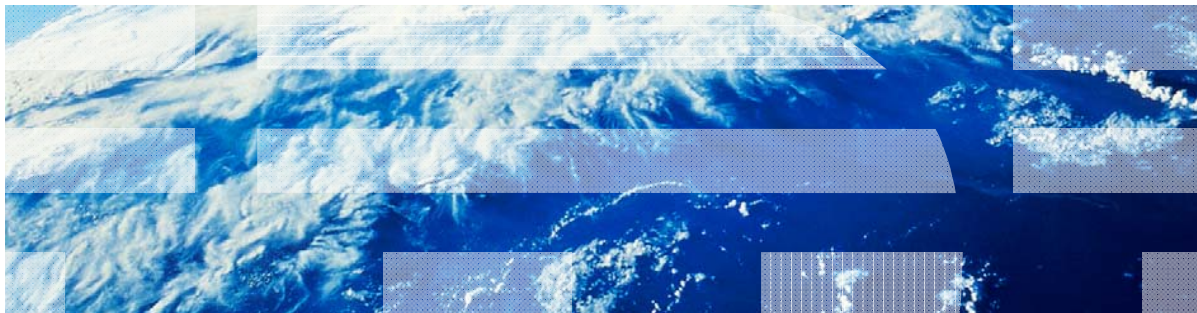


IBM Worklight V5.0.6 Getting Started

Adapter-based authentication



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Agenda

- The Adapter-based authentication introduction
- Configuring the authenticationConfig.xml
- Creating the server-side authentication components
- Creating the client-side authentication components
- Examining the result
- Exercise

The Adapter-based authentication introduction

- The Adapter-based authentication is the most flexible type of authentication to implement and contains all the benefits of the Worklight® Server authentication framework.
- When you use the adapter-based authentication, the entire authentication logic, including the credentials validation, can be implemented in an adapter by using plain JavaScript™.
- Nevertheless, any login module can be used in the adapter-based authentication as an extra authentication layer.
- In this module, you implement an adapter-based authentication mechanism that relies on a user name and a password.

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Configuring the authenticationConfig.xml

- Add an authentication realm to the <realms> section of the authenticationConfig.xml file and call it **SingleStepAuthRealm**.

```
<realm name="SingleStepAuthRealm" loginModule="SingleStepAuthLoginModule">  
  <className>com.worklight.integration.auth.AdapterAuthenticator</className>  
  <parameter name="Login-function" value="SingleStepAuthAdapter.onAuthRequired" />  
  <parameter name="Logout-function" value="SingleStepAuthAdapter.onLogout" />  
</realm>
```

- This realm uses the **SingleStepAuthLoginModule** login module that you must define later.

Configuring the authenticationConfig.xml

- Add an authentication realm to the <realms> section of the authenticationConfig.xml file and call it **SingleStepAuthRealm**.

```
<realm name="SingleStepAuthRealm" loginModule="SingleStepAuthLoginModule">  
  <className>com.worklight.integration.auth.AdapterAuthenticator</className>  
  <parameter name="login-function" value="SingleStepAuthAdapter.onAuthRequired" />  
  <parameter name="logout-function" value="SingleStepAuthAdapter.onLogout" />  
</realm>
```

- Using the **com.worklight.integration.auth.AdapterAuthenticator** class means that the server-side part of the authenticator is defined in the adapter.

Configuring the authenticationConfig.xml

- Add an authentication realm to the <realms> section of the **authenticationConfig.xml** file and call it **SingleStepAuthRealm**.

```
<realm name="SingleStepAuthRealm" loginModule="SingleStepAuthLoginModule">  
  <className>com.worklight.integration.auth.AdapterAuthenticator</className>  
  <parameter name="Login-function" value="SingleStepAuthAdapter.onAuthRequired" />  
  <parameter name="Logout-function" value="SingleStepAuthAdapter.onLogout" />  
</realm>
```

- When the Worklight authentication framework detects an attempt to access a protected resource, an adapter function that is defined in a login-function parameter is invoked automatically.
- When logout is detected (explicit or session timeout), a logout-function is invoked automatically.
- In both cases, the parameter value syntax is **adapterName.functionName**.

Configuring the authenticationConfig.xml

- Add a login module to the <loginModules> section of the **authenticationConfig.xml** file and call it **SingleStepAuthLoginModule**.

```
<loginModule name="SingleStepAuthLoginModule">  
  <className>com.worklight.core.auth.ext.NonValidatingLoginModule</className>  
</loginModule>
```

- Using a **NonValidatingLoginModule** class name means that no additional validation is performed by the Worklight Platform, and the developer takes responsibility for the credential validation within the adapter.
- **Because** all authentication-related actions are done in adapter's code by using NonValidatingLoginModule, this is a mandatory requirement for adapter-based authentication

Configuring the authenticationConfig.xml

- Add a security test to the <securityTests> section of the **authenticationConfig.xml** file.
- You must use this security test to protect the adapter procedure, so make it a **<customSecurityTest>**.

```
<securityTests>  
  <customSecurityTest name="SingleStepAuthAdapter-securityTest">  
    <test isInternalUserID="true" realm="SingleStepAuthRealm"/>  
  </customSecurityTest>  
</securityTests>
```

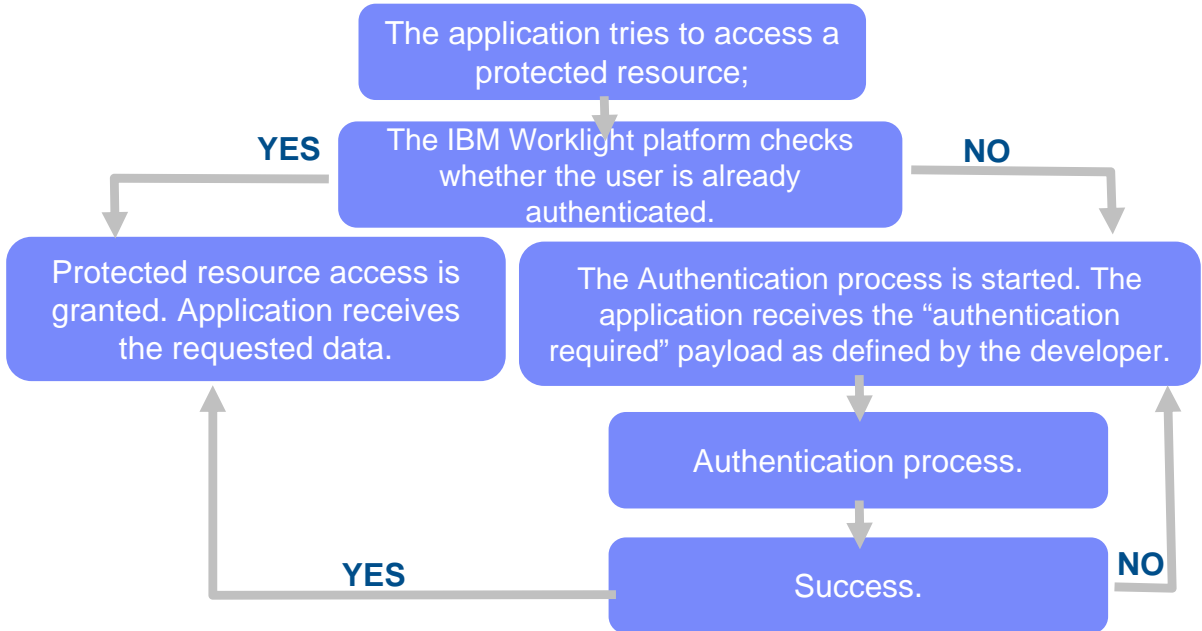
- Remember the security test name. You must use it in subsequent slides.

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Creating the server-side authentication components

- The following diagram illustrates the adapter-based authentication process:



Creating the server-side authentication components

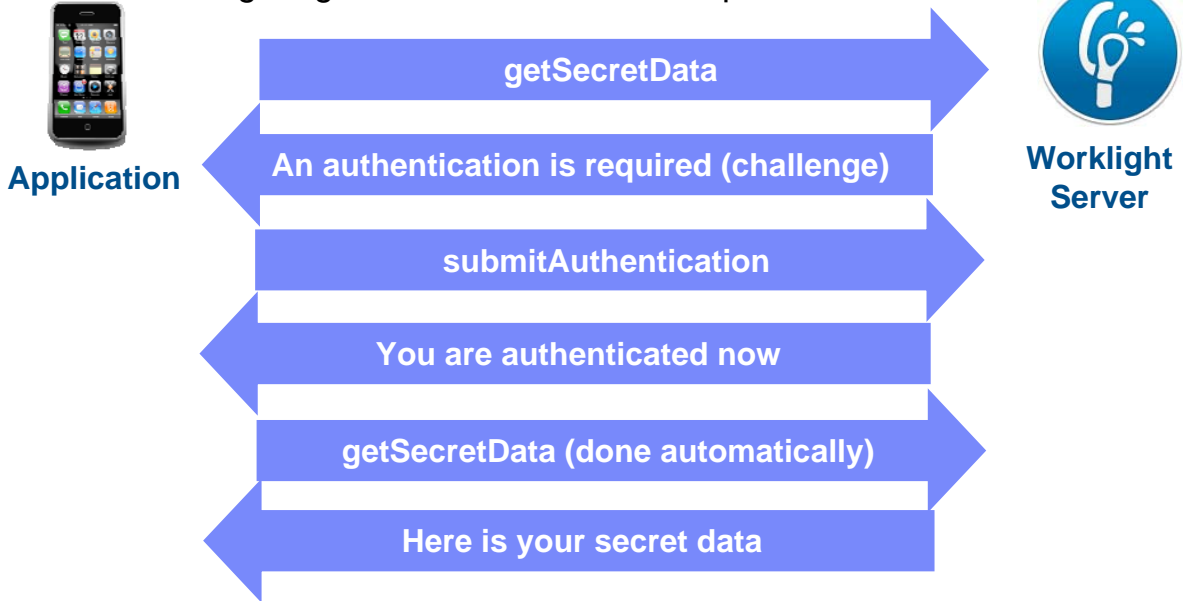
- Create an adapter that takes care of the authentication process. Name it **SingleStepAuthAdapter**.
- The **SingleStepAuthAdapter** has two following procedures:

```
<procedure name="submitAuthentication"/>  
<procedure name="getSecretData" securityTest="SingleStepAuthAdapter-securityTest"/>
```

- The **submitAuthentication** procedure is taking care of the authentication process and authentication is not required in order to invoke it.
- The second procedure, however, is available to authenticated users only.

Creating the server-side authentication components

- The following diagram shows the flow to implement:



Creating the server-side authentication components

- Whenever the IBM Worklight framework detects an unauthenticated attempt to access a protected resource, the `onAuthRequired` function is invoked (as defined in the **authenticationConfig.xml**).

```
function onAuthRequired(headers, errorMessage) {  
    errorMessage = errorMessage ? errorMessage : null;  
    return {  
        authRequired: true,  
        errorMessage: errorMessage  
    };  
}
```

This object is a custom challenge object that is sent to the application.

- This function receives the response headers and an optional **errorMessage** parameter. The object that is returned by this function is sent to the client application.
- Note the **authRequired: true** property. You use this property in challenge handler to detect that the server is requesting authentication.

Creating the server-side authentication components

- The **submitAuthentication** function is invoked by a client application to validate user name and password.

```
function submitAuthentication(username, password){  
  if (username==="worklight" && password === "worklight"){  
  
    var userIdentity = {  
      userId: username,  
      displayName: username,  
      attributes: {  
        foo: "bar"  
      }  
    };  
  
    WL.Server.setActiveUser("SingleStepAuthRealm", userIdentity);  
  
    return {  
      authRequired: false  
    };  
  }  
  
  return onAuthRequired(null, "Invalid login credentials");  
}
```

The user name and password are received from the application as parameters.

Creating the server-side authentication components

- The **submitAuthentication** function is invoked by a client application to validate user name and password.

```
function submitAuthentication(username, password){  
  if (username==="worklight" && password === "worklight"){  
    var userIdentity = {  
      userId: username,  
      displayName: username,  
      attributes: {  
        foo: "bar"  
      }  
    };  
    WL.Server.setActiveUser("SingleStepAuthRealm", userIdentity);  
    return {  
      authRequired: false  
    };  
  }  
  return onAuthRequired(null, "Invalid login credentials");  
}
```

In this sample, the credentials are validated against some hardcoded values, but any other validation can be performed, for example by using SQL or WebServices.

Creating the server-side authentication components

- The **submitAuthentication** function is invoked by a client application to validate user name and password.

```
function submitAuthentication(username, password){
  if (username=="worklight" && password === "worklight"){

    var userIdentity = {
      userId: username,
      displayName: username,
      attributes: {
        foo: "bar"
      }
    };

    WL.Server.setActiveUser("SingleStepAuthRealm", userIdentity);

    return {
      authRequired: false
    };
  }

  return onAuthRequired(null, "Invalid login credentials");
}
```

If validation is successfully passed, a `WL.Server.setActiveUser` API is called to create an authenticated session for the `SingleStepAuthRealm` with a user data stored in a `userIdentity` object. Note, you can add your own custom properties to the user identity attributes.

Creating the server-side authentication components

- The **submitAuthentication** function is invoked by a client application to validate user name and password.

```
function submitAuthentication(username, password){
  if (username==="worklight" && password === "worklight"){

    var userIdentity = {
      userId: username,
      displayName: username,
      attributes: {
        foo: "bar"
      }
    };

    WL.Server.setActiveUser("SingleStepAuthRealm", userIdentity);

    return {
      authRequired: false
    };

    return onAuthRequired(null, "Invalid login credentials");
  }
}
```

An object is sent to the application, stating that the authentication screen is no longer required.

Creating the server-side authentication components

- The **submitAuthentication** function is invoked by a client application to validate user name and password.

```
function submitAuthentication(username, password){
  if (username==="worklight" && password === "worklight"){

    var userIdentity = {
      userId: username,
      displayName: username,
      attributes: {
        foo: "bar"
      }
    };

    WL.Server.setActiveUser("SingleStepAuthRealm", userIdentity);

    return {
      authRequired: false
    };
  }
  return onAuthRequired(null, "Invalid login credentials");
}
```

If the credentials validation fails, an object that is built by the `onAuthRequired` function is returned to the application with a corresponding error message.

Creating the server-side authentication components

- For training purposes, the **getSecretData** function returns a hardcoded value. Keep in mind that the **getSecretData** is protected by a security test, as defined in the adapter XML.
- The **onLogout** function is defined in the **authenticationConfig.xml** file to be invoked automatically on logout (for example to perform a cleanup).

```
0
1 function getSecretData(){
2     return {
3         secretData: "A very very very very secret data"
4     };
5 }
6
7 function onLogout(){
8     WL.Logger.debug("Logged out");
9 }
10
```

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Creating the client-side authentication components

- Create a Worklight application.
- The application consists of two main `<div>` elements:
 - The `<div id="AppDiv">` element is used to display the application content.
 - The `<div id="AuthDiv">` element is used for authentication form purposes.
- When the authentication is required, the application hides the AppDiv and shows the AuthDiv. When the authentication is complete, it does the opposite.

Creating the client-side authentication components

- Start by creating an AppDiv.
- It has a basic structure and functions:

```
<div id="AppDiv">
  <div class="header">
    <h1>SingleStepAdapterBasedAuthentication</h1>
  </div>
  <input type="button" value="Get secret data" onclick="getSecretData()" />
  <input type="button" value="Logout"
    onclick="WL.Client.logout('SingleStepAuthRealm', {onSuccess:WL.Client.reloadApp})" />
  <div id="ResponseDiv"></div>
</div>
```

- The buttons are used to invoke the **getSecretData** procedure and to log out.
- The **<div id="ResponseDiv">** is used to display the **getSecretData** response.

Creating the client-side authentication components

- The AuthDiv contains the following elements:

```
<div id="AuthDiv" style="display:none">  
  <p id="AuthInfo"></p>  
  <hr />  
  <input type="text" placeholder="Enter username" id="AuthUsername"/><br />  
  <input type="password" placeholder="Enter password" id="AuthPassword"/><br />  
  <input type="button" value="Submit" id="AuthSubmitButton" />  
  <input type="button" value="Cancel" id="AuthCancelButton" />  
</div>
```

- The AuthInfo to display error messages.
 - The AuthUsername and the AuthPassword to input elements.
 - The AuthSubmitButton and the AuthCancelButton.
- The AuthDiv is styled as **display:none** because it must not be displayed before the authentication is requested by server.

Creating the client-side authentication components

- Finally, create a challenge handler.
- Use the following API to create this handler and implement its functionality.

```
var myChallengeHandler = WL.Client.createChallengeHandler("realm-name");  
  
myChallengeHandler.isCustomResponse = function (response){  
    return false;  
};  
  
myChallengeHandler.handleChallenge = function (response){  
};
```

Use the **WL.Client.createChallengeHandler()** to create a challenge handler object. A realm name must be supplied as a parameter.

Creating the client-side authentication components

- Finally, create a challenge handler.
- Use the following API to create this handler and implement its functionality.

```
var myChallengeHandler = WL.Client.createChallengeHandler("realm-name");  
myChallengeHandler.isCustomResponse = function (response){  
    return false;  
};  
myChallengeHandler.handleChallenge = function (response){  
};
```

The **isCustomResponse** function of the challenge handler is called each time that a response is received from the server. It is used to detect whether the response contains data that is related to this challenge handler. It returns **true** or **false**.

Creating the client-side authentication components

- Finally, create a challenge handler.
- Use the following API to create this handler and implement its functionality.

```
var myChallengeHandler = WL.Client.createChallengeHandler("realm-name");  
  
myChallengeHandler.isCustomResponse = function (response){  
    return false;  
};  
  
myChallengeHandler.handleChallenge = function (response){  
};
```

If the `isCustomResponse` returns true, the framework calls the `handleChallenge()` function. This function is used to perform required actions, such as hide the application screen and show the login screen.

Creating the client-side authentication components

- In addition to the methods that the developer must implement, the challenge handler contains functionalities that the developer might want to use:
 - The **myChallengeHandler.submitAdapterAuthentication()** is used to send collected credentials to a specific adapter procedure. It has the same signature as the **WL.Client.invokeProcedure()** API.
 - The **myChallengeHandler.submitSuccess()** notifies the Worklight framework that the authentication successfully finished. The Worklight framework then automatically issue the original request that triggered the authentication.
 - The **myChallengeHandler.submitFailure()** notifies the Worklight framework that the authentication completed with failure. The Worklight framework then disposes the original request that triggered the authentication.
- You will use these functions during the implementation of the challenge handler in the next slides.

Creating the client-side authentication components

- Implement the **isCustomResponse** function. It detects whether the server response contains the challenge object that you defined previously.
- You defined challenge object in the adapter. You now use its `authRequired` property.

```
return {  
  authRequired: true,  
  errorMessage: errorMessage  
};
```

```
singleStepAuthRealmChallengeHandler.isCustomResponse = function(response) {  
  if (!response || !response.responseJSON || response.responseText === null) {  
    return false;  
  }  
  if (typeof(response.responseJSON.authRequired) !== 'undefined'){  
    return true;  
  } else {  
    return false;  
  }  
};
```

- Return true if the `authRequired` property is found, false otherwise.

Creating the client-side authentication components

- Implement the **handleChallenge** function. It prepares the authentication UI.
- Use the optional `errorMessage` property of the challenge object.

```
return {  
  authRequired: true,  
  errorMessage: errorMessage  
};
```

```
singleStepAuthRealmChallengeHandler.handleChallenge = function(response){  
  var authRequired = response.responseJSON.authRequired;  
  
  if (authRequired == true){  
    $("#AppDiv").hide();  
    $("#AuthDiv").show();  
    $("#AuthPassword").empty();  
    $("#AuthInfo").empty();  
  
    if (response.responseJSON.errorMessage)  
      $("#AuthInfo").html(new Date() + " :: " + response.responseJSON.errorMessage);  
  } else if (authRequired == false){  
    $("#AppDiv").show();  
    $("#AuthDiv").hide();  
    singleStepAuthRealmChallengeHandler.submitSuccess();  
  }  
};
```

If the `authRequires` is true, it shows login screen, cleans up password field, and shows an `errorMessage` (if present).

Creating the client-side authentication components

- Implement the handleChallenge function. It prepares the authentication UI.
- Use the optional errorMessage property of the challenge object.

```
return {
  authRequired: true,
  errorMessage: errorMessage
};
```

```
singleStepAuthRealmChallengeHandler.handleChallenge = function(response){
  var authRequired = response.responseJSON.authRequired;

  if (authRequired == true){
    $("#AppDiv").hide();
    $("#AuthDiv").show();
    $("#AuthPassword").empty();
    $("#AuthInfo").empty();

    if (response.responseJSON.errorMessage)
      $("#AuthInfo").html(new Date() + " :: " + response.responseJSON.errorMessage);
  } else if (authRequired == false){
    $("#AppDiv").show();
    $("#AuthDiv").hide();
    singleStepAuthRealmChallengeHandler.submitSuccess();
  }
};
```

If the authRequired is false, it shows AppDiv, it hides AuthDiv, and it notifies the Worklight framework that the authentication successfully completed.

Creating the client-side authentication components

- Clicking a login button triggers the function that collects the user name and the password from the HTML input fields, and submits them to the adapter.
- Notice that the challenge handler the **submitAdapterAuthentication** method is used.

```
$("#AuthSubmitButton").bind('click', function () {  
    var username = $("#AuthUsername").val();  
    var password = $("#AuthPassword").val();  
  
    var invocationData = {  
        adapter : "SingleStepAuthAdapter",  
        procedure : "submitAuthentication",  
        parameters : [ username, password ]  
    };  
  
    singleStepAuthRealmChallengeHandler.submitAdapterAuthentication(invocationData, {});  
});
```

- There is no requirement to specify the callbacks because the response is checked by the IBM Worklight framework.

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Examining the result

SingleStepAdapterBasedAuthentication

Get secret data Logout

Enter username

Enter password

Submit

SingleStepAdapterBasedAuthentication

Get secret data Logout

```
{"responseID":"2","isSuccessful":true,"secretData":"very very very very secret data"}
```

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Exercise

- Examine the Single Step Adapter-based Authentication sample.
- Update your **authenticationConfig.xml** file according to the training module (included in the sample).
- Implement a two-step authentication flow according to the following rules:
 - Step 1 – The user name and the password validation as described in the training module.
 - Step 2 - After the user name and the password are verified, a secret question is sent to the application (for example “What is your pet’s name”).
 - An answer is collected from the user and sent to the server (the adapter).
 - Only if the answer to the secret question passes validation, an authenticated session is established (the `WL.Server.setActiveUser()` API).
- The sample for this training module can be found in the **Getting Started** page of the IBM® Worklight documentation website at <http://www.ibm.com/mobile-docs>

Check yourself questions

- When you define a realm that is using an adapter-based authentication in the authenticationConfig.xml, which two parameters are mandatory?
 - The login-function, the logout-function.
 - The adapter-name, the realm-name.
 - The adapter-name, the login-function.
 - The login-function, the login-module.
- How can a developer specify which adapter procedures are protected by an authentication realm?
 - When the authentication realm is specified in the adapter XML file, all the adapter procedures are protected by it.
 - The developer does not have to specify it. Authentication credentials are added on the client side when you use WL.Client.invokeProcedure for the procedure to work.
 - By adding a securityTest property to the procedure definition in the adapter XML.
 - You cannot protect the adapter procedures by an authentication realm. The protection is for applications only.
- What client side mechanism is used to detect that the server requires an authentication for the client request?
 - The challengeHandler.isAuthenticationRequired
 - The challengeHandler.isUserAuthenticated
 - The challengeHandler.analyzeServerResponse
 - The challengeHandler.isCustomResponse

Check yourself questions

- When you define a realm that is using an adapter-based authentication in the `authenticationConfig.xml`, which two parameters are mandatory?
 - The login-function, the logout-function.
 - The adapter-name, the realm-name.
 - The adapter-name, the login-function.
 - The login-function, the login-module.
- How can a developer specify which adapter procedures are protected by an authentication realm?
 - When the authentication realm is specified in the adapter XML file, all the adapter procedures are protected by it.
 - The developer does not have to specify it. Authentication credentials are added on the client side when you use `WL.Client.invokeProcedure` for the procedure to work.
 - ~~By adding a securityTest property to the procedure definition in the adapter XML.~~
 - ~~You cannot protect the adapter procedures by an authentication realm. The protection is for applications only.~~
- What client side mechanism is used to detect that the server requires an authentication for the client request?
 - The `challengeHandler.isAuthenticationRequired`
 - The `challengeHandler.isUserAuthenticated`
 - The `challengeHandler.analyzeServerResponse`
 - ~~The challengeHandler.isCustomResponse~~

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