

# Using ICSF with IDCAMS REPRO

## Introduction

Access Methods Services implementation for encryption is based on the older IBM cryptographic products. Since ICSF can support these older product macro calls, you can use IDCAMS REPRO to perform simple encryption and decryption. Certain limitations exist due to the older product support that do not allow the most robust, or secure use of cryptography. This paper does not address those issues but does attempt to provide you with a reasonable description of weaknesses and possible mitigating factors that may make the use of IDCAMS REPRO's cryptographic support acceptable in some situations. The purpose of this paper, however, is to provide a clear description of how to use IDCAMS REPRO ENCIPHER and DECIPHER options with ICSF and the cryptographic hardware.

## Limitations

### Keys

- Length of data encryption key is limited to 8-bytes or 56-bit DES. No Triple-DES support is available.
- Data key is either a clear value specification or a randomly generated value. My recommendation is that you NEVER use the REPRO parameter option of PRIVATEKEY. This exposes the clear data key value.

The preferred method should be to use either EXTERNALKEY or INTERNALKEY with the parameter STOREDATAKEY also specified.

EX/INTERNALKEY implies the use of a pre-established key-encrypting-key (KEK) value that already has been defined. An external KEK is one that will be used to encrypt the randomly generated data encrypting key for transmission to another OS/390 or z/OS system. That KEK's value must be defined on the receiving system for the REPRO DECIPHER to recover encrypted data key and thus, the data.

An internal KEK is one that will be used to recover the encrypted key value that is expected to either be with the encrypted data or to be supplied as the value in the SYSTEMDATAKEY parameter on the DECIPHER statement. The internal KEK's value must be defined on the receiving system for the REPRO DECIPHER to recover the encrypted data key.

STOREDATAKEY eliminates the need to keep up with the encrypted data key value. IDCAMS will handle storing the encrypted key with the encrypted key. You have the benefit of never losing the data key.

- Key Labels or the names you assign the key value are restricted to 8 characters due to the fixed size of IDCAMS REPRO storage areas. Although ICSF supports key labels of 64 bytes or 32 characters, use of longer length key names are not supported by IDCAMS REPRO's PCF implementation.

### Cross-Platform Exchange

- Not possible without coding an application on the other platform and obtaining all the algorithm variables used by REPRO. Maybe with a lot of work you might be able to figure out the encryption algorithm variables used by IDCAMS REPRO. These are the variables that indicate which mode to use block or stream, the initialization vector, data length, etc.. Although this information is non-secret, IDCAMS REPRO does not externally document this information nor describe the 'packaging' of the final data. This lack of detail prevents the exchange of encrypted data with another system where applications could be written to decipher the DES algorithm provided the algorithm inputs used by REPRO were clearly defined.

## Positive Points

- Key-Encrypting-Keys or the INTERNALKEY/EXTERNALKEY can be defined as a random 16-byte value rather than an 8-byte value. This is true if both the ENCIPHER and DECIPHER will be performed by ICSF and the crypto hardware. With a true 16-byte KEK, the 8-byte data key is Triple-DES protected making the encrypted data key extremely secure.

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- While it is not possible to use Triple-DES data keys, one could ENCIPHER a data set requesting random number generation, then DECIPHER with a supplied known clear DATAKEYVALUE, and finally ENCIPHER again requesting a random number. While not true Triple-DES and very cumbersome, this as well as other techniques may be used to strengthen the protection of the data beyond encryption with a 56-bit (8-byte) DES key.

### Usage Points

- ICSF must be running in compatibility mode, COMPAT(YES) specified in the ICSF Options Dataset. When operating in this mode, the hardware master keys cannot be changed dynamically, an IPL is required OR you can stop ICSF, change the parameter to COMPAT(NO), restart ICSF, do the master key change, stop ICSF, change the parameter back to COMPAT(YES), and restart ICSF again.
- If exchanging data with a PCF or CUSP system, this directions will cause problems. PCF and CUSP only support an 8-byte key length for the exporter and importer key values. The keys will need to be exchanged. If the key value is exchanged in the clear, no problem. If the key value is exchanged encrypted under another shared exporter/importer key, that key must be a NOCV key to remove the ICSF control vectors from the encrypted key being sent to the PCF or CUSP system or added to an encrypted key being received from one of those systems.
- For ICSF releases prior to z/OS V1R2 the data records to be encrypted must have a record length within the range of that specified by the ICSF MAXLEN Options parameter. If not, IDCAMS will return the following message in your JCL:

```
IDC3336I  ** CIPHER RETURN CODE IS 148
```

The total text length to be processed per call is affected by the REPRO CIPHERUNIT parameter. Thus, by specifying CIPHERUNIT greater than 1 you are in effect multiplying the length of text being sent for processing by the number of units(records) specified.

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### Step 1. Define the ENCIPHER INTERNAL or EXTERNAL key value or the DECIPHER SYSKEY key value.

**1a.** To exchange IDCAMS REPRO ENCIPHERed data with another OS/390 or z/OS system or to use for in-house data storage only you must define the key value to be used to encrypt and/or decrypt the data key. Key definition is done using ICSF key administrative options; KGUP or TKE. Examples of key definitions using KGUP are shown.

Table 1.

Condition		ICSF Key Type Requirement	Key Label Restrictions	Key Length Requirements	Other Special Requirements for ICSF Key Generation Utility
1. ICSF active to ICSF active	When ICSF system is the ENCRYPTer or SENDING party	EXPORTER	Limited to 8 characters	16 random bytes LENGTH of KEY=>16 or enter 32 digit key value supplied by partner	Clear Key => YES
	When ICSF system is the DECRYPTer or RECEIVING party	IMPORTER	Limited to 8 characters	16 random bytes LENGTH of KEY=>16 or enter 32 digit key value supplied by partner	
2. ICSF active to PCF active	When ICSF system is the ENCRYPTer or SENDING party	EXPORTER	Limited to 8 characters	16 random bytes LENGTH of KEY=>8 or 16 digit key value supplied by partner and entered as key value =>16 digits, 16 digits where the 16 digits are repeated	Clear Key => YES  KEK must be a NOCV key, specify Control Vector ==> NO  This implies that the ICSF CKDS must have NOCV keys defined. See the ICSF Administrator's Guide for more information.
	When ICSF system is the DECRYPTer or RECEIVING party	IMPORTER	Limited to 8 characters	16 random bytes LENGTH of KEY=>8 or 16 digit key value supplied by partner and entered as key value =>16 digits, 16 digits where the 16 digits are repeated	
3. ICSF in-house use: no exchange with another system		IMPORTER	Limited to 8 characters	16 random bytes LENGTH of KEY=>16	none

### Examples of ICSF KGUP Key Control Statement Definitions

#### 1. Define a shared Key-Encrypting-Key to use with ICSF PARTNER system using ICSF KGUP panels to create control statement for use in KGUP batch job.

```

----- OS/390 ICSF - Create ADD, UPDATE, or DELETE Key Statement -----
COMMAND ==>
Specify control statement information below

Function ==> ADD_      ADD, UPDATE, or DELETE
Key Type ==> EXPORTER  Outtype ==> _____ (Optional)
Label ==> PRTNRKEK_____
Group Labels ==> NO_   NO or YES
or Range:
Start ==> _____
End ==> _____

Transport Key Label(s)
==> _____
==> _____
or Clear Key ==> yes      NO or YES

Control Vector ==> YES  NO or YES   CDMF ==> NO_   NO or YES
Length of Key ==> 16_  8, 16 or 24  DES ==> YES  NO or YES
Key Values ==> _____ , _____ , _____
Comment Line ==> _____

```

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**Created control statement:** ADD TYPE(EXPORTER) LENGTH(16),  
CLEAR DES,  
LAB(PRTNRKEK)

---

### 2. Define a shared Key-Encrypting-Key to use with PCF PARTNER system using ICSF KGUP panels to create control statement for use in KGUP batch job.

---

```
----- OS/390 ICSF - Create ADD, UPDATE, or DELETE Key Statement -----  
COMMAND ==>  
Specify control statement information below  
  
Function ==> ADD____ ADD, UPDATE, or DELETE  
Key Type ==> EXPORTER Outtype ==> _____ (Optional)  
Label ==> PRTNRPCF_____  
Group Labels ==> NO_ NO or YES  
or Range:  
Start ==> _____  
End ==> _____  
  
Transport Key Label(s)  
==> _____  
==> _____  
or Clear Key ==> yes NO or YES  
  
Control Vector ==> NO_ NO or YES CDMF ==> NO_ NO or YES  
Length of Key ==> 8_ 8, 16 or 24 DES ==> YES NO or YES  
Key Values ==> _____ , _____ , _____  
Comment Line ==> _____
```

---

**Created control statement:** ADD TYPE(EXPORTER) SINGLE NOCV,  
CLEAR DES,  
LAB(PRTNRPCF)

---

### 3. Define a Key-Encrypting-Key to use with in-house data using ICSF KGUP panels to create control statement for use in KGUP batch job.

---

```
----- OS/390 ICSF - Create ADD, UPDATE, or DELETE Key Statement -----  
COMMAND ==>  
Specify control statement information below  
  
Function ==> ADD____ ADD, UPDATE, or DELETE  
Key Type ==> IMPORTER Outtype ==> _____ (Optional)  
Label ==> MFAREPRO_____  
Group Labels ==> NO_ NO or YES  
or Range:  
Start ==> _____  
End ==> _____  
  
Transport Key Label(s)  
==> _____  
==> _____  
or Clear Key ==> NO NO or YES  
  
Control Vector ==> YES NO or YES CDMF ==> NO_ NO or YES  
Length of Key ==> 16_ 8, 16 or 24 DES ==> YES NO or YES  
Key Values ==> _____ , _____ , _____  
Comment Line ==> _____
```

---



## Using ICSF with IDCAMS REPRO

### To Decipher OUTPUT2P encrypted on and sent from another OS/390 or z/OS system.

```
//ALLMONDE JOB CLASS=A,MSGCLASS=O,NOTIFY=????????
//DEFINE EXEC PGM=IDCAMS,REGION=4M
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
REPRO -
  INDATASET('ALLMOND.TEST(CLRTEXT)') -
  OUTDATASET('ALLMOND.TEST(OUTPUT2P)') -
  DECIPHER(SYSKEY SYSKN(the key name on their system that represents the same value as PRTNRKEK))
//
```

### 2. Encrypting a data set to store securely on my OS/390 or z/OS system.

```
//ALLMONDE JOB CLASS=A,MSGCLASS=O,NOTIFY=ALLMOND
//STEPD1 EXEC PGM=IDCAMS,REGION=4M
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
REPRO -
  INDATASET(ALLMOND.TEST.CLEAR) -
  OUTDATASET(ALLMOND.TEST.CRYPTED) -
  ENCIPHER(INTERNALKEYNAME(MFAREPRO) STOREDATAKEY CPHRUN(255))
//
```

Note: The keyname is not important as long as the key was specified with the Table 1 parameters for in-house use. Specifying the CIPHERUNIT parameter will enhance the performance of the encryption process.

### To Decipher ALLMOND.TEST.CRYPTED and stored on my system.

```
//ALLMONDB JOB CLASS=A,MSGCLASS=O
//STEPD2 EXEC PGM=IDCAMS,REGION=4M
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
REPRO -
  INDATASET('ALLMOND.TEST.CRYPTED') -
  OUTDATASET('ALLMOND.TEST.CLRDATA') -
  DECIPHER(SYSTEMKEY SYSTEMKEYNAME(MFAREPRO))
//
```

### REPRO Performance with IBM Hardware Crypto on Multiprise 3000 (2 CPs 1 CCF) and no other workload:

	Cipherunit of 1	Cipherunit of 255	approx %	Cipherunit of 1	Cipherunit of 255	approx %
ELAPSED TIME	00:00:02.11	00:00:00.57	56.49	00:01:43.86	00:00:24.26	76.64
CPU TIME(TCB)	00:00:01.50	00:00:00.14	87.27	00:01:20.21	00:00:006.54	91.85
(SRB)	00:00:00.01	00:00:00.01	-	00:00:00.27	00:00:00.26	-
SERVICE UNITS : CPU	37,960	3,555	90.63	1,988K	166,053	92.65
SERVICE UNITS : SRB	179	179	-	6,749	6,643	-
SERVICE UNITS : I/O	578	577	-	31,631	31,631	-
SERVICE UNITS : MSO	4,403	410	90.69	316,757	26,252	91.71
ACTIVE FOR	00:00:02.09	00:00:00.56	56.59	00:01:43.84	00:00:24.25	76.65
RESIDENT FOR	00:00:02.09	00:00:00.56	56.59	00:01:43.84	00:00:24.25	76.65
# OF RECORDS	17,922	17,922		1,011,006	1,011,006	