

IBM Security QRadar
Version 7.1.0 (MR1)

*Replacing the SSL Certificate Technical
Note*



Note: Before using this information and the product that it supports, read the information in [Notices and Trademarks](#) on [page 5](#)

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REPLACING THE SSL CERTIFICATE

By default, QRadar provides an untrusted SSL certificate. You can replace the untrusted SSL certificate with a self-signed or trusted certificate.

Unless otherwise noted, all references to QRadar SIEM refer to QRadar SIEM, QRadar SIEM Log Manager, and QRadar SIEM Network Anomaly Detection.

This document includes the following topics:

- [Understanding SSL Certificates](#)
- [Replacing the Default SSL Certificate](#)
- [Understanding SSL Certificates](#)

Understanding SSL Certificates

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) is the transaction security protocol used by websites to provide an encrypted link between a web server and a browser. SSL is an industry standard and is used by websites to protect online transactions. To be able to generate an SSL link, a web server requires an SSL certificate. SSL certificates are issued by:

- **Software** - Generally available software, such as Open SSL or Microsoft's Certificate Services manager, issues SSL certificates. These certificates are not inherently trusted by browsers, because they are not issued by a recognized authority. Although they can be used for encrypting data, there is no third-party assurance regarding the identity of the server sending the certificate. They cause browsers to display warning messages that inform the user that the certificate has not been issued by an entity that the user has chosen to trust.
- **Trusted third-party certifying authorities** - These certification authorities, such as VeriSign or Thawte, use their trusted position to issue trusted SSL certificates. SSL certificates issued by trusted certification authorities do not display a warning and transparently establish a secure link between a website and a browser.

Browsers and operating systems include a pre-installed list of trusted certification authorities, known as the Trusted Root CA (Certificate Authority) store. As Microsoft and Mozilla provide the major operating systems and browsers, they elect whether or not to include the certification authority into the Trusted Root CA store, thereby giving the certification authority its trusted status. Java™ Runtime

Environment provides a set of trusted certificated authorities, as selected by Sun Microsystems.

For the purpose of establishing SSL connections between the browser and Console, QRadar trusts any certificate that is issued, directly or indirectly, from a trusted root CA in the browser and Java™ keystore.

For the purpose of establishing all internal SSL connections between components, QRadar does not trust certificates issued by a recognized authority. Instead, you must use the web server certificate pre-installed on the Console.

Replacing the Default SSL Certificate

You can replace the untrusted SSL certificate with either a self-signed certificate or a certificate issued by a trusted third-party certifying authority.



CAUTION

We recommend that you do not encrypt the private key when installing or replacing an SSL certificate. If you encrypt the private key, your Console system pauses until you manually enter a password each time the Console restarts. This delay can disrupt event collection.

To replace the SSL certificate on your QRadar SIEM Console:

Step 1 Obtain a certificate from a trusted certificate authority.

NOTE

SSL certificates issued from some vendors, such as VeriSign, require an intermediate certificate. You must download the intermediate certificate from the vendor and use it during the configuration.

Step 2 Using SSH, log in to your QRadar SIEM Console as the root user:

Username: **root**

Password: **<password>**

Step 3 Choose one of the following options:

- If you require an intermediate certificate, see [Step 4](#).
- If you do not require an intermediate certificate, see [Step 5](#).

Step 4 If you require an intermediate certificate, follow this procedure:

a Type the following command:

```
/opt/qradar/bin/install_ssl_cert.sh -i
```

The following message and prompt are displayed:

```
This script installs a new SSL certificate
Path to private key file (SSLCertificateKeyFile):
```

- b** Type the directory path for your private key file. Press Enter on your keyboard. The following prompt is displayed:

```
Path to public key file (SSLCertificateFile):
```

- c** Type the directory path for your public key file. Press Enter on your keyboard. The following prompt is displayed:

```
Path to SSL intermediate certificate file
(SSLCACertificateFile - optional):
```

- d** Type the directory path for your intermediate certificate. Press Enter on your keyboard.

The following messages and prompt are displayed:

```
You have specified the following:
SSLCertificateKeyFile of '<private certificate directory
path>'
SSLCertificateFile of '<public certificate directory path>'
SSLCACertificateFile of '<intermediate certificate directory
path>'

Continue and reconfigure Apache now (includes restart of httpd
daemon) (Y/[N])?
```

- e** Type **y** to continue. Press Enter on your keyboard.

The following messages are displayed:

```
Changing the SSL certificate configuration variable ...
Restarting Apache
Stopping httpd: [ OK ]
Starting httpd: [ OK ]
Restarting HostContext
[Q] Shutting down hostcontext service: [ OK ]
[Q] Starting hostcontext service: [ OK ]
Successfully done.
```

Go to [Step 6](#).

Step 5 If you do not require an intermediate certificate, follow this procedure:

- a** Type the following command:

```
/opt/qradar/bin/install_ssl_cert.sh -b
```

The following messages and prompt are displayed:

```
This script installs a new SSL certificate
```

```
Path to private key file (SSLCertificateKeyFile):
```

- b** At the **Path to private key file** prompt, type the directory path for your private key file. Press Enter on your keyboard.

The following prompt is displayed:

```
Path to public key file (SSLCertificateFile):
```

- c** Type the directory path for your public key file. Press Enter on your keyboard.

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The following messages and prompt are displayed:

```
You have specified the following:
SSLCertificateKeyFile of '<private certificate directory
path>'
SSLCertificateFile of '<public certificate directory path>'
Continue and reconfigure Apache now (includes restart of httpd
daemon) (Y/[N])?
```

d Type **y** to continue. Press Enter on your keyboard.

The following messages are displayed:

```
Changing the SSL certificate configuration variable ...
Restarting Apache
Stopping httpd: [ OK ]
Starting httpd: [ OK ]
Restarting HostContext
[Q] Shutting down hostcontext service: [ OK ]
[Q] Starting hostcontext service: [ OK ]
Successfully done.
```

Step 6 Type the following command to restart the host context process on all non-Console systems in your deployment:

```
service hostcontext restart
```


A

NOTICES AND TRADEMARKS

What's in this appendix:

- [Notices](#)
- [Trademarks](#)

This section describes some important notices, trademarks, and compliance information.

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