

Configuring DSMs Guide

QRadar 7.0 Maintenance Release 5

August 2013

Note: Before using this information and the product that it supports, read the information in [“Notices and Trademarks”](#) on page [page 727](#).

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ABOUT THIS GUIDE

The *DSM Configuration Guide* for IBM Security QRadar provides you with information for configuring Device Support Modules (DSMs).

DSMs allow QRadar to integrate events from security appliances, software, and devices in your network that forward events to IBM Security QRadar or IBM Security QRadar Log Manager. All references to QRadar or IBM Security QRadar is intended to refer both the QRadar and QRadar Log Manager product. For information on DSMs supported in IBM Security QRadar Network Anomaly Detection, see the *IBM Security QRadar Network Anomaly Detection DSM Configuration Guide*.

Intended audience	<p>This guide is intended for the system administrator responsible for setting up event collection for QRadar in your network.</p> <p>This guide assumes that you have administrative access and a knowledge of your corporate network and networking technologies.</p>
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Conventions	<p>The following conventions are used throughout this guide:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Indicates that the procedure contains a single instruction. <p>Note: Indicates that the information provided is supplemental to the associated feature or instruction.</p> <p>CAUTION: <i>Indicates that the information is critical. A caution alerts you to potential loss of data or potential damage to an application, system, device, or network.</i></p> <p>WARNING: <i>Indicates that the information is critical. A warning alerts you to potential dangers, threats, or potential personal injury. Read any and all warnings carefully before proceeding.</i></p>
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Technical documentation

For information on how to access more technical documentation, technical notes, and release notes, see the [Accessing IBM Security QRadar Documentation Technical Note](http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=0&uid=swg21614644).
(<http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=0&uid=swg21614644>)

Contacting customer support

For information on contacting customer support, see the [Support and Download Technical Note](http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=0&uid=swg21612861).
(<http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=0&uid=swg21612861>)

Statement of good security practices

IT system security involves protecting systems and information through prevention, detection and response to improper access from within and outside your enterprise. Improper access can result in information being altered, destroyed, misappropriated or misused or can result in damage to or misuse of your systems, including for use in attacks on others. No IT system or product should be considered completely secure and no single product, service or security measure can be completely effective in preventing improper use or access. IBM systems, products and services are designed to be part of a comprehensive security approach, which will necessarily involve additional operational procedures, and may require other systems, products or services to be most effective. IBM DOES NOT WARRANT THAT ANY SYSTEMS, PRODUCTS OR SERVICES ARE IMMUNE FROM, OR WILL MAKE YOUR ENTERPRISE IMMUNE FROM, THE MALICIOUS OR ILLEGAL CONDUCT OF ANY PARTY.

1

OVERVIEW

The DSM Configuration guide is intended to assist with device configurations for systems, software, or appliances that provide events to QRadar.

Device Support Modules (DSMs) parse event information for QRadar products to log and correlate events received from external sources such as security equipment (for example, firewalls), and network equipment (for example, switches and routers).

Events forwarded from your log sources are displayed in the **Log Activity** tab. All events are correlated and security and policy offenses are created based on correlation rules. These offenses are displayed on the **Offenses** tab. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Users Guide*.

Note: Information found in this documentation about configuring Device Support Modules (DSMs) is based on the latest RPM files located on the IBM website at <http://www.ibm.com/support>.

To configure QRadar to receive events from devices, you must:

- 1 Configure the device to send events to QRadar.
- 2 Configure log sources for QRadar to receive events from specific devices. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

2

INSTALLING DSMs

You can download and install weekly automatic software updates for DSMs, protocols, and scanner modules.

After Device Support Modules (DSMs) are installed the QRadar Console provides any rpm file updates to managed hosts after the configuration changes are deployed. If you are using high availability (HA), DSMs, protocols, and scanners are installed during replication between the primary and secondary host. During this installation process, the secondary displays the status Upgrading. For more information, see Managing High Availability in the *IBM Security QRadar SIEM Administration Guide*.

CAUTION: *Uninstalling a Device Support Module (DSM) is not supported in QRadar. If you need technical assistance, contact Customer Support. For more information, see [Contacting customer support](#).*

Scheduling Automatic Updates

You can schedule when automatic updates are downloaded and installed on your QRadar Console.

QRadar performs automatic updates on a recurring schedule according to the settings on the Update Configuration page; however, if you want to schedule an update or a set of updates to run at a specific time, you can schedule an update using the Schedule the Updates window. Scheduling your own automatic updates is useful when you want to schedule a large update to run during off-peak hours, thus reducing any performance impacts on your system.

If no updates are displayed in the Updates window, either your system has not been in operation long enough to retrieve the weekly updates or no updates have been issued. If this occurs, you can manually check for new updates

Procedure

- Step 1** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **System Configuration**.
- Step 3** Click the **Auto Update** icon.
- Step 4** Optional. If you want to schedule specific updates, select the updates you want to schedule.

Step 5 From the **Schedule** list box, select the type of update you want to schedule. Options include:

- All Updates
- Selected Updates
- DSM, Scanner, Protocol Updates
- Minor Updates

Note: Protocol updates installed automatically require you to restart Tomcat. For more information on manually restarting Tomcat, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Step 6 Using the calendar, select the start date and time of when you want to start your scheduled updates.

Step 7 Click **OK**.

The selected updates are now scheduled.

Viewing updates

You can view or install any pending software updates for QRadar through the **Admin** tab.

Procedure

Step 1 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 2 On the navigation menu, click **System Configuration**.

Step 3 Click the **Auto Update** icon.

The Updates window is displayed. The window automatically displays the Check for Updates page, providing the following information:

Table 2-1 Check for Updates Window Parameters

Parameter	Description
Updates were installed	Specifies the date and time the last update was installed.
Next Update install is scheduled	Specifies the date and time the next update is scheduled to be installed. If there is no date and time indicated, the update is not scheduled to run.
Name	Specifies the name of the update.
Type	Specifies the type of update. Types include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DSM, Scanner, Protocol Updates • Minor Updates

Table 2-1 Check for Updates Window Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Status	Specifies the status of the update. Status types include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New - The update is not yet scheduled to be installed. • Scheduled - The update is scheduled to be installed. • Installing - The update is currently installing. • Failed - The updated failed to install.
Date to Install	Specifies the date on which this update is scheduled to be installed.

The Check for Updates page toolbar provides the following functions:

Table 2-2 Auto updates toolbar

Function	Description
Hide	Select one or more updates, and then click Hide to remove the selected updates from the Check for Updates page. You can view and restore the hidden updates on the Restore Hidden Updates page. For more information, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar SIEM Administrator Guide</i> .
Install	From this list box, you can manually install updates. When you manually install updates, the installation process starts within a minute.
Schedule	From this list box, you can configure a specific date and time to manually install selected updates on your Console. This is useful when you want to schedule the update installation during off-peak hours.
Unschedule	From this list box, you can remove preconfigured schedules for manually installing updates on your Console.
Search By Name	In this text box, you can type a keyword and then press Enter to locate a specific update by name.
Next Refresh	This counter displays the amount of time until the next automatic refresh. The list of updates on the Check for Updates page automatically refreshes every 60 seconds. The timer is automatically paused when you select one or more updates.
Pause	Click this icon to pause the automatic refresh process. To resume automatic refresh, click the Play icon.
Refresh	Click this icon to manually refresh the list of updates.

Step 4 To view details on an update, select the update.

The description and any error messages are displayed in the right pane of the window.

Manually installing a DSM

You can use the IBM support website to download and manually install the latest RPM files for QRadar.

<http://www.ibm.com/support>

Most users do not need to download updated DSMs as auto updates installs the latest rpm files on a weekly basis. If your system is restricted from the Internet, you might need to install rpm updates manually. The DSMs provided on the IBM website, or through auto updates contain improved event parsing for network security products and enhancements for event categorization in the QRadar Identifier Map (QID map).

CAUTION: *Uninstalling a Device Support Module (DSM) is not supported in QRadar. If you need technical assistance, contact Customer Support. For more information, see [Contacting customer support](#).*

Installing a single DSM

The IBM support website contain individual DSMs that you can download and install using the command-line.

Procedure

- Step 1** Download the DSM file to your system hosting QRadar.
- Step 2** Using SSH, log in to QRadar as the root user.
- Username: `root`
- Password: `<password>`
- Step 3** Navigate to the directory that includes the downloaded file.
- Step 4** Type the following command:
- ```
rpm -Uvh <filename>
```
- Where `<filename>` is the name of the downloaded file. For example:
- ```
rpm -Uvh DSM-CheckpointFirewall-7.0-209433.noarch.rpm
```
- Step 5** Log in to QRadar.
- `https://<IP Address>`
- Where `<IP Address>` is the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 6** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
- The installation is complete.

Installing a DSM bundle The IBM support website contains a DSM bundle which is updated daily with the latest DSM versions that you can install.

Procedure

Step 1 Download the DSM bundle to your system hosting QRadar.

Step 2 Using SSH, log in to QRadar as the root user.

Username: `root`

Password: `<password>`

Step 3 Navigate to the directory that includes the downloaded file.

Step 4 Type the following command to extract the DSM bundle:

```
tar -zxvf QRadar_bundled-DSM-<version>.tar.gz
```

Where `<version>` is your version of QRadar.

Step 5 Type the following command:

```
for FILE in *Common*.rpm DSM-*.rpm; do rpm -Uvh "$FILE"; done
```

The installation of the DSM bundle can take several minutes to complete.

Step 6 Log in to QRadar.

`https://<IP Address>`

Where `<IP Address>` is the IP address of QRadar.

Step 7 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The installation is complete.

3

3COM 8800 SERIES SWITCH

The 3COM 8800 Series Switch DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

Supported event types QRadar records all relevant status and network condition events forwarded from your 3Com 8800 Series Switch using syslog.

Configure your 3COM 8800 Series Switch You can configure your 3COM 8800 Series Switch to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the 3Com 8800 Series Switch user interface.

Step 2 Enable the information center.

```
info-center enable
```

Step 3 Configure the host with the IP address of your QRadar system as the loghost, the severity level threshold value as informational, and the output language to English.

```
info-center loghost <ip_address> facility <severity> language english
```

Where:

<ip_address> is the IP address of your QRadar.

<severity> is the facility severity.

Step 4 Configure the ARP and IP information modules to log.

```
info-center source arp channel loghost log level informational
```

```
info-center source ip channel loghost log level informational
```

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as 3COM 8800 Series Switch events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by 3COM 880 Series Switches are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from 3COM 8800 Series Switches. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **3Com 8800 Series Switch**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 3-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your 3COM 8800 Series Switch.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

4

AMBIRON TRUSTWAVE ipANGEL

The Ambiron TrustWave ipAngel DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

Supported event types QRadar records all Snort-based events from the ipAngel console.

Before you begin Before you configure QRadar to integrate with ipAngel, you must forward your cache and access logs to your QRadar. The events in your cache and access logs that are forwarded from Ambiron TrustWave ipAngel are not automatically discovered. For information on forwarding device logs to QRadar, see your vendor documentation.

Configure a log source To integrate Ambiron TrustWave ipAngel events with QRadar, you must manually configure a log source.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Ambiron TrustWave ipAngel Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 4-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Ambiron TrustWave ipAngel appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Ambiron TrustWave ipAngel are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

5

APACHE HTTP SERVER

The Apache HTTP Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Apache events using syslog or syslog-ng.

QRadar records all relevant HTTP status events. The procedure in this section applies to Apache DSMs operating on UNIX/Linux platforms only.

CAUTION: Do not run both *syslog* and *syslog-ng* at the same time.

Select one of the following configuration methods:

- [Configuring Apache HTTP Server with syslog](#)
- [Configuring Apache HTTP Server with syslog-ng](#)

Configuring Apache HTTP Server with syslog

You can configure your Apache HTTP Server to forward events with the syslog protocol.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the server hosting Apache, as the root user.

Step 2 Edit the Apache configuration file `httpd.conf`.

Step 3 Add the following information in the Apache configuration file to specify the custom log format:

```
LogFormat "%h %A %l %u %t \"%r\" %>s %p %b" <log format name>
```

Where `<log format name>` is a variable name you provide to define the log format.

Step 4 Add the following information in the Apache configuration file to specify a custom path for the syslog events:

```
CustomLog "|/usr/bin/logger -t httpd -p  
<facility>.<priority>" <log format name>
```

Where:

`<facility>` is a syslog facility, for example, `local0`.

`<priority>` is a syslog priority, for example, `info` or `notice`.

`<log format name>` is a variable name you provide to define the custom log format. The log format name must match the log format defined in [Step 4](#).

For example,

```
CustomLog "|/usr/bin/logger -t httpd -p local1.info"
MyApacheLogs
```

Step 5 Type the following command to disabled hostname lookup:

```
HostnameLookups off
```

Step 6 Save the Apache configuration file.

Step 7 Edit the syslog configuration file.

```
/etc/syslog.conf
```

Step 8 Add the following information to your syslog configuration file:

```
<facility>.<priority> <TAB><TAB>@<host>
```

Where:

<facility> is the syslog facility, for example, local0. This value must match the value you typed in **Step 4**.

<priority> is the syslog priority, for example, info or notice. This value must match the value you typed in **Step 4**.

<TAB> indicates you must press the Tab key.

<host> is the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 9 Save the syslog configuration file.

Step 10 Type the following command to restart the syslog service:

```
/etc/init.d/syslog restart
```

Step 11 Restart Apache to complete the syslog configuration.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as syslog events from Apache HTTP Servers are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Apache HTTP Servers are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a Log Source in QRadar You can configure a log source manually for Apache HTTP Server events in QRadar.

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Apache HTTP Server. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Apache HTTP Server**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 5-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Apache installations.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. For more information on Apache, see <http://www.apache.org/>.

Configuring Apache HTTP Server with syslog-ng

You can configure your Apache HTTP Server to forward events with the syslog-ng protocol.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the server hosting Apache, as the root user.

Step 2 Edit the Apache configuration file.

```
/etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
```

Step 3 Add the following information to the Apache configuration file to specify the LogLevel:

```
LogLevel info
```

The LogLevel might already be configured to the info level depending on your Apache installation.

Step 4 Add the following to the Apache configuration file to specify the custom log format:

```
LogFormat "%h %A %l %u %t \"%r\" %>s %p %b" <log format name>
```

Where <log format name> is a variable name you provide to define the custom log format.

Step 5 Add the following information to the Apache configuration file to specify a custom path for the syslog events:

```
CustomLog "|/usr/bin/logger -t 'httpd' -u  
/var/log/httpd/apache_log.socket" <log format name>
```

The log format name must match the log format defined in [Step 4](#).

Step 6 Save the Apache configuration file.

Step 7 Edit the syslog-ng configuration file.

```
/etc/syslog-ng/syslog-ng.conf
```

Step 8 Add the following information to specify the destination in the syslog-ng configuration file:

```
source s_apache {
    unix-stream("/var/log/httpd/apache_log.socket"
    max-connections(512)
    keep-alive(yes));
};
destination auth_destination { <udp|tcp>("<IP address>"
port(514)); };
log{
    source(s_apache);
    destination(auth_destination);
};
```

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<udp|tcp> is the protocol you select to forward the syslog event.

Step 9 Save the syslog-ng configuration file.

Step 10 Type the following command to restart syslog-ng:

```
service syslog-ng restart
```

Step 11 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as syslog events from Apache HTTP Servers are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Apache HTTP Servers are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source You can configure a log source manually for Apache HTTP Server events in QRadar.

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog-ng events from Apache HTTP Server. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Apache HTTP Server**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 5-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Apache installations.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. For more information on Apache, see <http://www.apache.org/>.

6

APC UPS

The APC UPS DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events from the APC Smart-UPS family of products.

Note: Events from the RC-Series Smart-UPS are not supported.

Supported event types QRadar supports the following APC Smart-UPS syslog events:

- UPS events
- Battery events
- Bypass events
- Communication events
- Input power events
- Low battery condition events
- SmartBoost events
- SmartTrim events

Before you begin To integrate Smart-UPS events with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive syslog events.

Before you can receive events in QRadar, you must configure a log source, then configure your APC UPS to forward syslog events. Syslog events forwarded from APC Smart-UPS series devices are not automatically discovered. QRadar can receive syslog events on port 514 for both TCP and UDP.

Configuring a Log Source in QRadar QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from APC Smart-UPS series appliances.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.

- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **APC UPS**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 6-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your APC Smart-UPS series appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
- The log source is added to QRadar. You are now ready to configure your APC Smart-UPS to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Configuring your APC UPS to forward syslog events

You can configure syslog event forwarding on your APC UPS.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the APC Smart-UPS web interface.
- Step 2** In the navigation menu, select **Network > Syslog**.
- Step 3** From the **Syslog** list box, select **Enable**.
- Step 4** From the **Facility** list box, select a facility level for your syslog messages.
- Step 5** In the **Syslog Server** field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 6** From the **Severity** list box, select **Informational**.
- Step 7** Click **Apply**.

The syslog configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar by your APC UPS are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

7

APPLE MAC OS X

The Apple Mac OS X DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

Supported event types QRadar records all relevant firewall, web server access, web server error, privilege escalation, and informational events.

Before you begin To integrate Mac OS X events with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive syslog events.

To complete this integration, you must configure a log source, then configure your Mac OS X to forward syslog events. Syslog events forwarded from Mac OS X devices are not automatically discovered. It is recommended that you create a log source, then forward events to QRadar. Syslog events from Mac OS X can be forwarded to QRadar on TCP port 514 or UDP port 514.

Configuring a log source QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Apple Mac OS X.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Mac OS X**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 7-1 Mac OS X syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Apple Mac OS X device.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. You are now ready to configure your Apple Mac OS X device to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Configuring syslog on your Apple Mac OS X

You can configure syslog on systems running Mac OS X operating systems.

OS X Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your Mac OS X device as a root user.

Step 2 Open the `/etc/syslog.conf` file.

Step 3 Add the following line to the top of the file. Make sure all other lines remain intact:

```
*.* @<IP address>
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of the QRadar.

Step 4 Save and exit the file.

Step 5 Send a hang-up signal to the syslog daemon to make sure all changes are enforced:

```
sudo killall - HUP syslogd
```

The syslog configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar by your Apple Mac OS X are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab. For more information on configuring Mac OS X, see your Mac OS X vendor documentation.

8

APPLICATION SECURITY DBPROTECT

You can integrate Application Security DbProtect with QRadar.

Supported event types The Application Security DbProtect DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events from DbProtect devices installed with the Log Enhanced Event Format (LEEF) Service.

Before you begin To forward syslog events from Application Security DbProtect to QRadar requires the LEEF Relay module.

The LEEF Relay module for DbProtect translates the default events messages to Log Enhanced Event Format (LEEF) messages for QRadar, enabling QRadar to record all relevant DbProtect events. Before you can receive events in QRadar, you must install and configure the LEEF Service for your DbProtect device to forward syslog events. The DbProtect LEEF Relay requires that you install the .NET 4.0 Framework, which is bundled with the LEEF Relay installation.

Installing the DbProtect LEEF Relay Module The DbProtect LEEF Relay module for DbProtect must be installed on the same server as the DbProtect console. This allows the DbProtect LEEF Relay to work alongside an existing installation using the standard hardware and software prerequisites for a DbProtect console.

Note: Windows 2003 hosts require the Windows Imaging Components (wic_x86.exe). The Windows Imaging Components are located on the Windows Server Installation CD and must be installed before you continue. For more information, see your Windows 2003 Operating System documentation.

Procedure

Step 1 Download the DbProtect LEEF Relay module for DbProtect from the Application Security, Inc. customer portal.

<http://www.appsecinc.com>

Step 2 Save the setup file to the same host as your DbProtect console.

Step 3 Double click **setup.exe** to start the DbProtect LEEF Relay installation.

The Microsoft .NET Framework 4 Client Profile is displayed.

Step 4 Click **Accept**, if you agree with the Microsoft .NET Framework 4 End User License Agreement.

The Microsoft .NET Framework 4 is installed on your DbProtect console. After the installation is complete, the DbProtect LEEF Relay module installation Wizard is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Next**.

The Installation Folder window is displayed.

Step 6 To select the default installation path, click **Next**.

If you change the default installation directory, make note of the file location as it is required later. The Confirm Installation window is displayed.

Step 7 Click **Next**.

The DbProtect LEEF Relay module is installed.

Step 8 Click **Close**.

You are now ready to configure the DbProtect LEEF Relay module.

Configuring the DbProtect LEEF Relay

After the installation of the DbProtect LEEF Relay is complete, you can configure the service to forward events to QRadar.

Note: The DbProtect LEEF Relay must be stopped before you edit any configuration values.

Procedure

Step 1 Navigate to the DbProtect LEEF Relay installation directory.

`C:\Program Files (x86)\AppSecInc\AppSecLEEFConverter`

Step 2 Edit the DbProtect LEEF Relay configuration file:

`AppSecLEEFConverter.exe.config`

Step 3 Configure the following values:

Table 8-1 DbProtect LEEF Relay Configuration Parameters

Parameter	Description
SyslogListenerPort	Optional. Type the listen port number the DbProtect LEEF Relay uses to listen for syslog messages from the DbProtect console. By default, the DbProtect LEEF Relay listens on port 514.
SyslogDestinationHost	Type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
SyslogDestinationPort	Type 514 as the destination port for LEEF formatted syslog messages forwarded to QRadar.
LogFileName	Optional. Type a file name for the DbProtect LEEF Relay to write debug and log messages. The LocalSystem user account that runs the DbProtect LEEF Relay service must have write privileges to the file path you specify.

Step 4 Save the configuration changes to the file.

- Step 5** On your desktop of the DbProtect console, select **Start > Run**.
The Run window is displayed.
- Step 6** Type the following:
`services.msc`
- Step 7** Click **OK**.
The Services window is displayed.
- Step 8** In the details pane, verify the DbProtect LEEF Relay is started and set to automatic startup.
- Step 9** To change a service property, right-click on the service name, and then click **Properties**.
- Step 10** Using the **Startup type** list box, select **Automatic**.
- Step 11** If the DbProtect LEEF Relay is not started, click **Start**.
You are now ready to configure alerts for your DbProtect console.

Configure DbProtect alerts You can configure sensors on your DbProtect console to generate alerts.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your DbProtect console.
- Step 2** Click the **Activity Monitoring** tab.
- Step 3** Click the **Sensors** tab.
- Step 4** Select a sensor and click **Reconfigure**.
Any database instances that are configured for your database are displayed.
- Step 5** Select any database instances and click **Reconfigure**.
- Step 6** Click **Next** until the Sensor Manager Policy window is displayed.
- Step 7** Select the **Syslog** check box and click **Next**.
- Step 8** The Syslog Configuration window is displayed.
- Step 9** In the **Send Alerts to the following Syslog console** field, type the IP address of your DbProtect console.
- Step 10** In the **Port** field, type the port number you configured in the SyslogListenerPort field of the DbProtect LEEF Relay.
By default, 514 is the default Syslog listen port for the DbProtect LEEF Relay. For more information, see [Configuring the DbProtect LEEF Relay, Step 3](#).
- Step 11** Click **Add**.
- Step 12** Click **Next** until you reach the Deploy to Sensor window.
- Step 13** Click **Deploy to Sensor**.
The configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar by your DbProtect console are added as a log source and automatically displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Application Security DbProtect. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Application Security DbProtect**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 8-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Application Security DbProtect device.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
 - Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
- The log source is added to QRadar.

9

ARPEGGIO SIFT-IT

The IBM Security QRadar SIFT-IT DSM accepts syslog events from Arpeggio SIFT-IT running on IBM iSeries® that are formatted using the Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF).

Supported versions QRadar supports events from Arpeggio SIFT-IT 3.1 and above installed on IBM iSeries version 5 revision 3 (V5R3) and above.

Supported events Arpeggio SIFT-IT supports syslog events from the journal QAUDJRN in LEEF format.

For example,

```
Jan 29 01:33:34 RUFUS LEEF:1.0|Arpeggio|SIFT-IT|3.1|PW_U|sev=3
usrName=ADMIN src=100.100.100.114 srcPort=543 jJobNam=QBASE
jJobUsr=ADMIN jJobNum=1664 jrmtIP=100.100.100.114 jrmtPort=543
jSeqNo=4755 jPgm=QWTMCMNL jPgmLib=QSYS jMsgId=PWU0000 jType=U
jUser=ROOT jDev=QPADEV000F jMsgTxt=Invalid user id ROOT. Device
QPADEV000F.
```

Events SIFT-IT forwards to QRadar are determined with a configuration rule set file. SIFT-IT includes a default configuration rule set file that you can edit to meet your security or auditing requirements. For more information on configuring rule set files, see your *SIFT-IT User Guide*.

Configuring a SIFT-IT agent Arpeggio SIFT-IT is capable of forwarding syslog events in LEEF format with SIFT-IT agents.

A SIFT-IT agent configuration defines the location of your QRadar installation, the protocol and formatting of the event message, and the configuration rule set.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your IBM iSeries.

Step 2 Type the following command and press Enter to add SIFT-IT to your library list:

```
ADDLIBLE SIFTITLIB0
```

Step 3 Type the following command and press Enter to access the SIFT-IT main menu:

```
GO SIFTIT
```

- Step 4** From the main menu, select **1. Work with SIFT-IT Agent Definitions**.
- Step 5** Type **1** to add an agent definition for QRadar and press Enter.
- Step 6** Configure the following agent parameters:
- a** In the **SIFT-IT Agent Name** field, type a name.
For example, `QRadar`.
 - b** In the **Description** field, type a description for the agent.
For example, `Arpeggio agent for QRadar`.
 - c** In the **Server host name or IP address** field, type the location of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
 - d** In the **Connection type** field, type either ***TCP**, ***UDP**, or ***SECURE**.
The ***SECURE** option requires the TLS protocol. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.
 - e** In the **Remote port number** field, type **514**.
By default, QRadar supports both TCP and UDP syslog messages on port 514.
 - f** In the **Message format options** field, type ***QRADAR**.
 - g** Optional. Configure any additional parameters for attributes that are not QRadar specific.
The additional operational parameters are described in the *SIFT-IT User Guide*.
 - h** Press **F3** to exit to the Work with SIFT-IT Agents Description menu.
- Step 7** Type **9** and press Enter to load a configuration rule set for QRadar.
- Step 8** In the **Configuration file** field, type the path to your QRadar configuration rule set file.
For example,
`/sifitit/QRadarconfig.txt`
- Step 9** Press **F3** to exit to the Work with SIFT-IT Agents Description menu.
- Step 10** Type **11** to start the QRadar agent.
The configuration is complete.

Next steps

Syslog events forwarded by Arpeggio SIFT-IT in LEEF format are automatically discovered by QRadar. In most cases, the log source is automatically created in QRadar after a small number of events are detected. If the event rate is extremely low, then you might be required to manually create a log source for Arpeggio SIFT-IT in QRadar. Until the log source is automatically discovered and identified, the event type displays as Unknown on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar. Automatically discovered log sources can be viewed on the **Admin** tab of QRadar by clicking the Log Sources icon.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for system authentication events forwarded from Arpeggio SIFT-IT. This procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Arpeggio SIFT-IT**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 9-1 Syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Arpeggio SIFT-IT installation.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Additional information

After you create your QRadar agent definition, you can use your Arpeggio SIFT-IT software and QRadar integration to customize your security and auditing requirements.

This can include:

- Creating custom configurations in Arpeggio SIFT-IT with granular filtering on event attributes.

For example, filtering on job name, user, file or object name, system objects, or ports. All events forwarded from SIFT-IT and the contents of the event payload in QRadar are easily searchable.

- Configuring rules in QRadar to generate alerts or offenses for your security team to identify potential security threats, data loss, or breaches in real-time.
- Configuring processes in Arpeggio SIFT-IT to trigger real-time remediation of issues on your IBM iSeries.
- Creating offenses for your security team from Arpeggio SIFT-IT events in QRadar with the **Offenses** tab or configuring email job logs in SIFT-IT for your IBM iSeries administrators.
- Creating multiple configuration rule sets for multiple agents that run simultaneously to handle specific security or audit events.

For example, you can configure one QRadar agent with a specific rule sets for forwarding all IBM iSeries events, then develop multiple configuration rule sets for specific compliance purposes. This allows you to easily manage configuration rule sets for compliance regulations, such as FISMA, PCI, HIPPA, SOX, or ISO 27001. All of the events forwarded by SIFT-IT QRadar agents is contained in a single log source and categorized to be easily searchable.

10

ARRAY NETWORKS SSL VPN

The Array Networks SSL VPN DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects events from an ArrayVPN appliance using syslog.

Supported event types QRadar records all relevant SSL VPN events forwarded using syslog on TCP port 514 or UDP port 514.

Configuring a log source To integrate Array Networks SSL VPN events with QRadar, you must manually create a log source.

QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Array Networks SSL VPN.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Array Networks SSL VPN Access Gateways**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 10-1 Syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Array Networks SSL VPN appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Array Networks SSL VPN are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Next Steps

You are now ready to configure your Array Networks SSL VPN appliance to forward remote syslog events to QRadar. For more information on configuring Array Networks SSL VPN appliances for remote syslog, please consult your Array Networks documentation.

11

ARUBA MOBILITY CONTROLLERS

The Aruba Mobility Controllers DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

Supported event types QRadar records all relevant events forwarded using syslog on TCP port 514 or UDP port 514.

Configure your Aruba Mobility Controller You can configure the Aruba Wireless Networks (Mobility Controller) device to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Aruba Mobility Controller user interface.
- Step 2** From the top menu, select **Configuration**.
- Step 3** From the **Switch** menu, select **Management**.
- Step 4** Click the **Logging** tab.
- Step 5** From the **Logging Servers** menu, select **Add**.
- Step 6** Type the IP address of the QRadar server that you want to collect logs.
- Step 7** Click **Add**.
- Step 8** Optional. Change the logging level for a module:
 - a** Select the check box next to the name of the logging module.
 - b** Choose the logging level you want to change from the list box that is displayed at the bottom of the window.
- Step 9** Click **Done**.
- Step 10** Click **Apply**.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Aruba Mobility Controller events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Aruba Mobility Controller are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Aruba Mobility Controllers. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Aruba Mobility Controller** .
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 11-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Aruba Mobility Controller.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Aruba Mobility Controller appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

12

BALABIT IT SECURITY

The BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent application can collect and forward syslog events for the Microsoft Security Event Log DSM and the Microsoft ISA DSM in QRadar.

To configure a BalaBit IT Security agent, select a configuration:

- [Configuring BalaBit IT Security for Microsoft Windows Events](#)
- [Configuring BalaBit IT Security for Microsoft ISA or TMG Events](#)

Configuring BalaBit IT Security for Microsoft Windows Events

The Microsoft Windows Security Event Log DSM in QRadar can accept Log Extended Event Format (LEEF) events from BalaBit's Syslog-ng Agent.

Supported event types

The BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent forwards Windows events to QRadar using syslog.

- Windows security
- Application
- System
- DNS
- DHCP
- Custom container event logs

Before you begin Before you can receive events from BalaBit IT Security Syslog-ng Agents, you must install and configure the agent to forward events.

Review the following configuration steps before you attempt to configure the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent:

- 1 Install the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent in your Windows host. For more information, see your BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent documentation.
- 2 Configure Syslog-ng Agent Events.
- 3 Configure QRadar as a destination for the Syslog-ng Agent.
- 4 Restart the Syslog-ng Agent service.
- 5 Optional. Configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring the Syslog-ng Agent event source Before you can forward events to QRadar, you must specify what Windows-based events the Syslog-ng Agent collects.

Procedure

Step 1 From the **Start** menu, select **All Programs > syslog-ng Agent for Windows > Configure syslog-ng Agent for Windows**.

The Syslog-ng Agent window is displayed.

Step 2 Expand the syslog-ng Agent Settings pane, and select **Eventlog Sources**.

Step 3 Double-click on **Event Containers**.

The Event Containers Properties window is displayed.

Step 4 From the Event Containers pane, select the **Enable** radio button.

Step 5 Select a check box for each event type you want to collect:

- **Application** - Select this check box if you want the device to monitor the Windows application event log.
- **Security** - Select this check box if you want the device to monitor the Windows security event log.
- **System** - Select this check box if you want the device to monitor the Windows system event log.

Note: BalaBit's Syslog-ng Agent supports additional event types, such as DNS or DHCP events using custom containers. For more information, see your BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent documentation.

Step 6 Click **Apply**, and then click **OK**.

The event configuration for your BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent is complete. You are now ready to configure QRadar as a destination for Syslog-ng Agent events.

Configuring a syslog destination The Syslog-ng Agent allows you to configure multiple destinations for your Windows-based events.

To configure QRadar as a destination, you must specify the IP address for QRadar, and then configure a message template for the LEEF format.

Procedure

Step 1 From the **Start** menu, select **All Programs > syslog-ng Agent for Windows > Configure syslog-ng Agent for Windows**.

The Syslog-ng Agent window is displayed.

Step 2 Expand the syslog-ng Agent Settings pane, and click **Destinations**.

Step 3 Double-click on **Add new sever**.

The Server Property window is displayed.

Step 4 On the **Server** tab, click **Set Primary Server**.

Step 5 Configure the following parameters:

a **Server Name** - Type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

b **Server Port** - Type **514** as the TCP port number for events forwarded to QRadar.

Step 6 Click the **Messages** tab.

Step 7 From the **Protocol** list box, select **Legacy BSD Syslog Protocol**.

Step 8 In the **Template** field, define a custom template message for the protocol by typing:

```
<${PRI}>${BSDDATE} ${HOST} LEEF:${MSG}
```

The information typed in this field is space delimited.

Step 9 From the Event Message Format pane, in the **Message Template** field, type the following to define the format for the LEEF events:

```
1.0|Microsoft|Windows|2k8r2|${EVENT_ID}|devTime=${R_YEAR}-${R_MONTH}-${R_DAY}T
${R_HOUR}:${R_MIN}:${R_SEC}GMT${TZOFFSET} devTimeFormat=yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ssz
cat=${EVENT_TYPE}sev=${EVENT_LEVEL} resource=${HOST} usrName=${EVENT_USERNAME}
application=${EVENT_SOURCE} message=${EVENT_MSG}
```

Note: The LEEF format uses tab as a delimiter to separate event attributes from each other. However, the delimiter does not start until after the last pipe character for {Event_ID}. The following fields must include a tab before the event name: devTime, devTimeFormat, cat, sev, resource, usrName, application, and message.

You might need to use a text editor to copy and paste the LEEF message format into the **Message Template** field.

Step 10 Click **OK**.

The destination configuration is complete. You are now ready to restart the Syslog-ng Agent service.

Restart the Syslog-ng Agent service Before the Syslog-ng Agent can forward LEEF formatted events, you must restart the Syslog-ng Agent service on the Windows host.

Procedure

- Step 1** From the **Start** menu, select **Start > Run**.
The Run window is displayed.
- Step 2** Type the following:
`services.msc`
- Step 3** Click **OK**.
The Services window is displayed.
- Step 4** In the Name column, right-click on **Syslog-ng Agent for Windows**, and select **Restart**.

After the Syslog-ng Agent for Windows service restarts, the configuration is complete. Syslog events from the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent are automatically discovered by QRadar. The Windows events that are automatically discovered are displayed as Microsoft Windows Security Event Logs on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from LEEF formatted messages. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Microsoft Windows Security Event Log**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 12-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Configuring BalaBit IT Security for Microsoft ISA or TMG Events

You can integrate the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent application to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Supported event types

The BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent reads Microsoft ISA or Microsoft TMG event logs and forwards syslog events using the Log Extended Event Format (LEEF).

The events forwarded by BalaBit IT Security are parsed and categorized by the Microsoft Internet and Acceleration (ISA) DSM for QRadar. The DSM accepts both Microsoft ISA and Microsoft Threat Management Gateway (TMG) events.

Before you begin

Before you can receive events from BalaBit IT Security Syslog-ng Agents, you must install and configure the agent to forward events.

Note: This integration uses BalaBit's Syslog-ng Agent for Windows and BalaBit's Syslog-ng PE to parse and forward events to QRadar for the DSM to interpret.

Review the following configuration steps before you attempt to configure the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent:

To configure the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent, you must:

- 1 Install the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent in your Windows host. For more information, see your BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent vendor documentation.
- 2 Configure the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent.
- 3 Install a BalaBit Syslog-ng PE for Linux or Unix in relay mode to parse and forward events to QRadar. For more information, see your BalaBit Syslog-ng PE vendor documentation.
- 4 Configure syslog for BalaBit Syslog-ng PE.
- 5 Optional. Configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent

Before you can forward events to QRadar, you must specify the file source for Microsoft ISA or Microsoft TMG events in the Syslog-ng Agent collects.

If your Microsoft ISA or Microsoft TMG appliance is generating event files for the Web Proxy Server and the Firewall Service, both files can be added.

Configure the file source

File sources allow you to define the base log directory and files monitored by the Syslog-ng Agent.

Procedure

Step 1 From the **Start** menu, select **All Programs > syslog-ng Agent for Windows > Configure syslog-ng Agent for Windows**.

The Syslog-ng Agent window is displayed.

Step 2 Expand the syslog-ng Agent Settings pane, and select **File Sources**.

Step 3 Select the **Enable** radio button.

Step 4 Click **Add** to add your Microsoft ISA and TMG event files.

Step 5 From the **Base Directory** field, click **Browse** and select the folder for your Microsoft ISA or Microsoft TMG log files.

Step 6 From the **File Name Filter** field, click **Browse** and select a log file containing your Microsoft ISA or Microsoft TMG events.

Note: The **File Name Filter** field supports the wildcard (*) and question mark (?) characters to follow log files that are replaced after reaching a specific file size or date.

Step 7 In the **Application Name** field, type a name to identify the application.

Step 8 From the **Log Facility** list box, select **Use Global Settings**.

Step 9 Click **OK**.

Step 10 To add additional file sources, click **Add** and repeat this process from **Step 4**.

Microsoft ISA and TMG store Web Proxy Service events and Firewall Service events in individual files.

Step 11 Click **Apply**, and then click **OK**.

The event configuration is complete. You are now ready to configure a syslog destinations and formatting for your Microsoft TMG and ISA events.

Configuring a syslog destination

The event logs captured by Microsoft ISA or TMG cannot be parsed by the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent for Windows, so you must forward your logs to a BalaBit Syslog-ng Premium Edition (PE) for Linux or Unix.

To forward your TMG and ISA event logs, you must specify the IP address for your PE relay and configure a message template for the LEEF format. The BalaBit Syslog-ng PE acts as an intermediate syslog server to parse the events and forward the information to QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 From the **Start** menu, select **All Programs > syslog-ng Agent for Windows > Configure syslog-ng Agent for Windows**.

The Syslog-ng Agent window is displayed.

Step 2 Expand the syslog-ng Agent Settings pane, and click **Destinations**.

Step 3 Double-click on **Add new sever**.

Step 4 On the **Server** tab, click **Set Primary Server**.

Step 5 Configure the following parameters:

- a **Server Name** - Type the IP address of your BalaBit Syslog-ng PE relay.
- b **Server Port** - Type **514** as the TCP port number for events forwarded to your BalaBit Syslog-ng PE relay.

Step 6 Click the **Messages** tab.

Step 7 From the **Protocol** list box, select **Legacy BSD Syslog Protocol**.

Step 8 From the File Message Format pane, in the **Message Template** field, type the following format command:

```
${FILE_MESSAGE}${TZOFFSET}
```

Step 9 Click **Apply**, and then click **OK**.

The destination configuration is complete. You are now ready to filter comment lines from the event log.

Filtering the log file for comment lines

The event log file for Microsoft ISA or Microsoft TMG can contain comment markers, these comments must be filtered from the event message.

Procedure

Step 1 From the **Start** menu, select **All Programs > syslog-ng Agent for Windows > Configure syslog-ng Agent for Windows**.

The Syslog-ng Agent window is displayed.

Step 2 Expand the syslog-ng Agent Settings pane, and select **Destinations**.

Step 3 Right-click on your QRadar syslog destination and select **Event Filters > Properties**.

The Global event filters Properties window is displayed.

Step 4 Configure the following values:

- From the Global file filters pane, select **Enable**.
- From the Filter Type pane, select **Black List Filtering**.

Step 5 Click **OK**.

Step 6 From the filter list menu, double-click **Message Contents**.

The Message Contents Properties window is displayed.

Step 7 From the Message Contents pane, select the **Enable** radio button.

Step 8 In the Regular Expression field, type the following regular expression:

```
^#
```

Step 9 Click **Add**.

Step 10 Click **Apply**, and then click **OK**.

The event messages containing comments are no longer forwarded.

Note: You might be required to restart Syslog-ng Agent for Windows service to begin syslog forwarding. For more information, see your BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent documentation.

Configuring a BalaBit Syslog-ng PE Relay

The BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent for Windows sends Microsoft TMG and ISA event logs to a Balabit Syslog-ng PE installation, which is configured in relay mode.

The relay mode installation is responsible for receiving the event log from the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent for Windows, parsing the event logs in to the LEEF format, then forwarding the events to QRadar using syslog.

To configure your BalaBit Syslog-ng PE Relay, you must:

- 1 Install BalaBit Syslog-ng PE for Linux or Unix in relay mode. For more information, see your BalaBit Syslog-ng PE vendor documentation.
- 2 Configure syslog on your Syslog-ng PE relay.

Note: For a sample syslog.conf file you can use to configure Microsoft TMG and ISA logs using your BalaBit Syslog-ng PE relay, see <http://www.ibm.com/support>.

The BalaBit Syslog-ng PE formats the TMG and ISA events in the LEEF format based on the configuration of your syslog.conf file. The syslog.conf file is responsible for parsing the event logs and forwarding the events to QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your BalaBit Syslog-ng PE relay command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Edit the following file:

```
/etc/syslog-ng/etc/syslog.conf
```

Step 3 From the destinations section, add an IP address and port number for each relay destination.

For example,

```
#####
# destinations
destination d_messages { file("/var/log/messages"); };
destination d_remote_tmgfw { tcp("QRadar_IP" port(QRadar_PORT)
log_disk_fifo_size(10000000) template(t_tmgfw)); };
destination d_remote_tmgweb { tcp("QRadar_IP" port(QRadar_PORT)
log_disk_fifo_size(10000000) template(t_tmgweb)); };
```

Where:

`QRadar_IP` is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

`QRadar_PORT` is the port number required for QRadar to receive syslog events. By default, QRadar receives syslog events on port 514.

Step 4 Save the syslog configuration changes.

Step 5 Restart Syslog-ng PE to force the configuration file to be read.

The BalaBit Syslog-ng PE configuration is complete. Syslog events forwarded from the BalaBit Syslog-ng relay are automatically discovered by QRadar as Microsoft Windows Security Event Log on the **Log Activity** tab. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Users Guide*.

Note: When using multiple syslog destinations, messages are considered delivered after they successfully arrived at the primary syslog destination.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from LEEF formatted messages provided by your BalaBit Syslog-ng relay. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Microsoft ISA**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 12-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for Microsoft ISA or Microsoft Threat Management Gateway events from the BalaBit Syslog-ng Agent.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The BalaBit IT Security configuration for Microsoft ISA and Microsoft TMG events is complete.

13

BARRACUDA

This section includes information on configuring the following DSMs:

- [Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall](#)
- [Barracuda Web Application Firewall](#)
- [Barracuda Web Filter](#)

Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall

You can integrate Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall with QRadar.

Supported event types

The Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts both Mail syslog events and Web syslog events from Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall appliances.

Mail syslog events contain the event and action taken when the firewall processes email. Web syslog events record information on user activity and configuration changes on your Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall appliance.

Before you begin

Before you can receive events in QRadar, you must configure your Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall to forward syslog events. Syslog messages are sent to QRadar from Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall using UDP port 514. You must verify any firewalls between QRadar and your Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall appliance allow UDP traffic on port 514.

Configuring syslog event forwarding

You can configure syslog forwarding for Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall web interface.
- Step 2** Click the **Advanced** tab.
- Step 3** From the Advanced menu, select **Advanced Networking**.
- Step 4** From the **Mail Syslog** field, type IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.

Step 6 From the **Web Interface Syslog** field, type IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 7 Click **Add**.

The syslog configuration is complete.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 13-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Barracuda Web Application Firewall

You can integrate Barracuda Web Application Firewall with QRadar.

Supported event types The Barracuda Web Application Firewall DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts system, web firewall log, access log, and audit log events using syslog.

Barracuda Web Application Firewall to forward syslog events to QRadar in a custom name-value pair event format. Syslog events from Barracuda Web Application Firewall appliances are provided to QRadar using UDP port 514.

Before you begin Before you begin you must create a log source for QRadar. QRadar does not automatically discover events for Barracuda Web Application Firewall. After you configure this DSM, we recommend you verify any firewalls between Barracuda Web Application Firewall appliance and QRadar allow UDP traffic on port 514.

Configuring a log source To integrate Barracuda Web Application Firewall with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive Barracuda Web Application Firewall events.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Barracuda Web Application Firewall**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 13-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Barracuda Web Application Firewall appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The log source is added to QRadar.

Configuring syslog event forwarding

You configure syslog forwarding for Barracuda Web Application Firewall.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Barracuda Web Application Firewall web interface.
- Step 2** Click the **Advanced** tab.
- Step 3** From the Advanced menu, select **Export Logs**.
- Step 4** Click **Syslog Settings**.
- Step 5** Configure a syslog facility value for the following options:
- **Web Firewall Logs Facility** - Select a syslog facility between **Local0** and **Local7**.
 - **Access Logs Facility** - Select a syslog facility between **Local0** and **Local7**.
 - **Audit Logs Facility** - Select a syslog facility between **Local0** and **Local7**.
 - **System Logs Facility** - Select a syslog facility between **Local0** and **Local7**.
- Setting a syslog unique facility for each log type allows the Barracuda Web Application Firewall to divide the logs in to different files.
- Step 6** Click **Save Changes**.
- The Export Log window is displayed.
- Step 7** In the **Name** field, type name of the syslog server.
- Step 8** In the **Syslog** field, type IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 9** From the **Log Time Stamp** option, select **Yes**.
- Step 10** From the **Log Unit Name** option, select **Yes**.
- Step 11** Click **Add**.
- Step 12** From the **Web Firewall Logs Format** list box, select **Custom Format**.
- Step 13** In the **Web Firewall Logs Format** field, type the following custom event format:
- ```
t=%t | ad=%ad | ci=%ci | cp=%cp | au=%au
```
- Step 14** From the **Access Logs Format** list box, select **Custom Format**.
- Step 15** In the **Access Logs Format** field, type the following custom event format:
- ```
t=%t | p=%p | s=%s | id=%id | ai=%ai | ap=%ap | ci=%ci | cp=%cp | si=%si | sp=%sp | cu=%cu
```
- Step 16** From the **Access Logs Format** list box, select **Custom Format**.
- Step 17** In the **Access Logs Format** field, type the following custom event format:
- ```
t=%t | trt=%trt | an=%an | li=%li | lp=%lp
```
- Step 18** Click **Save Changes**.
- Step 19** From the navigation menu, select **Basic > Administration**.
- Step 20** From the System/Reload/Shutdown pane, click **Restart**.

The syslog configuration is complete after your Barracuda Web Application Firewall restarts. Events forwarded to QRadar by Barracuda Web Application Firewall are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

---

## Barracuda Web Filter

You can integrate Barracuda Web Filter appliance events with QRadar.

### Supported event types

The Barracuda Web Filter DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts web traffic and web interface events in syslog format forwarded by Barracuda Web Filter appliances.

Web traffic events contain the event and action taken when the appliance processes web traffic. Web interface events contain user login activity and configuration changes to the Web Filter appliance.

### Before you begin

Before you can receive events in QRadar, you must configure your Barracuda Web Filter to forward syslog events.

Syslog messages are forward to QRadar using UDP port 514. You must verify any firewalls between QRadar and your Barracuda Web Filter appliance allow UDP traffic on port 514.

### Configuring syslog event forwarding

You can configure syslog forwarding for Barracuda Web Filter.

#### Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Barracuda Web Filter web interface.
- Step 2** Click the **Advanced** tab.
- Step 3** From the Advanced menu, select **Syslog**.
- Step 4** From the **Web Traffic Syslog** field, type IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** From the **Web Interface Syslog** field, type IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 7** Click **Add**.

The syslog configuration is complete.

**Configuring a log source** QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Barracuda Web Filter appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.

**Procedure**

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Barracuda Web Filter**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

**Table 13-1** Syslog Parameters

| Parameter             | Description                                                                                                               |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Log Source Identifier | Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Barracuda Web Filter appliance. |

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.  
The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded by Barracuda Web Filter are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.



# 14 BIT9 PARITY

You can integrate Bit9 Parity events with QRadar.

**Supported event types** The Bit9 Parity DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events using the Log Enhanced Event Format (LEEF), enabling QRadar to record all relevant appliance events.

**Configuring Bit9 Parity** To collect events, you must configure your Bit9 Parity device to forward syslog events in the LEEF format.

## Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Bit9 Parity console with Administrator or PowerUser privileges.
- Step 2** From the navigation menu on the left side of the console, select **Administration > System Configuration**.  
The System Configuration window is displayed.
- Step 3** Click **Server Status**.  
The Server Status window is displayed.
- Step 4** Click **Edit**.
- Step 5** In the **Syslog address** field, type the IP address of your QRadar.
- Step 6** From the **Syslog format** list box, select **LEEF (Q1Labs)**.
- Step 7** Select the **Syslog enabled** check box.
- Step 8** Click **Update**.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Bit9 Parity events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Bit9 Parity are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

**Configure a log source** QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Bit9 Parity. These configuration steps are optional.

## Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.

- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Bit9 Parity**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

**Table 14-1** Syslog Parameters

| Parameter             | Description                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Log Source Identifier | Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Bit9 Parity device. |

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.  
The configuration is complete.

# 15

## BLUECAT NETWORKS ADONIS

The BlueCat Networks Adonis DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events forwarded in Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF) using syslog from BlueCat Adonis appliances managed with BlueCat Proteus.

**Supported versions** QRadar supports BlueCat Networks Adonis appliances using version 6.7.1-P2 and above.

You might be required to include a patch on your BlueCat Networks Adonis to integrate DNS and DHCP events with QRadar. For more information, see KB-4670 and your BlueCat Networks documentation.

**Supported event types** QRadar is capable of collecting all relevant events related to DNS and DHCP queries.

This includes the following events:

- DNS IPv4 and IPv6 query events
- DNS name server query events
- DNS mail exchange query events
- DNS text record query events
- DNS record update events
- DHCP discover events
- DHCP request events
- DHCP release events

**Event type format** The LEEF format consists of a pipe ( | ) delimited syslog header and a space delimited event payload.

For example,

```
Aug 10 14:55:30 adonis671-184
LEEF:1.0|BCN|Adonis|6.7.1|DNS_Query|cat=A_record
src=10.10.10.10 url=test.example.com
```

If the syslog events forwarded from your BlueCat Adonis appliance are not formatted similarly to the sample above, you must examine your device

configuration. Properly formatted LEEF event messages are automatically discovered by the BlueCat Networks Adonis DSM and added as a log source to QRadar.

**Before you begin** BlueCat Adonis must be configured to generate events in Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF) and redirect the event output by way of syslog to QRadar.

BlueCat Networks provides a script on their appliance to assist you with configuring syslog. To complete the syslog redirection, you must have administrative or root access to the command-line interface of the BlueCat Adonis or your BlueCat Proteus appliance. If the syslog configuration script is not present on your appliance, you can contact your BlueCat Networks representative.

**Configuring BlueCat Adonis** You can configure your BlueCat Adonis appliance to forward DNS and DHCP events to QRadar.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Using SSH, log in to your BlueCat Adonis appliance command-line interface.

**Step 2** Type the following command to start the syslog configuration script:

```
/usr/local/bluecat/qradar/setup-qradar.sh
```

**Step 3** Type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

**Step 4** Type **yes** or **no** to confirm the IP address.

The configuration is complete when a success message is displayed.

The log source is added to QRadar as BlueCat Networks Adonis syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab. If the events are not automatically discovered, you can manually configure a log source.

**Configuring a log source in QRadar** QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from BlueCat Networks Adonis. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Log in to QRadar.

**Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.

**Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

**Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.

**Step 5** Click **Add**.

**Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

**Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

**Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **BlueCat Networks Adonis**.

**Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

**Step 10** Configure the following values:

**Table 15-2** Syslog Parameters

| Parameter             | Description                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Log Source Identifier | Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your BlueCat Networks Adonis appliance. |

**Step 11** Click **Save**.

**Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.



# 16

## BLUE COAT SG

The Blue Coat SG DSM for IBM Security QRadar allows you to integrate events from a Blue Coat SG appliance with QRadar.

QRadar records all relevant and available information from name-value events that are separated by pipe (|) characters.

QRadar can receive events from your Blue Coat SG appliance using syslog or can retrieve events from the Blue Coat SG appliance using the Log File protocol. The instructions provided describe how to configure Blue Coat SG using a custom name-value pair format. However, QRadar supports the following formats:

- Custom Format
- SQUID
- NCSA
- main
- IM
- Streaming
- smartreporter
- bcereportermain\_v1
- bcreporterssl\_v1
- p2p
- SSL
- bcreportercifs\_v1
- CIFS
- MAPI

For more information about your Blue Coat SG Appliance, see your vendor documentation.

## Creating a custom event format

The Blue Coat SG DSM for QRadar accepts custom formatted events from a Blue Coat SG appliance.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Using a web browser, log in to the Blue Coat Management Console.

**Step 2** Select **Configuration > Access Logging > Formats**.

**Step 3** Select **New**.

The Edit Format window is displayed.

**Step 4** Type a format name for the custom format.

**Step 5** Select **Custom format string**.

**Step 6** Type the following custom format for QRadar:

```
Bluecoat|src=$(c-ip)|srcport=$(c-port)|dst=$(cs-uri-address)|dstport=$(cs-uri-port)|username=$(cs-username)|devicetime=$(gmttime)|s-action=$(s-action)|sc-status=$(sc-status)|cs-method=$(cs-method)|time-taken=$(time-taken)|sc-bytes=$(sc-bytes)|cs-bytes=$(cs-bytes)|cs-uri-scheme=$(cs-uri-scheme)|cs-host=$(cs-host)|cs-uri-path=$(cs-uri-path)|cs-uri-query=$(cs-uri-query)|cs-uri-extension=$(cs-uri-extension)|cs-auth-group=$(cs-auth-group)|rs(Content-Type)=$(rs(Content-Type))|cs(User-Agent)=$(cs(User-Agent))|cs(Referer)=$(cs(Referer))|sc-filter-result=$(sc-filter-result)|filter-category=$(sc-filter-category)|cs-uri=$(cs-uri)
```

**Step 7** Select **Log Last Header** from the list box.

**Step 8** Click **OK**.

**Step 9** Click **Apply**.

**Note:** The custom format for QRadar supports additional key-value pairs using the Blue Coat ELFF format. For more information, see [Creating additional custom format key-value pairs](#).

You are ready to enable access logging on your Blue Coat device.

## Creating a log facility

To use the custom log format created for QRadar, you must associate the custom log format for QRadar to a facility.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Select **Configuration > Access Logging > Logs**.

The Logs Configuration window is displayed.

**Step 2** Click **New**.

**Step 3** Configure the following parameters:

- **Log Name** - Type a name for the log facility.
- **Log Format** - Select the custom format you created in [Creating a custom event format, Step 4](#).



- **Description** - Type a description for the log facility.

**Step 4** Click **OK**.

**Step 5** Click **Apply**.

You are ready to enable logging on the Blue Coat device. For more information, see [Enabling access logging](#).

### Enabling access logging

You must enable access logging on your Blue Coat SG device.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select **Configuration > Access Logging > General**.

**Step 2** Select the **Enable Access Logging** check box.

If the **Enable Access Logging** check box is not selected, logging is disabled globally for all of the formats listed.

**Step 3** Click **Apply**.

You are ready to configure the Blue Coat upload client. For more information, see [Retrieving Blue Coat events](#).

### Retrieving Blue Coat events

Events from your Blue Coat SG appliance are forwarded using the Blue Coat upload client.

QRadar can receive forwarded events using FTP or syslog.

- If you are using FTP, see [Log File protocol configuration](#).
- If you are using syslog, see [Syslog configuration](#).

### Log File protocol configuration

To use FTP, you must configure the Blue Coat upload client.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select **Configuration > Access Logging > Logs > Upload Client**.

**Step 2** From the **Log** list box, select the log containing your custom format.

**Step 3** From the **Client type** list box, select **FTP Client**.

**Step 4** Click **Settings**.

**Step 5** From the **Settings For** list box, select **Primary FTP Server**.

**Step 6** Configure the following values:

- Host** - Type the IP address of the FTP server receiving the Blue Coat events.
- Port** - Type the FTP port number.
- Path** - Type a directory path for the log files.
- Username** - Type the username required to access the FTP server.

**Step 7** Click **OK**.

- Step 8** Select the **Upload Schedule** tab.
- Step 9** From the Upload the access log option, select **periodically**.
- Step 10** Configure the **Wait time between connect attempts**.
- Step 11** Select if you want to upload the log file to the FTP daily or on an interval.
- Step 12** Click **Apply**.

You are now ready to configure the log source and protocol in QRadar:

### Configuring a Log Source in QRadar

#### Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Bluecoat SG Appliance** option.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select the **Log File** option.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

**Table 16-1** Blue Coat SG log file protocol parameters

| Parameter             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Log Source Identifier | Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Service Type          | From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>SFTP</b> - SSH File Transfer Protocol</li> <li>• <b>FTP</b> - File Transfer Protocol</li> <li>• <b>SCP</b> - Secure Copy</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the <b>Remote IP or Hostname</b> field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p> |
| Remote IP or Hostname | Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

**Table 16-1** Blue Coat SG log file protocol parameters (continued)

| Parameter        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Remote Port      | Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.<br><br>The options include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>FTP</b> - TCP Port 21</li> <li>• <b>SFTP</b> - TCP Port 22</li> <li>• <b>SCP</b> - TCP Port 22</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Remote User      | Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.<br><br>The username can be up to 255 characters in length.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Remote Password  | Type the password necessary to log in to the host.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Confirm Password | Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| SSH Key File     | If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the <b>Remote Password</b> field is ignored.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Remote Directory | Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.<br><br><b>Note:</b> For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Recursive        | Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.<br><br>The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| FTP File Pattern | If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.<br><br>The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files ending with .log, type the following:<br><br><code>.*\.log</code><br><br>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website:<br><a href="http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/">http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</a> |

**Table 16-1** Blue Coat SG log file protocol parameters (continued)

| Parameter         | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FTP Transfer Mode | <p>This option only appears if you select FTP as the Service Type. The FTP Transfer Mode parameter allows you to define the file transfer mode when retrieving log files over FTP.</p> <p>From the list box, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Binary</b> - Select Binary for log sources that require binary data files or compressed zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.</li> <li>• <b>ASCII</b> - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer.</li> </ul> <p>You must select <b>NONE</b> for the Processor parameter and <b>LINEBYLINE</b> the Event Generator parameter when using ASCII as the FTP Transfer Mode.</p> |
| SCP Remote File   | <p>If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Start Time        | <p>Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Recurrence        | <p>Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Run On Save       | <p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click <b>Save</b>.</p> <p>After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| EPS Throttle      | <p>Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Processor         | <p>If the files located on the remote host are stored in a zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format, select the processor that allows the archives to be expanded and contents processed.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

**Table 16-1** Blue Coat SG log file protocol parameters (continued)

| Parameter                           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ignore Previously Processed File(s) | <p>Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.</p> <p>QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.</p> <p>This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.</p> |
| Change Local Directory?             | <p>Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar system for storing downloaded files during processing.</p> <p>We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.</p>                                                                                                                                                                |
| Event Generator                     | <p>From the <b>Event Generator</b> list box, select <b>LineByLine</b>.</p> <p>The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

**Step 11** Click **Save**.

**Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log file protocol configuration for Blue Coat SG is complete.

**Syslog configuration** To allow syslog event collection, you must configure your Blue Coat appliance to forward syslog events.

**CAUTION:** *If your Blue Coat SG appliance is reporting events using syslog (rather than a file transfer protocol) and the destination syslog server becomes unavailable, it is possible that other syslog destinations can stop receiving data until all syslog destinations are again available. This creates the potential for some syslog data to not be sent at all. If you are sending to multiple syslog destinations, a disruption in availability in one syslog destination might interrupt the stream of events to other syslog destinations from your Blue Coat SG appliance.*

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select **Configuration > Access Logging > Logs > Upload Client**.

**Step 2** From the **Log** list box, select the log containing your custom format.

**Step 3** From the **Client type** drop-down list box, select **Custom Client**.

**Step 4** Click **Settings**.

**Step 5** From the **Settings For** list box, select **Primary Custom Server**.

**Step 6** Configure the following values:

- a **Host** - Type the IP address for your QRadar.
- b **Port** - Type **514** as the syslog port for QRadar.

**Step 7** Click **OK**.

**Step 8** Select the **Upload Schedule** tab.

**Step 9** From the Upload the access log, select **continuously**.

**Step 10** Click **Apply**.

You are now ready to configure a log source for Blue Coat SG events.

### Configure a log source

To integrate Barracuda Web Application Firewall with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive Blue Coat SG events.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Log in to QRadar.

**Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.

**Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

**Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.

**Step 5** Click **Add**.

**Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

**Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

**Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Blue Coat SG Appliance**.

**Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

**Step 10** Configure the following values:

**Table 16-2** Syslog protocol parameters

| Parameter             | Description                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Log Source Identifier | Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Blue Coat SG appliance. |

**Step 11** Click **Save**.

**Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Blue Coat SG are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

## Creating additional custom format key-value pairs

The custom format allows you to forward specific Blue Coat data or events to QRadar using the Extended Log File Format (ELFF).

The custom format is a series of pipe delimited fields starting with `Bluecoat |` and containing `$(Blue Coat ELFF Parameter)`. Custom format fields for QRadar must be separated by the pipe character.

For example:

```
Bluecoat | src=$(c-ip) | srcport=$(c-port) | dst=$(cs-uri-address) | ds
tport=$(cs-uri-port) | username=$(cs-username) | devicetime=$(gmtti
me) | s-action=$(s-action) | sc-status=$(sc-status) | cs-method=$(cs-
method)
```

**Table 16-3** QRadar Custom Format Examples

| Blue Coat ELFF Parameter | QRadar Custom Format Example |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| sc-bytes                 | \$(sc-bytes)                 |
| rs(Content-type)         | \$(rs(Content-Type))         |

For more information on the available Blue Coat ELFF parameters, see your Blue Coat appliance documentation.





# 17

## BRIDGEWATER

The Bridgewater Systems DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

**Supported event types** QRadar records all relevant events forwarded from Bridgewater AAA Service Controller devices using syslog.

**Configuring Syslog for your Bridgewater Systems Device** You must configure your Bridgewater Systems appliance to send syslog events to QRadar.

### Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Bridgewater Systems device command-line interface (CLI).
- Step 2** To log operational messages to the RADIUS and Diameter servers, open the following file:
- ```
/etc/syslog.conf
```
- Step 3** To log all operational messages, uncomment the following line:
- ```
local1.info /WideSpan/logs/oplog
```
- Step 4** To log error messages only, change the `local1.info /WideSpan/logs/oplog` line to the following:
- ```
local1.err /WideSpan/logs/oplog
```
- Note:** RADIUS and Diameter system messages are stored in the `/var/adm/messages` file.
- Step 5** Add the following line:
- ```
local1.*@<IP address>
```
- Where `<IP address>` is the IP address your QRadar Console.
- Step 6** The RADIUS and Diameter server system messages are stored in the `/var/adm/messages` file. Add the following line for the system messages:
- ```
<facility>.*@<IP address>
```
- Where:
- `<facility>` is the facility used for logging to the `/var/adm/messages` file.
- `<IP address>` is the IP address of your QRadar Console.

Step 7 Save and exit the file.

Step 8 Send a hang-up signal to the syslog daemon to make sure all changes are enforced:

```
kill -HUP `cat /var/run/syslog.pid`
```

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Bridgewater Systems appliance events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by your Bridgewater Systems appliance are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from a Bridgewater Systems appliance. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Bridgewater Systems AAA Service Controller**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 17-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Bridgewater Systems appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

18

CA TECHNOLOGIES

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [CA ACF2](#)
- [CA SiteMinder](#)
- [CA Top Secret](#)

CA ACF2

IBM Security QRadar includes two options for integrating CA Access Control Facility (ACF2) events:

- [Integrate CA ACF2 with QRadar using IBM Security zSecure](#)
- [Integrate CA ACF2 with QRadar using audit scripts](#)

Integrate CA ACF2 with QRadar using IBM Security zSecure

The CA ACF2 DSM allows you to integrate LEEF events from an ACF2 image on an IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure.

Using a zSecure process, events from the System Management Facilities (SMF) are recorded to an event file in the Log Enhanced Event format (LEEF). QRadar retrieves the LEEF event log files using the log file protocol and processes the events. You can schedule QRadar to retrieve events on a polling interval, which allows QRadar to retrieve the events on the schedule you have defined.

To integrate CA ACF2 events:

- 1 Confirm your installation meets any prerequisite installation requirements.
- 2 Configure your CA ACF2 z/OS image to write events in LEEF format. For more information, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide*.
- 3 Create a log source in QRadar for CA ACF2 to retrieve your LEEF formatted event logs.
- 4 Optional. Create a custom event property for CA ACF2 in QRadar. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Before You begin

Before you can configure the data collection process, you must complete the basic zSecure installation process.

The following installation prerequisites are required:

- You must ensure parmlib member IFAPRDxx is not disabled for IBM Security zSecure Audit on your z/OS image.
- The SCKRLOAD library must be APF-authorized.
- You must configure a process to periodically refresh your CKFREEZE and UNLOAD data sets.
- You must configure an SFTP, FTP, or SCP server on your z/OS image for QRadar to download your LEEF event files.
- You must allow SFTP, FTP, or SCP traffic on firewalls located between QRadar and your z/OS image.

After installing the software, you must also perform the post-installation activities to create and modify the configuration. For instructions on installing and configuring zSecure, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide*.

Create a log source

You can use the Log File protocol to retrieve archived log files containing events from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM z/OS with zSecure writes log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your LEEF formatted event files and a polling interval.

To configure a log source in QRadar for CA ACF2:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **CA ACF2**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 18-1 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	<p>Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.</p> <p>For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify the IP address or host name of the device that uniquely identifies the log source. This allows events to be identified at the device level in your network, instead of identifying the event for the file repository.</p>
Service Type	<p>From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.

Table 18-1 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535. The options include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.</p>
Remote User	Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files. The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in. Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear. The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.

Table 18-1 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.</p> <p>IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern ACF2.<timestamp>.gz</p> <p>The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with ACF2 and ending with .gz, type the following:</p> <p>ACF2.*\ .gz</p> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list box, select Binary.</p> <p>The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.</p>
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.</p>
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save.</p> <p>After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	<p>Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.</p>

Table 18-1 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	<p>From the list box, select gzip.</p> <p>Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.</p>
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	<p>Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.</p> <p>QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.</p> <p>This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.</p>
Change Local Directory?	<p>Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.</p> <p>We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.</p>
Event Generator	<p>From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine.</p> <p>The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.</p>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The CA ACF2 configuration is complete. If your configuration requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Integrate CA ACF2 with QRadar using audit scripts

The CA Access Control Facility (ACF2) DSM allows you to use an IBM mainframe to collect events and audit transactions.

QRadar retrieves archived log files from a remote host using the log file protocol and records all relevant information from the event.

To integrate CA ACF2 events into QRadar:

- 1 The IBM mainframe records all security events as Service Management Framework (SMF) records in a live repository.
- 2 The CA ACF2 data is extracted from the live repository using the SMF dump utility. The SMF file contains all of the events and fields from the previous day in raw SMF format.
- 3 The `QexACF2.load.trs` program pulls data from the SMF formatted file. The `QexACF2.load.trs` program only pulls the relevant events and fields for QRadar and writes that information in a condensed format for compatibility. The information is saved in a location accessible by QRadar.
- 4 QRadar uses the log file protocol source to retrieve the output file information on a scheduled basis. QRadar then imports and processes this file.

Configure CA ACF2 to integrate with QRadar

QRadar uses scripts to write audit events to from CA ACF2 installations., which are retrieved by QRadar using the Log File protocol.

To integrate CA ACF2 with QRadar:

- Step 1** From the IBM support website (<http://www.ibm.com/support>), download the following compressed file:

```
qexacf2_bundled.tar.gz
```

- Step 2** On a Linux-based operating system, extract the file:

```
tar -zxvf qexacf2_bundled.tar.gz
```

The following files are contained in the archive:

QexACF2.JCL.txt - Job Control Language file

QexACF2.load.trs - Compressed program library (requires IBM TRSMAN)

trsmain sample JCL.txt - Job Control Language for TRSMAN to decompress the .trs file

- Step 3** Load the files onto the IBM mainframe using the following methods:
- a Upload the sample `QexACF2_trsmain_JCL.txt` and `QexACF2.JCL.txt` files using the TEXT protocol.
 - b Upload the `QexACF2.load.trs` file using a BINARY mode transfer and append to a pre-allocated data set. The `QexACF2.load.trs` file is a tersed file containing the executable (the mainframe program QexACF2). When you upload the .trs file from a workstation, pre-allocate a file on the mainframe with the following DCB attributes: DSORG=PS, RECFM=FB, LRECL=1024, BLKSIZE=6144. The file transfer type must be binary mode and not text.

Note: QexACF2 is a small C mainframe program that reads the output of the TSSUTIL (EARLOUT data) line by line. QexACF2 adds a header to each record containing event information, for example, record descriptor, the date, and time. The program places each field into the output record, suppresses trailing blank characters, and delimits each field with the pipe character. This output file is

formatted for QRadar and the blank suppression reduces network traffic to QRadar. This program does not consume CPU or I/O disk resources.

- Step 4** Customize the `trsmain sample_JCL.txt` file according to your installation-specific parameters.

For example, jobcard, data set naming conventions, output destinations, retention periods, and space requirements.

The `trsmain sample_JCL.txt` file uses the IBM utility TRSMAIN to extract the program stored in the `QexACF2.load.trs` file.

An example of the `QexACF2_trsmain_JCL.txt` file includes:

```
//TRSMAIN JOB (yourvalidjobcard),Q1labs,
// MSGCLASS=V
//DEL EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//D1 DD DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXACF2.LOAD.TRS
// UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10))
//TRSMAIN EXEC PGM=TRSMAIN,PARM='UNPACK'
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*,DCB=(LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=12901,RECFM=FBA)
//INFILE DD DISP=SHR,DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXACF2.LOAD.TRS
//OUTFILE DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
// DSN=<yourhlq>.LOAD,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10,5),RLSE),UNIT=SYSDA
//
```

The `.trs` input file is an IBM TERSE formatted library and is extracted by running the JCL, which calls the TRSMAIN. This tersed file, when extracted, creates a PDS linklib with the `QexACF2` program as a member.

- Step 5** You can STEPLIB to this library or choose to move the program to one of the LINKLIBs that are in LINKLST. The program does not require authorization.
- Step 6** After uploading, copy the program to an existing link listed library or add a STEPLIB DD statement with the correct dataset name of the library that will contain the program.
- Step 7** The `QexACF2_jc1.txt` file is a text file containing a sample JCL. You must configure the job card to meet your configuration.

The `QexACF2_jc1.txt` sample file includes:

```
//QEXACF2 JOB (T,JXPO,JKSD0093),DEV,NOTIFY=Q1JACK,
// MSGCLASS=P,
// REGION=0M
//*
//*QEXACF2 JCL VERSION 1.0 OCTOBER, 2010
//*
//*****
//* Change below dataset names to sites specific datasets names*
//*****
//SET1 SET SMFIN='MVS1.SMF.RECORDS(0)',
// QEXOUT='Q1JACK.QEXACF2.OUTPUT',
// SMFOUT='Q1JACK.ACF2.DATA'
```

```

//*****
//* Delete old datasets *
//*****
//DEL EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1 DD DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=&SMFOUT,
// UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10)),
// DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80)
//DD2 DD DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=&QEXOUT,
// UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10)),
// DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80)
//*****
//* Allocate new dataset *
//*****
//ALLOC EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1 DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG),DSN=&QEXOUT,
// SPACE=(CYL,(100,100)),
// DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=6144)
//*****
//* Execute ACFRPTPP (Report Preprocessor GRO) to extract ACF2*
//* SMF records *
//*****
//PRESCAN EXEC PGM=ACFRPTPP
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//RECMAN1 DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&SMFIN
//SMFFLT DD DSN=&SMFOUT,SPACE=(CYL,(100,100)),DISP=(,CATLG),
// DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=8192,BLKSIZE=40960),
// UNIT=SYSALLDA
//*****
//* execute QEXACF2 *
//*****
//EXTRACT EXEC PGM=QEXACF2,DYNAMNBR=10,
// TIME=1440
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=Q1JACK.C.LOAD
//SYSTSIN DD DUMMY
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//CFG DD DUMMY
//ACFIN DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&SMFOUT
//ACFOUT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&QEXOUT
//*****
//FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//INPUT DD *
<IPADDR>
<USER>
<PASSWORD>
PUT '<ACFOUT>' EARL_<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<ACFOUT>
QUIT

```

```
//OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//*
```

Step 8 After the output file is created, you must choose one of the following options:

- a Schedule a job to transfer the output file to an interim FTP server.

Each time the job completes, the output file is forwarded to an interim FTP server. You must configure the following parameters in the sample JCL to successfully forward the output to an interim FTP server:

For example:

```
//FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//INPUT DD *
<IPADDR>
<USER>
<PASSWORD>
PUT '<ACFOUT>' EARL_<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<ACFOUT>
QUIT
//OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
```

Where:

<IPADDR> is the IP address or host name of the interim FTP server to receive the output file.

<USER> is the user name required to access the interim FTP server.

<PASSWORD> is the password required to access the interim FTP server.

<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE> is the destination of the mainframe or interim FTP server receiving the output.

For example:

```
PUT 'Q1JACK.QEXACF2.OUTPUT.C320' /192.168.1.101/ACF2/QEXACF2.
OUTPUT.C320
```

<QEXOUTDSN> is the name of the output file saved to the interim FTP server.

You are now ready to create a log source in QRadar. For more information, see [Create a log source](#).

- b Schedule QRadar to retrieve the output file from CA ACF2.

If the zOS platform is configured to serve files through FTP, SFTP, or allow SCP, then no interim FTP server is required and QRadar can pull the output file directly from the mainframe. The following text must be commented out using `//*` or deleted from the `QexACF2_jc1.txt` file:

```
//FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//INPUT DD *
<IPADDR>
<USER>
<PASSWORD>
```

```

PUT '<ACFOUT>' EARL_<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<ACFOUT>
QUIT
//OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*

```

You are now ready to configure the a log source in QRadar.

Create a log source

A log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

The CA ACF2 DSM supports the bulk loading of log files using the log file protocol source. When configuring your CA ACF2 DSM to use the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the CA ACF2 is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File protocol configuration.

To configure a log source in QRadar for CA ACF2:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **CA ACF2**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 18-2 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source. For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify the IP address or host name of the device that uniquely identifies the log source. This allows events to be identified at the device level in your network, instead of identifying the event for the file repository.

Table 18-2 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Service Type	<p>From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.
Remote Port	<p>Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.</p> <p>The options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.</p>
Remote User	<p>Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.</p> <p>The username can be up to 255 characters in length.</p>
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	<p>Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.</p> <p>Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.</p>
Recursive	<p>Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.</p> <p>The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.</p>

Table 18-2 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.</p> <p>IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern zOS.<timestamp>.gz</p> <p>The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with zOS and ending with .gz, type the following:</p> <p>ACF2.*\ .gz</p> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list box, select Binary.</p> <p>The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.</p>
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.</p>
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save.</p> <p>After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	<p>Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.</p>

Table 18-2 CA ACF2 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	<p>From the list box, select gzip.</p> <p>Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.</p>
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	<p>Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.</p> <p>QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.</p> <p>This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.</p>
Change Local Directory?	<p>Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.</p> <p>We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.</p>
Event Generator	<p>From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine.</p> <p>The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.</p>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The CA ACF2 configuration is complete. If your configuration requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

CA SiteMinder

The CA SiteMinder DSM collects and categorizes authorization events from CA SiteMinder appliances using syslog-ng.

Supported event types

The CA SiteMinder DSM accepts access and authorization events logged in smaccess.log and forwards the events to QRadar using syslog-ng.

Configure a log source

CA SiteMinder with QRadarQRadar does not automatically discover authorization events forwarded using syslog-ng from CA SiteMinder appliances.

To manually create a CA SiteMinder log source:

- Step 1** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 3** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 4** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your CA SiteMinder log source.
- Step 5** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 6** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **CA SiteMinder**.
- Step 7** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol parameters are displayed.
- Note:** The Log File protocol is displayed in the **Protocol Configuration** list box, however, polling for log files is not a recommended configuration method.
- Step 8** Configure the following values:

Table 18-3 Adding a Syslog Log Source

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your CA SiteMinder appliance.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, this check box is selected.
Credibility	From the list box, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 to 10. The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source device. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list box, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events. Automatically discovered log sources use the default value configured in the Coalescing Events list box in the System Settings window, which is accessible on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source. For more information on Settings, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide</i> .

Table 18-3 Adding a Syslog Log Source (continued)

Parameter	Description
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable or disable QRadar from storing the event payload. Automatically discovered log sources use the default value from the Store Event Payload list box in the System Settings window, which is accessible on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source. For more information on Settings, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide</i> .

Step 9 Click **Save**.

The **Admin** tab toolbar detects log source changes and displays a messages to indicate when you need to deploy a change.

Step 10 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

You are now ready to configure syslog-ng on your CA SiteMinder appliance to forward events to QRadar.

Configure Syslog-ng for CA SiteMinder

You must configure your CA SiteMinder appliance to forward syslog-ng events to your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

QRadar can collect syslog-ng events from TCP or UDP syslog sources on port 514.

To configure syslog-ng for CA SiteMinder:

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your CA SiteMinder appliance as a root user.

Step 2 Edit the syslog-ng configuration file.

```
/etc/syslog-ng.conf
```

Step 3 Add the following information to specify the access log as the event file for syslog-ng:

```
source s_siteminder_access {
file("/opt/apps/siteminder/sm66/siteminder/log/smaccess.log");
};
```

Step 4 Add the following information to specify the destination and message template:

```
destination d_remote_q1_siteminder {
udp("<QRadar IP>" port(514) template ("$PROGRAM $MSG\n"));
};
```

Where <QRadar IP> is the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 5 Add the following log entry information:

```
log {
source(s_siteminder_access);
```

```

        destination(d_remote_q1_siteminder);
    };

```

Step 6 Save the syslog-ng.conf file.

Step 7 Type the following command to restart syslog-ng:

```
service syslog-ng restart
```

After the syslog-ng service restarts, the CA SiteMinder configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar by CA SiteMinder are display on the **Log Activity** tab.

CA Top Secret

IBM Security QRadar includes two options for integrating CA Top Secret events:

- [Integrate CA Top Secret with QRadar using IBM Security zSecure](#)
- [Integrate CA Top Secret with QRadar using audit scripts](#)

Integrate CA Top Secret with QRadar using IBM Security zSecure

The CA Top Secret DSM allows you to integrate LEEF events from a Top Secret image on an IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure.

Using a zSecure process, events from the System Management Facilities (SMF) are recorded to an event file in the Log Enhanced Event format (LEEF). QRadar retrieves the LEEF event log files using the log file protocol and processes the events. You can schedule QRadar to retrieve events on a polling interval, which allows QRadar to retrieve the events on the schedule you have defined.

To integrate CA Top Secret events:

- 1 Confirm your installation meets any prerequisite installation requirements.
- 2 Configure your CA Top Secret z/OS image to write events in LEEF format. For more information, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide*.
- 3 Create a log source in QRadar for CA Top Secret to retrieve your LEEF formatted event logs.
- 4 Optional. Create a custom event property for CA Top Secret in QRadar. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Before you begin

Before you can configure the data collection process, you must complete the basic zSecure installation process.

The following prerequisites are required:

- You must ensure parmlib member IFAPRDxx is not disabled for IBM Security zSecure Audit on your z/OS image.
- The SCKRLOAD library must be APF-authorized.

- You must configure a process to periodically refresh your CKFREEZE and UNLOAD data sets.
- You must configure an SFTP, FTP, or SCP server on your z/OS image for QRadar to download your LEEF event files.
- You must allow SFTP, FTP, or SCP traffic on firewalls located between QRadar and your z/OS image.

After installing the software, you must also perform the post-installation activities to create and modify the configuration. For instructions on installing and configuring zSecure, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide*.

Create a log source

The Log File protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM z/OS with zSecure writes log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your LEEF formatted event files and a polling interval.

To configure a log source in QRadar for CA Top Secret:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **CA Top Secret**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 18-4 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	<p>Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.</p> <p>For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify the IP address or host name of the device that uniquely identifies the log source. This allows events to be identified at the device level in your network, instead of identifying the event for the file repository.</p>
Service Type	<p>From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.
Remote Port	<p>Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.</p> <p>The options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.</p>
Remote User	<p>Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.</p> <p>The username can be up to 255 characters in length.</p>
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.

Table 18-4 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Remote Directory	<p>Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.</p> <p>Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.</p>
Recursive	<p>Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.</p> <p>The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.</p>
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.</p> <p>IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern TSS.<timestamp>.gz</p> <p>The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with TSS and ending with .gz, type the following:</p> <p>TSS.*\ .gz</p> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list box, select Binary.</p> <p>The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.</p>
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p>

Table 18-4 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D). For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save . After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule. Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	From the list box, select gzip . Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol. QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded. This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing. We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine . The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The CA Top Secret configuration is complete. If your configuration requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Integrate CA Top Secret with QRadar using audit scripts

The CA Top Secret DSM allows you to integrate with an IBM zOS mainframe to collect events and audit transactions.

QRadar records all relevant and available information from the event.

To integrate CA Top Secret events into QRadar:

- 1 The IBM mainframe records all security events as Service Management Framework (SMF) records in a live repository.
- 2 At midnight, the CA Top Secret data is extracted from the live repository using the SMF dump utility. The SMF file contains all of the events and fields from the previous day in raw SMF format.
- 3 The `qextopslloadlib` program pulls data from the SMF formatted file. The `qextopslloadlib` program only pulls the relevant events and fields for QRadar and writes that information in a condensed format for compatibility. The information is saved in a location accessible by QRadar.
- 4 QRadar uses the log file protocol source to retrieve the output file information on a scheduled basis. QRadar then imports and processes this file.

Configure CA Top Secret to integrate with QRadar

To integrate CA Top Secret with QRadar:

- Step 1** From the IBM support website (<http://www.ibm.com/support>), download the following compressed file:

`qextops_bundled.tar.gz`

- Step 2** On a Linux-based operating system, extract the file:

```
tar -zxvf qextops_bundled.tar.gz
```

The following files are contained in the archive:

`qextops_jcl.txt`

`qextopslloadlib.trs`

`qextops_trsmain_JCL.txt`

- Step 3** Load the files onto the IBM mainframe using any terminal emulator file transfer method.

- a Upload the sample `qextops_trsmain_JCL.txt` and `qextops_jcl.txt` files using the TEXT protocol.
- b Upload the `qextopslloadlib.trs` file using a BINARY mode transfer. The `qextopslloadlib.trs` file is a tersed file containing the executable (the mainframe program `qextops`). When you upload the `.trs` file from a workstation, pre-allocate a file on the mainframe with the following DCB attributes: DSORG=PS, RECFM=FB, LRECL=1024, BLKSIZE=6144. The file transfer type must be binary mode and not text.

Note: Qextops is a small C mainframe program that reads the output of the TSSUTIL (EARLOUT data) line by line. Qextops adds a header to each record containing event information, for example, record descriptor, the date, and time.

The program places each field into the output record, suppresses trailing blank characters, and delimits each field with the pipe character. This output file is formatted for QRadar and the blank suppression reduces network traffic to QRadar. This program does not consume CPU or I/O disk resources.

- Step 4** Customize the `qextops_trsmain_JCL.txt` file according to your installation-specific requirements.

The `qextops_trsmain_JCL.txt` file uses the IBM utility TRSMAIN to extract the program stored in the `qextopsloadlib.trc` file.

An example of the `qextops_trsmain_JCL.txt` file includes:

```
//TRSMAIN JOB (yourvalidjobcard),Q1labs,
// MSGCLASS=V
//DEL EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//D1 DD DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXTOPS.TRS
// UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10))
//TRSMAIN EXEC PGM=TRSMAIN,PARM='UNPACK'
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*,DCB=(LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=12901,RECFM=FBA)
//INFILE DD DISP=SHR,DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXTOPS.TRS
//OUTFILE DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
// DSN=<yourhlq>.LOAD,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10,5),RLSE),UNIT=SYSDA
//
```

You must update the file with your installation specific information for parameters, for example, jobcard, data set naming conventions, output destinations, retention periods, and space requirements.

The `.trc` input file is an IBM TERSE formatted library and is extracted by running the JCL, which calls the TRSMAIN. This tersed file, when extracted, creates a PDS linklib with the `qextops` program as a member.

- Step 5** You can STEPLIB to this library or choose to move the program to one of the LINKLIBS that are in the LINKLST. The program does not require authorization.
- Step 6** After uploading, copy the program to an existing link listed library or add a STEPLIB DD statement with the correct dataset name of the library that will contain the program.
- Step 7** The `qextops_jcl.txt` file is a text file containing a sample JCL. You must configure the job card to meet your configuration.

The `qextops_jcl.txt` sample file includes:

```
//QEXTOPS JOB (T,JXPO,JKSD0093),DEV,NOTIFY=Q1JACK,
// MSGCLASS=P,
// REGION=0M
//*
//*QEXTOPS JCL version 1.0 September, 2010
//*
//*****
//* Change below dataset names to sites specific datasets names*
//*****
```

```

//SET1 SET TSSOUT='Q1JACK.EARLOUT.ALL',
//          EARLOUT='Q1JACK.QEXTOPS.PROGRAM.OUTPUT'
//*****
//*      Delete old datasets                                     *
//*****
//DEL     EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1    DD  DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=&TSSOUT,
//          UNIT=SYSDA,
//          SPACE=(CYL,(10,10)),
//          DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80)
//DD2    DD  DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=&EARLOUT,
//          UNIT=SYSDA,
//          SPACE=(CYL,(10,10)),
//          DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80)
//*****
//*      Allocate new dataset                                   *
//*****
//ALLOC   EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1    DD  DISP=(NEW,CATLG),DSN=&EARLOUT,
//          SPACE=(CYL,(100,100)),
//          DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=6144)
//*****
//* Execute Top Secret TSSUTIL utility to extract smf records*
//*****
//REPORT  EXEC PGM=TSSUTIL
//SMFIN DD  DISP=SHR,DSN=&SMFIN1
//SMFIN1 DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&SMFIN2
//UTILOUT DD DSN=&UTILOUT,
//          DISP=(,CATLG),UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,(50,10),RLSE),
//          DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=0)
//EARLOUT DD DSN=&TSSOUT,
//          DISP=(NEW,CATLG),UNIT=SYSDA,
//          SPACE=(CYL,(200,100),RLSE),
//          DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=456,BLKSIZE=27816)
//UTILIN DD *
//          NOLEGEND
//          REPORT EVENT(ALL)  END
//
//*****
//EXTRACT EXEC PGM=QEXTOPS,DYNAMNBR=10,
//          TIME=1440
//STEPLIB DD  DISP=SHR,DSN=Q1JACK.C.LOAD
//SYSYSIN DD  DUMMY
//SYSPRT DD  SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//CFG DD  DUMMY
//EARLIN DD  DISP=SHR,DSN=&TSSOUT
//EARLOUT DD  DISP=SHR,DSN=&EARLOUT
//*****
//FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K

```

```

//INPUT DD *
<IPADDR>
<USER>
<PASSWORD>
PUT '<EARLOUT>' EARL_<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<EARLOUT>
QUIT
//OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*

```

Step 8 After the output file is created, you must choose one of the following options:

- a Schedule a job to transfer the output file to an interim FTP server.

Each time the job completes, the output file is forwarded to an interim FTP server. You must configure the following parameters in the sample JCL to successfully forward the output to an interim FTP server:

For example:

```

//FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//INPUT DD *
<IPADDR>
<USER>
<PASSWORD>
PUT '<EARLOUT>' EARL_<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<EARLOUT>
QUIT
//OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*

```

Where:

<IPADDR> is the IP address or host name of the interim FTP server to receive the output file.

<USER> is the user name required to access the interim FTP server.

<PASSWORD> is the password required to access the interim FTP server.

<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE> is the destination of the mainframe or interim FTP server receiving the output.

For example:

```

PUT 'Q1JACK.QEXTOPS.OUTPUT.C320' /192.168.1.101/CA/QEXTOPS.OUTPUT.C320

```

<QEXOUTDSN> is the name of the output file saved to the interim FTP server.

You are now ready to configure the Log File protocol. See [Create a log source](#).

- b Schedule QRadar to retrieve the output file from CA Top Secret.

If the zOS platform is configured to serve files through FTP, SFTP, or allow SCP, then no interim FTP server is required and QRadar can pull the output file directly from the mainframe. The following text must be commented out using `/*` or deleted from the `qextops_jcl.txt` file:

```

//FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//INPUT DD *
<IPADDR>

```

```

<USER>
<PASSWORD>
PUT '<EARLOUT>' EARL_<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<EARLOUT>
QUIT
//OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*

```

You are now ready to configure the Log File protocol. See [Create a log source](#).

Create a log source

A log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host. The CA Top Secret DSM supports the bulk loading of log files using the log file protocol source.

When configuring your CA Top Secret DSM to use the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the CA Top Secret is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File Protocol configuration.

To configure a log source in QRadar for CA Top Secret:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **CA Top Secret**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 18-5 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	<p>Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.</p> <p>For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify the IP address or host name of the device that uniquely identifies the log source. This allows events to be identified at the device level in your network, instead of identifying the event for the file repository.</p>
Service Type	<p>From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.
Remote Port	<p>Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.</p> <p>The options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.</p>
Remote User	<p>Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.</p> <p>The username can be up to 255 characters in length.</p>
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.

Table 18-5 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Remote Directory	<p>Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.</p> <p>Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.</p>
Recursive	<p>Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.</p> <p>The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.</p>
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.</p> <p>The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files.</p> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list box, select Binary.</p> <p>The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.</p>
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.</p>

Table 18-5 CA Top Secret Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save.</p> <p>After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	<p>From the list box, select gzip.</p> <p>Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.</p>
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	<p>Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.</p> <p>QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.</p> <p>This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.</p>
Change Local Directory?	<p>Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.</p> <p>We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.</p>
Event Generator	<p>From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine.</p> <p>The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.</p>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The CA Top Secret configuration is complete. If your configuration requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

19

CHECK POINT

This section provides information on the following DSMs for IBM Security QRadar:

- [Check Point FireWall-1](#)
- [Check Point Provider-1](#)

Check Point FireWall-1

You can configure QRadar to integrate with a Check Point FireWall-1 device using one of the following methods:

- [Integrating Check Point FireWall-1 using syslog](#)
- [Integrating Check Point FireWall-1 using OPSEC](#)

Note: Depending on your Operating System, the procedures for the Check Point FireWall-1 device might vary. The following procedures are based on the Check Point SecurePlatform Operating system.

Integrating Check Point FireWall-1 using syslog

This section describes how to ensure that the QRadar Check Point FireWall-1 DSMs accepts FireWall-1 events using syslog.

Configuring Syslog for Check Point FireWall-1

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Check Point FireWall-1 device:

Note: If Check Point SmartCenter is installed on Microsoft Windows, you must integrate Check Point with QRadar using OPSEC. For more information, see [Integrating Check Point FireWall-1 using OPSEC](#).

Step 1 Type the following command to access the Check Point console as an expert user:

```
expert
```

A password prompt is displayed.

Step 2 Type your expert console password. Press the Enter key.

Step 3 Open the following file:

```
/etc/rc.d/rc3.d/S99local
```

Step 4 Add the following lines:

```
$FWDIR/bin/fw log -ftn | /usr/bin/logger -p  
<facility>.<priority> > /dev/null 2>&1 &
```

Where:

<facility> is a Syslog facility, for example, `local3`.

<priority> is a Syslog priority, for example, `info`.

For example:

```
$FWDIR/bin/fw log -ftn | /usr/bin/logger -p local3.info >
/dev/null 2>&1 &
```

Step 5 Save and close the file.

Step 6 Open the `syslog.conf` file.

Step 7 Add the following line:

```
<facility>.<priority> <TAB><TAB>@<host>
```

Where:

<facility> is the syslog facility, for example, `local3`. This value must match the value you typed in [Step 4](#).

<priority> is the syslog priority, for example, `info` or `notice`. This value must match the value you typed in [Step 4](#).

<TAB> indicates you must press the Tab key.

<host> indicates the QRadar Console or managed host.

Step 8 Save and close the file.

Step 9 Depending on your operating system, type the following command to restart syslog:

In Linux: `service syslog restart`

In Solaris: `/etc/init.d/syslog start`

Step 10 Type the following command:

```
nohup $FWDIR/bin/fw log -ftn | /usr/bin/logger -p
<facility>.<priority> > /dev/null 2>&1 &
```

Where:

<facility> is a Syslog facility, for example, `local3`. This value must match the value you typed in [Step 4](#).

<priority> is a Syslog priority, for example, `info`. This value must match the value you typed in [Step 4](#).

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Check Point Firewall-1 syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Check Point FireWall-1. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Check Point FireWall-1**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 19-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Check Point FireWall-1 appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Integrating Check Point FireWall-1 using OPSEC

This section describes how to ensure that QRadar accepts Check Point FireWall-1 events using Open Platform for Security (OPSEC/LEA).

To integrate Check Point OPSEC/LEA with QRadar, you must create two Secure Internal Communication (SIC) files and enter the information in to QRadar as a Check Point Firewall-1 log source.

To integrate Check Point Firewall-1 with QRadar, you must complete the following procedures in sequence:

- 1 Add QRadar as a host for Check Point FireWall-1.
- 2 Add an OPSEC application to Check Point Firewall-1.
- 3 Locate the Log Source Secure Internal Communications DN.
- 4 In QRadar, configure the OPSEC LEA protocol.
- 5 Verify the OPSEC/LEA communications configuration.

Adding a Check Point FireWall-1 Host

To add QRadar as a host in Check Point FireWall-1 SmartCenter:

- Step 1** Log in to the Check Point SmartDashboard user interface.
- Step 2** Select **Manage > Network Objects > New > Node > Host**.
- Step 3** Type parameters for your Check Point Firewall-1 host:
 - Name: `QRadar`
 - IP Address: `<IP address of QRadar>`
 - Comment: `<Optional>`
- Step 4** Click **OK**.
- Step 5** Select **Close**.

You are now ready to create an OPSEC Application Object for Check Point Firewall-1.

Creating an OPSEC Application Object

To create the OPSEC Application Object:

- Step 1** Open the Check Point SmartDashboard user interface.
- Step 2** Select **Manage > Servers and OPSEC applications > New > OPSEC Application Properties**.
- Step 3** Assign a name to the OPSEC Application Object.

For example:

`QRadar-OPSEC`

The OPSEC Application Object name must be different than the host name you typed when creating the node in [Step 3](#).

- a From the **Host** list box, select **QRadar**.
- b From the **Vendor** list box, select **User Defined**.
- c In Client Entities, select the **LEA** check box.
- d To generate a Secure Internal Communication (SIC) DN, click **Communication**.
- e Enter an activation key.

Note: The activation key is a password used to generate the SIC DN. When you configure your Check Point log source in QRadar, the activation key is typed into the Pull Certificate Password parameter.

f Click Initialize.

The window updates the Trust state from `uninitialized` to `initIALIZED` but `trust not established`.

g Click Close.

The OPSEC Application Properties window is displayed.

h Write down or copy the displayed SIC DN to a text file.

Note: The displayed SIC value is required for the OPSEC Application Object SIC Attribute parameter when you configure the Check Point log source in QRadar. The OPSEC Application Object SIC resembles the following example:
`CN=QRadar-OPSEC,O=cpmodule..tdfaaz.`

You are now ready to locate the log source SIC for Check Point Firewall-1.

Locating the log source SIC

To locate the Log Source SIC from the Check Point SmartDashboard:

Step 1 Select **Manage > Network Objects**.

Step 2 Select your Check Point Log Host object.

Note: You must know if the Check Point Log Host is a separate object in your configuration from the Check Point Management Server. In most cases, the Check Point Log Host is the same object as the Check Point Management Server.

Step 3 Click **Edit**.

The Check Point Host General Properties window is displayed.

Step 4 Copy the Secure Internal Communication (SIC).

Note: Depending on your Check Point version, the Communication button might not be available to display the SIC attribute. You can locate the SIC attribute from the Check Point Management Server command-line interface. You must use the `cpca_client lscert` command from the command-line interface of the Management Server to display all certificates. The Log Source SIC Attribute resembles the following example: `cn=cp_mgmt,o=cpmodule...tdfaaz`. For more information, see your *Check Point Command Line Interface Guide*.

You must now install the Security Policy from the Check Point SmartDashboard user interface.

Step 5 Select **Policy > Install > OK**.

You are now ready to configure the OPSEC LEA protocol.

Configuring an OPSEC/LEA log source in QRadar

To configure the log source in QRadar:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Check Point FireWall-1**.
- Step 7** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **OPSEC/LEA**.
The OPSEC/LEA protocol parameters appear.
- Step 8** Configure the following values:
- a **Log Source Name** - Type a name for the log source.
 - b **Log Source Identifier** - Type the IP address for the log source. This value must match the value you typed in the Server IP parameter.
 - c **Server IP** - Type the IP address of the Check Point host or Check Point Management Server IP.
 - d **Server Port** - Type the port used for OPSEC/LEA. The default is 18184.
You must ensure the existing firewall policy permits the LEA/OPSEC connection from your QRadar.
 - e **OPSEC Application Object SIC Attribute** - Type the SIC DN of the OPSEC Application Object displayed in [Creating an OPSEC Application Object](#) - Step [h](#).
 - f **Log Source SIC Attribute** - Type the SIC name for the server generating log sources from [Locating the log source SIC](#) - [Step 4](#).
SIC attribute names can be up to 255 characters in length and are case sensitive.
 - g **Specify Certificate** - Ensure the Specify Certificate check box is clear.
 - h **Pull Certificate Password** - Type the activation key password from [Creating an OPSEC Application Object](#) - Step [e](#).
 - i **Certificate Authority IP** - Type the Check Point Manager Server IP address.
 - j **OPSEC Application** - Type the name of the application requesting a certificate.
For example:
If the value is `CN=QRadar-OPSEC,O=cpmodule...tdfaaz`, the OPSEC Application value is `QRadar-OPSEC`.

For more information on the OPSEC/LEA parameters, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

Step 10 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

You are now ready to verify your OPSEC/LEA communications for Check Point Firewall-1.

Verifying or Editing your OPSEC Communications Configuration

This section describes how to modify your Check Point FireWall-1 configuration to allow OPSEC communications on non-standard ports, configure communications in a clear text, un-authenticated stream, and verify the configuration in QRadar.

Changing your Check Point Custom Log Manager (CLM) IP address

If your Check Point configuration includes a Check Point Custom Log Manager (CLM), you might eventually need to change the IP address for the CLM, which impacts any of the automatically discovered Check Point log sources from that CLM in QRadar. This is because when you manually add the log source for the CLM using the OPSEC/LEA protocol, then all Check Point firewalls that forward logs to the CLM are automatically discovered by QRadar. These automatically discovered log sources cannot be edited. If the CLM IP address changes, you must edit the original Check Point CLM log source that contains the OPSEC/LEA protocol configuration and update the server IP address and log source identifier.

After you update the log source for the new Check Point CLM IP address, then any new events reported from the automatically discovered Check Point log sources are updated.

Note: Do not delete and recreate your Check Point CLM or automatically discovered log sources in QRadar. Deleting a log source does not delete event data, but can make finding previously recorded events more difficult to find.

To update your Check Point OPSEC log source:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Select the original Check Point CLM log source containing the OPSEC/LEA protocol configuration and click **Edit**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Identifier** field, type a new identifying name of your Check Point CLM.

Step 7 In the **Server IP** field, type the new IP address of your Check Point CLM.

Step 8 Click **Save**.

The IP address update for your Check Point CLM in QRadar is complete.

Changing the default port for OPSEC LEA communication

To change the default port on which OPSEC LEA communicates (that is, port 18184):

- Step 1** At the command-line prompt of your Check Point SmartCenter Server, type the following command to stop the firewall services:

```
cpstop
```

- Step 2** Depending on your Check Point SmartCenter Server operating system, open the following file:

- **Linux** - `$FWDIR/conf/fwopsec.conf`
- **Windows** - `%FWDIR%\conf/fwopsec.conf`

The default contents of this file are as follows:

```
# The VPN-1/FireWall-1 default settings are:
#
# sam_server auth_port 0
# sam_server port 18183
#
# lea_server auth_port 18184
# lea_server port 0
#
# ela_server auth_port 18187
# ela_server port 0
#
# cpmi_server auth_port 18190
#
# uaa_server auth_port 19191
# uaa_server port 0
#
```

- Step 3** Change the default `lea_server auth_port` from `18184` to another port number.
- Step 4** Remove the hash (#) mark from that line.

For example:

```
lea_server auth_port 18888
# lea_server port 0
```

- Step 5** Save and close the file.
- Step 6** Type the following command to start the firewall services:

```
cpstart
```


Configuring OPSEC LEA for un-encrypted communications

To configure the OPSEC LEA protocol for un-encrypted communications:

Step 1 At the command-line prompt of your Check Point SmartCenter Server, stop the firewall services by typing the following command:

```
cpstop
```

Step 2 Depending on your Check Point SmartCenter Server operating system, open the following file:

- **Linux** - `$FWDIR\conf\fwopsec.conf`
- **Windows** - `%FWDIR%\conf\fwopsec.conf`

Step 3 Change the default `lea_server auth_port` from `18184` to `0`.

Step 4 Change the default `lea_server port` from `0` to `18184`.

Step 5 Remove the hash (#) marks from both lines.

For example:

```
lea_server  auth_port  0
lea_server          port  18184
```

Step 6 Save and close the file.

Step 7 Type the following command to start the firewall services:

```
cpstart
```

Step 8 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Check Point Firewall-1 device:

Step 1 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Check Point FireWall-1**.

Step 2 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **OPSEC/LEA**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information on configuring your Check Point Firewall-1, see your vendor documentation.

Check Point Provider-1

You can configure QRadar to integrate with a Check Point Provider-1 device.

All events from Check Point Provider-1 are parsed using the Check Point FireWall-1 DSM. You can integrate Check Point Provider-1 using one of the following methods:

- [Integrating syslog for Check Point Provider-1](#)
- [Configuring OPSEC for Check Point Provider-1](#)

Note: Depending on your Operating System, the procedures for the Check Point Provider-1 device can vary. The following procedures are based on the Check Point SecurePlatform operating system.

Integrating syslog for Check Point Provider-1

This method ensures the Check Point FireWall-1 DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Check Point Provider-1 events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant Check Point Provider-1 events.

Configure syslog on Check Point Provider-1

To configure syslog on your Check Point Provider-1 device:

Step 1 Type the following command to access the console as an expert user:

```
expert
```

A password prompt is displayed.

Step 2 Type your expert console password. Press the Enter key.

Step 3 Type the following command:

```
ssh
```

Step 4 Select the desired customer logs:

```
mdsensv <customer name>
```

Step 5 Type the following command:

```
# nohup $FWDIR/bin/fw log -ftn | /usr/bin/logger -p  
<facility>.<priority> 2>&1 &
```

Where:

<facility> is a Syslog facility, for example, local3.

<priority> is a Syslog priority, for example, info.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Check Point Firewall-1 syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Check Point Provider-1 as Check Point FireWall-1 events. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Check Point Provider-1 syslog events:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Check Point Firewall-1**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 19-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Check Point Provider-1 appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Configuring OPSEC for Check Point Provider-1

This method ensures the QRadar Check Point FireWall-1 DSM accepts Check Point Provider-1 events using OPSEC.

Reconfigure Check Point Provider-1 SmartCenter

This section describes how to reconfigure the Check Point Provider-1 SmartCenter.

In the Check Point Provider-1 Management Domain GUI (MDG), create a host object representing the QRadar. The leapipe is the connection between the Check Point Provider-1 and QRadar.

To reconfigure the Check Point Provider-1 SmartCenter (MDG):

- Step 1** To create a host object, open the Check Point SmartDashboard user interface and select **Manage > Network Objects > New > Node > Host**.
- Step 2** Type the Name, IP Address, and optional Comment for your host.
- Step 3** Click **OK**.
- Step 4** Select **Close**.
- Step 5** To create the OPSEC connection, select **Manage > Servers and OPSEC Applications New > OPSEC Application Properties**.
- Step 6** Type a name and optional comment.
The name you type must be different than the name used in [Step 2](#).
- Step 7** From the Host drop-down menu, select the QRadar host object that you just created.

- Step 8** From **Application Properties**, select **User Defined** as the Vendor type.
- Step 9** From **Client Entries**, select **LEA**.
- Step 10** Configure the Secure Internal Communication (SIC) certificate, click **Communication** and enter an activation key.
- Step 11** Select **OK** and then **Close**.
- Step 12** To install the Policy on your firewall, select **Policy > Install > OK**.

Configure an OPSEC log source

To configure the log source in QRadar:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Check Point FireWall-1**.
- Step 7** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **OPSEC/LEA**.
The OPSEC/LEA protocol parameters appear.
- Step 8** Configure the following values:
 - a **Log Source Name** - Type a name for the log source.
 - b **Log Source Identifier** - Type the IP address for the log source. This value must match the value you typed in the Server IP parameter.
 - c **Server IP** - Type the IP address of the Check Point Provider-1.
 - d **Server Port** - Type the port used for OPSEC/LEA. The default is 18184.
You must ensure the existing firewall policy permits the LEA/OPSEC connection from your QRadar.
 - e **OPSEC Application Object SIC Attribute** - Type the SIC DN of the OPSEC Application Object.
 - f **Log Source SIC Attribute** - Type the SIC name for the server generating the log source.
SIC attribute names can be up to 255 characters in length and are case sensitive.
 - g **Specify Certificate** - Ensure the Specify Certificate check box is clear.
 - h **Pull Certificate Password** - Type the activation key password.
 - i **Certificate Authority IP** - Type the Check Point Manager Server IP address.

j **OPSEC Application** - Type the name of the application requesting a certificate.

For example:

If the value is `CN=QRadar-OPSEC,O=cpmodule...tdfaaz`, the OPSEC Application value is `QRadar-OPSEC`.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

Step 10 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. For detailed information on the OPSEC/LEA protocol, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

20

CISCO

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [Cisco ACE Firewall](#)
- [Cisco Aironet](#)
- [Cisco ACS](#)
- [Cisco ASA](#)
- [Cisco CallManager](#)
- [Cisco CatOS for Catalyst Switches](#)
- [Cisco CSA](#)
- [Cisco FWSM](#)
- [Cisco IDS/IPS](#)
- [Cisco IronPort](#)
- [Cisco NAC](#)
- [Cisco Nexus](#)
- [Cisco IOS](#)
- [Cisco Pix](#)
- [Cisco VPN 3000 Concentrator](#)
- [Cisco Wireless Services Module](#)
- [Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers](#)
- [Cisco Identity Services Engine](#)

Cisco ACE Firewall You can integrate a Cisco ACE firewall with IBM Security QRadar.

QRadar can accept events forwarded from Cisco ACE Firewalls using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with an ACE firewall, you must configure your Cisco ACE Firewall to forward all device logs to QRadar.

Configure Cisco ACE Firewall

To forward Cisco ACE device logs to QRadar:

- Step 1** Log in to your Cisco ACE device.
- Step 2** From the shell interface, select **Main Menu > Advanced Options > Syslog Configuration**.
- Step 3** The Syslog Configuration menu varies depending on whether there are any syslog destination hosts configured yet. If no syslog destinations have been added, create one by selecting the **Add First Server** option. Click **OK**.
- Step 4** Type the hostname or IP address of the destination host and port in the **First Syslog Server** field. Click **OK**.
The system restarts with new settings. When finished, the Syslog server window displays the host you have configured.
- Step 5** Click **OK**.
The Syslog Configuration menu is displayed. Notice that options for editing the server configuration, removing the server, or adding a second server are now available.
- Step 6** If you want to add another server, click **Add Second Server**.
At any time, click the View Syslog options to view existing server configurations.
- Step 7** To return to the Advanced Menu, click **Return**.
The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco ACE Firewall events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco ACE Firewall appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco ACE Firewalls.

However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco ACE Firewall:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco ACE Firewall**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 20-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco ACE Firewalls.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Cisco Aironet

You can integrate a Cisco Aironet devices with IBM Security QRadar.

A Cisco Aironet DSM accepts Cisco Emblem Format events using syslog. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Cisco Aironet device, you must configure your Cisco Aironet appliance to forward syslog events.

Configure Cisco Aironet

To configure Cisco Aironet to forward events:

Step 1 Establish a connection to the Cisco Aironet device using one of the following methods”

- Telnet to the wireless access point
- Access the console

Step 2 Type the following command to access privileged EXEC mode:

```
enable
```

Step 3 Type the following command to access global configuration mode:

```
config terminal
```

Step 4 Type the following command to enable message logging:

```
logging on
```

Step 5 Configure the syslog facility. The default is local7.

```
logging facility <facility, for example, local7>
```

Step 6 Type the following command to log messages to your QRadar:

```
logging <IP address of your QRadar>
```

Step 7 Enable timestamp on log messages:

```
service timestamp log datetime
```

Step 8 Return to privileged EXEC mode:

```
end
```

Step 9 View your entries:

```
show running-config
```

Step 10 Save your entries in the configuration file:

```
copy running-config startup-config
```

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco Aironet events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco Aironet appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco Aironet. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco Aironet:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco Aironet**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 20-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco Aironet appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Cisco ACS

The Cisco ACS DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog ACS events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant and available information from the event. You can integrate Cisco ACS with QRadar using one of the following methods:

- Configure your Cisco ACS device to directly send syslog to QRadar for Cisco ACS v5.x. See [Configure Syslog for Cisco ACS v5.x](#).
- Configure your Cisco ACS device to directly send syslog to QRadar for Cisco ACS v4.x. See [Configure Syslog for Cisco ACS v4.x](#).
- A server using the QRadar Adaptive Log Exporter (Cisco ACS software version 3.x or later). See [Configure Cisco ACS for the Adaptive Log Exporter](#).

Note: QRadar only supports Cisco ACS versions prior to v3.x using a Universal DSM.

Configure Syslog for Cisco ACS v5.x

To configure syslog forwarding from a Cisco ACS appliance with software version 5.x, you must:

Create a Remote Log Target

To create a remote log target for your Cisco ACS appliance:

- Step 1** Log in to your Cisco ACS appliance.
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **System Administration > Configuration > Log Configuration > Remote Log Targets**.
- The Remote Log Targets page is displayed.
- Step 3** Click **Create**.
- Step 4** Configure the following parameters:

Table 20-1 Remote Target Parameters

Parameter	Description
Name	Type a name for the remote syslog target.
Description	Type a description for the remote syslog target.
Type	Select Syslog .
IP Address	Type the IP address of QRadar or your Event Collector.

- Step 5** Click **Submit**.

You are now ready to configure global policies for event logging on your Cisco ACS appliance.

Configure global logging categories

To configure Cisco ACS to forward log failed attempts to QRadar:

- Step 1** On the navigation menu, click **System Administration > Configuration > Log Configuration > Global**.

The Logging Categories window is displayed.

- Step 2** Select the **Failed Attempts** logging category and click **Edit**.

- Step 3** Click **Remote Syslog Target**.

- Step 4** From the **Available targets** window, use the arrow key to move the syslog target for QRadar to the **Selected targets** window.

- Step 5** Click **Submit**.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco ACS v5.x.

However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive Cisco ACS events.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco ACS:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.

- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.

- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

- Step 5** Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

- Step 6** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco ACS**.

- Step 7** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

- Step 8** Configure the following values:

Table 20-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for Cisco ACS events.

- Step 9** Click **Save**.

- Step 10** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Configure Syslog for Cisco ACS v4.x To configure syslog forwarding from a Cisco ACS appliance with software version 4.x, you must:

Configure syslog forwarding for Cisco ACS v4.x

To configure an ACS device to forward syslog events to QRadar:

Step 1 Log in to your Cisco ACS device.

Step 2 On the navigation menu, click **System Configuration**.

The System Configuration page opens.

Step 3 Click **Logging**.

The logging configuration is displayed.

Step 4 In the Syslog column for **Failed Attempts**, click **Configure**.

The Enable Logging window is displayed.

Step 5 Select the **Log to Syslog Failed Attempts report** check box.

Step 6 Add the following Logged Attributes:

- Message-Type
- User-Name
- Nas-IP-Address
- Authen-Failure-Code
- Caller-ID
- NAS-Port
- Author-Data
- Group-Name
- Filter Information
- Logged Remotely

Step 7 Configure the following syslog parameters:

- **IP** - Type the IP address of QRadar.
- **Port** - Type the syslog port number of QRadar. The default is port 514.
- **Max message length (Bytes)** - Type 1024 as the maximum syslog message length.

Note: Cisco ACS provides syslog report information for a maximum of two syslog servers.

Step 8 Click **Submit**.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source for Cisco ACS v4.x

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco ACS v4.x. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually create a log source for Cisco ACS v4.x:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco ACS**.
- Step 7** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 8** Configure the following values:

Table 20-3 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for Cisco ACS events.

- Step 9** Click **Save**.
- Step 10** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Configure Cisco ACS for the Adaptive Log Exporter

If you are using an older version of Cisco ACS, such as v3.x, you can log events from your Cisco ACS appliance to a comma-separated file.

The Cisco ACS device plug-in for the Adaptive Log Exporter can be used to read and forward events from your comma-separated file to QRadar.

Configure Cisco ACS to log events

Your Cisco ACS appliance must be configured to write comma-separated event files to integrate with the Adaptive Log Exporter.

To configure Cisco ACS:

- Step 1** Log in to your Cisco ACS appliance.
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **System Configuration**.
The System Configuration page opens.

Step 3 Click **Logging**.

The logging configuration is displayed.

Step 4 In the **CSV column for Failed Attempts**, click **Configure**.

The Enable Logging window is displayed.

Step 5 Select the **Log to CSV Failed Attempts report** check box.**Step 6** Add the following Logged Attributes:

- Message-Type
- User-Name
- Nas-IP-Address
- Authen-Failure-Code
- Caller-ID
- NAS-Port
- Author-Data
- Group-Name
- Filter Information
- Logged Remotely

Step 7 Configure a time frame for Cisco ACS to generate a new comma-separated value (CSV) file.**Step 8** Click **Submit**.

You are now ready to configure the Adaptive Log Exporter.

For more information on installing and using the Adaptive Log Exporter, see the *Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide*.

Cisco ASA

You can integrate a Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA) with IBM Security QRadar.

A Cisco ASA DSM accepts events using syslog or NetFlow using NetFlow Security Event Logging (NSEL). QRadar records all relevant events. Before you configure QRadar, you must configure your Cisco ASA device to forward syslog or NetFlow NSEL events.

Choose one of the following options:

- Forward events to QRadar using syslog. See [Integrate Cisco ASA Using Syslog](#)
- Forward events to QRadar using NetFlow NSEL. See [Integrate Cisco ASA for NetFlow using NSEL](#)

Integrate Cisco ASA Using Syslog This section includes the following topics:

- [Configure syslog forwarding](#)
- [Configure a log source](#)

Configure syslog forwarding

This section describes how to configure Cisco ASA to forward syslog events.

Step 1 Log in to the Cisco ASA device.

Step 2 Type the following command to access privileged EXEC mode:

```
enable
```

Step 3 Type the following command to access global configuration mode:

```
conf t
```

Step 4 Enable logging:

```
logging enable
```

Step 5 Configure the logging details:

```
logging console warning
```

```
logging trap warning
```

```
logging asdm warning
```

Step 6 Type the following command to configure logging to QRadar:

```
logging host <interface> <IP address>
```

Where:

<interface> is the name of the Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance interface.

<IP address> is the IP address of QRadar.

Note: Using the command `show interfaces` displays all available interfaces for your Cisco device.

Step 7 Disable the output object name option:

```
no names
```

You must disable the output object name option to ensure that the logs use IP addresses and not object names.

Step 8 Exit the configuration:

```
exit
```

Step 9 Save the changes:

```
write mem
```

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco ASA syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco ASA are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco ASA. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco ASA syslog events:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA)**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 20-4 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your OSSEC installations.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Integrate Cisco ASA for NetFlow using NSEL

This section includes the following topics:

- [Configure NetFlow Using NSEL](#)
- [Configure a log source](#)

Configure NetFlow Using NSEL

To configure Cisco ASA to forward NetFlow events using NSEL.

- Step 1** Log in to the Cisco ASA device command-line interface (CLI).
- Step 2** Type the following command to access privileged EXEC mode:
`enable`

Step 3 Type the following command to access global configuration mode:

```
conf t
```

Step 4 Disable the output object name option:

```
no names
```

Step 5 Type the following command to enable NetFlow export:

```
flow-export destination <interface-name> <ipv4-address or  
hostname> <udp-port>
```

Where:

<interface-name> is the name of the Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance interface for the NetFlow collector.

<ipv4-address or hostname> is the IP address or host name of the Cisco ASA device with the NetFlow collector application.

<udp-port> is the UDP port number to which NetFlow packets are sent.

Note: QRadar typically uses port 2055 for NetFlow event data on QRadar QFlow Collectors. You must configure a different UDP port on your Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance for NetFlow using NSEL.

Step 6 Type the following command to configure the NSEL class-map:

```
class-map flow_export_class
```

Step 7 Choose one of the following traffic options:

a To configure a NetFlow access list to match specific traffic, type the command:

```
match access-list flow_export_acl
```

b To configure NetFlow to match any traffic, type the command:

```
match any
```

Note: The Access Control List (ACL) must exist on the Cisco ASA device before defining the traffic match option in [Step 7](#).

Step 8 Type the following command to configure the NSEL policy-map:

```
policy-map flow_export_policy
```

Step 9 Type the following command to define a class for the flow-export action:

```
class flow_export_class
```

Step 10 Type the following command to configure the flow-export action:

```
flow-export event-type all destination <IP address>
```

Where <IP address> is the IP address of QRadar.

Note: If you are using a Cisco ASA version before v8.3 you can skip [Step 10](#) as the device defaults to the flow-export destination. For more information, see your Cisco ASA documentation.

Step 11 Type the following command to add the service policy globally:

```
service-policy flow_export_policy global
```

Step 12 Exit the configuration:

```
exit
```

Step 13 Save the changes:

```
write mem
```

You must verify that your collector applications use the Event Time field to correlate events.

Configure a log source

To integrate Cisco ASA using NetFlow with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive NetFlow events. QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Cisco ASA using NetFlow and NSEL.

Note: Your system must be running the latest version of the NSEL protocol to integrate with a Cisco ASA device using NetFlow NSEL. The NSEL protocol is available on IBM Support, <http://www.ibm.com/support>, or through auto updates in QRadar.

To configure a log source:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA)**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Cisco NSEL**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 20-5 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source.

Table 20-5 Syslog Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Collector Port	Type the UDP port number used by Cisco ASA to forward NSEL events. The valid range of the Collector Port parameter is 1-65535. <i>Note: QRadar typically uses port 2055 for NetFlow event data on QRadar QFlow Collectors. You must define a different UDP port on your Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance for NetFlow using NSEL.</i>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco ASA are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab. For more information on configuring NetFlow with your Cisco ASA device, see your vendor documentation.

Cisco CallManager

The Cisco CallManager DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects application events forwarded from Cisco CallManager devices using syslog.

Before receiving events in QRadar, you must configure your Cisco Call Manager device to forward events. After you forward syslog events from Cisco CallManager, QRadar automatically detects and adds Cisco CallManager as a log source.

Configure syslog forwarding

To configure syslog on your Cisco CallManager:

Step 1 Log in to your Cisco CallManager interface.

Step 2 Select **System > Enterprise Parameters**.

The Enterprise Parameters Configuration is displayed.

Step 3 In the **Remote Syslog Server Name** field, type the IP address of the QRadar Console.

Step 4 From the **Syslog Severity For Remote Syslog messages** list box, select **Informational**

The informational severity allows you to collect all events at the information level and above.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

Step 6 Click **Apply Config**.

The syslog configuration is complete. You are now ready to configure a syslog log source for Cisco CallManager.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco CallManager devices. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a syslog log source for Cisco CallManager:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco Call Manager**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 20-6 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco CallManager.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Cisco CatOS for Catalyst Switches

The Cisco CatOS for Catalyst Switches DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant device events. Before configuring a Cisco CatOS device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.

Configure syslog To configure your Cisco CatOS device to forward syslog events:

- Step 1** Log in to your Cisco CatOS user interface.
- Step 2** Type the following command to access privileged EXEC mode:
`enable`

Step 3 Configure the system to timestamp messages:

```
set logging timestamp enable
```

Step 4 Type the IP address of QRadar:

```
set logging server <IP address>
```

Step 5 Limit messages that are logged by selecting a severity level:

```
set logging server severity <server severity level>
```

Step 6 Configure the facility level that should be used in the message. The default is **local7**.

```
set logging server facility <server facility parameter>
```

Step 7 Enable the switch to send syslog messages to the QRadar.

```
set logging server enable
```

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco CatOS appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a syslog log source for Cisco CatOS:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco CatOS for Catalyst Switches**

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 20-7 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco CatOS for Catalyst Switch appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Cisco CSA You can integrate a Cisco Security Agent (CSA) server with IBM Security QRadar.

Supported event types The Cisco CSA DSM accepts events using syslog, SNMPv1, and SNMPv2. QRadar records all configured Cisco CSA alerts.

Configure syslog for Cisco CSA To configure your Cisco CSA server to forward events:

Step 1 Open the Cisco CSA user interface.

Step 2 Select **Events > Alerts**.

Step 3 Click **New**.

The Configuration View window is displayed.

Step 4 Type in values for the following parameters:

a Name - Type a name you wish to assign to your configuration.

b Description - Type a description for the configuration. This parameter is optional.

Step 5 From the **Send Alerts**, select the event set from the list box to generate alerts.

Step 6 Select the **SNMP** check box.

Step 7 Type a Community name.

The Community name entered in the CSA user interface must match the Community field configured on QRadar. This option is only available using the SNMPv2 protocol.

Step 8 In the Manager IP address parameter, type the IP address of QRadar.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco CSA appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a syslog log source for Cisco CSA:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco CSA**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 20-8 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco CSA appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Cisco FWSM	You can integrate Cisco Firewall Service Module (FWSM) with IBM Security QRadar.
Supported event types	The Cisco FWSM DSM for QRadar accepts FWSM events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant Cisco FWSM events.
Configure Cisco FWSM to forward syslog events	<p>To integrate Cisco FWSM with QRadar, you must configure your Cisco FWSM appliances to forward syslog events to QRadar.</p> <p>To configure Cisco FWSM:</p> <p>Step 1 Using a console connection, telnet, or SSH, log in to the Cisco FWSM.</p> <p>Step 2 Enable logging:</p> <pre>logging on</pre> <p>Step 3 Change the logging level:</p> <pre>logging trap level (1-7)</pre> <p>By default, the logging level is set to 3 (error).</p> <p>Step 4 Designate QRadar as a host to receive the messages:</p> <pre>logging host [interface] ip_address [tcp[/port] udp[/port]] [format emblem]</pre> <p>For example:</p> <pre>logging host dmz1 192.168.1.5</pre> <p>Where 192.168.1.5 is the IP address of your QRadar system.</p> <p>You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.</p>
Configure a log source	<p>QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco FWSM appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.</p> <p>To manually configure a syslog log source for Cisco FWSM:</p> <p>Step 1 Log in to QRadar.</p> <p>Step 2 Click the Admin tab.</p> <p>Step 3 On the navigation menu, click Data Sources.</p> <p>The Data Sources panel is displayed.</p> <p>Step 4 Click the Log Sources icon.</p> <p>The Log Sources window is displayed.</p> <p>Step 5 Click Add.</p> <p>The Add a log source window is displayed.</p> <p>Step 6 In the Log Source Name field, type a name for your log source.</p> <p>Step 7 In the Log Source Description field, type a description for the log source.</p>

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco Firewall Services Module (FWSM)**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 20-9 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco FWSM appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Cisco IDS/IPS

The Cisco IDS/IPS DSM for IBM Security QRadar polls Cisco IDS/IPS for events using the Security Device Event Exchange (SDEE) protocol.

The SDEE specification defines the message format and the protocol used to communicate the events generated by your Cisco IDS/IPS security device. QRadar supports SDEE connections by polling directly to the IDS/IPS device and not the management software, which controls the device.

Note: You must have security access or web authentication on the device before connecting to QRadar.

After you configure your Cisco IDS/IPS device, you must configure the SDEE protocol in QRadar. When configuring the SDEE protocol, you must define the URL required to access the device.

For example, `https://www.mysdeeserver.com/cgi-bin/sdee-server`.

You must use an http or https URL, which is specific to your Cisco IDS version:

- If you are using RDEP (for Cisco IDS v4.0), the URL should have `/cgi-bin/event-server` at the end. For example:
`https://www.my-rdep-server.com/cgi-bin/event-server`
- If you are using SDEE/CIDEE (for Cisco IDS v5.x and above), the URL should have `/cgi-bin/sdee-server` at the end. For example:
`https://www.my-sdee-server/cgi-bin/sdee-server`

QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Cisco IDS/IPS devices. To integrate Cisco IDS/IPS device events with QRadar, you must manually create a log source for each Cisco IDS/IPS in your network.

To configure a Cisco IDS/IPS log source using SDEE polling:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **SDEE**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 20-10 SDEE Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, hostname, or name to identify the SDEE event source. IP addresses or hostnames are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
URL	Type the URL required to access the log source, for example, <code>https://www.mysdeeserver.com/cgi-bin/sdee-server</code> . You must use an http or https URL. The options include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If you are using SDEE/CIDEE (for Cisco IDS v5.x and above), the URL should have <code>/cgi-bin/sdee-server</code> at the end. For example, <code>https://www.my-sdee-server/cgi-bin/sdee-server</code> If you are using RDEP (for Cisco IDS v4.0), the URL should have <code>/cgi-bin/event-server</code> at the end. For example, <code>https://www.my-rdep-server.com/cgi-bin/event-server</code>
Username	Type the username. This username must match the SDEE URL username used to access the SDEE URL. The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Password	Type the user password. This password must match the SDEE URL password used to access the SDEE URL. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.

Table 20-10 SDEE Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Events / Query	Type the maximum number of events to retrieve per query. The valid range is 0 to 501 and the default is 100.
Force Subscription	Select this check box if you want to force a new SDEE subscription. By default, the check box is selected. The check box forces the server to drop the least active connection and accept a new SDEE subscription connection for this log source. Clearing the check box continues with any existing SDEE subscription.
Severity Filter Low	Select this check box if you want to configure the severity level as low. Log sources that support SDEE return only the events that match this severity level. By default, the check box is selected.
Severity Filter Medium	Select this check box if you want to configure the severity level as medium. Log sources that supports SDEE returns only the events that match this severity level. By default, the check box is selected.
Severity Filter High	Select this check box if you want to configure the severity level as high. Log sources that supports SDEE returns only the events that match this severity level. By default, the check box is selected.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events polled from your Cisco IDS/IPS appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Cisco IronPort

The Cisco IronPort DSM for IBM Security QRadar provides event information for email spam, web content filtering, and corporate email policy enforcement.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with your Cisco IronPort device, you must select the log type to configure:

- To configure IronPort mail logs, see [IronPort mail log configuration](#).
- To configure IronPort content filtering logs, see [IronPort web content filter](#).

IronPort mail log configuration

The QRadar Cisco IronPort DSM accepts events using syslog. To configure your IronPort device to send syslog events to QRadar, you must:

Step 1 Log in to your Cisco IronPort user interface.

Step 2 Select **System Administration\Log Subscriptions**.

Step 3 Click **Add Log Subscription**.

Step 4 Configure the following values:

- **Log Type** - Define a log subscription for both **Ironport Text Mail Logs** and **System Logs**.
- **Log Name** - Type a log name.
- **File Name** - Use the default configuration value.
- **Maximum File Size** - Use the default configuration value.
- **Log Level** - Select **Information** (Default).
- **Retrieval Method** - Select **Syslog Push**.
- **Hostname** - Type the IP address or server name of your QRadar system.
- **Protocol** - Select **UDP**.
- **Facility** - Use the default configuration value. This value depends on the configured Log Type.

Step 5 Save the subscription.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source

To integrate Cisco IronPort with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive Cisco IronPort events. QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Cisco IronPort appliances.

To create a log source for Cisco IronPort events:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco IronPort**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 20-11 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco IronPort appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco IronPort are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

IronPort web content filter The Cisco IronPort DSM for IBM Security QRadar retrieves web content filtering events in W3C format from a remote source using the log file protocol.

Your system must be running the latest version of log file protocol to integrate with a Cisco IronPort device. To configure your Cisco IronPort device to push web content filter events, you must configure a log subscription for the web content filter using the W3C format. For more information on configuring a log subscription, see your Cisco IronPort documentation.

You are now ready to configure the log source and protocol QRadar.

Step 1 From the **Log Source Type** drop-down list box, select **Cisco IronPort**.

Step 2 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File** protocol option.

Step 3 Select **W3C** as the **Event Generator** used to process the web content filter log files.

Step 4 The **FTP File Pattern** parameter must use a regular expression that matches the log files generated by the web content filter logs.

For more information on configuring the Log File protocol, see the *Log Sources User Guide*.

Cisco NAC The Cisco NAC DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

Supported event types QRadar records all relevant audit, error, and failure events as well as quarantine and infected system events. Before configuring a Cisco NAC device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.

Configuring Cisco NAC to forward events To configure the device to forward syslog events:

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Cisco NAC user interface.

Step 2 In the Monitoring section, select **Event Logs**.

Step 3 Click the **Syslog Settings** tab.

- Step 4** In the **Syslog Server Address** field, type the IP address of your QRadar.
- Step 5** In the **Syslog Server Port** field, type the syslog port. The default is 514.
- Step 6** In the **System Health Log Interval** field, type the frequency, in minutes, for system statistic log events.
- Step 7** Click **Update**.
- You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source To integrate Cisco NAC events with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive Cisco NAC events. QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Cisco NAC appliances.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco NAC Appliance**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 20-12 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco NAC appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
- The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco NAC are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Cisco Nexus

The Cisco Nexus DSM for IBM Security QRadar supports alerts from Cisco NX-OS devices.

The events are forwarded from Cisco Nexus to QRadar using syslog. Before you can integrate events with QRadar, you must configure your Cisco Nexus device to forward syslog events.

Configure Cisco Nexus to forward events

To configure syslog on your Cisco Nexus server:

Step 1 Type the following command to switch to configuration mode:

```
config t
```

Step 2 Type the following commands:

```
logging server <IP address> <severity>
```

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console.

<severity> is the severity level of the event messages, which range from 0-7.

For example, `logging server 100.100.10.1 6` forwards information level (6) syslog messages to 100.100.10.1.

Step 3 Type the following to configure the interface for sending syslog events:

```
logging source-interface loopback
```

Step 4 Type the following command to save your current configuration as the start up configuration:

```
copy running-config startup-config
```

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco Nexus events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco Nexus are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco Nexus. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco Nexus:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco Nexus**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 20-13 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco Nexus appliances.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. For more information on configuring a Virtual Device Context (VDC) on your Cisco Nexus device, see your vendor documentation.

Cisco IOS

You can integrate Cisco IOS series devices with IBM Security QRadar.

Supported event types

The Cisco IOS DSM for QRadar accepts Cisco IOS events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events. The following Cisco Switches and Routers are automatically discovered as Cisco IOS and have their events parsed by the Cisco IOS DSM:

- Cisco 12000 Series Routers
- Cisco 6500 Series Switches
- Cisco 7600 Series Routers
- Cisco Carrier Routing System
- Cisco Integrated Services Router.

Note: Make sure all Access Control Lists (ACLs) are set to LOG.

Configure Cisco IOS to forward events

To configure a Cisco IOS-based device to forward events:

Step 1 Log in to your Cisco IOS Server, switch, or router.

Step 2 Type the following command to log in to the router in privileged-exec.
enable

Step 3 Type the following command to switch to configuration mode:

```
conf t
```

Step 4 Type the following commands:

```
logging <IP address>
logging source-interface <interface>
```

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address hosting QRadar and the SIM components.

<interface> is the name of the interface, for example, dmz, lan, ethernet0, or ethernet1.

Step 5 Type the following to configure the priority level:

```
logging trap warning
logging console warning
```

Where **warning** is the priority setting for the logs.

Step 6 Configure the syslog facility:

```
logging facility syslog
```

Step 7 Save and exit the file.

Step 8 Copy running-config to startup-config:

```
copy running-config startup-config
```

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco IOS events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco IOS-based devices are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco IOS. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco IOS-based devices:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select one of the following:

- Cisco IOS
- Cisco 12000 Series Routers
- Cisco 6500 Series Switches
- Cisco 7600 Series Routers
- Cisco Carrier Routing System
- Cisco Integrated Services Router

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 20-14 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco IOS-based device.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Cisco Pix

You can integrate Cisco Pix security appliances with IBM Security QRadar.

The Cisco Pix DSM for QRadar accepts Cisco Pix events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant Cisco Pix events.

Configure Cisco Pix to forward events

To Configure Cisco Pix:

- Step 1** Log in to your Cisco PIX appliance using a console connection, telnet, or SSH.
- Step 2** Type the following command to access Privileged mode:
`enable`
- Step 3** Type the following command to access Configuration mode:
`conf t`
- Step 4** Enable logging and timestamp the logs:
`logging on`
`logging timestamp`
- Step 5** Set the log level:
`logging trap warning`
- Step 6** Configure logging to QRadar:
`logging host <interface> <ip address>`

Where:

<**interface**> is the name of the interface, for example, dmz, lan, ethernet0, or ethernet1.

<**ip address**> is the IP address hosting QRadar.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco Pix Firewall events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Cisco Pix Firewalls are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco Pix Firewalls. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco Pix:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco PIX Firewall**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 20-15 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco Pix Firewall.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Cisco VPN 3000 Concentrator

The Cisco VPN 3000 Concentrator DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts

Cisco VPN Concentrator events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events. Before you can integrate with a Cisco VPN concentrator, you must configure your device to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Configure a Cisco VPN 3000 Concentrator

To configure your Cisco VPN 3000 Concentrator:

- Step 1** Log in to the Cisco VPN 3000 Concentrator command-line interface (CLI).
- Step 2** Type the following command to add a syslog server to your configuration:

```
set logging server <IP address>
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of QRadar or your Event Collector.
- Step 3** Type the following command to enable system message logging to the configured syslog servers:

```
set logging server enable
```
- Step 4** Set the facility and severity level for syslog server messages:

```
set logging server facility server_facility_parameter
set logging server severity server_severity_level
```

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco VPN Concentrator events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco VPN 3000 Series Concentrators. These configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco VPN 3000 Series Concentrator**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 20-16 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco VPN 3000 Series Concentrators.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Cisco Wireless Services Module

You can integrate a Cisco Wireless Services Module (WiSM) device with IBM Security QRadar.

A Cisco WiSM DSM for QRadar accepts events using syslog. Before you can integrate QRadar with a Cisco WiSM device, you must configure Cisco WiSM to forward syslog events.

Configure Cisco WiSM to forward events

To configure Cisco WiSM to forward syslog events to QRadar:

- Step 1** Log in to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller user interface.
- Step 2** Click **Management > Logs > Config**.
The Syslog Configuration window is displayed.
- Step 3** In the **Syslog Server IP Address** field type the IP address of the QRadar host to which you want to send the syslog messages. Click **Add**.
- Step 4** Using the **Syslog Level** list box, set the severity level for filtering syslog messages to the syslog servers using one of the following options:
- **Emergencies** - Severity level 0
 - **Alerts** - Severity level 1 (Default)
 - **Critical** - Severity level 2
 - **Errors** - Severity level 3
 - **Warnings** - Severity level 4
 - **Notifications** - Severity level 5
 - **Informational** - Severity level 6
 - **Debugging** - Severity level 7

If you set a syslog level, only those messages whose severity level is equal or less than that level are sent to the syslog servers. For example, if you set the syslog level to Warnings (severity level 4), only those messages whose severity is between 0 and 4 are sent to the syslog servers.

Step 5 From the **Syslog Facility** list box, set the facility for outgoing syslog messages to the syslog server using one of the following options:

- **Kernel** - Facility level 0
- **User Process** - Facility level 1
- **Mail** - Facility level 2
- **System Daemons** - Facility level 3
- **Authorization** - Facility level 4
- **Syslog** - Facility level 5 (default value)
- **Line Printer** - Facility level 6
- **USENET** - Facility level 7
- **Unix-to-Unix Copy** - Facility level 8
- **Cron** - Facility level 9
- **FTP Daemon** - Facility level 11
- **System Use 1** - Facility level 12
- **System Use 2** - Facility level 13
- **System Use 3** - Facility level 14
- **System Use 4** - Facility level 15
- **Local Use 0** - Facility level 16
- **Local Use 1** - Facility level 17
- **Local Use 2** - Facility level 18
- **Local Use 3** - Facility level 19
- **Local Use 4** - Facility level 20
- **Local Use 5** - Facility level 21
- **Local Use 6** - Facility level 22
- **Local Use 7** - Facility level 23

Step 6 Click **Apply**.

Step 7 From the **Buffered Log Level** and the **Console Log Level** list boxes, select the severity level for log messages to the controller buffer and console using one of the following options:

Emergencies - Severity level 0

Alerts - Severity level 1

Critical - Severity level 2

Errors - Severity level 3 (default value)

Warnings - Severity level 4

Notifications - Severity level 5

Informational - Severity level 6

Debugging - Severity level 7

If you set a logging level, only those messages whose severity is equal to or less than that level are logged by the controller. For example, if you set the logging level to Warnings (severity level 4), only those messages whose severity is between 0 and 4 are logged.

- Step 8** Select the **File Info** check box if you want the message logs to include information about the source file. The default value is enabled.
- Step 9** Select the **Proc Info** check box if you want the message logs to include process information. The default value is disabled.
- Step 10** Select the **Trace Info** check box if you want the message logs to include traceback information. The default value is disabled.
- Step 11** Click **Apply** to commit your changes.
- Step 12** Click **Save Configuration** to save your changes.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cisco WiSM events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by Cisco WiSM are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cisco WiSM. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Cisco WiSM:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco Wireless Services Module (WiSM)**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 20-17 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco WiSM appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers

The Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects events forwarded from Cisco Wireless LAN Controller devices using syslog or SNMPv2.

This section includes the following topics:

- [Configuring syslog for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller](#)
- [Configuring SNMPv2 for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller](#)

Before you begin

If you collect events from Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers, you should select the best collection method for your configuration. The Cisco Wireless LAN Controller DSM for QRadar supports both syslog and SNMPv2 events. However, syslog provides all available Cisco Wireless LAN Controller events, where SNMPv2 only sends a limited set of security events to QRadar.

Configuring syslog for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller

You can configure Cisco Wireless LAN Controller for forward syslog events to QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Cisco Wireless LAN Controller interface.

Step 2 Click the **Management** tab.

Step 3 From the menu, select **Logs > Config**.

Step 4 In the **Syslog Server IP Address** field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 From the **Syslog Level** list box, select a logging level.

The Information level allows you to collect all Cisco Wireless LAN Controller events above the debug level.

Step 7 From the **Syslog Facility** list box, select a facility level.

Step 8 Click **Apply**

Step 9 Click **Save Configuration**.

What to do next

You are now ready to configure a syslog log source for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.

Configuring a syslog log source in QRadar

QRadar does not automatically discover incoming syslog events from Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers. You must create a log source for each Cisco Wireless LAN Controller providing syslog events to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 20-18 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	From the list box, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 to 10. The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list box, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events. Automatically discovered log sources use the default value configured in the Coalescing Events drop-down in the QRadar Settings window on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source. For more information on settings, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide</i> .

Table 20-18 Syslog protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Incoming Event Payload	From the list box, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable or disable QRadar from storing the event payload. Automatically discovered log sources use the default value from the Store Event Payload drop-down in the QRadar Settings window on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Configuring SNMPv2 for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller

SNMP event collection for Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers allows you to capture the following events for QRadar:

- SNMP Config Event
- bsn Authentication Errors
- LWAPP Key Decryption Errors

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Cisco Wireless LAN Controller interface.

Step 2 Click the **Management** tab.

Step 3 From the menu, select **SNMP > Communities**.

You can use the one of the default communities created or create a new community.

Step 4 Click **New**.

Step 5 In the **Community Name** field, type the name of the community for your device.

Step 6 In the **IP Address** field, type the IP address of QRadar.

The IP address and IP mask you specify is the address from which your Cisco Wireless LAN Controller accepts SNMP requests. You can treat these values as an access list for SNMP requests.

Step 7 In the **IP Mask** field, type a subnet mask.

Step 8 From the **Access Mode** list box, select **Read Only** or **Read/Write**.

Step 9 From the **Status** list box, select **Enable**.

Step 10 Click **Save Configuration** to save your changes.

What to do next

You are now ready to create a SNMPv2 trap receiver.

Configure a trap receiver for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller

Trap receivers configured for Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers define where the device can send SNMP trap messages.

Procedure

- Step 1** Click the **Management** tab.
- Step 2** From the menu, select **SNMP > Trap Receivers**.
- Step 3** In the **Trap Receiver Name** field, type a name for your trap receiver.
- Step 4** In the **IP Address** field, type the IP address of QRadar.
The IP address you specify is the address to which your Cisco Wireless LAN Controller sends SNMP messages. If you plan to configure this log source on an Event Collector, you want to specify the Event Collector appliance IP address.
- Step 5** From the **Status** list box, select **Enable**.
- Step 6** Click **Apply** to commit your changes.
- Step 7** Click **Save Configuration** to save your settings.

What to do next

You are now ready to create a SNMPv2 log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source for SNMPv2 for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller

QRadar does not automatically discover and create log sources for SNMP event data from Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers. You must create a log source for each Cisco Wireless LAN Controller providing SNMPv2 events.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **SNMPv2**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 20-19 SNMPv2 protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.
Community	Type the SNMP community name required to access the system containing SNMP events. The default is Public.
Include OIDs in Event Payload	Select the Include OIDs in Event Payload check box. This options allows the SNMP event payload to be constructed using name-value pairs instead of the standard event payload format. Including OIDs in the event payload is required for processing SNMPv2 or SNMPv3 events from certain DSMs.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	From the list box, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 to 10. The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list box, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events. Automatically discovered log sources use the default value configured in the Coalescing Events drop-down in the QRadar Settings window on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source. For more information on settings, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide</i> .
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable or disable QRadar from storing the event payload. Automatically discovered log sources use the default value from the Store Event Payload drop-down in the QRadar Settings window on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded to by Cisco Wireless LAN Controller are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Cisco Identity Services Engine

The Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE) DSM for QRadar accepts syslog events from Cisco ISE appliances with log sources configured to use the UDP Multiline protocol.

Configuration overview

QRadar supports syslog events forwarded by Cisco ISE versions 1.1 and 1.2. Before you configure your Cisco ISE appliance, you should consider which logging categories you want to configure on your Cisco ISE to forward to QRadar. Each logging category must be configured with a syslog severity and included as a remote target to allow Cisco ISE to forward the event to QRadar. The log source you configure in QRadar receives the event forwarded from Cisco ISE and uses a regular expression to assemble the multiline syslog event in to an event readable by QRadar.

To integrate Cisco ISE events with QRadar, you must perform the following tasks:

- 1 Configure a log source in QRadar for your Cisco ISE appliance forwarding events to QRadar.
- 2 Create a remote logging target for QRadar on your Cisco ISE appliance.
- 3 Configure the logging categories on your Cisco ISE appliance.

Supported event logging categories

The Cisco ISE DSM for QRadar is capable of receiving syslog events from the following event logging categories.

Table 20-1 Supported Cisco ISE event logging categories

Event logging category
AAA audit
Failed attempts
Passed authentication
AAA diagnostics
Administrator authentication and authorization
Authentication flow diagnostics
Identity store diagnostics
Policy diagnostics
Radius diagnostics
Guest
Accounting
Radius accounting
Administrative and operational audit
Posture and client provisioning audit
Posture and client provisioning diagnostics
Profiler

Table 20-1 Supported Cisco ISE event logging categories (continued)

Event logging category
System diagnostics
Distributed management
Internal operations diagnostics
System statistics

Configuring a Cisco ISE log source in QRadar

To collect syslog events, you must configure a log source for Cisco ISE in QRadar to use the UDP Multiline Syslog protocol.

You must configure a log source for each individual Cisco ISE appliance that forwards events to QRadar. However, all Cisco ISE appliances can forward their events to the same listen port on QRadar that you configure

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cisco Identity Services Engine**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **UDP Multiline Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 20-2 Cisco ISE log source parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, host name, or name to identify the log source or appliance providing UDP Multiline Syslog events to QRadar.

Table 20-2 Cisco ISE log source parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Listen Port	<p>Type 517 as the port number used by QRadar to accept incoming UDP Multiline Syslog events. The valid port range is 1 to 65535.</p> <p>To edit a saved configuration to use a new port number:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 In the Listen Port field, type the new port number for receiving UDP Multiline Syslog events. 2 Click Save. 3 On the Admin tab, select Advanced > Deploy Full Configuration. <p>After the full deploy completes, QRadar is capable of receiving events on the updated listen port.</p> <p><i>Note: When you click Deploy Full Configuration, QRadar restarts all services, resulting in a gap in data collection for events and flows until the deployment completes.</i></p>
Message ID Pattern	<p>Type the following regular expression (regex) required to filter the event payload messages.</p> <p><code>CISE_ \S+ (\d{10})</code></p>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

What to do next

You are now ready to configure your Cisco ISE appliance with a remote logging target.

Creating a remote logging target in Cisco ISE

To forward syslog events to QRadar, you must configure your Cisco ISE appliance with a remote logging target.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Cisco ISE Administration Interface.

Step 2 From the navigation menu, select **Administration > System > Logging > Remote Logging Targets**.

Step 3 Click **Add**.

Step 4 In the **Name** field, type a name for the remote target system.

Step 5 In the **Description** field, type a description.

Step 6 In the **IP Address** field, type a the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 7 In the **Port** field, type **517** or use the port value you specific in your Cisco ISE log source for QRadar.

Step 8 From the **Facility Code** list box, select the syslog facility to use for logging events.

Step 9 In the **Maximum Length** field, type **1024** as the maximum packet length allowed for the UDP syslog message.

Step 10 Click **Submit**.

The remote logging target is created for QRadar.

What to do next

You are now ready to configure the logging categories forwarded by Cisco ISE to QRadar.

Configuring Cisco ISE logging categories

To define which events are forwarded by your Cisco ISE appliance, you must configure each logging category with a syslog severity and the remote logging target you configured for QRadar.

For a list of pre-defined event logging categories for Cisco ISE, see [Supported event logging categories](#).

Procedure

Step 1 From the navigation menu, select **Administration > System > Logging > Logging Categories**.

Step 2 Select a logging category, and click **Edit**.

Step 3 From the **Log Severity** list box, select a severity for the logging category.

Step 4 In the **Target** field, add your remote logging target for QRadar to the **Select** box.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

Step 6 Repeat this process for each logging category you want to forward to QRadar.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded by Cisco ISE are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

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CITRIX

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [Citrix NetScaler](#)
- [Citrix Access Gateway](#)

Citrix NetScaler

The Citrix NetScaler DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts all relevant audit log events using syslog.

Configuring syslog on Citrix NetScaler

To integrate Citrix NetScaler events with QRadar, you must configure Citrix NetScaler to forward syslog events.

Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your Citrix NetScaler device as a root user.

Step 2 Type the following command to add a remote syslog server:

```
add audit syslogAction <ActionName> <IP Address> -serverPort 514  
-logLevel Info -dateFormat DDMMYYYY
```

Where:

<ActionName> is a descriptive name for the syslog server action.

<IP Address> is the IP address or hostname of your QRadar Console.

For example:

```
add audit syslogAction action-QRadar 10.10.10.10 -serverPort 514  
-logLevel Info -dateFormat DDMMYYYY
```

Step 3 Type the following command to add an audit policy:

```
add audit syslogPolicy <PolicyName> <Rule> <ActionName>
```

Where:

<PolicyName> is a descriptive name for the syslog policy.

<Rule> is the rule or expression the policy uses. The only supported value is `ns_true`.

<ActionName> is a descriptive name for the syslog server action.

For example:

```
add audit syslogPolicy policy-QRadar ns_true action-QRadar
```

Step 4 Type the following command to bind the policy globally:

```
bind system global <PolicyName> -priority <Integer>
```

Where:

<PolicyName> is a descriptive name for the syslog policy.

<Integer> is a numeric value used to rank message priority for multiple policies that are communicating using syslog.

For example:

```
bind system global policy-QRadar -priority 30
```

When multiple policies have priority assigned to them as a numeric value the lower priority value is evaluated before the higher value.

Step 5 Type the following command to save the Citrix NetScaler configuration.

```
save config
```

Step 6 Type the following command to verify the policy is saved in your configuration:

```
sh system global
```

Note: For information on configuring syslog using the Citrix NetScaler user interface, see <http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX121728> or your vendor documentation.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Citrix NetScaler events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by Citrix NetScaler are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a Citrix NetScaler log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Citrix NetScaler. This procedure is optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Citrix NetScaler**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 21-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Citrix NetScaler devices.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Citrix Access Gateway

The Citrix Access Gateway DSM accepts access, audit, and diagnostic events forwarded from your Citrix Access Gateway appliance using syslog.

Configuring syslog for Citrix Access Gateway

This procedure outlines the configure steps required to configure syslog on your Citrix Access Gateway to forward events to the QRadar Console or an Event Collectors.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Citrix Access Gateway web interface.
- Step 2** Click the **Access Gateway Cluster** tab.
- Step 3** Select **Logging/Settings**.
- Step 4** In the **Server** field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 5** From the **Facility** list box, select a syslog facility level.
- Step 6** In the **Broadcast interval (mins)**, type **0** to continuously forward syslog events to QRadar.
- Step 7** Click **Submit** to save your changes.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Citrix Access Gateway events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Citrix Access Gateway are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

Configuring a Citrix Access Gateway log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Citrix Access Gateway appliances. This procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Citrix Access Gateway**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 21-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Citrix Access Gateway appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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CRYPTOCARD CRYPTO-SHIELD

The QRadar CRYPTOCARD CRYPTO-Shield DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

Before you begin To integrate CRYPTOCARD CRYPTO-Shield events with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive syslog events.

Before you can receive events in QRadar, you must configure a log source, then configure your CRYPTOCARD CRYPTO-Shield to forward syslog events. Syslog events forwarded from CRYPTOCARD CRYPTO-Shield devices are not automatically discovered. QRadar can receive syslog events on port 514 for both TCP and UDP.

Configuring a log source QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from CRYPTOCARD CRYPTO-Shield devices.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **CRYPTOCARD CRYPTOSHIELD**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 22-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your CRYPTOCARD CRYPTO-Shield device.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar.

Configure syslog for CRYPTOCARD CRYPTO-Shield

To configure your CRYPTOCARD CRYPTO-Shield device to forward syslog events:

Step 1 Log in to your CRYPTOCARD CRYPTO-Shield device.

Step 2 Configure the following System Configuration parameters:

NOTE

You must have CRYPTOCARD Operator access with the assigned default Super-Operator system role to access the System Configuration parameters.

- `log4j.appender.<protocol>` - Directs the logs to a syslog host where the `<protocol>` is the type of log appender, which determines where you want to send logs for storage. The options are: ACC, DBG, or LOG. For this parameter, type the following: `org.apache.log4j.net.SyslogAppender`
- `log4j.appender.<protocol>.SyslogHost <IP address>` - Type the IP address or hostname of the syslog server where:
 - `<protocol>` is the type of log appender, which determines where you want to send logs for storage. The options are: ACC, DBG, or LOG.
 - `<IP address>` is the IP address of the QRadar host to which you want to send logs. This value can only be specified when the first parameter is configured.

This parameter can only be specified when the `log4j.appender.<protocol>` parameter is configured.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar by CRYPTOCARD CRYPTO-Shield are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

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CYBER-ARK VAULT

The Cyber-Ark Vault DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog formatted for Log Enhanced Event Format (LEEF).

Supported event types QRadar records both user activities and safe activities from the Cyber-Ark Vault in the audit log events. Cyber-Ark Vault integrates with QRadar to forward audit logs using syslog to create a complete audit picture of privileged account activities.

Event type format Cyber-Ark Vault must be configured to generate events in Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF) and forward these events using syslog. The LEEF format consists of a pipe (|) delimited syslog header and tab separated fields in the event payload.

If the syslog events forwarded from your Cyber-Ark Vault is not formatted as described above, you must examine your device configuration or software version to ensure your appliance supports LEEF. Properly formatted LEEF event messages are automatically discovered and added as a log source to QRadar.

Configure syslog for Cyber-Ark Vault To configure Cyber-Ark Vault to forward syslog events to QRadar:

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Cyber-Ark device.

Step 2 Edit the DBParm.ini file.

Step 3 Configure the following parameters:

- **SyslogServerIP** - Type the IP address of QRadar.
- **SyslogServerPort** - Type the UDP port used to connect to QRadar. The default value is 514.
- **SyslogMessageCodeFilter** - Configure which message codes are sent from the Cyber-Ark Vault to QRadar. You can define specific message numbers or a range of numbers. By default, all message codes are sent for user activities and safe activities.

For example, to define a message code of 1,2,3,30 and 5-10, you must type:
1, 2, 3, 5-10, 30.

- **SyslogTranslatorFile** - Type the file path to the LEEF.xml translator file. The translator file is used to parse Cyber-Ark audit records data in the syslog protocol.

Step 4 Copy LEEF.xml to the location specified by the SyslogTranslatorFile parameter in the DBParm.ini file.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Cyber-Ark Vault events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by Cyber-Ark Vault are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Cyber-Ark Vault. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Cyber-Ark Vault**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 23-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Cyber-Ark Vault appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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CYBERGUARD FIREWALL/VPN APPLIANCE

The CyberGuard Firewall VPN Appliance DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts CyberGuard events using syslog.

Supported event types QRadar records all relevant CyberGuard events for CyberGuard KS series appliances forwarded using syslog.

Configure syslog events To configure a CyberGuard device to forward syslog events:

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the CyberGuard user interface.
- Step 2** Select the **Advanced** page.
- Step 3** Under **System Log**, select **Enable Remote Logging**.
- Step 4** Type the IP address of QRadar.
- Step 5** Click **Apply**.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as CyberGuard events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by CyberGuard appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from CyberGuard appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **CyberGuard TSP Firewall/VPN**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 24-1 Syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your CyberGuard appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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DAMBALLA FAILSAFE

The Failsafe DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events using the Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF), enabling QRadar to record all relevant Damballa Failsafe events.

Event type format Damballa Failsafe must be configured to generate events in Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF) and forward these events using syslog. The LEEF format consists of a pipe (|) delimited syslog header and tab separated fields in the event payload.

If the syslog events forwarded from your Damballa Failsafe is not formatted as described above, you must examine your device configuration or software version to ensure your appliance supports LEEF. Properly formatted LEEF event messages are automatically discovered and added as a log source to QRadar.

Configuring syslog for Damballa Failsafe To collect events, you must configure your Damballa Failsafe device to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Damballa Failsafe Management Console
- Step 2** From the navigation menu, select **Setup > Integration Settings**.
- Step 3** Click the **Q1 QRadar** tab.
- Step 4** Select **Enable Publishing to Q1 QRadar**.
- Step 5** Configure the following options:
 - a Q1 Hostname** - Type the IP address or Fully Qualified Name (FQN) of your QRadar Console.
 - b Destination Port** - Type **514**. By default, QRadar uses port 514 as the port for receiving syslog events.
 - c Source Port** - Optional. Type the source port your Damballa Failsafe device uses for sending syslog events.
- Step 6** Click **Save**.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Damballa Failsafe events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by Damballa Failsafe are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Damballa Failsafe devices. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Damballa Failsafe**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 25-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Damballa Failsafe devices.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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DIGITAL CHINA NETWORKS (DCN)

The Digital China Networks (DCN) DCS/DCRS Series DSM for IBM Security QRadar can accept events from Digital China Networks (DCN) switches using syslog.

Supported event types QRadar records all relevant IPv4 events forwarded from DCN switches. To integrate your device with QRadar, you must configure a log source, then configure your DCS or DCRS switch to forward syslog events.

Supported appliances The DSM supports the following DCN DCS/DCRS Series switches:

- DCS - 3650
- DCS - 3950
- DCS - 4500
- DCRS - 5750
- DCRS - 5960
- DCRS - 5980
- DCRS - 7500
- DCRS - 9800

Configuring a log source QRadar does not automatically discover incoming syslog events from DCN DCS/DCRS Series switches.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **DCN DCS/DCRS Series**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following value:

Table 26-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, hostname, or name for the log source as an identifier for your DCN DCS/DCRS Series switch. Each log source you create for your DCN DCS/DCRS Series switch should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or hostname.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. You are now ready to configure your Digital China Networks DCS or DCRS Series switch to forward events to QRadar.

Configure a DCN DCS/DCRS Series Switch

To collect events, you must configure your DCN DCS/DCRS Series switch in QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your DCN DCS/DCRS Series switch command-line Interface (CLI).

Step 2 Type the following command to access the administrative mode:

```
enable
```

Step 3 Type the following command to access the global configuration mode:

```
config
```

The command-line interface displays the configuration mode prompt:

```
Switch(Config)#
```

Step 4 Type the following command to configure a log host for your switch:

```
logging <IP address> facility <local> severity <level>
```

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar Console.

<local> is the syslog facility, for example, local0.

<level> is the severity of the syslog events, for example, informational. If you specify a value of informational, you forward all information level events and above, such as, notifications, warnings, errors, critical, alerts, and emergencies.

For example,

```
logging 10.10.10.1 facility local0 severity informational
```

Step 5 Type the following command to save your configuration changes:

```
write
```


The configuration is complete. You can verify events forwarded to QRadar by viewing events in the **Log Activity** tab.

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ENTERASYS

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [Enterasys Dragon](#)
- [Enterasys HiGuard Wireless IPS](#)
- [Enterasys HiPath Wireless Controller](#)
- [Enterasys Stackable and Standalone Switches](#)
- [Enterasys XSR Security Router](#)
- [Enterasys Matrix Router](#)
- [Enterasys NetSight Automatic Security Manager](#)
- [Enterasys Matrix K/N/S Series Switch](#)
- [Enterasys NAC](#)
- [Enterasys 800-Series Switch](#)

Enterasys Dragon

The Enterasys Dragon DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Enterasys events using either syslog or SNMPv3 to record all relevant Enterasys Dragon events.

To configure your QRadar Enterasys Dragon DSM, you must:

- 1 Choose one of the following:
 - a Create an Alarm Tool policy using an SNMPv3 notification rule. See [Create an Alarm Tool Policy for SNMPv3](#).
 - b Create an Alarm Tool policy using a Syslog notification rule. See [Create a Policy for Syslog](#).
- 2 Configure the log source within QRadar. See [Configure a log source](#).
- 3 Configure Dragon Enterprise Management Server (EMS) to forward syslog messages. See [Configure the EMS to forward syslog messages](#)

Create an Alarm Tool Policy for SNMPv3

This procedure describes how to configure an Alarm Tool policy using an SNMPv3 notification rule. Use SNMPv3 notification rules if you need to transfer PDATA binary data elements.

To configure Enterasys Dragon with an Alarm Tool policy using an SNMPv3 notification rule:

- Step 1** Log in to the Enterasys Dragon EMS.
- Step 2** Click the **Alarm Tool** icon.
- Step 3** Configure the Alarm Tool Policy:
- a In the **Alarm Tool Policy View > Custom Policies** menu tree, right-click and select **Add Alarm Tool Policy**.
The Add Alarm Tool Policy window is displayed.
 - b In the **Add Alarm Tool Policy** field, type a policy name.
For example:
`QRadar`
 - c Click **OK**.
 - d In the menu tree, select the policy name you entered from **Step b**.
- Step 4** To configure the event group:
- a Click the **Events Group** tab.
 - b Click **New**.
The Event Group Editor is displayed.
 - c Select the event group or individual events to monitor.
 - d Click **Add**.
A prompt is displayed.
 - e Click **Yes**.
 - f In the right column of the Event Group Editor, type `Dragon-Events`.
 - g Click **OK**.
- Step 5** Configure the SNMPv3 notification rules:
- a Click the **Notification Rules** tab.
 - b Click **New**.
 - c In the name field, type `QRadar-Rule`.
 - d Click **OK**.
 - e In the Notification Rules panel, select **QRadar-Rule**.
 - f Click the **SNMP V3** tab.
 - g Click **New**.
 - h Update SNMP V3 values, as required:
 - **Server IP Address** - Type the QRadar IP address.

Note: Do not change the OID.

- **Inform** - Select the **Inform** check box.
- **Security Name** - Type the SNMPv3 username.
- **Auth Password** - Type the appropriate password.
- **Priv Password** - Type the appropriate password.
- **Message** - Type the following on one line:

Dragon Event:

```
%DATE%,,%TIME%,,%NAME%,,%SENSOR%,,%PROTO%,,%SIP%,,%DIP%,,%SPORT%,,%DPORT%,,%DIR%,,%DATA%,,<<<%PDATA%>>>
```

Note: Verify that the security passwords and protocols match data configured in the SNMP configuration.

i Click **OK**.

Step 6 Verify that the notification events are logged as separate events:

- a Click the **Global Options** tab.
- b Click the **Main** tab.
- c Make sure that **Concatenate Events** is not selected.

Step 7 Configure the SNMP options:

- a Click the **Global Options** tab.
- b Click the **SNMP** tab
- c Type the IP address of the EMS server sending SNMP traps.

Step 8 Configure the alarm information:

- a Click the **Alarms** tab.
- b Click **New**.
- c Type values for the following parameters:
 - **Name** - Type **QRadar-Alarm**.
 - **Type** - Select **Real Time**.
 - **Event Group** - Select **Dragon-Events**.
 - **Notification Rule** - Select the **QRadar-Rule** check box.
- d Click **OK**.
- e Click **Commit**.

Step 9 Navigate to the Enterprise View.

Step 10 Right-click on the **Alarm Tool** and select **Associate Alarm Tool Policy**.

Step 11 Select the **QRadar** policy. Click **OK**.

Step 12 From the Enterprise menu, right-click and select **Deploy**.

You are now ready to configure the log source SNMP protocol in QRadar.

Create a Policy for Syslog

This procedure describes how to configure an Alarm Tool policy using a syslog notification rule in the Log Event Extended Format (LEEF) message format.

LEEF is the preferred message format for sending notifications to Dragon Network Defense when the notification rate is very high or when IPv6 addresses are displayed. If you prefer not to use syslog notifications in LEEF format, refer to your *Enterasys Dragon documentation* for more information.

Note: Use SNMPv3 notification rules if you need to transfer PDATA, which is a binary data element. Do not use a syslog notification rule.

To configure Enterasys Dragon with an Alarm Tool policy using a syslog notification rule:

- Step 1** Log in to the Enterasys Dragon EMS.
- Step 2** Click the **Alarm Tool** icon.
- Step 3** Configure the Alarm Tool Policy:
 - a In the **Alarm Tool Policy View > Custom Policies** menu tree, right-click and select **Add Alarm Tool Policy**.
The Add Alarm Tool Policy window is displayed.
 - b In the **Add Alarm Tool Policy** field, type a policy name.
For example:
`QRadar`
 - c Click **OK**.
 - d In the menu tree, select **QRadar**.
- Step 4** To configure the event group:
 - a Click the **Events Group** tab.
 - b Click **New**.
The Event Group Editor is displayed.
 - c Select the event group or individual events to monitor.
 - d Click **Add**.
A prompt is displayed.
 - e Click **Yes**.
 - f In the right column of the Event Group Editor, type **Dragon-Events**.
 - g Click **OK**.
- Step 5** Configure the Syslog notification rule:
 - a Click the **Notification Rules** tab.
 - b Click **New**.
 - c In the name field, type `QRadar-RuleSys`.
 - d Click **OK**.

- e In the Notification Rules panel, select the newly created **QRadar-RuleSys** item.
- f Click the **Syslog** tab.
- g Click **New**.

The Syslog Editor is displayed.

- h Update the following values:
 - **Facility** - Using the **Facility** list box, select a facility.
 - **Level** - Using the **Level** list box, select **notice**.
 - **Message** - Using the **Type** list box, select **LEEF**.

```
LEEF:Version=1.0|Vendor|Product|ProductVersion|eventID|devTime|
proto|src|sensor|dst|srcPort|dstPort|direction|eventData|
```

Note: The LEEF message format delineates between fields using a pipe delimiter between each keyword.

- i Click **OK**.

Step 6 Verify that the notification events are logged as separate events:

- a Click the **Global Options** tab.
- b Click the **Main** tab.
- c Make sure that **Concatenate Events** is not selected.

Step 7 Configure the alarm information:

- a Click the **Alarms** tab.
- b Click **New**.
- c Type values for the parameters:
 - **Name** - Type **QRadar-Alarm**.
 - **Type** - Select **Real Time**.
 - **Event Group** - Select **Dragon-Events**.
 - **Notification Rule** - Select the **QRadar-RuleSys** check box.
- d Click **OK**.
- e Click **Commit**.

Step 8 Navigate to the Enterprise View.

Step 9 Right-click on the **Alarm Tool** and select **Associate Alarm Tool Policy**.

Step 10 Select the newly created QRadar policy. Click **OK**.

Step 11 In the Enterprise menu, right-click the policy and select **Deploy**.

You are now ready to configure a syslog log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Enterasys Dragon Network IPS**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select either the **SNMPv3** or **Syslog** option. For more information on configuring a specific protocol, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information about Enterasys Dragon device, see your Enterasys Dragon documentation.

Note: Using the event mapping tool in the **Log Activity** tab, you can map a normalized or raw event to a high-level and low-level category (or QID). However, you cannot map combination Dragon messages using the event mapping tool. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Users Guide*.

Configure the EMS to forward syslog messages

Starting with Dragon Enterprise Management Server (EMS) v7.4.0 appliances, you must use syslog-ng for forwarding events to a Security and Information Manager such as QRadar.

Syslogd has been replaced by syslog-ng in Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and above.

To configure EMS to forward syslog messages, you must choose one of the following:

- If you are using syslog-ng and Enterasys Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and above, see [Configuring syslog-ng Using Enterasys Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and above](#).
- If you are using syslogd and Enterasys Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and below, see [Configuring syslogd Using Enterasys Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and below](#).

Configuring syslog-ng Using Enterasys Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and above

This section describes the steps to configure syslog-ng in non-encrypted mode and syslogd to forward syslog messages to QRadar.

If you are using encrypted syslog-ng, refer to your Enterasys documentation.

CAUTION: Do not run both `syslog-ng` and `syslogd` at the same time.

To configure `syslog-ng` in non-encrypted mode:

Step 1 On your EMS system, open the following file:

```
/opt/syslog-ng/etc/syslog-ng.conf
```

Step 2 Configure a Facility filter for the Syslog notification rule.

For example, if you selected facility `local1`:

```
filter filt_facility_local1 {facility(local1);};
```

Step 3 Configure a Level filter for the Syslog notification rule.

For example, if you selected level `notice`:

```
filter filt_level_notice {level(notice);};
```

Step 4 Configure a destination statement for the QRadar.

For example, if the IP address of the QRadar is `10.10.1.1` and you want to use syslog port of `514`, type:

```
destination siem { tcp("10.10.1.1" port(514));};
```

Step 5 Add a log statement for the notification rule:

```
log {
  source(s_local);
  filter (filt_facility_local1); filter (filt_level_notice);
  destination(siem);
};
```

Step 6 Save the file and restart `syslog-ng`.

```
cd /etc/rc.d
./rc.syslog-ng stop
./rc.syslog-ng start
```

Step 7 The Enterasys Dragon EMS configuration is complete.

Configuring `syslogd` Using Enterasys Dragon EMS v7.4.0 and below

If your Dragon Enterprise Management Server (EMS) is using a version earlier than v7.4.0 on the appliance, you must use `syslogd` for forwarding events to a Security and Information Manager such as QRadar.

To configure `syslogd`, you must:

Step 1 On the Dragon EMS system, open the following file:

```
/etc/syslog.conf
```

Step 2 Add a line to forward the facility and level you configured in the syslog notification rule to QRadar.

For example, to define the `local1` facility and `notice` level:

```
local1.notice @<IP address>
```

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar system.

Step 3 Save the file and restart syslogd.

```
cd /etc/rc.d
./rc.syslog stop
./rc.syslog start
```

The Enterasys Dragon EMS configuration is complete.

Enterasys HiGuard Wireless IPS

The Enterasys HiGuard Wireless IPS DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant events using syslog

Before configuring the Enterasys HiGuard Wireless IPS device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.

Configure Enterasys HiGuard

To configure the device to forward syslog events:

Step 1 Log in to the HiGuard Wireless IPS user interface.

Step 2 In the left navigation pane, click **Syslog**, which allows the management server to send events to designated syslog receivers.

The Syslog Configuration panel is displayed.

Step 3 In the System Integration Status section, enable syslog integration.

This allows the management server to send messages to the configured syslog servers. By default, the management server enables syslog.

The Current Status field displays the status of the syslog server. The options are: Running or Stopped. An error status is displayed if one of the following occurs:

- One of the configured and enabled syslog servers includes a hostname that cannot be resolved.
- The management server is stopped.
- An internal error has occurred. If this occurs, please contact Enterasys Technical Support.

Step 4 From **Manage Syslog Servers**, click **Add**.

The Syslog Configuration window is displayed.

Step 5 Type values for the following parameters:

- **Syslog Server (IP Address/Hostname)** - Type the IP address or hostname of the syslog server to which events should be sent.

Note: Configured syslog servers use the DNS names and DNS suffixes configured in the Server initialization and Setup Wizard on the HWMH Config Shell.

- **Port Number** - Type the port number of the syslog server to which HWMH sends events. The default is 514.
- **Message Format** - Select **Plain Text** as the format for sending events.

- **Enabled?** - Select if the events are to be sent to this syslog server.

Step 6 Save your configuration.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as HiGuard events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Enterasys HiGuard are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Enterasys HiGuard. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Enterasys HiGuard:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Enterasys HiGuard**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 27-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Enterasys HiGuard.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Enterasys HiPath Wireless Controller The Enterasys HiPath Wireless Controller DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant events using syslog.

Supported event types QRadar supports the following Enterasys HiPath Wireless Controller events:

- Wireless access point events
- Application log events
- Service log events
- Audit log events

Configure your HiPath Wireless Controller

To integrate your Enterasys HiPath Wireless Controller events with QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.

To forward syslog events to QRadar:

- Step 1** Log in to the HiPath Wireless Assistant.
- Step 2** Click **Wireless Controller Configuration**.
The HiPath Wireless Controller Configuration window is displayed.
- Step 3** From the menu, click **System Maintenance**.
- Step 4** From the Syslog section, select the **Syslog Server IP** check box and type the IP address of the device receiving the syslog messages.
- Step 5** Using the **Wireless Controller Log Level** list box, select **Information**.
- Step 6** Using the **Wireless AP Log Level** list box, select **Major**.
- Step 7** Using the **Application Logs** list box, select **local.0**.
- Step 8** Using the **Service Logs** list box, select **local.3**.
- Step 9** Using the **Audit Logs** list box, select **local.6**.
- Step 10** Click **Apply**.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Enterasys HiPath. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Enterasys HiPath:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Enterasys HiPath**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 27-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Enterasys HiPath.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. For more information about your Enterasys HiPath Wireless Controller device, see your vendor documentation.

**Enterasys
Stackable and
Standalone
Switches**

The Enterasys Stackable and Standalone Switches DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant events. Before configuring an Enterasys Stackable and Standalone Switches device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.

To configure the device to forward syslog events to QRadar:

Step 1 Log in to the Enterasys Stackable and Standalone Switch device.

Step 2 Type the following command:

```
set logging server <index> [ip-addr <IP address>] [facility
<facility>] [severity <severity>] [descr <description>] [port
<port>] [state <enable | disable>]
```

Where:

<index> is the server table index number (1 to 8) for this server.

<ip address> is the IP address of the server you wish to send syslog messages. This is an optional field. If you do not define an IP address, an entry in the Syslog server table is created with the specified index number and a message is displayed indicating that no IP address has been assigned.

<facility> is a syslog facility. Valid values are `local0` to `local7`. This is an optional field. If not specified, the default value configured with the `set logging default` command is applied.

<severity> is the server severity level that the server will log messages. The valid range is 1 to 8. If not specified, the default value configured with the `set logging default` command is applied. This is an optional field. Valid values include:

- 1: Emergencies (system is unusable)
- 2: Alerts (immediate action required)
- 3: Critical conditions
- 4: Error conditions
- 5: Warning conditions
- 6: Notifications (significant conditions)
- 7: Informational messages
- 8: Debugging messages

<description> is a description of the facility/server. This is an optional field.

`<port>` is the default UDP port that the client uses to send messages to the server. If not specified, the default value configured with the `set logging default` command is applied. This is an optional field.

`<enable | disable>` enables or disables this facility/server configuration. This is an optional field. If state is not specified, the server will not be enabled or disabled.

Step 3 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an Enterasys Stackable and Standalone Switch device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select one of the following options: **Enterasys Stackable and Standalone Switches, Enterasys A-Series, Enterasys B2-Series, Enterasys B3-Series, Enterasys C2-Series, Enterasys C3-Series, Enterasys D-Series, Enterasys G-Series, or Enterasys I-Series.**

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Source Users Guide*.

For more information about your Enterasys Stackable and Standalone Switches, see your vendor documentation.

Enterasys XSR Security Router

The Enterasys XSR Security Router DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant events. Before configuring an Enterasys XSR Security Router in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.

To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:

Step 1 Using Telnet or SSH, log in to the XSR Security Router command-line interface.

Step 2 Type the following command to access config mode:

```
enable
config
```

Step 3 Type the following command:

```
logging <IP address> low
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of your QRadar.

Step 4 Exit from config mode.

Step 5 Save the configuration:

```
exit
copy running-config startup-config
```

Step 6 You are now ready to configure the log sources in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an Enterasys XSR Security Router:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Enterasys XSR Security Routers**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information about your Enterasys XSR Security Router, see your vendor documentation.

Enterasys Matrix Router

The Enterasys Matrix Router DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Enterasys Matrix events using SNMPv1, SNMPv2, SNMPv3, and syslog.

You can integrate Enterasys Matrix Router version 3.5 with QRadar. QRadar records all SNMP events and syslog login, logout, and login failed events. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with Enterasys Matrix, you must:

Step 1 Log in to the switch/router as a privileged user.

Step 2 Type the following command:

```
set logging server <server number> description <description>
facility <facility> ip_addr <ip address> port <port> severity
<severity>
```

Where:

<server number> is the server number 1 to 8.

<description> is a description of the server.

<facility> is a syslog facility, for example, local0.

<ip address> is the IP address of the server you wish to send syslog messages.

<port> is the default UDP port that the client uses to send messages to the server. Use port 514 unless otherwise stated.

<severity> is the server severity level 1 to 9 where 1 indicates an emergency and 8 is debug level.

For example:

```
set logging server 5 description ourlogserver facility local0
ip_addr 1.2.3.4 port 514 severity 8
```

Step 3 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an Enterasys Matrix device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Enterasys Matrix E1 Switch**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Enterasys NetSight Automatic Security Manager

The Enterasys NetSight Automatic Security Manager DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant events. Before configuring an Enterasys NetSight Automatic Security Manager device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.

To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:

- Step 1** Log in to the Automatic Security Manager user interface.
- Step 2** Click the Automated Security Manager icon to access the Automated Security Manager Configuration window.
 - Note:** You can also access the Automated Security Manager Configuration window from the Tool menu.
- Step 3** From the left navigation menu, select **Rule Definitions**.
- Step 4** Choose one of the following options:
 - a If a rule is currently configured, highlight the rule. Click **Edit**.
 - b To create a new rule, click **Create**.
- Step 5** Select the **Notifications** check box.
- Step 6** Click **Edit**.

The Edit Notifications window is displayed.
- Step 7** Click **Create**.

The Create Notification window is displayed.
- Step 8** Using the **Type** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 9** In the **Syslog Server IP/Name** field, type the IP address of the device that will receive syslog traffic.
- Step 10** Click **Apply**.
- Step 11** Click **Close**.
- Step 12** In the **Notification** list box, select the notification configured above.
- Step 13** Click **OK**.
- Step 14** You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an Enterasys NetSight Automatic Security Manager device:

- From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Enterasys NetsightASM**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information about your Enterasys NetSight Automatic Security Manager device, see your vendor documentation.

**Enterasys Matrix
K/N/S Series Switch**

The Enterasys Matrix Series DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant Matrix K-Series, N-Series, or S-Series standalone device events.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Matrix K-Series, N-Series, or S-Series, you must:

Step 1 Log in to your Enterasys Matrix device command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Type the following commands:

```
set logging server 1 ip-addr <IP Address of Event Processor>
state enable

set logging application RtrAcl level 8
set logging application CLI level 8
set logging application SNMP level 8
set logging application Webview level 8
set logging application System level 8
set logging application RtrFe level 8
set logging application Trace level 8
set logging application RtrLSNat level 8
set logging application FlowLimt level 8
set logging application UPN level 8
set logging application AAA level 8
set logging application Router level 8
set logging application AddrNtfy level 8
set logging application OSPF level 8
set logging application VRRP level 8
set logging application RtrArpProc level 8
set logging application LACP level 8
set logging application RtrNat level 8
set logging application RtrTwcb level 8
set logging application HostDoS level 8
set policy syslog extended-format enable
```

For more information on configuring the Matrix Series routers or switches, consult your vendor documentation.

Step 3 You are now ready to configure the log sources in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an Enterasys Matrix Series device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Enterasys Matrix K/N/S Series Switch**.

For information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Enterasys NAC

The Enterasys NAC DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events.

For details on configuring your Enterasys NAC appliances for syslog, consult your vendor documentation. After the Enterasys NAC appliance is forwarding syslog events to QRadar, the configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Enterasys NAC events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by Enterasys NAC appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Enterasys NAC. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Enterasys NAC:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Enterasys NAC**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 27-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Enterasys NAC appliances.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

**Enterasys
800-Series Switch**

The Enterasys 800-Series Switch DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant audit, authentication, system, and switch events. Before configuring your Enterasys 800-Series Switch in QRadar, you must configure your switch to forward syslog events.

**Configure your
Enterasys 800-Series
Switch**

To configure the device to forward syslog events:

Step 1 Log in to your Enterasys 800-Series Switch command-line interface.

You must be a system administrator or operator-level user to complete these configuration steps.

Step 2 Type the following command to enable syslog:

```
enable syslog
```

Step 3 Type the following command to create a syslog address for forwarding events to QRadar:

```
create syslog host 1 <IP address> severity informational
facility local7 udp_port 514 state enable
```

Where **<IP address>** is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 4 Optional. Type the following command to forward syslog events using an IP interface address:

```
create syslog source_ipif <name> <IP address>
```

Where:

<name> is the name of your IP interface.

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Enterasys 800-Series Switch events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Enterasys 800-Series Switches are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

**Configure a log
source**

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Enterasys 800-Series Switches. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Enterasys 800-Series Switch**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 27-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Enterasys 800-Series Switch.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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EXTREME NETWORKS EXTREMEWARE

The Extreme Networks ExtremeWare DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant Extreme Networks ExtremeWare and ExtremeWare XOS devices events from using syslog.

To integrate QRadar with an ExtremeWare device, you must configure a log source in QRadar, then configure your Extreme Networks ExtremeWare and ExtremeWare XOS devices to forward syslog events. QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from ExtremeWare appliances.

Configuring a log source To integrate with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive the incoming ExtremeWare events forwarded to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Extreme Networks ExtremeWare Operating System (OS)**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 28-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your ExtremeWare appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Extreme Networks ExtremeWare appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

For information on configuring syslog forwarding for your Extremeware appliances, see your vendor documentation.

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F5 NETWORKS

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM](#)
- [F5 Networks BIG-IP APM](#)
- [F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM](#)
- [F5 Networks BIG-IP LTM](#)
- [F5 Networks FirePass](#)

F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM

The F5 Networks BIG-IP Advanced Firewall Manager (AFM) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events forwarded from F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM systems in name-value pair format.

Supported event types

QRadar is capable of collecting the following events from F5 BIG-IP appliances with Advanced Firewall Managers:

- Network events
- Network Denial of Service (DoS) events
- Protocol security events
- DNS events
- DNS Denial of Service (DoS) events

Before you begin

Before you can configure the Advanced Firewall Manager, you must verify that your BIG-IP appliance is licensed and provisions to include Advanced Firewall Manager.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your BIG-IP appliance Management Interface.
- Step 2** From the navigation menu, select **System > License**.
- Step 3** In the License Status column, verify the Advanced Firewall Manager is licensed and enabled.

Step 4 To enable the Advanced Firewall Manager, select **System > Resource Provisioning**.

Step 5 From the Provisioning column, select the check box and select **Nominal** from the list box.

Step 6 Click **Submit** to save your changes.

Configure a logging pool A logging pool allows you to define a pool of servers that receive syslog events. The pool contains the IP address, port, and a node name that you provide.

Procedure

Step 1 From the navigation menu, select **Local Traffic > Pools**.

Step 2 Click **Create**.

Step 3 In the **Name** field, type a name for the logging pool.
For example, Logging_Pool.

Step 4 From the **Health Monitor** field, in the Available list, select **TCP** and click <<. This moves the TCP option from the Available list to the Selected list.

Step 5 In the Resource pane, from the **Node Name** list box, select **Logging_Node** or the name you defined in [Step 3](#).

Step 6 In the **Address** field, type the IP address for the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 7 In the **Service Port** field, type **514**.

Step 8 Click **Add**.

Step 9 Click **Finish**.

Creating a high-speed log destination The process to configure logging for BIG-IP AFM requires that you create a high-speed logging destination.

Procedure

Step 1 From the navigation menu, select **System > Logs > Configuration > Log Destinations**.

Step 2 Click **Create**.

Step 3 In the **Name** field, type a name for the destination.
For example, Logging_HSL_dest.

Step 4 In the **Description** field, type a description.

Step 5 From the **Type** list box, select **Remote High-Speed Log**.

Step 6 From the **Pool Name** list box, select a logging pool from the list of remote log servers.
For example, Logging_Pool.

Step 7 From the **Protocol** list box, select **TCP**.

Step 8 Click **Finish**.

Creating a formatted log destination The formatted log destination allows you to specify any special formatting required on the events forwarded to the high-speed logging destination.

Procedure

Step 1 From the navigation menu, select **System > Logs > Configuration > Log Destinations**.

Step 2 Click **Create**.

Step 3 In the **Name** field, type a name for the logging format destination.
For example, Logging_Format_dest.

Step 4 In the **Description** field, type a description.

Step 5 From the **Type** list box, select **Remote Syslog**.

Step 6 From the **Syslog Format** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 7 From the **High-Speed Log Destination** list box, select your high-speed logging destination.

For example, Logging_HSL_dest.

Step 8 Click **Finished**.

Creating a log publisher Creating a publisher allows the BIG-IP appliance to publish the formatted log message to the local syslog database.

Procedure

Step 1 From the navigation menu, select **System > Logs > Configuration > Log Publishers**.

Step 2 Click **Create**.

Step 3 In the **Name** field, type a name for the publisher.
For example, Logging_Pub.

Step 4 In the **Description** field, type a description.

Step 5 From the **Destinations** field, in the Available list, select the log destination name you created in **Step 3** and click << to add items to the Selected list.

This moves your logging format destination from the Available list to the Selected list. To include local logging in your publisher configuration, you can add **local-db** and **local-syslog** to the Selected list.

Creating a logging profile Logging profiles allow you to configure the types of events that your Advanced Firewall Manager is producing and associates your events with the logging destination.

Procedure

- Step 1** From the navigation menu, select **Security > Event Logs > Logging Profile**.
- Step 2** Click **Create**.
- Step 3** In the **Name** field, type a name for the log profile.
For example, Logging_Profile.
- Step 4** In the **Network Firewall** field, select the **Enabled** check box.
- Step 5** From the **Publisher** list box, select the log publisher you configured.
For example, Logging_Pub.
- Step 6** In the **Log Rule Matches** field, select the **Accept**, **Drop**, and **Reject** check boxes.
- Step 7** In the **Log IP Errors** field, select the **Enabled** check box.
- Step 8** In the **Log TCP Errors** field, select the **Enabled** check box.
- Step 9** In the **Log TCP Events** field, select the **Enabled** check box.
- Step 10** In the **Storage Format** field, from the list box, select **Field-List**.
- Step 11** In the **Delimiter** field, type , (comma) as the delimiter for events.
- Step 12** In the **Storage Format** field, select all of the options in the Available Items list and click <<.

This moves the all Field-List options from the Available list to the Selected list.
- Step 13** In the IP Intelligence pane, from the **Publisher** list box, select the log publisher you configured.

For example, Logging_Pub.
- Step 14** Click **Finished**.

Associate the profile to a virtual server The log profile you created must be associated with a virtual server in the **Security Policy** tab. This allows the virtual server to process your network firewall events, along with local traffic.

Procedure

- Step 1** From the navigation menu, select **Local Traffic > Virtual Servers**.
- Step 2** Click the name of a virtual server to modify.
- Step 3** From the **Security** tab, select **Policies**.
- Step 4** From the **Log Profile** list box, select **Enabled**.
- Step 5** From the **Profile** field, in the Available list, select **Logging_Profile** or the name you specified in [Step 3](#) and click <<.

This moves the Logging_Profile option from the Available list to the Selected list.

Step 6 Click **Update** to save your changes.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a Log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **F5 Networks BIG-IP AFM**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 29-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your F5 BIG-IP AFM appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

F5 Networks BIG-IP APM

The F5 Networks BIG-IP Access Policy Manager (APM) DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects access and authentication security events from a BIG-IP APM device using syslog.

Configure remote syslog To configure your BIG-IP LTM device to forward syslog events to a remote syslog source, choose your BIG-IP APM software version:

- [Configure Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP APM 11.x](#)
- [Configure Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP APM 10.x](#)

Configure Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP APM 11.x

To configure syslog for F5 BIG-IP APM 11.x:

Step 1 Log in to the command-line of your F5 BIG-IP device.

Step 2 Type the following command to add a single remote syslog server:

```
tmsh syslog remote server {<Name> {host <IP Address>}}
```

Where:

<Name> is the name of the F5 BIG-IP APM syslog source.

<IP Address> is the IP address of the QRadar Console.

For example,

```
bigpipe syslog remote server {BIGIP_APM {host 10.100.100.101}}
```

Step 3 Type the following to save the configuration changes:

```
tmsh save sys config partitions all
```

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as F5 Networks BIG-IP APM events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by F5 Networks BIG-IP APM are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

Configure Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP APM 10.x

To configure syslog for F5 BIG-IP APM 10.x:

Step 1 Log in to the command-line of your F5 BIG-IP device.

Step 2 Type the following command to add a single remote syslog server:

```
bigpipe syslog remote server {<Name> {host <IP Address>}}
```

Where:

<Name> is the name of the F5 BIG-IP APM syslog source.

<IP Address> is the IP address of QRadar Console.

For example,

```
bigpipe syslog remote server {BIGIP_APM {host 10.100.100.101}}
```

Step 3 Type the following to save the configuration changes:

```
bigpipe save
```

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as F5 Networks BIG-IP APM events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by F5 Networks BIG-IP APM are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from F5 Networks BIG-IP APM appliances. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **F5 Networks BIG-IP APM**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 29-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your F5 Networks BIG-IP APM appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
 - Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
- The configuration is complete.

F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM

The F5 Networks BIG-IP Application Security Manager (ASM) DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects web application security events from BIG-IP ASM appliances using syslog.

Configure F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM

To forward syslog events from an F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM appliance to QRadar, you must configure a logging profile.

A logging profile allows you to configure remote storage for syslog events, which can be forwarded directly to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM appliance user interface.
- Step 2** On the navigation pane, select **Application Security > Options**.
- Step 3** Click **Logging Profiles**.
- Step 4** Click **Create**.
- Step 5** From the **Configuration** list box, select **Advanced**.
- Step 6** Configure the following parameters:

- a Type a Profile Name.
For example, type `QRadar`.

- b Optional. Type a Profile Description.

Note: If you do not want data logged locally as well as remotely, you must clear the **Local Storage** check box.

- c Select the **Remote Storage** check box.

- d From the **Type** list box, select **Reporting Server**.

- e From the **Protocol** list box, select **TCP**.

- f Configure the **Server Addresses** fields:

- **IP address** - Type the IP address of the QRadar Console.

- **Port** - Type a port value of 514.

- g Select the **Guarantee Logging** check box.

Note: Enabling the Guarantee Logging option ensures the system log requests continue for the web application when the logging utility is competing for system resources. Enabling the Guarantee Logging option can slow access to the associated web application.

- h Select the **Report Detected Anomalies** check box, to allow the system to log details.

- i Click **Create**.

The display refreshes with the new logging profile. The log source is added to QRadar as F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM appliances. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 29-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
- The configuration is complete.

F5 Networks BIG-IP LTM

The F5 Networks BIG-IP Local Traffic Manager (LTM) DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects networks security events from a BIG-IP device using syslog.

Before receiving events in QRadar, you must configure a log source for QRadar, then configure your BIG-IP LTM device to forward syslog events. We recommend you create your log source before forward events as QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from F5 BIG-IP LTM appliances.

Configuring a log source

To integrate F5 BIG-IP LTM with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive syslog events.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **F5 Networks BIG-IP LTM**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 29-3 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your BIG-IP LTM appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

You are now ready to configure your BIG-IP LTM appliance to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Configuring syslog forwarding in BIG-IP LTM

To configure your BIG-IP LTM device to forward syslog events, select your BIG-IP LTM software version:

- [Configuring Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 11.x](#)
- [Configuring Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 10.x](#)
- [Configuring Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 9.4.2 to 9.4.8](#)

Configuring Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 11.x

To configure syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 11.x:

Step 1 Log in to the command-line of your F5 BIG-IP device.

Step 2 Type the following command to add a single remote syslog server:

```
tmsh syslog remote server {<Name> {host <IP Address>}}
```

Where:

<Name> is a name you assign to identify the syslog source, for example, BIGIPsyslog or QRadar.

<IP Address> is the IP address of QRadar.

For example,

```
tmsh syslog remote server {BIGIPsyslog {host 10.100.100.100}}
```

Step 3 Save the configuration changes:

```
tmsh save sys config partitions all
```

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded from your F5 Networks BIG-IP LTM appliance are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

Configuring Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 10.x

To configure syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 10.x:

Step 1 Log in to the command-line of your F5 BIG-IP device.

Step 2 Type the following command to add a single remote syslog server:

```
bigpipe syslog remote server {<Name> {host <IP Address>}}
```


Where:

<Name> is the name of the F5 BIG-IP LTM syslog source.

<IP Address> is the IP address of QRadar.

For example:

```
bigpipe syslog remote server {BIGIPsyslog {host 10.100.100.100}}
```

Step 3 Save the configuration changes:

```
bigpipe save
```

Note: F5 Networks modified the syslog output format in BIG-IP v10.x to include the use of `local/` before the hostname in the syslog header. The syslog header format containing `local/` is not supported in QRadar, but a workaround is available to correct the syslog header. For more information, see <http://www.ibm.com/support>.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded from your F5 Networks BIG-IP LTM appliance are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

Configuring Remote Syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 9.4.2 to 9.4.8

To configure syslog for F5 BIG-IP LTM 9.4.2 to 9.4.8:

Step 1 Log in to the command-line of your F5 BIG-IP device.

Step 2 Type the following command to add a single remote syslog server:

```
bigpipe syslog remote server <IP Address>
```

Where <IP Address> is the IP address of QRadar.

For example:

```
bigpipe syslog remote server 10.100.100.100
```

Step 3 Type the following to save the configuration changes:

```
bigpipe save
```

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded from your F5 Networks BIG-IP LTM appliance are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

F5 Networks FirePass

The F5 Networks FirePass DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects system events from an F5 FirePass SSL VPN device using syslog.

By default, remote logging is disabled and must be enabled in the F5 Networks FirePass device. Before receiving events in QRadar, you must configure your F5 Networks FirePass device to forward system events to QRadar as a remote syslog server.

Configuring syslog forwarding for F5 FirePass

To forward syslog events from an F5 Networks BIG-IP FirePass SSL VPM appliance to QRadar, you must enable and configure a remote log server.

The remote log server can forward events directly to your QRadar Console or any Event Collectors in your deployment.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the F5 Networks FirePass Admin Console.
- Step 2** On the navigation pane, select **Device Management > Maintenance > Logs**.
- Step 3** From the **System Logs** menu, select the **Enable Remote Log Server** check box.
- Step 4** From the **System Logs** menu, clear the **Enable Extended System Logs** check box.
- Step 5** In the **Remote host** parameter, type the IP address or hostname of your QRadar.
- Step 6** From the **Log Level** list box, select **Information**.
The Log Level parameter monitors application level system messages.
- Step 7** From the **Kernel Log Level** list box, select **Information**.
The Kernel Log Level parameter monitors Linux kernel system messages.
- Step 8** Click **Apply System Log Changes**.

The changes are applied and the configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as F5 Networks FirePass events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from F5 Networks FirePass appliances. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **F5 Networks FirePass**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 29-4 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your F5 Networks FirePass appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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FAIR WARNING

The Fair Warning DSM for IBM Security QRadar retrieves event files from a remote source using the log file protocol.

QRadar records event categories from the Fair Warning log files about user activity related to patient privacy and security threats to medical records. Before you can retrieve log files from Fair Warning, you must verify your device is configured to generate an event log. Instructions for generating the event log can be found in your Fair Warning documentation.

When configuring the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the Fair Warning system is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File Protocol configuration.

Configuring a log source You can configure QRadar to download an event log from a Fair Warning device.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Fair Warning**.
- Step 9** Select the **Log File** option from the **Protocol Configuration** list box.
- Step 10** In the **FTP File Pattern** field, type a regular expression that matches the log files generated by the Fair Warning system.
- Step 11** In the **Remote Directory** field, type the path to the directory containing logs from your Fair Warning device.
- Step 12** From the **Event Generator** list box, select **Fair Warning**.
- Step 13** Click **Save**.
- Step 14** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. For more information on full parameters for the Log File protocol, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information on configuring Fair Warning, consult your vendor documentation.

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FIDELIS XPS

The Fidelis XPS DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events forwarded in Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF) from Fidelis XPS appliances using syslog.

Supported event types QRadar is capable of collecting all relevant alerts triggered by policy and rule violations configured on your Fidelis XPS appliance.

Event type format Fidelis XPS must be configured to generate events in Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF) and forward these events using syslog. The LEEF format consists of a pipe (|) delimited syslog header and tab separated fields in the event payload.

If the syslog events forwarded from your Fidelis XPS is not formatted as described above, you must examine your device configuration or software version to ensure your appliance supports LEEF. Properly formatted LEEF event messages are automatically discovered and added as a log source to QRadar.

Configuring Fidelis XPS You can configure syslog forwarding of alerts from your Fidelis XPS appliance.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to CommandPost to manage your Fidelis XPS appliance.

Step 2 From the navigation menu, select **System > Export**.

A list of available exports is displayed. If this is the first time you have used the export function, the list is empty.

Step 3 Select one of the following options:

- Click **New** to create a new export for your Fidelis XPS appliance.
- Click **Edit** next to an export name to edit an existing export on your Fidelis XPS appliance.

The Export Editor is displayed.

Step 4 From the **Export Method** list box, select **Syslog LEEF**.

Step 5 In the **Destination** field, type the IP address or host name for QRadar.

For example, 10.10.10.100:::514

This field does not support non-ASCII characters.

Step 6 From **Export Alerts**, select one of the following options:

- **All alerts** - Select this option to export all alerts to QRadar. This option is resource intensive and it can take time to export all alerts.
- **Alerts by Criteria** - Select this option to export specific alerts to QRadar. This option displays a new field that allows you to define your alert criteria.

Step 7 From **Export Malware Events**, select **None**.

Step 8 From **Export Frequency**, select **Every Alert / Malware**.

Step 9 In the **Save As** field, type a name for your export.

Step 10 Click **Save**.

Step 11 Optional. To verify events are forwarded to QRadar, you can click **Run Now**.

Run Now is intended as a test tool to verify that alerts selected by criteria are exported from your Fidelis appliance. This option is not available if you selected to export all events in [Step 6](#).

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Fidelis XPS syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Fidelis XPS are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Fidelis XPS. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Fidelis XPS**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 31-5 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Fidelis XPS appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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FIRE EYE

The FireEye DSM for IBM Security QRadar SIEM accepts rsyslog events in Log Event Extended Format (LEEF).

Supported event types This DSM applies to FireEye MPS, eMPS and MA appliances. QRadar records all relevant notification alerts sent by FireEye appliances.

Configuring a log source To integrate FireEye events with QRadar, you must manually create a log source as QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from FireEye appliances.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **FireEye**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 32-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your FireEye appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The log source is added to QRadar.

Configuring FireEye to forward syslog events You are now ready to configure your FireEye appliance to forward syslog events.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the FireEye appliance using the CLI.

Step 2 Type the following command to activate configuration mode:

```
enable
configure terminal
```

Step 3 Enable rsyslog notifications:

```
fenotify rsyslog enable
```

Step 4 Add QRadar as an rsyslog notification consumer:

```
fenotify rsyslog trap-sink QRadar
```

Step 5 Type the IP address for the QRadar system receiving rsyslog trap-sink notifications:

```
fenotify rsyslog trap-sink QRadar address <IP address>
```

Where <IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar system.

Step 6 Type the following command to define the rsyslog event format:

```
fenotify rsyslog trap-sink QRadar prefer message format leaf
```

Step 7 Save the configuration changes to the FireEye appliance:

```
write memory
```

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded by FireEye are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

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FORESCOUT COUNTERACT

The ForeScout CounterACT DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Log Extended Event Format (LEEF) events from CounterACT using syslog.

Supported event types QRadar records the following ForeScout CounterACT events:

- Denial of Service (DoS)
- Authentication
- Exploit
- Suspicious
- System

Configuring a log source To integrate ForeScout CounterACT with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive policy-based syslog events.

QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from ForeScout CounterACT appliances.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **ForeScout CounterACT**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 33-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your ForeScout CounterACT appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar.

Configure ForeScout CounterACT

Before configuring QRadar, you must install a plug-in for your ForeScout CounterACT appliance and configure ForeScout CounterACT to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Configure the ForeScout CounterACT Plug-in

To integrate QRadar with ForeScout CounterACT, you must download, install and configure a plug-in for CounterACT. The plug-in extends ForeScout CounterACT and provides the framework for forwarding LEEF events to QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 From the ForeScout website, download the plug-in for ForeScout CounterACT.

Step 2 Log in to your ForeScout CounterACT appliance.

Step 3 From the CounterACT Console toolbar, select **Options > Plugins > Install** and select the location of the plug-in file.

The plug-in is installed and displayed in the Plugins pane.

Step 4 From the Plugins pane, select the **QRadar** plug-in and click **Configure**.

The Add QRadar wizard is displayed.

Step 5 In the **Server Address** field, type IP address of QRadar.

Step 6 From the **Port** list box, select **514**.

Step 7 Click **Next**.

Step 8 From the Assigned CounterACT devices pane, choose one of the following options:

- **Default Server** - Select this option to make all devices on this ForeScout CounterACT forward events to QRadar.
- **Assign CounterACT devices** - Select this option to assign which individual devices running on ForeScout CounterACT forward events to QRadar. The Assign CounterACT devices option is only available if you have one or more ForeScout CounterACT server.

Step 9 Click **Finish**.

The plug-in configuration is complete. You are now ready to define the events forwarded to QRadar by ForeScout CounterACT policies.

Configuring ForeScout CounterACT Policies

ForeScout CounterACT policies test conditions to trigger management and remediation actions on the appliance.

The plug-in provides an additional action for policies to forward the event to the QRadar using syslog. To forward events to QRadar, you must define a CounterACT policy that includes the QRadar update action. The policy condition must be met at least once to initiate an event to QRadar. You must configure each policy to send updates to QRadar for events you want to record.

Procedure

- Step 1** Select a policy for ForeScout CounterACT.
- Step 2** From the Actions tree, select **Audit > Send Updates to QRadar Server**.
- Step 3** From the **Contents** tab, configure the following values:
 - a Select the **Send host property results** check box.
 - b Choose one of the type of events to forward for the policy:
 - **Send All** - Select this option to include all properties discovered for the policy to QRadar.
 - **Send Specific** - Select this option to select and send only specific properties for the policy to QRadar.
 - c Select the **Send policy status** check box.
- Step 4** From the **Trigger** tab, select the interval ForeScout CounterACT uses for forwarding the event to QRadar:
 - **Send when the action starts** - Select this check box to send a single event to QRadar when the conditions of your policy are met.
 - **Send when information is updated** - Select this check box to send a report when there is a change in the host properties specified in the **Contents** tab.
 - **Send periodically every** - Select this check box to send a reoccurring event to QRadar on an interval if the policy conditions are met.
- Step 5** Click **OK** to save the policy changes.
- Step 6** Repeat this process to configure any additional policies with an action to send updates to QRadar, if required.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded by ForeScout CounterACT are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

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FORTINET FORTIGATE

The Fortinet FortiGate DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant FortiGate IPS/Firewall events using syslog.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with the device, you must configure syslog within your FortiGate device. For more information on configuring a Fortinet FortiGate device, see your vendor documentation. After you configure your FortiGate device, then the configuration is complete.

The log source is added to QRadar as Fortinet FortiGate events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded by Fortinet FortiGate are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Fortinet FortiGate. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Fortinet FortiGate Security Gateway**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 34-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Fortinet FortiGate appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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FOUNDRY FASTIRON

You can integrate a Foundry FastIron device with IBM Security QRadar to collect all relevant events using syslog.

Configure syslog for Foundry FastIron To integrate QRadar with a Foundry FastIron RX device, you must configure the appliance to forward syslog events.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Foundry FastIron device command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Type the following command to enable logging:

```
logging on
```

Local syslog is now enabled with the following defaults:

- Messages of all syslog levels (Emergencies - Debugging) are logged.
- Up to 50 messages are retained in the local syslog buffer.
- No syslog server is specified.

Step 3 Type the following command to define an IP address for the syslog server:

```
logging host <IP Address>
```

Where <IP Address> is the IP address of your QRadar.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Foundry FastIron. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Foundry FastIron**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 35-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Foundry FastIron appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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GENERIC FIREWALL

The generic firewall server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events.

Configuring event properties

To configure QRadar to interpret the incoming generic firewall events:

Step 1 Forward all firewall logs to your QRadar.

For information on forwarding firewall logs from your generic firewall to QRadar, see your firewall vendor documentation.

Step 2 Open the following file:

```
/opt/qradar/conf/genericFirewall.conf
```

Make sure you copy this file to systems hosting the Event Collector and the QRadar Console.

Step 3 Restart the Tomcat server:

```
service tomcat restart
```

A message is displayed indicating that the Tomcat server has restarted.

Step 4 Enable or disable regular expressions in your patterns by setting the `regex_enabled` property accordingly. By default, regular expressions are disabled. For example:

```
regex_enabled=false
```

When you set the `regex_enabled` property to false, the system generates regular expressions based on the tags you entered while attempting to retrieve the corresponding data values from the logs.

When you set the `regex_enabled` property to true, you can define custom regex to control patterns. These regex are directly applied to the logs and the first captured group is returned. When defining custom regex patterns, you must adhere to regex rules, as defined by the Java programming language. For more information, see the following website: <http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/>

To integrate a generic firewall with QRadar, make sure you specify the classes directly instead of using the predefined classes. For example, the digit class `(/\d/)` becomes `[0-9]/`. Also, instead of using numeric qualifiers, re-write the expression to use the primitive qualifiers `(?/,/*/ and /+)`.

Step 5 Review the file to determine a pattern for accepted packets.

For example, if your device generates the following log messages for accepted packets:

```
Aug. 5, 2005 08:30:00 Packet accepted. Source IP: 192.168.1.1
Source Port: 80 Destination IP: 192.168.1.2 Destination Port: 80
Protocol: tcp
```

The pattern for accepted packets is `Packet accepted`.

Step 6 Add the following to the file:

```
accept_pattern=<accept pattern>
```

Where `<accept pattern>` is the pattern determined in [Step 5](#). For example:

```
accept pattern=Packet accepted
```

Patterns are case insensitive.

Step 7 Review the file to determine a pattern for denied packets.

For example, if your device generates the following log messages for denied packets:

```
Aug. 5, 2005 08:30:00 Packet denied. Source IP: 192.168.1.1
Source Port: 21 Destination IP: 192.168.1.2 Destination Port: 21
Protocol: tcp
```

The pattern for denied packets is `Packet denied`.

Step 8 Add the following to the file:

```
deny_pattern=<deny pattern>
```

Where `<deny pattern>` is the pattern determined in [Step 7](#).

Patterns are case insensitive.

Step 9 Review the file to determine a pattern, if present, for the following:

source ip

source port

destination ip

destination port

protocol

For example, if your device generates the following log message:

```
Aug. 5, 2005 08:30:00 Packet accepted. Source IP: 192.168.1.1
Source Port: 80 Destination IP: 192.168.1.2 Destination Port: 80
Protocol: tcp
```

The pattern for source IP is `Source IP`.

Step 10 Add the following to the file:

```
source_ip_pattern=<source ip pattern>
```

```
source_port_pattern=<source port pattern>
```

```
destination_ip_pattern=<destination ip pattern>
```

```
destination_port_pattern=<destination port pattern>
```

```
protocol_pattern=<protocol pattern>
```

Where <source ip pattern>, <source port pattern>, <destination ip pattern>, <destination port pattern>, and <protocol pattern> are the corresponding patterns identified in [Step 9](#).

Note: Patterns are case insensitive and you can add multiple patterns. For multiple patterns, separate using a # symbol.

Step 11 Save and exit the file.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source To integrate generic firewalls with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive the events as QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for events from generic firewall appliances.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Configurable Firewall Filter**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 36-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your generic firewall appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by generic firewalls are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

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GENERIC AUTHORIZATION SERVER

The generic authorization server DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant generic authorization events using syslog.

Configuring event properties To configure QRadar to interpret the incoming generic authorization events:

Step 1 Forward all authentication server logs to your QRadar system.

For information on forwarding authentication server logs to QRadar, see your generic authorization server vendor documentation.

Step 2 Open the following file:

```
/opt/qradar/conf/genericAuthServer.conf
```

Make sure you copy this file to systems hosting the Event Collector and the Console.

Step 3 Restart the Tomcat server:

```
service tomcat restart
```

A message is displayed indicating that the Tomcat server has restarted.

Step 4 Enable or disable regular expressions in your patterns by setting the `regex_enabled` property accordingly. By default, regular expressions are disabled. For example:

```
regex_enabled=false
```

When you set the `regex_enabled` property to false, the system generates regular expressions (regex) based on the tags you entered while attempting to retrieve the corresponding data values from the logs.

When you set the `regex_enabled` property to true, you can define custom regex to control patterns. These regex are directly applied to the logs and the first captured group is returned. When defining custom regex patterns, you must adhere to regex rules, as defined by the Java programming language. For more information, see the following website: <http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/>

To integrate the generic authorization server with QRadar, make sure you specify the classes directly instead of using the predefined classes. For example, the digit class `(/\d/)` becomes `/[0-9]/`. Also, instead of using numeric qualifiers, re-write the expression to use the primitive qualifiers `(/?/,/*/ and /+)`.

Step 5 Review the file to determine a pattern for successful login:

For example, if your authentication server generates the following log message for accepted packets:

```
Jun 27 12:11:21 expo sshd[19926]: Accepted password for root
from 10.100.100.109 port 1727 ssh2
```

The pattern for successful login is `Accepted password`.

Step 6 Add the following entry to the file:

```
login_success_pattern=<login success pattern>
```

Where `<login success pattern>` is the pattern determined in [Step 5](#).

For example:

```
login_success_pattern=Accepted password
```

All entries are case insensitive.

Step 7 Review the file to determine a pattern for login failures.

For example, if your authentication server generates the following log message for login failures:

```
Jun 27 12:58:33 expo sshd[20627]: Failed password for root from
10.100.100.109 port 1849 ssh2
```

The pattern for login failures is `Failed password`.

Step 8 Add the following to the file:

```
login_failed_pattern=<login failure pattern>
```

Where `<login failure pattern>` is the pattern determined for login failure.

For example:

```
login_failed_pattern=Failed password
```

All entries are case insensitive.

Step 9 Review the file to determine a pattern for logout:

For example, if your authentication server generates the following log message for logout:

```
Jun 27 13:00:01 expo su(pam_unix) [22723]: session closed for
user genuser
```

The pattern for lookout is `session closed`.

Step 10 Add the following to the `genericAuthServer.conf` file:

```
logout_pattern=<logout pattern>
```

Where `<logout pattern>` is the pattern determined for logout in [Step 9](#).

For example:

```
logout_pattern=session closed
```

All entries are case insensitive.

Step 11 Review the file to determine a pattern, if present, for source IP address and source port.

For example, if your authentication server generates the following log message:

```
Jun 27 12:11:21 expo sshd[19926]: Accepted password for root
from 10.100.100.109 port 1727 ssh2
```

The pattern for source IP address is `from` and the pattern for source port is `port`.

Step 12 Add an entry to the file for source IP address and source port:

```
source_ip_pattern=<source IP pattern>
source_port_pattern=<source port pattern>
```

Where `<source IP pattern>` and `<source port pattern>` are the patterns identified in [Step 11](#) for source IP address and source port.

For example:

```
source_ip_pattern=from
source_port_pattern=port
```

Step 13 Review the file to determine if a pattern exists for username.

For example:

```
Jun 27 12:11:21 expo sshd[19926]: Accepted password for root
from 10.100.100.109 port 1727 ssh2
```

The pattern for username is `for`.

Step 14 Add an entry to the file for the username pattern:

For example:

```
user_name_pattern=for
```

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source

To integrate generic authorization appliance event with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive the events as QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for events from generic authorization appliances.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Configurable Authentication message filter**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 37-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your generic authorization appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by generic authorization appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

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GREAT BAY BEACON

The Great Bay Beacon DSM for IBM Security QRadar supports syslog alerts from the Great Bay Beacon Endpoint Profiler.

QRadar records all relevant endpoint security events. Before you can integrate with QRadar, you must configure your Great Bay Beacon Endpoint Profiler to forward syslog event messages to QRadar.

Configuring syslog for Great Bay Beacon

You can configure your Great Bay Beacon Endpoint Profiler to forward syslog events.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Great Bay Beacon Endpoint Profiler.
- Step 2** To create an event, select **Configuration > Events > Create Events**.
A list of currently configured events is displayed.
- Step 3** From the Event Delivery Method pane, select the **Syslog** check box.
- Step 4** To apply your changes, select **Configuration Apply Changes > Update Modules**.
- Step 5** Repeat **Step 2** to **Step 4** to configure all of the events you want to monitor in QRadar.
- Step 6** Configure QRadar as an external log source for your Great Bay Beacon Endpoint Profiler.

For information on configuring QRadar as an external log source, see the *Great Bay Beacon Endpoint Profiler Configuration Guide*.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Great Bay Beacon. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Great Bay Beacon**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 38-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Great Bay Beacon appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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HBGARY ACTIVE DEFENSE

The HBGary Active Defense DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts several event types forwarded from HBGary Active Defense devices, such as access, system, system configuration, and policy events.

Events from Active Defense are forwarded in the Log Event Extended Format (LEEF) to QRadar using syslog. Before you can configure QRadar, you must configure a route for your HBGary Active Defense device to forward events to a syslog destination.

Configuring HBGary Active Defense You can configure a route for syslog events in Active Defense for QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Active Defense Management Console.
- Step 2** From the navigation menu, select **Settings > Alerts**.
- Step 3** Click **Add Route**.
- Step 4** In the **Route Name** field, type a name for the syslog route you are adding to Active Defense.
- Step 5** From the **Route Type** list box, select **LEEF (Q1 Labs)**.
- Step 6** In the Settings pane, configure the following values:
 - **Host** - Type the IP address or hostname for your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
 - **Port** - Type **514** as the port number.
- Step 7** In the Events pane, select any events you want to forward to QRadar.
- Step 8** Click **OK** to save your configuration changes.

The Active Defense device configuration is complete. You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar. For more information on configuring a route in Active Defense, see your HBGary Active Defense User Guide.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for LEEF formatted syslog events forwarded from Active Defense. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **HBGary Active Defense**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 39-1 HBGary Active Defense syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your HBGary Active Defense device. The IP address or hostname identifies your HBGary Active Defense device as a unique event source in QRadar.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources Users Guide*.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The HBGary Active Defense configuration is complete.

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HONEYCOMB LEXICON FILE INTEGRITY MONITOR (FIM)

You can use the Honeycomb Lexicon File Integrity Monitor (FIM) DSM with IBM Security QRadar to collect detailed file integrity events from your network.

Configuration overview

QRadar supports syslog events that are forwarded from Lexicon File Integrity Monitor installations that use Lexicon mesh v3.1 and above. The syslog events that are forwarded by Lexicon FIM are formatted as Log Extended Event Format (LEEF) events by the Lexicon mesh service.

To integrate Lexicon FIM events with QRadar, you must complete the following tasks:

- 1 On your Honeycomb installation, configure the Lexicon mesh service to generate syslog events in LEEF.
- 2 On your Honeycomb installation, configure any Lexicon FIM policies for your Honeycomb data collectors to forward FIM events to your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- 3 On your QRadar Console, verify that a Lexicon FIM log source is created and that events are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.
- 4 Optional. Ensure that no firewall rules block communication between your Honeycomb data collectors and the QRadar Console or Event Collector that is responsible for receiving events.

Supported Honeycomb FIM event types logged by QRadar

The Honeycomb FIM DSM for QRadar can collect events from several categories.

Each event category contains low-level events that describe the action that is taken within the event category. For example, file rename events might have a low-level categories of either file rename successful or file rename failed.

The following list defines the event categories that are collected by QRadar for Honeycomb file integrity events:

- Baseline events
- Open file events
- Create file events
- Rename file events

- Modify file events
- Delete file events
- Move file events
- File attribute change events
- File ownership change events

QRadar can also collect Windows and other log files that are forwarded from Honeycomb Lexicon. However, any event that is not a file integrity event might require special processing by a Universal DSM or a log source extension in QRadar.

Configuring the Lexicon mesh service

To collect events in a format that is compatible with QRadar, you must configure your Lexicon mesh service to generate syslog events in LEEF.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Honeycomb LexCollect system that is configured as the dbContact system in your network deployment.
- Step 2** Locate the Honeycomb installation directory for the installImage directory.
For example, `c:\Program Files\Honeycomb\installImage\data`.
- Step 3** Open the `mesh.properties` file.
If your deployment does not contain Honeycomb LexCollect, you can edit `mesh.properties` manually.
For example, `c:\Program Files\mesh`
- Step 4** To export syslog events in LEEF, edit the **formatter** field.
For example, `formatter=leef`.
- Step 5** Save your changes.

The mesh service is configured to output LEEF events. For information about the Lexicon mesh service, see your Honeycomb documentation.

Configuring a Honeycomb Lexicon FIM log source in QRadar

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for file integrity events that are forwarded from the Honeycomb Lexicon File Integrity Monitor. This procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

- Step 7** Optional. In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Honeycomb Lexicon File Integrity Monitor**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 40-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Honeycomb Lexicon FIM installation. The log source identifier must be unique value.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	From the list box, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10. The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list box, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events. By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list box from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list box, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information. By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list box from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
Honeycomb Lexicon File Integrity Monitor events that are forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

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HP

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [HP ProCurve](#)
- [HP Tandem](#)
- [Hewlett Packard UNIX \(HP-UX\)](#)

HP ProCurve

You can integrate an HP ProCurve device with IBM Security QRadar to record all relevant HP Procurve events using syslog.

Configuring syslog for HP ProCurve

You can configure your HP ProCurve device to forward syslog events to QRadar

Procedure

- Step 1** Log into the HP ProCurve device.
- Step 2** Type the following command to make global configuration level changes.
`config`
If successful, the CLI will change to `ProCurve (config) #` as the prompt.
- Step 3** Type the following command to `logging <syslog-ip-addr>`
Where `<syslog-ip-addr>` is the IP address of the QRadar.
- Step 4** To exit config mode, press CTRL+Z.
- Step 5** Type `write mem` to save the current configuration to the startup configuration for your HP ProCurve device.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for LEEF formatted syslog events forwarded from Active Defense. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **HP ProCurve**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 41-1 HP ProCurve syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your HP ProCurve device.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

HP Tandem

You can integrate an HP Tandem device with IBM Security QRadar. An HP Tandem device accepts SafeGuard Audit file events using a log file protocol source.

A log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host. The HP Tandem DSM supports the bulk loading of log files using the log file protocol source.

When configuring your HP Tandem device to use the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the HP Tandem device is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File Protocol configuration.

The SafeGuard Audit file names have the following format:

Axxxxxxxx

The single alphabetic character **A** is followed by a seven-digit decimal integer **xxxxxxxx**, which increments by one each time a name is generated in the same audit pool.

You are now ready to configure the log source and protocol in QRadar:

Procedure

- Step 1** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **HP Tandem**.
- Step 2** To configure the log file protocol, from the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.

Note: Your system must be running the latest version of the log file protocol to integrate with an HP Tandem device:

For the full list of Log File protocol parameters, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about HP Tandem see your vendor documentation.

Hewlett Packard UNIX (HP-UX)

You can integrate an HP-UX device with IBM Security QRadar. An HP-UX DSM accepts events using syslog.

Configuring syslog for HP-UX

You can configure syslog on your HP-UX device to forward events to QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the HP-UX device command-line interface.

Step 2 Open the following file:

```
/etc/syslog.conf
```

Step 3 Add the following line:

```
<facility>.<level> <destination>
```

Where:

<facility> is auth.

<level> is info.

<destination> is the IP address of the QRadar.

Step 4 Save and exit the file.

Step 5 Type the following command to ensure that syslogd enforces the changes to the syslog.conf file.

```
kill -HUP `cat /var/run/syslog.pid`
```

Note: The above command is surrounded with back quotation marks.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events forwarded from HP-UX. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Hewlett Packard UniX**.

Step 9 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 41-1 HP-UX syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your Hewlett Packard UniX device.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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HUAWEI

This section includes configurations for the following DSMs:

- [Huawei AR Series Router](#)
- [Huawei S Series Switch](#)

Huawei AR Series Router

The Huawei AR Series Router DSM for IBM Security QRadar can accept events from Huawei AR Series Routers using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant IPv4 events forwarded from Huawei AR Series Router. To integrate your device with QRadar, you must create a log source, then configure your AR Series Router to forward syslog events.

Supported routers

The DSM supports events from the following Huawei AR Series Routers:

- AR150
- AR200
- AR1200
- AR2200
- AR3200

Configuring a log source

QRadar does not automatically discover incoming syslog events from Huawei AR Series Routers.

If your events are not automatically discovered, you must manually create a log source from the **Admin** tab in QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.

- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Huawei AR Series Router**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 42-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, host name, or name for the log source as an identifier for your Huawei AR Series Router. Each log source you create for your Huawei AR Series Router should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or host name.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. You are now ready to configure your Huawei AR Series Router to forward events to QRadar.

Configuring Your Huawei AR Series Router

To forward syslog events to QRadar, you must configure your Huawei AR Series Router as an information center, then configure a log host.

The log host you create for your Huawei AR Series Router should forward events to your QRadar Console or an Event Collector.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Huawei AR Series Router command-line Interface (CLI).
- Step 2** Type the following command to access the system view:
`system-view`
- Step 3** Type the following command to enable the information center:
`info-center enable`
- Step 4** Type the following command to send informational level log messages to the default channel:
`info-center source default channel loghost log level informational debug state off trap state off`
- Step 5** Optional. To verify your Huawei AR Series Router source configuration, type the command:
`display channel loghost`
- Step 6** Type the following command to configure the IP address for QRadar as the loghost for your switch:
`info-center loghost <IP address> facility <local>`

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<local> is the syslog facility, for example, local0.

For example,

```
info-center loghost 10.10.10.1 facility local0
```

Step 7 Type the following command to exit the configuration:

```
quit
```

The configuration is complete. You can verify events forwarded to QRadar by viewing events on the **Log Activity** tab.

Huawei S Series Switch

The Huawei S Series Switch DSM for IBM Security QRadar can accept events from Huawei S Series Switch appliances using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant IPv4 events forwarded from Huawei S Series Switches. To integrate your device with QRadar, you must configure a log source, then configure your S Series Switch to forward syslog events.

Supported switches

The DSM supports events from the following Huawei S Series Switches:

- S5700
- S7700
- S9700

Configuring a log source

QRadar does not automatically discover incoming syslog events from Huawei S Series Switches.

If your events are not automatically discovered, you must manually create a log source from the **Admin** tab in QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Huawei S Series Switch**.

Step 9 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 42-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, host name, or name for the log source as an identifier for your Huawei S Series switch. Each log source you create for your Huawei S Series switch should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or host name.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. You are now ready to configure your Huawei S Series Switch to forward events to QRadar.

Configuring Your Huawei S Series Switch

To forward syslog events to QRadar, you must configure your Huawei S Series Switch as an information center, then configure a log host.

The log host you create for your Huawei S Series Switch should forward events to your QRadar Console or an Event Collector.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Huawei S Series Switch command-line Interface (CLI).

Step 2 Type the following command to access the system view:

```
system-view
```

Step 3 Type the following command to enable the information center:

```
info-center enable
```

Step 4 Type the following command to send informational level log messages to the default channel:

```
info-center source default channel loghost log level informational debug state off trap state off
```

Step 5 Optional. To verify your Huawei S Series Switch source configuration, type the command:

```
display channel loghost
```

Step 6 Type the following command to configure the IP address for QRadar as the loghost for your switch:

```
info-center loghost <IP address> facility <local>
```

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<local> is the syslog facility, for example, local0.

For example,

```
info-center loghost 10.10.10.1 facility local0
```

Step 7 Type the following command to exit the configuration:

```
quit
```

The configuration is complete. You can verify events forwarded to QRadar by viewing events on the **Log Activity** tab.

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IBM

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- **IBM AIX**
- **IBM AS/400 iSeries**
- **IBM CICS**
- **IBM Lotus Domino**
- **IBM Proventia Management SiteProtector**
- **IBM ISS Proventia**
- **IBM RACF**
- **IBM DB2**
- **IBM WebSphere Application Server**
- **IBM Informix Audit**
- **IBM IMS**
- **IBM Guardium**
- **IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business**
- **IBM z/OS**
- **IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager**
- **IBM zSecure Alert**
- **IBM Security Identity Manager**
- **IBM Security Network Protection (XGS)**
- **IBM Security Network IPS**
- **IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On**

IBM AIX

IBM offers two DSMs for IBM Security QRadar that can collect and parse audit or operating system events from IBM AIX®.

Supported versions

QRadar supports the following versions of IBM AIX:

- The IBM AIX Audit DSM supports IBM AIX v6.1 and IBM AIX v7.1.
- The IBM AIX Server DSM supports IBM AIX v5.x and IBM AIX v6.x.

Available DSMs

QRadar can collect IBM AIX events with two available DSMs:

- **IBM AIX Audit DSM** - The IBM AIX Audit DSM collects detailed audit information for events that occur on your IBM AIX appliance. IBM AIX provides approximately 130 base audit events that you can collect.

QRadar can collect audit events using one of the following protocols:

- **Syslog** - To use syslog to collect audit events in real-time, you must redirect the audit log output to QRadar.
- **Log File** - To use the log file protocol, you must install the audit.pl script on your IBM AIX appliance and schedule the script to generate an event log file that contains QRadar readable audit events. You can then configure a log source in QRadar to retrieve your IBM AIX event logs. The shortest time period you can configure to retrieve events with the log file protocol is a 15 minute interval. Perl 5.8 or above is required on your IBM AIX appliance to use the audit script.
- **IBM AIX Server DSM** - The IBM AIX Server DSM collects operating system and authentication events using syslog for users that interact or log in to your IBM AIX appliance. Events can include:
 - Login or logoff events
 - Session opened or session closed events
 - Accepted password and failed password events
 - Operating system events

Configuration overview

IBM AIX supports multiple DSMs for events and methods for event collection.

Consider the following information when configuring QRadar:

- To collect audit events using the IBM AIX Audit DSM, you must select one of the following configuration options:
 - [Configuring syslog for the IBM AIX Audit DSM](#)
 - [Configuring the log file protocol for the IBM AIX Audit DSM](#)
- To collect system authentication events using the IBM AIX Server DSM, you must complete the system authentication syslog configuration. For more information, see [Configuring the IBM AIX Server DSM](#).

Configuring syslog for the IBM AIX Audit DSM

To collect audit events with syslog using the IBM AIX Audit DSM, you must redirect your audit log output from your IBM AIX appliance to QRadar.

You can configure the events generated by IBM AIX appliances for QRadar and enable or disable classes in the audit configuration. The default classes configured in IBM AIX captures a large number of audit events. To prevent performance issues, you can tune your IBM AIX appliance and reduce the number of classes collected per your network security policy. For more information on the audit classes, see your IBM AIX appliance documentation.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your IBM AIX appliance.

Step 2 Edit the audit configuration file:

```
/etc/security/audit/config
```

Step 3 In the Start section of the audit file, edit the configuration to disable binmode and enable streammode.

For example,

```
binmode = off
streammode = on
```

Step 4 In the Classes section of the audit file, edit the configuration to determine which classes are audited.

Step 5 Save the configuration changes.

Step 6 Edit the streamcmds configuration file on your IBM AIX appliance:

```
/etc/security/audit/streamcmds
```

Step 7 Add the following command to your streamcmds file:

```
/usr/sbin/auditstream | auditpr -h eclrRdi | /usr/bin/logger -p local0.debug &
```

Step 8 Save the configuration changes.

Step 9 Edit the syslog configuration file to include a debug entry and the location of QRadar.

For example,

```
*.debug @<QRadar>
```

Where <QRadar> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector. A tab must separate *.debug and the IP address of QRadar.

Step 10 Save the configuration changes.

Step 11 Type the following command to reload your syslog configuration:

```
refresh -s syslogd
```

Step 12 Type the following command to start the audit script on your IBM AIX appliance:

```
audit start
```

The configuration is complete. The IBM AIX Audit DSM automatically discovers syslog audit events that are forwarded from IBM AIX to QRadar. If the events are not automatically discovered, you can manually configure a log source.

Configuring a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for system authentication events forwarded from IBM AIX. This procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM AIX Audit**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 43-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your IBM AIX.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. The **Log Activity** tab of QRadar displays syslog audit events are redirected to syslog by IBM AIX.

Configuring the log file protocol for the IBM AIX Audit DSM

The log file protocol retrieves the event log created by the `audit.pl` script.

About this task

You can schedule the `audit.pl` script to run each time you want to convert your IBM AIX audit logs to a readable event log format for QRadar.

The audit script determines which audit logs to read based on the configuration of your audit configuration file in the `/etc/security/audit/config` directory on your IBM AIX appliance. The audit configuration allows you to identify the event classes that are audited and folder location for the event log file on your IBM AIX appliance. The audit script converts binary logs on your IBM AIX appliance to single line events that are readable by QRadar. The log file protocol then retrieves the event log from your IBM AIX appliance and imports the events to QRadar.

The default classes configured in IBM AIX captures a large number of audit events. You can configure the classes in the audit configuration on your IBM AIX system to prevent performance issues. For information on configuring audit classes, see your IBM AIX documentation.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your IBM AIX appliance.

Step 2 Edit the following audit configuration file:

```
/etc/security/audit/config
```

Step 3 In the Start section of the audit file, edit the configuration to enable binmode.

For example,

```
binmode = on
```

Step 4 In the Start section of the audit file, edit the configuration to determine which directories contain the binary audit logs.

In most cases, you do not have to edit the binary file (bin1 and bin2) directories.

For example, the default configuration for IBM AIX auditing writes binary logs to the following directories:

```
trail = /audit/trail
bin1 = /audit/bin1
bin2 = /audit/bin2
binsize = 10240
cmds = /etc/security/audit/bincmds
```

Step 5 In the Classes section of the audit file, edit the configuration to determine which classes are audited.

For information on configuring classes, see your IBM AIX documentation.

Step 6 Save the configuration changes.

Step 7 Type the following command to start auditing on your IBM AIX system:

```
audit start
```

You are now ready to install the audit script.

Installing and starting the audit script

You are required to install a version of Perl 5.8 or above on your IBM AIX appliance to use the audit.pl script.

About this task

The audit script uses audit.pr to convert the binary audit records to event log files QRadar can read. You must run the script each time you want to convert your audit records to readable events. A cronjob for the audit.pl script can automate this process. Add `0 * * * * /audit.pl` to allow the audit script to run hourly. The minimum interval the audit.pl script should run is 15 minutes, as the shortest time interval supported by the log file protocol to retrieve the event log is 15 minutes. Command parameters for audit.pl must be added with the cronjob you schedule on your IBM AIX appliance. For more information, see your system documentation.

Procedure

- Step 1** Download the following archive file from <http://www.ibm.com/support>:
`audit.pl.gz`
- Step 2** Copy the audit script to a folder on your IBM AIX appliance.
- Step 3** Type the following command to extract the file:
`tar -zxvf audit.pl.gz`
- Step 4** Type the following command, and include additional command parameters to start the audit script:
`./audit.pl`

Table 43-2 Command parameters

Parameters	Description
-r	<p>The -r parameter defines the results directory where the audit script writes event log files for QRadar.</p> <p>If you do not specify a results directory, the script writes the events to the following directory: <code>/audit/results/</code></p> <p>The directory you specify for your audit result files is required in the Remote Directory field when you configure a log source using the log file protocol.</p> <p>Note: To prevent errors, verify that your results directory exists on your IBM AIX system.</p>
-n	<p>The -n parameter allows you to define a unique name for the event log file generated by audit.pl. By default, audit files are processed as <code>AIX_AUDIT_<timestamp></code>.</p> <p>The value you specify using the -n parameter is required by the FTP File Pattern field to identify the event logs the log source must retrieve in QRadar</p>

Table 43-2 Command parameters (continued)

Parameters	Description
-l	The -l parameter defines the name of the last record file. By default, the last record file is named lastrecord.txt. The audit script uses last record file to determine the last event processed. The last record file ensures duplicate events are not added to the results file.
-m	The -m parameter defines the maximum number of audit files to retain on your IBM AIX system. By default, the script retains 30 audit files. When the number of audit files exceeds the value of the -m parameter, the script deletes the audit file with the oldest timestamp.
-t	The -t parameter defines the directory that contains the audit trail file. The default is /audit/trail.
-h	The -h parameter displays the help and usage information.
-v	The -v parameter displays the script version information.

The configuration is complete.

You are now ready to configure a log source for IBM AIX in QRadar.

Configure a log source

A log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve the audit log files from your IBM AIX appliance.

About this task

The log file protocol can retrieve and import log files in a time interval greater than 15 minutes. The log file protocol supports the SFTP, SCP, or FTP protocol to retrieve event files. When you configure the log file protocol in QRadar to retrieve IBM AIX audit log events, you must specify the audit log in the audit/results/ directory or the directory specified using the -r parameter. The log file protocol uses regex to determine which files to import and can track log files that are already imported and processed to prevent duplicate audit events in QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM AIX Audit**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:**Table 43-3** IBM AIX log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
Service Type	<p>From the list box, select the protocol you want to use to retrieve log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the IBM AIX appliance or remote host that contains your event log files.
Remote Port	<p>Type the port number for the protocol selected to retrieve the event logs from your IBM AIX appliance. The valid range is 1 to 65535.</p> <p>The options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, adjust the port value accordingly.</p>
Remote User	<p>Type the user name required to log in to the IBM AIX appliance that contains your audit event logs.</p> <p>The username can be up to 255 characters in length.</p>
Remote Password	Type the password to log in to your IBM AIX appliance.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password to log in to your IBM AIX appliance
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type , use this parameter to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	<p>Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.</p> <p>Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.</p>

Table 43-3 IBM AIX log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Recursive	<p>Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.</p> <p>The Recursive parameter is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.</p>
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All files that match the regular expression are retrieved and processed.</p> <p>The FTP file pattern must match the name you assigned to your AIX audit files by the -n parameter of the audit script. For example, to collect files that start with AIX_AUDIT and end with your timestamp value, type the following value:</p> <p>AIX_Audit_*</p> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list box, select ASCII.</p> <p>ASCII is required for text event logs retrieved by the log file protocol using FTP.</p>
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type, type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type a time value to represent the time of day you want the log file protocol to start. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p> <p>For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence parameter value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory on your IBM AIX appliance is scanned for new event log files.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency that you want to scan the remote directory on your IBM AIX appliance for new event log files. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H to scan the remote directory every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H and the minimum value is 15M.</p>

Table 43-3 IBM AIX log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save.</p> <p>After the save action completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	<p>From the list box, select NONE.</p> <p>Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.</p>
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	<p>Select this check box to track and ignore files that are already processed.</p> <p>QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file is already processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file. Only new or unprocessed event log files are downloaded by QRadar.</p> <p>This option only applies to FTP and SFTP service types.</p>
Change Local Directory?	<p>Select this check box to define a local directory on QRadar to store event log files during processing.</p> <p>We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory on QRadar to store event log files. After the event log is processed and the events added to QRadar, the local directory deletes the event log files to retain disk space.</p>
Event Generator	<p>From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine.</p> <p>The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.</p>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration for IBM AIX audit event collection with the log file protocol is complete. As the log file protocol retrieves events, they are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring the IBM AIX Server DSM

You can configure syslog on your IBM AIX appliance to forward operating system and authentication events to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your IBM AIX appliance as a root user.
- Step 2** Open the `/etc/syslog.conf` file.
- Step 3** To forward the system authentication logs to QRadar, add the following line to the file:

```
auth.info @<IP address>
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of the QRadar. A tab must separate `auth.info` and the IP address of QRadar.

For example,

```
##### begin /etc/syslog.conf
mail.debug /var/adm/maillog
mail.none /var/adm/maillog
auth.notice /var/adm/authlog
lpr.debug /var/adm/lpd-errs
kern.debug /var/adm/messages
*.emerg;*.alert;*.crit;*.warning;*.err;*.notice;*.info
/var/adm/messages
auth.info @<10.100.100.1>
##### end /etc/syslog.conf
```

- Step 4** Save and exit the file.
- Step 5** Type the following command to restart the syslog service:

```
refresh -s syslogd
```

After the syslog server restarts, the configuration is complete as system authentication syslog events are automatically discovered. If the events are not automatically discovered, you can manually configure a log source.

Configuring a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for system authentication events forwarded from IBM AIX. This procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM AIX Server**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 43-4 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your IBM AIX.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

IBM AS/400 iSeries

IBM Security QRadar has three options for integrating events from an IBM AS/400® (or IBM OS/400) iSeries using one of the following software products:

- **Integrating an IBM AS/400 iSeries DSM** - The IBM AS/400 iSeries DSM uses the DSPJRN command to write audit journal records to a database file that is pushed to an FTP server for retrieval by QRadar using the Log File protocol source.

For more information, see [Integrating an IBM AS/400 iSeries DSM](#).

For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see [Pulling Data Using Log File Protocol](#).

- **LogAgent for System i** - Accepts all Common Event Format (CEF) formatted syslog messages. You can integrate an IBM OS/400 device and above using the LogAgent for System i software. After you configure your LogAgent for System i software, use the Log File protocol source to pull the syslog CEF messages.

For more information, see your Patrick Townsend Security Solutions LogAgent for System i documentation.

For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see [Pulling Data Using Log File Protocol](#).

- **PowerTech Interact** - Accepts all Common Event Format (CEF) formatted syslog messages. You can integrate an IBM OS/400 device using the PowerTech Interact software. After you configure your PowerTech Interact software, use the Log File protocol source to pull the syslog CEF messages.

For more information, see your PowerTech Interact documentation.

- **Raz-Lee iSecurity** - Accepts iSecurity formatted events using the Log Enhanced Event Format protocol (LEEF). After you configure your iSecurity software, the syslog events are automatically discovered by QRadar. For more information, see [Configure Raz-Lee iSecurity](#).

Integrating an IBM AS/400 iSeries DSM

The QRadar IBM AS/400 iSeries DSM allows you to integrate with an IBM AS/400 iSeries to collect audit records and event information.

The IBM AS/400 iSeries DSM uses an agent running on the iSeries that manages, gathers and transfers the event information. The program leverages the DSPJRN

command to write audit journal records to a database file. These records are reformatted and forwarded to an FTP server where QRadar can retrieve the records using FTP.

To integrate IBM iSeries events into QRadar:

- Step 1** The IBM iSeries system records and writes security events in the Audit Journal and the QHST logs. QHST logs are stored in the Audit Journal as TYPE5 messages. For more information on configuring your AS/400 iSeries DSM, see [Configure an IBM iSeries to integrate with QRadar](#).
- Step 2** During your scheduled audit collection, the `AJLIB/AUDITJRN` command is run by an iSeries Job Scheduler using DSPJRN to collect, format and write the Audit Journal records to a database file. The database file containing the audit record information is transferred from the iSeries to an FTP server.
- Step 3** Use the log file protocol source to pull the formatted audit file from the FTP server on a scheduled basis. For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see [Pulling Data Using Log File Protocol](#).

Configure an IBM iSeries to integrate with QRadar

To integrate an IBM iSeries with QRadar:

- Step 1** From the IBM support website (<http://www.ibm.com/support>), download the following files:
`AJLIB.SAVF`
- Step 2** Copy the `AJLIB.SAVF` file onto a computer or terminal that has FTP access to the IBM AS/400 iSeries.
- Step 3** Create a generic online SAVF file on the iSeries using the command:
`CRTSAVF QGPL/SAVF`
- Step 4** Using FTP on the computer or terminal, replace the iSeries generic `SAVF` with the `AJLIB.SAVF` file downloaded from <http://www.ibm.com/support>.
`bin`
`cd qgpl`
`lcd c:\`
`put ajlib.savf savf`
`quit`
If you are transferring your SAVF file from another iSeries, the file must be sent with the required FTP subcommand **mode BINARY** before the GET or PUT statement.
- Step 5** Restore the AJLIB library on the IBM iSeries:
`RSTLIB`
- Step 6** Setup the data collection start date and time for the Audit Journal Library (AJLIB):
`AJLIB/SETUP`

You are prompted for a username and password. If you start the Audit Journal Collector a failure message is sent to QSYSOPR.

The setup function sets a default start date and time for data collection from the Audit Journal to 08:00:00 of the current day.

Note: To preserve your previous start date and time information for a previous installation you must run **AJLIB/DATETIME**. Record the previous start date and time and type those values when you run **AJLIB/SETUP**. The start date and time must contain a valid date and time in the six character system date and system time format. The end date and time must be a valid date and time or left blank.

Step 7 Run **AJLIB/DATETIME**.

This updates the IBM AS/400 iSeries with the data collection start date and time if you made changes.

Step 8 Run **AJLIB/AUDITJRN**.

This launches the Audit Journal Collection program to gather and send the records to your remote FTP server: If the transfer to the FTP server fails, a message is sent to QSYSOPR. The process for launching **AJLIB/AUDITJRN** is typically automated by an iSeries Job Scheduler to collect records periodically.

Note: If the FTP transfer is successful, the current data and time information is written into the start time for **AJLIB/DATETIME** to update the gather time and the end time is set to blank. If the FTP transfer fails, the export file is erased and no updates are made to the gather date or time.

Pulling Data Using Log File Protocol

You are now ready to configure the log source and protocol in QRadar:

Step 1 To configure QRadar to receive events from an IBM AS/400 iSeries, you must select the **IBM AS/400 iSeries** option from the **Log Source Type** list box.

Step 2 To configure the log file protocol for the IBM AS/400 iSeries DSM, you must select the **Log File** option from the **Protocol Configuration** list box and define the location of your FTP server connection settings.

Note: If you are using the PowerTech Interact or LogAgent for System i software to collect CEF formatted syslog messages, you must select the **Syslog** option from the **Protocol Configuration** list box.

Step 3 We recommend when you use the Log File protocol option that you select a secure protocol for transferring files, such as Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP).

For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Configure Raz-Lee iSecurity

The Raz-Lee iSecurity for System i user interface allows detailed security audits of systems for compliance and securing iSeries infrastructure. You can integrate

QRadar to read iSecurity events using the Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF). Before configuring your device in QRadar, you must:

- 1 Configure the Raz-Lee iSecurity user interface to forward syslog events to QRadar. For more information, see [Configure iSecurity to Forward Syslog Events](#).
- 2 Configure the log source in QRadar. For more information, see [Configure a log source](#).

Configure iSecurity to Forward Syslog Events

To integrate the device with QRadar:

- Step 1** Log in to the IBM System i command-line interface.
- Step 2** Type the following command to access the audit menu options:
STRAUD
- Step 3** From the Audit menu, select **81. System Configuration**.
The iSecurity/Base System Configuration window is displayed.
- Step 4** From the iSecurity/Base System Configuration menu, select **31. SYSLOG Definitions**.
The SYSLOG Definitions window is displayed.
- Step 5** Configure the following parameters:
 - a **Send SYSLOG message** - Select **Yes**.
 - b **Destination address** - Type the IP address of QRadar.
 - c **“Facility” to use** - Type a facility level.
 - d **“Severity” range to auto send** - Type a severity level.
 - e **Message structure** - Type any additional message structure parameters required for your syslog messages.
- Step 6** You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar. QRadar automatically detects syslog events from iSecurity on the System i. If you want to manually configure QRadar to receive events from a System i device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **IBM iSecurity** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about Raz-Lee iSecurity, see your vendor documentation.

IBM CICS

The IBM CICS® DSM allows you to integrate events from IBM Custom Information Control System (CICS®) events from an IBM z/OS® mainframe using IBM Security zSecure.

Using a zSecure process, events from the System Management Facilities (SMF) are recorded to an event file in the Log Enhanced Event format (LEEF). QRadar retrieves the LEEF event log files using the log file protocol and processes the events. You can schedule QRadar to retrieve events on a polling interval, which allows QRadar to retrieve the events on the schedule you have defined.

To integrate IBM CICS events:

- 1 Confirm your installation meets any prerequisite installation requirements. For more information, see [Before You Begin](#).
- 2 Configure your IBM z/OS image to write events in LEEF format. For more information, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide*.
- 3 Create a log source in QRadar for IBM CICS to retrieve your LEEF formatted event logs. For more information, see [Create a log source](#).
- 4 Optional. Create a custom event property for IBM CICS in QRadar. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Before You Begin Before you can configure the data collection process, you must complete the basic zSecure installation process.

The following prerequisites are required:

- You must ensure parmlib member IFAPRDxx is not disabled for IBM Security zSecure Audit on your z/OS image.
- The SCKRLOAD library must be APF-authorized.
- You must configure a process to periodically refresh your CKFREEZE and UNLOAD data sets.
- You must configure an SFTP, FTP, or SCP server on your z/OS image for QRadar to download your LEEF event files.
- You must allow SFTP, FTP, or SCP traffic on firewalls located between QRadar and your z/OS image.

After installing the software, you must also perform the post-installation activities to create and modify the configuration. For instructions on installing and configuring zSecure, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide*.

Create a log source The Log File protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM z/OS with zSecure writes log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your LEEF formatted event files and a polling interval.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM CICS**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 43-5 IBM CICS log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.

For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify a name, IP address, or hostname for the image or location that uniquely identifies events for the IBM CICS log source. This allows events to be identified at the image or location level in your network that your users can identify.

Table 43-5 IBM CICS log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Service Type	<p>From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.
Remote Port	<p>Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.</p> <p>The options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.</p>
Remote User	<p>Type the user name or userid necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If your log files are located on your IBM z/OS image, type the userid necessary to log in to your IBM z/OS. The userid can be up to 8 characters in length. • If your log files are located on a file repository, type the user name necessary to log in to the file repository. The user name can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
Recursive	<p>Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.</p> <p>The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.</p>

Table 43-5 IBM CICS log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.</p> <p>IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern CICS.<timestamp>.gz</p> <p>The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with zOS and ending with .gz, type the following:</p> <p>CICS.*\ .gz</p> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list box, select Binary.</p> <p>The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.</p>
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.</p>
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save.</p> <p>After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	<p>Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.</p>

Table 43-5 IBM CICS log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	<p>From the list box, select gzip.</p> <p>Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.</p>
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	<p>Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.</p> <p>QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.</p> <p>This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.</p>
Change Local Directory?	<p>Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.</p> <p>We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.</p>
Event Generator	<p>From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine.</p> <p>The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.</p>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The IBM CICS configuration is complete. If your IBM CICS requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

IBM Lotus Domino

You can integrate an IBM Lotus Domino® device with IBM Security QRadar. An IBM Lotus Domino device accepts events using SNMP.

Setting Up SNMP Services

To set up the SNMP services on the IBM Lotus Domino server:

Procedure

Step 1 Install the Lotus Domino SNMP Agent as a service. From the command prompt, go to the Lotus\Domino directory and type the following command:

```
Insntp -SC
```

Step 2 Confirm that the Microsoft SNMP service is installed.

Step 3 Start the SNMP and LNSNMP services. From a command prompt, type the following commands:

```
net start snmp
net start lnsnmp
```

Step 4 Select **Start > Program > Administrative Tools > Services** to open the Services MMC

Step 5 Double-click on the **SNMP service** and select the **Traps** tab.

Step 6 In the **Community name** field, type **public** and click **add to list**:

Step 7 In the Traps destinations section, select **Add** and type the IP address of your QRadar. Click **Add**.

Step 8 Click **OK**.

Step 9 Confirm that both SNMP agents are set to Automatic so they run upon server boot.

Starting the Domino Server Add-in Tasks After you configure the SNMP services, you must start the Domino server add-in tasks. Repeat the below procedure for each Domino partition.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Domino Server console.

Step 2 To support SNMP traps for Domino events, type the following command to start the Event Interceptor add-in task:

```
load intrcpt
```

Step 3 To support Domino statistic threshold traps, type the following command to start the Statistic Collector add-in task:

```
load collect
```

Step 4 Arrange for the add-in tasks to be restarted automatically the next time that Domino is restarted. Add intrcpt and collect to the ServerTasks variable in Domino's NOTES.INI file.

Configuring SNMP Services To configure SNMP services:

Note: Configurations might vary depending on your environment. See your vendor documentation for more information.

Procedure

Step 1 Open the Domino Administrator utility and authenticate with administrative credentials.

Step 2 Click on the **Files** tab, and the **Monitoring Configuration** (events4.nsf) document.

Step 3 Expand the DDM Configuration Tree and select **DDM Probes By Type**.

Step 4 Select **Enable Probes**, and then select **Enable All Probes In View**.

Note: You might receive a warning after performing this action. This is a normal result, as some of the probes require additional configuration.

Step 5 Select **DDM Filter**.

You can either create a new DDM Filter or edit the existing DDM Default Filter.

Step 6 Apply the DDM Filter to enhanced and simple events. Choose to log all event types.

Step 7 Depending on the environment, you can choose to apply the filter to all servers in a domain or only to specific servers.

Step 8 Click **Save**. Close when finished.

Step 9 Expand the Event Handlers tree and select **Event Handlers By Server**.

Step 10 Select **New Event Handler**.

Step 11 Configure the following parameters:

- **Basic - Servers to monitor:** Choose to monitor either all servers in the domain or only specific servers.
- **Basic - Notification trigger:** Any event that matches the criteria.
- **Event - Criteria to match:** Events can be any type.
- **Event - Criteria to match:** Events must be one of these priorities (Check all the boxes).
- **Event - Criteria to match:** Events can have any message.
- **Action - Notification method:** SNMP Trap.
- **Action - Enablement:** Enable this notification.

Step 12 Click **Save**. Close when finished.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from as IBM Lotus Domino device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **IBM Lotus Domino** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about IBM Lotus Domino see your vendor documentation.

IBM Proventia Management SiteProtector

The IBM Proventia® Management SiteProtector™ DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts SiteProtector events by polling the SiteProtector database.

The DSM allows QRadar to record Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) events and audit events directly from the IBM SiteProtector database.

Note: The IBM Proventia Management SiteProtector DSM requires the latest JDBC Protocol to collect audit events.

The IBM Proventia Management SiteProtector DSM for IBM Security QRadar can accept detailed SiteProtector events by reading information from the primary SensorData1 table. The SensorData1 table is generated with information from several other tables in the IBM SiteProtector database. SensorData1 remains the primary table for collecting events.

IDP events include information from SensorData1, along with information from the following tables:

- SensorDataAVP1
- SensorDataReponse1

Audit events include information from the following tables:

- AuditInfo
- AuditTrail

Audit events are not collected by default and make a separate query to the AuditInfo and AuditTrail tables when you select the **Include Audit Events** check box. For more information about your SiteProtector database tables, see your vendor documentation.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with SiteProtector, we recommend you create a database user account and password in SiteProtector for QRadar. Your QRadar user must have read permissions for the SensorData1 table, which stores SiteProtector events. The JDBC - SiteProtector protocol allows QRadar to log in and poll for events from the database. Creating a QRadar account is not required, but it is recommended for tracking and securing your event data.

Note: Ensure that no firewall rules are blocking the communication between the SiteProtector console and QRadar.

Configure a log source To configure QRadar to poll for IBM SiteProtector events:

Procedure

- Step 1** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 3** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 4** Click **Add**.
- Step 5** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 7** Select the **IBM Proventia Management SiteProtector** option from the **Log Source Type** list box.
- Step 8** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC - SiteProtector**.
- Step 9** Configure the following values:

Table 43-6 JDBC protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	<p>Type the identifier for the log source. The log source identifier must be defined in the following format:</p> <p><database>@<hostname></p> <p>Where:</p> <p><database> is the database name, as defined in the Database Name parameter. The database name is a required parameter.</p> <p><hostname> is the hostname or IP address for the log source as defined in the IP or Hostname parameter. The hostname is a required parameter.</p> <p>The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.</p>
Database Type	From the list box, select MSDE as the type of database to use for the event source.
Database Name	<p>Type the name of the database to which you want to connect. The default database name is RealSecureDB.</p> <p>The table name can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The table name can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).</p>
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the database server.
Port	<p>Type the port number used by the database server. The default that is displayed depends on the selected Database Type. The valid range is 0 to 65536. The default for MSDE is port 1433.</p> <p>The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the database. The database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.</p> <p>The default port number for all options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MSDE - 1433 • Postgres - 5432 • MySQL - 3306 • Oracle - 1521 • Sybase - 1521 <p>Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.</p>
Username	Type the database username. The username can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The username can also include underscores (_).
Password	<p>Type the database password.</p> <p>The password can be up to 255 characters in length.</p>

Table 43-6 JDBC protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Confirm Password	Confirm the password to access the database.
Authentication Domain	<p>If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Windows Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.</p> <p>The authentication domain must contain alphanumeric characters. The domain can include the following special characters: underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.</p>
Database Instance	<p>If you select MSDE as the Database Type and you have multiple SQL server instances on one server, define the instance to which you want to connect.</p> <p>Note: <i>If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.</i></p>
Table Name	<p>Type the name of the table or view that includes the event records. The default table name is <code>SensorData1</code>.</p> <p>The table name can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The table name can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.</p>
Select List	<p>Type * to include all fields from the table or view.</p> <p>You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.</p>
Compare Field	<p>Type <code>SensorDataRowID</code> to identify new events added between queries to the table.</p> <p>The compare field can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.</p>
Start Date and Time	<p>Optional. Configure the start date and time for database polling.</p> <p>The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.</p>

Table 43-6 JDBC protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Use Prepared Statements	<p>Select this check box to use prepared statements, which allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.</p> <p>Clear this check box to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.</p>
Include Audit Events	<p>Select this check box to collect audit events from IBM SiteProtector.</p> <p>By default, this check box is clear.</p>
Polling Interval	<p>Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.</p> <p>You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values without an H or M designator poll in seconds.</p>
Use Named Pipe Communication	<p>If you select MSDE as the Database Type, select this check box to use an alternative method to a TCP/IP port connection.</p> <p>When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.</p>
Database Cluster Name	<p>If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.</p>

Step 10 Click **Save**.

Step 11 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

IBM ISS Proventia The IBM Integrated Systems Solutions® (ISS) Proventia DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant IBM Proventia® events using SNMP.

Procedure

Step 1 In the Proventia Manager user interface navigation pane, expand the System node.

Step 2 Select **System**.

Step 3 Select **Services**.

The Service Configuration page is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **SNMP** tab.

- Step 5** Select **SNMP Traps Enabled**.
- Step 6** In the **Trap Receiver** field, type the IP address of your QRadar you wish to monitor incoming SNMP traps.
- Step 7** In the **Trap Community** field, type the appropriate community name.
- Step 8** From the **Trap Version** list, select the trap version.
- Step 9** Click **Save Changes**.

You are now ready to configure QRadar to receive SNMP traps.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an ISS Proventia device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM Proventia Network Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)**.

For information on configuring SNMP in the QRadar, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your ISS Proventia device, see your vendor documentation.

IBM RACF

IBM Security QRadar includes two options for integrating event from IBM RACF®:

- [Integrating IBM RACF with QRadar Using IBM Security zSecure](#)
- [Integrate IBM RACF with QRadar using audit scripts](#)

Integrating IBM RACF with QRadar Using IBM Security zSecure

The IBM RACF DSM allows you to integrate events from an IBM z/OS® mainframe using IBM Security zSecure™.

Using a zSecure process, events from the System Management Facilities (SMF) are recorded to an event file in the Log Enhanced Event format (LEEF). QRadar retrieves the LEEF event log files using the log file protocol and processes the events. You can schedule QRadar to retrieve events on a polling interval, which allows QRadar to retrieve the events on the schedule you have defined.

To integrate IBM RACF LEEF events:

- 1 Confirm your installation meets any prerequisite installation requirements. For more information, see [Before You Begin](#).
- 2 Configure your IBM z/OS image to write events in LEEF format. For more information, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide*.
- 3 Create a log source in QRadar for IBM RACF to retrieve your LEEF formatted event logs. For more information, see [Creating an IBM RACF Log Source in QRadar](#).
- 4 Optional. Create a custom event property for IBM RACF in QRadar. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Before You Begin

Before you can configure the data collection process, you must complete the basic zSecure installation process.

The following prerequisites are required:

- You must ensure parmlib member IFAPRDxx is not disabled for IBM Security zSecure Audit on your z/OS image.
- The SCKRLOAD library must be APF-authorized.
- You must configure a process to periodically refresh your CKFREEZE and UNLOAD data sets.
- You must configure an SFTP, FTP, or SCP server on your z/OS image for QRadar to download your LEEF event files.
- You must allow SFTP, FTP, or SCP traffic on firewalls located between QRadar and your z/OS image.

After installing the software, you must also perform the post-installation activities to create and modify the configuration. For instructions on installing and configuring zSecure, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide*.

Creating an IBM RACF Log Source in QRadar

The Log File protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM z/OS with zSecure writes log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your LEEF formatted event files and a polling interval.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM Resource Access Control Facility (RACF)**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 43-7 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	<p>Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.</p> <p>For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify a name, IP address, or hostname for the image or location that uniquely identifies events for the IBM RACF log source. This allows events to be identified at the image or location level in your network that your users can identify.</p>
Service Type	<p>From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.

Table 43-7 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535. The options include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.</p>
Remote User	Type the user name or userid necessary to log in to the host containing your event files. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If your log files are located on your IBM z/OS image, type the userid necessary to log in to your IBM z/OS. The userid can be up to 8 characters in length. • If your log files are located on a file repository, type the user name necessary to log in to the file repository. The user name can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear. The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.

Table 43-7 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.</p> <p>IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern RACF.<timestamp>.gz</p> <p>The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with zOS and ending with .gz, type the following:</p> <p>RACF.*\ .gz</p> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type.</p> <p>The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.</p>
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.</p>
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save.</p> <p>After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	<p>Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.</p>

Table 43-7 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	<p>From the list box, select gzip.</p> <p>Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.</p>
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	<p>Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.</p> <p>QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.</p> <p>This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.</p>
Change Local Directory?	<p>Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.</p> <p>We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.</p>
Event Generator	<p>From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine.</p> <p>The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.</p>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The IBM RACF configuration is complete. If your IBM RACF requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Integrate IBM RACF with QRadar using audit scripts

The IBM Resource Access Control Facility (RACF®) DSM for IBM Security QRadar allows you to integrate with an IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM RACF for auditing transactions.

QRadar records all relevant and available information from the event.

To integrate the IBM RACF events into QRadar:

- 1 The IBM mainframe system records all security events as Service Management Framework (SMF) records in a live repository.
- 2 At midnight, the IBM RACF data is extracted from the live repository using the SMF dump utility. The RACFICE utility IRRADU00 (an IBM utility) creates a log file containing all of the events and fields from the previous day in a SMF record format.
- 3 The QEXRACF program pulls data from the SMF formatted file, as described above. The program only pulls the relevant events and fields for QRadar and writes that information in a condensed format for compatibility. The information is also saved in a location accessible by QRadar.
- 4 QRadar uses the log file protocol source to pull the QEXRACF output file and retrieves the information on a scheduled basis. QRadar then imports and process this file.

Configure IBM RACF to integrate with QRadar

To integrate an IBM mainframe RACF with QRadar:

- Step 1** From the IBM support website (<http://www.ibm.com/support>), download the following compressed file:

```
qexracf_bundled.tar.gz
```

- Step 2** On a Linux-based operating system, extract the file:

```
tar -zxvf qexracf_bundled.tar.gz
```

The following files are contained in the archive:

```
qexracf_jcl.txt
```

```
qexracfloadlib.trs
```

```
qexracf_trsmain_JCL.txt
```

- Step 3** Load the files onto the IBM mainframe using any terminal emulator file transfer method.

Upload the `qexracf_trsmain_JCL.txt` and `qexracf_jcl.txt` files using the TEXT protocol.

Upload the `QEXRACF loadlib.trs` file using binary mode and append to a pre-allocated data set. The `QEXRACF loadlib.trs` file is a tersed file containing the executable (the mainframe program QEXRACF). When you upload the `.trs` file from a workstation, pre-allocate a file on the mainframe with the following DCB attributes: DSORG=PS, RECFM=FB, LRECL=1024, BLKSIZE=6144. The file transfer type must be binary mode and not text.

- Step 4** Customize the `qextracf_trsmain_JCL.txt` file according to your installation-specific requirements.

The `qextracf_trsmain_JCL.txt` file uses the IBM utility Trsmain to uncompress the program stored in the `QexRACF loadlib.trs` file.

An example of the `qextracf_trsmain_JCL.txt` file includes:

```
//TRSMMAIN JOB (yourvalidjobcard),Q1labs,
// MSGCLASS=V
//DEL EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//D1 DD DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXRACF.TRS
// UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10))
//TRSMMAIN EXEC PGM=TRSMAIN,PARM='UNPACK'
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*,DCB=(LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=12901,RECFM=FBA)
//INFILE DD DISP=SHR,DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXRACF.TRS
//OUTFILE DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
// DSN=<yourhlq>.LOAD,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10,5),RLSE),UNIT=SYSDA
//
```

You must update the file with your installation specific information for parameters, such as, jobcard, data set naming conventions, output destinations, retention periods, and space requirements.

The `.trs` input file is an IBM TERSE formatted library and is extracted by running the JCL, which calls the TRSMMAIN. This tersed file, when extracted, creates a PDS linklib with the QEXRACF program as a member.

- Step 5** You can STEPLIB to this library or choose to move the program to one of the LINKLIBs that are in the LINKLST. The program does not require authorization.

- Step 6** After uploading, copy the program to an existing link listed library or add a STEPLIB DD statement with the correct dataset name of the library that will contain the program.

- Step 7** The `qextracf_jcl.txt` file is a text file containing a sample JCL deck to provide you with the necessary JCL to run the IBM IRRADU00 utility. This allows QRadar to obtain the necessary IBM RACF events. Configure the job card to meet your local standards.

An example of the `qextracf_jcl.txt` file includes:

```
//QEXRACF JOB (<your valid jobcard>),Q1LABS,
// MSGCLASS=P,
// REGION=0M
//*
//*QEXRACF JCL version 1.0 April 2009
//*
//*****
//* Change below dataset names to sites specific datasets
names *
//*****
//SET1 SET SMFOUT='<your hlq>.CUSTNAME.IRRADU00.OUTPUT',
```

```

//          SMFIN='<your SMF dump output dataset>',
//          QRACFOUT='<your hlq>.QEXRACF.OUTPUT'
//*****
//*   Delete old datasets *
//*****
//DEL      EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD2      DD  DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=&QRACFOUT,
//          UNIT=SYSDA,
//          SPACE=(TRK,(1,1)),
//          DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80)
//*****
//*   Allocate new dataset *
//*****
//ALLOC    EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1      DD  DISP=(NEW,CATLG),DSN=&QRACFOUT,
//          SPACE=(CYL,(1,10)),UNIT=SYSDA,
//          DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=6144)
//*****
//* Execute IBM IRRADU00 utility to extract RACF smf records *
//*****
//IRRADU00 EXEC PGM=IFASMFDP
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//ADUPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//OUTDD    DD  DSN=&SMFOUT,SPACE=(CYL,(100,100)),DISP=(,CATLG),
//          DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=8192,BLKSIZE=40960),
//          UNIT=SYSALLDA
//SMFDATA  DD  DISP=SHR,DSN=&SMFIN
//SMFOUT   DD  DUMMY
//SYSIN    DD  *
//          INDD(SMFDATA,OPTIONS(DUMP))
//          OUTDD(SMFOUT,TYPE(30:83))
//          ABEND(NORETRY)
//          USER2(IRRADU00)
//          USER3(IRRADU86)
//
//EXTRACT  EXEC PGM=QEXRACF,DYNAMNBR=10,
//          TIME=1440
//*STEPLIB DD  DISP=SHR,DSN=<the loadlib containing the
QEXRACF program if not in LINKLIST>
//SYSYSIN  DD  DUMMY
//SYSYSPR  DD  SYSOUT=*
//SYSYSPR  DD  SYSOUT=*
//RACIN    DD  DISP=SHR,DSN=&SMFOUT
//RACOUT   DD  DISP=SHR,DSN=&QRACFOUT
//
//*****
//* FTP Output file from C program (Qexracf) to an FTP server *
//* QRadar will go to that FTP Server to get file *
//* Note you need to replace <user>, <password>,<serveripaddr>*
//* <THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE> and <QEXRACFOUTDSN> *

```

```

//*****
//*FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//*INPUT DD *
//*<FTPSEVERIPADDR>
//*<USER>
//*<PASSWORD>
//*ASCII
//*PUT '<QEXRACFOUTDSN>'
/<THEIPOFTHEMAINFRAMEDEVICE>/<QEXRACFOUTDSN>
//*QUIT
//*OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//*SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//*
//*

```

- Step 8** After the output file is created, you must send this file to an FTP server. This ensures that every time you run the utility, the output file is sent to a specific FTP server for processing at the end of the above script. If the z/OS platform is configured to serve files through FTP or SFTP, or allow SCP, then no interim server is required and QRadar can pull those files directly from the mainframe. If an interim FTP server is needed, QRadar requires a unique IP address for each IBM RACF log source or they will be joined as one system.

Create an IBM RACF log source

The Log File protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM RACF with z/OS writes log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your event files and a polling interval.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM Resource Access Control Facility (RACF)**.

Step 9 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 43-8 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	<p>Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.</p> <p>For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify a name, IP address, or hostname for the image or location that uniquely identifies events for the IBM RACF log source. This allows events to be identified at the image or location level in your network that your users can identify.</p>
Service Type	<p>From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.
Remote Port	<p>Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.</p> <p>The options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.</p>

Table 43-8 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Remote User	Type the user name or userid necessary to log in to the host containing your event files. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If your log files are located on your IBM z/OS image, type the userid necessary to log in to your IBM z/OS. The userid can be up to 8 characters in length. If your log files are located on a file repository, type the user name necessary to log in to the file repository. The user name can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in. <p>Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.</p>
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear. <p>The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.</p>
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing. <p>The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with zOS and ending with .gz, type the following:</p> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>

Table 43-8 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type.</p> <p>From the list box, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Binary - Select Binary for log sources that require binary data files or compressed zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files. • ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	<p>Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.</p>
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save.</p> <p>After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	<p>From the list box, select gzip.</p> <p>Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.</p>
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	<p>Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.</p> <p>QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.</p> <p>This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.</p>

Table 43-8 IBM RACF log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar system for storing downloaded files during processing. We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine . The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The IBM RACF configuration is complete. If your IBM RACF requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

IBM DB2

IBM Security QRadar has two options for integrating events from IBM DB2®:

- [Integrating IBM DB2 with LEEF Events](#)
- [Integrating IBM DB2 Audit Events](#)

Integrating IBM DB2 with LEEF Events

The IBM DB2 DSM allows you to integrate DB2 events in LEEF format from an IBM z/OS® mainframe using IBM Security zSecure®.

Using a zSecure process, events from the System Management Facilities (SMF) are recorded to an event file in the Log Enhanced Event format (LEEF). QRadar retrieves the LEEF event log files using the log file protocol and processes the events. You can schedule QRadar to retrieve events on a polling interval, which allows you to retrieve the events on the schedule you have defined.

To integrate IBM DB2 events:

- 1 Confirm your installation meets any prerequisite installation requirements. For more information, see [Before You Begin](#).
- 2 Configure your IBM DB2 image to write events in LEEF format. For more information, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide*.
- 3 Create a log source in QRadar for IBM DB2 to retrieve your LEEF formatted event logs. For more information, see [Creating a log source](#).
- 4 Optional. Create a custom event property for IBM DB2 in QRadar. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Before You Begin Before you can configure the data collection process, you must complete the basic zSecure installation process.

The following prerequisites are required:

- You must ensure parmlib member IFAPRDxx is not disabled for IBM Security zSecure Audit on your IBM DB2 z/OS image.
- The SCKRLOAD library must be APF-authorized.
- You must configure a process to periodically refresh your CKFREEZE and UNLOAD data sets.
- You must configure an SFTP, FTP, or SCP server on your z/OS image for QRadar to download your LEEF event files.
- You must allow SFTP, FTP, or SCP traffic on firewalls located between QRadar and your z/OS image.

After installing the software, you must also perform the post-installation activities to create and modify the configuration. For instructions on installing and configuring zSecure, see the *IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide*.

Creating a log source The Log File protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM z/OS with zSecure writes log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your LEEF formatted event files and a polling interval.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM DB2**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 43-9 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	<p>Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.</p> <p>For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify a name, IP address, or hostname for the image or location that uniquely identifies events for the IBM DB2 log source. This allows events to be identified at the image or location level in your network that your users can identify.</p>
Service Type	<p>From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.

Table 43-9 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535. The options include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.</p>
Remote User	Type the user name or userid necessary to log in to the host containing your event files. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If your log files are located on your IBM z/OS image, type the userid necessary to log in to your IBM z/OS. The userid can be up to 8 characters in length. • If your log files are located on a file repository, type the user name necessary to log in to the file repository. The user name can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear. The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.

Table 43-9 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.</p> <p>IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern DB2.<timestamp>.gz</p> <p>The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with zOS and ending with .gz, type the following:</p> <p>DB2.*\ .gz</p> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list box, select Binary.</p> <p>The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.</p>
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.</p>
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save.</p> <p>After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	<p>Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.</p>

Table 43-9 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	<p>From the list box, select gzip.</p> <p>Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.</p>
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	<p>Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.</p> <p>QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.</p> <p>This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.</p>
Change Local Directory?	<p>Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.</p> <p>We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.</p>
Event Generator	<p>From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine.</p> <p>The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.</p>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The IBM DB2 LEEF configuration is complete. If your configuration requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Integrating IBM DB2 Audit Events

The IBM DB2 DSM allows you to integrate your DB2 audit logs into QRadar for analysis.

The db2audit command creates a set of comma-delimited text files with a .del extension that defines the scope of audit data for QRadar when auditing is configured and enabled. Comma-delimited files created by the db2audit command include:

- audit.del
- checking.del
- context.del
- execute.del

- objmaint.del
- secmaint.del
- sysadmin.del
- validate.del

To integrate the IBM DB2 DSM with QRadar, you must:

- 1 Use the `db2audit` command to ensure the IBM DB2 records security events. See your IBM DB2 vendor documentation for more information.
- 2 Extract the DB2 audit data of events contained in the instance to a log file, depending on your version of IBM DB2:
 - If you are using DB2 v9.5 and above, see [Extract audit data: DB2 v9.5 and above](#).
 - If you are using DB2 v8.x to v9.4, see [Extract audit data: DB2 v8.x to v9.4](#)
- 3 Use the log file protocol source to pull the output instance log file and send that information back to QRadar on a scheduled basis. QRadar then imports and processes this file. See [Creating a log source for IBM DB2](#).

Note: The IBM DB2 DSM does not support the IBM z/OS mainframe operating system.

Extract audit data: DB2 v9.5 and above

To extract audit data when you are using IBM DB2 v9.5 and above:

Step 1 Log into a DB2 account with SYSADMIN privilege.

Step 2 Move the audit records from the database instance to the audit log:

```
db2audit flush
```

For example, the flush command response might resemble the following:

```
AUD00001 Operation succeeded.
```

Step 3 Archive and move the active instance to a new location for future extraction:

```
db2audit archive
```

For example, an archive command response might resemble the following:

```
Node AUD Archived or Interim Log File
Message
-----
0 AUD00001 dbsaudit.instance.log.0.20091217125028
AUD00001 Operation succeeded.
```

Note: In DB2 v9.5 and above, the archive command replaces the prune command. The archive command moves the active audit log to a new location, effectively pruning all non-active records from the log. An archive command must be complete before an extract can be performed.

Step 4 Extract the data from the archived audit log and write the data to .del files:

```
db2audit extract delasc from files
db2audit.instance.log.0.200912171528
```

For example, an archive command response might resemble the following:

```
AUD00001 Operation succeeded.
```

Note: Double-quotation marks (") are used as the default text delimiter in the ASCII files, do not change the delimiter.

- Step 5** Move the .del files to a storage location where QRadar can pull the file. The movement of the comma-delimited (.del) files should be synchronized with the file pull interval in QRadar.

You are now ready to configure QRadar to receive DB2 log files. See [Creating a log source for IBM DB2](#).

Extract audit data: DB2 v8.x to v9.4

To extract audit data when you are using IBM DB2 v8.x to v9.4.

- Step 1** Log into a DB2 account with SYSADMIN privilege.
- Step 2** Type the following start command to audit a database instance:

```
db2audit start
```

For example, the start command response might resemble the following:

```
AUD00001 Operation succeeded.
```

- Step 3** Move the audit records from the instance to the audit log:

```
db2audit flush
```

For example, the flush command response might resemble the following:

```
AUD00001 Operation succeeded.
```

- Step 4** Extract the data from the archived audit log and write the data to .del files:

```
db2audit extract delasc
```

For example, an archive command response might resemble the following:

```
AUD00001 Operation succeeded.
```

Note: Double-quotation marks (") are used as the default text delimiter in the ASCII files, do not change the delimiter.

- Step 5** Remove non-active records:

```
db2audit prune all
```

- Step 6** Move the .del files to a storage location where QRadar can pull the file. The movement of the comma-delimited (.del) files should be synchronized with the file pull interval in QRadar.

You are now ready to create a log source in QRadar to receive DB2 log files.

Creating a log source for IBM DB2

A log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

The IBM DB2 DSM supports the bulk loading of log files using the log file protocol source. When configuring your IBM DB2 to use the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the IBM DB2 system is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File protocol configuration. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM DB2**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 43-10 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source. For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify a name, IP address, or hostname for the image or location that uniquely identifies events for the IBM DB2 log source. This allows events to be identified at the image or location level in your network that your users can identify.
Service Type	From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.

Table 43-10 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535. The options include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.</p>
Remote User	Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files. The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in. Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear. The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing. The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect comma-delimited files ending with .del, type the following: .*.del Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/

Table 43-10 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>From the list box, select ASCII for comma-delimited, text, or ASCII log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer mode.</p> <p>This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type.</p>
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.</p>
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save.</p> <p>After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	<p>Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.</p>
Processor	<p>From the list box, select None.</p> <p>Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.</p>
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	<p>Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.</p> <p>QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.</p> <p>This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.</p>

Table 43-10 IBM DB2 log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing. We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine . The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration for IBM DB2 is complete.

IBM WebSphere Application Server

The IBM WebSphere® Application Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using the log file protocol source.

QRadar records all relevant application and security events from the WebSphere Application Server log files.

Configuring IBM WebSphere

You can configure IBM WebSphere Application Server events for QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Using a web browser, log in to the IBM WebSphere administrative console.

Step 2 Click **Environment > WebSphere Variables**.

Step 3 Define **Cell** as the Scope level for the variable.

Step 4 Click **New**.

Step 5 Configure the following values:

- **Name** - Type a name for the cell variable.
- **Description** - Type a description for the variable (optional).
- **Value** - Type a directory path for the log files.

For example:

```
{QRADAR_LOG_ROOT} =
/opt/IBM/WebSphere/AppServer/profiles/Custom01/logs/QRadar
```

You must create the target directory specified in **Step 5** before proceeding.

Step 6 Click **OK**.

Step 7 Click **Save**.

Step 8 You must restart the WebSphere Application Server to save the configuration changes.

Note: If the variable you created affects a cell, you must restart all WebSphere Application Servers in the cell before you continue.

You are now ready to customize the logging option for the IBM WebSphere Application Server DSM.

Customizing the Logging Option You must customize the logging option for each application server WebSphere uses and change the settings for the JVM Logs (Java Virtual Machine logs).

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Servers > Application Servers**.

Step 2 Select your WebSphere Application Server to load the server properties.

Step 3 Select **Logging and Tracing > JVM Logs**.

Step 4 Configure a name for the JVM log files.

For example:

System.Out log file name:

```
${QRADAR_LOG_ROOT}/${WAS_SERVER_NAME}-SystemOut.log
```

System.Err log file name:

```
${QRADAR_LOG_ROOT}/${WAS_SERVER_NAME}-SystemErr.log
```

Step 5 Select a time of day to save the log files to the target directory.

Step 6 Click **OK**.

Step 7 You must restart the WebSphere Application Server to save the configuration changes.

Note: If the JVM Logs changes affect the cell, you must restart all of the WebSphere Application Servers in the cell before you continue.

You are now ready to import the file into QRadar using the Log File Protocol.

Create a log source The log file protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host. The IBM WebSphere Application Server DSM supports the bulk loading of log files using the log file protocol source.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM WebSphere Application Server**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 43-11 Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, hostname, or name to identify your IBM WebSphere Application Server as an event source in QRadar. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source. For example, if your network contains multiple IBM WebSphere Application Servers that provides logs to a file repository, you should specify the IP address or hostname of the device that created the event log. This allows events to be identified at the device level in your network, instead of identifying the file repository.
Service Type	From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of your IBM WebSphere Application Server storing your event log files.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535. The options include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.</p>
Remote User	Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files. The username can be up to 255 characters in length.

Table 43-11 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. The Remote Password field is ignored when you provide an SSH Key File.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host to the cell and file path you specified in Step 5 . This is the directory you created containing your IBM WebSphere Application Server event files. Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders. By default, the check box is clear. The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing. The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your JVM logs in Step 4 . For example, to collect system logs, type the following: System.*\.*.log Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only appears if you select FTP as the Service Type. The FTP Transfer Mode parameter allows you to define the file transfer mode when retrieving log files over FTP. From the list box, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Binary - Select Binary for log sources that require binary data files or compressed zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files. • ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer. <p>You must select NONE for the Processor parameter and LINEBYLINE the Event Generator parameter when using ASCII as the FTP Transfer Mode.</p>

Table 43-11 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D). For example, 2H if you want the directory to be scanned every 2 hours. The default is 1H. <i>Note: We recommend when scheduling a Log File protocol, you select a recurrence time for the log file protocol shorter than the scheduled write interval of the WebSphere Application Server log files. This ensures that WebSphere events are collected by the Log File Protocol before a the new log file overwrites the old event log.</i>
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save. After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule. Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	If the files located on the remote host are stored in a zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format, select the processor that allows the archives to be expanded and contents processed.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track files that have already been processed. Files that have been previously processed are not processed a second time. This check box only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define the local directory on your QRadar that you want to use for storing downloaded files during processing. We recommend that you leave the check box clear. When the check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list box, select WebSphere Application Server . The Event Generator applies additional processing, which is specific to retrieved event files for IBM WebSphere Application Server events.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. For more information about IBM WebServer Application Server, see your vendor documentation.

IBM Informix Audit

The IBM Informix® Audit DSM allows IBM Security QRadar to integrate IBM Informix audit logs into QRadar for analysis.

QRadar retrieves the IBM Informix archived audit log files from a remote host using the Log File protocol configuration. QRadar records all configured IBM Informix Audit events.

For more information about IBM Informix auditing configuration, see your IBM Informix documentation at the following website:

<http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/idshelp/v10/index.jsp?topic=/com.ibm.tfg.doc/tfg26.htm>

When configuring your IBM Informix to use the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the IBM Informix is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File protocol configuration.

You are now ready to configure the log source and protocol in QRadar:

- Step 1** To configure QRadar to receive events from an IBM Informix device, you must select the **IBM Informix Audit** option from the **Log Source Type** list box.
- Step 2** To configure the log file protocol, you must select the **Log File** option from the **Protocol Configuration** list box.
- Step 3** We recommend that you use a secure protocol for transferring files, such as Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP).

For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

IBM IMS The IBM Information Management System (IMS™) DSM for IBM Security QRadar allows you to use an IBM mainframe to collect events and audit IMS database transactions.

Configuration overview To integrate IBM IMS events with QRadar, you must download scripts that allow IBM IMS events to be written to a log file.

Overview of the event collection process:

- 1 The IBM mainframe records all security events as Service Management Framework (SMF) records in a live repository.
- 2 The IBM IMS data is extracted from the live repository using the SMF dump utility. The SMF file contains all of the events and fields from the previous day in raw SMF format.
- 3 The `qeximsloadlib.trs` program pulls data from the SMF formatted file. The `qeximsloadlib.trs` program only pulls the relevant events and fields for QRadar and writes that information in a condensed format for compatibility. The information is saved in a location accessible by QRadar.
- 4 QRadar uses the log file protocol source to retrieve the output file information for QRadar on a scheduled basis. QRadar then imports and processes this file.

Configure IBM IMS To integrate IBM IMS with QRadar:

Procedure

Step 1 From the IBM support website (<http://www.ibm.com/support>), download the following compressed file:

`QexIMS_bundled.tar.gz`

Step 2 On a Linux-based operating system, extract the file:

```
tar -zxvf qexims_bundled.tar.gz
```

The following files are contained in the archive:

qexims_jcl.txt - Job Control Language file

qeximsloadlib.trs - Compressed program library (requires IBM TRSMMAIN)

`qexims_trsmain_JCL.txt` - Job Control Language for TRSMMAIN to decompress the `.trs` file

Step 3 Load the files onto the IBM mainframe using the following methods:

- a Upload the sample `qexims_trsmain_JCL.txt` and `qexims_jcl.txt` files using the TEXT protocol.
- b Upload the `qeximsloadlib.trs` file using BINARY mode transfer and append to a pre-allocated data set. The `qeximsloadlib.trs` file is a tersed file containing the executable (the mainframe program QexIMS). When you upload the `.trs` file from a workstation, pre-allocate a file on the mainframe with the

following DCB attributes: DSORG=PS, RECFM=FB, LRECL= 1024, BLKSIZE=6144. The file transfer type must be binary mode and not text.

Note: QexIMS is a small C mainframe program that reads the output of the IMS log file (EARLOUT data) line by line. QexIMS adds a header to each record containing event information, for example, record descriptor, the date, and time. The program places each field into the output record, suppresses trailing blank characters, and delimits each field with the pipe character. This output file is formatted for QRadar and the blank suppression reduces network traffic to QRadar. This program does not consume CPU or I/O disk resources.

- Step 4** Customize the `qexims_trsmain_JCL.txt` file according to your installation specific information for parameters.

For example, jobcard, data set naming conventions, output destinations, retention periods, and space requirements.

The `qexims_trsmain_JCL.txt` file uses the IBM utility TRSMAIN to extract the program stored in the `qeximsloadlib.trc` file.

An example of the `qexims_trsmain_JCL.txt` file includes:

```
//TRSMAIN JOB (yourvalidjobcard),Q1labs,
// MSGCLASS=V
//DEL EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//D1 DD DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXIMS.TRS
// UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(10,10))
//TRSMAIN EXEC PGM=TRSMAIN,PARM='UNPACK'
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*,DCB=(LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=12901,RECFM=FBA)
//INFILE DD DISP=SHR,DSN=<yourhlq>.QEXIMS.TRS
//OUTFILE DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
// DSN=<yourhlq>.LOAD,
// SPACE=(CYL,(1,1,5),RLSE),UNIT=SYSDA
//
```

The `.trc` input file is an IBM TERSE formatted library and is extracted by running the JCL, which calls the TRSMAIN. This tersed file, when extracted, creates a PDS linklib with the `qexims` program as a member.

- Step 5** You can STEPLIB to this library or choose to move the program to one of the LINKLIBs that are in LINKLST. The program does not require authorization.
- Step 6** The `qexims_jcl.txt` file is a text file containing a sample JCL. You must configure the job card to meet your configuration.

The `qexims_jcl.txt` sample file includes:

```
//QEXIMS JOB (T,JXPO,JKSD0093),DEV,NOTIFY=Q1JACK,
// MSGCLASS=P,
// REGION=OM
//*
//*QEXIMS JCL VERSION 1.0 FEBRUARY 2011
//*
//*****
//* Change dataset names to site specific dataset names *
```

```

//*****
//SET1 SET IMSOUT='Q1JACK.QEXIMS.OUTPUT',
//          IMSIN='Q1JACK.QEXIMS.INPUT.DATA'
//*****
//* Delete old datasets *
//*****
//DEL EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1 DD DISP=(MOD,DELETE),DSN=&IMSOUT,
//      UNIT=SYSDA,
//      SPACE=(CYL,(10,10)),
//      DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80)
//*****
//* Allocate new dataset
//*****
//ALLOC EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1 DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG),DSN=&IMSOUT,
//      SPACE=(CYL,(21,2)),
//      DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=6144)
//EXTRACT EXEC PGM=QEXIMS,DYNAMNBR=10,
//          TIME=1440
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=Q1JACK.C.LOAD
//SYSTSIN DD DUMMY
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//IMSIN DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&IMSIN
//IMSOUT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&IMSOUT
//*FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//*INPUT DD *
//*<target server>
//*<USER>
//*<PASSWORD>
//*ASCII
//*PUT '<IMSOUT>' /TARGET DIRECTORY>/<IMSOUT>
//*QUIT
//*OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
//*SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//*

```

Step 7 After the output file is created, you must choose one of the following options:

- a Schedule a job to transfer the output file to an interim FTP server.

Each time the job completes, the output file is forwarded to an interim FTP server. You must configure the following parameters in the sample JCL to successfully forward the output to an interim FTP server:

For example:

```

//*FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
//*INPUT DD *
//*<target server>
//*<USER>

```

```

/**<PASSWORD>
/**ASCII
/**PUT '<IMSOUT>' /TARGET DIRECTORY>/<IMSOUT>
/**QUIT
/**OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
/**SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*

```

Where:

<target server> is the IP address or host name of the interim FTP server to receive the output file.

<USER> is the user name required to access the interim FTP server.

<PASSWORD> is the password required to access the interim FTP server.

<IMSOUT> is the name of the output file saved to the interim FTP server.

For example:

```

PUT 'Q1JACK.QEXIMS.OUTPUT.C320' /192.168.1.101/IMS/QEXIMS.OUT
PUT.C320

```

Note: You must remove commented lines beginning with `/**` for the script to properly forward the output file to the interim FTP server.

You are now ready to configure the Log File protocol.

b Schedule QRadar to retrieve the output file from IBM IMS.

If the mainframe is configured to serve files through FTP, SFTP, or allow SCP, then no interim FTP server is required and QRadar can pull the output file directly from the mainframe. The following text must be commented out using `/**` or deleted from the `qexims_jc1.txt` file:

```

/**FTP EXEC PGM=FTP,REGION=3800K
/**INPUT DD *
/**<target server>
/**<USER>
/**<PASSWORD>
/**ASCII
/**PUT '<IMSOUT>' /TARGET DIRECTORY>/<IMSOUT>
/**QUIT
/**OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=*
/**SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*

```

You are now ready to configure the Log File protocol.

Configure a log source A log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM IMS**.
- Step 6** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 7** Configure the following parameters:

Table 43-1 Log File protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Service Type	From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service types requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the IBM IMS system.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. If you configure the Service Type as FTP, the default is 21. If you configure the Service Type as SFTP or SCP, the default is 22. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
Remote User	Type the username necessary to log in to your IBM IMS system. The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to your IBM IMS system.
Confirm Password	Confirm the Remote Password to log in to your IBM IMS system.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP from the Service Type field you can define a directory path to an SSH private key file. The SSH Private Key File allows you to ignore the Remote Password field.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved. By default, the newauditlog.sh script writes the human-readable logs files to the /var/log/ directory.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to also search sub folders. The Recursive parameter is not used if you configure SCP as the Service Type. By default, the check box is clear.

Table 43-1 Log File protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.</p> <p>For example, if you want to retrieve all files in the <starttime>.<endtime>.<hostname>.log format, use the following entry: <code>\d+\.\d+\.\w+\.log</code>.</p> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only appears if you select FTP as the Service Type. The FTP Transfer Mode parameter allows you to define the file transfer mode when retrieving log files over FTP.</p> <p>From the list box, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Binary - Select Binary for log sources that require binary data files or compressed .zip, .gzip, .tar, or .tar+gzip archive files. • ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer. You must select NONE for the Processor field and LINEBYLINE the Event Generator field when using ASCII as the transfer mode.
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type, you must type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H if you want the directory to be scanned every 2 hours. The default is 1H.</p>
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save. After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File(s) parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	<p>Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.</p>

Table 43-1 Log File protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	If the files located on the remote host are stored in a .zip, .gzip, .tar, or tar+gzip archive format, select the processor that allows the archives to be expanded and contents processed.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track files that have already been processed and you do not want the files to be processed a second time. This only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define the local directory on your QRadar system that you want to use for storing downloaded files during processing. We recommend that you leave the check box clear. When the check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list box, select LINEBYLINE .

Step 8 Click **Save**.

The configuration is complete. Events that are retrieved using the log file protocol are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

IBM Guardium

IBM Guardium® is a database activity and audit tracking tool for system administrators to retrieve detailed auditing events across database platforms.

Note: These instructions require that you install the 8.2p45 fix for InfoSphere Guardium. For more information on this fix, see the Fix Central website at <http://www.ibm.com/support/fixcentral/>.

Supported event types

QRadar collects informational, error, alert, and warnings from IBM Guardium using syslog. IBM Security QRadar receives IBM Guardium Policy Builder events in the Log Event Extended Format (LEEF).

QRadar can only automatically discover and map events the default policies that ship with IBM Guardium. Any user configured events require are displayed as unknowns in QRadar and you must manually map the unknown events.

Configuration overview

The following list outlines the process required to integrate IBM Guardium with QRadar.

- 1 Create a syslog destination for policy violation events. For more information, see [Creating a syslog destination for events](#).
- 2 Configure your existing policies to generate syslog events. For more information, see [Configuring policies to generate syslog events](#).
- 3 Install the policy on IBM Guardium. For more information, see [Installing an IBM Guardium Policy](#).
- 4 Configure the log source in QRadar. For more information, see [Configure a log source](#).
- 5 Identify and map unknown policy events in QRadar. For more information, see [Creating an event map for IBM Guardium events](#).

Creating a syslog destination for events

To create a syslog destination for these events on IBM Guardium, you must log in to the command-line interface (CLI) and define the IP address for QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Using SSH, log in to IBM Guardium as the root user.

Username: `<username>`

Password: `<password>`

- Step 2** Type the following command to configure the syslog destination for informational events:

```
store remote add daemon.info <IP address>:<port> <tcp|udp>
```

For example, `store remote add daemon.info 10.10.1.1:514 tcp`

Where:

`<IP address>` is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<port> is the syslog port number used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<tcp|udp> is the protocol used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

- Step 3** Type the following command to configure the syslog destination for warning events:

```
store remote add daemon.warning <IP address>:<port> <tcp|udp>
```

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<port> is the syslog port number used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<tcp|udp> is the protocol used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

- Step 4** Type the following command to configure the syslog destination for error events:

```
store remote add daemon.err <IP address>:<port> <tcp|udp>
```

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<port> is the syslog port number used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<tcp|udp> is the protocol used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

- Step 5** Type the following command to configure the syslog destination for alert events:

```
store remote add daemon.alert <IP address>:<port> <tcp|udp>
```

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<port> is the syslog port number used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<tcp|udp> is the protocol used to communicate to the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

You are now ready to configure a policy for IBM InfoSphere Guardium.

Configuring policies to generate syslog events

Policies in IBM Guardium are responsible for reacting to events and forwarding the event information to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Click the **Tools** tab.
- Step 2** From the left-hand navigation, select **Policy Builder**.
- Step 3** From the Policy Finder pane, select an existing policy and click **Edit Rules**.
- Step 4** Click **Edit this Rule individually**.

The Access Rule Definition is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add Action**.

Step 6 From the **Action** list box, select one of the following alert types:

- **Alert Per Match** - A notification is provided for every policy violation.
- **Alert Daily** - A notification is provided the first time a policy violation occurs that day.
- **Alert Once Per Session** - A notification is provided per policy violation for unique session.
- **Alert Per Time Granularity** - A notification is provided per your selected time frame.

Step 7 From the **Message Template** list box, select **QRadar**.

Step 8 From **Notification Type**, select **SYSLOG**.

Step 9 Click **Add**, then click **Apply**.

Step 10 Click **Save**.

Step 11 Repeat **Step 2** to **Step 10** for all rules within the policy you want to forward to QRadar.

For more information on configuring a policy, see your IBM InfoSphere Guardium vendor documentation. After you have configured all of your policies, you are now ready to install the policy on your IBM Guardium system.

Note: Due to the configurable policies, QRadar can only automatically discover the default policy events. If you have customized policies that forward events to QRadar, you must manually create a log source to capture those events.

Installing an IBM Guardium Policy

Any new or edited policy in IBM Guardium must be installed before the updated alert actions or rule changes can occur.

Procedure

Step 1 Click the **Administration Console** tab.

Step 2 From the left-hand navigation, select **Configuration > Policy Installation**.

Step 3 From the Policy Installer pane, select a policy you modified in **Step 3, Configuring policies to generate syslog events**.

Step 4 From the drop-down list, select **Install and Override**.

A confirmation is displayed to install the policy to all Inspection Engines.

Step 5 Click **OK**.

For more information on installing a policy, see your IBM InfoSphere Guardium vendor documentation. After you have installed all of your policies, you are ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source

QRadar only automatically discovers default policy events from IBM Guardium.

Due to the configurable nature of policies, we recommend that you configure a log source manually for IBM Guardium.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM Guardium**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 43-2 IBM Guardium Syslog Configuration

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the IBM InfoSphere Guardium appliance.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources Users Guide*.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
 - Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
- The IBM InfoSphere Guardium configuration is complete.

Creating an event map for IBM Guardium events

Event mapping is required for a number of IBM Guardium events. Due to the customizable nature of policy rules, most events, except the default policy events do not contain a predefined QRadar Identifier (QID) map to categorize security events.

You can individually map each event for your device to an event category in QRadar. Mapping events allows QRadar to identify, coalesce, and track reoccurring events from your network devices. Until you map an event, all events that are displayed in the **Log Activity** tab for IBM Guardium are categorized as unknown. Unknown events are easily identified as the Event Name column and Low Level Category columns display Unknown.

Discovering unknown events

As your device forwards events to QRadar, it can take time to categorize all of the events for a device, as some events might not be generated immediately by the event source appliance or software. It is helpful to know how to quickly search for unknown events. When you know how to search for unknown events, we recommend you repeat this search until you are comfortable that you have identified the majority of your events.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 1** Click the **Log Activity** tab.
- Step 2** Click **Add Filter**.
- Step 3** From the first list box, select **Log Source**.
- Step 4** From the **Log Source Group** list box, select the log source group or **Other**.
Log sources that are not assigned to a group are categorized as Other.
- Step 5** From the **Log Source** list box, select your IBM Guardium log source.
- Step 6** Click **Add Filter**.
The **Log Activity** tab is displayed with a filter for your log source.
- Step 7** From the **View** list box, select **Last Hour**.

Any events generated by the IBM Guardium DSM in the last hour are displayed. Events displayed as unknown in the Event Name column or Low Level Category column require event mapping in QRadar.

Note: You can save your existing search filter by clicking **Save Criteria**.

You are now ready to modify the event map.

Modifying the event map

Modifying an event map allows you to manually categorize events to a QRadar Identifier (QID) map. Any event categorized to a log source can be remapped to a new QRadar Identifier (QID).

Note: Events that do not have a defined log source cannot be mapped to an event. Events without a log source display SIM Generic Log in the Log Source column.

Procedure

- Step 1** On the Event Name column, double-click an unknown event for IBM Guardium.
The detailed event information is displayed.
- Step 2** Click **Map Event**.
- Step 3** From the Browse for QID pane, select any of the following search options to narrow the event categories for a QRadar Identifier (QID):
 - a From the **High-Level Category** list box, select a high-level event categorization.

For a full list of high-level and low-level event categories or category definitions, see the Event Categories section of the *IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide*.

- b From the **Low-Level Category** list box, select a low-level event categorization.
- c From the **Log Source Type** list box, select a log source type.

The **Log Source Type** list box allows you to search for QIDs from other log sources. Searching for QIDs by log source is useful when events are similar to another existing network device. For example, IBM Guardium provides policy events, you might select another product that likely captures similar events.

- d To search for a QID by name, type a name in the **QID/Name** field.

The QID/Name field allows you to filter the full list of QIDs for a specific word, for example, policy.

Step 4 Click **Search**.

A list of QIDs are displayed.

Step 5 Select the QID you want to associate to your unknown event.

Step 6 Click **OK**.

QRadar maps any additional events forwarded from your device with the same QID that matches the event payload. The event count increases each time the event is identified by QRadar.

If you update an event with a new QRadar Identifier (QID) map, past events stored in QRadar are not updated. Only new events are categorized with the new QID.

IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business

The IBM Tivoli® Access Manager for e-business DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts access, audit, and HTTP events forwarded from IBM Tivoli Access Manager.

QRadar collects audit, access, and HTTP events from IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business using syslog. Before you can configure QRadar, you must configure Tivoli Access Manager for e-business to forward events to a syslog destination.

Configure Tivoli Access Manager for e-business

You can configure syslog on your Tivoli Access Manager for e-business to forward events.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to Tivoli Access Manager's IBM Security Web Gateway.

Step 2 From the navigation menu, select **Secure Reverse Proxy Settings > Manage > Reverse Proxy**.

The Reverse Proxy pane is displayed.

Step 3 From the Instance column, select an instance.

Step 4 Click the **Manage** list box and select **Configuration > Advanced**.

The text of the WebSEAL configuration file is displayed.

Step 5 Locate the Authorization API Logging configuration.

The remote syslog configuration begins with logcfg. For example,

```
# As an example, to send authorization events to a remote syslog server:
# logcfg = audit.azn:rsyslog server=<IP address>,port=514,log_id=<log name>
```

Step 6 Copy the remote syslog configuration (logcfg) to a new line without the comment (#) marker.

Step 7 Edit the remote syslog configuration.

For example,

```
logcfg = audit.azn:rsyslog server=<IP address>,port=514,log_id=<log name>
logcfg = audit.authn:rsyslog server=<IP address>,port=514,log_id=<log name>
logcfg = http:rsyslog server=<IP address>,port=514,log_id=<log name>
```

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<Log name> is the name assigned to the log that is forwarded to QRadar. For example, log_id=WebSEAL-log.

Step 8 Click **Submit**.

The Deploy button is displayed in the navigation menu.

Step 9 From the navigation menu, click **Deploy**.

Step 10 Click **Deploy**.

You must restart the reverse proxy instance to continue.

Step 11 From the Instance column, select your instance configuration.

Step 12 Click the **Manage** list box and select **Control > Restart**.

A status message is displayed after the restart completes. For more information on configuring a syslog destination, see your IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business vendor documentation. You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically discovers syslog audit and access events, but does not automatically discover HTTP events forwarded from IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business.

Since QRadar automatically discovers audit and access events, you are not required to create a log source. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business syslog events. The following configuration steps for creating a log source are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

- Step 3** In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 43-3 IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business Syslog Configuration

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business appliance. The IP address or hostname identifies your IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business as a unique event source in QRadar.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources Users Guide*.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
- The IBM Tivoli Access Manager for e-business configuration is complete.

IBM z/OS

The IBM z/OS® DSM for IBM Security QRadar allows you to integrate with an IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure® Audit to collect security, authorization, and audit events.

Using a zSecure process, events from the System Management Facilities (SMF) are recorded to an event file in the Log Enhanced Event format (LEEF). QRadar retrieves the LEEF event log files using the log file protocol and processes the events. You can schedule QRadar to retrieve events on a polling interval, which allows QRadar to retrieve the events on the schedule you have defined.

To integrate IBM z/OS events from IBM Security zSecure Audit into QRadar:

- 1 Confirm your installation meets any prerequisite installation requirements. For more information, see [Before You Begin](#).
- 2 Configure your IBM z/OS image. For more information, see the IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide.
- 3 Create a log source in QRadar for IBM z/OS to retrieve your LEEF formatted event logs. For more information, see [Create an IBM z/OS log source](#).
- 4 Optional. Create a custom event property for IBM z/OS in QRadar. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

Before You Begin Before you can configure the data collection process, you must complete the basic zSecure installation process.

The following prerequisites are required:

- You must ensure parmlib member IFAPRDxx is not disabled for IBM Security zSecure Audit on your z/OS image.
- The SCKRLOAD library must be APF-authorized.
- You must configure a process to periodically refresh your CKFREEZE and UNLOAD data sets.
- You must configure an SFTP, FTP, or SCP server on your z/OS image for QRadar to download your LEEF event files.
- You must allow SFTP, FTP, or SCP traffic on firewalls located between QRadar and your z/OS image.

After installing the software, you must also perform the post-installation activities to create and modify the configuration. For instructions on installing and configuring zSecure, see the IBM Security zSecure Suite: CARLa-Driven Components Installation and Deployment Guide.

Create an IBM z/OS log source The Log File protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.

Log files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. The log file protocol can manage plain text event logs, compressed files, or archives. Archives must contain plain-text files that can be processed one line at a time. Multi-line event logs are not supported by the log file protocol. IBM z/OS with zSecure writes log files to a specified directory as gzip archives. QRadar extracts the archive and processes the events, which are written as one event per line in the file.

To retrieve these events, you must create a log source using the Log File protocol. QRadar requires credentials to log in to the system hosting your LEEF formatted event files and a polling interval.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM z/OS**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 43-4 z/OS Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	<p>Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.</p> <p>For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as multiple z/OS images or a file repository containing all of your event logs, you should specify a name, IP address, or hostname for the image or location that uniquely identifies events for the IBM z/OS log source. This allows events to be identified at the image or location level in your network that your users can identify.</p>
Service Type	<p>From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the device storing your event log files.

Table 43-4 z/OS Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535. The options include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.</p>
Remote User	Type the user name or userid necessary to log in to the host containing your event files. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If your log files are located on your IBM z/OS image, type the userid necessary to log in to your IBM z/OS. The userid can be up to 8 characters in length. • If your log files are located on a file repository, type the user name necessary to log in to the file repository. The user name can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear. The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.

Table 43-4 z/OS Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.</p> <p>IBM z/OS mainframe using IBM Security zSecure Audit writes event files using the pattern zOS.<timestamp>.gz</p> <p>The FTP file pattern you specify must match the name you assigned to your event files. For example, to collect files starting with zOS and ending with .gz, type the following:</p> <pre>zOS.*\ .gz</pre> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list box, select Binary.</p> <p>The binary transfer mode is required for event files stored in a binary or compressed format, such as zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files.</p>
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H if you want the remote directory to be scanned every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H.</p>
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save.</p> <p>After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	<p>Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.</p>

Table 43-4 z/OS Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	<p>From the list box, select gzip.</p> <p>Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded to QRadar. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.</p>
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	<p>Select this check box to track and ignore files that have already been processed by the log file protocol.</p> <p>QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file has been previously processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file for processing. All files that have not been previously processed are downloaded.</p> <p>This option only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.</p>
Change Local Directory?	<p>Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar for storing downloaded files during processing.</p> <p>We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.</p>
Event Generator	<p>From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine.</p> <p>The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.</p>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The IBM z/OS with IBM zSecure configuration is complete. If your IBM z/OS for zSecure requires custom event properties, see the *IBM Security QRadar Custom Event Properties for IBM z/OS* technical note.

IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager

The IBM Tivoli® Endpoint Manager DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts system events in Log Extended Event Format (LEEF) retrieved from IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager.

QRadar uses the Tivoli Endpoint Manager SOAP protocol to retrieve events on a 30 second interval. As events are retrieved the IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager DSM parses and categorizes the events for QRadar. The SOAP API for IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager is only available after you have installed with the Web Reports application. The Web Reports application for Tivoli Endpoint Manager is required to retrieve and integrate IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager system event data with QRadar.

Note: QRadar is compatible with IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager versions 8.2.x. However, we recommend that you update and use the latest version of IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager that is available.

To integrate IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager with QRadar, you must manually configure a log source as events from IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager are not automatically discovered.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager SOAP**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 43-5 IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager SOAP Protocol Configuration

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager appliance. The IP address or hostname identifies your IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager as a unique event source in QRadar.
Port	Type the port number used to connect to the IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager using the SOAP API. By default, port 80 is the port number for communicating with IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager. If you are use HTTPS, you must update this field to the HTTPS port number for your network. Most configurations use port 443 for HTTPS communications.

Table 43-5 IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager SOAP Protocol Configuration (continued)

Parameter	Description
Use HTTPS	Select this check box to connect using HTTPS. If you select this check box, the hostname or IP address you specify uses HTTPS to connect to your IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager. If a certificate is required to connect using HTTPS, you must copy any certificates required by the QRadar Console or managed host to the following directory: <code>/opt/qradar/conf/trusted_certificates</code> Note: QRadar support certificates with the following file extensions: <code>.crt</code> , <code>.cert</code> , or <code>.der</code> . Any required certificates should be copied to the trusted certificates directory before you save and deploy your changes.
Username	Type the username required to access your IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager.
Password	Type the password required to access your IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to access your IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager.

For more information on configuring QRadar to import IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager vulnerabilities assessment information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Managing Vulnerability Assessment Guide*.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager configuration is complete.

IBM zSecure Alert

The IBM zSecure Alert DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts alert events using syslog, allowing QRadar to receive alert events in real-time.

The alert configuration on your IBM zSecure Alert appliance determines which alert conditions you want to monitor and forward to QRadar. To collect events in QRadar, you must configure your IBM zSecure Alert appliance to forward events in a UNIX syslog event format using the QRadar IP address as the destination. For information on configuring UNIX syslog alerts and destinations, see the *IBM Security zSecure Alert User Reference Manual*.

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from IBM zSecure Alert. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM zSecure Alert**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 43-6 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your IBM zSecure Alert.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

IBM Security Identity Manager

The IBM Security Identity Manager DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts audit, recertification, and system events from IBM Security Identity Manager appliances.

To collect events with QRadar, you must have the IBM Security Identity Manager JDBC protocol installed, which allows QRadar to poll for event information in the ITIMDB database. IBM Security Identity Manager events are generated from the audit table along with several other tables from the database.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with IBM Security Identity Manager, we recommend you create a database user account and password in IBM Security Identity Manager for QRadar. Your QRadar user must have read permissions to the ITIMDB database, which stores IBM Security Identity Manager events. The IBM Security Identity Manager protocol allows QRadar to log in and poll for events from the database. Creating a QRadar account is not required, but it is recommended for tracking and securing your event data.

Note: Ensure no firewall rules are blocking the communication between your IBM Security Identity Manager appliance and QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 3** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 4** Click **Add**.

- Step 5** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 7** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM Security Identity Manager**.
- Step 8** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **IBM Security Identity Manager JDBC**.
- Step 9** Configure the following values:

Table 43-7 IBM Security Identity Manager JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. The log source identifier must be defined in the following format: ITIMDB@<hostname> Where <hostname> is the IP address or host name for your IBM Security Identity Manager appliance. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Database Type	From the list box, select a database to use for the event source. The options include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DB2 - Select this option if DB2 is the database type on your IBM Security Identity Manager appliance. DB2 is the default database type. • MSDE - Select this option if MSDE is the database type on your IBM Security Identity Manager appliance • Oracle - Select this option if MSDE is the database type on your IBM Security Identity Manager appliance
Database Name	Type the name of the database to which you want to connect. The default database name is ITIMDB . The table name can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The table name can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the IBM Security Identity Manager appliance.

Table 43-7 IBM Security Identity Manager JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Port	<p>Type the port number used by the database server. The default that is displayed depends on the selected Database Type. The valid range is 0 to 65536. The default for DB2 is port 50000.</p> <p>The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the database. The database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.</p> <p>The default port number for all options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DB2 - 50000 • MSDE - 1433 • Oracle - 1521 <p>Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.</p>
Username	Type the database username. The username can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The username can also include underscores (_).
Password	Type the database password. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password to access the database.
Table Name	<p>Type ITIMUSER.AUDIT_EVENT as the name of the table or view that includes the event records. If you change the value of this field from the default, events cannot be properly collected by the IBM Security Identity Manager JDBC protocol.</p> <p>The table name can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The table name can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).</p>
Select List	<p>Type * to include all fields from the table or view.</p> <p>You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).</p>
Compare Field	<p>Type TIMESTAMP to identify new events added between queries to the table by their timestamp.</p> <p>The compare field can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).</p>

Table 43-7 IBM Security Identity Manager JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Start Date and Time	<p>Optional. Configure the start date and time for database polling.</p> <p>The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.</p>
Polling Interval	<p>Type the polling interval in seconds, which is the amount of time between queries to the database table. The default polling interval is 30 seconds.</p> <p>You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values without an H or M designator poll in seconds.</p>
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Authentication Domain	<p>If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Authentication Domain field is displayed. If your network is configured to validate users with domain credentials, you must define a Windows Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.</p> <p>The authentication domain must contain alphanumeric characters. The domain can include the following special characters: underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).</p>
Database Instance	<p>If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Database Instance field is displayed.</p> <p>Type the type the instance to which you want to connect, if you have multiple SQL server instances on one server.</p> <p>Note: <i>If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.</i></p>
Use Named Pipe Communication	<p>If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Use Named Pipe Communications check box is displayed. By default, this check box is clear.</p> <p>Select this check box to use an alternative method to a TCP/IP port connection.</p> <p>When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.</p>

Table 43-7 IBM Security Identity Manager JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Use NTLMv2	<p>If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Use NTLMv2 check box is displayed.</p> <p>Select the Use NTLMv2 check box to force MSDE connections to use the NTLMv2 protocol when communicating with SQL servers that require NTLMv2 authentication. The default value of the check box is selected.</p> <p>If the Use NTLMv2 check box is selected, it has no effect on MSDE connections to SQL servers that do not require NTLMv2 authentication.</p>
Database Cluster Name	<p>If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.</p>

Step 10 Click **Save**.

Step 11 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

IBM Security Network Protection (XGS)

The IBM Security Network Protection (XGS) DSM accepts events by using the Log Enhanced Event Protocol (LEEF), enabling QRadar to record all relevant events.

Before you configure an Network Security Protection (XGS) appliance in QRadar, you must configure remote syslog alerts for your IBM Security Network Protection (XGS) rules or policies to forward events to QRadar.

Supported event types

IBM Security Network Protection (XGS) appliances provides three types of event to QRadar:

- System events
- Access events
- Security events

To integrate the device with QRadar see the Network Security Protection (XGS) online documentation:

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/sprotect/v2r8m0/topic/com.ibm.alps.doc/tasks/alps_configuring_system_alerts.htm.

Configure IBM Security Network Protection (XGS) Alerts

All event types are sent to QRadar using a remote syslog alert object that is LEEF enabled.

Remote syslog alert objects can be created, edited and deleted from each context in which an events is generated. To configure a remote syslog alert object log in to

the Network Security Protection (XGS) local management interface as admin and navigate to one of the following:

- **Manage > System Settings > System Alerts** (System events)
- **Secure > Network Access Policy** (Access events)
- **Secure > IPS Event Filter Policy** (Security events)
- **Secure > Intrusion Prevention Policy** (Security events)
- **Secure > Network Access Policy > Inspection > Intrusion Prevention Policy**

In the IPS Objects, the Network Objects pane, or the System Alerts page, complete the following steps.

Procedure

Step 1 Click **New > Alert > Remote Syslog**.

Step 2 Select an existing remote syslog alert object, and then click **Edit**.

Step 3 Configure the following options:

Table 43-8 Syslog Configuration Parameters

Option	Description
Name	Type a name for the syslog alert configuration.
Remote Syslog Collector	Type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
Remote Syslog Collector Port	Type 514 for the Remote Syslog Collector Port.
Remote LEEF Enabled	Select this check box to enable LEEF formatted events. This field is required. <i>Note: If you do not see this option, verify you have software version 5.0 and fixpack 7 installed on your IBM Security Network Protection appliance.</i>
Comment	Optional. Type a comment for the syslog configuration.

Step 4 Click **Save Configuration**.

The alert is added to the Available Objects list.

Step 5 Click **Deploy** to update your IBM Security Network Protection (XGS) appliance.

The remote syslog alert object you created is now ready to be added to your system, access, or security policies to forward events to QRadar

Step 6 To make your IBM Security Network Protection (XGS) device send an event to QRadar, you must:

- Add the LEEF alert object for QRadar to one or more rules in a policy.
- Add the LEEF alert object for QRadar to the Added Objects pane in the System Alerts page.

Step 7 Click **Deploy** to update your IBM Security Network Protection (XGS) appliance.

Further support information about the Network Security Protection (XGS) device can be found by clicking help in the Network Security Protection (XGS) local management interface browser client window or by accessing the online Network Security Protection (XGS) documentation.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as events IBM Security Network Protection (XGS) are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by IBM Security Network Protection (XGS) are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a Log Source in QRadar

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for LEEF-enabled syslog events from IBM Security Network Protection (XGS). The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM Security Network Protection (XGS)**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 43-9 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your IBM Security Network Protection (XGS).

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

IBM Security Network IPS

The IBM Security Network IPS DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts LEEF-based events from IBM Security Network IPS appliances using syslog.

Supported versions QRadar supports syslog events from IBM Security Network IPS appliances v4.6 and above.

Supported events Events forwarded by the IBM Security Network IPS appliance are generated from security alerts (including IPS and SNORT), health alerts, and system alerts. IPS events include security, connection, user defined, and OpenSignature policy events.

Note: Ensure no firewall rules are blocking the communication between your IBM Security Network IPS appliance and QRadar.

Configuring your IBM Security Network IPS Appliances

To collect events with QRadar, you must configure your IBM Security Network IPS appliance to enable syslog forwarding of LEEF events.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your IPS Local Management Interface.
 - Step 2** From the navigation menu, select **Manage System Settings > Appliance > LEEF Log Forwarding**.
 - Step 3** Select the **Enable Local Log** check box.
 - Step 4** In the **Maximum File Size** field, configure the maximum file size for your LEEF log file.
 - Step 5** From the Remote Syslog Server pane, select the **Enable** check box.
 - Step 6** In the **Syslog Server IP/Host** field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
 - Step 7** In the **UDP Port** field, type **514** as the port for forwarding LEEF log events.
 - Step 8** From the event type list, enable any event types that are forwarded to QRadar. The options include **Security Event**, **System Event**, and **Health Event**.
- The syslog configuration for your IBM Security Network IPS is complete.

Configuring a Log Source in QRadar

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from IBM Security Network IPS appliances. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. This procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 3** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 4** Click **Add**.
- Step 5** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

- Step 6** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 7** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM Security Network IPS**.
- Step 8** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 9** Configure the following values:

Table 43-10 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your IBM Security Network IPS appliance.

- Step 10** Click **Save**.
- Step 11** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On

You can use the IBM® Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On DSM for IBM Security QRadar to receive events forwarded using syslog.

Supported versions QRadar can collect events from IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On version 8.1 or 8.2.

Supported event types Events forwarded by the IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On include audit, system, and authentication events.

Events are read from the following database tables and forwarded using syslog:

- IMSLOGUserService
- IMSLOGUserAdminActivity
- IMSLOGUserActivity

All events forwarded to QRadar from IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On use ### as a syslog field-separator. IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On forwards events to QRadar using UDP on port 514.

Before you begin To configure syslog forwarding for events, you must be an administrator or your user account must include credentials to access the IMS Configuration Utility.

Any firewalls configured between your IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On and QRadar should be configured to allow UDP communication on port 514. This configuration requires you to restart your IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On appliance.

Configuring a log server type IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On appliance requires you to configure a log server type to forward syslog formatted events:

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the IMS Configuration Utility for IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On.
For example, `https://localhost:9043/webconf`
- Step 2** From the navigation menu, select **Advanced Settings > IMS Server > Logging > Log Server Information**.
- Step 3** From the **Log server types** list box, select **syslog**.
- Step 4** Click **Add**.
- Step 5** Click **Update** to save the configuration.

Configuring syslog forwarding To forward events to QRadar, you must configure a syslog destination on your IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On appliance.

Procedure

- Step 1** From the navigation menu, select **Advanced Settings > IMS Server > Logging > Syslog**.
- Step 2** Configure the following options:

Table 43-11 Syslog Parameters

Field	Description
Enable syslog	From the Available Tables list, select the following tables and click Add . You must add the following tables: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> logUserService logUserActivity logUserAdminActivity
Syslog server port	Type 514 as the port number used for forwarding events to QRadar.
Syslog server hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
Syslog logging facility	Type an integer value to specify the facility of the events forwarded to QRadar. The default value is 20.
Syslog field-separator	Type ### as the characters used to separate name-value pair entries in the syslog payload.

- Step 3** Click **Update** to save the configuration.
- Step 4** Restart your IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-on appliance.

The syslog configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On syslog events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Configuring a Log Source in QRadar QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On. The following procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 43-12 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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ISC BIND

You can integrate an Internet System Consortium (ISC) BIND device with IBM Security QRadar. An ISC BIND device accepts events using syslog.

Configuring syslog for ISC BIND You can configure syslog on your ISC BIND device to forward events to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the ISC BIND device.
- Step 2** Open the following file to add a logging clause:

```
named.conf
logging {
channel <channel_name> {
syslog <syslog_facility>;
        severity <critical | error | warning | notice | info |
debug [level ] | dynamic >;
print-category yes;
print-severity yes;
print-time yes;
};
category queries {
<channel_name>;
};
category notify {
<channel_name>;
};
category network {
<channel_name>;
};
category client {
<channel_name>;
};
};
```

```
};
```

For Example:

```
logging {
channel QRadar {
syslog local3;
severity info;
};
category queries {
QRadar;
};
category notify {
QRadar;
};
category network {
QRadar;
};
category client {
QRadar;
};
};
```

Step 3 Save and exit the file.

Step 4 Edit the syslog configuration to log to your QRadar using the facility you selected in [Step 2](#):

```
<syslog_facility>.* @<IP Address>
```

Where <IP Address> is the IP address of your QRadar.

For example:

```
local3.* @192.16.10.10
```

Note: QRadar only parses logs with a severity level of info or higher.

Step 5 Restart the following services.

```
service syslog restart
service named restart
```

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from ISC BIND. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **ISC BIND**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 44-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your ISC BIND appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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IMPERVA SECURESPHERE

The Imperva SecureSphere DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant events forwarded using syslog.

Before configuring an Imperva SecureSphere device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.

Configuring syslog for Imperva SecureSphere

You can configure your Imperva SecureSphere appliance to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your SecureSphere device user interface using administrative privileges.
- Step 2** Click the **Policies** tab.
- Step 3** Click the **Action Sets** tab.
- Step 4** To generate events for each alert generated by the SecureSphere device:
 - a** Create a new action set named.
For example, `QRadar_alerts`.
 - b** Click the arrow beside System Log to move the action interface to the **Selected Actions** list.
 - c** Expand the **System Log** action group.
 - d** In the **Action Name** field, type **QRadar_syslog_alerts**.
 - e** Configure the following parameters:
 - **Syslog host** - Type the IP address of QRadar to which you want to send events.
 - **Syslog log level** - Select **INFO**.
 - **Message** - You must type the following message as a pipe separated continuous string:

```
DeviceType=ImpervaSecuresphere
```

```
Alert | an=${Alert.alertMetadata.alertName} | at=Securesphere
```

```
Alert | sp=${Event.sourceInfo.sourcePort} | s=${Event.sourceInfo.sourceIp} | d=${Event.destInfo.serverIp} | dp=${Event.destInfo.serverPort} | u=${Alert.username} | g=${Alert.serverGroupName} | ad=${Alert.description}
```

- f Select the **Run on Every Event** check box.
- g Click **Save**.

Step 5 To enable the `QRadar_alerts` action created above, you must edit your policies to use the alerts action.

The below procedure details the steps to configure the action for a firewall policy. Repeat this procedure for all required policies.

- a Go to **Policies > Security > Firewall Policy**.
- b Select the policy you want to edit to use the alert action.
- c Click the **Policy** tab.
- d From the **Followed Action** list box, select your new action.
- e Ensure your policy is configured as enabled and is applied to the appropriate server groups.
- f Click **Save**.
- g Repeat for all required policies.

Step 6 To generate events for each event generated by the SecureSphere device:

- a Create a new action set named `QRadar_events`.
- b Click the arrow beside System Log to move the action interface to the Selected Actions list.
- c Expand the System Log action group.
- d In the **Action Name** field, type `QRadar_syslog_events`.
- e Configure the following parameters:
 - **Syslog host** - Type the IP address of QRadar to which you want to send events.
 - **Syslog log level** - Select **INFO**.
 - **Message** - Type the following message as a pipe separated continuous string:

```
DeviceType=ImpervaSecuresphere Event|et=${Event.eventType}|dc=Securesphere System
Event|sp=${Event.sourceInfo.sourcePort}|s=${Event.sourceInfo.sourceIp}|d=${Event.
destInfo.serverIp}|dp=${Event.destInfo.serverPort}|u=${Event.username}|t=${Event.
createTime}|sev=${Event.severity}|m=${Event.message}
```

- f Select the **Run on Every Event** check box.
- g Click **Save**.

Step 7 To enable the `QRadar_events` action created above, you must edit your system event policies to use the action.

The below procedure details the steps to configure the action for a system event policy. Repeat this procedure for all required policies.

- a Go to **Policies > System Events**.

- b Select or create the system event policy you want to edit to use the event action.
- c Click the **Followed Action** tab.
- d From the list box, select the new action.
- e Click **Save**.
- f Repeat for all required system event policies.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Imperva SecureSphere. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Imperva SecureSphere**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 45-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Imperva SecureSphere appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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INFOBLOX NIOS

The Infoblox NIOS DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog, enabling QRadar to record all relevant events from an Infoblox NIOS device.

Before configuring QRadar, you must configure your Infoblox NIOS device to send syslog events to QRadar. For more information on configuring logs on your Infoblox NIOS device, see your Infoblox NIOS vendor documentation.

Configuring a log source To integrate Infoblox NIOS appliances with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive Infoblox NIOS events.

QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Infoblox NIOS appliances.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Infoblox NIOS**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 46-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Infoblox NIOS appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Infoblox NIOS are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

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IT-CUBE AGILESI

The iT-CUBE agileSI DSM for IBM Security QRadar can accept security-based and audit SAP events from agileSI installations that are integrated with your SAP system.

QRadar uses the event data defined as security risks in your SAP environment to generate offenses and correlate event data for your security team. SAP security events are written in Log Event Extended Format (LEEF) to a log file produced by agileSI. QRadar retrieves the new events using the SMB Tail protocol. To retrieve events from agileSI, you must create a log source using the SMB Tail protocol and provide QRadar credentials to log in and poll the LEEF formatted agileSI event file. QRadar is updated with new events each time the SMB Tail protocol polls the event file for new SAP events.

Configuring agileSI to forward events

To configure agileSI, you must create a logical filename for your events and configure the connector settings with the path to your agileSI event log.

The location of the LEEF formatted event file must be in a location viewable by Samba and accessible with the credentials you configure for the log source in QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** In agileSI core system installation, define a logical file name for the output file containing your SAP security events.

SAP provides a concept which enables you to use platform-independent logical file names in your application programs. Create a logical file name and path using transaction "FILE" (Logical File Path Definition) according to your organization's requirements.

Step 2 Log in to agileSI.

For example, `http://<sap-system-url:port>/sap/bc/webdynpro/itcube/ccf?sap-client=<client>&sap-language=EN`

Where:

`<sap-system-url>` is the IP address and port number of your SAP system, such as 10.100.100.125:50041.

`<client>` is the agent in your agileSI deployment.

Step 3 From the menu, click **Display/Change** to enable change mode for agileSI.**Step 4** From the toolbar, select **Tools > Core Consumer Connector Settings**.

The Core Consumer Connector Settings are displayed.

Step 5 Configure the following values:

- a From the **Consumer Connector** list box, select **Q1 Labs**.
- b Select the **Active** check box.
- c From the **Connector Type** list box, select **File**.
- d From the **Logical File Name** field, type the path to your logical file name you configured in **Step 1**.

For example, `/ITCUBE/LOG_FILES`.

The file created for the agileSI events is labeled LEEFYDDMM.TXT where YYYYDDMM is the year, day, and month. The event file for the current day is appended with new events every time the extractor runs. iT-CUBE agileSI creates a new LEEF file for SAP events daily.

Step 6 Click **Save**.

The configuration for your connector is saved. Before you can complete the agileSI configuration, you must deploy the changes for agileSI using extractors.

Step 7 From the toolbar, select **Tools > Extractor Management**.

The Extractor Management settings are displayed.

Step 8 Click **Deploy all**.

The configuration for agileSI events is complete. You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar.

Configure an agileSI log source

QRadar must be configured to log in and poll the event file using the SMB Tail protocol.

The SMB Tail protocol logs in and retrieves events logged by agileSI in the LEEFYDDMM.txt file.

Procedure**Step 1** Log in to QRadar.**Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.

- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **iT-CUBE agileSI**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **SMB Tail**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 47-1 SMB Tail protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, hostname, or name for the log source as an identifier for your iT-CUBE agileSI events.
Server Address	Type the IP address of your iT-CUBE agileSI server.
Domain	Type the domain for your iT-CUBE agileSI server. This parameter is optional if your server is not located in a domain.
Username	Type the username required to access your iT-CUBE agileSI server. Note: The username and password you specify must be able to read to the LEEFYyyyDDMM.txt file for your agileSI events.
Password	Type the password required to access your iT-CUBE agileSI server.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access your iT-CUBE agileSI server.
Log Folder Path	Type the directory path to access the LEEFYyyyDDMM.txt file. Parameters that support file paths allow you to define a drive letter with the path information. For example, you can use <code>c\$/LogFiles/</code> for an administrative share, or <code>LogFiles/</code> for a public share folder path, but not <code>c:/LogFiles</code> . If a log folder path contains an administrative share (C\$), users with NetBIOS access on the administrative share (C\$) have the proper access required to read the log files. Local or domain administrators have sufficient privileges to access log files that reside on administrative shares.

Table 47-1 SMB Tail protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
File Pattern	Type the regular expression (regex) required to filter the filenames. All matching files are included for processing when QRadar polls for events. For example, if you want to list all files ending with <code>txt</code> , use the following entry: <code>.*\ .txt</code> . Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
Force File Read	Select this check box to force the protocol to read the log file. By default, the check box is selected. If the check box is clear the event file is read when QRadar detects a change in the modified time or file size.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders. By default, the check box is selected.
Polling Interval (in seconds)	Type the polling interval, which is the number of seconds between queries to the event file to check for new data. The minimum polling interval is 10 seconds, with a maximum polling interval of 3,600 seconds. The default is 10 seconds.
Throttle Events/Sec	Type the maximum number of events the SMB Tail protocol forwards per second. The minimum value is 100 EPS and the maximum is 20,000 EPS. The default is 100 EPS.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. As your iT-CUBE agileSI log source retrieves new events, the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar is updated.

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ITRON SMART METER

The Itron Smart Meter DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects events from an Itron Openway Smart Meter using syslog.

The Itron Openway Smart Meter sends syslog events to QRadar using Port 514. For details of configuring your meter for syslog, see your Itron Openway Smart Meter documentation.

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Itron Openway Smart Meters. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Itron Smart Meter**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 48-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Itron Openway Smart Meter installation.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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JUNIPER NETWORKS

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [Juniper Networks AVT](#)
- [Juniper DX Application Acceleration Platform](#)
- [Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch](#)
- [Juniper IDP](#)
- [Juniper Networks Secure Access](#)
- [Juniper Infranet Controller](#)
- [Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN](#)
- [Juniper Networks Network and Security Manager](#)
- [Juniper Junos OS](#)
- [Juniper Steel-Belted Radius](#)
- [Juniper Networks vGW Virtual Gateway](#)
- [Juniper Security Binary Log Collector](#)
- [Juniper Junos WebApp Secure](#)

Juniper Networks AVT

The Juniper Networks Application Volume Tracking (AVT) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) protocol.

QRadar records all relevant events. To integrate with Juniper Networks NSM AVT data, you must create a view in the database on the Juniper Networks NSM server. You must also configure the Postgres database configuration on the Juniper Networks NSM server to allow connections to the database since, by default, only local connections are allowed.

Note: This procedure is provided as a guideline. For specific instructions, see your vendor documentation.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Juniper Networks AVT device command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Open the following file:

```
/var/netscreen/DevSvr/pgsql/data/pg_hba.conf file
```

Step 3 Add the following line to the end of the file:

```
host all all <IP address>/32 trust
```

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector you want to connect to the database.

Step 4 Reload the Postgres service:

```
su - nsm -c "pg_ctl reload -D /var/netscreen/DevSvr/pgsql/data"
```

Step 5 As the Juniper Networks NSM user, create the view:

```
create view strm_avt_view as SELECT a.name, a.category,
v.srcip,v.dstip,v.dstport, v."last", u.name as userinfo, v.id,
v.device, v.vlan,v.sessionid, v.bytecnt,v.pktcnt, v."first" FROM
avt_part v JOIN app a ON v.app =a.id JOIN userinfo u ON
v.userinfo = u.id;
```

The view is created.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Juniper Networks AVT device:

Step 1 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Juniper Networks AVT**.

Step 2 You must also configure the JDBC protocol for the log source. Use the following parameters to configure the JDBC protocol:

- a **Database Type** - From the **Database Type** list box, select **Postgres**.
- b **Database Name** - Type `profilerDb`.
- c **IP or Hostname** - Type the IP address of the Juniper Networks NSM system.
- d **Port** - Type 5432.
- e **Username** - Type the username for the profilerDb database.
- f **Password** - Type the password for profilerDB database.
- g **Table Name** - Type `strm_avt_view`.
- h **Select List** - Type `*` for the select list.
- i **Compare Field** - Type `id` for the Compare Field.
- j **Use Prepared Statements** -The **Use Prepared Statements** check box must be clear. The Juniper Networks AVT DSM does not support prepared statements.
- k **Polling Interval** - Type 10 for the Polling interval.

Note: The Database Name and Table Name parameters are case sensitive.

For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information about the Juniper Networks AVT device, see your vendor documentation.

Juniper DX Application Acceleration Platform

The Juniper DX Application Acceleration Platforms off-load core networking and I/O responsibilities from web and application servers to improve the performance of web-based applications, increasing productivity of local, remote, and mobile users.

The Juniper DX Application Acceleration Platform DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant status and network condition events. Before configuring QRadar, you must configure your Juniper device to forward syslog events.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Juniper DX user interface.
- Step 2** Browse to the desired cluster configuration (Services - Cluster Name), Logging section.
- Step 3** Select the **Enable Logging** check box.
- Step 4** Select the desired **Log Format**.
QRadar supports Juniper DX logs using the **common** and **perf2** formats only.
- Step 5** Select the desired **Log Delimiter** format.
QRadar supports comma delimited logs only.
- Step 6** In the **Log Host** section, type the IP address of your QRadar.
- Step 7** In the **Log Port** section, type the UDP port on which you wish to export logs.
- Step 8** You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Juniper DX Application Acceleration Platform:

- From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Juniper DX Application Acceleration Platform** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch

The Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

The Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch DSM supports Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switches running Junos OS. Before you can integrate QRadar with a Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch, you must configure your Juniper EX Series Switch to forward syslog events.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Type the following command:

```
configure
```

Step 3 Type the following command:

```
set system syslog host <IP address> <option> <level>
```

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar.

<level> is info, error, warning, or any,

<option> is one of the following options from [Table 49-1](#).

Table 49-1 Juniper Networks EX Series Switch Options

Option	Description
any	All facilities
authorization	Authorization system
change-log	Configuration change log
conflict-log	Configuration conflict log
daemon	Various system processes
dfc	Dynamic flow capture
explicit-priority	Include priority and facility in messages
external	Local external applications
facility-override	Alternate facility for logging to remote host
firewall	Firewall filtering system
ftp	FTP process
interactive-commands	Commands run by the UI
kernel	Kernel
log-prefix	Prefix for all logging to this host
match	Regular expression for lines to be logged
pfe	Packet Forwarding Engine
user	User processes

For example:

```
set system syslog host 10.77.12.12 firewall info
```

Configures the Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch to send info messages from firewall filtering systems to your QRadar.

Step 4 Repeat [Step 3](#) to configure any additional syslog destinations and options. Each additional option must be identified using a separate syslog destination configuration.

Step 5 You are now ready to configure the Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Juniper EX-Series Ethernet Switch** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Juniper switch, see your vendor documentation.

Juniper IDP

The Juniper IDP DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant Juniper IDP events.

Configuring syslog for Juniper IDP

You can configure a sensor on your Juniper IDP to send logs to a syslog server:

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Juniper NSM user interface.
- Step 2** In NSM, double-click on the **Sensor in Device Manager**.
- Step 3** Select **Global Settings**.
- Step 4** Select **Enable Syslog**.
- Step 5** Type the Syslog Server IP address to forward events to QRadar.
- Step 6** Click **OK**.
- Step 7** Use **Update Device** to load the new settings onto the IDP Sensor.

The format of the syslog message sent by the IDP Sensor is as follows:

```
<day id>, <record id>, <timeReceived>, <timeGenerated>,
<domain>, <domainVersion>, <deviceName>, <deviceIpAddress>,
<category>, <subcategory>,<src zone>, <src intface>, <src addr>,
<src port>, <nat src addr>, <nat src port>, <dstzone>,
<dst intface>, <dst addr>, <dst port>, <nat dst addr>,
<nat dst port>,<protocol>, <rule domain>, <rule domainVersion>,
<policyname>, <rulebase>, <rulenum>, <action>, <severity>,
<is alert>, <elapsed>, <bytes in>, <bytes out>, <bytetestotal>,
<packet in>, <packet out>, <packet total>, <repeatCount>,
<hasPacketData>,<varData Enum>, <misc-str>, <user str>,
<application str>, <uri str>
```

For example:

```
[syslog@juniper.net dayId="20061012" recordId="0"
timeRecv="2006/10/12 21:52:21" timeGen="2006/10/12 21:52:21"
domain="" devDomVer2="0" device_ip="10.209.83.4"
cat="Predefined" attack="TROJAN:SUBSEVEN:SCAN" srcZn="NULL"
srcIntf="NULL" srcAddr="192.168.170.20" srcPort="63396"
natSrcAddr="NULL" natSrcPort="0" dstZn="NULL" dstIntf="NULL"
```

```
dstAddr="192.168.170.10" dstPort="27374" natDstAddr="NULL"
natDstPort="0" protocol="TCP" ruleDomain="" ruleVer="5"
policy="Policy2" rulebase="IDS" ruleNo="4" action="NONE"
severity="LOW" alert="no" elapsedTime="0" inbytes="0"
outbytes="0" totBytes="0" inPak="0" outPak="0" totPak="0"
repCount="0" packetData="no" varEnum="31"
misc="<017>'interface=eth2" user="NULL" app="NULL" uri="NULL"]
```

Configure a log source

Juniper NSM is a central management server for Juniper IDP. You can configure QRadar to collect and represent the Juniper IDP alerts as coming from a central NSM, or QRadar can collect syslog from the individual Juniper IDP device.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Juniper Networks Secure Access device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Juniper Networks Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP)**.

For more information on configuring devices, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about Juniper IDP, see your Network and Security Manager documentation.

Juniper Networks Secure Access

The Juniper Networks Secure Access DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts login and session information using syslog in WebTrends Enhanced Log File (WELF) format. You can integrate Juniper SA and Juniper IC with QRadar.

Note: If your Juniper device is running release 5.5R3-HF2 - 6.1 or above, we recommend that you use the WELF:WELF format for logging. See your vendor documentation to determine if your device and license support logging in WELF:WELF format.

This document provides information for integrating a Juniper Secure Access device using one of the following formats:

- WELF:WELF (Recommended). See [Use the WELF:WELF format](#).
- Syslog. See [Use the syslog format](#).

Use the WELF:WELF format

To integrate a Juniper Networks Secure Access device with QRadar using the WELF:WELF format.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Juniper device administration user interface:

```
https://10.xx.xx.xx/admin
```

- Step 2** Configure syslog server information for events:

- a If a WELF:WELF file is configured, go to Step **f**. Otherwise, go to Step **b**.
- b From the left panel, select **System > Log/Monitoring > Events > Filter**.

- c Click **New Filter**.
 - d Select **WELF**.
 - e Click **Save Changes**.
 - f From the left panel, select **System > Log/Monitoring > Events > Settings**.
 - g From the Select Events to Log pane, select the events that you wish to log.
 - h In the **Server name/IP** field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.
 - i From the **Facility** list box, select the facility.
 - j From the **Filter** list box, select **WELF:WELF**.
 - k Click **Add**, then click **Save Changes**.
- Step 3** Configure syslog server information for user access:
- a If a WELF:WELF file is configured, go to Step **e**. Otherwise, go to Step **b**.
 - b From the left panel, select **System > Log/Monitoring > User Access > Filter**.
 - c Click **New Filter**.
 - d Select **WELF**. Click **Save Changes**.
 - e From the left panel, select **System > Log/Monitoring > User Access > Settings**.
 - f From the Select Events to Log pane, select the events that you wish to log.
 - g In the **Server name/IP** field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.
 - h From the **Facility** list box, select the facility.
 - i From the **Filter** list box, select **WELF:WELF**.
 - j Click **Add** and click **Save Changes**.
- Step 4** Configure syslog server information for administrator access:
- a If a WELF:WELF file is configured, go to Step **f**. Otherwise, go to Step **b**.
 - b From the left panel, select **System > Log/Monitoring > Admin Access > Filter**.
 - c Click **New Filter**.
 - d Select **WELF**.
 - e Click **Save Changes**.
 - f From the left panel, select **System > Log/Monitoring > Admin Access > Settings**.
 - g From the Select Events to Log pane, select the events that you wish to log.
 - h In the **Server name/IP** field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.
 - i From the **Facility** list box, select the facility.
 - j From the **Filter** list box, select **WELF:WELF**.
 - k Click **Add**, then click **Save Changes**.
- Step 5** Configure syslog server information for client logs:

- a If a WELF:WELF file is configured, go to Step **e**. Otherwise, go to Step **b**.
- b From the left panel, select **System > Log/Monitoring > Client Logs > Filter**. The Filter menu is displayed.
- c Click **New Filter**.
- d Select **WELF**. Click **Save Changes**.
- e From the left pane, select **System > Log/Monitoring > Client Logs > Settings**.
- f From the Select Events to Log pane, select the events that you wish to log.
- g In the **Server name/IP** field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.
- h From the **Facility** list box, select the facility.
- i From the **Filter** list box, select **WELF:WELF**.
- j Click **Add**, then click **Save Changes**.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Juniper Networks Secure Access device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Juniper Networks Secure Access (SA) SSL VPN**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Juniper device, see your vendor documentation.

Use the syslog format

You can use the syslog format to integrate a Juniper Networks Secure Access device with QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Juniper device administration user interface:
`https://10.xx.xx.xx/admin`
- Step 2** Configure syslog server information for events:
 - a From the left pane, select **System > Log/Monitoring > Events > Settings**.
 - b From the Select Events to Log section, select the events that you wish to log.
 - c In the **Server name/IP** field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.
- Step 3** Configure syslog server information for user access:
 - a From the left pane, select **System > Log/Monitoring > User Access > Settings**.
 - b From the Select Events to Log section, select the events that you wish to log.
 - c In the **Server name/IP** field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.
- Step 4** Configure syslog server information for administrator access:

- a From the left pane, select **System > Log/Monitoring > Admin Access > Settings**.
- b From the Select Events to Log section, select the events that you wish to log.
- c In the **Server name/IP** field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.

Step 5 Configure syslog server information for client logs:

- a From the left pane, select **System > Log/Monitoring > Client Logs > Settings**.
- b From the Select Events to Log section, select the events that you wish to log.
- c In the **Server name/IP** field, type the name or IP address of the syslog server.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Juniper Networks Secure Access device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Juniper Networks Secure Access (SA) SSL VPN**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Juniper device, see your vendor documentation.

Juniper Infranet Controller

The Juniper Networks Infranet Controller DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts DHCP events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events from a Juniper Networks Infranet Controller. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Juniper Networks Infranet Controller, you must configure syslog within the server. For more information on configuring your Juniper Networks Infranet Controller, consult your vendor documentation.

After you configure syslog for your Juniper Infranet Controller, you are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from your Juniper Networks Infranet Controller:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Juniper Networks Infranet Controller** option.

For more information on configuring devices, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN

The Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Juniper Firewall and VPN events using UDP syslog. QRadar records all relevant firewall and VPN events.

Note: TCP syslog is not supported. You must use UDP syslog.

You can Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN device to export events to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN user interface.
- Step 2** Select **Configuration > Report Settings > Syslog**.
- Step 3** Select the **enable syslog messages** check box.
- Step 4** Type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 5** Click **Apply**.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN device, see your Juniper documentation.

Juniper Networks Network and Security Manager

The Juniper Networks Network and Security Manager (NSM) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Juniper Networks NSM and Juniper Networks Secure Service Gateway (SSG) logs. All Juniper SSG logs must be forwarded through Juniper NSM to QRadar. All other Juniper devices should be forwarded directly to QRadar.

For more information on advanced filtering of Juniper Networks NSM logs, see your Juniper Networks vendor documentation.

To integrate a Juniper Networks NSM device with QRadar, you must:

- [Configuring Juniper Networks NSM to export logs to syslog](#)
- [Configuring a log source for Juniper Networks NSM](#)

Configuring Juniper Networks NSM to export logs to syslog

Juniper Networks NSM uses the syslog server when exporting qualified log entries to syslog. Configuring the syslog settings for the management system only defines the syslog settings for the management system.

It does not actually export logs from the individual devices. You can enable the management system to export logs to syslog.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Juniper Networks NSM user interface.
- Step 2** From the **Action Manager** menu, select **Action Parameters**.
- Step 3** Type the IP address for the syslog server to which you want to send qualified logs.
- Step 4** Type the syslog server facility for the syslog server to which you want to send qualified logs.
- Step 5** From the **Device Log Action Criteria** node, select the **Actions** tab.
- Step 6** Select **Syslog Enable** for **Category**, **Severity**, and **Action**.
You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source for Juniper Networks NSM

You can configure a log source in QRadar for Juniper Networks NSM.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 1** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Juniper Networks Network and Security Manager**.
- Step 2** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Juniper NSM**.
- Step 3** Configure the following values for the Juniper NSM protocol:

Table 49-2 Juniper NSM Protocol Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
IP	Type the IP address or hostname of the Juniper Networks NSM server.
Inbound Port	Type the inbound port to which the Juniper Networks NSM sends communications. The valid range is 0 to 65536. The default is 514.
Redirection Listen Port	Type the port to which traffic is forwarded. The valid range is 0 to 65,536. The default is 516.
Use NSM Address for Log Source	Select this check box to use the Juniper NSM management server IP address instead of the log source IP address. By default, the check box is selected.

Note: In the QRadar interface, the Juniper NSM protocol configuration enables you to use the Juniper Networks NSM IP address by selecting the Use NSM Address for Event Source check box. If you wish to change the configuration to use the originating IP address (clear the check box), you must log in to your QRadar Console, as a root user, and reboot the Console (for an all-in-one system) or the Event Collector hosting the log sources (in a distributed environment) using the following command: `shutdown -r now`.

Juniper Junos OS

The Juniper Junos OS Platform DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog, structured-data syslog, or PCAP (SRX Series only). QRadar records all valid syslog or structured-data syslog events.

The Juniper Junos OS Platform DSM supports the following Juniper devices running Junos OS:

- Juniper M Series Multiservice Edge Routing
- Juniper MX Series Ethernet Services Router
- Juniper T Series Core Platform
- Juniper SRX Series Services Gateway

For information on configuring PCAP data using a Juniper Networks SRX Series appliance, see [Configure the PCAP Protocol](#).

Note: For more information about structured-data syslog, see RFC 5424 at the Internet Engineering Task Force: <http://www.ietf.org/>

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Juniper device, you must forward data to QRadar using syslog or structured-data syslog.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Juniper platform command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Include the following syslog statements at the `set system` hierarchy level:

```
[set system]
syslog {
  host (hostname) {
    facility <severity>;
    explicit-priority;
    any any;
    authorization any;
    firewall any;
  }
  source-address source-address;
  structured-data {
    brief;
  }
}
```

Table 49-3 lists and describes the configuration setting variables to be entered in the syslog statement.

Table 49-3 List of Syslog Configuration Setting Variables

Parameter	Description
host (hostname)	Type the IP address or the fully-qualified hostname of your QRadar.

Table 49-3 List of Syslog Configuration Setting Variables (continued)

Parameter	Description
Facility <severity>	<p>Define the severity of the messages that belong to the named facility with which it is paired. Valid severity levels are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • any • none • emergency • alert • critical • error • warning • notice • info <p>Messages with the specified severity level and higher are logged. The levels from emergency through info are in order from highest severity to lowest.</p>
Source-address	<p>Type a valid IP address configured on one of the router interfaces for system logging purposes.</p> <p>The source-address is recorded as the source of the syslog message send to QRadar. This IP address is specified in host hostname statement set system syslog hierarchy level; not, however, for messages directed to the other routing engine, or to the TX Matrix platform in a routing matrix.</p>
structured-data	Inserts structured-data syslog into the data.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

The following devices are auto discovered by QRadar as a Juniper Junos OS Platform devices:

- Juniper M Series Multiservice Edge Routing
- Juniper MX Series Ethernet Services Router
- Juniper SRX Series
- Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch
- Juniper T Series Core Platform

To manually configure QRadar to receive events from a Juniper Junos OS Platform device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select one of the following options: **Juniper JunOS Platform, Juniper M-Series Multiservice Edge Routing, Juniper MX-Series Ethernet Services Router, Juniper SRX-series, or Juniper T-Series Core Platform.**

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Juniper device, see your vendor documentation.

Configure the PCAP Protocol

The Juniper SRX Series appliance supports forwarding of packet capture (PCAP) and syslog data to QRadar.

Syslog data is forwarded to QRadar on port 514. The IP address and outgoing PCAP port number is configured on the Juniper Networks SRX Series appliance interface. The Juniper Networks SRX Series appliance must be configured using the to forward PCAP data in the format `<IP Address>:<Port>`.

Where:

`<IP Address>` is the IP address of QRadar.

`<Port>` is the outgoing port address for the PCAP data.

For more information on Configuring Packet Capture, see your Juniper Networks Junos OS documentation.

You are now ready to configure the log source and protocol in QRadar. For more information see [Configuring a New Juniper Networks SRX Log Source with PCAP](#).

Configuring a New Juniper Networks SRX Log Source with PCAP

The Juniper Networks SRX Series appliance is auto discovered by QRadar as a Juniper Junos OS Platform.

QRadar detects the syslog data and adds the log source automatically. The PCAP data can be added to QRadar as Juniper SRX Series Services Gateway log source using the PCAP Syslog Combination protocol. Adding the PCAP Syslog Combination protocol after QRadar auto discovers the Junos OS syslog data adds an additional log source to your existing log source limit. Deleting the existing syslog entry, then adding the PCAP Syslog Combination protocol adds both syslog and PCAP data as single log source.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Juniper SRX-series Services Gateway**.
- Step 7** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **PCAP Syslog Combination**.

Step 8 Type the Log Source Identifier.

Step 9 Type the Incoming PCAP Port.

To configure the Incoming PCAP Port parameter in the log source, enter the outgoing port address for the PCAP data as configured on the Juniper Networks SRX Series appliance interface. For more information on configuring log sources, see the Log Sources User Guide.

Step 10 Click **Save**.

Step 11 Select the auto discovered syslog-only Junos OS log source for your Juniper Networks SRX Series appliance.

Step 12 Click **Delete**.

A delete log source confirmation window is displayed.

Step 13 Click **Yes**.

The Junos OS syslog log source is deleted from the log source list. You should now have the PCAP Syslog Combination protocol in your log source list.

Step 14 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

Juniper Steel-Belted Radius

The Juniper Steel-Belted Radius DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events from a client running the QRadar Adaptive Log Exporter utility using the Windows operating system, or on Linux using syslog.

QRadar records all successful and unsuccessful login attempts. You can integrate Juniper Networks Steel-Belted Radius with QRadar using one of the following methods:

- Configure Juniper Steel Belted-Radius to use the Adaptive Log Exporter on Microsoft Windows operating systems. For more information, see [Configuring Juniper Steel-Belted Radius for the Adaptive Log Exporter](#).
- Configure Juniper Steel-Belted Radius using syslog on Linux-based operating systems. For more information, see [Configuring Juniper Steel-Belted Radius for syslog](#).

Configuring Juniper Steel-Belted Radius for the Adaptive Log Exporter

You can integrate a Juniper Steel-Belted Radius DSM with QRadar using the Adaptive Log Exporter.

Procedure

Step 1 From the Start menu, select **Start > Programs > Adaptive Log Exporter > Configure Adapter Log Exporter**.

The Adaptive Log Exporter must be installed on the same system as your Juniper SBR system. The Adaptive Log Exporter must be updated to include the Juniper SBR device plug-in. For more information, see your Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide.

Step 2 Click the **Devices** tab.

Step 3 Select **Juniper SBR**, right-click and select **Add Device**.

The New Juniper SBR Properties window is displayed.

Step 4 Configure the following parameters:

- a **Name** - Type a name for the device. The name can include alphanumeric characters and underscore (_) characters.
- b **Description** - Type a description for this device.
- c **Device Address** - Type the IP address or hostname that the device. The IP address or hostname is used to identify the device in syslog messages forwarded to QRadar. This is the IP address or hostname that will appear in QRadar.
- d **Root Log Directory** - Type the location where Juniper SBR stores log files. Report log files should be located in the Steel-Belted Radius directory `<radiusdir>\authReports`. The Adaptive Log Exporter monitors the Root Log Directory for any .CSV files having a date stamp in the file name matching the current day.

Step 5 From the **Adaptive Log Exporter** toolbar, click **Save**.

Step 6 From the **Adaptive Log Exporter** toolbar, click **Deploy**.

Note: You must use the default values for the log file heading in the Juniper Steel-Belted Radius appliance. If the log file headings have been changed from the default values and QRadar is not parsing SBR events properly, please contact Customer Support.

Step 7 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Juniper SBR events provided from the Adaptive Log Exporter are automatically discovered by QRadar. If you want to manually configure QRadar to receive events from Juniper Steel-Belted Radius:

- From the **Log Source Type** drop-down box, select the **Juniper Steel-Belted Radius** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Configuring Juniper Steel-Belted Radius for syslog

You can integrate a Juniper Steel-Belted Radius DSM with QRadar using syslog on a Linux-based operating system.

Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH log in to your Juniper Steel-Belted Radius device, as a root user.

Step 2 Edit the following file:

```
/etc/syslog.conf
```

Step 3 Add the following information:

```
<facility>.<priority> @<IP address>
```

Where:

<facility> is the syslog facility, for example, `local3`.

<priority> is the syslog priority, for example, `info`.

<IP address> is the IP address of QRadar.

Step 4 Save the file.

Step 5 From the command-line, type the following command to restart syslog:

```
service syslog restart
```

Step 6 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Juniper Steel-Belted Radius:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Juniper Steel-Belted Radius** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information on configuring your Steel-Belted Radius server consult your vendor documentation.

Juniper Networks vGW Virtual Gateway

The Juniper Networks vGW Virtual Gateway DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog and NetFlow from your vGW management server or firewall. QRadar records all relevant events, such as admin, policy, IDS logs, and firewall events. Before configuring an Juniper Networks vGW Virtual Gateway in QRadar, you must configure vGW to forward syslog events.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Juniper Networks vGW user interface.

Step 2 Select **Settings**.

Step 3 From **Security Settings**, select **Global**.

Step 4 From **External Logging**, select one of the following:

- **Send Syslog from vGW management server** - Central logging with syslog event provided from a management server.

If you select the option **Send Syslog from vGW management server**, all events forwarded to QRadar contain the IP address of the vGW management server.

- **Send Syslog from Firewalls** - Distribute logging with each Firewall Security VM providing syslog events.

Step 5 Type values for the following parameters:

- a **Syslog Server** - Type the IP address of your vGW management server if you selected to **Send Syslog from vGW management server**. Or, type the IP address of QRadar if you selected **Send Syslog from Firewalls**.
- b **Syslog Server Port** - Type the port address for syslog. This is typically port 514.

Step 6 From the **External Logging** panel, click **Save**.

Only changes made to the **External Logging** section are stored when you click **Save**. Any changes made to NetFlow require that you save using the button within **NetFlow Configuration** section.

Step 7 From the **NetFlow Configuration** panel, select the **enable** check box.

NetFlow does not support central logging from a vGW management server. From the External Logging section, you must select the option **Send Syslog from Firewalls**.

Step 8 Type values for the following parameters:

a NetFlow collector address - Type the IP address of QRadar.

b NetFlow collector port - Type a port address for NetFlow events.

Note: QRadar typically uses port 2055 for NetFlow event data on QFlow Collectors. You must configure a different NetFlow collector port on your Juniper Networks vGW Series Virtual Gateway for NetFlow.

Step 9 From the **NetFlow Configuration**, click **Save**.

Step 10 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

QRadar automatically detects syslog forwarded from Juniper Networks vGW. If you want to manually configure QRadar to receive syslog events:

► From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Juniper vGW**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information, see your Juniper Networks vGW documentation.

Juniper Security Binary Log Collector

The Juniper Security Binary Log Collector DSM for IBM Security QRadar can accept audit, system, firewall and intrusion prevention system (IPS) events in binary format from Juniper SRX or Juniper Networks J Series appliances. The Juniper Networks binary log file format is intended to increase performance when writing large amounts of data to an event log. To integrate your device with QRadar, you must configure your Juniper appliance to stream binary formatted events, then configure a log source in QRadar.

This section includes the following topics:

- [Configuring the Juniper Networks Binary Log Format](#)
- [Configure a log source](#)

Configuring the Juniper Networks Binary Log Format

The binary log format from Juniper SRX or J Series appliances are streamed to QRadar using the UDP protocol. You must specify a unique port for streaming binary formatted events, the standard syslog port for QRadar cannot understand binary formatted events. The default port assigned to QRadar for receiving streaming binary events from Juniper appliances is port 40798.

Note: The Juniper Binary Log Collector DSM only supports events forwarded in Streaming mode. The Event mode is not supported.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Juniper SRX or J Series using the command-line Interface (CLI).

Step 2 Type the following command to edit your device configuration:

```
configure
```

Step 3 Type the following command to configure the IP address and port number for streaming binary formatted events:

```
set security log stream <Name> host <IP address> port <Port>
```

Where:

<Name> is the name assigned to the stream.

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

<Port> is a unique port number assigned for streaming binary formatted events to QRadar. By default, QRadar listens for binary streaming data on port 40798. For a list of ports used by QRadar, see the *IBM Security QRadar Common Ports List* technical note.

Step 4 Type the following command to set the security log format to binary:

```
set security log stream <Name> format binary
```

Where <Name> is the name you specified for your binary format stream in [Step 3](#).

Step 5 Type the following command to enable security log streaming:

```
set security log mode stream
```

Step 6 Type the following command to set the source IP address for the event stream:

```
set security log source-address <IP address>
```

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your Juniper SRX Series or Juniper J Series appliance.

Step 7 Type the following command to save the configuration changes:

```
commit
```

Step 8 Type the following command to exit the configuration mode:

```
exit
```

The configuration of your Juniper SRX or J Series appliance is complete. You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar does not automatically discover incoming Juniper Security Binary Log Collector events from Juniper SRX or Juniper J Series appliances.

If your events are not automatically discovered, you must manually create a log source using the **Admin** tab in QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Juniper Security Binary Log Collector**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Juniper Security Binary Log Collector**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 49-4 Juniper Security Binary Log Collector protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address or hostname to identify the log source. The identifier address should be the Juniper SRX or J Series appliance generating the binary event stream.
Binary Collector Port	<p>Specify the port number used by the Juniper Networks SRX or J Series appliance to forward incoming binary data to QRadar. The UDP port number for binary data is the same port configured in Configuring the Juniper Networks Binary Log Format, Step 3.</p> <p>If you edit the outgoing port number for the binary event stream from your Juniper Networks SRX or J Series appliance, you must also edit your Juniper log source and update the Binary Collector Port parameter in QRadar.</p> <p>To edit the port:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 In the Binary Collector Port field, type the new port number for receiving binary event data. 2 Click Save. Event collection is stopped for the log source until you fully deploy QRadar. 3 On the Admin tab, select Advanced > Deploy Full Configuration. The port update is complete and event collection starts on the new port number. <p>Note: When you click <i>Deploy Full Configuration</i>, QRadar restarts all services, resulting in a gap in data collection for events and flows until the deployment completes.</p>
XML Template File Location	<p>Type the path to the XML file used to decode the binary stream from your Juniper SRX or Juniper J Series appliance.</p> <p>By default, QRadar includes an XML template file for decoding the binary stream in the following directory:</p> <p><code>/opt/qradar/conf/security_log.xml</code></p>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. You can verify events forwarded to QRadar by viewing events in the **Log Activity** tab.

Juniper Junos WebApp Secure

The Juniper WebApp Secure DSM for QRadar accepts events forwarded from Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliances using syslog.

Juniper Junos WebApp Secure provides incident logging and access logging events to QRadar. Before you can receive events in QRadar, you must configure event forwarding on your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure, then define the events you want to forward.

Configuring syslog forwarding

To configure a remote syslog server for Juniper Junos WebApp Secure, you must SSH in to a configuration interface. The configuration interface allows you to setup or configure core settings on your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance.

Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your Juniper Junos WebApp device using port 2022.

`https://<IP address>:<port>`

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance.

<Port> is the port number of your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance configuration interface. The default SSH configuration port is 2022.

Step 2 From the Choose a Tool menu, select **Logging**.

Step 3 Click **Run Tool**.

Step 4 From the Log Destination menu, select **Remote Syslog Server**.

Step 5 In the **Syslog Server** field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 6 Click **Save**.

Step 7 From the Choose a Tool menu, select **Quit**.

Step 8 Type **Exit** to close your SSH session.

You are now ready to configure event logging on your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance.

Configuring event logging

The Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance must be configured to determine which logs are forwarded to QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Using a web browser, log in to the Configuration Site for your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance.

`https://<IP address>:<port>`

Where:

<IP address> is the IP address of your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance.

<Port> is the port number of your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance. The default configuration uses a port number of 5000.

Step 2 From the navigation menu, select **Configuration Manager**.

Step 3 From the Configuration menu, select **Basic Mode**.

Step 4 Click the **Global Configuration** tab and select **Logging**.

Step 5 Click the link **Show Advanced Options**.

Step 6 Configure the following parameters:

Table 49-1 Juniper Junos WebApp Secure logging parameters

Parameter	Description
Access logging: Log Level	<p>Click this option to configure the level of information logged when access logging is enabled.</p> <p>The options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 - Access logging is disabled. • 1 - Basic logging. • 2 - Basic logging with headers. • 3 - Basic logging with headers and body. <p>Note: Access logging is disabled by default. It is recommended that you only enable access logging for debugging purposes. For more information, see your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure documentation.</p>
Access logging: Log requests before processing	Click this option and select True to log the request before it is processed, then forward the event to QRadar.
Access logging: Log requests to access log after processing	Click this option and select True to log the request after it is processed. After Juniper Junos WebApp Secure processes the event, then it is forwarded to QRadar.
Access logging: Log responses to access log after processing	Click this option and select True to log the response after it is processed. After Juniper Junos WebApp Secure processes the event, then the event is forwarded to QRadar.
Access logging: Log responses to access log before processing	Click this option and select True to log the response before it is processed, then forward the event to QRadar.

Table 49-1 Juniper Junos WebApp Secure logging parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Incident severity log level	<p>Click this option to define the severity of the incident events to log. All incidents at or above the level defined are forwarded to QRadar. The options include:</p> <p>The options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 - Informational level and above incident events are logged and forwarded. • 1 - Suspicious level and above incident events are logged and forwarded. • 2 - Low level and above incident events are logged and forwarded. • 3 - Medium level and above incident events are logged and forwarded. • 4 - High level and above incident events are logged and forwarded.
Log incidents to the syslog	Click this option and select Yes to enable syslog forwarding to QRadar.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Juniper Junos WebApp Secure events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Juniper Junos WebApp Secure are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Juniper Junos WebApp Secure. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Juniper Junos WebApp Secure**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 49-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Juniper Junos WebApp Secure appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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KASPERSKY SECURITY CENTER

The Kaspersky Security Center DSM retrieves events directly from a database on your Kaspersky Security Center appliance.

Supported event types QRadar uses the JDBC protocol to poll a view created specifically for QRadar to collect antivirus, server, and audit events.

Before you begin Before you can receive events in QRadar, you must create a database view for QRadar to poll using the JDBC protocol.

We also recommend that you create a user for QRadar, as QRadar requires a user account to poll the database for events. After you have configured a database view and a user account for QRadar, you are ready to configure a log source in QRadar for Kaspersky Security Center.

Creating a Database View for Kaspersky Security Center To collect audit event data, you must create a database view on your Kaspersky server that is accessible to QRadar.

To create a database view, you can download the klsql2.zip tool, which is available from Kaspersky or use another program that allows you to create database views. The instructions provided below define the steps required to create the dbo.events view using the Kaspersky Labs tool.

Procedure

- Step 1** From the Kaspersky Labs website, download the klsql2.zip file:
<http://support.kaspersky.com/9284>
- Step 2** Copy klsql2.zip to your Kaspersky Security Center Administration Server.
- Step 3** Extract klsql2.zip to a directory.
- Step 4** The following files are included:
 - klsql2.exe
 - libmysql.dll
 - src.sql
 - start.cmd
- Step 5** In any text editor, edit the src.sql file.

Step 6 Clear the contents of the src.sql file.

Step 7 Type the following Transact-SQL statement to create the dbo.events database view:

```
create view dbo.events as select e.nId, e.strEventType as
'EventId', e.wstrDescription as 'EventDesc', e.tmRiseTime as
'DeviceTime', h.nIp as 'SourceInt', e.wstrPar1, e.wstrPar2,
e.wstrPar3, e.wstrPar4, e.wstrPar5, e.wstrPar6, e.wstrPar7,
e.wstrPar8, e.wstrPar9 from dbo.v_akpub_ev_event e,
dbo.v_akpub_host h where e.strHostname = h.strName;
```

Step 8 Save the src.sql file.

Step 9 From the command line, navigate to the location of the klsql2 files.

Step 10 Type the following command to create the view on your Kaspersky Security Center appliance:

```
klsql2 -i src.sql -o result.xml
```

The dbo.events view is created. You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar to poll the view for Kaspersky Security Center events.

Note: Kaspersky Security Center database administrators should ensure that QRadar is allowed to poll the database for events using TCP port 1433 or the port configured for your log source. Protocol connections are often disabled on databases by default and additional configuration steps might be required to allow connections for event polling. Any firewalls located between Kaspersky Security Center and QRadar should also be configured to allow traffic for event polling.

Configuring the Log Source in QRadar

QRadar requires a user account with the proper credentials to access the view you created in the Kaspersky Security Center database.

To successfully poll for audit data from the Kaspersky Security Center database, you must create a new user or provide the log source with existing user credentials to read from the dbo.events view. For more information on creating a user account, see your Kaspersky Security Center documentation.

Procedure

Step 1 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 2 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 3 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 4 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.

Step 5 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 6 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Kaspersky Security Center**.

Step 7 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.

Step 8 Configure the following values:

Table 50-2 JDBC protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format: <Kaspersky Database>@<Kaspersky Database Server IP or Host Name> Where: <Kaspersky Database> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter. <Kaspersky Database Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.
Database Type	From the list box, select MSDE .
Database Name	Type KAV as the name of the Kaspersky Security Center database.
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the SQL server that hosts the Kaspersky Security Center database.
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433. You must enable and verify you can communicate using the port you specify in the Port field. The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Kaspersky database. The Kaspersky database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar. Note: <i>If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.</i>
Username	Type the username the log source can use to access the Kaspersky database.
Password	Type the password the log source can use to access the Kaspersky database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password field.
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define the Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server. Note: <i>If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.</i>
Table Name	Type dbo.events as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.

Table 50-2 JDBC protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view. You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type nld as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.
Start Date and Time	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling. The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Use Prepared Statements	Select the Use Prepared Statements check box. Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements. Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the view you created. The default polling interval is 10 seconds. You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Use Named Pipe Communication	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box. When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Kaspersky Security Center log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

Step 10 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The Kaspersky Security Center configuration is complete. Events collected using the JDBC protocol are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

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LIEBERMAN RANDOM PASSWORD MANAGER

The Lieberman Random Password Manager DSM for allows you to integrate IBM Security QRadar with Lieberman Enterprise Random Password Manager and Lieberman Random Password Manager software using syslog events in the Log Extended Event Format (LEEF).

The Lieberman Random Password Manager forwards syslog events to QRadar using Port 514. QRadar records all relevant password management events. For information on configuring syslog forwarding, see your vendor documentation. IBM Security QRadar

QRadar automatically detects syslog events forwarded from Lieberman Random Password Manager and Lieberman Enterprise Random Password Manager devices. However, if you want to manually configure QRadar to receive events from these devices:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Lieberman Random Password Manager**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [Linux DHCP](#)
- [Linux IPtables](#)
- [Linux OS](#)

Linux DHCP

The Linux DHCP Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts DHCP events using syslog.

Configuring Syslog for Linux DHCP

QRadar records all relevant events from a Linux DHCP Server. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Linux DHCP Server, you must configure syslog within your Linux DHCP Server to forward syslog events to QRadar.

For more information on configuring your Linux DHCP Server, consult the man pages or associated documentation for your DHCP daemon.

Configuring a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates log sources for syslog events forwarded from Linux DHCP Servers. The following procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your Linux DHCP Server.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Linux DHCP Server**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 52-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from your Linux DHCP Server.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Linux IPTables

The Linux IPTables DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts firewall IPTables events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant from Linux IPTables where the syslog event contains any of the following words: Accept, Drop, Deny, or Reject. Creating a customized log prefix in the event payload allows QRadar to easily identify IPTables behavior.

Configure IPTables

IPTables is a powerful tool, which allows you to create rules on the Linux kernel firewall for routing traffic.

To configure IPTables, you must examine the existing rules, modify the rule to log the event, and assign a log identifier to your IPTables rule that can be identified by QRadar. This process allows you to determine which rules are logged by QRadar. QRadar includes any events that are logged that include the words: accept, drop, reject, or deny in the event payload.

Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your Linux Server as a root user.

Step 2 Edit the IPTables file located in the following directory:

```
/etc/iptables.conf
```

Note: The file containing IPTables rules can vary according to the specific Linux operating system you are configuring. For a system operating Red Hat Enterprise, the file is located in the `/etc/sysconfig/iptables` directory. Consult your Linux operating system documentation for more information on configuring IPTables.

Step 3 Review the file to determine the IPTables rule you want to log.

For example, if you want to log the rule defined by the entry:

```
-A INPUT -i eth0 --dport 31337 -j DROP
```

Step 4 Insert a matching rule immediately before each rule you want to log:

```
-A INPUT -i eth0 --dport 31337 -j DROP
-A INPUT -i eth0 --dport 31337 -j DROP
```

Step 5 Update the target of the new rule to LOG for each rule you want to log. For example:

```
-A INPUT -i eth0 --dport 31337 -j LOG
-A INPUT -i eth0 --dport 31337 -j DROP
```

Step 6 Set the log level of the LOG target to a SYSLOG priority level, such as info or notice:

```
-A INPUT -i eth0 --dport 31337 -j LOG --log-level info
-A INPUT -i eth0 --dport 31337 -j DROP
```

Step 7 Configure a log prefix to identify the rule behavior. Set the log prefix parameter to `Q1Target=<rule>`.

Where `<rule>` is one of `fw_accept`, `fw_drop`, `fw_reject`, or `fw_deny`.

For example, if the rule being logged by the firewall targets dropped events, the log prefix setting should be `Q1Target=fw_drop`.

```
-A INPUT -i eth0 --dport 31337 -j LOG --log-level info
--log-prefix "Q1Target=fw_drop "
-A INPUT -i eth0 --dport 31337 -j DROP
```

Note: The trailing space is required before the closing quotation mark.

Step 8 Save and exit the file.

Step 9 Restart IPtables:

```
/etc/init.d/iptables restart
```

Step 10 Open the `syslog.conf` file.

Step 11 Add the following line:

```
kern.<log level> @<IP address>
```

Where:

`<log level>` is the previously set log level.

`<IP address>` is the IP address of QRadar.

Step 12 Save and exit the file.

Step 13 Restart the syslog daemon:

```
/etc/init.d/syslog restart
```

After the syslog daemon restarts, events are forwarded to QRadar. IPtable events forwarded from Linux Servers are automatically discovered and displayed in the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates log sources for IPtables syslog events forwarded from Linux Servers. The following steps for configuring a log source are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your Linux DHCP Server.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Linux iptables Firewall**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 52-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for IPtables events forwarded from your Linux Server.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. IPtables events forwarded from Linux Servers are automatically discovered and displayed in the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

For more information on configuring IPtables on Linux Servers, consult the man pages or your associated Linux documentation.

Linux OS

The Linux OS DSM for IBM Security QRadar records Linux operating system events and forwards the events using syslog or syslog-ng.

If you are using syslog on a UNIX host, we recommend that you upgrade the standard syslog to a more recent version, such as, syslog-ng.

CAUTION: Do not run both syslog and syslog-ng at the same time.

To integrate Linux OS with QRadar, select one of the following syslog configurations for event collection:

- [Configuring Linux OS using syslog](#)
- [Configure Linux OS using syslog-ng](#)

Supported event types

The Linux OS DSM supports the following event types:

- cron
- HTTPS
- FTP
- NTP
- Simple Authentication Security Layer (SASL)
- SMTP
- SNMP
- SSH
- Switch User (SU)
- Pluggable Authentication Module (PAM) events.

Configuring Linux OS using syslog

To configure Linux OS using the syslog protocol:

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Linux OS device, as a root user.

Step 2 Open the `/etc/syslog.conf` file.

Step 3 Add the following facility information:

```
authpriv.* @<IP address>
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of the QRadar.

Step 4 Save the file.

Step 5 Restart syslog:

```
service syslog restart
```

Step 6 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Linux OS:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Linux OS**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information on syslog, see your Linux operating system documentation.

Configure Linux OS using syslog-ng

To configure Linux OS using the syslog-ng protocol:

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Linux OS device, as a root user.

Step 2 Open the `/etc/syslog-ng/syslog-ng.conf` file.

Step 3 Add the following facility information:

```
filter auth_filter{ facility(authpriv); };
destination auth_destination { tcp("<IP address>" port(514)); };
log{
    source(<Sourcename>);
    filter(auth_filter);
    destination(auth_destination);
};
```

Where:

`<IP address>` is the IP address of the QRadar.

`<Source name>` is the name of the source defined in the configuration file.

Step 4 Save the file.

Step 5 Restart syslog-ng:

```
service syslog-ng restart
```

Step 6 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Linux OS:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Linux OS**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information on syslog-ng, see your Linux operating system documentation.

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McAFEE

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [McAfee Intrushield](#)
- [McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator](#)
- [McAfee Application / Change Control](#)
- [McAfee Web Gateway](#)

McAfee Intrushield

A QRadar McAfee Intrushield DSM accepts events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a McAfee Intrushield device, you must select your McAfee Intrushield version.

- To integrate QRadar with a version of McAfee Intrushield between v2.x and v5.x, see [Configure McAfee Intrushield Using v2.x to v5.x](#).
- To integrate QRadar with McAfee Intrushield v6.x, see [Configuring McAfee Intrushield Using v6.x](#).

Configure McAfee Intrushield Using v2.x to v5.x

To integrate your McAfee Intrushield with QRadar, you must configure a syslog forwarder in McAfee Intrushield, then configure the log source in QRadar or wait for QRadar to automatically discover your McAfee Intrushield appliance.

Configure the syslog forwarder for McAfee Intrushield v2.x to v5.x

To configure McAfee Intrushield:

- Step 1** Log in to the McAfee Intrushield Manager user interface.
- Step 2** In the dashboard click **Configure**.
- Step 3** From the Resource Tree, click the **root node** (Admin-Domain-Name).
- Step 4** Select **Alert Notification > Syslog Forwarder**.
- Step 5** Type the Syslog Server details.
 - a The Enable Syslog Forwarder must be configured as **Yes**.
 - b The Port must be configured to **514**.
- Step 6** Click **Edit**.

Step 7 Choose one of the following:

- a If you are using a version of McAfee Intrushield that does not have patches applied, type the following to customize the message string:

```
| $ALERT_ID$ | $ALERT_TYPE$ | $ATTACK_TIME$ | "$ATTACK_NAME$" |
$ATTACK_ID$ | $ATTACK_SEVERITY$ | $ATTACK_SIGNATURE$ | $ATTACK_
CONFIDENCE$ | $ADMIN_DOMAIN$ | $SENSOR_NAME$ | $INTERFACE$ |
$SOURCE_IP$ | $SOURCE_PORT$ | $DESTINATION_IP$ | $DESTINATION
_PORT$ |
```

Note: The custom message string must be entered as a single line with no carriage returns. Versions of McAfee Intrushield that do not have patches applied use different message strings than patched versions. McAfee Intrushield expects the format of the custom message syslog information to contain a dollar sign (\$) delimiter before and after each element. If you are missing a dollar sign for an element, then the event might not parse properly.

If you are unsure what event message format to use, contact McAfee Customer Support.

- b If you are using a version of McAfee Intrushield that has patches applied from 3.x to v5.x, type the following to customize the message string:

```
| $IV_ALERT_ID$ | $IV_ALERT_TYPE$ | $IV_ATTACK_TIME$ | "$IV_ATTACK_
NAME$" | $IV_ATTACK_ID$ | $IV_ATTACK_SEVERITY$ | $IV_ATTACK_
SIGNATURE$ | $IV_ATTACK_CONFIDENCE$ | $IV_ADMIN_DOMAIN$ | $IV_
SENSOR_NAME$ | $IV_INTERFACE$ | $IV_SOURCE_IP$ | $IV_SOURCE_PORT$ |
$IV_DESTINATION_IP$ | $IV_DESTINATION_PORT$ |
```

Note: The custom message string must be entered as a single line with no carriage returns. Versions of McAfee Intrushield with patches applied use custom message strings that begin with \$iv. McAfee Intrushield expects the format of the custom message syslog information to contain a dollar sign (\$) delimiter before and after each element. If you are missing a dollar sign for an element, then the event might not parse properly.

If you are unsure what event message format to use, contact McAfee Customer Support.

Step 8 Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically detects syslog events from your McAfee Intrushield appliance and creates a log source for your McAfee Intrushield events. These configuration steps are options.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **McAfee IntruShield Network IPS Appliance**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 53-3 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the McAfee Intrushield console.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Configuring McAfee Intrushield Using v6.x

To integrate your McAfee Intrushield with QRadar, you must configure your McAfee Intrushield to forward events, then configure the log source in QRadar or wait for QRadar to automatically discover your McAfee Intrushield appliance.

Configure syslog events for McAfee Intrushield v6.x

To configure McAfee Intrushield:

- Step 1** Log in to the McAfee Intrushield Manager user interface.
- Step 2** On the Network Security Manager dashboard, click **Configure**.
- Step 3** Expand the Resource Tree, click **IPS Settings** node.
The IPS Summary page is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Alert Notification** tab.
The Summary page is displayed.
- Step 5** In the Alert Notification menu, click the **Syslog** tab.

Step 6 Configure the following values:**Table 53-4** McAfee Intrushield v6.x Required Parameters

Parameter	Description
Enable Syslog Notification	Select Yes to enable syslog notifications for McAfee Intrushield. You must enable this option to forward events to QRadar.
Admin Domain	Select any of the following options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Current - Select this check box to send syslog notifications for alerts in the current domain. This option is selected by default. • Children - Select this check box to send syslog notifications for alerts in any child domains within the current domain.
Server Name or IP Address	Type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector. This field supports both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses.
UDP Port	Type 514 as the UDP port for syslog events.
Facility	Select a syslog priority value from the list box.
Severity Mappings	Select a value to map the informational, low, medium, and high alert notification level to a syslog severity. The options include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emergency - The system is down or unusable. • Alert - The system requires immediate user input or intervention. • Critical - The system should be corrected for a critical condition. • Error - The system has non-urgent failures. • Warning - The system has a warning message indicating an imminent error. • Notice - The system has notifications, no immediate action required. • Informational - Normal operating messages.
Send Notification If	Select the following check boxes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The attack definition has this notification option explicitly enabled • The following notification filter is matched - From the list box, select Severity Informational and above.
Notify on IPS Quarantine Alert	Select No as the notify on IPS quarantine option.

Table 53-4 McAfee Intrushield v6.x Required Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Message Preference	Select the Customized option.

Step 7 Click **Save**.

Step 8 From the **Message Preference** field, click **Edit** to add a custom message filter. The Custom Message page is displayed.

Step 9 Type the following to customize the message string:

```
| $IV_ALERT_ID$ | $IV_ALERT_TYPE$ | $IV_ATTACK_TIME$ | "$IV_ATTACK_NAME$ " | $IV_ATTACK_ID$ | $IV_ATTACK_SEVERITY$ | $IV_ATTACK_SIGNATURE$ | $IV_ATTACK_CONFIDENCE$ | $IV_ADMIN_DOMAIN$ | $IV_SENSOR_NAME$ | $IV_INTERFACE$ | $IV_SOURCE_IP$ | $IV_SOURCE_PORT$ | $IV_DESTINATION_IP$ | $IV_DESTINATION_PORT$ | $IV_DIRECTION$ | $IV_SUB_CATEGORY$
```

Note: The custom message string must be entered as a single line with no carriage returns. McAfee Intrushield expects the format of the custom message syslog information to contain a dollar sign (\$) delimiter before and after each element. If you are missing a dollar sign for an element, then the event might not parse properly.

You might require a text editor to properly format the custom message string as a single line.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar or wait for QRadar to automatically discover your McAfee Intrushield appliance.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically detects syslog events from your McAfee Intrushield appliance and creates a log source for your McAfee Intrushield events. These configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **McAfee IntruShield Network IPS Appliance**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 53-5 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the McAfee Intrushield console.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator

The McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator (ePO) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) or Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2, and SNMPv3).

QRadar records all relevant ePO anti-virus events from JDBC or SNMP. You can configure McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator to integrate with QRadar using one of the following methods:

- [Configuring a log source using the JDBC protocol](#)
- [Configuring ePO to Forward SNMP Events](#)

Configuring a log source using the JDBC protocol

To configure QRadar to access the ePO database using the JDBC protocol:

Procedure

Step 1 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 2 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 3 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 4 Click **Add**.

Step 5 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator log source.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 7 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator**.

Step 8 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.

You must refer to the Configure Database Settings on your ePO Management Console to configure the McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator with JDBC.

Step 9 Configure the following values:

Table 53-6 McAfee ePO JDBC protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. The log source identifier must be added in the following format: <McAfee ePO Database>@<McAfee ePO Database Server IP or Host Name> Where: <McAfee ePO Database> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter. <McAfee ePO Database Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter. When defining a name for your log source identifier, you must use the values of the McAfee ePO Database and Database Server IP address or hostname from the ePO Management Console.
Database Type	From the list box, select MSDE .
Database Name	Type the exact name of the McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator database.
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator SQL Server.
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433. The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator database. The McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar. Note: <i>If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.</i>
Username	Type the username required to access the database.
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define the Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this parameter blank.
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server. Note: <i>If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.</i>

Table 53-6 McAfee ePO JDBC protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Table Name	Type a table or view that includes the event records as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For ePO 3.x - Type Events. • For ePO 4.x - Type EPOEvents.
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view. You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. Also, the list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type Autoid in the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.
Start Date and Time	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling. The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Use Prepared Statements	Select this check box to use prepared statements. Prepared statements allow the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement once, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements. Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds. You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Use Named Pipe Communication	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box. When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

Step 10 Click **Save**.

Step 11 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration for McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator for JDBC is complete.

Configuring ePO to Forward SNMP Events

To configure ePO to forward events using SNMP, you must complete the following configuration steps on your McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator device:

- 1 Add a registered server. For more information, see [Adding a Registered Server to McAfee ePO](#).
- 2 Configure the SNMP trap notifications on your ePO device. For more information, see [Configuring SNMP Notifications](#).
- 3 Configure the log source and protocol in QRadar. For more information, see [Configuring the Log Source in QRadar](#).
- 4 Optional. Install the Java Cryptography Extension for high level SNMP decryption algorithms. For more information, see [Installing the Java Cryptography Extension](#).

Adding a Registered Server to McAfee ePO

Step 1 Log in to your McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator console.

Step 2 Select **Menu > Configuration > Registered Servers**.

Step 3 Click **New Server**.

Step 4 From the **Server Type** menu, select **SNMP Server**.

Step 5 Type the name and any additional notes about the SNMP server, click **Next**.

Step 6 From the **Address** list box, select the type of server address you are using:

- a **DNS Name** - Type the DNS name of QRadar.
- b **IPv4** - Type the IPv4 address of QRadar.
- c **IPv6** - Type the IPv6 address of QRadar.

Step 7 From the **SNMP Version** list box, select the SNMP version to use with QRadar.

- a If you are using SNMPv2c, you must provide the **Community** name.
- b If you are using SNMPv3, you must provide the **SNMPv3 Security** details.

Step 8 Click **Send Test Trap** to verify the SNMP configuration.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

The SNMP server you configured is added to the Registered Server page. You are now ready to configure the SNMP notifications in McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator.

Configuring SNMP Notifications

To configure the event type to generate SNMP trap notifications:

- Step 1** Select **Menu > Automation > Automatic Responses**.
- Step 2** Click **New Responses**.
- Step 3** Configure the following values:
- a **Name** - Type a name for the response.
 - b **Description** - Type a description for the response.
 - c **Event group** - From the **Event group** list box, select **ePO Notification Events**.
 - d **Event type** - From the **Event type** list box, select **Threats**.
 - e **Status** - Select **Enabled**.
- Step 4** Click **Next**.
- The Response Builder Filter is displayed.
- Step 5** From the **Value** column, type a value to use for system selection, or click the ellipsis button.
- Step 6** Optional. From the **Available Properties** list, select any additional filters to narrow the response results.
- Step 7** Click **Next**.
- The Response Builder Aggregation window is displayed.
- Step 8** Select **Trigger this response for every event** and click **Next**.
- Note:** We recommend that when you configure aggregation for your McAfee ePO responses that you do not enable throttling.
- Step 9** From the **Actions** list box, select **Send SNMP Trap**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:
- a From the list of SNMP servers, select the SNMP server you registered in [Adding a Registered Server to McAfee ePO, Step 5](#).
 - b From the **Available Types** list box, select **List of All Values**.
 - c Click **>>** to add to the following Select Types window from [Table 53-7](#) based on your McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator version.

Table 53-7 Supported Parameters for Event Detection

Available Types	Selected Types	ePO Version
Detected UTC	{listOfDetectedUTC}	4.5
Received UTC	{listOfReceivedUTC}	4.5
Detecting Product IPv4 Address	{listOfAnalyzerIPv4}	4.5
Detecting Product IPv6 Address	{listOfAnalyzerIPv6}	4.5
Detecting Product MAC Address	{listOfAnalyzerMAC}	4.5
Source IPv4 Address	{listOfSourceIPv4}	4.5

Table 53-7 Supported Parameters for Event Detection

Available Types	Selected Types	ePO Version
Source IPv6 Address	{listOfSourceIPV6}	4.5
Source MAC Address	{listOfSourceMAC}	4.5
Source User Name	{listOfSourceUserName}	4.5
Target IPv4 Address	{listOfTargetIPV4}	4.5
Target IPv6 Address	{listOfTargetIPV6}	4.5
Target MAC	{listOfTargetMAC}	4.5
Target Port	{listOfTargetPort}	4.5
Threat Event ID	{listOfThreatEventID}	4.5
Threat Severity	{listOfThreatSeverity}	4.5
SourceComputers		4.0
AffectedComputerIPs		4.0
EventIDs		4.0
TimeNotificationSent		4.0

Step 11 Click **Next**.

A summary of the automatic response configuration is displayed.

Step 12 Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure the log source and protocol in QRadar.

Configuring the Log Source in QRadar

To configure QRadar to receive event logs from McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator using SNMP:

Step 1 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 2 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 3 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 4 Click **Add**.

Step 5 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator log source.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 7 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator**.

Step 8 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select either **SNMPv2**, or **SNMPv3**.

Note: SNMPv1 is listed as an option in the Protocol Configuration list box, but SNMPv1 is not a recommended protocol when using McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator with QRadar.

Step 9 Configure the following values based on the protocol you selected in **Step 8**:

a To configure the SNMPv2 protocol:

Table 53-8 SNMPv2 Configuration Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address for the log source. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Community	Type the SNMP community string for the SNMPv2 protocol, such as Public. The default community string is Public.
Include OIDs in Event Payload	Select this check box. This options allows the McAfee ePO event payloads to be constructed using name-value pairs instead of the standard event payload format. Including OIDs in the event payload is required for processing SNMPv2 or SNMPv3 events for McAfee ePO. Note: This option is not supported for SNMPv1 configurations of McAfee ePO.

b To configure the SNMPv3 protocol:

Table 53-9 SNMPv3 Configuration Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address for the log source. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Authentication Protocol	From the list box, select the algorithm you want to use to authenticate SNMP traps. This parameter is required if you are using SNMPv3. The options include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SHA - Select this option to use Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA) as your authentication protocol. • MD5 - Select this option to use Message Digest 5 (MD5) as your authentication protocol. The default is MD5.
Authentication Password	Type the password you want to use to authenticate SNMP. This parameter is required if you are using SNMPv3. Note: Your authentication password must include a minimum of 8 characters.

Table 53-9 SNMPv3 Configuration Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Decryption Protocol	<p>From the list box, select the algorithm you want to use to decrypt the SNMP traps. This parameter is required if you are using SNMPv3.</p> <p>The decryption algorithms include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DES • AES128 • AES192 • AES256 <p>The default is AES256.</p> <p>Note: If you select AES192 or AES256 as your decryption algorithm, you must install additional software for QRadar. For more information, see Installing the Java Cryptography Extension.</p>
Decryption Password	<p>Type the password used to decrypt SNMP traps. This parameter is required if you are using SNMPv3.</p> <p>Note: Your decryption password must include a minimum of 8 characters.</p>
User	<p>Type the user access for this protocol. The default is AdminUser.</p> <p>The username can be up to 255 characters in length.</p>
Include OIDs in Event Payload	<p>Select this check box.</p> <p>This options allows the McAfee ePO event payloads to be constructed using a name-value pairs instead of the standard event payload format. Including OIDs in the event payload is required for processing SNMPv2 or SNMPv3 events for McAfee ePO.</p> <p>Note: This option is not supported for SNMPv1 configurations of McAfee ePO.</p>

For more information on configuring SNMP on your ePO device, see the McAfee website at <http://www.mcafee.com>.

Installing the Java Cryptography Extension

The Java™ Cryptography Extension (JCE) is a Java framework that is required for QRadar to decrypt advanced cryptography algorithms for AES192 or AES256. The following information describes how to install Oracle JCE with QRadar and on your McAfee ePO appliance.

To allow AES192 or AES256 decryption on QRadar, you must:

- 1 **Install the JCE on McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator**
- 2 **Install the JCE on QRadar**

Install the JCE on McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator

To install the Unrestricted JCE Policy Files on QRadar.

- Step 1** Download the latest version of the Java™ Cryptography Extension:

<https://www14.software.ibm.com/webapp/iwm/web/preLogin.do?source=jcesdk>

There may be several versions of the JCE available for download. The version you download should match the version of the Java™ installed on your McAfee ePO appliance.

- Step 2** Copy the JCE zip file to the following directory on your McAfee ePO appliance:

`<McAfee ePO>/jre/lib/security`

Where `<McAfee ePO>` is the installation path for ePolicy Orchestrator.

The installation is complete.

Note: You do not need to extract the zip files for the Java Cryptography Extension on your McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator appliance.

Install the JCE on QRadar

To install the Oracle JCE on QRadar:

- Step 1** Download the latest version of the Java™ Cryptography Extension:

<https://www14.software.ibm.com/webapp/iwm/web/preLogin.do?source=jcesdk>

There may be several versions of the JCE available for download. The version you download should match the version of Java installed on QRadar.

- Step 2** Extract the JCE file.

The following Java archive (JAR) files are included in the JCE download:

- local_policy.jar
- US_export_policy.jar

- Step 3** Using SSH, log in to your QRadar Console or Event Collector as a root user.

Username: `root`

Password: `<password>`

- Step 4** Copy the JCE jar files to the following directory on your QRadar Console or Event Collector:

`/usr/java/latest/jre/lib/`

The JCE jar files are only copied to the system receiving the AES192 or AE256 encrypted files from McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator. Depending on your configuration, this could be the QRadar Console or an Event Collector.

The installation of the Java Cryptography Extension for QRadar is complete.

McAfee Application / Change Control

The McAfee Application / Change Control DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts change control events using Java Database Connectivity (JDBC). QRadar records all relevant McAfee Application / Change Control events. This document includes information on configuring QRadar to access the database containing events using the JDBC protocol.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** Using the **Log Source Type** list box, select **McAfee Application / Change Control**.
- Step 7** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.
- You must refer to the Configure Database Settings on your ePO Management Console to configure the McAfee Application / Change Control DSM in QRadar.
- Step 8** Configure the following values:

Table 53-10 McAfee Application / Change Control JDBC protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format: <code><McAfee Change Control Database>@<Change Control Database Server IP or Host Name></code> Where: <code><McAfee Change Control Database></code> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter. <code><Change Control Database Server IP or Host Name></code> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter. When defining a name for your log source identifier, you must use the values of the McAfee Change Control Database and Database Server IP address or hostname from the ePO Management Console.
Database Type	From the list box, select MSDE .
Database Name	Type the exact name of the McAfee Application / Change Control database.
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the McAfee Application / Change Control SQL Server.

Table 53-10 McAfee Application / Change Control JDBC protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433. The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the McAfee Application / Change Control database. The McAfee Application / Change Control database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar. Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.
Username	Type the username required to access the database.
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define the Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server. Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.
Table Name	Type SCOR_EVENTS as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view. You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type Autoid as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.
Start Date and Time	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling. The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.

Table 53-10 McAfee Application / Change Control JDBC protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Use Prepared Statements	<p>Select this check box to use prepared statements.</p> <p>Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.</p> <p>Note: Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.</p>
Polling Interval	<p>Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.</p> <p>You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.</p>
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Use Named Pipe Communication	<p>Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.</p> <p>When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.</p>
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your McAfee Application / Change Control log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

Step 10 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

McAfee Web Gateway

You can configure McAfee Web Gateway to integrate with IBM Security QRadar using one of the following methods:

- [Configuring McAfee Web Gateway for Syslog](#)
- [Configuring McAfee Web Gateway for the Log File Protocol](#)

Note: McAfee Web Gateway is formerly known as McAfee WebWasher.

Configuring McAfee Web Gateway for Syslog Procedure

To integrated McAfee Web Gateway with QRadar:

- Step 1** Log in to your McAfee Web Gateway console.
- Step 2** Using the toolbar, click **Configuration**.
- Step 3** Click the **File Editor** tab.
- Step 4** Expand the appliance files and select the file **/etc/rsyslog.conf**.
The file editor displays the rsyslog.conf file for editing.
- Step 5** Modify the rsyslog.conf file to include the following information:

```
# send access log to qradar
*.info;daemon.!=info;mail.none;authpriv.none;cron.none
-/var/log/messages
*.info;mail.none;authpriv.none;cron.none @<IP Address>:<Port>
```

Where:

<IP Address> is the IP address of QRadar.

<Port> is the syslog port number, for example 514.

- Step 6** Click **Save Changes**.

You are now ready to import a policy for the syslog handler on your McAfee Web Gateway appliance. For more information, see [Importing the Syslog Log Handler](#).

Importing the Syslog Log Handler

To Import a policy rule set for the syslog handler:

- Step 1** From the support website, download the following compressed file:

```
log_handlers.tar.gz
```

- Step 2** Extract the file.

This will give you the syslog handler file required to configure your McAfee Web Gateway appliance.

```
syslog_loghandler.xml
```

- Step 3** Log in to your McAfee Web Gateway console.
- Step 4** Using the menu toolbar, click **Policy**.
- Step 5** Click **Log Handler**.
- Step 6** Using the menu tree, select **Default**.
- Step 7** From the **Add** list box, select **Rule Set from Library**.
- Step 8** Click **Import from File button**.
- Step 9** Navigate to the directory containing the syslog_handler file you downloaded in and select syslog_loghandler.xml as the file to import.

Note: If the McAfee Web Gateway appliance detects any conflicts with the rule set, you must resolve the conflict. For more information, see your McAfee Web Gateway documentation.

Step 10 Click **OK**.

Step 11 Click **Save Changes**.

Step 12 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

QRadar automatically discovers syslog events from a McAfee Web Gateway appliance.

► If you want to manually configure QRadar to receive syslog events, select **McAfee Web Gateway** from the **Log Source Type** list box.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Configuring McAfee Web Gateway for the Log File Protocol

The McAfee Web Gateway appliance allows you to forward event log files to an interim file server for retrieval by QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 From the support website, download the following file:

`log_handlers.tar.gz`

Step 2 Extract the file.

This will give you the access handler file required to configure your McAfee Web Gateway appliance.

`access_log_file_loghandler.xml`

Step 3 Log in to your McAfee Web Gateway console.

Step 4 Using the menu toolbar, click **Policy**.

Note: If there is an existing access log configuration in your McAfee Web Gateway appliance, you must delete the existing access log from the Rule Set Library before adding `access_log_file_loghandler.xml`.

Step 5 Click **Log Handler**.

Step 6 Using the menu tree, select **Default**.

Step 7 From the **Add** list box, select **Rule Set from Library**.

Step 8 Click **Import from File** button.

Step 9 Navigate to the directory containing the `access_log_file_loghandler.xml` file you downloaded and select `syslog_loghandler.xml` as the file to import.

When importing the rule set for `access_log_file_loghandler.xml`, a conflict occurs stating the Access Log Configuration already exists in the current configuration and a conflict solution is presented.

Step 10 If the McAfee Web Gateway appliance detects that the Access Log Configuration already exists, select the **Conflict Solution: Change name** option presented to resolve the rule set conflict.

For more information on resolving conflicts, see your McAfee Web Gateway vendor documentation.

You must configure your access.log file to be pushed to an interim server on an auto rotation. It does not matter if you push your files to the interim server based on time or size for your access.log file. For more information on auto rotation, see your McAfee Web Gateway vendor documentation.

Note: Due to the size of access.log files generated, we recommend you select the option **GZIP files after rotation** in your McAfee Web Gate appliance.

Step 11 Click **OK**.

Step 12 Click **Save Changes**.

Note: By default McAfee Web Gateway is configured to write access logs to the /opt/mwg/log/user-defined-logs/access.log/ directory.

You are now ready to configure QRadar to receive access.log files from McAfee Web Gateway. For more information, see [Pulling Data Using the Log File Protocol](#).

Pulling Data Using the Log File Protocol

A log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host. The McAfee Web Gateway DSM supports the bulk loading of access.log files using the log file protocol source. The default directory for the McAfee Web Gateway access logs are

You are now ready to configure the log source and protocol in QRadar:

- Step 1** To configure QRadar to receive events from a McAfee Web Gateway appliance, select **McAfee Web Gateway** from the **Log Source Type** list box.
- Step 2** To configure the protocol, you must select the **Log File** option from the **Protocol Configuration** list box.
- Step 3** To configure the **File Pattern** parameter, you must type a regex string for the access.log file, such as **access[0-9]+\.**log.

Note: If you selected to GZIP your access.log files, you must type **access[0-9]+\.**log.gz for the **File Pattern** field and from the **Processor** list box, select **GZIP**.

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METAINFO METALIP

The MetaInfo MetalIP DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts MetalIP events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant and available information from the event. Before configuring a MetalIP device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events. For information on configuring your MetaInfo MetalIP appliance, see your vendor documentation.

After you configure your MetaInfo MetalIP appliance the configuration for QRadar is complete. QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events forwarded from MetaInfo MetalIP appliances. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for MetaInfo MetalIP:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Metainfo MetalIP**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 54-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your MetalInfo MetalP appliances.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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MICROSOFT

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [Microsoft Exchange Server](#)
- [Microsoft IAS Server](#)
- [Microsoft DHCP Server](#)
- [Microsoft IIS Server](#)
- [Microsoft ISA](#)
- [Microsoft SQL Server](#)
- [Microsoft SharePoint](#)
- [Microsoft Windows Security Event Log](#)
- [Microsoft Operations Manager](#)
- [Microsoft System Center Operations Manager](#)
- [Microsoft Endpoint Protection](#)

Microsoft Exchange Server

The Microsoft Exchange Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Exchange events by polling for event log files.

Supported versions

QRadar supports collecting events from Microsoft Exchange Servers with the following products:

Table 55-1 Microsoft Exchange Supported Versions

Version	Product
Microsoft Exchange 2003	Adaptive Log Exporter <i>Note: For more information, see the Adaptive Log Exporter User Guide.</i>
Microsoft Exchange 2007	Microsoft Exchange Protocol
Microsoft Exchange 2010	Microsoft Exchange Protocol

Supported event types The Microsoft Exchange Protocol for QRadar supports several event types for mail and security events. Each event type contains events in a separate log file on your Microsoft Exchange Server. To retrieve events, you must create a log source in QRadar to poll the Exchange Server for the event log, which is downloaded by the Microsoft Exchange Protocol.

QRadar supports the following event types for Microsoft Exchange:

- Outlook Web Access events (OWA)
- Simple Mail Transfer Protocol events (SMTP)
- Message Tracking Protocol events (MSGTRK)

The log files for each event type are located in the following default directories:

Table 55-2 Microsoft Exchange Server Default File Path

Version	Event Type	Default File Path
Microsoft Exchange 2003	OWA	c\$/WINDOWS/system32/LogFiles/W3SVC1/
	SMTP	c\$/Program Files/Microsoft/Exchange Server/TransportRoles/Logs/ProtocolLog/
	MSGTRK	Not supported with QRadar.
Microsoft Exchange 2007	OWA	c\$/WINDOWS/system32/LogFiles/W3SVC1/
	SMTP	c\$/Program Files/Microsoft/Exchange Server/TransportRoles/Logs/ProtocolLog/
	MSGTRK	c\$/Program Files/Microsoft/Exchange Server/TransportRoles/Logs/MessageTracking/
Microsoft Exchange 2010	OWA	c\$/inetpub/logs/LogFiles/W3SVC1/
	SMTP	c\$/Program Files/Microsoft/Exchange Server/V14/TransportRoles/Logs/ProtocolLog/
	MSGTRK	c\$/Program Files/Microsoft/Exchange Server/V14/TransportRoles/Logs/MessageTracking/

The Exchange Protocol configuration supports file paths that allow you to define a drive letter with the path information. The default file paths are typical for standard Exchange Server installations, but if you have changed the ExchangeInstallPath environment variable, you need to adjust the Microsoft Exchange Protocol accordingly. The Microsoft Exchange Protocol is capable of reading subdirectories of the OWA, SMTP, and MSGTRK folders for event logs.

Directory paths can be specified in the following formats:

- Correct - c\$/LogFiles/
- Correct - LogFiles/
- Incorrect - c:/LogFiles
- Incorrect - c\$\LogFiles

Required ports and privileges

The Microsoft Exchange Protocol polls your Exchange Server for OWA, SMTP, and MSGTRK event logs using NetBIOS.

You must ensure any firewalls located between the Exchange Server and the remote host being remotely polled allow traffic on the following ports:

- **TCP port 135** is used by the Microsoft Endpoint Mapper.
- **UDP port 137** is used for NetBIOS name service.
- **UDP port 138** is used for NetBIOS datagram service.
- **TCP port 139** is used for NetBIOS session service.
- **TCP port 445** is required for Microsoft Directory Services to transfer files across a Windows share.

If a log folder path contains an administrative share (C\$), users with NetBIOS access on the administrative share (C\$) have the proper access required to read the log files. Local or domain administrators have sufficient privileges to access log files that reside on administrative shares. Clearing the file path information from any log folder path field disables monitoring for that log type.

Configure OWA logs

Outlook Web Access event logs for Microsoft Exchange are generated by the Microsoft Internet Information System (IIS) installed with your Windows operating system.

IIS is capable of writing OWA event logs in several different formats. We recommend using the W3C log file format because the W3C format contains the highest level of configurable logging detail.

The following log formats are supported by the Microsoft Exchange Protocol:

- W3C
- NCSA
- IIS

The configuration steps to enable OWA event logs for your Microsoft Exchange Server is dependant on the version of IIS installed.

Table 55-3 Microsoft IIS Versions

Operating system	IIS version
Microsoft Server 2003	IIS 6.0
Microsoft Server 2008	IIS 7.0
Microsoft Server 2008R2	IIS 7.0

Configure OWA event logs with IIS 6.0

To configure OWA event logs for Microsoft IIS 6.0:

- Step 1** On the desktop, select **Start > Run**.
- Step 2** Type the following command:
- ```
inetmgr
```
- Step 3** Click **OK**.
- Step 4** In the IIS 6.0 Manager menu tree, expand **Local Computer**.
- Step 5** Expand **Web Sites**.
- Step 6** Right-click **Default Web Site** and select **Properties**.
- Step 7** From the **Active Log Format** list box, choose one of the following options:
- Select **W3C** (Go to [Step 8](#))
  - Select **NCSA** (Go to [Step 11](#))
  - Select **IIS** (Go to [Step 11](#))

**Step 8** Click **Properties**.

**Step 9** Click the **Advanced** tab.

**Step 10** From the list of properties, select all properties that you want to apply to the Microsoft Exchange Server DSM. You must select the following check boxes:

- **Method (cs-method)**
- **Protocol Version (cs-version)**

**Step 11** Click **OK**.

QRadar supports OWA, SMTP, and MSGTRK event logs. After you configure the event log types required, then you are ready to create a log source in QRadar.

### Configure OWA event logs with IIS 7.0

To configure OWA event logs for Microsoft IIS 7.0:

- Step 1** On the desktop, select **Start > Run**.
- Step 2** Type the following command:
- ```
inetmgr
```
- Step 3** Click **OK**.
- Step 4** In the IIS 7.0 Manager menu tree, expand **Local Computer**.
- Step 5** Click **Logging**.
- Step 6** From the **Format** list box, choose one of the following options:
- Select **W3C** (Go to [Step 7](#))
 - Select **NCSA** (Go to [Step 9](#))
 - Select **IIS** (Go to [Step 9](#))
- Step 7** Click **Select Fields**.

Step 8 From the list of properties, select all properties that you want to apply to the Microsoft Exchange Server DSM. You must select the following check boxes:

- **Method (cs-method)**
- **Protocol Version (cs-version)**

Step 9 Click **OK**.

QRadar supports OWA, SMTP, and MSGTRK event logs. After you configure all of the event log types you want to collect, then you are ready to create a log source in QRadar.

Configure SMTP logs SMTP logs created by the Exchange Server write SMTP send and receive email events that are part of the message delivery process.

SMTP protocol logging is not enabled by default on Exchange 2007 or Exchange 2010 installations. You must enable SMTP logging on both send and receive connectors. The instructions for enabling SMTP event logs apply to both Exchange Server 2007 and Exchange Server 2010.

To enable SMTP event logs:

Step 1 Start the Exchange Management Console.

Step 2 Configure your receive connector based on the server type:

- For edge transport servers - In the console tree, select **Edge Transport** and click the **Receive Connectors** tab.
- For hub transport servers - In the console tree, select **Server Configuration > Hub Transport**, then select the server and click the **Receive Connectors** tab.

Step 3 Select your Receive Connector and click **Properties**.

Step 4 Click the **General** tab.

Step 5 From the **Protocol logging level** list box, select **Verbose**.

Step 6 Click **Apply**.

Step 7 Click **OK**.

You are now ready to configure your send connectors.

Step 8 Configure your send connector based on the server type:

- For edge transport servers - In the console tree, select **Edge Transport** and click the **Send Connectors** tab.
- For hub transport servers - In the console tree, select **Organization Configuration > Hub Transport**, then select the server and click the **Send Connectors** tab.

Step 9 Select your Send Connector and click **Properties**.

Step 10 Click the **General** tab.

Step 11 From the **Protocol logging level** list box, select **Verbose**.

Step 12 Click **Apply**.

Step 13 Click **OK**.

Logging for SMTP is now enabled.

Configure MSGTRK logs Message Tracking logs created by the Exchange Server detail the message activity that takes on your Exchange Server, including the message path information.

MSGTRK logs are enabled by default on Exchange 2007 or Exchange 2010 installations. The following configuration steps are optional.

To enable MSGTRK event logs:

Step 1 Start the Exchange Management Console.

Step 2 Configure your receive connector based on the server type:

- For edge transport servers - In the console tree, select **Edge Transport** and click **Properties**.
- For hub transport servers - In the console tree, select **Server Configuration > Hub Transport**, then select the server and click **Properties**.

Step 3 Click the **Log Settings** tab.

Step 4 Select the **Enable message tracking** check box.

Step 5 Click **Apply**.

Step 6 Click **OK**.

MSGTRK events are now enabled on your Exchange Server.

Configure a log source The Microsoft Windows Exchange protocol supports SMTP, OWA, and message tracking logs for Microsoft Exchange.

To configure a log source:

Step 1 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 2 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 3 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 4 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.

Step 5 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 6 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Microsoft Exchange Server**.

Step 7 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Microsoft Exchange**.

Step 8 Configure the following parameters:

Table 55-4 Microsoft Exchange Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, hostname, or name to identify the Windows Exchange event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
Server Address	Type the IP address of the Microsoft Exchange server.
Domain	Type the domain required to access the Microsoft Exchange server. This parameter is optional.
Username	Type the username required to access the Microsoft Exchange server.
Password	Type the password required to access the Microsoft Exchange server.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the Microsoft Exchange server.
SMTP Log Folder Path	Type the directory path to access the SMTP log files. Clearing the file path information from the SMTP Log Folder Path field disables SMTP monitoring.
OWA Log Folder Path	Type the directory path to access the OWA log files. Clearing the file path information from the OWA Log Folder Path field disables OWA monitoring.
MSGTRK Log Folder Path	Type the directory path to access message tracking log files. Message tracking is only available on Microsoft Exchange 2007 servers assigned the Hub Transport, Mailbox, or Edge Transport server role.
File Pattern	Type the regular expression (regex) required to filter the filenames. All files matching the regex are processed. The default is <code>.*\.(?:log LOG)</code>
Force File Read	Select this check box to force the protocol to read the log file. By default, the check box is selected. If the check box is cleared, the log file is read when the log file modified time or file size attributes change.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders. By default, the check box is selected.
Polling Interval (in seconds)	Type the polling interval, which is the number of seconds between queries to the log files to check for new data. The minimum polling interval is 10 seconds, with a maximum polling interval of 3,600 seconds. The default is 10 seconds.
Throttle Events/Sec	Type the maximum number of events the Microsoft Exchange protocol forwards every second. The minimum value is 100 EPS and the maximum is 20,000 EPS. The default value is 100 EPS.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

Step 10 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Microsoft IAS Server

The Microsoft IAS Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts RADIUS events using syslog. You can integrate Internet Authentication Service (IAS) or Network Policy Server (NPS) logs with QRadar using the Adaptive Log Exporter. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide*.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Microsoft Windows IAS Server:

► From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Microsoft IAS Server** option.

For more information on configuring devices, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your server, see your vendor documentation.

Microsoft DHCP Server

The Microsoft DHCP Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts DHCP events using the Microsoft DHCP Server protocol or the Adaptive Log Exporter.

Configure your Microsoft DHCP Server

Before you can integrate your Microsoft DHCP Server with QRadar, you must enable audit logging.

To configure the Microsoft DHCP Server:

Step 1 Log in to the DHCP Server Administration Tool.

Step 2 From the DHCP Administration Tool, right-click on the DHCP server and select **Properties**.

The Properties window is displayed.

Step 3 Click the **General** tab.

The General panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click **Enable DHCP Audit Logging**.

The audit log file is created at midnight and must contain a three-character day of the week abbreviation.

Table 55-5 Microsoft DHCP Log File Examples

Log Type	Example
IPv4	DhcpSrvLog-Mon.log
IPv6	DhcpV6SrvLog-Wed.log

By default Microsoft DHCP is configured to write audit logs to the %WINDIR%\system32\dhcp\ directory.

Step 5 Restart the DHCP service.

You are now ready to configure the log source and protocol in QRadar:

Step 1 To configure QRadar to receive events from a Microsoft DHCP Server, you must select the **Microsoft DHCP Server** option from the **Log Source Type** list box.

Step 2 To configure the protocol, you must select the **Microsoft DHCP** option from the **Protocol Configuration** list box. For more information on configuring the Microsoft DHCP protocol, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Note: To integrate Microsoft DHCP Server versions 2000/2003 with QRadar using the Adaptive Log Exporter Microsoft DHCP devices, see the Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide.

Microsoft IIS Server

The Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts FTP, HTTP, NNTP, and SMTP events using syslog.

You can integrate a Microsoft IIS Server with QRadar using one of the following methods:

- Configure QRadar to connect to your Microsoft IIS Server using the IIS Protocol. The IIS Protocol collects HTTP events from Microsoft IIS servers. For more information, see [Configure Microsoft IIS using the IIS Protocol](#).
- Configure a Snare Agent with your Microsoft IIS Server to forward event information to QRadar. For more information, see [Configuring Microsoft IIS Using a Snare Agent](#).
- Configure the Adaptive Log Exporter to forward IIS events to QRadar. For more information, see [Configuring Microsoft IIS using the Adaptive Log Exporter](#).

For more information on the Adaptive Log Exporter, see the *Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide*.

Table 55-6 Microsoft IIS Supported Log Types

Version	Supported Log Type	Method of Import
Microsoft IIS 6.0	SMTP, NNTP, FTP, HTTP	IIS Protocol
Microsoft IIS 6.0	SMTP, NNTP, FTP, HTTP	Adaptive Log Exporter or Snare
Microsoft IIS 7.0	HTTP	IIS Protocol
Microsoft IIS 7.0	SMTP, NNTP, FTP, HTTP	Adaptive Log Exporter or Snare

Configure Microsoft IIS using the IIS Protocol

Before you configure QRadar with the Microsoft IIS protocol, you must configure your Microsoft IIS Server to generate the proper log format.

The Microsoft IIS Protocol only supports the W3C Extended Log File format. The Microsoft authentication protocol NTLMv2 Session is not supported by the Microsoft IIS protocol.

Configuring Your IIS Server

To configure the W3C event log format in Microsoft IIS:

- Step 1** Log in to your Microsoft Information Services (IIS) Manager.
- Step 2** In the IIS Manager menu tree, expand **Local Computer**.
- Step 3** Select **Web Sites**.
- Step 4** Right-click on **Default Web Sites** and select **Properties**.
The Default Web Site Properties window is displayed.
- Step 5** Select the **Web Site** tab.
- Step 6** Select the **Enable logging** check box.
- Step 7** From the **Active Log Format** list box, select **W3C Extended Log File Format**.
- Step 8** From the Enable Logging pane, click **Properties**.
The Logging Properties window is displayed.
- Step 9** Click the **Advanced** tab.
- Step 10** From the list of properties, select check boxes for the following W3C properties:

Table 55-7 Required Properties for IIS Event Logs

IIS 6.0 Required Properties	IIS 7.0 Required Properties
Date (date)	Date (date)
Time (time)	Time (time)
Client IP Address (c-ip)	Client IP Address (c-ip)
User Name (cs-username)	User Name (cs-username)
Server IP Address (s-ip)	Server IP Address (s-ip)
Server Port (s-port)	Server Port (s-port)
Method (cs-method)	Method (cs-method)
URI Stem (cs-uri-stem)	URI Stem (cs-uri-stem)
URI Query (cs-uri-query)	URI Query (cs-uri-query)
Protocol Status (sc-status)	Protocol Status (sc-status)
Protocol Version (cs-version)	User Agent (cs(User-Agent))
User Agent (cs(User-Agent))	

- Step 11** Click **OK**.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring the Microsoft IIS Protocol in QRadar

To configure the log source

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Microsoft IIS Server**.
- Step 7** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Microsoft IIS**.
- Step 8** Configure the following values:

Table 55-8 Microsoft IIS Protocol Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source.
Server Address	Type the IP address of the Microsoft IIS server.
Username	Type the username required to access the Microsoft IIS server.
Password	Type the password required to access the Microsoft IIS server.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the Microsoft IIS server.
Domain	Type the domain required to access the Microsoft IIS server.
Folder Path	Type the directory path to access the IIS log files. The default is <code>/WINDOWS/system32/LogFiles/W3SVC1/</code> Parameters that support file paths allow you to define a drive letter with the path information. For example, you can use <code>c\$/LogFiles/</code> for an administrative share or <code>LogFiles/</code> for a public share folder path, but not <code>c:/LogFiles</code> . If a log folder path contains an administrative share (C\$), users with NetBIOS access on the administrative share (C\$) have the proper access required to read the log files. Local or domain administrators have sufficient privileges to access log files that reside on administrative shares.

Table 55-8 Microsoft IIS Protocol Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
File Pattern	Type the regular expression (regex) required to filter the filenames. All matching files are included in the processing. The default is <code>(?:u_)?ex.*\.(?:log LOG)</code> For example, to list all files starting with the word log, followed by one or more digits and ending with tar.gz, use the following entry: <code>log[0-9]+\tar.gz</code> . Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders. By default, the check box is selected.
Polling Interval (s)	Type the polling interval, which is the number of seconds between queries to the log files to check for new data. The default is 10 seconds.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

Step 10 The Microsoft IIS protocol configuration is complete.

Configuring Microsoft IIS Using a Snare Agent

If you want to use a snare agent to integrate the Microsoft IIS server with QRadar, you must configure a Snare Agent to forward events.

Configuring Microsoft IIS using a Snare Agent with QRadar requires the following:

- 1 [Configure Your Microsoft IIS Server for Snare](#)
- 2 [Configure the Snare Agent](#)
- 3 [Configure a Microsoft IIS log source](#)

Configure Your Microsoft IIS Server for Snare

To configure a Snare Agent to integrate a Microsoft IIS server with QRadar:

Step 1 Log in to your Microsoft Information Services (IIS) Manager.

Step 2 In the IIS Manager menu tree, expand **Local Computer**.

Step 3 Select **Web Sites**.

Step 4 Right-click on **Default Web Sites** and select **Properties**.

The Default Web Site Properties window is displayed.

Step 5 Select the **Web Site** tab.

Step 6 Select the **Enable logging** check box.

Step 7 From the **Active Log Format** list box, select **W3C Extended Log File Format**.

Step 8 From the Enable Logging panel, click **Properties**.

The Logging Properties window is displayed.

Step 9 Click the **Advanced** tab.

Step 10 From the list of properties, select check boxes for the following W3C properties:

Table 55-9 Required Properties for IIS Event Logs

IIS 6.0 Required Properties	IIS 7.0 Required Properties
Date (date)	Date (date)
Time (time)	Time (time)
Client IP Address (c-ip)	Client IP Address (c-ip)
User Name (cs-username)	User Name (cs-username)
Server IP Address (s-ip)	Server IP Address (s-ip)
Server Port (s-port)	Server Port (s-port)
Method (cs-method)	Method (cs-method)
URI Stem (cs-uri-stem)	URI Stem (cs-uri-stem)
URI Query (cs-uri-query)	URI Query (cs-uri-query)
Protocol Status (sc-status)	Protocol Status (sc-status)
Protocol Version (cs-version)	User Agent (cs(User-Agent))
User Agent (cs(User-Agent))	

Step 11 Click **OK**.

Step 12 You are now ready to configure the Snare Agent.

Configure the Snare Agent

To configure your Snare Agent:

Step 1 Access the InterSect Alliance website:

<http://www.intersectalliance.com/projects/SnareIIS/>

Step 2 Download open source Snare Agent for IIS, version 1.2:

`SnareIISSetup-1.2.exe`

Step 3 Install the open source Snare Agent for IIS.

Step 4 In the Snare Agent, select **Audit Configuration**.

The Audit Service Configuration window is displayed.

Step 5 In the **Target Host** field, type the IP address of your QRadar.

Step 6 In the **Log Directory** field type the IIS file location:

`%SystemRoot%\System32\LogFiles\`

By default Snare for IIS is configured to look for logs in

`C:\WINNT\System32\LogFiles\`.

Step 7 For **Destination**, select **Syslog**.

Step 8 For **Delimiter**, select **TAB**.

Step 9 Select the **Display IIS Header Information** check box.

Step 10 Click **OK**.

Configure a Microsoft IIS log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Microsoft IIS forwarded from a Snare agent. These configuration steps are optional.

To manually create a Microsoft IIS log source in QRadar:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Microsoft IIS Server**.
- Step 7** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 8** Configure the following values:

Table 55-10 Microsoft IIS Syslog Configuration

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source.

- Step 9** Click **Save**.
- Step 10** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Configuring Microsoft IIS using the Adaptive Log Exporter

The Adaptive Log Exporter is a stand-alone application that allows you to integrate device logs or application event data with QRadar or QRadar Log Manager.

The Adaptive Log Export supports NCSA, IIS, and W3C active log formats.

To integrate the Adaptive Log Exporter with Microsoft IIS:

- Step 1** Log in to your Microsoft Information Services (IIS) Manager.
- Step 2** In the IIS Manager menu tree, expand **Local Computer**.
- Step 3** Select **Web Sites**.
- Step 4** Right-click on **Default Web Site** and select **Properties**.
The Web Sites Properties window is displayed.
- Step 5** From the **Active Log Format** list box, select one of the following:
 - Select **NCSA**. Go to [Step 9](#).

- Select **IIS**. Go to [Step 9](#).
- Select **W3C**. Go to [Step 6](#).

Step 6 Click **Properties**.

The Properties window is displayed.

Step 7 Click the **Advanced** tab.**Step 8** From the list of properties, select all event properties that you want to apply to the Microsoft IIS event log. The selected properties must include the following:

- Select the **Method (cs-method)** check box.
- Select the **Protocol Version (cs-version)** check box.

Step 9 Click **OK**.**Step 10** You are now ready to configure the Adaptive Log Exporter.

For more information on installing and configuring Microsoft IIS for the Adaptive Log Exporter, see the *Adaptive Log Exporter User Guide*.

Microsoft ISA

The Microsoft Internet and Acceleration (ISA) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog. You can integrate Microsoft ISA Server with QRadar using the Adaptive Log Exporter. For more information on the Adaptive Log Exporter, see the *IBM Security QRadar Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide*.

Note: The Microsoft ISA DSM also supports events from Microsoft Threat Management Gateway using the Adaptive Log Exporter.

Microsoft SQL Server

The Microsoft SQL Server DSM IBM Security QRadar accepts SQL events using syslog or JDBC.

You can integrate Microsoft SQL Server with QRadar using one of the following methods:

- **JDBC** - Microsoft SQL Server 2008 Enterprise allows you to capture audit events using JDBC by generating a table view containing audit events. Audit events are only available using Microsoft SQL Server 2008 Enterprise.
- **Adaptive Log Exporter** - You can integrate Microsoft SQL Server 2000 and 2005 with QRadar using the Adaptive Log Exporter to collect ERRORLOG messages from databases managed by your Microsoft SQL Server. For more information on the Adaptive Log Exporter, see the *Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide*.

Configure auditing for MS SQL Server 2008 Enterprise

To configure Microsoft SQL Server 2008 Enterprise, you must create an auditing object for audit events. The auditing object allows you log database events to a file.

To create an audit object:

- Step 1** Log in to your Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio.
- Step 2** From the navigation menu, select **Security > Audits**.
- Step 3** Right-click **Audits** and select **New Audit**.
The Create Audit window is displayed.
- Step 4** In the **Audit name** field, type a name for the new audit file.
- Step 5** From the **Audit destination** list box, select **File**.
- Step 6** From the **File path** field, specify a directory path for your Microsoft SQL Server audit file.
- Step 7** Click **OK**.
The audit object is created for Microsoft SQL 2008 Server.
- Step 8** Right-click on your audit object and select **Enable Audit**.
You are now ready to create your server and database audit specifications.

Creating an Audit Specification

An audit specification allows you to define the level of auditing events that are written to an audit file.

You can create an audit specification at the server level or at the database level. Depending on your requirements, you might require both a server and database audit specification.

Create a server audit specification

To create an audit specification at the server level:

- Step 1** From the navigation menu, select **Security > Server Audit Specifications**.
- Step 2** Right-click **Server Audit Specifications** and select **New Server Audit Specifications**.
The Create Server Audit Specification window is displayed.
- Step 3** In the **Name** field, type a name for the new audit file.
- Step 4** From the **Audit** list box, select the audit you created for your Microsoft SQL Server.
- Step 5** In the Actions pane, add any actions and objects to the server audit.
- Step 6** Click **OK**.
The Server Audit Specification is created.
- Step 7** Right-click on your server audit specification and select **Enable Server Audit Specification**.
You are now ready to create an audit specification for your database.

Create a database audit specification

To create an audit specification at the database level:

- Step 1** From the navigation menu, select **<Database> > Security > Database Audit Specifications**.
- Step 2** Right-click **Server Audit Specifications** and select **New Database Audit Specifications**.
- The Create Server Audit Specification window is displayed.
- Step 3** In the **Name** field, type a name for the new audit file.
- Step 4** From the **Audit** list box, select the audit you created for your database.
- Step 5** In the Actions pane, add any actions and objects to the database audit.
- Step 6** Click **OK**.
- The Database Audit Specification is created.
- Step 7** Right-click on your database audit specification and select **Enable Database Audit Specification**.

You are now ready to create a view in the database for audit events.

Create a database view The database view contains the audit events from your server audit specification and database audit specification. A database view allows QRadar to poll for audit events from a database table using JDBC.

To create a database view:

- Step 1** From the toolbar, click **New Query**.
- The Query window is displayed.
- Step 2** Type the following Transact-SQL statement:

```
create view dbo.AuditData as
    SELECT * FROM sys.fn_get_audit_file
        ('<Audit File Path and Name>', default, default);
GO
```

Where **<Audit File Path and Name>** is the name of the file you specified for writing audit events in [Configure auditing for MS SQL Server 2008 Enterprise, Step 4](#).

For example,

```
create view dbo.AuditData as
    SELECT * FROM sys.fn_get_audit_file
        ('C:\inetpub\logs\SQLAudits*', default, default);
GO
```

- Step 3** From the Standard toolbar, click **Execute**.
- If successful, the Messages pane displays the following:
- ```
Command(s) completed successfully.
```

A new database view is created named `dbo.AuditData`. You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar.

**Configure a log source** To configure QRadar to receive SQL events:

- Step 1** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.  
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 3** Click the **Log Sources** icon.  
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 4** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Microsoft SQL Server**.
- Step 5** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.  
The JDBC protocol is displayed.
- Step 6** Configure the following values:

**Table 55-11** Microsoft SQL Server JDBC Parameters

| Parameter             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Log Source Identifier | Type the identifier for the log source in the following format:<br><SQL Database>@<SQL DB Server IP or Host Name><br>Where:<br><SQL Database> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.<br><SQL DB Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.                                                                                                 |
| Database Type         | From the list box, select <b>MSDE</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Database Name         | Type <b>Master</b> as the name of the Microsoft SQL database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| IP or Hostname        | Type the IP address or host name of the Microsoft SQL Server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Port                  | Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433.<br><br>The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Microsoft SQL database. The Microsoft SQL database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.<br><br><b>Note:</b> If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration. |
| Username              | Type the username required to access the SQL database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Password              | Type the password required to access the SQL database.<br>The password can be up to 255 characters in length.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Confirm Password      | Confirm the password required to access the SQL database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

**Table 55-11** Microsoft SQL Server JDBC Parameters (continued)

| Parameter               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Authentication Domain   | If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Database Instance       | Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.<br><br><i>Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.</i>                                                                                                                               |
| Table Name              | Type <b>dbo.AuditData</b> as the name of the table or view that includes the audit event records.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Select List             | Type * for all fields from the table or view.<br><br>You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.). |
| Compare Field           | Type <b>event_time</b> as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Start Date and Time     | Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.<br><br>The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Use Prepared Statements | Select this check box to use prepared statements.<br><br>Prepared statements allow the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement once, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.<br><br>Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.                                     |
| Polling Interval        | Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.<br><br>You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.                                                                                            |
| EPS Throttle            | Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

**Table 55-11** Microsoft SQL Server JDBC Parameters (continued)

| Parameter               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Authentication Domain   | If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Database Instance       | Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.<br><br><i>Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.</i>                                                                                                                               |
| Table Name              | Type <b>dbo.AuditData</b> as the name of the table or view that includes the audit event records.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Select List             | Type * for all fields from the table or view.<br><br>You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.). |
| Compare Field           | Type <b>event_time</b> as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Start Date and Time     | Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.<br><br>The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Use Prepared Statements | Select this check box to use prepared statements.<br><br>Prepared statements allow the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement once, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.<br><br>Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.                                     |
| Polling Interval        | Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.<br><br>You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.                                                                                            |
| EPS Throttle            | Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |



**Table 55-11** Microsoft SQL Server JDBC Parameters (continued)

| Parameter                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Use Named Pipe Communication | Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.<br>When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe. |
| Database Cluster Name        | If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.                         |

**Note:** Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Microsoft SQL log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

**Step 7** Click **Save**.

**Step 8** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

For more information about configuring audit events, see your vendor documentation.

## Microsoft SharePoint

The Microsoft SharePoint DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects audit events from the SharePoint database using JDBC to poll an SQL database for audit events. Audit events allow you to track changes made to sites, files, and content managed by Microsoft SharePoint.

Microsoft SharePoint audit events include:

- Site name and the source from which the event originated
- Item ID, item name, and event location
- User ID associated with the event
- Event type, timestamp, and event action.

Before you can integrate Microsoft SharePoint with QRadar, you must:

- 1 Configure the audit events you want to collect for Microsoft SharePoint.
- 2 Create an SQL database view for QRadar in Microsoft SharePoint.
- 3 Configure a log source to collect audit events from Microsoft SharePoint.

**Note:** Ensure that no firewall rules are blocking the communication between QRadar and the database associated with Microsoft SharePoint.

## Configure Microsoft SharePoint audit events

The audit settings for Microsoft SharePoint allow you to define what events are tracked for each site managed by Microsoft SharePoint.

To configure audit events for Microsoft SharePoint:

- Step 1** Log in to your Microsoft SharePoint site.
- Step 2** From the **Site Actions** list box, select **Site Settings**.
- Step 3** From the Site Collection Administration list, click **Site collection audit settings**.
- Step 4** From the Documents and Items section, select a check box for each document and item audit event you want to audit.
- Step 5** From the Lists, Libraries, and Sites section, select a check box for each content audit event you want to enable.
- Step 6** Click **OK**.

You are now ready to create a database view for QRadar to poll Microsoft SharePoint events.

#### **Create a database view for Microsoft SharePoint**

Microsoft SharePoint uses SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS) to manage the SharePoint SQL databases. To collect audit event data, you must create a database view on your Microsoft SharePoint server that is accessible to QRadar.

To create a database view using SQL Server Management Studio:

- Step 1** Log in to the system hosting your Microsoft SharePoint SQL database.
- Step 2** On the desktop, select **Start > Run**.  
The Run window is displayed.
- Step 3** Type the following:  
`ssms`
- Step 4** Click **OK**.  
The Microsoft SQL Server 2008 displays the Connect to Server window.
- Step 5** Log in to your Microsoft SharePoint database.
- Step 6** Click **Connect**.
- Step 7** From the Object Explorer for your SharePoint database, select **Databases > WSS\_Logging > Views**.
- Step 8** From the navigation menu, click **New Query**.
- Step 9** In the Query pane, type the following Transact-SQL statement to create the AuditEvent database view:

```
create view dbo.AuditEvent as select a.siteID
 ,a.ItemId
 ,a.ItemType
 ,u.tp_Title as "User"
 ,a.MachineName
 ,a.MachineIp
 ,a.DocLocation
 ,a.LocationType
 ,a.Occurred as "EventTime"
```

```

,a.Event as "EventID"
,a.EventName
,a.EventSource
,a.SourceName
,a.EventData

from WSS_Content.dbo.AuditData a, WSS_Content.dbo.UserInfo u
where a.UserId = u.tp_ID and a.SiteId = u.tp_SiteID;

```

**Step 10** From the Query pane, right-click and select **Execute**.

If the view is created, the following message is displayed in the results pane:

```
Command(s) completed successfully.
```

The dbo.AuditEvent view is created. You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar to poll the view for audit events.

### Configure a log source

QRadar requires a user account with the proper credentials to access the view you created in the Microsoft SharePoint database. To successfully poll for audit data from the Microsoft SharePoint database, you must create a new user or provide the log source with existing user credentials to read from the AuditEvent view. For more information on creating a user account, see your vendor documentation.

To configure QRadar to receive SharePoint events:

**Step 1** Click the **Admin** tab.

**Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

**Step 3** Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

**Step 4** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.

**Step 5** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

**Step 6** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Microsoft SharePoint**.

**Step 7** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.

The JDBC protocol parameters appear.

**Step 8** Configure the following values:

**Table 55-12** Microsoft SharePoint JDBC Parameters

| Parameter             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Log Source Identifier | Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:<br><br><code>&lt;SharePoint Database&gt;@&lt;SharePoint Database Server IP or Host Name&gt;</code><br><br>Where:<br><br><code>&lt;SharePoint Database&gt;</code> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.<br><br><code>&lt;SharePoint Database Server IP or Host Name&gt;</code> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter. |
| Database Type         | From the list box, select <b>MSDE</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Database Name         | Type <b>WSS_Logging</b> as the name of the Microsoft SharePoint database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| IP or Hostname        | Type the IP address or host name of the Microsoft SharePoint SQL Server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Port                  | Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433.<br><br>The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Microsoft SharePoint database. The Microsoft SharePoint database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.<br><br><i><b>Note:</b> If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.</i>                                   |
| Username              | Type the username the log source can use to access the Microsoft SharePoint database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Password              | Type the password the log source can use to access the Microsoft SharePoint database.<br><br>The password can be up to 255 characters in length.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Confirm Password      | Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the <b>Password</b> field.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Authentication Domain | If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define the Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Database Instance     | Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.<br><br><i><b>Note:</b> If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.</i>                                                                                                                                                         |
| Table Name            | Type <b>AuditEvent</b> as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

**Table 55-12** Microsoft SharePoint JDBC Parameters (continued)

| Parameter                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Select List                  | Type * for all fields from the table or view.<br><br>You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.). |
| Compare Field                | Type <b>EventTime</b> as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Start Date and Time          | Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.<br><br>The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Use Prepared Statements      | Select the <b>Use Prepared Statements</b> check box.<br><br>Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.<br><br>Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.                             |
| Polling Interval             | Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the AuditEvent view you created. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.<br><br>You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.                                                                            |
| EPS Throttle                 | Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Use Named Pipe Communication | Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.<br><br>When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Database Cluster Name        | If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

**Note:** Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Microsoft SharePoint log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

**Step 9** Click **Save**.

**Step 10** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The Microsoft SharePoint configuration is complete.

---

## Microsoft Windows Security Event Log

The Microsoft Windows Security Event Log DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Windows-based events using syslog.

You can integrate Window Microsoft Security Event Log events with QRadar using one of the following methods:

- Use a WinCollect agent to retrieve Windows-based events from multiple Windows systems in your network. For more information on WinCollect, see the *WinCollect User Guide*.
- Use the Adaptive Log Exporter. For more information on the Adaptive Log Exporter, see the *Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide*.
- Use the Microsoft Security Event Log protocol to collect events using WMI. For more information, see [Using WMI](#)
- Set-up the Snare Agent to forward Microsoft Windows Security Event Logs to QRadar. See [Using the Snare Agent](#)

## Using WMI

Before you can configure a log source using the Microsoft Windows Security Event Log protocol, you must configure your system DCOM settings for each host you want to monitor. Ensure the following is configured for each host:

- Make sure you have appropriate administrative permissions. For this process, you must be a member of the Administrators group on the remote computer.
- Make sure you have Windows 2000, Windows 2003, Windows 2008, XP, or Vista software, or Windows 7 installed. The Windows Event Log Protocol supports 32 or 64-bit systems.
- Configure DCOM and enable the host.
- Enable Windows Management Instrumentation on the host.
- Activate the remote registry service.
- If a firewall is installed on the host (for example, Windows firewall) or is located between the host and QRadar (such as a hardware or other intermediary firewall), you must configure the firewall to allow DCOM communication. This includes configuring the firewall to permit port 135 to be accessible on the host, as well as permitting DCOM ports (generally random ports above 1024). If necessary, you can also configure specific ports to be accessible to DCOM. This depends on the version of Windows. For more information, see your Windows documentation.
- Configure a system or domain account that includes security configuration permitting access to the Window event log protocol DCOM components, Windows event log protocol name space, and appropriate access to the remote registry keys.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar:

- Step 1** To configure QRadar to receive events from Windows security event logs, you must select the **Microsoft Windows Security Event Log** option from the **Log Source Type** list box.
- Step 2** To configure the Windows Event Log protocol, you must select the **Microsoft Security Event Log** option from the **Protocol Configuration** list box. Your system must be running the latest version of the Windows Event Log protocol to retrieve File Replication and Directory Service events:

**Using the Snare Agent** To configure the Snare Agent to forward Windows security event logs to QRadar:

- Step 1** Download and install the Snare Agent.
  - Note:** To download a Snare Agent, see the following website:  
<http://www.intersectalliance.com/projects/SnareWindows/index.html>
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, select **Network Configuration**.
- Step 3** Type the IP address of the QRadar system in the **Destination Snare Server** address field.
- Step 4** Select the **Enable SYSLOG Header** check box.
- Step 5** Click **Change Configuration**.
- Step 6** On the navigation menu, select **Objectives Configuration**.
- Step 7** In the **Identify the event types to be captured** field, select check boxes to define the event types you want snare to forward to QRadar.
  - The Microsoft Windows Event Log DSM supports Informational, Warning, Error, Success Audit, and Failure Audit event types.
- Step 8** In the **Identify the event logs** field, select check boxes to define the event logs you want snare to forward to QRadar.
  - The Microsoft Windows Event Log DSM supports Security, System, Application, DNS Server, File Replication and Directory Service log types.
- Step 9** Click **Change Configuration**.
- Step 10** On the navigation menu, select **Apply the Latest Audit Configuration**.
  - The value entered in the override host name detection with field must match the IP address or hostname assigned to the device configured in the QRadar setup.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar:

- Step 1** To configure QRadar to receive events from Windows security event logs, you must select the **Microsoft Windows Security Event Log** option from the **Log Source Type** list box.
- Step 2** To configure the Windows Event Log protocol, you must select the **Microsoft Security Event Log** option from the **Protocol Configuration** list box. Your system must be running the latest version of the Windows Event Log protocol to retrieve File Replication and Directory Service log types:

For more information on configuring devices, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your server, see your vendor documentation.

---

**Microsoft  
Operations  
Manager**

The Microsoft Operations Manager DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Microsoft Operations Manager (MOM) events by polling the OnePoint database allowing QRadar to record the relevant events.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with the Microsoft Operations Manager, you must ensure a database user account is configured with appropriate permissions to access the MOM OnePoint SQL Server database. Access to the OnePoint database SDK views is managed through the MOM SDK View User database role. For more information, please see your Microsoft Operations Manager documentation.

**Note:** Make sure that no firewall rules are blocking the communication between QRadar and the SQL Server database associated with MOM. For MOM installations that use a separate, dedicated computer for the SQL Server database, the SDKEventView view is queried on the database system, not the system running MOM.

To configure QRadar to receive MOM events:

- Step 1** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.  
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 3** Click the **Log Sources** icon.  
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 4** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Microsoft Operations Manager**.
- Step 5** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.  
The JDBC protocol parameters appear.
- Step 6** Configure the following values:



**Table 55-13** Microsoft Operations Manager JDBC Parameters

| Parameter             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Log Source Identifier | Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:<br><br><MOM Database>@<MOM Database Server IP or Host Name><br><br>Where:<br><br><MOM Database> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.<br><br><MOM Database Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.                                                                          |
| Database Type         | From the list box, select <b>MSDE</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Database Name         | Type <b>OnePoint</b> as the name of the Microsoft Operations Manager database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| IP or Hostname        | Type the IP address or host name of the Microsoft Operations Manager SQL Server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Port                  | Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433.<br><br>The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Microsoft Operations Manager database. The Microsoft Operations Manager database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.<br><br><i><b>Note:</b> If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.</i> |
| Username              | Type the username required to access the database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Password              | Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Confirm Password      | Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Authentication Domain | If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define the Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Database Instance     | Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.<br><br><i><b>Note:</b> If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.</i>                                                                                                                                       |
| Table Name            | Type <b>SDKEventView</b> as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

**Table 55-13** Microsoft Operations Manager JDBC Parameters (continued)

| Parameter                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Select List                  | Type * for all fields from the table or view.<br><br>You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.). |
| Compare Field                | Type <b>TimeStored</b> as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Start Date and Time          | Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.<br><br>The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Use Prepared Statements      | Select this check box to use prepared statements.<br><br>Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.<br><br>Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.                                |
| Polling Interval             | Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.<br><br>You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.                                                                                            |
| EPS Throttle                 | Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Use Named Pipe Communication | Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.<br><br>When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Database Cluster Name        | If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

**Note:** Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Microsoft Operations Manager log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

**Step 7** Click **Save**.

**Step 8** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

---

**Microsoft System Center Operations Manager**

A QRadar Microsoft System Center Operations Manager (SCOM) DSM accepts SCOM events by polling the OperationsManager database allowing QRadar to record the relevant events.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with the Microsoft SCOM, you must ensure a database user account is configured with appropriate permissions to access the SCOM OperationsManager SQL Server database. The appropriate authentication mode might need to be enabled in the Security settings of the SQL Server properties. For more information, please see your Microsoft SCOM documentation.

**Note:** Ensure that no firewall rules are blocking the communication between QRadar and the SQL Server database associated with SCOM. For SCOM installations that use a separate, dedicated computer for the SQL Server database, the EventView view is queried on the database system, not the system running SCOM.

To configure QRadar to receive SCOM events:

**Step 1** Click the **Admin** tab.

**Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

**Step 3** Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

**Step 4** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Microsoft SCOM**.

**Step 5** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.

The JDBC protocol is displayed.

**Step 6** Configure the following values:

**Table 55-14** Microsoft SCOM JDBC Parameters

| Parameter             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Log Source Identifier | Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:<br><br><SCOM Database>@<SCOM Database Server IP or Host Name><br><br>Where:<br><br><SCOM Database> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.<br><br><SCOM Database Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.                                   |
| Database Type         | From the list box, select <b>MSDE</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Database Name         | Type <b>OperationsManager</b> as the name of the Microsoft SCOM database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| IP or Hostname        | Type the IP address or host name of the Microsoft SCOM SQL Server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Port                  | Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433.<br><br>The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Microsoft SCOM database. The Microsoft SCOM database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.<br><br><b>Note:</b> If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration. |
| Username              | Type the username required to access the database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Password              | Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Confirm Password      | Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Authentication Domain | If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Database Instance     | Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.<br><br><b>Note:</b> If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.                                                                                                           |
| Table Name            | Type <b>EventView</b> as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

**Table 55-14** Microsoft SCOM JDBC Parameters (continued)

| Parameter                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Select List                  | Type * for all fields from the table or view.<br><br>You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.). |
| Compare Field                | Type <b>TimeAdded</b> as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Start Date and Time          | Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.<br><br>The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Use Prepared Statements      | Select this check box to use prepared statements.<br><br>Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.<br><br>Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.                                |
| Polling Interval             | Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.<br><br>You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.                                                                                            |
| EPS Throttle                 | Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Use Named Pipe Communication | Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.<br><br>When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Database Cluster Name        | If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

**Note:** Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Microsoft SCOM log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

**Step 7** Click **Save**.

**Step 8** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

---

**Microsoft Endpoint Protection**

The Microsoft Endpoint Protection DSM for IBM Security QRadar is capable of collecting malware detection events.

**Supported event types**

Malware detection events are retrieved by QRadar by configuring the JDBC protocol. Adding malware detection events to QRadar allows you to monitor and detect malware infected computers in your deployment.

Malware detection events include:

- Site name and the source from which the malware was detected
- Threat name, threat ID, and severity
- User ID associated with the threat
- Event type, timestamp, and the cleaning action taken on the malware.

**Configuration overview**

The Microsoft Endpoint Protection DSM uses JDBC to poll an SQL database for malware detection event data. This DSM does not automatically discover. To integrate Microsoft EndPoint Protection with QRadar, you must:

- 1 Create an SQL database view for QRadar with the malware detection event data.
- 2 Configure a JDBC log source to poll for events from the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database.
- 3 Ensure that no firewall rules are blocking communication between QRadar and the database associated with Microsoft EndPoint Protection.

**Creating a database view** Microsoft EndPoint Protection uses SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS) to manage the EndPoint Protection SQL databases.

#### Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the system hosting your Microsoft EndPoint Protection SQL database.
- Step 2** On the desktop, select **Start > Run**.
- Step 3** Type the following:
  - `ssms`
- Step 4** Click **OK**.
- Step 5** Log in to your Microsoft Endpoint Protection database.
- Step 6** From the Object Explorer, select **Databases**.
- Step 7** Select your database and click **Views**.
- Step 8** From the navigation menu, click **New Query**.
- Step 9** In the Query pane, type the following Transact-SQL statement to create the database view:

```
create view dbo.MalwareView as
select n.Type
, n.RowID
, n.Name
, n.Description
, n.Timestamp
, n.SchemaVersion
, n.ObserverHost
, n.ObserverUser
, n.ObserverProductName
, n.ObserverProductversion
, n.ObserverProtectionType
, n.ObserverProtectionVersion
, n.ObserverProtectionSignatureVersion
, n.ObserverDetection
, n.ObserverDetectionTime
, n.ActorHost
, n.ActorUser
, n.ActorProcess
, n.ActorResource
, n.ActionType
, n.TargetHost
, n.TargetUser
, n.TargetProcess
, n.TargetResource
, n.ClassificationID
, n.ClassificationType
, n.ClassificationSeverity
, n.ClassificationCategory
```

```

, n.RemediationType
, n.RemediationResult
, n.RemediationErrorCode
, n.RemediationPendingAction
, n.IsActiveMalware
, i.IP_Addresses0 as 'SrcAddress'

from v_AM_NormalizedDetectionHistory n, System_IP_Address_ARR i,
v_RA_System_ResourceNames s, Network_DATA d where n.ObserverHost
= s.Resource_Names0 and s.ResourceID = d.MachineID and
d.IPEnabled00 = 1 and d.MachineID = i.ItemKey and
i.IP_Addresses0 like '%.%.%.%';

```

**Step 10** From the Query pane, right-click and select **Execute**.

If the view is created, the following message is displayed in the results pane:

```
Command(s) completed successfully.
```

You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar.

### Configuring a log source

QRadar requires a user account with the proper credentials to access the view you created in the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database.

To successfully poll for malware detection events from the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database, you must create a new user or provide the log source with existing user credentials to read from the database view you created. For more information on creating a user account, see your vendor documentation.

#### Procedure

- Step 1** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 3** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 4** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 5** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 6** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Microsoft EndPoint Protection**.
- Step 7** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.
- Step 8** Configure the following values:



**Table 55-15** Microsoft EndPoint Protection JDBC parameters

| Parameter             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Log Source Identifier | Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format:<br><br><Database>@<Database Server IP or Host Name><br>Where:<br><Database> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter.<br><Database Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.                                                                                                        |
| Database Type         | From the list box, select <b>MSDE</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Database Name         | Type the name of the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database. This name must match the database name you selected when creating your view in <a href="#">Step 7</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| IP or Hostname        | Type the IP address or host name of the Microsoft EndPoint Protection SQL Server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Port                  | Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433.<br><br>The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database. The Microsoft EndPoint Protection database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.<br><br><i><b>Note:</b> If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.</i> |
| Username              | Type the username the log source can use to access the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Password              | Type the password the log source can use to access the Microsoft EndPoint Protection database.<br><br>The password can be up to 255 characters in length.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Confirm Password      | Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the <b>Password</b> field.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Authentication Domain | If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define the Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Database Instance     | Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.<br><br><i><b>Note:</b> If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.</i>                                                                                                                                         |

**Table 55-15** Microsoft EndPoint Protection JDBC parameters (continued)

| Parameter                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Table Name                   | Type <b>dbo.MalwareView</b> as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Select List                  | Type * for all fields from the table or view.<br><br>You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.). |
| Compare Field                | Type <b>RecordID</b> as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Start Date and Time          | Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling.<br><br>The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Use Prepared Statements      | Select the <b>Use Prepared Statements</b> check box.<br><br>Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements.<br><br>Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.                             |
| Polling Interval             | Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the view you created. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.<br><br>You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.                                                                                       |
| EPS Throttle                 | Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Use Named Pipe Communication | Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box.<br><br>When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Database Cluster Name        | If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

**Table 55-15** Microsoft EndPoint Protection JDBC parameters (continued)

| Parameter  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Use NTLMv2 | <p>Select the <b>Use NTLMv2</b> check box.</p> <p>This option forces MSDE connections to use the NTLMv2 protocol when communicating with SQL servers that require NTLMv2 authentication. The default value of the check box is selected.</p> <p>If the <b>Use NTLMv2</b> check box is selected, it has no effect on MSDE connections to SQL servers that do not require NTLMv2 authentication.</p> |

**Note:** Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Microsoft EndPoint Protection log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

**Step 9** Click **Save**.

**Step 10** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The Microsoft EndPoint Protection configuration is complete.



# 56

## MOTOROLA SYMBOL AP

The Motorola Symbol AP DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant events forwarded from Motorola Symbol AP devices using syslog.

**Configure a log source** To integrate Motorola SymbolAP with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive events.

QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Motorola SymbolAP appliances. In cases where the log source is not automatically discovered, we recommend you create a log source before forwarding events to QRadar.

To configure a log source:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.  
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.  
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.  
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Motorola SymbolAP**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.  
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

**Table 56-1** Syslog Parameters

| Parameter             | Description                                                                                                            |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Log Source Identifier | Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Motorola SymbolAP appliance. |

**Step 11** Click **Save**.

**Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar.

**Configure syslog events for Motorola Symbol AP**

To configure the device to forward syslog events to QRadar:

**Step 1** Log in to your Symbol AP device user interface.

**Step 2** From the menu, select **System Configuration > Logging Configuration**.

The Access Point window is displayed.

**Step 3** Using the **Logging Level** list box, select the desired log level for tracking system events. The options are:

0 - Emergency

1 - Alert

2 - Critical

3 - Errors

4 - Warning

5 - Notice

6 - Info. This is the default.

7 - Debug

**Step 4** Select the **Enable logging to an external syslog server** check box.

**Step 5** In the **Syslog Server IP Address** field, type the IP address of an external syslog server, such as QRadar.

This is required to route the syslog events to QRadar.

**Step 6** Click **Apply**.

**Step 7** Click **Logout**.

A confirmation window is displayed.

**Step 8** Click **OK** to exit the application.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

# 57

## NETAPP DATA ONTAP

IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events from a Windows agent installed with the Adaptive Log Exporter.

The Adaptive Log Exporter is an external event collection agent. The Adaptive Log Exporter allows you to collect events using a NetApp Data ONTAP plug-in. The Adaptive Log Exporter can read and process event log messages generated from Common Internet File System (CIFS) auditing on the NetApp Data ONTAP device and forward the events.

For more information on using the Adaptive Log Exporter, see the *Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide*.

**Note:** The NetApp Data ONTAP plug-in for the Adaptive Log Exporter only supports CIFS. For information on configuring CIFS on your NetApp Data ONTAP device, see your vendor documentation.

QRadar automatically detects the NetApp Data ONTAP events from the Adaptive Log Exporter. To manually configure QRadar to receive events from NetApp Data ONTAP:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **NetApp Data ONTAP** option.





# 58

## NAME VALUE PAIR

The Name Value Pair (NVP) DSM allows you to integrate IBM Security QRadar with devices that might not natively send logs using syslog.

IBM Security QRadarThe NVP DSM provides a log format that allows you to send logs to QRadar. For example, for a device that does not export logs natively with syslog, you can create a script to export the logs from a device that QRadar does not support, format the logs in the NVP log format, and send the logs to QRadar using syslog. The NVP DSM log source configured in QRadar then receives the logs and is able to parse the data since the logs are received in the NVP log format.

**Note:** Events for the NVP DSM are not automatically discovered by QRadar.

The NVP DSM accepts events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant events. The log format for the NVP DSM must be a tab-separated single line list of Name=Parameter. The NVP DSM does not require a valid syslog header.

**Note:** The NVP DSM assumes an ability to create custom scripts or thorough knowledge of your device capabilities to send logs to QRadar using syslog in NVP format.

This section provides information on the following:

- [NVP Log Format](#)
- [Examples](#)

---

### NVP Log Format

[Table 58-1](#) includes a list of tags that the NVP DSM is able to parse:

**Table 58-1** NVP Log Format Tags

| Tag        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DeviceType | Type <code>NVP</code> as the DeviceType. This identifies the log formats as a Name Value Pair log message.<br><br>This is a required parameter and <code>DeviceType=NVP</code> must be the first pair in the list. |

**Table 58-1** NVP Log Format Tags (continued)

| Tag                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EventName              | Type the event name that you want to use to identify the event in the Events interface when using the Event Mapping functionality. For more information on mapping events, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Users Guide</i> .<br>This is a required parameter. |
| EventCategory          | Type the event category you want to use to identify the event in the Events interface. If this value is not included in the log message, the value <b>NameValuePair</b> value is used.                                                                       |
| SourceIp               | Type the source IP address for the message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| SourcePort             | Type the source port for the message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| SourceIpPreNAT         | Type the source IP address for the message before Network Address Translation (NAT) occurred.                                                                                                                                                                |
| SourceIpPostNAT        | Type the source IP address for the message after NAT occurs.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| SourceMAC              | Type the source MAC address for the message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| SourcePortPreNAT       | Type the source port for the message before NAT occurs.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| SourcePortPostNAT      | Type the source port for the message after NAT occurs.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| DestinationIp          | Type the destination IP address for the message.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| DestinationPort        | Type the destination port for the message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| DestinationIpPreNAT    | Type the destination IP address for the message before NAT occurs.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| DestinationIpPostNAT   | Type the IP address for the message after NAT occurs.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| DestinationPortPreNAT  | Type the destination port for the message before NAT occurs.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| DestinationPortPostNAT | Type the destination port for the message after NAT occurs.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| DestinationMAC         | Type the destination MAC address for the message.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| DeviceTime             | Type the time that the event was sent, according to the device. The format is: YY/MM/DD hh:mm:ss. If no specific time is provided, the syslog header or DeviceType parameter is applied.                                                                     |
| UserName               | Type the user name associated with the event.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| HostName               | Type the host name associated with the event. Typically, this parameter is only associated with identity events.                                                                                                                                             |
| GroupName              | Type the group name associated with the event. Typically, this parameter is only associated with identity events.                                                                                                                                            |
| NetBIOSName            | Type the NetBIOS name associated with the event. Typically, this parameter is only associated with identity events.                                                                                                                                          |

**Table 58-1** NVP Log Format Tags (continued)

| Tag              | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Identity         | Type TRUE or FALSE to indicate whether you wish this event to generate an identity event. An identity event is generated if the log message contains the SourceIp (if the IdentityUseSrcIp parameter is set to TRUE) or DestinationIp (if the IdentityUseSrcIp parameter is set to FALSE) and one of the following parameters: UserName, SourceMAC, HostName, NetBIOSName, or GroupName. |
| IdentityUseSrcIp | Type TRUE or FALSE (default). TRUE indicates that you wish to use the source IP address for identity. FALSE indicates that you wish to use the destination IP address for identity. This parameter is used only if the Identity parameter is set to TRUE.                                                                                                                                |

In addition to the parameters listed above, you can add any NVP parameters to your log. The additional parameters are added to the payload, however, these values are not parsed.

**Step 9** You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an NVP DSM:

► From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Name Value Pair** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

## Examples

### Example 1

The following example parses all fields:

```
DeviceType=NVP EventName=Test
DestinationIpPostNAT=172.16.45.10 DeviceTime=2007/12/14
09:53:49 SourcePort=1111 Identity=FALSE SourcePortPostNAT=3333
DestinationPortPostNAT=6666 HostName=testhost
DestinationIpPreNAT=172.16.10.10 SourcePortPreNAT=2222
DestinationPortPreNAT=5555 SourceMAC=AA:15:C5:BF:C4:9D
SourceIp=172.16.200.10 SourceIpPostNAT=172.16.40.50
NetBIOSName=testbois DestinationMAC=00:41:C5:BF:C4:9D
EventCategory=Accept DestinationPort=4444
GroupName=testgroup SourceIpPreNAT=172.16.70.87UserName=root
DestinationIp=172.16.30.30
```

### Example 2

The following example provides identity using the destination IP address:

```
<133>Apr 16 12:41:00 172.16.10.10 namevaluepair:
DeviceType=NVP EventName=Test EventCategory=Accept
Identity=TRUE SourceMAC=AA:15:C5:BF:C4:9D
```

```
SourceIp=172.15.210.113 DestinationIp=172.16.10.10
UserName=root
```

### Example 3

The following example provides identity using the source IP address:

```
DeviceType=NVP EventName=Test EventCategory=Accept
DeviceTime=2007/12/14 09:53:49 SourcePort=5014 Identity=TRUE
IdentityUseSrcIp=TRUE SourceMAC=AA:15:C5:BF:C4:9D
SourceIp=172.15.210.113 DestinationIp=172.16.10.10
DestinationMAC=00:41:C5:BF:C4:9D UserName=root
```

### Example 4

The following example provides an entry with no identity:

```
DeviceType=NVP EventName=Test EventCategory=Accept
DeviceTime=2007/12/14 09:53:49 SourcePort=5014 Identity=FALSE
SourceMAC=AA:15:C5:BF:C4:9D SourceIp=172.15.210.113
DestinationIp=172.16.10.10DestinationMAC=00:41:C5:BF:C4:9D
UserName=root
```

# 59

## NIKSUN

The Nixsun DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant Nixsun events using syslog.

You can integrate NetDetector/NetVCR2005, version 3.2.1sp1\_2 with QRadar. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Nixsun device, you must configure a log source, then enable syslog forwarding on your Nixsun appliance. For more information on configuring Nixsun, see your Nixsun appliance documentation.

**Configure a log source** To integrate Nixsun with QRadar, you must manually create a log source to receive events.

QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Nixsun appliances. In cases where the log source is not automatically discovered, we recommend you create a log source before forwarding events to QRadar.

To configure a log source:

**Step 1** Log in to QRadar.

**Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.

**Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

**Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

**Step 5** Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

**Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

**Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

**Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Nixsun 2005 v3.5**.

**Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

**Step 10** Configure the following values:

**Table 59-1** Syslog Parameters

| Parameter             | Description                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Log Source Identifier | Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Nixsun appliance. |

**Step 11** Click **Save**.

**Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar.

# 60

## NOKIA FIREWALL

The Check Point Firewall-1 DSM allows IBM Security QRadar to accept events Check Point-based Firewall events sent from Nokia Firewall appliances.

The syslog and OPSEC protocols allow two methods for QRadar to collect Check Point events from Nokia Firewall appliances.

This section contains the following topics:

- [Integrating with a Nokia Firewall using syslog](#)
- [Integrating with a Nokia Firewall using OPSEC](#)

---

### Integrating with a Nokia Firewall using syslog

This method allows you to configure your Nokia Firewall to accept Check Point syslog events forwarded from your Nokia Firewall appliance.

To configure QRadar to integrate with a Nokia Firewall device, you must:

- 1 Configure iptables on your QRadar Console or Event Collector to receive syslog events from Nokia Firewall.
- 2 Configure your Nokia Firewall to forward syslog event data.
- 3 Configure the events logged by the Nokia Firewall.
- 4 Optional. Configure a log source in QRadar.

### Configuring IPtables

Nokia Firewalls require a TCP reset (rst) or a TCP acknowledge (ack) from QRadar on port 256 before forwarding syslog events.

The Nokia Firewall TCP request is an online status request designed to ensure that QRadar is online and able to receive syslog events. If a valid reset or acknowledge is received from QRadar, then Nokia Firewall begins forwarding events to QRadar on UDP port 514. By default, QRadar does not respond to any online status requests from TCP port 256. You must configure IPtables on your QRadar Console or any Event Collectors that receive Check Point events from a Nokia Firewall to respond to an online status request.

**Procedure**

**Step 1** Using SSH, log in to QRadar as the root user.

Login: `root`

Password: `<password>`

**Step 2** Type the following command to edit the IPtables file:

```
vi /opt/qradar/conf/iptables.pre
```

The IPtables configuration file is displayed.

**Step 3** Type the following command to instruct QRadar to respond to your Nokia Firewall with a TCP reset on port 256:

```
-A INPUT -s <IP address> -p tcp --dport 256 -j REJECT
--reject-with tcp-reset
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of your Nokia Firewall. You must include a TCP reset for each Nokia Firewall IP address that sends events to your QRadar Console or Event Collector. For example,

```
-A INPUT -s 10.10.100.10/32 -p tcp --dport 256 -j REJECT
--reject-with tcp-reset
-A INPUT -s 10.10.110.11/32 -p tcp --dport 256 -j REJECT
--reject-with tcp-reset
-A INPUT -s 10.10.120.12/32 -p tcp --dport 256 -j REJECT
--reject-with tcp-reset
```

**Step 4** Save your IPtables configuration.

**Step 5** Type the following command to update IPtables in QRadar:

```
./opt/qradar/bin/iptables_update.pl
```

**Step 6** Repeat [Step 1](#) to [Step 5](#) to configure any additional Event Collectors in your deployment that receive syslog events from a Nokia Firewall.

You are now ready to configure your Nokia Firewall to forward events to QRadar.

**Configuring syslog** To configure your Nokia Firewall to forward syslog events to QRadar:

**Procedure**

**Step 1** Log in to the Nokia Voyager.

**Step 2** Click **Config**.

**Step 3** In the System Configuration pane, click **System Logging**.

**Step 4** In the **Add new remote IP address to log to** field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

**Step 5** Click **Apply**.

**Step 6** Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure which events are logged by your Nokia Firewall to the logger.



**Configure the logged events custom script** To configure which events are logged by your Nokia Firewall and forwarded to QRadar, you must configure a custom script for your Nokia Firewall.

### Procedure

- Step 1** Using SSH, log in to Nokia Firewall as an administrative user.
- If you cannot connect to your Nokia Firewall, SSH may be disabled. You must enable the command-line using the Nokia Voyager web interface or connect directly using a serial connection. For more information, see your Nokia Voyager documentation.
- Step 2** Type the following command to edit your Nokia Firewall rc.local file:
- ```
vi /var/etc/rc.local
```
- Step 3** Add the following command to your rc.local file:
- ```
$FWDIR/bin/fw log -ftn | /bin/logger -p local1.info &
```
- Step 4** Save the changes to your rc.local file.
- The terminal is displayed.
- Step 5** To begin logging immediately, type the following command:
- ```
nohup $FWDIR/bin/fw log -ftn | /bin/logger -p local1.info &
```
- You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source Events forwarded by your Nokia Firewall are automatically discovered by the Check Point Firewall-1 DSM. The automatic discovery process creates a log source for syslog events from Nokia Firewall appliances. The following steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Check Point Firewall-1**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 60-1 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from your Nokia Firewall appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The syslog configuration for receiving Check Point events from Nokia Firewalls over syslog is complete. Check Point events from your Nokia Firewall are displayed in the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

Integrating with a Nokia Firewall using OPSEC

QRadar can accept Check Point FireWall-1 events from Nokia Firewalls using the Check Point FireWall-1 DSM configured using the OPSEC/LEA protocol. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Nokia Firewall device, you must:

- 1 Configure Nokia Firewall using OPSEC, see [Configuring a Nokia Firewall for OPSEC](#).
- 2 Configure a log source in QRadar for your Nokia Firewall using the OPSEC LEA protocol, see [Configuring an OPSEC log source](#).

Configuring a Nokia Firewall for OPSEC

To configure Nokia Firewall using OPSEC:

Procedure

- Step 1** To create a host object for your QRadar, open up the Check Point SmartDashboard GUI and select **Manage > Network Objects > New > Node > Host**.
- Step 2** type the Name, IP Address, and optional Comment for your QRadar.
- Step 3** Click **OK**.
- Step 4** Select **Close**.
- Step 5** To create the OPSEC connection, select **Manage > Servers and OPSEC Applications > New > OPSEC Application Properties**.
- Step 6** Type the Name and optional Comment.
The name you type must be different than the name in [Step 2](#).
- Step 7** From the **Host** drop-down menu, select the QRadar host object that you created.
- Step 8** From **Application Properties**, select **User Defined** as the Vendor Type.
- Step 9** From **Client Entries**, select **LEA**.
- Step 10** Select **Communication** and enter an activation key to configure the Secure Internal Communication (SIC) certificate.
- Step 11** Select **OK** and then select **Close**.
- Step 12** To install the policy on your firewall, select **Policy > Install > OK**.
For more information on policies, see your vendor documentation. You are now ready to configure a log source for your Nokia Firewall in QRadar.

Configuring an OPSEC log source

OPSEC/LEA log sources do not automatically discover in QRadar, you must create an OPSEC log source to collect events.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Check Point FireWall-1**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **OPSEC/LEA**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 60-2 OPSEC/LEA protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, hostname, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
Server IP	Type the IP address of the server.
Server Port	Type the port used for OPSEC communication. The valid range is 0 to 65,536 and the default is 18184.
Use Server IP for Log Source	Select this check box if you want to use the LEA server's IP address instead of the managed device's IP address for a log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Statistics Report Interval	Type the interval, in seconds, during which the number of syslog events are recorded in the qradar.log file. The valid range is 4 to 2,147,483,648 and the default is 600.

Table 60-2 OPSEC/LEA protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Authentication Type	<p>From the list box, select the authentication type you want to use for this LEA configuration. The options are sslca (default), sslca_clear, or clear. This value must match the authentication method used by the server. The following parameters appear if sslca or sslca_clear is selected as the authentication type.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OPSEC Application Object SIC Attribute (SIC Name) - Type the Secure Internal Communications (SIC) name of the OPSEC Application Object. The SIC name is the distinguished name (DN) of the application, for example: CN=LEA, o=fwconsole..7psasx. The name can be up to 255 characters in length and is case sensitive. • Log Source SIC Attribute (Entity SIC Name) - Type the SIC name of the server, for example: cn=cp_mgmt, o=fwconsole..7psasx. The name can be up to 255 characters in length and is case sensitive. • Specify Certificate - Select this check box if you want to define a certificate for this LEA configuration. QRadar attempts to retrieve the certificate using these parameters when the certificate is required. If you select the Specify Certificate check box, the Certificate Filename parameter is displayed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certificate Filename - This option only appears if Specify Certificate is selected. Type the directory path of the certificate you want to use for this configuration. If you clear the Specify Certificate check box, the following parameters appear: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certificate Authority IP - Type the IP address of the SmartCenter server from which you want to pull your certificate. • Pull Certificate Password - Type the password you want to use when requesting a certificate. The password can be up to 255 characters in length. • OPSEC Application - Type the name of the application you want to use when requesting a certificate. This value can be up to 255 characters in length.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. As events are received, they are displayed in the **Log Activity** tab in QRadar.

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NOMINUM VANTIO

The Nominum Vantio DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events in Log Extended Event Format (LEEF) forwarded from Nominum Vantio engines installed with the Nominum Vantio LEEF Adapter.

QRadar accepts all relevant events forwarded from Nominum Vantio.

The Vantio LEEF Adapter creates LEEF messages based on Lightweight View Policy (LVP) matches. In order to generate LVP matches for the Vantio LEEF Adapter to process, you must configure Lightweight Views and the lvp-monitor for the Vantio engine. LVP is an optionally licensed component of the Nominum Vantio product. For more information about configuring LVP, please see the *Vantio Administrator's Manual*.

Before you can integrate Nominum Vantio events with QRadar, you must install and configure the Vantio LEEF adapter. To obtain the Vantio LEEF adapter or request additional information, you can email Nominum at the following address: leefadapter@nominum.com.

Configure the Vantio LEEF Adapter

To install and configure your Vantio LEEF Adapter:

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your Vantio engine server.

Step 2 Install the Vantio LEEF Adapter:

```
sudo rpm -I VantioLEEFAdapter-0.1-a.x86_64.rpm
```

Step 3 Edit the Vantio LEEF Adapter configuration file.

```
usr/local/nom/sbin/VantioLEEFAdapter
```

Step 4 Configure the Vantio LEEF Adapter configuration to forward LEEF events to QRadar:

```
-qradar-dest-addr=<IP Address>
```

Where <IP Address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 5 Save the Vantio LEEF configuration file.

Step 6 Type the following command to start the Vantio Adapter:

```
usr/local/nom/sbin/VantioLEEFAdapter &
```

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Nominum Vantio events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by the Vantio LEEF Adapter are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from the Vantio LEEF Adapter. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Nominum Vantio:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Nominum Vantio**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 61-3 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from Nominum Vantio.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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NORTEL NETWORKS

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [Nortel Multiprotocol Router](#)
- [Nortel Application Switch](#)
- [Nortel Contivity](#)
- [Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 2500/4500/5500](#)
- [Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 8300/8600](#)
- [Nortel Secure Router](#)
- [Nortel Secure Network Access Switch](#)
- [Nortel Switched Firewall 5100](#)
- [Nortel Switched Firewall 6000](#)
- [Nortel Threat Protection System](#)
- [Nortel VPN Gateway](#)

Nortel Multiprotocol Router

The Nortel Multiprotocol Router DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant Nortel Multiprotocol Router events using syslog.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Nortel Multiprotocol Router device, you must:

Step 1 Log in to your Nortel Multiprotocol Router device.

Step 2 At the prompt, type the following command:

```
bcc
```

The Bay Command Console prompt is displayed.

```
Welcome to the Bay Command Console!
```

```
* To enter configuration mode, type config
```

```
* To list all system commands, type ?
```

```
* To exit the BCC, type exit
```

```
bcc>
```

Step 3 Type the following command to access configuration mode:

```
config
```

Step 4 Type the following command to access syslog configuration:

```
syslog
```

Step 5 Type the following commands:

```
log-host address <IP address>
```

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar.

Step 6 View current default settings for your QRadar:

```
info
```

For example:

```
log-host/10.11.12.210# info
  address 10.11.12.210
  log-facility local0
  state enabled
```

Step 7 If the output of the command entered in [Step 6](#) indicates that the state is not enabled, type the following command to enable forwarding for the syslog host:

```
state enable
```

Step 8 Configure the log facility parameter:

```
log-facility local0
```

Step 9 Create a filter for the hardware slots to enable them to forward the syslog events. Type the following command to create a filter with the name WILDCARD:

```
filter name WILDCARD entity all
```

Step 10 Configure the slot-upper bound parameter:

```
slot-upper bound <number of slots>
```

Where <number of slots> is the number of slots available on your device. This parameter can require different configuration depending on your version of Nortel Multiprotocol Router device, which determines the maximum number of slots available on the device.

Step 11 Configure the level of syslog messages you want to send to your QRadar:

```
severity-mask all
```

Step 12 View the current settings for this filter:

```
info
```

For example:

```
filter/10.11.12.210/WILDCARD# info
  debug-map debug
  entity all
  event-lower-bound 0
  event-upper-bound 255
```



```

fault-map critical
info-map info
name WILDCARD
severity-mask {fault warning info trace debug}
slot-lower-bound 0
slot-upper-bound 1
state enabled
trace-map debug
warning-map warning

```

Step 13 View the currently configured settings for the syslog filters:

```
show syslog filters
```

When the syslog and filter parameters are correctly configured, the Operational State indicates up.

For example:

```

syslog# show syslog filters
show syslog filters                               Sep 15, 2008 18:21:25 [GMT+8]

Host          Filter      Entity Entity Configured Operational
IP address    Name        Name   Code   State      State
10.11.12.130 WILDCARD   all    255    enabled    up
10.11.12.210 WILDCARD   all    255    enabled    up

```

Step 14 View the currently configured syslog host information:

```
show syslog log-host
```

The host log is displayed with the number of packets being sent to the various syslog hosts.

For example:

```

syslog# show syslog log-host
show syslog log-host                               Sep 15, 2008 18:21:32 [GMT+8]

Host          Configured Operational Time          UDP   Facility #Messages
IP address    State      State         Sequencing Port   Code   Sent
10.11.12.130 enabled    up            disabled  514   local0  1402
10.11.12.210 enabled    up            disabled  514   local0  131

```

Step 15 Exit the command interface:

a Exit the current command-line to return to the bcc command-line:

```
exit
```

b Exit the bbc command-line:

```
exit
```

- c Exit the command-line session:

```
logout
```

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel Multiprotocol Router device:

- From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Nortel Multiprotocol Router** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your device, see your vendor documentation.

Nortel Application Switch

Nortel Application Switches integrate routing and switching by forwarding traffic at layer 2 speed using layer 4-7 information.

The Nortel Application Switch DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog. QRadar records all relevant status and network condition events. Before configuring a Nortel Application Switch device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send syslog events to QRadar.

To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:

- Step 1** Log in to the Nortel Application Switch command-line interface (CLI).
- Step 2** Type the following command:

```
/cfg/sys/syslog/host
```
- Step 3** At the prompt, type the IP address of your QRadar:

```
Enter new syslog host: <IP address>
```

Where **<IP address>** is the IP address of your QRadar.
- Step 4** Apply the configuration:

```
apply
```
- Step 5** After the new configuration is applied, save your configuration:

```
save
```
- Step 6** Type **y** at the prompt to confirm that you wish to save the configuration to flash. For example:

```
Confirm saving to FLASH [y/n]: y
```

```
New config successfully saved to FLASH
```
- Step 7** You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel Application Switch:

- From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Nortel Application Switch** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about the Nortel Application Switch, see *your vendor documentation*.

Nortel Contivity

A QRadar Nortel Contivity DSM records all relevant Nortel Contivity events using syslog.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Nortel Contivity device, you must:

Step 1 Log in to the Nortel Contivity command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Type the following command:

```
enable <password>
```

Where `<password>` is the Nortel Contivity device administrative password.

Step 3 Type the following command:

```
config t
```

Step 4 Configure the logging information:

```
logging <IP address> facility-filter all level all
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of the QRadar.

Step 5 Type the following command to exit the command-line:

```
exit
```

Step 6 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel Contivity device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Nortel Contivity VPN Switch** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Nortel Contivity device, see *your vendor documentation*.

Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 2500/4500/5500

A QRadar Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch (ERS) 2500/4500/5500 DSM records all relevant routing switch events using syslog.

Before configuring a Nortel ERS 2500/4500/5500 device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send syslog events to QRadar.

To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:

Step 1 Log in to the Nortel ERS 2500/4500/5500 user interface.

Step 2 Type the following commands to access global configuration mode:

```
ena
```

```
config term
```

Step 3 Type `informational` as the severity level for the logs you wish to send to the remote server:

```
logging remote level {critical|informational|serious|none}
```

Where `informational` sends all logs to the syslog server.

Step 4 Enable the host:

```
host enable
```

Step 5 Type the remote logging address:

```
logging remote address <IP address>
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of the QRadar system.

Step 6 Ensure that remote logging is enabled:

```
logging remote enable
```

Step 7 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel ERS 2500/4500/5500 device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 2500/4500/5500** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information about the Nortel ERS 2500/4500/5500, see <http://www.nortel.com/support>.

Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 8300/8600

A QRadar Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch (ERS) 8300/8600 DSM records all relevant events using syslog.

Before configuring a Nortel ERS 8600 device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send syslog events to QRadar.

To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:

Step 1 Log in to the Nortel ERS 8300/8600 command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Type the following command:

```
config sys syslog host <ID>
```

Where `<ID>` is the ID of the host you wish to configure to send syslog events to QRadar.

For the syslog host ID, the valid range is 1 to 10.

Step 3 Type the IP address of your QRadar system:

```
address <IP address>
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of your QRadar system.

Step 4 Type the facility for accessing the syslog host.

```
host <ID> facility local0
```

Where <ID> is the ID specified in [Step 2](#).

Step 5 Enable the host:

```
host enable
```

Step 6 Type the severity level for which syslog messages are sent:

```
host <ID> severity info
```

Where <ID> is the ID specified in [Step 2](#).

Step 7 Enable the ability to send syslog messages:

```
state enable
```

Step 8 Verify the syslog configuration for the host:

```
sylog host <ID> info
```

For example, the output might resemble the following:

```
ERS-8606:5/config/sys/syslog/host/1# info
Sub-Context:
Current Context:
address : 10.10.10.1
create : 1
delete : N/A
facility : local6
host : enable
mapinfo : info
mapwarning : warning
maperror : error
mapfatal : emergency
severity : info|warning|error|fatal
udp-port : 514
ERS-8606:5/config/sys/syslog/host/1#
```

Step 9 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel ERS 8300/8600 device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, you must select the **Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 8300/8600** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information about the Nortel ERS 8300/8600, see <http://www.nortel.com/support>.

Nortel Secure Router

A QRadar Nortel Secure Router DSM records all relevant router events using syslog.

Before configuring a Nortel Secure Router device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send syslog events to QRadar.

To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:

Step 1 Log in to the Nortel Secure Router command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Type the following to access global configuration mode:

```
config term
```

Step 3 Type the following command:

```
system logging syslog
```

Step 4 Type the IP address of the syslog server (QRadar system):

```
host_ipaddr <IP address>
```

Where <IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar system.

Step 5 Ensure that remote logging is enabled:

```
enable
```

Step 6 Verify that the logging levels are configured, as appropriate:

```
show system logging syslog
```

The following shows an example of the output:

```
-----
Syslog Setting
-----
Syslog:                               Enabled
Host IP Address:                       10.10.10.1
Host UDP Port:                          514
Facility Priority Setting:
      facility                          priority
      =====                          =====
      auth:                             info
      bootp:                             warning
      daemon:                           warning
      domainname:                       warning
      gated:                             warning
      kern:                              info
      mail:                              warning
      ntp:                               warning
      system:                            info
      fr:                                warning
```

```

ppp:                warning
ipmux:              warning
bundle:             warning
qos:                warning
hdlc:               warning
local7:             warning
vpn:                warning
firewall:           warning

```

Step 7 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel Secure Router device:

► From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Nortel Secure Router** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information about the Nortel Secure Router, see <http://www.nortel.com/support>.

Nortel Secure Network Access Switch

A QRadar Nortel Secure Network Access Switch (SNAS) DSM records all relevant switch events using syslog.

Before configuring a Nortel SNAS device in QRadar, you must:

Step 1 Log in to the Nortel SNAS user interface.

Step 2 Select the **Config** tab.

Step 3 Select **Secure Access Domain** and **Syslog** from the Navigation pane.

The Secure Access Domain window is displayed.

Step 4 From the Secure Access Domain list, select the secure access domain. Click **Refresh**.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add New Remote Server window is displayed.

Step 6 Click **Update**.

The server is displayed in the secure access domain table.

Step 7 Using the toolbar, click **Apply** to send the current changes to the Nortel SNAS.

Step 8 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel SNAS device:

► From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Nortel Secure Network Access Switch (SNAS)** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information about the Nortel SNA, see <http://www.nortel.com/support>.

Nortel Switched Firewall 5100

A QRadar Nortel Switched Firewall 5100 DSM records all relevant firewall events using either syslog or OPSEC.

Before configuring a Nortel Switched Firewall device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send events to QRadar.

This section provides information on configuring a Nortel Switched Firewall using one of the following methods:

- [Integrate Nortel Switched Firewall using syslog](#)
- [Integrate Nortel Switched Firewall using OPSEC](#)

Integrate Nortel Switched Firewall using syslog

This method ensures the QRadar Nortel Switched Firewall 5100 DSM accepts events using syslog.

To configure your Nortel Switched Firewall 5100:

- Step 1** Log into your Nortel Switched Firewall device command-line interface (CLI).
- Step 2** Type the following command:
`/cfg/sys/log/syslog/add`
- Step 3** Type the IP address of your QRadar system at the following prompt:
`Enter IP address of syslog server:`
A prompt is displayed to configure the severity level.
- Step 4** Configure `info` as the desired severity level. For example:
`Enter minimum logging severity`
`(emerg | alert | crit | err | warning | notice | info | debug):`
`info`
A prompt is displayed to configure the facility.
- Step 5** Configure `auto` as the local facility. For example:
`Enter the local facility (auto | local0-local7):` `auto`
- Step 6** Apply the configuration:
`apply`
- Step 7** Repeat for each firewall in your cluster.
- Step 8** You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel Switched Firewall 5100 device using syslog:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Nortel Switched Firewall 5100** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information, see <http://www.nortel.com/support>.

Integrate Nortel Switched Firewall using OPSEC

This method ensures the QRadar Nortel Switched Firewall 5100 DSM accepts Check Point FireWall-1 events using OPSEC.

Note: Depending on your Operating System, the procedures for the Check Point SmartCenter Server can vary. The following procedures are based on the Check Point SecurePlatform Operating system.

To enable Nortel Switched Firewall and QRadar integration, you must:

- 1 Reconfigure Check Point SmartCenter Server.
- 2 Configure the log source in QRadar.

Reconfigure Check Point SmartCenter Server

This section describes how to reconfigure the Check Point SmartCenter Server. In the Check Point SmartCenter Server, create a host object representing the QRadar system. The leapipe is the connection between the Check Point SmartCenter Server and QRadar.

To reconfigure the Check Point SmartCenter Server:

- Step 1** To create a host object, open the Check Point SmartDashboard user interface and select **Manage > Network Objects > New > Node > Host**.
- Step 2** Type the Name, IP Address, and optional Comment for your host.
- Step 3** Click **OK**.
- Step 4** Select **Close**.
- Step 5** To create the OPSEC connection, select **Manage > Servers and OPSEC applications > New > OPSEC Application Properties**.
- Step 6** Type the Name and optional Comment.
The name you type must be different than the name in **Step 2**.
- Step 7** From the **Host** drop-down menu, select the host object you have created in **Step 1**.
- Step 8** From Application Properties, select **User Defined** as the vendor.
- Step 9** From Client Entries, select **LEA**.
- Step 10** Click **Communication**.

- Step 11** Choose a password in the provide field. This password is necessary when pulling the certificate to the Firewall Director.
- Step 12** Click **OK** and then click **Close**.
- Step 13** To install the Security Policy on your firewall, select **Policy > Install > OK**.

Configure a log source

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

- Step 1** To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel Switched Firewall 5100 device using OPSEC, you must select the **Nortel Switched Firewall 5100** option from the **Log Source Type** list box.
- Step 2** To configure QRadar to receive events from a Check Point SmartCenter Server using OPSEC LEA, you must select the **LEA** option from the **Protocol Configuration** list box when configuring your protocol configuration.

For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Nortel Switched Firewall 6000

A QRadar Nortel Switched Firewall 6000 DSM records all relevant firewall events using either syslog or OPSEC.

Before configuring a Nortel Switched Firewall device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send events to QRadar.

This section provides information on configuring a Nortel Switched Firewall 6000 device with QRadar using one of the following methods:

- [Configure syslog for Nortel Switched Firewalls](#)
- [Configure OPSEC for Nortel Switched Firewalls](#)

Configure syslog for Nortel Switched Firewalls

This method ensures the QRadar Nortel Switched Firewall 6000 DSM accepts events using syslog.

To configure your Nortel Switched Firewall 6000:

- Step 1** Log into your Nortel Switched Firewall device command-line interface (CLI).

- Step 2** Type the following command:

```
/cfg/sys/log/syslog/add
```

- Step 3** Type the IP address of your QRadar system at the following prompt:

```
Enter IP address of syslog server:
```

A prompt is displayed to configure the severity level.

- Step 4** Configure `info` as the desired severity level. For example:

```
Enter minimum logging severity
```

```
(emerg | alert | crit | err | warning | notice | info | debug):  
info
```

A prompt is displayed to configure the facility.

Step 5 Configure `auto` as the local facility. For example:

```
Enter the local facility (auto | local0-local7): auto
```

Step 6 Apply the configuration:

```
apply
```

Step 7 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an Nortel Switched Firewall 6000 using syslog:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Nortel Switched Firewall 6000** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information, see <http://www.nortel.com/support>.

Configure OPSEC for Nortel Switched Firewalls

This method ensures the QRadar Nortel Switched Firewall 6000 DSM accepts Check Point FireWall-1 events using OPSEC.

Note: Depending on your Operating System, the procedures for the Check Point SmartCenter Server can vary. The following procedures are based on the Check Point SecurePlatform Operating system.

To enable Nortel Switched Firewall and QRadar integration, you must:

Step 1 Reconfigure Check Point SmartCenter Server. See [Reconfigure Check Point SmartCenter Server](#).

Step 2 Configure the OPSEC LEA protocol in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Check Point SmartCenter Server using OPSEC LEA, you must select the **LEA** option from the **Protocol Configuration** list box when configuring LEA.

For more information, see the *Log Sources User Guide*.

Step 3 Configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel Switched Firewall 6000 device using OPSEC you must select the **Nortel Switched Firewall 6000** option from the **Log Source Type** list box. For more information on configuring log sources, see the *Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information, see <http://www.nortel.com/support>.

Reconfigure Check Point SmartCenter Server

This section describes how to reconfigure the Check Point SmartCenter Server. In the Check Point SmartCenter Server, create a host object representing the QRadar system. The leapipe is the connection between the Check Point

SmartCenter Server and QRadar.

To reconfigure the Check Point SmartCenter Server:

- Step 1** To create a host object, open the Check Point SmartDashboard user interface and select **Manage > Network Objects > New > Node > Host**.
- Step 2** Type the Name, IP Address, and optional Comment for your host.
- Step 3** Click **OK**.
- Step 4** Select **Close**.
- Step 5** To create the OPSEC connection, select **Manage > Servers and OPSEC applications > New > OPSEC Application Properties**.
- Step 6** Type the Name and optional Comment.
The name you type must be different than the name in [Step 2](#).
- Step 7** From the **Host** drop-down menu, select the host object you have created in [Step 1](#).
- Step 8** From **Application Properties**, select **User Defined** as the vendor.
- Step 9** From **Client Entries**, select **LEA**.
- Step 10** Click **Communication** to generate a Secure Internal Communication (SIC) certificate and enter an activation key.
- Step 11** Click **OK and then click Close**.
- Step 12** To install the Security Policy on your firewall, select **Policy > Install > OK**.
The configuration is complete.

Nortel Threat Protection System

A QRadar Nortel Threat Protection System (TPS) DSM records all relevant threat and system events using syslog.

Before configuring a Nortel TPS device in QRadar, you must:

- Step 1** Log in to the Nortel TPS user interface.
- Step 2** Select **Policy & Response > Intrusion Sensor > Detection & Prevention**.
The Detection & Prevention window is displayed.
- Step 3** Click **Edit** next to the intrusion policy you want to configure alerting option.
The Edit Policy window is displayed.
- Step 4** Click **Alerting**.
The Alerting window is displayed.
- Step 5** Under **Syslog Configuration**, select **on** next to State to enable syslog alerting.
- Step 6** From the list boxes, select the facility and priority levels.
- Step 7** Optional. In the **Logging Host** field, type the IP address of your QRadar system. This configures your QRadar system to be your logging host. Separate multiple hosts with commas.

Step 8 Click **Save**.

The syslog alerting configuration is saved.

Step 9 Apply the policy to your appropriate detection engines.

Step 10 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel TPS device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Nortel Threat Protection System (TPS) Intrusion Sensor** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about Nortel TPS, see <http://www.nortel.com/support>.

Nortel VPN Gateway

The IBM Security QRadar Nortel VPN Gateway DSM accepts events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant operating system (OS), system control, traffic processing, startup, configuration reload, AAA, and IPsec events. Before configuring a Nortel VPN Gateway device in QRadar, you must configure your device to send syslog events to QRadar.

To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:

Step 1 Log in to the Nortel VPN Gateway command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Type the following command:

```
/cfg/sys/syslog/add
```

Step 3 At the prompt, type the IP address of your QRadar system:

```
Enter new syslog host: <IP address>
```

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar system.

Step 4 Apply the configuration:

```
apply
```

Step 5 View all syslog servers currently added to your system configuration:

```
/cfg/sys/syslog/list
```

Step 6 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Nortel VPN Gateway device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Nortel VPN Gateway** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about the Nortel VPN Gateway, see <http://www.nortel.com/support>.

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NOVELL eDIRECTORY

The Novell eDirectory DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts audit events from Novell eDirectory using syslog.

Before you begin To use the Novell eDirectory DSM, you must have the following components installed:

- Novell eDirectory v8.8 with service pack 6 (sp6)
- Novell iManager v2.7
- XDASv2

To configure Novell eDirectory with QRadar, you must:

- 1 Configure the XDASv2 property file to forward events to QRadar.
- 2 Load the XDASv2 module on your Linux or Windows Operating System.
- 3 Configure auditing using Novell iManager.
- 4 Configure QRadar.

Configure XDASv2 to forward events By default, XDASv2 is configured to log events to a file. To forward events from XDASv2 to QRadar, you must edit the `xdasconfig.properties` and configure the file for syslog forwarding.

Audit events must be forwarded by syslog to QRadar, instead of being logged to a file.

To configure XDASv2 to forward syslog events:

- Step 1** Log in to the server hosting Novell eDirectory.
- Step 2** Open the following file for editing:
 - **Windows** - `C:\Novell\NDS\xdasconfig.properties`
 - **Linux or Solaris** -
`etc/opt/novell/configuration/xdasconfig.properties`
- Step 3** To set the root logger, remove the comment marker (`#`) from the following line:
`log4j.rootLogger=debug, S, R`
- Step 4** To set the appender, remove the comment marker (`#`) from the following line:

```
log4j.appender.S=org.apache.log4j.net.SyslogAppender
```

- Step 5** To configure the IP address for the syslog destination, remove the comment marker (#) and edit the following lines:

```
log4j.appender.S.Host=<IP address>
log4j.appender.S.Port=<Port>
```

Where,

<IP address> is the IP address or hostname of QRadar.

<Port> is the port number for the UDP or TCP protocol. The default port for syslog communication is port **514** for QRadar or Event Collectors.

- Step 6** To configure the syslog protocol, remove the comment marker (#) and type the protocol (UDP, TCP, or SSL) use in the following line:

```
log4j.appender.S.Protocol=TCP
```

The encrypted protocol SSL is not supported by QRadar.

- Step 7** To set the severity level for logging events, remove the comment marker (#) from the following line:

```
log4j.appender.S.Threshold=INFO
```

The default value of INFO is the correct severity level for events.

- Step 8** To set the facility for logging events, remove the comment marker (#) from the following line:

```
log4j.appender.S.Facility=USER
```

The default value of USER is the correct facility value for events.

- Step 9** To set the facility for logging events, remove the comment marker (#) from the following line:

```
log4j.appender.R.MaxBackupIndex=10
```

- Step 10** Save the xdas.properties file.

After you configure the syslog properties for XDASv2 events, you are ready to load the XDASv2 module.

Load the XDASv2 Module

Before you can configure events in Novell iManager, you must load the changes you made to the XDASv2 module.

To load the XDASv2 module, select your operating system.

- To load the XDASv2 in Linux, see [Load the XDASv2 on a Linux Operating System](#).
- To load the XDASv2 in Windows, see [Load the XDASv2 on a Windows Operating System](#).

Note: If your Novell eDirectory has Novell Module Authentication Service (NMAS) installed with NMAS auditing enabled, the changes made to XDASv2 modules are loaded automatically. If you have NMAS installed, you should configure event auditing. For information on configuring event auditing, see [Configure event auditing using Novell iManager](#).

Load the XDASv2 on a Linux Operating System

Step 1 Log in to your Linux server hosting Novell eDirectory, as a root user.

Step 2 Type the following command:

```
ndstrace -c "load xdasauditds"
```

You are now ready to configure event auditing in Novell eDirectory. For more information, see [Configure event auditing using Novell iManager](#).

Load the XDASv2 on a Windows Operating System

Step 1 Log in to your Windows server hosting Novell eDirectory.

Step 2 On your desktop, click **Start > Run**.

The Run window is displayed.

Step 3 Type the following:

```
C:\Novell\NDS\ndscons.exe
```

This is the default installation path for the Windows Operating System. If you installed Novell eDirectory to a different directory, then the correct path is required.

Step 4 Click **OK**.

The Novell Directory Service console displays a list of available modules.

Step 5 From the **Services** tab, select **xdasauditds**.

Step 6 Click **Start**.

The xdasauditds service is started for Novell eDirectory.

Step 7 Click **Startup**.

The Service window is displayed.

Step 8 In the **Startup Type** panel, select the **Automatic** check box.

Step 9 Click **OK**.

Step 10 Close the Novell eDirectory Services window.

You are now ready to configure event auditing in Novell eDirectory. For more information, see [Configure event auditing using Novell iManager](#).

Configure event auditing using Novell iManager

To configure event auditing for XDASv2 in Novell iManager:

Step 1 Log in to your Novell iManager console user interface.

Step 2 From the navigation bar, click **Roles and Tasks**.

Step 3 In the left-hand navigation, click **eDirectory Auditing > Audit Configuration**.

The Audit Configuration panel is displayed.

Step 4 In the **NPC Server name** field, type the name of your NPC Server.

Step 5 Click **OK**.

The Audit Configuration for the NPC Server is displayed.

Step 6 Configure the following parameters:

- a On the **Components** panel, select one or both of the following:
 - **DS** - Select this check box to audit XDASv2 events for an eDirectory object.
 - **LDAP** - Select this check box to audit XDASv2 events for a Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) object.
- b On the **Log Event's Large Values** panel, select one of the following:
 - **Log Large Values** - Select this option to log events that are larger than 768 bytes.
 - **Don't Log Large Values** - Select this option to log events less than 768 bytes. If a value exceeds 768 bytes, then the event is truncated.
- c On the **XDAS Events Configuration**, select the check boxes of the events you want XDAS to capture and forward to QRadar.
- d Click **Apply**.

Step 7 On the **XDAS** tab, click **XDASRoles**.

The XDAS Roles Configuration panel is displayed.

Step 8 Configure the following role parameters:

- a Select a check box for each object class to support event collection.
- b From the **Available Attribute(s)** list, select any attributes and click the **arrow** to add these to the **Selected Attribute(s)** list.
- c Click **OK** after you have added the object attributes.
- d Click **Apply**.

Step 9 On the **XDAS** tab, click **XDASAccounts**.

The XDAS Accounts Configuration panel is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following account parameters:

- a From the **Available Classes** list, select any classes and click the **arrow** to add these to the **Selected Attribute(s)** list.
- b Click **OK** after you have added the object attributes.
- c Click **Apply**.

You are now ready to configure QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically detects syslog events from Novell eDirectory. This configuration step is optional.

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Novell eDirectory**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about Novell eDirectory, Novell iManager, or XDASv2, see your vendor documentation.

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OBSERVEIT

The ObserveIT DSM for IBM Security QRadar can collect Log Enhanced Event Format (LEEF) events from ObserveIT using the log file protocol.

About ObserveIT ObserveIT provides administrators and security professionals the ability to capture and replay video recordings of user interactions with network systems, software, or operating systems.

To integrate ObserveIT with QRadar, you must download and install an interface package from the ObserveIT website. The interface package contains the tools required to monitor the ObserveIT database and write the events to a file in LEEF format. As ObserveIT generates and writes events to a log file, QRadar can poll for the event file and retrieve your ObserveIT event data. QRadar remembers the state of the event file to ensure that duplicate events are not imported the next time QRadar read your event file.

The ObserveIT interface package for QRadar requires the following:

- Active Perl installed on the ObserveIT web server.
- An osql client and access to the ObserveIT database

You can download the ObserveIT interface package (Monitor_Log_QRadar.zip) from the ObserveIT customer support: support@observeit.com.

Supported versions QRadar supports ObserveIT v5.6.x and above.

Configuring ObserveIT The following process outlines the steps required to integrate ObserveIT events with QRadar.

- 1 Configure the ObserveIT interface package for QRadar on your ObserveIT appliance.
- 2 Configure a log source to use the log file protocol and download the ObserveIT event log to QRadar.

Configuring the ObserveIT interface package

To collect ObserveIT events in QRadar, you must download and configure the ObserveIT interface package.

Procedure

- Step 1** Email ObserveIT customer support at *support@observeit.com* to receive the ObserveIT interface package for QRadar.

`Monitor_Log_QRadar.zip`

- Step 2** Copy the ObserveIT interface package to the web server hosting ObserveIT.

- Step 3** Extract the interface package to a directory.

- Step 4** From the interface package directory, edit the following file:

`Data_Query_v5.bat`

- Step 5** In the `Data_Query_v5.bat` file, edit the `osql` connection information with the location of the ObserveIT database.

- Step 6** From the interface package directory, run the `Monitor_Log.pl` file.

You must be an administrator or have access to write permissions to the following folder: `C:\Program Files (x86)\ObserveIT\NotificationService\LogFiles\qradar\`.

- Step 7** Verify that ObserveIT events are written to the following folder:

`C:\Program Files (x86)\ObserveIT\NotificationService\LogFiles\qradar\`

- Step 8** Optional. Add `Monitor_Log.pl` to the Windows Job Scheduler to ensure the script starts automatically when the host is powered on.

Next Steps

You are now ready to configure a log source for ObserveIT in QRadar.

Configuring a Venusense log source

To integrate ObserveIT events, you must manually create a log source in QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **ObserveIT**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 64-4 Log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.
Service Type	<p>From the list box, select the protocol you want to use to retrieve log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the ObservelT web server that contains your event log files.
Remote Port	<p>Type the port number for the protocol selected to retrieve the event logs from your ObservelT web server. The valid range is 1 to 65535.</p> <p>The options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, adjust the port value accordingly.</p>
Remote User	<p>Type the user name required to log in to the ObservelT web server that contains your audit event logs.</p> <p>The username can be up to 255 characters in length.</p>
Remote Password	Type the password to log in to your ObservelT web server.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password to log in to your ObservelT web server
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type , use this parameter to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	<p>Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in.</p> <p>Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.</p>

Table 64-4 Log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Recursive	<p>Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.</p> <p>The Recursive parameter is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.</p>
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All files that match the regular expression are retrieved and processed.</p> <p>The FTP file pattern must match the name you assigned to your ObserveIT event log. For example, to collect files that start with ObserveIT_ and end with a timestamp, type the following value:</p> <p>ObserveIT_*</p> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only displays if you select FTP as the Service Type. From the list box, select ASCII.</p> <p>ASCII is required for text event logs retrieved by the log file protocol using FTP.</p>
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type, type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type a time value to represent the time of day you want the log file protocol to start. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p> <p>For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence parameter value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory on your ObserveIT web server is scanned for new event log files.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency that you want to scan the remote directory on your ObserveIT web server for new event log files. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H to scan the remote directory every 2 hours from the start time. The default is 1H and the minimum value is 15M.</p>

Table 64-4 Log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save.</p> <p>After the save action completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	<p>From the list box, select NONE.</p> <p>Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and contents processed for events. Files are only processed after they are downloaded. QRadar can process files in zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format.</p>
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	<p>Select this check box to track and ignore files that are already processed.</p> <p>QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine if a file is already processed by the log file protocol. If a previously processed file is detected, the log file protocol does not download the file. Only new or unprocessed event log files are downloaded by QRadar.</p> <p>This option only applies to FTP and SFTP service types.</p>
Change Local Directory?	<p>Select this check box to define a local directory on QRadar to store event log files during processing.</p> <p>We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory on QRadar to store event log files. After the event log is processed and the events added to QRadar, the local directory deletes the event log files to retain disk space.</p>
Event Generator	<p>From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine.</p> <p>The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.</p>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration for ObservrIT is complete. As the log file protocol retrieves events, they are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

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OPENBSD

The OpenBSD DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

Supported event types QRadar records all relevant informational, authentication, and system level events forwarded from OpenBSD operating systems.

Configure a log source To integrate OpenBSD events with QRadar, you must manually create a log source. QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from OpenBSD operating systems.

To create a log source for OpenBSD:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **OpenBSD OS**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 65-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your OpenBSD appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. You are now ready to configure your OpenBSD appliance to forward syslog events.

Configure syslog for OpenBSD To configure OpenBSD to forward syslog events:

Step 1 Using SHH, log in to your OpenBSD device, as a root user.

Step 2 Open the `/etc/syslog.conf` file.

Step 3 Add the following line to the top of the file. Make sure all other lines remain intact:

```
*.* @<IP address>
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of your QRadar.

Step 4 Save and exit the file.

Step 5 Send a hang-up signal to the syslog daemon to ensure all changes are applied:

```
kill -HUP `cat /var/run/syslog.pid`
```

Note: The command above uses the backquote character (`), which is located to the left of the number one on most keyboard layouts.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar by OpenBSD are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

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OPEN LDAP

The Open LDAP DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts multiline UDP syslog events from Open LDAP installations configured to log stats events using logging level 256.

Before you begin Open LDAP events are forwarded to QRadar using port 514, but must be redirected to the port configured in the UDP Multiline protocol. This redirect using iptables is required because QRadar does not support multiline UDP syslog on the standard listen port.

Note: UDP multiline syslog events can be assigned to any port other than port 514. The default port assigned to the UDP Multiline protocol is UDP port 517. If port 517 is used in your network, see the *IBM Security QRadar Common Ports Technical Note* for a list of ports used by QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar does not automatically discover Open LDAP events forwarded in UDP multiline format. To complete the integration, you must manually create a log source for the UDP Multiline Syslog protocol using the **Admin** tab in QRadar. Creating the log source allows QRadar to establish a listen port for incoming Open LDAP multiline events.

To configure an Open LDAP log source in QRadar:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources pane is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Open LDAP Software**.

Step 9 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **UDP Multiline Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 66-1 UDP Multiline Protocol Configuration

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Open LDAP server.
Listen Port	<p>Type the port number used by QRadar to accept incoming UDP Multiline Syslog events. The valid port range is 1 to 65536.</p> <p>The default UDP Multiline Syslog listen port is 517.</p> <p>Note: <i>If you do not see the Listen Port field, you must restart Tomcat on QRadar. For more information on installing a protocol manually, see the IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide.</i></p> <p>To edit the Listen Port number:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Update IPtables on your QRadar Console or Event Collector with the new UDP Multiline Syslog port number. For more information, see Configure IPtables for multiline UDP syslog events. 2 In the Listen Port field, type the new port number for receiving UDP Multiline Syslog events. 3 Click Save. 4 On the Admin tab, select Advanced > Deploy Full Configuration. <p>Note: <i>When you click Deploy Full Configuration, QRadar restarts all services, resulting in a gap in data collection for events and flows until the deployment completes.</i></p>
Message ID Pattern	<p>Type the regular expression (regex) required to filter the event payload messages. All matching events are included when processing Open LDAP events.</p> <p>The following regular expression is recommended for Open LDAP events:</p> <p><code>conn= (\d+)</code></p> <p>For example, Open LDAP starts connection messages with the word conn, followed by the rest of the event payload. Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is created for Open LDAP events. You are now ready to configure IPtables for QRadar to redirect Open LDAP events to the proper UDP multiline syslog port on your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Configure IPtables for multiline UDP syslog events

Open LDAP requires that you redirect events from your Open LDAP servers from port 514 to another QRadar port for the UDP multiline protocol. You must configure IPtables on your QRadar Console or for each Event Collectors that receives multiline UDP syslog events from an Open LDAP server.

To configure QRadar to redirect multiline UDP syslog events:

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to QRadar as the root user.

Login: `root`

Password: `<password>`

Step 2 Type the following command to edit the IPtables file:

```
vi /opt/qradar/conf/iptables-nat.post
```

The IPtables NAT configuration file is displayed.

Step 3 Type the following command to instruct QRadar to redirect syslog events from UDP port 514 to UDP port 517:

```
-A PREROUTING -p udp --dport 514 -j REDIRECT --to-port <new-port> -s <IP address>
```

Where:

`<IP address>` is the IP address of your Open LDAP server.

`<New port>` is the port number configured in the UDP Multiline protocol for Open LDAP.

You must include a redirect for each Open LDAP IP address that sends events to your QRadar Console or Event Collector. For example, if you had three Open LDAP servers communicating to an Event Collect, you would type the following:

```
-A PREROUTING -p udp --dport 514 -j REDIRECT --to-port 517 -s 10.10.10.10
```

```
-A PREROUTING -p udp --dport 514 -j REDIRECT --to-port 517 -s 10.10.10.11
```

```
-A PREROUTING -p udp --dport 514 -j REDIRECT --to-port 517 -s 10.10.10.12
```

Step 4 Save your IPtables NAT configuration.

You are now ready to configure IPtables on your QRadar Console or Event Collector to accept events from your Open LDAP servers.

Step 5 Type the following command to edit the IPtables file:

```
vi /opt/qradar/conf/iptables.post
```

The IPtables configuration file is displayed.

Step 6 Type the following command to instruct QRadar to allow communication from your Open LDAP servers:

```
-I QChain 1 -m udp -p udp --src <IP address> --dport <New port> -j ACCEPT
```

Where:

`<IP address>` is the IP address of your Open LDAP server.

`<New port>` is the port number configured in the UDP Multiline protocol for Open LDAP.

You must include a redirect for each Open LDAP IP address that sends events to your QRadar Console or Event Collector. For example, if you had three Open LDAP servers communicating to an Event Collect, you would type the following:

```
-I QChain 1 -m udp -p udp --src 10.10.10.10 --dport 517 -j ACCEPT
-I QChain 1 -m udp -p udp --src 10.10.10.11 --dport 517 -j ACCEPT
-I QChain 1 -m udp -p udp --src 10.10.10.12 --dport 517 -j ACCEPT
```

Step 7 Type the following command to update IPTables in QRadar:

```
./opt/qradar/bin/iptables_update.pl
```

Step 8 Repeat **Step 1** to **Step 7** to configure any additional QRadar Consoles or Event Collectors in your deployment that receive syslog events from an Open LDAP server.

You are now ready to configure your Open LDAP server to forward events to QRadar.

Configure event forwarding for Open LDAP

To configure syslog forwarding for Open LDAP:

Step 1 Log in to the command-line interface for your Open LDAP server.

Step 2 Edit the following file:

```
/etc/syslog.conf
```

Step 3 Add the following information to the syslog configuration file:

```
<facility> @<IP address>
```

Where:

<facility> is the syslog facility, for example local4.

<IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

For example,

```
#Logging for SLAPD
local4.debug /var/log/messages
local4.debug @10.10.10.1
```

Note: If your Open LDAP server stores event messages in a directory other than /var/log/messages, you must edit the directory path accordingly.

Step 4 Save the syslog configuration file.

Step 5 Type the following command to restart the syslog service:

```
/etc/init.d/syslog restart
```

The configuration for Open LDAP is complete. UDP multiline events forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

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OPEN SOURCE SNORT

The Open Source SNORT DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant SNORT events using syslog.

Supported event types The SourceFire VRT certified rules for registered SNORT users are supported. Rule sets for Bleeding Edge, Emerging Threat, and other vendor rule sets might not be fully supported by the Open Source SNORT DSM.

Before you begin The below procedure applies to a system operating Red Hat Enterprise. The procedures below can vary for other operating systems.

Configure Open Source SNORT To configure syslog on an Open Source SNORT device:

Step 1 Configure SNORT on a remote system.

Step 2 Open the `snort.conf` file.

Step 3 Uncomment the following line:

```
output alert_syslog:LOG_AUTH LOG_INFO
```

Step 4 Save and exit the file.

Step 5 Open the following file:

```
/etc/init.d/snortd
```

Step 6 Add an `-s` to the following lines, as shown in the example below:

```
daemon /usr/sbin/snort $ALERTMODE $BINARY_LOG $NO_PACKET_LOG
$DUMP_APP -D $PRINT_INTERFACE -i $i -s -u $USER -g $GROUP $CONF
-i $LOGDIR/$i $PASS_FIRST

daemon /usr/sbin/snort $ALERTMODE $BINARY_LOG $NO_PACKET_LOG
$DUMP_APP -D $PRINT_INTERFACE $INTERFACE -s -u $USER -g $GROUP
$CONF -i $LOGDIR
```

Step 7 Save and exit the file.

Step 8 Restart SNORT:

```
/etc/init.d/snortd restart
```

Step 9 Open the `syslog.conf` file.

Step 10 Update the file to reflect the following:

```
auth.info @<IP Address>
```

Where <IP Address> is the system to which you want logs sent.

Step 11 Save and exit the file.

Step 12 Restart syslog:

```
/etc/init.d/syslog restart
```

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates log sources for Open Source SNORT syslog events. The following configuration steps are optional.

To create a log source in QRadar:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Open Source IDS**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 67-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for your Open Source SNORT events.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

For more information about SNORT, see the SNORT documentation at <http://www.snort.org/docs/>.

This section provides information on configuring the following DSMs:

- [Oracle Audit Records](#)
- [Oracle DB Listener](#)
- [Oracle Audit Vault](#)
- [Oracle OS Audit](#)
- [Oracle BEA WebLogic](#)

Oracle Audit Records

Oracle databases track auditing events, such as, user login and logouts, permission changes, table creation, and deletion and database inserts.

IBM Security QRadar can collect these events for correlation and reporting purposes through the use of the Oracle Audit DSM. For more information, see your Oracle documentation.

Note: Oracle provides two modes of audit logs. QRadar does not support fine grained auditing.

Before you begin

Oracle RDBMS is supported on Linux only when using syslog. Microsoft Windows hosts and Linux are supported when using JDBC to view database audit tables. When using a Microsoft Windows host, verify database audit tables are enabled. These procedures should be considered guidelines only. We recommend that you have experience with Oracle DBA before performing the procedures in this document. For more information, see your vendor documentation.

Before QRadar can collect Oracle Audit events from an Oracle RDBMS instance, that instance must be configured to write audit records to either syslog or the database audit tables. For complete details and instructions for configuring auditing, see your vendor documentation.

Note: Not all versions of Oracle can send audit events using syslog. Oracle v9i and 10g Release 1 can only send audit events to the database. Oracle v10g Release 2 and Oracle v11g can write audit events to the database or to syslog. If you are using v10g Release 1 or v9i, you must use JDBC-based events. If you are using Oracle v10g Release 2, you can use syslog or JDBC-based events.

To configure an Oracle Audit device to write audit logs to QRadar, see [Configure Oracle audit logs](#). If your system includes a large Oracle audit table (greater than 1 GB), see [Improve performance with large audit tables](#).

Configure Oracle audit logs

To configure the device to write audit logs:

Step 1 Log in to the Oracle host as an Oracle user (This user was used to install Oracle, for example oracle).

Step 2 Make sure the ORACLE_HOME and ORACLE_SID environment variables are configured properly for your deployment.

Step 3 Open the following file:

```
${ORACLE_HOME}/dbs/init${ORACLE_SID}.ora
```

Step 4 Choose one of the following options:

a For database audit trails, type the following command:

```
*.audit_trail='DB'
```

b For syslog, type the following command:

```
*.audit_trail='os'
```

```
*.audit_syslog_level='local0.info'
```

You must make sure the syslog daemon on the Oracle host is configured to forward the audit log to QRadar. For systems running Red Hat Enterprise, the following line in the `/etc/syslog.conf` file effects the forwarding:

```
local0.info @qradar.domain.tld
```

Where `qradar.domain.tld` is the hostname of the QRadar that receives the events. The syslog configuration must be re-loaded for the above command to be recognized. On a system running Red Hat Enterprise, type the following line to reload the syslog configuration:

```
kill -HUP /var/run/syslogd.pid
```

Step 5 Save and exit the file.

Step 6 To restart the database:

a Connect to SQLplus and log in as sysdba:

For example,

```
Enter user-name: sys as sysdba
```

b Shut down the database:

```
shutdown immediate
```

c Restart the database:

```
startup
```

Step 7 If you are using Oracle v9i or Oracle v10g Release 1, you must create a view, using SQLplus to enable the QRadar integration. If you are using Oracle 10g Release 2 or later, you can skip this step:

```
CREATE VIEW qradar_audit_view AS SELECT
CAST(dba_audit_trail.timestamp AS TIMESTAMP) AS qradar_time,
dba_audit_trail.* FROM dba_audit_trail;
```

If you are using the JDBC protocol, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide* for more information on configuring the JDBC protocol. When configuring the JDBC protocol within QRadar, use the following specific parameters:

Table 68-1 Configuring Log Source Parameters

Parameter Name	Oracle v9i or 10g Release 1 Values	Oracle v10g Release 2 and v11g Values
Table Name	qradar_audit_view	dba_audit_trail
Select List	*	*
Compare Field	qradar_time	extended_timestamp
Database Name	For all supported versions of Oracle, the Database Name must be the exact service name used by the Oracle listener. You can view the available service names by running the following command on the Oracle host: <code>lsnrctl status</code>	

Note: Make sure that database user that QRadar uses to query events from the audit log table has the appropriate permissions for the Table Name object.

Step 8 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from an Oracle Database:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Oracle RDBMS Audit Record** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Improve performance with large audit tables

The size of the Oracle audit table affects the amount of time that QRadar requires to process the DBA_AUDIT_TRAIL view. If your sys.sud\$ table is large (close or exceeding 1 GB), extended processing time is required. To ensure QRadar processes the large sys.sud\$ table quickly, you must create an index and a new view.

Note: If auditing is extensive or the database server is very active, you might need to shut down the database to perform the below procedure.

To create an index and a new view:

Step 1 Access the following website to download the required files:

<http://www.ibm.com/support>

Step 2 From the **Software** tab, select **Scripts**.

Step 3 Download the appropriate file for your version of Oracle:

a If you are using Oracle 9i or 10g Release 1, download the following file:

`oracle_9i_dba_audit_view.sql`

b If you are using Oracle v10g Release 2 and v11g, download the following file:

`oracle_alt_dba_audit_view.sql`

Step 4 Copy the downloaded file to a local directory.

Step 5 Change the directory to the location where you copied the file in [Step 4](#).

Step 6 Log in to SQLplus and log in as sysdba:

```
sqlplus / as sysdba
```

Step 7 At the SQL prompt, type one of the following commands, depending on your version of Oracle Audit:

To create an index, the file might already be in use and must have exclusive access.

a If you are using Oracle 9i or 10g Release 1, type the following command:

```
@oracle_9i_dba_audit_view.sql
```

b If you are using Oracle v10g Release 2 and v11g, type the following command:

```
@oracle_alt_dba_audit_view.sql
```

Step 8 Make sure the database user configured in QRadar has SELECT permissions on the view.

For example if the user is USER1:

```
grant select on sys.alt_dba_audit_view to USER1;
```

Step 9 Log out of SQLplus.

Step 10 Log in to QRadar.

Step 11 Update the JDBC protocol configuration for this entry to include the following:

- **Table Name** - Update the table name from **DBA_AUDIT_TRAIL** to **sys.alt_dba_audit_view**.
- **Compare Field** - Update the field from **entended_timestamp** to **ntimestamp**.

For more information, see the *Log Sources User Guide*.

Step 12 Click **Save**.

The configuration is complete.

Oracle DB Listener

The Oracle Database Listener application stores logs on the database server.

To integrate QRadar with Oracle DB Listener, select one of the following methods for event collection:

- [Collect events using the Oracle Database Listener Protocol](#)
- [Collect Oracle database events using Perl](#)

Collect events using the Oracle Database Listener Protocol

The Oracle Database Listener protocol source allows QRadar to monitor log files generated from an Oracle Listener database. Before you configure the Oracle Database Listener protocol to monitor log files for processing, you must obtain the directory path to the Oracle Listener database log files.

To configure QRadar to monitor log files from Oracle Database Listener:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Oracle Database Listener**.
- Step 6** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Oracle Database Listener**.
- Step 7** Configure the following parameters:

Table 68-2 Oracle Database Listener Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source.
Server Address	Type the IP address of the Oracle Database Listener.
Domain	Type the domain required to access the Oracle Database Listener. This parameter is optional.
Username	Type the username required to access the host running the Oracle Database Listener.
Password	Type the password required to access the host running the Oracle Database Listener.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the Oracle Database Listener.
Log Folder Path	Type the directory path to access the Oracle Database Listener log files.
File Pattern	Type the regular expression (regex) required to filter the filenames. All matching files are included in the processing. The default is <code>listener*.log</code> This parameter does not accept wildcard or globbing patterns in the regular expression. For example, if you want to list all files starting with the word log, followed by one or more digits and ending with tar.gz, use the following entry: <code>log[0-9]+*.tar.gz</code> . Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/

Table 68-2 Oracle Database Listener Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Force File Read	Select this check box to force the protocol to read the log file when the timing of the polling interval specifies. When the check box is selected, the log file source is always examined when the polling interval specifies, regardless of the last modified time or file size attribute. When the check box is not selected, the log file source is examined at the polling interval if the last modified time or file size attributes have changed.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to also search sub folders. By default, the check box is selected.
Polling Interval (in seconds)	Type the polling interval, which is the number of seconds between queries to the log files to check for new data. The minimum polling interval is 10 seconds, with a maximum polling interval of 3,600 seconds. The default is 10 seconds.
Throttle Events/Sec	Type the maximum number of events the Oracle Database Listener protocol forwards per second. The minimum value is 100 EPS and the maximum is 20,000 EPS. The default is 100 EPS.

Step 8 Click **Save**.

Step 9 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration of the Oracle Database Listener protocol is complete. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Collect Oracle database events using Perl

The Oracle Database Listener application stores logs on the database server. To forward these logs from the Oracle server to QRadar, you must configure a Perl script on the Oracle server. The Perl script monitors the listener log file, combines any multi-line log entries into a single log entry, and sends the logs, using syslog (UDP), to QRadar.

Before being sent to QRadar, the logs are processed and re-formatted to ensure the logs are not forwarded line-by-line, as is found in the log file. All of the relevant information is retained.

Note: Perl scripts written for Oracle DB listener work on Linux/UNIX servers only. Windows Perl script is not supported.

To install and configure the Perl script:

Step 1 Access the following websites to download the required files:

<http://www.ibm.com/support>

Step 2 From the **Software** tab, select **Scripts**.

Step 3 Download the script to forward Oracle DB Listener events.

`oracle_dblistener_fwdr.pl.gz`

Step 4 Extract the file:

```
gzip -d oracle_dblistener_fwdr.pl.gz
```

Step 5 Copy the Perl script to the server that hosts the Oracle server.

Note: Perl 5.8 must be installed on the device that hosts the Oracle server.

Step 6 Log in to the Oracle server using an account that has read/write permissions for the `listener.log` file and the `/var/run` directory.

Step 7 Type the following command and include any additional command parameters to start the Oracle DB Listener script:

```
oracle_dblistener_fwdr.pl -h <IP address> -t "tail -F listener.log"
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Table 68-3 Command Parameters

Parameters	Description
-D	The -D parameter defines that the script is to run in the foreground. Default is to run as a daemon and log all internal messages to the local syslog service.
-t	The -t parameter defines that the command-line is used to tail the log file (monitors any new output from the listener). The log file might be different across versions of the Oracle database; some examples are provided below: Oracle 9i: <install_directory>/product/9.2/network/log/listener.log Oracle 10g: <install_directory>/product/10.2.0/db_1/network/log/listener.log Oracle 11g: <install_directory>/diag/tnslsnr/qaoracle11/listener/trace/listener.log
-f	The -f parameter defines the syslog facility.priority to be included at the beginning of the log. If nothing is specified, <code>user.info</code> is used.
-H	The -H parameter defines the host name or IP address for the syslog header. It is recommended that this be the IP address of the Oracle server on which the script is running.
-h	The -h parameter defines the receiving syslog host (the Event Collector host name or IP address being used to receive the logs).
-p	The -p parameter defines the receiving UDP syslog port. If a port is not specified, 514 is used.

Table 68-3 Command Parameters (continued)

Parameters	Description
-r	The -r parameter defines the directory name where you wish to create the .pid file. The default is /var/run. This parameter is ignored if -D is specified.
-l	The -l parameter defines the directory name where you wish to create the lock file. The default is /var/lock. This parameter is ignored if -D is specified.

For example, to monitor the listener log on an Oracle 9i server with an IP address of 182.168.12.44 and forward events to QRadar with the IP address of 192.168.1.100, type the following:

```
oracle_dblistener_fwdr.pl -t "tail -f
<install_directory>/product/9.2/network/log/listener.log"
-f user.info -H 192.168.12.44 -h 192.168.1.100 -p 514
```

A sample log from this setup would appear as follows:

```
<14>Apr 14 13:23:37 192.168.12.44 AgentDevice=OracleDBListener
Command=SERVICE_UPDATE DeviceTime=18-AUG-2006
16:51:43 Status=0 SID=qora9
```

Note: The kill command can be used to terminate the script if you need to reconfigure a script parameter or stop the script from sending events to QRadar. For example, `kill -QUIT `cat /var/run/oracle_dblistener_fwdr.pl.pid``. The example command uses the backquote character (`), which is located to the left of the number one on most keyboard layouts.

You are now ready to configure the Oracle Database Listener within QRadar.

- Step 1** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Oracle Database Listener**.
- Step 2** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **syslog**.
- Step 3** In the **Log Source Identifier** field, type the IP address of the Oracle Database you specified using the -H option in [Step 7](#).

The configuration of the Oracle Database Listener protocol is complete. For more information on Oracle Database Listener, see your vendor documentation.

Oracle Audit Vault

The Oracle Audit Vault DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events on Oracle v10.2.3.2 and above using Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) to accesses alerts on the JDBC protocol.

QRadar records Oracle Audit Vault alerts from the source database and captures events as configured by the Oracle Audit Policy Setting. When events occur, the alerts are stored in avsys.av\$alert_store table. Customized events are created in Oracle Audit Vault by a user with AV_AUDITOR permissions.

See your vendor documentation about configuration of Audit Policy Settings in Oracle Audit Vault.

In Oracle Audit Vault, alert names are not mapped to a QRadar Identifier (QID). Using the Map Event function in the QRadar Events interface a normalized or raw event can be mapped to a high-level and low-level category (or QID). Using the Oracle Audit Vault DSM, category mapping can be done by mapping your high or low category alerts directly to an alert name (ALERT_NAME field) in the payload. For information about the Events interface, see the *IBM Security QRadar Users Guide*.

Configure a log source To configure a QRadar log source to access the Oracle Audit Vault database using the JDBC protocol:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** Using the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Oracle Audit Vault**.
- Step 7** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.
- Step 8** Configure the following values:
 - a Database Type: `oracle`
 - b Database Name: `<Audit Vault Database Name>`
 - c Table Name: `avsys.av$alert_store`
 - d Select List: `*`
 - e Compare Field: `ALERT_SEQUENCE`
 - f IP or Hostname: `<Location of Oracle Audit Vault Server>`
 - g Port: `<Default Port>`
 - h Username: `<Database Access Username having AV_AUDITOR role>`
 - i Password: `<Password>`
 - j Polling Interval: `<Default Interval>`

Note: Verify the AV_AUDITOR password has been entered correctly before saving the JDBC protocol configuration. Oracle Audit Vault might lock the user account due to repeated failed login attempts. When the AV_AUDITOR account is locked, data in the avsys.av\$alert_store cannot be accessed. In order to unlock this user account, it is necessary to first correct the password entry in the protocol configuration. Then log in to Oracle Audit Vault through the Oracle sqlplus prompt

as the avadmindva user to perform an alter user <AV_AUDITOR USER> account unlock command.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

Step 10 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

Note: The local time zone conversion-dependent Oracle timestamps are not supported in earlier versions of the JDBC protocol for QRadar so fields AV_ALERT_TIME, ACTUAL_ALERT_TIME, and TIME_CLEARED in the payload only display object identifiers until your JDBC protocol is updated.

Oracle OS Audit

The Oracle OS Audit DSM for QRadar allows monitoring of the audit records that are stored in the local operating system file.

When audit event files are created or updated in the local operating system directory, a Perl script detects the change, and forwards the data to QRadar. The Perl script monitors the Audit log file, combines any multi-line log entries into a single log entry to ensure the logs are not forwarded line-by-line, as is found in the log file, then sends the logs using syslog to QRadar. Perl scripts written for Oracle OS Audit work on Linux/UNIX servers only. Windows-based Perl installations are not supported.

To integrate the Oracle OS Audit DSM with QRadar:

Step 1 Access the following websites to download the required files:

<http://www.ibm.com/support>

Step 2 From the **Software** tab, select **Scripts**.

Step 3 Download the Oracle OS Audit script:

`oracle_osauditlog_fwdr_5.3.tar.gz`

Step 4 Type the following command to extract the file:

`tar -zxvf oracle_osauditlog_fwdr_5.3.tar.gz`

Step 5 Copy the Perl script to the server that hosts the Oracle server.

Note: Perl 5.8 must be installed on the device that hosts the Oracle server. If you do not have Perl 5.8 installed, you might be prompted that library files are missing when you attempt to start the Oracle OS Audit script. We recommend you verify you have installed Perl 5.8 before you continue.

Step 6 Log in to the Oracle host as an Oracle user that has SYS or root privilege.

Step 7 Make sure the ORACLE_HOME and ORACLE_SID environment variables are configured properly for your deployment.

Step 8 Open the following file:

`${ORACLE_HOME}/dbs/init${ORACLE_SID}.ora`

Step 9 For syslog, add the following lines to the file:

```
*.audit_trail='os'
*.audit_syslog_level='local0.info'
```

Step 10 Verify account has read/write permissions for the following directories:

```
/var/lock/
/var/run/
```

Step 11 Restart the Oracle database instance.

Step 12 Start the OS Audit DSM script:

```
oracle_osauditlog_fwdr_5.3.pl -t target_host -d logs_directory
```

Table 68-4 Oracle OS Audit Command Parameters

Parameters	Description
-t	The -t parameter defines the remote host that receives the audit log files.
-d	The -d parameter defines directory location of the DDL and DML log files. <i>Note:</i> The directory location you specify should be the absolute path from the root directory.
-H	The -H parameter defines the host name or IP address for the syslog header. We recommend that this be the IP address of the Oracle server on which the script is running.
-D	The -D parameter defines that the script is to run in the foreground. Default is to run as a daemon (in the background) and log all internal messages to the local syslog service.
-n	The -n parameter processes new logs, and monitors existing log files for changes to be processed. If the -n option string is absent all existing log files are processed during script execution.
-u	The -u parameter defines UDP.
-f	The -f parameter defines the syslog facility.priority to be included at the beginning of the log. If you do not type a value, <code>user.info</code> is used.
-r	The -r parameter defines the directory name where you want to create the .pid file. The default is /var/run. This parameter is ignored if -D is specified.
-l	The -l parameter defines the directory name where you want to create the lock file. The default is /var/lock. This parameter is ignored if -D is specified.
-h	The -t parameter displays the help message.
-v	The -v parameter displays the version information for the script.

If you restart your Oracle server you must restart the script:

```
oracle_osauditlog_fwdr.pl -t target_host -d logs_directory
```

You are now ready to configure the log sources within QRadar.

- Step 1** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Oracle RDBMS OS Audit Record**.
- Step 2** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **syslog**.
- Step 3** From the **Log Source Identifier** field type the address specified using the **-H** option in **Step 12**. For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

For more information about your Oracle Audit Record, see your vendor documentation.

Oracle BEA WebLogic

The Oracle BEA WebLogic DSM allows QRadar to retrieve archived server logs and audit logs from any remote host, such as your Oracle BEA WebLogic server.

QRadar uses the log file protocol to retrieve events from your Oracle BEA WebLogic server and provide information on application events that occur in your domain or on a single server.

To integrate Oracle BEA WebLogic events, you must:

- 1 Enable auditing on your Oracle BEA WebLogic server.
- 2 Configure domain logging on your Oracle BEA WebLogic server.
- 3 Configure application logging on your Oracle BEA WebLogic server.
- 4 Configure an audit provider for Oracle BEA WebLogic.
- 5 Configure QRadar to retrieve log files from Oracle BEA WebLogic.

Enable event logs By default, Oracle BEA WebLogic does not enable event logging.

To enable event logging on your Oracle WebLogic console:

- Step 1** Log in to your Oracle WebLogic console user interface.
- Step 2** Select **Domain > Configuration > General**.
- Step 3** Click **Advanced**.
- Step 4** From the **Configuration Audit Type** list box, select **Change Log and Audit**.
- Step 5** Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure the collection of domain logs for Oracle BEA WebLogic.

Configure domain logging

Oracle BEA WebLogic supports multiple instances. Event messages from instances are collected in a single domain-wide log for the Oracle BEA WebLogic server.

To configure the log file for the domain:

- Step 1** From your Oracle WebLogic console, select **Domain > Configuration > Logging**.
- Step 2** From the **Log file name** parameter, type the directory path and file name for the domain log. For example, OracleDomain.log.
- Step 3** Optional. Configure any additional domain log file rotation parameters.
- Step 4** Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure application logging for the server.

Configure application logging To configure application logging for Oracle BEA WebLogic:

- Step 1** From your Oracle WebLogic console, select **Server > Logging > General**.
- Step 2** From the **Log file name** parameter, type the directory path and file name for the application log. For example, OracleDomain.log.
- Step 3** Optional. Configure any additional application log file rotation parameters.
- Step 4** Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure an audit provider for Oracle BEA WebLogic.

Configure an audit provider To configure an audit provider:

- Step 1** Select **Security Realms > Realm Name > Providers > Auditing**.
- Step 2** Click **New**.
- Step 3** Configure an audit provider:
 - a Type a name for the audit provider you are creating.
 - b From the **Type** list box, select **DefaultAuditor**.
 - c Click **OK**.

The Settings window is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the auditing provider you created in **Step 3**.
- Step 5** Click the **Provider Specific** tab.
- Step 6** Configure the following parameters:
 - a Add any **Active Context Handler Entries** required.
 - b From the **Severity** list box, select **INFORMATION**.
 - c Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure QRadar to pull log files from Oracle BEA WebLogic.

Configure a log source To configure QRadar to retrieve log files from Oracle BEA WebLogic:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Oracle BEA WebLogic**.
- Step 6** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 7** Configure the following parameters:

Table 68-5 Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source. This value must match the value configured in the Remote Host IP or Hostname parameter. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Service Type	From the list box, select the File Transfer Protocol (FTP) you want to use for retrieving files. The options are: SSH File Transfer Protocol (SFTP), File Transfer Protocol (FTP), or Secure Copy (SCP). The default is SFTP.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the host from which you want to receive files.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. If you configure the Service Type as FTP, the default is 21. If you configure the Service Type as SFTP or SCP, the default is 22. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
Remote User	Type the username necessary to log in to the host running the selected Service Type. The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host running the selected Service Type.
Confirm Password	Confirm the Remote Password to log in to the host running the selected Service Type.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. Also, when you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password option is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved.

Table 68-5 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to also search sub folders. The Recursive parameter is not used if you configure SCP as the Service Type. By default, the check box is clear.
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.</p> <p>For example, if you want to list all files starting with the word server, followed by one or more digits and ending with .log, use the following entry: <code>server [0-9] + \ .log</code>. Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only appears if you select FTP as the Service Type. The FTP Transfer Mode parameter allows you to define the file transfer mode when retrieving log files over FTP.</p> <p>From the list box, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Binary - Select a binary FTP transfer mode for log sources that require binary data files or compressed .zip, .gzip, .tar, or .tar.gz archive files. • ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer. You must select NONE for the Processor parameter and LINEBYLINE the Event Generator parameter when using ASCII as the FTP Transfer Mode.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H if you want the directory to be scanned every 2 hours. The default is 1H.</p>
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save. After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File(s) parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.

Table 68-5 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	If the files located on the remote host are stored in a .zip, .gzip, .tar, or .tar.gz archive format, select the processor that allows the archives to be expanded and contents processed.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track files that have already been processed and you do not want the files to be processed a second time. This only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define the local directory on your QRadar system that you want to use for storing downloaded files during processing. We recommend that you leave the check box clear. When the check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list box, select Oracle BEA WebLogic .

Step 8 Click **Save**.

Step 9 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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OSSEC

The OSSEC DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events forwarded from OSSEC installations using syslog.

OSSEC is an open source Host-based Intrusion Detection System (HIDS) that can provide intrusion events to QRadar. If you have OSSEC agents installed, you must configure syslog on the OSSEC management server. If you have local or stand-alone installations of OSSEC, then you must configure syslog on each stand-alone OSSEC to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Configure OSSEC To configure syslog for OSSEC on a stand-alone installation or management server:

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your OSSEC device.

Step 2 Edit the OSSEC configuration file `ossec.conf`.

```
<installation directory>/ossec/etc/ossec.conf
```

Step 3 Add the following syslog configuration.

The syslog configuration should be added after the alerts entry and before the localfile entry.

```
</alerts>
<syslog_output>
<server>(QRadar IP Address)</server>
<port>514</port>
</syslog_output>
<localfile>
```

For example,

```
<syslog_output>
<server>10.100.100.2</server>
<port>514</port>
</syslog_output>
```

Step 4 Save the OSSEC configuration file.

Step 5 Type the following command to enable the syslog daemon:

```
<installation directory>/ossec/bin/ossec-control enable
client-syslog
```

Step 6 Type the following command to restart the syslog daemon:

```
<installation directory>/ossec/bin/ossec-control restart
```

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as OSSEC events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by OSSEC are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from OSSEC. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for OSSEC:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **OSSEC**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 69-6 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your OSSEC installation.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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PALO ALTO NETWORKS

The Palo Alto PA Series DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

Supported event types QRadar records syslog threat events forwarded from Palo Alto PA Series firewalls that have been classified into critical, high, medium, low and informational event categories.

Before you begin Configuring a Palo Alto PA Series device with QRadar requires the following:

- 1 Create a syslog destination for your Palo Alto PA Series device.
- 2 Create a forwarding policy, which allows the Palo Alto PA Series device to communicate with QRadar.
- 3 Configure the log source in QRadar.

Note: If you did not type a host name when configuring your Palo Alto PA Series device, the syslog header might not contain the IP address or host name of the Palo Alto device. For more information, see your vendor documentation.

Create a syslog destination Before you can integrate a Palo Alto PA Series firewall with QRadar, you must create a syslog destination

Step 1 Log in to the Palo Alto Networks interface.

Step 2 Click the **Device** tab.

The Device options menu is displayed.

Step 3 Select **Log Destinations > Syslog**.

The log settings configuration menu is displayed.

Step 4 Click **New**.

The New Syslog Setting menu is displayed.

Step 5 Configure the **New Syslog Settings** options:

- **Name** - Type the name of the syslog server.
- **Server** - Type the IP address of your QRadar system.

- **Port** - Type the port number the QRadar system to receive syslog events. The default port number is 514.
- **Facility** - From the drop-down list box, select the facility level from the available options.

Step 6 Click **OK**.

You have now entered the syslog destination, but you must also define the severity of events that are contained in the syslog messages.

Step 7 Select **Log Setting > System**.

The System Log Settings window is displayed, which allow you to define the contents of the syslog messages for QRadar.

Step 8 Click **Edit**.

Step 9 Select the check box for each event severity level you want contained in the syslog message.

Step 10 Type the name of the syslog destination you created in [Step 5](#).

Step 11 Click **OK**.

This saves the candidate configuration, but you must commit your changes to the active configuration.

Step 12 Click the **Device** tab.

The Device options menu is displayed.

Step 13 Click **Commit** from the top of the page to update your Palo Alto PA Series firewall with the active configuration.

Step 14 You are now ready to create a forwarding policy to allow communications between your Palo Alto Networks device and QRadar.

Create a forwarding policy

Network traffic between Palo Alto PA Series devices and QRadar can be blocked if your QRadar Console or Event Collector is in a different security zone than your Palo Alto PA Series device. A forwarding policy rule is required to forward traffic from your Palo Alto PA Series device providing events to QRadar.

To create a new forwarding policy, perform the following steps:

Step 1 On your Palo Alto device dashboard, click the **Policies** tab.

The Policies options menu is displayed.

Step 2 Select **Policies > Policy Based Forwarding**.

Step 3 Click **New**.

Step 4 Configure the following values:

- Name
- Source Zone
- Destination Zone
- Source Address

- Destination Address
- Source User
- Application
- Service
- Action
- Forwarding
- Monitoring
- Schedule

For descriptions of the policy based forwarding values, see your *Palo Alto Networks Administrator's Guide*.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Palo Alto PA Series devices. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** From the **Log Source Type** drop-down list box, select **Palo Alto PA Series**.
- Step 7** From the **Protocol Configuration** drop-down list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 8** Configure the following values:

Table 70-1 Palo Alto PA Series Syslog Configuration

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources Users Guide*. The Palo Alto PA Series configuration is complete.

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PIREAN ACCESS: ONE

The Pirean Access: One DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects events by polling the DB2 audit database for access management and authentication events.

Supported versions QRadar supports Pirean Access: One software installations at v2.2 that use a DB2 v9.7 database to store access management and authentication events.

Before you begin Before you configure QRadar to integrate with Pirean Access: One, you can create a database user account and password for QRadar. Creating a QRadar account is not required, but is beneficial as it allows you to secure your access management and authentication event table data for the QRadar user. Your QRadar user must have read permissions for the database table that contains your events. The JDBC protocol allows QRadar to log in and poll for events from the database based on the timestamp to ensure the latest data is retrieved.

Note: Ensure that no firewall rules block communication between your Pirean Access: One installation and the QRadar Console or managed host responsible for event polling with JDBC.

Configuring a log source To collect events, you must configure a log source in QRadar to poll your Access: One installation database with the JDBC protocol.

Procedure

- Step 1** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 3** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 4** Click **Add**.
- Step 5** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 7** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Pirean Access: One**.
- Step 8** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.
- Step 9** Configure the following values:

Table 71-2 Pirean Access: One log source parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. The log source identifier must be defined in the following format: <database>@<hostname> Where: <database> is the database name, as defined in the Database Name parameter. The database name is a required parameter. <hostname> is the hostname or IP address for the log source as defined in the IP or Hostname parameter. The hostname is a required parameter. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Database Type	From the list box, select DB2 as the type of database to use for the event source.
Database Name	Type the name of the database to which you want to connect. The default database name is LOGINAUD .
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the database server.
Port	Type the TCP port number used by the audit database DB2 instance. Your DB2 administrator can provide you with the TCP port required for this field.
Username	Type a username that has access to the DB2 database server and audit table. The username can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The username can also include underscores (_).
Password	Type the database password. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password to access the database.
Table Name	Type AUDITDATA as the name of the table or view that includes the event records. The table name can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The table name can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Select List	Type * to include all fields from the table or view. You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).

Table 71-2 Pirean Access: One log source parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Compare Field	Type TIMESTAMP to identify new events added between queries to the table. The compare field can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Use Prepared Statements	Select this check box to use prepared statements, which allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements. Clear this check box to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Start Date and Time	Optional. Configure the start date and time for database polling. The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds. You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values without an H or M designator poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the Pirean Access: One log source.

Step 10 Click **Save**.

Step 11 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. Access management and authentication events for Pirean Access: One are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

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PROFTPD

IBM Security QRadar can collect events from a ProFTP server through syslog.

By default, ProFTPD logs authentication related messages to the local syslog using the auth (or authpriv) facility. All other logging is done using the daemon facility. To log ProFTPD messages to QRadar, use the SyslogFacility directive to change the default facility.

Configure ProFTPD To configure syslog on a ProFTPD device:

Step 1 Open the `/etc/proftd.conf` file.

Step 2 Below the LogFormat directives add the following:

```
SyslogFacility <facility>
```

Where `<facility>` is one of the following options: AUTH (or AUTHPRIV), CRON, DAEMON, KERN, LPR, MAIL, NEWS, USER, UUCP, LOCAL0, LOCAL1, LOCAL2, LOCAL3, LOCAL4, LOCAL5, LOCAL6, or LOCAL7.

Step 3 Save the file and exit.

Step 4 Open the `/etc/syslog.conf` file

Step 5 Add the following line at the end of the file:

```
<facility> @<QRadar host>
```

Where:

`<facility>` matches the facility chosen in [Step 2](#). The facility must be typed in lower case.

`<QRadar host>` is the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 6 Restart syslog and ProFTPD:

```
/etc/init.d/syslog restart
```

```
/etc/init.d/proftpd restart
```

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from ProFTPD. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for ProFTPD:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **ProFTPD Server**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 72-3 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your ProFTPD installation.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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RADWARE DEFENSEPRO

The Radware DefensePro DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog. Event traps can also be mirrored to a syslog server.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Radware DefensePro device, you must configure your Radware DefensePro device to forward syslog events to QRadar. You must configure the appropriate information using the **Device > Trap and SMTP option**.

Any traps generated by the Radware device are mirrored to the specified syslog server. The current Radware Syslog server enables you to define the status and the event log server address.

You can also define additional notification criteria, such as Facility and Severity, which are expressed by numerical values:

- Facility is a user-defined value indicating the type of device used by the sender. This criteria is applied when the device sends syslog messages. The default value is 21, meaning **Local Use 6**.
- Severity indicates the importance or impact of the reported event. The Severity is determined dynamically by the device for each message sent.

In the Security Settings window, you must enable security reporting using the connect and protect/security settings. You must enable security reports to syslog and configure the severity (syslog risk).

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Radware DefensePro. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Radware DefensePro:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Radware DefensePro**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 73-4 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Radware DefensePro installation.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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REDBACK ASE

The Redback ASE DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

The Redback ASE device can send log messages to the Redback device console or to a log server that is integrated with QRadar to generate deployment specific reports. Before configuring a Redback ASE device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.

Configure Redback ASE To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:

Step 1 Log in to your Redback ASE device user interface.

Step 2 Start the CLI configuration mode.

Step 3 In global configuration mode, configure the default settings for the security service:

```
asp security default
```

Step 4 In ASP security default configuration mode, configure the IP address of the log server and the optional transport protocol:

```
log server <IP address> transport udp port 9345
```

Where <IP address> is the IP address of the QRadar.

Step 5 Configure the IP address that you want to use as the source IP address in the log messages:

```
log source <source IP address>
```

Where <source IP address> is the IP address of the loopback interface in context local.

Step 6 Commit the transaction.

For more information about Redback ASE device configuration, see your vendor documentation.

For example, if you want to configure:

- Log source server IP address 10.172.55.55
- Default transport protocol: UDP
- Default server port: 514

The source IP address used for log messages is 10.192.22.24. This address must be an IP address of a loopback interface in context local.

```
asp security default
log server 10.172.55.55
log source 10.192.22.24
```

You are now ready to configure the log sources QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Redback ASE. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Redback ASE:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Redback ASE**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 74-5 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Redback ASE appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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RSA AUTHENTICATION MANAGER

An RSA Authentication Manager DSM allows you to integrate IBM Security QRadar with an RSA Authentication Manager using syslog or the log file protocol.

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with RSA Authentication Manager, select your configuration preference:

- [Configuring syslog for RSA](#)
- [Configuring the log file protocol for RSA](#)

Note: You must apply the most recent hot fix on RSA Authentication Manager 7.1 primary, replica, node, database and radius installations before configuring syslog.

Configuring syslog for RSA

The procedure to configure your RSA Authentication Manager using syslog depends on the operating system version for your RSA Authentication Manager or SecureID 3.0 appliance:

- If you are using RSA Authentication Manager on Linux, see [Configuring Linux](#).
- If you are using RSA Authentication Manager on Windows, see [Configuring Windows](#).

Configuring Linux

To configure RSA Authentication Manager for syslog on Linux-based operating systems:

Step 1 Log in to the RSA Security Console command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Open the following file for editing based on your operating system:

```
/usr/local/RSASecurity/RSAAuthenticationManager/utils/resources  
/ims.properties
```

Step 3 Add the following entries to the `ims.properties` file:

```
ims.logging.audit.admin.syslog_host      = <IP address>  
ims.logging.audit.admin.use_os_logger    = true  
ims.logging.audit.runtime.syslog_host    = <IP address>  
ims.logging.audit.runtime.use_os_logger  = true  
ims.logging.system.syslog_host           = <IP address>  
ims.logging.system.use_os_logger         = true
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address or hostname of QRadar.

Step 4 Save the `ims.properties` files.

Step 5 Open the following file for editing:

```
/etc/syslog.conf
```

Step 6 Type the following command to add QRadar as a syslog entry:

```
*.* @<IP address>
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address or hostname of QRadar.

Step 7 Type the following command to restart the syslog services for Linux.

```
service syslog restart
```

You are now ready to configure the log sources and protocol in QRadar: To configure QRadar to receive events from your RSA Authentication Manager:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **RSA Authentication Manager** option.

For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information on configuring syslog forwarding, see your RSA Authentication Manager documentation.

Configuring Windows To configure RSA Authentication Manager for syslog using Microsoft Windows:

Step 1 Log in to the system hosting your RSA Security Console.

Step 2 Open the following file for editing based on your operating system:

```
/Program Files/RSASecurity/RSAAuthenticationManager/utils/resources/ims.properties
```

Step 3 Add the following entries to the `ims.properties` file:

```
ims.logging.audit.admin.syslog_host      = <IP address>
ims.logging.audit.admin.use_os_logger    = true
ims.logging.audit.runtime.syslog_host    = <IP address>
ims.logging.audit.runtime.use_os_logger  = true
ims.logging.system.syslog_host           = <IP address>
ims.logging.system.use_os_logger         = true
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address or hostname of QRadar.

Step 4 Save the `ims.properties` files.

Step 5 Restart RSA services.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from your RSA Authentication Manager:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **RSA Authentication Manager** option.

For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information on configuring syslog forwarding, see your RSA Authentication Manager documentation.

Configuring the log file protocol for RSA

The log file protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host. The RSA Authentication Manager DSM supports the bulk loading of log files using the log file protocol source.

The procedure to configure your RSA Authentication Manager using the log file protocol depends on the version of RSA Authentication Manager:

- If you are using RSA Authentication Manager v7.x, see [Configuring RSA Authentication Manager 7.x](#).
- If you are using RSA Authentication Manager v6.x, see [Configuring RSA Authentication Manager 6.x](#).

Configuring RSA Authentication Manager 7.x

To configure your RSA Authentication Manager v7.x device:

- Step 1** Log in to the RSA Security Console.
- Step 2** Click **Administration > Log Management > Recurring Log Archive Jobs**.
- Step 3** In the Schedule section, configure values for the **Job Starts**, **Frequency**, **Run Time**, and **Job Expires** parameters.
- Step 4** For the **Operations** field, select **Export Only** or **Export and Purge** for the following settings: **Administration Log Settings**, **Runtime Log Settings**, and **System Log Settings**.

Note: The **Export and Purge** operation exports log records from the database to the archive and then purges the logs from the database. The **Export Only** operation exports log records from the database to the archive and the records remain in the database.
- Step 5** For **Administration**, **Runtime**, and **System**, configure an Export Directory to which you want to export your archive files.

We recommend you make sure you can access the Administration Log, Runtime Log, and System Log using FTP before you continue.
- Step 6** For **Administration**, **Runtime**, and **System** parameters, set the **Days Kept Online** parameter to **1**. Logs older than 1 day are exported. If you selected **Export and Purge**, the logs are also purged from the database.
- Step 7** Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure the log sources and protocol within QRadar:

- Step 1** To configure QRadar to receive events from a RSA device, you must select the **RSA Authentication Manager** option from the **Log Source Type** list box.
- Step 2** To configure the log file protocol, you must select the **Log File** option from the **Protocol Configuration** list box.

For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see the *Log Sources User Guide*.

Configuring RSA Authentication Manager 6.x

To configure your RSA Authentication Manager v6.x device:

- Step 1** Log in to the RSA Security Console.
- Step 2** Log in to the RSA Database Administration tool:
 - a** Click the **Advanced** tool.

The system prompts you to login again.
 - b** Click **Database Administration**.

For complete information on using SecurID, see your vendor documentation.
- Step 3** From the **Log** list box, select **Automate Log Maintenance**.

The Automatic Log Maintenance window is displayed.
- Step 4** Select the **Enable Automatic Audit Log Maintenance** check box.
- Step 5** Select **Delete and Archive**.
- Step 6** Select **Replace files**.
- Step 7** Type an archive filename.
- Step 8** In the **Cycle Through Version(s)** field, type a value.

For example, 1.
- Step 9** Select **Select all Logs**.
- Step 10** Select a frequency.
- Step 11** Click **OK**.

You are now ready to configure the log sources and protocol in QRadar:

- Step 1** To configure QRadar to receive events from a RSA device, you must select the **RSA Authentication Manager** option from the **Log Source Type** list box.
- Step 2** To configure the log file protocol, you must select the **Log File** option from the **Protocol Configuration** list box.

For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

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SAMHAIN LABS

The Samhain Labs Host-Based Intrusion Detection System (HIDS) monitors changes to files on the system.

The Samhain HIDS DSM for IBM Security QRadar supports Samhain version 2.4 when used for File Integrity Monitoring (FIM).

You can configure the Samhain HIDS DSM to accept one of the following log types:

- [Configuring syslog to collect Samhain events](#)
- [Configuring JDBC to collect Samhain events](#)

Configuring syslog to collect Samhain events

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with Samhain HIDS using syslog, you must configure the Samhain HIDS system to forward logs to your QRadar system.

Note: The following procedure is based on the default `samhainrc` file. If the `samhainrc` file has been modified, some values might be different, such as the syslog facility,

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to Samhain HIDS from the command-line interface.

Step 2 Open the following file:

```
/etc/samhainrc
```

Step 3 Remove the comment marker (`#`) from the following line:

```
SetLogServer=info
```

Step 4 Save and exit the file.

Alerts are sent to the local system using syslog.

Step 5 Open the following file:

```
/etc/syslog.conf
```

Step 6 Add the following line:

```
local2.* @<IP Address>
```

Where `<IP Address>` is the IP address of your QRadar.

Step 7 Save and exit the file.

Step 8 Restart syslog:

```
/etc/init.d/syslog restart
```

Samhain sends logs using syslog to QRadar. You are now ready to configure Samhain HIDS DSM in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Samhain:

► From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Samhain HIDS** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Configuring JDBC to collect Samhain events

You can configure Samhain HIDS to send log alerts to a database. Oracle, PostgreSQL, and MySQL are natively supported by Samhain. You can also configure QRadar to collect events from these databases using the JDBC protocol.

Note: IBM Security QRadar does not include a MySQL driver for JDBC. If you are using a DSM or protocol that requires a MySQL JDBC driver, you must download and install the platform independent MySQL Connector/J from <http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/connector/j/>. For instruction on installing MySQL Connector/J for the JDBC protocol, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Procedure

Step 1 Log into QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Samhain HIDS** option.

Step 7 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.

Step 8 Update the JDBC configuration to include the following values:

- a Database Type: <Samhain Database Type>
- b Database Name: <Samhain SetDBName>
- c Table Name: <Samhain SetDBTable>
- d Select List: *
- e Compare Field: log_index
- f IP or Hostname: <Samhain SetDBHost>
- g Port: <Default Port>
- h Username: <Samhain SetDBUser>

i Password: <Samhain SetDBPassword>

j Polling Interval: <Default Interval>

Where:

<Samhain Database Type> is the database type used by Samhain (see your Samhain system administrator).

<Samhain SetDBName> is the database name specified in the samhainrc file.

<Samhain SetDBTable> is the database table specified in the samhainrc file.

<Samhain SetDBHost> is the database host specified in the samhainrc file.

<Samhain SetDBUser> is the database user specified in the samhainrc file.

<Samhain SetDBPassword> is the database password specified in the samhainrc file.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Samhain:

► From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Samhain HIDS** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about Samhain, see <http://www.la-samhna.de/samhain/manual>.

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SENTRIGO HEDGEHOG

You can integrate a Sentrigo Hedgehog device with IBM Security QRadar.

A Sentrigo Hedgehog device accepts LEEF events using syslog. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Sentrigo Hedgehog device, you must:

Step 1 Log in to the Sentrigo Hedgehog command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Open the following file for editing:

```
<Installation directory>/conf/sentrigo-custom.properties
```

Where `<Installation directory>` is the directory containing your Sentrigo Hedgehog installation.

Step 3 Add the following log.format entries to the custom properties file:

Note: Depending on your Sentrigo Hedgehog configuration or installation, you might be required to replace or overwrite the existing log.format entry.

```
sentrigo.comm.ListenAddress=1996
log.format.body.custom=usrName=$osUser:20$|duser=$execUser:20$|
severity=$severity$|identHostName=$sourceHost$|src=$sourceIP$|
dst=$agent.ip$|devTime=$logonTime$|devTimeFormat=EEE MMM dd
HH:mm:ss z yyyy|cmdType=$cmdType$|externalId=$id$|
execTime=$executionTime.time$|dstServiceName=$database.name:20$
|srcHost=$sourceHost:30$|execProgram=$execProgram:20$|
cmdType=$cmdType:15$|oper=$operation:225$|
accessedObj=$accessedObjects.name:200$

log.format.header.custom=LEEF:1.0|Sentrigo|Hedgehog|$serverVers
ion$|$rules.name:150$|
log.format.header.escaping.custom=\\|
log.format.header.seperator.custom=,
log.format.header.escape.char.custom=\\
log.format.body.escaping.custom=\\=
log.format.body.escape.char.custom=\\
log.format.body.seperator.custom=|
log.format.empty.value.custom=NULL
log.format.length.value.custom=10000
log.format.convert.newline.custom=true
```

Step 4 Save the custom properties file.

Step 5 Stop and restart your Sentrigo Hedgehog service to implement the log.format changes.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Sentrigo Hedgehog device:

► From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Sentrigo Hedgehog** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about Sentrigo Hedgehog see your vendor documentation.

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SECURE COMPUTING SIDEWINDER

The Sidewinder DSM for IBM Security QRadar SIEM records all relevant Sidewinder events using syslog.

Before you configure QRadar SIEM to integrate with a Sidewinder device, you must configure syslog within your Sidewinder device. When configuring the Sidewinder device to forward syslog to QRadar SIEM, make sure that the logs are exported in Sidewinder Export format (SEF).

For more information on configuring Sidewinder, see your vendor documentation.

After you configure syslog to forward events to QRadar SIEM, you are ready to configure the log source in QRadar SIEM.

To configure QRadar SIEM to receive events from a Sidewinder device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Sidewinder G2 Security Appliance** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

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SOLARWINDS ORION

The SolarWinds Orion DSM for IBM Security QRadar supports SNMPv2 and SNMPv3 configured alerts from the SolarWinds Alert Manager.

The events are sent to QRadar using syslog. Before you can integrate QRadar, you must configure the SolarWinds Alert Manager to create SNMP traps and forward syslog events.

To configure SNMP traps in the SolarWinds Orion Alert Manager:

Step 1 Select **Start > All Programs > SolarWinds Orion > Alerting, Reporting, and Mapping > Advanced Alert Manager**.

The Alert Manager Quick Start is displayed.

Step 2 Click **Configure Alerts**.

The Manage Alerts window is displayed.

Step 3 Select an existing alert and click **Edit**.

Step 4 Select the **Triggered Actions** tab.

Step 5 Click **Add New Action**.

The Select an Action window is displayed.

Step 6 Select **Send an SNMP Trap** and click **OK**.

Step 7 Configure the following values:

a **SNMP Trap Definitions** - Type the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.

b **Trap Template** - Select **ForwardSyslog**.

c **SNMP Version** - Select the SNMP Version to use to forward the event. QRadar supports SNMPv2c or SNMPv3.

- **SNMPv2c** - Type the **SNMP Community String** to use for SNMPv2c authentication. The default Community String value is public.

- **SNMPv3** - Type the **Username** and select the **Authentication Method** to use for SNMPv3.

QRadar supports MD5 or SH1 as methods of authentication and DES56 or AES128 bit encryption.

Step 8 Click **OK** to save the SNMP trigger action.

The Manage Alerts window is displayed.

Note: To verify that your SNMP trap is configured properly, select an alert you've edited and click **Test**. The action should trigger and forward the syslog event to QRadar.

- Step 9** Repeat **Step 3** to **Step 8** to configure the Alert Manager with all of the SNMP trap alerts you want to monitor in QRadar.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

QRadar automatically detects syslog events from properly configured SNMP trap alert triggers. However, if you want to manually configure QRadar to receive events from SolarWinds Orion:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **SolarWinds Orion**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources Users Guide*.

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SONICWALL

The SonicWALL SonicOS DSM accepts events using syslog.

IBM Security QRadar records all relevant syslog events forwarded from SonicWALL appliances using SonicOS firmware. Before you can integrate with a SonicWALL SonicOS device, you must configure syslog forwarding on your SonicWALL SonicOS appliance.

Configure SonicWALL to forward syslog events

SonicWALL captures all SonicOS event activity. The events can be forwarded to QRadar using SonicWALL's default event format.

To configure SonicWALL to forward syslog events:

- Step 1** Log in to your SonicWALL web interface.
- Step 2** From the navigation menu, select **Log > Automation**.
The Automation window is displayed.
- Step 3** From the Syslog Servers pane, click **Add**.
The Add Syslog Server window is displayed.
- Step 4** In the **Name or IP Address** field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 5** In the **Port** field, type **514**.
SonicWALL syslog forwarders send events to QRadar using UDP port 514.
- Step 6** Click **OK**.
The Automation window is displayed.
- Step 7** From the **Syslog Format** list box, select **Default**.
- Step 8** Click **Apply**.

Syslog events are forwarded to QRadar. SonicWALL events forwarded to QRadar are automatically discovered and log sources are created automatically. For more information on configuring your SonicWALL appliance or for information on specific events, see your vendor documentation.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from SonicWALL appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.

To manually configure a log source for SonicWALL syslog events:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **SonicWALL SonicOS**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 80-6 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from SonicWALL appliances. Each log source you create for your SonicWALL SonicOS appliance should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or host name.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by SonicWALL SonicOS appliances are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Users Guide*.

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SOPHOS

This section provides information on the following:

- [Sophos Enterprise Console](#)
- [Sophos PureMessage](#)
- [Sophos Astaro Security Gateway](#)
- [Sophos Web Security Appliance](#)

Sophos Enterprise Console

IBM Security QRadar has two options for gathering events from a Sophos Enterprise Console using JDBC.

Select the method that best applies to your Sophos Enterprise Console installation:

- [Configure QRadar using the Sophos Enterprise Console Protocol](#)
- [Configure QRadar using the JDBC protocol](#)

Note: To use the Sophos Enterprise Console protocol, you must ensure that the Sophos Reporting Interface is installed with your Sophos Enterprise Console. If you do not have the Sophos Reporting Interface, you must configure QRadar using the JDBC protocol. For information on installing the Sophos Reporting Interface, see your Sophos Enterprise Console documentation.

Configure QRadar using the Sophos Enterprise Console Protocol

The Sophos Enterprise Console DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using Java Database Connectivity (JDBC).

The Sophos Enterprise Console DSM works in coordination with the Sophos Enterprise Console protocol to combine payload information from anti-virus, application control, device control, data control, tamper protection, and firewall logs in the vEventsCommonData table and provide these events to QRadar. You must install the Sophos Enterprise Console protocol before configuring QRadar.

To configure QRadar to access the Sophos database using the JDBC protocol:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Sophos Enterprise Console**.

Step 7 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC**.

Note: You must refer to the Configure Database Settings on your Sophos Enterprise Console to define the parameters required to configure the Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC protocol in QRadar.

Step 8 Configure the following values:

Table 81-1 Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format: <code><Sophos Database>@<Sophos Database Server IP or Host Name></code> Where: <code><Sophos Database></code> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter. <code><Sophos Database Server IP or Host Name></code> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter. Note: When defining a name for your log source identifier, you must use the values of the Sophos Database and Database Server IP address or hostname from the Management Enterprise Console.
Database Type	From the list box, select MSDE .
Database Name	Type the exact name of the Sophos database.
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Sophos SQL Server.
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE in Sophos Enterprise Console is 1168. The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Sophos database. The Sophos database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar. Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.
Username	Type the username required to access the database.

Table 81-1 Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server. <i>Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.</i>
Table Name	Type vEventsCommonData as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view. You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type InsertedAt as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.
Start Date and Time	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling. The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds. You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.

Table 81-1 Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Use Named Pipe Communication	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box. When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.
Use NTLMv2	If you select MSDE as the Database Type, the Use NTLMv2 check box is displayed. Select the Use NTLMv2 check box to force MSDE connections to use the NTLMv2 protocol when communicating with SQL servers that require NTLMv2 authentication. The default value of the check box is selected. If the Use NTLMv2 check box is selected, it has no effect on MSDE connections to SQL servers that do not require NTLMv2 authentication.

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Sophos log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

Step 10 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Configure QRadar using the JDBC protocol

The Sophos Enterprise Console DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using Java Database Connectivity (JDBC).

QRadar records all relevant anti-virus events. This document provides information on configuring QRadar to access the Sophos Enterprise Console database using the JDBC protocol.

Configure the database view

To integrate QRadar with Sophos Enterprise Console:

Step 1 Log in to your Sophos Enterprise Console device command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Type the following command to create a custom view in your Sophos database to support QRadar:

```
CREATE VIEW threats_view AS SELECT t.ThreatInstanceID,
t.ThreatType, t.FirstDetectedAt, c.Name, c.LastLoggedOnUser,
c.IPAddress, c.DomainName, c.OperatingSystem, c.ServicePack,
t.ThreatSubType, t.Priority, t.ThreatLocalID,
t.ThreatLocalIDSource, t.ThreatName, t.FullFilePathChecksum,
```

```
t.FullFilePath, t.FileNameOffset, t.FileVersion, t.CheckSum,
t.ActionSubmittedAt, t.DealtWithAt, t.CleanUpable,
t.IsFragment, t.IsRebootRequired, t.Outstanding, t.Status,
InsertedAt FROM <Database Name>.dbo.ThreatInstancesAll t,
<Database Name>.dbo.Computers c WHERE t.ComputerID = c.ID;
```

Where <Database Name> is the name of the Sophos database.

Note: The database name must not contain any spaces.

After you have created your custom view, you must configure QRadar to receive event information using the JDBC protocol.

To configure the Sophos Enterprise Console DSM with QRadar, see [Configure a JDBC log source in QRadar](#).

Configure a JDBC log source in QRadar

To configure QRadar to access the Sophos database using the JDBC protocol:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
- Step 6** Using the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Sophos Enterprise Console**.
- Step 7** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.
Note: You must refer to the Configure Database Settings on your Sophos Enterprise Console to define the parameters required to configure the Sophos Enterprise Console DSM in QRadar.
- Step 8** Configure the following values:

Table 81-2 Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format: <Sophos Database>@<Sophos Database Server IP or Host Name> Where: <Sophos Database> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter. <Sophos Database Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter. <i>Note: When defining a name for your log source identifier, you must use the values of the Sophos Database and Database Server IP address or hostname from the Management Enterprise Console.</i>
Database Type	From the list box, select MSDE .
Database Name	Type the exact name of the Sophos database.
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Sophos SQL Server.
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433. The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Sophos database. The Sophos database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar. <i>Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.</i>
Username	Type the username required to access the database.
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server. <i>Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.</i>
Table Name	Type threats_view as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.

Table 81-2 Sophos Enterprise Console JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view. You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type ThreatInstanceID as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.
Start Date and Time	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling. The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Use Prepared Statements	Select this check box to use prepared statements. Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements. Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds. You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Use Named Pipe Communication	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box. When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Sophos log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

Step 10 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Sophos PureMessage

The Sophos PureMessage DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using Java Database Connectivity (JDBC).

QRadar records all relevant quarantined email events. This document provides information on configuring QRadar to access the Sophos PureMessage database using the JDBC protocol.

QRadar supports the following Sophos PureMessage versions:

- **Sophos PureMessage for Microsoft Exchange** - Stores events in a Microsoft SQL Server database specified as savexquar.
- **Sophos PureMessage for Linux** - Stores events in a PostgreSQL database specified as pmx_quarantine.

This section provides information on the following:

- [Integrate QRadar with Sophos PureMessage for Microsoft Exchange](#)
- [Integrate QRadar with Sophos PureMessage for Linux](#)

Integrate QRadar with Sophos PureMessage for Microsoft Exchange

To integrate QRadar with Sophos PureMessage for Microsoft Exchange:

Step 1 Log in to the Microsoft SQL Server command-line interface (CLI):

```
osql -E -S localhost\sophos
```

Step 2 Type which database you want to integrate with QRadar:

```
use savexquar;
go
```

Step 3 Type the following command to create a SIEM view in your Sophos database to support QRadar:

```
create view siem_view as select 'Windows PureMessage' as
application, id, reason, timecreated, emailonly as sender,
filesize, subject, messageid, filename from dbo.quaritems,
dbo.quaraddresses where ItemID = ID and Field = 76;
Go
```

After you create your SIEM view, you must configure QRadar to receive event information using the JDBC protocol.

To configure the Sophos PureMessage DSM with QRadar, see [Configure a JDBC log source for Sophos PureMessage](#).

Configure a JDBC log source for Sophos PureMessage

To configure QRadar to access the Sophos PureMessage for Microsoft Exchange database using the JDBC protocol:

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
 - Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
 - Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
 - Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
 - Step 5** Click **Add**.
The Add a log source window is displayed.
 - Step 6** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Sophos PureMessage**.
 - Step 7** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.
- Note:** You must refer to the database configuration settings on your Sophos PureMessage device to define the parameters required to configure the Sophos PureMessage DSM in QRadar.
- Step 8** Configure the following values:

Table 81-3 Sophos PureMessage JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format: <Sophos PureMessage Database>@<Sophos PureMessage Database Server IP or Host Name> Where: <Sophos PureMessage Database> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter. <Sophos PureMessage Database Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter. When defining a name for your log source identifier, you must use the values of the Database and Database Server IP address or hostname of the Sophos PureMessage device.
Database Type	From the list box, select MSDE .
Database Name	Type savexquar .
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Sophos PureMessage server.

Table 81-3 Sophos PureMessage JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Port	<p>Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433. Sophos installations typically use 24033. You can confirm port usage using the SQL Server Configuration Manager utility. For more information, see your vendor documentation.</p> <p>The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Sophos database. The Sophos database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.</p> <p>Note: <i>If you define a database instance in the Database Instance parameter, you must leave the Port parameter blank. You can only define a database instance if the database server uses the default port of 1433. This is not the standard Sophos configuration.</i></p>
Username	Type the username required to access the database.
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Window Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.
Database Instance	<p>Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server.</p> <p>Note: <i>If you define a port number other than the default in the Port parameter, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank.</i></p>
Table Name	Type <code>siem_view</code> as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.
Select List	<p>Type <code>*</code> for all fields from the table or view.</p> <p>You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).</p>
Compare Field	Type <code>ID</code> . The Compare Field parameter is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.

Table 81-3 Sophos PureMessage JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Use Prepared Statements	Select this check box to use prepared statements. Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to set up the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements. Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Start Date and Time	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling. The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24-hour clock. If the Start Date and Time parameter is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds. You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.
Use Named Pipe Communication	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box. When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Sophos PureMessage log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

Step 10 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Integrate QRadar with Sophos PureMessage for Linux

To integrate QRadar with Sophos PureMessage for Linux:

Step 1 Navigate to your Sophos PureMessage PostgreSQL database directory:

```
cd /opt/pmx/postgres-8.3.3/bin
```

Step 2 Access the pmx_quarantine database SQL prompt:

```
./psql -d pmx_quarantine
```

Step 3 Type the following command to create a SIEM view in your Sophos database to support QRadar:

```
create view siem_view as select 'Linux PureMessage' as
application, id, b.name, m_date, h_from_local, h_from_domain,
m_global_id, m_message_size, outbound, h_to, c_subject_utf8 from
message a, m_reason b where a.reason_id = b.reason_id;
```

After you create your database view, you must configure QRadar to receive event information using the JDBC protocol.

Configure a log source for Sophos PureMessage for Microsoft Exchange

To configure QRadar to access the Sophos PureMessage database using the JDBC protocol:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Sophos PureMessage**.

Step 7 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.

Note: You must refer to the Configure Database Settings on your Sophos PureMessage to define the parameters required to configure the Sophos PureMessage DSM in QRadar.

Step 8 Configure the following values:

Table 81-4 Sophos PureMessage JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format: <Sophos PureMessage Database>@<Sophos PureMessage Database Server IP or Host Name> Where: <Sophos PureMessage Database> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter. <Sophos PureMessage Database Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter. When defining a name for your log source identifier, you must use the values of the Database and Database Server IP address or hostname of the Sophos PureMessage device.
Database Type	From the list box, select Postgres .
Database Name	Type pmx_quarantine .
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Sophos PureMessage server.
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port is 1532. The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Sophos database. The Sophos database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar.
Username	Type the username required to access the database.
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server. Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.
Table Name	Type siem_view as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.

Table 81-4 Sophos PureMessage JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view. You can use a comma-separated list to define specific fields from tables or views, if required for your configuration. The list must contain the field defined in the Compare Field parameter. The comma-separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type ID. The Compare Field parameter is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.
Use Prepared Statements	Select this check box to use prepared statements. Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to set up the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements. Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Start Date and Time	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling. The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24-hour clock. If the Start Date and Time parameter is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds. You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Sophos PureMessage log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

Step 10 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Sophos Astaro Security Gateway The Sophos Astaro Security Gateway DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog, enabling QRadar to record all relevant events.

Configure syslog for Sophos Astaro To configure syslog for Sophos Astaro Security Gateway:

- Step 1** Log in to the Sophos Astaro Security Gateway console.
- Step 2** From the navigation menu, select **Logging > Settings**.
- Step 3** Click the **Remote Syslog Server** tab.
The Remote Syslog Status window is displayed.
- Step 4** From **Syslog Servers** panel, click the **+** icon.
The Add Syslog Server window is displayed.
- Step 5** Configure the following parameters:
 - a Name** - Type a name for the syslog server.
 - b Server** - Click the folder icon to add a pre-defined host, or click **+** and type in new network definition.
 - c Port** - Click the folder icon to add a pre-defined port, or click **+** and type in a new service definition.
By default, QRadar communicates using the syslog protocol on UDP/TCP port 514.
- Step 6** Click **Save**.
- Step 7** From the **Remote syslog log selection** field, you must select check boxes for the following logs:
 - a POP3 Proxy** - Select this check box.
 - b Packet Filter** - Select this check box.
 - c Intrusion Prevention System** - Select this check box.
 - d Content Filter(HTTPS)** - Select this check box.
 - e High availability** - Select this check box.
 - f FTP Proxy** - Select this check box.
 - g SSL VPN** - Select this check box.
 - h PPTP daemon**- Select this check box.
 - i IPSEC VPN** - Select this check box.
 - j HTTP daemon** - Select this check box.
 - k User authentication daemon** - Select this check box.
 - l SMTP proxy** - Select this check box.
- Step 8** Click **Apply**.
- Step 9** From **Remote syslog status** section, click **Enable**.

Step 10 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from your Sophos Astaro Security Gateway device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Sophos Astaro Security Gateway**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Sophos Web Security Appliance

The Sophos Web Security Appliance (WSA) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant events forwarded from the transaction log of the Sophos Web Security Appliance. Before configuring QRadar, you must configure your Sophos WSA appliance to forward syslog events.

Configure syslog for Sophos Web Security Appliance

To configure your Sophos Web Security Appliance to forward syslog events:

- Step 1** Log in to your Sophos Web Security Appliance.
- Step 2** From the menu, select **Configuration > System > Alerts & Monitoring**.
- Step 3** Select the **Syslog** tab.
- Step 4** Select the **Enable syslog transfer of web traffic** check box.
- Step 5** In the **Hostname/IP** text box, type the IP address or hostname of QRadar.
- Step 6** In the **Port** text box, type **514**.
- Step 7** From the **Protocol** list box, select a protocol. The options are:
 - **TCP** - The TCP protocol is supported with QRadar on port 514.
 - **UDP** - The UDP protocol is supported with QRadar on port 514.
 - **TCP - Encrypted** - TCP Encrypted is an unsupported protocol for QRadar.
- Step 8** Click **Apply**.

You are now ready to configure the Sophos Web Security Appliance DSM in QRadar.

QRadar automatically detects syslog data from a Sophos Web Security Appliance. To manually configure QRadar to receive events from Sophos Web Security Appliance:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Sophos Web Security Appliance**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

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SOURCEFIRE

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [Sourcefire Defense Center \(DC\)](#)
- [Sourcefire Intrusion Sensor](#)

Sourcefire Defense Center (DC)

The Sourcefire Defense Center DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Sourcefire Defense Center events using the eStreamer API service.

Supported versions

QRadar supports the following versions of Sourcefire Defense Center:

- Sourcefire Defense Center v4.8.2.x and above
- Sourcefire Defense Center v5.x

You must download and install one of the following hotfixes from the Sourcefire website to collect Sourcefire Defense Center 5.x events in QRadar:

- Sourcefire_hotfix-v5.1.0-0-build_1.tar
- Sourcefire_hotfix-v5.1.1-0-build_1.tar

For more information on hotfixes for your Sourcefire appliance, see the Sourcefire website.

Configuration overview

Integrating with Sourcefire Defense Center requires that you create certificates in the Sourcefire Defense Center interface, then add the certificates to QRadar appliances that receive eStreamer event data.

If your deployment includes multiple Sourcefire Defense Center appliances, you must copy the certificate for each appliance that receives eStreamer events. The certificate allows the Sourcefire Defense Center appliance and the QRadar Console or Event Collector communicate using the eStreamer API to collect events.

The following steps are required to integrate QRadar with Sourcefire Defense Center:

- 1 Create the eStreamer certificate on your Sourcefire Defense Center appliance.
- 2 Add the Sourcefire Defense Center certificate files to QRadar.
- 3 Configure a log source in QRadar for your Sourcefire Defense Center appliances.

Supported event types

QRadar supports the following event types from Sourcefire Defense Center:

- Intrusion events and extra data

Intrusion events categorized by the Sourcefire Defense Center DSM in QRadar use the same QRadar Identifiers (QIDs) as the Snort DSM. To ensure that all intrusion events are categorized properly, you can download and install the latest Snort DSM from <http://www.ibm.com/support>.

Intrusion events in the 1,000,000 to 2,000,000 range are user-defined rules in Sourcefire Defense Center. User-defined rules that generate events are added as an Unknown event in QRadar, but include additional information describing the event type. For example, a user-defined event can identify as Unknown:Buffer Overflow for Sourcefire Defense Center.

- Correlation events
- Metadata events
- Discovery events
- Host events
- User events

Creating Sourcefire 4.x certificates

Certificates are created by Sourcefire Defense Center appliances in your deployment.

QRadar requires a certificate for every Sourcefire Defense Center appliance in your deployment. Certificates are generated in pkcs12 format and must be converted to a keystore and truststore file, which are usable by QRadar appliances.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Sourcefire Defense Center interface.
- Step 2** Select **Operations > Configuration > eStreamer**.
- Step 3** Click the **eStreamer** tab.
- Step 4** Click **Create Client**.
- Step 5** Select check boxes for the event types Sourcefire Defense Center provides to QRadar.
- Step 6** Click **+ Create Client** located in the upper right-side of the interface.
- Step 7** In the **Hostname** field, type the IP address or hostname.

- If you are collect all events on your QRadar Console or using an All-in-one appliance to collect sStreamer events, type the IP address or hostname of your QRadar Console.
- If you are using a remote Event Collector to collect eStreamer events, type the IP address or hostname for the remote Event Collector.
- If you are using High Availability (HA), type the virtual IP address.

Step 8 In the **Password** field, leave the password field blank or type a password for your certificate.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

The new client is added to the Streamer Client list and the host is allowed to communicate with the eStreamer API on port 8302.

Step 10 From the **Certificate Location** column, click the client you created to save the pkcs12 certificate to a file location and click **OK**.

You are now ready to import your Sourcefire Defense Center certificate to your QRadar appliance.

Creating Sourcefire 5.x certificates

Certificates are created by Sourcefire Defense Center appliances in your deployment.

QRadar requires a certificate for every Sourcefire Defense Center appliance in your deployment. Certificates are generated in pkcs12 format and must be converted to a keystore and truststore file, which are usable by QRadar appliances.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Sourcefire Defense Center interface.

Step 2 Select **System > Local > Registration**.

Step 3 Click the **eStreamer** tab.

Step 4 Select check boxes for the event types Sourcefire Defense Center provides to QRadar.

WARNING: For Sourcefire Defense Center 5.x, you must clear the **Impact Flag Alerts** check box.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

Step 6 Click **+ Create Client** located in the upper right-side of the interface.

Step 7 In the **Hostname** field, type the IP address or hostname.

- If you are collect all events on your QRadar Console or using an All-in-one appliance to collect sStreamer events, type the IP address or hostname of your QRadar Console.
- If you are using an Event Collector to collect eStreamer events, type the IP address or hostname for the Event Collector.
- If you are using High Availability (HA), type the virtual IP address.

Step 8 In the **Password** field, leave the password field blank or type a password for your certificate.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

The new client is added to the Streamer Client list and the host is allowed to communicate with the eStreamer API on port 8302.

Step 10 Click the download arrow for your host to save the pkcs12 certificate to a file location.

Step 11 Click **OK** to download the file.

You are now ready to import your Sourcefire Defense Center certificate to your QRadar appliance.

Importing a certificate to QRadar

The `estreamer-cert-import.pl` script for QRadar is responsible for converting your pkcs12 certificate file to a keystore and truststore file and placing certificates in the proper directory on your QRadar appliance.

About the import script

The `estreamer-cert-import.pl` script is bundled with the Sourcefire Defense Center protocol and is available on your QRadar appliance when the protocol is installed.

The script can only convert and import one pkcs12 file at a time, as bulk certificate importing is not supported. You can repeat this procedure for each Sourcefire Defense Center pkcs12 certificate you need to import to your QRadar Console or Event Collector. It is not necessary to import a certificate to both the QRadar Console and an Event Collector. You are only required to import a certificate for the QRadar appliance that manages the Sourcefire Defense Center log source. After the Sourcefire event is categorized and normalized by an Event Collector in a QRadar distributed deployment, it is forwarded to the QRadar Console. The certificate is only required at the point of entry of the Sourcefire event.

Any existing Sourcefire Defense Center certificates on the QRadar appliance is renamed so they do not interfere with existing keystore and truststore files. Existing files are renamed to `estreamer.keystore.old` and `estreamer.truststore.old`.

Before you begin

You must have root or `su - root` privileges to run the `estreamer-cert-import.pl` import script.

Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your QRadar Console or Event Collector as the root user.

User name: `root`

Password: `<password>`

Step 2 Copy the pkcs12 certificate from your Sourcefire Defense Center appliance to the following directory in QRadar:

`/opt/qradar/bin/`

Step 3 Type the following command and any additional option parameters to import your pkcs12 file:

```
/opt/qradar/bin/estreamer-cert-import.pl -f <file name>
<options>
```

Where:

<file name> is the file name of the pkcs12 file created by your Sourcefire Defense Center appliance.

<options> are any additional import script parameters from [Table 82-1](#).

For example,

```
/opt/qradar/bin/estreamer-cert-import.pl -f 192.168.0.1.pkcs12
```

Table 82-1 Sourcefire Defense Center Import Script Parameters

Parameter	Description
-f	The -f parameter identifies the file name of the pkcs12 files to import. This parameter is required to import certificates.
-o	The -o parameter allows you to override the default estreamer name for the keystore and truststore files. The -o parameter is required when using multiple Sourcefire Defense Center devices, as unique key file names are required. For example, <pre>/opt/qradar/bin/estreamer-cert-import.pl -f <file name> -o 192.168.1.100</pre> The import script creates the following files: <pre>/opt/qradar/conf/192.168.0.100.keystore /opt/qradar/conf/192.168.0.100.truststore</pre>
-d	The -d parameter enables verbose mode when using the import script. Verbose mode is intended to display error messages for troubleshooting purposes when pkcs12 files fail to import properly.
-p	The -p parameter allows you to specify a password if a password was accidentally provided when generating the pkcs12 file.
-v	The -v parameter displays the version information for the import script.
-h	The -h parameter displays a help message on using the import script.

The import script creates a keystore and truststore file in the following location:

```
/opt/qradar/conf/estreamer.keystore
/opt/qradar/conf/estreamer.truststore
```

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a log source You must configure a log source in QRadar as Sourcefire Defense Center events do not automatically discover.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** Select the **Sourcefire Defense Center** option from the **Log Source Type** list box.
- Step 7** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Sourcefire Defense Center Estreamer**.
- Step 8** Configure the following parameters:

Table 82-2 Sourcefire Defense Center Estreamer Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname to identify the log source. The information in the Log Source Identifier field must be unique to the log source type.
Server Address	Type the IP address or hostname of the Sourcefire Defense Center device.
Server Port	Type the port number QRadar uses to receive Sourcefire Defense Center Estreamer events. The default is 8302.
Keystore Filename	Type the directory path and file name for the keystore private key and associated certificate. By default, the import script creates the keystore file in the following directory: <code>/opt/qradar/conf/estreamer.keystore</code>
Truststore Filename	Type the directory path and file name for the truststore files. The truststore file contain the certificates trusted by the client. By default, the import script creates the truststore file in the following directory: <code>/opt/qradar/conf/estreamer.truststore</code>

- Step 9** Optional. Repeat this process to create log sources to receive eStreamer events from additional Sourcefire Defense Center appliances in your deployment.

For more information about Sourcefire, see the Sourcefire documentation, see <http://www.sourcefire.com>

Sourcefire Intrusion Sensor

The Sourcefire Intrusion Sensor DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Snort based intrusion and prevention syslog events from Sourcefire devices.

Configuring Sourcefire Intrusion Sensor

To configure your Sourcefire Intrusion Sensor, you must enable policy alerts and configure your appliance to forward the event to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Sourcefire user interface.
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, select **Intrusion Sensor > Detection Policy > Edit**.
- Step 3** Select an active policy and click **Edit**.
- Step 4** Click **Alerting**.
- Step 5** In the **State** field, select **on** to enable the syslog alert for your policy.
- Step 6** From the **Facility** list box, select **Alert**.
- Step 7** From the **Priority** list box, select **Alert**.
- Step 8** In the **Logging Host** field, type the IP address of the QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 9** Click **Save**.
- Step 10** On the navigation menu, select **Intrusion Sensor > Detection Policy > Apply**.
- Step 11** Click **Apply**.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source in QRadar

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Sourcefire Intrusion Sensor. However, you can manually create a log source for QRadar to receive syslog events. The following procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Snort Open Source IDS**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 82-3 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Sourcefire Intrusion Sensor appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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SQUID WEB PROXY

The Squid Web Proxy DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all cache and access log events using syslog.

To integrate QRadar with Squid Web Proxy, you must configure your Squid Web Proxy to forward your cache and access logs using syslog.

Configure syslog forwarding To configure Squid Web Proxy to forward your access and cache events using syslog:

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to the Squid device command-line interface (CLI).

Step 2 Open the following file:

```
/etc/rc3.d/S99local
```

Step 3 Add the following line:

```
tail -f /var/log/squid/access.log | logger -p  
<facility>.<priority> &
```

Where:

<facility> is any valid syslog facility (such as, authpriv, daemon, local0 to local7, or user) written in lowercase.

<priority> is any valid priority (such as, err, warning, notice, info, debug) written in lowercase.

Step 4 Save and close the file.

Logging begins the next time the system is rebooted.

Step 5 To begin logging immediately, type the following command:

```
nohup tail -f /var/log/squid/access.log | logger -p  
<facility>.<priority> &
```

Where <facility> and <priority> are the same values entered in [Step 3](#).

Step 6 Open the following file:

```
/etc/squid/squid.conf
```

Step 7 Add the following line to send the logs to the QRadar:

```
<priority>.<facility> @<QRadar_IP_address>
```

Where:

<priority> is the priority of your Squid messages

<facility> is the facility of your Squid messages

<QRadar_IP_address> is the IP address or hostname of your QRadar.

For example:

```
info.local14 @172.16.210.50
```

Step 8 Add the following line to squid.conf to turn off Squid httpd log emulation:

```
emulate_httpd_log off
```

Step 9 Save and close the file.

Step 10 Type the following command to restart the syslog daemon:

```
/etc/init.d/syslog restart
```

For more information on configuring Squid Web Proxy, consult your vendor documentation. After you configure syslog forwarding your cache and access logs, the configuration is complete. QRadar can automatically discover syslog events forwarded from Squid Web Proxy.

Create a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events forwarded from Squid Web Proxy appliances. These configuration steps for creating a log source are optional.

To manually configure a log source for Squid Web Proxy:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Squid Web Proxy**.

Step 9 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

The syslog protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 83-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from the Squid Web Proxy.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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STARENT NETWORKS

The Starent Networks DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Event, Trace, Active, and Monitor events.

Before configuring a Starent Networks device in QRadar, you must configure your Starent Networks device to forward syslog events to QRadar.

To configure the device to send syslog events to QRadar:

Step 1 Log in to your Starent Networks device.

Step 2 Configure the syslog server:

```
logging syslog <IP address> [facility <facilities>] [<rate value>] [pdu-verbosity <pdu_level>] [pdu-data <format>] [event-verbosity <event_level>]
```

The following table provides the necessary parameters:

Table 84-1 Syslog Server Parameters

Parameter	Description
syslog <IP address>	Type the IP address of your QRadar
facility <facilities>	Type the local facility for which the logging options shall be applied. The options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• local0• local1• local2• local3• local4• local5• local6• local7 The default is local7.
rate value	Type the rate that you want log entries to be sent to the system log server. This value must be an integer from 0 to 100000. The default is 1000 events per second.

Table 84-1 Syslog Server Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
pdu-verbosity <pdu-level>	Type the level of verbosity you want to use in logging the Protocol Data Units (PDUs). The range is 1 to 5 where 5 is the most detailed. This parameter only affects protocol logs.
pdu-data <format>	Type the output format for the PDU when logged as one of following formats: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • none - Displays results in raw or unformatted text. • hex - Displays results in hexadecimal format. • hex-ascii - Displays results in hexadecimal and ASCII format similar to a main frame dump.
event-verbosity <event_level>	Type the level of detail you want to use in logging of events, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • min - Provides minimal information about the event, such as, event name, facility, event ID, severity level, data, and time. • concise - Provides detailed information about the event, but does not provide the event source. • full - Provides detailed information about the event including the source information identifying the task or subsystem that generated the event.

Step 3 From the root prompt for the Exec mode, identify the session for which the trace log is to be generated:

```
logging trace {callid <call_id> | ipaddr <IP address> | msid
<ms_id> | name <username>}
```

The following table provides the necessary parameters:

Table 84-2 Trace Log Parameters

Parameter	Description
callid <call_id>	Indicates a trace log is generated for a session identified by the call identification number. This value is a 4-byte hexadecimal number.
ipaddr <IP address>	Indicates a trace log is generated for a session identified by the specified IP address.
msid <ms_id>	Indicates a trace log is generated for a session identified by the mobile station identification (MSID) number. This value must be from 7 to 16 digits, specified as an IMSI, MIN, or RMI.
name <username>	Indicates a trace log is generated for a session identified by the username. This value is the name of the subscriber that was previously configured.

Step 4 To write active logs to the active memory buffer, in the config mode:

```
logging runtime buffer store all-events
```

Step 5 Configure a filter for the active logs:

```
logging filter active facility <facility> level <report_level>
[critical-info | no-critical-info]
```

The following table provides the necessary parameters:

Table 84-3 Active Log Parameters

Parameter	Description
facility <facility>	<p>Type the facility message level. A facility is a protocol or task that is in use by the system. The local facility defines which logging options shall be applied for processes running locally. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • local0 • local1 • local2 • local3 • local4 • local5 • local6 • local7 <p>The default is local7.</p>
level <report_level>	<p>Type the log severity level, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • critical - Logs only those events indicating a serious error has occurred that is causing the system or a system component to cease functioning. This is the highest level severity. • error - Logs events that indicate an error has occurred that is causing the system or a system component to operate in a degraded state. This level also logs events with a higher severity level. • warning - Logs events that can indicate a potential problem. This level also logs events with a higher severity level. • unusual - Logs events that are very unusual and might need to be investigated. This level also logs events with a higher severity level. • info - Logs informational events and events with a higher severity level. • debug - Logs all events regardless of the severity. <p>We recommend that a level of error or critical can be configured to maximize the value of the logged information while minimizing the quantity of logs generated.</p>
critical-info	<p>The critical-info parameter identifies and displays events with a category attribute of critical information. Examples of these types of events can be seen at bootup when system processes or tasks are being initiated.</p>

Table 84-3 Active Log Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
no-critical-info	The no-critical-info parameter specifies that events with a category attribute of critical information are not displayed.

Step 6 Configure the monitor log targets:

```
logging monitor {msid <ms_id>|username <username>}
```

The following table provides the necessary parameters:

Table 84-4 Monitor Log Parameters

Parameter	Description
msid <md_id>	Type an msid to define that a monitor log is generated for a session identified using the Mobile Station Identification (MDID) number. This value must be between 7 and 16 digits specified as a IMSI, MIN, or RMI.
username <username>	Type username to identify a monitor log generated for a session by the username. The username is the name of the subscriber that was previously configured.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Starent device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Starent Networks Home Agent (HA)** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about the device, see your vendor documentation.

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STONESOFT MANAGEMENT CENTER

The Stonesoft Management Center DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant LEEF formatted syslog events. Before configuring QRadar, you must configure your Stonesoft Management Center to export LEEF formatted syslog events.

This document includes the steps required to edit LogServerConfiguration.txt file. Configuring the text file allows Stonesoft Management Center to export event data in LEEF format using syslog to QRadar. For detailed configuration instructions, see the *StoneGate Management Center Administrator's Guide*.

Configuring Stonesoft Management Center

To configure Stonesoft Management Center:

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the appliance hosting your Stonesoft Management Center.
- Step 2** Stop the Stonesoft Management Center Log Server:
 - **Windows** - Select one of the following methods to stop the Log Server:
 - Stop the Log Server in the Windows Services list.
 - Run the batch file `<installation path>/bin/sgStopLogSrv.bat`.
 - **Linux** - To stop the Log Server in Linux, run the script `<installation path>/bin/sgStopLogSrv.sh`.
- Step 3** Edit the LogServerConfiguration.txt file. The configuration file is located in the following directory:
`<installation path>/data/LogServerConfiguration.txt`
- Step 4** Configure the following parameters in the LogServerConfiguration.txt file:

Table 85-1 Log Server Configuration Options

Parameter	Value	Description
SYSLOG_EXPORT_FORMAT	LEEF	Type LEEF as the export format to use for syslog.

Table 85-1 Log Server Configuration Options (continued)

Parameter	Value	Description
SYSLOG_EXPORT_ALERT	YES NO	Type one of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yes - Exports alert entries to QRadar using syslog. • No - Alert entries are not exported using syslog.
SYSLOG_EXPORT_FW	YES NO	Type one of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yes - Exports firewall and VPN entries to QRadar using syslog. • No - Firewall and VPN entries are not exported using syslog.
SYSLOG_EXPORT_IPS	YES NO	Type one of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yes - Exports IPS log file entries to QRadar using syslog. • No - IPS entries are not exported using syslog.
SYSLOG_PORT	514	Type 514 as the UDP port for forwarding syslog events to QRadar.
SYSLOG_SERVER_ADDRESS	QRadar IPv4 Address	Type the IPv4 address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 5 Save the LogServerConfiguration.txt file.

Step 6 Start the Log Server:

- **Windows** - Type <installation path>/bin/sgStartLogSrv.bat.
- **Linux** - Type <installation path>/bin/sgStartLogSrv.sh.

You are now ready to configure a traffic rule for syslog.

Note: A firewall rule is only required if your QRadar Console or Event Collector is separated by a firewall from the Stonesoft Management Server. If no firewall exists between the Management Server and QRadar, you need to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configure a syslog traffic rule

If the Stonesoft Management Center and QRadar are separated by a firewall in your network, you must modify your firewall or IPS policy to allow traffic between the Stonesoft Management Center and QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 From the Stonesoft Management Center, select one of the following methods for modifying a traffic rule:

- **Firewall policies** - Select **Configuration > Configuration > Firewall**.
- **IPS policies** - Select **Configuration > Configuration > IPS**.

Step 2 Select the type of policy to modify:

- **Firewall** - Select **Firewall Policies > Edit Firewall Policy**.
- **IPS** - Select **IPS Policies > Edit Firewall Policy**.

- Step 3** Add an IPv4 Access rule with the following values to the firewall policy:
- a **Source** - Type the IPv4 address of your Stonesoft Management Center Log Server.
 - b **Destination** - Type the IPv4 address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
 - c **Service** - Select **Syslog (UDP)**.
 - d **Action** - Select **Allow**.
 - e **Logging** - Select **None**.

Note: In most cases, we recommend setting the logging value to **None**. Logging syslog connections without configuring a syslog filter can create a loop. For more information, see the *StoneGate Management Center Administrator's Guide*.

- Step 4** Save your changes and refresh the policy on the firewall or IPS.
You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Stonesoft Management Center. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Stonesoft Management Center**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 85-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Stonesoft Management Center appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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SUN SOLARIS

This section provides DSM configuration information on the following:

- [Sun Solaris](#)
- [Sun Solaris DHCP](#)
- [Sun Solaris Sendmail](#)
- [Sun Solaris Basic Security Mode \(BSM\)](#)

Sun Solaris The Sun Solaris DSM for records all relevant Solaris authentication events using syslog.

Configuring Sun Solaris To collect authentication events from Sun Solaris, you must configure syslog to forward events to QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Sun Solaris command-line interface.

Step 2 Open the `/etc/syslog.conf` file.

Step 3 To forward system authentication logs to QRadar, add the following line to the file:

```
*.err;auth.notice;auth.info @<IP address>
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of your QRadar. Use tabs instead of spaces to format the line.

Note: Depending on the version of Solaris you are running, you might need to add additional log types to the file. Contact your system administrator for more information.

Step 4 Save and exit the file.

Step 5 Type the following command:

```
kill -HUP `cat /etc/syslog.pid`
```

You are now ready to configure the log source QRadar.

Configuring a Sun Solaris DHCP log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Sun Solaris DHCP installations. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Solaris Operating System Authentication Messages**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 86-3 Syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from Sun Solaris installations. Each additional log source you create when you have multiple installations should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or host name.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Solaris Sendmail is displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Sun Solaris DHCP The Sun Solaris DHCP DSM for IBM Security QRadar records all relevant DHCP events using syslog.

Configuring Sun Solaris DHCP To collect events from Sun Solaris DHCP, you must configure syslog to forward events to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Sun Solaris command-line interface.
- Step 2** Edit the `/etc/default/dhcp` file.
- Step 3** Enable logging of DHCP transactions to syslog by adding the following line:
`LOGGING_FACILITY=X`

Where **x** is the number corresponding to a local syslog facility, for example, a number from 0 to 7.

Step 4 Save and exit the file.

Step 5 Edit the `/etc/syslog.conf` file.

Step 6 To forward system authentication logs to QRadar, add the following line to the file:

```
localX.notice @<IP address>
```

Where:

x is the logging facility number you specified in [Step 3](#).

`<IP address>` is the IP address of your QRadar. Use tabs instead of spaces to format the line.

Step 7 Save and exit the file.

Step 8 Type the following command:

```
kill -HUP `cat /etc/syslog.pid`
```

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a Sun Solaris DHCP log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Sun Solaris DHCP installations. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Solaris Operating System DHCP Logs**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 86-4 Syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from Sun Solaris DHCP installations. Each additional log source you create when you have multiple installations should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or host name.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Solaris Sendmail is displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Sun Solaris Sendmail

The Sun Solaris Sendmail DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Solaris authentication events using syslog and records all relevant sendmail events.

Configuring Syslog for Sun Solaris Sendmail

To collect events from Sun Solaris Sendmail, you must configure syslog to forward events to QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Sun Solaris command-line interface.

Step 2 Open the `/etc/syslog.conf` file.

Step 3 To forward system authentication logs to QRadar, add the following line to the file:

```
mail.*; @<IP address>
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of your QRadar. Use tabs instead of spaces to format the line.

Note: Depending on the version of Solaris you are running, you might need to add additional log types to the file. Contact your system administrator for more information.

Step 4 Save and exit the file.

Step 5 Type the following command:

```
kill -HUP `cat /etc/syslog.pid`
```

You are now ready to configure the log source QRadar.

Configuring a Sun Solaris Sendmail log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Sun Solaris Sendmail appliances. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Solaris Operating System Sendmail Logs**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 86-5 Syslog parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from Sun Solaris Sendmail installations. Each additional log source you create when you have multiple installations should include a unique identifier, such as an IP address or host name.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. Events forwarded to QRadar by Solaris Sendmail is displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

Sun Solaris Basic Security Mode (BSM)

Sun Solaris Basic Security Mode (BSM) is an audit tracking tool for system administrator to retrieve detailed auditing events from Sun Solaris systems.

IBM Security QRadar retrieves Sun Solaris BSM events using the Log File protocol. To you configure QRadar to integrate with Solaris Basic Security Mode, you must:

- 1 Enable Solaris Basic Security Mode.
- 2 Convert audit logs from binary to a human-readable format.
- 3 Schedule a cron job to run the conversion script on a schedule.
- 4 Collect Sun Solaris events in QRadar using the Log File protocol.

Enabling Basic Security Mode

To configure Sun Solaris BSM, you must enable Solaris Basic Security Mode and configure the classes of events the system logs to an audit log file.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Solaris console as a superuser or root user.

Step 2 Enable single-user mode on your Solaris console.

Step 3 Type the following command to run the bsmconv script and enable auditing:

```
/etc/security/bsmconv
```

The bsmconv script enables Solaris Basic Security Mode and starts the auditing service auditd.

Step 4 Type the following command to open the audit control log for editing:

```
vi /etc/security/audit_control
```

Step 5 Edit the audit control file to contain the following information:

```
dir:/var/audit
flags:lo,ad,ex,-fw,-fc,-fd,-fr
naflags:lo,ad
```

Step 6 Save the changes to the audit_control file, then reboot the Solaris console to start auditd.

Step 7 Type the following command to verify auditd has started:

```
/user/sbin/auditconfig -getcond
```

If the auditd process is started, the following string is returned:

```
audit condition = auditing
```

You are now ready to convert the binary Solaris Basic Security Mode logs to a human-readable log format.

Converting Sun Solaris BSM audit logs

QRadar cannot process binary files directly from Sun Solaris BSM. You must convert the audit log from the existing binary format to a human-readable log format using praudit before the audit log data can be retrieved by QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Type the following command to create a new script on your Sun Solaris console:

```
vi /etc/security/newauditlog.sh
```

Step 2 Add the following information to the newauditlog.sh script:

```
#!/bin/bash
#
# newauditlog.sh - Start a new audit file and expire the old
logs
#

AUDIT_EXPIRE=30
AUDIT_DIR="/var/audit"
LOG_DIR="/var/log/"

/usr/sbin/audit -n

cd $AUDIT_DIR # in case it is a link

# Get a listing of the files based on creation date that are not
current in use
FILES=$(ls -lrt | tr -s " " | cut -d" " -f9 | grep -v
"not_terminated")

# We just created a new audit log by doing 'audit -n', so we can
# be sure that the last file in the list will be the latest
# archived binary log file.
lastFile=""
for file in $FILES; do
```

```

        lastFile=$file
done

# Extract a human-readable file from the binary log file
echo "Beginning praudit of $lastFile"
praudit -l $lastFile > "$LOG_DIR$lastFile.log"
echo "Done praudit, creating log file at: $LOG_DIR$lastFile.log"

/usr/bin/find . $AUDIT_DIR -type f -mtime +$AUDIT_EXPIRE \
-exec rm {} > /dev/null 2>&1 \;
# End script

```

The script outputs log files in the <starttime>.<endtime>.<hostname>.log format. For example, the log directory in /var/log would contain a file with the following name:

```
20111026030000.20111027030000.gasparc10.log
```

- Step 3** Optional. Edit the script to change the default directory for the log files.
- a **AUDIT_DIR="/var/audit"** - The Audit directory must match the location specified by the audit control file you configured in [Step 5](#).
 - b **LOG_DIR="/var/log/"** - The log directory is the location of the human-readable log files of your Sun Solaris system that are ready to be retrieved by QRadar.
- Step 4** Save your changes to the newauditlog.sh script.
- You are now ready to automate the this script using CRON to convert the Sun Solaris Basic Security Mode log to human-readable format.

Creating a cron job Cron is a Solaris daemon utility that automates scripts and commands to run system-wide on a scheduled basis.

The following steps provide an example for automating newauditlog.sh to run daily at midnight. If you need to retrieve log files multiple times a day from your Solaris system, you must alter your cron schedule accordingly.

Procedure

- Step 1** Type the following command to create a copy of your cron file:
- ```
crontab -l > cronfile
```
- Step 2** Type the following command to edit the cronfile:
- ```
vi cronfile
```
- Step 3** Add the following information to your cronfile:
- ```
0 0 * * * /etc/security/newauditlog.sh
```
- Step 4** Save the change to the cronfile.
- Step 5** Type the following command to add the cronfile to crontab:
- ```
crontab cronfile
```

Step 6 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar to retrieve the Sun Solaris BSM audit log files.

What to do next

You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source for Sun Solaris BSM

A log file protocol source allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host. Sun Solaris BSM supports the bulk loading of audit log files using the log file protocol.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Solaris BSM**.
- Step 6** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 7** Configure the following parameters:

Table 86-1 Log File Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Service Type	From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service types requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the Sun Solaris BSM system.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. If you configure the Service Type as FTP, the default is 21. If you configure the Service Type as SFTP or SCP, the default is 22. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
Remote User	Type the username necessary to log in to your Sun Solaris system. The username can be up to 255 characters in length.

Table 86-1 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to your Sun Solaris system.
Confirm Password	Confirm the Remote Password to log in to your Sun Solaris system.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP from the Service Type field you can define a directory path to an SSH private key file. The SSH Private Key File allows you to ignore the Remote Password field.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved. By default, the newauditlog.sh script writes the human-readable logs files to the /var/log/ directory.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to also search sub folders. The Recursive parameter is not used if you configure SCP as the Service Type. By default, the check box is clear.
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.</p> <p>For example, if you want to retrieve all files in the <starttime>.<endtime>.<hostname>.log format, use the following entry: <code>\d+\ . \d+\ . \w+\ .log</code>.</p> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option only appears if you select FTP as the Service Type. The FTP Transfer Mode parameter allows you to define the file transfer mode when retrieving log files over FTP.</p> <p>From the list box, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Binary - Select Binary for log sources that require binary data files or compressed .zip, .gzip, .tar, or .tar+gzip archive files. • ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer. You must select NONE for the Processor field and LINEBYLINE the Event Generator field when using ASCII as the transfer mode.
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type, you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.

Table 86-1 Log File Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D). For example, type 2H if you want the directory to be scanned every 2 hours. The default is 1H.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save. After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule. Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File(s) parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	If the files located on the remote host are stored in a .zip, .gzip, .tar, or tar+gzip archive format, select the processor that allows the archives to be expanded and contents processed.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track files that have already been processed and you do not want the files to be processed a second time. This only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define the local directory on your QRadar system that you want to use for storing downloaded files during processing. We recommend that you leave the check box clear. When the check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list box, select LINEBYLINE .

Step 8 Click **Save**.

The configuration is complete. Events that are retrieved using the log file protocol are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Sun ONE LDAP

The Sun ONE LDAP DSM for QRadar accepts multiline UDP access and LDAP events from Sun ONE Directory Servers with the log file protocol.

Configuration overview

QRadar retrieves access and LDAP events from Sun ONE Directory Servers by connecting to each server to download the event log. The event file must be written to a location accessible by the log file protocol of QRadar with FTP, SFTP, or SCP. The event log is written in a multiline event format, which requires a special event generator in the log file protocol to properly parse the event. The ID-Linked Multiline event generator is capable of using regex to assemble multiline events for QRadar when each line of a multiline event shares a common starting value.

The Sun ONE LDAP DSM also can accept events streamed using the UDP Multiline Syslog protocol. However, in most situations your system requires a 3rd party syslog forwarder to forward the event log to QRadar. This can require you to redirect traffic on your QRadar appliance to use the port defined by the UDP Multiline protocol. For more information, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Enabling the event log for Sun ONE Directory Server To collect events from Sun ONE Directory Server, you must enable the event log to write events to a file.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Sun ONE Directory Server console.
- Step 2** Click the **Configuration** tab.
- Step 3** From the navigation menu, select **Logs**.
- Step 4** Click the **Access Log** tab.
- Step 5** Select the **Enable Logging** check box.
- Step 6** Type or click **Browse** to identify the directory path for your Sun ONE Directory Server access logs.
- Step 7** Click **Save**.
- Step 8** The configuration of the access log for Sun ONE Directory Server is complete.

What to do next

You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source for Sun ONE LDAP To receive events, you must manually create a log source for your Sun ONE Directory Server as QRadar does not automatically discover log file protocol events.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Sun ONE LDAP**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 10** From the **Event Generator** list box, select **ID-Linked Multiline**.

Step 11 In the **Message ID Pattern** field, type **conn=(ld+)** as the regular expression that defines your multiline events.

Step 12 Configure the following values:

Table 86-2 Log File protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	<p>Type an IP address, hostname, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or hostnames are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify a log file to a unique event source.</p> <p>For example, if your network contains multiple devices, such as a management console or a file repository, you should specify the IP address or hostname of the device that created the event. This allows events to be identified at the device level in your network, instead of identifying the event for the management console or file repository.</p>
Service Type	<p>From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the device storing your event log files.
Remote Port	<p>Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. The valid range is 1 to 65535.</p> <p>The options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22 <p>Note: If the host for your event files is using a non-standard port number for FTP, SFTP, or SCP, you must adjust the port value accordingly.</p>
Remote User	<p>Type the user name necessary to log in to the host containing your event files.</p> <p>The username can be up to 255 characters in length.</p>
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password necessary to log in to the host.

Table 86-2 Log File protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in. <i>Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.</i>
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders. By default, the check box is clear. The Recursive option is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.
FTP File Pattern	If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing. For example, if you want to list all files starting with the word log, followed by one or more digits and ending with <code>tar.gz</code> , use the following entry: <code>log [0-9] + \ . tar \ . gz</code> . Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/
FTP Transfer Mode	This option only appears if you select FTP as the Service Type. The FTP Transfer Mode parameter allows you to define the file transfer mode when retrieving log files over FTP. From the list box, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Binary - Select Binary for log sources that require binary data files or compressed zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files. • ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer. <p>You must select NONE for the Processor parameter and LINEBYLINE the Event Generator parameter when using ASCII as the FTP Transfer Mode.</p>
SCP Remote File	If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.
Start Time	Type the time of day you want the processing to begin. This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.

Table 86-2 Log File protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Recurrence	Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D). For example, 2H if you want the directory to be scanned every 2 hours. The default is 1H.
Run On Save	Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save. After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule. Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.
Processor	If the files located on the remote host are stored in a zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format, select the processor that allows the archives to be expanded and contents processed.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track files that have already been processed and you do not want the files to be processed a second time. This only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define the local directory on your QRadar that you want to use for storing downloaded files during processing. Most configurations can leave this check box clear. When you select the check box, the Local Directory field is displayed, which allows you to configure a local directory to use for temporarily storing files.
Event Generator	Select ID-Linked Multiline to process to the retrieved event log as multiline events. The ID-Linked Multiline format processes multiline event logs that contain a common value at the start of each line in a multiline event message. This option displays the Message ID Pattern field that uses regex to identify and reassemble the multiline event in to single event payload.
Folder Separator	Type the character used to separate folders for your operating system. The default value is /. Most configurations can use the default value in Folder Separator field. This field is only used by operating systems that use an alternate character to define separate folders. For example, periods that separate folders on mainframe systems.

Step 13 Click **Save**.

Step 14 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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SYBASE ASE

You can integrate a Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) device with IBM Security QRadar SIEM to record all relevant events using JDBC.

To configure a Sybase ASE device:

Step 1 Configure Sybase auditing.

For information about configuring Sybase auditing, see your Sybase documentation.

Step 2 Log in to the Sybase database as an `sa` user:

```
isql -Usa -P<password>
```

Where `<password>` is the password necessary to access the database.

Step 3 Switch to the security database:

```
use sybsecurity
go
```

Step 4 Create a view for QRadar SIEM.

```
create view audit_view
as
select audit_event_name(event) as event_name, * from
<audit_table_1>
union
select audit_event_name(event) as event_name, * from
<audit_table_2>
go
```

Step 5 For each additional audit table in the audit configuration, make sure the union select parameter is repeated for each additional audit table.

For example, if you want to configure auditing with four audit tables (`sysaudits_01`, `sysaudits_02`, `sysaudits_03`, `sysaudits_04`), type the following:

```
create view audit_view as select audit_event_name(event) as
event_name, * from sysaudits_01
union select audit_event_name(event) as event_name, * from
sysaudits_02,
```

```

union select audit_event_name(event) as event_name, * from
sysaudits_03,
union select audit_event_name(event) as event_name, * from
sysaudits_04

```

You are now ready to configure the log source QRadar SIEM.

To configure QRadar SIEM to receive events from a Sybase ASE device:

Step 1 Log in to QRadar SIEM.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

The Data Sources panel is displayed.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

The Log Sources window is displayed.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

The Add a log source window is displayed.

Step 1 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Sybase ASE** option.

Step 2 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.

The JDBC protocol configuration is displayed.

Step 3 Update the JDBC configuration to include the following values:

a Database Name: `sybsecurity`

b Port: 5000 (Default)

c Username: `sa`

d Table Name: `audit_view`

e Compare Field: `eventtime`

The Database Name and Table Name parameters are case sensitive.

For more information on configuring log sources and protocols, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about the Sybase ASE device, see your vendor documentation.

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [Symantec Endpoint Protection](#)
- [Symantec SGS](#)
- [Symantec System Center](#)
- [Symantec Data Loss Prevention \(DLP\)](#)
- [Symantec PGP Universal Server](#)

Symantec Endpoint Protection

The Symantec Endpoint Protection DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

QRadar records all Audit and Security log events. Before configuring a Symantec Endpoint Protection device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog events.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Symantec Endpoint Protection Manager
- Step 2** On the left panel, click the **Admin** icon.
The View Servers option is displayed.
- Step 3** From the bottom of the View Servers panel, click **Servers**.
- Step 4** From the View Servers panel, click **Local Site**.
- Step 5** From the Tasks panel, click **Configure External Logging**.
- Step 6** On the **Generals** tab:
 - Select the **Enable Transmission of Logs to a Syslog Server** check box.
 - In the Syslog Server field, type the IP address of your QRadar you want to parse the logs.
 - In the **UDP Destination Port** field, type **514**.
 - In the **Log Facility** field, type **6**.
- Step 7** In the Log Filter tab:
 - Under the Management Server Logs, select the **Audit Logs** check box.

- b Under the Client Log panel, select the **Security Logs** check box.
- c Under the Client Log panel, select the **Risks** check box.

Step 8 Click **OK**.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Symantec Endpoint Protection device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Symantec Endpoint Protection** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Symantec SGS

The Symantec Gateway Security (SGS) Appliance DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts SGS events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant events from SGS. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with an SGS, you must configure syslog within your SGS appliance. For more information on Symantec SGS, see your vendor documentation.

After you configure syslog to forward events to QRadar, the configuration is complete. Events forward from Symantec SGS to QRadar using syslog are automatically discovered. However, if you want to manually create a log source for Symantec SGS:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Symantec Gateway Security (SGS) Appliance** option.

For more information on configuring devices, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Symantec System Center

The Symantec System Center (SSC) DSM for IBM Security QRadar retrieves events from an SSC database using a custom view created for QRadar.

QRadar records all SSC events. You must configure the SSC database with a user that has read and write privileges for the custom QRadar view to be able to poll the view for information. Symantec System Center (SSC) only supports the JDBC protocol.

Configuring a database view for Symantec System Center

A database view is required by the JDBC protocol to poll for SSC events.

Procedure

- Step 1** In the Microsoft SQL Server database used by the SSC device, configure a custom default view to support QRadar:

The database name must not contain any spaces.

```
CREATE VIEW dbo.vw_qradar AS SELECT
    dbo.alerts.Idx AS idx,
    dbo.inventory.IP_Address AS ip,
    dbo.inventory.Computer AS computer_name,
    dbo.virus.Virusname AS virus_name,
    dbo.alerts.Filepath AS filepath,
    dbo.alerts.NoOfViruses AS no_of_virus,
    dbo.actualaction.Actualaction AS [action],
    dbo.alerts.Alertdatetime AS [date],
    dbo.clientuser.Clientuser AS user_name FROM
    dbo.alerts INNER JOIN
    dbo.virus ON dbo.alerts.Virusname_Idx =
    dbo.virus.Virusname_Idx INNER JOIN
    dbo.inventory ON dbo.alerts.Computer_Idx =
    dbo.inventory.Computer_Idx INNER JOIN
    dbo.actualaction ON dbo.alerts.Actualaction_Idx =
    dbo.actualaction.Actualaction_Idx INNER JOIN
    dbo.clientuser ON dbo.alerts.Clientuser_Idx =
    dbo.clientuser.Clientuser_Idx
```

After you create your custom view, you must configure QRadar to receive event information using the JDBC protocol.

- Configuring a log source** To configure QRadar to access the SSC database using the JDBC protocol.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** Using the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Symantec System Center**.
- Step 7** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **JDBC**.
- Step 8** Configure the following:

Table 88-1 Symantec System Center JDBC Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the identifier for the log source. Type the log source identifier in the following format: <SSC Database>@<SSC Database Server IP or Host Name> Where: <SSC Database> is the database name, as entered in the Database Name parameter. <SSC Database Server IP or Host Name> is the hostname or IP address for this log source, as entered in the IP or Hostname parameter.
Database Type	From the list box, select MSDE .
Database Name	Type Reporting as the name of the Symantec System Center database.
IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the Symantec System Center SQL Server.
Port	Type the port number used by the database server. The default port for MSDE is 1433. The JDBC configuration port must match the listener port of the Symantec System Center database. The Symantec System Center database must have incoming TCP connections enabled to communicate with QRadar. Note: If you define a Database Instance when using MSDE as the database type, you must leave the Port parameter blank in your configuration.
Username	Type the username required to access the database.
Password	Type the password required to access the database. The password can be up to 255 characters in length.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password required to access the database. The confirmation password must be identical to the password entered in the Password parameter.
Authentication Domain	If you select MSDE as the Database Type and the database is configured for Windows, you must define a Windows Authentication Domain. Otherwise, leave this field blank.
Database Instance	Optional. Type the database instance, if you have multiple SQL server instances on your database server. Note: If you use a non-standard port in your database configuration, or have blocked access to port 1434 for SQL database resolution, you must leave the Database Instance parameter blank in your configuration.
Table Name	Type vw_qradar as the name of the table or view that includes the event records.

Table 88-1 Symantec System Center JDBC Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Select List	Type * for all fields from the table or view. You can use a comma separated list to define specific tables or views, if required for your configuration. The comma separated list can be up to 255 alphanumeric characters in length. The list can include the following special characters: dollar sign (\$), number sign (#), underscore (_), en dash (-), and period(.).
Compare Field	Type idx as the compare field. The compare field is used to identify new events added between queries to the table.
Start Date and Time	Optional. Type the start date and time for database polling. The Start Date and Time parameter must be formatted as yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm with HH specified using a 24 hour clock. If the start date or time is clear, polling begins immediately and repeats at the specified polling interval.
Use Prepared Statements	Select this check box to use prepared statements. Prepared statements allows the JDBC protocol source to setup the SQL statement one time, then run the SQL statement many times with different parameters. For security and performance reasons, we recommend that you use prepared statements. Clearing this check box requires you to use an alternative method of querying that does not use pre-compiled statements.
Polling Interval	Type the polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the event table. The default polling interval is 10 seconds. You can define a longer polling interval by appending H for hours or M for minutes to the numeric value. The maximum polling interval is 1 week in any time format. Numeric values entered without an H or M poll in seconds.
EPS Throttle	Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The default value is 20000 EPS.
Use Named Pipe Communication	Clear the Use Named Pipe Communications check box. When using a Named Pipe connection, the username and password must be the appropriate Windows authentication username and password and not the database username and password. Also, you must use the default Named Pipe.
Database Cluster Name	If you select the Use Named Pipe Communication check box, the Database Cluster Name parameter is displayed. If you are running your SQL server in a cluster environment, define the cluster name to ensure Named Pipe communication functions properly.

Note: Selecting a value for the Credibility parameter greater than 5 will weight your Symantec System Center log source with a higher importance compared to other log sources in QRadar.

Step 9 Click **Save**.

Step 10 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Symantec Data Loss Prevention (DLP)

The Symantec Data Loss Protection (DLP) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events from a Symantec DLP appliance using syslog.

Before configuring QRadar, you must configure response rules on your Symantec DLP. The response rule allows the Symantec DLP appliance to forward syslog events to QRadar when a data loss policy violation occurs. Integrating Symantec DLP requires you to create two protocol response rules (SMTP and None of SMTP) for QRadar. These protocol response rules create an action to forward the event information, using syslog, when an incident is triggered.

To configure Symantec DLP with QRadar, you must:

- 1 Create an SMTP response rule.
- 2 Create a None of SMTP response rule.
- 3 Configure a log source in QRadar.
- 4 Map Symantec DLP events in QRadar.

Creating an SMTP response rule

To configure an SMTP response rule in Symantec DLP:

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Symantec DLP user interface.
- Step 2** From the menu, select the **Manage > Policies > Response Rules**.
- Step 3** Click **Add Response Rule**.
- Step 4** Select one of the following response rule types:
 - **Automated Response** - Automated response rules are triggered automatically as incidents occur. This is the default value.
 - **Smart Response** - Smart response rules are added to the Incident Command screen and handled by an authorized Symantec DLP user.
- Step 5** Click **Next**.
- Step 6** Configure the following values:
 - a **Rule Name** - Type a name for the rule you are creating. This name should be descriptive enough for policy authors to identify the rule. For example, `QRadar Syslog SMTP`.
 - b **Description** - Optional. Type a description for the rule you are creating.
- Step 7** Click **Add Condition**.
- Step 8** On the **Conditions** panel, select the following conditions:
 - From the first list box, select **Protocol or Endpoint Monitoring**.
 - From the second list box, select **Is Any Of**.
 - From the third list box, select **SMTP**.

Step 9 On the **Actions** panel, click **Add Action**.

Step 10 From the **Actions** list box, select **All: Log to a Syslog Server**.

Step 11 Configure the following options:

a **Host** - Type the IP address of your QRadar.

b **Port** - Type **514** as the syslog port.

c **Message** -Type the following string to add a message for SMTP events.

```
LEEF:1.0 | Symantec | DLP | 2:medium | $POLICY$ | suser=$SENDER$ | duser=$
RECIPIENTS$ | rules=$RULES$ | matchCount=$MATCH_COUNT$ | blocked=$
BLOCKED$ | incidentID=$INCIDENT_ID$ | incidentSnapshot=$INCIDENT_
SNAPSHOT$ | subject=$SUBJECT$ | fileName=$FILE_NAME$ | parentPath=$
PARENT_PATH$ | path=$PATH$ | quarantineParentPath=$QUARANTINE_PAR
ENT_PATH$ | scan=$SCAN$ | target=$TARGET$
```

d **Level** - From this list box, select **6 - Informational**.

Step 12 Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure your None Of SMTP response rule.

Creating a none of SMTP response rule

To configure a None Of SMTP response rule in Symantec DLP:

Procedure

Step 1 From the menu, select the **Manage > Policies > Response Rules**.

Step 2 Click **Add Response Rule**.

Step 3 Select one of the following response rule types:

- **Automated Response** - Automated response rules are triggered automatically as incidents occur. This is the default value.
- **Smart Response** - Smart response rules are added to the Incident Command screen and handled by an authorized Symantec DLP user.

Step 4 Click **Next**.

Step 5 Configure the following values:

- Rule Name** - Type a name for the rule you are creating. This name should be descriptive enough for policy authors to identify the rule. For example, `QRadar Syslog None Of SMTP`.
- Description** - Optional. Type a description for the rule you are creating.

Step 6 Click **Add Condition**.

Step 7 On the **Conditions** panel, select the following conditions:

- From the first list box, select **Protocol or Endpoint Monitoring**.
- From the second list box, select **Is Any Of**.
- From the third list box, select **None Of SMTP**.

Step 8 On the **Actions** panel, click **Add Action**.

Step 9 From the **Actions** list box, select **All: Log to a Syslog Server**.

Step 10 Configure the following options:

- a **Host** - Type the IP address of your QRadar.
- b **Port** - Type **514** as the syslog port.
- c **Message** - Type the following string to add a message for None Of SMTP events.

```
LEEF:1.0 | Symantec | DLP | 2:medium | $POLICY$ | src=$SENDER$ | dst=$RECIPIENTS$ | rules=$RULES$ | matchCount=$MATCH_COUNT$ | blocked=$BLOCKED$ | incidentID=$INCIDENT_ID$ | incidentSnapshot=$INCIDENT_SNAPSHOT$ | subject=$SUBJECT$ | fileName=$FILE_NAME$ | parentPath=$PARENT_PATH$ | path=$PATH$ | quarantineParentPath=$QUARANTINE_PARENT_PATH$ | scan=$SCAN$ | target=$TARGET$
```

- d **Level** - From this list box, select **6 - Informational**.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure QRadar.

Configuring a log source

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

QRadar automatically detects syslog events for the SMTP and None of SMTP response rules you created. However, if you want to manually configure QRadar to receive events from a Symantec DLP appliance:

- From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Symantec DLP** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about Symantec DLP, see your vendor documentation.

Creating an event map for Symantec DLP events

Event mapping is required for a number of Symantec DLP events. Due to the customizable nature of policy rules, most events, except the default policy events do not contain a predefined QRadar Identifier (QID) map to categorize security events.

You can individually map each event for your device to an event category in QRadar. Mapping events allows QRadar to identify, coalesce, and track reoccurring events from your network devices. Until you map an event, all events that are displayed in the **Log Activity** tab for Symantec DLP are categorized as unknown. Unknown events are easily identified as the Event Name column and Low Level Category columns display Unknown.

Discovering unknown events

As your device forwards events to QRadar, it can take time to categorize all of the events for a device, as some events might not be generated immediately by the event source appliance or software. It is helpful to know how to quickly search for unknown events. When you know how to search for unknown events, we

recommend you repeat this search until you are comfortable that you have identified the majority of your events.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 1** Click the **Log Activity** tab.
- Step 2** Click **Add Filter**.
- Step 3** From the first list box, select **Log Source**.
- Step 4** From the **Log Source Group** list box, select the log source group or **Other**.
Log sources that are not assigned to a group are categorized as Other.
- Step 5** From the **Log Source** list box, select your Symantec DLP log source.
- Step 6** Click **Add Filter**.

The **Log Activity** tab is displayed with a filter for your log source.

- Step 7** From the **View** list box, select **Last Hour**.
Any events generated by the Symantec DLP DSM in the last hour are displayed. Events displayed as unknown in the Event Name column or Low Level Category column require event mapping in QRadar.

Note: You can save your existing search filter by clicking **Save Criteria**.

You are now ready to modify the event map.

Modifying the event map

Modifying an event map allows you to manually categorize events to a QRadar Identifier (QID) map. Any event categorized to a log source can be remapped to a new QRadar Identifier (QID).

Note: Events that do not have a defined log source cannot be mapped to an event. Events without a log source display SIM Generic Log in the Log Source column.

Procedure

- Step 1** On the Event Name column, double-click an unknown event for Symantec DLP.
The detailed event information is displayed.
- Step 2** Click **Map Event**.
- Step 3** From the Browse for QID pane, select any of the following search options to narrow the event categories for a QRadar Identifier (QID):
 - a** From the **High-Level Category** list box, select a high-level event categorization.
For a full list of high-level and low-level event categories or category definitions, see the Event Categories section of the *IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide*.
 - b** From the **Low-Level Category** list box, select a low-level event categorization.
 - c** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select a log source type.

The **Log Source Type** list box allows you to search for QIDs from other log sources. Searching for QIDs by log source is useful when events are similar to another existing network device. For example, Symantec provides policy and data loss prevention events, you might select another product that likely captures similar events.

- d To search for a QID by name, type a name in the **QID/Name** field.

The QID/Name field allows you to filter the full list of QIDs for a specific word, for example, policy.

Step 4 Click **Search**.

A list of QIDs are displayed.

Step 5 Select the QID you want to associate to your unknown event.

Step 6 Click **OK**.

QRadar maps any additional events forwarded from your device with the same QID that matches the event payload. The event count increases each time the event is identified by QRadar.

If you update an event with a new QRadar Identifier (QID) map, past events stored in QRadar are not updated. Only new events are categorized with the new QID.

Symantec PGP Universal Server

The PGP Universal Server DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events from PGP Universal Servers.

Supported event types

QRadar accepts all relevant events from the following categories:

- Administration
- Software updates
- Clustering
- Backups
- Web Messenger
- Verified Directory
- Postfix
- Client logs
- Mail

Before you can integrate PGP Universal Server events with QRadar, you must enable and configure PGP Universal Server to forward syslog events to QRadar.

Configure syslog for PGP Universal Server

To enable external logging to forward syslog events to QRadar:

Procedure

- Step 1** In a web browser, log in to your PGP server's administrative interface.
`https://<PGP Server IP address>:9000`
- Step 2** Click **Settings**.
- Step 3** Select the **Enable External Syslog** check box.
- Step 4** From the **Protocol** list box, select the either **UDP** or **TCP**.
 By default, QRadar uses port 514 to receive UDP syslog or TCP syslog event messages.
- Step 5** In the **Hostname** field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 6** In the **Port** field, type **514**.
- Step 7** Click **Save**.
 The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as PGP Universal Server events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by the PGP Universal Servers are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configure a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from PGP Universal Servers. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **PGP Universal Server**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 88-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your PGP Universal Server.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

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SYMARK

Symark PowerBroker logs all events to a multi-line format in a single event log file, which is viewed using Symark's pblog utility.

PowerBroker pblogs must be re-formatted using a script and forwarded to IBM Security QRadar. This configuration requires you download and configure a script for your Symark PowerBroker appliance before you can forward events to QRadar.

Configure Symark PowerBroker

To configure a Symark PowerBroker device to forward syslog to QRadar:

Step 1 On the IBM support website, download the following file:

```
pbforwarder.pl.gz
```

The script can be downloaded from the following website:

<http://www.ibm.com/support>

Step 2 Copy the file to the device that hosts Symark PowerBroker.

Note: Perl 5.8 must be installed on the device that hosts Symark PowerBroker.

Step 3 Type the following command to extract the file:

```
gzip -d pbforwarder.pl.gz
```

Step 4 Type the following command to set the script file permissions:

```
chmod +x pbforwarder.pl
```

Step 5 Using SSH, log in to the device that hosts Symark PowerBroker.

The credentials used to log in must have read, write, and execute permissions for the log file.

Step 6 Type the appropriate parameters:

Table 89-1 Command Parameters

Parameters	Description
-h	The -h parameter defines the syslog host receiving the events from Symark PowerBroker. This is the IP address of your QRadar or Event Collector.

Table 89-1 Command Parameters (continued)

Parameters	Description
-t	The -t parameter defines that the command-line is used to tail the log file and monitor for new output from the listener. For PowerBroker this must be specified as " <code>pblog -l -t</code> ".
-p	The -p parameter defines the TCP port to be used when forwarding events. If nothing is specified, the default is port 514.
-H	The -H parameter defines the hostname or IP address for the syslog header of all sent events. It is recommended that this be the IP address of the Symark PowerBroker.
-r	The -r parameter defines the directory name where you want to create the process ID (.pid) file. The default is /var/run. This parameter is ignored if -D is specified.
-l	The -l parameter defines the directory name where you want to create the lock file. The default is /var/lock. This parameter is ignored if -D is specified.
-D	The -D parameter defines that the script should run in the foreground. The default setting is to run as a daemon and log all internal messages to the local syslog service.
-f	The -f parameter defines the syslog facility and (optionally) the severity for messages sent to the Event Collector. If no value is specified, <code>user.info</code> is used.
-a	The -a parameter enables an AIX compatible ps method. This command is only required when using Symark PowerBroker on AIX systems.
-d	The -d parameter enables debug logging.
-v	The -v parameter displays the script version information.

Step 7 Type the following command to start the pbforwarder.pl script.

```
pbforwarder.pl -h <IP address> -t "pblog -l -t"
```

Where <IP address> is the IP address of your QRadar or Event Collector.

Step 8 Type the following command to stop the pbforwarder.pl script:

```
kill -QUIT `cat /var/run/pbforwarder.pl.pid`
```

Step 9 Type the following command to reconnect the pbforwarder.pl script:

```
kill -HUP `cat /var/run/pbforwarder.pl.pid`
```

QRadar automatically detects and creates a log source from the syslog events forwarded from a Symark PowerBroker.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and identifies most incoming syslog events from external sources. The following configuration steps are optional.

To create a log source:

- Step 1** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 2** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
The Data Sources panel is displayed.
- Step 3** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
The Log Sources window is displayed.
- Step 4** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your Symark PowerBroker log source.
- Step 5** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 6** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Symark PowerBroker**.
- Step 7** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
The syslog protocol parameters are displayed.
- Step 8** Configure the following values:

Table 89-2 Adding a Syslog Log Source

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your Symark PowerBroker appliance.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, this check box is selected.
Credibility	From the list box, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 to 10. The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list box, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events. Automatically discovered log sources use the default value configured in the Coalescing Events list box in the System Settings window, which is accessible on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source. For more information on Settings, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide</i> .

Table 89-2 Adding a Syslog Log Source (continued)

Parameter	Description
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable or disable QRadar from storing the event payload. Automatically discovered log sources use the default value from the Store Event Payload list box in the System Settings window, which is accessible on the Admin tab. However, when you create a new log source or update the configuration for an automatically discovered log source you can override the default value by configuring this check box for each log source. For more information on Settings, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide</i> .

Step 9 Click **Save**.

Step 10 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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THREATGRID MALWARE THREAT INTELLIGENCE PLATFORM

The ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence Platform DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects malware events by using the log file protocol or syslog.

Supported versions of ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence

QRadar supports ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence Platform appliances with v2.0 software that use the QRadar Log Enhanced Event Format (LEEF) Creation script.

Supported event collection protocols for ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence

ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence Platform writes malware events that are readable by QRadar.

The LEEF creation script is configured on the ThreatGRID appliance and queries the ThreatGRID API to write LEEF events that are readable by QRadar. The event collection protocol your log source uses to collect malware events is based on the script you install on your ThreatGRID appliance.

Two script options are available for collecting LEEF formatted events:

- **Syslog** - The syslog version of the LEEF creation script allows your ThreatGRID appliance to forward events directly to QRadar. Events that are forwarded by the syslog script are automatically discovered by QRadar.
- **Log File** - The Log File protocol version of the LEEF creation script allows the ThreatGRID appliance to write malware events to a file. QRadar uses the Log File protocol to communicate with the event log host to retrieve and parse malware events.

The LEEF creation script is available from ThreatGRID customer support. For more information, see the ThreatGRID website (<http://www.threatgrid.com>) or email ThreatGRID support at support@threatgrid.com.

ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence configuration overview

To integrate ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence events with QRadar, you must complete the following tasks:

- 1 Download the QRadar Log Enhanced Event Format Creation script for your collection type from the ThreatGRID support website to your appliance.
- 2 On your ThreatGRID appliance, install and configure the script to poll the ThreatGRID API for events.
- 3 On your QRadar appliance, configure a log source to collect events based on the script you installed on your ThreatGRID appliance.
- 4 Ensure that no firewall rules block communication between your ThreatGRID installation and the QRadar Console or managed host that is responsible for retrieving events.

Configuring a ThreatGRID syslog log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for malware events that are forwarded from the ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence Platform. This procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **ThreatGRID Malware Intelligence Platform**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 90-3 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your ThreatGRID Malware Intelligence Platform. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.

Table 90-3 Syslog protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Credibility	From the list box, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10. The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list box, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events. By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list box from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list box, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information. By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list box from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

Malware events that are forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a ThreatGRID log file protocol log source

To use the log file protocol to collect events, you must configure a log source in QRadar to poll for the event log that contains your malware events.

Procedure

Step 13 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 14 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 15 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 16 Click **Add**.

Step 17 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.

Step 18 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 19 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence Platform**.

Step 20 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.

Step 21 Configure the following values:

Table 90-4 Log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, host name, or name to identify the event source. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Service Type	From the list box, select the protocol that you want to use to retrieve log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy Protocol The SCP and SFTP service type requires that the host server in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or host name of the ThreatGRID server that contains your event log files.
Remote Port	Type the port number for the protocol that is selected to retrieve the event logs from your ThreatGRID server. The valid range is 1 - 65535. The list of default service type port numbers: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP - TCP Port 21 • SFTP - TCP Port 22 • SCP - TCP Port 22
Remote User	Type the user name that is required to log in to the ThreatGRID web server that contains your audit event logs. The user name can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password to log in to your ThreatGRID server.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password to log in to your ThreatGRID server
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type , use this parameter to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password field is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved, relative to the user account you are using to log in. Note: For FTP only. If your log files are in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. Blank values in the Remote Directory field support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.

Table 90-4 Log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Recursive	<p>Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders in the remote directory. By default, the check box is clear.</p> <p>The Recursive parameter is ignored if you configure SCP as the Service Type.</p>
FTP File Pattern	<p>Type the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files that are specified in the Remote Directory. All files that match the regular expression are retrieved and processed.</p> <p>The FTP file pattern must match the name that you assigned to your ThreatGRID event log. For example, to collect files that start with leaf or LEEF and ends with a text file extension, type the following value:</p> <pre>(leaf LEEF)+.*\.txt</pre> <p>Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). This parameter applies to log sources that are configured to use FTP or SFTP.</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>If you select FTP as the Service Type, from the list box, select ASCII.</p> <p>ASCII is required for text-based event logs.</p>
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type, type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type a time value to represent the time of day you want the log file protocol to start. The start time is based on a 24 hour clock and uses the following format: HH:MM.</p> <p>For example, type 00:00 to schedule the Log File protocol to collect event files at midnight.</p> <p>This parameter functions with the Recurrence field value to establish when your ThreatGRID server is polled for new event log files.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency that you want to scan the remote directory on your ThreatGRID server for new event log files. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H to scan the remote directory every 2 hours from the start time. The default recurrence value is 1H. The minimum time interval is 15M.</p>
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save.</p> <p>After the save action completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	<p>Type the number of events per second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 - 5000.</p>

Table 90-4 Log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	<p>From the list box, select NONE.</p> <p>Processors allow event file archives to be expanded and processed for their events. Files are processed after they are downloaded. QRadar can process files in <i>zip</i>, <i>gzip</i>, <i>tar</i>, or <i>tar+gzip</i> archive format.</p>
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	<p>Select this check box to track and ignore files that are already processed.</p> <p>QRadar examines the log files in the remote directory to determine whether the event log was processed by the log source. If a previously processed file is detected, the log source does not download the file. Only new or unprocessed event log files are downloaded by QRadar.</p> <p>This option applies to FTP and SFTP service types.</p>
Change Local Directory?	<p>Select this check box to define a local directory on your QRadar appliance to store event log files during processing.</p> <p>In most scenarios, you can leave this check box not selected. When this check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed. You can configure a local directory to temporarily store event log files. After the event log is processed, the events added to QRadar and event logs in the local directory are deleted.</p>
Event Generator	<p>From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine.</p> <p>The Event Generator applies extra processing to the retrieved event files. Each line of the file is a single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.</p>

Step 22 Click **Save**.

Step 23 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

Malware events that are retrieved by the log source are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

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TIPPING POINT

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [Tipping Point Intrusion Prevention System](#)
- [Tipping Point X505/X506 Device](#)

Tipping Point Intrusion Prevention System

The Tipping Point Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Tipping Point events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant events from either a Local Security Management (LMS) device or multiple devices with a Security Management System (SMS).

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with Tipping Point, you must configure your device based on type:

- If you are using an SMS, see [Configure remote syslog for SMS](#).
- If you are using an LSM, see [Configure notification contacts for LSM](#).

Configure remote syslog for SMS

To configure Tipping Point for SMS, you must enable and configure your appliance to forward events to a remote host using syslog.

To configure your Tipping Point SMS:

- Step 1** Log in to the Tipping Point system.
- Step 2** On the Admin Navigation menu, select **Server Properties**.
- Step 3** Select the **Management** tab.
- Step 4** Click **Add**.
The Edit Syslog Notification window is displayed.
- Step 5** Select the **Enable** check box.
- Step 6** Configure the following values:
 - Syslog Server** - Type the IP address of the QRadar to receive syslog event messages.
 - Port** - Type **514** as the port address.
 - Log Type** - Select **SMS 2.0 / 2.1 Syslog format** from the list box.

- d **Facility** - Select **Log Audit** from the list box.
- e **Severity** - Select **Severity in Event** from the list box.
- f **Delimiter** - Select **TAB** as the delimiter for the generated logs.
- g **Include Timestamp in Header** - Select **Use original event timestamp**.

Step 7 Select the **Include SMS Hostname in Header** check box.

Step 8 Click **OK**.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Tipping Point device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Tipping Point Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Tipping Point device, see your vendor documentation.

Configure notification contacts for LSM

To configure LSM notification contacts:

Step 1 Log in to the Tipping Point system.

Step 2 From the LSM menu, select **IPS > Action Sets**.

The IPS Profile - Action Sets window is displayed.

Step 3 Click the **Notification Contacts** tab.

Step 4 In the **Contacts List**, click **Remote System Log**.

The Edit Notification Contact page is displayed.

Step 5 Configure the following values:

- a **Syslog Server** - Type the IP address of the QRadar to receive syslog event messages.
- b **Port** - Type 514 as the port address.
- c **Alert Facility** - Select **none** or a numeric value **0-31** from the list box. Syslog uses these numbers to identify the message source.
- d **Block Facility** - Select **none** or a numeric value **0-31** from the list box. Syslog uses these numbers to identify the message source.
- e **Delimiter** - Select **TAB** from the list box.

Step 6 Click **Add to table below**.

Step 7 Configure a Remote system log aggregation period in minutes.

Note: If your QRadar resides in a different subnet than your Tipping Point device, you might have to add static routes. For more information, see your vendor documentation.

Step 8 Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure the action set for your LSM, see [Configuring an Action Set for LSM](#).

Configuring an Action Set for LSM

To configure an action set for your LSM:

Step 1 Log in to the Tipping Point system.

Step 2 From the LSM menu, select **IPS > Action Sets**.

The IPS Profile - Action Sets window is displayed.

Step 3 Click **Create Action Set**.

The Create/Edit Action Set window is displayed.

Step 4 Type the Action Set Name.

Step 5 For Actions, select a flow control action setting:

- **Permit** - Allows traffic.
- **Rate Limit** - Limits the speed of traffic. If you select Rate Limit, you must also select the desired rate.
- **Block** - Does not permit traffic.
- **TCP Reset** - When used with the Block action, resets the source, destination, or both IP addresses of an attack. This option resets blocked TCP flows.
- **Quarantine** - When used with the Block action, blocks an IP address (source or destination) that triggers the filter.

Step 6 Select the **Remote System Log** check box for each action you have selected.

Step 7 Click **Create**.

Step 8 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Tipping Point device.

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Tipping Point Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Tipping Point device, see your vendor documentation.

Tipping Point X505/X506 Device	The Tipping Point X505/X506 DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.
Supported event types	QRadar records all relevant system, audit, VPN, and firewall session events.
Configure syslog	<p>To configure your device to forward events to QRadar:</p> <p>Step 1 Log in to the Tipping Point X505/X506 device.</p> <p>Step 2 From the LSM menu, select System > Configuration > Syslog Servers. The Syslog Servers window is displayed.</p> <p>Step 3 For each log type you want to forward, select a check box and type the IP address of your QRadar.</p> <p>Note: If your QRadar resides in a different subnet than your Tipping Point device, you might have to add static routes. For more information, see your vendor documentation.</p> <p>Step 4 You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.</p> <p>To configure QRadar to receive events from a Tipping Point X505/X506 device:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ From the Log Source Type list box, select the Tipping Point X Series Appliances option. <p>For more information on configuring log sources, see the <i>IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide</i>.</p> <p>Note: If you have a previously configured Tipping Point X505/X506 DSM installed and configured on your QRadar, the Tipping Point X Series Appliances option is still displayed in the Log Source Type list box. However, any new Tipping Point X505/X506 DSM you configure, you must select the Tipping Point Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) option.</p>

TOP LAYER IPS

The Top Layer IPS DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Top Layer IPS events using syslog.

QRadar records and processes Top Layer events. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Top Layer device, you must configure syslog within your Top Layer IPS device. For more information on configuring Top Layer, see your Top Layer documentation.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Top Layer IPS events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Top Layer IPS are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Top Layer IPS device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Top Layer Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Top Layer device, see your vendor documentation.

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [Trend Micro InterScan VirusWall](#)
- [Trend Micro Control Manager](#)
- [Trend Micro Office Scan](#)
- [Trend Micro Deep Discovery](#)

Trend Micro InterScan VirusWall

The Trend Micro InterScan VirusWall DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

You can integrate InterScan VirusWall logs with QRadar using the Adaptive Log Exporter. For more information on the Adaptive Log Exporter, see the *IBM Security QRadar Adaptive Log Exporter Users Guide*.

After you configure the Adaptive Log Exporter, the configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Trend Micro InterScan VirusWall events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by Trend Micro InterScan VirusWall are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

To manually configure QRadar to receive events from an InterScan VirusWall device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Trend InterScan VirusWall** option.

For more information on configuring devices, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Trend Micro InterScan VirusWall device, see your vendor documentation.

Trend Micro Control Manager

You can integrate a Trend Micro Control Manager device with IBM Security QRadar.

A Trend Micro Control Manager accepts events using SNMPv1 or SNMPv2. Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Trend Micro Control Manager device, you must configure a log source, then configure SNMP trap settings for your Trend Micro Control Manager.

Configure a log source

QRadar does not automatically discover SNMP events from Trend Micro Control Manager.

You must configure an SNMP log source for your Trend Micro Control Manager to use the SNMPv1 or SNMPv2 protocol. SNMPv3 is not supported by Trend Micro Control Manager.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Trend Micro Control Manager**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **SNMPv2**.
SNMPv3 is not supported by Trend Micro Control Manager.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 93-1 SNMPv2 protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Trend Micro Control Manager appliance.
Community	Type the SNMP community name required to access the system containing SNMP events. The default is Public.
Include OIDs in Event Payload	Clear the Include OIDs in Event Payload check box, if selected. This options allows the SNMP event payload to be constructed using name-value pairs instead of the standard event payload format. Including OIDs in the event payload is required for processing SNMPv2 or SNMPv3 events from certain DSMs.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Configure SNMP traps

To configure SNMP traps for Trend Micro Control Manager:

Note: Trend Micro Control Manager v5.5 requires hotfix 1697 or hotfix 1713 after Service Pack 1 Patch 1 to provide correctly formatted SNMPv2c events. For more information, see your vendor documentation.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Trend Micro Control Manager device.

Step 2 Select **Administration > Settings > Event Center Settings**.

Step 3 Set the SNMP trap notifications:

- a In the **SNMP Trap Settings** field, type the Community Name.
- b Type the QRadar server IP address.

Step 4 Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure events in the Event Center.

Step 1 Select **Administration > Event Center**.

Step 2 From the Event Category list, expand **Alert**.

Step 3 Click **Recipients** for an alert.

Step 4 In Notification methods, select the **SNMP Trap Notification** check box.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

The Edit Recipients Result window is displayed.

Step 6 Click **OK**.

Step 7 Repeat **Step 2** to **Step 6** for every alert that requires an SNMP Trap Notification.

The configuration is complete. Events from Trend Micro Control Manager are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar. For more information on Trend Micro Control Manager, see your vendor documentation.

Trend Micro Office Scan

A Trend Micro Office Scan DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using SNMPv2.

QRadar records events relevant to virus and spyware events. Before configuring a Trend Micro device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward SNMPv2 events.

QRadar has two options for integrating with a Trend Micro device depending on your device version:

- [Integrating with Trend Micro Office Scan 8.x](#)
- [Integrating with Trend Micro Office Scan 10.x](#)

Integrating with Trend Micro Office Scan 8.x

To integrate a Trend Micro Office Scan 8.x device with QRadar:

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Office Scan Administration interface.
- Step 2** Select **Notifications**.
- Step 3** Configure the General Settings for SNMP Traps:
 - a In the **Server IP Address** field, type the IP address of the QRadar.

Note: Do not change the community trap information.

 - b Click **Save**.
- Step 4** Configure the Standard Alert Notification:
 - a Select **Standard Notifications**.
 - b Click the **SNMP Trap** tab.
 - c Select the **Enable notification via SNMP Trap for Virus/Malware Detections** check box.
 - d Type the following message in the field (this should be the default):


```
Virus/Malware: %v
Computer: %s
Domain: %m
File: %p
Date/Time: %y
Result: %a
```
 - e Select the **Enable notification via SNMP Trap for Spyware/Grayware Detections** check box.
 - f Type the following message in the field (this should be the default):


```
Spyware/Grayware: %v
Computer: %s
Domain: %m
Date/Time: %y
Result: %a
```


Step 5 Click **Save**.

Step 6 Configure Outbreak Alert Notifications:

- a Select **Out Notifications**.
- b Click the **SNMP Trap** tab.
- c Select the **Enable notification via SNMP Trap for Virus/Malware Outbreaks** check box.
- d Type the following message in the field (this should be the default):


```
Number of viruses/malware: %CV
Number of computers: %CC
Log Type Exceeded: %A
Number of firewall violation logs: %C
Number of shared folder sessions: %S
Time Period: %T
```
- e Select the **Enable notification via SNMP Trap for Spyware/Grayware Outbreaks** check box.
- f Type the following message in the field (this should be the default):


```
Number of spyware/grayware: %CV
Number of computers: %CC
Log Type Exceeded: %A
Number of firewall violation logs: %C
Number of shared folder sessions: %S
Time Period: %T
```
- g Click **Save**.

Step 7 You are now ready to configure the log sources in QRadar.

To configure the Trend Micro Office Scan device:

Step 1 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Trend Micro Office Scan** option.

Step 2 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select the **SNMPv2** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Integrating with Trend Micro Office Scan 10.x

Before you configure QRadar to integrate with a Trend Micro Office Scan 10.x device, you must:

- 1 Configure the SNMP settings for Trend Micro Office Scan 10.x.
- 2 Configure standard notifications.
- 3 Configure outbreak criteria and alert notifications.

Configure General Settings

To integrate a Trend Micro Office Scan 10.x device with QRadar:

- Step 1** Log in to the Office Scan Administration interface.
- Step 2** Select **Notifications > Administrator Notifications > General Settings**.
- Step 3** Configure the General Settings for SNMP Traps:
 - a In the **Server IP Address** field, type the IP address of your QRadar.
 - b Type a community name for your Trend Micro Office Scan device.
 - c Click **Save**.

You must now configure the Standard Notifications for Office Scan.

Configure Standard Notifications

To configure standard notifications:

- Step 1** Select **Notifications > Administrator Notifications > Standard Notifications**.
- Step 2** Define the **Criteria** settings.
 - a Click the **Criteria** tab.
 - b Select the option to alert administrators on the detection of virus/malware and spyware/grayware, or when the action on these security risks is unsuccessful.
- Step 3** To enable notifications:
 - a Configure the **SNMP Trap** tab.
 - b Select the **Enable notification via SNMP Trap** check box.
 - c Type the following message in the field:

```
Virus/Malware: %v
Spyware/Grayware: %T
Computer: %s
IP address: %i
Domain: %m
File: %p
Date/Time: %y
Result: %a
User name: %n
```

- Step 4** Click **Save**.

You must now configure Outbreak Notifications.

Configure Outbreak Criteria and Alert Notifications

To configure outbreak criteria and alert notifications:

- Step 1** Select **Notifications > Administrator Notifications > Outbreak Notifications**.
- Step 2** Click the **Criteria** tab.
- Step 3** Type the number of detections and detection period for each security risk.
Notification messages are sent to an administrator when the criteria exceeds the specified detection limit.
Note: Trend Micro recommends using the default values for the detection number and detection period.
- Step 4** Select **Shared Folder Session Link** and enable Office Scan to monitor for firewall violations and shared folder sessions.
Note: To view computers on the network with shared folders or computers currently browsing shared folders you can select the number link in the interface.
- Step 5** Click the **SNMP Trap** tab.
- a Select the **Enable notification via SNMP Trap** check box.
 - b Type the following message in the field:


```
Number of viruses/malware: %CV
Number of computers: %CC
Log Type Exceeded: %A
Number of firewall violation logs: %C
Number of shared folder sessions: %S
Time Period: %T
```
- Step 6** Click **Save**.
- Step 7** You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure the Trend Micro Office Scan device:

- Step 1** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Trend Micro Office Scan** option.
- Step 2** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select the **SNMPv2** option.
For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

Trend Micro Deep Discovery

The Trend Micro Deep Discovery DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts syslog events using the Log Enhanced Event Format (LEEF).

Before you can collect events in QRadar, you must configure your Trend Micro Deep Discovery appliance to forward syslog events in LEEF format.

To configure Trend Micro Deep Discovery, you must:

- 1 Configure syslog events for Trend Micro Deep Discovery.
- 2 Optional. Configure a Trend Micro Deep Discovery log source in QRadar.

Supported event types

QRadar is capable of collecting events from the following categories in Trend Micro Deep Discovery:

- Malicious content events
- Malicious behavior events
- Suspicious behavior events
- Exploit events
- Grayware events
- Web reputation events
- Disruptive application events
- Sandbox events
- Correlation events
- System events
- Update events

Configuring syslog for Trend Micro Deep Discovery

You must configure Trend Micro Deep Discovery to forward syslog events to integration with QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Trend Micro Deep Discovery console.
- Step 2** From the navigation menu, select **Logs > Syslog Server Settings**.
The Syslog Server Settings pane is displayed.
- Step 3** Select the **Enable Syslog Server** check box.
- Step 4** In the **IP address** field, type the IP address of your QRadar.
- Step 5** In the **Port number** field, type **514**.
Port 514 is the default port for all syslog events forwarded to QRadar.
- Step 6** From the **Syslog facility** list box, select a local facility.
For example, local3.
- Step 7** From the **Syslog severity** list box, select a severity level.

For example, Info. The severity level you select includes messages for the selected severity, plus any messages that are higher in severity.

Step 8 In the **Syslog format** field, select the **LEEF** option.

Step 9 In the Detections pane, select any check boxes for the events you want to forward to QRadar.

Note: To forward all possible detections to QRadar, click the **Select all** check box.

Step 10 Click **Save**.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for LEEF formatted syslog events from Trend Micro Deep Discovery. The configuration steps for creating a log source are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Trend Micro Deep Discovery**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 93-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type an IP address, hostname, or name to identify the event source. IP addresses or host names are recommended as they allow QRadar to identify your device as a unique event source.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

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TRIPWIRE

The Tripwire DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts resource additions, removal, and modification events using syslog.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Tripwire interface.
- Step 2** On the left-hand navigation, click **Actions**.
- Step 3** Click **New Action**.
- Step 4** Configure the new action.
- Step 5** Select **Rules** and click on the desired rule you wish to monitor.
- Step 6** Select the **Actions** tab.
- Step 7** Make sure the new action is selected.
- Step 8** Click **OK**.
- Step 9** Repeat **Step 5** to **Step 8** for each rule you want to monitor.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from a Tripwire device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Tripwire Enterprise** option.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*. For more information about your Tripwire device, see your vendor documentation.

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TROPOS CONTROL

The Tropos Control DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts events using syslog.

QRadar is capable of recording all fault management, login and logout events, provisioning events, and device image upload events. Before configuring QRadar, you must configure your Tropos Control to forward syslog events.

You can configure Tropos Control to forward logs using syslog to QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to your Tropos Control device as a root user.

Step 2 Open the following file for editing:

```
/opt/ControlServer/ems/conf/logging.properties
```

Step 3 To enable syslog, remove the comment marker (#) from the following line:

```
#log4j.category.syslog = INFO, syslog
```

Step 4 To configure the IP address for the syslog destination, edit the following line:

```
log4j.appender.syslog.SyslogHost = <IP address>
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address or hostname of QRadar.

By default, Tropos Control uses a facility of USER and a default log level of INFO. These default settings are correct for syslog event collection from a Tropos Control device.

Step 5 Save and exit the file.

You are now ready to configure the Tropos Control DSM in QRadar.

To configure QRadar to receive events from Tropos Control:

► From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Tropos Control**.

For more information on configuring log sources, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

QRadar can collect and correlates events from any network infrastructure or security device using the Universal DSM.

After the events are collected and before the correlation can begin. The individual events from your devices must be properly parsed to determine the event name, IP addresses, protocol, and ports. For common network devices, such as Cisco Firewalls, predefined DSMs have been engineered for QRadar to properly parse and classify the event messages from the respective devices. After the events from a device have been parsed by the DSM, QRadar can continue to correlate events into offenses.

If an enterprise network has one or more network or security devices that are not officially supported, where no specific DSM for the device exists, you can use the Universal DSM. The Universal DSM allows you to forward events and messages from unsupported devices and use the Universal DSM to categorize the events for QRadar. QRadar can integrate with virtually any device or any common protocol source using the Universal DSM. For more information on the available protocols for retrieving events or logs from devices, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

To configure the Universal DSM, you must use device extensions to associate a Universal DSM to devices. Before you define device extension information using the log sources window in the **Admin** tab, you must create an extensions document for the log source.

For more information on writing and testing a Universal DSM, see our support forum at <http://www.ibm.com/support>.

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UNIVERSAL LEEF

The Universal LEEF DSM for IBM Security QRadar can accept events from devices that produce events using the Log Event Extended Format (LEEF).

The LEEF event format is a proprietary event format, which allows hardware manufacturers and software product manufacturers to read and map device events specifically designed for QRadar integration.

LEEF formatted events sent to QRadar outside of the partnership program require you to have installed the Universal LEEF DSM and manually identify each event forwarded to QRadar by mapping unknown events. The Universal LEEF DSM can parse events forwarded from syslog or files containing events in the LEEF format polled from a device or directory using the Log File protocol.

To configure events in QRadar using Universal LEEF, you must:

- 1 Configure a Universal LEEF log source in QRadar.
- 2 Send LEEF formatted events from your device to QRadar. For more information on forwarding events, see your vendor documentation.
- 3 Map unknown events to QRadar Identifiers (QIDs).

Configuring a Universal LEEF log source

Before you configure your device to send events to QRadar, you must add a log source for the device providing LEEF events.

QRadar can receive events from a real-time source using syslog or files stored on a device or in a repository using the Log File protocol.

Configuring syslog to collect Universal LEEF events

To configure a log source for Universal LEEF using syslog:

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.

- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Universal LEEF**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 97-3 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for Universal LEEF events.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The log source is added to QRadar. You are now ready to forward LEEF events to QRadar.

Configuring the log file protocol to collect Universal LEEF events

The Log File protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived event or log files from a remote host or file repository.

The files are transferred, one at a time, to QRadar for processing. QRadar reads the event files and updates the log source with new events. Due to the Log File protocol polling for archive files, the events are not provided in real-time, but added in bulk. The log file protocol can manage plain text, compressed files, or archives.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for the Universal LEEF log source.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the Universal LEEF log source.
- Step 7** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Universal LEEF**.
- Step 8** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Log File**.
- Step 9** Configure the following parameters:

Table 97-1 Log file protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for your Universal LEEF log source. This value must match the value configured in the Remote Host IP or Hostname parameter. The log source identifier must be unique for the log source type.
Service Type	From the list box, select the protocol you want to use when retrieving log files from a remote server. The default is SFTP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFTP - SSH File Transfer Protocol • FTP - File Transfer Protocol • SCP - Secure Copy <p>Note: The underlying protocol used to retrieve log files for the SCP and SFTP service type requires that the server specified in the Remote IP or Hostname field has the SFTP subsystem enabled.</p>
Remote IP or Hostname	Type the IP address or hostname of the host from which you want to receive files.
Remote Port	Type the TCP port on the remote host that is running the selected Service Type. If you configure the Service Type as FTP, the default is 21. If you configure the Service Type as SFTP or SCP, the default is 22. The valid range is 1 to 65535.
Remote User	Type the username necessary to log in to the host running the selected Service Type. The username can be up to 255 characters in length.
Remote Password	Type the password necessary to log in to the host containing the LEEF event files.
Confirm Password	Confirm the Remote Password to log in to the host containing the LEEF event files.
SSH Key File	If you select SCP or SFTP as the Service Type, this parameter allows you to define an SSH private key file. When you provide an SSH Key File, the Remote Password option is ignored.
Remote Directory	Type the directory location on the remote host from which the files are retrieved. Note: For FTP only. If your log files reside in the remote user's home directory, you can leave the remote directory blank. This is to support operating systems where a change in the working directory (CWD) command is restricted.
Recursive	Select this check box if you want the file pattern to search sub folders. By default, the check box is clear. The Recursive parameter is not used if you configure SCP as the Service Type.

Table 97-1 Log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
FTP File Pattern	<p>If you select SFTP or FTP as the Service Type, this option allows you to configure the regular expression (regex) required to filter the list of files specified in the Remote Directory. All matching files are included in the processing.</p> <p>For example, if you want to list all files starting with the word log, followed by one or more digits and ending with <code>tar.gz</code>, use the following entry: <code>log[0-9]+\tar.gz</code>. Use of this parameter requires knowledge of regular expressions (regex). For more information, see the following website: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/regex/</p>
FTP Transfer Mode	<p>This option is only displayed if you select FTP as the Service Type. The FTP Transfer Mode parameter allows you to define the file transfer mode when retrieving log files over FTP.</p> <p>From the list box, select the transfer mode you want to apply to this log source:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Binary - Select Binary for log sources that require binary data files or compressed zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive files. • ASCII - Select ASCII for log sources that require an ASCII FTP file transfer. <p>You must select NONE as the Processor and LINEBYLINE as the Event Generator when using ASCII as the FTP Transfer Mode.</p>
SCP Remote File	<p>If you select SCP as the Service Type you must type the file name of the remote file.</p>
Start Time	<p>Type the time of day you want processing to begin. This parameter functions with the Recurrence value to establish when and how often the Remote Directory is scanned for files. Type the start time, based on a 24 hour clock, in the following format: HH:MM.</p>
Recurrence	<p>Type the frequency, beginning at the Start Time, that you want the remote directory to be scanned. Type this value in hours (H), minutes (M), or days (D).</p> <p>For example, type 2H if you want the directory to be scanned every 2 hours. The default is 1H.</p>
Run On Save	<p>Select this check box if you want the log file protocol to run immediately after you click Save. After the Run On Save completes, the log file protocol follows your configured start time and recurrence schedule.</p> <p>Selecting Run On Save clears the list of previously processed files for the Ignore Previously Processed File parameter.</p>
EPS Throttle	<p>Type the number of Events Per Second (EPS) that you do not want this protocol to exceed. The valid range is 100 to 5000.</p>

Table 97-1 Log file protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Processor	If the files located on the remote host are stored in a zip, gzip, tar, or tar+gzip archive format, select the processor that allows the archives to be expanded and contents processed.
Ignore Previously Processed File(s)	Select this check box to track files that have already been processed that you do not want to be processed a second time. This only applies to FTP and SFTP Service Types.
Change Local Directory?	Select this check box to define the local directory on your QRadar system that you want to use for storing downloaded files during processing. We recommend that you leave this check box clear. When the check box is selected, the Local Directory field is displayed, allowing you to configure the local directory to use for storing files.
Event Generator	From the Event Generator list box, select LineByLine . The Event Generator applies additional processing to the retrieved event files. The LineByLine option reads each line of the file as single event. For example, if a file has 10 lines of text, 10 separate events are created.

Step 10 Click **Save**.

Step 11 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. You are now ready to write LEEF events that can be retrieved using the Log File protocol.

Forwarding events to QRadar

After you have created your log source, you are ready to forward or retrieve events for QRadar. Forwarding events using syslog might require additional configuration from your network device.

As events are discovered by QRadar, either using syslog or polling for log files, events are displayed in the **Log Activity** tab. The events for your device forwarding LEEF events are identified by the name you typed in the **Log Source Name** field. The events for your log source are not categorized by default in QRadar and require categorization. For more information on categorizing your Universal LEEF events, see [Creating a Universal LEEF event map](#).

Creating a Universal LEEF event map

Event mapping is required for the Universal LEEF DSM, as Universal LEEF events do not contain a predefined QRadar Identifier (QID) map to categorize security events.

Members of the SIPP partner program have QID maps designed for their network devices, the configuration documented, and the QID maps tested by IBM Corp.

The Universal LEEF DSM requires that you individually map each event for your device to an event category in QRadar. Mapping events allows QRadar to identify, coalesce, and track reoccurring events from your network devices. Until you map an event, all events that are displayed in the **Log Activity** tab for the Universal LEEF DSM are categorized as unknown. Unknown events are easily identified as the Event Name column and Low Level Category columns display Unknown.

Discovering unknown events

As your device forwards events to QRadar, it can take time to categorize all of the events for a device, as some events might not be generated immediately by the event source appliance or software. It is helpful to know how to quickly search for unknown events. When you know how to search for unknown events, we recommend you repeat this search until you are comfortable that you have identified the majority of your Universal LEEF events.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 1 Click the **Log Activity** tab.

Step 2 Click **Add Filter**.

Step 3 From the first list box, select **Log Source**.

Step 4 From the **Log Source Group** list box, select the log source group or **Other**.

Log sources that are not assigned to a group are categorized as Other.

Step 5 From the **Log Source** list box, select your Universal LEEF log source.

Step 6 Click **Add Filter**.

The **Log Activity** tab is displayed with a filter for your Universal LEEF DSM.

Step 7 From the **View** list box, select **Last Hour**.

Any events generated by your Universal LEEF DSM in the last hour are displayed. Events displayed as unknown in the Event Name column or Low Level Category column require event mapping in QRadar.

Note: You can save your existing search filter by clicking **Save Criteria**.

You are now ready to modify the event map for your Universal LEEF DSM.

Modifying an event map

Modifying an event map allows you to manually categorize events to a QRadar Identifier (QID) map. Any event categorized to a log source can be remapped to a new QRadar Identifier (QID). By default, the Universal LEEF DSM categorizes all events as unknown.

Note: Events that do not have a defined log source cannot be mapped to an event. Events without a log source display SIM Generic Log in the Log Source column.

Procedure

Step 1 On the Event Name column, double-click an unknown event for your Universal LEEF DSM.

The detailed event information is displayed.

Step 2 Click **Map Event**.

Step 3 From the Browse for QID pane, select any of the following search options to narrow the event categories for a QRadar Identifier (QID):

- a From the **High-Level Category** list box, select a high-level event categorization.

For a full list of high-level and low-level event categories or category definitions, see the Event Categories section of the *IBM Security QRadar Administration Guide*.

- b From the **Low-Level Category** list box, select a low-level event categorization.

- c From the **Log Source Type** list box, select a log source type.

The **Log Source Type** list box allows you to search for QIDs from other individual log sources. Searching for QIDs by log source is useful when the events from your Universal LEEF DSM are similar to another existing network device. For example, if your Universal DSM provides firewall events, you might select Cisco ASA, as another firewall product that likely captures similar events.

- d To search for a QID by name, type a name in the **QID/Name** field.

The QID/Name field allows you to filter the full list of QIDs for a specific word, for example, MySQL.

Step 4 Click **Search**.

A list of QIDs are displayed.

Step 5 Select the QID you want to associate to your unknown Universal LEEF DSM event.

Step 6 Click **OK**.

QRadar maps any additional events forwarded from your device with the same QID that matches the event payload. The event count increases each time the event is identified by QRadar.

Note: If you update an event with a new QRadar Identifier (QID) map, past events stored in QRadar are not updated. Only new events are categorized with the new QID.

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VENUSTECH VENUSENSE

The Venustech Venusense DSM for IBM Security QRadar can collect events from Venusense appliances using syslog.

Supported Venusense events and appliances

QRadar records all relevant unified threat, firewall, or network intrusion prevention events forwarded using syslog on port 514.

The following Venustech appliances are supported by QRadar:

- Venustech Venusense Security Platform
- Venusense Unified Threat Management (UTM)
- Venusense Firewall
- Venusense Network Intrusion Prevention System (NIPS)

Venusense configuration overview

QRadar can collect events from Venustech appliances that are configured to forward filtered event logs in syslog format to QRadar.

The following process outlines the steps required to collect events from a Venustech Venusense appliance:

- 1 Configure the syslog server on your Venusense appliance.
- 2 Configure a log filter on your Venusense appliance to forward specific event logs.
- 3 Configure a log source in QRadar to correspond to the filtered log events.

Configuring a Venusense syslog server

To forward events to QRadar, you must configure and enable a syslog server on your Venusense appliance with the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the configuration interface for your Venusense appliance.
- Step 2** From the navigation menu, select **Logs > Log Configuration > Log Servers**.
- Step 3** In the **IP Address** field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.
- Step 4** In the **Port** field, type **514**.
- Step 5** Select the **Enable** check box.

Step 6 Click **OK**.

Next Steps

You are ready to configure your Venusense appliance to filter which events are forwarded to QRadar.

Configuring Venusense event filtering

Event filtering allows you to determine which events your Venusense appliance forwards to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** From the navigation menu, select **Logs > Log Configuration > Log Filtering**.
- Step 2** In the Syslog Log column, select a check box for each event log you want to forward to QRadar.
- Step 3** From the list box, select a syslog facility for the event log you enabled.
- Step 4** Repeat **Step 2** and **Step 3** to configure any additional syslog event filters.
- Step 5** Click **OK**.

Next Steps

You are now ready to configure a log source for your Venusense appliance in QRadar. QRadar does not automatically discover or create log sources for syslog events from Venusense appliances.

Configuring a Venusense log source

To integrate Venusense syslog events, you must manually create a log source in QRadar as Venusense events do not automatically discover.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select your Venustech Venusense appliance.

The type of log source you select is determined by the event filtering configured on your Venusense appliance. The options include:

- **Venustech Venusense Security Platform** - Select this option if you enabled all event filtering options.
- **Venustech Venusense UTM** - Select this option if you enabled unified filtering events.
- **Venustech Venusense Firewall** - Select this option if you enabled filtering for firewall events.
- **Venustech Venusense NIPS** - Select this option if you enabled filtering for firewall events.

Step 9 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 In the **Log Source Identifier** field, type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for your Venusense appliance.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete. Events forwarded to QRadar by your Venusense appliance are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

VERDASYS DIGITAL GUARDIAN

The Verdasys Digital Guardian DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts and categorizes all alert events from Verdasys Digital Guardian appliances.

About Verdasys Digital Guardian

Verdasys Digital Guardian is a comprehensive Enterprise Information Protection (EIP) platform. Digital Guardian serves as a cornerstone of policy driven, data-centric security by enabling organizations to solve the information risk challenges that exist in today's highly collaborative and mobile business environment. Digital Guardian's endpoint agent architecture makes it possible to implement a data-centric security framework.

Verdasys Digital Guardian allows business and IT managers to:

- Discover and classify sensitive data by context and content
- Monitor data access and usage by user or process
- Automatically implement policy driven information protection
- Alert, block, and record high risk behavior to prevent costly and damaging data loss incidents.

Digital Guardian's integration with QRadar provides context from the endpoint and enables a new level of detection and mitigation for Insider Threat and Cyber Threat (Advanced Persistent Threat).

Digital Guardian provides QRadar with a rich data stream from the end-point which includes; visibility of every data access by users or processes including the file name, file classification, application used to access the data and other contextual variables.

Supported event types

QRadar supports all QRadar LEEF or syslog formatted alert events you configure in your data export from Verdasys Digital Guardian.

Supported versions

QRadar supports Verdasys Digital Guardian versions:

- v6.1.1 and above with the QRadar LEEF event format
- v6.0.x with the Syslog event format

Configuring IPtables Before configuring your Verdasys Digital Guardian to forward events, you must configure IPtables in QRadar to allow ICMP requests from Verdasys Digital Guardian.

Procedure

Step 1 Using SSH, log in to QRadar as the root user.

Login: `root`

Password: `<password>`

Step 2 Type the following command to edit the IPtables file:

```
vi /opt/qradar/conf/iptables.post
```

The IPtables configuration file is displayed.

Step 3 Type the following command to allow QRadar to accept ICMP requests from Verdasys Digital Guardian:

```
-I QChain 1 -m icmp -p icmp --src <IP address> -j ACCEPT
```

Where `<IP address>` is the IP address of your Verdasys Digital Guardian appliance. For example,

```
-I QChain 1 -m icmp -p icmp --src 10.100.100.101 -j ACCEPT
```

Step 4 Save your IPtables configuration.

Step 5 Type the following command to update IPtables in QRadar:

```
./opt/qradar/bin/iptables_update.pl
```

Step 6 To verify QRadar accepts ICMP traffic from your Verdasys Digital Guardian, type the following command:

```
iptables --list --line-numbers
```

The following output is displayed:

```
[root@Qradar bin]# iptables --list --line-numbers
Chain QChain (1 references)
num target prot opt source destination icmp any
1 ACCEPT icmp -- 10.100.100.101 anywhere icmp any
2 ACCEPT tcp -- anywhere anywhere state NEW tcp dpt:https
3 ACCEPT tcp -- anywhere anywhere state NEW tcp dpt:http
```

The IPtables configuration for QRadar is complete.

Configuring a data export Data exports allow you to configure the events Verdasys Digital Guardian forwards to QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Digital Guardian Management Console.

Step 2 Select **Workspace > Data Export > Create Export**.

Step 3 From the **Data Sources** list box, select **Alerts** or **Events** as the data source.

Step 4 From the **Export type** list box, select **QRadar LEEF**.

If your Verdasys Digital Guardian is v6.0.x, you can select **Syslog** as the **Export Type**. QRadar LEEF is the preferred export type format for all Verdasys Digital Guardian appliances with v6.1.1 and above.

Step 5 From the **Type** list box, select **UDP** or **TCP** as the transport protocol.

QRadar can accept syslog events from either transport protocol. If the length of your alert events typically exceed 1024 bytes, then you should select **TCP** to prevent the events from being truncated.

Step 6 In the **Server** field, type the IP address of your QRadar Console or Event Collector.

Step 7 In the **Port** field, type **514**.

Step 8 From the **Severity Level** list box, select a severity level.

Step 9 Select the **Is Active** check box.

Step 10 Click **Next**.

Step 11 From the list of available fields, add the following Alert or Event fields for your data export:

- Agent Local Time
- Application
- Computer Name
- Detail File Size
- IP Address
- Local Port
- Operation (required)
- Policy
- Remote Port
- Rule
- Severity
- Source IP Address
- User Name
- Was Blocked
- Was Classified

Step 12 Select a Criteria for the fields in your data export and click **Next**.

By default, the Criteria is blank.

Step 13 Select a group for the criteria and click **Next**.

By default, the Group is blank.

Step 14 Click **Test Query**.

A Test Query ensures the database runs properly.

Step 15 Click **Next**.

- Step 16** Save the data export.
The configuration is complete.

Next steps

The data export from Verdasys Digital Guardian occurs on a 5 minute interval. You can adjust this timing with the job scheduler in Verdasys Digital Guardian, if required. Events exported to QRadar by Verdasys Digital Guardian are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

- Configuring a log source** QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for data exports from Verdasys Digital Guardian appliances. The following procedure is optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.
Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.
Step 5 Click **Add**.
Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Verdasys Digital Guardian**.
Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 99-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from Verdasys Digital Guardian appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
 The log source is added to QRadar.

VERICEPT CONTENT 360 DSM

The Vericept Content 360 DSM for IBM Security QRadar accepts Vericept events using syslog.

QRadar records all relevant and available information from the event. Before configuring a Vericept device in QRadar, you must configure your device to forward syslog. For more information on configuring your Vericept device, consult your vendor documentation.

After you configure syslog to forward events to QRadar the configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as Vericept Content 360 events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by your Vericept Content 360 appliance are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab.

To manually configure a log source for QRadar to receive events from a Vericept device:

- ▶ From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Vericept Content 360** option.

For more information on configuring devices, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

101

VMWARE

The VMWare DSM for IBM Security QRadar can collect events from VMWare ESX and ESXi, vCenter, and vCloud Director servers.

- [VMware ESX and ESXi](#)
- [VMware vCenter](#)
- [VMware vCloud Director](#)

VMware ESX and ESXi

The EMC VMware DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects ESX and ESXi server events by using the VMware protocol or syslog. The EMC VMware DSM supports events from VMware ESX or ESXi 3.x, 4.x, or 5.x servers.

To collect VMware ESX or ESXi events, you can select one of the following event collection methods:

- [Configuring syslog on VMWare ESX and ESXi servers](#)
- [Configuring the VMWare protocol for ESX or ESXi servers](#)

Configuring syslog on VMWare ESX and ESXi servers

To collect syslog events for VMWare, you must configure the server to forward events by using syslogd from your ESXi server to QRadar.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your VMWare vSphere Client.
- Step 2** Select the host that manages your VMWare inventory.
- Step 3** Click the **Configuration** tab.
- Step 4** From the Software panel, click **Advanced Settings**.
- Step 5** In the navigation menu, click **Syslog**.
- Step 6** Configure values for the following parameters:

Table 101-1 VMWare syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	ESX version	Description
Syslog.Local.DatastorePath	ESX or ESXi 3.5.x or 4.x	Type the directory path for the local syslog messages on your ESXi server. The default directory path is [] <code>/scratch/log/messages</code> .
Syslog.Remote.Hostname	ESX or ESXi 3.5.x or 4.x	Type the IP address or host name of QRadar.
Syslog.Remote.Port	ESX or ESXi 3.5.x or 4.x	Type the port number the ESXi server uses to forward syslog data. The default is port 514.
Syslog.global.logHost	ESXi v5.x	Type the URL and port number that the ESXi server uses to forward syslog data. Examples: <code>udp://<QRadar IP address>:514</code> <code>tcp://<QRadar IP address>:514</code>

Step 7 Click **OK** to save the configuration.

Firewall settings for VMWare products

The default firewall configuration on VMWare ESXi v5.x or vCenter servers disable outgoing connections by default. Disabled outgoing syslog connections restrict the internal syslog forwarder from sending security and access events to QRadar

CAUTION: *By default, the syslog firewall configuration for VMWare products allow only outgoing syslog communications. To prevent security risks, do not edit the default syslog firewall rule to enable incoming syslog connections.*

Enabling syslog firewall settings on vSphere Clients

To forward syslog events from ESXi v5.x server, you must edit your security policy to enable outgoing syslog connections for events.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your ESXi v5.x Server from a vSphere client.
- Step 2** From the inventory list, select your ESXi Server.
- Step 3** Click the **Manage** tab and select **Security Profile**.
- Step 4** In the Firewall section, click **Properties**.
- Step 5** In the Firewall Properties window, select the **syslog** check box.
- Step 6** Click **OK**.

Configuring a syslog log source for VMware ESX or ESXi

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from VMWare. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** Optional. In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **EMC VMWare**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 101-2 Syslog protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your EMC VMWare server.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.
Credibility	From the list box, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10. The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.
Target Event Collector	From the list box, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events. By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list box from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.
Incoming Event Payload	From the list box, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.

Table 101-2 Syslog protocol parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Store Event Payload	Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information. By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list box from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Configuring the VMWare protocol for ESX or ESXi servers

You can configure the VMWare protocol to read events from your VMWare ESXi server. The VMware protocol uses HTTPS to poll for ESX and ESXi servers for events.

Before you configure the VMWare vCenter DSM to use the VMWare protocol, we suggest you create a unique user to poll for vCenter events. This user can be created as a member of the root or administrative group for vCenter, but you must provide the user with an assigned role of read-only permission. This ensures that QRadar can collect the maximum number of vCenter events and retain a level of security for your vCenter appliance. For more information on user roles, see your vCenter documentation.

To integrate EMC VMWare with QRadar, you must complete the following tasks:

- 1 Create an ESX account for QRadar.
- 2 Configure account permissions for the QRadar user.
- 3 Configure the VMWare protocol in QRadar.

CAUTION: *Creating a user who is not part of the root or an administrative group might lead to some events not being collected by QRadar. We suggest that you create your QRadar user to include administrative privileges, but assign this custom user a read-only role.*

Creating an account for QRadar in ESX

You can create a QRadar user account for EMC VMWare to allow the protocol to properly poll for events.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your ESX host by using the vSphere Client.
- Step 2** Click the **Local Users & Groups** tab.
- Step 3** Click **Users**.
- Step 4** Right-click and select **Add**.

Step 5 Configure the following parameters:

- a **Login** - Type a login name for the new user.
- b **UID** - Optional. Type a user ID.
- c **User Name** - Optional. Type a user name for the account.
- d **Password** - Type a password for the account.
- e **Confirm Password** - Type the password again as confirmation.
- f **Group** - From the **Group** list box, select **root**.

Step 6 Click **Add**.

Step 7 Click **OK**.

Configuring read-only account permissions

For security reasons, we suggest you configure your QRadar user account as a member of your root or admin group, but select an assigned role of read-only permissions.

Read-only permission allows the QRadar user account to view and collect events by using the VMWare protocol.

Procedure

Step 1 Click the **Permissions** tab.

Step 2 Right-click and select **Add Permissions**.

Step 3 On the Users and Groups window, click **Add**.

Step 4 Select your QRadar user and click **Add**.

Step 5 Click **OK**.

Step 6 From the **Assigned Role** list box, select **Read-only**.

Step 7 Click **OK**.

Configuring a log source for the VMWare Protocol

You can configure a log source with the VMWare protocol to poll for EMC VMWare events.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 Optional. In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **EMC VMWare**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **EMC VMWare**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 101-3 VMWare protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source. This value must match the value configured in the ESX IP field.
ESX IP	Type the IP address of the VMWare ESX or ESXi server. For example, 1.1.1.1. The VMware protocol prepends the IP address of your VMware ESX or ESXi server with HTTPS before the protocol requests event data.
User Name	Type the username required to access the VMWare server.
Password	Type the password required to access the VMWare server.

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

VMware vCenter

The VMware vCenter DSM for IBM Security QRadar collects vCenter server events by using the VMware protocol.

The VMware protocol uses HTTPS to poll for vCenter appliances for events. You must configure a log source in QRadar to collect VMware vCenter events.

Before you configure the VMware vCenter DSM to use the VMware protocol, we suggest you create a unique user to poll for vCenter events. This user can be created as a member of the root or administrative group for vCenter, but you must provide the user with an assigned role of read-only permission. This ensures that QRadar can collect the maximum number of vCenter events and retain a level of security for your vCenter appliance. For more information on user roles, see your vCenter documentation.

Configuring a log source for the VMware vCenter

To collect vCenter events with the VMware protocol, you must configure a log source in QRadar.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **VMWare vCenter**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **EMC VMWare**.
- Step 10** The syslog protocol is listed in the
- Step 11** Configure the following values:

Table 101-4 VMware protocol parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source. This value must match the value configured in the ESX IP field.
ESX IP	Type the IP address of the VMWare vCenter server. For example, 1.1.1.1. The VMware protocol prepends the IP address of your VMware vCenter server with HTTPS before the protocol requests event data.
User Name	Type the username required to access the VMWare vCenter server.
Password	Type the password required to access the VMWare vCenter server.

- Step 12** Click **Save**.
- Step 13** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

VMware vCloud Director

You can use the VMware vCloud Director DSM and the vCloud protocol for IBM Security QRadar to poll the vCloud REST API for events.

Configuration overview

QRadar supports polling for VMware vCloud Director events from vCloud Directory 5.1 appliances. Events collected by using the vCloud REST API are assembled as Log Extended Event Format (LEEF) events.

To integrate vCloud events with QRadar, you must complete the following tasks:

- 1 On your vCloud appliance, configure a public address for the vCloud REST API.
- 2 On your QRadar appliance, configure a log source to poll for vCloud events.
- 3 Ensure that no firewall rules block communication between your vCloud appliance and the QRadar Console or the managed host that is responsible for polling the vCloud REST API.

Supported vCloud event types logged by QRadar

The VMware vCloud DSM for QRadar can collect events from several categories.

Each event category contains low level events that describe the action taken within the event category. For example, user events can have user created or user deleted as low level event.

The following list are the default event categories collected by QRadar from vCloud Director:

- User events
- Group events
- User role events
- Session events
- Organization events
- Network events
- Catalog events
- Virtual data center (VDC) events
- Virtual application (vApp) events
- Virtual machine (VM) events
- Media events
- Task operation events

Configuring the vCloud REST API public address

QRadar collects security data from the vCloud API by polling the REST API of the vCloud appliance for events. Before QRadar can collect any data, you must configure the public REST API base URL.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your vCloud appliance as an administrator.

Step 2 Click the **Administration** tab.

Step 3 From the Administration menu, select **System Settings > Public Addresses**.

Step 4 In the **VCD public REST API base URL** field, type an IP address or host name.

The address that you specify becomes a publically available address outside of the firewall or NAT on your vCloud appliance. For example, `https://1.1.1.1/`.

Step 5 Click **Apply**.

The public API URL is created on the vCloud appliance.

What to do next

You are now ready to configure a log source in QRadar.

Configuring a vCloud log source in QRadar

To collect vCloud events, you must configure a log source in QRadar with the location and credentials that are required to poll the vCloud API.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** In the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** Optional. In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for your log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **VMware vCloud Director**.
- Step 9** From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **VMware vCloud Director**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 101-5 VMware vCloud Director log source parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address, host name, or name that identifies the vCloud appliance events to QRadar.
vCloud URL	Type the URL configured on your vCloud appliance to access the REST API. The URL you type must match the address you configured in the VCD public REST API base URL field on your vCloud Server. For example, <code>https://10.10.10.1</code> .
User Name	Type the user name that is required to remotely access the vCloud Server. For example, <code>console/user@organization</code> . If you want to configure a read-only account to use with QRadar, you can create a vCloud user in your organization who has the Console Access Only permission.
Password	Type the password that is required to remotely access the vCloud Server.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password that is required to remotely access the vCloud Server.
Polling Interval	Type a polling interval, which is the amount of time between queries to the vCloud Server for new events. The default polling interval is 10 seconds.
Enabled	Select this check box to enable the log source. By default, the check box is selected.

Table 101-5 VMware vCloud Director log source parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description
Credibility	<p>From the list box, select the credibility of the log source. The range is 0 - 10.</p> <p>The credibility indicates the integrity of an event or offense as determined by the credibility rating from the source devices. Credibility increases if multiple sources report the same event. The default is 5.</p>
Target Event Collector	From the list box, select the Event Collector to use as the target for the log source.
Coalescing Events	<p>Select this check box to enable the log source to coalesce (bundle) events.</p> <p>By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Coalescing Events list box from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.</p>
Incoming Event Payload	From the list box, select the incoming payload encoder for parsing and storing the logs.
Store Event Payload	<p>Select this check box to enable the log source to store event payload information.</p> <p>By default, automatically discovered log sources inherit the value of the Store Event Payload list box from the System Settings in QRadar. When you create a log source or edit an existing configuration, you can override the default value by configuring this option for each log source.</p>

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

vCloud events that are forwarded to QRadar are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

This section provides information on the following DSMs:

- [Websense TRITON](#)
- [Websense V-Series Data Security Suite](#)
- [Websense V-Series Content Gateway](#)

Websense TRITON

The Websense V-Series Content Gateway DSM for IBM Security QRadar supports events for web content from several Websense TRITON solutions, including Web Security, Web Security Gateway, Web Security Gateway Anywhere, and V-Series™ appliances.

Websense TRITON collects and streams event information to QRadar using the Websense Multiplexer component. Before configuring QRadar, you must configure the Websense TRITON solution to provide LEEF formatted syslog events.

Before You Begin

Before you can configure Websense TRITON Web Security solutions to forward events to QRadar, you must ensure your deployment contains a Websense Multiplexer.

The Websense Multiplexer is supported on Windows, Linux, and on Websense V-Series appliances.

To configure a Websense Multiplexer on a Websense Triton or V-Series appliance:

Step 1 Install an instance of Websense Multiplexer for each Websense Policy Server component in your network.

- **For Microsoft Windows** - To install the Websense Multiplexer on Windows, use the TRITON Unified Installer. The Triton Unified Installer is available for download at <http://www.mywebsense.com>.
- **For Linux** - To install the Websense Multiplexer on Linux, use the Web Security Linux Installer. The Web Security Linux Installer is available for download at <http://www.mywebsense.com>.

For information on adding a Websense Multiplexer to software installations, see your *Websense Security Information Management (SIEM) Solutions* documentation.

- Step 2** Enable the Websense Multiplexer on a V-Series appliance configured as a full policy source or user directory and filtering appliance:
- Log in to your Websense TRITON Web Security Console or V-Series appliance.
 - From the Appliance Manager, select **Administration > Toolbox > Command Line Utility**.
 - Click the **Websense Web Security** tab.
 - From the **Command** list box, select **multiplexer**, then use the **enable** command.

- Step 3** Repeat **Step 1** and **Step 2** to enable one Multiplexer instance for each Policy Server instance in your network.

If more than one Multiplexer is installed for a Policy Server, only the last installed instance of the Websense Multiplexer is used. The configuration for each Websense Multiplexer instance is stored by its Policy Server.

You are now ready to configure your Websense TRITON appliance to forward syslog events in LEEF format to QRadar.

Configuring syslog for Websense TRITON To collect events, you must configure syslog forwarding for Websense TRITON.

Procedure

- Log in to your Websense TRITON Web Security Console.
 - On the **Settings** tab, select **General > SIEM Integration**.
 - Select the **Enable SIEM integration for this Policy Server** check box.
 - In the **IP address or hostname** field, type the IP address of your QRadar.
 - In the **Port** field, type **514**.
 - From the **Transport protocol** list box, select either the **TCP** or **UDP** protocol option.
- QRadar supports syslog events for TCP and UDP protocols on port 514.
- From the **SIEM format** list box, select **syslog/LEEF (QRadar)**.
 - Click **OK** to cache any changes.
 - Click **Deploy** to update your Websense Triton security components or V-Series appliances.

The Websense Multiplexer connects to Websense Filtering Service and ensures that event log information is provided to QRadar.

Configure a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events in LEEF format from Websense TRITON and V-Series appliances. The configuration steps for creating a log source are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Websense V Series Content Gateway**.

Note: Websense TRITON uses the Websense V Series Content Gateway DSM for parsing events. When you manually add a log source to QRadar for Websense TRITON, you should select the Websense V Series Content Gateway.

- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 102-1 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or hostname for the log source as an identifier for events from Websense TRITON or V-Series appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The log source is added to QRadar.

Websense V-Series Data Security Suite

The Websense V-Series Data Security Suite DSM for IBM Security QRadar supports Websense V-Series appliances and the Data Security Suite (DSS) software.

Configuring syslog for Websense V-Series DSS

The Websense V-Series Data Security Suite DSM accepts events using syslog. Before you can integrate QRadar you, must enable the Websense V-Series appliance to forward syslog events in the Data Security Suite (DSS) Management Console.

Procedure

- Step 1** Select **Policies > Policy Components > Notification Templates**.
- Step 2** Select an existing Notification Template or create a new template.
- Step 3** Click the **General** tab.
- Step 4** Click **Send Syslog Message**.

Step 5 Select **Options > Settings > Syslog** to access the Syslog window.

The syslog window enables administrators to define the IP address/hostname and port number of the syslog in their organization. The defined syslog receives incident messages from the Websense Data Security Suite DSS Manager.

Step 6 The syslog is composed of the following fields:

```
DSS Incident|ID={value}|action={display value - max}|urgency=
{coded}|policy categories={values,,,}|source={value-display
name}|destinations={values...}|channel={display name}|matches=
{value}|details={value}
```

- Max length for policy categories is 200 characters.
- Max length for destinations is 200 characters.
- Details and source are reduced to 30 characters.

Step 7 Click **Test Connection** to verify that your syslog is accessible.

You are now ready to configure the log source in QRadar.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as OSSEC events are automatically discovered. Events forwarded to QRadar by OSSEC are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source

QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Websense V-Series Data Security Suite. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Websense V Series**.

Step 9 Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.

Step 10 Configure the following values:

Table 102-2 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Websense V-Series Data Security Suite DSM

Step 11 Click **Save**.

Step 12 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The configuration is complete.

Websense V-Series Content Gateway

The Websense V-Series Content Gateway DSM for IBM Security QRadar supports events for web content on Websense V-Series appliances with the Content Gateway software.

The Websense V-Series Content Gateway DSM accepts events using syslog to stream events or using the Log File protocol to provide events to QRadar. Before you can integrate your appliance with QRadar, you must select one of the following configuration methods:

- To configure syslog for your Websense V-Series, see [Configure syslog for Websense V-Series Content Gateway](#).
- To configure the log file protocol for your Websense V-Series, see [Configuring a log file protocol for Websense V-Series Content Gateway](#).

Configure syslog for Websense V-Series Content Gateway

The Websense V-Series DSM supports Websense V-Series appliances running the Websense Content Gateway on Linux software installations.

Before configuring QRadar, you must configure the Websense Content Gateway to provide LEEF formatted syslog events.

Configure the Management Console

To configure event logging in the Content Gateway Manager:

Step 1 Log into your Websense Content Gateway Manager.

Step 1 Click the **Configure** tab.

Step 2 Select **Subsystems > Logging**.

The General Logging Configuration window is displayed.

Step 3 Select **Log Transactions and Errors**.

Step 4 Select **Log Directory** to specify the directory path of the stored event log files.

The directory you define must already exist and the Websense user must have read and write permissions for the specified directory. The default directory is `/opt/WGC/logs`

Step 5 Click **Apply**.

Step 6 Click the **Custom** tab.

Step 7 In the **Custom Log File Definitions** window, type the following text for the LEEF format.

```
<LogFormat>
  <Name = "leef"/>
  <Format = "LEEF:1.0|Websense|WCG|7.6|<wsds>|cat=<wc> src=<chi> devTime=<cqtn>
  devTimeFormat=dd/MMM/yyyy:HH:mm:ss Z http-username=<caun> url=<cquc>
  method=<cqhm> httpversion=<cqhv> cachecode=<crc> dstBytes=<sscl> dst=<pqsi>
  srcBytes=<pscl> proxy-status-code=<pssc> server-status-code=<sssc> usrName=<wui>
  duration=<ttms>"/>
</LogFormat>

<LogObject>
  <Format = "leef"/>
  <Filename = "leef"/>
</LogObject>
```

Note: The fields in the LEEF format string are tab separated. You might be required to type the LEEF format in a text editor and then cut and paste it into your web browser to retain the tab separations. The definitions file ignores extra white space, blank lines, and all comments.

Step 8 Select **Enabled** to enable the custom logging definition.

Step 9 Click **Apply**.

You are now ready to enable event logging for your Websense Content Gateway.

Enable Event Logging

If you are using a Websense V-Series appliance, you need to contact Websense Technical Support to enable this feature.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the command-line Interface (CLI) of the server running Websense Content Gateway.

Step 2 Add the following lines to the end of the `/etc/rc.local` file:

```
( while [ 1 ] ; do
tail -n1000 -F /opt/WCG/logs/leef.log | nc <IP Address> 514
sleep 1
done ) &
```

Where `<IP Address>` is the IP address for QRadar.

Step 3 To start logging immediately, type the following command:

```
nohup /bin/bash -c "while [ 1 ] ; do tail -F
/opt/WCG/logs/leef.log | nc <IP Address> 514; sleep 1; done" &
```

Note: You might need to type the logging command in **Step 3** or copy the command to a text editor to interpret the quotation marks.

The configuration is complete. The log source is added to QRadar as syslog events from Websense V-Series Content Gateway are automatically discovered.

Events forwarded by Websense V-Series Content Gateway are displayed on the **Log Activity** tab of QRadar.

Configuring a log source QRadar automatically discovers and creates a log source for syslog events from Websense V-Series Content Gateway. The following configuration steps are optional.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to QRadar.
- Step 2** Click the **Admin** tab.
- Step 3** On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.
- Step 4** Click the **Log Sources** icon.
- Step 5** Click **Add**.
- Step 6** In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.
- Step 7** In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.
- Step 8** From the **Log Source Type** list box, select **Websense V Series**.
- Step 9** Using the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select **Syslog**.
- Step 10** Configure the following values:

Table 102-3 Syslog Parameters

Parameter	Description
Log Source Identifier	Type the IP address or host name for the log source as an identifier for events from your Websense V-Series Content Gateway appliance.

- Step 11** Click **Save**.
- Step 12** On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.
The configuration is complete.

Configuring a log file protocol for Websense V-Series Content Gateway The log file protocol allows QRadar to retrieve archived log files from a remote host.
The Websense V-Series DSM supports the bulk loading of log files from your Websense V-Series Content Gateway using the log file protocol to provide events on a scheduled interval. The log files contain transaction and error events for your Websense V-Series Content Gateway:

Configure the management console

To configure event logging in the Content Management Console:

- Step 1** Log into your Websense Content Gateway interface.
- Step 1** Click the **Configure** tab.
- Step 2** Select **Subsystems > Logging**.

Step 3 Select **Log Transactions and Errors**.

Step 4 Select **Log Directory** to specify the directory path of the stored event log files.

The directory you define must already exist and the Websense user must have read and write permissions for the specified directory. The default directory is `/opt/WGC/logs`.

Step 5 Click **Apply**.

Step 6 Click the **Formats** tab.

Step 7 Select **Netscape Extended Format** as your format type.

Step 8 Click **Apply**.

You are now ready to enable event logging for your Websense V-Series Content Gateway.

Configuring a log file protocol log source

When configuring your Websense V-Series DSM to use the log file protocol, make sure the hostname or IP address configured in the Websense V-Series is the same as configured in the Remote Host parameter in the Log File protocol configuration.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to QRadar.

Step 2 Click the **Admin** tab.

Step 3 On the navigation menu, click **Data Sources**.

Step 4 Click the **Log Sources** icon.

Step 5 Click **Add**.

Step 6 In the **Log Source Name** field, type a name for your log source.

Step 7 In the **Log Source Description** field, type a description for the log source.

Step 8 From the **Log Source Type** list box, select the **Websense V Series**.

Step 9 From the **Protocol Configuration** list box, select the **Log File**.

Step 10 From the **Service Type** list box, select the Secure File Transfer Protocol (**SFTP**) option.

Step 11 In the **FTP File Pattern** field, type `extended.log_*.old`.

Step 12 In the **Remote Directory** field, type `/opt/WCG/logs`.

This is the default directory for storing the Websense V-Series log files you specified in [Step 4](#).

Step 13 From the **Event Generator** list box, select **LINEBYLINE**.

Step 14 Click **Save**.

Step 15 On the **Admin** tab, click **Deploy Changes**.

The log source is added to QRadar. For the entire list of Log File protocol parameters, see the *IBM Security QRadar Log Sources User Guide*.

103 SUPPORTED DSMs

Table 103-1 provides information on the DSMs supported for IBM Security QRadar.

IBM Security QRadar integrates with many manufacturers and vendors of security products. Our list of supported DSMs and documentation is constantly increasing. If your device or appliance is not listed in this document, contact your sales representative.

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
3Com	8800 Series Switch	v3.01.30	Syslog	All relevant status and network condition	3Com 8800 Series Switch	Yes	No	http://www.3com.com
Ambiron	TrustWave ipAngel	v4.0	Syslog	Snort-based events	Ambiron TrustWave ipAngel Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)	No	No	http://www.atwcorp.com
Apache	HTTP Server	v1.3 and above	Syslog	HTTP status	Apache HTTP Server	Yes	No	http://www.apache.org
APC	UPS		Syslog	All relevant Smart-UPS series events	APC UPS	No	No	http://www.apc.com
Apple	Mac OS	X (10)	Syslog	All relevant firewall, web server (access/error), privilege, and information events	Mac OS X	No	Yes	http://www.apple.com
Application Security, Inc.	DbProtect	v6.2, v6.3, v6.3sp1, v6.3.1, and v6.4	Syslog	All relevant events	Application Security DbProtect	Yes	No	http://www.appsecinc.com/

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Arpeggio Software	SIFT-IT	v3.1 and above	Syslog	All events configured in the SIFT-IT rule set	Arpeggio SIFT-IT	Yes	No	http://www.arpeggiosoftware.com
Array Networks	SSL VPN	ArraySP v7.3	Syslog	All relevant events	Array Networks SSL VPN Access Gateways	No	Yes	http://www.arraynetworks.net
Aruba Networks	Mobility Controllers	v2.5 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Aruba Mobility Controller	Yes	No	http://www.arubanetworks.com
BalaBit IT Security	Microsoft Windows Security Event Log	v4.x	Syslog	All relevant Microsoft Event Log Events	Microsoft Windows Security Event Log	Yes	Yes	http://www.balabit.com
BalaBit IT Security	Microsoft ISA	v4.x	Syslog	All relevant Microsoft Event Log Events	Microsoft Windows Security Event Log	Yes	Yes	http://www.balabit.com
Barracuda Networks	Spam & Virus Firewall	v5.x and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Barracuda Spam & Virus Firewall	Yes	No	https://www.barracudanetworks.com
Barracuda Networks	Web Application Firewall	v7.0.x	Syslog	All relevant system, web firewall, access, and audit events	Barracuda Web Application Firewall	No	No	https://www.barracudanetworks.com
Barracuda Networks	Web Filter	6.0.x and above	Syslog	All relevant web traffic and web interface events	Barracuda Web Filter	Yes	No	https://www.barracudanetworks.com
Bit9	Parity	v6.0.2 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Bit9 Parity	Yes	Yes	http://www.bit9.com
BlueCat Networks	Adonis	v6.7.1-P2 and above	Syslog	All relevant DNS and DHCP events	BlueCat Networks Adonis	Yes	No	http://www.bluecatnetworks.com
Blue Coat	SG	v4.x and above	Syslog Log File Protocol	All relevant events	Bluecoat SG Appliance	No	No	http://www.bluecoat.com
Bridgewater Systems	AAA	v8.2c1	Syslog	All relevant events	Bridgewater Systems AAA Service Controller	Yes	Yes	http://www.bridgewatersystems.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
CA	Access Control Facility	v12 to v15	Log File Protocol	All relevant events	CA ACF2	No	No	http://www.ca.com
CA	SiteMinder		Syslog	All relevant events	CA SiteMinder	No	No	http://www.ca.com
CA	Top Secret	v12 to v15	Log File Protocol	All relevant events	CA Top Secret	No	No	http://www.ca.com
Check Point	FireWall-1	NG, FP1, FP2, FP3, AI R54, AI R55, R65, R70, NGX, and R75	Syslog or OPSEC LEA	All relevant events	Check Point FireWall-1	Yes	Yes	http://www.checkpoint.com
Check Point	VPN-1	NG, FP1, FP2, FP3, AI R54, AI R55, R65, R70, NGX	Syslog or OPSEC LEA	All relevant events	Check Point FireWall-1	Yes	Yes	http://www.checkpoint.com
Check Point	Provider-1	NG, FP1, FP2, FP3, AI R54, AI R55, R65, R70, NGX	Syslog or OPSEC LEA	All relevant events	Check Point FireWall-1	Yes	Yes	http://www.checkpoint.com
Cisco	4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller	v7.2	Syslog or SNMPv2	All relevant events	Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers	No	No	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	CallManager	v8.x	Syslog	All relevant application events	Cisco CallManager	Yes	No	http://www.cisco.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Cisco	ACS	v4.1 and above if directly from ACS v3.x and above if using ALE	Syslog	Failed Access Attempts	Cisco ACS	Yes	Yes	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	Aironet	v4.x and above	Syslog	Cisco Emblem Format	Cisco Aironet	Yes	No	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	ACE Firewall	v12.2	Syslog	All relevant events	Cisco ACE Firewall	Yes	Yes	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	ASA	v7.x and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA)	Yes	Yes	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	ASA	v7.x and above	NSEL Protocol	All relevant events	Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA)	No	No	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	CSA	v4.x, v5.x and v6.x	Syslog SNMPv1 SNMPv2	All relevant events	Cisco CSA	Yes	Yes	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	CatOS for catalyst systems	v7.3 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Cisco CatOS for Catalyst Switches	Yes	Yes	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	IDS/IPS	v5.x and v6.x	SDEE	All relevant events	Cisco Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)	No	No	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	IronPort	v5.5, v6.5, and v7.1	Syslog, Log File Protocol	All relevant events	Cisco IronPort	No	No	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	Firewall Service Module (FWSM)	v2.1 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Cisco Firewall Services Module (FWSM)	Yes	Yes	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	Catalyst Switch	IOS, 12.2, 12.5, and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Cisco IOS	Yes	Yes	http://www.cisco.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Cisco	NAC Appliance	v4.x and above	Syslog	All relevant audit, error, failure, quarantine, and infected events	Cisco NAC Appliance	No	No	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	Nexus	v6.x	Syslog	All relevant Nexus-OS events	Cisco Nexus	Yes	No	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	PIX Firewall	v5.x, v6.3, and above	Syslog	All relevant Cisco PIX events	Cisco PIX Firewall	Yes	Yes	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	IOS	IOS, 12.2, 12.5, and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Cisco IOS or select your specific device type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cisco 12000 Series Routers • Cisco 6500 Series Switches • Cisco 7600 Series Routers • Cisco Carrier Routing System • Cisco Integrated Services Router 	Yes*	Yes	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	VPN 3000 Concentrator	VPN 3005, 4.1.7.H	Syslog	All relevant events	Cisco VPN 3000 Series Concentrator	Yes	Yes	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	Wireless Services Modules (WiSM)	v 5.1 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Cisco Wireless Services Module (WiSM)	Yes	No	http://www.cisco.com
Cisco	Identity Services Engine	v1.1 and v1.2	UDP Multiline Syslog Protocol	All device events	Cisco Identity Services Engine	No	Yes	http://www.cisco.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Citrix	NetScaler	v9.3 to v10.0	Syslog	All relevant events	Citrix NetScaler	Yes	Yes	http://www.citrix.com
Citrix	Access Gateway	v4.5	Syslog	All relevant access, audit, and diagnostic events	Citrix Access Gateway	Yes	No	http://www.citrix.com
CRYPTOCARD	CRYPTO-Shield	v6.3	Syslog	All relevant events	CRYPTOCARD CRYPTO-Shield	No	No	http://www.cryptocard.com
Cyber-Ark	Vault	v6.x	Syslog	All relevant events	Cyber-Ark Vault	Yes	Yes	http://www.cyber-ark.com
CyberGuard	Firewall/VPN	KS1000 v5.1	Syslog	All relevant CyberGuard events	CyberGuard TSP Firewall/VPN	Yes	No	http://www.cyberguard.com
Damballa	Failsafe	v5.0.2 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Damballa Failsafe	Yes	No	http://www.damballa.com
Digital China Networks	DCS and DCRS Series switches	v1.8.7 and above	Syslog	All relevant DCS and DCRS IPv4 events	Digital China DCRS Series	No	No	http://www.dcnglobal.com/
Enterasys	800-Series Switch	All	Syslog	All relevant events	Enterasys 800-Series Switch	Yes	No	http://www.enterasys.com
Enterasys	Dragon	v5.0, 6.x, v7.1, v7.2, v7.3, and v7.4	Syslog SNMPv1 SNMPv3	All relevant Enterasys Dragon events	Enterasys Dragon Network IPS	Yes	No	http://www.enterasys.com
Enterasys	Matrix Router	v3.5	Syslog SNMPv1 SNMPv2 SNMPv3	SNMP and syslog login, logout, and login failed events	Enterasys Matrix E1 Switch	Yes	No	http://www.enterasys.com
Enterasys	NetSight Automatic Security Manager	v3.1.2	Syslog	All relevant events	Enterasys NetsightASM	Yes	No	http://www.enterasys.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Enterasys	Matrix N/K/S Series Switch	v6.x, v7.x	Syslog	All relevant Matrix K-Series, N-Series and S-Series device events	Enterasys K/N/S Series Switch	Yes	No	http://www.enterasys.com
Enterasys	Stackable and Standalone Switches		Syslog	All relevant events	Enterasys Stackable and Standalone Switches or select your specific device type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enterasys A-Series • Enterasys B2-Series • Enterasys B3-Series • Enterasys C2-Series • Enterasys C3-Series • Enterasys D-Series • Enterasys G-Series • Enterasys I-Series 	Yes	Yes	http://www.enterasys.com
Enterasys	XSR Security Router	v7.6.14.00 02	Syslog	All relevant events	Enterasys XSR Security Routers	Yes	No	http://www.enterasys.com
Enterasys	HiGuard Wireless IPS	V2R2.0.30	Syslog	All relevant events	Enterasys HiGuard	Yes	No	http://www.enterasys.com
Enterasys	HiPath Wireless Controller	V2R2.0.30	Syslog	All relevant events	Enterasys HiPath	Yes	No	http://www.enterasys.com
Enterasys	NAC	v3.2 and v3.3	Syslog	All relevant events	Enterasys NAC	Yes	No	http://www.enterasys.com
Extreme Networks	Extreme Ware	v7.7 and XOS v12.4.1.x	Syslog	All relevant events	Extreme Networks ExtremeWare Operating System (OS)	No	Yes	http://www.extremenetworks.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
F5 Networks	BIG-IP AFM	v11.3	Syslog	All relevant network, network DoS, protocol security, DNS, and DNS DoS events	F5 BIG-IP AFM	Yes	No	http://www.f5.com
F5 Networks	BIG-IP LTM	v4.5, v9.x to v11.x	Syslog	All relevant events	F5 Networks BIG-IP LTM	No	Yes	http://www.f5.com
F5 Networks	BIG-IP ASM	v10.2	Syslog	All relevant events	F5 Networks BIG-IP ASM	Yes	No	http://www.f5.com
F5 Networks	BIG-IP APM	v10.x, and v11.x	Syslog	All relevant events	F5 Networks APM	Yes	No	http://www.f5.com
F5 Networks	FirePass	v7.0	Syslog	All relevant events	F5 Networks FirePass	Yes	Yes	http://www.f5.com
Fair Warning	Fair Warning	v2.9.2	Log File Protocol	All relevant events	Fair Warning	No	No	http://www.fairwarningaudit.com
Fidelis Security Systems	Fidelis XPS	7.3.x	Syslog	All relevant alert events	Fidelis XPS	Yes	No	http://www.fidelissecurity.com
FireEye	MPS, eMPS and MA	v5.1 patch level 5	Syslog	All relevant events	FireEye	No	No	http://www.fireeye.com
ForeScout	CounterACT	v7.x and above	Syslog	All relevant Denial of Service, system, exploit, authentication, and suspicious events	ForeScout CounterACT	No	No	http://www.forescout.com
Fortinet	FortiGate	FortiOS v2.5 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Fortinet FortiGate Security Gateway	Yes	No	http://www.fortinet.com
Foundry	FastIron		Syslog	All relevant events	Foundry FastIron	Yes	Yes	http://www.brocade.com
Great Bay	Beacon	v3.x.x and v4.x.x	Syslog	All relevant events	Great Bay Beacon	Yes	No	http://www.greatbaysoftware.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
HBGary	Active Defense	v1.2 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	HBGary Active Defense	Yes	No	http://www.hbgary.com
HP	Tandem		Log File Protocol	Safe Guard Audit file events	HP Tandem	No	No	http://www.HP.com
HP	ProCurve	K.14.52	Syslog	All relevant events	HP ProCurve	Yes	No	http://www.HP.com
HP	UX	v11.x and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Hewlett Packard UniX	No	Yes	http://www.HP.com
Honeycomb Technologies	Lexicon File Integrity Monitor	mesh service v3.1 and above	Syslog	All relevant file integrity events	Honeycomb Lexicon File Integrity Monitor	Yes	No	http://www.honeycomb.co.uk
Huawei	S Series Switch	S5700, S7700, and S9700 using V200R001 C00	Syslog	All relevant IPv4 events from S5700, S7700, and S9700 Switches	Huawei S Series Switch	No	No	http://www.huawei.com
Huawei	AR Series Router	AR150, AR200, AR1200, AR2200, and AR3200 routers using V200R002 C00	Syslog	All relevant IPv4 events	Huawei AR Series Router	No	No	http://www.huawei.com
IBM	AIX	v6.1 & v7.1	Syslog, Log File Protocol	All configured audit events	IBM AIX Audit	Yes	No	http://www.ibm.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
IBM	AIX	5.x and 6.x	Syslog	All relevant authentication and operating system events	IBM AIX Server	Yes	Yes	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	AS/400 iSeries DSM	V5R3 and above	Log File Protocol	All relevant events	IBM AS/400 iSeries	No	Yes	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	AS/400 iSeries - Robert Townsend Security Solutions	V5R1 and above	Syslog	All CEF formatted messages	IBM AS/400 iSeries	Yes	Yes	http://www.ibm.com http://www.patowndsend.com
IBM	AS/400 iSeries - Powertech Interact	V5R1 and above	Syslog	All CEF formatted messages	IBM AS/400 iSeries	Yes	Yes	http://www.ibm.com http://www.powertech.com
IBM	InfoSphere Guardium	8.2p45	Syslog	All relevant policy builder events	IBM Guardium	No	No	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	ISS Proventia	M10 v2.1_2004.1122_15.13.53	SNMP	All relevant events	IBM Proventia Network Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)	No	No	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	Lotus Domino	v8.5	SNMP	All relevant events	IBM Lotus Domino	No	No	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	Proventia Management SiteProtector	v2.0 and v2.9	JDBC	All relevant IPS and audit events	IBM Proventia Management SiteProtector	No	No	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	RACF	v1.9 to v1.13	Log File Protocol	All relevant events	IBM RACF	No	No	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	CICS	v3.1 to v4.2	Log File Protocol	All relevant events	IBM CICS	No	No	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	DB2	v8.1 to v10.1	Log File Protocol	All relevant events	IBM DB2	No	No	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	z/OS	v1.9 to v1.13	Log File Protocol	All relevant events	IBM z/OS	No	No	http://www.ibm.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
IBM	Informix	v11	Log File Protocol	All relevant events	IBM Informix Audit	No	No	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	IMS		Log File Protocol	All relevant events	IBM IMS	No	No	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	Security Network Protection (XGS)	v5.0 with fixpack 7	Syslog	All relevant system, access, and security events	IBM Security Network Protection (XGS)	Yes	No	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	Security Network IPS	v4.6 and above	Syslog	All relevant security, health, and system events	IBM Security Network IPS	Yes	No	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	Security Identity Manager	6.0.x and above	JDBC	All relevant audit and recertification events	IBM Security Identity Manager	No	Yes	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	Tivoli Access Manager	IBM Web Security Gateway v7.x	Syslog	All relevant audit, access, and HTTP events.	IBM Tivoli Access Manager	Yes	Yes	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	Tivoli Endpoint Manager	Tivoli Endpoint Manager v8.2.x and above	IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager SOAP Protocol	All relevant server events	IBM Tivoli Endpoint Manager	No	Yes	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	WebSphere Application Server	5.0.x to 6.1	Log File Protocol	All relevant events	IBM WebSphere Application Server	No	Yes	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	zSecure Alert	1.13.x and above	UNIX syslog	All relevant alert events	IBM Security zSecure Alert	Yes	Yes	http://www.ibm.com
IBM	Security Access Manager	v8.1 and v8.2	Syslog	All relevant audit, system, and authentication events	IBM Security Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On	Yes	No	http://www.ibm.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Imperva	SecureSphere	v6.2 and v7.x Release. Enterprise Edition	Syslog	All relevant events	Imperva SecureSphere	Yes	No	http://www.imperva.com
Infoblox	NIOS	v6.x	Syslog	All relevant events	Infoblox NIOS	No	Yes	http://www.infoblox.com
Internet Systems Consortium (ISC)	BIND	v9.9	Syslog	All relevant events	ISC BIND	Yes	No	http://www.isc.org
iT-CUBE	agileSI	v1.x	SMB Tail	All relevant agileSI SAP events	iT-CUBE agileSI	No	Yes	http://www.it-cube.net
Itron	Openway Smart Meter		Syslog	All relevant events	Itron Smart Meter	Yes	No	http://www.itron.com
Juniper Networks	AVT		JDBC	All relevant events	Juniper AVT	No	No	http://www.juniper.net
Juniper Networks	DX		Syslog	All relevant status and network condition events	Juniper DX Application Acceleration Platform	Yes	No	http://www.juniper.net
Juniper Networks	Infranet Controller	v2.1, v3.1 & v4.0	Syslog	All relevant events	Juniper Networks Infranet Controller	No	Yes	http://www.juniper.net
Juniper Networks	Firewall and VPN	v5.5r3 and later	Syslog	All relevant NetScreen Firewall events	Juniper Networks Firewall and VPN	Yes	Yes	http://www.juniper.net
Juniper Networks	Junos WebApp Secure	4.2.x	Syslog	All relevant incident and access events	Juniper Junos WebApp Secure	Yes	No	http://www.juniper.net
Juniper Networks	IDP	v4.0, v4.1 & v5.0	Syslog	All relevant NetScreen IDP events	Juniper Networks Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP)	Yes	No	http://www.juniper.net

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Juniper Networks	Network and Security Manager (NSM) and Juniper SSG	2007.1r2 to 2007.2r2, 2008.r1, 2009r1.1, 2010.x	Syslog	All relevant NetScreen NSM events	Juniper Networks Network and Security Manager	Yes	No	http://www.juniper.net
Juniper Networks	Junos OS	v7.x to v10.x Ex Series Ethernet Switch DSM only supports v9.0 to v10.x	Syslog or PCAP Syslog***	All relevant events	Juniper Junos OS Platform or select your specific device type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Juniper M Series Multiservice Edge Routing** Juniper MX Series Ethernet Services Router** Juniper T Series Core Platform** Juniper EX Series Ethernet Switch** Juniper SRX Series** 	Yes**	Yes	http://www.juniper.net
Juniper Networks	Secure Access RA	Juniper SA version 6.1R2 and Juniper IC version 2.1	Syslog	All relevant events	Juniper Networks Secure Access (SA) SSL VPN	Yes	Yes	http://www.juniper.net
Juniper Networks	Juniper Security Binary Log Collector	SRX or J Series appliances at v12.1 or above.	Binary	All relevant audit, system, firewall, and IPS events.	Juniper Security Binary Log Collector	No	No	http://www.juniper.net
Juniper Networks	Steel-Belted Radius	v5.x and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Juniper Steel Belted Radius	Yes	Yes	http://www.juniper.net

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Juniper Networks	vGW Virtual Gateway	v4.5	Syslog	All relevant firewall, admin, policy and IDS Log events	Juniper vGW	Yes	No	http://www.juniper.net
Kaspersky	Security Center	v9.2	JDBC	All relevant anti virus, server, and audit events	Kaspersky Security Center	No	Yes	http://www.kaspersky.com
Lieberman	Random Password Manager	v4.8x	Syslog	All relevant events	Lieberman Random Password Manager	Yes	No	http://www.liebssoft.com
Linux	Open Source Linux OS	v2.4 and above	Syslog	All relevant operating system events	Linux OS	Yes	Yes	
Linux	DHCP Server	v2.4 and above	Syslog	All relevant events from a DHCP server	Linux DHCP Server	Yes	Yes	
Linux	IPtables kernel	v2.4 and above	Syslog	All relevant Accept, Drop, or Reject events	Linux iptables Firewall	Yes	No	
McAfee	Intrushield	v2.1.x and above	Syslog	All relevant events	McAfee IntruShield Network IPS Appliance	Yes	No	http://www.mcafee.com
McAfee	ePolicy Orchestrator	v3.5 to v4.5	JDBC SNMPv2 SNMPv3	All relevant AntiVirus events	McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator	No	No	http://www.mcafee.com
McAfee	Application / Change Control	v4.5.x	JDBC	All relevant change management events	McAfee Application / Change Control	No	Yes	http://www.mcafee.com
McAfee	Web Gateway	v7.0.0	Syslog, Log File Protocol	All relevant events	McAfee Web Gateway	Yes	No	http://www.mcafee.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Metainfo	MetalP	v5.7.00-6059 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Metainfo MetalP	Yes	Yes	http://www.metainfo.com
Microsoft	IIS	6.0 and 7.0	Syslog	HTTP status code events	Microsoft IIS Webserver Logs	Yes	No	http://www.microsoft.com
Microsoft	Internet and Acceleration (ISA) Server or Threat Management Gateway	ISA 2006	Syslog	All relevant ISA or TMG events	Microsoft ISA <i>Note: Microsoft TMG 2010 is supported using the Adaptive Log Exporter.</i>	Yes	No	http://www.microsoft.com
Microsoft	Exchange Server	2007, and 2010	Windows Exchange Protocol	Exchange mail and security events	Microsoft Exchange Server	No	No	http://www.microsoft.com
Microsoft	Endpoint Protection	2012	JDBC	Malware detection events	Microsoft Endpoint Protection	No	No	http://www.microsoft.com
Microsoft	IAS Server	Windows 2000, 2003, and 2008	Syslog	All relevant events	Microsoft IAS Server	Yes	No	http://www.microsoft.com
Microsoft	Microsoft Windows Event Security Log	2000, 2003, 2008, XP, Vista, and Windows 7 (32 or 64-bit systems supported)	Syslog or Microsoft Windows Event Log Protocol Source	All relevant events	Microsoft Windows Security Event Log	Yes	Yes	http://www.microsoft.com
Microsoft	SQL Server	2008	JDBC	SQL Audit events	Microsoft SQL Server	No	No	http://www.microsoft.com
Microsoft	SharePoint	2010	JDBC	SharePoint audit, site, and file events	Microsoft SharePoint	No	No	http://www.microsoft.com
Microsoft	DHCP Server	2000/2003	Syslog	All relevant events	Microsoft DHCP Server	Yes	Yes	http://www.microsoft.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Microsoft	Operations Manager	2005	JDBC	All relevant events	Microsoft Operations Manager	No	No	http://www.microsoft.com
Microsoft	System Center Operations Manager	2007	JDBC	All relevant events	Microsoft SCOM	No	No	http://www.microsoft.com
Motorola	Symbol AP	firmware v1.1 to 2.1	Syslog	All relevant events	Motorola SymbolAP	No	No	http://www.motorola.com
NetApp	Data ONTAP		Syslog	All relevant CIFS events	NetApp Data ONTAP	Yes	Yes	http://www.netapp.com
Niksun	NetVCR 2005	v3.x	Syslog	All relevant Niksun events	Niksun 2005 v3.5	No	No	http://www.niksun.com
Nokia	Firewall	NG FP1, FP2, FP3, AI R54, AI R55, NGX on IPSO v3.8 and above	Syslog or OPSEC LEA	All relevant events	Check Point Firewall-1	Yes	Yes	http://www.nokia.com
Nokia	VPN-1	NG FP1, FP2, FP3, AI R54, AI R55, NGX on IPSO v3.8 and above	Syslog or OPSEC LEA	All relevant events	Check Point Firewall-1	Yes	Yes	http://www.nokia.com
Nominum	Vantio	v5.3	Syslog	All relevant events	Nominum Vantio	Yes	No	http://www.nominum.com
Nortel	Contivity		Syslog	All relevant events	Nortel Contivity V2 VPN Switch	Yes	No	http://www.nortel.com
Nortel	Application Switch	v3.2 and above	Syslog	All relevant status and network condition events	Nortel Application Switch	No	Yes	http://www.nortel.com
Nortel	ARN	v15.5	Syslog	All relevant events	Nortel Multiprotocol Router	Yes	No	http://www.nortel.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Nortel	Ethernet Routing Switch 2500	v4.1	Syslog	All relevant events	Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 2500/4500/5500	No	Yes	http://www.nortel.com
Nortel	Ethernet Routing Switch 4500	v5.1	Syslog	All relevant events	Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 2500/4500/5500	No	Yes	http://www.nortel.com
Nortel	Ethernet Routing Switch 5500	v5.1	Syslog	All relevant events	Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 2500/4500/5500	No	Yes	http://www.nortel.com
Nortel	Ethernet Routing Switch 8300	v4.1	Syslog	All relevant events	Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 8300/8600	No	Yes	http://www.nortel.com
Nortel	Ethernet Routing Switch 8600	v5.0	Syslog	All relevant events	Nortel Ethernet Routing Switch 8300/8600	No	Yes	http://www.nortel.com
Nortel	VPN Gateway	v6.0, 7.0.1 and above, v8.x	Syslog	All relevant events	Nortel VPN Gateway	Yes	Yes	http://www.nortel.com
Nortel	Secure Router	v9.3, v10.1	Syslog	All relevant events	Nortel Secure Router	Yes	Yes	http://www.nortel.com
Nortel	Secure Network Access Switch	v1.6 and v2.0	Syslog	All relevant events	Nortel Secure Network Access Switch (SNAS)	Yes	Yes	http://www.nortel.com
Nortel	Switched Firewall 5100	v2.4	Syslog or OPSEC	All relevant events	Nortel Switched Firewall 5100	Yes	Yes	http://www.nortel.com
Nortel	Switched Firewall 6000	v4.2	Syslog or OPSEC	All relevant events	Nortel Switched Firewall 6000	Yes	Yes	http://www.nortel.com
Nortel	Threat Protection System	v4.6 and v4.7	Syslog	All relevant events	Nortel Threat Protection System (TPS) Intrusion Sensor (IS)	No	No	http://www.nortel.com
Novell	eDirectory	v2.7	Syslog	All relevant events	Novell eDirectory	Yes	No	http://www.novell.com/

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
ObserveIT	ObserveIT	5.6.x and above	Log File Protocol	All relevant user activity events	ObserveIT	No	No	http://www.observeit-sys.com
OpenBSD Project	OpenBSD	v4.2 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	OpenBSD OS	No	Yes	http://www.openbsd.org
Open LDAP Foundation	Open LDAP	2.4.x	UDP Multiline Syslog	All relevant events	Open LDAP	No	No	http://www.openldap.org/
Open Source	SNORT	v2.x	Syslog	All relevant events	Snort Open Source IDS	Yes	No	http://www.snort.org
Oracle	Audit Records	v9i, v10g, and v11g	Syslog JDBC	All relevant Oracle events	Oracle RDBMS Audit Record	Yes	Yes	http://www.oracle.com
Oracle	Database Listener	v9i, v10g, and v11g	Syslog	All relevant Oracle events	Oracle Database Listener	Yes	No	http://www.oracle.com
Oracle	Audit Vault	v10.2.3.2 and above	JDBC	All relevant Oracle events	Oracle Audit Vault	No	No	http://www.oracle.com
Oracle	OS Audit	v9i, v10g, and v11g	Syslog	All relevant Oracle events	Oracle RDBMS OS Audit Record	Yes	Yes	http://www.oracle.com
Oracle	BEA WebLogic	v10.3.x	Log File Protocol	All relevant Oracle events	Oracle BEA WebLogic	No	No	http://www.oracle.com
OSSEC	OSSEC	v2.6 and above	Syslog	All relevant	OSSEC	Yes	No	http://www.ossec.net
Palo Alto Networks	PanOS	v3.0 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Palo Alto PA Series	Yes	No	http://www.paloaltonetworks.com
Pirean	Access: One	v2.2 with DB2 v9.7	JDBC	All relevant access management and authentication events	Pirean Access: One	No	No	http://www.pirean.com
ProFTPD		v1.2.x, v1.3.x	Syslog	All relevant events	ProFTPD Server	Yes	Yes	http://www.proftpd.org
Radware	DefensePro	v4.23 and 5.01	Syslog	All relevant events	Radware DefensePro	Yes	No	http://www.radware.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Raz-Lee iSecurity	AS/400 iSeries	Firewall 15.7 and Audit 11.7	Syslog	All relevant security and audit events	IBM AS/400 iSeries	Yes	Yes	http://www.razlee.com
Redback Networks	ASE	v6.1.5	Syslog	All relevant events	Redback ASE	Yes	No	http://www.redback.com
RSA	Authentication Manager	v7.1, v6.x	Syslog or Log File Protocol	All relevant events	RSA Authentication Manager	No	No	http://www.rsa.com
Samhain Labs	HIDS	v2.4	Syslog JDBC	All relevant events	Samhain HIDS	Yes	No	http://www.la-samhna.de/samhain
Secure Computing	Sidewinder G2	v61	Syslog	All Sidewinder events	Sidewinder G2 Security Appliance	Yes	No	http://www.securecomputing.com
Sentriigo	Hedgehog	v2.5.3	Syslog	All relevant events	Sentriigo Hedgehog	Yes	No	http://www.sentriigo.com
SolarWinds	Orion	v2011.2	Syslog	All relevant events	SolarWinds Orion	Yes	No	http://www.solarwinds.com
SonicWALL	UTM/Firewall/VPN Appliance	v3.x and above	Syslog	All relevant events	SonicWALL SonicOS	Yes	No	http://www.sonicwall.com
Sophos	Astaro	v8.x	Syslog	All relevant events	Sophos Astaro Security Gateway	Yes	No	http://www.sophos.com
Sophos	Enterprise Console	v4.5.1 and v5.1	Sophos Enterprise Console protocol or JDBC	All relevant events	Sophos Enterprise Console	No	No	http://www.sophos.com
Sophos	PureMessage	v3.1.0.0 and above for Microsoft Exchange v5.6.0 for Linux	JDBC	All relevant quarantined email events	Sophos PureMessage	No	No	http://www.sophos.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Sophos	Web Security Appliance	v3.x	Syslog	All relevant transaction log events	Sophos Web Security Appliance	Yes	No	http://www.sophos.com
Sourcefire	Intrusion Sensor	IS 500, v2.x, 3.x, 4.x	Syslog	All relevant Sourcefire events	Snort Open Source IDS	Yes	No	http://www.sourcefire.com
Sourcefire	Defense Center	v4.8.0.2 and above	Sourcefire Defense Center	All relevant Sourcefire events	Sourcefire Defense Center	No	No	http://www.sourcefire.com
Squid	Web Proxy	v2.5 and above	Syslog	All cache and access log events	Squid Web Proxy	Yes	No	http://www.squid-cache.org
Starent Networks			Syslog	All relevant events	Starent Networks Home Agent (HA)	Yes	No	http://www.starentnetworks.com
Stonesoft	Management Center	v5.4	Syslog	All relevant Management Center, IPS, Firewall, and VPN Events	Stonesoft Management Center	Yes	No	http://www.stonesoft.com
Sun	Solaris	v5.8, v5.9, Sun OS v5.8, v5.9	Syslog	All relevant events	Solaris Operating System Authentication Messages	Yes	Yes	http://www.sun.com
Sun	Solaris DHCP	v2.8	Syslog	All relevant events	Solaris Operating System DHCP Logs	Yes	Yes	http://www.sun.com
Sun	Solaris Sendmail	v2.x	Syslog	All relevant events	Solaris Operating System Sendmail Logs	Yes	No	http://www.sun.com
Sun	Solaris Basic Security Mode (BSM)	v5.10 and above	Log File Protocol	All relevant events	Solaris BSM	No	Yes	http://www.sun.com
Sun	ONE LDAP	v11.1	Log File Protocol	All relevant access and LDAP events	Sun ONE LDAP	No	No	http://www.sun.com
Sybase	ASE	v15.0 and above	JDBC	All relevant events	Sybase ASE	No	No	http://www.sybase.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Symantec	Endpoint Protection	v11 and v12	Syslog	All Audit and Security Logs	Symantec Endpoint Protection	Yes	No	http://www.symantec.com
Symantec	SGS Appliance	v3.x and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Symantec Gateway Security (SGS) Appliance	Yes	No	http://www.symantec.com
Symantec	SSC	v10.1	JDBC	All relevant events	Symantec System Center	Yes	No	http://www.symantec.com
Symantec	Data Loss Prevention (DLP)	v8.x and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Symantec Data Loss Prevention (DLP)	No	No	http://www.symantec.com
Symantec	PGP Universal Server	3.0.x	Syslog	All relevant events	PGP Universal Server	Yes	No	http://www.symantec.com
Symark	PowerBroker	4.0	Syslog	All relevant events	Symark	Yes	No	http://www.symark.com
ThreatGRID	Malware Threat Intelligence Platform	v2.0	Log file or syslog	All relevant malware events	ThreatGRID Malware Threat Intelligence Platform	No	No	http://www.threatgrid.com
TippingPoint	Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)	v1.4.2 to v3.2.x	Syslog	All relevant events	TippingPoint Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)	No	No	http://www.tippingpoint.com
	X505/X506	v2.5 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	TippingPoint X Series Appliances	Yes	Yes	http://www.tippingpoint.com
Top Layer	IPS 5500	v4.1 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Top Layer Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)	Yes	No	http://www.toplayer.com
Trend Micro	Control Manager	v5.0 or v5.5 with hotfix 1697 or hotfix 1713 after SP1 Patch 1	SNMPv1, SNMPv2, SNMPv3	All relevant events	Trend Micro Control Manager	Yes	No	http://www.trendmicro.com
Trend Micro	Deep Discovery	v3.x	Syslog	All relevant events	Trend Micro Deep Discovery	Yes	No	http://www.trendmicro.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
Trend Micro	InterScan VirusWall	v6.0 and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Trend InterScan VirusWall	Yes	No	http://www.trendmicro.com
Trend Micro	Office Scan	v8.x and v10.x	SNMPv2	All relevant events	Trend Micro Office Scan	No	No	http://www.trendmicro.com
Tripwire	Enterprise Manager	v5.2 and above	Syslog	Resource additions, removal, and modification events	Tripwire Enterprise	Yes	No	http://www.tripwire.com
Tropos Networks	Tropos Control	v7.7	Syslog	All relevant fault management, login/logout, provision, and device image upload events	Tropos Control	No	No	http://www.tropos.com
Universal	Syslog and SNMP		Syslog, SNMP, or SDEE	All relevant events	Universal DSM	No	Yes	
Universal	Syslog		Syslog or Log File Protocol	All relevant events	Universal LEEF	No	Yes	
Universal	Authentication Server		Syslog	All relevant events	Configurable Authentication message filter	No	Yes	
Universal	Firewall		Syslog	All relevant events	Configurable Firewall Filter	No	No	
Verdasys	Digital Guardian	6.0.x	Syslog	All relevant events	Verdasys Digital Guardian	Yes	No	http://www.verdasys.com
Vericept	Content 360	Up to v8.0	Syslog	All relevant events	Vericept Content 360	Yes	No	http://www.vericept.com
VMware	VMware	ESX or ESXi 3.5.x, 4.x, and 5.x	Syslog	All relevant events	EMC VMware	Yes	No	http://www.vmware.com
			VMWare protocol	All relevant events	EMC VMware	No	No	http://www.vmware.com

Table 103-1 Supported DSMs (continued)

Manufacturer	DSM	Version	Events Accepted	QRadar Recorded Events	Option in QRadar	Auto Discovered	Includes Identity	For More Information
VMware	vCenter	v5.x	VMWare protocol	All relevant events	VMware vCenter	No	No	http://www.vmware.com
VMware	vCloud	v5.1	vCloud protocol	All relevant events	VMware vCloud	No	Yes	http://www.vmware.com
Websense	TRITON	v7.7	Syslog	All relevant events	Websense V Series	Yes	No	http://www.websense.com
Websense	V Series Data Security Suite (DSS)	v7.1.x and above	Syslog	All relevant events	Websense V Series	Yes	No	http://www.websense.com
Websense	V Series Content Gateway	v7.1.x and above	Log File Protocol	All relevant events	Websense V Series	No	No	http://www.websense.com

* These devices are auto discovered as Cisco IOS devices.

** These devices are auto discovered as a Juniper JunOS Platform devices.

*** PCAP Syslog Combination protocol is only available on the Juniper Networks SRX Series appliance.

A

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