

Quick Beginnings for HP-UX

Version 7.0



Quick Beginnings for HP-UX

Version 7.0

Note:	
Note Before using this information and the product it supports, be sure to read the general info of this book.	ormation under notices at the back

Second edition (January 2009)

This edition of the book applies to:

 $\bullet~$ IBM WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 7.0 $\,$

and to any subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

© Copyright International Business Machines Corporation 1995, 2009.
US Government Users Restricted Rights – Use, duplication or disclosure restricted by GSA ADP Schedule Contract with IBM Corp.

Contents

	Figures v	WebSphere MQ Components
	Tables vii	Setting up the server workstation
	Chapter 1. Migrating to WebSphere MQ	Testing communication between workstations 46
	for HP-UX Version 7.0 1	Chapter 4. Installing a client on the
 	Important information for Beta driver users 2 After you have migrated to WebSphere MQ Version	same machine as a server 49
ı	7.0	Chapter 5. Applying maintenance 51
	01 1 0 1 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	Applying service
	Chapter 2. Installing a WebSphere MQ	Restoring the previous service level
	server	restoring the previous service level
	Preparing for installation	Chapter 6. Uninstalling WebSphere MQ 53
	Setting up the user ID and group ID 9	Chapter 7. WebSphere MQ
ı	Setting the JAVA_HOME environment variable 10 Creating WebSphere MQ file systems 10	Documentation 55
	Displaying messages in your national language 12	Using the WebSphere MQ information center 56
	Implications of a 64-bit queue manager 12	Viewing the information center in Standalone
	Server installation procedure	mode
	Kernel configuration	Viewing the information center in Information
	Installation procedure	Center mode
	WebSphere MQ Components	Configuring to allow all users to launch the
	Verifying the server installation	information center
	Verifying a local installation 19	Configuring to allow all users to launch the
	Verifying a server-to-server installation 21	information center on Windows
	Verifying the installation using the Postcard	Configuring to allow all users to launch the
ı	application	information center on Linux
		Publications supplied with the product 59
	Chapter 3. Installing a WebSphere MQ	Hardcopy books 60
	client	Online information 60
	Preparing to install	
	Checking hardware and software requirements 32	Notices
	Creating WebSphere MQ file systems 37	
	Setting up the user ID and group ID 39	Index 67
	Displaying messages in your national language 39	
	Installing the WebSphere MQ client 40	Sending your comments to IBM 69
	Installation procedure 40	
	Non-interactive installation 41	

Figures

	1.	C/C++													. 6		8.	C/C++ .							. 34
	2.	COBOL													. 6		9.	COBOL .							. 34
	3.	Java .													. 6		10.	Java							. 35
l	4.	C/C++													. 8		11.	C/C++ .							. 36
l	5.	COBOL													. 8		12.	COBOL .							. 36
l	6.	Java .													. 8		13.	Java							. 36
	7.	Minimu	m ı	ecc	mı	mei	nde	ed t	un	abl	e k	ern	ıel												
		paramet	ers	va	lue	S									. 14										

Tables

1.	SupportPacs superseded by WebSphere MQ Version 7.0		Other products supplied with WebSphere MQ Storage requirements for a WebSphere MQ	18
2.	Storage requirements for a WebSphere MQ	,.	client	. 33
	server	8.	Storage requirements for a WebSphere MQ	
3.	Storage requirements for a WebSphere MQ		client	. 34
	server	9.	WebSphere MQ packages	. 42
4.	Storage requirements for a WebSphere MQ	10.	Other products supplied with WebSphere MQ	43
	server	11.	WebSphere MQ family books	. 55
5.	WebSphere MQ packages			

Chapter 1. Migrating to WebSphere MQ for HP-UX Version 7.0

Follow this information to migrate from previous versions of WebSphere® MQ for HP-UX to WebSphere MQ for HP-UX Version 7.0.

About this task

If you want to migrate to WebSphere MQ Version 7.0, complete this task.

If you migrate from a previous level of this productwithout first backing up your system, you **cannot** revert to your previous level, so back up your system **before** you install WebSphere MQ Version 7.0. This will enable you to back out the upgrade if necessary. If you back out the upgrade, however, you cannot recover any work performed by WebSphere MQ Version 7.0.

- 1. Stop all Websphere MQ applications on the machine and any applications accessing remote machines. This includes any vendor products used to monitor or control WebSphere MQ.
- 2. End all WebSphere MQ activity.
 - a. Log in as a WebSphere MQ administrator.
 - b. Use the **endmqm** command to stop all running queue managers.
 - c. Stop any listeners associated with the queue managers, using the command: endmq1sr -m QMgrName
 - d. To check that you have stopped all of them, enter the following: ps -ef \mid grep mq

Check that there are no processes listed that are running command lines beginning amq or runmq. Ignore any that start with amqi.

- 3. Login as root.
- 4. Function supplied by the SupportPacs in the table below has been superseded by function in WebSphere MQ Version 7.0. Remove these SupportPacs before installing WebSphere MQ Version 7.0.

Table 1. SupportPacs superseded by WebSphere MQ Version 7.0

SupportPac [™] Number	Description
MA0Y	WebSphere MQ Bridge for HTTP
	WebSphere MQ - XA libraries for use with TX-series on HP-UX for IPF

Note: If you installed SupportPac MACS, remove the directory /usr/mqm/inc64 and its contents.

Review any other installed SupportPacs for their applicability to WebSphere MQ for HP-UX Version 7.0.

- 5. Uninstall any WebSphere MQ service updates and then uninstall WebSphere MO.
- 6. Install WebSphere MQ Version 7.0 by following the tasks set out in *Quick Beginnings for HP-UX*.

I

I

Important information for Beta driver users

If you have previously installed a WebSphere MQ Version 7.0 Beta driver, you **must** uninstall this driver and clean up any remaining files **before** you install the GA version of WebSphere MQ Version 7.0.

After you have migrated to WebSphere MQ Version 7.0

Perform these tasks immediately after you migrate to WebSphere MQ Version 7.0.

About this task

Immediately after you migrate to WebSphere MQ Version 7.0, you must start your queue managers at least once to migrate your file system structure before you start any WebSphere MQ listeners. Otherwise, you will not be able to start WebSphere MQ listeners after migration.

If you cannot connect to a migrated queue manager using MQ Explorer and receive the error message "SYSTEM.MQEXPLORER.REPLY.MODEL not defined", run the following command on that queue manager:

strmqm -c

This command refreshes existing system objects with default values (for example, setting the MCAUSER attribute of a channel definition to blanks), and creates the queue required by the WebSphere MQ Explorer.

Chapter 2. Installing a WebSphere MQ server

Information describing how to install a WebSphere MQ Version 7.0 server.

This chapter describes how to install a WebSphere MQ Version 7.0 server. The information covers topics such as preparing for installation and verifying your installation, as well as installation itself. If you already have an installation of WebSphere MQ, and are migrating to WebSphere MQ Version 7.0 see Chapter 1, "Migrating to WebSphere MQ for HP-UX Version 7.0," on page 1 before installing WebSphere MQ Version 7.0.

WebSphere MQ for HP-UX can be installed as a server or a client.

A WebSphere MQ server is an installation of one or more queue managers that provide queueing services to one or more clients. All the WebSphere MQ objects, for example queues, exist only on the queue manager machine (the WebSphere MQ server machine), and not the client. A WebSphere MQ server can also support local WebSphere MQ applications.

A WebSphere MQ client is a component that allows an application running on one system to communicate with a queue manager running on another system. The output from the call is sent back to the client, which passes it back to the application. To install a WebSphere MQ client see, Chapter 3, "Installing a WebSphere MQ client," on page 31.

It is possible to have both a server and a client installation on the same machine, for instructions on how to do this see, Chapter 4, "Installing a client on the same machine as a server," on page 49.

See the WebSphere MQ System Administration Guide for an introduction to WebSphere MQ concepts and objects.

For information on the components that can be included in the server and client installations see, "WebSphere MQ Components" on page 17.

The installation process is divided into the following set of tasks, complete all of these tasks in sequence:

Preparing for installation

Before you install WebSphere MQ, complete the following tasks.

Checking hardware and software requirements

This section details the operating system requirements, the prerequisite software and optional software required for using WebSphere MQ Version 7.0.

Checking the operating environment - PA-RISC platform

Check through this topic to identify which hardware and software is supported for use with WebSphere MQ for HP-UX as a server on the PA-RISC platform.

Before you install WebSphere MQ Version 7.0, you must check that your system meets the hardware and operating system software requirements set for this product and the particular components you intend to install on it.

Note: WebSphere MQ does not support host names that contain spaces. If you install WebSphere MQ on a computer with a host name that contains spaces, you will be unable to create any queue managers.

Hardware

WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 7.0 runs on any Hewlett Packard PA-RISC 64-bit computer.

Operating System (PA-RISC)

The operating systems supported by WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 7.0, on the PA-RISC platform are:

- HP-UX 11i v2 (11.23)
- HP-UX 11i v3 (11.31)

Connectivity Requirements

Check that the system has 64-bit compatible communications hardware that supports at least one of the following:

- TCP/IP
- HP SNAplus2 Version 7 (For SNA LU 6.2 connectivity)

TCP/IP is part of the base operating system.

IPv6 feature support is available with HP Transport Optional Upgrade Release (TOUR)

Storage Requirements

The storage requirements for the WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 7.0 depend on which components you install, and how much working space you need. This, in turn, depends on the number of queues that you use, the number and size of the messages on the queues, and whether the messages are persistent. You also require archiving capacity on disk, tape or other media.

Table 2. Storage requirements for a WebSphere MQ server

Storage Requirements	Storage Requirement in MB in /opt
WebSphere MQ Server installation	325
IBM® Global Security Kit V7 (32-bit)	16
IBM Global Security Kit V7 (64-bit)	14

You can use the df -k command to determine the amount of free space on your system.

Disk storage is also required for

- Prerequisite software
- Optional software

• Your application programs

Checking the operating environment - Itanium platform

Check through this topic to identify which hardware and software is supported for use with WebSphere MQ for HP-UX as a server on the Itanium® platform.

Before you install WebSphere MQ Version 7.0, you must check that your system meets the hardware and operating system software requirements set for this product and the particular components you intend to install on it.

Note: WebSphere MQ does not support host names that contain spaces. If you install WebSphere MQ on a computer with a host name that contains spaces, you will be unable to create any queue managers.

Hardware

I

I

I

ı

I

ı

WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 7.0 runs on any Itanium system hardware that is explicitly compatible and fully capable of running the specified operating system, all the corresponding supporting software shown below, and any associated applications unmodified.

Operating System (Itanium)

The operating systems supported by WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 7.0, on the Itanium platform are:

- HP-UX 11i v2 (11.23) for IPF
- HP-UX 11i v3 (11.31) for IPF

Connectivity Requirements

Check that the system has 64-bit compatible communications hardware that supports at least one of the following:

- TCP/IP
- HP SNAplus2 Version 7 (For SNA LU 6.2 connectivity)

TCP/IP is part of the base operating system.

IPv6 feature support is available with HP Transport Optional Upgrade Release (TOUR)

Storage Requirements

The storage requirements for the WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 7.0 depend on which components you install, and how much working space you need. This, in turn, depends on the number of queues that you use, the number and size of the messages on the queues, and whether the messages are persistent. You also require archiving capacity on disk, tape or other media.

Table 3. Storage requirements for a WebSphere MQ server

Storage Requirements	Storage Requirement in MB in /opt
WebSphere MQ Server installation	325
IBM Global Security Kit V7 (64-bit)	14

You can use the df-k command to determine the amount of free space on your system. Disk storage is also required for

· Prerequisite software

- Optional software
- Your application programs

Checking optional software - PA-RISC platform

Check through this topic to identify which additional software is supported for use with WebSphere MQ for HP-UX as a server on the PA-RISC platform.

Compilers for HP-UX (PA-RISC platform) applications

The following compilers are supported for WebSphere MQ for HP-UX applications on the PA-RISC platform:

- HP C/ANSI C Developer Bundle for HP-UX 11i2
- HP aCC Version A.06.12

Figure 1. C/C++

- Micro Focus Server Express V4.0
- Micro Focus Server Express V5.0

Figure 2. COBOL

- 32 bit
 - HP-UX SDK for the Java platform and JDK V1.4
 - HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM software V1.4.2
- HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM software V5.0 (SR1 or above)
- HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM software V6.0
- 64 bit:
 - HP-UX SDK for the Java platform and JDK V1.4
- IBM 64-bit SDK for HP-UX Java 2 Technology Edition V1.4.2
- IBM 64-bit SDK for HP-UX Java 2 Technology Edition V5.0 (SR1 or above)
- IBM 64-bit SDK for HP-UX Java 2 Technology Edition V6.0 (SR1 or above)

Figure 3. Java

Databases

The following databases are supported:

- IBM DB2[®] V9.1 for Linux[®], Unix and Windows[®]
- IBM DB2 V9.5 for Linux, Unix and Windows
- Informix® Dynamic Server (IDS) V10 with Client SDK V2.90
- Informix Dynamic Server (IDS) V10.50 with Client SDK V2.91
- Oracle 10g Release 2
- Oracle 11g Release 1
- Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) V15 and Sybase SDK V15

Transaction monitors

The following transaction processing monitors (coordination through X/Open XA interface) are supported:

- IBM TXSeries® V6.0
- IBM TXSeries V6.1

I

1

I

Ι

I

I

ı

- IBM TXSeries V6.2
- BEA Tuxedo V9.1

Java[™] Messaging and SOAP transport

If you want to use Java Messaging and SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) Support, you need a Java Runtime Environment Version 1.4.2 or later.

For a list of supported JDKs, see:

http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/wmq/requirements/

For further information about using Java with WebSphere MQ, see WebSphere MQ Using Java.

For further information about SOAP with WebSphere MQ, see WebSphere MQ Using Web Services .

If you use a JDK that is not in the list of supported JDKs you should be aware that:

- The JDK might not be FIPS level 140-2 compliant and by using it with WebSphere MQ, WebSphere MQ Version 7.0 will not comply with the FIPS 140-2 standards.
- SOAP is not supported.

To run a 64-bit or 32-bit JVM use the -d64 or -d32 parameters on the command line when running a Java application to ensure the correct JVM is used.

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)

If you want to use the SSL support with WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, you need to install the IBM Global Security Kit (GSKit) V7 packages: gsk7bas and gsk7bas64. These are supplied with WebSphere MQ as components available for installation. If you are migrating from WebSphere MQ Version 5.3 and have no other requirement for the IBM Global Security Kit V6 you can uninstall it using the process described in the topic Uninstalling WebSphere MQ in WebSphere MQ for HP-UX Quick Beginnings., the package name is gsk6bas.

To use SSL, WebSphere MQ clients on HP-UX 11i v1 and HP-UX 11i v2 must be

- Using the C++ compiler (not the C compiler)
- · Using POSIX threads
- With the compiler options: -W1,+b/opt/ibm/gsk7/lib:/opt/mqm/lib

Checking optional software - Itanium platform

Check through this topic to identify which additional software is supported for use with WebSphere MQ for HP-UX as a server on the Itanium platform.

Compilers for HP-UX (Itanium platform) applications

The following compilers are supported for WebSphere MQ for HP-UX applications on the Itanium platform:

HP C/ANSI C Developer's Bundle V6.02 or later maintenance
HP aCC A.06.12
Figure 4. C/C++
Micro Focus Server Express V4.0
Micro Focus Server Express V5.0
Figure 5. COBOL
32-bit
HP-UX IPF Software Development Kit for the Java™ 2 platform
HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, V1.4.2 for 32-bit Itanium (SR1 or above)
HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, V6.0 for 32-bit Itanium (SR1 or above)
HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, V6.0 for 32-bit Itanium
64-bit
HP-UX IPF Software Development Kit for the Java 2 platform
HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, V1.4.2 for 64-bit Itanium
HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, V1.4.2 for 64-bit Itanium
HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, V5.0 for 64-bit Itanium
HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, V5.0 for 64-bit Itanium

Databases

The following databases are supported:

- HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, V6.0 for 64-bit Itanium

- DB2[®] Universal Database[™] V9.1
- DB2 Universal Database V9.5
- Informix Dynamic Server (IDS) V10 plus Client SDK V2.90
- Informix Dynamic Server (IDS) V10.50 plus Client SDK V2.91
- Oracle 10g Release 2
- · Oracle 11g Release 1
- Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) V15 and Sybase SDK V15

Transaction monitors

The following transaction processing monitors (coordination through X/Open XA interface) are supported:

- IBM TXSeries V6.1
- IBM TXSeries V6.2
- BEA Tuxedo V9.1

Java Messaging and SOAP transport

If you want to use Java Messaging and SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) Support, you need an IBM Java 2 SDK and Runtime Environment Version 1.4.2 or later

Figure 6. Java

For a list of supported JDKs, see:

I

ı

http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/wmq/requirements/

For further information about using Java with WebSphere MQ, see WebSphere MQ Using Java.

For further information about SOAP with WebSphere MQ, see WebSphere MQ Using Web Services .

If you use a JDK that is not in the list of supported JDKs you should be aware that:

- The JDK might not be FIPS level 140-2 compliant and by using it with WebSphere MQ, WebSphere MQ Version 7.0 will not comply with the FIPS 140-2 standards.
- SOAP is not supported.

To run a 64-bit or 32-bit JVM use the -d64 or -d32 parameters on the command line when running a Java application to ensure the correct JVM is used.

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)

If you want to use the SSL support with WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, you need to install the IBM Global Security Kit (GSKit) V7 package: gsk7bas64. This is supplied with WebSphere MQ as one of the components available for installation.

Note: WebSphere MQ for HP-UX on Itanium does not support 32-bit SSL. The WebSphere MQ documentation generally describes the use of the 32-bit GSKit commands (gsk7cmd, gsk7ikm ,and gsk7capicmd). On the HP-UX for Itanium platform, you must use the equivalent 64-bit variants gsk7cmd_64, gsk7ikm_64, and gsk7capicmd_64).

To use SSL, WebSphere MQ clients on HP-UX 11i v2 must be built:

- Using the C++ compiler (not the C compiler)
- Using POSIX threads
- With the compiler options: -W1,+b/opt/ibm/gsk7/lib:/opt/mqm/lib

Setting up the user ID and group ID

WebSphere MQ requires a user ID of the name mqm, with a primary group of mqm. The mqm user ID owns the directories and files that contain the resources associated with the product. Create the user ID and group IDs as described in the following sections.

- "Creating the user ID and group"
- "Adding existing user IDs to the group" on page 10

Creating the user ID and group

Create the required user ID and group ID *before* you install WebSphere MQ. Both user ID and group ID must be set to mqm. For stand-alone machines, you can create the new user ID and group IDs locally; for machines administered in a network information services (NIS) domain, an administrator must create the IDs on the NIS master server machine.

It is also suggested that you set the mgm user's home directory to /var/mgm.

You can use the System Administration Manager (SAM) to work with user IDs.

Adding existing user IDs to the group

If you want to run administration commands, for example **crtmqm** (create queue manager) or **strmqm** (start queue manager), your user ID must be a member of the mqm group.

Users do not need mqm group authority to run applications that use the queue manager; it is needed only for the administration commands.

Setting the JAVA_HOME environment variable About this task

You must set the JAVA_HOME environment variable to /opt/mqm/ssl/jre. You can set this using the following command:

export JAVA HOME=/opt/mqm/ssl/jre

What to do next

Creating WebSphere MQ file systems

The installation directory for the WebSphere MQ product code is /opt/mqm. Working data is stored in /var/mqm. You cannot change these locations. The IBM Global Security Kit (GSKit) must also be installed into its default location. (The GSKit enables you to use SSL security on Windows and UNIX® systems.)

The topics contained in this section describe how to prepare your file system for installing WebSphere MQ. Perform these tasks before installation.

Creating a file system for the product code

This topic describes how to prepare the /opt/mqm file system into which the WebSphere MQ code will be installed should you not have enough storage space available in the file system.

About this task

The approximate amount of storage space required for a server installation is detailed below.

Table 4. Storage requirements for a WebSphere MQ server

Storage Requirements	Storage Requirement in MB in /usr	Storage Requirement in MB in /opt
WebSphere MQ Server installation	6	247
IBM Global Security Kit V7 (32-bit)	0	16
IBM Global Security Kit V7 (64-bit)	0	14

The WebSphere MQ product code is installed in /opt. If you cannot install the product code in the /opt file system because the file system is too small to contain the product, you can do one of the following:

1

- 1. CAN SOMEONE CHECK THE WORDING OF THIS STEP? Create a new file system and mount it as /opt/mgm. If you choose this option, the new file system must be created and mounted before installing the product code.
- 2. Create a new directory anywhere on your machine, and create a symbolic link from /opt/mqm to this new directory. For example:

```
mkdir /bigdisk/mqm
ln -s /bigdisk/mqm /opt/mqm
```

If you choose this option, the new directory must be created, and the link created, before installing the product code.

The file system into which the code is installed can be a remote network device, for example, NFS. However, you must define the mount options defined on that device to allow setuid programs, including those which are setuid root, to run.

Creating a file system for the working data About this task

Before you install WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, create and mount a file system called /var/mgm which is owned by user and is of group mgm. If possible, use a partition strategy with a separate volume for the WebSphere MQ data. This means that other system activity is not affected if a large amount of WebSphere MQ work builds up.

To determine the size of the /var/mgm file system for a server installation, consider:

- The maximum number of messages in the system at one time.
- Contingency for message buildups, if there is a system problem.
- The average size of the message data, plus 500 bytes for the message header.
- The number of queues.
- The size of log files and error messages.
- The amount of SSL trace that is written to the /var/mqm/trace directory.

Allow 50 MB as a minimum for a WebSphere MQ server.

Creating separate file systems for working data: About this task

You can also create separate file systems for your log data (/var/mgm/log) and error files (/var/mqm/errors). If possible, place these directories on different physical disks from the queue manager data (/var/mgm/gmgrs) and from each other.

If you create separate file systems:

- The /var/mqm/qmgrs and /var/mqm/log directories *must* be on a local file system.
- The /var/mqm/errors directory can be NFS mounted. However, if you choose to NFS-mount /var/mqm/errors, the error logs might be lost if the network fails.

If you are creating separate file systems, allow a minimum of 30 MB of storage for /var/mqm. Also allow 20 MB of storage for /var/mqm/log, and 4 MB of storage for /var/mqm/errors.

If you want to use individual queues that will hold more than 2 GB of data, you must enable /var/mqm to use large files.

The size of the log file depends on the log settings that you use. The minimum sizes above are for circular logging using the default settings. For further information on log sizes see the WebSphere MQ System Administration Guide.

Displaying messages in your national language

After installing WebSphere MQ you can configure the LANG environment variable to display messages from a different national language message catalog.

About this task

Messages in U.S. English are automatically installed with WebSphere MQ.

If you require messages in a different language, perform the following steps:

- 1. Install the appropriate message catalog (see "WebSphere MQ Components" on page 17).
- 2. To select messages in a different language, ensure the LANG environment variable is set to the identifier for the language you want to install: export LANG=de De.iso88591

The message identifiers for the message catalogs are as follows:

1	Identifier	Language
1	cs_CZ	Czech
1	de_DE	German
1	es_ES	Spanish
Ι	fr_FR	French
Ι	hu_HU	Hungarian
Ι	it_IT	Italian
Ι	ja_JP	Japanese
1	ko_KR	Korean
Ι	pl_PL	Polish
1	pt_BR	Brazilian Portuguese
Ι	ru_RU	Russian
Ι	zh_CN	Simplified Chinese
Ţ	zh_TW	Traditional Chinese

Implications of a 64-bit queue manager

When using the 64-bit queue manager, the use of the LIBPATH and LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable is not advised. Setting these environment variables might result in you not being able to run any WebSphere MQ commands. By default, the installation will operate as in previous versions of WebSphere MQ, with symbolic links being created from /usr/lib, /usr/bin and /usr/include to the appropriate files within the WebSphere MQ tree structure. In the case of /usr/lib the symbolic links will be to the 32-bit WebSphere MQ libraries provided for customer 32-bit applications.

Note: No symbolic links are required for the 64-bit WebSphere MQ libraries required by WebSphere MQ commands.

All WebSphere MQ commands are 64-bit and have a built in path to the WebSphere MQ 64-bit libraries, however, this can be overridden by the use of LIBPATH and thus can cause WebSphere MQ commands to fail to run. The recommended way of using WebSphere MQ commands and your applications is as follows:

- Unset LIBPATH and LD_LIBRARY_PATH and build your applications with a built in path to the appropriate WebSphere MQ libraries, this is detailed in the appropriate WebSphere MQ book for your type of WebSphere MQ application.
- If you need to set LIBPATH or LD_LIBRARY_PATH, consider not including /usr/lib in the path you specify in the variable. If you need to include /usr/lib in your LIBPATH or LD_LIBRARY_PATH then in order to avoid errors running 64-bit WebSphere MQ applications or WebSphere MQ commands, consider removing the symbolic links from /usr/lib to the 32-bit WebSphere MQ libraries using the dltmqlnk command. The symbolic links can be restored with the crtmqlnk command. You also need to build your applications with a built in path to the appropriate WebSphere MQ libraries.
 - Note that both the **dltmqlnk** command and the **crtmqlnk** command are scripts, and take no parameters.
- If you cannot use either of the first two options, run your applications in a different environment to the one which issues any WebSphere MQ commands.

Note: WebSphere MQ libraries are in the following locations: /opt/mqm/lib (32-bit libraries) and /opt/mqm/lib64 (64-bit libraries).

Server installation procedure

This section tells you how to install the WebSphere MQ for HP-UX server. If you want to install the WebSphere MQ client see Chapter 3, "Installing a WebSphere MQ client," on page 31.

Before you start the installation procedure, make sure you have prepared your system as described in "Preparing for installation" on page 3.

The installation method allows you to select which components you would like to install, for a list of the components and their corresponding filesets see "WebSphere MQ Components" on page 17.

See "Installation procedure" on page 15 for the standard installation procedure.

Alternatively, see "Non-interactive installation" on page 16.

Kernel configuration

WebSphere MQ uses semaphores and shared memory. It is possible, therefore, that the default kernel configuration is not adequate.

Before installation, review the machine's configuration and increase the values if necessary. The minimum recommended values of the tunable kernel parameters are given in Figure 7 on page 14. These values might need to be increased if you obtain any First Failure Support Technology $^{\text{\tiny TM}}$ (FFST $^{\text{\tiny TM}}$) records.

Note:

1. On platforms earlier than HP-UX 11i v1.6 (11.22), if you intended to run a high number of concurrent connections to WebSphere MQ, you were required to configure the number of kernel timers (CALLOUTS) by altering the

NCALLOUT kernel parameter. On HP-UX 11i v1.6 (11.22) platforms or later, the NCALLOUT parameter is obsolete as the kernel automatically adjusts the data structures.

- 2. Semaphore and swap usage does not vary significantly with message rate or message persistence.
- 3. WebSphere MQ queue managers are generally independent of each other. Therefore system tunable kernel parameters, for example shmmi, semmni, semmns, and semmnu need to allow for the number of queue managers in the system.

See the HP-UX documentation for information about changing these values.

```
shmmax
                 536870912
shmseq
                 1024
                 1024
shmmni
semaem
                 16384
                 32767
semvmx
                 16384
semmns
semmni
                 1024 (semmni < semmns)
                 16384
semmnu
semume
                 256
max_thread_proc 66
                 10000
maxfiles
maxfiles lim
                 10000
nfile
                 10000
```

ı

Figure 7. Minimum recommended tunable kernel parameters values

Note: For HP-UX 11.23 (11i V2) and later operating systems, the tunable kernel parameters: shmem, sema, semmap, and maxusers, are obsolete. This applies to the Itanium and PA-RISC platforms.

You must restart the system once you have made any changes to the tunable kernel parameters.

System resource limits

You can set global limits for the size of process data segments and the size of process stack segments for the whole system by altering the tunable kernel parameters.

The tunable kernel parameters are:

Parameter	What it controls	Recommended minimum value
maxdsiz	Maximum size of the data segment for 32-bit processes	1073741824
maxdsiz_64bit	Maximum size of the data segment for 64-bit processes	1073741824
maxssiz	Maximum size of the stack segment for 32-bit processes	8388608
maxssiz_64bit	Maximum size of the stack segment for 64-bit processes	8388608

If other software on the same machine recommends higher values, then the operation of WebSphere MQ will not be adversely affected if those higher values are used.

For the full documentation for these parameters see the HP-UX product documentation.

To apply the settings to an HP-UX 11i system which has the System Administration Manager (SAM) utility, you can use SAM to achieve the following steps:

- Select and alter the parameters
- · Process the new kernel

| |

· Apply the changes and restart the system

It is possible that other releases of HP-UX provide different facilities to set the tunable kernel parameters. If so, then please consult your HP-UX product documentation for the relevant information.

The ulimit shell command

On a per-shell basis the available limits can be tuned down from the values stored for the *System resource limits* parameters above. Use the ulimit shell command to tune the values of the parameters with a combination of the following switches:

Switch	Meaning
-Н	The hard limit
-S	The soft limit
-d	The data segments size
-s	The stack segment size

Verifying that the kernel settings are applied

To verify that the resource limits have not been lowered by a ulimit command and that the queue manager will experience the correct limits, go to the shell from which the queue manager will be started and enter:

```
ulimit -Ha
ulimit -Sa
```

Amongst the console output you should see:

```
data(kbytes) 1048576
stack(kbytes) 8192
```

If lower numbers are returned, then a ulimit command has been issued in the current shell to lower the limits. You should consult with your system administrator to resolve the issue.

Installation procedure Before you begin

Before you start the installation procedure, make sure you have prepared your system as described in "Preparing for installation" on page 3.

About this task

This section describes the installation of the server.

This installation procedure uses the swinstall program, enabling you to choose which components you want to install. The components and filesets are listed in "WebSphere MQ Components" on page 17; you must install at least the Runtime and Server components.

Note: If you are using a screenreader, you are recommended to use the non-interactive installation option "Non-interactive installation," so that you can accept the licence without viewing it.

If you are installing WebSphere MQ from a depot that contains service update packages, you must read "Applying service" on page 51 before installing the service update packages.

- 1. Log in as root.
- 2. Insert the Server CD-ROM, and make the mount point your current directory.
- **3**. Accept the licence:
 - a. Change directory to the location of the mounted CD-ROM or your install location.
 - b. Run the mqlicense script (for example ./mqlicense.sh). The license is displayed. If you accept the license, you can continue the installation.
 - If you are performing a silent or remote install, you can type ./mqlicense.sh -accept to accept the license without being displayed.
- 4. Type the following command to start the installation procedure, (altering it accordingly if you are installing from somewhere other that the CD-ROM): swinstall -s src dir
 - where src_dir is the source directory for the installation files and the name of the file you are installing. If you do this, all components of the WebSphere MQ server are installed (including message catalogs for all available languages).
- 5. If you want to install all WebSphere MQ components, select MQSERIES, then select **Actions** > **Install**.
- 6. If you do not want to install all components, select MQSERIES:
 - a. Select **Actions** > **Open Item** .
 - b. Highlight the components you require and select Mark for install from the Actions menu. (The gsk7bas and gsk7bas64 fileset for the IBM Global Security Kit is automatically selected).
 - c. Select **go up** and press *Enter* to return to the product list. **MQSERIES** is marked as **Partial** if you did not select all the components.
- 7. Select Actions > Install. The log file tells you if there are any problems that need fixing.
- 8. When you have fixed any problems, press OK to install. You are informed when the installation is complete.

Non-interactive installation

Install WebSphere MQ in a non-interactive or unattended way using customized commands.

Before you install WebSphere MQ, you must run the mglicense.sh script. To run the script and accept the licence without displaying it, issue the following command:

./mqlicense.sh -accept

There are two different ways to run a non-interactive or unattended installation of WebSphere MQ.

Install WebSphere MQ with all the default options and components, and all
message catalogs for all languages using the following command:
//usr/sbin/swinstall -v -x mount all filesystems=false -x source directory=src dir MQSERIES

where *src_dir* is the source directory of the installation files. For more information on the swinstall command, refer to your HP-UX product documentation.

• Install WebSphere MQ with optional components using the following command: /usr/sbin/swinstall -v -x mount_all_filesystems=false -x source_directory=src_dir MQSERIES.MQM-RUNTIME MQSERIES.MQM-BASE MQSERIES.MQM-SERVER MQSERIES.MQM-CL-HPUX MQSERIES.MQM-KEYMAN MQSERIES.MQM-JAVA

where *src_dir* is the source directory of the installation files and *MQSERIES.MQM**** are the component selection. For more information on the swinstall command and available options, refer to your HP-UX product documentation.

WebSphere MQ Components

This lists all of the installable MQ components and other IBM products that comprise Websphere MQ.

When you install WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, you can choose which components to install.

Table 5. WebSphere MQ packages

1

Component	Description	Fileset	Server	Client
Runtime	Mandatory component. Needed for application development and provides support for external applications.	MQSERIES.MQM- RUNTIME	X	X
SDK	Required for compiling applications.	MQSERIES.MQM-BASE	X	X
Server	The server feature allows you to run queue managers on your computer and connect to other computers over a network. Provides messaging and queuing services to applications, and support for WebSphere MQ client connections.	MQSERIES.MQM- SERVER	X	
Client	The WebSphere MQ client is a small subset of WebSphere MQ, without a queue manager. Provides remote access to WebSphere MQ. Must be connected to a server. To install a client on the same machine as a server, use the Server CD-ROM; otherwise use the Clients CD-ROM.	MQSERIES.MQM-CL- HPUX	X	Х
Sample programs	Sample application programs. Needed if you want to check your WebSphere MQ installation using the verification procedures described in "Verifying the installation using the Postcard application" on page 25.	MQSERIES.MQM- SAMPLES	Х	X
Java messaging	The files needed for messaging using Java (includes Java Messaging Service).	MQSERIES.MQM-JAVA	X	Х
SSL support	Support for SSL key management	MQSERIES.MQM- KEYMAN	X	Х

4

Table 5. WebSphere MQ packages (continued)

HP JRE for J2SE [™] HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, Version 5.0.	MQSERIES.MQM- JAVAJRE	X	
IBM 32-bit SDK for Solaris, Java 2 Technology Edition, Version 5.0. Required for compiling applications.	MQSERIES.MQM- JAVASDK	Х	X
Brazilian Portuguese message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- PORT	X	X
Czech Message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- CZECH	X	X
French message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- FRENCH	X	X
e German message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- GERMAN	X	X
Hungarian Message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- HUNGARIAN	X	X
Italian message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- ITALIAN	Х	X
Japanese message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- JAPAN	Х	X
Korean message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- KOREAN	Х	X
Polish Message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- POLISH	X	X
Russian Message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- RUSSIAN	X	X
e Spanish message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- SPANISH	X	X
Simplified Chinese message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- CHINES	Х	Х
Traditional Chinese message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- CHINET	Х	X
UNIX man pages, in U.S. English, for the following:	MQSERIES.MQM-MAN	X	X
Control commands			
Message Queue Interface (MQI) commandsMQSC commands			
WebSphere MQ component that allows a client application, within the same unit of work:	MQSERIES.MQM- TXCLIENT	Х	
• To put messages to, and get messages from, queues that are owned by the queue manager to which it is connected.			
To update the resources of a resource manager other than a WebSphere MQ queue manager.			
	by IBM for IBM Software, Version 5.0. IBM 32-bit SDK for Solaris, Java 2 Technology Edition, Version 5.0. Required for compiling applications. Brazilian Portuguese message catalogs Czech Message catalogs French message catalogs German message catalogs Hungarian Message catalogs Italian message catalogs Italian message catalogs Korean message catalogs Polish Message catalogs Russian Message catalogs Polish Message catalogs Traditional Chinese message catalogs UNIX man pages, in U.S. English, for the following: Control commands Message Queue Interface (MQI) commands Message Queue Interface (MQI) commands Message Queue Interface (MQI) commands Message Queue statalogs (MQSC commands) WebSphere MQ component that allows a client application, within the same unit of work: To put messages to, and get messages from, queues that are owned by the queue manager to which it is connected. To update the resources of a resource manager	by IBM for IBM Software, Version 5.0. IBM 32-bit SDK for Solaris, Java 2 Technology Edition, Version 5.0. Required for compiling applications. Brazilian Portuguese message catalogs Czech Message catalogs Czech Message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC-PORT Czech Message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC-CZECH French message catalogs German message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC-FRENCH Hungarian Message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC-HUNGARIAN Italian message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC-HUNGARIAN Italian message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC-ITALIAN MQSERIES.MQM-MC-ITALIAN Korean message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC-POLISH Russian Message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC-POLISH Russian Message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC-POLISH MQSERIES.MQM-MC-POLISH MQSERIES.MQM-MC-POLISH MQSERIES.MQM-MC-POLISH MQSERIES.MQM-MC-CHINES Traditional Chinese message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC-CHINES UNIX man pages, in U.S. English, for the following: Control commands Message Queue Interface (MQI) commands MQSERIES.MQM-MAN MQSERIES.MQM-MAN MQSERIES.MQM-MAN MQSERIES.MQM-MC-CHINET MQSERIES.MQM-MC-CHINET MQSERIES.MQM-MC-CHINET MQSERIES.MQM-MC-CHINET MQSERIES.MQM-MC-CHINET MQSERIES.MQM-MC-CHINET MQSERIES.MQM-MC-CHINET MQSERIES.MQM-MAN MQSERIES.MQM-MC-CHINET MQSERIES.MQM-	by IBM for IBM Software, Version 5.0. IBM 32-bit SDK for Solaris, Java 2 Technology Edition, Version 5.0. Required for compiling applications. Brazilian Portuguese message catalogs Czech Message catalogs Czech Message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC- X CZECH French message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC- X GERMAN Hungarian Message catalogs Hungarian Message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC- X HUNGARIAN Italian message catalogs MQSERIES.MQM-MC- X ITALIAN ITALIAN ITALIAN ITALIAN MQSERIES.MQM-MC- X ITALIAN ITALIAN ITALIAN MQSERIES.MQM-MC- X ITALIAN ITALIAN ITALIAN ITALIAN MQSERIES.MQM-MC- X ITALIAN ITALIAN

Table 6. Other products supplied with WebSphere MQ

Component	Description	Fileset	Server	Client	
-----------	-------------	---------	--------	--------	--

Table 6. Other products supplied with WebSphere MQ (continued)

IBM Global Security Kit V7	Certificate and SSL Base Runtime - 32 bit	gsk7bas	X	X
IBM Global Security Kit V7	Certificate and SSL Base Runtime - 64 bit.	gsk7bas64	X	X

Verifying the server installation

This is an overview of various methods for verifying a WebSphere MQ installation.

The following set of tasks describe how to verify that the WebSphere MQ for HP-UX server has been correctly installed and configured. You can verify a WebSphere MQ server installation at different levels:

- · To verify a local (standalone) installation that has no communication links with other WebSphere MQ installations, do the following:
 - To verify the installation using a single queue manager with a single queue, see: "Verifying a local installation."
 - To verify the installation using the Postcard application, see: "Using the Postcard application to verify a local installation" on page 25.
- · To verify a server-to-server installation that includes communication links to other WebSphere MQ installations, do the following:
 - To verify the installation using two queue managers, two queues and both a sender channel and a receiver channel, see: "Verifying a server-to-server installation" on page 21.
 - To verify the installation using the Postcard application, see: "Using the Postcard application to verify a server-to-server installation" on page 27.

To verify a client/server installation that includes communication links between a server and a WebSphere MQ client, see "Verifying the client installation" on page

Verifying a local installation Before you begin

About this task

To verify a local installation using a simple configuration of one queue manager and one queue, complete the following steps. Once you have completed the steps below, you must test the installation as described in: "Testing the installation" on page 20.

Note: WebSphere MQ object definitions are case-sensitive. Any text entered as an MQSC command in lowercase is converted automatically to uppercase unless you enclose it in single quotation marks. Make sure that you type the examples exactly as shown.

The procedures outlined in this section describe how to configure your default queue manager from the command line.

To verify your installation you must first perform this task. From a shell window, use these steps to create a queue manager and a queue:

1. Log in as a user in the mqm group

2. Create a default queue manager called venus queue manager by entering the following command: crtmqm -q venus.queue.manager You will see messages telling you that the queue manager has been created, and that the default WebSphere MQ objects have been created. 3. To start the queue manager, type: strmqm A message tells you when the queue manager has started. 4. Enable MQSC commands by typing: runmqsc A message tells you that an MQSC session has started. MQSC has no command 5. Define a local queue called ORANGE.QUEUE by entering the following command: define qlocal (orange.queue) A message tells you when the queue has been created. 6. Stop MQSC by typing: end You will see some messages, followed by the command prompt. What to do next You have now defined: A default queue manager called venus.queue.manager • A gueue called ORANGE.QUEUE Now proceed to "Testing the installation" to verify your installation. Testing the installation Before you begin Before completing this task you must have created a queue manager called venus.queue.manager and a local queue called ORANGE.QUEUE. For instructions on how to do this see Setting up the installation. About this task To test the queue manager and queue, use the amqsput sample program to put a message on the queue, and the amqsget sample program to get the message back from the queue: 1. Log on as a user in group mqm, if you are not already. 2. Change into the /opt/mqm/samp/bin directory, which contains the sample programs. 3. Put a message on the queue using the following command: ./amqsput ORANGE.QUEUE The following messages are displayed: Sample AMQSPUTO start target queue is ORANGE.QUEUE

4. Type some message text, on one or more lines, followed by a blank line. The following message is displayed:

Sample AMQSPUTO end

| |

Your message is now on the queue and the command prompt is displayed again.

5. To get the message from the queue, use the following command:

```
./amqsget ORANGE.QUEUE
```

The sample program starts, and your message is displayed. After a pause, the sample ends and the command prompt is displayed again.

What to do next

You have now successfully verified your local installation.

Verifying a server-to-server installation

To verify a server-to-server installation using two servers, one as a sender and one as a receiver, complete the following tasks.

- "Setting up the sender server"
- "Setting up the receiver server" on page 22
- "Testing communication between the servers" on page 24

To verify a server-to-server installation you need to check the communications link between the two machines. Before you can do this, you must ensure that the communications protocol has been installed and configured on both systems. WebSphere MQ for HP-UX supports both TCP and SNA. The tasks in this section explain how to verify your installation and use TCP in the examples; if you are using an alternative protocol, refer to the WebSphere MQ Intercommunication manual.

The verification procedure assumes that both systems are UNIX machines; if this is not the case, some of the commands are different (for details, refer to the documentation for that system).

Note: WebSphere MQ object definitions are case-sensitive. Any text entered as an MQSC command in lowercase is converted automatically to uppercase unless you enclose it in single quotation marks. Make sure that you type the examples exactly as shown.

Setting up the sender server About this task

In order to verify a server-to-server installation you must first set up a sender server. From a shell window, follow these steps to set up the sender server.

- 1. Log in as a user in the mqm group.
- 2. Create a default queue manager called saturn.queue.manager with the following command:

```
crtmqm -q saturn.queue.manager
```

Messages tell you that the queue manager has been created, and that the default WebSphere MQ objects have been created.

3. To start the queue manager, type:

strmam

A message tells you when the queue manager has started.

4. Start MQSC commands by typing:

```
runmqsc
```

A message tells you that an MQSC session has started. MQSC had no command prompt.

5. Define a local queue called TRANSMIT1.QUEUE (to be used as a transmission queue) by entering the following command:

```
define glocal (transmit1.queue) usage (xmitq)
```

A message tells you when the queue has been created.

6. Define a local definition of the remote queue with the following command: define qremote (local.def.of.remote.queue) rname (orange.queue) rqmname ('venus.queue.manager') xmitq (transmit1.queue)

The name specified by the **rname** parameter must be the same as the name of the queue to which you are sending the message (ORANGE.QUEUE on the receiver workstation).

7. Define a sender channel with the following command:

```
define channel (first.channel) chltype (sdr)
conname ('con-name(port)') xmitq (transmit1.queue) trptype (tcp)
```

The value *con-name* is the TCP address of the receiver workstation, and *port* is the port number, port 1414 is the default port number.

8. End MQSC by typing:

end

Some messages are displayed, followed by the shell prompt.

Results

You have now defined the following objects:

- A default queue manager called saturn.queue.manager
- A transmission queue called TRANSMIT1.QUEUE
- A local definition of a remote queue called LOCAL.DEF.OF.REMOTE.QUEUE
- A sender channel called FIRST.CHANNEL

What to do next

Now to set up the receiver server so that you can verify your server-to-server installation, see "Setting up the receiver server."

Setting up the receiver server

About this task

After you have completed the task, "Setting up the sender server" on page 21, follow these steps to set up the receiver server:

- 1. Log in as a user in the mqm group.
- 2. Create a default queue manager called venus.queue.manager by entering the following command:

```
crtmgm -q venus.queue.manager
```

Messages tell you that the queue manager has been created, and that the default WebSphere MQ objects have been created.

3. To start the queue manager, type:

strmqm

A message tells you when the queue manager has started.

4. Enable MQSC commands by typing:

runmqsc

A message tells you that an MQSC session has started. MQSC has no command prompt.

5. Define a local queue called ORANGE.QUEUE by entering the following command: define glocal (orange.queue)

A message tells you when the queue has been created.

6. Define a listener by entering the following command:

Note: If you do not specify the port that the listener should listen on, the default of 1414 is used. If you specified a port other than 1414 in step 7 of "Setting up the sender server" on page 21, you must include the port parameter in the command, as shown below.

```
define listener (listener1) trptype (tcp) control (qmgr) port (port number)
```

Where

port number

is the name of the port the listener should run on. This must be the same as the number used when defining your sender channel.

7. Start the listener by entering the following command:

```
start listener (listener1)
```

Note: It is not recommended to start the listener in the background from any shell that automatically lowers the priority of background processes.

8. Define a receiver channel with the following command:

```
define channel (first.channel) chltype (rcvr) trptype (tcp)
```

A message tells you when the channel has been created.

9. End MQSC by typing:

end

Some messages are displayed, followed by the shell prompt.

Results

You have now defined the following objects:

- · A default queue manager called venus.queue.manager
- A queue called ORANGE.QUEUE
- A receiver channel called FIRST.CHANNEL

What to do next

Now to test communications between your sender and receiver workstations, see "Testing communication between the servers."

Testing communication between the servers

About this task

After completing "Setting up the sender server" on page 21 and "Setting up the receiver server" on page 22, use this topic to test communications between sender and receiver workstations using sample programs. Use the **amqsput** sample program to put a message from the sender server to a queue at the receiver server, and the **amqsget** sample program on the receiver server to get the message from the queue:

- 1. Log in to both servers as a user in the mqm group.
- 2. If the queue managers on the two servers have stopped, restart them now by typing the following on both servers:
- 3. Enable MQSC commands by typing: runmqsc

A message tells you that an MQSC session has started. MQSC has no command prompt.

4. On the **sender** server, start the sender channel using the MQSC START CHANNEL command and specify the channel name:

```
START CHANNEL (FIRST. CHANNEL)
```

The receiver channel on the receiver server starts automatically when the sender channel starts.

5. End MQSC by typing:

end

Some messages are displayed, followed by the shell prompt.

- 6. On the **sender** server, change into the /opt/mqm/samp/bin directory, which contains the sample programs.
- 7. To put a message on the local definition of the remote queue (which in turn specifies the name of the remote queue), use the following command:

```
./amgsput LOCAL.DEF.OF.REMOTE.QUEUE
```

You will see the following messages:

```
Sample amqsput0 start target queue is LOCAL.DEF.OF.REMOTE.QUEUE
```

8. Type some message text on one or more lines, followed by a blank line. You will see the following message:

```
Sample amqsput0 end
```

Your message is now on the queue and the command prompt is displayed again.

- 9. On the **receiver** server, change into the /opt/mqm/samp/bin directory, which contains the sample programs.
- 10. To get the message from the queue at the receiver, enter the following command:

./amgsget ORANGE.QUEUE

The sample program starts, and your message is displayed. After a pause, the sample ends and the command prompt is displayed again.

Results

ı

You have now successfully verified the server-to-server installation.

What to do next

Verifying the installation using the Postcard application

You can set up and use the Postcard application to verify a local installation or a server-to-server installation.

Use the Postcard application to verify that WebSphere MQ is successfully installed, and that the associated communication links are working properly.

You can use the Postcard application to verify a local installation or a server-to-server installation, as follows:

- To use the Postcard application to verify a *local* installation (which does not have any communication links with other WebSphere MQ installations), see "Using the Postcard application to verify a local installation."
- To use the Postcard application to verify communication between your server and the server of another named user, where that server is running WebSphere MQ and using TCP/IP, see "Using the Postcard application to verify a server-to-server installation" on page 27.

Using the Postcard application to verify a local installation

Sending messages successfully between two Postcard applications verifies a local installation.

About this task

To verify that the local installation is working, you can run two instances of the Postcard application on the same server and send messages between the applications. Successful sending and receiving of messages verifies that WebSphere MQ is installed and working correctly on the server.

Note:

- 1. The Postcard application has a graphical interface. To view this interface, your system requires the ability to view a graphical display.
- 2. Before you can run the Postcard application, you must ensure that you are a member of the WebSphere MQ administrators group (mqm).
- 1. Log on as a user in group mqm.
- 2. Change directory to /opt/mqm/java/bin
- 3. Run the Postcard shell script.
 - ./postcard

If there are no queue managers on your server, you are invited to run the Default Configuration wizard to create a queue manager to use with the Postcard application before signing on to the Postcard application.

- If you already have a queue manager on your server, you will go straight to the Postcard Sign On window.
- 4. At the Postcard Sign On window, type in a nickname to use to send messages within the Postcard application (for example, User1).
- 5. Select the queue manager to use as the mailbox:
 - If the only queue manager on your server is the default queue manager that you created by running the Default Configuration wizard, this queue manager is used automatically as your mailbox for Postcards.
 - If you have created one or more of your own queue managers, but you have not run the Default Configuration wizard, select the appropriate queue manager from the list displayed.
 - If you have run the Default Configuration wizard, and you want to use the
 default queue manager, but there is more than one queue manager on your
 server, select the Advanced checkbox, then select Use Default
 Configuration as mailbox.
 - If you have run the Default Configuration wizard and also created one or
 more of your own queue managers, and you do not want to use the default
 queue manager, select the Advanced checkbox, select Choose queue
 manager as mailbox, then select the appropriate queue manager from the
 list displayed.

When your selection is complete, click **OK** to display your first Postcard window.

- 6. Run the Postcard shell script again in a different shell window. This opens a second Postcard window.
- 7. The Postcard Sign On panel is displayed again. Type in a second nickname to use to send messages within the Postcard application (for example, User2).
- 8. Repeat the selection of the queue manager that you want to use as the mailbox (as described in step 5). The queue manager you select for this second Postcard must either be the same queue manager, be in the same cluster as the queue manager for the first Postcard, or communication links must have been set up between them. You now have two Postcards, one with the nickname User1 and one with the nickname User2.
- 9. In one of the Postcards (for example, User1), enter the nickname for the other Postcard application in the **To:** field and the queue manager it is using in the **On:** field.
- 10. Type a message in the Message: field and click Send.
- 11. The **Postcards sent and received** area of the Postcard shows details of the message. In the sending Postcard, the message is displayed as *sent*. In the receiving Postcard, the message is displayed as *received*.
- 12. From the receiving Postcard, double-click the message in the **Postcards sent** and received area to view it. When this message arrives, this verifies that WebSphere MQ is correctly installed.

What to do next

Depending on your situation, you might want to do the following:

- Install WebSphere MQ on other servers. Follow the same installation procedure that you used for the first server. Ensure that you use the Join Default Cluster window in the Default Configuration wizard to add the other servers to your first server's cluster.
- Install the WebSphere MQ client on other servers. See the Chapter 3, "Installing a WebSphere MQ client," on page 31.

• Continue with further administration tasks. See the WebSphere MQ System Administration Guide.

Using the Postcard application to verify a server-to-server installation

Sending messages successfully between two Postcard applications verifies a server-to-server installation.

Before you begin

| |

I

To verify that a server-to-server installation is working on two servers, the sender of the message and the receiver, you can use an instance of the Postcard application on the sender server, and an instance of the Postcard application on the receiver server, and send messages between the two Postcard applications. Successful sending and receiving of messages verifies that WebSphere MQ is successfully installed, and that communication between the two servers is working correctly. Both servers must use TCP/IP.

To use the **Postcard** application for this type of verification one of the following must be true:

- Both queue managers must be in the same cluster; this is the simplest method.
 To ensure that both queue managers are in the same cluster, you can run the Postcard application before creating any local queue managers on each server.
 The Postcard application detects that there are no local queue managers defined for that server, and displays the Default Configuration wizard so that you can create the default queue managers and link them to the default cluster.
- You can use the **Postcard** application with existing queue managers, as long as both queue managers belong to the same cluster. If you have already completed the Default Configuration wizard but did not put the two queue managers into the same cluster, you can create your own new queue managers on both servers, create a cluster, and ensure that the queue managers that you create on each server belong to the same cluster.
- Alternatively, if the queue managers are not in the same cluster, you can configure channels to communicate between the two servers. For instructions on how to set up the channels, see "Setting up the sender server" on page 21 and "Setting up the receiver server" on page 22. When you have set up communication, you can use the Postcard application, starting at step 5 on page 28.

Note:

- 1. The Postcard application has a graphical interface. To view this interface, your systems require the ability to view a graphical display.
- 2. Before you can run the Postcard application on each server, you must ensure that you are a member of the WebSphere MQ administrators group (mqm) on each server.

On the sender server:

- 1. Log on as a user in group mqm.
- 2. Change directory to /opt/mqm/java/bin
- 3. Run the postcard shell script.
 - ./postcard

If there are no queue managers on your server, you are invited to run the Default Configuration wizard to create a queue manager to use with the Postcard application before signing on to the Postcard application.

If you already have a queue manager on your server you will go straight to the Postcard - Sign On window (step 5). You can use the **Postcard** application with existing queue managers, as long as both queue managers belong to the same cluster. If your existing queue manager does not belong to the appropriate cluster refer to the introduction of this topic for information on how to proceed.

- 4. Work through the Default Configuration wizard. When you get to the option to join the queue manager to the default cluster, tick the checkbox. On the next screen select **yes**, **make it the repository for the cluster**. Once you have completed the wizard you are taken back to the Postcard Sign On window.
- 5. At the Postcard Sign On window, type a nickname to use to send messages within the Postcard application (for example, User1).
- 6. Select the queue manager to use as the mailbox:
 - If the only queue manager on your server is the default queue manager that you created by running the Default Configuration wizard, this queue manager is used automatically as your mailbox for postcards.
 - If you have created one or more of your own queue managers, but you have not run the Default Configuration wizard, select the appropriate queue manager from the list displayed.
 - If you have run the Default Configuration wizard, and you want to use the default queue manager, but there is more than one queue manager on your server, select the **Advanced** checkbox, then select **Use Default Configuration** as mailbox.
 - If you have run the Default Configuration wizard, and also created one or
 more of your own queue managers, and you do not want to use the default
 queue manager, select the Advanced checkbox, select Choose queue
 manager as mailbox, then select the appropriate queue manager from the list
 displayed.

When your selection is complete, click **OK** to display your second Postcard window.

On the receiver server:

- 1. Log on as a user in group mqm.
- 2. Change directory to /opt/mqm/java/bin
- 3. Run the postcard shell script.
 - ./postcard

If there are no queue managers on your server, you are invited to run the Default Configuration wizard to create a queue manager to use with the Postcard application before signing on to the Postcard application.

If you already have a queue manager on your server, go straight to the Postcard - Sign On window (step 5 on page 29). You can use the Postcard application with existing queue managers, as long as both queue managers belong to the same cluster. If your existing queue manager does not belong to the appropriate cluster refer to the introduction of this topic for information on how to proceed.

- 4. Work through the Default Configuration wizard:
 - a. When you get the option to join the queue manager to the default cluster, tick the checkbox.

- b. In the next window, click **No another computer has already joined the cluster as a repository**. Click Next.
- **c**. When requested, enter the location of the repository, by typing the server name of the sender server. Click Next.
- d. Complete the Default Configuration wizard. When you have completed the wizard, you are taken back to the Postcard Sign On window.
- 5. At the Postcard Sign On window, type a nickname to use to send messages within the Postcard application (for example, User2).
- 6. Select the queue manager to use as the mailbox:
 - If the only queue manager on your server is the default queue manager that you created by running the Default Configuration wizard, this queue manager is used automatically as your mailbox for postcards.
 - If you have created one or more of your own queue managers, but you have not run the Default Configuration wizard, select the appropriate queue manager from the list displayed.
 - If you have run the Default Configuration wizard, and you want to use the
 default queue manager, but there is more than one queue manager on your
 server, select the Advanced checkbox, then select Use Default
 Configuration as mailbox.
 - If you have run the Default Configuration wizard, and also created one or more of your own queue managers, and you do not want to use the default queue manager, select the Advanced checkbox, select Choose queue manager as mailbox, then select the appropriate queue manager from the list displayed.

When your selection is complete, click **OK** to display your first Postcard window

- 7. In one of the Postcards (for example, User1), enter the nickname for the other Postcard application the **To:** field, and enter the queue manager it is using in the **On:** field.
- 8. Type a message in the **Message**: field, and click **Send**.
- 9. The **Postcards sent and received** area of the postcard shows details of the message. In the sending Postcard, the message is displayed as *sent*. In the receiving Postcard, the message is displayed as *received*.
- 10. In the sent and received area of the Postcard, details of the new message are displayed. The message is displayed as *received*. When this message arrives, this verifies that WebSphere MQ is correctly installed and that your communication link between the two servers is working correctly.

Results

| |

I

When all installation and verification is complete, you are ready to start using WebSphere MQ (see the WebSphere MQ System Administration Guide).

Chapter 3. Installing a WebSphere MQ client

Follow these steps to install a WebSphere MQ client.

This chapter describes how to install a WebSphere MQ Version 7.0 client. The information covers topics such as preparing for installation and verifying your installation, as well as installation itself. If you already have an installation of WebSphere MQ, and are migrating to WebSphere MQ Version 7.0 see Chapter 1, "Migrating to WebSphere MQ for HP-UX Version 7.0," on page 1 before installing WebSphere MQ Version 7.0.

WebSphere MQ for HP-UX can be installed as a server or a client.

A WebSphere MQ client is a component that allows an application running on one system to communicate with a queue manager running on another system. The output from the call is sent back to the client, which passes it back to the application.

A WebSphere MQ server is an installation of one or more queue managers that provide queueing services to one or more clients. All the WebSphere MQ objects, for example queues, exist only on the queue manager machine (the WebSphere MQ server machine), and not the client. A WebSphere MQ server can also support local WebSphere MQ applications. To install a WebSphere MQ server see, Chapter 2, "Installing a WebSphere MQ server," on page 3.

It is possible to have both a server and a client installation on the same machine, for instructions on how to do this see, Chapter 4, "Installing a client on the same machine as a server," on page 49.

See the WebSphere MQ System Administration Guide for an introduction to WebSphere MQ concepts and objects.

For information on the components that can be included in the server and client installations see, "WebSphere MQ Components" on page 17.

The following set of tasks take you through the process of installing a WebSphere MQ client, complete all of these tasks in sequence.

- "Checking hardware and software requirements" on page 32
- "Installing the WebSphere MQ client" on page 40
- "Verifying the client installation" on page 43

Preparing to install

Before you install WebSphere MQ, complete the following tasks.

- "Checking hardware and software requirements" on page 32
- "Creating WebSphere MQ file systems" on page 10
- "Setting up the user ID and group ID" on page 9

Additionally, if you require messages in a language other than U.S. English see, "Displaying messages in your national language" on page 12.

Checking hardware and software requirements

This section details the operating system requirements, the prerequisite software and optional software required for using WebSphere MQ Version 7.0.

- "Checking the operating environment PA-RISC platform"
- "Checking the operating environment Itanium platform" on page 33
- "Checking optional software PA-RISC platform" on page 34
- "Checking optional software Itanium platform" on page 36

Checking the operating environment - PA-RISC platform

Check through this topic to identify which hardware and software is supported for use with WebSphere MQ for HP-UX as a server on the PA-RISC platform.

Before you install WebSphere MQ Version 7.0, you must check that your system meets the hardware and operating system software requirements set for this product and the particular components you intend to install on it.

Note: WebSphere MQ does not support host names that contain spaces. If you install WebSphere MQ on a computer with a host name that contains spaces, you will be unable to create any queue managers.

Hardware

WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 7.0 runs on any Hewlett Packard PA-RISC 64-bit computer.

Operating System (PA-RISC)

The operating systems supported by WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 7.0, on the PA-RISC platform are:

- HP-UX 11i v2 (11.23)
- HP-UX 11i v3 (11.31)

Connectivity Requirements

Check that the system has 64-bit compatible communications hardware that supports at least one of the following:

- TCP/IP
- HP SNAplus2 Version 7 (For SNA LU 6.2 connectivity)

TCP/IP is part of the base operating system.

IPv6 feature support is available with HP Transport Optional Upgrade Release (TOUR)

Storage Requirements

The storage requirements for the WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 7.0 depend on which components you install, and how much working space you need. This, in turn, depends on the number of queues that you use, the number and size of the messages on the queues, and whether the messages are persistent. You also require archiving capacity on disk, tape or other media.

Table 7. Storage requirements for a WebSphere MQ client

Storage Requirements	Storage Requirement in MB in /opt
WebSphere MQ Client installation	280
IBM Global Security Kit V7 (32-bit)	16
IBM Global Security Kit V7 (64-bit)	14

You can use the df -k command to determine the amount of free space on your system.

Disk storage is also required for

- Prerequisite software
- Optional software

I

I

1

ı

I

I

• Your application programs

Checking the operating environment - Itanium platform

Check through this topic to identify which hardware and software is supported for use with WebSphere MQ for HP-UX as a client on the Itanium platform.

Before you install WebSphere MQ Version 7.0, you must check that your system meets the hardware and operating system software requirements set for this product and the particular components you intend to install on it.

Note: WebSphere MQ does not support host names that contain spaces. If you install WebSphere MQ on a computer with a host name that contains spaces, you will be unable to create any queue managers.

Hardware

WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 7.0 runs on any Itanium system hardware that is explicitly compatible and fully capable of running the specified operating system, all the corresponding supporting software shown below, and any associated applications unmodified.

Operating System (Itanium)

The operating systems supported by WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 7.0, on the Itanium platform are:

- HP-UX 11i v2 (11.23) for IPF
- HP-UX 11i v3 (11.31) for IPF

Connectivity Requirements

Check that the system has 64-bit compatible communications hardware that supports at least one of the following:

- TCP/IP
- HP SNAplus2 Version 7 (For SNA LU 6.2 connectivity)

TCP/IP is part of the base operating system.

IPv6 feature support is available with HP Transport Optional Upgrade Release (TOUR)

Storage Requirements

The storage requirements for the WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 7.0 depend on which components you install, and how much working space you need. This, in turn, depends on the number of queues that you use, the number and size of the messages on the queues, and whether the messages are persistent. You also require archiving capacity on disk, tape or other media.

Table 8. Storage requirements for a WebSphere MQ client

Storage Requirements	Storage Requirement in MB in /opt
WebSphere MQ Client installation	280
IBM Global Security Kit V7 (64-bit)	14

You can use the df -k command to determine the amount of free space on your system.

Disk storage is also required for

- Prerequisite software
- · Optional software
- Your application programs

Checking optional software - PA-RISC platform

Check through this topic to identify which additional software is supported for use with WebSphere MQ for HP-UX as a client on the PA-RISC platform.

Compilers for HP-UX (PA-RISC platform) applications

The following compilers are supported for WebSphere MQ for HP-UX applications on the PA-RISC platform:

- HP C/ANSI C Developer Bundle for HP-UX 11i2
- HP aCC Version A.06.12

Figure 8. C/C++

- Micro Focus Server Express V4.0
- Micro Focus Server Express V5.0

Figure 9. COBOL

- 32 bit
- HP-UX SDK for the Java platform and JDK V1.4
 - HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM software V1.4.2
- HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM software V5.0 (SR1 or above)
- HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM software V6.0
- 64 bit:

I

Ι

I

Ι

I

Ι

- HP-UX SDK for the Java platform and JDK V1.4
- IBM 64-bit SDK for HP-UX Java 2 Technology Edition V1.4.2
- IBM 64-bit SDK for HP-UX Java 2 Technology Edition V5.0 (SR1 or above)
- IBM 64-bit SDK for HP-UX Java 2 Technology Edition V6.0 (SR1 or above)

Figure 10. Java

Transaction monitors

The following transaction processing monitors (coordination through X/Open XA interface) are supported:

- IBM TXSeries V6.0
- IBM TXSeries V6.1
- IBM TXSeries V6.2
- BEA Tuxedo V9.1

Java Messaging and SOAP transport

If you want to use Java Messaging and SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) Support, you need a Java Runtime Environment Version 1.4.2 or later.

For a list of supported JDKs, see:

http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/wmq/requirements/

For further information about using Java with WebSphere MQ, see WebSphere MQ Using Java.

For further information about SOAP with WebSphere MQ, see WebSphere MQ Using Web Services .

If you use a JDK that is not in the list of supported JDKs you should be aware that:

- The JDK might not be FIPS level 140-2 compliant and by using it with WebSphere MQ, WebSphere MQ Version 7.0 will not comply with the FIPS 140-2 standards.
- SOAP is not supported.

To run a 64-bit or 32-bit JVM use the -d64 or -d32 parameters on the command line when running a Java application to ensure the correct JVM is used.

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)

If you want to use the SSL support with WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, you need to install the IBM Global Security Kit (GSKit) V7 packages: gsk7bas and gsk7bas64. These are supplied with WebSphere MQ as components available for installation. If you are migrating from WebSphere MQ Version 5.3 and have no other requirement

for the IBM Global Security Kit V6 you can uninstall it using the process described in the topic *Uninstalling WebSphere MQ* in *WebSphere MQ for HP-UX Quick Beginnings.*, the package name is gsk6bas.

To use SSL, WebSphere MQ clients on HP-UX 11i v1 and HP-UX 11i v2 must be built:

- Using the C++ compiler (not the C compiler)
- · Using POSIX threads
- With the compiler options: -W1,+b/opt/ibm/gsk7/lib:/opt/mqm/lib

Checking optional software - Itanium platform

Check through this topic to identify which additional software is supported for use with WebSphere MQ for HP-UX as a server on the Itanium platform.

Compilers for HP-UX (Itanium platform) applications

The following compilers are supported for WebSphere MQ for HP-UX applications on the Itanium platform:

- HP C/ANSI C Developer's Bundle V6.02 or later maintenance
- HP aCC A.06.12
- | Figure 11. C/C++
- Micro Focus Server Express V4.0
 - Micro Focus Server Express V5.0

Figure 12. COBOL

- 32-bit
 - HP-UX IPF Software Development Kit for the Java[™] 2 platform
 - HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM® for IBM Software, V1.4.2 for 32-bit Itanium
 - HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, V5.0 for 32-bit Itanium (SR1 or above)
- HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, V6.0 for 32-bit Itanium
- 64-bit
 - HP-UX IPF Software Development Kit for the Java 2 platform
 - HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, V1.4.2 for 64-bit Itanium
- HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, V5.0 for 64-bit Itanium (SR1 or above)
- HP SDK for J2SE HP-UX 11i platform, adapted by IBM for IBM Software, V6.0 for 64-bit Itanium

Figure 13. Java

Transaction monitors

The following transaction processing monitors (coordination through X/Open XA interface) are supported:

- IBM TXSeries V6.1
- IBM TXSeries V6.2
- BEA Tuxedo V9.1

Java Messaging and SOAP transport

If you want to use Java Messaging and SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) Support, you need an IBM Java 2 SDK and Runtime Environment Version 1.4.2 or later.

For a list of supported JDKs, see:

ı

I

http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/wmq/requirements/

For further information about using Java with WebSphere MQ, see WebSphere MQ Using Java.

For further information about SOAP with WebSphere MQ, see WebSphere MQ Using Web Services .

If you use a JDK that is not in the list of supported JDKs you should be aware that:

- The JDK might not be FIPS level 140-2 compliant and by using it with WebSphere MQ, WebSphere MQ Version 7.0 will not comply with the FIPS 140-2 standards.
- SOAP is not supported.

To run a 64-bit or 32-bit JVM use the -d64 or -d32 parameters on the command line when running a Java application to ensure the correct JVM is used.

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)

If you want to use the SSL support with WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, you need to install the IBM Global Security Kit (GSKit) V7 package: gsk7bas64. This is supplied with WebSphere MQ as one of the components available for installation.

Note: WebSphere MQ for HP-UX on Itanium does not support 32-bit SSL. The WebSphere MQ documentation generally describes the use of the 32-bit GSKit commands (gsk7cmd, gsk7ikm ,and gsk7capicmd). On the HP-UX for Itanium platform, you must use the equivalent 64-bit variants gsk7cmd_64, gsk7ikm_64, and gsk7capicmd_64).

To use SSL, WebSphere MQ clients on HP-UX 11i v2 must be built:

- Using the C++ compiler (not the C compiler)
- Using POSIX threads
- With the compiler options: -W1,+b/opt/ibm/gsk7/lib:/opt/mqm/lib

Creating WebSphere MQ file systems

The installation directory for the WebSphere MQ product code is /opt/mqm. Working data is stored in /var/mqm. You cannot change these locations. The GSKit must also be installed into its default location.

The topics contained in this section describe how to prepare your file system for installing WebSphere MQ. Perform these tasks before installation.

Creating a file system for the product code

This topic describes how to prepare the <code>/opt/mqm</code> file system into which the WebSphere MQ code will be installed and what to do should you not have enough storage space available in the file system.

About this task

The WebSphere MQ product code is installed in /opt/mqm. If you cannot install the product code in the /opt/mqm file system because the file system is too small to contain the product, you can do one of the following:

- Create a new file system and mount it as /opt/mqm. If you choose this option, the new file system must be created and mounted before installing the product code.
- 2. Create a new directory anywhere on your machine, and create a symbolic link from /opt/mqm to this new directory. For example:

```
mkdir /bigdisk/mqm
In -s /bigdisk/mqm /opt/mqm
```

If you choose this option, the new directory must be created, and the link created, before installing the product code.

The file system into which the code is installed can be a remote network device, for example, NFS. However, you must define the mount options defined on that device to allow **setuid** programs, including those which are **setuid** root, to run.

What to do next

Creating a file system for the working data About this task

Before you install WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, create and mount a file system called /var/mqm. For a client installation, the file system can be mounted on a remote network device, for example NFS.

To determine the size of the /var/mgm file system for a client installation, consider:

- The size of the error log files written to the /var/mqm/errors directory
- The amount of trace that is written to the /var/mgm/trace directory

If you are performing both a client and a server installation, the requirements of the server installation take precedence over the requirements of the client installation. For details about the requirements of the server installation, see "Creating a file system for the working data" on page 11.

Allow 50 MB as a minimum for a WebSphere MQ server and 15 MB as a minimum for a WebSphere MQ client.

A new sample WebSphere MQ client configuration file is created in the var/mqm directory, by the C client package, during installation, but only if this file does not already exist. This file contains the ClientExitPath stanza. An example mqclient.ini file is shown in WebSphere MQ client configuration file *System Administration Guide*.

Note that if you are using a common configuration file for multiple clients, either in the WebSphere MQ installation directory or in another location using the

İ

| | | |

I

MQCLNTCF environment variable, you should grant read access to all user identifiers under which the WebSphere MQ client applications run. If, for any reason, the file cannot be read, the failure is traced and the search logic continues as if the file had not existed.

Setting up the user ID and group ID

WebSphere MQ requires a user ID of the name mqm, with a primary group of mqm. The mqm user ID owns the directories and files that contain the resources associated with the product. Create the user ID and group IDs as described in the following sections.

- "Creating the user ID and group" on page 9
- "Adding existing user IDs to the group" on page 10

Creating the user ID and group

Create the required user ID and group ID *before* you install WebSphere MQ. Both user ID and group ID must be set to mqm. For stand-alone machines, you can create the new user ID and group IDs locally; for machines administered in a network information services (NIS) domain, an administrator must create the IDs on the NIS master server machine.

It is also suggested that you set the mqm user's home directory to /var/mqm.

You can use the System Administration Manager (SAM) to work with user IDs.

Adding existing user IDs to the group

If you want to run administration commands, for example **crtmqm** (create queue manager) or **strmqm** (start queue manager), your user ID must be a member of the mqm group.

Users do not need mqm group authority to run applications that use the queue manager; it is needed only for the administration commands.

Displaying messages in your national language

This describes how to display messages from a different national language message catalog.

About this task

Messages in U.S. English are automatically installed with WebSphere MQ.

If you require messages in a different language, perform the following steps:

- 1. Install the appropriate message catalog (see "WebSphere MQ Components" on page 17).
- 2. To select messages in a different language, use the following command with the identifier for the language you want to install:

```
export LANG=de De.iso88591
```

The message identifiers for the message catalogs are as follows:

- cs CZ (Czech)
- de DE (German)
- es_ES (Spanish)

- fr_FR (French)
- hu_HU (Hungarian)
- it_IT (Italian)
- ja_JP (Japanese)
- ko_KR (Korean)
- pl_PL (Polish)
- pt_BR (Brazilian Portuguese)
- ru_RU (Russian)
- zh_CN (Simplified Chinese)
- zh_TW (Traditional Chinese)

Installing the WebSphere MQ client

This chapter tells you how to install the WebSphere MQ for HP-UX client. If you want to install the WebSphere MQ server see Chapter 2, "Installing a WebSphere MQ server," on page 3.

Before you start the installation procedure, make sure you have prepared your system as described in "Preparing for installation" on page 3.

There are two types of WebSphere MQ clients:

Client with SSL

This is the standard WebSphere MQ client with additional code to allow you to use SSL support. You can install the client with SSL from either the client or the server CD.

Extended Transactional Client

This is additional code to allow a client application within the same unit of work to:

- To put messages to, and get messages from, queues that are owned by the queue manager to which it is connected.
- To update the resources of a resource manager other than a WebSphere MQ queue manager.

You can only install this from the server CD.

For more information about SSL, see the WebSphere MQ Security book.

To install a WebSphere MQ server, see "Installation procedure" on page 15.

If you want to install the client on the same machine as a WebSphere MQ server, see Chapter 4, "Installing a client on the same machine as a server," on page 49.

Installation procedure

Installing the client on HP-UX

Before you begin

Before you start the installation procedure, make sure that you have prepared your system as described in "Preparing for installation" on page 3

About this task

This installation procedure uses the **swinstall** program, enabling you to choose which components you want to install. The components (or filesets) are listed in "WebSphere MQ Components" on page 17; you must install at least the Runtime, Base, and Client components.

- 1. Log in as root.
- 2. Insert the Server CD-ROM, and make the mount point your current directory.
- 3. Accept the licence:
 - a. Change directory to the location of the mounted CD-ROM or your install location. If you want to install the client with SSL support, change directory to MQClientwithSSL, otherwise, change directory to MQClient.
 - Run the mqlicense script (for example ./mqlicense.sh).
 The license is displayed. If you accept the license, you can continue the installation.
 - If you are performing a silent or remote install, you can type ./mqlicense.sh -accept to accept the license without being displayed.
- 4. Use the following command to start the installation procedure: swinstall -s src dir src name

where *src_dir* is the source directory for the installation files (similar to: /cdrom/hpux11/mq...) and *src_name* is the name of the file you are installing (similar to: MQSERIES.MQM...). If you do this, *all* components of the WebSphere MQ client are installed (including message catalogs for all available languages).

If the files on your CD-ROM appear in uppercase with a ";1" suffix, use this name for the depot.

- 5. If you want to install all WebSphere MQ components, select **MQSERIES**, then select **Actions** > **Install**.
- 6. If you do not want to install all components, select MQSERIES:
 - a. Select **Actions** > **Open Item**.
 - b. Highlight the components you require and select **Mark for install** from the Actions menu. (The gsk7bas and gsk7bas64 fileset for the IBM Global Security Kit is automatically selected).
 - c. Select **go up** and press *Enter* to return to the product list. **MQSERIES** is marked as **Partial** if you did not select all the components.
- 7. Select **Actions > Install**. The log file tells you if there are any problems that need fixing.
- 8. When you have fixed any problems, press **OK** to install. You are informed when the installation is complete.

Non-interactive installation

If you do not want to select which components to install, you can install WebSphere MQ in a non-interactive way.

Before you run the installation, you must run the mqlicense.sh script. Use the following command to accept the license without displaying it:

```
./mqlicense.sh -accept
```

Then use the following command to start the installation: swinstall -s src dir MQSERIES

where src_dir is the source directory for the installation files and the name of the file you are installing. If you do this, all components of the WebSphere MQ server are installed (including message catalogs for all available languages).

If you do this, all components of WebSphere MQ are installed (including message catalogs for all available languages).

WebSphere MQ Components

This lists all of the installable MQ components and other IBM products that comprise Websphere MQ.

When you install WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, you can choose which components to

Table 9. WebSphere MQ packages

Component	Description	Fileset	Server	Client
Runtime	Mandatory component. Needed for application development and provides support for external applications.	MQSERIES.MQM- RUNTIME	X	X
SDK	Required for compiling applications.	MQSERIES.MQM-BASE	X	X
Client	The WebSphere MQ client is a small subset of WebSphere MQ, without a queue manager. Provides remote access to WebSphere MQ. Must be connected to a server. To install a client on the same machine as a server, use the Server CD-ROM; otherwise use the Clients CD-ROM.	MQSERIES.MQM-CL- HPUX	X	X
Sample programs	Sample application programs. Needed if you want to check your WebSphere MQ installation using the verification procedures described in "Verifying the installation using the Postcard application" on page 25.	MQSERIES.MQM- SAMPLES	X	X
Java messaging	The files needed for messaging using Java (includes Java Messaging Service).	MQSERIES.MQM-JAVA	Х	X
SSL support	Support for SSL key management	MQSERIES.MQM- KEYMAN	X	X
Brazilian Portuguese Message catalogs	Brazilian Portuguese message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- PORT	X	Х
Czech Message catalogs	Czech Message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- CZECH	Х	X
French Message catalogs	French message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- FRENCH	Х	X
German Message catalogs	German message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- GERMAN	Х	Х
Hungarian Message catalogs	Hungarian Message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- HUNGARIAN	Х	X
Italian Message catalogs	Italian message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- ITALIAN	Х	X
Japanese Message catalogs	Japanese message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- JAPAN	Х	Х
Korean Message catalogs	Korean message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- KOREAN	Х	X

Table 9. WebSphere MQ packages (continued)

Polish Message catalogs	Polish Message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- POLISH	X	X
Russian Message catalogs	Russian Message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- RUSSIAN	X	Х
Spanish Message catalogs	Spanish message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- SPANISH	X	Х
Simplified Chinese Message catalogs	Simplified Chinese message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- CHINES	X	Х
Traditional Chinese Message catalogs	Traditional Chinese message catalogs	MQSERIES.MQM-MC- CHINET	X	Х
Man pages	UNIX man pages, in U.S. English, for the following: Control commands Message Queue Interface (MQI) commands MQSC commands	MQSERIES.MQM-MAN	X	Х
Extended Transactional Client	 WebSphere MQ component that allows a client application, within the same unit of work: To put messages to, and get messages from, queues that are owned by the queue manager to which it is connected. To update the resources of a resource manager other than a WebSphere MQ queue manager. 	MQSERIES.MQM- TXCLIENT	X	
IBM Java SDK	Required for compiling applications.	MQSERIES.MQM- JAVASDK	X	X

Table 10. Other products supplied with WebSphere MQ

Component	Description	Fileset	Server	Client
IBM Global Security Kit V7	Certificate and SSL Base Runtime - 32 bit	gsk7bas	X	X
IBM Global Security Kit V7	Certificate and SSL Base Runtime - 64 bit.	gsk7bas64	X	X

Verifying the client installation

The following set of tasks describes how to verify that the WebSphere MQ for HP-UX client has been correctly installed and configured.

To verify your WebSphere MQ client installation, you need a WebSphere MQ server with communication links with your client workstation. You can then complete the following tasks in order:

- "Setting up the server workstation" on page 44
- "Setting up the client workstation" on page 45
- "Testing communication between workstations" on page 46

The verification procedure assumes that:

• TCP/IP is configured and initialized on both the server and the client machines. If you are using SNA, refer to the WebSphere MQ Intercommunication manual.

• The WebSphere MQ server is installed on a Linux or UNIX machine; if this is not the case, some of the commands will be different (for details, refer to the WebSphere MQ Clients book).

Note: WebSphere MQ object definitions are case-sensitive. Any text entered as an MQSC command in lowercase is converted automatically to uppercase unless you enclose it in single quotation marks. Make sure that you type the examples exactly as shown.

Setting up the server workstation

Before you begin

About this task

In order to verify your installation you must first perform this task. These instructions assume that the server workstation is a UNIX machine. From a shell window, use these steps to install a queue manager and a queue on the server:

1. Create a default queue manager called saturn.queue.manager by entering the following command:

```
crtmqm -q saturn.queue.manager
```

You will see messages telling you that the queue manager has been created, and that the default WebSphere MQ objects have been created.

2. To start the queue manager, type:

strmam

A message tells you when the queue manager has started.

3. Enable MQSC commands by typing:

runmqsc

A message tells you that an MQSC session has started. MQSC has no command prompt.

4. Define a local queue called QUEUE1 by entering the following command: define qlocal (queue1)

A message tells you when the queue has been created.

5. Define a server-connection channel by entering the following command on one line:

```
define channel (channel1) chltype (svrconn) trptype (tcp) mcauser ('mqm')
```

Note: Once you have set the **mcauser** attribute to mqm, you MUST set the attribute back to its default value after you have verified the installation to prevent any security vulnerabilities, as described in: "Testing communication between workstations" on page 46.

A message tells you when the channel has been created.

6. Define a listener by entering the following command:

Note: If you do not specify the port that the listener should listen on, by omitting the port parameter from the command below, the default of 1414 is used. If you want to specify a port other than 1414, you must include the port parameter in the command, as shown.

```
define listener (listener1) trptype (tcp) control (qmgr) port (port_number)
```

Where

port number

is the name of the port the listener should run on. This must be the same as the number used when defining your client-connection channel in "Setting up the client workstation."

7. Start the listener by entering the following command:

```
start listener (listener1)
```

8. Stop MQSC by typing: end

You will see some messages, followed by the command prompt.

Results

You have now defined the following objects on the server:

- A default queue manager called saturn.queue.manager
- A local queue called QUEUE1
- A server-connection channel called CHANNEL1

What to do next

To continue with the verification process, see "Setting up the client workstation."

Setting up the client workstation Before you begin

Before you complete this task you must have completed, "Setting up the server workstation" on page 44.

About this task

When a WebSphere MQ application is run on the WebSphere MQ client, the following information is required:

- The name of the MQI channel that connects the client to the server
- The communications protocol
- The address of the server

You provide this information by defining a client-connection channel with the name used for the server-connection channel defined on the server. This example uses the MQSERVER environment variable to define the client-connection channel.

1. Before starting, use the **ping** command to check that your TCP/IP software is correctly configured, and that your WebSphere MQ client and server TCP/IP sessions have been initialized. From the client, enter:

n.n.n.n

Is the network address of the server

- 2. Press Ctrl-C to stop the **ping** command.
- To create a client-connection channel, set the MQSERVER environment variable as follows:

```
export MQSERVER='CHANNEL1/TCP/server-hostname(port)'
```

where

CHANNEL1

Is the name of the server-connection channel already defined on the server

TCP Is the communications protocol.

server-address

Is the TCP/IP host name of the server.

port Is optional and is the port number that the server is listening on, you specified this in step 6 of "Setting up the server workstation" on page 44. If you do not give a port number, WebSphere MQ uses:

- The one specified in the qm.ini file.
- If no value is specified in the qm.ini file, WebSphere MQ uses the port number identified in the TCP/IP services file for the service name WebSphere MQ. If this entry in the services file does not exist, a default value of 1414 is used.

The client-connection channel and server listener program must use the same port number.

What to do next

To continue with the verification process, see "Testing communication between workstations."

Testing communication between workstations Before you begin

Before you complete this task you must have completed, "Setting up the client workstation" on page 45.

About this task

On the WebSphere MQ client workstation, use the **amqsputc** sample program to put a message on the queue at the server workstation, and the **amqsgetc** sample program to get the message from the queue back to the client:

- 1. Change into the /opt/mqm/samp/bin directory, which contains the sample programs.
- 2. Put a message on the queue at the server using the following command:

```
./amqsputc QUEUE1 saturn.queue.manager
```

This displays the following messages:

```
Sample amqsput0 start target queue is QUEUE1
```

3. Type some message text on one or more lines, followed by a blank line. You will see the following message:

```
Sample amqsput0 end
```

Your message is now on the queue and the command prompt is displayed again.

4. To get the message from the queue located on the server, enter the following command:

```
./amqsgetc QUEUE1 saturn.queue.manager
```

The sample program starts and your message is displayed. After a pause, the sample ends and the command prompt is displayed again.

Results

You have now successfully verified the client installation.

About this task

Note: You must now set the **mcauser** attribute back to its default value:

 Start MQSC commands by entering the following command: runmqsc

A message tells you that an MQSC session has started. MQSC has no command prompt.

2. In the MQSC window, set the **mcauser** attribute to its default value by entering the following command:

```
alter channel(channel1) chltype (svrconn) mcauser(' ')
```

3. Stop MQSC by typing: end

You will see some messages, followed by the command prompt.

Results

You have now set the mcauser attribute back to its default value.

Chapter 4. Installing a client on the same machine as a server

To install a WebSphere MQ for HP-UX client on a server machine, use the WebSphere MQ Server CD-ROM. Choose the Client component on the Server CD-ROM to install the client code on the server machine, and use the installation procedure described in "Installation procedure" on page 15.

If you install a WebSphere MQ client on the same machine as a WebSphere MQ server, the client is not connected to the server automatically. Configure the communication channel (an MQI channel) between the client and the server, as described in "Verifying the client installation" on page 43.

Chapter 5. Applying maintenance

How to maintain WebSphere MQ for HP-UX.

This section describes how to maintain WebSphere MQ for HP-UX.

- "Applying service" describes the process of how to install service updates.
- "Restoring the previous service level" on page 52 details how to restore the previous service level.

This information applies to both server and client installations of WebSphere MQ Version 7.0.

The latest information about service updates and downloads can be found on the Internet, at:

http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/mgfamily/support/

Applying service

I

I

About this task

A service update requires hard disk space for installation. In addition, the installation process requires an identical amount of disk space to save the previous level. For example, a 16 MB update requires 32 MB of space. This allows a service level to be removed, and the previous level to be restored automatically.

To apply the service update:

- 1. Stop all MQ applications on the machine and the applications accessing remote machines.
- 2. End all WebSphere MQ activity:
 - a. Log in as a user from group mqm.
 - b. Use the endmqm command to stop all running queue managers.
 - c. Stop any listeners associated with the queue managers, using the command: endmqlsr -m *QMgrName*
 - d. To check that you have stopped all of them, enter the following: ps -ef | grep mq

Check that there are no processes listed that are running command lines beginning amq or runmq. Ignore any that start with amqi.

- 3. log in as root.
- 4. In the directory where the service update packages are located, use swinstall to install the maintenance packages:

```
swinstall -s $PWD/hp-Uxxxx.v11 MQSERIES
```

Selecting to install the package at the product level (MQSERIES), will automatically install only the components which match the set of WebSphere MQ components that are already installed on the machine. Unmatched components will fail at the prerequisite check, a warning will be shown to inform you that the files will be analyzed before install.

If the base WebSphere MQ for HP-UX, Version 5.3 package is included in the depot with the service updates packages you are installing, then the following swinstall option is required when you install the maintenance packages: autoselect dependencies=false

If you want to install both the base package and the service update packages, you must install the base package separately first, followed by the service update packages.

If you are using the interactive installer, click Options > Change Options and then clear the "autoselect dependencies when marking software" check box before selecting the service update package for installation.

Note that if autoselect dependencies is turned off, the GSKit package will not be automatically installed. If the service update package requires the updated version of the GSKit package, it will fail at the installation preview. To correct this, you must manually select the GSKit package for installation.

You must not uninstall any maintenance packages when autoselect dependencies is turned off.

Restoring the previous service level

About this task

To restore the previous service level:

- 1. Stop all MQ applications on the machine and the applications accessing remote
- 2. Before installing maintenance you must end all WebSphere MQ activity:
 - a. Log in as MQ administrator.
 - b. Use the **endmqm** command to stop all running queue managers.
 - c. Stop any listeners associated with the queue managers, using the command: endmqlsr -m *QMgrName*
 - d. To check that you have stopped all of them, enter the following: ps -ef | grep mq

Check that there are no processes listed that are running command lines beginning amq or runmq. Ignore any that start with amqi.

- 3. Log in as root.
- 4. Use the **swremove** command to remove the maintenance package from the system. For example, to remove the 7.0.0.1 maintenance level, use the command:

```
swremove MQSERIES, r=7.0.0.1
```

Make sure that autoselect_dependencies is set to true before you remove any maintenance packages from the system.

Details of the **swremove** command can be found in the *HP-UX Administration* Guide or by using the man swremove command.

Chapter 6. Uninstalling WebSphere MQ

About this task

Ι

To uninstall (server or client), use the HP-UX swremove program.

- 1. Stop all WebSphere MQ applications on the machine and the applications accessing remote machines.
- 2. Before starting to uninstall, end all WebSphere MQ activity.
 - a. Log in as a user in group mqm.
 - b. Use the **dspmq** command to display the state of all the queue managers on the system.
 - c. Use the **endmqm** command to stop all running queue managers.
 - d. Stop any listeners associated with the queue managers, using the command: ${\tt endmqlsr -m} \ {\tt QMgrName}$
 - e. To check that you have stopped all of them, enter the following:ps -ef | grep mq
 - f. Check that there are no processes listed that are running command lines beginning amq or runmq. Ignore any that start with amqi.
- 3. Log in as root.
- 4. Enter swremove MQSERIES to uninstall the MQSERIES package.
 - a. Log in as root.
 - b. Enter swremove MQSERIES to uninstall the MQSERIES package.
- 5. After uninstalling WebSphere MQ, you can delete the /var/mqm directory tree, (this will destroy all queue managers and their associated data).
- 6. If no other products require the Global Security Kit Version 7, you can uninstall packages gsk7bas and gsk7bas64 by typing:

swremove gsk7bas

or

swremove gsk7bas64

Chapter 7. WebSphere MQ Documentation

This chapter describes the documentation and sources of information about WebSphere MQ. It starts with a list of the publications, including their PDF filenames, and then discusses:

- Publications supplied with the product
- · Hardcopy books
- Online information

If there is similar information in this book and any of the books in the following list, the information in this book should take precedence.

WebSphere MQ is described in the following books:

Table 11. WebSphere MQ family books

PDF file name	Order Number	Title
AMQTAC07	GC34-6920	WebSphere MQ for Windows Quick Beginnings
AMQDAC10	GC34-6921	WebSphere MQ for Solaris Quick Beginnings
AMQAAC10	GC34-6922	WebSphere MQ for AIX Quick Beginnings
AMQCAC09	GC34-6923	WebSphere MQ for HP-UX Quick Beginnings
AMQ1AC07	GC34-6924	WebSphere MQ for Linux Quick Beginnings
AMQWAC04	GC34-6925	WebSphere MQ for i5/OS Quick Beginnings
CSQZAE10	SC34-6931	WebSphere MQ Intercommunications
CSQZAH08	SC34-6933	WebSphere MQ Queue Manager Clusters
CSQZAF10	GC34-6934	WebSphere MQ Clients
AMQZAG10	SC34-6951	WebSphere MQ System Administration Guide
CSQZAJ11	SC34-6941	WebSphere MQ Script (MQSC) Command Reference
CSQZAX06	SC34-6937	Monitoring WebSphere MQ
CSQZAC06	SC34-6942	WebSphere MQ Programmable Command Formats and Administration Interface
AMQZA006	GC34-6945	WebSphere MQ Messages
CSQZAL12	SC34-6939	WebSphere MQ Application Programming Guide
CSQZAK11	SC34-6940	WebSphere MQ Application Programming Reference
AMQZAN10	SC34-6936	WebSphere MQ Using C++
CSQZAW16	SC34-6935	WebSphere MQ Using Java
CSQZAC06	SC34-6942	WebSphere MQ Programmable Command Formats and Administration Interface
CSQZAS04	SC34-6932	WebSphere MQ Security
CSQSAT04	GC34-6926	WebSphere MQ for z/OS Concepts and Planning Guide
CSQSAV05	SC34-6927	WebSphere MQ for z/OS System Setup Guide
CSQSAW04	SC34-6929	WebSphere MQ for z/OS System Administration Guide
AMQWAG04	SC34-6930	WebSphere MQ for i5/OS System Administration Guide
AMQTAN04	SC34-6938	WebSphere MQ Using the Component Object Model Interface
AMQWAK02	SC34-6943	WebSphere MQ for i5/OS Application Programming Reference

Table 11. WebSphere MQ family books (continued)

PDF file name	Order Number	Title
CSQSAQ04	GC34-6944	WebSphere MQ for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
CSQSA006	GC34-6946	WebSphere MQ for z/OS Messages and Codes
CSQZA001	GC34-6948	WebSphere MQ Migration Information
CSQZAV06	GC34-6949	WebSphere MQ Using .NET
CSQSAD05	GI10-2584	Program Directory for WebSphere MQ for z/OS
AMQNAR11	SC34-6950	WebSphere MQ Publish/Subscribe User's Guide
CSQZAQ01	SC34-6951	WebSphere MQ Constants
CSQZAY04	SC34-6947	WebSphere MQ Glossary

Using the WebSphere MQ information center

The WebSphere MQ information center is built on the IBM Eclipse Help System. The WebSphere MQ information center can be launched in two modes: Standalone mode and Information Center mode. During the information center installation, chose whether the information center will run in either one, or both of these modes.

Viewing the information center in Standalone mode

In Standalone mode, only the user that launched the help system can view the help.

About this task

When the IBM Eclipse Help System is launched in Standalone mode, the help system's embedded web application server uses a random port to avoid port conflicts between applications, and a new browser window or tab is automatically opened, with the information center home page displayed. There might be a slight delay before the browser window or tab opens, while the application server initializes.

Launching the information center in Standalone mode About this task

To launch the Help System in Standalone mode from the Start Menu select **Start** → **All Programs** → **IBM WebSphere 7.0.0 Information Center** → **Start Help**.

Stopping the information center in Standalone mode

To stop the information center when it is running in Standalone mode, from the Start Menu select Start → All Programs → IBM WebSphere 7.0.0 Information Center → Stop Help.

Displaying the documentation in different languages

To view the information center in another language in Standalone mode, change the regional settings of your operating system to the locale and language of your choice. When you are viewing documentation in your chosen language, topics that have not been translated into your chosen language are displayed in English.

Viewing the information center in Information Center mode

In Information Center mode, the information center is available from other machines on the same network as the machine on which the help system is running.

About this task

When the information center is launched in Information Center mode, the IBM Eclipse Help System's embedded web application server uses port 8888, unless the installation wizard detected that port was already in use by another application, in which case it uses the port that was specified when the help system was installed. A new browser tab or window is not automatically opened.

When you launch the information center in Information Center mode from the Start Menu, a Windows service is started. You can use this service to make the information center available across a network: when the service is started, you do not need to be logged into the machine that is running the help system.

Launching the information center in Information Center mode About this task

To launch the information center in Information Center mode from the Start Menu select Start → All Programs → IBM WebSphere 7.0.0 Information Center → Start Information Center.

Results

In Information Center mode, the information center is available from the local machine at the following URL:

http://127.0.0.1:<port>/help/index.jsp

For example, if the default port is used, the URL is http://127.0.0.1:8888/help/index.jsp.

In Information Center mode, the information center is available from other machines on the same network as the machine on which the information center is running, at the following URL:

http://<ip address>:<port>/help/index.jsp

Where *<ip address>* is the IP address of the machine on which the information center is running.

Stopping the information center in Information Center mode

To stop the information center when it is running in Information Center mode, from the Start Menu select Start → All Programs → IBM WebSphere 7.0.0 Information Center → Stop Information Center.

Displaying the documentation in different languages

To view the information center in another language in Information Center mode, set the language option in your browser so that your desired language is the first one that is specified, clear the browser cache, and refresh your browser view.

When you are viewing documentation in your chosen language, topics that have not been translated into your chosen language are displayed in English.

Configuring to allow all users to launch the information center

When an administrator installs the IBM WebSphere MQ Version 7.0.0 Information Center from the WebSphere MQ 7 Information Center CD on Windows or Linux, only users with administrator privileges on Windows and the root user on Linux are initially able to launch the information center.

About this task

When the information center is launched, it attempts to create or update the following folders, or files and subfolders of these folders:

- <install directory>/eclipse/configuration
- <install directory>/eclipse/workspace

These folders contain information specific to the installed instance of the information center, such as search indexes, and information that the IBM Eclipse Help System uses to identify the help plug-ins that are installed. To allow users who do not have administrator authority on Windows, or root access on Linux, to launch the information center, allow write access to these folders (on Windows), or change the location of these folders (on Linux).

Use the following instructions to configure the information center for use by all users on both Windows and Linux.

Configuring to allow all users to launch the information center on Windows

About this task

To allow all users to launch the information center on Windows systems, you need to allow users write access to the *<install directory>*/eclipse directory. To do this:

- 1. Log in as a member of the administrators group.
- 2. In Windows Explorer, navigate to <install directory>.
- 3. Right-click the 'eclipse' directory, and select 'Properties'.
- 4. Select the Security tab.
- 5. In the Group or User Names panel, Select the 'Users' group.
- 6. In the Permissions for Users panel, make sure the checkbox in the 'Allow' column and the 'Write' row is selected.
- 7. Click OK.

Results

The information center is now set up so that all users can run the information center in Standalone mode.

Only a member of the administrators group can launch the information center in Information Center mode from the Start Menu, because launching the information center in this way starts a Windows service, which a user who is not a member of the administrators group does not have sufficient authority to do.

Configuring to allow all users to launch the information center on Linux

About this task

On Linux systems you can allow all users to launch the information center in both modes by carrying out the following steps:

- 1. Install the IBM WebSphere MQ Version 7.0.0 Information Center from the WebSphere MQ 7 Documentation CD to the default installation path.
- 2. Modify the scripts used to start and stop the information center.
 - <install directory>/Help_start.sh
 - <install directory>Help_end.sh
 - <install directory>IC_start.sh
 - <install directory>IC_end.sh

Add the following text to each file before '-command...':

- -data \$HOME/.mqdata/MQ70Info/workspace
- -configuration \$HOME/.mqdata/MQ70Info/configuration

These parameters instruct the information center to use configuration and workspace folders in the user's home directory. Each user will have a separate configuration and workspace folder.

Publications supplied with the product

The WebSphere MQ documentation is supplied separately on a CD-ROM alongside the product. You can either view the documents directly from CD, or you can install them on your computer (either before or after installing the WebSphere MQ product).

The WebSphere MQ online documentation is delivered on the documentation CD-ROM as PDFs on all platforms and as an Information Center on Linux and Windows only.

Information Center

For information on how to view and install the Information Center, see Information Center in WebSphere MQ for Windows Quick Beginnings.

PDF

1

A PDF (Portable Document Format), corresponding to each book, is available on the documentation CD. You can read PDFs using Adobe Acrobat Reader. You can download them to your own file system, or you can print them on a PostScript printer.

The PDFs are available in U.S. English in the \docs\pdf\en_US directory on the Documentation CD, and also in some or all of the following national languages. After you have installed the PDFs, you can find the files in the directory in which you installed the Information Center. To find out which ones are available in your language, look for the appropriate directory on the CD in the form \docs\pdf\ll_LL, where \ll_LL is one of the following:

- cs_CZ (Czech)
- de_DE (German)

•	es_ES (Spanish)
•	fr_FR (French)
•	hu_HU (Hungarian)
•	it_IT (Italian)
•	ja_JP (Japanese)
•	ko_KR (Korean)
•	pl_PL (Polish)
•	pt_BR (Brazilian Portuguese)
•	ru_RU (Russian)
•	zh_CN (Simplified Chinese)
•	zh_TW (Traditional Chinese)

Within these directories, you can find the complete set of PDFs that are available. Table 11 on page 55 shows the file names used for the PDF files.

Hardcopy books

This book, and all the books listed in Table 11 on page 55, are available for you to order or print.

You can order publications from the IBMLink[™] Web site at:

```
http://www.ibm.com/ibmlink
```

In the United States, you can also order publications by dialing 1-800-879-2755.

In Canada, you can order publications by dialing **1-800-IBM-4YOU** (1-800-426-4968).

For further information about ordering publications, contact your IBM authorized dealer or marketing representative.

For information about printing books, see "Publications supplied with the product" on page 59.

Online information

This section describes the sources of information available online about WebSphere MQ Version 7.0.

HTML and PDF books on the World Wide Web

The WebSphere MQ books are available on the World Wide Web as well as on the product CD-ROM. They are available in PDF and HTML format. The WebSphere MQ product family Web site is at:

http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/wmqfamily

By following links from this Web site you can:

- Obtain latest information about the WebSphere MQ product family.
- Access the WebSphere MQ books in HTML and PDF formats.

Online help

Man pages are provided for all API calls, MQSC commands, and relevant control commands including **crtmqm**, **strmqm**, and **endmqm**.

SupportPacs

SupportPacs contain material that complements the WebSphere MQ family products, for example, there are a number of SupportPacs to help you with performance and capacity planning. Many SupportPacs are freely available for download, others can be purchased as a fee-based service. SupportPacs can be obtained from the following Web site:

http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/websphere/support

WebSphere MQ newsgroups

WebSphere MQ support provides a number of newsgroups where members share their knowledge and experience with others. A list of the newsgroups can be found at:

http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/wmq/support/community.html

Whitepapers and migration documents

IBM produces a number whitepapers that contain other useful information about WebSphere MQ. These can be found at:

http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/websphere/library

Service support summary (PTF readmes)

The service support summary gives a summary of the support information and end of service dates for in-service MQSeries® products. This can be found at:

http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/wmq/support/

Notices

This information was developed for products and services offered in the United States. IBM may not offer the products, services, or features discussed in this information in other countries. Consult your local IBM representative for information on the products and services currently available in your area. Any reference to an IBM product, program, or service is not intended to state or imply that only that IBM product, program, or service may be used. Any functionally equivalent product, program, or service that does not infringe any IBM intellectual property right may be used instead. However, it is the user's responsibility to evaluate and verify the operation of any non-IBM product, program, or service.

IBM may have patents or pending patent applications covering subject matter described in this information. The furnishing of this information does not give you any license to these patents. You can send license inquiries, in writing, to:

IBM Director of Licensing, IBM Corporation, North Castle Drive, Armonk, NY 10504-1785, U.S.A.

For license inquiries regarding double-byte (DBCS) information, contact the IBM Intellectual Property Department in your country or send inquiries, in writing, to:

IBM World Trade Asia Corporation, Licensing, 2-31 Roppongi 3-chome, Minato-k,u Tokyo 106, Japan

The following paragraph does not apply to the United Kingdom or any other country where such provisions are inconsistent with local law: INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORPORATION PROVIDES THIS PUBLICATION "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Some states do not allow disclaimer of express or implied warranties in certain transactions, therefore this statement may not apply to you.

This information could include technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. Changes are periodically made to the information herein; these changes will be incorporated in new editions of the information. IBM may make improvements and/or changes in the product(s) and/or the program(s) described in this information at any time without notice.

Any references in this information to non-IBM Web sites are provided for convenience only and do not in any manner serve as an endorsement of those Web sites. The materials at those Web sites are not part of the materials for this IBM product and use of those Web sites is at your own risk.

IBM may use or distribute any of the information you supply in any way it believes appropriate without incurring any obligation to you.

Licensees of this program who wish to have information about it for the purpose of enabling: (i) the exchange of information between independently created programs and other programs (including this one) and (ii) the mutual use of the information which has been exchanged, should contact:

IBM United Kingdom Laboratories, Mail Point 151, Hursley Park, Winchester, Hampshire, England SO21 2JN.

Such information may be available, subject to appropriate terms and conditions, including in some cases, payment of a fee.

The licensed program described in this information and all licensed material available for it are provided by IBM under terms of the IBM Customer Agreement, IBM International Programming License Agreement, or any equivalent agreement between us.

Information concerning non-IBM products was obtained from the suppliers of those products, their published announcements or other publicly available sources. IBM has not tested those products and cannot confirm the accuracy of performance, compatibility or any other claims related to non-IBM products. Questions on the capabilities of non-IBM products should be addressed to the suppliers of those products.

COPYRIGHT LICENSE:

This information contains sample application programs in source language, which illustrate programming techniques on various operating platforms. You may copy, modify, and distribute these sample programs in any form without payment to IBM, for the purposes of developing, using, marketing or distributing application programs conforming to the application programming interface for the operating platform for which the sample programs are written. These examples have not been thoroughly tested under all conditions. IBM, therefore, cannot guarantee or imply reliability, serviceability, or function of these programs. You may copy, modify, and distribute these sample programs in any form without payment to IBM for the purposes of developing, using, marketing, or distributing application programs conforming to IBM's application programming interfaces.

The following are trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation in the United States, or other countries, or both:

$AIX^{\mathbb{R}}$	DB2	DB2 Universal Database
FFST	IBM	IBMLink
i5/OS®	Informix	iSeries [®]
Lotus®	MQSeries	SupportPac
Tivoli [®]	VisualAge [®]	WebSphere
$z/OS^{\mathbb{R}}$		

Intel[®], Intel logo, Intel Inside[®] logo, Intel Centrino[®], Intel Centrino logo, Celeron[®], Intel Xeon[®], Intel SpeedStep[®], Itanium and Pentium[®] are trademarks of Intel Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

Java and all Java-based trademarks are trademarks of Sun Microsystems, Inc. in the United States, other countries, or both.

 $Microsoft^{\circ}$, Windows, Windows NT° , and the Windows logo are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

Linux is a trademark of Linus Torvalds in the United States, other countries, or both.

Other company, product, or service names may be trademarks or service marks of others.

Index

A	H	publications list 55
amqsputc sample program 46	Hypertext Markup Language (HTML) 60	ordering 60
B bibliography 55 books ordering 60	information, ordering publications 60 installation	Q queue manager starting 44
capacity units 44 checking installation server 25 client setup, example 45 client-connection channel, example 46 configuration, kernel 13 creating file system for working data 11, 38 groups on server 9, 39	components 17, 42 file systems required 10, 37 filesets 17, 42 of client 40 server verification procedure 19 verification 25 of local installation 19 of server to server installation 21 installation verification local installation 25 server-to-server 27 using Postcard application 25, 27	R receiver server, verification of 22 restoring for 52 service level 52 S server-connection channel, example 44 setting up the server, example 44 softcopy information 60 space requirements for maintenance 51
users 9, 39	K kernel configuration 13	T
documentation 55	L	translated messages 12, 39
environment variable LANG 12, 39 MQSERVER 46 NLSPATH 12, 39 example client setup 45 client-connection channel, defining 46 MQSC, stopping 45 putting a message on the queue 46 queue manager starting 44 server-connection channel, creating 44	LANG environment variable 12, 39 license agreement 16, 41 M maintenance 51 manuals, ordering 60 message, translated 12, 39 MQSERVER environment variable 46 N national language support 12, 39 NLSPATH environment variable 12, 39 O online books 60	user ID, creating on server 9, 39 users, creating 9, 39 V verification communication between servers 24 local installation 25 of local installation 19 of server to server installation 21 on receiver server 22 server-to-server 27 using Postcard application 25, 27 verifying installation server 25
file system creating for working data 11, 38 first failure support technology (FFST) 13 G groups, creating 9, 39	ordering publications 60 P PDF (Portable Document Format) 59 Portable Document Format (PDF) 59 Postcard introduction 25 printing books 59 processor units 44	WebSphere MQ for HP-UX applying maintenance 51 client installation 40 components and filesets 17, 42 restoring previous service level 51 WebSphere MQ for Linux documentation 55 publications 55

Sending your comments to IBM

If you especially like or dislike anything about this book, please use one of the methods listed below to send your comments to IBM.

Feel free to comment on what you regard as specific errors or omissions, and on the accuracy, organization, subject matter, or completeness of this book.

Please limit your comments to the information in this book and the way in which the information is presented.

To make comments about the functions of IBM products or systems, talk to your IBM representative or to your IBM authorized remarketer.

When you send comments to IBM, you grant IBM a nonexclusive right to use or distribute your comments in any way it believes appropriate, without incurring any obligation to you.

You can send your comments to IBM in any of the following ways:

• By mail, to this address:

User Technologies Department (MP095) IBM United Kingdom Laboratories Hursley Park WINCHESTER, Hampshire SO21 2JN United Kingdom

- By fax:
 - From outside the U.K., after your international access code use 44-1962-816151
 - From within the U.K., use 01962-816151
- Electronically, use the appropriate network ID:
 - IBM Mail Exchange: GBIBM2Q9 at IBMMAIL
 - IBMLink: HURSLEY(IDRCF)
 - Internet: idrcf@hursley.ibm.com

Whichever method you use, ensure that you include:

- · The publication title and order number
- The topic to which your comment applies
- Your name and address/telephone number/fax number/network ID.

GC34-6923-01



WebSphere MQ

Quick Beginnings for HP-UX

Version 7.0