4	From the Log Destination menu, select Remote Syslog Server.	
Step 5	In the Syslog Server field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.	
Step 6	Click Save.	
Step 7	From the Choose a Tool menu, select Quit.	
Step 8	Type Exit to close your SSH session.	
	You are now ready to configure event logging on your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance.	
Configuring event logging	The Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance must be configured to determine which logs are forwarded to QRadar.	
	Procedure	
Step 1	Using a web browser, log in to the Configuration Site for your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance.	
	https:// <ip address="">:<port></port></ip>	
	Where:	
	<ip address=""> is the IP address of your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance.</ip>	
	IBM Security QRadar DSM Configuration Guide	

<Port> is the port number of your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance. The default configuration uses a port number of 5000.

- Step 2 From the navigation menu, select Configuration Manager.
- Step 3 From the Configuration menu, select Basic Mode.
- Step 4 Click the Global Configuration tab and select Logging.
- Step 5 Click the link Show Advanced Options.
- Step 6 Configure the following parameters:

 Table 51-1
 Juniper Junos WebApp Secure logging parameters

Parameter	Description	
Access logging: Log Level	Click this option to configure the level of information logged when access logging is enabled.	
	The options include:	
	 0 - Access logging is disabled. 	
	• 1 - Basic logging.	
	• 2 - Basic logging with headers.	
	 3 - Basic logging with headers and body. 	
	Note: Access logging is disabled by default. It is recommended that you only enable access logging for debugging purposes. For more information, see your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure documentation.	
Access logging: Log requests before processing	Click this option and select True to log the request before it is processed, then forward the event to QRadar.	
Access logging: Log requests to access log after processing	Click this option and select True to log the request after it is processed. After Juniper Junos WebApp Secure processes the event, then it is forwarded to QRadar.	
Access logging: Log responses to access log after processing	Click this option and select True to log the response after it is processed. After Juniper Junos WebApp Secure processes the event, then the event is forwarded to QRadar.	
Access logging: Log responses to access log before processing	Click this option and select True to log the response before it is processed, then forward the event to QRadar.	

Parameter	Description	
Incident severity log level	Click this option to define the severity of the incident events to log. All incidents at or above the level defined are forwarded to QRadar. The options include:	
	The options include:	
	 0 - Informational level and later incident events are logged and forwarded. 	
	 1 - Suspicious level and later incident events are logged and forwarded. 	
	 2 - Low level and later incident events are logged and forwarded. 	
	 3 - Medium level and later incident events are logged and forwarded. 	
	 4 - High level and later incident events are logged and forwarded. 	
Log incidents to the syslog	Click this option and select Yes to enable syslog forwarding to QRadar.	

 Table 51-1
 Juniper Junos WebApp Secure logging parameters (continued)

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Juniper Junos WebApp Secure events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Juniper Junos WebApp Secure are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Juniper Junos WebApp Secure. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Juniper Junos WebApp Secure.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- **Step 10** Configure the following values:

	Parameter	Description	
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance.	
Step 11	Click Save.		
Step 12	On the Admin tab, clic	k Deploy Changes.	
Juniper Networks WLC Series Wireless LAN Controller	IBM Security QRadar can collect and categorize syslog events from Juniper Networks WLC Series Wireless LAN Controllers.		
Configuration overview	To collect syslog events, you must configure your Juniper Networks Wireless LAN Controller to forward syslog events to QRadar. Administrators can use either the RingMaster interface or the command-line interface to configure syslog forwarding for their Juniper Networks Wireless LAN Controller appliance. QRadar automatically discovers and creates log sources for syslog events that are forwarded from Juniper Networks WLC Series Wireless LAN Controllers. QRadar supports syslog events from Juniper WLAN devices that run on Mobility System Software (MSS) V7.6.		
	To integrate Juniper W following tasks:	LC events with QRadar, administrators can complete the	
1	On your Juniper WLAN	N appliance, configure syslog server.	
		ster user interface to configure a syslog server, see og server from the Juniper WLC user interface.	
		nd-line interface to configure a syslog server, see og server with the command-line interface for Juniper	
2	On your QRadar syste discovered.	m, verify that the forwarded events are automatically	
Configuring a syslog server from the Juniper WLC user	to forward syslog events to QRadar.		
interface	Procedure		
Step 1	Log in to the RingMast	ter software.	
Step 2	From the Organizer pa	anel, select a Wireless LAN Controller.	
Step 3	From the System pane	el, select Log .	
Step 4	From the Task panel, s	select Create Syslog Server.	

 Table 51-1
 Syslog protocol parameters

- Step 5 In the Syslog Server field, type the IP address of your QRadar system.
- Step 6 In the Port field, type 514.
- Step 7 From the Severity Filter list, select a severity.

Logging debug severity events can negatively affect system performance on the Juniper WLC appliance. As a best practice, administrators can log events at the error or warning severity level and slowly increase the level to get the data you need. The default severity level is error.

- Step 8 From the Facility Mapping list, select a facility between Local 0 Local 7.
- Step 9 Click Finish.

Result

As events are generated by the Juniper WLC appliance, they are forwarded to the syslog destination you specified. The log source is automatically discovered after enough events are forwarded to QRadar. It typically takes a minimum of 25 events to automatically discover a log source.

What to do next

Administrators can log in to the QRadar Console and verify that the log source is created on the Console. The **Log Activity** tab displays events from the Juniper WLC appliance.

Configuring a syslog
server with theTo collect events, you must configure a syslog server on your Juniper WLC system
to forward syslog events to QRadar.

command-line interface for Juniper WLC

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the command-line interface of the Juniper WLC appliance.
- Step 2 To configure a syslog server, type the following command:

set log server <ip-addr> [port 514 severity <severity-level>
local-facility <facility-level>]

For example, set log server 1.1.1.1 port 514 severity error local-facility local0.

Step 3 To save the configuration, type the following command:

save configuration

Result

As events are generated by the Juniper WLC appliance, they are forwarded to the syslog destination you specified. The log source is automatically discovered after enough events are forwarded to QRadar. It typically takes a minimum of 25 events to automatically discover a log source.

What to do next

Administrators can log in to the Console and verify that the log source is created. The **Log Activity** tab displays events from the Juniper WLC appliance.

LIEBERMAN RANDOM PASSWORD MANAGER

The Lieberman Random Password Manager DSM for allows you to integrate IBM Security QRadar with Lieberman Enterprise Random Password Manager and Lieberman Random Password Manager software using syslog events in the Log Extended Event Format (LEEF).

The Lieberman Random Password Manager forwards syslog events to QRadar using Port 514. QRadar records all relevant password management events. For information on configuring syslog forwarding, see your vendor documentation.IBM Security QRadar

QRadar automatically detects syslog events forwarded from Lieberman Random Password Manager and Lieberman Enterprise Random Password Manager devices. However, if you want to manually configure QRadar to receive events from these devices:

From the Log Source Type list, select Lieberman Random Password Manager.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

	This section provides information on the Linux DHCP, IPtables, and OS DSMs:
Linux DHCP	The Linux DHCP Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts DHCP events using syslog.
Configuring Syslog for Linux DHCP	QRadar records all relevant events from a Linux DHCP Server. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Linux DHCP Server, you must configure syslog within your Linux DHCP Server to forward syslog events to QRadar.
	For more information on configuring your Linux DHCP Server, consult the man pages or associated documentation for your DHCP daemon.
Configuring a log source	QRadar automatically discovers and creates log sources for syslog events forwarded from Linux DHCP Servers. The following procedure is optional.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.
Step 3	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.
Step 5	Click Add.
Step 6	In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your Linux DHCP Server.
Step 7	In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
Step 8	From the Log Source Type list, select Linux DHCP Server.
Step 9	Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
Step 10	Configure the following values:
	Table 53-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Linux DHCP Server.

Step 12	 Click Save. On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes. The configuration is complete. 		
Linux IPtables The Linux IPtables DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts firewall IPtables er using syslog.			
	QRadar records all relevant from Linux IPtables where the syslog event contains any of the following words: Accept, Drop, Deny, or Reject. Creating a customized log prefix in the event payload allows QRadar to easily identify IPtables behavior.		
Configure IPtables IPtables is a powerful tool, which allows you to create rules on the Linux kerne firewall for routing traffic.			
To configure IPtables, you must examine the existing rules, modify the rule to lo the event, and assign a log identifier to your IPtables rule that can be identified QRadar. This process allows you to determine which rules are logged by QRada QRadar includes any events that are logged that include the words: accept, dro reject, or deny in the event payload.			
	Procedure		
Step 1	Using SSH, log in to your Linux Server as a root user.		
Step 2	Edit the IPtables file in the following directory:		
	/etc/iptables.conf		
	Note: The file containing IPtables rules can vary according to the specific Linux operating system you are configuring. For a system operating Red Hat Enterprise, the file is in the /etc/sysconfig/iptables directory. Consult your Linux operating system documentation for more information on configuring IPtables.		
Step 3	Review the file to determine the IPtables rule you want to log.		
	For example, if you want to log the rule defined by the entry:		
	-A INPUT -i eth0dport 31337 -j DROP		
Step 4 Insert a matching rule immediately before each rule you want to log:			
	-A INPUT -i eth0dport 31337 -j DROP -A INPUT -i eth0dport 31337 -j DROP		
Step 5	Update the target of the new rule to LOG for each rule you want to log. For example:		
	-A INPUT -i eth0dport 31337 -j LOG -A INPUT -i eth0dport 31337 -j DROP		
Step 6	Set the log level of the LOG target to a SYSLOG priority level, such as info or notice:		
	-A INPUT -i eth0dport 31337 -j LOGlog-level info -A INPUT -i eth0dport 31337 -j DROP		

Step 7 Configure a log prefix to identify the rule behavior. Set the log prefix parameter to Q1Target=<rule>.

Where <rule> is one of fw_accept, fw_drop, fw_reject, or fw_deny.

For example, if the rule being logged by the firewall targets dropped events, the log prefix setting should be QlTarget=fw_drop.

```
-A INPUT -i eth0 --dport 31337 -j LOG --log-level info
--log-prefix "Q1Target=fw_drop "
-A INPUT -i eth0 --dport 31337 -j DROP
```

Note: The trailing space is required before the closing quotation mark.

- Step 8 Save and exit the file.
- Step 9 Restart IPtables:

/etc/init.d/iptables restart

- Step 10 Open the syslog.conf file.
- Step 11 Add the following line:

kern.<log level> @<IP address>

Where:

<log level> is the previously set log level.

<IP address> is the IP address of QRadar.

- Step 12 Save and exit the file.
- **Step 13** Restart the syslog daemon:

/etc/init.d/syslog restart

After the syslog daemon restarts, events are forwarded to QRadar. IPtable events forwarded from Linux Servers are automatically discovered and displayed in the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates log sources for IPtables syslog events forwarded from Linux Servers. The following steps for configuring a log source are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your Linux DHCP Server.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Linux iptables Firewall.

Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 53-2
 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for IPtables events forwarded from your Linux Server.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete. IPtables events forwarded from Linux Servers are automatically discovered and displayed in the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

For more information on configuring IPtables on Linux Servers, consult the man pages or your associated Linux documentation.

Linux OS	The Linux OS DSM for IBM Security QRadar records Linux operating system events and forwards the events using syslog or syslog-ng.
	If you are using syslog on a UNIX host, upgrade the standard syslog to a more recent version, such as, syslog-ng.
	CAUTION: Do not run both syslog and syslog-ng at the same time.
	To integrate Linux OS with QRadar, select one of the following syslog configurations for event collection:
	Configuring Linux OS using syslog
	Configure Linux OS using syslog-ng
	You can also configure your Linux operating system to send audit logs to QRadar. For more information, see Configuring Linux OS to send audit logs .
Supported event types	The Linux OS DSM supports the following event types:
types	• cron
	• HTTPS
	• FTP
	• NTP
	Simple Authentication Security Layer (SASL)
	• SMTP
	• SNMP
	• SSH
	Switch User (SU)
	Pluggable Authentication Module (PAM) events.
Configuring Linux OS using syslog	Configure Linux OS using the syslog protocol.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to your Linux OS device, as a root user.
Step 2	Open the /etc/syslog.conf file.
Step 3	Add the following facility information:
	authpriv.* @ <ip address=""></ip>
	Where <ip address=""> is the IP address of the QRadar.</ip>
Step 4	Save the file.
Step 5	Restart syslog:
	service syslog restart

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Step 6	Log in to the QRadar user interface.
Step 7	Add a Linux OS log source. For more information on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> .
Step 8	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.
	For more information on syslog, see your Linux operating system documentation.
Configure Linux OS using syslog-ng	Configure Linux OS using the syslog-ng protocol.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to your Linux OS device, as a root user.
Step 2	Open the /etc/syslog-ng/syslog-ng.conf file.
Step 3	Add the following facility information:
	filter auth_filter{ facility(authpriv); };
	<pre>destination auth_destination { tcp("<ip address="">" port(514)); };</ip></pre>
	log{
	<pre>source (<sourcename>) ;</sourcename></pre>
	filter(auth_filter);
	destination (auth_destination);
	};
	Where:
	<ip address=""> is the IP address of the QRadar.</ip>
	<source name=""/> is the name of the source defined in the configuration file.
-	Save the file.
Step 5	Restart syslog-ng:
	service syslog-ng restart
Step 6	Log in to the QRadar user interface.
Step 7	Add a Linux OS log source. For more information on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> .
Step 8	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.
	For more information on syslog-ng, see your Linux operating system documentation.
Configuring Linux OS to send audit logs	Configure Linux OS to send audit logs to QRadar.
	About this task
	This task applies to Red Hat Enterprise Linux v6 operating systems. If you use SUSE, Debian, or Ubuntu operating system, see your vendor documentation for specific steps for your operating system.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to your Linux OS device, as a root user.
- Step 2 Type the following commands:

yum install audit service auditd start chkconfig auditd on

Step 3 Open the following file:

/etc/audisp/plugins.d/syslog.conf

Step 4 Ensure the parameters match the following values:

```
active = yes
direction = out
path = builtin_syslog
type = builtin
args = LOG_LOCAL6
format = string
```

Step 5 Open the following file:

/etc/rsyslog.conf

Step 6 Add the following line to the end of the file:

local6.* @@QRadar_Collector_IP_address

- **Step 7** Log in to the QRadar user interface.
- Step 8 Add a Linux OS log source. For more information on configuring log sources, see the IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide.
- Step 9 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.
- **Step 10** Log in to QRadar as the root user.
- Step 11 Type the following commands:

service auditd restart service syslog restart

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This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- McAfee Intrushield
- McAfee Application / Change Control
- McAfee Web Gateway

McAfee Intrushield A QRadar McAfee Intrushield DSM accepts events that use syslog. QRadar records all relevant events. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a McAfee Intrushield device, you must select your McAfee Intrushield version. To collect alert events from McAfee Intrushield V2.x - V5.x, see Configuring • alert events for McAfee Intrushield V2.x - V5.x. To collect alert events from McAfee Intrushield V6.x - V7.x, see Configuring alert events for McAfee Intrushield V6.x and V7.x. To collect fault notification events from McAfee Intrushield V6.x - V7.x, see Configuring fault notification events for McAfee Intrushield V6.x and V7.x. Configuring alert To collect alert notification events from McAfee Intrushield, administrators must events for McAfee configure a syslog forwarder to send events to QRadar Intrushield V2.x -Procedure V5.x **Step 1** Log in to the McAfee Intrushield Manager user interface. Step 2 In the dashboard click Configure. Step 3 From the Resource Tree, click the root node (Admin-Domain-Name). Step 4 Select Alert Notification > Syslog Forwarder. Step 5 Type the Syslog Server details. a The Enable Syslog Forwarder must be configured as **Yes**. **b** The Port must be configured to **514**. Step 6 Click Edit.

Step 7 Choose one of the following:

Table 54-3 McAfe	e Intrushield V2.x	 V5.x custom 	message formats
------------------	--------------------	---------------------------------	-----------------

Parameter	Description
Unpatched McAfee Intrushield V2.x systems	\$ALERT_ID\$ \$ALERT_TYPE\$ \$ATTACK_TIME\$ "\$ATTACK_NAME\$ " \$ATTACK_ID\$ \$ATTACK_SEVERITY\$ \$ATTACK_SIGNATURE\$ \$A TTACK_CONFIDENCE\$ \$ADMIN_DOMAIN\$ \$SENSOR_NAME\$ \$INTER FACE\$ \$SOURCE_IP\$ \$SOURCE_PORT\$ \$DESTINATION_IP\$ \$DES TINATION_PORT\$
McAfee Intrushield that have patches applied to update to V3.x - V5.x	\$IV_ALERT_ID\$ \$IV_ALERT_TYPE\$ \$IV_ATTACK_TIME\$ "\$IV_ ATTACK_NAME\$" \$IV_ATTACK_ID\$ \$IV_ATTACK_SEVERITY\$ \$IV _ATTACK_SIGNATURE\$ \$IV_ATTACK_CONFIDENCE\$ \$IV_ADMIN_D OMAIN\$ \$IV_SENSOR_NAME\$ \$IV_INTERFACE\$ \$IV_SOURCE_IP\$ \$IV_SOURCE_PORT\$ \$IV_DESTINATION_IP\$ \$IV_DESTINATION _PORT\$

Note: The custom message string must be entered as a single line without carriage returns or spaces. McAfee Intrushield appliances that do not have software patches applied use different message strings than patched systems. McAfee Intrushield expects the format of the custom message to contain a dollar sign (\$) as a delimiter before and after each alert element. If you are missing a dollar sign for an element, then the alert event might not be formatted properly.

If you are unsure what event message format to use, contact McAfee Customer Support.

Step 8 Click Save.

Result

As events are generated by McAfee Intrushield, they are forwarded to the syslog destination that you specified. The log source is automatically discovered after enough events are forwarded by the McAfee Intrushield appliance. It typically takes a minimum of 25 events to automatically discover a log source.

What to do next

Administrators can log in to the QRadar Console and and verify that the log source is created on the Console and that the **Log Activity** tab displays events from the McAfee Intrushield appliance.

Configuring alert events for McAfee Intrushield V6.x and

V7.x Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the McAfee Intrushield Manager user interface.
- Step 2 On the Network Security Manager dashboard, click Configure.
- Step 3 Expand the Resource Tree, click IPS Settings node.
- Step 4 Click the Alert Notification tab.
- Step 5 In the Alert Notification menu, click the Syslog tab.

Step 6 Configure the following parameters to forward alert notification events
--

Parameter	Description	
Enable Syslog Notification	Select Yes to enable syslog notifications for McAfee Intrushield. You must enable this optior to forward events to QRadar.	
Admin Domain	Select any of the following options:	
	 Current - Select this check box to send syslog notifications for alerts in the current domain. This option is selected by default. 	
	 Children - Select this check box to send syslog notifications for alerts in any child domains within the current domain. 	
Server Name or IP Address	Type the IP address of your QRadar Console of Event Collector. This field supports both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses.	
UDP Port	Type 514 as the UDP port for syslog events.	
Facility	Select a syslog facility value.	
Severity Mappings	Select a value to map the informational, low, medium, and high alert notification level to a syslog severity.	
	The options include:	
	 Emergency - The system is down or unusable. 	
	 Alert - The system requires immediate user input or intervention. 	
	 Critical - The system should be corrected for a critical condition. 	
	Error - The system has non-urgent failures.	
	 Warning - The system has a warning message indicating an imminent error. 	
	 Notice - The system has notifications, no immediate action required. 	
	 Informational - Normal operating messages. 	
Send Notification If	Select the following check boxes:	
	 The attack definition has this notification option explicitly enabled 	
	 The following notification filter is matched - From the list, select Severity Informational and later. 	
Notify on IPS Quarantine Alert	Select No as the notify on IPS quarantine option.	

 Table 54-4
 McAfee Intrushield v6.x & 7.x alert notification parameters

 Table 54-4
 McAfee Intrushield v6.x & 7.x alert notification parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Message Preference	Select the Customized option.

- Step 7 From the Message Preference field, click Edit to add a custom message filter.
- Step 8 To ensure that alert notifications are formatted correctly, type the following message string:

|\$IV_ALERT_ID\$|\$IV_ALERT_TYPE\$|\$IV_ATTACK_TIME\$|"\$IV_ATTACK_NAM E\$"|\$IV_ATTACK_ID\$|\$IV_ATTACK_SEVERITY\$|\$IV_ATTACK_SIGNATURE\$|\$ IV_ATTACK_CONFIDENCE\$|\$IV_ADMIN_DOMAIN\$|\$IV_SENSOR_NAME\$|\$IV_IN TERFACE\$|\$IV_SOURCE_IP\$|\$IV_SOURCE_PORT\$|\$IV_DESTINATION_IP\$|\$I V_DESTINATION_PORT\$|\$IV_DIRECTION\$|\$IV_SUB_CATEGORY\$

Note: The custom message string must be entered as a single line without carriage returns or spaces. McAfee Intrushield expects the format of the custom message to contain a dollar sign (\$) as a delimiter before and after each alert element. If you are missing a dollar sign for an element, then the alert event might not be formatted properly.

You might require a text editor to properly format the custom message string as a single line.

Step 9 Click Save.

Result

As alert events are generated by McAfee Intrushield, they are forwarded to the syslog destination you specified. The log source is automatically discovered after enough events are forwarded by the McAfee Intrushield appliance. It typically takes a minimum of 25 events to automatically discover a log source.

What to do next

Administrators can log in to the QRadar Console and and verify that the log source is created on the Console and that the **Log Activity** tab displays events from the McAfee Intrushield appliance.

Configuring fault
notification events
for McAfee
Intrushield V6.x and
V7.xTo integrate fault notifications with McAfee Intrushield, you must configure your
McAfee Intrushield to forward fault notification events.Step 1Procedure
V7.xStep 1Log in to the McAfee Intrushield Manager user interface.Step 2On the Network Security Manager dashboard, click Configure.Step 3Expand the Resource Tree, click IPS Settings node.Step 4Click the Fault Notification tab.Step 5In the Alert Notification menu, click the Syslog tab.Step 6Configure the following parameters to forward fault notification events:

Parameter	Description
Enable Syslog Notification	Select Yes to enable syslog notifications for McAfee Intrushield. You must enable this optior to forward events to QRadar.
Admin Domain	Select any of the following options:
	 Current - Select this check box to send syslog notifications for alerts in the current domain. This option is selected by default.
	 Children - Select this check box to send syslog notifications for alerts in any child domains within the current domain.
Server Name or IP Address	Type the IP address of your QRadar Console o Event Collector. This field supports both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses.
Port	Type 514 as the port for syslog events.
Facilities	Select a syslog facility value.
Severity Mappings	Select a value to map the informational, low, medium, and high alert notification level to a syslog severity.
	The options include:
	 Emergency - The system is down or unusable.
	 Alert - The system requires immediate user input or intervention.
	 Critical - The system should be corrected for a critical condition.
	• Error - The system has non-urgent failures.
	 Warning - The system has a warning message indicating an imminent error.
	 Notice - The system has notifications, no immediate action required.
	 Informational - Normal operating messages.
Forward Faults with severity level	Select Informational and later.
Message Preference	Select the Customized option.

 Table 54-5
 McAfee Intrushield V6.x - V7.x fault notification parameters

- Step 7 From the Message Preference field, click Edit to add a custom message filter.
- Step 8 To ensure that fault notifications are formatted correctly, type the following message string:

|%INTRUSHIELD-FAULT|\$IV_FAULT_NAME\$|\$IV_FAULT_TIME\$|

Note: The custom message string must be entered as a single line with no carriage returns. McAfee Intrushield expects the format of the custom message

syslog information to contain a dollar sign (\$) delimiter before and after each element. If you are missing a dollar sign for an element, the event might not parse properly.

Step 9 Click Save.

Result

As fault events are generated by McAfee Intrushield, they are forwarded to the syslog destination that you specified.

What to do next

You can log in to the QRadar Console and verify that the **Log Activity** tab contains fault events from the McAfee Intrushield appliance.

McAfee Application
/ Change ControlThe McAfee Application / Change Control DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts
change control events using Java Database Connectivity (JDBC). QRadar records
all relevant McAfee Application / Change Control events. This document includes
information on configuring QRadar to access the database containing events using
the JDBC protocol.ProcedureStep 1Log in to QRadar.Step 2Click the Admin tab.Step 3Click the Log Sources icon.Step 4Click Add.Step 5Using the Log Source Type list, select McAfee Application / Change Control.

Step 6 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC.

You must refer to the Configure Database Settings on your Application / Change Control Management Console to configure the McAfee Application / Change Control DSM in QRadar.

Step 7 Configure the following values:

Table 54-6 McAfee Application / Change Control JDBC protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:
	<mcafee change="" control="" database="">@<change control<br="">Database Server IP or Host Name></change></mcafee>
	Where:
	McAfee Change Control Database> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.
	<change control="" database="" host="" ip="" name="" or="" server=""> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.</change>
	When defining a name for your log source identifier, you must use the values of the McAfee Change Control Database and Database Server IP address or hostname from the ePO Management Console.
Database Type	From the list, select MSDE .
Database Name	Type the exact name of the McAfee Application / Change Control database.
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the McAfee Application / Change Control SQL Server.

Parameter	Description
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433.
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the McAfee Application / Change Control database. The McAfee Application / Change Control database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.
	Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.
Username	Type the username required to access the database.
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define the Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.
	Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.
Table Name	Type SCOR_EVENTS as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view.
	You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters ir length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type AutoID as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.
Start Date and	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.
Time	The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.

 Table 54-6
 McAfee Application / Change Control JDBC protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Use Prepared Statements	Select this check box to use prepared statements.
	Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.
	Note: Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Use Named Pipe	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.
Communication	When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.

Table 54-6 McAfee Application / Change Control JDBC protocol parameters (continued)

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your McAfee Application / Change Control log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

- Step 8 Click Save.
- Step 9 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

McAfee Web Gateway	You can configure McAfee Web Gateway to integrate with IBM Security QRadar using one of the following methods:
	Configuring McAfee Web Gateway to communicate with QRadar (syslog)
	 Configuring McAfee Web Gateway to communicate with QRadar (log file protocol)
	Note: McAfee Web Gateway is formerly known as McAfee WebWasher.

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The following table identifies the specifications for the McAfee Web Gateway DSM:

 Table 54-1
 McAfee Web Gateway DSM specifications

Specification	Value
Manufacturer	McAfee
DSM	McAfee Web Gateway
RPM file name	DSM-McAfeeWebGateway-qradarversion-buildnumber.noarch
Supported versions	v6.0.0 and later
Protocol	Syslog, Log File Protocol
QRadar recorded events	All relevant events
Automatically discovered	Yes
Includes identity	No
More information	McAfee web site (http://www.mcafee.com)

McAfee Web Gateway To integrate McA DSM integration procedure: process

To integrate McAfee Web Gateway DSM with QRadar, use the following procedure:

- 1 Download and install the most recent version of the McAfee Web Gateway DSM RPM on your QRadar Console.
- 2 For each instance of McAfee Web Gateway, configure your McAfee Web Gateway VPN system to enable communication with QRadar.
- 3 If QRadar does not automatically discover the log source, for each McAfee Web Gateway server you want to integrate, create a log source on the QRadar Console.
- 4 If you use McAfee Web Gateway v7.0.0 or later, create an event map.

Related tasks

Manually installing a DSM

Configuring McAfee Web Gateway to communicate with QRadar (syslog)

Configuring McAfee Web Gateway to communicate with QRadar (log file protocol)

Creating an event map for McAfee Web Gateway events

 Configuring McAfee
 To collect all events from McAfee Web Gateway, you must specify QRadar as the syslog server and configure the message format.

 Web Gateway to communicate with QRadar (syslog)
 Procedure

 Step 1
 Log in to your McAfee Web Gateway console.

Step 2 Using the toolbar, click Configuration.

Step 3 Click the File Editor tab.

Step 4 Expand the appliance files and select the file /etc/rsyslog.conf.

The file editor displays the rsyslog.conf file for editing.

Step 5 Modify the rsyslog.conf file to include the following information:

```
# send access log to qradar
```

```
*.info;daemon.!=info;mail.none;authpriv.none;cron.none
-/var/log/messages
*.info;mail.none;authpriv.none;cron.none @<IP Address>:<Port>
```

Where:

<IP Address> is the IP address of QRadar.

<Port> is the syslog port number, for example 514.

Step 6 Click Save Changes.

You are now ready to import a policy for the syslog handler on your McAfee Web Gateway appliance. For more information, see **Importing the Syslog Log Handler**.

Importing the Syslog Log Handler

To Import a policy rule set for the syslog handler:

Step 1 From the support website, download the following compressed file:

log_handlers-1.1.tar.gz

Step 2 Extract the file.

The extract file provides XML files that are version dependent to your McAfee Web Gateway appliance.

Table 54-2	McAfee	Web	Gateway	req	uired	log	handler file
------------	--------	-----	---------	-----	-------	-----	--------------

Version	Required XML file
McAfee Web Gateway V7.0	syslog_loghandler_70.xml
McAfee Web Gateway V7.3	syslog_loghandler_73.xml

- Step 3 Log in to your McAfee Web Gateway console.
- Step 4 Using the menu toolbar, click Policy.
- Step 5 Click Log Handler.
- Step 6 Using the menu tree, select Default.
- Step 7 From the Add list, select Rule Set from Library.

Step 8 Click Import from File button.

Step 9 Navigate to the directory containing the syslog_handler file you downloaded in and select syslog loghandler.xml as the file to import.

Note: If the McAfee Web Gateway appliance detects any conflicts with the rule set, you must resolve the conflict. For more information, see your McAfee Web Gateway documentation.

- Step 10 Click OK.
- Step 11 Click Save Changes.
- **Step 12** You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

QRadar automatically discovers syslog events from a McAfee Web Gateway appliance.

If you want to manually configure QRadar to receive syslog events, select McAfee Web Gateway from the Log Source Type list.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Configuring McAfee
Web Gateway toThe McAfee Web Gateway appliance allows you to forward event log files to an
interim file server for retrieval by QRadar.

communicate with QRadar (log file Procedure protocol)

Step 1 From the support website, download the following file:

log_handlers-1.1.tar.gz

Step 2 Extract the file.

This will give you the access handler file required to configure your McAfee Web Gateway appliance.

access_log_file_loghandler.xml

- Step 3 Log in to your McAfee Web Gateway console.
- Step 4 Using the menu toolbar, click Policy.

Note: If there is an existing access log configuration in your McAfee Web Gateway appliance, you must delete the existing access log from the Rule Set Library before adding access_log_file_loghandler.xml.

Step 5 Click Log Handler.

- Step 6 Using the menu tree, select **Default**.
- Step 7 From the Add list, select Rule Set from Library.
- Step 8 Click Import from File button.
- Step 9 Navigate to the directory containing the access_log_file_loghandler.xml file you downloaded and select syslog_loghandler.xml as the file to import.

When importing the rule set for access_log_file_loghandler.xml, a conflict occurs stating the Access Log Configuration already exists in the current configuration and a conflict solution is presented.

Step 10 If the McAfee Web Gateway appliance detects that the Access Log Configuration already exists, select the **Conflict Solution: Change name** option presented to resolve the rule set conflict.

For more information on resolving conflicts, see your McAfee Web Gateway vendor documentation.

You must configure your access.log file to be pushed to an interim server on an auto rotation. It does not matter if you push your files to the interim server based on time or size for your access.log file. For more information on auto rotation, see your McAfee Web Gateway vendor documentation.

Note: Due to the size of access.log files generated, we recommend you select the option **GZIP files after rotation** in your McAfee Web Gate appliance.

- Step 11 Click OK.
- Step 12 Click Save Changes.

Note: By default McAfee Web Gateway is configured to write access logs to the /opt/mwg/log/user-defined-logs/access.log/ directory.

You are now ready to configure QRadar to receive access.log files from McAfee Web Gateway. For more information, see Pulling Data Using the Log File Protocol.

Pulling Data Using the Log File Protocol

A log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host. The McAfee Web Gateway DSM supports the bulk loading of access.log files using the log file protocol source. The default directory for the McAfee Web Gateway access logs are

You are now ready to configure the log source and protocol in QRadar:

- Step 1 To configure QRadar to receive events from a McAfee Web Gateway appliance, select McAfee Web Gateway from the Log Source Type list.
- Step 2 To configure the protocol, you must select the Log File option from the Protocol Configuration list.
- Step 3 To configure the File Pattern parameter, you must type a regex string for the access.log file, such as access[0-9]+\.log.

Note: If you selected to GZIP your access.log files, you must type access[0-9]+\.log\.gz for the File Pattern field and from the Processor list, select GZIP.

Creating an event map for McAfee Web Gateway events

Event mapping is required for all events that are collected from McAfee Web Gateway v7.0.0 and later.

You can individually map each event for your device to an event category in QRadar. Mapping events allows QRadar to identify, coalesce, and track reoccurring events from your network devices. Until you map an event, some events that are displayed in the **Log Activity** tab for McAfee Web Gateway are categorized as unknown. and some events might be already assigned to an existing QID map. Unknown events are easily identified as the **Event Name** column and **Low Level Category** columns display Unknown.

Discovering unknown events

This ensures that you map all event types and that you do not miss events that are not generated frequently, repeat this procedure several times over a period of time.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 1 Click the Log Activity tab.
- Step 2 Click Add Filter.
- Step 3 From the first list, select Log Source.
- Step 4 From the Log Source Group list, select the log source group or Other.
 Log sources that are not assigned to a group are categorized as Other.
- Step 5 From the Log Source list, select your McAfee Web Gateway log source.
- Step 6 Click Add Filter.

The Log Activity tab is displayed with a filter for your log source.

Step 7 From the View list, select Last Hour.

Any events generated by the McAfee Web Gateway DSM in the last hour are displayed. Events displayed as unknown in the Event Name column or Low Level Category column require event mapping in QRadar.

Note: You can save your existing search filter by clicking Save Criteria.

You are now ready to modify the event map.

Modifying the event map

Modifying an event map allows you to manually categorize events to a QRadar Identifier (QID) map. Any event categorized to a log source can be remapped to a new QRadar Identifier (QID).

Note: Events that do not have a defined log source cannot be mapped to an event. Events without a log source display SIM Generic Log in the Log Source column.

Procedure

Step 1 On the Event Name column, double-click an unknown event for McAfee Web Gateway.

The detailed event information is displayed.

- Step 2 Click Map Event.
- Step 3 From the Browse for QID pane, select any of the following search options to narrow the event categories for a QRadar Identifier (QID):
 - a From the High-Level Category list, select a high-level event categorization.
 - **b** From the **Low-Level Category** list, select a low-level event categorization.
 - c From the Log Source Type list, select a log source type.

The **Log Source Type** list allows you to search for QIDs from other log sources. Searching for QIDs by log source is useful when events are similar to another existing network device. For example, McAfee Web Gateway provides policy events, you might select another product that likely captures similar events.

d To search for a QID by name, type a name in the QID/Name field.

The QID/Name field allows you to filter the full list of QIDs for a specific word, for example, policy.

Step 4 Click Search.

A list of QIDs are displayed.

- Step 5 Select the QID you want to associate to your unknown event.
- Step 6 Click OK.

QRadar maps any additional events forwarded from your device with the same QID that matches the event payload. The event count increases each time the event is identified by QRadar.

If you update an event with a new QRadar Identifier (QID) map, past events stored in QRadar are not updated. Only new events are categorized with the new QID.

The MetaInfo MetaIP DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts MetaIP events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant and available information from the event. Before configuring a MetaIP device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events. For information on configuring your MetaInfo MetaIP appliance, see your vendor documentation.

After you configure your MetaInfo MetaIP appliance the configuration for QRadar is complete. QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events forwarded from MetaInfo MetaIP appliances. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for MetaInfo MetaIP:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Metainfo MetalP.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 55-1
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your MetaInfo MetaIP appliances.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

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This section provides information on DSMs for Microsoft products.

Microsoft The Microsoft Exchange Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Exchange **Exchange Server** events by polling for event log files. QRadar supports collecting events from Microsoft Exchange Servers with the Supported versions following products: Table 56-1 Microsoft Exchange Supported Versions Version Product Microsoft Exchange 2003 WinCollect Note: For more information, see the WinCollect User Guide. Microsoft Exchange 2007 Microsoft Exchange Protocol Microsoft Exchange 2010 Microsoft Exchange Protocol

Supported event types The Microsoft Exchange Protocol for QRadar supports several event types for mail and security events. Each event type contains events in a separate log file on your Microsoft Exchange Server. To retrieve events, you must create a log source in QRadar to poll the Exchange Server for the event log, which is downloaded by the Microsoft Exchange Protocol.

QRadar supports the following event types for Microsoft Exchange:

- Outlook Web Access events (OWA)
- Simple Mail Transfer Protocol events (SMTP)
- Message Tracking Protocol events (MSGTRK)

The log files for each event type are located in the following default directories:

 Table 56-2
 Microsoft Exchange Server Default File Path

Version	Event Type	Default File Path
Microsoft	OWA	c\$/WINDOWS/system32/LogFiles/W3SVC1/
Exchange 2003	SMTP	c\$/Program Files/Microsoft/Exchange Server/TransportRoles/Logs/ProtocolLog/
2000	MSGTRK	Not supported with QRadar.
Microsoft	OWA	c\$/WINDOWS/system32/LogFiles/W3SVC1/
Exchange 2007	SMTP	c\$/Program Files/Microsoft/Exchange Server/TransportRoles/Logs/ProtocolLog/
2001	MSGTRK	c\$/Program Files/Microsoft/Exchange Server/TransportRoles/Logs/MessageTracking/
Microsoft	OWA	c\$/inetpub/logs/LogFiles/W3SVC1/
Exchange 2010	SMTP	c\$/Program Files/Microsoft/Exchange Server/V14/TransportRoles/Logs/ProtocolLog/
2010	MSGTRK	c\$/Program Files/Microsoft/Exchange Server/V14/TransportRoles/Logs/MessageTracking/

The Exchange Protocol configuration supports file paths that allow you to define a drive letter with the path information. The default file paths are typical for standard Exchange Server installations, but if you have changed the ExchangeInstallPath environment variable, you need to adjust the Microsoft Exchange Protocol accordingly. The Microsoft Exchange Protocol is capable of reading subdirectories of the OWA, SMTP, and MSGTRK folders for event logs.

Directory paths can be specified in the following formats:

- Correct c\$/LogFiles/
- Correct LogFiles/
- Incorrect c:/LogFiles
- Incorrect c\$\LogFiles

Required ports and privileges The Microsoft Exchange Protocol polls your Exchange Server for OWA, SMTP, and MSGTRK event logs using NetBIOS.

You must ensure any firewalls located between the Exchange Server and the remote host being remotely polled allow traffic on the following ports:

- **TCP port 135** is used by the Microsoft Endpoint Mapper.
- **UDP port 137** is used for NetBIOS name service.
- **UDP port 138** is used for NetBIOS datagram service.
- TCP port 139 is used for NetBIOS session service.
- TCP port 445 is required for Microsoft Directory Services to transfer files across a Windows share.

If a log folder path contains an administrative share (C\$), users with NetBIOS access on the administrative share (C\$) have the proper access required to read the log files. Local or domain administrators have sufficient privileges to access log files that reside on administrative shares. Clearing the file path information from any log folder path field disables monitoring for that log type.

Configure OWA logs Outlook Web Access event logs for Microsoft Exchange are generated by the Microsoft Internet Information System (IIS) installed with your Windows operating system.

IIS is capable of writing OWA event logs in several different formats. We recommend using the W3C log file format because the W3C format contains the highest level of configurable logging detail.

The following log formats are supported by the Microsoft Exchange Protocol:

- W3C
- NCSA
- IIS

The configuration steps to enable OWA event logs for your Microsoft Exchange Server is dependent on the version of IIS installed.

Operating system	IIS version
Microsoft Server 2003	IIS 6.0
Microsoft Server 2008	IIS 7.0
Microsoft Server 2008R2	IIS 7.0

Configure OWA event logs with IIS 6.0

To configure OWA event logs for Microsoft IIS 6.0:

- Step 1 On the desktop, select Start > Run.
- Step 2 Type the following command: inetmgr
- Step 3 Click OK.
- Step 4 In the IIS 6.0 Manager menu tree, expand Local Computer.
- Step 5 Expand Web Sites.
- Step 6 Right-click Default Web Site and select Properties.
- Step 7 From the Active Log Format list, choose one of the following options:
 - Select W3C (Go to Step 8)
 - Select NCSA (Go to Step 11)
 - Select IIS (Go to Step 11)
- Step 8 Click Properties.
- Step 9 Click the Advanced tab.
- Step 10 From the list of properties, select all properties that you want to apply to the Microsoft Exchange Server DSM. You must select the following check boxes:
 - Method (cs-method)
 - Protocol Version (cs-version)
- Step 11 Click OK.

QRadar supports OWA, SMTP, and MSGTRK event logs. After you configure the event log types required, then you are ready to create a log source in QRadar.

Configure OWA event logs with IIS 7.0

To configure OWA event logs for Microsoft IIS 7.0:

- Step 1 On the desktop, select Start > Run.
- Step 2 Type the following command:

inetmgr

- Step 3 Click OK.
- Step 4 In the IIS 7.0 Manager menu tree, expand Local Computer.
- Step 5 Click Logging.
- Step 6 From the Format list, choose one of the following options:
 - Select W3C (Go to Step 7)
 - Select NCSA (Go to Step 9)
 - Select IIS (Go to Step 9)
- Step 7 Click Select Fields.

- Step 8 From the list of properties, select all properties that you want to apply to the Microsoft Exchange Server DSM. You must select the following check boxes:
 - Method (cs-method)
 - Protocol Version (cs-version)
- Step 9 Click OK.Mic

QRadar supports OWA, SMTP, and MSGTRK event logs. After you configure all of the event log types you want to collect, then you are ready to create a log source in QRadar.

Configure SMTP logs SMTP logs created by the Exchange Server write SMTP send and receive email events that are part of the message delivery process.

SMTP protocol logging is not enabled by default on Exchange 2007 or Exchange 2010 installations. You must enable SMTP logging on both send and receive connectors. The instructions for enabling SMTP event logs apply to both Exchange Server 2007 and Exchange Server 2010.

To enable SMTP event logs:

- **Step 1** Start the Exchange Management Console.
- Step 2 Configure your receive connector based on the server type:
 - For edge transport servers In the console tree, select Edge Transport and click the Receive Connectors tab.
 - For hub transport servers In the console tree, select Server Configuration > Hub Transport, then select the server and click the Receive Connectors tab.
- Step 3 Select your Receive Connector and click Properties.
- Step 4 Click the General tab.
- Step 5 From the Protocol logging level list, select Verbose.
- Step 6 Click Apply.
- Step 7 Click OK.

You are now ready to configure your send connectors.

- Step 8 Configure your send connector based on the server type:
 - For edge transport servers In the console tree, select **Edge Transport** and click the **Send Connectors** tab.
 - For hub transport servers In the console tree, select Organization Configuration > Hub Transport, then select the server and click the Send Connectors tab.
- Step 9 Select your Send Connector and click Properties.
- Step 10 Click the General tab.
- Step 11 From the Protocol logging level list, select Verbose.
- Step 12 Click Apply.

Step 13 Click OK.

Logging for SMTP is now enabled.

Configure MSGTRK Message Tracking logs created by the Exchange Server detail the message activity that takes on your Exchange Server, including the message path information.

MSGTRK logs are enabled by default on Exchange 2007 or Exchange 2010 installations. The following configuration steps are optional.

To enable MSGTRK event logs:

- **Step 1** Start the Exchange Management Console.
- Step 2 Configure your receive connector based on the server type:
 - For edge transport servers In the console tree, select Edge Transport and click Properties.
 - For hub transport servers In the console tree, select Server Configuration > Hub Transport, then select the server and click Properties.
- Step 3 Click the Log Settings tab.
- Step 4 Select the Enable message tracking check box.
- Step 5 Click Apply.
- Step 6 Click OK.

MSGTRK events are now enabled on your Exchange Server.

Configure a log
sourceThe Microsoft Windows Exchange protocol supports SMTP, OWA, and message
tracking logs for Microsoft Exchange.

To configure a log source:

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Microsoft Exchange Server.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Microsoft Exchange.
- Step 8 Configure the following parameters:

Parameter	Description		
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, hostname, or name to identify the Windows Exchange event source.		
	IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.		
Server Address	Type the IP address of the Microsoft Exchange server.		
Domain	Type the domain required to access the Microsoft Exchange server. This parameter is optional.		
Username	Type the username required to access the Microsoft Exchange server.		
Password	Type the password required to access the Microsoft Exchange server.		
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the Microsoft Exchange server.		
SMTP Log Folder Path	Type the directory path to access the SMTP log files.		
	Clearing the file path information from the SMTP Log Folder Path field disables SMTP monitoring.		
OWA Log Folder Path	Type the directory path to access the OWA log files.		
	Clearing the file path information from the OWA Log Folder Path field disables OWA monitoring.		
MSGTRK Log Folder	Type the directory path to access message tracking log files		
Path	Message tracking is only available on Microsoft Exchange 2007 servers assigned the Hub Transport, Mailbox, or Edge Transport server role.		
File Pattern	Type the regular expression (regex) required to filter the filenames. All files matching the regex are processed.		
	The default is .*\. (?:log LOG)		
Force File Read	Select this check box to force the protocol to read the log file By default, the check box is selected.		
	If the check box is cleared, the log file is read when the log file modified time or file size attributes change.		
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders. By default, the check box is selected.		
Polling Interval (in seconds)	Type the polling interval, which is the number of seconds between queries to the log files to check for new data. The minimum polling interval is 10 seconds, with a maximum polling interval of 3,600 seconds.		
	The default is 10 seconds.		
Throttle Events/Sec	Type the maximum number of events the Microsoft Exchange protocol forwards every second. The minimum value is 100 EPS and the maximum is 20,000 EPS.		
	The default value is 100 EPS.		

 Table 56-4
 Microsoft Exchange Parameters

	•	Click Save . On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes . The configuration is complete.			
Microsoft IAS Server		The Microsoft IAS Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts RADIUS events using syslog. You can integrate Internet Authentication Service (IAS) or Network Policy Server (NPS) logs with QRadar using WinCollect. For more information, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar WinCollect Users Guide</i> .			
		You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.			
		To configure QRadar to receive events from a Microsoft Windows IAS Server:			
		From the Log Source Type list, select the Microsoft IAS Server option.			
		For more information on configuring devices, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> . For more information about your server, see your vendor documentation.			
Microsoft DHCP Server		The Microsoft DHCP Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts DHCP event using the Microsoft DHCP Server protocol or WinCollect.			
Configure your Microsoft DHCP Server		Before you can integrate your Microsoft DHCP Server with QRadar, you must enable audit logging.			
		To configure the Microsoft DHCP Server:			
Ste	ep 1	Log in to the DHCP Ser	ver Administration Tool.		
Ste	ep 2	From the DHCP Administration Tool, right-click on the DHCP server and select Properties .			
		The Properties window	is displayed.		
Step 3		Click the General tab.			
		The General panel is displayed.			
Ste	ep 4	Click Enable DHCP Audit Logging.			
		The audit log file is created at midnight and must contain a three-character day of the week abbreviation.			
		Table 56-5 Microsoft DH	CP Log File Examples		
		Log Type	Example		
		IPv4	DhcpSrvLog-Mon.log		
		IPv6	DhcpV6SrvLog-Wed.log		

	By default Microsoft D %WINDIR%\system32		vrite audit logs to the		
Step 5	Restart the DHCP service.				
	You are now ready to	configure the log sourc	e and protocol in QRadar:		
Step 1	•		a Microsoft DHCP Server, you must om the Log Source Type list.		
Step 2	Protocol Configurati	on list. For more inform	e Microsoft DHCP option from the nation on configuring the Microsoft ar Log Sources User Guide.		
	•	rosoft DHCP Server ve inCollect Users Guide	ersions 2000/2003 with QRadar using		
Microsoft IIS Server	The Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts FTP, HTTP, NNTP, and SMTP events using syslog.				
	You can integrate a Microsoft IIS Server with QRadar using one of the following methods:				
	 Configure QRadar to connect to your Microsoft IIS Server using the IIS Protocol. The IIS Protocol collects HTTP events from Microsoft IIS servers. For more information, see Configure Microsoft IIS using the IIS Protocol. Configure a Snare Agent with your Microsoft IIS Server to forward event information to QRadar. For more information, see Configuring Microsoft IIS Using a Snare Agent. 				
		For more information, see the WinCollect Users Guide.			
	Table 56-6 Microsoft IIS Supported Log Types				
	Version	Supported Log Type	Method of Import		
	Microsoft IIS 6.0	SMTP, NNTP, FTP, HTTP	IIS Protocol		
	Microsoft IIS 6.0	SMTP, NNTP, FTP, HTTP	WinCollect or Snare		
	Microsoft IIS 7.0	HTTP	IIS Protocol		
	Microsoft IIS 7.0	SMTP, NNTP, FTP, HTTP	WinCollect or Snare		
Configure Microsoft IIS using the IIS	Before you configure (soft IIS protocol, you must configure		

Microsoft IIS Server 429

IIS using the IIS your Microsoft IIS Server to generate the proper log format. **Protocol**

The Microsoft IIS Protocol only supports the W3C Extended Log File format. The Microsoft authentication protocol NTLMv2 Session is not supported by the Microsoft IIS protocol.

Configuring Your IIS Server

To configure the W3C event log format in Microsoft IIS:

- Step 1 Log in to your Microsoft Information Services (IIS) Manager.
- Step 2 In the IIS Manager menu tree, expand Local Computer.
- Step 3 Select Web Sites.
- Step 4 Right-click on **Default Web Sites** and select **Properties**. The Default Web Site Properties window is displayed.
- Step 5 Select the Web Site tab.
- Step 6 Select the Enable logging check box.
- Step 7 From the Active Log Format list, select W3C Extended Log File Format.
- Step 8 From the Enable Logging pane, click Properties.

The Logging Properties window is displayed.

- Step 9 Click the Advanced tab.
- Step 10 From the list of properties, select check boxes for the following W3C properties:

 Table 56-7
 Required Properties for IIS Event Logs

IIS 6.0 Required Properties	IIS 7.0 Required Properties
Date (date)	Date (date)
Time (time)	Time (time)
Client IP Address (c-ip)	Client IP Address (c-ip)
User Name (cs-username)	User Name (cs-username)
Server IP Address (s-ip)	Server IP Address (s-ip)
Server Port (s-port)	Server Port (s-port)
Method (cs-method)	Method (cs-method)
URI Stem (cs-uri-stem)	URI Stem (cs-uri-stem)
URI Query (cs-uri-query)	URI Query (cs-uri-query)
Protocol Status (sc-status)	Protocol Status (sc-status)
Protocol Version (cs-version)	User Agent (cs(User-Agent))
User Agent (cs(User-Agent))	

Step 11 Click OK.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring the Microsoft IIS Protocol in QRadar

To configure the log source

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Microsoft IIS Server.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Microsoft IIS.
- Step 8 Configure the following values:

Table 56-8 Microsoft IIS Protocol Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source.
Server Address	Type the IP address of the Microsoft IIS server.
Username	Type the username required to access the Microsoft IIS server.
Password	Type the password required to access the Microsoft IIS server.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the Microsoft IIS server.
Domain	Type the domain required to access the Microsoft IIS server.
Folder Path	Type the directory path to access the IIS log files. The default is /WINDOWS/system32/LogFiles/W3SVC1/
	Parameters that support file paths allow you to define a drive letter with the path information. For example, you can use c\$/LogFiles/ for an administrative share or LogFiles/ for a public share folder path, but not c:/LogFiles.
	If a log folder path contains an administrative share (C\$), users with NetBIOS access on the administrative share (C\$) have the proper access required to read the log files. Local or domain administrators have sufficient privileges to access log files that reside on administrative shares.

Parameter	Description
File Pattern	Type the regular expression (regex) required to filter the filenames. All matching files are included in the processing. The default is (?:u_)?ex.*\.(?:log LOG)
	For example, to list all files starting with the word log, followed by one or more digits and ending with tar.gz, use the following entry: log[0-9]+\.tar\.gz. Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders. By default, the check box is selected.
Polling Interval (s)	Type the polling interval, which is the number of seconds between queries to the log files to check for new data. The default is 10 seconds.

Table 56-8 Microsoft IIS Protocol Parameters (cont
--

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 The Microsoft IIS protocol configuration is complete.

Configuring Microsoft IIS Using a Snare Agent

If you want to use a snare agent to integrate the Microsoft IIS server with QRadar, you must configure a Snare Agent to forward events.

Configuring Microsoft IIS using a Snare Agent with QRadar requires the following:

- 1 Configure Your Microsoft IIS Server for Snare
- 2 Configure the Snare Agent
- 3 Configure a Microsoft IIS log source

Configure Your Microsoft IIS Server for Snare

To configure a Snare Agent to integrate a Microsoft IIS server with QRadar:

- Step 1 Log in to your Microsoft Information Services (IIS) Manager.
- Step 2 In the IIS Manager menu tree, expand Local Computer.
- Step 3 Select Web Sites.
- Step 4 Right-click on Default Web Sites and select Properties.

The Default Web Site Properties window is displayed.

- Step 5 Select the Web Site tab.
- Step 6 Select the Enable logging check box.
- Step 7 From the Active Log Format list, select W3C Extended Log File Format.
- Step 8 From the Enable Logging panel, click **Properties**.

The Logging Properties window is displayed.

Step 9 Click the Advanced tab.

Step 10 From the list of properties, select check boxes for the following W3C properties:

 Table 56-9
 Required Properties for IIS Event Logs

IIS 6.0 Required Properties	IIS 7.0 Required Properties
Date (date)	Date (date)
Time (time)	Time (time)
Client IP Address (c-ip)	Client IP Address (c-ip)
User Name (cs-username)	User Name (cs-username)
Server IP Address (s-ip)	Server IP Address (s-ip)
Server Port (s-port)	Server Port (s-port)
Method (cs-method)	Method (cs-method)
URI Stem (cs-uri-stem)	URI Stem (cs-uri-stem)
URI Query (cs-uri-query)	URI Query (cs-uri-query)
Protocol Status (sc-status)	Protocol Status (sc-status)
Protocol Version (cs-version)	User Agent (cs(User-Agent))
User Agent (cs(User-Agent))	

- Step 11 Click OK.
- Step 12 You are now ready to configure the Snare Agent.

Configure the Snare Agent

To configure your Snare Agent:

Step 1 Access the InterSect Alliance website:

http://www.intersectalliance.com/projects/SnareIIS/

Step 2 Download open source Snare Agent for IIS, version 1.2:

SnareIISSetup-1.2.exe

- Step 3 Install the open source Snare Agent for IIS.
- **Step 4** In the Snare Agent, select **Audit Configuration**.

The Audit Service Configuration window is displayed.

- Step 5 In the Target Host field, type the IP address of your QRadar.
- Step 6 In the Log Directory field type the IIS file location:

\%SystemRoot%\System32\LogFiles\

By default Snare for IIS is configured to look for logs in C:\WINNT\System32\LogFiles\.

- Step 7 For Destination, select Syslog.
- Step 8 For Delimiter, select TAB.
- Step 9 Select the Display IIS Header Information check box.
- Step 10 Click OK.

Configure a Microsoft IIS log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Microsoft IIS forwarded from a Snare agent. These configuration steps are optional.

To manually create a Microsoft IIS log source in QRadar:

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Microsoft IIS Server.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 8 Configure the following values:

 Table 56-10
 Microsoft IIS Syslog Configuration

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source.

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Configuring WinCollect is a stand-alone application that allows you to integrate device logs or Microsoft IIS using application event data with QRadar or QRadar Log Manager. Adaptive Log To integrate the Adaptive Log Exporter with Microsoft IIS: Exporter Step 1 Log in to your Microsoft Information Services (IIS) Manager. Step 2 In the IIS Manager menu tree, expand Local Computer. Step 3 Select Web Sites. Step 4 Right-click on Default Web Site and select Properties. The Web Sites Properties window is displayed. Step 5 From the Active Log Format list, select one of the following: Select NCSA. Go to Step 9. Select IIS. Go to Step 9. Select W3C. Go to Step 6. IBM Security QRadar DSM Configuration Guide

Step 6	Click Properties.	
	The Properties window is disp	layed.
Step 7	Click the Advanced tab.	
Step 8		ect all event properties that you want to apply to the elected properties must include the following:
	a Select the Method (cs-me	thod) check box.
	b Select the Protocol Version	on (cs-version) check box.
Step 9	Click OK.	
Step 10	You are now ready to configur	e the Adaptive Log Exporter.
	For more information on instal Log Exporter, see the <i>Adaptive</i>	lling and configuring Microsoft IIS for the Adaptive <i>e Log Exporter User Guide</i> .
Microsoft ISA	accepts events using syslog.	celeration (ISA) DSM for IBM Security QRadar You can integrate Microsoft ISA Server with QRadar formation, see the <i>WinCollect Users Guide</i> .
	Note: The Microsoft ISA DSM Management Gateway using V	also supports events from Microsoft Threat WinCollect.
Microsoft Hyper-V	The IBM Security QRadar DS your Microsoft Hyper-V server	M for Microsoft Hyper-V can collect event logs from s.
	The following table describes the specifications for the Microsoft Hyper-V Server DSM:	
	Table 56-1 Microsoft Hyper-	V DSM specifications
	Specification	Value
	Manufacturer	Microsoft
	DSM	Microsoft Hyper-V
	RPM file name	DSM-MicrosoftHyperV- <i>build_number</i> .rpm
	Supported versions	v2008 and v2012
	Protocol	WinCollect
	QRadar recorded events	All relevant events
	Automatically discovered	No
	Includes identity	No
	More information	http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/windowsserver/dd

Microsoft Hyper-V To integrate Microsoft Hyper-V DSM with QRadar, use the following procedures: DSM integration process

1 Download and install the most recent WinCollect RPM on your QRadar Console.

- 2 Install a WinCollect agent on the Hyper-V system or on another system that has a route to the Hyper-V system. You can also use an existing WinCollect agent. For more information, see the *WinCollect User Guide*.
- 3 If automatic updates are not enabled, download and install the DSM RPM for Microsoft Hyper-V on your QRadar Console. RPMs need to be installed only one time.
- 4 For each Microsoft Hyper-V server that you want to integrate, create a log source on the QRadar Console.

Related tasks

Manually installing a DSM

Configuring a Microsoft Hyper-V log source in QRadar

Configuring a To collect Microsoft Hyper-V events, configure a log source in QRadar.

Microsoft Hyper-V log source in QRadar

Before you begin

Ensure that you have the current credentials for the Microsoft Hyper-V server and the WinCollect agent can access it.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Microsoft Hyper-V.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select WinCollect.
- Step 8 From the Application or Service Log Type list, select Microsoft Hyper-V.
- Step 9 From the WinCollect Agent list, select the WinCollect agent that accesses the Microsoft Hyper-V server.
- **Step 10** Configure the remaining parameters.
- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

MicrosoftThe Microsoft SharePoint DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects audit events fromSharePointthe SharePoint database using JDBC to poll an SQL database for audit events.

Audit events allow you to track changes made to sites, files, and content managed by Microsoft SharePoint.

Microsoft SharePoint audit events include:

- Site name and the source from which the event originated
- Item ID, item name, and event location
- User ID associated with the event
- · Event type, timestamp, and event action

There are two log source configurations that can be used to collect Microsoft SharePoint database events.

- Create a database view in your SharePoint database to poll for events with the JDBC protocol. See Configuring a database view to collect audit events.
- 2 Create a JDBC log source and use predefined database queries to collect SharePoint events. This option does not require an administrator to create database view. See Configure a SharePoint log source for predefined database queries.

Configuring a
database view toBefore you can integrate Microsoft SharePoint events with QRadar, you must
complete the following tasks:collect audit events

- 1 Configure the audit events you want to collect for Microsoft SharePoint.
- 2 Create an SQL database view for QRadar in Microsoft SharePoint.
- 3 Configure a log source to collect audit events from Microsoft SharePoint.

Note: Ensure that no firewall rules are blocking the communication between QRadar and the database associated with Microsoft SharePoint.

Configure Microsoft SharePoint audit events

The audit settings for Microsoft SharePoint allow you to define what events are tracked for each site managed by Microsoft SharePoint.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to your Microsoft SharePoint site.
- Step 2 From the Site Actions list, select Site Settings.
- Step 3 From the Site Collection Administration list, click Site collection audit settings.
- Step 4 From the Documents and Items section, select a check box for each document and item audit event you want to audit.
- Step 5 From the Lists, Libraries, and Sites section, select a check box for each content audit event you want to enable.
- Step 6 Click OK.

You are now ready to create a database view for QRadar to poll Microsoft SharePoint events.

Create a database view for Microsoft SharePoint

Microsoft SharePoint uses SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS) to manage the SharePoint SQL databases. To collect audit event data, you must create a database view on your Microsoft SharePoint server that is accessible to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the system hosting your Microsoft SharePoint SQL database.
- Step 2 On the desktop, select Start > Run.
- Step 3 Type the following:

ssms

Step 4 Click OK.

The Microsoft SQL Server 2008 displays the Connect to Server window.

- Step 5 Log in to your Microsoft SharePoint database.
- Step 6 Click Connect.
- Step 7 From the Object Explorer for your SharePoint database, select Databases > WSS_Logging > Views.
- Step 8 From the navigation menu, click New Query.
- Step 9 In the Query pane, type the following Transact-SQL statement to create the AuditEvent database view:

create view dbo.AuditEvent as select a.siteID

- ,a.ItemId
- ,a.ItemType
- ,u.tp Title as "User"
- ,a.MachineName
- ,a.MachineIp
- ,a.DocLocation
- ,a.LocationType
- ,a.Occurred as "EventTime"
- ,a.Event as "EventID"
- ,a.EventName
- ,a.EventSource
- ,a.SourceName
- ,a.EventData

from WSS_Content.dbo.AuditData a, WSS_Content.dbo.UserInfo u
where a.UserId = u.tp_ID and a.SiteId = u.tp_SiteID;

Step 10 From the Query pane, right-click and select Execute.

If the view is created, the following message is displayed in the results pane:

Command(s) completed successfully.

The dbo.AuditEvent view is created. You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar to poll the view for audit events.

Configure a SharePoint log source for a database view QRadar requires a user account with the proper credentials to access the view you created in the Microsoft SharePoint database. To successfully poll for audit data from the Microsoft SharePoint database, you must create a new user or provide the log source with existing user credentials to read from the AuditEvent view. For more information on creating a user account, see your vendor documentation.

To configure QRadar to receive SharePoint events:

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Microsoft SharePoint.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC.
- Step 8 Configure the following values:

 Table 56-2
 Microsoft SharePoint JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:
	<sharepoint database="">@<sharepoint database="" server<br="">IP or Host Name></sharepoint></sharepoint>
	Where:
	<sharepoint database=""> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.</sharepoint>
	<pre><sharepoint database="" host="" ip="" name="" or="" server=""> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.</sharepoint></pre>
Database Type	From the list, select MSDE.
Database Name	Type WSS_Logging as the name of the Microsoft SharePoint database.
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Microsoft SharePoint SQL Server.
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433.
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Microsoft SharePoint database. The Microsoft SharePoint database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.
	Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.

Parameter	Description
Username	Type the username the log source can use to access the Microsof SharePoint database.
Password	Type the password the log source can use to access the Microsof SharePoint database.
	The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password field.
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define the Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.
	Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.
Table Name	Type AuditEvent as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view.
	You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters ir length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type EventTime as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.
Start Date and Time	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.
	The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Use Prepared	Select the Use Prepared Statements check box.
Statements	Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.
	Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.

 Table 56-2
 Microsoft SharePoint JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the AuditEvent view you created. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Use Named Pipe	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.
Communication	When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.
Use NTLMv2	Select the Use NTLMv2 check box.
	This option forces MSDE connections to use the NTLMv2 protocol when communicating with SQL servers that require NTLMv2 authentication. The default value of the check box is selected.
	If the Use NTLMv2 check box is selected, it has no effect on MSDE connections to SQL servers that do not require NTLMv2 authentication.
Use SSL	Select this check box if your connection supports SSL communication. This option requires additional configuration on your SharePoint database and also requires administrators to configure certificates on both appliances.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.

 Table 56-2
 Microsoft SharePoint JDBC Parameters (continued)

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Microsoft SharePoint log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

- Step 9 Click Save.
- Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

Configure a SharePoint log source for predefined database queries

Administrators who are not permitted to create a database view due to policy restrictions can collect Microsoft SharePoint events with a log source that uses predefined queries. Predefined queries are customized statements that are capable of joining data from seperate tables when the database is polled by the JDBC protocol. To successfully poll for audit data from the Microsoft SharePoint database, you must create a new user or provide the log source with existing user credentials. For more information on creating a user account, see your vendor documentation.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Microsoft SharePoint.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC.
- Step 8 Configure the following values:

 Table 56-3
 Microsoft SharePoint JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:
	<sharepoint database="">@<sharepoint database="" server<br="">IP or Host Name></sharepoint></sharepoint>
	Where:
	<sharepoint database=""></sharepoint> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.
	<pre><sharepoint database="" host="" ip="" name="" or="" server=""> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.</sharepoint></pre>
Database Type	From the list, select MSDE.
Database Name	Type WSS_Logging as the name of the Microsoft SharePoint database.
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Microsoft SharePoint SQL Server.
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433.
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Microsoft SharePoint database. The Microsoft SharePoint database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.
	Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.
Username	Type the username the log source can use to access the Microsoft SharePoint database.
Password	Type the password the log source can use to access the Microsoft SharePoint database.
	The password can be up to 255 characters in length.

Parameter	Description
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password field.
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define the Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.
	Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.
Predefined Query	From the list, select Microsoft SharePoint.
Use Prepared	Select the Use Prepared Statements check box.
Statements	Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.
	Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Start Date and	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.
Time	If a start date or time is not selected, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the AuditEvent view you created. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Use Named Pipe	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.
Communication	When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.

 Table 56-3
 Microsoft SharePoint JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Use NTLMv2	Select the Use NTLMv2 check box.
	This option forces MSDE connections to use the NTLMv2 protoco when communicating with SQL servers that require NTLMv2 authentication. The default value of the check box is selected.
	If the Use NTLMv2 check box is selected, it has no effect on MSDE connections to SQL servers that do not require NTLMv2 authentication.
Use SSL	Select this check box if your connection supports SSL communication. This option requires additional configuration on your SharePoint database and also requires administrators to configure certificates on both appliances.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.

 Table 56-3
 Microsoft SharePoint JDBC Parameters (continued)

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Microsoft SharePoint log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

Microsoft Operations Manager	The Microsoft Operations Manager DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Microsoft Operations Manager (MOM) events by polling the OnePoint database allowing QRadar to record the relevant events.
	Before you configure QRadar to integrate with the Microsoft Operations Manager, you must ensure a database user account is configured with appropriate permissions to access the MOM OnePoint SQL Server database. Access to the OnePoint database SDK views is managed through the MOM SDK View User database role. For more information, please see your Microsoft Operations Manager documentation.
	Note: Make sure that no firewall rules are blocking the communication between QRadar and the SQL Server database associated with MOM. For MOM installations that use a separate, dedicated computer for the SQL Server database, the SDKEventView view is queried on the database system, not the system running MOM.
	To configure QRadar to receive MOM events:
Step	1 Click the Admin tab.
Step 2	2 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources .
	The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

- Step 4 From the Log Source Type list, select Microsoft Operations Manager.
- Step 5 From the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC.

The JDBC protocol parameters appear.

Step 6 Configure the following values:

Table 56-4 Microsoft Operations Manager JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description		
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:		
	<mom database="">@<mom database="" host<br="" ip="" or="" server="">Name></mom></mom>		
	Where:		
	MOM Database> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.		
	MOM Database Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.		
Database Type	From the list, select MSDE .		
Database Name	Type OnePoint as the name of the Microsoft Operations Manager database.		
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Microsoft Operations Manager SQL Server.		
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433.		
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Microsoft Operations Manager database. The Microsoft Operations Manager database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.		
	Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.		
Username	Type the username required to access the database.		
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.		
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.		
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define the Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.		

Parameter	Description
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.
	Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.
Table Name	Type SDKEventView as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view.
	You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dolla sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type TimeStored as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.
Start Date and	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.
Time	The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Use Prepared	Select this check box to use prepared statements.
Statements	Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.
	Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Use Named Pipe	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.
Communication	When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.

 Table 56-4
 Microsoft Operations Manager JDBC Parameters (continued)

	Parameter	Description
	Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.
		a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your ions Manager log source with a higher importance compared to s in QRadar.
Step 7	Click Save.	
Step 8	On the Admin ta	b, click Deploy Changes .
	For more informa Log Sources Use	ation on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar</i> er Guide.
Microsoft System Center Operations Manager		oft System Center Operations Manager (SCOM) DSM accepts polling the OperationsManager database allowing QRadar to nt events.
	ensure a databas access the SCOI authentication m	gure QRadar to integrate with the Microsoft SCOM, you must se user account is configured with appropriate permissions to M OperationsManager SQL Server database. The appropriate ode might need to be enabled in the Security settings of the SQL s. For more information, please see your Microsoft SCOM
	QRadar and the installations that	at no firewall rules are blocking the communication between SQL Server database associated with SCOM. For SCOM use a separate, dedicated computer for the SQL Server database, ew is queried on the database system, not the system running
	To configure QRa	adar to receive SCOM events:
Step 1	Click the Admin	tab.
Step 2	On the navigation	n menu, click Data Sources .
	The Data Source	s panel is displayed.
Step 3	Click the Log So	urces icon.
	The Log Sources	s window is displayed.
-	•	ource Type list, select Microsoft SCOM.
Step 5		ol Configuration list, select JDBC.
	The JDBC protoc	
Step 6	Configure the foll	lowing values:

 Table 56-4
 Microsoft Operations Manager JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description	
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:	
	<scom database="">@<scom database="" host<br="" ip="" or="" server="">Name></scom></scom>	
	Where:	
	<pre><scom database=""> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.</scom></pre>	
	<scom< b=""> Database Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.</scom<>	
Database Type	From the list, select MSDE .	
Database Name	Type OperationsManager as the name of the Microsoft SCOM database.	
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Microsoft SCOM SQL Server.	
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433.	
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Microsoft SCOM database. The Microsoft SCOM database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.	
	Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.	
Username	Type the username required to access the database.	
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.	
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.	
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Window Authenticatio Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.	
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.	
	Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.	
Table Name	Type EventView as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.	

 Table 56-5
 Microsoft SCOM JDBC Parameters

Parameter Description		
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view.	
	You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).	
Compare Field	Type TimeAdded as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.	
Start Date and	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.	
Time	The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.	
Use Prepared Statements	Select this check box to use prepared statements.	
	Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.	
	Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.	
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.	
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.	
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.	
Use Named Pipe Communication	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.	
	When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.	
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.	

 Table 56-5
 Microsoft SCOM JDBC Parameters (continued)

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Microsoft SCOM log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

Step 7 Click Save.

Step 8	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.
	For more information on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide.</i>
Microsoft Endpoint Protection	The Microsoft Endpoint Protection DSM for IBM Security QRadar is capable of collecting malware detection events.
Supported event types	Malware detection events are retrieved by QRadar by configuring the JDBC protocol. Adding malware detection events to QRadar allows you to monitor and detect malware infected computers in your deployment.
	Malware detection events include:
	Site name and the source from which the malware was detected
	Threat name, threat ID, and severity
	User ID associated with the threat
	• Event type, timestamp, and the cleaning action taken on the malware.
Configuration overview	The Microsoft Endpoint Protection DSM uses JDBC to poll an SQL database for malware detection event data. This DSM does not automatically discover. To integrate Microsoft EndPoint Protection with QRadar, you must:
1	Create an SQL database view for QRadar with the malware detection event data.
2	Configure a JDBC log source to poll for events from the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database.
3	Ensure that no firewall rules are blocking communication between QRadar and the database associated with Microsoft EndPoint Protection.

Microsoft Endpoint Protection 451

Creating a database Microsoft EndPoint Protection uses SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS) to view manage the EndPoint Protection SQL databases.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the system hosting your Microsoft EndPoint Protection SQL database.
- Step 2 On the desktop, select Start > Run.
- Step 3 Type the following:

ssms

- Step 4 Click OK.
- Step 5 Log in to your Microsoft Endpoint Protection database.
- Step 6 From the Object Explorer, select Databases.
- Step 7 Select your database and click Views.
- Step 8 From the navigation menu, click New Query.
- Step 9 In the Query pane, type the following Transact-SQL statement to create the database view:

```
create view dbo.MalwareView as
select n.Type
```

- , n.RowID
- , n.Name
- , n.Description
- , n.Timestamp
- , n.SchemaVersion
- , n.ObserverHost
- , n.ObserverUser
- , n.ObserverProductName
- , n.ObserverProductversion
- , n.ObserverProtectionType
- , n.ObserverProtectionVersion
- , n.ObserverProtectionSignatureVersion
- , n.ObserverDetection
- , n.ObserverDetectionTime
- , n.ActorHost
- , n.ActorUser
- , n.ActorProcess
- , n.ActorResource
- , n.ActionType
- , n.TargetHost
- , n.TargetUser
- , n.TargetProcess
- , n.TargetResource
- , n.ClassificationID
- , n.ClassificationType
- , n.ClassificationSeverity
- , n.ClassificationCategory
- , n.RemediationType
- , n.RemediationResult

, n.RemediationErrorCode , n.RemediationPendingAction , n.IsActiveMalware , i.IP Addresses0 as 'SrcAddress' from v AM NormalizedDetectionHistory n, System IP Address ARR i, v RA System ResourceNames s, Network DATA d where n.ObserverHost = s.Resource Names0 and s.ResourceID = d.MachineID and d.IPEnabled00 = 1 and d.MachineID = i.ItemKey and i.IP Addresses0 like '%.%.%.%'; Step 10 From the Query pane, right-click and select **Execute**. If the view is created, the following message is displayed in the results pane: Command(s) completed successfully. You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar. Configuring a log QRadar requires a user account with the proper credentials to access the view you created in the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database. source To successfully poll for malware detection events from the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database, you must create a new user or provide the log source with existing user credentials to read from the database view you created. For more information on creating a user account, see your vendor documentation. Procedure Step 1 Click the Admin tab. Step 2 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**. Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon. Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source. **Step 5** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Microsoft EndPoint Protection.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC.
- Step 8 Configure the following values:

Parameter	Description		
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:		
	<database>@<database host="" ip="" name="" or="" server=""></database></database>		
	Where:		
	<pre><database> is the database name, as entered in the Database</database></pre> Name parameter.		
	Catabase Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.		
Database Type	From the list, select MSDE.		
Database Name	Type the name of the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database.		
	This name must match the database name you selected when creating your view in Step 7 .		
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Microsoft EndPoint Protection SQL Server.		
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433.		
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database. The Microsoft EndPoint Protection database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.		
	Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.		
Username	Type the username the log source can use to access the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database.		
Password	Type the password the log source can use to access the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database.		
	The password can be up to 255 characters in length.		
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password field.		
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define the Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.		
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.		
	Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.		

 Table 56-6
 Microsoft EndPoint Protection JDBC parameters

Parameter Description		
Table Name	Type dbo.MalwareView as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.	
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view.	
	You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).	
Compare Field	Type Timestamp as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.	
Start Date and	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.	
Time	The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.	
Use Prepared	Select the Use Prepared Statements check box.	
Statements	Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.	
	Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.	
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the view you created. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.	
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.	
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.	
Use Named Pipe	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.	
Communication	When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.	
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Creatinatabase Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.	

 Table 56-6
 Microsoft EndPoint Protection JDBC parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Use NTLMv2	Select the Use NTLMv2 check box.
	This option forces MSDE connections to use the NTLMv2 protocol when communicating with SQL servers that require NTLMv2 authentication. The default value of the check box is selected.
	If the Use NTLMv2 check box is selected, it has no effect on MSDE connections to SQL servers that do not require NTLMv2 authentication.

 Table 56-6
 Microsoft EndPoint Protection JDBC parameters (continued)

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Microsoft EndPoint Protection log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The Microsoft EndPoint Protection configuration is complete.

57 NETAPP DATA ONTAP

IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events from a Windows agent installed with the Adaptive Log Exporter.

The Adaptive Log Exporter is an external event collection agent. The Adaptive Log Exporter allows you to collect events using a NetApp Data ONTAP plug-in. The Adaptive Log Exporter can read and process event log messages generated from Common Internet File System (CIFS) auditing on the NetApp Data ONTAP device and forward the events.

For more information on using the Adaptive Log Exporter, see the Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide.

Note: The NetApp Data ONTAP plug-in for the Adaptive Log Exporter only supports CIFS. For information on configuring CIFS on your NetApp Data ONTAP device, see your vendor documentation.

QRadar automatically detects the NetApp Data ONTAP events from the Adaptive Log Exporter. To manually configure QRadar to receive events from NetApp Data ONTAP:

From the Log Source Type list, select the NetApp Data ONTAP option.

NAME VALUE PAIR

The Name Value Pair (NVP) DSM allows you to integrate IBM Security QRadar with devices that might not natively send logs using syslog.

IBM Security QRadarThe NVP DSM provides a log format that allows you to send logs to QRadar. For example, for a device that does not export logs natively with syslog, you can create a script to export the logs from a device that QRadar does not support, format the logs in the NVP log format, and send the logs to QRadar using syslog. The NVP DSM log source configured in QRadar then receives the logs and is able to parse the data since the logs are received in the NVP log format.

Note: Events for the NVP DSM are not automatically discovered by QRadar.

The NVP DSM accepts events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events. The log format for the NVP DSM must be a tab-separated single line list of Name=Parameter. The NVP DSM does not require a valid syslog header.

Note: The NVP DSM assumes an ability to create custom scripts or thorough knowledge of your device capabilities to send logs to QRadar using syslog in NVP format.

This section provides information on the following:

- NVP Log Format
- Examples

NVP Log Format Table 58-1 includes a list of tags that the NVP DSM is able to parse:

 Table 58-1
 NVP Log Format Tags

Тад	Description
DeviceType	Type NVP as the DeviceType. This identifies the log formats as a Name Value Pair log message.
	This is a required parameter and DeviceType=NVP must be the first pair in the list.

T =	Presente the se
Тад	Description
EventName	Type the event name that you want to use to identity the event in the Events interface when using the Event Mapping functionality. For more information on mapping events, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Users Guide.</i>
	This is a required parameter.
EventCategory	Type the event category you want to use to identify the event in the Events interface. If this value is not included in the log message, the value NameValuePair value is used.
Sourcelp	Type the source IP address for the message.
SourcePort	Type the source port for the message.
SourcelpPreNAT	Type the source IP address for the message before Network Address Translation (NAT) occurred.
SourcelpPostNAT	Type the source IP address for the message after NAT occurs.
SourceMAC	Type the source MAC address for the message.
SourcePortPreNAT	Type the source port for the message before NAT occurs.
SourcePortPostNAT	Type the source port for the message after NAT occurs.
DestinationIp	Type the destination IP address for the message.
DestinationPort	Type the destination port for the message.
DestinationIpPreNAT	Type the destination IP address for the message before NAT occurs.
DestinationIpPostNAT	Type the IP address for the message after NAT occurs.
DestinationPortPreNAT	Type the destination port for the message before NAT occurs.
DestinationPortPostNAT	Type the destination port for the message after NAT occurs.
DestinationMAC	Type the destination MAC address for the message.
DeviceTime	Type the time that the event was sent, according to the device. The format is: YY/MM/DD hh:mm:ss. If no specific time is provided, the syslog header or DeviceType parameter is applied.
UserName	Type the user name associated with the event.
HostName	Type the host name associated with the event. Typically, this parameter is only associated with identity events.
GroupName	Type the group name associated with the event. Typically, this parameter is only associated with identity events.
NetBIOSName	Type the NetBIOS name associated with the event. Typically, this parameter is only associated with identity events.

Table 58-1 NVP Log Format Tags (continued)

	Тад	Description	
	Identity	Type TRUE or FALSE to indicate whether you wish this event to generate an identity event. An identity event is generated if the log message contains the Sourcelp (if the IdentityUseSrcIp parameter is set to TRUE) or DestinationIp (if the IdentityUseSrcIp parameter is set to FALSE) and one of the following parameters: UserName, SourceMAC, HostName, NetBIOSName, or GroupName.	
	IdentityUseSrcIp	Type TRUE or FALSE (default). TRUE indicates that you wish to use the source IP address for identity. FALSE indicates that you wish to use the destination IP address for identity. This parameter is used only if the Identity parameter is set to TRUE.	
		neters listed above, you can add any NVP parameters to Il parameters are added to the payload, however, these	
Step 7	11 You are now ready to c	configure the log source in QRadar.	
	To configure QRadar to	o receive events from an NVP DSM:	
	From the Log Source Type list, select the Name Value Pair option.		
	For more information of Log Sources User Guid	on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar</i> de.	
Examples	Example 1		
	The following example	parses all fields:	
	=	NAT=172.16.45.10 DeviceTime=2007/12/14 rt=1111 Identity=FALSE SourcePortPostNAT=3333 stNAT=6666 HostName=testhost AT=172.16.10.10 SourcePortPreNAT=2222 eNAT=5555 SourceMAC=AA:15:C5:BF:C4:9D 00.10 SourceIpPostNAT=172.16.40.50 DestinationMAC=00:41:C5:BF:C4:9D ept DestinationPort=4444 up SourceIpPreNAT=172.16.70.87UserName=root	
	Example 2		
	C .	provides identity using the destination IP address:	
	<133>Apr 16 12:41:	:00 172.16.10.10 namevaluepair:	

Table 58-1 NVP Log Format Tags (continued)

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Identity=TRUE SourceMAC=AA:15:C5:BF:C4:9D

DeviceType=NVP EventName=Test EventCategory=Accept

SourceIp=172.15.210.113 DestinationIp=172.16.10.10 UserName=root

Example 3

The following example provides identity using the source IP address:

```
DeviceType=NVP EventName=Test EventCategory=Accept
DeviceTime=2007/12/14 09:53:49 SourcePort=5014 Identity=TRUE
IdentityUseSrcIp=TRUE SourceMAC=AA:15:C5:BF:C4:9D
SourceIp=172.15.210.113 DestinationIp=172.16.10.10
DestinationMAC=00:41:C5:BF:C4:9D UserName=root
```

Example 4

The following example provides an entry with no identity:

```
DeviceType=NVP EventName=Test EventCategory=Accept
DeviceTime=2007/12/14 09:53:49 SourcePort=5014 Identity=FALSE
SourceMAC=AA:15:C5:BF:C4:9D SourceIp=172.15.210.113
DestinationIp=172.16.10.10DestinationMAC=00:41:C5:BF:C4:9D
UserName=root
```

The Niksun DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant Niksun events using syslog.

You can integrate NetDetector/NetVCR2005, version 3.2.1sp1_2 with QRadar. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Niksun device, you must configure a log source, then enable syslog forwarding on your Niksun appliance. For more information on configuring Niksun, see your Niksun appliance documentation.

Configure a logTo integrate Niksun with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receivesourceevents.

QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Niksun appliances. In cases where the log source is not automatically discovered, we recommend you create a log source before forwarding events to QRadar.

To configure a log source:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Niksun 2005 v3.5.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog. The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 59-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Niksun appliance.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar.

60 Nokia Firewall

	 The Check Point Firewall-1 DSM allows IBM Security QRadar to accept events Check Point-based Firewall events sent from Nokia Firewall appliances. The syslog and OPSEC protocols allow two methods for QRadar to collect Check Point events from Nokia Firewall appliances. This section contains the following topics: Integrating with a Nokia Firewall using syslog Integrating with a Nokia Firewall using OPSEC
Integrating with a Nokia Firewall using syslog 1	This method allows you to configure your Nokia Firewall to accept Check Point syslog events forwarded from your Nokia Firewall appliance.
	To configure QRadar to integrate with a Nokia Firewall device, you must:
	Configure iptables on your QRadar Console or Event Collector to receive syslog events from Nokia Firewall.
2	Configure your Nokia Firewall to forward syslog event data.
3	Configure the events logged by the Nokia Firewall.
4	Optional. Configure a log source in QRadar.
Configuring IPtables	Nokia Firewalls require a TCP reset (rst) or a TCP acknowledge (ack) from QRadar on port 256 before forwarding syslog events.
	The Nokia Firewall TCP request is an online status request designed to ensure that QRadar is online and able to receive syslog events. If a valid reset or acknowledge is received from QRadar, then Nokia Firewall begins forwarding events to QRadar on UDP port 514. By default, QRadar does not respond to any online status requests from TCP port 256. You must configure IPtables on your QRadar Console or any Event Collectors that receive Check Point events from a Nokia Firewall to respond to an online status request.

Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to QRadar as the root user.

Login: root

Password: <password>

Step 2 Type the following command to edit the IPtables file:

vi /opt/qradar/conf/iptables.pre

The IPtables configuration file is displayed.

Step 3 Type the following command to instruct QRadar to respond to your Nokia Firewall with a TCP reset on port 256:

```
-A INPUT -s <IP address> -p tcp --dport 256 -j REJECT --reject-with tcp-reset
```

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your Nokia Firewall. You must include a TCP reset for each Nokia Firewall IP address that sends events to your QRadar Console or Event Collector. For example,

-A INPUT -s 10.10.100.10/32 -p tcp --dport 256 -j REJECT
-reject-with tcp-reset
-A INPUT -s 10.10.110.11/32 -p tcp --dport 256 -j REJECT
-reject-with tcp-reset
-A INPUT -s 10.10.120.12/32 -p tcp --dport 256 -j REJECT
-reject-with tcp-reset

- Step 4 Save your IPtables configuration.
- Step 5 Type the following command to update IPtables in QRadar:

./opt/qradar/bin/iptables_update.pl

Step 6 Repeat Step 1 to Step 5 to configure any additional Event Collectors in your deployment that receive syslog events from a Nokia Firewall.

You are now ready to configure your Nokia Firewall to forward events to QRadar.

Configuring syslog To configure your Nokia Firewall to forward syslog events to QRadar:

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the Nokia Voyager.
- Step 2 Click Config.
- Step 3 In the System Configuration pane, click System Logging.
- Step 4 In the Add new remote IP address to log to field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 5 Click Apply.
- Step 6 Click Save.

You are now ready to configure which events are logged by your Nokia Firewall to the logger.

Configure the logged To configure which events are logged by your Nokia Firewall and forwarded to QRadar, you must configure a custom script for your Nokia Firewall.

Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to Nokia Firewall as an administrative user.

If you cannot connect to your Nokia Firewall, SSH may be disabled. You must enable the command-line using the Nokia Voyager web interface or connect directly using a serial connection. For more information, see your Nokia Voyager documentation.

- **Step 2** Type the following command to edit your Nokia Firewall rc.local file:
 - vi /var/etc/rc.local
- Step 3 Add the following command to your rc.local file:

\$FWDIR/bin/fw log -ftn | /bin/logger -p local1.info &

Step 4 Save the changes to your rc.local file.

The terminal is displayed.

Step 5 To begin logging immediately, type the following command:

nohup \$FWDIR/bin/fw log -ftn | /bin/logger -p local1.info & You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceEvents forwarded by your Nokia Firewall are automatically discovered by the
Check Point Firewall-1 DSM. The automatic discovery process creates a log
source for syslog events from Nokia Firewall appliances. The following steps are
optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Check Point Firewall-1.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 60-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from your Nokia Firewall appliance.

Step 11	Click Save.		
Step 12	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.		
	The syslog configuration for receiving Check Point events from Nokia Firewalls over syslog is complete. Check Point events from your Nokia Firewall are displayed in the Log Activity tab in QRadar.		
Integrating with a Nokia Firewall using OPSEC	QRadar can accept Check Point FireWall-1 events from Nokia Firewalls using the Check Point FireWall-1 DSM configured using the OPSEC/LEA protocol. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Nokia Firewall device, you must:		
1	Configure Nokia Firewall using OPSEC, see Configuring a Nokia Firewall for OPSEC.		
2	Configure a log source in QRadar for your Nokia Firewall using the OPSEC LEA protocol, see Configuring an OPSEC log source .		
Configuring a Nokia Firewall for OPSEC	To configure Nokia Firewall using OPSEC:		
	Procedure		
Step 1	To create a host object for your QRadar, open up the Check Point SmartDashboard GUI and select Manage > Network Objects > New > Node > Host .		
Step 2	type the Name, IP Address, and optional Comment for your QRadar.		
Step 3	Click OK .		
Step 4	Select Close.		
Step 5	To create the OPSEC connection, select Manage > Servers and OPSEC Applications > New > OPSEC Application Properties.		
Step 6	Type the Name and optional Comment.		
	The name you type must be different than the name in Step 2.		
Step 7	From the Host drop-down menu, select the QRadar host object that you created.		
Step 8	From Application Properties, select User Defined as the Vendor Type.		
Step 9	From Client Entries, select LEA.		
Step 10	Select Communication and enter an activation key to configure the Secure Internal Communication (SIC) certificate.		
Step 11	Select OK and then select Close.		
Step 12	To install the policy on your firewall, select Policy > Install > OK .		
	For more information on policies, see your vendor documentation. You are now ready to configure a log source for your Nokia Firewall in QRadar.		
Configuring an OPSEC log source	OPSEC/LEA log sources do not automatically discover in QRadar, you must create an OPSEC log source to collect events.		

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Check Point FireWall-1.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select OPSEC/LEA.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 60-2 OPSEC/LEA protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, hostname, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
Server IP	Type the IP address of the server.
Server Port	Type the port used for OPSEC communication. The valid range is 0 to 65,536 and the default is 18184.
Use Server IP for Log Source	Select this check box if you want to use the LEA server's IP address instead of the managed device's IP address for a log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Statistics Report Interval	Type the interval, in seconds, during which the number of syslog events are recorded in the gradar.log file.
	The valid range is 4 to 2,147,483,648 and the default is 600.

Parameter	Description
Authentication Type	From the list, select the authentication type you want to use for this LEA configuration. The options are sslca (default), sslca_clear , or clear . This value must match the authenticatio method used by the server. The following parameters appear i sslca or sslca_clear is selected as the authentication type.
	 OPSEC Application Object SIC Attribute (SIC Name) - Type the Secure Internal Communications (SIC) name of th OPSEC Application Object. The SIC name is the distinguished name (DN) of the application, for example: CN=LEA, o=fwconsole7psasx. The name can be up to 255 characters in length and is case sensitive.
	Log Source SIC Attribute (Entity SIC Name) - Type the SI
	name of the server, for example: cn=cp_mgmt,o=fwconsole7psasx. The name can b up to 255 characters in length and is case sensitive.
	• Specify Certificate - Select this check box if you want to define a certificate for this LEA configuration. QRadar attempts to retrieve the certificate using these parameters when the certificate is required.
	If you select the Specify Certificate check box, the Certifica Filename parameter is displayed:
	Certificate Filename - This option only appears if Specify Certificate is selected. Type the directory path of the certificate you want to use for this configuration.
	If you clear the Specify Certificate check box, the following parameters appear:
	 Certificate Authority IP - Type the IP address of the SmartCenter server from which you want to pull your certificate.
	 Pull Certificate Password - Type the password you want to use when requesting a certificate. The password can be up 255 characters in length.
	 OPSEC Application - Type the name of the application you want to use when requesting a certificate. This value can be up to 255 characters in length.

 Table 60-2
 OPSEC/LEA protocol parameters (continued)

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete. As events are received, they are displayed in the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

61 NOMINUM VANTIO

	The Nominum Vantio DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events in Log Extended Event Format (LEEF) forwarded from Nominum Vantio engines installed with the Nominum Vantio LEEF Adapter.
	QRadar accepts all relevant events forwarded from Nominum Vantio.
	The Vantio LEEF Adapter creates LEEF messages based on Lightweight View Policy (LVP) matches. In order to generate LVP matches for the Vantio LEEF Adapter to process, you most configure Lightweight Views and the lvp-monitor for the Vantio engine. LVP is an optionally licensed component of the Nominum Vantio product. For more information about configuring LVP, please see the <i>Vantio Administrator's Manual</i> .
	Before you can integrate Nominum Vantio events with QRadar, you must install and configure the Vantio LEEF adapter. To obtain the Vantio LEEF adapter or request additional information, you can email Nominum at the following address: <i>leefadapter@nominum.com</i> .
Configure the Vantio LEEF Adapter	To install and configure your Vantio LEEF Adapter:
Step 1	Using SSH, log in to your Vantio engine server.
Step 2	Install the Vantio LEEF Adapter:
	sudo rpm -I VantioLEEFAdapter-0.1-a.x86_64.rpm
Step 3	Edit the Vantio LEEF Adapter configuration file.
	usr/local/nom/sbin/VantioLEEFAdapter
Step 4	Configure the Vantio LEEF Adapter configuration to forward LEEF events to QRadar:
	-qradar-dest-addr= <ip address=""></ip>
	Where <ip address=""> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.</ip>
Step 5	Save the Vantio LEEF configuration file.
Step 6	Type the following command to start the Vantio Adapter:
	usr/local/nom/sbin/VantioLEEFAdapter &

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Nominum Vantio events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by the Vantio LEEF Adapter are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from the Vantio LEEF Adapter. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Nominum Vantio:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Nominum Vantio.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 61-3 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description	
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from Nominum Vantio.	

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

62 NORTEL NETWORKS

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- Nortel Multiprotocol Router
- Nortel Application Switch
- Nortel Contivity
- Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 2500/4500/5500
- Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 8300/8600
- Nortel Secure Router
- Nortel Secure Network Access Switch
- Nortel Switched Firewall 5100
- Nortel Switched Firewall 6000
- Nortel Threat Protection System
- Nortel VPN Gateway

Nortel Multiprotocol Router		The Nortel Multiprotocol Router DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant Nortel Multiprotocol Router events using syslog.
		Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Nortel Multiprotocol Router device, you must:
	Step 1	Log in to your Nortel Multiprotocol Router device.
	Step 2	At the prompt, type the following command:
		bcc
		The Bay Command Console prompt is displayed.
		Welcome to the Bay Command Console!
		* To enter configuration mode, type config
		* To list all system commands, type ?
		* To exit the BCC, type exit
		bcc>

Step 3 Type the following command to access configuration mode:

config

Step 4 Type the following command to access syslog configuration:

syslog

Step 5 Type the following commands:

log-host address <IP address>

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar.

Step 6 View current default settings for your QRadar:

info

For example:

log-host/10.11.12.210# info

address 10.11.12.210

log-facility local0

state enabled

Step 7 If the output of the command entered in Step 6 indicates that the state is not enabled, type the following command to enable forwarding for the syslog host:

state enable

Step 8 Configure the log facility parameter:

log-facility local0

Step 9 Create a filter for the hardware slots to enable them to forward the syslog events. Type the following command to create a filter with the name WILDCARD:

filter name WILDCARD entity all

Step 10 Configure the slot-upper bound parameter:

slot-upper bound <number of slots>

Where <number of slots> is the number of slots available on your device. This parameter can require different configuration depending on your version of Nortel Multiprotocol Router device, which determines the maximum number of slots available on the device.

Step 11 Configure the level of syslog messages you want to send to your QRadar:

severity-mask all

Step 12 View the current settings for this filter:

info

For example:

filter/10.11.12.210/WILDCARD# info

entity all

debug-map debug

event-lower-bound 0

event-upper-bound 255

```
fault-map critical
info-map info
name WILDCARD
severity-mask {fault warning info trace debug}
slot-lower-bound 0
slot-upper-bound 1
state enabled
trace-map debug
warning-map warning
```

Step 13 View the currently configured settings for the syslog filters:

show syslog filters

When the syslog and filter parameters are correctly configured, the Operational State indicates up.

For example:

```
syslog# show syslog filtersshow syslog filtersSep 15, 2008 18:21:25 [GMT+8]HostFilterEntityIP addressNameCode10.11.12.130WILDCARDall255enabledup10.11.12.210WILDCARDall255enabledup
```

Step 14 View the currently configured syslog host information:

show syslog log-host

The host log is displayed with the number of packets being sent to the various syslog hosts.

For example:

```
syslog# show syslog log-host
show syslog log-host Sep 15, 2008 18:21:32 [GMT+8]
```

Host IP address	-	Operational State	Time Sequencing		-	-
10.11.12.130	enabled	up	disabled	514	local0	1402
10.11.12.210	enabled	up	disabled	514	localO	131

Step 15 Exit the command interface:

- a Exit the current command-line to return to the bcc command-line:
- **b** Exit the bbc command-line:

exit

	c Exit the command-line session:			
	logout			
	You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar. To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel Multiprotocol Router device:			
	From the Log Source Type list, select the Nortel Multiprotocol Router option.			
	For more information on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar</i> <i>Log Sources User Guide</i> . For more information about your device, see your vendor documentation.			
Nortel Application Switch	Nortel Application Switches integrate routing and switching by forwarding traffic at layer 2 speed using layer 4-7 information.			
	The Nortel Application Switch DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant status and network condition events. Before configuring a Nortel Application Switch device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send syslog events to QRadar.			
	To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:			
Step 1	Log in to the Nortel Application Switch command-line interface (CLI).			
Step 2	Type the following command:			
	/cfg/sys/syslog/host			
Step 3	At the prompt, type the IP address of your QRadar:			
	Enter new syslog host: <ip address=""></ip>			
	Where <ip address=""> is the IP address of your QRadar.</ip>			
Step 4	Apply the configuration:			
	apply			
Step 5	After the new configuration is applied, save your configuration:			
	save			
Step 6	Type \mathbf{y} at the prompt to confirm that you wish to save the configuration to flash. For example:			
	Confirm saving to FLASH [y/n]: \mathbf{y}			
	New config successfully saved to FLASH			
Step 7	You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.			
	To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel Application Switch:			
	From the Log Source Type list, select the Nortel Application Switch option.			

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about the Nortel Application Switch, see *your vendor documentation*.

Nortel Contivity		A QRadar Nortel Contivity DSM records all relevant Nortel Contivity events using syslog.			
		Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Nortel Contivity device, you must:			
	Step 1	Log in to the Nortel Contivity command-line interface (CLI).			
	Step 2	Type the following command:			
		enable <password></password>			
		Where <password> is the Nortel Contivity device administrative password.</password>			
	Step 3	Type the following command:			
		config t			
	Step 4	Configure the logging information:			
		logging <ip address=""> facility-filter all level all</ip>			
		Where <ip address=""> is the IP address of the QRadar.</ip>			
	Step 5	Type the following command to exit the command-line:			
		exit			
	Step 6	You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.			
		To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel Contivity device:			
		From the Log Source Type list, select the Nortel Contivity VPN Switch option.			
		For more information on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> . For more information about your Nortel Contivity device, see your vendor documentation.			
Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch		A QRadar Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch (ERS) 2500/4500/5500 DSM records all relevant routing switch events using syslog.			
2500/4500/5500		Before configuring a Nortel ERS 2500/4500/5500 device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send syslog events to QRadar.			
		To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:			
	Step 1	Log in to the Nortel ERS 2500/4500/5500 user interface.			
	Step 2	Type the following commands to access global configuration mode:			
		ena			

config term

Step 3 Type informational as the severity level for the logs you wish to send to the remote server:

logging remote level {critical|informational|serious|none} Where informational sends all logs to the syslog server.

Step 4 Enable the host:

host enable

Step 5 Type the remote logging address:

logging remote address <IP address>

Where <IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar system.

Step 6 Ensure that remote logging is enabled:

logging remote enable

Step 7 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel ERS 2500/4500/5500 device:

From the Log Source Type list, select the Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 2500/4500/5500 option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information about the Nortel ERS 2500/4500/5500, see http://www.nortel.com/support.

Nortel EthernetA QRadar Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch (ERS) 8300/8600 DSM records all
relevant events using syslog.8300/8600A QRadar Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch (ERS) 8300/8600 DSM records all
relevant events using syslog.

Before configuring a Nortel ERS 8600 device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send syslog events to QRadar.

To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:

- Step 1 Log in to the Nortel ERS 8300/8600 command-line interface (CLI).
- Step 2 Type the following command:

config sys syslog host <ID>

Where <ID> is the ID of the host you wish to configure to send syslog events to QRadar.

For the syslog host ID, the valid range is 1 to 10.

Step 3 Type the IP address of your QRadar system:

address <IP address>

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar system.

Step 4 Type the facility for accessing the syslog host.

host <ID> facility local0

Where <ID> is the ID specified in Step 2.

Step 5 Enable the host:

host enable

Step 6 Type the severity level for which syslog messages are sent:

host <ID> severity info

Where <ID> is the ID specified in Step 2.

Step 7 Enable the ability to send syslog messages:

state enable

Step 8 Verify the syslog configuration for the host:

sylog host <ID> info

For example, the output might resemble the following:

```
ERS-8606:5/config/sys/syslog/host/1# info
Sub-Context:
Current Context:
address : 10.10.10.1
create : 1
delete : N/A
facility : local6
host : enable
mapinfo : info
mapwarning : warning
maperror : error
mapfatal : emergency
severity : info|warning|error|fatal
udp-port : 514
ERS-8606:5/config/sys/syslog/host/1#
```

Step 9 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel ERS 8300/8600 device:

From the Log Source Type list, you must select the Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 8300/8600 option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the Log Sources User Guide.

For more information about the Nortel ERS 8300/8600, see http://www.nortel.com/support.

Nortel Secure A QRadar Nortel Secure Router DSM records all relevant router events using Router syslog. Before configuring a Nortel Secure Router device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send syslog events to QRadar. To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar: **Step 1** Log in to the Nortel Secure Router command-line interface (CLI). Step 2 Type the following to access global configuration mode: config term Step 3 Type the following command: system logging syslog Step 4 Type the IP address of the syslog server (QRadar system): host ipaddr <IP address> Where <IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar system. Step 5 Ensure that remote logging is enabled: enable **Step 6** Verify that the logging levels are configured, as appropriate: show system logging syslog The following shows an example of the output: _____ Syslog Setting _____ Syslog: Enabled Host IP Address: 10.10.10.1 Host UDP Port: 514 Facility Priority Setting: facility priority ======== ======= auth: info bootp: warning daemon: warning domainname: warning gated: warning kern: info mail: warning warning ntp: info system: fr: warning

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	ppp:	warning	
	ipmux:	warning	
	bundle:	warning	
	qos:	warning	
	hdlc:	warning	
	local7:	warning	
	vpn:	warning	
	firewall:	warning	
Step 7	You are now ready to configure	e the log source in QRadar.	
	To configure QRadar to receive	e events from a Nortel Secure Router device:	
	From the Log Source Typ	be list, select the Nortel Secure Router option.	
	For more information on config	juring log sources, see the Log Sources User Guide.	
	For more information about the http://www.nortel.com/support.		
Nortel Secure Network Access Switch	A QRadar Nortel Secure Network Access Switch (SNAS) DSM records all relevant switch events using syslog.		
	Before configuring a Nortel SNAS device in QRadar, you must:		
Step 1	Log in to the Nortel SNAS user interface.		
Step 2	2 Select the Config tab.		
Step 3	Select Secure Access Domai	in and Syslog from the Navigation pane.	
	The Secure Access Domain wi	indow is displayed.	
Step 4	From the Secure Access Doma Refresh .	ain list, select the secure access domain. Click	
Sten 5	Click Add.		
	The Add New Remote Server	window is displayed.	
Step 6	Click Update.		
	The server is displayed in the	secure access domain table	
Stop 7		to send the current changes to the Nortel SNAS.	
-	• • • •	•	
Step 8	You are now ready to configure	e me log source in QRadar.	
	To configure QRadar to receive	e events from a Nortel SNAS device:	
	From the Log Source Tvg	be list, select the Nortel Secure Network Access	

For more information on configuring log sources, see the IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide. For more information about the Nortel SNA, see http://www.nortel.com/support. Nortel Switched A QRadar Nortel Switched Firewall 5100 DSM records all relevant firewall events Firewall 5100 using either syslog or OPSEC. Before configuring a Nortel Switched Firewall device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send events to QRadar. This section provides information on configuring a Nortel Switched Firewall using one the following methods: Integrate Nortel Switched Firewall using syslog Integrate Nortel Switched Firewall using OPSEC Integrate Nortel This method ensures the QRadar Nortel Switched Firewall 5100 DSM accepts Switched Firewall events using syslog. using syslog To configure your Nortel Switched Firewall 5100: Step 1 Log into your Nortel Switched Firewall device command-line interface (CLI). **Step 2** Type the following command: /cfg/sys/log/syslog/add **Step 3** Type the IP address of your QRadar system at the following prompt: Enter IP address of syslog server: A prompt is displayed to configure the severity level. **Step 4** Configure info as the desired severity level. For example: Enter minimum logging severity (emerg | alert | crit | err | warning | notice | info | debug): info A prompt is displayed to configure the facility. **Step 5** Configure auto as the local facility. For example: Enter the local facility (auto | local0-local7): auto **Step 6** Apply the configuration: apply Step 7 Repeat for each firewall in your cluster. **Step 8** You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel Switched Firewall 5100 device using syslog:

From the Log Source Type list, select the Nortel Switched Firewall 5100 option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information, see *http://www.nortel.com/support*.

Integrate Nortel Switched Firewall using OPSEC

This method ensures the QRadar Nortel Switched Firewall 5100 DSM accepts Check Point FireWall-1 events using OPSEC.

Note: Depending on your Operating System, the procedures for the Check Point SmartCenter Server can vary. The following procedures are based on the Check Point SecurePlatform Operating system.

To enable Nortel Switched Firewall and QRadar integration, you must:

- 1 Reconfigure Check Point SmartCenter Server.
- 2 Configure the log source in QRadar.

Reconfigure Check Point SmartCenter Server

This section describes how to reconfigure the Check Point SmartCenter Server. In the Check Point SmartCenter Server, create a host object representing the QRadar system. The leapipe is the connection between the Check Point SmartCenter Server and QRadar.

To reconfigure the Check Point SmartCenter Server:

- Step 1 To create a host object, open the Check Point SmartDashboard user interface and select Manage > Network Objects > New > Node > Host.
- Step 2 Type the Name, IP Address, and optional Comment for your host.
- Step 3 Click OK.
- Step 4 Select Close.
- Step 5 To create the OPSEC connection, select Manage > Servers and OPSEC applications > New > OPSEC Application Properties.
- Step 6 Type the Name and optional Comment.

The name you type must be different than the name in Step 2.

- Step 7 From the Host drop-down menu, select the host object you have created in Step 1.
- Step 8 From Application Properties, select **User Defined** as the vendor.
- Step 9 From Client Entries, select LEA.
- Step 10 Click Communication.
- Step 11 Choose a password in the provide field. This password is necessary when pulling the certificate to the Firewall Director.

_					
•	ick OK and then click Close.				
Step 13	To install the Security Policy on your firewall, select Policy > Install > OK .				
	Configure a log source				
	You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.				
Step 1	To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel Switched Firewall 5100 device using OPSEC, you must select the Nortel Switched Firewall 5100 option from the Log Source Type list.				
Step 2	To configure QRadar to receive events from a Check Point SmartCenter Server using OPSEC LEA, you must select the LEA option from the Protocol Configuration list when configuring your protocol configuration.				
	For more information, see the IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide.				
Nortel Switched Firewall 6000	A QRadar Nortel Switched Firewall 6000 DSM records all relevant firewall events using either syslog or OPSEC.				
	Before configuring a Nortel Switched Firewall device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send events to QRadar.				
	This section provides information on configuring a Nortel Switched Firewall 6000 device with QRadar using one of the following methods:				
	Configure syslog for Nortel Switched Firewalls				
	Configure OPSEC for Nortel Switched Firewalls				
Configure syslog for Nortel Switched Firewalls	This method ensures the QRadar Nortel Switched Firewall 6000 DSM accepts events using syslog.				
i nowano	To configure your Nortel Switched Firewall 6000:				
Step 1	Log into your Nortel Switched Firewall device command-line interface (CLI).				
Step 2	Type the following command:				
	/cfg/sys/log/syslog/add				
Step 3	Type the IP address of your QRadar system at the following prompt:				
	Enter IP address of syslog server:				
	A prompt is displayed to configure the severity level.				
Step 4	Configure info as the desired severity level. For example:				
	Enter minimum logging severity				
	(emerg alert crit err warning notice info debug): info				
	A prompt is displayed to configure the facility.				
Step 5	Configure auto as the local facility. For example:				
	IBM Security QRadar DSM Configuration Guide				

Enter the local facility (auto | local0-local7): auto

Step 6 Apply the configuration:

apply

Step 7 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an Nortel Switched Firewall 6000 using syslog:

From the Log Source Type list, select the Nortel Switched Firewall 6000 option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information, see *http://www.nortel.com/support*.

Configure OPSEC for
Nortel SwitchedThis method ensures the QRadar Nortel Switched Firewall 6000 DSM accepts
Check Point FireWall-1 events using OPSEC.

Firewalls

Note: Depending on your Operating System, the procedures for the Check Point SmartCenter Server can vary. The following procedures are based on the Check Point SecurePlatform Operating system.

To enable Nortel Switched Firewall and QRadar integration, you must:

- Step 1 Reconfigure Check Point SmartCenter Server. See Reconfigure Check Point SmartCenter Server.
- **Step 2** Configure the OPSEC LEA protocol in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Check Point SmartCenter Server using OPSEC LEA, you must select the **LEA** option from the **Protocol Configuration** list when configuring LEA.

For more information, see the *Log Sources User Guide*.

Step 3 Configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel Switched Firewall 6000 device using OPSEC you must select the **Nortel Switched Firewall 6000** option from the **Log Source Type** list. For more information on configuring log sources, see the *Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information, see http://www.nortel.com/support.

Reconfigure Check Point SmartCenter Server

This section describes how to reconfigure the Check Point SmartCenter Server. In the Check Point SmartCenter Server, create a host object representing the QRadar system. The leapipe is the connection between the Check Point SmartCenter Server and QRadar.

To reconfigure the Check Point SmartCenter Server: Step 1 To create a host object, open the Check Point SmartDashboard user interface and select Manage > Network Objects > New > Node > Host. Step 2 Type the Name, IP Address, and optional Comment for your host. Step 3 Click OK. Step 4 Select Close. Step 5 To create the OPSEC connection, select Manage > Servers and OPSEC applications > New > OPSEC Application Properties. Step 6 Type the Name and optional Comment. The name you type must be different than the name in Step 2. Step 7 From the Host drop-down menu, select the host object you have created in Step 1. Step 8 From Application Properties, select User Defined as the vendor. Step 9 From Client Entries, select LEA. Step 10 Click Communication to generate a Secure Internal Communication (SIC) certificate and enter an activation key. Step 11 Click OK and then click Close. Step 12 To install the Security Policy on your firewall, select Policy > Install > OK. The configuration is complete. Nortel Threat A QRadar Nortel Threat Protection System (TPS) DSM records all relevant threat **Protection System** and system events using syslog.

Before configuring a Nortel TPS device in QRadar, you must:

- Step 1 Log in to the Nortel TPS user interface.
- Step 2Select Policy & Response > Intrusion Sensor > Detection & Prevention.The Detection & Prevention window is displayed.
- Step 3 Click Edit next to the intrusion policy you want to configure alerting option. The Edit Policy window is displayed.
- Step 4 Click Alerting.

The Alerting window is displayed.

- Step 5 Under Syslog Configuration, select on next to State to enable syslog alerting.
- **Step 6** From the listes, select the facility and priority levels.
- Step 7 Optional. In the Logging Host field, type the IP address of your QRadar system. This configures your QRadar system to be your logging host. Separate multiple hosts with commas.

Step 8 Click Save.

The syslog alerting configuration is saved.

Step 9 Apply the policy to your appropriate detection engines.

Step 10 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel TPS device:

From the Log Source Type list, select the Nortel Threat Protection System (TPS) Intrusion Sensor option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about Nortel TPS, see *http://www.nortel.com/support*.

Nortel VPN Gateway		The IBM Security QRadar Nortel VPN Gateway DSM accetps events using syslog.
		QRadar records all relevant operating system (OS), system control, traffic processing, startup, configuration reload, AAA, and IPsec events. Before configuring a Nortel VPN Gateway device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send syslog events to QRadar.
		To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:
	Step 1	Log in to the Nortel VPN Gateway command-line interface (CLI).
	Step 2	Type the following command:
		/cfg/sys/syslog/add
	Step 3	At the prompt, type the IP address of your QRadar system:
		Enter new syslog host: <ip address=""></ip>
		Where <ip address=""> is the IP address of your QRadar system.</ip>
	Step 4	Apply the configuration:
		apply
	Step 5	View all syslog servers currently added to your system configuration:
		/cfg/sys/syslog/list
	Step 6	You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.
		To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel VPN Gateway device:
		From the Log Source Type list, select the Nortel VPN Gateway option.
		For more information on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> . For more information about the Nortel VPN Gateway, see <i>http://www.nortel.com/support</i> .

63 NOVELL EDIRECTORY

The Novell eDirectory DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts audit events from Novell eDirectory using syslog. Before you begin To use the Novell eDirectory DSM, you must have the following components installed: Novell eDirectory v8.8 with service pack 6 (sp6) Novell iManager v2.7 XDASv2 To configure Novell eDirectory with QRadar, you must: 1 Configure the XDASv2 property file to forward events to QRadar. 2 Load the XDASv2 module on your Linux or Windows Operating System. 3 Configure auditing using Novell iManager. 4 Configure QRadar. Configure XDASv2 to By default, XDASv2 is configured to log events to a file. To forward events from forward events XDASv2 to QRadar, you must edit the xdasconfig.properties and configure the file for syslog forwarding. Audit events must be forwarded by syslog to QRadar, instead of being logged to a file. To configure XDASv2 to forward syslog events: Step 1 Log in to the server hosting Novell eDirectory. **Step 2** Open the following file for editing: • Windows - C:\Novell\NDS\xdasconfig.properties Linux or Solaris etc/opt/novell/configuration/xdasconfig.properties **Step 3** To set the root logger, remove the comment marker (#) from the following line: log4j.rootLogger=debug, S, R

Step 4 To set the appender, remove the comment marker (#) from the following line:

log4j.appender.S=org.apache.log4j.net.SyslogAppender

Step 5 To configure the IP address for the syslog destination, remove the comment marker (#) and edit the following lines:

```
log4j.appender.S.Host=<IP address>
log4j.appender.S.Port=<Port>
```

Where,

<IP address> is the IP address or hostname of QRadar.

<Port> is the port number for the UDP or TCP protocol. The default port for syslog communication is port **514** for QRadar or Event Collectors.

Step 6 To configure the syslog protocol, remove the comment marker (#) and type the protocol (UDP, TCP, or SSL) use in the following line:

log4j.appender.S.Protocol=TCP

The encrypted protocol SSL is not supported by QRadar.

Step 7 To set the severity level for logging events, remove the comment marker (#) from the following line:

log4j.appender.S.Threshold=INFO

The default value of INFO is the correct severity level for events.

Step 8 To set the facility for logging events, remove the comment marker (#) from the following line:

log4j.appender.S.Facility=USER

The default value of USER is the correct facility value for events.

Step 9 To set the facility for logging events, remove the comment marker (#) from the following line:

log4j.appender.R.MaxBackupIndex=10

Step 10 Save the xdas.properties file.

After you configure the syslog properties for XDASv2 events, you are ready to load the XDASv2 module.

Load the XDASv2 Before you can configure events in Novell iManager, you must load the changes you made to the XDASv2 module.

To load the XDASv2 module, select your operating system.

- To load the XDASv2 in Linux, see Load the XDASv2 on a Linux Operating System.
- To load the XDASv2 in Windows, see Load the XDASv2 on a Windows Operating System.

Note: If your Novell eDirectory has Novell Module Authentication Service (NMAS) installed with NMAS auditing enabled, the changes made to XDASv2 modules are loaded automatically. If you have NMAS installed, you should configure event auditing. For information on configuring event auditing, see **Configure event** auditing using Novell iManager.

Load the XDASv2 on a Linux Operating System

- Step 1 Log in to your Linux server hosting Novell eDirectory, as a root user.
- **Step 2** Type the following command:

ndstrace -c "load xdasauditds"

You are now ready to configure event auditing in Novell eDirectory. For more information, see **Configure event auditing using Novell iManager**.

Load the XDASv2 on a Windows Operating System

- **Step 1** Log in to your Windows server hosting Novell eDirectory.
- Step 2 On your desktop, click Start > Run.

The Run window is displayed.

Step 3 Type the following:

C: Novell NDS ndscons.exe

This is the default installation path for the Windows Operating System. If you installed Novell eDirectory to a different directory, then the correct path is required.

Step 4 Click OK.

The Novell Directory Service console displays a list of available modules.

- Step 5 From the Services tab, select xdasauditds.
- Step 6 Click Start.

The xdasauditds service is started for Novell eDirectory.

Step 7 Click Startup.

The Service window is displayed.

- Step 8 In the Startup Type panel, select the Automatic check box.
- Step 9 Click OK.
- Step 10 Close the Novell eDirectory Services window.

You are now ready to configure event auditing in Novell eDirectory. For more information, see **Configure event auditing using Novell iManager**.

Configure event To configure event auditing for XDASv2 in Novell iManager: iManager

- Step 1 Log in to your Novell iManager console user interface.
- **Step 2** From the navigation bar, click **Roles and Tasks**.

- Step 3 In the left-hand navigation, click eDirectory Auditing > Audit Configuration. The Audit Configuration panel is displayed.
- Step 4 In the NPC Server name field, type the name of your NPC Server.
- Step 5 Click OK.

The Audit Configuration for the NPC Server is displayed.

- Step 6 Configure the following parameters:
 - a On the Components panel, select one or both of the following:
 - DS Select this check box to audit XDASv2 events for an eDirectory object.
 - LDAP Select this check box to audit XDASv2 events for a Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) object.
 - **b** On the Log Event's Large Values panel, select one of the following:
 - Log Large Values Select this option to log events that are larger than 768 bytes.
 - **Don't Log Large Values** Select this option to log events less than 768 bytes. If a value exceeds 768 bytes, then the event is truncated.
 - c On the **XDAS Events Configuration**, select the check boxes of the events you want XDAS to capture and forward to QRadar.
 - d Click Apply.
- Step 7 On the XDAS tab, click XDASRoles.

The XDAS Roles Configuration panel is displayed.

- Step 8 Configure the following role parameters:
 - a Select a check box for each object class to support event collection.
 - **b** From the **Available Attribute(s)** list, select any attributes and click the **arrow** to add these to the **Selected Attribute(s)** list.
 - c Click **OK** after you have added the object attributes.
 - d Click Apply.
- Step 9 On the XDAS tab, click XDASAccounts.

The XDAS Accounts Configuration panel is displayed.

- Step 10 Configure the following account parameters:
 - a From the **Available Classes** list, select any classes and click the **arrow** to add these to the **Selected Attribute(s)** list.
 - **b** Click **OK** after you have added the object attributes.
 - c Click Apply.

You are now ready to configure QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically detects syslog events from Novell eDirectory. This
configuration step is optional.

From the Log Source Type list, select Novell eDirectory.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about Novell eDirectory, Novell iManager, or XDASv2, see your vendor documentation.

64 OBSERVEIT

The ObserveIT DSM for IBM Security QRadar can collect Log Enhanced Event Format (LEEF) events from ObserveIT using the log file protocol.

About ObserveIT ObserveIT provides administrators and security professionals the ability to capture and replay video recordings of user interactions with network systems, software, or operating systems.

To integrate ObserveIT with QRadar, you must download and install an interface package from the ObserveIT website. The interface package contains the tools required to monitor the ObserveIT database and write the events to a file in LEEF format. As ObserveIT generates and writes events to a log file, QRadar can poll for the event file and retrieve your ObserveIT event data. QRadar remembers the state of the event file to ensure that duplicate events are not imported the next time QRadar read your event file.

The ObserveIT interface package for QRadar requires the following:

- · Active Perl installed on the ObserveIT web server.
- An osql client and access to the ObservelT database

You can download the ObserveIT interface package (Monitor_Log_QRadar.zip) from the ObserveIT customer support: *support@observeIT.com.*

Supported versions QRadar supports ObserveIT v5.6.x and later.

- Configuring
ObserveITThe following process outlines the steps required to integrate ObserveIT events
with QRadar.
 - 1 Configure the ObserveIT interface package for QRadar on your ObserveIT appliance.
 - 2 Configure a log source to use the log file protocol and download the ObserveIT event log to QRadar.

Configuring the To collect ObserveIT events in QRadar, you must download and configure the ObserveIT interface package.

Procedure

Step 1 Email ObserveIT customer support at *support@observeIT.com* to receive the ObserveIT interface package for QRadar.

Monitor_Log_QRadar.zip

- Step 2 Copy the ObserveIT interface package to the web server hosting ObserveIT.
- Step 3 Extract the interface package to a directory.
- Step 4 From the interface package directory, edit the following file:

Data_Query_v5.bat

- Step 5 In the Data_Query_v5.bat file, edit the osql connection information with the location of the ObserveIT database.
- **Step 6** From the interface package directory, run the Monitor_Log.pl file.

You must be an administrator or have access to write permissions to the following folder: C:\Program Files (x86)\ObserveIT\NotificationService\LogFiles\qradar\.

Step 7 Verify that ObserveIT events are written to the following folder:

C:\Program Files (x86)\ObservelT\NotificationService\LogFiles\qradar\

Step 8 Optional. Add Monitor_Log.pl to the Windows Job Scheduler to ensure the script starts automatically when the host is powered on.

Next Steps

You are now ready to configure a log source for ObserveIT in QRadar.

Configuring a To integrate ObserveIT events, you must manually create a log source in QRadar.

Venusense log source Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select ObservelT.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- **Step 10** Configure the following values:

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use to retrieve log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	• SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the ObserveIT web server that contains your event log files.
Remote Port	Type the port number for the protocol selected to retrieve the event logs from your ObserveIT web server. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
	The options include:
	• FTP - TCP Port 21
	SFTP - TCP Port 22
	SCP - TCP Port 22
	Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, adjust the port value accordingly.
Remote User	Type the user name required to log in to the ObserveIT web server that contains your audit event logs.
	The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password to log in to your ObserveIT web server.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password to log in to your ObserveIT web server
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type , use this parameter to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
	Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.

Table 64-4 Log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.
	The Recursive parameter is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type .
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type , this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All files that match the regular expression are retrieved and processed.
	The FTP file pattern must match the name you assigned to your ObserveIT event log. For example, to collect files that start with ObserveIT_ and end with a timestamp, type the following value:
	ObserveIT_*
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type . From the list, select ASCII .
	ASCII is required for text event logs retrieved by the log file protocol using FTP.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type , type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type a time value to represent the time of day you want the log file protocol to start. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
	For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.
	This parameter functions with the Recurrence parameter value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory on your ObserveIT web server is scanned for new event log files.
Recurrence	Type the frequency that you want to scan the remote directory on your ObserveIT web server for new event log files. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
	For example, type 2H to scan the remote directory every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H and the minimum value is 15M.

 Table 64-4
 Log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save .
	After the save action completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do no want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	From the list, select NONE.
	Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track and ignore files that are already processed.
	QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file is already processed by the log file protocol If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file. Only new or unprocessed event log files are downloaded by QRadar.
	This option only applies to FTP and SFTP service types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on QRadar to store event log files during processing.
	We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory or QRadar to store event log files. After the event log is processed and the events added to QRadar, the local directory deletes the event log files to retain disk space.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.
	The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

 Table 64-4
 Log file protocol parameters (continued)

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration for ObserveIT is complete. As the log file protocol retrieves events, they are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

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65 OPENBSD

The OpenBSD DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

Supported event
typesQRadar records all relevant informational, authentication, and system level events
forwarded from OpenBSD operating systems.

Configure a log
sourceTo integrate OpenBSD events with QRadar, you must manually create a log
source. QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog
events from OpenBSD operating systems.

To create a log source for OpenBSD:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select OpenBSD OS.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog. The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 65-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your OpenBSD appliance.

Step 11 Click Save.

502 OPENBSD

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. You are now ready to configure your OpenBSD appliance to forward syslog events.

Configure syslog for To configure OpenBSD to forward syslog events:

OpenBSD

- Step 1 Using SHH, log in to your OpenBSD device, as a root user.
- Step 2 Open the /etc/syslog.conf file.
- Step 3 Add the following line to the top of the file. Make sure all other lines remain intact:

. @<IP address>

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar.

- Step 4 Save and exit the file.
- Step 5 Send a hang-up signal to the syslog daemon to ensure all changes are applied:

kill -HUP `cat /var/run/syslog.pid`

Note: The command later uses the backquote character ('), which is located to the left of the number one on most keyboard layouts.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar by OpenBSD are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

66 OPEN LDAP

The Open LDAP DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts multiline UDP syslog events from Open LDAP installations configured to log stats events using logging level 256.
Open LDAP events are forwarded to QRadar using port 514, but must be redirected to the port configured in the UDP Multiline protocol. This redirect using iptables is required because QRadar does not support multiline UDP syslog on the standard listen port.
Note: UDP multiline syslog events can be assigned to any port other than port 514. The default port assigned to the UDP Multiline protocol is UDP port 517. If port 517 is used in your network, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Common Ports Technical Note</i> for a list of ports used by QRadar.
QRadar does not automatically discover Open LDAP events forwarded in UDP multiline format. To complete the integration, you must manually create a log source for the UDP Multiline Syslog protocol using the Admin tab in QRadar. Creating the log source allows QRadar to establish a listen port for incoming Open LDAP multiline events.
To configure an Open LDAP log source in QRadar:
Log in to QRadar.
Click the Admin tab.
In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
The Data Sources pane is displayed.
Click the Log Sources icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
Click Add.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
In the Log Source Description field, type a description for your log source.

Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Open LDAP Software.

Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select UDP Multiline Syslog.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 66-1
 UDP Multiline Protocol Configuration

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Open LDAP server.
Listen Port	Type the port number used by QRadar to accept incoming UDP Multiline Syslog events. The valid port range is 1 to 65536.
	The default UDP Multiline Syslog listen port is 517.
	Note: If you do not see the Listen Port field, you must restar Tomcat on QRadar. For more information on installing a protocol manually, see the IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide.
	To edit the Listen Port number:
	 Update IPtables on your QRadar Console or Event Collector with the new UDP Multiline Syslog port number For more information, see Configure IPtables for multiline UDP syslog events.
	2 In the Listen Port field, type the new port number for receiving UDP Multiline Syslog events.
	3 Click Save.
	4 On the Admin tab, select Advanced > Deploy Full Configuration.
	Note: When you click Deploy Full Configuration , QRadar restarts all services, resulting in a gap in data collection for events and flows until the deployment completes.
Message ID Pattern	Type the regular expression (regex) required to filter the event payload messages. All matching events are included when processing Open LDAP events.
	The following regular expression is recommended for Open LDAP events:
	conn=(\d+)
	For example, Open LDAP starts connection messages with the word conn, followed by the rest of the event payload. Us of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expression (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is created for Open LDAP events. You are now ready to configure IPtables for QRadar to redirect Open LDAP events to the proper UDP multiline syslog port on your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Configure IPtables
for multiline UDP
syslog eventsOpen LDAP requires that you redirect events from your Open LDAP servers from
port 514 to another QRadar port for the UDP multiline protocol. You must configure
IPtables on your QRadar Console or for each Event Collectors that receives
multiline UDP syslog events from an Open LDAP server.

To configure QRadar to redirect multiline UDP syslog events:

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to QRadar as the root user.

Login: root

Password: <password>

Step 2 Type the following command to edit the IPtables file:

vi /opt/qradar/conf/iptables-nat.post

The IPtables NAT configuration file is displayed.

Step 3 Type the following command to instruct QRadar to redirect syslog events from UDP port 514 to UDP port 517:

-A PREROUTING -p udp --dport 514 -j REDIRECT --to-port <new-port> -s <IP address>

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your Open LDAP server.

<New port> is the port number configured in the UDP Multiline protocol for Open LDAP.

You must include a redirect for each Open LDAP IP address that sends events to your QRadar Console or Event Collector. For example, if you had three Open LDAP servers communicating to an Event Collect, you would type the following:

```
-A PREROUTING -p udp --dport 514 -j REDIRECT --to-port 517 -s 10.10.10.10
-A PREROUTING -p udp --dport 514 -j REDIRECT --to-port 517 -s 10.10.10.11
-A PREROUTING -p udp --dport 514 -j REDIRECT --to-port 517 -s 10.10.10.12
```

Step 4 Save your IPtables NAT configuration.

You are now ready to configure IPtables on your QRadar Console or Event Collector to accept events from your Open LDAP servers.

Step 5 Type the following command to edit the IPtables file:

vi /opt/qradar/conf/iptables.post

The IPtables configuration file is displayed.

Step 6 Type the following command to instruct QRadar to allow communication from your Open LDAP servers:

```
-I QChain 1 -m udp -p udp --src <IP address> --dport <New port> -j ACCEPT
```

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your Open LDAP server.

<New port> is the port number configured in the UDP Multiline protocol for Open LDAP.

You must include a redirect for each Open LDAP IP address that sends events to your QRadar Console or Event Collector. For example, if you had three Open LDAP servers communicating to an Event Collect, you would type the following:

-I QChain 1 -m udp -p udp --src 10.10.10.10 --dport 517 -j ACCEPT -I QChain 1 -m udp -p udp --src 10.10.10.11 --dport 517 -j ACCEPT -I QChain 1 -m udp -p udp --src 10.10.10.12 --dport 517 -j ACCEPT

Step 7 Type the following command to update IPtables in QRadar:

```
./opt/qradar/bin/iptables_update.pl
```

Step 8 Repeat Step 1 toStep 7 to configure any additional QRadar Consoles or Event Collectors in your deployment that receive syslog events from an Open LDAP server.

You are now ready to configure your Open LDAP server to forward events to QRadar.

Configure event To configure syslog forwarding for Open LDAP:

forwarding for Open LDAP

- Step 1 Log in to the command-line interface for your Open LDAP server.
- **Step 2** Edit the following file:

/etc/syslog.conf

Step 3 Add the following information to the syslog configuration file:

<facility> @<IP address>

Where:

<facility> is the syslog facility, for example local4.

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

For example,

#Logging for SLAPD local4.debug /var/log/messages local4.debug @10.10.10.1

Note: If your Open LDAP server stores event messages in a directory other than /var/log/messages, you must edit the directory path accordingly.

- Step 4 Save the syslog configuration file.
- Step 5 Type the following command to restart the syslog service:

/etc/init.d/syslog restart

The configuration for Open LDAP is complete. UDP multiline events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

67 OPEN SOURCE SNORT

	The Open Source SNORT DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant SNORT events using syslog.
Supported event types	The SourceFire VRT certified rules for registered SNORT users are supported. Rule sets for Bleeding Edge, Emerging Threat, and other vendor rule sets might not be fully supported by the Open Source SNORT DSM.
Before you begin	The below procedure applies to a system operating Red Hat Enterprise. The procedures below can vary for other operating systems.
Configure Open Source SNORT	To configure syslog on an Open Source SNORT device:
Step 1	Configure SNORT on a remote system.
Step 2	Open the snort.conf file.
Step 3	Uncomment the following line:
	output alert_syslog:LOG_AUTH LOG_INFO
Step 4	Save and exit the file.
Step 5	Open the following file:
	/etc/init.d/snortd
Step 6	Add an -s to the following lines, as shown in the example below:
	daemon /usr/sbin/snort \$ALERTMODE \$BINARY_LOG \$NO PACKET_LOG \$DUMP_APP -D \$PRINT_INTERFACE -i \$i -s -u \$USER -g \$GROUP \$CONF -i \$LOGIR/\$i \$PASS_FIRST
	daemon /usr/sbin/snort \$ALERTMODE \$BINARY_LOG \$NO_PACKET_LOG \$DUMP_APP -D \$PRINT_INTERFACE \$INTERFACE -s -u \$USER -g \$GROUP \$CONF -i \$LOGDIR
Step 7	Save and exit the file.
Step 8	Restart SNORT:
	<pre>/etc/init.d/snortd restart</pre>
Step 9	Open the syslog.conf file.

Step 10 Update the file to reflect the following:

auth.info

@<IP Address>

Where <IP Address> is the system to which you want logs sent.

- Step 11 Save and exit the file.
- Step 12 Restart syslog:

/etc/init.d/syslog restart

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates log sources for Open Source SNORT
syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

To create a log source in QRadar:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Open Source IDS.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 67-2
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for your Open Source SNORT events.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

For more information about SNORT, see the SNORT documentation at *http://www.snort.org/docs/*.

68 ORACLE

This section provides information on configuring the following DSMs: Oracle Audit Records Oracle DB Listener Oracle Audit Vault Oracle OS Audit Oracle BEA WebLogic Oracle Acme Packet Session Border Controller **Oracle Fine Grained Auditing Oracle Audit** Oracle databases track auditing events, such as, user login and logouts, Records permission changes, table creation, and deletion and database inserts. IBM Security QRadar can collect these events for correlation and reporting purposes through the use of the Oracle Audit DSM. For more information, see your Oracle documentation. Note: Oracle provides two modes of audit logs. QRadar does not support fine grained auditing. Before you begin Oracle RDBMS is supported on Linux only when using syslog. Microsoft Windows hosts and Linux are supported when using JDBC to view database audit tables. When using a Microsoft Windows host, verify database audit tables are enabled. These procedures should be considered guidelines only. We recommend that you have experience with Oracle DBA before performing the procedures in this document. For more information, see your vendor documentation. Before QRadar can collect Oracle Audit events from an Oracle RDBMS instance. that instance must be configured to write audit records to either syslog or the database audit tables. For complete details and instructions for configuring auditing, see your vendor documentation. Note: Not all versions of Oracle can send audit events using syslog. Oracle v9i and 10g Release 1 can only send audit events to the database. Oracle v10g Release 2 and Oracle v11g can write audit events to the database or to syslog. If

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you are using v10g Release 1 or v9i, you must use JDBC-based events. If you are using Oracle v10g Release 2, you can use syslog or JDBC-based events.

To configure an Oracle Audit device to write audit logs to QRadar, see **Configure Oracle audit logs**. If your system includes a large Oracle audit table (greater than 1 GB), see **Improve performance with large audit tables**.

Configure Oracle To configure the device to write audit logs:

audit logs

- Step 1 Log in to the Oracle host as an Oracle user (This user was used to install Oracle, for example oracle).
- Step 2 Make sure the ORACLE_HOME and ORACLE_SID environment variables are configured properly for your deployment.
- Step 3 Open the following file:

\${ORACLE_HOME}/dbs/init\${ORACLE_SID}.ora

- Step 4 Choose one of the following options:
 - a For database audit trails, type the following command:
 - *.audit trail='DB'
 - **b** For syslog, type the following command:
 - *.audit_trail='os'
 - *.audit_syslog_level='local0.info'

You must make sure the syslog daemon on the Oracle host is configured to forward the audit log to QRadar. For systems running Red Hat Enterprise, the following line in the /etc/syslog.conf file effects the forwarding:

local0.info @qradar.domain.tld

Where **gradar.domain.tld** is the hostname of the QRadar that receives the events. The syslog configuration must be re-loaded for the above command to be recognized. On a system running Red Hat Enterprise, type the following line to reload the syslog configuration:

kill -HUP /var/run/syslogd.pid

- Step 5 Save and exit the file.
- Step 6 To restart the database:
 - a Connect to SQLplus and log in as sysdba:

For example,

Enter user-name: sys as sysdba

b Shut down the database:

shutdown immediate

c Restart the database:

startup

Step 7 If you are using Oracle v9i or Oracle v10g Release 1, you must create a view, using SQLplus to enable the QRadar integration. If you are using Oracle 10g Release 2 or later, you can skip this step:

CREATE VIEW qradar_audit_view AS SELECT CAST(dba_audit_trail.timestamp AS TIMESTAMP) AS qradar_time, dba_audit_trail.* FROM dba_audit_trail;

If you are using the JDBC protocol, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide* for more information on configuring the JDBC protocol. When configuring the JDBC protocol within QRadar, use the following specific parameters:

Parameter Name	Oracle v9i or 10g Release 1 Values	Oracle v10g Release 2 and v11g Values
Table Name	qradar_audit_view	dba_audit_trail
Select List	*	*
Compare Field	qradar_time	extended_timestamp
Database Name	For all supported versions of Oracle, the Database Name must be the exact service name used by the Oracle listener. You can view the available service names by running the following command on the Oracle host: lsnrctl status	

Table 68-1 Configuring Log Source Parameters

Note: Make sure that database user that QRadar uses to query events from the audit log table has the appropriate permissions for the Table Name object.

Step 8 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an Oracle Database:

From the Log Source Type list, select the Oracle RDBMS Audit Record option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Improve performance
with large audit
tablesThe size of the Oracle audit table affects the amount of time that QRadar requires
to process the DBA_AUDIT_TRAIL view. If your sys.sud\$ table is large (close or
exceeding 1 GB), extended processing time is required. To ensure QRadar
processes the large sys.sud\$ table quickly, you must create an index and a new
view.

Note: If auditing is extensive or the database server is very active, you might need to shut down the database to perform the below procedure.

To create an index and a new view:

Step 1 Access the following website to download the required files:

http://www.ibm.com/support

Step 2 From the Software tab, select Scripts.

Step 3 Download the appropriate file for your version of Oracle:

- a If you are using Oracle 9i or 10g Release 1, download the following file: oracle_9i_dba_audit_view.sql
- b If you are using Oracle v10g Release 2 and v11g, download the following file: oracle_alt_dba_audit_view.sql
- Step 4 Copy the downloaded file to a local directory.
- Step 5 Change the directory to the location where you copied the file in Step 4.
- Step 6 Log in to SQLplus and log in as sysdba:

sqlplus / as sysdba

Step 7 At the SQL prompt, type one of the following commands, depending on your version of Oracle Audit:

To create an index, the file might already be in use and must have exclusive access.

- a If you are using Oracle 9i or 10g Release 1, type the following command:
 @oracle_9i_dba_audit_view.sql
- b If you are using Oracle v10g Release 2 and v11g, type the following command:
 @oracle_alt_dba_audit_view.sql
- Step 8 Make sure the database user configured in QRadar has SELECT permissions on the view.

For example if the user is USER1:

grant select on sys.alt_dba_audit_view to USER1;

- Step 9 Log out of SQLplus.
- Step 10 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 11 Update the JDBC protocol configuration for this entry to include the following:
 - Table Name Update the table name from DBA_AUDIT_TRAIL to sys.alt_dba_audit_view.
 - **Compare Field** Update the field from **entended_timestamp** to **ntimestamp**. For more information, see the *Log Sources User Guide*.
- Step 12 Click Save.

The configuration is complete.

Oracle DB Listener The Oracle Database Listener application stores logs on the database server.

To integrate QRadar with Oracle DB Listener, select one of the following methods for event collection:

- Collect events using the Oracle Database Listener Protocol
- Collect Oracle database events using Perl

Collect events using
the Oracle Database
Listener ProtocolThe Oracle Database Listener protocol source allows QRadar to monitor log files
generated from an Oracle Listener database. Before you configure the Oracle
Database Listener protocol to monitor log files for processing, you must obtain the
directory path to the Oracle Listener database log files.

To configure QRadar to monitor log files from Oracle Database Listener:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

- Step 5 From the Log Source Type list, select Oracle Database Listener.
- Step 6 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Oracle Database Listener.
- **Step 7** Configure the following parameters:

Table 68-2 Oracle Database Listener Pa	arameters
--	-----------

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source.
Server Address	Type the IP address of the Oracle Database Listener.
Domain	Type the domain required to access the Oracle Database Listener. This parameter is optional.
Username	Type the username required to access the host running the Oracle Database Listener.
Password	Type the password required to access the host running the Oracle Database Listener.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the Oracle Database Listener.
Log Folder Path	Type the directory path to access the Oracle Database Listener log files.

Parameter	Description
File Pattern	Type the regular expression (regex) required to filter the filenames. All matching files are included in the processing. The default is listener\.log
	This parameter does not accept wildcard or globbing patterns in the regular expression. For example, if you want to list all files starting with the word log, followed by one or more digits and ending with tar.gz, use the following entry: log[0-9]+\.tar\.gz. Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
Force File Read	Select this check box to force the protocol to read the log file when the timing of the polling interval specifies.
	When the check box is selected, the log file source is always examined when the polling interval specifies, regardless of the last modified time or file size attribute.
	When the check box is not selected, the log file source is examined at the polling interval if the last modified time or file size attributes have changed.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to also search sub folders. By default, the check box is selected.
Polling Interval (in seconds)	Type the polling interval, which is the number of seconds between queries to the log files to check for new data. The minimum polling interval is 10 seconds, with a maximum polling interval of 3,600 seconds. The default is 10 seconds.
Throttle Events/Sec	Type the maximum number of events the Oracle Database Listener protocol forwards per second. The minimum value is 100 EPS and the maximum is 20,000 EPS. The default is 100 EPS.

 Table 68-2
 Oracle Database Listener Parameters (continued)

Step 8 Click Save.

Step 9 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration of the Oracle Database Listener protocol is complete. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Collect Oracle
database events
using PerlThe Oracle Database Listener application stores logs on the database server. To
forward these logs from the Oracle server to QRadar, you must configure a Perl
script on the Oracle server. The Perl script monitors the listener log file, combines
any multi-line log entries into a single log entry, and sends the logs, using syslog
(UDP), to QRadar.

Before being sent to QRadar, the logs are processed and re-formatted to ensure the logs are not forwarded line-by-line, as is found in the log file. All of the relevant information is retained. **Note:** Perl scripts written for Oracle DB listener work on Linux/UNIX servers only. Windows Perl script is not supported.

To install and configure the Perl script:

- Step 1 Access the following websites to download the required files: http://www.ibm.com/support
- Step 2 From the Software tab, select Scripts.
- Step 3 Download the script to forward Oracle DB Listener events.

oracle_dblistener_fwdr.pl.gz

Step 4 Extract the file:

gzip -d oracle_dblistener_fwdr.pl.gz

Step 5 Copy the Perl script to the server that hosts the Oracle server.

Note: Perl 5.8 must be installed on the device that hosts the Oracle server.

- Step 6 Log in to the Oracle server using an account that has read/write permissions for the listener.log file and the /var/run directory.
- Step 7 Type the following command and include any additional command parameters to start the Oracle DB Listener script:

```
oracle_dblistener_fwdr.pl -h <IP address> -t "tail -F
listener.log"
```

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

 Table 68-3
 Command Parameters

Parameters	Description
-D	The -D parameter defines that the script is to run in the foreground.
	Default is to run as a daemon and log all internal messages to the local syslog service.
-t	The -t parameter defines that the command-line is used to tail the log file (monitors any new output from the listener). The log file might be different across versions of the Oracle database; some examples are provided below:
	Oracle 9i: <install_directory>/product/9.2/network/log /listener.log</install_directory>
	Oracle 10g: <install_directory>/product/10.2.0/db_1/network/log /listener.log</install_directory>
	Oracle 11g: <install_directory>/diag/tnslsnr/qaoracle11/listener /trace/listener.log</install_directory>
-f	The -f parameter defines the syslog facility.priority to be included at the beginning of the log.
	If nothing is specified, user.info is used.

Parameters	Description
-H	The -H parameter defines the host name or IP address for the syslog header. It is recommended that this be the IP address of the Oracle server on which the script is running.
-h	The -h parameter defines the receiving syslog host (the Event Collector host name or IP address being used to receive the logs).
-р	The -p parameter defines the receiving UDP syslog port.
	If a port is not specified, 514 is used.
-r	The -r parameter defines the directory name where you wish to create the .pid file. The default is /var/run. This parameter is ignored if -D is specified.
-1	The -I parameter defines the directory name where you wish to create the lock file. The default is /var/lock. This parameter is ignored if -D is specified.

 Table 68-3
 Command Parameters (continued)

For example, to monitor the listener log on an Oracle 9i server with an IP address of 182.168.12.44 and forward events to QRadar with the IP address of 192.168.1.100, type the following:

```
oracle_dblistener_fwdr.pl -t "tail -f
<install_directory>/product/9.2/network/log/listener.log"
-f user.info -H 192.168.12.44 -h 192.168.1.100 -p 514
```

A sample log from this setup would appear as follows:

<14>Apr 14 13:23:37 192.168.12.44 AgentDevice=OracleDBListener Command=SERVICE_UPDATE DeviceTime=18-AUG-2006 16:51:43 Status=0 SID=qora9

Note: The kill command can be used to terminate the script if you need to reconfigure a script parameter or stop the script from sending events to QRadar. For example, kill -QUIT `cat

/var/run/oracle_dblistener_fwdr.pl.pid`. The example command uses the backquote character (`), which is located to the left of the number one on most keyboard layouts.

You are now ready to configure the Oracle Database Listener within QRadar.

- Step 1 From the Log Source Type list, select Oracle Database Listener.
- Step 2 From the Protocol Configuration list, select syslog.
- Step 3 In the Log Source Identifier field, type the IP address of the Oracle Database you specified using the -H option in Step 7.

The configuration of the Oracle Database Listener protocol is complete. For more information on Oracle Database Listener, see your vendor documentation.

Oracle Audit Vault	The Oracle Audit Vault DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events on Oracle v10.2.3.2 and later using Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) to accesses alerts on the JDBC protocol.
	QRadar records Oracle Audit Vault alerts from the source database and captures events as configured by the Oracle Audit Policy Setting. When events occur, the alerts are stored in avsys.av\$alert_store table. Customized events are created in Oracle Audit Vault by a user with AV_AUDITOR permissions.
	See your vendor documentation about configuration of Audit Policy Settings in Oracle Audit Vault.
	In Oracle Audit Vault, alert names are not mapped to a QRadar Identifier (QID). Using the Map Event function in the QRadar Events interface a normalized or raw event can be mapped to a high-level and low-level category (or QID). Using the Oracle Audit Vault DSM, category mapping can be done by mapping your high or low category alerts directly to an alert name (ALERT_NAME field) in the payload. For information about the Events interface, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Users Guide</i> .
Configure a log source	To configure a QRadar log source to access the Oracle Audit Vault database using the JDBC protocol:
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.
Step 3	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources .
	The Data Sources panel is displayed.
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.
	The Log Sources window is displayed.
Step 5	Click Add.
Step 6	Using the Log Source Type list, select Oracle Audit Vault.
Step 7	Using the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC .
Step 8	Configure the following values:
	a Database Type: Oracle
	b Database Name: <audit database="" name="" vault=""></audit>
	c Table Name: avsys.av\$alert_store
	d Select List: *
	e Compare Field: alert_sequence
	f IP or Hostname: <location audit="" of="" oracle="" server="" vault=""></location>
	g Port: <default port=""></default>
	h Username: <database access="" av_auditor="" having="" role="" username=""></database>

- i Password: Password>
- j Polling Interval: <Default Interval>

Note: Verify the AV_AUDITOR password has been entered correctly before saving the JDBC protocol configuration. Oracle Audit Vault might lock the user account due to repeated failed login attempts. When the AV_AUDITOR account is locked, data in the avsys.av\$alert_store cannot be accessed. In order to unlock this user account, it is necessary to first correct the password entry in the protocol configuration. Then log in to Oracle Audit Vault through the Oracle sqlplus prompt as the avadmindva user to perform an alter user <AV_AUDITOR USER> account unlock command.

- Step 9 Click Save.
- Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

Note: The local time zone conversion-dependent Oracle timestamps are not supported in earlier versions of the JDBC protocol for QRadar so fields AV_ALERT_TIME, ACTUAL_ALERT_TIME, and TIME_CLEARED in the payload only display object identifiers until your JDBC protocol is updated.

Oracle OS Audit The Oracle OS Audit DSM for QRadar allows monitoring of the audit records that are stored in the local operating system file.

When audit event files are created or updated in the local operating system directory, a Perl script detects the change, and forwards the data to QRadar. The Perl script monitors the Audit log file, combines any multi-line log entries into a single log entry to ensure the logs are not forwarded line-by-line, as is found in the log file, then sends the logs using syslog to QRadar. Perl scripts written for Oracle OS Audit work on Linux/UNIX servers only. Windows-based Perl installations are not supported.

To integrate the Oracle OS Audit DSM with QRadar:

Step 1 Access the following websites to download the required files:

http://www.ibm.com/support

- Step 2 From the Software tab, select Scripts.
- Step 3 Download the Oracle OS Audit script:

oracle_osauditlog_fwdr_5.3.tar.gz

Step 4 Type the following command to extract the file:

tar -zxvf oracle_osauditlog_fwdr_5.3.tar.gz

Step 5 Copy the Perl script to the server that hosts the Oracle server.

Note: Perl 5.8 must be installed on the device that hosts the Oracle server. If you do not have Perl 5.8 installed, you might be prompted that library files are missing when you attempt to start the Oracle OS Audit script. We recommend you verify you have installed Perl 5.8 before you continue.

- Step 6 Log in to the Oracle host as an Oracle user that has SYS or root privilege.
- Step 7 Make sure the ORACLE_HOME and ORACLE_SID environment variables are configured properly for your deployment.
- Step 8 Open the following file:

\${ORACLE_HOME}/dbs/init\${ORACLE_SID}.ora

Step 9 For syslog, add the following lines to the file:

```
*.audit_trail='os'
*.audit_syslog_level='local0.info'
```

Step 10 Verify account has read/write permissions for the following directories:

/var/lock/ /var/run/

- Step 11 Restart the Oracle database instance.
- Step 12 Start the OS Audit DSM script:

```
oracle_osauditlog_fwdr_5.3.pl -t target_host -d logs_directory
```

 Table 68-4
 Oracle OS Audit Command Parameters

Parameters	Description
-t	The -t parameter defines the remote host that receives the audit log files.
-d	The -d parameter defines directory location of the DDL and DML log files.
	Note: The directory location you specify should be the absolute path from the root directory.
-H	The -H parameter defines the host name or IP address for the syslog header. We recommend that this be the IP address of the Oracle server on which the script is running.
-D	The -D parameter defines that the script is to run in the foreground.
	Default is to run as a daemon (in the background) and log all internal messages to the local syslog service.
-n	The -n parameter processes new logs, and monitors existing log files for changes to be processed.
	If the -n option string is absent all existing log files are processed during script execution.
-u	The -u parameter defines UDP.
-f	The -f parameter defines the syslog facility.priority to be included at the beginning of the log.
	If you do not type a value, user.info is used.
-r	The -r parameter defines the directory name where you want to create the .pid file. The default is /var/run. This parameter is ignored if -D is specified.

	Parameters	Description
	-1	The -I parameter defines the directory name where you want to create the lock file. The default is /var/lock. This parameter is ignored if -D is specified.
	-h	The -t parameter displays the help message.
	-V	The -v parameter displays the version information for the script.
	•	your Oracle server you must restart the script: uditlog_fwdr.pl -t target_host -d logs_directory
	You are now	ready to configure the log sources within QRadar.
Step 1	From the Log	g Source Type list, select Oracle RDBMS OS Audit Record.
Step 2	From the Pro	otocol Configuration list. select syslog.
-	From the Log option in Ste	g Source Identifier field type the address specified using the –H p 12 . For more information on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM</i> adar Log Sources User Guide.
	For more info documentatio	ormation about your Oracle Audit Record, see your vendor on.
Oracle BEA WebLogic		EA WebLogic DSM allows QRadar to retrieve archived server logs s from any remote host, such as your Oracle BEA WebLogic server.
	WebLogic se	the log file protocol to retrieve events from your Oracle BEA rver and provide information on application events that occur in your a single server.
	To integrate (Oracle BEA WebLogic events, you must:
1	•	ng on your Oracle BEA WebLogic server.
2		main logging on your Oracle BEA WebLogic server.
	0	plication logging on your Oracle BEA WebLogic server.
	•	audit provider for Oracle BEA WebLogic.
	•	Radar to retrieve log files from Oracle BEA WebLogic.
Enable event logs	By default, O	racle BEA WebLogic does not enable event logging.
	To enable ev	ent logging on your Oracle WebLogic console:
Step 1	Log in to you	r Oracle WebLogic console user interface.
Step 2	Select Doma	in > Configuration > General.
Step 3	Click Advand	ced.
Step 4	From the Co	nfiguration Audit Type list, select Change Log and Audit.
	IBM S	Security QRadar DSM Configuration Guide

 Table 68-4
 Oracle OS Audit Command Parameters (continued)

Step 5 Click Save.

You are now ready to configure the collection of domain logs for Oracle BEA WebLogic.

Configure domain logging Oracle BEA WebLogic supports multiple instances. Event messages from instances are collected in a single domain-wide log for the Oracle BEA WebLogic server.

To configure the log file for the domain:

- Step 1 From your Oracle WebLogic console, select **Domain > Configuration > Logging**.
- Step 2 From the Log file name parameter, type the directory path and file name for the domain log. For example, OracleDomain.log.
- Step 3 Optional. Configure any additional domain log file rotation parameters.
- Step 4 Click Save.

You are now ready to configure application logging for the server.

Configure application To configure application logging for Oracle BEA WebLogic:

logging

- Step 1 From your Oracle WebLogic console, select Server > Logging > General.
- Step 2 From the Log file name parameter, type the directory path and file name for the application log. For example, OracleDomain.log.
- Step 3 Optional. Configure any additional application log file rotation parameters.
- Step 4 Click Save.

You are now ready to configure an audit provider for Oracle BEA WebLogic.

Configure an audit To configure an audit provider:

provider

Step 1 Select Security Realms > Realm Name > Providers > Auditing.

- Step 2 Click New.
- **Step 3** Configure an audit provider:
 - a Type a name for the audit provider you are creating.
 - **b** From the **Type** list, select **DefaultAuditor**.
 - c Click OK.

The Settings window is displayed.

- **Step 4** Click the auditing provider you created in **Step 3**.
- Step 5 Click the Provider Specific tab.
- Step 6 Configure the following parameters:
 - a Add any Active Context Handler Enteries required.

- **b** From the **Severity** list, select **INFORMATION**.
- c Click Save.

You are now ready to configure QRadar to pull log files from Oracle BEA WebLogic.

Configure a log To configure QRadar to retrieve log files from Oracle BEA WebLogic:

source

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**. The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

- Step 5 From the Log Source Type list, select Oracle BEA WebLogic.
- Step 6 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 7 Configure the following parameters:

Table 68-5 Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
	•
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source. This value must match the value configured in the Remote Host IP or Hostname parameter.
	The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Service Type	From the list, select the File Transfer Protocol (FTP) you want to use for retrieving files. The options are: SSH File Transfer Protocol (SFTP), File Transfer Protocol (FTP), or Secure Copy (SCP). The default is SFTP.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the host from which you want to receive files.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. If you configure the Service Type as FTP, the default is 21. If you configure the Service Type as SFTP or SCP, the default is 22.
	The valid range is 1 to 65535.
Remote User	Type the username necessary to log in to the host running the selected Service Type.
	The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host running the selected Service Type.
Confirm Password	Confirm the Remote Password to log in to the host running the selected Service Type.

Parameter	Description
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. Also, when you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password option is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to also search sub folders. The Recursive parameter is not used if you configure SCP as the Service Type. By default, the check box is clear.
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.
	For example, if you want to list all files starting with the word server, followed by one or more digits and ending with .log use the following entry: server[0-9]+\.log. Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex) For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only appears if you select FTP as the Service Type. The FTP Transfer Mode parameter allows you to define the file transfer mode when retrieving log files over FTP.
	From the list, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source:
	 Binary - Select a binary FTP transfer mode for log sources that require binary data files or compressed .zip, .gzip, .tar or .tar.gz archive files.
	 ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCI FTP file transfer. You must select NONE for the Processo parameter and LINEBYLINE the Event Generator parameter when using ASCII as the FTP Transfer Mode.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
	For example, type 2H if you want the directory to be scanned every 2 hours. The default is 1H.

 Table 68-5
 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save. After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File(s) parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	If the files located on the remote host are stored in a .zip, .gzip, .tar, or .tar.gz archive format, select the processor that allows the archives to be expanded and contents processed.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track files that have already been processed and you do not want the files to be processed a second time. This only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define the local directory on your QRadar system that you want to use for storing downloaded files during processing. We recommend that you leave the check box clear. When the check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select Oracle BEA WebLogic .

Table 68-5 Log File Parameters (continued)

Step 8 Click Save.

Step 9 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Oracle Acme Packet Session Border Controller	You can use IBM Security QRadar to collect events from Oracle Acme Packet Session Border Controller (SBC) installations in your network.
Configuration overview	The Oracle Acme Packet SBC installations generate events from syslog and SNMP traps. SNMP trap events are converted to syslog and all events are forwarded to to QRadar over syslog. QRadar does not automatically discover syslog events that are forwarded from Oracle Communications SBC. QRadar supports syslog events from Oracle Acme Packet SBC V6.2 and later.
	To collect Oracle Acme Packet SBC events, you must complete the following tasks:
1	On your QRadar system, configure a log source with the Oracle Acme Packet Session Border Controller DSM.
2	On your Oracle Acme Packet SBC installation, enable SNMP and configure the destination IP address for syslog events.
3	On your Oracle Acme Packet SBC installation, enable syslog settings on the media-manager object.
4	Restart your Oracle Acme Packet SBC installation.
5	Optional. Ensure that no firewall rules block syslog communication between your Oracle Acme Packet SBC installation and the QRadar Console or managed host that collects syslog events.
Supported Oracle Acme Packet event	The Oracle Acme Packet SBC DSM for QRadar can collect syslog events from authorization and the system monitor event categories.
types that are logged by QRadar	Each event category can contain low-level events that describe the action that is taken within the event category. For example, authorization events can have

low-level categories of a login success or login failed.

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Configuring an
Oracle Acme PacketTo collect syslog events from Oracle Acme Packet SBC, you must configure a log
source in QRadar. Oracle Acme Packet SBC syslog events do not automatically
discover in QRadar.SBC log sourcediscover in QRadar.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 Optional. In the Log Source Description field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Oracle Acme Packet SBC.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 68-6 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name as an identifier for events from your Oracle Acme Packet SBC installation.
	The log source identifier must be unique value.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	Select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	Select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.

Parameter	Description
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.

 Table 68-6
 Syslog protocol parameters (continued)

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

What's next

You are now ready to configure your Oracle Acme Packet SBC installation.

Configuring SNMP to
syslog conversion on
Oracle Acme PacketTo collect events in a format compatible with QRadar, you must enable SNMP to
syslog conversion and configure a syslog destination.

Procedure

SBC

- Step 1 Using SSH, log in to the command-line interface of your Oracle Acme Packet SBC installation as an administrator.
- **Step 2** Type the following command to start the configuration mode:

config t

Step 3 Type the following commands to start the system configuration:

```
(configure) # system
(system) #
(system) # system-config
(system-config) # sel
```

The sel command is required to select a single-instance of the system configuration object.

Step 4 Type the following commands to configure your QRadar system as a syslog destination:

```
(system-config) # syslog-servers
(syslog-config) # address <QRadar IP address>
(syslog-config) # done
```

Step 5 Type the following commands to enable SNMP traps and syslog conversion for SNMP trap notifications:

```
(system-config)# enable-snmp-auth-traps enabled
(system-config)# enable-snmp-syslog-notify enabled
(system-config)# enable-snmp-monitor-traps enabled
(system-config)# ids-syslog-facility 4
(system-config)# done
```

Step 6 Type the following commands to return to configuration mode:

(system-config)# exit
(system)# exit
(configure)#

Enabling syslog settings on the media manager object

The media-manager object configuration enables syslog notifications when the Intrusion Detection System (IDS) completes an action on an IP address. The available action for the event might be dependent on your firmware version.

Procedure

Step 1 Type the following command to list the firmware version for your Oracle Acme Packet SBC installation:

(configure) # show ver

ACME Net-Net OSVM Firmware SCZ 6.3.9 MR-2 Patch 2 (Build 465) Build Date=03/13/13

The underlined text is the major and minor version number for the firmware.

Step 2 Type the following commands to configure the media-manager object:

```
(configure) # media-manager
(media-manager) #
(media-manager) # media-manager
(media-manager) # sel
(media-manager-config) #
```

The sel command is required to select a single-instance of the media-manager object.

Step 3 Type the following command to enable syslog messages when an IP is demoted by the IDS system to the denied queue.

(media-manager-config) # syslog-on-demote-to-deny enabled

Step 4 For firmware version C6.3.0 and later, type the following command to enable syslog message when sessions are rejected.

(media-manager-config)# syslog-on-call-reject enabled

Step 5 For firmware version C6.4.0 and later, type the following command to enable syslog messages when an IP is demoted to the untrusted queue

(media-manager-config) # syslog-on-demote-to-untrusted enabled

Step 6 Type the following commands to return to configuration mode:

```
(media-manager-config) # done
(media-manager-config) # exit
(media-manager) # exit
(configure) # exit
```

Step 7 Type the following commands to save and activate the configuration:

save
Save complete
activate

Step 8 Type reboot to restart your Oracle Acme Packet SBC installation. After the system restarts, events are forwarded to QRadar and displayed on the Log Activity tab. Oracle Fine The Oracle Fine Grained Auditing DSM can poll for database audit events from Grained Auditing Oracle 9i and later by using the Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) protocol. Configuration To collect events, administrators must enable fine grained auditing on their Oracle databases. Fine grained auditing provides events on select, update, delete, and overview insert actions that occur in the source database and the records the data changed. The database table dba fga audit trail is updated with a new row each time a change occurs on a database table where the administrator enabled an audit policy. To configure Oracle fine grained auditing, administators can complete the following tasks: 1 Configure on audit on any tables that require policy monitoring in the Oracle database. 2 Configure a log source for the Oracle Fine Grained Auditing DSM to poll the Oracle database for events. 3 Verify that the events polled are collected and displayed on the Log Activity tab of QRadar. After the database administrator has configured database polocies, a log source Configure a log source can be configured to access the Oracle database with the JDBC protocol. Procedure Step 1 Log in to QRadar. Step 2 Click the Admin tab. Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**. Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon. Step 5 Click Add. Step 6 Using the Log Source Type list, select Oracle Fine Grained Auditing. Step 7 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC. Step 8 Configure the following values:

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the log source identifier in the following format:
	<pre><database>@<hostname> Or</hostname></database></pre>
	<database>@<hostname></hostname></database>
	Where:
	is the name of the table or view of the database containing the event records. This parameter is optional. If you include the table name, you must include a pipe () character and the table name must match the Table Name parameter.
	<database> is the database name, as defined in the Database Name parameter. The database name is a required parameter.</database>
	<hostname> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as defined in the IP or Hostname parameter. The hostname is a required parameter.</hostname>
	The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Database Type	Select MSDE as the database type.
Database Name	Type the name of the database to which you want to connect.
	The table name can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The table name can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the database.
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default that is displayed depends on the selected Database Type. The valid range is 0 to 65536.
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the database. The database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.
	The default port number for all options include:
	• DB2 - 50000
	• MSDE - 1433
	• Oracle - 1521
	Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.
Username	Type the database username.
	The username can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The username can also include underscores (_).
Password	Type the database password.
	The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password to access the database.

 Table 68-7
 Oracle Fine Grained Auditing JDBC parameters

Parameter	Description
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Authentication Domain field is displayed. If your network is configured to validate users with domain credentials, you must define a Windows Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.
	The authentication domain must contain alphanumeric characters The domain can include the following special characters: underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Database Instance	If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Database Instance field is displayed.
	Type the type the instance to which you want to connect, if you have multiple SQL server instances on one server.
	Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.
Predefined Query	From the list, select None .
Table Name	Type dba_fga_audit_trail as the name of the table that includes the event records. If you change the value of this field from the default, events cannot be properly collected by the JDBC protocol.
Select List	Type * to include all fields from the table or view.
	You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters ir length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type extended_timestamp to identify new events added between queries to the table by their timestamp.
Use Prepared	Select the Use Prepared Statements check box.
Statements	Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.
	Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Start Date and Time	Optional. Configure the start date and time for database polling.

 Table 68-7
 Oracle Fine Grained Auditing JDBC parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval in seconds, which is the amount of time between queries to the database table. The default polling interval is 30 seconds.
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values without an H or M designator poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Use Named Pipe Communication	If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Use Named Pipe Communications check box is displayed. By default, this check box is clear.
	Select this check box to use an alternative method to a TCP/IP port connection.
	When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.
Use NTLMv2	If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Use NTLMv2 check box is displayed.
	Select the Use NTLMv2 check box to force MSDE connections to use the NTLMv2 protocol when communicating with SQL servers that require NTLMv2 authentication. The default value of the check box is selected.
	If the Use NTLMv2 check box is selected, it has no effect on MSDE connections to SQL servers that do not require NTLMv2 authentication.
Use SSL	Select this check box if your connection supports SSL communication. This option requires additional configuration on your SharePoint database and also requires administrators to configure certificates on both appliances.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.

 Table 68-7
 Oracle Fine Grained Auditing JDBC parameters (continued)

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The OSSEC DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events forwarded from OSSEC installations using syslog.

OSSEC is an open source Host-based Intrusion Detection System (HIDS) that can provide intrusion events to QRadar. If you have OSSEC agents installed, you must configure syslog on the OSSEC management server. If you have local or stand-alone installations of OSSEC, then you must configure syslog on each stand-alone OSSEC to forward syslog events to QRadar.

- **Configure OSSEC** To configure syslog for OSSEC on a stand-alone installation or management server:
 - Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your OSSEC device.
 - Step 2 Edit the OSSEC configuration file ossec.conf.

<installation directory>/ossec/etc/ossec.conf

Step 3 Add the following syslog configuration.

The syslog configuration should be added after the alerts entry and before the localfile entry.

</alerts>

```
<syslog_output>
<server>(QRadar IP Address)</server>
<port>514</port>
</syslog_output>
<localfile>
```

For example,

```
<syslog_output>
<server>10.100.100.2</server>
<port>514</port>
</syslog output>
```

- Step 4 Save the OSSEC configuration file.
- Step 5 Type the following command to enable the syslog daemon:

<installation directory>/ossec/bin/ossec-control enable
client-syslog

534 OSSEC

Step 6 Type the following command to restart the syslog daemon:

<installation directory>/ossec/bin/ossec-control restart

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as OSSEC events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by OSSEC are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from OSSEC. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for OSSEC:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select OSSEC.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 69-8 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your OSSEC installation.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes. The configuration is complete.

70 PIREAN ACCESS: ONE

	The Pirean Access: One DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects events by polling the DB2 audit database for access management and authentication events.
Supported versions	QRadar supports Pirean Access: One software installations at v2.2 that use a DB2 v9.7 database to store access management and authentication events.
Before you begin	Before you configure QRadar to integrate with Pirean Access: One, you can create a database user account and password for QRadar. Creating a QRadar account is not required, but is beneficial as it allows you to secure your access management and authentication event table data for the QRadar user. Your QRadar user must have read permissions for the database table that contains your events. The JDBC protocol allows QRadar to log in and poll for events from the database based on the timestamp to ensure the latest data is retrieved.
	Note: Ensure that no firewall rules block communication between your Pirean Access: One installation and the QRadar Console or managed host responsible for event polling with JDBC.
Configuring a log source	To collect events, you must configure a log source in QRadar to poll your Access: One installation database with the JDBC protocol.
	Procedure
Step 1	Click the Admin tab.
Step 2	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources .
Step 3	Click the Log Sources icon.
Step 4	Click Add.
Step 5	In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
Step 6	In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
Step 7	From the Log Source Type list, select Pirean Access: One.
Step 8	Using the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC .
Step 9	Configure the following values:

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. The log source identifier must be defined in the following format:
	<pre><database>@<hostname></hostname></database></pre>
	Where:
	<database> is the database name, as defined in the Database Name parameter. The database name is a required parameter.</database>
	<hostname> is the hostname or IP address for the log source as defined in the IP or Hostname parameter. The hostname is a required parameter.</hostname>
	The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Database Type	From the list, select DB2 as the type of database to use for the event source.
Database Name	Type the name of the database to which you want to connect. The default database name is LOGINAUD .
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the database server.
Port	Type the TCP port number used by the audit database DB2 instance.
	Your DB2 administrator can provide you with the TCP port required for this field.
Username	Type a username that has access to the DB2 database server and audit table.
	The username can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The username can also include underscores (_).
Password	Type the database password.
	The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password to access the database.
Table Name	Type AUDITDATA as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.
	The table name can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The table name can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Select List	Type * to include all fields from the table or view.
	You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).

 Table 70-9
 Pirean Access: One log source parameters

Parameter	Description
Compare Field	Type TIMESTAMP to identify new events added between queries to the table.
	The compare field can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Use Prepared Statements	Select this check box to use prepared statements, which allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.
	Clear this check box to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Start Date and Time	Optional. Configure the start date and time for database polling.
	The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values without an H or M designator poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the Pirean Access: One log source.

 Table 70-9
 Pirean Access: One log source parameters (continued)

Step 10 Click Save.

Step 11 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete. Access management and authentication events for Pirean Access: One are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

71 POSTFIX MAIL TRANSFER AGENT

IBM Security QRadar can collect and categorize syslog mail events from PostFix Mail Transfer Agents (MTA) installed in your network.

Configuration
overviewTo collect syslog events, you must configure PostFix MTA installation to forward
syslog events to QRadar. QRadar does not automatically discover syslog events
that are forwarded from PostFix MTA installations as they are multiline events.
QRadar supports syslog events from PostFix MTA V2.6.6.

To configure PostFix MTA, complete the following tasks:

- 1 On your PostFix MTA system, configure syslog.conf to forward mail events to QRadar.
- 2 On your QRadar system, create a log source for PostFix MTA to use the UDP multiline syslog protocol.
- **3** On your QRadar system, configure iptables to redirect events to the port defined for UDP multiline syslog events.
- 4 On your QRadar system, verify that your PostFix MTA events are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

If you have multiple PostFix MTA installations where events go to different QRadar systems, you must configure a log source and IPtables for each QRadar system that receives PostFix MTA multiline UDP syslog events.

Configuring syslogTo collect events, you must configure syslog on your PostFix MTA installation to
for PostFix Mailfor PostFix MailForward mail events to QRadar.Transfer Agent

Procedure

- Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your PostFix MTA installation as a root user.
- Step 2 Edit the following file:

/etc/syslog.conf

Step 3 To forward all mail events, type the following command to change -/var/log/maillog/ to an IP address. Make sure all other lines remain intact:

mail.* @<IP address>

Where <IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar Console, Event Processor, or Event Collecor, or all-in-one system.

- Step 4 Save and exit the file.
- **Step 5** Restart your syslog daemon to save the changes.

Configuring a To collect syslog events, you must configure a log source for PostFix MTA to use the UDP Multiline Syslog protocol.

source Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 5 From the Log Source Type list, select PostFix Mail Transfer Agent.
- Step 6 From the Protocol Configuration list, select UDP Multiline Syslog.
- Step 7 Configure the following values:

Table 71-10 PostFix MTA log source parameters

Demonster	Description	
Parameter	Description	
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, host name, or name to identify your PostFix MTA installation.	
Listen Port	Type 517 as the port number used by QRadar to accept incoming UDP Multiline Syslog events. The valid port range is 1 to 65535.	
	To edit a saved configuration to use a new port number:	
	 In the Listen Port field, type the new port number for receiving UDP Multiline Syslog events. 	
	2 Click Save.	
	3 On the Admin tab, select Advanced > Deploy Full Configuration.	
	After the full deploy completes, QRadar is capable of receiving events on the updated listen port.	
	Note: When you click Deploy Full Configuration , QRadar restarts all services, which results in a gap in data collection for events and flows until the deployment completes.	
Message ID Pattern	Type the following regular expression (regex) required to filter the event payload messages.	
postfix/.*?[\[]	\\d+[\]](?: :)([A-Z0-9]{8,10})	
Enabled	Select this check box to enable or disable the log source.	

Parameter	Description
Credibility	Select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	Select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit a existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Payload Encoding	Select the character encoding required to parse the event logs.
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store ever payload information.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit at existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Log Source Language	Select the language of the events generated by PostFix MTA.

 Table 71-10
 PostFix MTA log source parameters (continued)

Configure IPtables
for multiline UDP
syslog eventsTo collect events, you must redirect events from the standard PostFix MTA port to
port 517 for the UDP multiline protocol.

Procedure

- Step 1 Using SSH, log in to QRadar as the root user.
- **Step 2** To edit the IPtables file, type the following command:
 - vi /opt/qradar/conf/iptables-nat.post
- Step 3 To instruct QRadar to redirect syslog events from UDP port 514 to UDP port 517, type the following command:

-A PREROUTING -p udp --dport 514 -j REDIRECT --to-port <new-port> -s <IP address> Where:

Step 9 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

<IP address> is the IP address of your PostFix MTA installation.

<New port> is the port number configured in the UDP Multiline protocol for PostFix MTA.

For example, if you had three PostFix MTA installations that communicate to QRadar, you can type the following:

-A PREROUTING -p udp --dport 514 -j REDIRECT --to-port 517 -s 10.10.10.10 -A PREROUTING -p udp --dport 514 -j REDIRECT --to-port 517 -s 10.10.10.11 -A PREROUTING -p udp --dport 514 -j REDIRECT --to-port 517 -s 10.10.10.12

Step 4 Save your IPtables NAT configuration.

You are now ready to configure IPtables on your QRadar Console or Event Collector to accept events from your PostFix MTA installation.

Step 5 Type the following command to edit the IPtables file:

vi /opt/qradar/conf/iptables.post

Step 6 Type the following command to instruct QRadar to allow communication from your PostFix MTA installations:

-I QChain 1 -m udp -p udp --src <IP address> --dport <New port> -j ACCEPT

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your PostFix MTA installation.

<New port> is the port number configured in the UDP Multiline protocol.

For example, if you had three PostFix MTA installations communicating to an Event Collector, you can type the following:

-I QChain 1 -m udp -p udp --src 10.10.10.10 --dport 517 -j ACCEPT -I QChain 1 -m udp -p udp --src 10.10.10.11 --dport 517 -j ACCEPT -I QChain 1 -m udp -p udp --src 10.10.10.12 --dport 517 -j ACCEPT

Step 7 To save the changes and update IPtables, type the following command:

./opt/qradar/bin/iptables_update.pl

72 PROFTPd

IBM Security QRadar can collect events from a ProFTP server through syslog.

By default, ProFTPd logs authentication related messages to the local syslog using the auth (or authpriv) facility. All other logging is done using the daemon facility. To log ProFTPd messages to QRadar, use the SyslogFacility directive to change the default facility.

- **Configure ProFTPd** To configure syslog on a ProFTPd device:
 - Step 1 Open the /etc/proftd.conf file.
 - **Step 2** Below the LogFormat directives add the following:

SyslogFacility <facility>

Where <facility> is one of the following options: AUTH (or AUTHPRIV), CRON, DAEMON, KERN, LPR, MAIL, NEWS, USER, UUCP, LOCAL0, LOCAL1, LOCAL2, LOCAL3, LOCAL4, LOCAL5, LOCAL6, or LOCAL7.

- Step 3 Save the file and exit.
- Step 4 Open the /etc/syslog.conf file
- Step 5 Add the following line at the end of the file:

<facility> @<QRadar host>

Where:

<facility> matches the facility chosen in Step 2. The facility must be typed in lower case.

<QRadar host> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 6 Restart syslog and ProFTPd:

/etc/init.d/syslog restart

/etc/init.d/proftpd restart

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log	QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
source	ProFTPd. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for ProFTPd:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select ProFTPd Server.
- **Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 72-11
 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your ProFTPd installation.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

73 PROOFPOINT ENTERPRISE PROTECTION AND ENTERPRISE PRIVACY

IBM Security QRadar can collect and categorize syslog events from Proofpoint Enterprise Protection and Enterprise Privacy systems that are installed within your network.

The following events types are supported for Proofpoint installations:

- · System events for Proofpoint Enterprise Protection
- Email security threat classification events for Proofpoint Enterprise Protection
- System events for Proofpoint Enterprise Privacy
- Email audit and encryption events for Proofpoint Enterprise Privacy

Configuration overview To collect syslog events, administrators must configure the Proofpoint appliance to forward syslog events. QRadar does not automatically discover syslog events that are forwarded from Proofpoint installations. QRadar supports syslog events from Proofpoint Enterprise Protection or Proofpoint Enterprise Privacy installations that use software version 7.0.2, 7.1, or 7.2.

To collect events from Proofpoint Enterprise, administrators must complete the following tasks:

- 1 On your Proofpoint system, configure the log settings to forward syslog events.
- 2 On your QRadar system, create a log source for Proofpoint Enterprise.

Configuring syslog
for ProofpointTo collect events, you must configure syslog on your Proofpoint installation to
forward syslog events.Enterprise

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the Proofpoint Enterprise interface.
- Step 2 Click Logs and Reports.
- Step 3 Click Log Settings.
- Step 4 From the Remote Log Settings pane, configure the following options to enable syslog communication:
 - a Select **Syslog** as the communication protocol.
 - **b** Type the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

- c In the **Port** field, type **514** as the port number for syslog communication.
- d From the Syslog Filter Enable list, select On.
- e From the Facility list, select local1.
- f From the Level list, select Information.
- g From the Syslog MTA Enable list, select On.
- Step 5 Click Save.

Configuring a
Proofpoint logTo collect syslog events, you must configure a log source for Proofpoint Enterprise
because the DSM does not support automatic discovery.

source Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Proofpoint Enterprise Protection/Enterprise Privacy.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 8 Configure the following values:

Table 73-12	Proofpoint	Enterprise lo	g source	parameters
-------------	------------	---------------	----------	------------

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, host name, or name to identify your Proofpoint Enterprise appliance.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source.
Credibility	Select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	Select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Payload Encoding	Select the character encoding that is required to parse the event logs.

Parameter	Description
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Log Source Language	Select the language of the events that are generated by the Proofpoint Enterprise appliance.

 Table 73-12
 Proofpoint Enterprise log source parameters (continued)

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

74 RADWARE DEFENSEPRO

The Radware DefensePro DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog. Event traps can also be mirrored to a syslog server.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Radware DefensePro device, you must configure your Radware DefensePro device to forward syslog events to QRadar. You must configure the appropriate information using the **Device > Trap** and **SMTP option**.

Any traps generated by the Radware device are mirrored to the specified syslog server. The current Radware Syslog server enables you to define the status and the event log server address.

You can also define additional notification criteria, such as Facility and Severity, which are expressed by numerical values:

- Facility is a user-defined value indicating the type of device used by the sender. This criteria is applied when the device sends syslog messages. The default value is 21, meaning **Local Use 6**.
- Severity indicates the importance or impact of the reported event. The Severity is determined dynamically by the device for each message sent.

In the Security Settings window, you must enable security reporting using the connect and protect/security settings. You must enable security reports to syslog and configure the severity (syslog risk).

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Radware DefensePro. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Radware DefensePro:

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Radware DefensePro.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 74-13Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Radware DefensePro installation.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

75 RAZ-LEE ISECURITY

	IBM Security QRadar that can collect and parse syslog events forwarded from Raz-Lee iSecurity installations on IBM iSeries® infrastructure.	
Supported versions	QRadar supports events from Raz-Lee iSecurity installations with Firewall v15.7 and Audit v11.7.	
Supported event types		
	All syslog events forwarded by Raz-Lee iSecurity automatically discover and the events are parsed and categorized with the IBM AS/400 iSeries DSM.	
Configuring Raz-Lee iSecurity	To collect security and audit events, you must configure your Raz-Lee iSecurity installation to forward syslog events to QRadar.	
	Procedure	
Step 1	Log in to the IBM System i command-line interface.	
Step 2	Type the following command to access the audit menu options:	
	STRAUD	
Step 3	From the Audit menu, select 81. System Configuration.	
Step 4	4 From the iSecurity/Base System Configuration menu, select 31. SYSLOG Definitions.	
Step 5	Configure the following parameters:	
	a Send SYSLOG message - Select Yes.	
	b Destination address - Type the IP address of QRadar.	
	c "Facility" to use - Type a facility level.	
	d "Severity" range to auto send - Type a severity level.	
	e Message structure - Type any additional message structure parameters required for your syslog messages.	

Next steps

Syslog events forwarded by Raz-Lee iSecurity are automatically discovered by QRadar by the IBM AS/400 iSeries DSM. In most cases, the log source is automatically created in QRadar after a small number of events are detected. If the event rate is extremely low, then you might be required to manually create a log source for Raz-Lee iSecurity in QRadar. Until the log source is automatically discovered and identified, the event type displays as Unknown on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar. Automatically discovered log sources can be viewed on the **Admin** tab of QRadar by clicking the Log Sources icon.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events forwarded from Raz-Lee i Security. This procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select IBM AS/400 iSeries.
- Step 7 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 8 Configure the following values:

Table 75-14 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your IBM AS/400 iSeries device with Raz-Lee iSecurity.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source.
	By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	Select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	Select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.

Parameter	Description
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.

Table 75-14 Syslog Parameters (continued)

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

76 REDBACK ASE

The Redback ASE DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

The Redback ASE device can send log messages to the Redback device console or to a log server that is integrated with QRadar to generate deployment specific reports. Before configuring a Redback ASE device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.

Configure Redback To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:

ASE

- Step 1 Log in to your Redback ASE device user interface.
- Step 2 Start the CLI configuration mode.
- Step 3 In global configuration mode, configure the default settings for the security service: asp security default
- **Step 4** In ASP security default configuration mode, configure the IP address of the log server and the optional transport protocol:

log server <IP address> transport udp port 9345

Where <IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar.

Step 5 Configure the IP address that you want to use as the source IP address in the log messages:

log source <source IP address>

Where <source IP address> is the IP address of the loopback interface in context local.

Step 6 Commit the transaction.

For more information about Redback ASE device configuration, see your vendor documentation.

For example, if you want to configure:

- Log source server IP address 10.172.55.55
- Default transport protocol: UDP
- Default server port: 514

The source IP address used for log messages is 10.192.22.24. This address must be an IP address of a loopback interface in context local.

asp security default log server 10.172.55.55 log source 10.192.22.24

You are now ready to configure the log sources QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Redback ASE. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Redback ASE:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Redback ASE.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 76-15 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Redback ASE appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

77 RSA AUTHENTICATION MANAGER

An RSA Authentication Manager DSM allows you to integrate IBM Security

QRadar with an RSA Authentication Manager using syslog or the log file protocol. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with RSA Authentication Manager, select your configuration preference: Configuring syslog for RSA Configuring the log file protocol for RSA **Note:** You must apply the most recent hot fix on RSA Authentication Manager 7.1 primary, replica, node, database and radius installations before configuring syslog. The procedure to configure your RSA Authentication Manager using syslog Configuring syslog for RSA depends on the operating system version for your RSA Authentication Manager or SecureID 3.0 appliance: If you are using RSA Authentication Manager on Linux, see Configuring Linux. If you are using RSA Authentication Manager on Windows, see Configuring Windows. To configure RSA Authentication Manager for syslog on Linux-based operating Configuring Linux systems: **Step 1** Log in to the RSA Security Console command-line interface (CLI). **Step 2** Open the following file for editing based on your operating system: /usr/local/RSASecurity/RSAAuthenticationManager/utils/resources /ims.properties Step 3 Add the following enteries to the ims.properties file: ims.logging.audit.admin.syslog host = <IP address> ims.logging.audit.admin.use os logger = true ims.logging.audit.runtime.syslog_host = <IP address> ims.logging.audit.runtime.use os logger = true ims.logging.system.syslog host = <IP address> ims.logging.system.use os logger = true Where <IP address> is the IP address or hostname of QRadar.

- Step 4 Save the ims.properties files.
- Step 5 Open the following file for editing:

/etc/syslog.conf

Step 6 Type the following command to add QRadar as a syslog entry:

. @<IP address>

Where <IP address> is the IP address or hostname of QRadar.

Step 7 Type the following command to restart the syslog services for Linux.

service syslog restart

You are now ready to configure the log sources and protocol in QRadar: To configure QRadar to receive events from your RSA Authentication Manager:

From the Log Source Type list, select the RSA Authentication Manager option.

For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information on configuring syslog forwarding, see your RSA Authentication Manager documentation.

- **Configuring** To configure RSA Authentication Manager for syslog using Microsoft Windows: **Windows**
 - **Step 1** Log in to the system hosting your RSA Security Console.
 - Step 2 Open the following file for editing based on your operating system:

/Program Files/RSASecurity/RSAAuthenticationManager/utils/
resources/ims.properties

Step 3 Add the following enteries to the ims.properties file:

<pre>ims.logging.audit.admin.syslog_host</pre>	= <ip address=""></ip>
<pre>ims.logging.audit.admin.use_os_logger</pre>	= true
<pre>ims.logging.audit.runtime.syslog_host</pre>	= <ip address=""></ip>
<pre>ims.logging.audit.runtime.use_os_logger</pre>	= true
<pre>ims.logging.system.syslog_host</pre>	= <ip address=""></ip>
<pre>ims.logging.system.use_os_logger</pre>	= true

Where <IP address> is the IP address or hostname of QRadar.

Step 4 Save the ims.properties files.

Step 5 Restart RSA services.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from your RSA Authentication Manager:

From the Log Source Type list, select the RSA Authentication Manager option.

	For more information, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> . For more information on configuring syslog forwarding, see your RSA Authentication Manager documentation.
Configuring the log file protocol for RSA	The log file protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host. The RSA Authentication Manager DSM supports the bulk loading of log files using the log file protocol source.
	The procedure to configure your RSA Authentication Manager using the log file protocol depends on the version of RSA Authentication Manager:
	 If you are using RSA Authentication Manager v7.x, see Configuring RSA Authentication Manager 7.x.
	 If you are using RSA Authentication Manager v6.x, see Configuring RSA Authentication Manager 6.x.
	Configuring RSA Authentication Manager 7.x
	To configure your RSA Authentication Manager v7.x device:
Step 1	Log in to the RSA Security Console.
Step 2	Click Administration > Log Management > Recurring Log Archive Jobs.
Step 3	In the Schedule section, configure values for the Job Starts , Frequency , Run Time , and Job Expires parameters.
Step 4	For the Operations field, select Export Only or Export and Purge for the following settings: Administration Log Settings , Runtime Log Settings , and System Log Settings .
	Note: The Export and Purge operation exports log records from the database to the archive and then purges the logs form the database. The Export Only operation exports log records from the database to the archive and the records remain in the database.
Step 5	For Administration , Runtime , and System , configure an Export Directory to which you want to export your archive files.
	We recommend you make sure you can access the Administration Log, Runtime Log, and System Log using FTP before you continue.
Step 6	For Administration, Runtime, and System parameters, set the Days Kept Online parameter to 1. Logs older than 1 day are exported. If you selected Export and Purge, the logs are also purged from the database.
Step 7	Click Save.
	You are now ready to configure the log sources and protocol within QRadar:
Step 1	To configure QRadar to receive events from a RSA device, you must select the RSA Authentication Manager option from the Log Source Type list.
Step 2	To configure the log file protocol, you must select the Log File option from the Protocol Configuration list.
	IBM Security QRadar DSM Configuration Guide

For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see the *Log Sources User Guide*.

Configuring RSA Authentication Manager 6.x

To configure your RSA Authentication Manager v6.x device:

- Step 1 Log in to the RSA Security Console.
- **Step 2** Log in to the RSA Database Administration tool:
 - a Click the Advanced tool.

The system prompts you to login again.

b Click **Database Administration**.

For complete information on using SecurID, see your vendor documentation.

Step 3 From the Log list, select Automate Log Maintenance.

The Automatic Log Maintenance window is displayed.

- Step 4 Select the Enable Automatic Audit Log Maintenance check box.
- Step 5 Select Delete and Archive.
- Step 6 Select Replace files.
- Step 7 Type an archive filename.

Step 8 In the Cycle Through Version(s) field, type a value. For example, 1.

- Step 9 Select Select all Logs.
- Step 10 Select a frequency.
- Step 11 Click OK.

You are now ready to configure the log sources and protocol in QRadar:

- Step 1 To configure QRadar to receive events from a RSA device, you must select the RSA Authentication Manager option from the Log Source Type list.
- Step 2 To configure the log file protocol, you must select the Log File option from the Protocol Configuration list.

For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

78 SAMHAIN LABS

	The Samhain Labs Host-Based Intrusion Detection System (HIDS) monitors changes to files on the system.
	The Samhain HIDS DSM for IBM Security QRadar supports Samhain version 2.4 when used for File Integrity Monitoring (FIM).
	You can configure the Samhain HIDS DSM to accept one of the following log types:
	Configuring syslog to collect Samhain events
	Configuring JDBC to collect Samhain events
Configuring syslog to collect Samhain events	Before you configure QRadar to integrate with Samhain HIDS using syslog, you must configure the Samhain HIDS system to forward logs to your QRadar system.
	Note: The following procedure is based on the default samhainrc file. If the samhainrc file has been modified, some values might be different, such as the syslog facility,
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to Samhain HIDS from the command-line interface.
Step 2	Open the following file:
	/etc/samhainrc
Step 3	Remove the comment marker (#) from the following line:
	SetLogServer=info
Step 4	Save and exit the file.
	Alerts are sent to the local system using syslog.
Step 5	Open the following file:
	/etc/syslog.conf
Step 6	Add the following line:
	local2.* @ <ip address=""></ip>
	Where <ip address=""> is the IP address of your QRadar.</ip>

Step 7 Save and exit the file	Step 7	d exit the file.
-------------------------------	--------	------------------

Step 8 Restart syslog:

/etc/init.d/syslog restart

Samhain sends logs using syslog to QRadar. You are now ready to configure Samhain HIDS DSM in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Samhain:

From the Log Source Type list, select the Samhain HIDS option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Configuring JDBC
to collect Samhain
eventsYou can configure Samhain HIDS to send log alerts to a database. Oracle,
PostgreSQL, and MySQL are natively supported by Samhain. You can also
configure QRadar to collect events from these databases using the JDBC protocol.Note:IBM Security QRadar does not include a MySQL driver for JDBC. If you are
using a DSM or protocol that requires a MySQL JDBC driver, you must download
and install the platform independent MySQL Connector/J from

http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/connector/j/. For instruction on installing MySQL Connector/J for the JDBC protocol, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log into QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select the Samhain HIDS option.
- Step 7 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC.
- **Step 8** Update the JDBC configuration to include the following values:
 - a Database Type: <Samhain Database Type>
 - b Database Name: <Samhain SetDBName>
 - c Table Name: <Samhain SetDBTable>
 - d Select List: *
 - e Compare Field: log_index
 - f IP or Hostname: <Samhain SetDBHost>
 - g Port: <Default Port>
 - h Username: <Samhain SetDBUser>

- i Password: <Samhain SetDBPassword>
- j Polling Interval: <Default Interval>

Where:

<Samhain Database Type> is the database type used by Samhain (see your Samhain system administrator).

<Samhain SetDBName> is the database name specified in the samhainrc file.

<Samhain SetDBTable> is the database table specified in the samhainrc file.

<Samhain SetDBHost> is the database host specified in the samhainrc file.

<Samhain SetDBUser> is the database user specified in the samhainrc file.

<Samhain SetDBPassword> is the database password specified in the samhainrc file.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Samhain:

From the Log Source Type list, select the Samhain HIDS option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about Samhain, see *http://www.la-samhna.de/samhain/manual*.

79 SENTRIGO HEDGEHOG

You can integrate a Sentrigo Hedgehog device with IBM Security QRadar.

A Sentrigo Hedgehog device accepts LEEF events using syslog. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Sentrigo Hedgehog device, you must:

- Step 1 Log in to the Sentrigo Hedgehog command-line interface (CLI).
- Step 2 Open the following file for editing:

<Installation directory>/conf/sentrigo-custom.properties

Where <Installation directory> is the directory containing your Sentrigo Hedgehog installation.

Step 3 Add the following log format entries to the custom properties file:

Note: Depending on your Sentrigo Hedgehog configuration or installation, you might be required to replace or overwrite the existing log.format entry.

```
sentrigo.comm.ListenAddress=1996
log.format.body.custom=usrName=$osUser:20$|duser=$execUser:20$|
severity=$severity$|identHostName=$sourceHost$|src=$sourceIP$|
dst=$agent.ip$|devTime=$logonTime$|devTimeFormat=EEE MMM dd
HH:mm:ss z yyyy|cmdType=$cmdType$|externalId=$id$|
execTime=$executionTime.time$|dstServiceName=$database.name:20$
|srcHost=$sourceHost:30$|execProgram=$execProgram:20$|
cmdType=$cmdType:15$|oper=$operation:225$|
accessedObj=$accessedObjects.name:20$
```

```
log.format.header.custom=LEEF:1.0|Sentrigo|Hedgehog|$serverVers
ion$|$rules.name:150$|
log.format.header.escaping.custom=\\|
log.format.header.seperator.custom=,
log.format.header.escape.char.custom=\\
log.format.body.escaping.custom=\=
log.format.body.escape.char.custom=\\
log.format.body.seperator.custom=|
log.format.empty.value.custom=NULL
log.format.length.value.custom=10000
log.format.convert.newline.custom=true
```

Step 4 Save the custom properties file.

Step 5 Stop and restart your Sentrigo Hedgehog service to implement the log.format changes.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Sentrigo Hedgehog device:

From the Log Source Type list, select the Sentrigo Hedgehog option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about Sentrigo Hedgehog see your vendor documentation.

80 SECURE COMPUTING SIDEWINDER

The Sidewinder DSM for IBM Security QRadar SIEM records all relevant Sidewinder events using syslog.

Before you configure QRadar SIEM to integrate with a Sidewinder device, you must configure syslog within your Sidewinder device. When configuring the Sidewinder device to forward syslog to QRadar SIEM, make sure that the logs are exported in Sidewinder Export format (SEF).

For more information on configuring Sidewinder, see your vendor documentation.

After you configure syslog to forward events to QRadar SIEM, you are ready to configure the log source in QRadar SIEM.

To configure QRadar SIEM to receive events from a Sidewinder device:

From the Log Source Type list, select Sidewinder G2 Security Appliance option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

The SolarWinds Orion DSM for IBM Security QRadar supports SNMPv2 and SNMPv3 configured alerts from the SolarWinds Alert Manager.

The events are sent to QRadar using syslog. Before you can integrate QRadar, you must configure the SolarWinds Alert Manager to create SNMP traps and forward syslog events.

To configure SNMP traps in the SolarWinds Orion Alert Manager:

Step 1 Select Start > All Programs > SolarWinds Orion > Alerting, Reporting, and Mapping > Advanced Alert Manager.

The Alert Manager Quick Start is displayed.

Step 2 Click Configure Alerts.

The Manage Alerts window is displayed.

- Step 3 Select an existing alert and click Edit.
- Step 4 Select the Triggered Actions tab.
- Step 5 Click Add New Action.

The Select an Action window is displayed.

- Step 6 Select Send an SNMP Trap and click OK.
- Step 7 Configure the following values:
 - a **SNMP Trap Definitions** Type the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.
 - b Trap Template Select ForwardSyslog.
 - c SNMP Version Select the SNMP Version to use to forward the event. QRadar supports SNMPv2c or SNMPv3.
 - **SNMPv2c** Type the **SNMP Community String** to use for SNMPv2c authentication. The default Community String value is public.
 - **SNMPv3** Type the **Username** and select the **Authentication Method** to use for SNMPv3.

QRadar supports MD5 or SH1 as methods of authentication and DES56 or AES128 bit encryption.

Step 8 Click OK to save the SNMP trigger action.

The Manage Alerts window is displayed.

Note: To verify that your SNMP trap is configured properly, select an alert you've edited and click **Test**. The action should trigger and forward the syslog event to QRadar.

Step 9 Repeat Step 3 to Step 8 to configure the Alert Manager with all of the SNMP trap alerts you want to monitor in QRadar.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

QRadar automatically detects syslog events from properly configured SNMP trap alert triggers. However, if you want to manually configure QRadar to receive events from SolarWinds Orion:

From the Log Source Type list, select SolarWinds Orion.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources Users Guide*.

The SonicWALL SonicOS DSM accepts events using syslog.

IBM Security QRadar records all relevant syslog events forwarded from SonicWALL appliances using SonicOS firmware. Before you can integrate with a SonicWALL SonicOS device, you must configure syslog forwarding on your SonicWALL SonicOS appliance.

ConfigureSonicWALL captures all SonicOS event activity. The events can be forwarded toSonicWALL toQRadar using SonicWALL's default event format.

events Procedure

forward syslog

- Step 1 Log in to your SonicWALL web interface.
- Step 2 From the navigation menu, select Log > Syslog.
- Step 3 From the Syslog Servers pane, click Add.
- Step 4 In the Name or IP Address field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 5 In the Port field, type 514.

SonicWALL syslog forwarders send events to QRadar using UDP port 514.

- Step 6 Click OK.
- Step 7 From the Syslog Format list, select Default.
- Step 8 Click Apply.

Syslog events are forwarded to QRadar. SonicWALL events forwarded to QRadar are automatically discovered and log sources are created automatically. For more information on configuring your SonicWALL appliance or for information on specific events, see your vendor documentation.

572 SONICWALL

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
SonicWALL appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for SonicWALL syslog events:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 Click Add.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 7 From the Log Source Type list, select SonicWALL SonicOS.
- Step 8 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 9 Configure the following values:

Table 82-16 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from SonicWALL appliances.
	Each log source you create for your SonicWALL SonicOS appliance should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or host name.

Step 10 Click Save.

Step 11 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by SonicWALL SonicOS appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Users Guide*.

83 Sophos

This section provides information on the following:

- Sophos Enterprise Console
- Sophos PureMessage
- Sophos Astaro Security Gateway
- Sophos Web Security Appliance

Sophos EnterpriseIBM Security QRadar has two options for gathering events from a SophosConsoleEnterprise Console using JDBC.

Select the method that best applies to your Sophos Enterprise Console installation:

- Configure QRadar using the Sophos Enterprise Console Protocol
- Configure QRadar using the JDBC protocol

Note: To use the Sophos Enterprise Console protocol, you must ensure that the Sophos Reporting Interface is installed with your Sophos Enterprise Console. If you do not have the Sophos Reporting Interface, you must configure QRadar using the JDBC protocol. For information on installing the Sophos Reporting Interface, see your Sophos Enterprise Console documentation.

Configure QRadar
using the SophosThe Sophos Enterprise Console DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events
using Java Database Connectivity (JDBC).Enterprise Console

Protocol The Sophos Enterprise Console DSM works in coordination with the Sophos Enterprise Console protocol to combine payload information from anti-virus, application control, device control, data control, tamper protection, and firewall logs in the vEventsCommonData table and provide these events to QRadar. You must install the Sophos Enterprise Console protocol before configuring QRadar.

To configure QRadar to access the Sophos database using the JDBC protocol:

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Sophos Enterprise Console.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC.

Note: You must refer to the Configure Database Settings on your Sophos Enterprise Console to define the parameters required to configure the Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC protocol in QRadar.

Step 8 Configure the following values:

 Table 83-1
 Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:
	<sophos database="">@<sophos database="" ip="" or<br="" server="">Host Name></sophos></sophos>
	Where:
	<sophos database=""> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.</sophos>
	<sophos database="" host="" ip="" name="" or="" server=""> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.</sophos>
	Note: When defining a name for your log source identifier, you must use the values of the Sophos Database and Database Server <i>IP</i> address or hostname from the Management Enterprise Console.
Database Type	From the list, select MSDE .
Database Name	Type the exact name of the Sophos database.
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Sophos SQL Server.
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE in Sophos Enterprise Console is 1168.
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Sophos database. The Sophos database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.
	Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.
Username	Type the username required to access the database.
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.

Parameter	Description	
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.	
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.	
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.	
	Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.	
Table Name	Type vEventsCommonData as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.	
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view.	
	You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).	
Compare Field	Type InsertedAt as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.	
Start Date and	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.	
Time	The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.	
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.	
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.	
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.	
Use Named Pipe	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.	
Communication	When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.	

 Table 83-1
 Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.
Use NTLMv2	If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Use NTLMv2 check box is displayed.
	Select the Use NTLMv2 check box to force MSDE connections to use the NTLMv2 protocol when communicating with SQL servers that require NTLMv2 authentication. The default value of the check box is selected.
	If the Use NTLMv2 check box is selected, it has no effect on MSDE connections to SQL servers that do not require NTLMv2 authentication.
•	a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your ce with a higher importance compared to other log sources in
Click Save .	

Table 83-1 Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC Parameters (continued)

- Step
- Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Configure QRadar The Sophos Enterprise Console DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using the JDBC using Java Database Connectivity (JDBC).

protocol

QRadar records all relevant anti-virus events. This document provides information on configuring QRadar to access the Sophos Enterprise Console database using the JDBC protocol.

Configure the database view

To integrate QRadar with Sophos Enterprise Console:

- Step 1 Log in to your Sophos Enterprise Console device command-line interface (CLI).
- **Step 2** Type the following command to create a custom view in your Sophos database to support QRadar:

```
CREATE VIEW threats view AS SELECT t.ThreatInstanceID,
t.ThreatType, t.FirstDetectedAt, c.Name, c.LastLoggedOnUser,
c.IPAddress, c.DomainName, c.OperatingSystem, c.ServicePack,
t.ThreatSubType, t.Priority, t.ThreatLocalID,
t.ThreatLocalIDSource, t.ThreatName, t.FullFilePathCheckSum,
t.FullFilePath, t.FileNameOffset, t.FileVersion, t.CheckSum,
t.ActionSubmittedAt, t.DealtWithAt, t.CleanUpable,
t.IsFragment, t.IsRebootRequired, t.Outstanding, t.Status,
InsertedAt FROM <Database Name>.dbo.ThreatInstancesAll t,
<Database Name>.dbo.Computers c WHERE t.ComputerID = c.ID;
```

Where <Database Name> is the name of the Sophos database.

Note: The database name must not contain any spaces.

After you have created your custom view, you must configure QRadar to receive event information using the JDBC protocol.

To configure the Sophos Enterprise Console DSM with QRadar, see **Configure a JDBC log source in QRadar**.

Configure a JDBC log source in QRadar

To configure QRadar to access the Sophos database using the JDBC protocol:

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 Using the Log Source Type list, select Sophos Enterprise Console.
- Step 7 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC.

Note: You must refer to the Configure Database Settings on your Sophos Enterprise Console to define the parameters required to configure the Sophos Enterprise Console DSM in QRadar.

Step 8 Configure the following values:

 Table 83-2
 Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:
	<sophos database="">@<sophos database="" ip="" or<br="" server="">Host Name></sophos></sophos>
	Where:
	<sophos database=""> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.</sophos>
	Sophos Database Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.
	Note: When defining a name for your log source identifier, you must use the values of the Sophos Database and Database Server IP address or hostname from the Management Enterprise Console.

Database Type From the list, select **MSDE**.

Parameter	Description	
Database Name	Type the exact name of the Sophos database.	
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Sophos SQL Server.	
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433.	
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Sophos database. The Sophos database must have incoming TCF connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.	
	Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.	
Username	Type the username required to access the database.	
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.	
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.	
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Window Authenticatic Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.	
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.	
	Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.	
Table Name	Type threats_view as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.	
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view.	
	You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters ir length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).	
Compare Field	Type ThreatInstanceID as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.	
Start Date and	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.	
Time	The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.	

 Table 83-2
 Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Use Prepared Statements	Select this check box to use prepared statements.
	Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.
	Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Use Named Pipe	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.
Communication	When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.

 Table 83-2
 Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC Parameters (continued)

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Sophos log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Sophos PureMessage	The Sophos PureMessage DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using Java Database Connectivity (JDBC).
	QRadar records all relevant quarantined email events. This document provides information on configuring QRadar to access the Sophos PureMessage database using the JDBC protocol.

580 SOPHOS

QRadar supports the following Sophos PureMessage versions:

- Sophos PureMessage for Microsoft Exchange Stores events in a Microsoft SQL Server database specified as savexquar.
- Sophos PureMessage for Linux Stores events in a PostgreSQL database specified as pmx_quarantine.

This section provides information on the following:

- Integrate QRadar with Sophos PureMessage for Microsoft Exchange
- Integrate QRadar with Sophos PureMessage for Linux

 Integrate QRadar
 To integrate QRadar with Sophos PureMessage for Microsoft Exchange:

 with Sophos
 PureMessage for

 Microsoft Exchange
 PureMessage for

Step 1 Log in to the Microsoft SQL Server command-line interface (CLI):

osql -E -S localhost\sophos

Step 2 Type which database you want to integrate with QRadar:

use savexquar; go

Step 3 Type the following command to create a SIEM view in your Sophos database to support QRadar:

create view siem_view as select 'Windows PureMessage' as application, id, reason, timecreated, emailonly as sender, filesize, subject, messageid, filename from dbo.quaritems, dbo.quaraddresses where ItemID = ID and Field = 76; Go

After you create your SIEM view, you must configure QRadar to receive event information using the JDBC protocol.

To configure the Sophos PureMessage DSM with QRadar, see **Configure a JDBC log source for Sophos PureMessage**.

Configure a JDBC log source for Sophos PureMessage

To configure QRadar to access the Sophos PureMessage for Microsoft Exchange database using the JDBC protocol:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Sophos PureMessage.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC.

Note: You must refer to the database configuration settings on your Sophos PureMessage device to define the parameters required to configure the Sophos PureMessage DSM in QRadar.

Step 8 Configure the following values:

-		
Parameter	Description	
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:	
	<sophos database="" puremessage="">@<sophos puremessage<br="">Database Server IP or Host Name></sophos></sophos>	
	Where:	
	<sophos database="" puremessage=""> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.</sophos>	
	<sophos database="" host<br="" ip="" or="" puremessage="" server="">Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.</sophos>	
	When defining a name for your log source identifier, you must use the values of the Database and Database Server IP address or hostname of the Sophos PureMessage device.	
Database Type	From the list, select MSDE .	
Database Name	Type savexquar.	
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Sophos PureMessage server.	
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433. Sophos installations typically use 24033. You can confirm port usage using the SQL Server Configuration Manager utility. For more information, see your vendor documentation.	
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Sophos database. The Sophos database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.	
	Note: If you define a database instance in the Database Instance parameter, you must leave the Port parameter blank. You can only define a database instance if the database server uses the default port of 1433. This is not the standard Sophos configuration.	
Username	Type the username required to access the database.	
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.	

 Table 83-3
 Sophos PureMessage JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description		
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.		
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.		
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.		
	<i>Note:</i> If you define a port number other than the default in the Por parameter, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank.		
Table Name	Type siem_view as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.		
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view.		
	You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters ir length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).		
Compare Field	Type ID. The Compare Field parameter is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.		
Use Prepared	Select this check box to use prepared statements.		
Statements	Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to set up the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.		
	Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.		
Start Date and	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.		
Time	The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24-hour clock. If the Start Date and Time parameter is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.		
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.		
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.		

 Table 83-3
 Sophos PureMessage JDBC Parameters (continued)

	Table 03-3 Sopho	s r diemessage 3DDC r arameters (continued)
	Parameter	Description
	Use Named Pipe	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.
		When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.
	Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.
		value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your sage log source with a higher importance compared to other log ar.
Step 9	Click Save.	
Step 10	On the Admin tal	b, click Deploy Changes .
	For more informa Log Sources Use	tion on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar</i> or <i>Guide</i> .
Integrate QRadar with Sophos PureMessage for Linux	To integrate QRadar with Sophos PureMessage for Linux:	
Step 1	Navigate to your	Sophos PureMessage PostgreSQL database directory:
	cd /opt/pmx/pd	ostgres-8.3.3/bin
Step 2	Access the pmx_	quarantine database SQL prompt:
	./psql -d pmx	_quarantine
Step 3	Type the following support QRadar:	g command to create a SIEM view in your Sophos database to
	application, m_global_id, m	<pre>iem_view as select 'Linux PureMessage' as id, b.name, m_date, h_from_local, h_from_domain, n_message_size, outbound, h_to, c_subject_utf8 from reason b where a.reason_id = b.reason_id;</pre>
		your database view, you must configure QRadar to receive event the JDBC protocol.
	Configure a log	source for Sophos PureMessage for Microsoft Exchange
	To configure QRa JDBC protocol:	adar to access the Sophos PureMessage database using the
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.	
01	Click the Admin t	tab

 Table 83-3
 Sophos PureMessage JDBC Parameters (continued)

Step 2 Click the Admin tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Sophos PureMessage.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC.

Note: You must refer to the Configure Database Settings on your Sophos PureMessage to define the parameters required to configure the Sophos PureMessage DSM in QRadar.

Step 8 Configure the following values:

Table 83-4	Sophos	PureMessage	JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:
	<sophos database="" puremessage="">@<sophos puremessage<br="">Database Server IP or Host Name></sophos></sophos>
	Where:
	<sophos database="" puremessage=""> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.</sophos>
	<pre><sophos database="" host="" ip="" name="" or="" puremessage="" server=""> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.</sophos></pre>
	When defining a name for your log source identifier, you must use the values of the Database and Database Server IP address or hostname of the Sophos PureMessage device.
Database Type	From the list, select Postgres .
Database Name	Type pmx_quarantine.
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Sophos PureMessage server.
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port is 1532.
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Sophos database. The Sophos database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.
Username	Type the username required to access the database.
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.

Parameter	Description	
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.	
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.	
	Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.	
Table Name	Type siem_view as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.	
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view.	
	You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).	
Compare Field	Type ID.	
	The Compare Field parameter is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.	
Use Prepared Statements	Select this check box to use prepared statements.	
	Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to set up the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.	
	Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.	
Start Date and	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.	
Time	The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24-hour clock. If the Start Date and Time parameter is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.	
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.	
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.	

 Table 83-4
 Sophos PureMessage JDBC Parameters (continued)

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Sophos PureMessage log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

- Step 9 Click Save.
- Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.
 - For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security* QRadar Log Sources User Guide.

Sophos Astaro Security Gateway	The Sophos Astaro Security Gateway DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog, enabling QRadar to record all relevant events.
Configure syslog for Sophos Astaro	To configure syslog for Sophos Astaro Security Gateway:
Step 1	Log in to the Sophos Astaro Security Gateway console.
Step 2	From the navigation menu, select Logging > Settings.
Step 3	Click the Remote Syslog Server tab.
	The Remote Syslog Status window is displayed.
Step 4	From Syslog Servers panel, click the + icon.
	The Add Syslog Server window is displayed.
Step 5	Configure the following parameters:
	a Name - Type a name for the syslog server.
	b Server - Click the folder icon to add a pre-defined host, or click + and type in new network definition.
	c Port - Click the folder icon to add a pre-defined port, or click + and type in a new service definition.
	By default, QRadar communicates using the syslog protocol on UDP/TCP port 514.
Step 6	Click Save.
Step 7	From the Remote syslog log selection field, you must select check boxes for the following logs:
	a POP3 Proxy - Select this check box.
	b Packet Filter - Select this check box.
	c Intrusion Prevention System - Select this check box.
	d Content Filter(HTTPS) - Select this check box.
	e High availability - Select this check box.
	f FTP Proxy - Select this check box.
	g SSL VPN - Select this check box.
	h PPTP daemon- Select this check box.
	i IPSEC VPN - Select this check box.
	j HTTP daemon - Select this check box.
	k User authentication daemon - Select this check box.
	I SMTP proxy - Select this check box.
Step 8	Click Apply.
Step 9	From Remote syslog status section, click Enable.

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Step 10	You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.
	To configure QRadar to receive events from your Sophos Astaro Security Gateway device:
	From the Log Source Type list, select Sophos Astaro Security Gateway.
	For more information on configuring log sources, see <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> .
Sophos Web Security Appliance	The Sophos Web Security Appliance (WSA) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.
	QRadar records all relevant events forwarded from the transaction log of the Sophos Web Security Appliance. Before configuring QRadar, you must configure your Sophos WSA appliance to forward syslog events.
Configure syslog for Sophos Web Security Appliance	To configure your Sophos Web Security Appliance to forward syslog events:
Step 1	Log in to your Sophos Web Security Appliance.
Step 2	From the menu, select Configuration > System > Alerts & Monitoring.
Step 3	Select the Syslog tab.
Step 4	Select the Enable syslog transfer of web traffic check box.
Step 5	In the Hostname/IP text box, type the IP address or hostname of QRadar.
Step 6	In the Port text box, type 514 .
Step 7	From the Protocol list, select a protocol. The options are:
	• TCP - The TCP protocol is supported with QRadar on port 514.
	• UDP - The UDP protocol is supported with QRadar on port 514.
	• TCP - Encrypted - TCP Encrypted is an unsupported protocol for QRadar.
Step 8	Click Apply.
	You are now ready to configure the Sophos Web Security Appliance DSM in QRadar.
	QRadar automatically detects syslog data from a Sophos Web Security Appliance. To manually configure QRadar to receive events from Sophos Web Security Appliance:
	From the Log Source Type list, select Sophos Web Security Appliance.
	For more information on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> .
	IBM Security QRadar DSM Configuration Guide

84 SPLUNK

	IBM Security QRadar accepts and parses multiple event types forwarded from Splunk appliances. Note: For Check Point events forwarded from Splunk, see Integrating Check Point Firewall events from external syslog forwarders.
Collect Windows events forwarded from Splunk appliances	To collect events, you can configure your Windows end points to forward events to your QRadar Console and your Splunk indexer. Forwarding Windows events from aggregation nodes in your Splunk deployment is not suggested. Splunk indexers that forward events from multiple Windows end points to QRadar can obscure the true source of the events with the IP address of the Splunk indexer. To prevent a situation where an incorrect IP address association might occur in the log source, you can update your Windows end point systems to forward to both the indexer and your QRadar Console.
	Splunk events are parsed by using the Microsoft Windows Security Event Log DSM with the TCP multiline syslog protocol. The regular expression configured in the protocol defines where a Splunk event starts or ends in the event payload. The event pattern allows QRadar to assemble the raw Windows event payload as a single-line event that is readable by QRadar. The regular expression required to collect Windows events is outlined in the log source configuration.

To configure event collection for Splunk syslog events, you must complete the following tasks:

 On your QRadar appliance, configure a log source to use the Microsoft Windows Security Event Log DSM.

Note: You must configure one log source for Splunk events. QRadar can use the first log source to autodiscover additional Windows end points.

2 On your Splunk appliance, configure each Splunk Forwarder on the Windows instance to send Windows event data to your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

To configure a Splunk Forwarder, you must edit the props, transforms, and output configuration files. For more information on event forwarding, see your Splunk documentation.

- 3 Ensure that no firewall rules block communication between your Splunk appliance and the QRadar Console or managed host that is responsible for retrieving events.
- 4 On your QRadar appliance, verify the **Log Activity** tab to ensure that the Splunk events are forwarded to QRadar.

Configuring a logTo collect raw events forwarded from Splunk, you must configure a log source in
QRadar.Source for Splunk
forwarded eventsQRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 Optional. In the Log Source Description field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Microsoft Windows Security Event Log.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select TCP Multiline Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 84-5
 Protocol parameters for TCP multiline syslog

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Splunk appliance.
	The log source identifier must be unique value.

Parameter	Description
Listen Port	Type the port number used by QRadar to accept incoming TCP multiline syslog events from Splunk.
	The default listen port is 12468.
	The port number you configure must match the port that you configured on your Splunk Forwarder. You can use the listen port to collect events from up to 50 event sources that have a common event pattern. You cannot specify port 514 in this field.
Event Formatter	From the list, select Windows Multiline.
	The event formatter ensures the format of the TCP multiline event matches the event pattern for the event type you selected.
Event Start Pattern	Type the following regular expression (regex) to identify the start of your Splunk windows event:
	(?:<(\d+)>\s?(\w{3} \d{2} \d{2}:\d{2}:\d{2}) (\S+))?(\d{2}/\d{2}/\d{4} \d{2}:\d{2}:\d{2} [AP]M)
	The TCP multiline syslog protocol captures all the information between each occurrence of the defined regex pattern to create single-line syslog events.
Event End Pattern	This field can be cleared of any regex patterns.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	From the list, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.

 Table 84-5
 Protocol parameters for TCP multiline syslog (continued)

Parameter	Description
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.

Table 84-5 Protocol parameters for TCP multiline syslog (continued)

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

Step 13 Optional. If you have 50 or more Windows sources, you must repeat this process to create another log source.

Events provided by the Splunk Forwarder to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

85 SQUID WEB PROXY

The Squid Web Proxy DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all cache and access log events using syslog.

To integrate QRadar with Squid Web Proxy, you must configure your Squid Web Proxy to forward your cache and access logs using syslog.

- Configure syslog
forwardingTo configure Squid Web Proxy to forward your access and cache events using
syslog:
 - Step 1 Using SSH, log in to the Squid device command-line interface (CLI).
 - Step 2 Open the following file:

/etc/rc3.d/S99local

Step 3 Add the following line:

tail -f /var/log/squid/access.log | logger -p
<facility>.<priority> &

Where:

<facility> is any valid syslog facility (such as, authpriv, daemon, local0 to local7, or user) written in lowercase.

<priority> is any valid priority (such as, err, warning, notice, info, debug) written in lowercase.

Step 4 Save and close the file.

Logging begins the next time the system is rebooted.

Step 5 To begin logging immediately, type the following command:

nohup tail -f /var/log/squid/access.log | logger -p
<facility>.<priority> &

Where <facility> and <priority> are the same values entered in Step 3.

Step 6 Open the following file:

/etc/squid/squid.conf

Step 7 Add the following line to send the logs to the QRadar:

<prioirty>.<facility> @<QRadar_IP_address> Where:

<priority> is the priority of your Squid messages

<facility> is the facility of your Squid messages

<gRadar_IP_address> is the IP address or hostname of your QRadar.

For example:

info.local4 @172.16.210.50

Step 8 Add the following line to squid.conf to turn off Squid httpd log emulation:

emulate_httpd_log off

- Step 9 Save and close the file.
- **Step 10** Type the following command to restart the syslog daemon:

/etc/init.d/syslog restart

For more information on configuring Squid Web Proxy, consult your vendor documentation. After you configure syslog forwarding your cache and access logs, the configuration is complete. QRadar can automatically discover syslog events forwarded from Squid Web Proxy.

Create a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events forwarded from Squid Web Proxy appliances. These configuration steps for creating a log source are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Squid Web Proxy:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Squid Web Proxy.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 85-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from the Squid Web Proxy.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

The Starent Networks DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Event, Trace, Active, and Monitor events.

Before configuring a Starent Networks device in QRadar, you must configure your Starent Networks device to forward syslog events to QRadar.

To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:

- Step 1 Log in to your Starent Networks device.
- Step 2 Configure the syslog server:

logging syslog <IP address> [facility <facilities>] [<rate
value>] [pdu-verbosity <pdu_level>] [pdu-data <format>]
[event-verbosity <event_level>]

The following table provides the necessary parameters:

Table 86-1	Syslog Server Parameters
------------	--------------------------

Parameter	Description
syslog <ip address=""></ip>	Type the IP address of your QRadar
facility <facilities></facilities>	Type the local facility for which the logging options shall be applied. The options are:
	• local0
	• local1
	• local2
	• local3
	• local4
	• local5
	• local6
	• local7
	The default is local7.
rate value	Type the rate that you want log entries to be sent to the system log server. This value must be an integer from 0 to 100000. The default is 1000 events per second.

Parameter	Description
pdu-verbosity <pdu-level></pdu-level>	Type the level of verboseness you want to use in logging the Protocol Data Units (PDUs). The range is 1 to 5 where 5 is the most detailed. This parameter only affects protocol logs.
pdu-data <format></format>	Type the output format for the PDU when logged as one of following formats:
	 none - Displays results in raw or unformatted text.
	 hex - Displays results in hexadecimal format.
	 hex-ascii - Displays results in hexadecimal and ASCII format similar to a main frame dump.
event-verbosity <event_level></event_level>	Type the level of detail you want to use in logging of events, including:
	 min - Provides minimal information about the event, such as, event name, facility, event ID, severity level, data, and time.
	 concise - Provides detailed information about the event, but does not provide the event source.
	 full - Provides detailed information about the event including the source information identifying the task or subsystem that generated the event.

 Table 86-1
 Syslog Server Parameters (continued)

Step 3 From the root prompt for the Exec mode, identify the session for which the trace log is to be generated:

logging trace {callid <call_id> | ipaddr <IP address> | msid <ms_id> | name <username>}

The following table provides the necessary parameters:

Table 86-2 Trace Log Parameters

Parameter	Description
callid <call_id></call_id>	Indicates a trace log is generated for a session identified by the call identification number. This value is a 4-byte hexadecimal number.
ipaddr <ip address=""></ip>	Indicates a trace log is generated for a session identified by the specified IP address.
msid <ms_id></ms_id>	Indicates a trace log is generated for a session identified by the mobile station identification (MSID) number. This value must be from 7 to 16 digits, specified as an IMSI, MIN, or RMI.
name <username></username>	Indicates a trace log is generated for a session identified by the username. This value is the name of the subscriber that was previously configured.

Step 4 To write active logs to the active memory buffer, in the config mode:

logging runtime buffer store all-events

Step 5 Configure a filter for the active logs:

logging filter active facility <facility> level <report_level>
[critical-info | no-critical-info]

The following table provides the necessary parameters:

Table 86-3 Active Log Parameters

Parameter	Description
facility <facility></facility>	Type the facility message level. A facility is a protocol or task that is in use by the system. The local facility defines which logging options shall be applied for processes running locally. The options are:
	• local0
	local1
	local2
	• local3
	• local4
	• local5
	• local6
	• local7
	The default is local7.
level <report_level></report_level>	Type the log severity level, including:
	 critical - Logs only those events indicating a serious error has occurred that is causing the system or a system component to cease functioning. This is the highest level severity.
	 error - Logs events that indicate an error has occurred tha is causing the system or a system component to operate ir a degraded date. This level also logs events with a higher severity level.
	 warning - Logs events that can indicate a potential problem This level also logs events with a higher severity level.
	 unusual - Logs events that are very unusual and might need to be investigated. This level also logs events with a higher severity level.
	 info - Logs informational events and events with a higher severity level.
	 debug - Logs all events regardless of the severity.
	We recommend that a level of error or critical can be configured to maximize the value of the logged information while minimizing the quantity of logs generated.
critical-info	The critical-info parameter identifies and displays events with a category attribute of critical information. Examples of these types of events can be seen at bootup when system processes or tasks are being initiated.

Parameter	Description
no-critical-info	The no-critical-info parameter specifies that events with a category attribute of critical information are not displayed.

 Table 86-3
 Active Log Parameters (continued)

Step 6 Configure the monitor log targets:

logging monitor {msid <ms_id>|username <username>}

The following table provides the necessary parameters:

Table 86-4 Moni	tor Log Parameters
-----------------	--------------------

Parameter	Description
msid <md_id></md_id>	Type an msid to define that a monitor log is generated for a session identified using the Mobile Station Identification (MDID) number. This value must be between 7 and 16 digits specified as a IMSI, MIN, or RMI.
username <username></username>	Type username to identify a monitor log generated for a session by the username. The username is the name of the subscriber that was previously configured.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Starent device:

From the Log Source Type list, select the Starent Networks Home Agent (HA) option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about the device, see your vendor documentation.

87 STEALTHBITS STEALTHINTERCEPT

The IBM Security QRadar DSM for STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT can collect event logs from your STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT servers.

The following table identifies the specifications for the STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT DSM:

Table 87-1 STEAL THRite StealthINTERCEPT DSM specifications

Tabi	01		'	Dow specifications	

Specification	Value
Manufacturer	STEALTHbits Technologies
DSM	STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT
RPM file name	DSM-STEALTHbitsStealthINTERCEPT-build_number .noarch.rpm
Supported versions	
Protocol	Syslog LEEF
QRadar recorded events	Active Directory Audit Events
Automatically discovered	Yes
Includes identity	No
More information	http://www.stealthbits.com/resources

STEALTHbits To StealthINTERCEPT fo DSM integration process

To integrate STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT DSM with QRadar, use the following procedure:

- 1 If automatic updates are not enabled, download and install the most recent RPM files on your QRadar Console. RPMs need to be installed only one time. The most recent version of the following RPM files are required:
 - DSMCommon RPM

- STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT RPM
- 2 For each instance of STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT, configure you STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT system to enable communication with QRadar.
- 3 If QRadar does not automatically discover the log source, for each STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT server that you want to integrate, create a log source on the QRadar Console.

Related tasks

Manually installing a DSM

Configuring your STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT system for communication with QRadar

Configuring a STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT log source in QRadar

 Configuring your
 To collect all audit logs and system events from STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT, you must specify QRadar as the syslog server and configure the message format.

 StealthINTERCEPT
 Procedure

 system for
 Procedure

 communication
 Step 1

 Log in to your STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT server.

- Step 2 Start the Administration Console.
- Step 3 Click Configuration > Syslog Server.
- Step 4 Configure the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Host Address	The IP address of the QRadar Console
Port	514

- Step 5 Click Import mapping file.
- **Step 6** Select the SyslogLeefTemplate.txt file and press Enter.
- Step 7 Click Save.
- Step 8 On the Administration Console, click Actions.
- Step 9 Select the mapping file that you imported, and then select the Send to Syslog check box.

Tip: Leave the *Send to Events DB* check box selected. StealthINTERCEPT uses the events database to generate reports.

Step 10 Click Add.

Configuring a STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEP	от	To collect STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT events, configure a log source in QRadar.
log source in QRadar		Procedure
S	tep 1	Log in to QRadar.
S	tep 2	Click the Admin tab.
S	tep 3	In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
S	tep 4	Click the Log Sources icon.
S	tep 5	Click Add.
S	tep 6	From the Log Source Type list, select STEALTHbits StealthINTERCEPT.
S	tep 7	From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
S	tep 8	Configure the remaining parameters.
S	tep 9	Click Save.
Ste	ep 10	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The Stonesoft Management Center DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant LEEF formatted syslog events. Before configuring QRadar, you must configure your Stonesoft Management Center to export LEEF formatted syslog events.

This document includes the steps required to edit LogServerConfiguration.txt file. Configuring the text file allows Stonesoft Management Center to export event data in LEEF format using syslog to QRadar. For detailed configuration instructions, see the *StoneGate Management Center Administrator's Guide*.

Configuring To configure Stonesoft Management Center:

Stonesoft Management Center Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the appliance hosting your Stonesoft Management Center.

- Step 2 Stop the Stonesoft Management Center Log Server:
 - Windows Select one of the following methods to stop the Log Server:
 - Stop the Log Server in the Windows Services list.
 - Run the batch file <installation path>/bin/sgStopLogSrv.bat.
 - Linux To stop the Log Server in Linux, run the script <installation path>/bin/sgStopLogSrv.sh.
- Step 3 Edit the LogServerConfiguration.txt file. The configuration file is located in the following directory:

<installation path>/data/LogServerConfiguration.txt

Step 4 Configure the following parameters in the LogServerConfiguration.txt file:

 Table 88-1
 Log Server Configuration Options

Parameter	Value	Description
SYSLOG_EXPORT_FORMAT	LEEF	Type LEEF as the export format to use for syslog.

Parameter	Value	Description
SYSLOG_EXPORT_ALERT	YES NO	Type one of the following values:
		• Yes - Exports alert entries to QRadar using syslog.
		 No - Alert entries are not exported using syslog.
SYSLOG_EXPORT_FW	YES NO	Type one of the following values:
		 Yes - Exports firewall and VPN entries to QRadar using syslog.
		 No - Firewall and VPN entries are not exported using syslog.
SYSLOG_EXPORT_IPS	YES NO	Type one of the following values:
		 Yes - Exports IPS log file entries to QRadar using syslog.
		 No - IPS entries are not exported using syslog.
SYSLOG_PORT	514	Type 514 as the UDP port for forwarding syslog events to QRadar.
SYSLOG_SERVER_ADDRESS	QRadar IPv4 Address	Type the IPv4 address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Table 88-1	Log Server Configuration Option	ons (continued)
	eg ee e. eega. a.ae epa	

Step 5 Save the LogServerConfiguration.txt file.

- Step 6 Start the Log Server:
 - Windows Type <installation path>/bin/sgStartLogSrv.bat.
 - Linux Type <installation path>/bin/sgStartLogSrv.sh.

You are now ready to configure a traffic rule for syslog.

Note: A firewall rule is only required if your QRadar Console or Event Collector is separated by a firewall from the Stonesoft Management Server. If no firewall exists between the Management Server and QRadar, you need to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a syslog
traffic ruleIf the Stonesoft Management Center and QRadar are separated by a firewall in
your network, you must modify your firewall or IPS policy to allow traffic between
the Stonesoft Management Center and QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1 From the Stonesoft Management Center, select one of the following methods for modifying a traffic rule:
 - Firewall policies Select Configuration > Configuration > Firewall.
 - IPS policies Select Configuration > Configuration > IPS.
- Step 2 Select the type of policy to modify:
 - Firewall Select Firewall Policies > Edit Firewall Policy.
 - IPS Select IPS Policies > Edit Firewall Policy.

- Step 3 Add an IPv4 Access rule with the following values to the firewall policy:
 - a **Source** Type the IPv4 address of your Stonesoft Management Center Log Server.
 - **b Destination** Type the IPv4 address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
 - c Service Select Syslog (UDP).
 - d Action Select Allow.
 - e Logging Select None.

Note: In most cases, we recommend setting the logging value to **None**. Logging syslog connections without configuring a syslog filter can create a loop. For more information, see the *StoneGate Management Center Administrator's Guide*.

Step 4 Save your changes and refresh the policy on the firewall or IPS.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Stonesoft Management Center. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Stonesoft Management Center.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 88-2Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Stonesoft Management Center appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

89 SUN SOLARIS

This section provides DSM configuration information on the following:

- Sun Solaris
- Sun Solaris DHCP
- Sun Solaris Sendmail
- Sun Solaris Basic Security Mode (BSM)

Sun Solaris The Sun Solaris DSM for records all relevant Solaris authentication events using syslog.

Configuring Sun
SolarisTo collect authentication events from Sun Solaris, you must configure syslog to
forward events to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the Sun Solaris command-line interface.
- Step 2 Open the /etc/syslog.conf file.
- Step 3 To forward system authentication logs to QRadar, add the following line to the file:

*.err;auth.notice;auth.info

@<IP address>

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar. Use tabs instead of spaces to format the line.

Note: Depending on the version of Solaris you are running, you might need to add additional log types to the file. Contact your system administrator for more information.

- Step 4 Save and exit the file.
- Step 5 Type the following command:
 - kill -HUP 'cat /etc/syslog.pid'

You are now ready to configure the log source QRadar.

Configuring a Sun
Solaris DHCP log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Sun Solaris DHCP installations. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Solaris Operating System Authentication Messages.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 89-3 Syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from Sun Solaris installations.
	Each additional log source you create when you have multiple installations should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or host name.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Solaris Sendmail is displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Sun Solaris DHCP	The Sun Solaris DHCP DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant DHCP events using syslog.
Configuring Sun Solaris DHCP	To collect events from Sun Solaris DHCP, you must configure syslog to forward events to QRadar.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to the Sun Solaris command-line interface.
Step 2	Edit the /etc/default/dhcp file.
Step 3	Enable logging of DHCP transactions to syslog by adding the following line:
	LOGGING_FACILITY=X

Where ${\bf x}$ is the number corresponding to a local syslog facility, for example, a number from 0 to 7.

- **Step 4** Save and exit the file.
- Step 5 Edit the /etc/syslog.conf file.
- Step 6 To forward system authentication logs to QRadar, add the following line to the file:

localX.notice @<IP address>

Where:

x is the logging facility number you specified in Step 3.

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar. Use tabs instead of spaces to format the line.

Step 7 Save and exit the file.

Step 8 Type the following command:

kill -HUP 'cat /etc/syslog.pid'

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a Sun
Solaris DHCP logQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
Sun Solaris DHCP installations. The following configuration steps are optional.

source

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Solaris Operating System DHCP Logs.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 89-4 Syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from Sun Solaris DHCP installations.
	Each additional log source you create when you have multiple installations should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or host name.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.
	The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Solaris Sendmail is displayed on the Log Activity tab.
Sun Solaris Sendmail	The Sun Solaris Sendmail DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Solaris authentication events using syslog and records all relevant sendmail events.
Configuring Syslog for Sun Solaris Sendmail	To collect events from Sun Solaris Sendmail, you must configure syslog to forward events to QRadar.
eenanan	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to the Sun Solaris command-line interface.
Step 2	Open the /etc/syslog.conf file.
Step 3	To forward system authentication logs to QRadar, add the following line to the file:
	<pre>mail.*; @<ip address=""></ip></pre>
	Where <ip address=""> is the IP address of your QRadar. Use tabs instead of spaces to format the line.</ip>
	Note: Depending on the version of Solaris you are running, you might need to add additional log types to the file. Contact your system administrator for more information.
Step 4	Save and exit the file.
Step 5	Type the following command:
	kill -HUP `cat /etc/syslog.pid`
	You are now ready to configure the log source QRadar.
Configuring a Sun Solaris Sendmail log source	QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Sun Solaris Sendmail appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.
500100	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.
Step 3	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources .
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.
Step 5	Click Add.
Step 6	In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
Step 7	In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
Step 8	From the Log Source Type list, select Solaris Operating System Sendmail Logs.
Step 9	Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

Table 89-5	Syslog parameters
------------	-------------------

	Parameter	Description
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from Sun Solaris Sendmail installations.
		Each additional log source you create when you have multiple installations should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or host name.
Step 11	Click Save.	
Step 12	On the Admin tab, clic	ck Deploy Changes.
	•	ed to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Solaris on the Log Activity tab.
Sun Solaris Basic Security Mode (BSM)		eurity Mode (BSM) is an audit tracking tool for system ve detailed auditing events from Sun Solaris systems.
	-	retrieves Sun Solaris BSM events using the Log File gure QRadar to integrate with Solaris Basic Security Mode,
1	Enable Solaris Basic S	Security Mode.
2	Convert audit logs fror	n binary to a human-readable format.
3	Schedule a cron job to	o run the conversion script on a schedule.
4	Collect Sun Solaris ev	ents in QRadar using the Log File protocol.
Enabling Basic Security Mode	•	ris BSM, you must enable Solaris Basic Security Mode and of events the system logs to an audit log file.
	Procedure	
Step 1	Log in to your Solaris	console as a superuser or root user.
Step 2	Enable single-user mo	ode on your Solaris console.
Step 3	Type the following con	nmand to run the bsmconv script and enable auditing:
	/etc/security/bsm	conv
	The bsmconv script er service auditd.	nables Solaris Basic Security Mode and starts the auditing
Step 4	Type the following con	nmand to open the audit control log for editing:
	vi /etc/security/	audit_control
Step 5	Edit the audit control fi	ile to contain the following information:

dir:/var/audit
flags:lo,ad,ex,-fw,-fc,-fd,-fr
naflags:lo,ad

- Step 6 Save the changes to the audit_control file, then reboot the Solaris console to start auditd.
- **Step 7** Type the following command to verify auditd has started:

/user/sbin/auditconfig -getcond

If the auditd process is started, the following string is returned:

audit condition = auditing

You are now ready to convert the binary Solaris Basic Security Mode logs to a human-readable log format.

Converting SunQRadar cannot process binary files directly from Sun Solaris BSM. You mustSolaris BSM auditconvert the audit log from the existing binary format to a human-readable loglogsformat using praudit before the audit log data can be retrieved by QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Type the following command to create a new script on your Sun Solaris console:

```
vi /etc/security/newauditlog.sh
```

Step 2 Add the following information to the newauditlog.sh script:

```
#!/bin/bash
#
# newauditlog.sh - Start a new audit file and expire the old
logs
#
AUDIT EXPIRE=30
AUDIT DIR="/var/audit"
LOG DIR="/var/log/"
/usr/sbin/audit -n
cd $AUDIT_DIR # in case it is a link
# Get a listing of the files based on creation date that are not
current in use
FILES=$(ls -lrt | tr -s " " | cut -d" " -f9 | grep -v
"not terminated")
# We just created a new audit log by doing 'audit -n', so we can
# be sure that the last file in the list will be the latest
# archived binary log file.
lastFile=""
for file in $FILES; do
```

```
lastFile=$file
```

done

```
# Extract a human-readable file from the binary log file
echo "Beginning praudit of $lastFile"
praudit -1 $lastFile > "$LOG_DIR$lastFile.log"
echo "Done praudit, creating log file at: $LOG DIR$lastFile.log"
```

```
/usr/bin/find . $AUDIT_DIR -type f -mtime +$AUDIT_EXPIRE \
-exec rm {} > /dev/null 2>&1 \;
```

End script

The script outputs log files in the <starttime>.<endtime>.<hostname>.log format.

For example, the log directory in /var/log would contain a file with the following name:

20111026030000.20111027030000.qasparc10.log

- Step 3 Optional. Edit the script to change the default directory for the log files.
 - a **AUDIT_DIR="/var/audit"** The Audit directory must match the location specified by the audit control file you configured in **Step 5**.
 - b LOG_DIR="/var/log/" The log directory is the location of the human-readable log files of your Sun Solaris system that are ready to be retrieved by QRadar.
- **Step 4** Save your changes to the newauditlog.sh script.

You are now ready to automate the this script using CRON to convert the Sun Solaris Basic Security Mode log to human-readable format.

Creating a cron job Cron is a Solaris daemon utility that automates scripts and commands to run system-wide on a scheduled basis.

The following steps provide an example for automating newauditlog.sh to run daily at midnight. If you need to retrieve log files multiple times a day from your Solaris system, you must alter your cron schedule accordingly.

Procedure

Step 1 Type the following command to create a copy of your cron file:

crontab -1 > cronfile

Step 2 Type the following command to edit the cronfile:

vi cronfile

Step 3 Add the following information to your cronfile:

0 0 * * * /etc/security/newauditlog.sh

- Step 4 Save the change to the cronfile.
- **Step 5** Type the following command to add the cronfile to crontab:

crontab cronfile

616 SUN SOLARIS

Step 6 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar to retrieve the Sun Solaris BSM audit log files.

What to do next

You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log
source for Sun
Solaris BSMA log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote
host. Sun Solaris BSM supports the bulk loading of audit log files using the log file
protocol.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 From the Log Source Type list, select Solaris BSM.
- Step 6 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 7 Configure the following parameters:

Table 89-1 Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remove server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	• SCP - Secure Copy
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service types requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the Sun Solaris BSM system.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. If you configure the Service Type as FTP, the default is 21. If you configure the Service Type as SFTP or SCP, the default is 22.
	The valid range is 1 to 65535.
Remote User	Type the username necessary to log in to your Sun Solaris system.
	The username can be up to 255 characters in length.

Parameter	Description
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to your Sun Solaris system.
Confirm Password	Confirm the Remote Password to log in to your Sun Solaris system.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP from the Service Type field you can define a directory path to an SSH private key file. The SSH Private Key File allows you to ignore the Remote Password field.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved. By default, the newauditlog.sh script writes the human-readable logs files to the /var/log/ directory.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to also search sub folders. The Recursive parameter is not used if you configure SCP as the Service Type. By default, the check box is clear.
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.
	For example, if you want to retrieve all files in the <starttime>.<endtime>.<hostname>.log format, use the following entry: \d+\.\d+\.\w+\.log.</hostname></endtime></starttime>
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website:
FTP Transfer Mode	http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/ This option only appears if you select FTP as the Service Type. The FTP Transfer Mode parameter allows you to define the file transfer mode when retrieving log files over FTP.
	From the list, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source:
	 Binary - Select Binary for log sources that require binary data files or compressed .zip, .gzip, .tar, or .tar+gzip archive files.
	 ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer. You must select NONE for the Processor field and LINEBYLINE the Event Generator field when using ASCII as the transfer mode.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type, you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.

Table 89-1 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
	For example, type 2H if you want the directory to be scanned every 2 hours. The default is 1H.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save. After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File(s) parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	If the files located on the remote host are stored in a .zip, .gzip, .tar, or tar+gzip archive format, select the processor that allows the archives to be expanded and contents processed.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track files that have already been processed and you do not want the files to be processed a second time. This only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define the local directory on your QRadar system that you want to use for storing downloaded files during processing. We recommend that you leave the check box clear. When the check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LINEBYLINE.

Table 89-1 Log File Parameters (continued)

Step 8 Click Save.

The configuration is complete. Events that are retrieved using the log file protocol are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

90 SYBASE ASE

	You can integrate a Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) device with IBM Security QRadar SIEM to record all relevant events using JDBC.
	To configure a Sybase ASE device:
Step 1	Configure Sybase auditing.
	For information about configuring Sybase auditing, see your Sybase documentation.
Step 2	Log in to the Sybase database as an sa user:
	isql -Usa -P <password></password>
	Where <password> is the password necessary to access the database.</password>
Step 3	Switch to the security database:
	use sybsecurity
	go
Step 4	Create a view for QRadar SIEM.
	create view audit_view
	as
	<pre>select audit_event_name(event) as event_name, * from <audit_table_1></audit_table_1></pre>
	union
	<pre>select audit_event_name(event) as event_name, * from <audit_table_2></audit_table_2></pre>
	go
Step 5	For each additional audit table in the audit configuration, make sure the union select parameter is repeated for each additional audit table.
	For example, if you want to configure auditing with four audit tables (sysaudits_01, sysaudits_02, sysaudits_03, sysaudits_04), type the following:
	create view audit_view as select audit_event_name(event) as event_name, * from sysaudits_01
	<pre>union select audit_event_name(event) as event_name, * from sysaudits_02,</pre>

union select audit_event_name(event) as event_name, * from sysaudits_03,

union select audit_event_name(event) as event_name, * from
sysaudits_04

You are now ready to configure the log source QRadar SIEM.

To configure QRadar SIEM to receive events from a Sybase ASE device:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar SIEM.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 1 From the Log Source Type list, select the Sybase ASE option.
- Step 2 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC.

The JDBC protocol configuration is displayed.

- Step 3 Update the JDBC configuration to include the following values:
 - a Database Name: sybsecurity
 - b Port: 5000 (Default)
 - c Username: sa
 - d Table Name: audit_view
 - e Compare Field: eventtime

The Database Name and Table Name parameters are case sensitive.

For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see the *IBM* Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide. For more information about the Sybase ASE device, see your vendor documentation.

91 SYMANTEC

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- Symantec Endpoint Protection
- Symantec SGS
- Symantec System Center
- Symantec Data Loss Prevention (DLP)
- Symantec PGP Universal Server

Symantec EndpointThe Symantec Endpoint Protection DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events
using syslog.

QRadar records all Audit and Security log events. Before configuring a Symantec Endpoint Protection device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the Symantec Endpoint Protection Manager
- Step 2 On the left panel, click the Admin icon.

The View Servers option is displayed.

- Step 3 From the bottom of the View Servers panel, click Servers.
- Step 4 From the View Servers panel, click Local Site.
- Step 5 From the Tasks panel, click Configure External Logging.
- Step 6 On the Generals tab:
 - a Select the Enable Transmission of Logs to a Syslog Server check box.
 - **b** In the Syslog Server field, type the IP address of your QRadar you want to parse the logs.
 - c In the UDP Destination Port field, type 514.
 - d In the **Log Facility** field, type **6**.
- Step 7 In the Log Filter tab:
 - a Under the Management Server Logs, select the Audit Logs check box.

	 Under the Client Log panel, select the Security Logs check box.
Stop 8	 C Under the Client Log panel, select the Risks check box. Click OK.
Step 0	You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.
	To configure QRadar to receive events from a Symantec Endpoint Protection device:
	From the Log Source Type list, select the Symantec Endpoint Protection option.
	For more information on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i> .
Symantec SGS	The Symantec Gateway Security (SGS) Appliance DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts SGS events using syslog.
	QRadar records all relevant events from SGS. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with an SGS, you must configure syslog within your SGS appliance. For more information on Symantec SGS, see your vendor documentation.
	After you configure syslog to forward events to QRadar, the configuration is complete. Events forward from Symantec SGS to QRadar using syslog are automatically discovered. However, if you want to manually create a log source for Symantec SGS:
	From the Log Source Type list, select the Symantec Gateway Security (SGS) Appliance option.
	For more information on configuring devices, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide.</i>
Symantec System Center	The Symantec System Center (SSC) DSM for IBM Security QRadar retrieves events from an SSC database using a custom view created for QRadar.
	QRadar records all SSC events. You must configure the SSC database with a user that has read and write privileges for the custom QRadar view to be able to poll the view for information. Symantec System Center (SSC) only supports the JDBC protocol.
Configuring a database view for Symantec System Center	A database view is required by the JDBC protocol to poll for SSC events.

Procedure

Step 1 In the Microsoft SQL Server database used by the SSC device, configure a custom default view to support QRadar:

The database name must not contain any spaces.

CREATE VIEW dbo.vw_qradar AS SELECT

dbo.alerts.Idx AS idx,

dbo.inventory.IP_Address AS ip,
dbo.inventory.Computer AS computer name,

dbo.virus.Virusname AS virus name,

dbo.alerts.Filepath AS filepath,

dbo.alerts.NoOfViruses AS no of virus,

dbo.actualaction.Actualaction AS [action],

dbo.alerts.Alertdatetime AS [date],

dbo.clientuser.Clientuser AS user_name FROM

dbo.alerts INNER JOIN

dbo.virus ON dbo.alerts.Virusname_Idx = dbo.virus.Virusname Idx INNER JOIN

dbo.inventory ON dbo.alerts.Computer_Idx = dbo.inventory.Computer_Idx INNER JOIN

dbo.actualaction ON dbo.alerts.Actualaction_Idx =

dbo.actualaction.Actualaction_Idx INNER JOIN

dbo.clientuser ON dbo.alerts.Clientuser_Idx =
dbo.clientuser.Clientuser_Idx

After you create your custom view, you must configure QRadar to receive event information using the JDBC protocol.

Configuring a log
sourceTo configure QRadar to access the SSC database using the JDBC protocol.ProcedureStep 1Log in to QRadar.Step 2Click the Admin tab.Step 3On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.Step 4Click the Log Sources icon.Step 5Click Add.Step 6Using the Log Source Type list, select Symantec System Center.Step 7Using the Protocol Configuration list, select JDBC.Step 8Configure the following:

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:
	<ssc database="">@<ssc database="" host<br="" ip="" or="" server="">Name></ssc></ssc>
	Where:
	<pre>SSC Database> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.</pre>
	<pre><ssc database="" host="" ip="" name="" or="" server=""> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.</ssc></pre>
Database Type	From the list, select MSDE.
Database Name	Type Reporting as the name of the Symantec System Center database.
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Symantec System Center SQL Server.
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433.
	The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Symantec System Center database. The Symantec System Center database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.
	Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.
Username	Type the username required to access the database.
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Windows Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.
	Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.
Table Name	Type vw_qradar as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.

 Table 91-1
 Symantec System Center JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view.
	You can use a comma separated list to define specific tables or views, if required for your configuration. The comma separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type idx as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.
Start Date and	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.
Time	The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Use Prepared	Select this check box to use prepared statements.
Statements	Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.
	Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.
	You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Use Named Pipe	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.
Communication	When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.

 Table 91-1
 Symantec System Center JDBC Parameters (continued)

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Symantec System Center log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

- Step 9 Click Save.
- Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Symantec Data Loss Prevention (DLP)	The Symantec Data Loss Protection (DLP) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events from a Symantec DLP appliance using syslog.
	Before configuring QRadar, you must configure response rules on your Symantec DLP. The response rule allows the Symantec DLP appliance to forward syslog events to QRadar when a data loss policy violation occurs. Integrating Symantec DLP requires you to create two protocol response rules (SMTP and None of SMTP) for QRadar. These protocol response rules create an action to forward the event information, using syslog, when an incident is triggered.
	To configure Symantec DLP with QRadar, you must:
1	Create an SMTP response rule.
2	Create a None of SMTP response rule.
3	Configure a log source in QRadar.
4	Map Symantec DLP events in QRadar.
Creating an SMTP response rule	To configure an SMTP response rule in Symantec DLP:
	Procedure
-	Log in to your Symantec DLP user interface.
-	From the menu, select the Manage > Policies > Response Rules .
-	Click Add Response Rule.
Step 4	Select one of the following response rule types:
	• Automated Response - Automated response rules are triggered automatically as incidents occur. This is the default value.
	• Smart Response - Smart response rules are added to the Incident Command screen and handled by an authorized Symantec DLP user.
Step 5	Click Next.
Step 6	Configure the following values:
	a Rule Name - Type a name for the rule you are creating. This name should be descriptive enough for policy authors to identify the rule. For example, <code>QRadar Syslog SMTP</code> .
	b Description - Optional. Type a description for the rule you are creating.
Step 7	Click Add Condition.
Step 8	On the Conditions panel, select the following conditions:
	From the first list, select Protocol or Endpoint Monitoring.
	From the second list, select Is Any Of .
	• From the third list, select SMTP .
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- Step 9 On the Actions panel, click Add Action.
- Step 10 From the Actions list, select All: Log to a Syslog Server.
- Step 11 Configure the following options:
 - a Host Type the IP address of your QRadar.
 - **b Port** Type **514** as the syslog port.
 - c **Message** -Type the following string to add a message for SMTP events.

LEEF:1.0|Symantec|DLP|2:medium|\$POLICY\$|suser=\$SENDER\$|duser= \$RECIPIENTS\$|rules=\$RULES\$|matchCount=\$MATCH_COUNT\$|blocked=\$ BLOCKED\$|incidentID=\$INCIDENT_ID\$|incidentSnapshot=\$INCIDENT_ SNAPSHOT\$|subject=\$SUBJECT\$|fileName=\$FILE_NAME\$|parentPath=\$ PARENT_PATH\$|path=\$PATH\$|quarantineParentPath=\$QUARANTINE_PAR ENT PATH\$|scan=\$SCAN\$|target=\$TARGET\$

- d Level From this list, select 6 Informational.
- Step 12 Click Save.

SMTP response rule

You are now ready to configure your None Of SMTP response rule.

Creating a none of To configure a None Of SMTP response rule in Symantec DLP:

Procedure

- Step 1 From the menu, select the Manage > Policies > Response Rules.
- Step 2 Click Add Response Rule.

Step 3 Select one of the following response rule types:

- Automated Response Automated response rules are triggered automatically as incidents occur. This is the default value.
- Smart Response Smart response rules are added to the Incident Command screen and handled by an authorized Symantec DLP user.
- Step 4 Click Next.
- Step 5 Configure the following values:
 - a **Rule Name** Type a name for the rule you are creating. This name should be descriptive enough for policy authors to identify the rule. For example, <code>QRadar Syslog None Of SMTP</code>.
 - **b Description** Optional. Type a description for the rule you are creating.
- Step 6 Click Add Condition.
- Step 7 On the Conditions panel, select the following conditions:
 - From the first list, select **Protocol or Endpoint Monitoring**.
 - From the second list, select **Is Any Of**.
 - From the third list, select None Of SMTP.
- Step 8 On the Actions panel, click Add Action.

Step 9 From the Actions list, select All: Log to a Syslog Server.

Step 10 Configure the following options:

- a Host Type the IP address of your QRadar.
- **b Port** Type **514** as the syslog port.
- **c Message** -Type the following string to add a message for None Of SMTP events.

LEEF:1.0|Symantec|DLP|2:medium|\$POLICY\$|src=\$SENDER\$|dst=\$REC IPIENTS\$|rules=\$RULES\$|matchCount=\$MATCH_COUNT\$|blocked=\$BLOC KED\$|incidentID=\$INCIDENT_ID\$|incidentSnapshot=\$INCIDENT_SNAP SHOT\$|subject=\$SUBJECT\$|fileName=\$FILE_NAME\$|parentPath=\$PARE NT_PATH\$|path=\$PATH\$|quarantineParentPath=\$QUARANTINE_PARENT_ PATH\$|scan=\$SCAN\$|target=\$TARGET\$

d Level - From this list, select 6 - Informational.

Step 11 Click Save.

You are now ready to configure QRadar.

Configuring a log You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

source

QRadar automatically detects syslog events for the SMTP and None of SMTP response rules you created. However, if you want to manually configure QRadar to receive events from a Symantec DLP appliance:

From the **Log Source Type** list, select the **Symantec DLP** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about Symantec DLP, see your vendor documentation.

Creating an event
map for Symantec
DLP eventsEvent mapping is required for a number of Symantec DLP events. Due to the
customizable nature of policy rules, most events, except the default policy events
do not contain a predefined QRadar Identifier (QID) map to categorize security
events.

You can individually map each event for your device to an event category in QRadar. Mapping events allows QRadar to identify, coalesce, and track reoccurring events from your network devices. Until you map an event, all events that are displayed in the **Log Activity** tab for Symantec DLP are categorized as unknown. Unknown events are easily identified as the Event Name column and Low Level Category columns display Unknown.

Discovering unknown events As your device forwards events to QRadar, it can take time to categorize all of the events for a device, as some events might not be generated immediately by the event source appliance or software. It is helpful to know how to quickly search for unknown events. When you know how to search for unknown events, we

recommend you repeat this search until you are comfortable that you have identified the majority of your events.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 1 Click the Log Activity tab.
- Step 2 Click Add Filter.
- Step 3 From the first list, select Log Source.
- Step 4 From the Log Source Group list, select the log source group or Other.Log sources that are not assigned to a group are categorized as Other.
- Step 5 From the Log Source list, select your Symantec DLP log source.
- Step 6 Click Add Filter.

The **Log Activity** tab is displayed with a filter for your log source.

Step 7 From the View list, select Last Hour.

Any events generated by the Symantec DLP DSM in the last hour are displayed. Events displayed as unknown in the Event Name column or Low Level Category column require event mapping in QRadar.

Note: You can save your existing search filter by clicking Save Criteria.

You are now ready to modify the event map.

Modifying the event map

Modifying an event map allows you to manually categorize events to a QRadar Identifier (QID) map. Any event categorized to a log source can be remapped to a new QRadar Identifier (QID).

Note: Events that do not have a defined log source cannot be mapped to an event. Events without a log source display SIM Generic Log in the Log Source column.

Procedure

Step 1 On the Event Name column, double-click an unknown event for Symantec DLP. The detailed event information is displayed.

The detailed event information is disp

- Step 2 Click Map Event.
- Step 3 From the Browse for QID pane, select any of the following search options to narrow the event categories for a QRadar Identifier (QID):
 - a From the High-Level Category list, select a high-level event categorization.

For a full list of high-level and low-level event categories or category definitions, see the Event Categories section of the *IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide*.

- **b** From the **Low-Level Category** list, select a low-level event categorization.
- c From the Log Source Type list, select a log source type.

	The Log Source Type list allows you to search for QIDs from other log sources. Searching for QIDs by log source is useful when events are similar to another existing network device. For example, Symantec provides policy and data loss prevention events, you might select another product that likely captures similar events.
	d To search for a QID by name, type a name in the QID/Name field.
	The QID/Name field allows you to filter the full list of QIDs for a specific word, for example, policy.
Step 4	Click Search.
	A list of QIDs are displayed.
Step 5	Select the QID you want to associate to your unknown event.
Step 6	Click OK .
	QRadar maps any additional events forwarded from your device with the same QID that matches the event payload. The event count increases each time the event is identified by QRadar.
	If you update an event with a new QRadar Identifier (QID) map, past events stored in QRadar are not updated. Only new events are categorized with the new QID.
Symantec PGP Universal Server	The PGP Universal Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events from PGP Universal Servers.

Configure syslog for To enable external logging to forward syslog events to QRadar: **PGP Universal Server**

Procedure

Step 1 In a web browser, log in to your PGP server's administrative interface.

https://<PGP Server IP address>:9000

- Step 2 Click Settings.
- Step 3 Select the Enable External Syslog check box.
- Step 4 From the Protocol list, select the either UDP or TCP.

By default, QRadar uses port 514 to receive UDP syslog or TCP syslog event messages.

- Step 5 In the Hostname field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 6 In the Port field, type 514.
- Step 7 Click Save.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as PGP Universal Server events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by the PGP Universal Servers are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from
PGP Universal Servers. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select PGP Universal Server.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 91-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your PGP Universal Server.

Step 11 Click Save.

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Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

92 MOTOROLA SYMBOL AP

The Motorola Symbol AP DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant events forwarded from Motorola Symbol AP devices using syslog.

Configure a log source To integrate Motorola SymbolAP with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive events.

QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Motorola SymbolAP appliances. In cases where the log source is not automatically discovered, we recommend you create a log source before forwarding events to QRadar.

To configure a log source:

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click Add.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Motorola SymbolAP.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 92-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Motorola SymbolAP appliance.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.The log source is added to QRadar.

Configure syslog To configure the device to forward syslog events to QRadar:

events for Motorola

Symbol AP

- Step 1 Log in to your Symbol AP device user interface.
- Step 2From the menu, select System Configuration > Logging Configuration.The Access Point window is displayed.
- Step 3 Using the Logging Level list, select the desired log level for tracking system events. The options are:
 - 0 Emergency
 - 1- Alert
 - 2 Critical
 - 3 Errors
 - 4 Warning
 - 5 Notice
 - 6 Info. This is the default.
 - 7 Debug
- Step 4 Select the Enable logging to an external syslog server check box.
- Step 5 In the Syslog Server IP Address field, type the IP address of an external syslog server, such as QRadar.

This is required to route the syslog events to QRadar.

- Step 6 Click Apply.
- Step 7 Click Logout.

A confirmation window is displayed.

Step 8 Click OK to exit the application.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

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For instructions about how to integrate this DSM, see the **IBM Security QRadar** Integration Documentation Addendum (http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg27042162).

94 SYMARK

Symark PowerBroker logs all events to a multi-line format in a single event log file, which is viewed using Symark's pblog utility.

PowerBroker pblogs must be re-formatted using a script and forwarded to IBM Security QRadar. This configuration requires you download and configure a script for your Symark PowerBroker appliance before you can forward events to QRadar.

Configure Symark To configure a Symark PowerBroker device to forward syslog to QRadar: **PowerBroker**

Step 1 On the IBM support website, download the following file:

pbforwarder.pl.gz

The script can be downloaded from the following website:

http://www.ibm.com/support

Step 2 Copy the file to the device that hosts Symark PowerBroker.

Note: Perl 5.8 must be installed on the device that hosts Symark PowerBroker.

Step 3 Type the following command to extract the file:

gzip -d pbforwarder.pl.gz

Step 4 Type the following command to set the script file permissions:

chmod +x pbforwarder.pl

Step 5 Using SSH, log in to the device that hosts Symark PowerBroker.

The credentials used to log in must have read, write, and execute permissions for the log file.

Step 6 Type the appropriate parameters:

 Table 94-1
 Command Parameters

Parameters	Description
-h	The -h parameter defines the syslog host receiving the events from Symark PowerBroker. This is the IP address of your QRadar or Event Collector.

Parameters	Description
-t	The -t parameter defines that the command-line is used to tail the log file and monitor for new output from the listener.
	For PowerBroker this must be specified as "pblog -l -t".
-р	The -p parameter defines the TCP port to be used when forwarding events.
	If nothing is specified, the default is port 514 .
-H	The -H parameter defines the hostname or IP address for the syslog header of all sent events. It is recommended that this be the IP address of the Symark PowerBroker.
-r	The -r parameter defines the directory name where you want to create the process ID (.pid) file. The default is /var/run.
	This parameter is ignored if -D is specified.
-1	The -I parameter defines the directory name where you want to create the lock file. The default is /var/lock.
	This parameter is ignored if -D is specified.
-D	The -D parameter defines that the script should run in the foreground.
	The default setting is to run as a daemon and log all internal messages to the local syslog service.
-f	The -f parameter defines the syslog facility and (optionally) the severity for messages sent to the Event Collector.
	If no value is specified, user.info is used.
-a	The -a parameter enables an AIX compatible ps method.
	This command is only required when using Symark PowerBroker on AIX systems.
-d	The -d parameter enables debug logging.
-V	The -v parameter displays the script version information.

 Table 94-1
 Command Parameters (continued)

Step 7 Type the following command to start the pbforwarder.pl script.

pbforwarder.pl -h <IP address> -t "pblog -l -t"

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar or Event Collector.

Step 8 Type the following command to stop the pbforwarder.pl script:

kill -QUIT `cat /var/run/pbforwarder.pl.pid`

Step 9 Type the following command to reconnect the pbforwarder.pl script:

kill -HUP `cat /var/run/pbforwarder.pl.pid`

QRadar automatically detects and creates a log source from the syslog events forwarded from a Symark PowerBroker.

To create a log source:

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your Symark PowerBroker log source.
- **Step 5** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select Symark PowerBroker.
- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

The syslog protocol parameters are displayed.

Step 8 Configure the following values:

 Table 94-2
 Adding a Syslog Log Source

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your Symark PowerBroker appliance.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, this check box is selected.
Credibility	From the list, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 to 10. The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	Automatically discovered log sources use the default value configured in the Coalescing Events list in the System Settings window, which is accessible on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source. For more information on Settings, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide</i> .

Parameter	Description
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable or disable QRadar from storing the event payload.
	Automatically discovered log sources use the default value from the Store Event Payload list in the System Settings window, which is accessible on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source. For more information on Settings, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide</i> .

 Table 94-2
 Adding a Syslog Log Source (continued)

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

95 THREATGRID MALWARE THREAT INTELLIGENCE PLATFORM

The ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence Platform DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects malware events by using the log file protocol or syslog.

Supported versions of ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence QRadar supports ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence Platform appliances with v2.0 software that use the QRadar Log Enhanced Event Format (LEEF) Creation script.

Supported event collection protocols for ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence Platform writes malware events that are readable by QRadar.

The LEEF creation script is configured on the ThreatGRID appliance and queries the ThreatGRID API to write LEEF events that are readable by QRadar. The event collection protocol your log source uses to collect malware events is based on the script you install on your ThreatGRID appliance.

Two script options are available for collecting LEEF formatted events:

- **Syslog** The syslog version of the LEEF creation script allows your ThreatGRID appliance to forward events directly to QRadar. Events that are forwarded by the syslog script are automatically discovered by QRadar.
- Log File The Log File protocol version of the LEEF creation script allows the ThreatGRID appliance to write malware events to a file. QRadar uses the Log File protocol to communicate with the event log host to retrieve and parse malware events.

The LEEF creation script is available from ThreatGRID customer support. For more information, see the ThreatGRID website (*http://www.threatgrid.com*) or email ThreatGRID support at *support@threatgrid.com*.

ThreatGRID Malware To integrate ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence events with QRadar, you must complete the following tasks: configuration overview To integrate ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence events with QRadar, you must complete the following tasks:

- 1 Download the QRadar Log Enhanced Event Format Creation script for your collection type from the ThreatGRID support website to your appliance.
- 2 On your ThreatGRID appliance, install and configure the script to poll the ThreatGRID API for events.
- 3 On your QRadar appliance, configure a log source to collect events based on the script you installed on your ThreatGRID appliance.
- 4 Ensure that no firewall rules block communication between your ThreatGRID installation and the QRadar Console or managed host that is responsible for retrieving events.

Configuring a (ThreatGRID syslog a log source p

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for malware events that are forwarded from the ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence Platform. This procedure is optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select ThreatGRID Malware Intelligence Platform.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 95-3 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your ThreatGRID Malware Intelligence Platform.
	The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.

Parameter	Description
Credibility	From the list, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.

 Table 95-3
 Syslog protocol parameters (continued)

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

Malware events that are forwarded to QRadarce are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a To use the log file protocol to collect events, you must configure a log source in QRadar to poll for the event log that contains your malware events.

ThreatGRID log file protocol log source

Procedure

- Step 13 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 14 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 15 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 16 Click Add.
- Step 17 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the log source.
- **Step 18** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 19 From the Log Source Type list, select ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence Platform.

Step 20 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.

Step 21 Configure the following values:

Table 95-4 Log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source.
	The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol that you want to use to retrieve log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol
	SCP - Secure Copy Protocol
	The SCP and SFTP service type requires that the host server in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the ThreatGRID server that contains your event log files.
Remote Port	Type the port number for the protocol that is selected to retrieve the event logs from your ThreatGRID server. The valid range is 1 - 65535.
	The list of default service type port numbers:
	• FTP - TCP Port 21
	SFTP - TCP Port 22
	• SCP - TCP Port 22
Remote User	Type the user name that is required to log in to the ThreatGRID web server that contains your audit event logs.
	The user name can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password to log in to your ThreatGRID server.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password to log in to your ThreatGRID server
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type , use this parameter to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
	Note: For FTP only. If your log files are in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. Blank values in the Remote Directory field support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.

Parameter	Description
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.
	The Recursive parameter is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type .
FTP File Pattern	Type the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files that are specified in the Remote Directory. All files that match the regular expression are retrieved and processed.
	The FTP file pattern must match the name that you assigned to your ThreatGRID event log. For example, to collect files that start with leef or LEEF and ends with a text file extension, type the following value:
	(leef LEEF)+.*\.txt
	Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). This parameter applies to log sources that are configured to use FTP or SFTP.
FTP Transfer Mode	If you select FTP as the Service Type , from the list, select ASCII .
	ASCII is required for text-based event logs.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type , type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type a time value to represent the time of day you want the log file protocol to start. The start time is based on a 24 hour clock and uses the following format: HH:MM.
	For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.
	This parameter functions with the Recurrence field value to establish when your ThreatGRID server is polled for new event log files.
Recurrence	Type the frequency that you want to scan the remote directory on your ThreatGRID server for new event log files. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).
	For example, type 2H to scan the remote directory every 2 hours from the start time. The default recurrence value is 1H. The minimum time interval is 15M.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save .
	After the save action completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of events per second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 - 5000.

Table 95-4 Log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	From the list, select NONE.
	Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and processed for their events. Files are processed after they are downloaded. QRadar can process files in <i>zip</i> , <i>gzip</i> , <i>tar</i> , or <i>tar</i> + <i>gzip</i> archive format.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track and ignore files that are already processed.
	QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine whether the event log was processed by the log source. If a previously processed file is detected, the log source does not download the file. Only new or unprocessed event log files are downloaded by QRadar.
	This option applies to FTP and SFTP service types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar appliance to store event log files during processing.
	In most scenarios, you can leave this check box not selected. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed. You can configure a local directory to temporarily store event log files. After the event log is processed, the events added to QRadar and event logs in the local directory are deleted.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.
	The Event Generator applies extra processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

 Table 95-4
 Log file protocol parameters (continued)

Step 22 Click Save.

Step 23 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

Malware events that are retrieved by the log source are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

96 TIPPING POINT

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- Tipping Point Intrusion Prevention System
- Tipping Point X505/X506 Device

Tipping Point Intrusion Prevention System	The Tipping Point Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Tipping Point events using syslog.			
Frevention System	QRadar records all relevant events from either a Local Security Management (LMS) device or multiple devices with a Security Management System (SMS).			
	Before you configure QRadar to integrate with Tipping Point, you must configure your device based on type:			
	 If you are using an SMS, see Configure remote syslog for SMS. 			
	• If you are using an LSM, see Configure notification contacts for LSM.			
Configure remote syslog for SMS	To configure Tipping Point for SMS, you must enable and configure your appliance to forward events to a remote host using syslog.			
	To configure your Tipping Point SMS:			
Step 1	Log in to the Tipping Point system. On the Admin Navigation menu, select Server Properties .			
Step 2				
Step 3	Select the Management tab.			
Step 4	Click Add.			
	The Edit Syslog Notification window is displayed.			
Step 5	Select the Enable check box.			
Step 6	Configure the following values:			
	a Syslog Server - Type the IP address of the QRadar to receive syslog event messages.			
	b Port - Type 514 as the port address.			
	c Log Type - Select SMS 2.0 / 2.1 Syslog format from the list.			

- d Facility Select Log Audit from the list.
- e Severity Select Severity in Event from the list.
- f Delimiter Select TAB as the delimiter for the generated logs.
- g Include Timestamp in Header Select Use original event timestamp.
- Step 7 Select the Include SMS Hostname in Header check box.

Step 8 Click OK.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Tipping Point device:

From the Log Source Type list, select the Tipping Point Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Tipping Point device, see your vendor documentation.

Configure To configure LSM notification contacts:

notification contacts for LSM

Step 1 Log in to the Tipping Point system.

Step 2 From the LSM menu, select IPS > Action Sets.

The IPS Profile - Action Sets window is displayed.

- Step 3 Click the Notification Contacts tab.
- Step 4 In the Contacts List, click Remote System Log.

The Edit Notification Contact page is displayed.

- Step 5 Configure the following values:
 - a **Syslog Server** Type the IP address of the QRadar to receive syslog event messages.
 - **b Port** Type 514 as the port address.
 - c Alert Facility Select none or a numeric value **0-31** from the list. Syslog uses these numbers to identify the message source.
 - d **Block Facility** Select none or a numeric value **0-31** from the list. Syslog uses these numbers to identify the message source.
 - e Delimiter Select TAB from the list.
- Step 6 Click Add to table below.
- Step 7 Configure a Remote system log aggregation period in minutes.

Note: If your QRadar resides in a different subnet than your Tipping Point device, you might have to add static routes. For more information, see your vendor documentation.

Step 8 Click Save.

You are now ready to configure the action set for your LSM, see **Configuring an Action Set for LSM**.

Configuring an To configure an action set for your LSM:

Action Set for LSM

- Step 1 Log in to the Tipping Point system.
- Step 2 From the LSM menu, select IPS > Action Sets.

The IPS Profile - Action Sets window is displayed.

Step 3 Click Create Action Set.

The Create/Edit Action Set window is displayed.

- **Step 4** Type the Action Set Name.
- Step 5 For Actions, select a flow control action setting:
 - Permit Allows traffic.
 - Rate Limit Limits the speed of traffic. If you select Rate Limit, you must also select the desired rate.
 - Block Does not permit traffic.
 - **TCP Reset** When used with the Block action, resets the source, destination, or both IP addresses of an attack. This option resets blocked TCP flows.
 - Quarantine When used with the Block action, blocks an IP address (source or destination) that triggers the filter.
- Step 6 Select the Remote System Log check box for each action you have selected.
- Step 7 Click Create.
- Step 8 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Tipping Point device.

From the Log Source Type list, select the Tipping Point Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Tipping Point device, see your vendor documentation.

Tipping Point The Tipping Point X505/X506 DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using X505/X506 Device syslog. Supported event QRadar records all relevant system, audit, VPN, and firewall session events. types **Configure syslog** To configure your device to forward events to QRadar: **Step 1** Log in to the Tipping Point X505/X506 device. Step 2 From the LSM menu, select System > Configuration > Syslog Servers. The Syslog Servers window is displayed. Step 3 For each log type you want to forward, select a check box and type the IP address of your QRadar. **Note:** If your QRadar resides in a different subnet than your Tipping Point device, you might have to add static routes. For more information, see your vendor documentation. **Step 4** You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar. To configure QRadar to receive events from a Tipping Point X505/X506 device: From the Log Source Type list, select the Tipping Point X Series Appliances option. For more information on configuring log sources, see the IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide. **Note:** If you have a previously configured Tipping Point X505/X506 DSM installed and configured on your QRadar, the Tipping Point X Series Appliances option is still displayed in the Log Source Type list. However, any new Tipping Point X505/X506 DSM you configure, you must select the Tipping Point Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) option.

97 TOP LAYER IPS

The Top Layer IPS DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Top Layer IPS events using syslog.

QRadar records and processes Top Layer events. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Top Layer device, you must configure syslog within your Top Layer IPS device. For more information on configuring Top Layer, see your Top Layer documentation.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Top Layer IPS events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Top Layer IPS are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Top Layer IPS device:

From the Log Source Type list, select the Top Layer Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Top Layer device, see your vendor documentation.

98 TREND MICRO

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- Trend Micro InterScan VirusWall
- Trend Micro Control Manager
- Trend Micro Office Scan

Trend Micro
InterScan VirusWallThe Trend Micro InterScan VirusWall DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts
events using syslog.You can integrate InterScan VirusWall logs with QRadar using the Adaptive Log

Exporter. For more information on the Adaptive Log Exporter, see the IBM Security QRadar Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide.

After you configure the Adaptive Log Exporter, the configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Trend Micro InterScan VirusWall events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Trend Micro InterScan VirusWall are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

To manually configure QRadar to receive events from an InterScan VirusWall device:

From the Log Source Type list, select the Trend InterScan VirusWall option.

For more information on configuring devices, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Trend Micro InterScan VirusWall device, see your vendor documentation.

Trend Micro Control Manager	You can integrate a Trend Micro Control Manager device with IBM Security QRadar.				
	A Trend Micro Control Manager accepts events using SNMPv1 or SNMPv2. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Trend Micro Control Manager device, you must configure a log source, then configure SNMP trap settings for your Trend Micro Control Manager.				
Configure a log source	QRadar does not automatically discover SNMP events from Trend Micro Control Manager.				
	You must configure an SNMP log source for your Trend Micro Control Manager to use the SNMPv1 or SNMPv2 protocol. SNMPv3 is not supported by Trend Micro Control Manager.				
	Procedure				
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.				
Step 2	2 Click the Admin tab.				
Step 3	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources .				
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.				
Step 5	Click Add.				
Step 6	In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.				
Step 7	In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.				
Step 8	From the Log Source Type list, select Trend Micro Control Manager.				
Step 9	Using the Protocol Configuration list, select SNMPv2.				
	SNMPv3 is not support	ed by Trend Micro Control Manager.			
Step 10	Configure the following	values:			
	Table 98-1 SNMPv2 prot	ocol parameters			
	Parameter	Description			
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Trend Micro Control Manager appliance.			
		Type the SNMP community name required to access the system containing SNMP events. The default is Public.			
	Include OIDs in Event Clear the Include OIDs in Event Payload check box, if selected.				
	This options allows the SNMP event payload to be constructed using name-value pairs instead of the standard event payload format. Including OIDs in the event payload is required for processing SNMPv2 or SNMPv3 events from certain DSMs.				

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Configure SNMP To configure SNMP traps for Trend Micro Control Manager:

traps

Note: Trend Micro Control Manager v5.5 requires hotfix 1697 or hotfix 1713 after Service Pack 1 Patch 1 to provide correctly formatted SNMPv2c events. For more information, see your vendor documentation.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Trend Micro Control Manager device.

Step 2 Select Administration > Settings > Event Center Settings.

- Step 3 Set the SNMP trap notifications:
 - a In the **SNMP Trap Settings** field, type the Community Name.
 - **b** Type the QRadar server IP address.
- Step 4 Click Save.

You are now ready to configure events in the Event Center.

- Step 1 Select Administration > Event Center.
- Step 2 From the Event Category list, expand Alert.
- Step 3 Click Recipients for an alert.
- Step 4 In Notification methods, select the SNMP Trap Notification check box.
- Step 5 Click Save.

The Edit Recipients Result window is displayed.

- Step 6 Click OK.
- Step 7 Repeat Step 2 to Step 6 for every alert that requires an SNMP Trap Notification.

The configuration is complete. Events from Trend Micro Control Manager are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar. For more information on Trend Micro Control Manager, see your vendor documentation.

Trend Micro Office Scan	A Trend Micro Office Scan DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using SNMPv2.			
	QRadar records events relevant to virus and spyware events. Before configuring a Trend Micro device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward SNMPv2 events.			
	QRadar has two options for integrating with a Trend Micro device depending on your device version:			
	Integrating with Trend Micro Office Scan 8.x			
	Integrating with Trend Micro Office Scan 10.x			
Integrating with Trend Micro Office	To integrate a Trend Micro Office Scan 8.x device with QRadar:			
Scan 8.x	Procedure			
Step 1	Log in to the Office Scan Administration interface.			
Step 2	Select Notifications.			
Step 3	Configure the General Settings for SNMP Traps:			
	a In the Server IP Address field, type the IP address of the QRadar.			
	Note: Do not change the community trap information.			
	b Click Save.			
Step 4	Configure the Standard Alert Notification:			
	a Select Standard Notifications.			
	b Click the SNMP Trap tab.			
	c Select the Enable notification via SNMP Trap for Virus/Malware Detections check box.			
	d Type the following message in the field (this should be the default):			
	Virus/Malware: %v Computer: %s Domain: %m File: %p Date/Time: %y Result: %a			
	 Select the Enable notification via SNMP Trap for Spyware/Grayware Detections check box. 			
	f Type the following message in the field (this should be the default):			
	Spyware/Grayware: %v Computer: %s Domain: %m Date/Time: %y Result: %a			

Step 5 Click Save.

- Step 6 Configure Outbreak Alert Notifications:
 - a Select Out Notifications.
 - **b** Click the **SNMP Trap** tab.
 - c Select the Enable notification via SNMP Trap for Virus/Malware Outbreaks check box.
 - d Type the following message in the field (this should be the default):

```
Number of viruses/malware: %CV
Number of computers: %CC
Log Type Exceeded: %A
Number of firewall violation logs: %C
Number of shared folder sessions: %S
Time Period: %T
```

- e Select the Enable notification via SNMP Trap for Spyware/Grayware Outbreaks check box.
- f Type the following message in the field (this should be the default):

```
Number of spyware/grayware: %CV
Number of computers: %CC
Log Type Exceeded: %A
Number of firewall violation logs: %C
Number of shared folder sessions: %S
Time Period: %T
```

- g Click Save.
- Step 7 You are now ready to configure the log sources in QRadar.

To configure the Trend Micro Office Scan device:

- Step 1 From the Log Source Type list, select the Trend Micro Office Scan option.
- Step 2 From the Protocol Configuration list, select the SNMPv2 option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Integrating with Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Trend Micro Office Scan 10.x device, you must:

Scan 10.x

- 1 Configure the SNMP settings for Trend Micro Office Scan 10.x.
- **2** Configure standard notifications.
- 3 Configure outbreak criteria and alert notifications.

Configure General Settings

To integrate a Trend Micro Office Scan 10.x device with QRadar:

Step 1 Log in to the Office Scan Administration interface.

Step 2 Select Notifications > Administrator Notifications > General Settings.

- Step 3 Configure the General Settings for SNMP Traps:
 - a In the Server IP Address field, type the IP address of your QRadar.
 - **b** Type a community name for your Trend Micro Office Scan device.
 - c Click Save.

You must now configure the Standard Notifications for Office Scan.

Configure Standard Notifications

To configure standard notifications:

Step 1 Select Notifications > Administrator Notifications > Standard Notifications.

- Step 2 Define the Criteria settings.
 - a Click the Criteria tab.
 - **b** Select the option to alert administrators on the detection of virus/malware and spyware/grayware, or when the action on these security risks is unsuccessful.
- Step 3 To enable notifications:
 - a Configure the SNMP Trap tab.
 - b Select the Enable notification via SNMP Trap check box.
 - c Type the following message in the field:

```
Virus/Malware: %v
Spyware/Grayware: %T
Computer: %s
IP address: %i
Domain: %m
File: %p
Date/Time: %y
Result: %a
User name: %n
```

Step 4 Click Save.

You must now configure Outbreak Notifications.

Configure Outbreak Criteria and Alert Notifications

To configure outbreak criteria and alert notifications:

- Step 1 Select Notifications > Administrator Notifications > Outbreak Notifications.
- Step 2 Click the Criteria tab.
- Step 3 Type the number of detections and detection period for each security risk.

Notification messages are sent to an administrator when the criteria exceeds the specified detection limit.

Note: Trend Micro recommends using the default values for the detection number and detection period.

Step 4 Select Shared Folder Session Link and enable Office Scan to monitor for firewall violations and shared folder sessions.

Note: To view computers on the network with shared folders or computers currently browsing shared folders you can select the number link in the interface.

- Step 5 Click the SNMP Trap tab.
 - a Select the Enable notification via SNMP Trap check box.
 - **b** Type the following message in the field:

```
Number of viruses/malware: %CV
Number of computers: %CC
Log Type Exceeded: %A
Number of firewall violation logs: %C
Number of shared folder sessions: %S
Time Period: %T
```

Step 6 Click Save.

Step 7 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure the Trend Micro Office Scan device:

- Step 1 From the Log Source Type list, select the Trend Micro Office Scan option.
- Step 2 From the Protocol Configuration list, select the SNMPv2 option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

TRIPWIRE

The Tripwire DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts resource additions, removal, and modification events using syslog.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the Tripwire interface.
- Step 2 On the left-hand navigation, click Actions.
- Step 3 Click New Action.
- **Step 4** Configure the new action.
- Step 5 Select Rules and click on the desired rule you wish to monitor.
- Step 6 Select the Actions tab.
- Step 7 Make sure the new action is selected.
- Step 8 Click OK.
- Step 9 Repeat Step 5 to Step 8 for each rule you want to monitor.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Tripwire device:

From the **Log Source Type** list, select the **Tripwire Enterprise** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Tripwire device, see your vendor documentation.

100 TROPOS CONTROL

The Tropos Control DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

QRadar is capable of recording all fault management, login and logout events, provisioning events, and device image upload events. Before configuring QRadar, you must configure your Tropos Control to forward syslog events.

You can configure Tropos Control to forward logs using syslog to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your Tropos Control device as a root user.
- Step 2 Open the following file for editing:

/opt/ControlServer/ems/conf/logging.properties

Step 3 To enable syslog, remove the comment marker (#) from the following line:

#log4j.category.syslog = INFO, syslog

Step 4 To configure the IP address for the syslog destination, edit the following line:

log4j.appender.syslog.SyslogHost = <IP address>

Where <IP address> is the IP address or hostname of QRadar.

By default, Tropos Control uses a facility of USER and a default log level of INFO. These default settings are correct for syslog event collection from a Tropos Control device.

Step 5 Save and exit the file.

You are now ready to configure the Tropos Control DSM in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Tropos Control:

From the Log Source Type list, select Tropos Control.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

101 TRUSTEER APEX LOCAL EVENT AGGREGATOR

IBM Security QRadar can collect and categorize malware, exploit, and data exfiltration detection events from Trusteer Apex Local Event Aggregator.
 Configuration overview To collect syslog events, you must configure your Trusteer Apex Local Event Aggregator to forward syslog events to QRadar. Administrators can use the Apex L.E.A. management console interface to configure a syslog target for events. QRadar automatically discovers and creates log sources for syslog events that are forwarded from Trusteer Apex Local Event Aggregator appliances. QRadar

To integrate events with QRadar, administrators can complete the following tasks:

supports syslog events from Trusteer Apex Local Event Aggregator V1304.x and

- 1 On your Trusteer Apex Local Event Aggregator appliance, configure syslog server.
- 2 On your QRadar system, verify that the forwarded events are automatically discovered.

Configuring syslog
for Trusteer Apex
Local EventTo collect events, you must configure a syslog server on your Trusteer Apex
Event Aggregator to forward syslog events.Local Event

Aggregator Procedure

later.

- **Step 1** Log in to the Trusteer Apex L.E.A. management console.
- **Step 2** From the navigation menu, select **Configuration**.
- Step 3 To export the current Trusteer Apex Local Event Aggregator configuration, click **Export** and save the file.
- **Step 4** Open the configuration file with a text editor.
- Step 5 From the syslog.event_targets section, add the following information:

```
{
    "host": "<QRadar IP address>",
    "port": "514",
    "proto": "tcp"
}
```

- Step 6 Save the configuration file.
- Step 7 From the navigation menu, select **Configuration**.

- Step 8 Click Choose file and select the new configuration file that contains the event target IP address.
- Step 9 Click Import.

Result

As syslog events are generated by the Trusteer Apex Local Event Aggregator, they are forwarded to the target specified in the configuration file. The log source is automatically discovered after enough events are forwarded to QRadar. It typically takes a minimum of 25 events to automatically discover a log source.

What to do next

Administrators can log in to the QRadar Console and verify that the log source is created. The **Log Activity** tab displays events from Trusteer Apex Local Event Aggregator.

102 UNIVERSAL DSM

QRadar can collect and correlates events from any network infrastructure or security device using the Universal DSM.

After the events are collected and before the correlation can begin. The individual events from your devices must be properly parsed to determine the event name, IP addresses, protocol, and ports. For common network devices, such as Cisco Firewalls, predefined DSMs have been engineered for QRadar to properly parse and classify the event messages from the respective devices. After the events from a device have been parsed by the DSM, QRadar can continue to correlate events into offenses.

If an enterprise network has one or more network or security devices that are not officially supported, where no specific DSM for the device exists, you can use the Universal DSM. The Universal DSM allows you to forward events and messages from unsupported devices and use the Universal DSM to categorize the events for QRadar. QRadar can integrate with virtually any device or any common protocol source using the Universal DSM. For more information on the available protocols for retrieving events or logs from devices, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

To configure the Universal DSM, you must use device extensions to associate a Universal DSM to devices. Before you define device extension information using the log sources window in the **Admin** tab, you must create an extensions document for the log source.

For more information on writing and testing a Universal DSM, see our support forum at *https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/community/forums*.

103 UNIVERSAL LEEF

	The Universal LEEF DSM for IBM Security QRadar can accept events from devices that produce events using the Log Event Extended Format (LEEF).			
	The LEEF event format is a proprietary event format, which allows hardware manufacturers and software product manufacturers to read and map device events specifically designed for QRadar integration.			
	LEEF formatted events sent to QRadar outside of the partnership program require you to have installed the Universal LEEF DSM and manually identify each event forwarded to QRadar by mapping unknown events. The Universal LEEF DSM can parse events forwarded from syslog or files containing events in the LEEF format polled from a device or directory using the Log File protocol.			
	To configure events in QRadar using Universal LEEF, you must:			
1	Configure a Universal LEEF log source in QRadar.			
2	Send LEEF formatted events from your device to QRadar. For more information on forwarding events, see your vendor documentation.			
3	Map unknown events to QRadar Identifiers (QIDs).			
Configuring a Universal LEEF log source	Before you configure your device to send events to QRadar, you must add a log source for the device providing LEEF events.			
Source	QRadar can receive events from a real-time source using syslog or files stored on a device or in a repository using the Log File protocol.			
Configuring syslog to collect Universal	To configure a log source for Universal LEEF using syslog:			
LEEF events	Procedure			
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.			
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.			
Step 3				
•	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources .			
-	On the navigation menu, click Data Sources . Click the Log Sources icon.			
Step 4	-			

- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Universal LEEF.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

 Table 103-2
 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for Universal LEEF events.

Step 11 Click Save.

Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. You are now ready to forward LEEF events to QRadar.

Configuring the log file protocol to file protocol to intermote configuring the log file protocol to file protocol to file protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived event or log files from a remote host or file repository.

collect Universal

LEEF events

The files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. QRadar reads the event files and updates the log source with new events. Due to the Log File protocol polling for archive files, the events are not provided in real-time, but added in bulk. The log file protocol can manage plain text, compressed files, or archives.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for the Universal LEEF log source.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the Universal LEEF log source.
- Step 7 From the Log Source Type list, select Universal LEEF.
- Step 8 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Log File.
- Step 9 Configure the following parameters:

Parameter	Description		
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your Universal LEEF log source. This value must match the value configured in the Remote Host IP or Hostname parameter.		
	The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.		
Service Type	From the list, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remove server. The default is SFTP.		
	SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol		
	FTP - File Transfer Protocol		
	SCP - Secure Copy		
	Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.		
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the host from which you want to receive files.		
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. If you configure the Service Type as FTP, the default is 21. If you configure the Service Type as SFTP or SCP, the default is 22. The valid range is 1 to 655		
Remote User	Type the username necessary to log in to the host running selected Service Type. The username can be up to 255 characters in length.		
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host containing the LEEF event files.		
Confirm Password	Confirm the Remote Password to log in to the host containing the LEEF event files.		
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password option is ignored.		
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved.		
	Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.		
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders. By default, the check box is clear.		
	The Recursive parameter is not used if you configure SCP as the Service Type.		

 Table 103-1
 Log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description		
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.		
	For example, if you want to list all files starting with the word log, followed by one or more digits and ending with tar.gz, use the following entry: log[0-9]+\.tar\.gz. Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex) For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/		
FTP Transfer Mode	This option is only displayed if you select FTP as the Service Type. The FTP Transfer Mode parameter allows you to define the file transfer mode when retrieving log files over FTP.		
	From the list, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source:		
	• Binary - Select Binary for log sources that require binary data files or compressed zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.		
	 ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer. 		
	You must select NONE as the Processor and LINEBYLINE as the Event Generator when using ASCII as the FTP Transfer Mode.		
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.		
Start Time	Type the time of day you want processing to begin. This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.		
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).		
	For example, type 2H if you want the directory to be scanned every 2 hours. The default is 1H.		
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save . After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.		
	Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.		
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.		

Table 103-1 Log file protocol parameters (continued)

	Parameter	Description		
	Processor	If the files located on the remote host are stored in a zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format, select the processor that allows the archives to be expanded and contents processed.		
	Ignore Previously Processed File(s) Select this check box to track files that have already been processed that you do not want to be processed a second time. This only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.			
	Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define the local directory on your QRadar system that you want to use for storing downloaded files during processing.		
		We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When the check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, allowing you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.		
	Event Generator	From the Event Generator list, select LineByLine.		
		The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. The LineByLine option reads each line of the file as single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.		
Step 10	Click Save.			
		lick Danloy Changes		
	1 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes. The log source is added to QRadar. You are now ready to write LEEF events that can be retrieved using the Log File protocol.			
Forwarding events to QRadar	After you have created your log source, you are ready to forward or retrieve events for QRadar. Forwarding events using syslog might require additional configuration from your network device.			
	As events are discovered by QRadar, either using syslog or polling for log files, events are displayed in the Log Activity tab. The events for your device forwarding LEEF events are identified by the name you typed in the Log Source Name field. The events for your log source are not categorized by default in QRadar and require categorization. For more information on categorizing your Universal LEEF events, see Creating a Universal LEEF event map .			
Creating a Universal LEEF event map	Event mapping is required for the Universal LEEF DSM, as Universal LEEF events do not contain a predefined QRadar Identifier (QID) map to categorize security events.			
		P partner program have QID maps designed for their network ration documented, and the QID maps tested by IBM Corp.		

Table 103-1 Log file protocol parameters (continued)

The Universal LEEF DSM requires that you individually map each event for your device to an event category in QRadar. Mapping events allows QRadar to identify, coalesce, and track reoccurring events from your network devices. Until you map an event, all events that are displayed in the **Log Activity** tab for the Universal LEEF DSM are categorized as unknown. Unknown events are easily identified as the Event Name column and Low Level Category columns display Unknown.

Discovering As your device forwards events to QRadar, it can take time to categorize all of the events for a device, as some events might not be generated immediately by the event source appliance or software. It is helpful to know how to quickly search for unknown events. When you know how to search for unknown events, we recommend you repeat this search until you are comfortable that you have identified the majority of your Universal LEEF events.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 1 Click the Log Activity tab.
- Step 2 Click Add Filter.
- Step 3 From the first list, select Log Source.
- Step 4 From the Log Source Group list, select the log source group or Other. Log sources that are not assigned to a group are categorized as Other.
- Step 5 From the Log Source list, select your Universal LEEF log source.
- Step 6 Click Add Filter.

The Log Activity tab is displayed with a filter for your Universal LEEF DSM.

Step 7 From the View list, select Last Hour.

Any events generated by your Universal LEEF DSM in the last hour are displayed. Events displayed as unknown in the Event Name column or Low Level Category column require event mapping in QRadar.

Note: You can save your existing search filter by clicking Save Criteria.

You are now ready to modify the event map for your Universal LEEF DSM.

Modifying an event map allows you to manually categorize events to a QRadar Identifier (QID) map. Any event categorized to a log source can be remapped to a new QRadar Identifier (QID). By default, the Universal LEEF DSM categorizes all events as unknown.

Note: Events that do not have a defined log source cannot be mapped to an event. Events without a log source display SIM Generic Log in the Log Source column.

Procedure

Step 1 On the Event Name column, double-click an unknown event for your Universal LEEF DSM.

The detailed event information is displayed.

Step 2 Click Map Event.

- Step 3 From the Browse for QID pane, select any of the following search options to narrow the event categories for a QRadar Identifier (QID):
 - a From the High-Level Category list, select a high-level event categorization.

For a full list of high-level and low-level event categories or category definitions, see the Event Categories section of the *IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide*.

- **b** From the **Low-Level Category** list, select a low-level event categorization.
- c From the Log Source Type list, select a log source type.

The **Log Source Type** list allows you to search for QIDs from other individual log sources. Searching for QIDs by log source is useful when the events from your Universal LEEF DSM are similar to another existing network device. For example, if your Universal DSM provides firewall events, you might select Cisco ASA, as another firewall product that likely captures similar events.

d To search for a QID by name, type a name in the QID/Name field.

The QID/Name field allows you to filter the full list of QIDs for a specific word, for example, MySQL.

Step 4 Click Search.

A list of QIDs are displayed.

- Step 5 Select the QID you want to associate to your unknown Universal LEEF DSM event.
- Step 6 Click OK.

QRadar maps any additional events forwarded from your device with the same QID that matches the event payload. The event count increases each time the event is identified by QRadar.

Note: If you update an event with a new QRadar Identifier (QID) map, past events stored in QRadar are not updated. Only new events are categorized with the new QID.

104 VENUSTECH VENUSENSE

The Venustech Venusense DSM for IBM Security QRadar can collect events from Venusense appliances using syslog. Supported QRadar records all relevant unified threat, firewall, or network intrusion prevention Venusense events events forwarded using syslog on port 514. and appliances The following Venustech appliances are supported by QRadar: Venustech Venusense Security Platform Venusense Unified Threat Management (UTM) Venusense Firewall Venusense Network Intrusion Prevention System (NIPS) Venusense QRadar can collect events from Venustech appliances that are configured to configuration forward filtered event logs in syslog format to QRadar. overview The following process outlines the steps required to collect events from a Venustech Venusense appliance: 1 Configure the syslog server on your Venusense appliance. 2 Configure a log filter on your Venusense appliance to forward specific event logs. **3** Configure a log source in QRadar to correspond to the filtered log events. Configuring a To forward events to QRadar, you must configure and enable a syslog server on Venusense svslog your Venusense appliance with the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector. server Procedure **Step 1** Log in to the configuration interface for your Venusense appliance. Step 2 From the navigation menu, select Logs > Log Configuration > Log Servers. Step 3 In the IP Address field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector. Step 4 In the Port field, type 514. Step 5 Select the Enable check box.

Step 6 Click OK.

Next Steps

You are ready to configure your Venusense appliance to filter which events are forwarded to QRadar.

ConfiguringEvent filtering allows you to determine which events your Venusense applianceVenusense eventforwards to QRadar.

filtering

Procedure

- Step 1 From the navigation menu, select Logs > Log Configuration > Log Filtering.
- Step 2 In the Syslog Log column, select a check box for each event log you want to forward to QRadar.
- Step 3 From the list, select a syslog facility for the event log you enabled.
- Step 4 Repeat Step 2 and Step 3 to configure any additional syslog event filters.
- Step 5 Click OK.

Next Steps

You are now ready to configure a log source for your Venusense appliance in QRadar. QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Venusense appliances.

Configuring a
Venusense log
sourceTo integrate Venusense syslog events, you must manually create a log source in
QRadar as Venusense events to not automatically discover.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select your Venustech Venusense appliance.

The type of log source you select is determined by the event filtering configured on your Venusense appliance. The options include:

- Venustech Venusense Security Platform Select this option if you enabled all event filtering options.
- Venustech Venusense UTM Select this option if you enabled unified filtering events.
- Venustech Venusense Firewall Select this option if you enabled filtering for firewall events.
- Venustech Venusense NIPS Select this option if you enabled filtering for firewall events.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 In the Log Source Identifier field, type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for your Venusense appliance.
- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar by your Venusense appliance are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

105 VERDASYS DIGITAL GUARDIAN

	The Verdasys Digital Guardian DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts and categorizes all alert events from Verdasys Digital Guardian appliances.				
About Verdasys Digital Guardian	Verdasys Digital Guardian is a comprehensive Enterprise Information Protection (EIP) platform. Digital Guardian serves as a cornerstone of policy driven, data-centric security by enabling organizations to solve the information risk challenges that exist in today's highly collaborative and mobile business environment. Digital Guardian's endpoint agent architecture makes it possible to implement a data-centric security framework.				
	Verdasys Digital Guardian allows business and IT managers to:				
	 Discover and classify sensitive data by context and content 				
	 Monitor data access and usage by user or process 				
	 Automatically implement policy driven information protection 				
	 Alert, block, and record high risk behavior to prevent costly and damaging data loss incidents. 				
	Digital Guardian's integration with QRadar provides context from the endpoint and enables a new level of detection and mitigation for Insider Threat and Cyber Threat (Advanced Persistent Threat).				
	Digital Guardian provides QRadar with a rich data stream from the end-point which includes; visibility of every data access by users or processes including the file name, file classification, application used to access the data and other contextual variables.				
Supported event types	QRadar supports all QRadar LEEF or syslog formatted alert events you configure in your data export from Verdasys Digital Guardian.				
Supported versions	QRadar supports Verdasys Digital Guardian versions:				
	 v6.1.1 and later with the QRadar LEEF event format 				
	v6.0.x with the Syslog event format				

Configuring IPtables Before configuring your Verdasys Digital Guardian to forward events, you must configure IPtables in QRadar to allow ICMP requests from Verdasys Digital Guardian.

Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to QRadar as the root user.

Login: root

Password: <password>

Step 2 Type the following command to edit the IPtables file:

vi /opt/qradar/conf/iptables.post

The IPtables configuration file is displayed.

Step 3 Type the following command to allow QRadar to accept ICMP requests from Verdasys Digital Guardian:

-I QChain 1 -m icmp -p icmp --src <IP address> -j ACCEPT

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your Verdasys Digital Guardian appliance. For example,

```
-I QChain 1 -m icmp -p icmp --src 10.100.100.101 -j ACCEPT
```

- Step 4 Save your IPtables configuration.
- Step 5 Type the following command to update IPtables in QRadar:

./opt/qradar/bin/iptables_update.pl

Step 6 To verify QRadar accepts ICMP traffic from your Verdasys Digital Guardian, type the following command:

iptables --list --line-numbers

The following output is displayed:

[rod	[root@Qradar bin]# iptableslistline-numbers					
Chain QChain (1 references)						
num	target	prot	opt	source	destination	
1	ACCEPT	icmp		10.100.100.101	anywhere	icmp any
2	ACCEPT	tcp		anywhere	anywhere	state NEW tcp dpt:https
3	ACCEPT	tcp		anywhere	anywhere	state NEW tcp dpt:http

The IPtables configuration for QRadar is complete.

Configuring a data
exportData exports allow you to configure the events Verdasys Digital Guardian forwards
to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the Digital Guardian Management Console.
- Step 2 Select Workspace > Data Export > Create Export.
- Step 3 From the Data Sources list, select Alerts or Events as the data source.
- Step 4 From the Export type list, select QRadar LEEF.

If your Verdasys Digital Guardian is v6.0.x, you can select **Syslog** as the **Export Type**. QRadar LEEF is the preferred export type format for all Verdasys Digital Guardian appliances with v6.1.1 and later.

Step 5 From the Type list, select UDP or TCP as the transport protocol.

QRadar can accept syslog events from either transport protocol. If the length of your alert events typically exceed 1024 bytes, then you should select **TCP** to prevent the events from being truncated.

- Step 6 In the Server field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 7 In the Port field, type 514.
- Step 8 From the Severity Level list, select a severity level.
- Step 9 Select the Is Active check box.
- Step 10 Click Next.
- **Step 11** From the list of available fields, add the following Alert or Event fields for your data export:
 - Agent Local Time
 - Application
 - Computer Name
 - Detail File Size
 - IP Address
 - Local Port
 - Operation (required)
 - Policy
 - Remote Port
 - Rule
 - Severity
 - Source IP Address
 - User Name
 - Was Blocked
 - Was Classified
- **Step 12** Select a Criteria for the fields in your data export and click **Next**.

By default, the Criteria is blank.

Step 13 Select a group for the criteria and click Next.

By default, the Group is blank.

Step 14 Click Test Query.

A Test Query ensures the database runs properly.

Step 15 Click Next.

Step 16 Save the data export.

The configuration is complete.

Next steps

The data export from Verdasys Digital Guardian occurs on a 5 minute interval. You can adjust this timing with the job scheduler in Verdasys Digital Guardian, if required. Events exported to QRadar by Verdasys Digital Guardian are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for data exports from Verdasys Digital Guardian appliances. The following procedure is optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Verdasys Digital Guardian.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 105-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from Verdasys Digital Guardian appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar.

106 VERICEPT CONTENT 360 DSM

The Vericept Content 360 DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Vericept events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant and available information from the event. Before configuring a Vericept device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog. For more information on configuring your Vericept device, consult your vendor documentation.

After you configure syslog to forward events to QRadar the configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Vericept Content 360 events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by your Vericept Content 360 appliance are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

To manually configure a log source for QRadar to receive events from a Vericept device:

From the Log Source Type list, select the Vericept Content 360 option.

For more information on configuring devices, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

107 VMWARE

	The VMWare DSM for IBM Security QRadar can collect events from VMWare ESX and ESXi, vCenter, vCloud Director, vShield servers.	
VMware ESX and ESXi	The EMC VMware DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects ESX and ESXi server events by using the VMware protocol or syslog. The EMC VMware DSM supports events from VMware ESX or ESXi 3.x, 4.x, or 5.x servers.	
	To collect VMware ESX or ESXi events, you can select one of the following event collection methods:	
	Configuring syslog on VMWare ESX and ESXi servers	
	Configuring the VMWare protocol for ESX or ESXi servers	
Configuring syslog on VMWare ESX and ESXi servers	To collect syslog events for VMWare, you must configure the server to forward events by using syslogd from your ESXi server to QRadar.	
	Procedure	
Step 1	Log in to your VMWare vSphere Client.	
Step 2	Select the host that manages your VMWare inventory.	
Step 3	Click the Configuration tab.	
Step 4	From the Software panel, click Advanced Settings.	
Step 5	In the navigation menu, click Syslog .	
Step 6	Configure values for the following parameters:	

Table 107-1 VMWare syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	ESX version	Description
Syslog.Local.DatastorePath	ESX or ESXi 3.5.x or 4.x	Type the directory path for the local syslog messages on your ESXi server.
		The default directory path is [] /scratch/log/messages.
Syslog.Remote.Hostname	ESX or ESXi 3.5.x or 4.x	Type the IP address or host name of QRadar.

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Parameter	ESX version	Description
Syslog.Remote.Port	ESX or ESXi 3.5.x or 4.x	Type the port number the ESXi server uses to forward syslog data.
		The default is port 514.
Syslog.global.logHost	ESXi v5.x	Type the URL and port number that the ESXi server uses to forward syslog data.
		Examples:
		udp:// <qradar address="" ip="">:514</qradar>
		tcp:// <qradar address="" ip="">:514</qradar>

Table 107-1 VMWare syslog protocol parameters (continued)

Step 7 Click OK to save the configuration.

Firewall settings for VMWare products

The default firewall configuration on VMWare ESXi v5.x servers disable outgoing connections by default. Disabled outgoing syslog connections restrict the internal syslog forwarder from sending security and access events to QRadar

CAUTION: By default, the syslog firewall configuration for VMWare products allow only outgoing syslog communications. To prevent security risks, do not edit the default syslog firewall rule to enable incoming syslog connections.

Enabling syslog firewall settings on vSphere Clients

To forward syslog events from ESXi v5.x server, you must edit your security policy to enable outgoing syslog connections for events.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to your ESXi v5.x Server from a vSphere client.
- Step 2 From the inventory list, select your ESXi Server.
- Step 3 Click the Manage tab and select Security Profile.
- Step 4 In the Firewall section, click Properties.
- Step 5 In the Firewall Properties window, select the syslog check box.
- Step 6 Click OK.

Configuring a syslog log source for VMware ESX or ESXi

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from VMWare. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 5 From the Log Source Type list, select EMC VMWare.
- Step 6 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 7 Configure the following values:

Table 107-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description	
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your EMC VMWare server.	
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.	
Credibility	From the list, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.	
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.	
Target Event Collector	From the list, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.	
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.	
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.	
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.	
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.	
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.	

Step 8 Click Save.

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Step 9 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

Configuring the
VMWare protocol forYou can configure the VMWare protocol to read events from your VMWare ESXi
server. The VMware protocol uses HTTPS to poll for ESX and ESXi servers for
events.

Before you configure your log source to use the VMWare protocol, we suggest you create a unique user to poll for events. This user can be created as a member of the root or administrative group, but you must provide the user with an assigned role of read-only permission. This ensures that QRadar can collect the maximum number of events and retain a level of security for your virtual servers. For more information on user roles, see your VMWare documentation.

To integrate EMC VMWare with QRadar, you must complete the following tasks:

- 1 Create an ESX account for QRadar.
- 2 Configure account permissions for the QRadar user.
- 3 Configure the VMWare protocol in QRadar.

CAUTION: Creating a user who is not part of the root or an administrative group might lead to some events not being collected by QRadar. We suggest that you create your QRadar user to include administrative privileges, but assign this custom user a read-only role.

Creating an account for QRadar in ESX

You can create a QRadar user account for EMC VMWare to allow the protocol to properly poll for events.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to your ESX host by using the vSphere Client.
- Step 2 Click the Local Users & Groups tab.
- Step 3 Click Users.
- Step 4 Right-click and select Add.
- Step 5 Configure the following parameters:
 - a Login Type a login name for the new user.
 - **b UID** Optional. Type a user ID.
 - c User Name Optional. Type a user name for the account.
 - d **Password** Type a password for the account.
 - e Confirm Password Type the password again as confirmation.
 - f Group From the Group list, select root.
- Step 6 Click Add.
- Step 7 Click OK.

Configuring read-only account permissions

For security reasons, we suggest you configure your QRadar user account as a member of your root or admin group, but select an assigned role of read-only permissions.

Read-only permission allows the QRadar user account to view and collect events by using the VMWare protocol.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Permissions tab.
- Step 2 Right-click and select Add Permissions.
- Step 3 On the Users and Groups window, click Add.
- Step 4 Select your QRadar user and click Add.
- Step 5 Click OK.
- Step 6 From the Assigned Role list, select Read-only.
- Step 7 Click OK.

Configuring a log source for the VMWare Protocol

You can configure a log source with the VMWare protocol to poll for EMC VMWare events.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 2 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 5 From the Log Source Type list, select EMC VMWare.
- Step 6 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select EMC VMWare.
- Step 7 Configure the following values:

 Table 107-3
 VMWare protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source. This value must match the value configured in the ESX IP field.
ESX IP	Type the IP address of the VMWare ESX or ESXi server.
	For example, 1.1.1.1.
	The VMware protocol prepends the IP address of your VMware ESX or ESXi server with HTTPS before the protocol requests event data.
User Name	Type the username required to access the VMWare server.
Password	Type the password required to access the VMWare server.

Step 8 Click Save.Step 9 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

VMware vCenter	The VMware vCenter I events by using the VM	OSM for IBM Security QRadar collects vCenter server Iware protocol.	
		uses HTTPS to poll for vCenter appliances for events. You ource in QRadar to collect VMware vCenter events.	
	create a unique user to the root or administration role of read-only permi- number of events and	bur log source to use the VMWare protocol, we suggest you poll for events. This user can be created as a member of ve group, but you must provide the user with an assigned ssion. This ensures that QRadar can collect the maximum retain a level of security for your virtual servers. For more es, see your VMWare documentation.	
Configuring a log source for the VMWare vCenter	To collect vCenter events with the VMware protocol, you must configure a log source in QRadar.		
	Procedure		
Step 1	Click the Admin tab.		
Step 2	Click the Log Sources	icon.	
Step 3	Click Add.		
Step 4	In the Log Source Na	ne field, type a name for your log source.	
Step 5	From the Log Source	Type list, select VMWare vCenter.	
Step 6	Using the Protocol Co	nfiguration list, select EMC VMWare.	
Step 7	The syslog protocol is I	isted in the	
Step 8	Configure the following	values:	
	Table 107-4 VMware protocol parameters		
	Parameter	Description	
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source. This value must match the value configured in the ESX IP field.	
	ESX IP	Type the IP address of the VMWare vCenter server.	
		For example, 1,1,1,1.	

	The VMware protocol prepends the IP address of your VMware vCenter server with HTTPS before the protocol requests event data.
User Name	Type the username required to access the VMWare vCenter server.
Password	Type the password required to access the VMWare vCenter

server.

Step 9 Click Save.

Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

VMware vCloud Director	You can use the VMware vCloud Director DSM and the vCloud protocol for IBM Security QRadar to poll the vCloud REST API for events.
Configuration overview	QRadar supports polling for VMware vCloud Director events from vCloud Directory 5.1 appliances. Events collected by using the vCloud REST API are assembled as Log Extended Event Format (LEEF) events.
	To integrate vCloud events with QRadar, you must complete the following tasks:
1	On your vCloud appliance, configure a public address for the vCloud REST API.
2	On your QRadar appliance, configure a log source to poll for vCloud events.
3	Ensure that no firewall rules block communication between your vCloud appliance and the QRadar Console or the managed host that is responsible for polling the vCloud REST API.
Supported vCloud event types logged	The VMware vCloud DSM for QRadar can collect events from several categories.
by QRadar	Each event category contains low level events that describe the action taken within the event category. For example, user events can have user created or user deleted as low level event.
	The following list are the default event categories collected by QRadar from vCloud Director:
	User events
	Group events
	User role events
	Session events
	Organization events
	Network events
	Catalog events
	Virtual data center (VDC) events
	Virtual application (vApp) events
	Virtual machine (VM) events
	Media events
	Task operation events

Configuring the
vCloud REST APIQRadar collects security data from the vCloud API by polling the REST API of the
vCloud appliance for events. Before QRadar can collect any data, you must
configure the public REST API base URL.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to your vCloud appliance as an administrator.
- Step 2 Click the Administration tab.
- Step 3 From the Administration menu, select System Settings > Public Addresses.
- Step 4 In the VCD public REST API base URL field, type an IP address or host name.

The address that you specify becomes a publically available address outside of the firewall or NAT on your vCloud appliance. For example, https://l.l.l.l/.

Step 5 Click Apply.

The public API URL is created on the vCloud appliance.

What to do next

You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar.

Configuring a vCloud To collect vCloud events, you must configure a log source in QRadar with the location and credentials that are required to poll the vCloud API.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 Optional. In the Log Source Description field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select VMware vCloud Director.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select VMware vCloud Director.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 107-5 VMware vCloud Director log source parameters

Parameter	Description	
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, host name, or name that identifies the vCloud appliance events to QRadar.	

Parameter	Description
vCloud URL	Type the URL configured on your vCloud appliance to access the REST API.
	The URL you type must match the address you configured in the VCD public REST API base URL field on your vCloud Server.
	For example, https://10.10.10.1.
User Name	Type the user name that is required to remotely access the vCloud Server.
	For example, console/user@organization.
	If you want to configure a read-only account to use with QRadar, you can create a vCloud user in your organization who has the Console Access Only permission.
Password	Type the password that is required to remotely access the vCloud Server.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password that is required to remotely access the vCloud Server.
Polling Interval	Type a polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the vCloud Server for new events.
	The default polling interval is 10 seconds.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	From the list, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit ar existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.

 Table 107-5
 VMware vCloud Director log source parameters (continued)

	Parameter	Description
	Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.
		By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
tep 11	Click Save.	
tep 12	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes .	
	vCloud events that are tab of QRadar.	e forwarded to QRadarce are displayed on the Log Activity

 Table 107-5
 VMware vCloud Director log source parameters (continued)

VMware vShield The IBM Security QRadar DSM for VMware vShield can collect event logs from your VMware vShield servers.

The following table identifies the specifications for the VMware vShield Server DSM:

ifications
İ

Specification	Value
Manufacturer	VMware
DSM	vShield
RPM file name	DSM-VMwarevShield-build_number.noarch.rpm
Supported versions	
Protocol	Syslog
QRadar recorded events	All events
Automatically discovered	Yes
Includes identity	No
More information	http://www.vmware.com/

VMware vShield DSM To integrate VMware vShield DSM with QRadar, use the following procedures: integration process

- 1 If automatic updates are not enabled, download and install the most recent version of the VMware vShield RPM on your QRadar Console.
- 2 For each instance of VMware vShield, configure your VMware vShield system to enable communication with QRadar. This procedure must be performed for each instance of VMware vShield.
- **3** If QRadar does not automatically discover the log source, for each VMware vShield server that you want to integrate, create a log source on the QRadar Console.

Related tasks

Manually installing a DSM

Configuring your VMware vShield system for communication with QRadar

Configuring a VMware vShield log source in QRadar

Configuring your
VMware vShield
system forTo collect all audit logs and system events from VMware vShield, you must
configure the vShield Manager. When you configure VMware vShield, you must
specify QRadar as the syslog server.communication withTo collect all audit logs and system events from VMware vShield, you must
specify QRadar as the syslog server.

QRadar Procedure

- Step 1 Access your vShield Manager inventory panel.
- Step 2 Click Settings & Reports.
- Step 3 Click Configuration > General.
- Step 4 Click Edit next to the Syslog Server option.
- Step 5 Type the IP address of your QRadar Console.
- Step 6 Optional. Type the port for your QRadar Console. If you do not specify a port, the default UDP port for the IP address/host name of your QRadar Console is used.
- Step 7 Click OK.

To collect VMware vShield events, configure a log source in QRadar.

Configuring a VMware vShield log source in QRadar

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 From the Log Source Type list, select VMware vShield.

- Step 7 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- **Step 8** Configure the remaining parameters.
- Step 9 Click Save.
- Step 10 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

108 VORMETRIC DATA SECURITY

The Vormetric Data Security DSM for IBM Security QRadar can collect event logs from your Vormetric Data Security servers.

The following table identifies the specifications for the Vormetric Data Security DSM:

Specification	Value
Manufacturer	Vormetric, Inc.
DSM	Vormetric Data Security
RPM file name	DSM-VormetricDataSecurity-7.1-804377.noarch.rpm
	DSM-VormetricDataSecurity-7.2-804381.noarch.rpm
Supported	Vormetric Data Security Manager v5.1.3 and later
versions	Vormetric Data Firewall FS Agent v5.2 and later
Protocol	Syslog (LEEF)
QRadar recorded events	Audit, Alarm, Warn, Learn Mode, System
Auto discovered	Yes
Includes identity	No
More information	Vormetric website (http://www.vormetric.com)

 Table 108-1
 Vormetric Data Security DSM specifications

Vormetric Data Security DSM integration process	To integrate Vormetric Data Security DSM with QRadar, use the following procedures:
	If automatic updates are not enabled, download and install the most recent version of the following RPMs on your QRadar Console:
	Syslog protocol RPM
	DSMCommon RPM
	The minimum version of the DSMCommon RPM that you can use are the DSM-DSMCommon-7.1-530016.noarch.rpm or DSM-DSMCommon-7.2-572972.noarch.rpm

- Vormetric Data Security RPM
- **2** For each instance of Vormetric Data Security, configure your Vormetric Data Security system to enable communication with QRadar.
- 3 If QRadar does not automatically discover the DSM, for each Vormetric Data Security server you want to integrate, create a log source on the QRadar Console.

Related tasks

Manually installing a DSM

Configuring your Vormetric Data Security systems for communication with QRadar

Configuring a Vormetric Data Security log source in QRadar

Configuring your Vormetric Data Security systems for communication	To collect all audit logs and system events from Vormetric Data Security, you must configure your Vormetric Data Security Manager to enable communication with QRadar.
with QRadar	Before you begin
	Your Vormetric Data Security Manager user account must have System Administrator permissions.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to your Vormetric Data Security Manager as an administrator that is assigned System Administrator permissions.
Step 2	On the navigation menu, click Log > Syslog.
Step 3	Click Add.
Step 4	In the Server Name field, type the IP address or host name of your QRadar system.
Step 5	From the Transport Protocol list, select TCP or a value that matches the log source protocol configuration on your QRadar system.
Step 6	In the Port Number field, type 514 or a value that matches the log source protocol configuration on your QRadar system.
Step 7	From the Message Format list, select LEEF.
Step 8	Click OK .
Step 9	On the Syslog Server summary screen, verify the details you have entered for your QRadar system. If the Logging to SysLog value is OFF , complete the following steps.
	a On the navigation menu, click System > General Preferences.
	b Click the System tab.
	c In the Syslog Settings pane, select the Syslog Enabled check box.

What to do next

Configuring Vormetric Data Firewall FS Agents to bypass Vormetric Data Security Manager

Configuring Vormetric Data Firewall FS Agents to bypass Vormetric Data Security Manager When the Vormetric Data Security Manager is enabled to communicate with QRadar, all events from the Vormetric Data Firewall FS Agents are also forwarded to the QRadar system through the Vormetric Data Security Manager. To bypass the Vormetric Data Security Manager, you can configure Vormetric Data Firewall FS Agents to send LEEF events directly to the QRadar system.

Before you begin

Your Vormetric Data Security Manager user account must have System Administrator permissions.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Vormetric Data Security Manager.

- Step 2 On the navigation menu, click System > Log Preferences.
- Step 3 Click the FS Agent Log tab.

Step 4 In the Policy Evaluation row, configure the following parameters:

- a Select the Log to Syslog/Event Log check box.
- **b** Clear the **Upload to Server** check box.
- c From the Level list, select INFO.

This set up enables a full audit trail from the policy evaluation module to be sent directly to a syslog server, and not to the Security Manager. Leaving both destinations enabled may result in duplication of events to the QRadar system.

Step 5 Under the Syslog Settings section, configure the following parameters.

a In the **Server** field, use the following syntax to type the IP address or host name and port number of your QRadar system.

qradar_IP address_or_host:port

- **b** From the **Protocol** list, select TCP or a value that will match the log source configuration on your QRadar system.
- c From the Message Format list, select LEEF.

What to do next

This configuration is applied to all hosts or host groups subsequently added to the Vormetric Data Security Manager. For each existing host or host group, select the required host or host group from the **Hosts** list and repeat the procedure.

Configuring a Vormetric Data	To collect Vormetric Data Security events, configure a log source in QRadar.
Security log source in QRadar	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to QRadar.
Step 2	Click the Admin tab.
Step 3	In the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
Step 4	Click the Log Sources icon.
Step 5	Click Add.
Step 6	From the Log Source Type list, select Vormetric Data Security.
Step 7	From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
Step 8	Configure the remaining parameters.
Step 9	Click Save.
Step 10	On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

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For instructions about how to integrate this DSM, see the **IBM Security QRadar** Integration Documentation Addendum (http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg27042162).

110 WEBSENSE V-SERIES

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- Websense TRITON
- Websense V-Series Data Security Suite
- Websense V-Series Content Gateway

Websense TRITON The Websense V-Series Content Gateway DSM for IBM Security QRadar supports events for web content from several Websense TRITON solutions, including Web Security, Web Security Gateway, Web Security Gateway Anywhere, and V-Series™ appliances.

Websense TRITON collects and streams event information to QRadar using the Websense Multiplexer component. Before configuring QRadar, you must configure the Websense TRITON solution to provide LEEF formatted syslog events.

Before You Begin Before you can configure Websense TRITON Web Security solutions to forward events to QRadar, you must ensure your deployment contains a Websense Multiplexer.

The Websense Multiplexer is supported on Windows, Linux, and on Websense V-Series appliances.

To configure a Websense Multiplexer on a Websense Triton or V-Series appliance:

- Step 1 Install an instance of Websense Multiplexer for each Websense Policy Server component in your network.
 - For Microsoft Windows To install the Websense Multiplexer on Windows, use the TRITON Unified Installer. The Triton Unified Installer is available for download at *http://www.mywebsense.com*.
 - For Linux To install the Websense Multiplexer on Linux, use the Web Security Linux Installer. The Web Security Linux Installer is available for download at *http://www.mywebsense.com*.

For information on adding a Websense Multiplexer to software installations, see your *Websense Security Information Management (SIEM) Solutions* documentation.

- **Step 2** Enable the Websense Multiplexer on a V-Series appliance configured as a full policy source or user directory and filtering appliance:
 - a Log in to your Websense TRITON Web Security Console or V-Series appliance.
 - b From the Appliance Manager, select Administration > Toolbox > Command Line Utility.
 - c Click the Websense Web Security tab.
 - d From the **Command** list, select **multiplexer**, then use the **enable** command.
- Step 3 Repeat Step 1 and Step 2 to enable one Multiplexer instance for each Policy Server instance in your network.

If more than one Multiplexer is installed for a Policy Server, only the last installed instance of the Websense Multiplexer is used. The configuration for each Websense Multiplexer instance is stored by its Policy Server.

You are now ready to configure your Websense TRITON appliance to forward syslog events in LEEF format to QRadar.

Configuring syslog To collect events, you must configure syslog forwarding for Websense TRITON.

for Websense TRITON Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to your Websense TRITON Web Security Console.
- **Step 2** On the **Settings** tab, select **General > SIEM Integration**.
- Step 3 Select the Enable SIEM integration for this Policy Server check box.
- Step 4 In the IP address or hostname field, type the IP address of your QRadar.
- Step 5 In the Port field, type 514.
- **Step 6** From the **Transport protocol** list, select either the **TCP** or **UDP** protocol option. QRadar supports syslog events for TCP and UDP protocols on port 514.
- Step 7 From the SIEM format list, select syslog/LEEF (QRadar).
- Step 8 Click OK to cache any changes.
- Step 9 Click **Deploy** to update your Websense Triton security components or V-Series appliances.

The Websense Multiplexer connects to Websense Filtering Service and ensures that event log information is provided to QRadar.

Configure a log
sourceQRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events in
LEEF format from Websense TRITON and V-Series appliances. The
configuration steps for creating a log source are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.

- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Websense V Series Content Gateway.

Note: Websense TRITON uses the Websense V Series Content Gateway DSM for parsing events. When you manually add a log source to QRadar for Websense TRITON, you should select the Websense V Series Content Gateway.

- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 110-1 Syslog Parameters

	Table 110-1 Syslog Parameters	
	Parameter	Description
	Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from Websense TRITON or V-Series appliance.
Step 11	Click Save.	
Step 12	On the Admin tab, clic	k Deploy Changes.
	The log source is adde	ed to QRadar.
Websense V-Series Data Security Suite		es Data Security Suite DSM for IBM Security QRadar Series appliances and the Data Security Suite (DSS)
Configuring syslog for Websense V-Series DSS	Before you can integra	es Data Security Suite DSM accepts events using syslog. Ite QRadar you, must enable the Websense V-Series yslog events in the Data Security Suite (DSS) Management
	Procedure	
Step 1	Select Policies > Policies	cy Components > Notification Templates.
Step 2	Select an existing Noti	fication Template or create a new template.
Step 3	Click the General tab.	
Step 4	Click Send Syslog Me	essage.
Step 5	Select Options > Sett	ings > Syslog to access the Syslog window.
	port number of the sys	ables administrators to define the IP address/hostname and log in their organization. The defined syslog receives m the Websense Data Security Suite DSS Manager.

Step 6 The syslog is composed of the following fields:

DSS Incident|ID={value}|action={display value - max}|urgency= {coded}|policy categories={values,,,}|source={value-display name}|destinations={values...}|channel={display name}|matches= {value}|detaills={value}

- Max length for policy categories is 200 characters.
- Max length for destinations is 200 characters.
- · Details and source are reduced to 30 characters.
- Step 7 Click Test Connection to verify that your syslog is accessible.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as OSSEC events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by OSSEC are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Websense V-Series Data Security Suite. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Websense V Series.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 110-2Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Websense V-Series Data Security Suite DSM

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Websense V-Series Content Gateway	The Websense V-Series Content Gateway DSM for IBM Security QRadar supports events for web content on Websense V-Series appliances with the Content Gateway software.
	The Websense V-Series Content Gateway DSM accepts events using syslog to stream events or using the Log File protocol to provide events to QRadar. Before you can integrate your appliance with QRadar, you must select one of the following configuration methods:
	 To configure syslog for your Websense V-Series, see Configure syslog for Websense V-Series Content Gateway.
	 To configure the log file protocol for your Websense V-Series, see Configuring a log file protocol for Websense V-Series Content Gateway.
Configure syslog for Websense V-Series Content Gateway	The Websense V-Series DSM supports Websense V-Series appliances running the Websense Content Gateway on Linux software installations.
Coment Gateway	Before configuring QRadar, you must configure the Websense Content Gateway to provide LEEF formatted syslog events.
	Configure the Management Console
	To configure event logging in the Content Gateway Manager:
Step 1	Log into your Websense Content Gateway Manager.
Step 1	Click the Configure tab.
Step 2	Select Subsystems > Logging.
	The General Logging Configuration window is displayed.
Step 3	Select Log Transactions and Errors.
Step 4	Select Log Directory to specify the directory path of the stored event log files.
	The directory you define must already exist and the Websense user must have read and write permissions for the specified directory. The default directory is /opt/WGC/logs
Step 5	Click Apply.
Step 6	Click the Custom tab.

Step 7 In the Custom Log File Definitions window, type the following text for the LEEF format.

<LogFormat>

```
<Name = "leef"/>
```

```
<Format = "LEEF:1.0|Websense|WCG|7.6|%<wsds>|cat=%<wc> src=%<chi> devTime=%<cqtn>
devTimeFormat=dd/MMM/yyyy:HH:mm:ss Z http-username=%<caun> url=%<cquc>
method=%<cqhm> httpversion=%<cqhv> cachecode=%<crc> dstBytes=%<sscl> dst=%<pqsi>
srcBytes=%<pscl> proxy-status-code=%<pssc> server-status-code=%<sssc> usrName=%<wui>
duration=%<ttms>"/>
```

</LogFormat>

```
<LogObject>
```

```
<Format = "leef"/>
<Filename = "leef"/>
```

</LogObject>

Note: The fields in the LEEF format string are tab separated. You might be required to type the LEEF format in a text editor and then cut and paste it into your web browser to retain the tab separations. The definitions file ignores extra white space, blank lines, and all comments.

- Step 8 Select Enabled to enable the custom logging definition.
- Step 9 Click Apply.

You are now ready to enable event logging for your Websense Content Gateway.

Enable Event Logging

If you are using a Websense V-Series appliance, you need to contact Websense Technical Support to enable this feature.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the command-line Interface (CLI) of the server running Websense Content Gateway.
- Step 2 Add the following lines to the end of the /etc/rc.local file:

```
( while [ 1 ] ; do
tail -n1000 -F /opt/WCG/logs/leef.log | nc <IP Address> 514
sleep 1
done ) &
```

Where <IP Address> is the IP address for QRadar.

Step 3 To start logging immediately, type the following command:

nohup /bin/bash -c "while [1] ; do tail -F
/opt/WCG/logs/leef.log | nc <IP Address> 514; sleep 1; done" &

Note: You might need to type the logging command in **Step 3** or copy the command to a text editor to interpret the quotation marks.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as syslog events from Websense V-Series Content Gateway are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by Websense V-Series Content Gateway are displayed on the

Log Activity tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Websense V-Series Content Gateway. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select Websense V Series.
- Step 9 Using the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 110-3Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Websense V-Series Content Gateway appliance.

- Step 11 Click Save.
- Step 12 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The configuration is complete.

Configuring a log fileThe log file protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remoteprotocol forhost.

Websense V-Series Content Gateway

The Websense V-Series DSM supports the bulk loading of log files from your Websense V-Series Content Gateway using the log file protocol to provide events on a scheduled interval. The log files contain transaction and error events for your Websense V-Series Content Gateway:

Configure the management console

To configure event logging in the Content Management Console:

- Step 1 Log into your Websense Content Gateway interface.
- Step 1 Click the Configure tab.
- Step 2 Select Subsystems > Logging.

- Step 3 Select Log Transactions and Errors.
- Step 4 Select Log Directory to specify the directory path of the stored event log files.

The directory you define must already exist and the Websense user must have read and write permissions for the specified directory. The default directory is /opt/WGC/logs.

- Step 5 Click Apply.
- Step 6 Click the Formats tab.
- **Step 7** Select **Netscape Extended Format** as your format type.
- Step 8 Click Apply.

You are now ready to enable event logging for your Websense V-Series Content Gateway.

Configuring a log file protocol log source

When configuring your Websense V-Series DSM to use the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the Websense V-Series is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File protocol configuration.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 5 Click Add.
- **Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- **Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8 From the Log Source Type list, select the Websense V Series.
- Step 9 From the Protocol Configuration list, select the Log File.
- Step 10 From the Service Type list, select the Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) option.
- Step 11 In the FTP File Pattern field, type extended.log_.*.old.
- Step 12 In the Remote Directory field, type /opt/WCG/logs.

This is the default directory for storing the Websense V-Series log files you specified in **Step 4**.

- Step 13 From the Event Generator list, select LINEBYLINE.
- Step 14 Click Save.
- Step 15 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

The log source is added to QRadar. For the entire list of Log File protocol parameters, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

111 ZSCALER NANOLOG STREAMING SERVICE

	IBM Security QRadar can collect and categorize events from Zscaler Nanolog Streaming Service (NSS) log feeds that forward syslog event to QRadar.
Configuration overview	To collect syslog events, you must configure your Zscaler NSS with an NSS feed to forward TCP syslog events to QRadar. QRadar automatically discovers and creates log sources for syslog events that are forwarded from Zscaler NSS log feeds. QRadar supports syslog events from Zscaler NSS V4.1.
	To configure Zscaler NSS, complete the following tasks:
1	On your Zscaler NSS appliance, create a log feed for QRadar.
2	On your QRadar system, verify that the forwarded events are automatically discovered.
Supported event types for Zscaler NSS	The ZScaler NSS DSM for QRadar collects information about web browsing events from Zscaler NSS installations.
	Each Zscaler NSS event contains information on the action that is taken on the web browsing in the event category. For example, web browsing events can have a category that is allowed or blocked website traffic. Each event defines the website that was allowed or blocked and includes all of the event details in the event payload.
Configuring a syslog feed in Zscaler NSS	To collect events, you must configure a log feed on your Zscaler NSS to forward syslog events to QRadar.
	Procedure
Step 1	Log in to the administration portal for Zscaler NSS.
Step 2	In the navigation menu, select Policy > Administration > Configure Nanolog Streaming Service .
Step 3	Click Add Feed.
Step 4	In the Feed Name field, type a name for the NSS feed.
Step 5	From the NSS Name list, select the ZScaler NSS system.
Step 6	From the Status list, select Enabled .

- Step 7 In the SIEM IP field, type the IP address of your QRadar system.
- Step 8 In the TCP Port field, type the 514.
- Step 9 From the Log Type list, select Web Log.
- Step 10 From the Feed Output Type list, select Custom.
- Step 11 In the Feed Output Format field, type the following custom format:

```
%s{mon} %02d{dd} %02d{hh}:%02d{mm}:%02d{ss} zscaler-nss:
LEEF:1.0|Zscaler|NSS|4.1|%s{reason}|cat=%s{action}\tdevTime=
%s{mon} %02d{dd} %d{yy}
%02d{hh}:%02d{mm}:%02d{ss}%s{tz}\tdevTimeFormat=MMM dd yyyy
HH:mm:ss z\tsrc=%s{cip}\tdst=%s{sip}
\tsrcPostNAT=%s{cintip}\trealm=%s{location}\tusrName=%s{login}\
tsrcBytes=%d{reqsize}\tdstBytes=%d{respsize}\trole=%s{dept}\tpo
licy=%s{reason}\turl=%s{url}\trecordid=%d{recordid}\tbwthrottle
=%s{bwthrottle}\tuseragent=%s{ua}\treferer=%s{referer}\thostnam
e=%s{host}\tappproto=%s{proto}\turlcategory=%s{urlcat}\turlsupe
rcategory=%s{urlsupercat}\turlclass=%s{urlclass}\tappclass=%s{a
ppclass}\tappname=%s{appname}\tmalwaretype=%s{malwarecat}\tmalw
areclass=%s{malwareclass}\tthreatname=%s{threatname}\triskscore
=%d{riskscore}\tdlpdict=%s{dlpdict}\tdlpeng=%s{dlpeng}\tfilecla
ss=%s{fileclass}\tfiletype=%s{filetype}\treqmethod=%s{reqmethod
}\trespcode=%s{respcode}\n
```

Step 12 Click Done.

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for Zscaler NSS appliances. Events that are forwarded to QRadar are viewable on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a Zscaler NSS log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events that are forwarded from Zscaler NSS. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2 Click the Admin tab.
- Step 3 Click the Log Sources icon.
- Step 4 Click Add.
- Step 5 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 6 Optional. In the Log Source Description field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 7 From the Log Source Type list, select Zscaler NSS.
- Step 8 From the Protocol Configuration list, select Syslog.
- Step 9 Configure the following values:

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address as an identifier for events from your Zscaler NSS installation.
	The log source identifier must be unique value.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source.
	By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	Select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.
	The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	Select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.
	By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Log Source Language	Select the language of the events generated by zScaler NSS.

 Table 111-4
 Syslog protocol parameters

Step 10 Click Save.

Step 11 On the Admin tab, click Deploy Changes.

A SUPPORTED THIRD-PARTY DEVICES

For the complete list of supported DSMs, see the **IBM Security QRadar** Integration Documentation Addendum (http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg27042162).

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