Workplace Micro Environment v5.7

IBM

MIDP Installation Guide
For Windows Mobile™ 2003 Devices

Contents

Chapter 1. Introduction

About this document

This document can help you install the **MIDP 2.0** configuration that you need to run a J9 VM executable on your Windows Mobile 2003 device.

Note: This document assumes a certain level of knowledge about working with Windows Mobile 2003 devices. For example, if you need further information on how to install files on your device, please refer to the Windows Mobile 2003 documentation.

About the J9 runtime environment

What is a J9 runtime?

The J9 VM, the core of **WebSphere Everyplace Micro Environment** (WEME), the IBM™ implementation of the **Java**™ **Virtual Machine Specification, Version 1.3**. A Java virtual machine executes machine instructions, known as bytecodes, typically compiled from Java language source code. For more on the Java Virtual Machine Specification, refer to http://java.sun.com/docs/books/vmspec/.

The J9 VM and **Java Class Libraries** (JCL) comprise the J9 runtime environment. The J9 runtime environment is **Java 2 Platform, Micro Edition** (J2ME) compliant and contains **Connected Limited Device Configuration** (CLDC) and **Connected Device Configuration** (CDC) based technologies. In addition, the **WebSphere Everyplace Custom Environment** (WECE) is a combination of the J9 VM and IBM custom libraries.

The WEME product is supported on a variety of:
- Operating systems (including Microsoft Windows™, Linux, PalmOS, OSE, Rex, VxWorks, PocketPC, Symbian, QNX and Nucleus)
- Hardware architectures (including Intel x86, xScale. ARM, MIPS, SH4, and PowerPC)

WebSphere Everyplace Micro Environment is a certified Java Powered product, developed under an agreement between IBM and Sun Microsystems. Deployment of applications or devices with Workplace Client Technology requires an appropriate deployment license from IBM or one of IBM's partners.

About J9 class libraries

Which J9 class libraries are available for a Windows Mobile 2003 devices?

The following J9 class library is available for your device:
- `jclMidp20` is an implementation of the **J2ME Mobile Information Device Profile Next Generation** (JSR-118), based on the **MIDP Specification** (JSR-37).

About Installer packages

What is an installer package?

The installer package contains the components of the IBM Workplace Client Technology, Micro Edition (WCTME) MIDP 2.0 runtime for the Windows Mobile 2003 device. Executing this file will start the InstallShield application which will guide you through the install.

The following installer package is available for your device:

Type of Package	File name	Description	Space required to install
Runtime Package	**weme-wm2003-arm-ppro10-5.7.0.exe** for a Windows environment **weme-wm2003-arm-ppro10-5.7.0.bin** for a Linux environment **Note:** Although you can use this bin file for any Linux environment, it is only supported on Red Hat 8.0	**J2ME Mobile Information Device Next Generation**(JSR-118) This runtime package includes the: • J9 VM runtime • **MIDP 2.0** class libraries **Note:** An example MIDlet application, "Golf Score Midlet," is included and installed when you install this package.	3MB

About the CAB File

The CAB file contains the executable and the proper DLL files that are necessary for the IBM™ Workplace Client Technology, Micro Environment (WCTME) MIDP 2.0 runtime package.

Type of Package	File name	Description
CAB File	**weme-midp20-wm2003-arm_22.CAB**	Files that are included in the CAB file can be found in their default location on the device: Found in `\Program Files\J9\MIDP20\bin\` • emulator.exe • ivemidp20_22.dll • j9midp20.exe • j9mjit22.dll • j9mjitd22.dll • jclmidp20_22.dll • java.properties Found in `\Program Files\J9\MIDP20\lib\` • charconv.zip • j2me.keystore • security.policy Found in `\Program Files\J9\MIDP20\lib\jclMidp20\` • jclMidp20.jxe • Ams.jad Found in `\Program Files\J9\MIDP20\examples\jclMidp20\` • Golf ScoreTrackerSuite.jad • Golf ScoreTrackerSuite.jar • Golf ScoreTrackerSuite.lnk

Chapter 2. Tasks

Installing the runtime on your computer

Follow these steps to install a runtime environment on your development computer:

1. Run the installer that is appropriate for your operating system:
   - **weme-wm2003-arm-midp20-5.7.0.exe** for a Windows environment
   - **weme-wm2003-arm-midp20-5.7.0.bin** for a Linux environment

   Note: You must be logged in as ″root″ on a Linux system.

   Result: The installer launches. The first window displays information about the installer package.
2. Click **Next**.

   Result: The second installer window displays the license agreement.
3. Accept the license agreement and click **Next**.

   Result: The third installer window prompts for the location to install the runtime files.
4. Accept the default location, or enter an alternate location, and click **Next**.

   Result: The installer displays a verification prompt.
5. If the information is correct, click **Next**.

   Result: A ″successful installation″ dialog box displays.
6. At this point, there are 2 different options to choose from:
   - If **Finish** is selected, it will display a verification that the program should exit. The runtime has been installed on the development machine. You will need to manually ActiveSync the CAB files at a later time.
   - If **Continue** is selected, it will try to detect the Microsoft ActiveSynch software to sync to your mobile device. If Microsoft ActiveSync software is not found, the dialog box displays instructions on finding the CAB files and performing the synchronization manually.
7. Click **Next**.
8. Click **Finish** to close the installer.

Manually installing the runtime on your mobile device

If the CAB file was not automatically synchronized with your device, follow these steps to install the runtime environment:

Note: These instructions are for Windows only. Contact your mobile device manufacturer for Linux instructions.

1. To install the runtime environment:
   - On a Windows operating system, browse to the C:\Program Files\IBM\WEME\57\WM2003\arm\MIDP20\cab directory.
   - On a Linux operating system, browse to the /opt/IBM/WEME/57/WM2003/MIDP/cab directory.
2. Copy **weme-midp20-wm2003-arm_22.CAB** to your device.

3. Click on the CAB file to run the installer or on the **Settings** tab, select **Add/Remove Software** to run the installer.

Uninstalling the runtime from your computer

Follow these steps to remove a package installed on your development computer:

1. Launch the uninstaller appropriate for your operating system:

Operating System	Follow these steps to run the uninstaller
Windows	1. Select **Start** |**Programs** |**IBM WebSpere Everyplace Micro Environment 5.7**. 2. Select **Uninstall WM-2003 MIDP package**.
Linux	1. Select the **Panel** | **Programming Menu**. 2. Select **Uninstall WM-2003 MIDP package**.

2. At the first window, read the information about the installer and click **Next**.

   Result: The second uninstaller window displays summary information.

3. Click **Next**.

   Result: The third uninstaller window displays more summary information.

4. Click **Finish** to proceed with the uninstall.

   Note: The uninstaller removes the files but leaves the directories in place.

Uninstalling the runtime from your mobile device

Follow these steps on your mobile device to uninstall the runtime:

1. From the **Start** button, select **Settings** tab, then select **System** tab, then select **Remove Programs** to run the uninstaller.
2. Select **Uninstall IBM MIDP20**.
3. Select the package you want to remove. A dialog box prompts you to confirm the removal.
4. Select **Yes** to proceed with the uninstall.

Executing the runtime example from your mobile device

If you installed the CAB file on the device, an example was also installed for you. The example code can be found in an `examples` directory in the MIDP20 installation directory. A shortcut was also placed in the **Start Menu** for the device.

Follow these steps to execute the example:

1. From the **Start** menu, select **Programs**.
2. Select the **Golf Score** MIDlet icon.

   Result: The **Golf Score Midlet** will execute.

3. Exit the MIDlet.

There is also a shortcut installed to run the MIDlet emulator. Follow these steps to execute the emulator:

1. From the **Start** menu, select **Programs**.
2. Select the **MIDlet HQ** icon.

Result: The MIDlet emulator will execute.

3. Exit the MIDlet emulator.

Chapter 3. J9 command options

Common options

The following table contains common J9 v2.2 command line options.

```
J9 - VM for the Java(TM) platform, Version 2.2
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Target: {Encoded Build Number} (Windows XP 5.1 build 2600 Service Pack 1 x86)
IBM is a registered trademark of IBM Corp.
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Usage: j9 [options] classname [args...]
Usage: j9 [options] -jxe:<jxeFile> [args...]
[options]
    -classpath <path>
    -cp <path>       set classpath to <path>.
    -jxe:<jxeFile>   run the named jxe file.
    -D<prop>=<val>   set the value of a system property.
    -debug:<options> enable debug, JDWP standard <options>.
    -jcl:<config>    specify which JCL DLL to use (e.g. cdc, cldc, ...).
    -verbose         [:class,gc,stack,sizes]
                     enable verbose output(default=class).
    -verify          enable class file verification.
    -X               print help on non-standard options.
```

Refer to the following table for a more detailed description of each of these options:

Syntax	Description
-? or -help	This command option displays help

Syntax	Description
-classpath	This command option sets the class path for this invocation of J9. The final value of -classpath is determined by: 1. If the -classpath option is indicated, its value is used. 2. Otherwise, if the CLASSPATH environment variable is set, its value is used. 3. If both are unspecified, the value ".") is used. If the class path includes: • More than one class path entry, you should separate them with your operating system's path separators (for example, on Windows, use semicolons.) • A JAR, ZIP or JXE file, you should add the full name of the file to the class path. • CLASS files, you should specify the top-level directory of the CLASS file tree. **Example: (on windows)** -classpath c:\ive\lib\classes.zip; c:\myclasses;c:\myjars\foo.jar **CAUTION:** **The J9 class libraries (classes.zip) and the J9 VM are not compatible with other vendors' class libraries. It is possible that you might have more than one runtime environment installed on your host computer. You must make sure that you do not mismatch these libraries when specifying the class path.**
-cp <path>	Set classpath to <path> This is equivalent to -**classpath**.
-jxe:<jxeFile>	This command option reads the specified JXE file, looking for the classes in this file. All classes found in the JXE are placed at the end of the "boot path." **Note:** When using the **-jxe** option, do not specify the startup class. **Example:** -jxe:hello.jxe **Note:** The **-jxe** option must be the last option on the command line. **CAUTION:** **The -jxe option is not the preferred way to run an application. It is best to use -classpath (where applicable) or -Xbootclasspath: (if the .jxe contains boot classes).**
-Dprop=<val>	This command option sets the value of a system property. For example, -Dmy.property=some.value sets the value of my.property to some.value. -Dprop sets the value to null. You can use multiple instances of this option by repeating the option statement separated with a space. **Example:** j9 -Dprop1=val1 -Dprop2=val2 -Dprop3=val3 **Note:** Spacing is important in this option's syntax. There is never a space between the initial -D, its property argument, the equals sign, or the value argument. **Example:** -Dname="John Smith"

Syntax	Description
-debug:\<options>	This command enables debug, **Java Debug Wire Protocol** (JDWP) standard \<options>
-jcl:\<config>	This command option specifies which JCL DLL to use (which JNI natives are used by the class library Java code.) If you use the **-jcl:\<config>** without indicating a **-Xbootclasspath: \<path>**, then the value for the **-Xbootclasspath: \<path>** is assumed (`%JAVAHOME%/lib/jclLibraryName/classes.zip`). However, if the class libraries are stored in a non-default location, then you must include the **-Xbootclasspath: \<path>** in order to direct the VM to the **classes.zip** file. **Note:** If the **-Xbootclasspath** and the -jcl VM options are mismatched, the VM will generate an "Incompatible class library" error. The possible library arguments are: • -jcl:foun10 (jclFoundation10 class library) • -jcl:ppro10 (jclPPro10 class library) • -jcl:midp20 (jclMidp2.0 class library) • -jcl:max (jclMax class library) • -jcl:rm (jclRM class library) **Note:** Not all these options are available for all platforms.
-verbose[:class, gc, stack, sizes]	This command option turns one of the following: • `class` displays each fully-qualified class name as it is loaded (that is, enable verbose class loading). This is the default value. • `gc` displays garbage collection information. • `stack` displays stack information. • `sizes` displays default VM sizes.
-verify	This command option enables bytecode verification. The `-verify` option is on by default. To disable bytecode verification specify `-noverify`.
-X	This command option prints help on non-standard options.

Advanced options

The following options are non-standard and subject to change without notice:

```
-Xbootclasspath:<path>      set bootstrap classpath to <path>
-Xbootclasspath/p:<path>    prepend <path> to bootstrap classpath
-Xbootclasspath/a:<path>    append <path> to bootstrap classpath
-Xrun<dll>[:options]        Load helper libraries, such as those used with JVMPI
-Xint            run interpreted only
-Xnoaot          do not run precompiled code
-Xfuture         enable strictest checks, anticipating future default

Arguments to the following options are expressed in bytes.
Values suffixed with "k" (kilo) or "m" (mega) will be factored accordingly.
-Xmca<x>         set RAM class segment increment to <x>
-Xmco<x>         set ROM class segment increment to <x>
-Xmn<x>          set initial/maximum new space size to <x>
-Xmns<x>         set initial new space size to <x>
-Xmnx<x>         set maximum new space size to <x>
-Xmo<x>          set initial/maximum old space size to <x>
-Xmos<x>         set initial old space size to <x>
-Xmox<x>         set maximum old space size to <x>
-Xmoi<x>         set old space increment to <x>
-Xms<x>          set initial memory size to <x>
-Xmx<x>          set memory maximum to <x>
-Xmr<x>          set remembered set size to <x>
-Xmrx<x>         set maximum size of remembered set to <x>
-Xmso<x>         set OS thread stack size to <x>
-Xiss<x>         set initial java thread stack size to <x>
-Xss<x>          set maximum java thread stack size to <x>
-Xmine<x>        set minimum size for heap expansion to <x>
-Xmaxe<x>        set maximum size for heap expansion to <x>


Arguments to the following options are expressed as a decimal from 0 to 1.
A value of 0.3 represents a request of 30%
-Xminf<x>        minimum percentage of heap free after GC
-Xmaxf<x>        maximum percentage of heap free after GC

Arguments to the following options are expressed as decimal numbers.
-Xgcthreads<x>          set number of GC threads
-Xnoclassgc             disable dynamic class unloading
-Xclassgc               enable dynamic class unloading
-Xalwaysclassgc         enable dynamic class unloading on every GC
-Xnocompactexplicitgc   disable compaction on a system GC
-Xcompactexplicitgc     enable compaction on a system GC
-Xcompactgc             enable compaction
-Xnocompactgc           disable compaction
-Xlp                    enable large page support

-Xdbg:<options>              enable debug, JDWP standard options
-Xrunjdwp:<options>          enable debug, JDWP standard options
-Xdbginfo:<symbol file path> enable debug info server
-Xrdbginfo:<host><port>      enable remote debug info server
```

Refer to the following tables for a more detailed description of each of these options:

Syntax	Description
-Xbootclasspath:<path>	This command option sets the bootstrap classpath to <path>. **Note:** When using this command line option, the **-jcl:LibraryName** option must be used to indicate which class library natives the application should use: `-Xbootclasspath:c:\ive\lib\jclCldc\classes.zip` If you use the **-jcl:<path>** without indicating a -**Xbootclasspath: <path>**, then the value for the **Xbootclasspath: <path>** is assumed (`%JAVAHOME%/lib/jclLibraryName/classes.zip`). However, if the class libraries are stored in a non-default location, then you must include the **-Xbootclasspath: <path>** in order to direct the VM to the **classes.zip** file.
-Xbootclasspath/p:<path>	This command option prepends <path> to the bootstrap classpath. **Note:** This option is useful for applying temporary fixes and/or adding to the bootstrap classpath.
-Xbootclasspath/a:<path>	This command option appends <path> to the bootstrap classpath. **Note:** This option is useful for applying temporary fixes to application classes and/or adding to the bootstrap classpath.
-Xrun<dll>[:options]	Load helper libraries, such as those used with JVMPI.
-Xint	This command option runs interpreted only. This disables both the JIT and AOT support.
-Xjit:<x>	This command enables JIT. • bcount=250 • classLoadPhaseInterval=50 • classLoadPhaseThreshold=2 • code=1024(KB) • count=1000 • data=1024 (KB) • mtcount=1 • samplingFrequency=10
-Xnoaot	This command option prevents running the precompiled code.
-Xgcpolicy:optthruput	This command option sets no scavenger and no concurrent mark. This is the default. This garbage collection policy delivers very high throughput to applications, but at the cost of occasional pauses, which can vary from a few milliseconds to many seconds, depending on the size of the heap and the quantity of garbage. Garbage collection cycles introduce occasional unexpected pauses in the execution of application code. Because applications grow in size and complexity, and heaps become correspondingly larger, this garbage collection pause time tends to grow in size and significance. This garbage collection policy is the default.

Syntax	Description
-Xgcpolicy:optavgpause	This policy enables two garbage collection technologies whose aim is to minimize pause times; namely scavenger and concurrent mark. Provided the weak hypothesis that most objects die young holds true then the scavenger helps reduce pause times by concentrating the garbage collection effort on the nursery since it is there that most recyclable space will be found. Rather than occasional but lengthy pause times to collect the entire heap, the nursery is collected more frequently and provided the nursery is small enough, pause times will be comparatively short.

However, over time the tenure area may become full if too many objects live too long. So in order to minimize the pause time when a collection of the tenure area is necessary, concurrent mark is enabled to perform some garbage collection activities concurrently with normal program execution. The optavgpause option substantially reduces the time that is spent in these garbage collection pauses, in addition to limiting the effect of increasing heap size on the length of the garbage collection pause. This option is particularly relevant to configurations that have large heaps. However, with the reduced pause time, you might experience some reduction of application throughput, which varies from application to application.

This command option sets scavenger and concurrent mark. |
| -Xfuture | This command option enables the strictest checks, anticipating a future default. |

Syntax	Description
-Xmca<x>	This command line option sets the RAM class segment increment to <x>.

RAM class segments contain the portion of the Java classes that needs to be modified at runtime, like the pointers to the class loader, super classes, implemented interfaces, statics, first instance and so forth. There is at least on RAM class segment per Class Loader. If more space for the RAM classes is needed, then the J9 VM allocates a new segment in the same size. |
| -Xmco<x> | This command line option sets the ROM class segment increment to <x>.

The code of Java classes loaded from .class files is stored in special ROM Classes segment types called Dynamically Loaded Classes whose size are determined by this parameter. There is at least on ROM class segment per Class Loader. If more space for the dynamically loaded classes is needed, then the J9 VM allocates a new segment in the size determined by the class loader.
Note: This parameter does not apply for classes loaded from a **Jxe**. The "rom.classes" entry in the Jxe is mapped directly to a ROM class segment. |

Syntax	Description
-Xmn<x>	This command line option sets the initial and maximum **NewSpace** size to <x>. **Note:** This sets the size of the **NewSpace** and **SurvivorSpace**. This command is only relevant if **-Xgcpolicy:optavgpause** is set.
-Xmns<x>	This command line option sets the initial **NewSpace** size to <x>.
-Xmnx<x>	This command line option sets the maximum **NewSpace** size to <x>.
-Xmo<x>	This command line option sets the initial and maximum **OldSpace** size to <x>.
-Xmos<x>	This command line option sets the initial **OldSpace** size to <x>.
-Xmox<x>	This command line option sets the maximum **OldSpace** size to <x>.
-Xmjit<x>	This command line option enables the micro JIT. **Note:** The micro JIT is not enabled by default. You must explicitly enable the micro JIT on platforms that support it or J9 will run in interpreted mode only.
-Xmoi<x>	This command line option sets the **OldSpace** increment to <x>. This value used to expand the **OldSpace**. A value of 0 means no expansion is allowed. If -Xmoi is not specified then there are no restrictions on the expansion size of **OldSpace**.
-Xms<x>	This command line option sets the initial memory size to <x>. **Note:** This option is the same as **-Xmos<x> plus -Xmnx<x>**.
-Xmx<x>	Memory object heap memory size **-Xmx**>=**NewSpace** size plus **OldSpace** size scavenger enabled: minimum size 1536 bytes on 32 bit architectures, 6072 bytes on 64 bit architectures scavenger disabled: minimum size 512 bytes on 32 bit architectures, 2048 bytes on 64 bit architectures
-Xmr<x>	This command line option sets the remembered set size to <x>.
-Xmrx<x>	This command line option sets the maximum size of remembered set to <x>.
-Xmso<x>	This command line option sets the OS thread stack size to <x>.
-Xiss<x>	This command line option sets the initial Java thread stack size to <x>.
-Xss<x>	This command line option sets the maximum Java thread to <x>.
-Xmine<x>	This command line option sets the minimum size for heap expansion to <x>.
-Xmaxe<x>	This command line option sets the maximum size for heap expansion to <x>.

Syntax	Description
-Xmdx<x>	This command line option sets the default memory space maximum size. **Xmdx <=Xmx**. Defaults to -**Xmx/8. -Xmx - -Xmdx** is the space available for user memory spaces created with the **com.ibm.oti.vm.MemorySpace** class provided in **jclRM**. **Note:** This is ignored if *-Xresman* is also used.
-Xresman<x>	This command line option enables resource managed support with the **com.ibm.oti.vm.MemorySpace** class in **jclRM**.

Syntax	Description
-Xminf<x>	This command line option sets the minimum percentage of heap free after GC.
-Xmaxf<x>	This command line option sets the maximum percentage of heap free after GC.

Syntax	Description
-Xgcthreads<x>	This command line option sets the number of GC threads
-Xnoclassgc	This command line option disables dynamic class unloading
-Xclassgc	This command line option enables dynamic class unloading only on class loader changes (default)
-Xalwaysclassgc	This command line option enables dynamic class unloading during global collection
-Xnocompactexplicitgc	This command line option will disable compaction on a system GC.
-Xcompactexplicitgc	This command line option will enable compaction on every system GC.
-Xcompactgc	This command line option will enable compaction.
-Xnocompactgc	This command line option will disable compaction.
-Xlp	This command line option will enable large page support.

Syntax	Description
-Xdbg:<options>	This command line option enables standard Java Debug Wire Protocol (JDWP) debug options.
-Xrunjdwp:<options>	This command line option enables standard JDWP debug options. **Note:** Start a JDWP server. For more information on the JDWP options, see the **Connection and Invocation Details** web site.
-Xdbginfo:<symbol file path>	This command line option enables the debug info server.
-Xrdbginfo:<host>:<port>	This command line option enables the remote debug info server.

Appendix. Additional information

Further Information

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http://www.ibm.com/software/pervasive/support/questions.shtml

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