

The IBM logo is centered on a white background. It consists of the letters 'IBM' in a bold, blue, sans-serif font. The letters are composed of horizontal stripes, with the 'I' having three stripes, the 'B' having six stripes, and the 'M' having three stripes. The logo is framed by a large, light blue circular graphic that is partially visible at the top and bottom edges of the page.

IBM

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IBM WebSphere Cast Iron 7.0 版資訊中心

包含引導您進行使用 IBM® WebSphere® Cast Iron® 7.0 版所需之主要作業的資訊。

入門

[此版本的新增功能](#)

[IBM Cast Iron Studio](#)

[IBM Cast Iron Express®](#)

[IBM Cast Iron Live](#)

[IBM Cast Iron Web Management Console \(WMC\)](#)

[IBM Cast Iron 指令行介面 \(CLI\) 參考手冊](#)

[IBM Cast Iron 高可用性配對 \(HA\) 參考手冊](#)

[IBM Cast Iron Hypervisor 版](#)

[IBM Cast Iron 通知參考手冊](#)

[IBM Cast Iron 管理 API 手冊](#)

[IBM Cast Iron 連接器開發套件 \(CDK\) 開發人員手冊](#)

[↗ IBM Education Assistant](#)

常見的任務

故障診斷與支持

更多信息

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此版本的新增功能

IBM® WebSphere® Cast Iron® 7.0 版提供新的及加強的功能。

IBM WebSphere Cast Iron 7.0 版包含下列元件的新功能及更新項目：

- Studio
- 連接器
- 管理主控台
- Maestro

註：從 Cast Iron 7.0 版開始，Cast Iron 會使用 IBM Java 7。

SP800-131a 規範

- Cast Iron 7.0 版支援「美國國家標準與技術機構 (National Institute of Standards and Technology, NIST) 特殊出版品」800-131a 所定義的需求。SP 800-131a 會定義可以使用的演算法及強度下限，來加強安全。
 - 所有儲存在 Cast Iron 的密碼是使用更強的 SHA256 雜湊演算法來編碼。

- 「金鑰」及「憑證」強度大於或等於 112 個位元，表示 Cast Iron 所產生的新 RSA/DSA 憑證具有金鑰長度下限 2048。
- Cast Iron 支援符合 SP800-131a 標準的密碼組合。
- WMC、「連接器」及 Studio 支援 TLS 1.2 版通訊協定。

註：

- Cast Iron Studio 及連接器可以配置為僅使用 TLS 1.2 版安全通訊協定。
- 如需舊版相容性及支援外部端點，預設行為與舊版 Cast Iron 相同。

Studio

本節說明 Studio 的新功能及更新項目。如需「連接器」新功能及更新項目的相關資訊，請參閱「連接器」一節。

- 支援連接至某個網路上位於防火牆後面的端點，以及另一個網路上執行的軟體驅動裝置。這是透過 Cast Iron Studio 中的「安全連接器」支援來達成。
- 從第 7 版開始，有兩個 Studio 安裝程式版本存在 - 一個使用 32 位元 JRE 1.7，另一個則使用 64 位元 JRE 1.7。
- 加密活動
 - 支援編排層次的 PGP 加密及解密。
 - 支援 AES 加密及解密作為對映函數。
- 新的連接器可供下載。如需新連接器的相關資訊，請參閱「連接器」一節。
- 無需登錄即可從 Studio 下載 TIP。利用已在登入頁面寫在程式中的預設使用者名稱及密碼來登入。

連接器

隨著對現有連接器的更新，Studio 現在支援下列各項：

- 新增至清單的新連接器包含：
 - ServiceMax 連接器 - 可讓您使用 ServiceMax 連接器，在 ServiceMax 應用程式內建立、修改及擷取物件。此連接器也支援輪詢已更新及已刪除的物件。
- 安全記號服務 - 可讓您傳送符合 WS-Trust 規格標準之 SAML 2.0 記號/主張的要求。
- Force.com Bulk API 連接器 2.1 版中的加強功能：
 - 支援 Salesforce.com SOAP/ReST API 28.0 版。
 - 支援其他 Salesforce.com 資料類型，例如 `encryptedtext`、`geolocation` 等等。
 - 支援標準及自訂物件的關係欄位。
- Domino® 連接器現在支援下列項目：
 - 9.0 版的 Lotus Domino 伺服器。
 - 查詢視圖 - 新的出埠活動，用來從 Lotus Domino 資料庫查詢視圖。
 - 子表單（在表單設計時期靜態地併入主要表單中的表單）。
 - 處理動態新增的欄位，這些欄位是 Domino 文件的一部分，但不是在「對映輸入」及「對映輸出」中產生。
 - 在「查詢文件」活動中，根據前次修改及建立的時間戳記查詢資料。
 - 輪詢入埠活動中的多個資料庫。
 - 動態地傳遞連線參數，作為要求的一部分。
- 資料庫連接器現在支援 Google Cloud SQL 資料庫。
- SAP 連接器現在支援下列項目：
 - 單一登入 (SSO) - 允許您利用一個記號存取多個 SAP 應用程式的使用者鑑別程序。
 - 安全網路通訊 (SNC) - 加強 SAP 系統的安全。
 - 動態地傳遞連線參數，作為要求的一部分
- HTTP 連接器支援下列項目：
 - OAuth 2.0 鑑別 - 透過 OAuth 2.0 鑑別的存取連接至資源伺服器端點
 - 已對「HTTP 接收要求」活動新增基本鑑別支援

- Web 服務連接器 - 已對「提供服務」活動新增基本鑑別支援。
- JD Edwards (JDE) 連接器現在支援「呼叫商業功能」活動的 JDE Tools 9.1 版。

管理主控台

下節說明「Web 管理主控台 (WMC)」的新功能及更新項目：

- WMC 中用來管理其他軟體驅動裝置的單一一致使用者介面。
- 已加強的配置詳細資料 - 配置詳細資料現在會在摘要區段中顯示發佈者的名稱。
- 已加強的配置過濾器 - 現在您可以檢視透過專案配置頁面上的配置過濾器專門發佈的專案。
- 已發佈的專案詳細資料 - 軟體驅動裝置管理者現在可以檢視所有專案、已發佈專案的使用者，以及專案的發佈時間。
- 專案許可權 - 軟體驅動裝置管理者可將許可權授與特定使用者，以存取特定專案。
- 登入歷程 - 軟體驅動裝置管理者可以檢查使用者的所有歷程、他們的登入次數、登入時間，以及他們的登出時間。
- 系統日誌及工作日誌 - 您現在可以在想要檢視的「系統日誌」及「工作日誌」頁面中自訂/編輯直欄。

Maestro

下節說明新功能及更新項目：

- 支援連接至不同網路上位於防火牆後面的端點，以及另一個網路上執行的軟體驅動裝置。這是透過「Cast Iron 軟體驅動裝置」中的「安全連接器」支援來達成。
- 安全連接器用戶端安裝程式支援 64 位元機器 (linux 及 Windows)。現在有 32 位元以及 64 位元「安全連接器」安裝程式。
- 服務功能改善 - 在編排部署期間產生其他系統日誌。使用者和群組特有的非編排相關事件也會在系統日誌中產生。
- 已新增管理 API，來取得軟體驅動裝置的資源使用率詳細資料。

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/whatsnew.html>

簡介

本節提供「整合軟體驅動裝置」、Studio 及「Web 管理主控台」的簡介。同時包含存取「範本整合專案」的相關資訊，以及安裝與配置的相關資訊。

- **開發環境**
「整合軟體驅動裝置」在單一產品中結合了資料整合、轉換、遞送、監視及管理功能。在執行時期，「整合軟體驅動裝置」會在資料庫、企業應用程式、舊式系統及商業應用程式之間共用資料及處理。
- **整合軟體驅動裝置**
「整合軟體驅動裝置」是可機架裝載的軟體驅動裝置，由備援及可熱抽換元件組成
- **Web 管理主控台**
「Web 管理主控台 (WMC)」是由「整合軟體驅動裝置」管理的瀏覽器型應用程式。
- **Studio**
Studio 是一種用於設計及建置整合專案的開發工具。

- **安裝與配置**

本主題討論您在建置及執行整合專案之前必須完成的安裝與配置步驟。

意見 | 注意事項

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_introduction.html

開發環境

「整合軟體驅動裝置」在單一產品中結合了資料整合、轉換、遞送、監視及管理功能。在執行時期，「整合軟體驅動裝置」會在資料庫、企業應用程式、舊式系統及商業應用程式之間共用資料及處理。

功能

- 廣泛支援下列產業標準格式：
 - XML (W3C XML 綱目、DTD 及 XML 文件)
 - 純文字檔、原始文字及原始二進位資料類型
 - 支援許多字元編碼，包括 UTF-8、US-ASCII、ISO-8859-1、SHIFT_JIS、EBDIC-XML-US 及 EUC-JP
 - 商業資料庫系統，包括 Informix®、Sybase、DB2®、MySQL、Oracle，以及其他透過 Sequelink 的資料庫系統。
 - 系統特有的通訊協定，例如 SAP IDOC 及 IBM® MQ 系列
 - Web 服務
- 能夠輕鬆地將資料從某種格式轉換為另一種格式，例如：「純文字檔」資料轉換為 XML 資料。
- 藉由保留由「整合軟體驅動裝置」處理的所有訊息之內建訊息儲存庫，來保證訊息遞送。
- 支援各種應用程式設計樣式：同步及非同步（要求/回覆、儲存及轉遞、發佈/訂閱）。
- 支援透過 HTTP、安全 HTTP (HTTPS)、FTP、安全 FTP (SFTP) 的可配置埠來進行資料傳送。
- 支援用戶端 PKI 鑑別—能夠從「整合軟體驅動裝置」連接至安全伺服器。
- 能夠使用「Web 管理主控台 (WMC)」及「指令行介面 (CLI)」，從網路上的任何位置進行遠端管理。
- 支援使用網路的 SMTP 型電子郵件系統及簡易網路管理通訊協定 (SNMP) 設陷來進行電子郵件型通知。

元件

開發環境包含下列軟硬體元件：

Studio

用來在 Windows 開發環境上建立整合專案的圖形工具。您可以將整合專案從 Studio 發佈至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。

整合軟體驅動裝置

直接連接至網路，並執行您使用 Studio 所建立之整合專案的軟體驅動裝置。

Web 管理主控台 (WMC)

您用來在「整合軟體驅動裝置」上管理專案的瀏覽器型主控台。

指令行介面 (CLI)

一組指令，您可以用來在「整合軟體驅動裝置」上管理專案。

- [開發程序範例](#)

本主題中的步驟提供整合專案的開發程序範例：

上層主題：[簡介](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_dvlpmntenv.html

開發程序範例

本主題中的步驟提供整合專案的開發程序範例：

程序

1. 在標準 Windows 2000/XP 機器上，使用 Studio 來開發您的整合專案。
2. 在 Studio 中，驗證編排是有效的。
3. 將整合專案發佈至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。
4. 在 Windows 2000/XP 機器上開啟瀏覽器。在瀏覽器中，啟動「Web 管理主控台 (WMC)」。從 WMC 中，向「整合軟體驅動裝置」發出要求，以部署整合專案的編排工作（實例）。
5. 事件會觸發編排工作的建立，並開始處理構成編排的活動。例如，放置在 FTP 伺服器上特定目錄的檔案可以觸發編排工作的建立並開始處理。
6. 從 WMC 中，驗證編排工作已完成，而且未發生任何錯誤。
7. 在 Studio 中，修改整合專案。例如，您的原始整合專案會檢查檔案是否出現在 FTP 伺服器上的特定目錄中，以及您現在是否想要修改整合專案，將檔案從 FTP 來源目錄移至 FTP 輸出目錄。
8. 在 Studio 中，使用「驗證」標籤來執行每一個受影響的編排，驗證專案更新項目是有效的。
9. 從 WMC 中，解除部署原始整合專案。
10. 將已修改的整合專案發佈至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。
11. 從 WMC 中，部署已修改的整合專案。
12. 事件會觸發編排工作的建立，並開始處理編排中的活動。
13. 從 WMC 中，驗證整合專案已執行。

上層主題：[開發環境](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_developmentprocessexample.html

整合軟體驅動裝置

「整合軟體驅動裝置」是可機架裝載的軟體驅動裝置，由備援及可熱抽換元件組成

可在「整合軟體驅動裝置」中使用的元件包括網路埠、硬碟、RAM、冷卻風扇，以及其他確保容錯作業的重要元件。

請使用「Web 管理主控台 (WMC)」及「指令行介面 (CLI)」，來管理「整合軟體驅動裝置」。

上層主題：[簡介](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_integrationappliance.html

Web 管理主控台

「Web 管理主控台 (WMC)」是由「整合軟體驅動裝置」管理的瀏覽器型應用程式。

WMC 可以使用 Web 瀏覽器配置並監視「整合軟體驅動裝置」的硬體、編排及網路狀態。

「系統管理者」可以使用 WMC 進行下列監視作業：

- 取得「整合軟體驅動裝置」狀態資訊，例如記憶體用量統計資料、磁碟空間統計資料、CPU 狀態、風扇狀態及電源供應器狀態。
- 看一下以取得整體處理資訊，然後在特定的編排上往下探查，並取得關於特定訊息、活動、錯誤及其他詳細資料的綜合性資訊。
- 檢視日誌及錯誤通知。

除了 WMC 外，您也可以使用「指令行介面 (CLI)」來執行許多管理及監視作業。如需 CLI 的相關資訊，請參閱「指令行介面」參照。

上層主題：[簡介](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_webmanagementconsole.html

Studio

Studio 是一種用於設計及建置整合專案的開發工具。

在 Studio 中，您可以建置對商業程序及資料整合解決方案建立模型的編排。Studio 提供活動選用區，您可以將其活動拖曳至「Studio 工作區」，然後配置。在執行時期，這些活動會執行動作，例如輪詢資料庫表格中的插入事件。編排是由一個以上活動組成。整合專案可以包含一個以上的編排。

您無需撰寫任何程式碼，即可設計簡單的點對點編排，以及包括多個端點的更複雜的編排。

在建置整合專案之後，您可以將它發佈至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。

Studio 佈置

Studio 的主要窗格包含下列兩個區段：

工作區

可在主要 Studio 窗格左側看到。當您建立元件（例如「端點」及「純文字檔綱目」）時，元件的內容窗格會顯示在「工作區」中。當您建立新的編排時，空白的編排會顯示在「工作區」中。您可以將活動從「活動」標籤拖曳至「工作區」中顯示的編排。當您配置編排的活動時，活動的配置窗格也會顯示在這個「工作區」中。

標籤

在主要 Studio 窗格的右側，可以使用下列標籤：

- 專案
 - 活動
 - 變數
 - 函數
 - 驗證
-
- **專案標籤**
「專案」標籤包含每一個元件的資料夾
 - **活動標籤**
活動會在編排中執行特定作業，並組織成活動標籤上的種類
 - **變數標籤**
現行編排中使用的變數會列示在「變數」標籤下。
 - **函數標籤**
您可以在活動的輸入與輸出參數之間新增至對映的函數會列示在「函數」標籤中。
 - **驗證標籤**
藉由模擬 DataPower® Cast Iron® Operating System，「驗證」標籤可讓您測試專案內的編排，並解決任何問題，然後再將專案部署至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。
 - **瞭解節點及對映**
您使用 Studio 建置的整合專案是根據產業標準，包括 BPEL4WS（「Web 服務」的商業程序執行語言）、WSDL（Web 服務說明語言）及其他 XML 型標準。
 - **瞭解參數**
參數是從編排傳遞至活動，或是從活動傳遞至編排的值。來自參數的值是用來起始設定組成編排的變數。

上層主題：[簡介](#)

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_studio.html

專案標籤

「專案」標籤包含每一個元件的資料夾

您可以從「專案」標籤中存取下列元件資料夾：

- 編排
- 端點

- 純文字檔綱目
- 樣式表
- 轉換
- WSDL
- XML 綱目

當您建立「專案」標籤元件的新實例時，這些實例會顯示在適當的元件資料夾內。

若要在「專案」標籤中建立任何元件的新實例，請在資料夾（例如「端點」）上按一下滑鼠右鍵，以顯示功能表並選取建立選項。然後，會建立元件，並將它顯示在適當的資料夾下，然後給予一般名稱：Orchestration、Orchestration1，依此類推。您應該將所有元件重新命名為整合專案的環境定義中有意義的名稱。

您可以依任何順序建立這些元件。若要確保所有元件都可供使用，請建立「純文字檔綱目」，並上傳「XML 綱目」、WSDL 及「樣式表」，然後再開始定義編排。

編排

編排是任何整合專案的中心元件。編排包含可執行特定商業程序的一系列活動。例如，編排可以從「FTP 伺服器」取得「純文字檔」、從「純文字檔」取得資料、轉換它，然後將結果儲存至資料庫。整合專案必須至少包含一個編排。

端點

端點元件會顯示在「專案」標籤的「端點」資料夾中，並指定連接至各種外部系統或端點所需的連線資訊。「整合軟體驅動裝置」支援連接至多種類型的「端點」，包括「電子郵件」（SMTP、POP）、FTP、SFTP、HTTP、HTTPS、JDE、JMS、MQ、NetSuite、PeopleSoft、Salesforce.com、SAP、Siebel、「Web 服務」，以及許多商務資料庫系統。

每一種類型的端點都具有關聯的配置窗格，您可以在其中指定端點連線資訊。例如，對於資料庫端點，您必須提供資料庫名稱、伺服器名稱、使用者帳戶及密碼。不過，從測試環境移至正式作業環境時，您可能想要指定不同的配置資訊集。您可以簡化從某個連線資訊集移至另一個連線資訊集（例如在資料庫之間）的程序，方法為在 studio 定義配置內容（或名稱/值配對）以定義配置資訊。

純文字檔綱目

「純文字檔綱目」會定義「純文字檔」的剖析規則、內容及結構。「純文字檔」是任何非 XML 文字資料，例如逗點及 Tab 鍵定界檔案及 EDI，或產業特有文字格式，例如保健產業的「健康層次 7 (HL7)」格式。除了支援可使用定界字元區分記錄或欄位的可變長度「純文字檔」格式，Studio 也支援固定長度記錄及欄位，例如 COBOL 記錄定義檔格式。在 Studio 中，您可以使用「純文字檔綱目編輯器」，為文字檔及群組的任一類型建立定義。

樣式表

「XSLT 樣式表」會定義如何將 XML 資料從某種格式轉換為另一種格式。您可以將「XSLT 樣式表」上傳至 Studio，然後將「套用 XSLT 活動」新增至執行時期使用「XSLT 樣式表」的編排。

轉換

「轉換」資料夾包含獨立式對映。獨立式對映代表來源節點與目的地節點之間一組一個以上的對映。例如，您可以建立一個稱為 myMap 的獨立式對映，在來源「XML 綱目」（稱為 IncomingOrder）與目的地「XML 綱目」（稱為 ShippingOrder）之間包含一組對映。獨立式對映可以用來在相同編排中，或在相同專案的其他編排中建立任何數目的「對映變數」活動。您可以從獨立式對映中建立「對映變數」活動，方法為將獨立式對映從「轉換」資料夾拖曳至編排上的空節點。即會建立基於獨立式對映的「對映變數」活動。

WSDL

WSDL (Web 服務說明語言) 是說明「Web 服務」的 XML 文件。它會定義如何存取「Web 服務」及可供「Web 服務」使用的作業。

XML 綱目

「XML 綱目」會定義 XML 資料的內容及結構。「XML 綱目」通常儲存在以 .xsd 副檔名結尾的檔案中。一旦將「XML 綱目」上傳至專案，您就可以使用該「XML 綱目」，以建立編排活動中使用的變數。

上層主題：[Studio](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_theprojecttab.html

活動標籤

活動會在編排中執行特定作業，並組織成活動標籤上的種類

活動會組織成下列一般種類：

轉換活動

轉換活動可將資料從某種格式轉換為另一種格式。例如，「讀取純文字檔」活動可將「純文字檔」資料轉換為 XML 資料。轉換活動列示在「活動」標籤的「轉換」資料夾下。

邏輯活動

邏輯活動會影響編排的處理流程，例如控制流程邏輯、分支或迴圈（例如：For Each 及 While 迴圈活動）。邏輯活動列示在「活動」標籤的「邏輯」資料夾下。

公用程式活動

公用程式活動是啟動或處理現行編排工作（或編排實例）的公用程式。公用程式活動列示在「活動」標籤的「公用程式」資料夾下。

連接器活動

連接器活動會對與編排相關聯的各種外部系統執行作業。連線導向的活動會分組成各種針對系統類型命名的資料夾，例如「資料庫」、「電子郵件」、FTP、HTTP、JMS、Salesforce.com、Siebel、MQ、SAP 及「Web 服務」。

若要使用任何活動，請將活動圖示從「活動」標籤拖曳至工作區中的編排。若要配置活動的特性，請按一下編排中的圖示。配置窗格會顯示在編排之下。

配置窗格包括活動特有的「核對清單」，以引導您配置每一個活動。配置大部分活動的關鍵部分包括對映輸入及輸出參數。

上層主題：[Studio](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_theactivitiesab.html

變數標籤

現行編排中使用的變數會列示在「變數」標籤下。

變數是在特定編排的環境定義中用來將資料來源連結至編排，並傳遞（或在其上操作）由於編排處理而建立的資料值。編排的變數通常是由參數起始設定，而這些參數來自構成編排的特定活動。

變數可以儲存基本資料，例如字串或整數值，或可以代表整個「XML 綱目」，或「XML 綱目」的片段。在 Studio 中，您可以使用「對映編輯器」的「複製」按鈕，自動建立編排的變數。在 Studio 的「變數」標籤中，您可以根據「XML 綱目」的片段建立變數，方法為將「XML 綱目」的片段（或子節點）從「綱目」窗格拖曳至「變數」窗格。

上層主題：[Studio](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_thevariablestab.html

函數標籤

您可以在活動的輸入與輸出參數之間新增至對映的函數會列示在「函數」標籤中。

您可以在活動的輸入及輸出參數之間將函數新增至對映，以變更行經編排的資料。使用可在「函數」標籤上使用的函數，您可以完成下列動作：

- 計算
- 轉換資料類型
- 重新格式化資料
- 將多個資料欄位結合為單一欄位

如需可與 Studio 搭配使用的函數清單，以及如需關於包括輸入及輸出參數的每一個函數的參考資訊，請參閱 Studio 線上說明的「對映函數參照」一節。

從「函數」標籤中，您可以在「對映」編輯器的輸入與輸出節點之間將所需函數拖曳至鏈結上。如果您需要的功能無法在其中一個標準 Studio 函數中使用，則您可以建立專屬的自訂函數。如需相關資訊，請參閱 Studio 線上說明的「對映自訂函數」一節。

上層主題：[Studio](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_thefunctionstab.html

驗證標籤

藉由模擬 DataPower® Cast Iron® Operating System，「驗證」標籤可讓您測試專案內的編排，並解決任何問題，然後再將專案部署至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。

當起始測試執行時，您可以啟動專案中的單一編排或所有編排。Studio 會對每一個編排執行一個編排工作。您可以從 Studio 工具列或從「驗證」標籤中啟動和停止編排，以及檢視編排監視日誌。

如果編排無效，則訊息對話框會顯示可能的解答。在工作區中，當活動正在處理資料時，Studio 會強調顯示編排中的每一個活動。當 Studio 執行編排時，「驗證」標籤會提供編排工作詳細資料，例如活動名稱、處理狀態、變數/參數名稱，以及樹狀結構視圖中的變數/參數資料。如果發生錯誤，Studio 會強調顯示發生錯誤的節點。按一下節點會將您帶至錯誤位置，您可以在其中解決任何問題，然後再執行另一個編排實例。

當您按一下樹狀結構視圖中的節點時，Studio 會在「內容」窗格中顯示對應於節點的「核對清單」作業。例如，當您按一下活動節點時，Studio 會在「內容」窗格中顯示活動的「配置」畫面。當您按一下「對映輸出」節點時，Studio 會在「內容」窗格中顯示「對映輸出」畫面。如果您按一下對映變數或參數，則資料會顯示在「驗證」標籤的「變數/參數訊息資料」區段中。

當 Studio 僅對每一個編排執行一個編排工作時，您可以多次啟動相同的編排。「驗證」標籤會在個別實例下顯示每一次執行相同編排的結果。例如，實例 #1 及實例 #2。您必須容許編排工作完成，然後才能執行相同編排的另一個實例。

註：Studio 不會持續保存執行時期測試的結果。當您關閉編排標籤時，即會失去編排的執行時期結果。

其他需求

視編排中的活動而定，Studio 可能需要更多的輸入，才能執行編排工作。






例如，具有資料庫活動的編排需要您在 Studio 中執行編排之前，先產生資料庫資產，正如同您在「整合軟體驅動裝置」上執行編排之前，必須在 WMC 所執行一樣。如果編排包含「HTTP 接收要求」活動，則您必須將訊息公佈至指定的 URL。Studio 提供「HTTP 公佈公用程式」來協助您公佈訊息。如果編排包含「FTP 輪詢」活動，則您必須將檔案放在指定的位置中，然後 Studio 才能執行編排。Studio 會在執行編排之前提示您輸入此資訊。








因為「驗證」標籤可讓您在「整合軟體驅動裝置」上模擬執行時期，所以您也可以指定「Kerberos 通訊協定」設定來測試設定，然後再實際部署至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。在 Studio 中指定這些設定，並不會影響「整合軟體驅動裝置」上的執行時期。您必須在 WMC 中指定「Kerberos 通訊協定」設定，才能容許「整合軟體驅動裝置」鑑別「整合軟體驅動裝置」正在與其通訊的伺服器。如需對「整合軟體驅動裝置」指定「Kerberos 通訊協定」設定的相關資訊，請參閱「WMC 線上說明」。

導覽驗證標籤工具列

下表說明「驗證」標籤工具列：

表 1.

圖示	說明
	啟動已開啟的編排。編排必須有效，然後 Studio 才能執行編排工作。
	立即停止執行中的編排工作。Studio 不容許編排工作在停止之前完成。
	啟動專案中所有尚未執行的有效編排。當您按一下此圖示時，如果編排已在執行中，則 Studio 不會重新執行編排。
	立即停止所有執行中的編排工作。Studio 不容許編排工作在停止之前完成。
	以表格或文字格式顯示編排監視資料。

圖示	說明
	在「工作區」中，強調顯示編排工作的執行路徑中的活動，如此可讓您遵循 Studio 用來完成編排工作的邏輯。視輸入及編排邏輯而定，不同實例可以具有不同路徑。按一下此圖示，可在提供及不提供強調顯示路徑之間切換。
	將結果從選取的實例指派給「對映輸入」及「對映輸出」，以便在您從「內容」窗格執行測試時，Studio 可將編排工作的結果移入輸入及輸出。
	從編排詳細資料樹狀結構中刪除一個以上選取的實例。若要刪除多個實例，請按住 Shift 鍵或 Ctrl 鍵、選取您要刪除的實例，然後按一下圖示。
	展開編排詳細資料樹狀結構中，位於所選取節點下的所有節點。
	收合編排詳細資料樹狀結構中，位於所選取節點下的所有節點。
	展開編排詳細資料樹狀結構中，位於所選取節點下的單一節點。
	收合編排詳細資料樹狀結構中，位於所選取節點下的單一節點。

上層主題：[Studio](#)

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_theverifytab.html

瞭解節點及對映

您使用 Studio 建置的整合專案是根據產業標準，包括 BPEL4WS（「Web 服務」的商業程序執行語言）、WSDL（Web 服務說明語言）及其他 XML 型標準。

您不需要知道這些標準的技術詳細資料，即可使用產品。但是，當您使用 Studio 時，還是會向您顯示輸入及輸出的 XML 內容。因為「整合軟體驅動裝置」上執行的編排會以最佳化的 XML 格式使用、處理及遞送訊息，所有資料及其定義會呈現為節點的階層，如在 XML 文件中一般。

例如，資料庫表格中的直欄會以節點代表。再舉另一個範例來說，「純文字檔綱目」是在 Studio 定義為樹狀結構中的一系列記錄、欄位或群組節點，而此樹狀結構包含具有後代（子項、孫項等等）的根節點。

在 Studio 的節點類型之間有兩個基本差別：

- 結構節點是僅傳送結構相關資訊的節點。結構節點的範例為記錄定義（針對「純文字檔綱目」定義）。結構節點可以包含其他結構節點，以及包含資料的節點。
- 資料節點是可以包含資料的節點。

在一般完整節點表示法中，頂端節點通常稱為根節點，意義上表示它包含所有其他節點。後續節點是由結構節點及資料節點組成的後代節點。

設計編排的關鍵部分為指定節點之間的對映，亦即，定義在編排處理程序中應該如何使用及轉換節點及其包含的資料。

數個 XML 特有性質可以與節點相關聯；這些性質會以其他圖示代表，而此圖示與樹狀結構中的節點相鄰。這些內容包括：

- 重複出現 - 表示節點可以重複（指定的次數或無限的次數）。每次重複出現的節點重複，即為節點的出現。
- nillable - 一種布林內容，表示此內容關聯至的資料節點，是否可以具有由應用程式設為 "nil" 的屬性。nillable 機制是由「XML 綱目」建議定義為一種方法，用來識別空的非必要資料元素對傳送空值資料值的非必要資料元素。
- 選用 - 表示選用節點是否存在。

Studio 活動包含您在設計時必須在編排的環境定義中配置的內嵌對映，以定義實際參數應該如何對映至變數，以及在編排中應該如何處理變數。

對映編輯器右窗格中節點樹狀結構的性質及節點結構，會決定來自左窗格的節點是否可以對映至右窗格。

上層主題：[Studio](#)

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_understandingnodesandmappings.html

瞭解參數

參數是從編排傳遞至活動，或是從活動傳遞至編排的值。來自參數的值是用來起始設定組成編排的變數。

參數可以是輸入參數或輸出參數。活動可以只包含輸入參數、只包含輸出參數，或同時包含兩者。

您可以將編排的變數對映至「對映輸入」作業中活動的輸入參數。執行時期，變數的值會傳遞至活動的輸入參數，並由活動使用。例如，「FTP 放置檔案」活動會在執行時期使用輸入參數（稱為 filename）中提供的名稱，以及利用輸入參數（稱為 data）中提供的資料來建立檔案。將編排中變數中的資料移入 filename 及 data 輸入參數的值中。

輸出參數是來自活動的回覆值。例如，「FTP 輪詢目錄」活動會將三個輸出參數傳遞至編排，如下表所示，每一個輸出參數都可以用來起始設定編排中的變數。輸出參數可以從活動對映至編排。

表 1.

活動	參數	說明
FTP 輪詢目錄	filename	從 FTP 伺服器取得的檔案名稱。
FTP 輪詢目錄	data	包含檔案內容的字串。
FTP 輪詢目錄	timestamp	檔案上的時間戳記。

上層主題：[Studio](#)

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_understandingparameters.html

安裝與配置

本主題討論您在建置及執行整合專案之前必須完成的安裝與配置步驟。

整合軟體驅動裝置

「整合軟體驅動裝置」隨附於預先安裝的 DataPower® Cast Iron® Operating System。不過，您必須設定及配置「整合軟體驅動裝置」，然後才能將整合專案發佈並部署至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。設定可能包括安裝其他連接器授權。如需相關資訊，請參閱《安裝手冊》。一旦設定並配置「整合軟體驅動裝置」，而且可供網路使用，您就可以將下列 URL 輸入瀏覽器的位址欄位，以啟動「Web 管理主控台」：<https://hostname>

其中 hostname 是「整合軟體驅動裝置」的名稱。此名稱已在安裝程序中指派給「整合軟體驅動裝置」。

「Web 管理主控台」會在瀏覽器視窗中開啟至「登入」畫面。預設登入帳戶及密碼為 `admin/!n0r1t5@C`

您也可以透過「指令行介面」來存取「整合軟體驅動裝置」。

Studio

若要開始建立要在「整合軟體驅動裝置」上執行的整合專案，您必須在 Windows 開發工作站上安裝 Studio。您的 Windows 開發工作站必須符合部分最低軟硬體需求。如需相關資訊，請參閱《安裝手冊》。

一旦安裝了 Studio，您就可以登入「解決方案儲存庫」，並存取範本整合專案 (TIP) 的儲存庫。每一個 TIP 都會處理特定的整合專案實務範例。例如，您可以尋找 TIP，將資料從 Salesforce.com 端點整合至資料庫端點。從「解決方案儲存庫」中選取一個 TIP，並將該 TIP 下載至工作站時，即會開啟一個精靈，並引導您進行配置步驟。

註：「解決方案儲存庫」包含已認證的 TIP，以及未認證的 TIP。任何對「解決方案儲存庫」具有存取權的人員都可以上傳 TIP。如需建立、修改及搜尋 TIP 的相關資訊，請參閱 Studio 線上說明。

上層主題：[簡介](#)

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_installationandconfiguration.html

部署概念

使用 Studio 可建立整合專案，然後您可以使用「管理主控台」將此專案部署至「雲端」，或使用「Web 管理主控台」將它部署至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。專案部署包含專案編排中所定義執行處理程序所需的一切執行時期元件。

關於部署，在開發專案時請謹記兩個重要概念：

- 「發佈」及「部署」是兩個不同的步驟。發佈是將專案從 Studio 提升至整合環境（雲端或「整合軟體驅動裝置」）或提升至另一個中間位置的動作。直到您部署專案後，專案才會在整合環境中執行。
- 專案可以有支援完全不同環境（開發、測試、正式作業）的多個配置。使用 Studio 建立專案的配置內容，可在部署時提供更大的彈性，因為您可以將這些內容連結至不同的環境。

「整合軟體驅動裝置」提供下列兩個選項，以將您的專案從 Studio 移至「整合軟體驅動裝置」：

- 專案可以直接發佈至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。
- 專案可以從 Studio 匯出至暫置位置，然後上傳至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。

無論您是從 Studio 匯出專案，稍後再上傳至「整合軟體驅動裝置」，還是從 Studio 直接將它發佈至「整合軟體驅動裝置」，直到部署後，專案才會在「整合軟體驅動裝置」上執行。

- **關於配置**

您可以將專案發佈至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。然後，WMC 會執行專案的配置。一旦您將專案發佈至「整合軟體驅動裝置」，WMC 就會建立預設的專案配置。預設的專案配置設定會啟用專案中的所有編排，容許您快速部署專案。

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_deploymentconcepts.html

關於配置

您可以將專案發佈至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。然後，WMC 會執行專案的配置。一旦您將專案發佈至「整合軟體驅動裝置」，WMC 就會建立預設的專案配置。預設的專案配置設定會啟用專案中的所有編排，容許您快速部署專案。

您可以在「整合軟體驅動裝置」上建立相同專案的多個配置。如果您使用配置內容來指定端點的連線資訊，則每一個配置可以連接至不同端點。例如，某個配置連接至測試資料庫，而另一個配置則連接至正式作業資料庫。專案配置是使用 WMC 建立的，而且依預設，不會在建立專案配置時便加以部署。

發佈

發佈是建置特定整合專案（Studio 中的具名專案），並準備專案以在「整合軟體驅動裝置」上進行部署的程序。當您發佈專案時，Studio 會建立可執行的專案版本，並將它傳送至您指定的「整合軟體驅動裝置」。

匯出

匯出是非常類似於發佈的程序，它會壓縮您的專案而不是將結果推送至「整合軟體驅動裝置」，您提供檔案一個名稱，並將其儲存，以便後續上傳至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。例如，此舉容許由品質控制團隊進行其他測試。

上傳

上傳是將已從 Studio 匯出的專案移至「整合軟體驅動裝置」的程序。在 WMC 中，有一個功能表選項可供此作業使用。

部署

部署是實例化所有必要執行時期元件，讓「整合軟體驅動裝置」可以執行實際整合的程序。部署會假定專案已發佈或上傳至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。請使用「Web 管理主控台」來部署專案配置。

瞭解配置內容

「配置內容」可簡化從開發環境移至正式作業環境的部署程序。您可以建立「配置內容」，然後在您端點的配置頁面中使用這些內容名稱，而不是將配置詳細資料以程式方式寫在端點內容中。

這是因為在 Studio 中建立的端點已配置了特定的位址資訊（主機名稱、IP 位址）及其他詳細資料（使用者帳戶、密碼）。必須在部署中針對將執行專案之實際環境的特性（假設開發、測試及正式作業環境使用不同的伺服器及系統），對這些詳細資料加以變更。

部署時，可將與內容相關聯的值變更為適當的主機名稱、IP 位址等等。

如需建立配置內容的相關資訊，請參閱 Studio 線上說明。

上層主題：[部署概念](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_aboutconfigurations.html

開發專案之前

本節提供您在開發專屬的整合專案之前應該知道的資訊。

- [規劃整合專案](#)
當開始整合專案的開發程序時，您必須定義整合實務範例，然後才能使用 Studio 將專案需求轉換為編排。
- [將專案需求轉換為 Studio 元件](#)
在識別整合專案的高階目標之後，您可以開始分析整合專案的更特定層面，以及識別您可以用來達成目標的 Studio 元件。
- [整合軟體驅動裝置配置提示](#)
您可能想要對「整合軟體驅動裝置」配置進行變更。本主題涵蓋部分變更密碼、建立使用者和群組，以及最佳效能配置。
- [Studio 最佳作法](#)
可讓您充分使用 Studio 的部分指引。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_beforedevelopingyourprojects.html

規劃整合專案

當開始整合專案的開發程序時，您必須定義整合實務範例，然後才能使用 Studio 將專案需求轉換為編排。

定義整合實務範例

定義整合實務範例時，請指定清楚的目標。將此目標謹記於心，以識別高階專案需求：

- 端點 - 要將資料從哪個來源系統移至哪個目標系統？
- 格式 - 來自來源系統的資料格式為何？目標系統接受的資料格式為何？
- 轉換 - 如果來源資料及目標資料具有不同的格式或結構，則需要哪種類型的資料轉換？有任何特殊處理規則嗎？

例如，如果您的目標是合併多個採購單，並將合併的採購單放入供應商的資料庫中。高階專案需求可能包括下列詳細資料：

- 端點 - 來源系統是 FTP 伺服器。目標系統是 Oracle 資料庫。
- 格式 - 來源資料是從 FTP 伺服器上儲存的 CVS 純文字檔中取出的。目標資料庫需要表格格式的資料。
- 轉換 - 需要純文字檔至表格轉換。來自具有營業稅之位置的訂單，其處理方式也應該與來自沒有營業稅之位置的訂單不同。
- 整合專案的整體目標。例如，將純文字檔採購單與 XML 採購單結合為供應商資料庫中儲存的單一大型採購單。

例如，您想要合併多個採購單、驗證它們是否符合特定格式，那麼：

- 需要將一些「純文字檔」來源合併為目標 XML 檔案。
- 需要將來自某個 FTP 網站的檔案移至另一個 FTP 網站。

上層主題：[開發專案之前](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_planninganintegrationproject.html

將專案需求轉換為 Studio 元件

在識別整合專案的高階目標之後，您可以開始分析整合專案的更特定層面，以及識別您可以用來達成目標的 Studio 元件。

您可以從分析整合專案的下列性質開始：

- 您想要從哪個來源或哪些來源取得資料，以及您想要將資料傳輸至哪個目標？這些來源及目標（資料庫、FTP 伺服器、HTTP 伺服器、電子郵件等等）組成了作為 Studio 中專案一部分而建立的端點。
- 來源資料使用何種格式，以及需要的目標資料使用何種格式？文字型檔案，包括 EDI 格式、CSV 及其他格式，可在 Studio 中定義為「純文字檔綱目」，將資料轉換為「整合軟體驅動裝置」的適當格式。此外，「純文字檔綱目」可以用來以純文字檔格式產生要在「整合軟體驅動裝置」外使用的資料。XML 型資料可以併入整合專案中，方法為將適當的「XML 綱目」(.xsd) 或文件類型定義 (.dtd) 上傳至 Studio。
- 資料格式或結構是否需要從來源變更為目標，若是如此，它需要如何變更？部分處理應該根據內容本身嗎？

識別這些需求會提供定義（在 Studio 中）一個以上組成一組活動之編排所需的資訊，包括資料轉換。轉換可將資料從某種格式轉換為另一種格式。例如，將 CSV（逗點區隔值）格式的「純文字檔」資料轉換為 XML 資料。轉換也可以抑制資料、新增資料、變更資料類型，以及執行計算。

上層主題：[開發專案之前](#)

整合軟體驅動裝置配置提示

您可能想要對「整合軟體驅動裝置」配置進行變更。本主題涵蓋部分變更密碼、建立使用者和群組，以及最佳效能配置。

變更預設密碼

使用「Web 管理主控台」：

1. 在 WMC 的右上角，按一下您的使用者名稱。
2. 選取變更密碼。
3. 輸入舊密碼及新密碼，並確認新密碼。
4. 按一下儲存。

使用「指令行介面」：

1. 啟動 PuTTY 之類的應用程式，使用 SSH 連線來登入 CLI。
2. 輸入軟體驅動裝置主機名稱。
3. 必要的話，請選取 SSH 作為連線通訊協定，或設定其他由應用程式提供的連線參數。
4. Initiate[®]起始連線。第一次存取時會顯示登入提示。
5. 使用預設使用者名稱及密碼 [Username=admin, Password = ! n0r1t5@C] 來登入「整合軟體驅動裝置」。
6. 執行下列指令：`auth set user admin <old_password> <new_password>`

建立使用者和群組，並定義適當的專用權。

如同使用任何多使用者裝置一樣，請務必建立使用者和群組，並使用「最少專用權」（亦即，使用者具有的專用權應該不超過執行其工作所需的專用權）的規則提供「整合軟體驅動裝置」的存取權。如需設定專用權的相關資訊，請參閱「Web 管理主控台」線上說明。

配置「整合軟體驅動裝置」以取得最佳效能

如需更好的效能，一旦整合專案已部署至正式作業，並如預期般執行，請調整下列參數：

- 對於每一個編排，將記載層次從「全部」選項變更為「錯誤值」選項。
- 對於每一個通知，將「層次超出」欄位設為「重要」選項。

上層主題：[開發專案之前](#)

Studio 最佳作法

可讓您充分使用 Studio 的部分指引。

為您的組織建立命名慣例

為所有 Studio 專案及相關元件（檔案、資料夾、專案、編排、端點等等）提供唯一的有意義名稱（在正要解決的商業問題的環境定義中有意義）。名稱應為：

- 唯一 - Studio 會區分大小寫：filename1、FILENAME1 及 FileName1 是三個不同的檔案。不過，請不要依賴大寫來區分 Studio 專案，因為可能導致混淆。
- 敘述性 - 例如，整合供應商及庫存系統的專案可以稱為 "SupplyChainIntegration"。

經常備份專案

尤其在多使用者環境中，務必經常備份專案。您只需要在特定專案的目錄中建立內容的壓縮檔，即可快速備份所有 Studio 專案元件。將壓縮檔儲存在其他安全位置。儲存在也可讓您追蹤專案變更的版本控制系統中更為理想。

將專案儲存在集中位置

最好使用版本控制軟體，將所有專案檔放在集中位置，以便可以輕易找到專案，而且可以輕易地回復先前的反覆運算（如果您有許多開發人員正在進行相同專案，則此舉尤為重要）。

設計編排以取得最佳效能

可能的話，在整合之前使用來源系統的原生機能儘量前置處理輸入資料。在來源系統外轉換資料會加重處理負擔。如果效能變成問題，請調查如何在整合專案的編排中將「對映活動」的使用降至最低。

例如，如果您是整合來自數個不同資料庫系統的資料，請考量建立前置處理資料的擷取表格，而不是嘗試在編排中的不同資料類型之間解決所有差異。

使用端點定義的「配置內容」

您不需將詳細資料以程式方式寫在專案端點中，而是可以使用部分詳細資料的內容。您可以在 Studio 中定義這些配置內容，然後使用「管理主控台」來指定各種執行時期值。在部署專案之前，您必須為正式作業環境中的實際端點配置內容。如需其他詳細資料，請參閱線上說明。

設計時在 Studio 中測試活動及所有定義

使用 Studio 設計編排的所有元素時，每當適用時務必使用測試資料，以確保對映如預期般運作。在發佈專案之前，請使用 Studio 測試所有對映及純文字檔綱目。

設定開發及測試環境

理想而言，您應該設定鏡映正式作業環境（包括抄寫測試環境中的資料來源及目標）的開發及測試環境。

- 將正式作業資料擷取（或抄寫）至開發及測試環境。

在部署專案之前，您必須變更「配置內容」，以便為正式作業環境中的實際端點配置內容。如需詳細資料，請參閱「管理主控台」線上說明。

上層主題：[開發專案之前](#)

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_studiobestpractices.html

術語的名詞解釋

活動 (Activity)

編排內完整的功能處理單位。活動包括流程控制（邏輯）活動；促進資料耗用及傳輸的資料活動；以及啟用與資料庫系統、企業系統、Web 伺服器、電子郵件伺服器及其他系統整合的活動。編排包含一系列活動。

資產 (Assets)

與特定活動相關聯的補充配置檔、Script 或其他資料。例如，針對資料庫插入活動建立的緩衝區表格 Script 為資產。資產是由「Web 管理主控台」控制。對資產的存取權可以提供給非 WMC 的使用者。例如，可以將與資料庫活動相關聯之資產的特定專用權提供給 DBA，以便他們可以建立必要的表格或觸發程式。

緩衝區表格 (Buffer table)

用來與各種「資料庫模組活動」（例如單一表格插入、更新或刪除資料庫活動）一起使用的輔助表格。當您配置其中一個資料庫 DML（資料操作語言）活動時，Studio 會產生一個 SQL Script，可用來在資料庫表格上建立適當的觸發程式；當觸發事件（INSERT、UPDATE、DELETE）發生時，會移入緩衝區表格。緩衝區表格提供藉由編排擷取資料庫變更並起始處理的方法。

命令行介面 (Command-line interface)

「Web 管理主控台」的文字型替代方案，用於配置、管理及查詢「整合軟體驅動裝置」。

控制表格 (Control table)

促進在整合中使用資料庫端點的資料庫表格。使用目標是緩衝區表格時，Studio 會產生 Script，以建立可用來確保特定表格的插入、更新及刪除發生一次，而且僅一次的控制表格。

部署 (Deploy)

在「整合軟體驅動裝置」上建立專案配置的實例。

文件 (Document)

任何「XML 綱目」檔案、DTD，以及其他組成整合專案的配置檔。

動態定界字元 (Dynamic delimiters)

從訊息本身的欄位內取得的定界字元，例如用來表示包含一批電子健康記錄之檔案中新記錄開頭的 HL7 PID（病患 ID）訊息標頭。

空的位置保留元 (Empty placeholder)

出現在具有多個分支的活動中，作為該分支中活動的起始位置保留元。將其他活動放在此圖示上，即會移除它。

端點 (Endpoint)

為外部系統，例如「整合軟體驅動裝置」所連接，以在執行時期取得資料或傳回資料之資料庫伺服器、FTP 伺服器、電子郵件系統或企業應用程式。

純文字檔 (Flat file)

包含非 XML 資料的檔案。純文字檔通常有兩種類型：定界，其中使用逗點、Tab 鍵、空格或其他定界字元來區隔可變長度欄位及記錄；或由位置決定，其中欄位及記錄具有固定寬度。

For each

對資料重複所在的訊息結構反覆運算的活動。

純文字檔綱目 (Flat File Schema)

定義如何解譯特定的「純文字檔」集。Studio 會根據您在「訊息定義」窗格中定義的配置，來建立純文字檔綱目（XML 綱目）。純文字檔綱目是與「讀取純文字檔」活動一起使用，以將來源純文字檔轉換為 XML。

函數 (Function)

Studio 所提供，您可以在編排中定義處理時使用的字串、數學及細項函數。除了預先建置的函數外，Studio 還可讓您建置自己的自訂函數及新增參考表。

整合專案 (Integration project)

組成整合解決方案的各種輸入、輸出（端點）、對映及綱目定義（轉換、訊息格式）、編排，以及配置資訊，在 Studio 中設計並部署至「整合軟體驅動裝置」。

工作 (Job)

編排的特定執行時期實例。

對映 (Map)

可讓您將輸入參數連結至變數，以及將變數連結至編排的元件。許多 Studio 活動包含您在設計時必須在編排的環境定義中配置的內嵌對映，以定義實際參數如何對映至變數，以及在編排中應該如何處理變數。除了內嵌的活動對映外，Studio 也有獨立式「對映」活動，可用來將任何類型的輸入及輸出連結至編排。

節點 (Node)

所有輸入至「整合軟體驅動裝置」或從中輸出的資料都會在 Studio 具體化，作為一系列節點，如同在類似樹狀結構的階層式結構中一般。在許多情況下，節點代表 XML 文件的結構及內容，但在許多情況下，它們卻不是（例如，資料庫表格中的列會顯示為節點）。Studio 中的節點會傳送結構的相關資訊；可以支援的內容類型；或資料的其他性質。

編排 (Orchestration)

一種特定順序，依序處理活動（例如資料對映、轉換及控制邏輯活動）、端點，以及使用 Studio 來定義及配置，並部署為要在「整合軟體驅動裝置」上執行的資料類型。

參數 (Parameter)

傳遞至活動或編排的值。例如，檔名及資料是兩種可以從 FTP 端點傳遞至編排的參數。

挑選 (Pick)

根據發生的動作決定要啟動哪個起始者活動的活動。例如，「挑選」活動包含三個分支，這三個分支分別包含「取得插入列」活動、「取得刪除列」活動及「取得更新列」活動。如果資料庫發生 UPDATE 事件，則會建立編排實例，並呼叫包含「取得更新列」活動的分支。

專案 (Project)

使用 Cast Iron® Studio 定義及建立的專案。每一個專案都具有一個內容檔 (filename.sp3)，以及數個其他 meta 資料檔案及資料夾，組成了所有整合元素 - 編排、端點、XML 綱目、「純文字檔」，以及其特定配置（變數、參數）。

發佈 (Publish)

將 Studio 中的所有專案檔複製到「整合軟體驅動裝置」或中間暫置區，例如檔案伺服器上的共用目錄，進行後續的執行時期配置並部署至特定環境。「發佈」程序包含驗證專案；建立專案配置文件的 .par 檔案；以及將套件傳送至指定的「整合軟體驅動裝置」。

記錄 ID (Record identifier)

在特定類型之「純文字檔」中，例如 EDI（電子資料交換）或 HL7（健康層次 7）檔案，定界記錄的特殊欄位。例如，HL7 PID（病患 ID）號碼即為記錄 ID。

重複定界字元 (Repetition delimiters)

「純文字檔」中的定界字元，當資料缺少唯一值（例如記錄 ID）以區分不同記錄時，即會使用該定界字元。

取代 (Replace)

出現在「挑選」及其他活動分支中，作為起始位置保留元，讓端點活動可以接收該分支的訊息。將「接收端點活動」放在此圖示上，即會移除它。

儲存程序 (Stored procedure)

位於資料庫並透過呼叫其名稱來明確執行的函數碼單位。當特定資料庫表格發生特定的插入、更新或刪除活動時，可以使用儲存程序來移入緩衝區表格。

Studio

一種整合開發環境 (IDE)，用於建立、配置及發佈它們組成的整合專案及編排。Studio 專案會在「Cast Iron 整合軟體驅動裝置」上執行。

終止 (Terminate)

停止編排處理。

轉換 (Transformation)

將資料從某種格式轉換為另一種格式。例如，將 CSV（逗點區隔值）格式的「純文字檔」資料轉換為 XML 資料。轉換也可以抑制資料、新增資料、變更資料類型，以及執行計算。

觸發程式 (Trigger)

一種資料庫儲存程序，當觸發事件發生時即會隱含地呼叫它。在「資料庫模組」中，「觸發事件」指的是表格上的 INSERT、UPDATE 或 DELETE。

變數 (Variable)

用來傳遞編排所處理的資料值。變數是由對映用來識別來源及目標。部分「活動」會自動建立變數。

While 迴圈 (While loop)

只要指定的條件成立，便會起始並持續處理任何子項活動。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.gettingstarted.doc/getstart_glossary.html

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IBM Cast Iron Studio

IBM® Cast Iron® Studio is a development tool that is used to design, test, and publish integration projects to an IBM Cast Iron Integration Appliance. Studio provides numerous entities that you can drag into a workspace and configure as part of one, or more, business-process orchestrations that comprise an integration project.

Before you start, read [Studio basics](#) to familiarize yourself with the Studio environment and the terminology used, then refer to the topics in the help to find out how to complete specific tasks.

For detailed information about deploying your projects and working with them on the Integration Appliance, see the [Web Management console](#) help.

For a conceptual overview of Studio, including a step-by-step sample of how to create, test, and publish a project, see the [Introduction to getting started](#) section.


IBM Cast Iron Studio introduction pane

When you first launch Studio, the IBM Cast Iron Studio introduction pane is displayed. If Studio was closed while editing an existing project, Studio automatically loads the last edited project. To edit the loaded project, click an entity in the Project tab.

The following options are available from the IBM Cast Iron Studio introduction pane:

- [Create Project](#) - Launches the New Studio Project dialog box. Use the New Studio Project dialog box to create a new empty project with a default empty orchestration.
- [Open Project](#) - Launches the Open dialog box. Use the Open dialog box to browse for and open an existing project file. A Studio project file ends in the .sp3 extension.
- **Recent Project** - To view a project that was recently opened, click directly on project name under the Recent Projects folder.
- **View Help** - Launches the Studio help.
- **Find Solutions** - Launches the Template Integration Projects (TIPs) [Searching for Template Integration Projects \(TIPs\)](#) dialog box, which allows you to search for TIPs from the Cast Iron solutions repository.

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Working with projects

This page is the starting point for finding information about working with projects using IBM® Cast Iron® Studio.

- [Studio basics](#)
Studio provides an environment called a Workspace in which you can design and configure your integration projects. The Toolbox is the area next to the Workspace where multiple tabs contain components that you use to build an integration project; components such as endpoints, schemas, orchestrations, style sheets, transformation, WSDLs, activities, variables, and functions.
- [Creating a new project](#)
Each time you create a project, a project properties file is also created with the project name. These property files are used when you export or publish projects.
- [Protecting a project with a password](#)
In Studio, you can protect a project by assigning a password to it.
- [Opening a Project](#)
When you first launch Studio, the Project last worked on is opened by default. There are several ways to open a different project.
- [Saving a Project](#)
You can save a project using the Studio toolbar.
- [Renaming a Project](#)
You can rename a project using the Studio toolbar.

- [Publishing a Project](#)
When you publish a project, Studio connects to an Integration Appliance and directly updates the Integration Appliance with the documents that make up the project. Publish a project when the project is complete, has been validated, and has been tested in Studio. You cannot publish a project that has not been successfully validated.
- [Exporting a Project](#)
Export saves all the orchestrations, endpoints, schemas, and other items associated with the project, into a single file that ends in the .par extension.
- [Configuring Project Settings](#)
You can assign a unique version number to a project using the Project Settings dialog box.
- [Setting Preferences](#)
You can specify Project, Orchestration, Flat File, SSL/Kerberos, Session Login, and XML Schema preferences from the Preferences dialog box. You can change preferences at any time.
- [Creating Configuration Properties](#)
Create configuration properties or name/value pairs in a project. Use configuration properties to supply the default values for destination nodes of a map in the Mapping Editor.
- [Editing Configuration Properties](#)
You can edit configuration properties in Studio and in the Web Management Console (WMC).
- [Creating Global Configuration Properties](#)
When a global configuration property is created, you can import the global configuration property into a project as a project configuration property.
- [Searching for Template Integration Projects \(TIPs\)](#)
Template Integration Projects (TIPs) are stored in the Cast Iron solutions repository. Through the Configuration Wizard, TIPs guide you through the configuration steps for an integration scenario. TIPs can be downloaded to your local machine. The login window is pre-populated with the User Name and Password to make it easier for you to download the TIPs, without registration.
- [Installing Module Provider Libraries](#)
Both IBM Cast Iron Studio and the Integration Appliance require library files (.jar and .dll) associated with instances of certain connector types to be imported. For example, the following connectors require additional libraries: Database Connector, JDE, JMS, MQ, PeopleSoft, and SAP. These files must be present in Studio to enable configuration of the endpoints and orchestrations that use any of those connectors.
- [Uploading Files into a Project](#)
You can upload only specific types of files into a project. For example, if you plan on mapping a string to XML data (valid to a particular XML Schema), you must first upload the XML Schema file (ends in the .xsd extension) into the project before mapping the nodes in the XML Schema.
- [Uploading Included XML Schemas](#)
An XML Schema or WSDL document can include other XML Schemas in the main document, using Schema Inclusion, Schema Inclusion with Redefinition, or Importing a Namespace.
- [Specifying the Location of a File to Upload](#)
Files can be uploaded into a project from a web location (HTTP or FTP Server) or from the local file system.
- [Valid External File Types for a Project](#)
When building orchestrations, you can upload XML Schemas or other files into your project to complete configuration tasks. External files are used in connection activities and orchestrations that use a message that Studio cannot generate an XML schema for automatically. You must supply an XML schema or DTD if the message must be transformed or if you need to define a job key for the message.
- [About Valid Names](#)
To be valid, the names for projects, Endpoints, orchestrations, stylesheets, Flat File Schemas, XML Schemas, WSDLs, and transformations must not exceed 42 characters and must not contain any of the reserved characters or words.
- [Undo and Redo Operations](#)
Studio stores up to the last 100 actions you make and you can undo and redo those actions. You can

undo and redo an action that you take on the fields in the UI, orchestration views, Mapping Editor, project tree, configuration properties, and variable panel activities.

- [Updating a Changed XML Schema](#)

If you created a project that uses an XML Schema and the XML Schema changes, you can attempt to update the existing XML Schema with the new XML Schema.


- [Using the Project Explorer](#)

The Project Explorer dialog box list the set of entities of the current type, that have been already defined for the project.

- [Using the HTTP Post Utility](#)

This utility provides a simple HTTP client interface that enables you to post messages/requests to HTTP servers, which is useful for orchestrations that have an **HTTP Receive Request** activity as the starter activity.

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Studio basics

Studio provides an environment called a Workspace in which you can design and configure your integration projects. The Toolbox is the area next to the Workspace where multiple tabs contain components that you use to build an integration project; components such as endpoints, schemas, orchestrations, style sheets, transformation, WSDLs, activities, variables, and functions.

Toolbar icons

Directly under the Studio toolbar menu options are the following Studio toolbar icons:

- New Project:  [Create Project](#)
- Open Project:  [Opening a Project](#)
- Save Project:  [Saving a Project](#)
- Close Project:  see [Saving a Project](#)
- Undo:  Allows you to undo previous actions.
- Redo:  Allows you to redo previously undone actions.
- Cut:  Removes an entity and saves a copy of the entity in the clipboard that can be used later by a paste action. For example, from an orchestration you can remove and store an activity to the clipboard. For more information, see [Working with activities in an orchestration](#)
- Copy:  Saves a copy of the selected entity into the clipboard that can be used later by a paste action.
- Paste:  Copy the stored entity from the clipboard.
- Delete:  Removes the entity. The activity is not saved in the clipboard.

- **Validate Project:**  Validates all the orchestrations in the project. If an orchestration is invalid the invalid orchestration icon  is displayed next to the orchestration in the Project tab. If the orchestration is invalid, click the orchestration to view the errors in the Validation Results window.
- **Publish Project:**  Opens the [Publishing a Project](#) dialog box. From the Publish Project dialog box, you can publish a project to an Integration Appliance
- **Export Project:**  Opens the Save dialog box. From the Save dialog box, you can save all the orchestrations, endpoints, schemas, and other objects associated with the project, into a single file that ends in the .par extension.
- **Project Documentation Generation:** Generates and saves project documentation as an HTML file.
- **Preferences:**  Opens the Preferences dialog box. You can specify Project, Orchestration, Flat File Properties, SSL/Kerberos, Session Login, and XML Schema preferences from the Preferences dialog box.
- **Help:**  Opens the Studio help. You can also connect to the **WebSphere Cast Iron Community** by selecting the option from the main Help menu.

Orchestrations and the Workspace

When you select an orchestration a tab view of the selected entities is displayed in the upper half of the Workspace. For example, if you double-click an orchestration in the Project tab, a graphic view of the orchestration is displayed as a tab. An orchestration or workflow contains the logical flow of your integration. Drag-and-drop activities from the Activity tab onto the orchestration to visually define the logical flow of your integration. For a list of other entities configurable from the top half of the Workspace, see the Project tab.

The lower half of the Workspace is where you define or configure the activities you added to the orchestration. It is referred to by different names, depending on what you are doing at the time. If you are creating a map, this area is called the Mapping Editor. If you are configuring endpoints or configuring an activity, it is referred to as the Properties pane.

Toolbox tabs

The Toolbox comprises five sideways-oriented tabs: Project, Activities, Variables, Functions, and Verify.

Note: You can make the Toolbox larger or smaller by moving the invisible slider between the Workspace and the Toolbox.

Project tab

The Project tab contains folders that store the basic entities that make up any integration project. These folders are initially empty. The Project tab contains the following folders:

Endpoints

Specifies the connection information required to connect to the various external systems. The Integration Appliance supports connecting to endpoints of many types including FTP, SFTP, HTTP, HTTPS, Email (SMTP, POP), SAP, MQ, Web Services, and many commercial database systems.

Flat File Schemas

Defines the content and structure of a Flat File. Flat Files are any non-XML text data, such as comma and tab-delimited files and EDI or industry-specific textual formats, such as the Health Level 7 (HL7) format for the healthcare industry.

Orchestrations

Contains a sequence of activities that performs a specific business process. Orchestrations are the central entity of any integration project.

Stylesheets

Defines how to transform XML data from one format to another. You can upload an XSLT Stylesheet into Studio and add an Apply XSLT activity to your orchestration that starts the XSLT Stylesheet during run time.

Transformations

Contains stand-alone maps that represents a set of one or more mappings between source and destination nodes.







WSDLs

A WSDL is an XML document that describes a Web Service. It defines how to access a Web Service and the operations available for the Web Service.

XML Schemas

Defines the content and structure of XML data. XML Schemas are typically stored in files that end with the .xsd extension. When you upload an XML Schema into a project, you can use that XML Schema to create variables used by the activities of an orchestration.

In addition, the following icons are provided:


- New Orchestration:  Click to create an Orchestration.
- New Endpoint:  Click to create an Endpoint.
- New Flat File Schema:  Click to create a new Flat File Schema.
- New Standalone Map:  Click to create a Standalone map.
- Add Document:  Click to upload a file into the current project.
- Revalidate Project:  Click to validate the orchestrations in the current project.

To view the entities that make up the Project tab as a list view:

1. Select Edit > Preferences from the Studio toolbar menu. The Preferences dialog box displays.
2. Select the Show the entities of the Project tab as a list check box.

To view and configure an existing entity in the Project tab, open an entity choose from one of the following options:

- Double-click the entity in the Project tab
- Select the entity in the Project tab and press Return.

The properties of the entity show in the Properties pane. Clicking an orchestration in the Project tab, validates the orchestration. If the orchestration is invalid, the orchestration warning icon is displayed , and the Validation Results window opens next to the Project tab. Click the error message in the window to open the appropriate panel to fix the error.

To rename or delete an entity in the Project tab, right-click the entity and from the list select Rename or Delete.

To copy and paste an entity in the Project tab:

1. Select an entity in one of the folders in the Project tab.
2. To copy the entity, enter the key sequence: CTRL+C.
3. To paste the entity, enter the key sequence: CTRL+V. A copy of the entity displays in the Project tab.

To view the entities of the Project tab as a list, select the Show entities of the Project tab as a list check box in the Preferences pane of Studio. For more information, see [Setting Preferences](#).

When the Project tab opens, a Dependencies pane shows by default in the Project tab. Selecting an entity in the Project tab shows the entities that are directly dependent on this entity in the project, which entities in the project would be incomplete if this entity was removed.

For example, if you had FTP endpoint that was used by the **FTP Poll Directory** and **FTP Put File** activities of the BatchOrder orchestration, clicking the FTP endpoint in the Project tab, displays the BatchOrder orchestration in the Dependencies pane because the endpoint is used by the orchestration. If you deleted the FTP endpoint, the BatchOrder orchestration would be incomplete. If you select the BatchOrder orchestration, you would not see the FTP endpoint listed in the Dependencies pane because you can delete the BatchOrder orchestration without affecting the FTP endpoint.

By default, the Dependencies pane appears underneath the Project tab. You can hide the Dependencies pane, by clearing the Show dependant project nodes check box for the Project in the Preferences pane. To view the preferences for a project, select Edit > Preferences from the toolbar menu and then select Project in the left pane. The preferences for the project display.

Activities tab

An activity performs a specific operation in an orchestration. Activities are organized into the following general categories on the Activities tab:

- Transform
- Logic
- Utilities
- Archives
- Cryptoservice
- Database
- Data Quality
- Domino
- Email
- Force.com Bulk API
- FTP
- HTTP
- JDE
- JMS
- MQ
- NetSuite
- PeopleSoft
- SAP
- Salesforce.com
- ServiceMax
- Siebel
- STS
- Web Services
- Workday

Variables tab

Variables are tools for orchestrations. They are used to bind data sources to orchestrations and pass or operate on data values as they pass through the orchestration. The Variables tab provides an area where you can create and edit variables.

Functions tab

Functions are tools used in the Mapping Editor. Use the tools to specify how to transform data as it passes through an orchestration. If the functions provided in the Functions tab do not meet your needs, you can create your own custom functions.

Memory usage and garbage collection

If the Show memory usage in status bar option is selected in the Preference dialog box, a memory bar and trash can icon is displayed as shown in the following figure. This memory bar displays how much memory is currently used by Studio, compared to the total memory that is currently allocated to Studio (520 MBytes) from the Operating System, as shown in [Figure 1](#):




To request that Studio attempt garbage collection, reclaiming any unused memory inside of Studio, click the trash can icon located to the right of the memory bar. Clicking the garbage collection trash can icon might reduce the amount of memory Studio is currently using internally, potentially increasing the performance of Studio when working with a large project. Clicking the garbage collection trash can does not reduce the memory used by Studio from the operating system, the size of this memory remains constant to the 520 MBytes size initially allocated to Studio.

Entity tabs

To manage the Entities tabs: in the upper half of the Workspace, the entities selected from Project tab are displayed as tabs (for example: Orchestrations and Endpoints). You can manage these tabs by right-clicking a tab and selecting the appropriate action from the menu:

- Close: Close the tab that you right-clicked on to open the menu.
- Close Other Tabs: Close all the open entity tabs except the entity tab that you right-clicked to open the menu.
- Close All Tabs: Closes all the entity tabs currently open.
- Close All But Current Tab: Close all the open entity tabs except the entity tab that is currently selected.

To navigate to hidden entity tabs, when many entitles have been opened from the Project tab, the hidden tabs icon  is displayed as shown in [Figure 2](#).

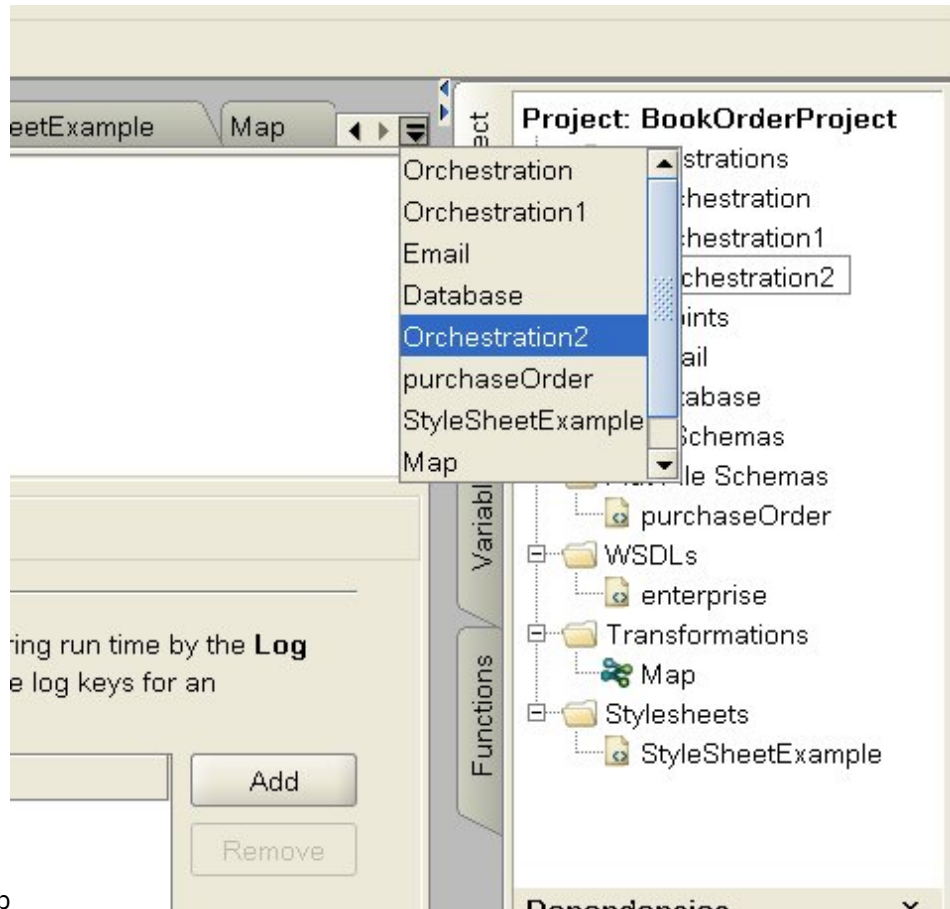




Figure 2. Hidden Tab

To access the hidden entity tabs, click the hidden tabs icon . A list of all the currently opened tabs is displayed. Select one of the tabs from the menu.

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

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Creating a new project

Each time you create a project, a project properties file is also created with the project name. These property files are used when you export or publish projects.

Procedure


1. Select File > New Project
2. Enter CTRL+N, or click the New Project toolbar icon The New Studio Project dialog box is displayed.
3. Enter a name in the Project Name field. The name of the project cannot be longer than 42 characters and cannot contain any reserved characters or words. For the list of reserved characters and words see

[About Valid Names.](#)

4. In the Project Directory field, click [...], to browse for the folder in which to save the project. The Open dialog box is displayed
5. Select a folder and click Open.
6. Click OK.

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Protecting a project with a password

In Studio, you can protect a project by assigning a password to it.

Before you begin

This password does not protect a project that has been exported from Studio or published to an Integration Appliance. This password is not used by the Integration Appliance.

Procedure

1. Select Project > Permissions > Protect from the Studio toolbar menu. The Enter Project Password dialog box is displayed.
2. In the Enter Password field, enter a valid password. Passwords must be 4-15 characters in length and contain at least one letter and one number. Once a valid password is entered, the message displayed at the end of the dialog box changes from `Enter password` to `Confirm password`.
3. In the Confirm Password field, enter the same password. The message displayed at the end of the dialog box changes from `Passwords do not match` to `Passwords match` when the correct password is entered in the Confirm password field.
4. Click OK.

Results

The project is now protected with a password.


What to do next

Note: Studio does not store passwords. If you forget the password for the project and Studio does not currently have that project open, you must rebuild the project. If the project is still open, you can change the current password as described in the following topics.

- [Changing a password associated with a project](#)
If a project is protected with a password, it can be changed from the Studio toolbar menu
- [Removing a password associated with a project](#)
If a project is protected with a password, it can be removed from the Studio toolbar menu

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

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Changing a password associated with a project

If a project is protected with a password, it can be changed from the Studio toolbar menu

About this task

The option to change the password is only available if the project has already been protected with a password.

Procedure


1. Select Project > Permissions > Change Password from the Studio toolbar menu. The Enter Project Password dialog box displays.
2. In the Old Password field, enter the existing password assigned to the project.
3. In the New Password field, enter a new valid password. Passwords must be 4-15 characters in length and contain at least one letter and one number. Once a valid password is entered, the error changes from `Invalid password selected` to `Passwords do not match`.
4. In the Confirm Password field, enter the same new password. Once the same password has been entered in the Confirm Password field, the message displayed in the dialog box changes from `Passwords do not match` to `Passwords match`.
5. Click OK.

Results

The project password has been changed.

Parent topic: [Protecting a project with a password](#)

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Removing a password associated with a project

If a project is protected with a password, it can be removed from the Studio toolbar menu

About this task

The option to remove the password is only available if the project has already been protected with a password.

Procedure


1. Select Project > Permissions > Unprotect from the Studio toolbar menu. The Enter Project Password dialog box displays.
2. In the Password field, enter the existing password assigned to the project.
3. Click OK.

Results

The project is no longer protected by password.

Parent topic: [Protecting a project with a password](#)

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Opening a Project

When you first launch Studio, the Project last worked on is opened by default. There are several ways to open a different project.

About this task

The following steps explain how to open a project using the menu toolbar. You can have only one project open at a time.

Procedure


1. Select File > Open Project , or select the Open Project  toolbar icon.
2. Navigate to the location of the project you want to open.
3. Select the project to open. Either:
 - o Select a project file that ends in the .sp3 extension and click Open.
 - o To view a project that was recently opened, select File > Reopen Projects > *OldProjectName*, where *OldProjectName* is the name of the recently opened project.

If the project is secure, you must enter a valid password to open it.

What to do next

You can also open a project using the Studio Introduction pane or by using the keyboard.

- Using the Studio Introduction pane, click Open Project to display the Open dialog box
- Using the keyboard, use CTRL+o to select a project file that ends in the .sp3 extension

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Saving a Project

You can save a project using the Studio toolbar.

About this task

To save a project to the file system using the default project name, choose one of the following options:

- SelectFile > Save Project from the Studio toolbar
- Press CTRL+S
- Click the Save Project toolbar icon 

Procedure


1. Choose one from one of the following options:
 - Select File > Save As from the Studio toolbar
 - Press CTRL+AThe Save As dialog box displays.
2. In the Project Name field, enter the new name of the project.
3. Optional: By default, the project is saved into the directory location specified by the Default Create Path field of the Preferences dialog box. To specify a different directory location, click Browse.
4. Click OK.

Results


The Saving Project progress dialog box displays as the current project is saved using the new name. The new project is saved into a directory on the local file system and the new project is opened and displays in the Project tab. The original project remains unchanged since the last time it was saved to the local file system

What to do next

To close the current project, choose from one of the following options:

- SelectFile > Close Project from the Studio toolbar.
- Click the Close Project toolbar icon .

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

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Renaming a Project

You can rename a project using the Studio toolbar.

Procedure

1. Choose one from one of the following options:
 - o Select File > Rename Project from the Studio toolbar
 - o Press CTRL+RThe Rename Project dialog box displays.
2. In the Project Name field, enter the new name of the project.
3. Optional: By default, the renamed project is saved into the directory location specified by the Default Create Path field of the Preferences dialog box. To specify a different directory location, click Browse.
4. Click OK.


Results

If the project was changed since the last save, the current project is saved before the project is renamed.


The Saving Project progress dialog box displays as the current project is renamed and saved into a directory on the local file system using the new name. The current project with the new name is opened and displays in the Project tab. The original project with the old name no longer exists on the local file system.

What to do next

To close the current project, choose from one of the following options:

- Select File > Close Project from the Studio toolbar.
- Click the Close Project toolbar icon .

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

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Publishing a Project

When you publish a project, Studio connects to an Integration Appliance and directly updates the Integration Appliance with the documents that make up the project. Publish a project when the project is complete, has been validated, and has been tested in Studio. You cannot publish a project that has not been successfully validated.

About this task

You can publish multiple projects to the Integration Appliance.


Note: If you attempt to publish a project from Studio to the Integration Appliance and a project of the same name already exists on the Integration Appliance, whether the project gets published depends on the status of the project on the Integration Appliance:

- If any of the orchestrations in the project have been deployed on the Integration Appliance, the new project does not get updated on the Integration Appliance.
- If all the orchestrations in the project have been removed from the Integration Appliance, the new project from Studio overrides the existing project of the same name on the Integration Appliance.

As an alternative to publishing a project, you can choose to export a project. Exporting is typically used for publishing projects to production environments where administrators need to control the timing and impact of the deployment. For more information about exporting, see [Exporting a Project](#).


Note: To publish a project, Studio relies on the supported SSL and TLS protocols enabled in the SSL/Kerberos - Preferences window. You can select the TLSv2 or TLSv1.2 protocol. The default is TLSv2.

Procedure

1. Select File > Publish Project or the Publish Project toolbar button.  The Publish Project dialog box displays.
2. In the Host name field, enter the host name or the IP address of the Integration Appliance you want to publish the project to. This is the host name for the management interface (mgmt).
3. Enter the *User Name* and *Password* for the Web Management Console (WMC) account for this Integration Appliance. The default account name is admin and the default password is !n0r1t5@C.
4. Optional: To specify that the project documents are to be sent over HTTPS to the Integration Appliance, select the Security check box.
5. Click OK. Studio connects to the Integration Appliance and updates the Integration Appliance with the documents that make up the project.
6. When the publish is confirmed, click OK.

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

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Exporting a Project

Export saves all the orchestrations, endpoints, schemas, and other items associated with the project, into a single file that ends in the .par extension.

About this task

Exporting is typically used for publishing projects to production environments where administrators need to control the timing and impact of the deployment. When a project is exported to a PAR file (in Studio), an administrator can use the Web Management Console (WMC) to upload the project to the Integration Appliance. This two-step process (exporting to a PAR file and uploading a project using the WMC) is equivalent to publishing a project directly from Studio to an Integration Appliance.

Procedure


1. Select File > Export Project from the toolbar menu or select the Export Project toolbar button . The Save dialog box displays.
2. Navigate to the directory where you want to save the exported project.
3. Optional: Change the name of the exported file. Keep the .par extension.
4. Click Save.
 - If successfully exported, a project file shows in the specified directory. The file name is the same as the current name of the project with a .par extension. For example, if you export a project named *MySimpleProject*, the project is saved in the *MySimpleProject.par* file. A dialog box displays indicating that the export process was successful.
 - If there are problems with the project it is not exported; the Exporting Results dialog box displays with a list of problems that must be corrected before the project can be successfully exported.
5. Click OK.

What to do next

For more information about exporting a project into the Integration Appliance using the WMC, see the WMC online help.

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

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Configuring Project Settings

You can assign a unique version number to a project using the Project Settings dialog box.

About this task

When you publish a project to the Integration Appliance, the version number associated with the project is visible in the Web Management Console (WMC). By changing the version number in the Version field, you can


publish different versions of a project, even if the project itself hasn't changed. The different versions of the project are listed separately in the WMC and can be deployed individually.

Procedure

1. Select Project > Project Settings from the menu toolbar. The Project Settings dialog box displays.
2. Enter a version number in the Version field.
3. Enter a description of the project in the Description field.
4. Enter any comments for the project in the Comments field
5. Click OK.

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

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Setting Preferences

You can specify Project, Orchestration, Flat File, SSL/Kerberos, Session Login, and XML Schema preferences from the Preferences dialog box. You can change preferences at any time.

Procedure

1. Select Edit > Preferences option from the toolbar. The Preferences dialog box opens.
2. In the left pane, select the type of preferences to change:
 - o Appearance
 - o Project
 - o Orchestration
 - o Flat File
 - o SSL/Kerberos
 - o Session Login
 - o XML Schema
 - o Current Project
3. Specify, select, or clear preferences in the dialog box.
4. Click OK.

Results

The tables in the following topics describe the Appearance, Project, Orchestration, Flat File, SSL/Kerberos, Session Login, and XML Schema preferences available from the Preferences dialog box.


Using the Appearance preferences you can change the application display and font.

- [Project Preferences](#)
Project preferences can be set using the Preferences dialog box.

- [Orchestration Preferences](#)
Orchestration preferences can be set using the Preferences dialog box.
- [Other Preferences](#)
Appearance, Flat File, SSL/Kerberos, Session Login, XML Schema, and Current® Project preferences can all be set using the Preferences dialog box.

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

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Project Preferences

Project preferences can be set using the Preferences dialog box.


Table 1.

Button or Option Label	Description
Open editor automatically for new orchestrations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If this check box is selected, when you create an orchestration the orchestration is automatically displayed in the main Studio pane. • If this check box is cleared, when you create an orchestration the orchestration is not automatically displayed in the main Studio pane.
Reopen the last project when studio starts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If this check box is selected, the last project opened in Studio is opened again when Studio is restarted. • If this check box is cleared, no project is opened when Studio is restarted.
Always overwrite existing projects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If this check box is selected, when creating a project with the same name as an existing project already saved in the default directory, the new project is created, overriding the existing project and no warning dialog box is displayed. • If this check box is cleared, when creating a project with the same name as an existing project already saved in the default directory, a warning dialog box is displayed asking if you want to override an existing project.
Always ask to save project before closing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If this check box is selected, when a project is closed, a dialog box asking if you want to save the project is displayed even if no changes have been made to the project. • If this check box is cleared, when a project is closed and no changes have been made to the project, a dialog box is not displayed asking if you want to save the project.

Button or Option Label	Description
Show dependant project nodes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If this check box is selected, the Dependencies pane is displayed underneath the Project tab. For more information see Dependencies Pane in the Project tab. • If this check box is cleared, the Dependencies pane is not displayed underneath the Project tab.
Show memory usage in status bar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If this check box is selected, a memory bar displays underneath the 4 sideways-oriented tabs: Project, Activities, Variables, and Functions. For more information see Memory usage and garbage collection. • If this check box is cleared, a memory bar does not display underneath the four sideways-oriented tabs: Project, Activities, Variables, and Functions. For more information see Memory usage and garbage collection.
Show the entities of the Project tab as a list	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If this check box is selected, the entities in Project tab display as a list. • If this check box is cleared, the entities in Project tab are grouped in folders.
Clear Recent Projects	Click Clear Recent Projects to clear the cache of projects you have recently opened and listed when the File > Reopen Project toolbar menu option is selected.
Default Create Path	Click Browse... to select the default directory path where new projects are saved.

Parent topic: [Setting Preferences](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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Orchestration Preferences

Orchestration preferences can be set using the Preferences dialog box.


Table 1.

Button or Option Label	Description

Button or Option Label	Description
By Default Animate Orchestration Views	<p>This is a global option that determines the behavior for all orchestrations. By default, this option is selected and all actions that occur in the Studio Workspace are animated.</p> <p>Clear this option, to turn off workspace animation. When this option is clear and you perform action in the Workspace, such as adding an activity, the Workspace snaps into place.</p> <p>You can override this option at the individual orchestration level, using the Animate Graph orchestration view icon. However, if the global option is modified after you set the option for an individual orchestration, the global change overrides any individual orchestration setting you previously set.</p>
Use Old Orchestration View	Select this option to view an orchestration as it would display in Studio 3.X. When you select this option, Studio 4.X orchestration view improvements are no longer available. For a complete list of 4.X orchestration view improvements, see the Studio Release Notes®.
Maximum Job Instances to be displayed	Determines the maximum number of jobs that can display in the Verify tab. For example, if you specify 2, the status of two jobs display: instance #1 and instance #2. If you run the orchestration again, the Verify tab displays: instance #2 and instance #3.
Show Activity ID	When you select this option, ID numbers display in the activities of an orchestration.
Enforce Strict Validation for Reply activities	By default, this option is selected. If you clear this option, Studio allows more than two Reply activities on the execution path. Reply activities include: Web Services Send Reply , Web Services Send Reply with Fault , and HTTP Send Response .
WS Provide-Generate WSDL compatible with 3.6.x version	<p>Typically, when you upgrade projects that contain Web Services Provide Service activities, the Studio generates a WSDL with a new namespace. Select this option so that Studio keeps the 3.6X WSDLs instead.</p> <p>If you select this option, Studio does not generate WSDLs with the most current namespaces.</p>
CDK Log Enable/Disable	Select this option to view CDK Connector activity log (or flow) in the Verify pane.

Parent topic: [Setting Preferences](#)

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Other Preferences

Appearance, Flat File, SSL/Kerberos, Session Login, XML Schema, and Current® Project preferences can all be set using the Preferences dialog box.

Table 1. Appearance Preferences

Button or Option Label	Description
<i>Application</i>	
Use native application frame	Indicates that if you select this check box, the look and feel of the operating system will be applied to the application window.
Use Color Scheme	Indicates the color schemes available to customize your application display. This option is available only if the Use native application frame options is not selected.
<i>Font</i>	
User Interface	Lists the font types available to change the font of the user interface. The Reset button allows you to set the default font.
Data Fields	Lists the font types available to change the font of the data fields. The Reset button allows you to set the default font.

Table 2. Flat File Preferences

Button or Option Label	Description
Maximum Preview Size of Sample File (in KBytes)	<p>When testing a Flat File Schema, this field specifies how many KBytes of data is displayed in the source pane - the left side of the Test tab. This field is useful when you have a large source data file and you need to only view the top portion of the file to design the Flat File Schema.</p> <p>This field does not affect the size of the file that is transformed when you click the Test icon in the Test tab. The entire source data file is transformed if the Maximum Size of Sample File (in KBytes) field is set to a large enough size to load the entire file.</p>
Maximum Size of Sample File (in KBytes)	When testing a Flat File Schema, this field limits the size in KBytes of the test data that is loaded into Studio for testing a Flat File Schema. The maximum supported sample data size is 2000 KBytes. If you specify a value greater than 2000 KBytes in this field, Studio resets the value to 2000 KBytes.

Table 3. SSL/Kerberos Preferences

Button or Option Label	Description
Kerberos Realm	Specifies the Kerberos realm.
Kerberos Server Name	Specifies the Kerberos server name.
KeyStore Password	Provides the password to access the keystore.
KeyStore Path	Specifies the path to the local Java™ keystore.

Button or Option Label	Description
TrustStore Password	Provides the password to access the truststore.
TrustStore Path	Specifies the path to the local Java truststore.
SSL Protocol	Use the drop-down menu to specify the SSL Protocol. TLSv2 is the default and enables all SSL and TLS protocols (including TLSv1.2) for SSL negotiation. TLSv1.2 enables the SSL communication using the TLSv1.2 protocol only.

Table 4. Session Login Preferences

Button or Check Box Label	Description
Username	Studio uses this user name to log in to the Cast Iron® TIPs repository.
Password	Studio uses this password to log in to the Cast Iron TIPs repository.
URL	Specifies the URL to the Cast Iron Service Login. Note: Do not modify the default value.
Host Name	Specifies a proxy host if you choose to use one.
Port	The proxy server port. By default, 8080.

Table 5. XML Schema Preferences. The following preferences determine the number of child levels, which Studio allocates and displays, for each XML Schema (including WSDLs) in the currently opened project.

Button or Check Box Label	Description
Number of child node levels allocated in memory for the schema	Specifies the number of child node levels that are allocated in memory for the XML Schema. The number of child nodes allocated in the internal tree that stores the metadata of the XML Schema in Studio. Note: Specifying a large number of child node levels can adversely affect the performance of Studio. The recommended value for this preference is 6.
Number of recursive node levels	Specifies the number of recursive node levels allowed and graphically displayed. Note: Specifying a large number of recursive node levels can adversely affect the performance of Studio. The recommended value for this preference is 3.
Number of child node levels that are initially expanded when a schema is displayed graphically	Specifies the number of child node levels that are initially expanded when an XML Schema is displayed graphically. For example if this limit was set to 6 in the preferences and a variable was selected for the From Orchestration pane of the Map Inputs task contained 8 node levels (<i>input/po/purchase/widgetId/price/discount/special/december</i>), only the first 6 levels (<i>input/po/purchase/widgetId/price/discount</i>) would be displayed in the Map Inputs task. You can expand a child node manually, by clicking the + sign next to the unexpanded child node. Note: Specifying a large number of child node levels can adversely affect the performance of Studio. The recommended value for this preference is 4.

Button or Check Box Label	Description
Number of child node levels allocated in memory for the substituted types of schema	Specifies the number of child node levels that are allocated in memory for the substituted types of XML Schema. The number of child nodes allocated in the internal tree that stores the metadata of the substituted types of XML Schema in Studio. The default value is 10. The minimum value is 4. Note: Lowering this value decreases the memory requirement for child node levels in Studio.


Note: A word about memory consumption: Studio allocates memory for each variable or parameter displayed in the Variables or Mapper panes and generates metadata in a tree structure with each node containing information about a specific element/complexType. Because elements or complex types have references to themselves, the tree depth of those elements can exceed ten levels, resulting in OutOfMemory errors. To avoid this, use the XML Schema preference parameters to improve memory consumption. For example, you can use the Number of recursive node levels function to limit how many times a self-referring node is added to the tree structure. Additionally, you can use the Number of child node levels allocated in memory for the schema function to control tree depth and prevent Studio from exceeding a certain limit.

Table 6. Current Project Preferences. The following preference determines whether the password is encrypted or not for the current opened project.

Check Box Label	Description
Backwards compatibility with pre-4.5 projects is not required	When checked, encrypts the password upon publishing. This is the default starting with the Cast Iron 4.5 release. Before the 4.5 release, passwords were symmetrically encoded. If you plan to have the current project send the password to pre-4.5 projects, clear the check box. This avoids errors when the password is consumed by pre-4.5 projects.

Parent topic: [Setting Preferences](#)

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
Creating Configuration Properties

Create configuration properties or name/value pairs in a project. Use configuration properties to supply the default values for destination nodes of a map in the Mapping Editor.

About this task

When you add configuration properties to the project, using the Project > Configuration Properties option of the Studio toolbar menu, you can choose from these properties to supply the values for some of the fields in

endpoints and default values for destination nodes in maps.

For example, if you created a configuration property named *myDatabaseName* of String type in Studio. While configuring your database endpoint, click the Database Name field and the  icon displays on the right side of field because at least one configuration property of String type was previously created. Click the  icon and select the *myDatabaseName* configuration property from the menu. The Database Name for the endpoint is supplied by the *myDatabaseName* configuration property during both design time (in Studio) and run time (on the Integration Appliance). A configuration property can be of type String or Password.

A destination node of a map is located in the right pane of the Mapping Editor. For more information, see [Assigning a Default Value for a Destination Node](#).

You can create configuration properties in the Configuration Properties dialog box or use the quick create method.

To create configuration properties using the Configuration Properties dialog box:

Procedure

1. Open a Project.
2. Select Project > Configuration Properties from the toolbar menu. The Configuration Properties dialog box displays.
3. In the Add Name field, enter the name of the property you want to create.
4. From the Type list, select either String or Password.
5. Click Create. The new property name and type display in the properties list.
6. Click in the Value column for the newly created property.
7. Enter a value for the property; if it is of type `password`, the value is masked.
8. Press Enter or click out of the Value table cell to stop editing.
9. Continue adding additional properties as required. When finished, click OK.

Example

Instead of creating configuration properties in the Configuration Properties dialog box, you can use the quick create option to define configuration properties directly from a text field in Studio. Fields that are enabled for the quick create option display a small green globe in the lower-right corner.

You can change the values of the configuration properties using the Web Management Console (WMC), like the configuration properties created in the Configuration Properties dialog box, after publishing a project.


Updating the value of the configuration property in the WMC does not affect the original value of the configuration property, that you defined in Studio.

To create configuration properties using the quick create option:

1. In an Enabled field, click the green globe. The Create Configuration Property window is displayed.
2. In the text field, enter a name for this property.
3. Click Create to save the entry as a reusable property.

The property displays in the current text field, the  icon is replaced by the green globe, and the property is saved in the Configuration Properties dialog box.

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

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Editing Configuration Properties

You can edit configuration properties in Studio and in the Web Management Console (WMC).

About this task

Editing Configuration Properties in Studio

You can edit specific information for an existing property by opening the Configuration Properties dialog box and double-clicking the entry. This does not include changing the type. If you make a change and click OK, all of the applications of that property are updated automatically. You cannot delete properties that are in use in an orchestration. You can delete only unused properties or properties that you have removed from active orchestrations.

Editing Configuration Properties in the WMC

When the project is published to the Integration Appliance, you can change the values of the configuration properties using the WMC. For example, you can create configuration properties in Studio that stores the following database connection information for a database endpoint: hostname, IP address, username, and password. You can then publish the project to the Integration Appliance, deploy the project, and test against a development database. When testing is complete, you might want to connect to a different database; for example, your production database. Using the WMC, you can update the values of the configuration properties in the project on the Integration Appliance to point to the production database.

Results


Changes you make to configuration properties in a project configuration using the WMC are independent of values you specified for the configuration property in Studio. When you create project configuration properties in Studio and publish the project to the WMC, the WMC displays a Default project configuration. In this project configuration, and any project configuration you generate from the published project, you can use the WMC to modify the configuration property values you specified in Studio before publishing the project.

If you undeploy the project, update the configuration property values using Studio, and publish the project to the WMC again. The existing project configurations do not reflect the changes. To see the changes you just made to the configuration properties (using Studio), you must use the WMC to create a project configuration. This new project configuration displays the configuration property values you specified for the project in Studio.

What to do next

For more information, see "Enhancing the Simple Project" in the Getting Started Guide.

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

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Creating Global Configuration Properties

When a global configuration property is created, you can import the global configuration property into a project as a project configuration property.

About this task

You can use global properties to supply the values for fields in endpoints or for default values for destination nodes in maps. Create global configuration properties in Studio using the Edit > Manage Global Configuration Properties option of the Studio toolbar menu. For example, create a global configuration property named dbPassWord of the type Password in Studio, then create a configuration property in your project by importing dbPassWord.

A global configuration property can be of type String or Password.

Procedure

1. In Studio, click Edit > Manage Global Configuration Properties.
2. Under the Global Property Lists pane, click New. The New Global Properties dialog displays.
3. Enter a name for the new global configuration property list and click OK. You can create one or more global configuration properties for each list.
4. Enter a name for the global configuration property that you want to create.
5. Select either String or Password from the Type list. If you select Password, the value is masked.
6. Click Create.
7. In the Value field, enter the value you want for the property.
8. Click OK. If you want to add more properties to the list, repeat steps 4 through 8.

What to do next

Import project properties into a global properties list by clicking Import, select the project property you want to make global, and click Add.

To delete a global property from a global property list, select the property and click Delete.

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

Searching for Template Integration Projects (TIPs)


Template Integration Projects (TIPs) are stored in the Cast Iron® solutions repository. Through the Configuration Wizard, TIPs guide you through the configuration steps for an integration scenario. TIPs can be downloaded to your local machine. The login window is pre-populated with the User Name and Password to make it easier for you to download the TIPs, without registration.

Procedure

1. From the Solutions menu, select Search For TIPs. The Login window is displayed with the pre-populated User Name and Password. These credentials have the access privilege only to download TIPs.
Note: You can also log on by clicking the Login link present on the right-hand side, near the memory bar.
2. If you already have the credentials to log on, specify the user name and password. You can specify default login settings for the central repository in the Preferences dialog.
3. Click OK. The Search window is displayed and a confirmation message displays at the end of the main Studio window.
4. In the Search window, choose Keywords, Filter, or My TIPs as the method by which you want to search for TIPs.
 - o If you select the Keywords search option, the Keywords field is displayed.
 - a. Enter a search keyword.
 - b. Click Go. The results are displayed in the Results table and a "Searching ... completed" message is displayed at the end of the Search window. For example, if you enter the keyword USECASES, all TIPs under the USECASES category in the Cast Iron solutions repository are returned.
 - o If you select Filter search option, the filter options: Source Endpoint, Target Endpoint, Integration Patterns, and Searchable Keywords are displayed.
 - a. You must specify a value for at least one filter option. The options lists provide valid values.
 - b. Click Query. The results are displayed in the Results table and a "Searching ... completed" message is displayed at the end of the Search window.
 - o If you select My TIPs, all TIPs that you have created are displayed in the Results table.
5. In the Results table, select a TIP. The details for the project are displayed in the details section.
6. Optional: You can rate the TIP that you have selected.
 - a. Click the Edit Review link. The Publish Review window is displayed.
 - b. Move the slider until the appropriate number of stars are highlighted. Rate the TIP on a scale between 1-5, 5 being the highest rating.
 - c. In the My Title field, add a brief description for your review.
 - d. In the My Summary field, add more details about your review of the project.
 - e. Click OK. Studio submits the review to the Cast Iron solutions repository.
7. In the Search window, click Download. The Select directory where to save the TIP window is displayed.
8. Specify the download directory and click Open. The project is saved to the directory you specified and Studio opens the Configuration Wizard for the project.

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

Parent topic: [Template Integration Process \(TIPs\)](#)

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Installing Module Provider Libraries

Both IBM® Cast Iron® Studio and the Integration Appliance require library files (.jar and .dll) associated with instances of certain connector types to be imported. For example, the following connectors require additional libraries: Database Connector, JDE, JMS, MQ, PeopleSoft, and SAP. These files must be present in Studio to enable configuration of the endpoints and orchestrations that use any of those connectors.

About this task

For information about installing the required library files on the Integration Appliance using Web Management Console, see the WMC Online Help.


You need access to the connector-specific library files, either on your Studio workstation or through the network.

Procedure

1. With Studio open, select Tools > Install Module Providers. The Add Provider(s) dialog box displays.
2. Click the plus button under the relevant provider name. A text entry field and a browse button display to the right.
3. Click Browse, and use the browse dialog box to locate and select the files. Press the CTRL or SHIFT key to select more than one file.
4. Click Open to import the file contents. The library files display in the Add Provider(s) dialog box.
5. Click OK. When a library is installed or removed you are prompted to shut down Cast Iron Studio to apply the changes.
6. To apply the changes, click Yes then manually restart Cast Iron Studio. The library files are installed and you can proceed with your endpoint configurations. To return to the Add Provider(s) dialog box without applying the changes, click No.

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

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Uploading Files into a Project

You can upload only specific types of files into a project. For example, if you plan on mapping a string to XML data (valid to a particular XML Schema), you must first upload the XML Schema file (ends in the .xsd extension) into the project before mapping the nodes in the XML Schema.

About this task

See [Valid External File Types for a Project](#) for a complete list of valid external file types.

There are three ways to upload a file from the file system into a project:

- Upload files into a project by dragging a file into the Project tab
- Upload files into a project by right-clicking the appropriate folder in the Project tab
- Upload files into a project by clicking Add Document in the Project tab

The following procedure describes how to upload files into a project by dragging a file into the Project tab.

Procedure

1. Select a file from a Windows folder in the local file system and drag into the Project tab.
 - If file is a supported file type and ends in the correct extension, a node displays under the appropriate folder in the Project tab with a default name. For example, if you dragged an XML Schema file called PurchaseOrder.xsd from the file system to the Project tab, a new node called PurchaseOrder shows in the XML Schemas folder of the Project tab. For a list of supported file types see [Valid External File Types for a Project](#).
 - If the uploaded file is an XML Schema or WSDL that includes other XML Schemas, the Uploading Included XML Schemas dialog box automatically displays. For more information, see [Uploading Included XML Schemas](#).
2. Optional: Change the default name.
3. Press Return.

- [Uploading Files into a Project using the Mouse](#)


There are three ways to upload a file from the file system into a project, this procedure describes how to upload files into a project by right-clicking the appropriate folder in the Project tab.

- [Uploading Files into a Project using the Add Document Button](#)

There are three ways to upload a file from the file system into a project, this procedure describes how to upload files into a project by clicking the Add Document button in the Project tab.

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

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Uploading Files into a Project using the Mouse

There are three ways to upload a file from the file system into a project, this procedure describes how to upload files into a project by right-clicking the appropriate folder in the Project tab.

Procedure

1. In the Project tab, right-click the appropriate folder for the type of file you are uploading, and select Add Document from the list. For example, if you are uploading an XML Schema file, select the XML Schemas folder in the Project tab. The Add Document dialog box displays.
2. In the Location field, [specify the location of the file from an external web location or from the file system](#).
3. Optional: In the Name field, enter the name for the entity that you want to display in Studio. The name you enter must not exceed 42 characters, and must not contain any reserved characters. For a list of reserved characters see [About Valid Names](#).
4. Click OK.


Results

If the uploaded file is an XML Schema or WSDL that includes other XML Schemas, the Uploading Included XML Schemas dialog box automatically displays. For more information, see [Uploading Included XML Schemas](#).

The file is uploaded into the project.

Parent topic: [Uploading Files into a Project](#)

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Uploading Files into a Project using the Add Document Button

There are three ways to upload a file from the file system into a project, this procedure describes how to upload files into a project by clicking the Add Document button in the Project tab.

Procedure


1. In the Project tab, click Add Document . The Add Document dialog box displays.
2. In the Location field, [specify the location of the file from an external web location or from the file system](#).
3. Optional: In the Name field, enter the name for the entity that you want to display in Studio. The name you enter must not exceed 42 characters, and must not contain any reserved characters. For a list of reserved characters see [About Valid Names](#).
4. Click OK.

Results

If the uploaded file is an XML Schema or WSDL that includes other XML Schemas, the Uploading Included XML Schemas dialog box automatically displays. For more information, see [Uploading Included XML Schemas](#).

The file is uploaded into the project.

Parent topic: [Uploading Files into a Project](#)

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Uploading Included XML Schemas

An XML Schema or WSDL document can include other XML Schemas in the main document, using Schema Inclusion, Schema Inclusion with Redefinition, or Importing a Namespace.

About this task

Schema Inclusion

You can include other XML Schema fragments into the main XML Schema or WSDL using the `include` element as shown by the following example: `<xsd:include schemaLocation="myTypes.xsd"/>`

Schema Inclusion with Redefinition

The XML Schema specification supports redefining definitions included by other XML Schema fragments in the current XML Schema or WSDL. For example, the `myTypes.xsd` XML Schema fragment defines a complex type called `PurchaseOrderType`. Another XML Schema called `PurchaseOrder.xsd` includes the `myTypes.xsd` XML Schema fragment using the `redefine` element and redefines the complex type called `PurchaseOrderType`.

You can include other XML Schema fragments into the main XML Schema or WSDL using the `redefine` element as shown in the following example: `<xsd:redefine schemaLocation="myTypes.xsd"/>`

Importing a Namespace

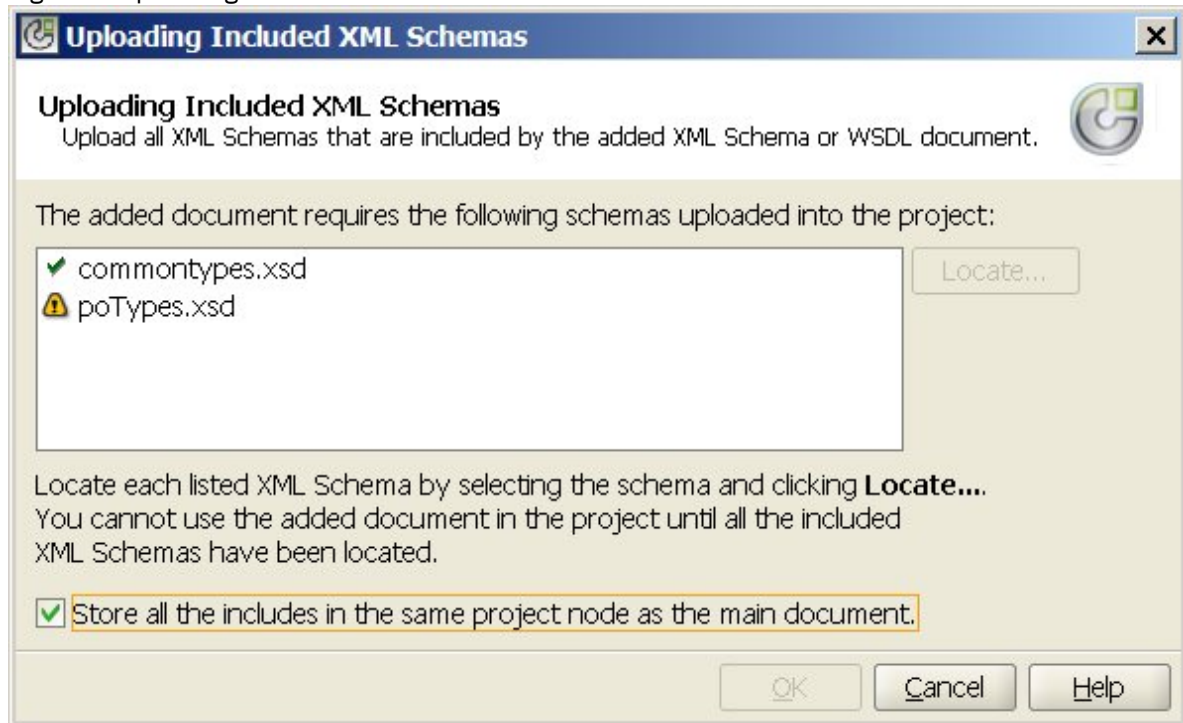
You can include a namespace into the current document using the `import` element as shown in the following example: `<xs:import namespace="http://acme.com/ns/example schemaLocation="mySchema.xsd" /> .`



When you add or upload the main XML Schema or WSDL to the project using the Add Document dialog box, you are prompted to locate any included XML Schema or XML Schemas into the project, as shown in the following procedure. All the included XML Schemas must be located before the main XML Schema or WSDL document shows in the Project tab and can be used in the project.

Procedure

1. Upload an XML Schema or WSDL document into the current project. If the XML Schema or WSDL document includes other XML Schemas, the Uploading Included XML Schemas dialog box displays listing all the included XML Schemas as shown in [Figure 1](#).

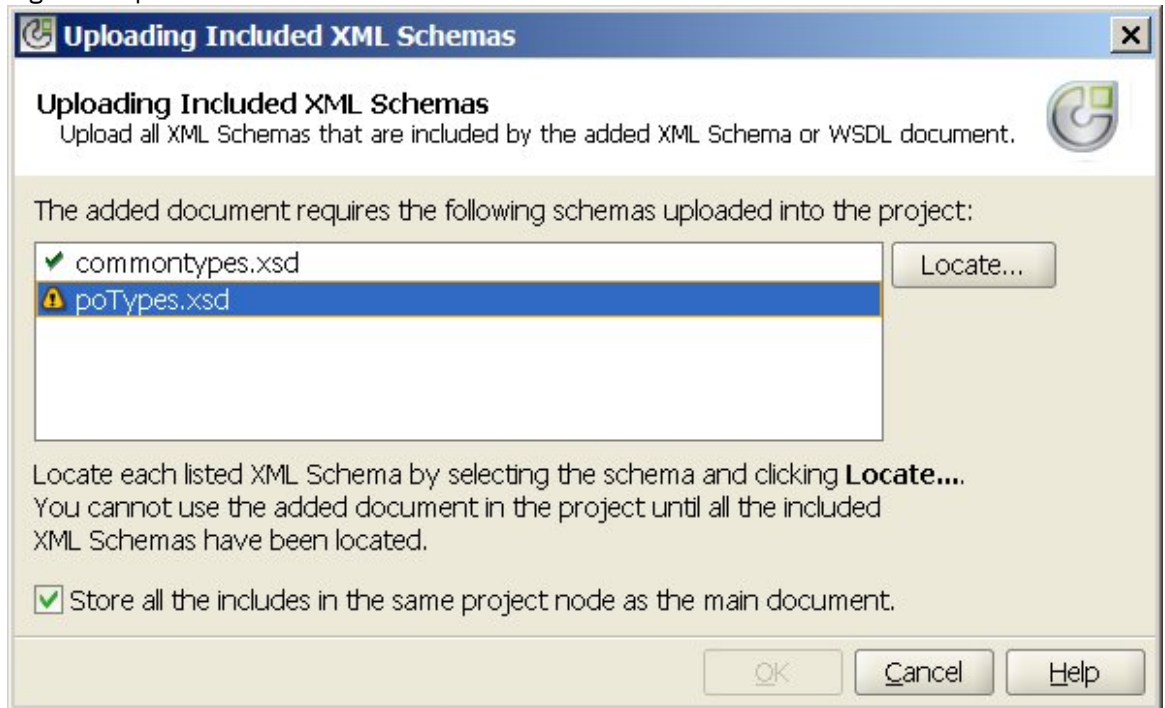
Figure 1. Uploading Included XML Schemas




If the included XML Schema is automatically located, the checkmark icon  displays next to the XML Schema in the Uploading Included XML Schemas dialog box as shown for the `commonTypes.xsd` XML Schema in the preceding figure. If the main XML Schema or WSDL was located on the local file system, Studio looks for the included XML Schemas in the same directory and automatically locates them; for example, if you uploaded `mySchema.xsd` from the `C:\temp` directory and `mySchema.xsd` includes the `commonTypes.xsd` XML Schema, Studio automatically locates the `commonTypes.xsd` XML Schema in the `C:\temp` directory. If the included XML Schema is not automatically located, the warning icon  displays next to the XML Schema in the Uploading Included XML Schemas dialog box as shown for the `poTypes.xsd` XML Schema in [Figure 1](#).

2. Repeat the following steps to locate all the unlocated XML Schemas:
 - a. Select the XML Schema in the Uploading Included XML Schemas dialog box. The XML Schema is highlighted in the table as shown in [Figure 2](#).

Figure 2. Upload an XML Schema



- b. Click Locate. The Locate the Selected XML Schema dialog box is displayed.
 - c. In the Location field, specify the location of the included XML Schema from an external web location or from the file system.
 - d. Click OK. If the XML Schema is located, the checkmark icon  displays next to the XML Schema in the Uploading Included XML Schemas dialog box.
3. By default, the Store all the includes in the same project node as the main document check box is selected. When this check box is selected, the included XML Schemas and the main XML Schema or WSDL are uploaded as a single project node. When this check box is cleared, all the included XML Schemas and the main XML Schema or WSDL are all displayed separately in the Project tab. A checkmark icon shows next to every listed XML Schema indicating that all the included XML Schemas have been located.
 4. Click OK.

Example

If the Store all the includes in the same project node as the main document check box is selected, only the main XML Schema or WSDL displays in the Project tab as shown in [Figure 3](#).

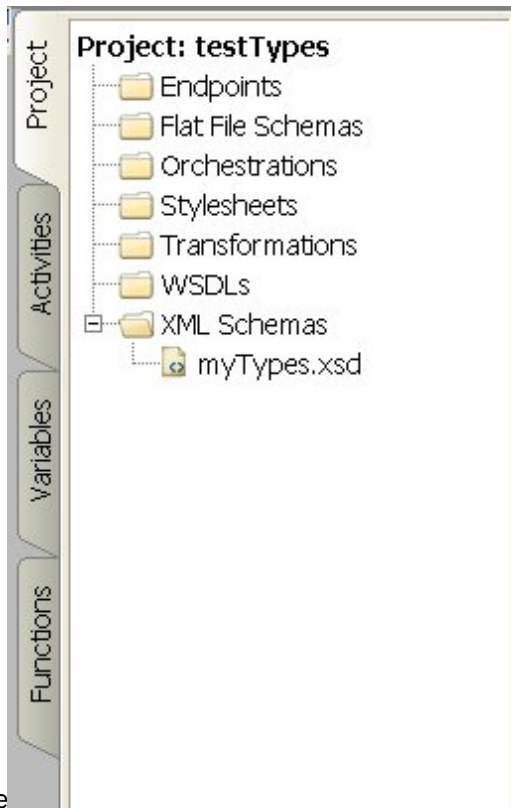


Figure 3. Example

With the check box selected, the included XML Schemas are still uploaded into the project but are not displayed in the Project tab, so you cannot individually update these XML Schemas in the project as described in [Uploading Included XML Schemas](#).

If the Store all the includes in the same project node as the main document check box is cleared, the main XML Schema or WSDL displays and all the included XML Schemas are uploaded in the project and show in the Project tab as shown in [Figure 4](#).

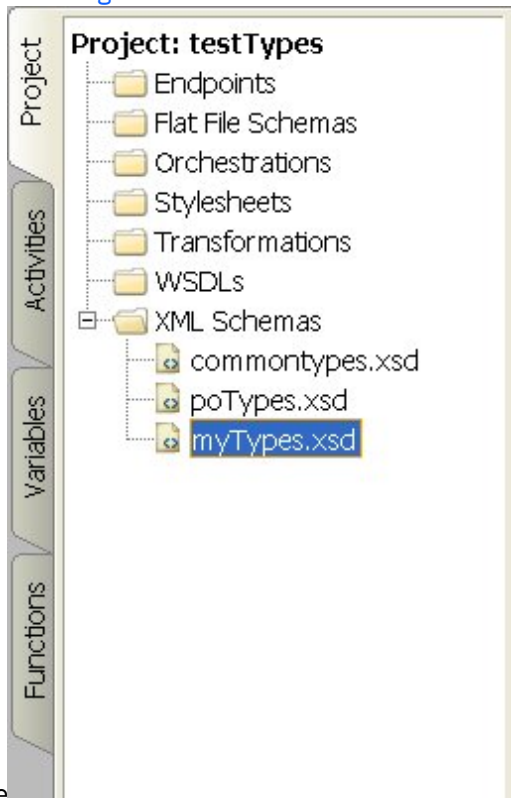


Figure 4. Example

With the check box cleared, all the included XML Schemas can be individually updated as described in [Uploading Included XML Schemas](#).


Note: If possible, always load the main XML Schema or WSDL with this check box selected (as one project node) to reduce potential dependency conflicts between XML Schemas. For example, if you upload the main *myTypes.xsd* file into the project with the Store all the includes in the same project node as the main document check box cleared, the following XSD files are also uploaded and show in the Project tab:

- `commonTypes.xsd`
- `poTypes.xsd`

If you created and uploaded a third XSD file called *myTypesTwo.xsd* that also included and used the types defined in the *commonTypes.xsd* file, and you then changed the names of the types defined in the *commonTypes.xsd* and used in *myTypes.xsd* outside of Studio and uploaded new versions these files, the *myTypesTwo.xsd* file in the project still refers to the original names of the types and is now invalid.

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

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Specifying the Location of a File to Upload

Files can be uploaded into a project from a web location (HTTP or FTP Server) or from the local file system.

Procedure

1. To specify a location for the file from the local file system, choose from one of the following options:
 - Click Browse to browse for the file, and click Open.
 - In the Location field, enter the URI of the file on the local file system, for example:
`file:/C:/temp/mySchema.xsd`
2. To specify a location for the file from an external web location (FTP or HTTP Server), in the Location field enter the URI of the file using any of the following format descriptions:
 - `http://[username:password@]hostname[:portNumber]/location`
 - `https://[username:password@]hostname[:portNumber]/location`
 - `ftp://[username:password@]hostname[:portNumber]/location`

The preceding format descriptions contain the following representations:

- brackets [] - represent optional parameters and should not be included in the URI
- username - specifies the user name to connect to the HTTP or FTP server
- password - specifies the password of the specified user name to connect to the HTTP or FTP server
- portNumber - specifies the port number to use to connect to the HTTP or FTP server
- location - specifies the URL path to find the file. The URL must include the name of the file as shown in the following example.

Example

To upload the *mySchema.xsd* file from the *acme.com* FTP server in the */input* directory using the username *bob* with a password of *snippy1*, specify the following string in the Location field:

- `ftp://bob:snippy1@acme.com/input/mySchema.xsd`

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Valid External File Types for a Project


When building orchestrations, you can upload XML Schemas or other files into your project to complete configuration tasks. External files are used in connection activities and orchestrations that use a message that Studio cannot generate an XML schema for automatically. You must supply an XML schema or DTD if the message must be transformed or if you need to define a job key for the message.

The types of files that you can upload into a project and the file extensions they are required to include:

Table 1.

Type	File Extension	Description
XML DTD	*.dtd	XML Document Type Definitions (DTDs) define XML message formats using a non-XML syntax. Studio automatically converts DTDs to XML Schemas when you load them into a project.
Web Services Definition Language	*.wsdl	An XML document that defines the W3C Web Services Definition Language. Studio uses WSDLs to describe all messages in integration transactions.
XML Schema	*.xsd	A definition of an XML message format using the W3C XML Schema language. Studio uses XML Schemas to describe all messages in integration transactions. Note: Only global elements are shown as schema types in Studio. A global element is an immediate child of the schema element. If the schema file contains no global elements, then the schema will appear to be empty in Studio.

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About Valid Names

To be valid, the names for projects, Endpoints, orchestrations, stylesheets, Flat File Schemas, XML Schemas, WSDLs, and transformations must not exceed 42 characters and must not contain any of the reserved characters or words.

Reserved characters or words are listed in the following tables.

The names of activities must not exceed 30 characters and must not contain any of the reserved characters listed in the table provided in [Table 3](#).

Table 1. Reserved Characters

Reserved Characters	Description
&	ampersand
{ } [] < >	any brackets
*	asterisk
\	backslash
^	caret
:	colon
\$	dollar sign
/	forward slash
#	number sign
()	parenthesis
	pipe
.	period
?	question mark
;	semicolon
	space
~	tilde

Table 2. Reserved Words for Windows

Reserved Words for Windows
AUX
COM1

Reserved Words for Windows
COM2
COM3
COM4
CON
LPT1
LPT2
LPT3
PRN
NUL


Table 3. Reserved Characters For Activity Names.

The names of activities must not exceed 30 characters and must not contain any of the reserved characters listed in the following table:

Reserved Characters	Description
&	ampersand
{ } [] < >	any brackets
*	asterisk
\	backslash
:	colon
\$	dollar sign
/	forward slash
	pipe
.	period
?	question mark
;	semicolon
~	tilde

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Undo and Redo Operations

Studio stores up to the last 100 actions you make and you can undo and redo those actions. You can undo and redo an action that you take on the fields in the UI, orchestration views, Mapping Editor, project tree, configuration properties, and variable panel activities.

Before you begin

Note: When you close Studio, the history of actions you have taken is cleared and you cannot undo or redo actions that occurred prior to you closing Studio.

Procedure

1. Select the Edit menu.
2. Select Undo, to undo the last action.
3. Select Redo, to redo the last action.


Results

You can also undo and redo actions using the following keyboard shortcuts:

- Ctrl + Z: Undo last action
- Ctrl + Y: Redo last action

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Updating a Changed XML Schema

If you created a project that uses an XML Schema and the XML Schema changes, you can attempt to update the existing XML Schema with the new XML Schema.

About this task

Updating to a new XML Schema means that any of the project entities that interface with the XML Schema might be affected by the change. The following project entities can be affected by XML Schema change:

- Maps that refer to the XML Schema, both stand-alone maps and the inline maps in activities.
- Variables that refer to the XML Schema.

- XPath expressions in orchestrations.
- XPath expressions used in job keys.
- Some Endpoint configurations.
- Conditions defined in orchestrations.

During the update process, Studio reports which project entities are affected by the change before the change is committed.

For example, an XML Schema defines an input parameter to the Map Variables activity. In the From Orchestration pane of the Map Variables activity there are links between the nodes of the input parameter to the nodes of the output parameters. When the XML Schema that defines the input parameter is updated to the new XML Schema, those links might no longer be valid if the input nodes have been renamed or removed in the new XML Schema. You must recreate the links in order for the orchestration to be valid again.

In some cases, Studio completely prevents the uploading a new XML Schema for the following reasons:

- The new XML Schema is invalid.
- Uploading the new XML Schema to replace the existing one, would result in an invalid project.

Note: Updating an existing XML Schema (as described in the following procedure) is different from loading multiple XML Schemas into a project by either dragging a file into the Project tab or right-clicking on the XML Schemas folder in the Project tab and selecting Add Document. Updating an existing XML Schema replaces the existing XML Schema in the project while uploading the same file into the Project tab creates two instances of the XML Schema in the project.


Procedure

1. Open the XML Schema that is already used in the project that is to be replaced by the new XML Schema. Open the graphical representation:
 - a. Open the Project tab and double-click the XML Schema in the XML Schemas directory. The nodes of the XML Schema display in the XML Schema tab.
 - b. In the XML Schema tab, click any node of the XML Schema.
2. Select a new XML Schema to replace the existing XML Schema, using one of the following options:
 - In the graphic representation, you can drag an XML Schema file from the local file system onto the XML Schema open in the XML Schema tab.
 - Select the File > Update option on the Studio toolbar menu. The Update the Current Schema Document dialog box displays. In the Location field, specify the location of the new XML Schema from an external web location or from the file system.
3. Click OK. The Updating the XML Schema Affects the Listed Dependant Project Entities dialog box displays and any project entities that are possibly affected by the replacement of the original XML Schema with the new XML Schema are listed.
4. Optional: In the dialog box, click any of the listed dependent entities to view the affected entity in Studio.
5. Click Update. Studio attempts to update the project with the new XML Schema and the result of the attempted update depends on the following conditions:
 - If any of the changes in the XML Schema would result in a corrupted project after the update or the new XML Schema is invalid, an Error dialog box displays describing the problem with the XML Schema. Click OK. The update is canceled, the XML Schema reverts to the original XML Schema, and the project is not changed.
 - If the changes to the XML Schema would not result in a corrupted project and the XML Schema is valid, the update occurs and the original XML Schema is replaced by the new XML Schema. Some of the project entities might be invalid after the update and might require clean up. For example, links in the Map Inputs and Map Outputs panes might need to be recreated after the update. To find the validation errors, open an orchestration and select Orchestration > Validate from the Studio toolbar menu.

6. Click Close.

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Using the Project Explorer


The Project Explorer dialog box list the set of entities of the current type, that have been already defined for the project.

Procedure

1. Select an item.
2. Click OK.

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Using the HTTP Post Utility

This utility provides a simple HTTP client interface that enables you to post messages/requests to HTTP servers, which is useful for orchestrations that have an **HTTP Receive Request** activity as the starter activity.

About this task

To use this utility, either Studio or the Integration Appliance must be a web server capable of receiving messages from any http client interface.

Procedure


1. From the Windows Start menu, choose Programs > IBM > Cast Iron Studio > HTTP Post Utility. A web browser opens and displays the Post a Document page.

Note: If you are using the HTTP Post Utility with Internet Explorer 8, you must click the Information Bar and select Allow Blocked Content to avoid duplicate forms being displayed.

2. In the URL of Inbound Connector field, specify the hostname of the HTTP server, followed by the HTTP path.
3. In the Document to Post field, you have two options:
 - o Click Browse and open an existing file.
 - o Enter the message into the text field.
4. Click Submit to post the message.

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Orchestrations

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You can configure a Web Service endpoint to call another Web Service orchestration stored in the Integration Appliance, in the same project.
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Orchestrations are given default names when they are created. You can rename it from the Project tab.
- [Building an orchestration](#)
Studio provides visual cues in the workspace so that it is easier to see and control the placement of activities in an orchestration. When you drag-and-drop activities from the Studio Toolbox to the workspace, a green circle icon displays the target location in the orchestration where the activity is to be placed. When adding activities to the branches of logic activities, Studio highlights the target branch.
- [Verifying orchestrations](#)
Studio can simulate the Cast Iron® operating system (CIOS) runtime so that you can test orchestrations within a project and resolve any issues before deploying the project to the Integration Appliance.
- [Using SSL in Studio](#)
The Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) is the standard security technology for establishing an encrypted link between a server and a client. The encrypted link ensures that all data passed between the server and clients remain private and unchanged. To create an SSL connection a server requires an SSL certificate. This section provides an overview of using SSL in Studio, discusses Transport Layer Security (TLS) and SSL security, discusses certificates and supplies the procedures you need to properly import Certificate Authority (CA) and end-entity certificates and private keys for use when verifying SSL client authentication.
- [Importing an end-entity certificate](#)
An end-entity certificate is a digitally-signed statement issued by a Certificate Authority to a person or system. It binds a public key to some identifying information and is used for encryption, authentication, digital signatures and other purposes. The term “end-entity” is used to distinguish it from a Certificate

Authority certificate. The signer of the statement is the issuer and the entity discussed in the certificate is the subject.

- [Importing a Certification Authority \(CA\) Certificate](#)

Abbreviated as CA, a Certification Authority is a trusted third-party organization or company that issues certificates used to create digital signatures and public-private key pairs. Because they guarantee that the two parties exchanging information are really who they claim to be, CA's are a critical component in data security and electronic commerce. Although the relationship between CA's is most commonly hierarchical, CA certificates can also be used to establish trust relationships between CA's in two different public key infrastructure (PKI) hierarchies. A PKI is the set of people, policies, procedures, hardware, and software used in creating, distributing, managing and using digital IDs. In all of these cases, the CA certificate is critical to defining the certificate path and usage restrictions for all end-entity certificates issued for use in the PKI.

- [SSL server authentication](#)

SSL server authentication verifies that sites you communicate with are who they claim to be. Authentication confirms a server's identity through standard techniques of public-key cryptography to ensure that a server's certificate and public ID are valid and have been issued by a certificate authority listed in the client's list of trusted CA's.

- [Testing an SSL server connection](#)

After creating an endpoint for the server using SSL, you are ready to test the SSL server connection.

- [SSL client authentication](#)

Client authentication is similar to server authentication except that the server requests a certificate from the client to verify that the client is who it claims to be. The certificate must be an **X.509** certificate and signed by a certificate authority trusted by the server. You can only use client authentication when a server requests a certificate from a client. Not all servers support client authentication.

- [Using the Log Viewer](#)

Orchestration monitoring data is displayed in the Log Viewer in a table or text format.

- [Viewing an orchestration](#)

You can use orchestration view icons on the workspace, and View options from the Studio toolbar menu to manipulate your orchestration view in the workspace.

- [Validating an orchestration](#)

An orchestration must be valid (complete and correct) before you can publish it to the Integration Appliance. Use the validation feature in Studio to validate your orchestration.

- [Working with activities in an orchestration](#)

You can cut, copy, and paste activities, drag activities in an orchestration and add and delete new activities.

- [Printing an orchestration](#)

You can print an orchestration directly or view a print preview of an orchestration.

- [Processing orchestration jobs sequentially](#)

You can use the Process Orchestration Jobs Sequentially option when an orchestration contains activities that can conflict with each other when multiple instances of the orchestration are running. An instance of an orchestration is also known as an orchestration job.

- [Enabling persistence](#)


The Orchestration pane contains an Enable Persistence check box that by default is selected. The setting of the Enable Persistence check box affects the way orchestration jobs are restarted after a failure.

- [Adding a global exception handler to an orchestration](#)

During run time if any of the activities of the orchestration throws an exception, and a global exception handler has been enabled, the global CatchAll branch is run.

- [Saving an image of an orchestration](#)

You can save a graphical image of the current orchestration as a ,jpg file.

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Configuring an orchestration to orchestration connection

You can configure a Web Service endpoint to call another Web Service orchestration stored in the Integration Appliance, in the same project.

About this task


You can configure an Orchestration to Orchestration connection by specifying the transport protocol to the endpoint location as local:// instead of the conventional http://.

You apply this option to either call (invoke) or provide endpoint type.

Procedure

1. Open a new or existing Web Service endpoint.
2. In the Type section, select either the Invoke option or Provide option. Invoke is selected by default.
 - o If you select the Invoke option, complete the following steps:
 - a. From the Location drop-down list, select Local
 - b. From the Orchestration drop-down list, select the orchestration you want to call.
 - c. From the WS Provide Activity drop-down list, select an activity.
Note: This activity is displayed only if the selected orchestration has a Web Services Provide Service starter activity and Local as the relevant endpoint. If you select an orchestration that does not have a Web Services Provide Service starter activity, then the WS Provide Activity menu is empty.
 - o If you select the Provide option, complete the following steps:
 - a. From the Transport drop-down list, select Local.
 - b. In the Path field, enter the path which is used to call the Provide activity.

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Creating an orchestration


There are three steps to creating a completed orchestration: Create the new orchestration, rename the orchestration, and build the orchestration.

Procedure

1. Complete one of these three steps to create a new Orchestration:
 - o To create an orchestration from the toolbar menu, select Project > New Orchestration. A new orchestration is opened in the workspace. The new orchestration name is added to the Orchestrations folder in the Project tab.
 - o Click the New Orchestration button  in the Project tab.
 - o Right-click the Orchestration folder and select New Orchestration. A new orchestration opens in the main Studio pane. The new orchestration with a default name is added to the Orchestrations folder in the Project tab.
2. Optional: Change the default name.
3. Press Return.

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Renaming an orchestration


Orchestrations are given default names when they are created. You can rename it from the Project tab.

Procedure

1. Click the Project tab.
2. Open the Orchestrations folder.
3. Either
 - o Right-click the orchestration you want to rename and select Rename.
 - o Click three times on the orchestration name in the Project tab.
4. Enter a new name for the orchestration. The orchestration name must not exceed 42 characters and must not contain any reserved characters. For a list of reserved characters see [About Valid Names](#).
5. The orchestration name is changed.

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Building an orchestration


Studio provides visual cues in the workspace so that it is easier to see and control the placement of activities in an orchestration. When you drag-and-drop activities from the Studio Toolbox to the workspace, a green circle icon displays the target location in the orchestration where the activity is to be placed. When adding activities to the branches of logic activities, Studio highlights the target branch.

Procedure

1. Drag the appropriate activities from the Activities tab onto the orchestration
2. Configure the activities. You must add at least one inbound activity (or one schedule), and one outbound activity in order to complete an orchestration. See the Basic Validation Requirements section of Validating the Orchestration for more information.
3. After the orchestration is built, set the orchestration options in the Properties pane. For more information see [Processing Orchestration Jobs Sequentially](#) and Enabling Persistence.
4. Save the orchestration, then validate it.
5. Fix any validation issues displayed in the Validation Results dialog box.

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Verifying orchestrations

Studio can simulate the Cast Iron® operating system (CIOS) runtime so that you can to test orchestrations within a project and resolve any issues before deploying the project to the Integration Appliance.

Before you begin

When initiating a test run, you can start a single orchestration, or all the orchestrations in a project. Studio runs one orchestration job for each orchestration. You can start and stop orchestrations, and view orchestration monitoring logs from the Studio toolbar or from the Verify tab.

If the orchestration is invalid, a message dialog is displayed showing possible resolutions. In the workspace, Studio highlights each activity in the orchestration as the activity is processing the data. As Studio runs the orchestration, the Verify tab shows a tree-view of the orchestration job details including; activity name, processing status, variable/parameter names, and variable/parameter data. If an error occurs, Studio highlights the node where the error occurred. Clicking the node links you to the location of the error, where you can resolve any issues before running another instance of the orchestration.

When you click a node in the tree-view, Studio displays in the Properties Pane the Checklist task that corresponds to the node. For example, when you click an activity node, the Configure panel for the activity is

displayed in the Properties Pane. When you click the Map Outputs node, the Map Outputs panel is displayed in the Properties Pane. If you click a mapping variable or parameter, the data is displayed in the Variable/Parameter Message Data section of the Verify tab.

Although Studio only runs one orchestration job for each orchestration, you can start the same orchestration multiple times. The Verify tab shows the results for each run of the same orchestration under a separate instance. For example, *Instance #1* and *Instance #2*. An orchestration job must be complete before you can run another instance of the same orchestration.

Note: Studio does not persist the results of the runtime test. When you close the orchestration tab, you lose the runtime results for the orchestration.

About this task

Depending on the activities in the orchestration, Studio may require more input to run the orchestration job. For example, an orchestration with a database activity requires that you generate database assets before running the orchestration in Studio, just as you must do in the WMC before running the orchestration on the Integration Appliance. If the activities in the orchestration use the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL), you may need to understand SSL concepts and you may need to import certificates before verifying the orchestration. See [Using SSL in Studio](#) for more information.

If the orchestration contains an HTTP Receive Request activity, you must post a message to the specified URL. Use the HTTP Post Utility to post a message. If the orchestration contains an FTP Poll activity, you must place a file in the specified location, as prompted by Studio, before the orchestration can run.

Since you can use the Verify tab to simulate the runtime on the Integration Appliance, you can also specify Kerberos Protocol settings in Studio to test the settings before deploying to the Integration Appliance. Specifying these setting in Studio does not impact the runtime on the Integration Appliance. You must specify the Kerberos Protocol settings in the WMC to allow the Integration Appliance to authenticate the server that the Integration Appliance is communicating with. For more information about specifying Kerberos Protocol settings for the Integration Appliance, see the WMC Online Help.

Procedure

To specify Kerberos Protocol settings in Studio:












1. In Studio, select Edit > Preferences... . The Preferences dialog is displayed.
2. In the navigation pane, select SSL > Kerberos.
3. Specify the Kerberos Server Name.
4. Specify the Kerberos Realm.
5. Click OK.

Example

You can now test the orchestration, using the Kerberos Protocol, within Studio.


Table 1. Navigating the Verify Tab toolbar

Icon	Description
▶	Starts the open orchestration. The orchestration must be valid before Studio can run an orchestration job.

Icon	Description
	Starts all the valid orchestrations in the project that are not already running. If an orchestration is already running when you click this icon, Studio does not rerun the orchestration.
	Stops the running orchestration job immediately. Studio does not allow the orchestration job to complete before stopping.
	Stops all running orchestration jobs immediately. Studio does not allow the orchestration jobs to complete before stopping.
	Shows orchestration monitoring data in a table or text format. For more information about the Log Viewer, see Using the Log Viewer .
	In the Workspace, highlights the activities in the execution path of the orchestration job, so you can follow the logic Studio used to complete the orchestration job. Different instances can have a different path depending on the inputs and orchestration logic. Click this icon to toggle between providing and not providing a highlighted path.
	Assigns the results from the selected instance to the Map Inputs and Map Outputs, so that when you run a test from the Properties Pane, Studio populates the inputs and outputs with the results of the completed orchestration job.
	Deletes one or more selected instances from the orchestration details tree. To delete multiple instances hold the Shift key or Ctrl key, select the instances you want to delete, and click the icon.
	Expands all the nodes under the selected node in the orchestration details tree.
	Collapses all the nodes under the selected node in the orchestration details tree.
	Expands a single node under the selected node in the orchestration details tree.
	Collapses a single node under the selected node in the orchestration details tree.

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Using SSL in Studio

The Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) is the standard security technology for establishing an encrypted link between a server and a client. The encrypted link ensures that all data passed between the server and clients remain private and unchanged. To create an SSL connection a server requires an SSL certificate. This section provides an overview of using SSL in Studio, discusses Transport Layer Security (TLS) and SSL security, discusses certificates and supplies the procedures you need to properly import Certificate Authority (CA) and end-entity certificates and private keys for use when verifying SSL client authentication.

SSL and Transport Layer Security

TLS 1.0 represents an upgrade of SSL 3.0. As an example, the TLS handshake protocol for establishing client/server authentication and encryption differs from the SSL handshake protocol. Additionally, TLS is now more extensible. Although they cannot interoperate, TLS provides a mechanism by which a TLS 1.0 implementation can revert to an SSL 3.0 implementation.

The TLS protocol uses public-key and symmetric-key cryptographic technology. Public-key cryptography uses a public key and a private key. Information encrypted with one key can be decrypted only with the other key. For example, information encrypted with the public key can be decrypted only with the private key.

Each server's public key is published, while the private key is kept secret. To send a secure message to the server, the client encrypts the message by using the server's public key. When the server receives the message, it decrypts the message with its private key.

Symmetric-key cryptography uses the same key to encrypt and decrypt messages. The client randomly generates a symmetric key to be used for encrypting all session data. The key is then encrypted with the server's public key and sent to the server.

TLS provides three basic security services:

- Message privacy – Achieved through a combination of public-key and symmetric-key encryption. All traffic between a client and a server is encrypted using a key and an encryption algorithm negotiated during session setup.
- Message integrity – Ensures that session traffic does not change en route to its final destination. TLS and SSL use a combination of public/private keys and hash functions to ensure message integrity.
- Mutual authentication – Exchange of identification through public-key certificates. Client and server identities are encoded in public-key certificates, which contain the following components:
 - Subject's distinguished name
 - Issuer's distinguished name
 - Subject's public key
 - Issuer's signature
 - Validity period
 - Serial number

You can also use secure HTTP (HTTPS) to ensure that a client's security information is not compromised when downloaded from a server.

Certificates

SSL uses digital certificates to authenticate the identity of the server and optionally the client. Digital certificates are issued by a Certificate Authority (CA), a trusted agency that is authorized to issue, renew and revoke digital certificates after verifying the identity and legitimacy of the requesting party. A CA certificate, which may be a root CA certificate or a subordinate CA certificate, includes the CA's signature and the period of validity. A CA guarantees the connection between a key and another CA or end-entity. A end-entity is a person, a role, an organization, a pseudonym or a piece of hardware or software.


Encryption and authentication are performed by means of a public and a private key. The public key is embedded into a certificate, known as a site or server certificate. The certificate contains several items of information, including the name of the CA that issued the certificate, the name and public key of the server or client, the CA's signature and the certificate's date and serial number. The private key is created when you create a self-signed certificate or a CA certificate request and is used to decrypt messages from clients.

A SSL or TLS session is established in the following sequence:

1. The client and the server exchange hello messages to negotiate the encryption algorithm and hashing function (for message integrity) to be used for the session.
2. The client requests an *ITU-T standard X.509* certificate from the server to prove its identity. Optionally, the server can request a certificate from the client. Certificates are verified by checking the certificate format, the validity dates and by verifying that the certificate includes the signature of a trusted certificate authority (or is self-signed).
3. The client randomly generates a set of keys that is used for encryption. The keys are encrypted with the server's public key and securely communicated to the server.

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Importing an end-entity certificate

An end-entity certificate is a digitally-signed statement issued by a Certificate Authority to a person or system. It binds a public key to some identifying information and is used for encryption, authentication, digital signatures and other purposes. The term “end-entity” is used to distinguish it from a Certificate Authority certificate. The signer of the statement is the issuer and the entity discussed in the certificate is the subject.

About this task

To import an end-entity certificate and private key, you must import a file in PKCS#12 format using the Java `keytool -importkeystore` command. PKCS #12, the successor to PFX from Microsoft, defines a file format commonly used to store **X.509** private keys with accompanying public key certificates, protected with a password-based symmetric key. PKCS #12 format files typically have a file extension of .pfx or .p12.

The following steps provide an example of how to import an end-entity certificate:

Procedure

1. Navigate to the Studio security directory. For example. C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio 6.0\security.
2. Copy the PKCS #12 format file into Studio security directory, for example C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio 6.0\security\certificate.p12.
3. Import the certificate and private key into the Studio keystore using the `keytool -importkeystore` command. For example: `keytool -importkeystore -deststorepass "keystore admin" -destkeystore certs -srckeystore certificate.p12 -srcstoretype PKCS12 -srcstorepass <certificatePswd> -srcalias <certificateAlias>`.


Results

At the conclusion of these steps, the certificate is imported into your Studio security directory. For more information about the `keytool -importkeystore` command, see:

<http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/java/jdk/security/60/secguides/keytoolDocs/keytool.html#importKeyStore>.

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Importing a Certification Authority (CA) Certificate

Abbreviated as CA, a Certification Authority is a trusted third-party organization or company that issues certificates used to create digital signatures and public-private key pairs. Because they guarantee that the two parties exchanging information are really who they claim to be, CA's are a critical component in data security and electronic commerce. Although the relationship between CA's is most commonly hierarchical, CA certificates can also be used to establish trust relationships between CA's in two different public key infrastructure (PKI) hierarchies. A PKI is the set of people, policies, procedures, hardware, and software used in creating, distributing, managing and using digital IDs. In all of these cases, the CA certificate is critical to defining the certificate path and usage restrictions for all end-entity certificates issued for use in the PKI.

About this task

Perform the following steps to import a CA certificate.


Procedure

1. Open a command window.
2. Navigate to the server, and locate the certificate file `ca-cert` stored in the server.
3. Copy the `ca-cert` file and then navigate to the workstation where Studio is installed.
4. Using the command window, paste the CA certificate copy in the home directory of Studio: `C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio x.x.x`.
5. Navigate to the security directory of Studio: `C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio x.x.x\security`.
6. Run the following command to import the CA certificate file into Studio: `..\jre\bin\keytool.exe -import -v -keystore cacerts -storepass changeit -file ..\castiron_ca_cert.pem -alias alias_name` Where *alias_name* is the alias of the server CA certificate.
7. When you are prompted for a yes or no, type yes (**Y**) and press **Enter**.
8. Exit the command window.

Results

At the conclusion of these steps, the certificate is imported into your Studio security directory. For more information about the `keytool -import` command, see [keytool - Key and Certificate Management Tool](#).

Parent topic: [Orchestrations](#)

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SSL server authentication

SSL server authentication verifies that sites you communicate with are who they claim to be. Authentication confirms a server's identity through standard techniques of public-key cryptography to ensure that a server's certificate and public ID are valid and have been issued by a certificate authority listed in the client's list of trusted CA's.

Communication with "trusted" servers that possess authentication certificates issued by a certificate authority is critical to establishing a secure environment. Authentication certificates are digitally signed documents which bind the public key to the identity of the private key owner. Authentication happens at connection time and is independent of the application or application protocol. With SSL, authentication is performed by an exchange of certificates, which are blocks of data in a format described in the **X.509 ITU-T standard**. **X.509** certificates are issued and digitally signed by a certificate authority.

However using SSL does not guarantee that the client is communicating with the correct server. Consider the following scenario, in which "Server1" and "Server2" both have valid certificates from a CA that the client ("Client") trusts. Client wants a secure session with Server1, but Server2 wants to eavesdrop on their communication and is physically located in a place that makes it possible to do so:

1. Client sends a request for an SSL session to Server1. Instead, the request (and all subsequent traffic) goes through Server2. Instead of forwarding Client's request to Server1, Server2 responds directly to the request by sending its own certificate to Client.
2. Client receives Server2's certificate and checks its list of trusted CAs. Since Server2's certificate is signed by the same CA as Server1's certificate, Client accepts the certificate and creates a secure session with Server2.
3. Having completed the secure session with Client, Server2 requests and creates its own SSL session with Server1. From this point, Client sends encrypted information to Server2. Server2 decrypts the information, re-encrypts it, then sends it to Server1. It does the same for information flowing in the opposite direction. The result is that Server2 is able to read it and even change it, even though all data is encrypted as it flows over the Internet.

SSL server authentication is designed to prevent this outcome. When server authentication is enabled, the client, after ensuring that the server's certificate can be trusted, checks that the Internet name in the certificate matches the Internet name of the server. If they match, the SSL negotiation continues. If not, the connection ends.


With server authentication enabled, the security scenario outlined above would proceed as follows:

1. Client sends a request for an SSL session to Server1. The request (and all subsequent traffic) actually goes through Server2. Instead of forwarding Client's request to Server1, Server2 responds directly to Client's request by sending its own certificate to Client.
2. Client receives Server2's certificate and checks its list of trusted CAs. Since Server2's certificate is signed by the same CA as Server1's certificate, Client accepts the certificate and creates a secure session with Server2.

3. After the secure session has been completed, but before any real data has been sent or received, Client compares the Internet name in the certificate it received with the name of the server it wants to talk to. Since they do not match, Client knows that the connection should not continue and disconnects it.

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Testing an SSL server connection

After creating an endpoint for the server using SSL, you are ready to test the SSL server connection.

About this task


Perform the following procedure to test the SSL connection to the server:

Procedure

1. Import the server CA certificate using the instructions in [Importing a Certification Authority \(CA\) Certificate](#).
2. Open the endpoint for the server.
3. For FTPS, SSL email and SSL database connections, verify the following login credentials for the server connection: server, Port, User, and Password.
4. For HTTP and Web Services connections using SSL, if the HTTP or Web Services server requires client authentication, configure a Client Certificate Alias Name as described in [Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint](#).
5. Click **Test Connection**.
6. If the connection is successful, use this endpoint in Studio orchestrations, then use the **Verify** tab features to evaluate the orchestration.

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SSL client authentication


Client authentication is similar to server authentication except that the server requests a certificate from the client to verify that the client is who it claims to be. The certificate must be an **X.509** certificate and signed by a certificate authority trusted by the server. You can only use client authentication when a server requests a certificate from a client. Not all servers support client authentication.

When a server requests a certificate, the client has the option to send a certificate or attempt to connect without it. The server allows the connection if the client's certificate can be trusted. When a client attempts to connect without a certificate, the server might grant the client access but at a lower security level, as illustrated by the following sequence of events:

1. The client sends a request for an SSL session to the server.
2. The client receives the server's certificate and checks its list of trusted CA's. Since the server's certificate is signed by a trusted certificate authority, the client accepts the certificate. The server then asks the client for a certificate that identifies the client.
3. The client responds by sending a certificate or by trying to establish a session without one.
4. If the client sends a certificate, the server checks its list of trusted certificates. If the client can be trusted, the secure session is established. If the client does not send a certificate, normally the server terminates the session.

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Using the Log Viewer

Orchestration monitoring data is displayed in the Log Viewer in a table or text format.

By default, the following orchestration monitoring data is displayed by the Log Viewer, in a table:


Time	Provides a timestamp of when the specified event occurred.
Level	Specifies the logging level for a specific event. Logging levels include: Off, Severe, Warning, Info, and All.
Type	Identifies the type of the activity that generated the event. For example, Scheduler, Mime, JMS, or HTTP.
Message	Provides details about a specific event.

You can filter the log events displayed in the table by specifying the logging level or an activity type from the Level and Type list. When filtering the log events by type, you can press the Shift key to select or clear multiple types.

To toggle between the text or table format, select or clear the View as Text option.

Click Clear to delete all orchestration monitoring data.

You cannot restore orchestration monitoring data to the log once the log has been cleared

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Viewing an orchestration

You can use orchestration view icons on the workspace, and View options from the Studio toolbar menu to manipulate your orchestration view in the workspace.

About this task


The workspace denotes source and target endpoints by using blue and green separating lines, respectively. With the endpoints displayed, the workspace uses data flow lines to associate an endpoint with a specific activity so that you can associate an activity with its endpoint.

You can manipulate the orchestration view in the workspace using the following icons:

Orientation of Orchestration

You can choose to view the orchestration in a horizontal  or vertical  view.



Expand or Collapse Orchestration Activities

Expands  or collapses the activities in an orchestration.

Orientation of Endpoints

You can choose to view the endpoints in a horizontal  or vertical  view, relative to the orchestration.


Show/Hide Endpoints

You can choose whether to display endpoints for the orchestration in the workspace. Show/Hide endpoints that are oriented horizontally . Show/Hide endpoints that are oriented vertically .


Expand or collapse Orchestration

Expands , or collapses  the entire orchestration, not just the activities.

Animate Graph

 Animates the actions that occur in the workspace. By default, orchestration graphics in the workspace are animated and Studio smoothly transitions any modifications you make to an orchestration. Click the icon to disable the animations and have the actions occur more crisply. For example, when you add an activity to the orchestration, the new activity snaps into place.

Navigate Satellite View

 You can view your entire orchestration and select a specific area to view.


Zoom Out

 Minimizes the view of an orchestration.

Zoom In

 Enlarges the view of an orchestration.

Restore view to 100%

 Resets the zoom out and zoom in changes you made to the orchestration view.

Fit to view

 Resizes the orchestration to fit in the workspace.


Table 1. Studio toolbar menu options. You can control the magnification level to view an orchestration by selecting one of the following options from the View option of the toolbar menu.

Option	Description
Zoom In	Increase the magnification level to view the orchestration.
Zoom Out	Decrease the magnification level to view the orchestration.
Zoom 100%	Returns the view of the orchestration to the normal magnification level.
View as Tree Flow or View as Flow	The View as Tree Flow option lists the activities of the orchestration in a top-to-bottom view. During run time, the flow starts at the top activity and continues downward. This view is useful for displaying large orchestrations. The View as Flow option lists the activities of the orchestration in a left-to-right view. During run time, the flow starts at the activity on the left side of the view and continues to the right. This is the default view.
Status View	Check box that defines if a status bar is displayed at the end of the main Studio pane. The status bar shows descriptions of the menu options.

You can also right-click anywhere in the orchestration (when the orchestration is displayed as a flow) and select one of the following options from the shortcut menu:


- Zoom In
- Zoom Out
- Zoom 100%

Procedure

1. To view a top-level scaled-down overview of the orchestration for navigating large orchestrations, Double-click the overview  icon. The top-level scaled-down overview of the orchestration is displayed in a small pane in the Orchestration tab.
2. Move the cursor into the small pane to change the section of the orchestration displayed in the larger detailed pane of the Orchestration tab.
3. Double-click in the small pane to remove the small top-level overview of the orchestration.

Parent topic: [Orchestrations](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/orch_Viewing_an_Orchestration.html


Validating an orchestration

An orchestration must be valid (complete and correct) before you can publish it to the Integration Appliance. Use the validation feature in Studio to validate your orchestration.

Before you begin


To be valid an orchestration must met the following requirements:

- Have a starter activity or a Pick activity as the first activity. Starter activities are denoted in the Activities tab with the blue orchestration icon and a downward arrow . The first activity in each branch of the Pick activity must be a starter activity.

Note: All starter activities are represented in Studio by the inbound icon , except for the Schedule Job activity.

- Variables must be initialized before they are used. This includes variables that are initialized in the branches of an If.. Then activity. The variable must be initialized in all branches.

Procedure





1. Select the Project tab, and expand the Orchestration folder.
2. Select and open an orchestration from the Orchestration folder. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed in the Orchestration tab.
3. Validate your orchestration using one of the following options:
 - Select Orchestration > Validate from the menu toolbar. The Validation Results dialog box is displayed.
 - Press **ALT-F8**. The Validation Results dialog box is displayed.
 - Click an orchestration in the Project tab. If the orchestration is invalid, the Validation Results popup is displayed next to the Project tab and the invalid orchestration icon  is displayed next to the orchestration in the Project tab

The Validation Results dialog box lists the problem areas in the orchestration. Problems prefaced by a blue icon are informational; you will have to navigate to that area to fix the problem. Problems prefaced by a red icon are errors. Click the error message in the dialog box to open the appropriate panel to fix the error.

Validation ensures that all the basic requirements for an orchestration have been met. You must resolve all validation issues before publishing the orchestration to the Integration Appliance.

Example

To validate all the orchestrations in the project complete the following steps:

1. In the Project tab, click Revalidate Project . All the orchestrations in the project are validated. If an orchestration is invalid the invalid orchestration icon  is displayed next to the orchestration in the Project tab. If the orchestration is invalid, click on the orchestration to view the errors in the Validation Results list.
2. Select the Validate Project  toolbar button. All the orchestrations in the project are validated. If an orchestration is invalid the invalid orchestration icon  is displayed next to the orchestration in the Project tab. If the orchestration is invalid, click on the orchestration to view the errors in the Validation Results list.

What to do next


Validation icons are displayed throughout the orchestration providing visual clues to potential problem areas or to provide further information.

In Studio, the following validation icons are displayed:

 Warning icon

Click warning icons to learn what information is required to complete the configuration of the entity in the pane. For example, in an activity's checklist, the warning icon appears next the endpoint if an


endpoint has not yet been specified.

 Information icon

Click information icons to learn details about a entity in the pane, for example why a button has been disabled.


 Checkmark icon

Checkmark icon is displayed when all the information for a entity in the pane has been specified. For example, in an activity's checklist, the checkmark icon appears next to the endpoint if a valid endpoint has been specified.

A warning icon  displays in the upper-right corner of many panes (for example, the Endpoint configuration pane). You can click this icon to toggle the warning icons ON or OFF displayed in the pane. If turned OFF, the warning icons are not displayed in the pane.

Parent topic: [Orchestrations](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/orch_validating_the_orchestration.html

Working with activities in an orchestration

You can cut, copy, and paste activities, drag activities in an orchestration and add and delete new activities.


About this task




You can cut, copy, paste, delete, and rename activities using any of the following methods:

- Keyboard shortcuts
- Right-click an activity and select an option from the drop-down list
- Select an activity and then select an option from the Edit toolbar menu
- Select an activity and then select a toolbar button.

Keyboard shortcuts and their menu option equivalents are listed in the following table.

Table 1. Keyboard shortcuts and their menu option equivalents

Keyboard Shortcuts	Right-Click Menu Options	Toolbar Menu Options	Toolbar Buttons	Action
CTRL + X	Cut	Edit > Cut		Removes the activity and saves a copy of the activity in the clipboard that can be used later by a paste action.

Keyboard Shortcuts	Right-Click Menu Options	Toolbar Menu Options	Toolbar Buttons	Action
CTRL + C	Copy	Edit > Copy		Saves a copy of an activity into the clipboard that can be used later by a paste action.
CTRL + V	Paste	Edit > Paste		Copies the stored activity from the clipboard into the orchestration.
Delete	Delete	Edit > Delete		Removes the activity. The activity is not saved in the clipboard.
F2	Rename	Edit > Rename		Opens a field so you can rename an activity in an orchestration.

Note: The keyboard shortcuts and menu options listed in the preceding table are only available when the orchestration is viewed as a flow and not when the orchestration is viewed as a tree. For more information, see [Viewing an Orchestration](#).

You can cut, copy, or paste activities within the same orchestration and between orchestrations in the same project.

You can drag an activity from one location in an orchestration to another location in orchestration by selecting the activity and dragging it to the new location.

You can make a copy of an activity, by selecting the activity you want to copy, hold down the CTRL key, and then drag the activity to new location. A copy of the activity is created in the new location.

Note: Drag functionality is only available when the orchestration is viewed as a flow and not when the orchestration is viewed as a tree. For more information, see [Viewing an Orchestration](#).


Procedure

1. Drag an activity from the Activities tab onto any green target in the orchestration.
2. Complete the properties of the activity in the Properties pane.
3. Optional: To rename the activity, select the Edit > Rename option in the toolbar menu. The activity name field becomes active. You can also use one of the alternate methods mentioned in Table 1.

What to do next

To delete an activity, select the Edit > Delete option in the toolbar menu. You can also use one of the alternate methods mentioned in Table 1.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Working_with_Activities_in_an_Orchestration.html

Printing an orchestration


You can print an orchestration directly or view a print preview of an orchestration.

Procedure

1. Select the Project tab and expand the Orchestrations folder.
2. To open an orchestration, double-click an orchestration in the Orchestrations folder. The Orchestration is displayed.
3. Optional: To view a print preview press CTRL+SHIFT+P.
4. To print the orchestration, press CTRL+P.

Parent topic: [Orchestrations](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/orch_Printing_an_Orchestration.html

Processing orchestration jobs sequentially

You can use the Process Orchestration Jobs Sequentially option when an orchestration contains activities that can conflict with each other when multiple instances of the orchestration are running. An instance of an orchestration is also known as an orchestration job.

About this task

For example, an orchestration could contain a Pick activity that contains branches for the Get Inserted Rows, Get Updated Rows, and Get Deleted Rows activities. The following steps show an example run time scenario for this orchestration with the Process Orchestration Jobs Sequentially check box not selected:

1. An insertion into the database occurs, triggering the first instance of the orchestration to be created.
2. The first instance of the orchestration starts processing the insert branch of the Pick activity.
3. Before Get Inserted Rows activity completes in the first orchestration instance, a deletion in the database occurs triggering a second instance of the orchestration to be created.
4. The second instance of the orchestration starts processing the delete branch of the Pick activity.

This is undesirable behavior because first instance of the orchestration (that is processing the Get Inserted Rows activity) should complete before the second instance of the orchestration starts to process the Get Inserted Rows activity to avoid a potential primary key exception in the database. These database actions should occur sequentially. To force the instances of the orchestration to run sequentially, select the Process

Orchestration Jobs Sequentially check box for the orchestration. With this option set, the instances of the orchestration are run one at a time and conflicts, like primary key exceptions, are avoided.

Complete the following steps to set all jobs to run in a single instance check box.


Note: Selecting this option decreases the performance of the project.

Procedure

1. Select the Project tab and expand the Orchestrations folder.
2. To open an orchestration, double-click an orchestration in the Orchestrations folder. The orchestration is displayed.
3. If the orchestration options are not displayed the bottom part of the orchestration tab, select Orchestration > Properties from the toolbar menu.
4. Select the Process Orchestration Jobs Sequentially check box. This option is automatically selected if the orchestration contains shared variables.

Parent topic: [Orchestrations](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/orch_Processing_Orchestration_Jobs_Sequentially.html

Enabling persistence

The Orchestration pane contains an Enable Persistence check box that by default is selected. The setting of the Enable Persistence check box affects the way orchestration jobs are restarted after a failure.

About this task

The effect of setting of the Enable Persistence check box is described by the following two options:

Enable Persistence check box is selected

During run time if an orchestration job is running and a failure occurs that causes the job to stop, when the orchestration is restarted, the original job continues processing where it stopped and no in-flight messages are lost.

Enable Persistence check box is cleared

During run time if an orchestration job is running and a failure occurs that causes the job to stop, when the orchestration is restarted, the current job does not complete and the in-flight messages are lost.

When the Enable Persistence check box is cleared the run time performance is improved.

You may want to enable persistence for the FTP Poll Directory activity. For example, if you disable persistence and have an orchestration job with a FTP Poll Directory activity with the Keep in place option selected, during run time if a failure occurs that causes the job to stop, when the orchestration is restarted it processes the file again. The state of the job is lost and Integration Appliance does not know that it has already processed the file.

The following activities require that persistence be enabled when the Exactly Once option is selected in the Delivery Rules for the activity:

Database

- Poll Table
- Get Inserted Row
- Get Updated Rows
- Get Deleted Rows
- Insert Rows
- Update Rows
- Delete Rows
- Call Procedure

Email

- Get Email

FTP

- Poll Directory

JMS

- Subscribe Message
- Poll Message

MQ

- Poll Message

SAP

- Receive IDOC
- Send IDOC

SFDC

- Poll Deleted Objects
- Poll Updated Objects

Domino®


- Get Created Documents
- Get Deleted Documents
- Get Updated Documents

Procedure

1. To change the setting of the Enable Persistence check box, select Orchestration > Properties from the toolbar menu. The Orchestration pane is displayed.
2. Select Enable Persistence check box.

Parent topic: [Orchestrations](#)

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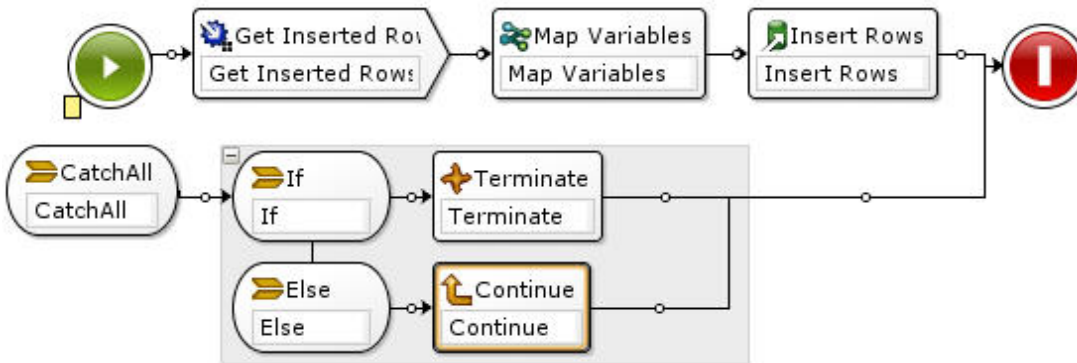
http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/enabling_persistence.html

Adding a global exception handler to an orchestration

During run time if any of the activities of the orchestration throws an exception, and a global exception handler has been enabled, the global CatchAll branch is run.


About this task

The following figure shows an example orchestration:



In this example, if either the Database Get Inserted or the Database Insert Rows activities fail and throw an exception, the If..Then activity in the CatchAll branch is run.

Procedure

1. Right-click the start icon  of the orchestration and from the menu, and select the Add CatchAll Branch option. The CatchAll branch is added to the orchestration and the following variables are automatically created:
 - o `faultName` - During run time, the `faultName` variable contains the name of the exception thrown by an activity in the orchestration.
 - o `faultData` - During run time, the `faultData` variable contains the error message associated with the exception. This additional information is only currently returned for the Web Services activities. For Web Services activities, the `faultData` variable contains the fault.
 - o `faultInfo` - During run time, the `faultInfo` variable returns the following nodes:
 - `name` - During run time, the `faultInfo/name` node contains the name of the exception thrown by an activity in the orchestration. The `faultInfo/name` node is an `xsd:QName` type.
 - `message` - During run time, the `faultInfo/message` node contains the error message associated with the exception. The `faultInfo/message` node is an `xsd:string` type.
 - `activityId` - During run time, the `faultInfo/activityId` node contains the activity ID that uniquely identifies the activity where the exception occurred. The `faultInfo/activityId` node is an `xsd:int` type.
 - `activityName` - During run time, the `faultInfo/activityName` node contains the activity name where the exception occurred. The `faultInfo/activityName` node is an `xsd:string` type.
 - `faultTime` - During run time, the `faultInfo/faultTime` node contains the time the error occurred. The `faultInfo/faultTime` node is an `xsd:dateTime` type.

Note: The exception name returned by an activity in the `faultName` variable and the `faultInfo/name` node may change in a future release.
2. Configure the CatchAll branch by dragging activities from the Activities tab to the CatchAll branch, as shown in the preceding figure.


Results

Note: The scope of the `faultName`, `faultData`, and `faultInfo` variables is limited to the CatchAll branch. This scope limitation means that the value of the these variables is only guaranteed to be valid within the CatchAll

branch. For example, if you add a If...Then activity that tests the value of the faultName variable, the If...Then activity must be placed inside the CatchAll branch as shown in the preceding figure.

Parent topic: [Orchestrations](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Adding_a_Global_Exception_Handler_to_an_Orchestration.html

Saving an image of an orchestration


You can save a graphical image of the current orchestration as a ,jpg file.

Procedure

1. To create, or open, an existing orchestration double-click an orchestration in the Orchestrations folder of the Project tab. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Click an activity in the orchestration and select the Orchestration > Save as an Image option from the Studio toolbar menu. The Save Orchestration Flow to an Image dialog box is displayed.
3. Browse for a directory location.
4. In the File Name field, enter the complete name of the file including the jpg extension. For example:
ProcessPO.jpg.
5. Click Save. The image file is saved to the file system.

Parent topic: [Orchestrations](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Saving_an_Image_of_an_Orchestration.html

Connection Activities

- [Creating an endpoint](#)
You can create an endpoint from either the Activities tab or the Project tab. Use the Activities tab when you are in the process of building an orchestration and want to use the endpoint straight away. Use the Project tab to configure a set of endpoints for later use.
- [Downloading plug-in connectors](#)
Plug-in connectors are additional connectors that you can download into Studio and access like a built-in connector. When you download a plug-in connector, the connector is displayed in the Activities tab

with all the other built-in connectors. You can now drag the plug-in connector activities into the Studio workspace to create an orchestration.

- [Uninstalling Plug-in Connectors](#)

Plug-in connectors are additional connectors that you can download into Studio and access like a built-in connector. They can be uninstalled from the same location as they are downloaded.

- [Using an existing endpoint](#)

You can define an endpoint and reuse it for connection activities within the same project.


- [Polling interval behavior](#)

Some starter activities poll for a change in state at the specified polling interval. Once the poll occurs and the change of state is detected, an orchestration job is started to start processing.

- [Using the Shift-JIS encoding](#)

During run time, if the Shift-JIS encoding is specified, the Integration Appliance will not convert some of the double-byte characters.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/toc_connectionactivities.html

Creating an endpoint

You can create an endpoint from either the Activities tab or the Project tab. Use the Activities tab when you are in the process of building an orchestration and want to use the endpoint straight away. Use the Project tab to configure a set of endpoints for later use.

Creating an endpoint from the Activities tab

1. Drag a connection activity from the Activities tab to the orchestration. The **Checklist** is displayed in the lower left side of the pane. The summary information is displayed, on the right.
2. By default, the Activity Name displayed is the name of the connection activity; for example, `FTP Poll Directory`. To change the name, enter the new name in the field.
3. Select Pick Endpoint from the **Checklist**. The endpoint pane is displayed to the right.
4. Click New. The Create Endpoint dialog is displayed.

Note: The dialog contents vary depending on what type of connection activity you create.

Creating an endpoint by right-clicking in the Project tab

1. Right-click on the endpoints folder in the Project tab.
2. Select Create Endpoint > *EndpointType*, where *EndpointType* is type of endpoint. A new endpoint is created and displayed under the endpoints folder in the Project tab with a default name. An Endpoint tab is displayed in the main Studio pane.
3. Change the default name.
4. Press Return.
5. Configure the endpoint by specifying values in the Endpoint tab.

Note: The fields in the tab are identical to the fields displayed for the same type of endpoint created from the Activities tab.

Creating an endpoint by clicking the New Endpoint icon in the Project tab


1. Click the Project tab.
2. In the Project tab, click the New Endpoint icon. A list with all types of endpoints is displayed.
3. Select an Endpoint type.
4. Change the default name.
5. Press Return.

Creating an endpoint by right-clicking in the Project tab

1. Right-click on the endpoints folder in the Project tab.
2. Select Create Endpoint *EndpointType*, where *EndpointType* is type of endpoint. A new endpoint is created and displayed under the endpoints folder in the Project tab with a default name. An Endpoint tab is displayed in the main Studio pane.
3. Change the default name.
4. Press Return.
5. Configure the endpoint by specifying values in the Endpoint tab.
Note: The fields in the tab are identical to the fields displayed for the same type of endpoint created from the Activities tab.

Parent topic: [Connection Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/creating_endpoint.html

Downloading plug-in connectors

Plug-in connectors are additional connectors that you can download into Studio and access like a built-in connector. When you download a plug-in connector, the connector is displayed in the Activities tab with all the other built-in connectors. You can now drag the plug-in connector activities into the Studio workspace to create an orchestration.

About this task

When you download plug-in connectors you can view available and installed plug-in connectors. Click the Available tab to view the names and versions of all the plug-in connectors that are available for download. Click the Installed tab to view the names and versions of all the plug-in connectors that you have already downloaded and installed on Studio. You can check for updates to these lists on startup or at one of the following intervals: daily, weekly, on alternative weeks, monthly, or never. Select the update interval and click Check Now to refresh the lists.

To download a plug-in connector complete the following steps:

Procedure


1. Select Solutions > Plugin Connectors. The Login window is displayed.

Note: If you are already logged into the IBM® Cast Iron® services, the Plugin Connector window is displayed and you can omit steps 2 and 3.

2. Specify the user name and password that IBM Support has provided you with. If you do not have login information, request a login from IBM Support.
3. Click OK. The Plugin Connectors window is displayed.
4. In the Available tab, select a connector.
5. Click Install. The plug-in connector is displayed in the Installed tab.

Parent topic: [Connection Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/downloading_plugin_connectors.html

Using an existing endpoint


You can define an endpoint and reuse it for connection activities within the same project.

Procedure

1. Select the connection activity from within the orchestration.
2. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist.
3. Click Browse. The Project Explorer dialog box displays.
4. Select an endpoint from the list and click OK. The endpoint information is displayed.

Parent topic: [Connection Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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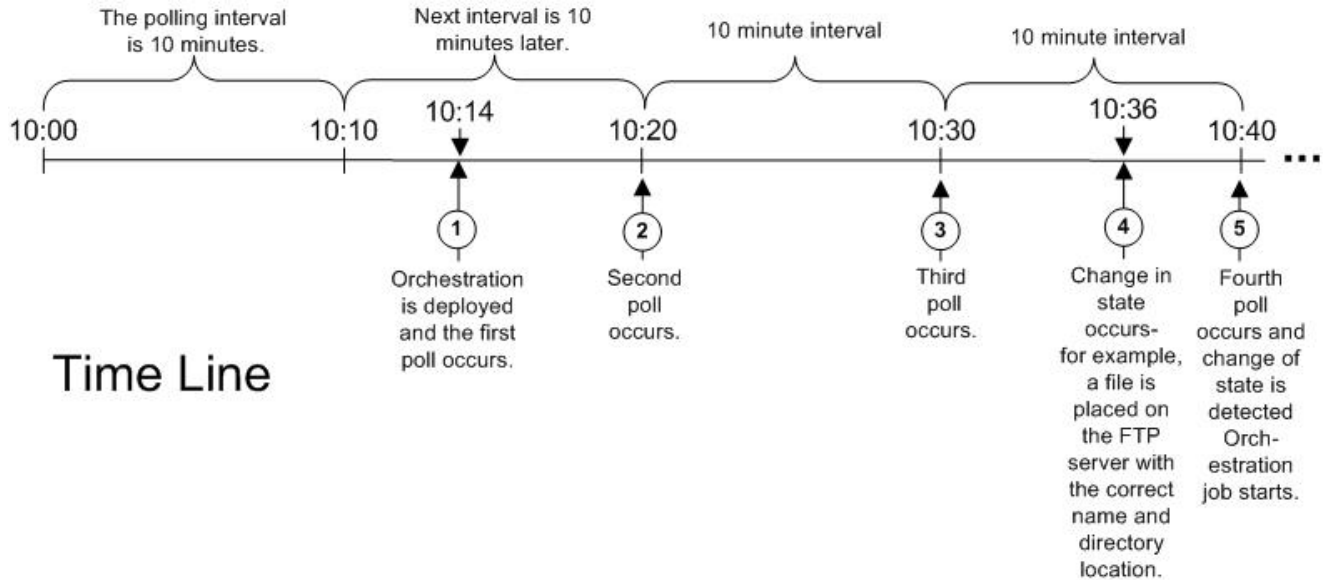
http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/conn_Using_an_Existing_Endpoint.html

Polling interval behavior

Some starter activities poll for a change in state at the specified polling interval. Once the poll occurs and the change of state is detected, an orchestration job is started to start processing.

For example, during run time, the **FTP Poll Directory** activity polls for the existence of the specified file or files on the FTP server at the specified location and polling interval.

You specify the polling interval for the starter activity in the **Delivery Rules** task of the **Checklist** for the activity. The polling interval determines how often a poll occurs to check for a change in state. Once an orchestration that starts with a polling starter activity is published and deployed, the first poll occurs when the orchestration is deployed and the second poll occurs at the next time interval in the polling schedule. For example, if the polling interval is 10 minutes and the orchestration is deployed at 10:14 PM, the first poll occurs at 10:14 PM and the second poll occurs at 10:20 PM, which is the next interval of 10 minutes, as shown in the following figure:



The intervals start at the beginning of the hour, 10:00 PM in this example.

Note: When specifying the polling interval in days, the Integration Appliance uses UTC time zone and not the local time zone to determine when to poll. When the Polling Interval is set to `days` in the **Delivery Rules** task, the Integration Appliance polls at the start of the day (00:00) using the UTC time zone and not the local time zone specified for the Integration Appliance. For example, if your Integration Appliance is set to Pacific Standard Time (PST) which is 8 hours behind Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) and the Polling Interval was set to 1 day, the poll occurs at 00:00 in the UTC time zone which is equivalent to 4:00 PM (16:00 in 24 hour time) in the PST time zone.

The following starter activities poll for a change in state:

- Database Get Inserted Rows
- Database Get Updated Rows
- Database Get Deleted Rows
- Database Poll Table
- Get Email
- FTP Poll Directory
- MQ Poll Queue

Parent topic: [Connection Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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Using the Shift-JIS encoding

During run time, if the Shift-JIS encoding is specified, the Integration Appliance will not convert some of the double-byte characters.

About this task


The Integration Appliance does not convert the double-byte characters listed in the following table:

Hexadecimal Shift-JIS Character Code	Hexadecimal Unicode Character Code	Description
0x815C	U+2014	Em Dash
0x8160	U+301C	Wave Dash
0x8161	U+2016	Double Vertical Line
0x817C	U+2212	Minus Sign
0x8191	U+00A2	Cent Sign
0x8192	U+00A3	Pound Sign
0x81CA	U+00AC	Not Sign

Use the CP943 encoding instead of the Shift-JIS encoding.

Parent topic: [Connection Activities](#)

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<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>


http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Using_the_Shift-JIS_Encoding.html

Template Integration Process (TIPs)

- [About the Template Integration Project \(TIP\) Configuration Editor](#)
Use the TIP Configuration Editor to drag objects from Studio into the TIP Configuration Editor workspace to create and modify Template Integration Projects (TIPs), which you can upload to the Cast Iron® solutions repository for other users to access.
- [Creating a Template Integration Project \(TIP\)](#)
You can create, and modify, Template Integration Projects (TIPs) using the TIP Configuration Editor to drag objects from Studio into the TIP Configuration Editor.
- [Modifying a Template Integration Project \(TIP\)](#)
You can modify a Template Integration Project (TIP) from the Studio menu.
- [Verifying a Template Integration Project \(TIP\)](#)
You can verify a Template Integration Project (TIP) from the Studio menu using the same process as for verifying an orchestration.

- [Searching for Template Integration Projects \(TIPs\)](#)
Template Integration Projects (TIPs) are stored in the Cast Iron solutions repository. Through the Configuration Wizard, TIPs guide you through the configuration steps for an integration scenario. TIPs can be downloaded to your local machine. The login window is pre-populated with the User Name and Password to make it easier for you to download the TIPs, without registration.
- [Rating and Reviewing Template Integration Projects \(TIPs\)](#)
You can rate and provide a review for all Template Integration Projects (TIP) that you download.
- [Uploading Template Integration Projects \(TIPs\) to the Cast Iron solutions repository](#)
You can upload Template Integration Projects (TIPs) that you have created to the Cast Iron solutions repository.

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/toc_TIPsandPIPs.html

About the Template Integration Project (TIP) Configuration Editor

Use the TIP Configuration Editor to drag objects from Studio into the TIP Configuration Editor workspace to create and modify Template Integration Projects (TIPs), which you can upload to the Cast Iron® solutions repository for other users to access.

When you have created a TIP, you can use the Configuration Wizard to configure the project for your integration scenario.

When you close the TIP Configuration Editor all changes are saved. However, if you close the project in Studio before you save your changes in the TIP Configuration Editor, the changes you made in the TIP Configuration Editor are not saved.

You can launch the TIP Configuration Editor from the Studio menu. Select Tools > TIP Configuration Editor.

TIP Configuration Editor Workspace

The TIP Configuration Editor workspace contains the Edit and Preview tabs.

In the Edit tab, you can use the interface to build the pages for each step in the TIP. You can use this interface to drag images directly into the Description and Summary Content fields. By selecting the Show Markup option at the bottom of the tab, you can edit the underlying HTML source for the page.

You can view the page for the TIP step in the Configuration Wizard use the Preview option.


TIP Configuration Editor Modes

The TIP Configuration Editor has a compact mode, which shows only a panel with the Steps list. Click the compact mode icon, in the upper right corner of the Steps list, to collapse or expand the TIP Configuration Editor. When you select the Sync Selection option at the end of the Steps list, the Studio application is opened

and automatically navigates to the entity corresponding to the step in the TIP Configuration Editor that you are editing.

Parent topic: [Template Integration Process \(TIPs\)](#)

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Creating a Template Integration Project (TIP)

You can create, and modify, Template Integration Projects (TIPs) using the TIP Configuration Editor to drag objects from Studio into the TIP Configuration Editor.

About this task

You can upload to the Cast Iron® solutions repository for other users to access. After using the TIP Configuration Editor to create a TIP, you can use the Configuration Wizard to configure the project for your integration scenario.

Important: Only the creator of a TIP can modify the TIP. However, after you upload your TIP to the Cast Iron solutions repository and it is certified by IBM®, you no longer have the ability to delete your TIP from the Cast Iron solutions repository.

Procedure


1. From the Studio menu, select Tools > TIP Configuration Editor. The TIP Configuration Editor window shows.
2. Define the steps for the TIP using one of the following methods:
 - Adding one of the TIP Configuration Editor's predefined step types:
 - a. Click Add. The Select Type window opens.
 - b. Select the appropriate option and click OK. The new step is displayed beneath the highlighted step in the Steps list. You can shuffle the order of the steps by selecting the step and moving it to the appropriate locations on the list.
 - Dragging a Studio object into the TIP Configuration Editor:
 - a. Select a Studio object.
 - b. Drag the object to the appropriate position on the Steps list. You can shuffle the order of the list by selecting a step and moving it to the required position on the list.
 - c. Optional: You can drag images directly into the Description and Summary Content fields of the various steps.
 - Deleting a step:
 - a. Select a step in the Steps list. Your selection is indicated by bold type
 - b. Click Delete.
 - Renaming a step:
 - a. Double-click a step in the Steps list. The step name becomes an editable field.
 - b. Enter the required name of the step.

Or

- a. Select a step in the Steps list. Your selection is indicated by bold type.
 - b. In the Edit tab, edit the value in the Name field.
3. In the Edit tab, define properties for each step:
- a. Select a step in the Steps list. Your selection is indicated by bold type. The Edit tab opens a form showing the properties for the selected step.
 - b. Optional: Optional: Select the Show Markup option to view the HTML markup for the Description and Summary Content sections of the form. Right-click these sections to see a list of available HTML styles.
- In the HTML source view, you can add images to the Description and Summary Content fields by dropping an image into either field. The image is converted to a file with a “.b64” extension, which can be referenced as a relative path. For example: ``.
- Referencing images outside of the project structure is supported by using fully-qualified HTTP paths. For example: ``
- Note: Selecting the Show Markup option only shows the HTML markup for the selected step.
- c. Complete the form.
 - d. Preview the results in the Preview tab.
4. Click Close. The TIP Configuration Editor saves all changes and closes.

Parent topic: [Template Integration Process \(TIPs\)](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/TIPPIP_Creating_TIPs.html

Modifying a Template Integration Project (TIP)


You can modify a Template Integration Project (TIP) from the Studio menu.

About this task

Procedure

1. From the Studio menu, select Tools > TIP Configuration Editor. The TIP Configuration Editor window is opened.
2. Update the appropriate step or configuration.
3. Click Close. The TIP Configuration Editor saves all changes and closes.

Parent topic: [Template Integration Process \(TIPs\)](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/TIPPIP_Modifying_TIPs.html

Verifying a Template Integration Project (TIP)


You can verify a Template Integration Project (TIP) from the Studio menu using the same process as for verifying an orchestration.

About this task

Procedure

1. From the Studio menu, select Solutions > TIP Configuration Editor. The Configuration Wizard is displayed.
2. If the TIP does not have a Verify Orchestration step, add one before the Finish step. To add a Verify Orchestration step, select Tools > Edit Configuration Wizard and add a Verify Orchestration step.
3. Click Next to step through the orchestration.
4. When you reach the Verify Orchestration step, click Start Orchestration.

Parent topic: [Template Integration Process \(TIPs\)](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/TIPPIP_Verifying_TIPs.html

Searching for Template Integration Projects (TIPs)

Template Integration Projects (TIPs) are stored in the Cast Iron® solutions repository. Through the Configuration Wizard, TIPs guide you through the configuration steps for an integration scenario. TIPs can be downloaded to your local machine. The login window is pre-populated with the User Name and Password to make it easier for you to download the TIPs, without registration.

Procedure


1. From the Solutions menu, select Search For TIPs. The Login window is displayed with the pre-populated User Name and Password. These credentials have the access privilege only to download TIPs.
Note: You can also log on by clicking the Login link present on the right-hand side, near the memory bar.
2. If you already have the credentials to log on, specify the user name and password. You can specify default login settings for the central repository in the Preferences dialog.
3. Click OK. The Search window is displayed and a confirmation message displays at the end of the main Studio window.

4. In the Search window, choose Keywords, Filter, or My TIPs as the method by which you want to search for TIPs.
 - o If you select the Keywords search option, the Keywords field is displayed.
 - a. Enter a search keyword.
 - b. Click Go. The results are displayed in the Results table and a "Searching ... completed" message is displayed at the end of the Search window. For example, if you enter the keyword USECASES, all TIPs under the USECASES category in the Cast Iron solutions repository are returned.
 - o If you select Filter search option, the filter options: Source Endpoint, Target Endpoint, Integration Patterns, and Searchable Keywords are displayed.
 - a. You must specify a value for at least one filter option. The options lists provide valid values.
 - b. Click Query. The results are displayed in the Results table and a "Searching ... completed" message is displayed at the end of the Search window.
 - o If you select My TIPs, all TIPs that you have created are displayed in the Results table.
5. In the Results table, select a TIP. The details for the project are displayed in the details section.
6. Optional: You can rate the TIP that you have selected.
 - a. Click the Edit Review link. The Publish Review window is displayed.
 - b. Move the slider until the appropriate number of stars are highlighted. Rate the TIP on a scale between 1-5, 5 being the highest rating.
 - c. In the My Title field, add a brief description for your review.
 - d. In the My Summary field, add more details about your review of the project.
 - e. Click OK. Studio submits the review to the Cast Iron solutions repository.
7. In the Search window, click Download. The Select directory where to save the TIP window is displayed.
8. Specify the download directory and click Open. The project is saved to the directory you specified and Studio opens the Configuration Wizard for the project.

Parent topic: [Working with projects](#)

Parent topic: [Template Integration Process \(TIPs\)](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/PIP_Searching_for_PIPs.html

Rating and Reviewing Template Integration Projects (TIPs)

You can rate and provide a review for all Template Integration Projects (TIP) that you download.

About this task

Ratings are given on a scale of 1-5, where 5 is the highest rating. When you submit your rating and review for a TIP, Studio uploads the information to the Cast Iron® solutions repository. Your rating is combined with any other ratings that have been submitted by other reviewers and the average is displayed in the Details pane of the specific TIP.

You can rate and review TIPs using the Configuration Wizard to complete TIP configurations or by accessing the Publish Review dialog box.


Procedure

When you open a TIP in the Configuration Wizard, the last step provides an opportunity to rate and review the TIP.

1. Select Solutions > Start Configuration Wizard. The Configuration Wizard opens.
 2. Complete each step of the wizard or just click Finish to go directly to the rating and review page.
 3. In the rating and review page, move the My Rating slider until the appropriate number of stars are highlighted. Ratings are on a scale between 1 and 5; 1 is the lowest, and 5 is the highest rating.
 4. In the My Title field, add a brief description for your review.
 5. In the My Summary field, add more details about your review of the project.
 6. Click Submit Review. Studio submits the review to the Cast Iron solutions repository.
 7. Click Close.
- [Rating and Reviewing Template Integration Projects \(TIPs\) using the Publish Review Dialog box](#)
You can rate and provide a review for all Template Integration Projects (TIPs) that you download.

Parent topic: [Template Integration Process \(TIPs\)](#)

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Rating and Reviewing Template Integration Projects (TIPs) using the Publish Review Dialog box

You can rate and provide a review for all Template Integration Projects (TIPs) that you download.

About this task

You can rate and review a TIP without having to complete the configuration steps listed in the Configuration Wizard, by using the Publish Review dialog box.

Procedure


1. In Studio, select Solutions > Create Review. The Publish Review window opens.
2. Move the My Rating slider until the appropriate number of stars is highlighted. Ratings are on a scale between 1 and 5; 1 is the lowest, and 5 is the highest rating.
3. In the My Title field, add a brief description for your review.
4. In the My Summary field, add more details about your review of the project.
5. Click OK. Studio submits the review to the Cast Iron® solutions repository.

What to do next

You can edit a review by clicking the Edit Review link. The Publish Review window opens. Complete steps 3-5 as described in the preceding procedure.

Parent topic: [Rating and Reviewing Template Integration Projects \(TIPs\)](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/TIPPIP_Rating_and_Reviewing_TIPs_Publishreviewdialog.html

Uploading Template Integration Projects (TIPs) to the Cast Iron solutions repository

You can upload Template Integration Projects (TIPs) that you have created to the Cast Iron® solutions repository.

Procedure

1. From the Studio menu, select Solutions > Upload Project to Repository. The Upload Project Wizard opens.
2. Enter the following summary information:

Option	Description
Parameter	Description
Name	Name of TIP.
Path	Specify the location in the Cast Iron solutions repository to which Studio uploads the TIP.
Category	Specify the type of TIP created: <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Usecases○ Best Practices○ Utilities○ General
Description	Enter a brief description of the TIP.

3. Click Next.
4. Enter source and target endpoint information for the project:

Option	Description
Source Endpoint Parameter	Description
Name	Name of source endpoint.
Description	Enter a brief description of the source endpoint.
Version	Specify a version number for the source endpoint configuration.
Option	Description
Target Endpoint Parameter	Description

Option	Description
Name	Name of target endpoint.
Description	Enter a brief description of the target endpoint.
Version	Specify the version number of the target endpoint configuration.

5. Click Next.


6. Enter details about project patterns:

Option	Description
Parameters	Description
Name/Description	Name/Value pair for project patterns Click the appropriate field to specify the name and description for the project pattern. Click Add to specify additional patterns. Click Delete to remove specified patterns.
Searchable Tags	You can use this string value later to search for the project.
Creator	Identify the person or entity that created the project. For example: John Smith or IBM®.
Version	Specify the version of the TIP you are uploading to the Cast Iron solutions repository.

7. Click Finished. Studio uploads the TIP to the Cast Iron solutions repository.

Parent topic: [Template Integration Process \(TIPs\)](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/TIPPIP_Uploading_TIPs.html

Transform Activities

- [Map Variables Activity](#)
You can create a new Map Variables activity in an orchestration.
- [Read MIME activity](#)
During run time, the **Read MIME** activity reads the MIME header and the body of the message. The **Read MIME** activity breaks up the attachments contained in the body of the message and places the result into the parts XML output parameter, as shown in the figure below.
- [Write MIME activity](#)
During run time the **Write MIME** activity constructs a MIME header and the body of the message from multiple attachments contained in the parts XML input parameter and optionally the **mimeheader** input parameter, as shown in the figure below.
- [Read XML activity](#)
The **Read XML** activity takes an XML document and parses it to a defined schema. XML data is returned

from this activity as the output parameter and the data can be used in subsequent activities.

- [Write XML activity](#)

The **Write XML** activity takes a complex (XML) variable and outputs a string in the XML format containing the data held in the complex variable. This string can then be written to a file or a database.

- [Validate XML activity](#)

During run time, the **Validate XML** activity determines if the input XML data is valid to the specified XML Schema or WSDL.

- [Read JSON activity](#)

The **Read JSON** activity takes a JSON or XML message and parses it to a defined schema to generate an output structure that can be used by the orchestration. At runtime this activity parses the JSON message and generates equivalent XML that can be mapped to other Studio activities.

- [Write JSON activity](#)

The **Write JSON** activity takes a structure equivalent to JSON as input and outputs a string in the JSON format containing the data held in the complex variable. This string can then be written to a file or posted using HTTP.

- [Validate JSON activity](#)

During run time, the **Validate JSON** activity determines if the input JSON or XML data is valid to the specified XML schema.

- [Read Flat File activity](#)

The Read Flat File activity converts flat file data (non-XML data) to XML data by applying the specified Flat File Schema. XML data is returned from this activity as the output parameter.


- [Write Flat File activity](#)

The Write Flat File activity converts data from an orchestration into flat file data (non-XML data) that is valid to the specified Flat File Schema.

- [Apply XSLT activity](#)

You can use the Apply XSLT activity to transform XML data, stored in one XML variable, to XML data, stored in another XML variable, using the specified XSLT stylesheet.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/toc_transformactivities.html

Map Variables Activity

You can create a new Map Variables activity in an orchestration.

About this task

Using the Map Variables activity you can transform and initialize variables. You can transform the data from one or more source variables to the data stored in one or more destination variables. For more information see [About Maps](#).

You can create a new Map Variables activity by completing one of the following procedures:

Procedure

1. Open or [create an orchestration](#)
2. If the activity is mapping variables that conform to a particular XML Schema or DTD, upload the XML Schema or DTD file into your project using [Uploading Files into a Project](#).
3. Open the Activities tab.
4. Drag the Map Variables activity from the Activities tab onto the orchestration.
5. If not already selected, click Design The Mapping Editor is displayed in the lower part of the pane.
6. [Add variables](#) to the From Orchestration pane.
7. [Add variables](#) to the To Orchestration pane.
8. Drag a source node from the From Orchestration pane to a destination node in the To Orchestration pane. If the mapping is valid, a link (line) displays from the source node to the destination node, indicating that a mapping rule has been established. Repeat this step until all the required nodes have been mapped.
9. If possible, test your mappings to ensure that the output is what you expect. For more information, see [Testing maps](#).


Note: The Extensible Markup Language (XML) specification prohibits the use of non-printing unicode control characters. The accepted character range is:

```
Char      :=      #x9 | #xA | #xD | [#x20-#xD7FF] | [#xE000-#xFFFF] |
[#x10000-#x10FFFF]
```

Note: You can replace a variable used in the map without changing the links of the map. For more information, see [Replacing a Variable used in a Map](#)

Parent topic: [Transform Activities](#)

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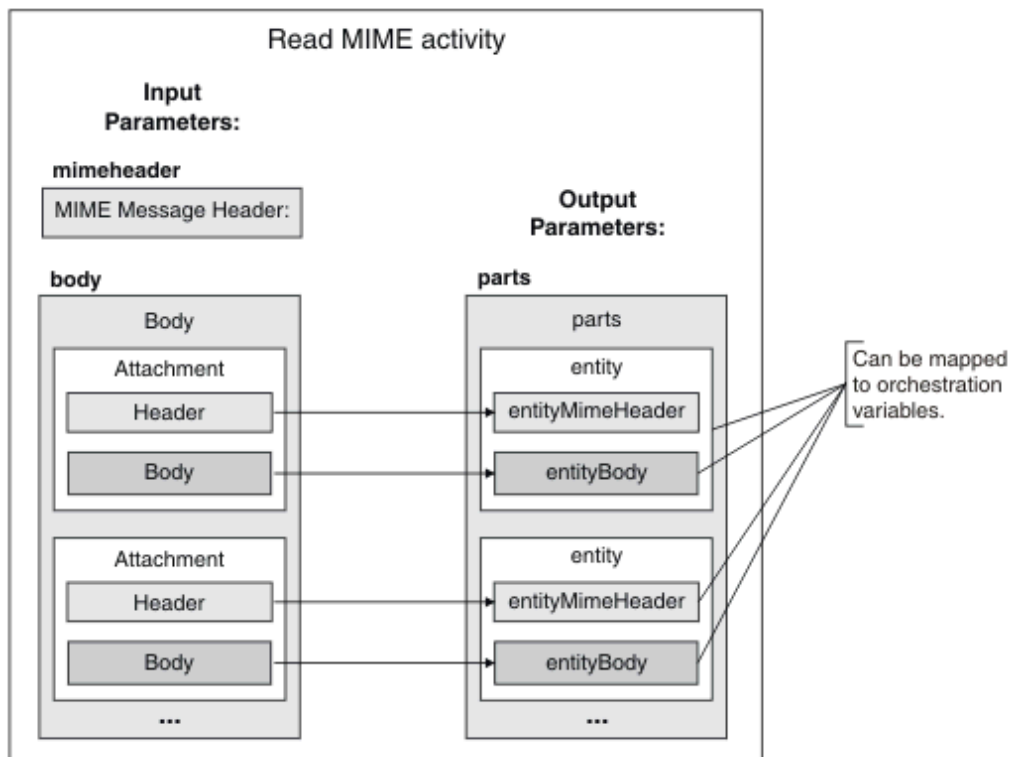
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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Map_Activity.html

Read MIME activity

During run time, the **Read MIME** activity reads the MIME header and the body of the message. The **Read MIME** activity breaks up the attachments contained in the body of the message and places the result into the parts XML output parameter, as shown in the figure below.

For example, an orchestration could contain a **Get Email** activity, that during run time gets an email message from a POP3 endpoint and places the resulting email message in two variables, one XML variable that contains the mail header and another string variable that contains the body of the email message. The next activity in the orchestration could be a **Read MIME** activity that maps the contents of the mail header and the body variables to its input parameters. If the mail message contains attachments, the **Read MIME** activity then breaks up the attachments contained in the body of the message and places the result into the parts XML output parameter.



- [Adding a Read MIME activity to an orchestration](#)
Perform the steps in this section to add a **Read MIME** activity to an orchestration.
- [Mapping the input of the activity](#)
In this task, you map the XML variable containing the MIME header part of the mail header and the string variable containing the body of the message to the mimeheader and body input parameters of the **Read MIME** activity, respectively. Variables must be mapped to the mime header and body input parameters—both input parameters are required. The mime header input parameter is of type XML and the body input parameter is of type string.
- [Mapping the output to an activity](#)
In this task, you map the elements of the parts XML output parameter to variable(s).

Parent topic: [Transform Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Read_Mime_activity.html

Adding a Read MIME activity to an orchestration

Perform the steps in this section to add a **Read MIME** activity to an orchestration.


Procedure

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration displays.

2. Select the **Activities** tab and expand the **Transform** folder.
3. Drag the **Read MIME** activity onto the orchestration. Place the **Read MIME** activity after the activity that gets the message, for example a Get Email activity.
4. Select the **Read MIME** activity and configure it as described in the next section.

Parent topic: [Read MIME activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Add_Read_MIME_to_Orchestration.html

Mapping the input of the activity

In this task, you map the XML variable containing the MIME header part of the mail header and the string variable containing the body of the message to the mimeheader and body input parameters of the **Read MIME** activity, respectively. Variables must be mapped to the mime header and body input parameters—both input parameters are required. The mime header input parameter is of type XML and the body input parameter is of type string.

About this task

The following table defines the elements in the mimeheader input parameter:

Table 1.

Element Name	Default
mimeVersion	Currently not used.
contentType/mainType	Currently not used. The Read MIME activity determines if the message is multipart or not by parsing the message using the specified boundary delimiter
contentType/subType	Currently not used.
contentType/charset	Currently not used.
contentType/attribute/name – contentType/attribute/value	The attribute element contains a set of attributes as name/value pairs. You can specify the boundary attribute that specifies the boundary delimiter between the multipart entities of the message. If you specify the boundary attribute, it overrides the default boundary set in the message itself. If no boundary attribute is specified in the message itself or using the attribute element, an exception is thrown during run time.
contentTransferEncoding	Currently not used.

Element Name	Default
otherMime Headers	Currently not used.

The message body can contain one or more MIME parts separated by the boundary value specified in the **contentType/attribute** element of the mimeheader input parameter. Each part contains a MIME header that describes various attributes of the associated part body. How the individual part is parsed depends on the values assigned to the following parameters in the entityMimeHeader of the entity body:

- Content-Type header
- Charset attribute within the Content-Type header
- Content-Transfer-Encoding

How the part body is parsed depends on the settings of Content-Transfer-Encoding and Content-Type:

Content-Type is equal to “text:”

- If the Content-Type is “text” and the Content-Transfer-Encoding is “7-bit”/”8-bit” or “binary,” the part body is converted to an UTF8 encoded string and copied into the **entityBody** element of the **parts** output parameter.
- If the Content-Type is “text” and the Content-Transfer-Encoding is “quoted-printable,” the part body is quoted-printable decoded, converted to an UTF8 encoded string based on the charset attribute and copied into the **entityBody** element of the parts output parameter.
- If the Content-Type is “text” and the Content-Transfer-Encoding is “base64,” the part body is base64 decoded, converted to an UTF8 encoded string based on the charset attribute and copied into the **entityBody** element of the parts output parameter.


If not explicitly specified in the part MIME header, charset defaults to UTF8. The only exception to this default behavior is when the Content-Disposition is equal to “attachment” and the Content-Type is equal to “text.” In this case, the part is not be treated as text since the charset of the data cannot be known. In addition, the Content-Transfer-Encoding is set to "binary."

Content-Type is not equal to “text:”

- If the Content-Type is not equal to “text” and the Content-Transfer-Encoding is “7bit”/”8bit” or “binary,” the part body is converted to an UTF8 encoded string and copied into the **entityBody** element of the **parts** output parameter.
- If the Content-Type is not equal to “text” and the Content-Transfer-Encoding is “quoted-printable,” the part body is quoted-printable decoded, base64 encoded, and copied into the **entityBody** element of the **parts** output parameter.
- If the Content-Type is not equal to “text” and the Content-Transfer-Encoding is “base64,” the part body is copied as is (base64 data) into the **entityBody** element of the **parts** output parameter.

Parent topic: [Read MIME activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Map_Activity_Input_Read_MIME.html

Mapping the output to an activity

In this task, you map the elements of the parts XML output parameter to variable(s).

The entity/entityBody element of the parts output parameter contains the body and the attachments of the mail message. To access the body and the attachments of the mail message, you must iterate through the instances of the entity element using the For Each or While Loop activities

The order of the attachments and the body in the entity element depend on the email client that sent the message and the type of message (either plain text or HTML). For example, for a plain text email message sent from a Microsoft Outlook client, the parts output parameter consists of the following entity elements:

- The first **entityBody** element contains the body of the message.
- If an attachment was included in the message, the second **entityBody** element contains the first attachment.
- If a second attachment was included in the message, the third entityBody element contains the second attachment.

...and so on with the rest of the attachments.

You may need to decode the attachments before parsing the contents of the attachment. For example, an attachment that is encoded with the base64 encoding must be decoded before the contents of the attachment can be parsed by the Read Flat File activity. Another attachment might be text and therefore can be parsed without decoding.


Note: The Email and MIME activities can only process 8-bit or binary data using the UTF8 charset. Only MIME 1.0 compliant email messages are supported. The **Read MIME** activity can only parse email messages that have come from a MIME 1.0 compliant Email Server. If the message you are parsing in the **Read MIME** activity does not come from the Get Email activity but from another activity such as the HTTP Receive Request activity, you must create a Flat File Schema to parse the MIME header from the payload.

Parent topic: [Read MIME activity](#)

Related concepts:

[Read MIME activity](#)

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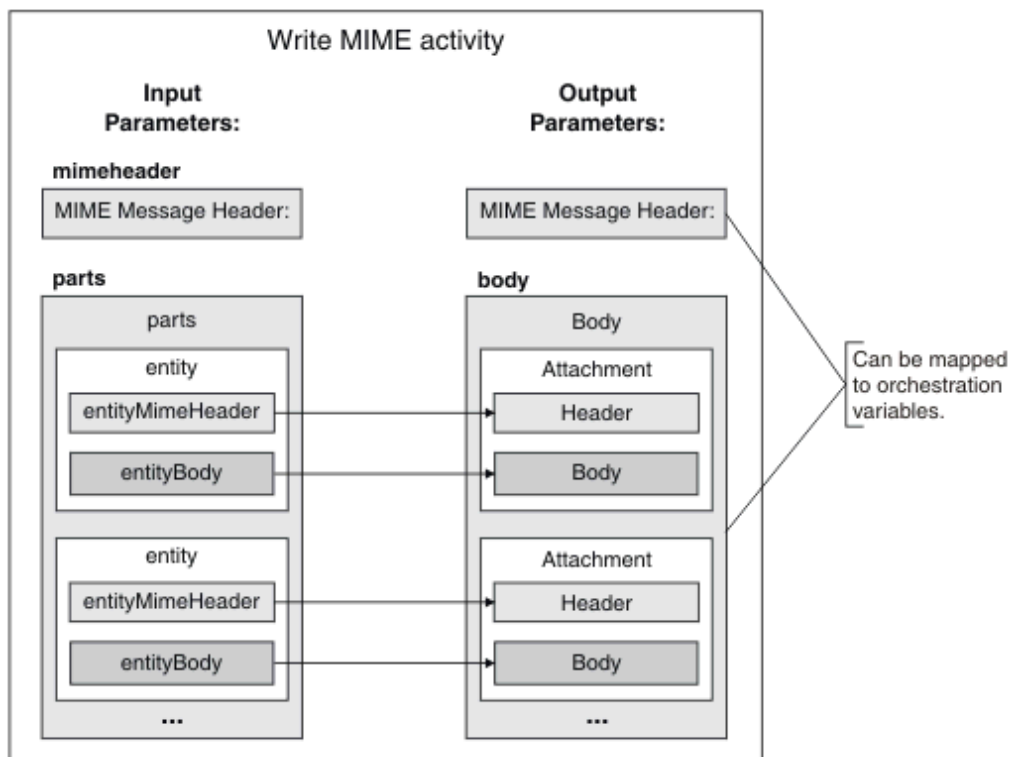
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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Map_Activity_Output_Read_MIME.html

Write MIME activity

During run time the **Write MIME** activity constructs a MIME header and the body of the message from multiple attachments contained in the parts XML input parameter and optionally the **mimeheader** input parameter, as shown in the figure below.

For example, an orchestration could contain a **Write MIME** activity, that during run time constructs a MIME header and a body of a message and places the result in two orchestration variables. The orchestration then invokes a **Send Email** activity that takes these two orchestration variables as input and builds a mail message and then sends that mail message to the specified SMTP endpoint.



The steps for adding and configuring a **Write MIME** activity in an orchestration are described in: [Adding a Write MIME activity to an orchestration](#).

- [Adding a Write MIME activity to an orchestration](#)
Perform the steps in this section to add a Write MIME activity to an orchestration.
- [Mapping the input of the activity](#)
In this task, you map the XML variables containing the MIME header and the parts (contains the attachments) to the mimeheader and parts input parameters of the **Write MIME** activity, respectively. Variable(s) must be mapped to the parts input parameter—this input parameter is required. The mimeheader input parameter is optional. If you do not map to or define default values for the elements of the **mimeheader** input parameter, default values are provided in the following table.
- [Mapping the output to an activity](#)
In this task, you map the **mimeheader** (of type XML) and **body** (of type string) output parameters to variable(s).

Parent topic: [Transform Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Write_Mime_activity.html

Adding a Write MIME activity to an orchestration


Perform the steps in this section to add a Write MIME activity to an orchestration.

Procedure

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the **Activities** tab and expand the **Transform** folder.
3. Drag the Write MIME activity onto the orchestration. Place the Write MIME activity before the activity that pushes the message to an endpoint during run time. For example, place the Write MIME activity before the Send Email activity in the orchestration. During run time, Send Email activity sends the email message to the POP3 server.
4. Select the **Write MIME** activity and configure it as described in the next section.

Parent topic: [Write MIME activity](#)

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Mapping the input of the activity

In this task, you map the XML variables containing the MIME header and the parts (contains the attachments) to the mimeheader and parts input parameters of the **Write MIME** activity, respectively. Variable(s) must be mapped to the parts input parameter—this input parameter is required. The mimeheader input parameter is optional. If you do not map to or define default values for the elements of the **mimeheader** input parameter, default values are provided in the following table.

About this task

If the mimeheader input parameter is not listed in the **To Activity** pane of the **Map Inputs** pane, select **Map > Show Optional Parameters** from the toolbar menu or right-click in the **To Activity** pane and select the **Show Optional Parameters** option. If the **Map > Show Optional Parameters** option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a element in the **Map Inputs** pane to make this option active.

The following table defines the elements in the mimeheader input parameter:

Table 1.

Child Element of the mimeheader Input Parameter	Default Value
mimeVersion	The standard MIME Version of 1.0 is assigned. The resulting MIME header is equal to the following setting: <code>MIME-Version: 1.0</code> .

Child Element of the mimeheader Input Parameter	Default Value
content Type	The value of the Content-Type setting in the resulting MIME header is equal to the following setting: <code>Content-Type: multipart/mixed</code> .
content Type/attribute/name content Type/attribute/value	The attribute element contains a set of attributes as name/value pairs. The boundary between attachments can be specified using a boundary attribute element. If a boundary attribute is not specified a default value is generated.
content Transfer Encoding	The value of the Content-Transfer-Encoding in the resulting MIME header is equal to the following setting: <code>Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7-bit</code> . NOTE: The Content-Transfer-Encoding you specify in this element for the main MIME header cannot be more restrictive than Content-Transfer-Encoding of the entity MIME headers. For example if you specify that the Content-Transfer-Encoding for the main MIME header is 7-bit but the Content-Transfer-Encoding specified in the entity MIME headers is 8-bit, the Content-Transfer-Encoding of the main MIME header is changed to 8-bit.

If you do not specify values for some of the child elements of the parts input parameter, defaults are described in the following table.

Table 2.

Child Element of the parts Input Parameter	Default Value
mim eVersion	The standard MIME Version of 1.0 is assigned. The resulting MIME header contains the following setting: <code>MIME-Version: 1.0</code> .
cont entT ype	The value of the Content-Type in the resulting MIME header contains the following setting: <code>Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII</code> .

cont entT ransf erEn codi ng	The value of the Content-Transfer-Encoding in the resulting MIME header depends on the Content-Type setting. If the Content-Type is equal to multipart, the resulting MIME header contains the following setting: <code>Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7-bit</code> . If the Content-Type is equal to text and charset is equal to not-us-ascii (where not-us-ascii is any type except US-ASCII) the resulting MIME header contains the following setting: <code>Content-Transfer-Encoding: quoted-printable</code> . If the Content-Type is equal to non-text, the resulting MIME header contains the following setting: <code>Content-Transfer-Encoding: base64</code> . NOTE: If the Content-Disposition is equal to attachment, the entity part is not treated as text.
---	---

The parts input parameter can contain one or more parts. Each part contains a MIME header that describes various attributes of the associated part body. How the individual MIME part is serialized depends on the values assigned to the following parameters in the mine header:

- Content-Type header
- Charset attribute within the Content-Type header
- Content-Transfer-Encoding

How the part body is serialized depends on the settings of Content-Transfer-Encoding and Content-Type:

Content-Type is equal to “text:”

- If the Content-Type is “text” and the Content-Transfer-Encoding is “7-bit”/”8-bit” or “binary,” the part body is converted from UTF8 charset to the charset specified and copied into the body output parameter.
- If the Content-Type is “text” and the Content-Transfer-Encoding is “quoted-printable,” the part body is converted from UTF8 charset to the charset specified, quoted-printable encoded and copied into the body output parameter.
- If the Content-Type is “text” and the Content-Transfer-Encoding is “base64,” the part body is converted from UTF8 charset to the charset specified, base64 encoded, and copied into the body output parameter.

If not explicitly specified in the part MIME header, charset defaults to "UTF8." The only exception to this default behavior is when the Content-Disposition is equal to “attachment” and the Content-Type is equal to “text.” In this case, the part is not treated as text since the charset of the data cannot be known. In addition for this case, the Content-Transfer-Encoding is set to "binary."

Content-Type is not equal to “text:”

- If the Content-Type is not equal to “text” and the Content-Transfer-Encoding is “7bit”/”8bit” or “binary,” the part body is copied to the body output parameter as is.
- If the Content-Type is not equal to “text” and the Content-Transfer-Encoding is “quoted-printable,” the part body is base64 decoded, quoted-printable encoded and copied into the body output parameter.
- If the Content-Type is not equal to “text” and the Content-Transfer-Encoding is “base64,” the part body is copied as is (base64 data) into the body output parameter.

See [Creating a Standalone Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Parent topic: [Write MIME activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

Mapping the output to an activity

In this task, you map the **mimeheader** (of type XML) and **body** (of type string) output parameters to variable(s).

For an email message with no message body and a single attachment of a text file, the text attachment becomes the body of the message.

The Email and MIME activities can only process 8-bit or binary data using the UTF8 charset.

Parent topic: [Write MIME activity](#)


Related concepts:

[Read MIME activity](#)

Related information:

[Get Email activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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Read XML activity

The **Read XML** activity takes an XML document and parses it to a defined schema. XML data is returned from this activity as the output parameter and the data can be used in subsequent activities.

About this task

The input parameter of the **Read XML** activity expects XML text. This data can be obtained from various endpoint activities such as the FTP Poll Directory activity reading a file containing XML data or HTTP Receive Request activity. The input data must be a well formed XML document or the activity will error. You must create an XML variable (see the **Variables** tab) before you can use an XML Schema in the Configure task. The XML variable can be defined by adding an XML schema to the project or by using an existing variable.

Note: If no function is defined in the Map Outputs for the Read XML activity and there is a straight mapping, in the From Activity to the To Orchestration, the XML data is passed to the output activity without validating against the schema that is specified in the XML variable.

Note: If there are any functions or other changes to the mappings in the Map Outputs for the Read XML activity, and the content does not match the schema, then an empty XML document is provided as the output of the Read XML activity.

To add a **Read XML** activity to an orchestration:

Procedure

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the **Activities** tab and expand the **Transform** folder.

3. Drag the **Read XML** activity onto the orchestration. Place it to the right of an activity from which the orchestration will obtain the XML data (for example, an FTP Poll Directory).
 4. Select the **Read XML** activity and configure it as described in [Read XML activity configuration](#).
- [Read XML activity configuration](#)
You can specify the XML Schema to apply to the **Read XML** input parameter.
 - [Read XML map inputs](#)
You can map a string variable that contains the XML data to the input parameter of the **Read XML** activity called XMLText.
 - [Read XML map output](#)
You can map the OutputXml output parameter that contains the XML data (stored as a string) to a variable valid to the specified XML Schema.


Parent topic: [Transform Activities](#)

Related tasks:

[Read XML activity configuration](#)

[Read XML map inputs](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Read_xml_Activity.html

Read XML activity configuration

You can specify the XML Schema to apply to the **Read XML** input parameter.


About this task

You must create an XML variable that defines the schema before starting this task.

Procedure

1. In the XML Variable that defines the XML schema to parse, click **Browse**. The **Select a Variable to Parse** dialog box is displayed.
2. Select the appropriate XML Variable and click **OK**.
3. Specify how to read the data passed into the XMLText input parameter during run time by selecting one of the appropriate options:
 - a. Select the **Data is text-Needs no decoding** option if the incoming data is text and does not need decoding.
 - b. Select the **Decode data using encoding type** option if incoming data is binary data that needs to be decoded using the specified encoding type. Set the encoding type by selecting a default encoding type from the **Decode data using encoding type** list or enter your encoding type by clicking in the **Decode data using encoding type** field and typing in your encoding type.
4. Click **OK**.

Parent topic: [Read XML activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Read_xml_Activity_conf.html

Read XML map inputs

You can map a string variable that contains the XML data to the input parameter of the **Read XML** activity called XMLText.

About this task

XMLText is an input parameter of type string or base64Binary. During run time the string variable must contain well formed XML data before the **Read XML** activity is run. The Encoding input parameter is optional. (You are not required to map this input parameter). If the Encoding input parameter is not listed in the **To Activity** pane of the **Map Inputs** pane, select **Map > Show Optional Parameters** from the toolbar menu or right-click the **To Activity** pane and select the **Show Optional Parameters** option. If the **Map > Show Optional Parameters** option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click a node in the **Map Inputs** pane to make the option active. The Encoding input parameter specifies how the incoming data is decoded when read.


Procedure

1. If no decoding is required, specify the string: text.
2. If decoding is required, specify the encoding type to be used to decode the incoming data. For example: UTF-8, US-ASCII, ISO-8859-1, EBCDIC-XML-US, or SHIFT_JIS.

Example

Optionally, you can override the Encoding setting you specified in the Configure task of the Checklist dynamically during run time, using the Encoding input parameter. For example, if you set the Encoding to UTF-8 in the Configure task but during run time you passed in the Encoding setting of Shift_JIS, the Encoding setting specified dynamically during run time overrides the original setting specified in the **Configure** pane. In this example, the Encoding is set to Shift_JIS. There is one exception to the dynamic overriding behavior: if the **XMLText is text-Needs no decoding** or **encoding** option is selected in the **Configure** task, the Encoding dynamically set during run time is ignored and no decoding occurs.

Parent topic: [Read XML activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Read_xml_Map_Inputs.html

Read XML map output

You can map the OutputXml output parameter that contains the XML data (stored as a string) to a variable valid to the specified XML Schema.


See [Creating a Standalone Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

During run time, an orchestration could invoke the following sequence of activities:

1. A FTP Poll Directory activity assigns the contents of a flat file to a String variable called **XMLRawContent**.
2. A **Read XML** activity assigns the contents of the **XMLRawContent** variable to the string input parameter called XMLText.
3. The **Read XML** activity converts XMLText to XML data and passes the XML data back to the orchestration via the output parameter. The contents of the output parameter are assigned to the variable valid to the XML Schema. The data XML input document can now be used and mapped within the orchestration.

Parent topic: [Read XML activity](#)

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Write XML activity

The **Write XML** activity takes a complex (XML) variable and outputs a string in the XML format containing the data held in the complex variable. This string can then be written to a file or a database.

About this task

The string is returned as an output parameter. The data from the orchestration must come from a complex variable which, on the variables tab, is indicated by the XML icon. You must create the input XML variable that defines the schema.

To add a **Write XML** activity to an orchestration:

Procedure

1. Create or open an orchestration. For more information, see [Building an orchestration](#). A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
 2. Select the **Activities** tab and expand the **Transform** folder.
 3. Drag the **Write XML** activity onto the orchestration.
 4. Select the **Write XML** activity and configure it as described in [Write XML activity configuration](#).
- [Write XML activity configuration](#)
For this task, you specify the XML Schema for the inbound data. The inbound data must be defined by an

XML variable that defines the schema. You specify the XML Schema that applies to the input parameter.

- [Write XML map inputs](#)

You can map the data from variables of the orchestration to the InputXML parameter defined by the XML Schema specified in the Configure task.

- [Write XML map output](#)

You can map the XMLText output parameter that contains the XML data to a string variable.

Parent topic: [Transform Activities](#)

Related concepts:


[Write XML map output](#)

Related tasks:

[Write XML activity configuration](#)

[Write XML map inputs](#)

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Write XML activity configuration

For this task, you specify the XML Schema for the inbound data. The inbound data must be defined by an XML variable that defines the schema. You specify the XML Schema that applies to the input parameter.

Procedure

1. In the XML variable that defines the XML schema to serialize, click **Browse**. The **Select a Variable to Serialize** dialog box is displayed.
2. Select the appropriate XML variable and click **OK**.
3. Specify how the data defined by the OutputXML output parameter is to be encoded:
 - a. Select the **Data is text-Needs no decoding or encoding** option if the data is text and does not require encoding.
 - b. Select the **Decode or encode data using encoding type** option if outgoing data is binary data that requires encoding using the specified encoding type.
4. Set the encoding type using one of the following options:
 - a. From the **Decode or encode data using encoding type** list, select one of the default encoding types.
 - b. Click directly in the **Decode or encode data using encoding type** field and enter your encoding type.
5. Click **OK**.

Parent topic: [Write XML activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

Write XML map inputs

You can map the data from variables of the orchestration to the InputXML parameter defined by the XML Schema specified in the Configure task.

About this task

The Encoding input parameter is optional. You are not required to map this input parameter. If the Encoding input parameter is not listed in the **To Activity** pane of the **Map Inputs** pane, select **Map > Show Optional Parameters** from the toolbar menu or right-click in the **To Activity** pane and select the **Show Optional Parameters** option. If the **Map > Show Optional Parameters** option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the **Map Inputs** pane to make this option active. The Encoding input parameter specifies how outgoing data should be encoded for this procedure.

Procedure

1. If no decoding is required, specify the string: **text**.
2. If encoding is required, specify the encoding type that should be used to encode the outgoing data, for example: UTF-8, US-ASCII, ISO-8859-1, EBCDIC-XML-US, or SHIFT_JIS.

Example

Optionally, you can override the Encoding setting you specified in the Configure task of the **Checklist** dynamically during run time, using the Encoding input parameter. For example, if you set the Encoding to UTF-8 in the Configure task but during run time you passed in the Encoding setting of **Shift_JIS**. The Encoding setting specified dynamically during run time overrides the original setting specified in the **Configure** pane. In this example, the Encoding is set to **Shift_JIS**. There is one exception to the dynamic overriding behavior: if the **Data is text-Needs no decoding or encoding** option is selected in the Configure task, the Encoding that is dynamically set during run time is ignored. See [Creating an orchestration](#) for more information.


Parent topic: [Write XML activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

Write XML map output

You can map the XMLText output parameter that contains the XML data to a string variable.

See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

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Validate XML activity

During run time, the **Validate XML** activity determines if the input XML data is valid to the specified XML Schema or WSDL.

The **Validate XML** activity has the following limitations:

- The **Validate XML** activity only supports the validation of the selected root element of an XML Schema. The validation of XML Schema fragments is not supported. If the XML Schema contains more than one root (or global element), you must select one of the root elements.
- The **Validate XML** activity does not support the validation of XML data against a DTD.

Note: You must upload an XSD file (ends in the .xsd extension) that contains the XML Schema into the project before configuring the **Validate XML** activity. Upload the XML Schema into the project that is used to validate the XML data during run time.

The following table describes the result when an error or warning occurs when the **Validate XML** activity is parsing XML data against an XML Schema.

Table 1.

Error/Warning Type	Description	Example	Result
Fatal Error	Parsing of the XML data fails because of a severe problem and the parsing cannot continue. For example, the XML data is not valid to the XML Schema.	The XML data is not valid to the XML Schema. For example, the XML Schema defines that there should be a root element called <d> but the XML data contains the root element called <a>.	When a fatal error occurs, the current orchestration job stops processing— even the processing of the Validate XML activity does not complete. In addition, the activities in the orchestration after the Validate XML activity are not processed. The value returned from the Validate XML activity for the success output parameter is false but since the activity never completes, nothing is returned.

Error/Warning Type	Description	Example	Result
Error (recoverable)	An error occurs during the parsing of XML data but it does not prevent the parsing of rest of the XML data.	An XML element in an integer but a string is provided as a value: <code><a><count>two</count></code>	If only recoverable errors or warnings occur during parsing, the processing of the Validate XML activity completes and the activities in the orchestration after the Validate XML activity are processed. The value of false is returned from the success output parameter.
Warning	A warning occurs during the parsing of XML data but it does not prevent the parsing of rest of the XML data		If only warnings occur during parsing, the processing of the Validate XML activity completes and the activities in the orchestration after the Validate XML activity are processed. The value of true is returned from the success output parameter.

- [Adding a Validate XML activity to an orchestration](#)
Perform the steps in this section to add a **Validate XML** activity to an orchestration.
- [Configuring a Validate XML activity](#)
Perform the steps in this section to configure a **Validate XML** activity.
- [Mapping the input to an activity](#)
Do the steps in this section to map the input to an activity for **Validate XML**.
- [Mapping the output to an activity - Validate XML](#)
Do the steps in this section to map the output to an activity for **Validate XML**.


Parent topic: [Transform Activities](#)

Related concepts:

[Mapping the input to an activity](#)

[Mapping the output to an activity - Validate XML](#)

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Adding a Validate XML activity to an orchestration

Perform the steps in this section to add a **Validate XML** activity to an orchestration.


Procedure

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the **Activities** tab and expand the **Transform** folder.

3. Drag the Validate XML activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the Validate XML activity.

Parent topic: [Validate XML activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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Configuring a Validate XML activity

Perform the steps in this section to configure a **Validate XML** activity.

Procedure

1. Click **Configure** from the **Checklist**.
2. In the **XML Schema** field, click **Browse**. The **Browse For Schema Type Element** dialog box displays. Select the XML schema to parse against during run time. You must select a root or global element and not a schema fragment. The selected XML schema defines the nodes that make up the **InputXml** input parameter in the Map Inputs task.
3. Select or clear the **Continue Parsing XML Data after First Recoverable Error** check box. (This check box defines the run-time behavior when a recoverable error occurs).


Results

If the **Continue Parsing XML Data after First Recoverable Error** check box is selected and only recoverable errors and warnings occur but no fatal errors, the processing of the **Validate XML** activity completes after the first recoverable error and the value **false** is returned from the success output parameter. Only the first error is returned in the **errors** output parameter. The activities in the orchestration after the **Validate XML** activity are processed.

If the **Continue Parsing XML Data after First Recoverable Error** check box is cleared and only recoverable errors and warnings occur but no fatal errors, the processing of the **Validate XML** activity processes all the recoverable errors and the value **false** is returned from the **success** output parameter. Messages about all the recoverable errors are returned in the repeating **Message** node of the **errors** output parameter. The activities in the orchestration after the **Validate XML** activity are processed.

Parent topic: [Validate XML activity](#)

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Mapping the input to an activity

Do the steps in this section to map the input to an activity for **Validate XML**.

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. The XML Schema you selected in the [Configuring a Validate XML activity](#) procedure becomes the input parameter for the activity. The input parameter for the activity is displayed in the **From Orchestration** pane.
2. Map the nodes of the XML Schema of the input parameter. See [Creating a Standalone Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Parent topic: [Validate XML activity](#)

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Mapping the output to an activity - Validate XML

Do the steps in this section to map the output to an activity for **Validate XML**.

To map the output of the activity:

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. The output parameters for the activity are displayed in the **From Activity** pane as described in the following table:

Table 1.

O u t p u t N o d e	Description
s	During run time, if the parsing was successful, the value of true is returned. If parsing was unsuccessful, the value of false is returned. If fatal errors occur during parsing, the value of false is returned. If recoverable errors occur during parsing, the value of false is returned. If only warnings occur during parsing, the value of true is returned. In addition, if no warnings or errors occur during parsing, the value of true is returned. Map from the success output parameter to a variable of type string. In XPATH expressions, compare the value of the string variable against the string values of true and false .

Output Node	Description
errors/errortype	The type of error/warning for the last error or warning that occurred during run time.
errors/Message	A repeating structure that contains a string that describes each error and warning that occurred during run time. All parsing warnings, fatal errors, and recoverable errors are returned.

2. Map the desired output parameters to variable(s). See [Creating a Standalone Map](#) for general instructions on mapping. You are not required to map output parameters for this activity.

Parent topic: [Validate XML activity](#)

Related tasks:

[Read XML activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

Read JSON activity

The **Read JSON** activity takes a JSON or XML message and parses it to a defined schema to generate an output structure that can be used by the orchestration. At runtime this activity parses the JSON message and generates equivalent XML that can be mapped to other Studio activities.

About this task

The input parameter of the **Read JSON** activity expects sample JSON or equivalent sample XML text. (Equivalent JSON or XML text is available from the JSON/REST API documentation). The input data must be a well formed JSON or XML message or the activity fails. If you do not use a schema, you must create a JSON variable (see the **Variables** tab) before you can use an XML schema in the Configure task. The variable can be defined by adding an XML schema to the project or by utilizing an existing variable. Once the JSON/REST sample is provided, the activity generates an equivalent structure for JSON/XML. The XML is mapped to the activity output which can be used by the orchestration. At runtime this activity consumes the JSON message and generates equivalent XML that can be mapped to other studio activities.

To add a **Read JSON** activity to an orchestration:

Procedure

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
 2. Select the **Activities** tab and expand the **Transform** folder.
 3. Drag the **Read JSON** activity onto the orchestration. Place it to the right of an activity from which the orchestration will obtain the JSON data (for example, an FTP Poll Directory).
 4. Select the **Read JSON** activity and configure it as described in [Read JSON activity](#).
- [Read JSON activity configuration](#)
You can apply a sample JSON or XML message to the **Read JSON** input parameter. Use of a schema is optional for this step.
 - [Read JSON map inputs](#)
You can map a string variable that contains JSON data to the input parameter of the **Read JSON** activity called JSONText.
 - [Read JSON map output](#)
You can map the OutputJSON output parameter that contains the JSON data (stored as a string) to a variable valid to the specified XML schema.

Parent topic: [Transform Activities](#)

Related tasks:

[Read JSON activity configuration](#)

[Read JSON map inputs](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Read_json_Activity.html

Read JSON activity configuration

You can apply a sample JSON or XML message to the **Read JSON** input parameter. Use of a schema is optional for this step.

About this task

If you're applying a JSON or XML message to the **Read JSON** input parameter, do the following steps:


Note: Because not all JSON messages contain a root node, Studio, by default, adds a virtual root element to all JSON messages during a write JSON activity. (Virtual nodes facilitate handling of rootless messages in Studio). To determine if a root node is present, view the message in the Configure panel. If the message does not contain a root element, Studio will automatically generate one during the write JSON activity and display it in the root element file. To remove the root element, delete it from the Configure panel so the output message matches the required structure.

Procedure

1. Click **Configure** from the Checklist. The Configure window is displayed.
2. In the Configure window, copy the JSON or XML message into the text area and click **Generate Output Map**. If you're specifying an XML schema to apply to the Read JSON input parameter, do the following additional steps: (a) In the **Select XML Schema** pane click the **Select XML Schema** button to browse for the XML schema, then (b) select the XML schema to parse against during run time and click **OK**. (You must select a root or global element and not a schema fragment).
3. Specify how to read the data passed into the **JSONText** input parameter during run time by selecting one of the appropriate options:
 - a. Select the **Data is text-Needs no decoding** option if the incoming data is text and does not need decoding.
 - b. Select the **Decode data using encoding type** option if incoming data is binary data that needs to be decoded using the specified encoding type. Set the encoding type by selecting a default encoding type from the **Decode data using encoding type** list or enter your encoding type by clicking in the **Decode data using encoding type** field and typing in your encoding type.
4. Click **OK**.

Parent topic: [Read JSON activity](#)

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Read JSON map inputs

You can map a string variable that contains JSON data to the input parameter of the **Read JSON** activity called JSONText.

About this task

JSONText is an input parameter of type string or base64Binary. During run time the string variable must contain well formed JSON data before the **Read JSON** activity is run. The Encoding input parameter is optional. (You are not required to map this parameter). If the Encoding input parameter is not listed in the **To Activity** pane of the **Map Inputs** pane, select **Map > Show Optional Parameters** from the toolbar menu or right-click the **To Activity** pane and select the **Show Optional Parameters** option. If the **Map > Show Optional Parameters** option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click a node in the **Map Inputs** pane to make the option active. The Encoding input parameter specifies how the incoming data is decoded when read.

Procedure


1. If no decoding is required, specify the string: text.
2. If decoding is required, specify the encoding type to be used to decode the incoming data. For example: UTF-8, US-ASCII, ISO-8859-1, EBCDIC-XML-US, or SHIFT_JIS.

Example

Optionally, you can override the Encoding setting you specified in the **Configure** task of the Checklist dynamically during run time, using the Encoding input parameter. For example, if you set the Encoding to UTF-8 in the Configure task but during run time you passed in the Encoding setting of Shift_JIS, the Encoding setting specified dynamically during run time overrides the original setting specified in the **Configure** pane. In this example, the Encoding is set to Shift_JIS. There is one exception to the dynamic overriding behavior: if the **JSONText is text-Needs no decoding** or **encoding** option is selected in the **Configure** task, the Encoding dynamically set during run time is ignored and no decoding occurs.

Parent topic: [Read JSON activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Read_json_Map_Inputs.html

Read JSON map output

You can map the OutputJSON output parameter that contains the JSON data (stored as a string) to a variable valid to the specified XML schema.

See [Creating a Standalone Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.


During run time, an orchestration could invoke the following sequence of activities:

1. An HTTP Receive activity assigns the received body to a String variable called **JSONRawContent**.
2. A **Read JSON** activity assigns the contents of the **JSONRawContent** variable to the string input parameter called JSONText.

3. The **Read JSON** activity converts JSON data to XML data and passes the XML back to the orchestration via the output parameter. The contents of the output parameter are assigned to the variable valid to the XML schema. The data JSON input document can now be used and mapped within the orchestration.

Parent topic: [Read JSON activity](#)

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Write JSON activity

The **Write JSON** activity takes a structure equivalent to JSON as input and outputs a string in the JSON format containing the data held in the complex variable. This string can then be written to a file or posted using HTTP.

About this task

The JSON string is returned as an output parameter. (This is only applicable if you use a schema). The orchestration data must come from a complex variable which is indicated by the XML icon on the Variables tab. You configure the activity by pasting a JSON or XML sample message (available in the JSON/REST API documentation) in the Configure panel. This generates a compatible input structure for mapping the input data, which is then converted to a JSON message.

To add a **Write JSON** activity to an orchestration:

Procedure

1. Create or open an orchestration. For more information, see [Building an orchestration](#). A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
 2. Select the **Activities** tab and expand the **Transform** folder.
 3. Drag the **Write JSON** activity onto the orchestration.
 4. Select the **Write JSON** activity and configure it as described in [Write JSON activity configuration](#).
- [Write JSON activity configuration](#)
During this procedure, you apply a sample JSON or XML message to the Write JSON input parameter. If you prefer, you can also use a schema for this task.
 - [Write JSON map inputs](#)
You can map data from variables in the orchestration to the InputJSON parameter defined by the XML schema specified in the Configure task or use sample JSON/REST XML and the Configure panel to generate the input structure.
 - [Write JSON map output](#)
You can map the JSONText output parameter that contains the JSON data to a string variable.


Parent topic: [Transform Activities](#)

Related concepts:

[Write JSON map output](#)

Related tasks:

[Write JSON activity configuration](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Write_json_Activity.html

Write JSON activity configuration

During this procedure, you apply a sample JSON or XML message to the Write JSON input parameter. If you prefer, you can also use a schema for this task.

About this task

Note: Because not all JSON messages contain a root node, Studio, by default, adds a virtual root element to all JSON messages during a write JSON activity. (Virtual nodes facilitate handling of rootless messages in Studio). To determine if a root node is present, view the message in the Configure panel. If the message does not contain a root element, Studio will automatically generate one during the write JSON activity and display it in the root element file. To remove the root element, delete it from the Configure panel so the output message matches the required structure.


Procedure

1. Click Configure from the Checklist. The Configure window is displayed.
2. In the Configure window, you can either use an XML Schema or JSON or XML message to generate map.
 - a. If you are specifying an XML schema to apply to the Write JSON input parameter, do the following:
In the Select XML Schema field, click the Select XML Schema button to browse and select XML schema. Select the XML schema to parse during run time and click OK.
 - b. If you want to use the JSON or XML message, copy the JSON or XML message into the Use JSON or XML message to generate the output schema text area.
3. Choose a Virtual Root Configuration.
 - a. When you use JSON or XML message to generate map, if more than one element present in JSON, then by default, Remove root Element is checked automatically.
 - b. When you use XML Schema to generate map, Remove root Element is not checked by default.

Note: If the Remove Root Element is checked, the first root element is skipped and the JSON text is created properly with the remaining elements. You can specify a Root Element Name. However if the Remove Root Element is not checked, then for all the complex types will not get the root element names and hence will be displayed as null.
4. Specify how the data defined by the OutputJSON output parameter is to be encoded:
 - a. Select the **Data is text-Needs no decoding or encoding** option if the data is text and does not require encoding.
 - b. Select the **Encode data using encoding type** option if outgoing data is binary data that requires encoding using the specified encoding type.
5. Set the encoding type using one of the following options:
 - a. From the Encode data using encoding type list, select one of the default encoding types.
 - b. Click directly in the Encode data using encoding type field and enter your encoding type.
 - c. Click OK.
6. Click Generate Map.

Parent topic: [Write JSON activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Write_json_Activity_conf.html

Write JSON map inputs

You can map data from variables in the orchestration to the InputJSON parameter defined by the XML schema specified in the Configure task or use sample JSON/REST XML and the Configure panel to generate the input structure.

About this task

The Encoding input parameter is optional and you are not required to map it. If the Encoding input parameter is not listed in the **To Activity** pane of the Map Inputs pane, select **Map > Show Optional Parameters** from the toolbar menu or right-click in the **To Activity** pane and select the **Show Optional Parameters** option. If the **Map > Show Optional Parameters** option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active. The Encoding input parameter specifies how outgoing data should be encoded for this procedure.

Procedure


1. If no decoding is required, specify the string: **text**.
2. If encoding is required, specify the encoding type to be used to encode the outgoing data, for example: UTF-8, US-ASCII, ISO-8859-1, EBCDIC-XML-US, or SHIFT_JIS.

Example

Optionally, you can override the Encoding setting you specified in the **Configure** task of the **Checklist** dynamically during run time using the Encoding input parameter. For example, if you set the Encoding to UTF-8 in the **Configure** task but during run time you passed in the Encoding setting of **Shift_JIS**. The Encoding setting specified dynamically during run time overrides the original setting specified in the **Configure** pane. In this example, the Encoding is set to **Shift_JIS**. There is one exception to the dynamic overriding behavior: if the **Data is text-Needs no decoding or encoding** option is selected in the **Configure** task, the Encoding that is dynamically set during run time is ignored. See [Creating an orchestration](#) for more information.

Parent topic: [Write JSON activity](#)

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Write JSON map output

You can map the JSONText output parameter that contains the JSON data to a string variable.

See [Creating a Standalone Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Parent topic: [Write JSON activity](#)

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Validate JSON activity

During run time, the **Validate JSON** activity determines if the input JSON or XML data is valid to the specified XML schema.

The **Validate JSON** activity has the following limitations:

- The **Validate JSON** activity only supports the validation of the selected root element of an XML schema. The validation of XML schema fragments is not supported. If the XML schema contains more than one root (or global element), you must select one of the root elements.
- The **Validate JSON** activity does not support the validation of JSON or XML data against a DTD.

Note: You must upload an XSD file (ends in the .xsd extension) that contains the XML schema into the project before configuring the **Validate JSON** activity. Upload the XML schema into the project that is used to validate the JSON data during run time.

The following table describes the result when an error or warning occurs when the **Validate JSON** activity is parsing JSON or XML data against an XML schema.

Table 1.

Error/Warning Type	Description	Example	Result
Fatal Error	Parsing of the JSON data fails because of a severe problem and the parsing cannot continue. For example, the JSON or XML data is not valid to the XML schema.	The JSON or XML data is not valid to the XML schema. For example, the XML schema defines that there should be a root element called <d> but the JSON or XML data contains the root element called <a>.	When a fatal error occurs, the current orchestration job stops processing— even the processing of the Validate JSON activity does not complete. In addition, the activities in the orchestration after the Validate JSON activity are not processed. The value returned from the Validate JSON activity for the success output parameter is false but since the activity never completes, nothing is returned.

Error/Warning Type	Description	Example	Result
Error (recoverable)	An error occurs during the parsing of JSON data but does not prevent parsing of the remaining data.	A JSON element in an integer but a string is provided as a value: <code><a><count>two</count></code>	If only recoverable errors or warnings occur during parsing, the processing of the Validate JSON activity completes and the activities in the orchestration after the Validate JSON activity are processed. The value of false is returned from the success output parameter.
Warning	A warning occurs during the parsing of JSON data but does not prevent parsing of the remaining data		If only warnings occur during parsing, the processing of the Validate JSON activity completes and the activities in the orchestration after the Validate JSON activity are processed. The value of true is returned from the success output parameter.

- [Adding a Validate JSON activity to an orchestration](#)
Perform the steps in this section to add a **Validate JSON** activity to an orchestration.
- [Configuring a Validate JSON activity](#)
Perform the steps in this section to configure a **Validate JSON** activity.
- [Mapping the input to an activity - Validate JSON](#)
Do the steps in this section to map the input to an activity for Validate JSON.
- [Mapping the output to an activity - Validate JSON](#)
Do the steps in this section to map the output to an activity for **Validate JSON**.


Parent topic: [Transform Activities](#)

Related concepts:

[Mapping the input to an activity](#)

[Mapping the output to an activity - Validate XML](#)

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Adding a Validate JSON activity to an orchestration

Perform the steps in this section to add a **Validate JSON** activity to an orchestration.


Procedure

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the **Activities** tab and expand the **Transform** folder.

3. Drag the Validate JSON activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the Validate JSON activity.

Parent topic: [Validate JSON activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Add_Validate_JSON_Activity_to_Orchestration.html

Configuring a Validate JSON activity

Perform the steps in this section to configure a **Validate JSON** activity.

Procedure

1. Click **Configure** from the **Checklist**. The Configure window is displayed.
2. In the **XML Schema** field, click **Browse**. The **Browse For Schema Type Element** dialog box displays. Select the XML schema to parse against during run time. You must select a root or global element and not a schema fragment. The selected XML schema defines the nodes that make up the **InputJSON** input parameter in the Map Inputs task.
3. Select or clear the **Continue Parsing JSON Data after First Recoverable Error** check box. (This check box defines the run-time behavior when a recoverable error occurs).


Results

If the **Continue Parsing JSON Data after First Recoverable Error** check box is selected and only recoverable errors and warnings occur but no fatal errors, processing of the **Validate JSON** activity completes after the first recoverable error and the value **false** is returned from the success output parameter. Only the first error is returned in the **errors** output parameter. The activities in the orchestration after the **Validate JSON** activity are processed.

If the **Continue Parsing JSON Data after First Recoverable Error** check box is cleared and only recoverable errors and warnings occur but no fatal errors, the processing of the **Validate JSON** activity processes all the recoverable errors and the value **false** is returned from the **success** output parameter. Messages about all the recoverable errors are returned in the repeating **Message** node of the **errors** output parameter. The activities in the orchestration after the **Validate JSON** activity are processed.

Parent topic: [Validate JSON activity](#)

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Mapping the input to an activity - Validate JSON


Do the steps in this section to map the input to an activity for Validate JSON.

Procedure

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. The XML schema you selected in the Configuring a Validate JSON activity procedure above becomes the input parameter for the activity. The input parameters for the activity are displayed in the **From Orchestration** pane.
2. Map the nodes of the XML schema of the input parameter. See [Creating a Standalone Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Parent topic: [Validate JSON activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/mapping_activity_input_validatejson.html

Mapping the output to an activity - Validate JSON

Do the steps in this section to map the output to an activity for **Validate JSON**.

To map the output of the activity:

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. The output parameters for the activity are displayed in the **From Activity** pane as described in the following table:

Table 1.

Output Node	Description
-------------	-------------


O u t p u t N o d e	Description
s	<p>During run time, if the parsing was successful, the value of true is returned. If parsing was unsuccessful, the value of false is returned. If fatal errors occur during parsing, the value of false is returned. If recoverable errors occur during parsing, the value of false is returned. If only warnings occur during parsing, the value of true is returned. In addition, if no warnings or errors occur during parsing, the value of true is returned. Map from the success output parameter to a variable of type string. In XPATH expressions, compare the value of the string variable against the string values of true and false.</p>
e r r o r s / e r r o r T y p e	<p>The type of error/warning for the last error or warning that occurred during run time.</p>
e r r o r s / M e s s a g e	<p>A repeating structure that contains a string that describes each error and warning that occurred during run time. All parsing warnings, fatal errors, and recoverable errors are returned.</p>

2. Map the desired output parameters to variable(s). See [Creating a Standalone Map](#) for general instructions on mapping. You are not required to map output parameters for this activity.

Parent topic: [Validate JSON activity](#)

Related concepts:

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Map_Activity_Output_ValidateJSON.html

Read Flat File activity

The Read Flat File activity converts flat file data (non-XML data) to XML data by applying the specified Flat File Schema. XML data is returned from this activity as the output parameter.

About this task

The input parameter of the Read Flat File activity expects flat file data. Flat file (non-XML) data includes comma-separated values (.csv) and other types of delimited files, as well as fixed-length text files that comprise many EDI systems. Flat File data can be obtained from various endpoint activities, such as the FTP Poll Directory activity, HTTP Receive Request activity, or Get Email activity.

For an example of using a Read Flat File activity in an orchestration, see *"Developing a Simple Project"* in the *Getting Started Guide*.


You must [create the Flat File Schema](#) before you can select a Flat File Schema in the Select a Flat File Schema field of the Configure task.

To add a Read Flat File activity to an orchestration:

Procedure

1. Create or open an orchestration. For more information, see [Creating an orchestration](#). A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Transform folder.
3. Drag the Read Flat File activity onto the orchestration. Place it to the right of an endpoint activity from which the orchestration will obtain the flat file data (for example, an **FTP Poll Directory** activity).
4. Select the Read Flat File activity and configure it as described in [Configuring a Flat File activity](#).
 - [Read Flat File activity configuration](#)
You can specify the Flat File Schema to apply to the Read Flat File input parameter.
 - [Read Flat File map inputs](#)
You can map a string variable that contains the flat file data to the input parameter of the Read Flat File activity called Data.
 - [Read Flat File map outputs](#)
You can map the Xml output parameter that contains the XML data (stored as a string) to a variable valid to the specified Flat File Schema.

Parent topic: [Transform Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Flat_File_to_XML_Activity.html

Read Flat File activity configuration

You can specify the Flat File Schema to apply to the Read Flat File input parameter.

Before you begin

You must [create the Flat File Schema](#) before starting this task.


About this task

To complete the Configure task:

Procedure

1. In the Select a Flat File Schema field, click Browse... . The Project Explorer dialog box is displayed.
2. Select the appropriate Flat File Schema from the Flat File Schema folder and click OK.
3. Specify how to read the data passed into the Data input parameter during run time, by selecting one of the appropriate options:
 - a. Select the Data is text-Needs no decoding option, if the incoming data is text and does not need decoding.
 - b. Select the Decode data using encoding type option, if incoming data is binary data that needs to be decoded using the specified encoding type. Set the encoding type using one of the following options:
 - From the Decode data using encoding type list, select one of the default encoding types.
 - Enter your encoding type by clicking in the Decode data using encoding type field and typing in your encoding type.
4. Click OK.

Parent topic: [Read Flat File activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Read_Flat_File_Activity_Configuration.html

Read Flat File map inputs

You can map a string variable that contains the flat file data to the input parameter of the Read Flat File activity called Data.

About this task

Data is an input parameter of type string or base64Binary. During run time the string variable must contain flat file data before the Read Flat File activity is run. For more information see the following Runtime Example.

The Encoding input parameter is optional. You are *not* required to map this input parameter. If the Encoding input parameter is not listed in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active.

The Encoding input parameter specifies how the incoming data is decoded when read:

Procedure

- If no decoding is required, specify the string: `text`.
- If decoding is required, specify the encoding type that should be used to decode the incoming data. For example: `UTF-8`, `US-ASCII`, `ISO-8859-1`, `EBCDIC-XML-US`, or `SHIFT_JIS`.


Example

Optionally, you can override the Encoding setting you specified in the Configure task of the Checklist dynamically during run time, using the Encoding input parameter. For example, if you set the Encoding to `UTF-8` in the Configure task but during run time you passed in the Encoding setting of `SHIFT_JIS`. The Encoding setting specified dynamically during run time overrides the original setting specified in the Configure pane. In this example, the Encoding would be set to `SHIFT_JIS`. There is one exception to the dynamic overriding behavior if the Data is text-Needs no decoding or encoding option is selected in the Configure task, the Encoding dynamically set during run time is ignored and no decoding occurs.

See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Parent topic: [Read Flat File activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Read_Flat_File_Map_Inputs.html

Read Flat File map outputs

You can map the Xml output parameter that contains the XML data (stored as a string) to a variable valid to the specified Flat File Schema.

About this task

See [Creating a Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Runtime Example

During run time, an orchestration could invoke the following sequence of activities:

Procedure


1. A FTP Poll Directory activity assigns the contents of a flat file to a String variable called *flatFileRawContent*.
2. A Read Flat File activity assigns the contents of the *flatFileRawContent* variable to the string input parameter called Data.
3. The Read Flat File activity converts flat file data to XML data and passes the XML data back to the orchestration via the output parameter. The contents of the output parameter are assigned to the variable valid to the Flat File Schema.

What to do next

For an example of using a Read Flat File activity in an orchestration, see "Developing a Simple Project" in the *Getting Started Guide*.

Parent topic: [Read Flat File activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Read_Flat_File_Map_Outputs.html

Write Flat File activity

The Write Flat File activity converts data from an orchestration into flat file data (non-XML data) that is valid to the specified Flat File Schema.

About this task

The flat file data is returned as a string output parameter. The data from the orchestration can come from multiple variables of different types. For example, the data from the orchestration could contain two sets of XML data valid to two different XML Schemas and a string.

Flat file (non-XML) data includes comma-separated values (.csv) and other types of delimited files, as well as fixed-length text files that comprise many EDI systems.

You must create the Flat File Schema before you can select a Flat File Schema in the Select a Flat File Schema field of the Configure task. See [Creating a flat file schema](#) for more information.


To add a Write Flat File activity to an orchestration:

Procedure

1. Create or open an orchestration. For more information, see [Creating an orchestration](#). A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
 2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Transform folder.
 3. Drag the Write Flat File activity onto the orchestration
 4. Select the Write Flat File activity and configure it as described in [Write Flat File activity configuration](#).
- [Write Flat File activity configuration](#)
You can specify the Flat File Schema that must be applied to the outbound data.
 - [Write Flat File map inputs and outputs](#)
You can map the data from variables of the orchestration to the Xml input parameter defined by the Flat File Schema specified in Configure task.

Parent topic: [Transform Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/XML_to_Flat_File_Activity.html

Write Flat File activity configuration

You can specify the Flat File Schema that must be applied to the outbound data.

Before you begin

You must first [create the Flat File Schema](#) before starting this task.

About this task


You can specify the Flat File Schema to apply to the input parameter. To complete the Configure task:

Procedure

1. In the Select a Flat File Schema field, click Browse.... The Project Explorer dialog box is displayed.
2. Select the appropriate Flat File Schema from the Flat File Schema folder and click OK.
3. Specify how to write the data returned by the Data output parameter during run time, by selecting one of the appropriate options:
 - a. Select the Data is text-Needs no decoding or encoding option, if the outgoing data is text and therefore does not require encoding.
 - b. Select the Decode or encode data using encoding type option, if outgoing data is binary data that requires encoding using the specified encoding type. Set the encoding type using one of the following options:
 - From the Decode or encode data using encoding type list, select one of the default encoding types.
 - Click directly in the Decode or encode data using encoding type field and enter your encoding type.
4. Click OK.

Parent topic: [Write Flat File activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Write_Flat_File_Activity_Configuration.html

Write Flat File map inputs and outputs

You can map the data from variables of the orchestration to the Xml input parameter defined by the Flat File Schema specified in Configure task.

About this task

The Encoding input parameter is optional. You are not required to map this input parameter. If the Encoding input parameter is not listed in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active.

The Encoding input parameter specifies how outgoing data should be encoded:

Procedure

- If no encoding is required, specify the string: `text`.
- If encoding is required, specify the encoding type that should be used to encode the outgoing data, for example: `UTF-8`, `US-ASCII`, `ISO-8859-1`, `EBCDIC-XML-US`, or `SHIFT_JIS`.

Example

Optionally, you can override the Encoding setting you specified in the Configure task of the Checklist dynamically during run time, using the Encoding input parameter. For example, if you set the Encoding to `UTF-8` in the Configure task but during run time you passed in the Encoding setting of `SHIFT_JIS`. The Encoding setting specified dynamically during run time overrides the original setting specified in the Configure pane. In this example, the Encoding would be set to `SHIFT_JIS`. There is one exception to the dynamic overriding behavior, if the Data is text-Needs no decoding or encoding option is selected in the Configure task, the Encoding dynamically set during run time is ignored.

See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Parent topic: [Write Flat File activity](#)


Write Flat File map outputs

You can map the Data output parameter that contains the flat file data to a string variable.

About this task

See [Creating a Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

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Apply XSLT activity

You can use the Apply XSLT activity to transform XML data, stored in one XML variable, to XML data, stored in another XML variable, using the specified XSLT stylesheet.

About this task

The Apply XSLT activity transforms XML data, stored in one XML variable, to XML data, stored in another XML variable, using the specified XSLT stylesheet. The XSLT stylesheet is created outside of Studio.


For example, if you have a XSLT stylesheet that converts XML data, valid to one XML Schema, to XML data, valid to a second XML Schema, you can create an Apply XSLT activity that calls this XSLT stylesheet to do this conversion in your orchestration during run time.

To create an Apply XSLT activity:

Procedure

1. [Upload](#) the XSLT stylesheet into the project.
2. [Upload](#) the XML Schemas or DTD files that define the input and output XML variables.
3. [Create](#) the following two XML variables:
 - o a variable to hold the input XML data based on a XML Schema or DTD.
 - o a variable to hold the output XML data based on a different XML Schema or DTD.
4. Add the Apply XSLT activity to your orchestration:
 - a. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
 - b. Select the Activities tab and expand the Transform folder.
 - c. Drag the Apply XSLT activity onto the orchestration
5. Configure the Apply XSLT activity:
 - a. In the Pick Stylesheet task, for the Stylesheet field click Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select the appropriate stylesheet and click OK. The stylesheet is displayed.
 - c. In the Checklist, select Set Input & Output.
 - d. In the Input pane, select Browse. The Select Variable pane is displayed.
 - e. Select a variable and click OK.
 - f. In the Output pane, select Browse. The Select Variable pane is displayed.
 - g. Select a variable and click OK.

Parent topic: [Transform Activities](#)

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Logic Activities


- [Logic activities overview](#)
Logic activities control the flow of an orchestration.
- [Terminate activity](#)
The Terminate activity stops all further orchestration job processing in the current branch.
- [Pick activity](#)
The Pick activity determines what starter activity to launch based on the action that has occurred during run time.
- [If..Then activity](#)
The If..Then activity tests the Where expression in the If branches to determine what branch of the If..Then activity to run.
- [Try activity](#)
The Try... activity attempts to run the activity or activities in the main Try branch.
- [Group activity](#)
Use this activity to group a set of activities in an orchestration. As a group, you can name, add comments, and collapse the block of activities as one entity.
- [While Loop activity](#)
The While Loop activity initiates and continually processes any associated activities for as long as the specified condition evaluates to true.
- [For Each activity](#)
The For Each activity iterates through recurring elements of a variable, performing other activities during each iteration cycle.
- [Split activity](#)
The Split activity is a variation of the For Each activity that can be used to break up very large messages to improve performance.
- [Break Loop activity](#)
During run time, when a Break Loop activity is processed, the processing flow breaks out of the current looping activity and continues to the next activity in the orchestration.
- [Continue activity](#)
The Continue activity jumps to the next item to process in the loop and is typically placed after an If or an If..Then activity.
- [Adding branches to the If..Then activity](#)
The If..Then activity supports multiple branches to handle different conditions.
- [Moving branches](#)
You can change the position of a branch within an If..Then activity or a Pick activity.
- [Defining conditions](#)
You can specify conditions in If..Then and While Loop activities to define a criteria that must be met before the orchestration continues with that branch.
- [Basic condition syntax](#)
There are various types of conditions that you can use to evaluate an XPath expression.
- [bpws:getVariableData function](#)
Use the bpws:getVariableData function to create conditions to access variable data.
- [Basic XPath expressions](#)
XPath expressions are used in orchestrations and flat file schema definitions when you need to identify

one or more nodes in a message or variable in order to access data or determine whether a condition has been met.

- [Testing XPath expressions](#)

Use the XPath Evaluator to test XPath expressions against test XML documents.

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Logic activities overview

Logic activities control the flow of a orchestration.


Logic activities provide the functionality described in the following table:

Acti vity	Description
Break Loop	Breaks out of a For Each, Split, or While Loop activity.
Cont inue	Jumps to the next item to process in a For Each, Split, or While Loop activity.
For Eac h	Iterates through repeating nodes of a variable, performing one or more activities during each iteration cycle.
If..T hen	Routes messages based on conditions to different branches.
Pick	Receives messages from one or more activities and selects one of them to start an orchestration.
Split acti vity	Iterates through repeating sections of a variable, performing one or more activities during each iteration cycle. The Split activity is a variation of the For Each activity that can be used to break up very large messages to improve performance.
Ter min ate	Stops all further processing of the current orchestration job.
Try acti vity. ..	Attempts to run the activity or activities in the main Try branch. If any exception occurs when running the activity or activities in the main Try branch, the CatchAll branch is run.

Activity	Description
While Loop	Initiates and continually processes any children activities for as long as a specified condition is true.

Parent topic: [Logic Activities](#)

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Terminate activity


The Terminate activity stops all further orchestration job processing in the current branch.

About this task

This activity is commonly used in the If and Else branches of an If..Then activity to stop orchestration processing after an error occurs.

Parent topic: [Logic Activities](#)

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Pick activity

The Pick activity determines what starter activity to launch based on the action that has occurred during run time.

About this task

For example, a Pick activity could contain three branches, one that contains a Get Inserted Rows activity, one that contains a Get Deleted Rows activity, and the other that contains a Get Updated Rows activity. If an update event occurs on the database, an instance of the orchestration is created and branch that contains the Get Updated Rows activity is called.

When you add a Pick activity to an orchestration, two Receive branches are automatically added. You can add additional receiveEvent nodes to the Pick activity. A Pick activity is always a starter activity and in each branch of a Pick activity the first activity must be a starter activity.

The Receive branch contains a receiveEvent node and an empty placeholder. Each message is defined in a Receive branch that can contain other activities to handle that specific message.

Delete Receive branches if you do not want a receive operation to be a part of the Pick activity. Deleting the Receive node removes the entire Receive branch.

Attention: If a variable is not initialized in every branch of a Pick activity, the variable cannot be used outside the scope of a Pick activity. Attempting to use a variable outside the Pick activity that is not initialized in every branch results in an invalid orchestration. For example, a Pick activity has two branches, one that contains a Get Updated Rows activity and one that contains a Get Inserted Rows activity. The Get Updated Rows activity returns the data to a variable named updateResult while the Get Updated Rows activity returns the data to a variable named insertResult. These variables can only be used within the Pick activity and cannot be used in the activities that follow after the Pick activity in the orchestration. If the output of each activity is based on the same schema, you can however define one variable that both activities initialize. If all branches in a Pick activity initialize the variable, the scope of the variable includes all activities after the Pick activity and is not limited to the scope of the Pick activity.

To use a Pick activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Drag the Pick activity from the Logic folder in the Activities tab onto the orchestration.
2. Select an inbound activity or the Schedule Job activity and drag it onto the receiveEvent placeholder.
3. To add an activity to the branch, drag the activity onto the empty placeholder.

Adding, editing, or deleting condition branches

The Pick activity can have several branches to process complex conditions

To add a branch to the Pick activity:

1. Click the Pick node.
2. Select Add Receive Branch from the list.

To edit a branch or activity name complete the following steps:


1. Select an activity or branch.
2. Select Edit from the list. The name is displayed in a box.
3. Select the current name, then enter the new one.
4. Press Enter.

To delete an activity or branch complete the following steps:

1. Select an activity or branch.
2. Select Delete from the list.

Note: If you delete a condition branch, all activities within the condition branch are also deleted.

Parent topic: [Logic Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/orch_Pick_Activity.html

If..Then activity

The If..Then activity tests the Where expression in the If branches to determine what branch of the If..Then activity to run.

About this task

By default, each If..Then activity includes an If branch and an Else branch. You can [add if additional branches](#) to an If..Then activity.

When the Where expression in the If branch is equal to true, processing proceeds down that If branch of the orchestration. If an If..Then activity contains multiple If branches, the Where expressions in the If branches are tested in sequential order. When none of the Where expressions in the If branches are satisfied, processing proceeds down the Else branch.

You also have the option of [copying a branch](#) or [Else](#) branch from another If..Then activity.

To use an If..Then activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Open the Activities tab and the Logic folder.
2. Drag the If..Then activity onto the orchestration.
3. Add more If branches as required.
4. Configure the If and Else branches.

Configure an IF branch

1. Select the If branch. The Expression Builder opens.
2. [Define conditions](#) for the branch.
3. Drag an activity from the Activities tab onto the empty placeholder.

Configuring an Else branch

1. Drag an activity from the Activities tab onto the empty placeholder.

Copying and pasting If nodes

1. Click the If branch and select Copy from the list.
2. Click on the If..Then activity in the orchestration and select Paste from the list.
Note: If and Else branches cannot be pasted outside of an If..Then activity. You cannot replace an If branch with an Else branch.

Copying and pasting Else nodes

Else branches can be pasted into a If..Then activity only if the If..Then activity does not already contain an Else branch.

1. Click the Else branch and select Copy from the list.
2. Click the If..Then activity and select Paste from the list.

Adding branches

1. Click the If..Then activity and select Add If.
2. [Define the conditions](#) and the activities for the branch.

Editing an activity or branch

1. Select the activity or branch to edit existing properties.
2. Select Edit from the list.


Deleting an activity or branch

1. Select the activity or branch to edit existing properties.
2. Select Delete from the list.

Note: If you delete a condition branch, all activities within the condition branch are also deleted.

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Try activity

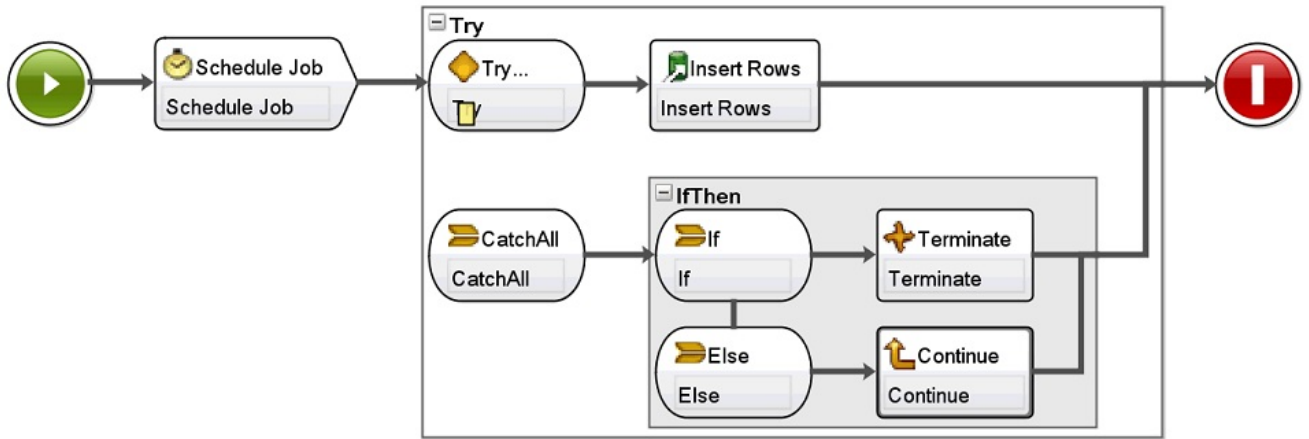
The Try... activity attempts to run the activity or activities in the main Try branch.

About this task

If any exception occurs while running the activity or activities in the main Try branch, the CatchAll branch is run.

Right-clicking the mouse on the background creates a new CatchAll branch.

For example, the main Try branch can call the Database Insert Rows activity as shown in the following figure:



If the Database Insert Rows activity fails and throws an exception, the activity or activities in the CatchAll branch are run. In this example orchestration, when an exception is thrown by the Database Insert Rows activity, the Terminate activity runs thus terminating the current orchestration job.

To add and configure a Try... activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Open the Activities tab and the Logic folder.
2. Drag the Try... activity onto the orchestration. The Try... activity is displayed with the following branches:
 - o Try... branch
 - o CatchAll branch

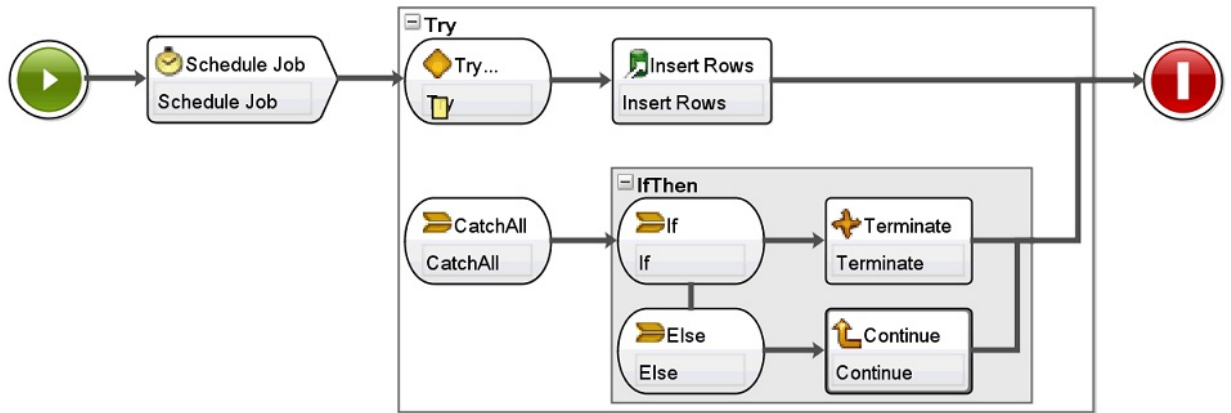
When the first CatchAll branch is created, the following variables are automatically created:

- o **faultName** - During run time, the faultName variable contains the name of the exception thrown by an activity in the Try branch.
- o **faultData** - During run time, the faultData variable contains the error message associated with the exception. This additional information is only currently returned for the Web Services activities. For Web Services activities, the faultData variable contains the fault.
- o **faultInfo** - During run time, the faultInfo variable returns the following nodes:
 - **name** - During run time, the faultInfo/name node contains the name of the exception thrown by the activity in the Try branch. The faultInfo/name node is a xsd:QName type.
 - **message** - During run time, the faultInfo/message node contains the error message associated with the exception. The faultInfo/message node is a xsd:string type.
 - **activityId** - During run time, the faultInfo/activityId node contains the activity ID that uniquely identifies the activity where the exception occurred. The faultInfo/activityId node is a xsd:int type.
 - **activityName** - During run time, the faultInfo/activityName node contains the activity name where the exception occurred. The faultInfo/activityName node is a xsd:string type.
 - **faultTime** - During run time, the faultInfo/faultTime node contains the time the error occurred. The faultInfo/faultTime node is a xsd:dateTime type.

Note: The exception name returned by an activity in the faultName variable and the faultInfo/name node might change in a future release.

3. Configure the Try... and CatchAll branches by dropping activities from the Activities tab to the branches of the Try... activity as shown in the preceding and following figures.

Attention: The scope of the faultName, faultData, and faultInfo variables is limited to the CatchAll branch of the Try... activity. This scope limitation means that the value of these variables is only guaranteed to be valid within the CatchAll branch. For example, if you add an If...Then activity that tests the value of the faultName variable, the If...Then activity must be placed inside the CatchAll branch of the Try... activity as shown in the following figure:



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Group activity

Use this activity to group a set of activities in an orchestration. As a group, you can name, add comments, and collapse the block of activities as one entity.

About this task

When you add a CatchAll branch to the group, the CatchAll branch runs as an exception occurs in the group of activities.

To use the Group activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Studio toolbox, click the Activities tab.
2. Expand the Logic directory.
3. Drag the Group activity onto the orchestration.
4. Optional: Add a CatchAll branch.
 - a. Right-click the Group activity. An option menu opens.
 - b. Select Add CatchAll Branch. The CatchAll branch is displayed in the Group activity.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Group_Activity.html

While Loop activity

The While Loop activity initiates and continually processes any associated activities for as long as the specified condition evaluates to true.

About this task


To define a While Loop activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Drag a While Loop activity from the Logic folder of the Activities tab onto the orchestration. The [Expression Builder](#) is displayed.
2. Use the Expression Builder to [define conditions](#) in the While Loop activity. You must define a condition that evaluates to false to ensure that the loop ends. The variables needed to iterate through the conditions you specify are automatically created.
3. Drag an activity from the Activities tab onto the empty placeholder inside of the While Loop activity, typically, For Each, While Loop, or Split. Use the Break Loop or Continue activities to control iterations in these activities

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/orch_While_Loop_Activity.html

For Each activity

The For Each activity iterates through recurring elements of a variable, performing other activities during each iteration cycle.

About this task

When you drop a For Each activity onto an orchestration, Studio creates the following two variables:

- loopvalue_X - During run time, as the For Each activity loops through a set of recurring elements, the loopvalue_X variable contains the value of the current element.
- loopcounter_X - During run time, as the For Each activity loops through a set of recurring elements, the loopcounter_X variable contains the current count of the number of iteration cycles that have been processed by the For Each activity.

Where X is equal to the number of For Each activities that have been dropped on the orchestration. For example, when the first For Each activity is dropped on an orchestration, the variables called loopvalue_1 and loopcounter_1 are created.

Attention: Do not use the loopvalue_X and loopcounter_X variables outside of the For Each activity. The scope of these variables are limited to the For Each activity.

To use a For Each activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Open the Activities tab and the Logic folder.
2. Drag the For Each activity onto the orchestration.
3. In the Variable Name field, select a variable containing the recurring element that you want to loop through in the For Each activity.
4. In the Element Name field click [...] to browse for the recurring element that you want to loop through in the For Each activity. The Select Recurring Element window is displayed.
5. Select a recurring element and click OK.


Results

An [XPath expression](#) that refers to the recurring element is displayed in the Element Name field. The Variable Name field is automatically populated with the loopvalue_X variable created for this For Each activity. You can edit the generated XPath expression in the Element Name field.

You can add other activities within the For Each loop. Use the Break Loop and Continue activities to control iterations of the For Each loop.

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Break Loop activity

During run time, when a Break Loop activity is processed, the processing flow breaks out of the current looping activity and continues to the next activity in the orchestration

About this task

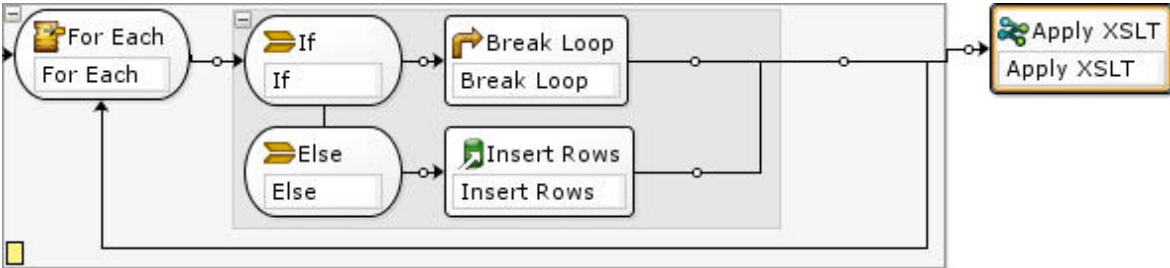
The Break Loop activity can only be used in any of the following looping activities: For Each, Split, and While Loop, as shown in the following examples.

To use a Break activity:

Procedure

1. Open the Activities tab and the Logic folder.
2. Drag a For Each, Split, or While Loop activity onto the orchestration.
3. Drop the Break Loop activity into the looping activity, as shown in the following example:
 - o To break out of a loop when a condition is true, see Example 1.
 - o To break out of a loop after a single iteration, see Example 2.

Example 1 - Break out of a loop when a condition is true



1. Drag an If..Then activity into the looping activity you set up, as shown in the preceding figure.
2. Drag an action activity (for example: the Insert Rows activity) onto the empty placeholder to the right of the Else node.
3. Configure the action activity.
4. Click the If node and enter a condition in the Expression Builder.
5. Drag a Break Loop activity onto the empty placeholder to the right of the If node.

At run time:

- If the condition in the If activity evaluates to true, the Break Loop exits out of the looping activity.
- If the condition in the If activity evaluates to false, the Else branch is started and the action activity (for example: the Insert Rows activity) is run.

Example 2 - Break out of a loop after a single iteration runs



1. Drag an action activity (for example, the Insert Rows activity) onto the empty placeholder inside of the looping activity you selected.
2. Configure the action activity.
3. Drag a Break Loop activity onto the empty placeholder inside of the looping activity.

At run time:

- The action activity (for example: the Insert Rows activity) runs only once before the Break Loop exits out of the looping activity.

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Continue activity

The Continue activity jumps to the next item to process in the loop and is typically placed after an If or an If..Then activity.

About this task

The Continue activity can only be used inside one of the following looping activities: For Each, Split, and While Loop activities.

To use a Continue activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Open the Activities tab and the Logic folder.
2. Drag a For Each, Split, or While Loop activity onto the orchestration.
3. Set up the looping activity to continue processing as shown in the following example.

Example - Continue processing when a condition is true

- a. Drag an If..Then activity into the looping activity you set up in step 1.
- b. Drag an action activity (for example: an Insert Rows activity) onto the empty placeholder to the right of the If node.
- c. Configure the action activity.
- d. Click the If node and enter a condition in the [Expression Builder](#).
- e. Drag a Continue activity onto the empty placeholder to the right of the Else node.

At Run Time:

- o If the condition in the If evaluates to true, the action activity runs.
- o If the condition in the If evaluates to false, the Continue activity in the Else branch runs and jumps to the next item in the looping activity.

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Adding branches to the If..Then activity

The If..Then activity supports multiple branches to handle different conditions.

About this task


To add additional If and Else branches complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Select the If..Then activity in the orchestration
2. Right-click and select one of these options:
 - o Add If – to add another branch with a condition.
 - o Add Else – to add a final, catch-all branch to use when a message does not match any of the conditions in the If statements. (This option is only available if there is no Else branch displayed.)
 - o Double-click the If icon and enter a name for the branch.
 - o Use the Expression Builder to [define the conditions](#) for the branch.

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Moving branches

You can change the position of a branch within an If..Then activity or a Pick activity.

About this task


To move a branch within an If..Then activity or a Pick activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Select the branch you want to move. For an If..Then activity, select one of the If nodes; for a Pick activity, select one of the receiveEvent nodes.
2. To move the branch use one of the following actions:
 - o Select Orchestration > Go Up or Orchestration > Go Down from the toolbar menu.
 - o Right-click the branch and select Go Up or Go Down from the list.

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Defining conditions

You can specify conditions in If..Then and While Loop activities to define a criteria that must be met before the orchestration continues with that branch.

In most cases, conditions test the value of data in a message or in other variables defined within the orchestration. Use the Expression Builder to define conditions.

Expression Builder

The Expression Builder is used to define conditions for If..Then and While Loop activities. It is displayed beneath the orchestration, in the Property pane, when you select an If..Then or While Loop activity in the orchestration.

These conditions are boolean expressions that describe the criteria against which the Integration Appliance compares a message. During runtime, the result of this comparison determines the execution path through the orchestration. For a complete list of operators that you can use in the Expression Builder, see [Valid Operators for Conditions](#). For more information about the order precedence of the conditions in the Expression Builder, see <http://www.w3.org/TR/xpath#booleans>.

The Expression Builder allows you to add, delete, and edit conditions as well as change their processing order.

To add a condition:

1. Click Add. A new condition displays beneath the existing list of conditions.
2. To or the new condition with the previous condition in the link, right-click and select or from the list.

To delete a condition:

- Select the condition, then click Delete.

To edit a condition:

- Select any field in the Expression Builder and make your edits. If the Expression Builder is not displayed, click Use Builder. You can edit left-hand expressions, select operators, and right-hand expressions.

-OR-

- Click Advanced to directly edit XPath expression that defines the condition. For more information, see [Basic Condition Syntax](#), [Basic XPath Expressions](#), and [bpws:getVariableData Function](#)


Note: Use the XPath Evaluator to [test XPath expressions](#).

To change the processing order of the conditions:

- Select a condition in the Expression Builder and click the up or down arrows.

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Basic condition syntax

There are various types of conditions that you can use to evaluate an XPath expression.

The most common operator used to evaluate an expression is = (equals), but you can use any valid XPath operator. See [Basic XPath Expressions](#) for a list of valid XPath operators.

The following examples demonstrate how to use various conditions to evaluate an XPath expression.

Example 1: Using string literals

String literals must be enclosed in quotation marks as shown in this example:

```
bpws:getVariableData('PatientInfo')/PV1/Department = 'ICU'
```

Example 2: Accessing variable data

Use the [bpws:getVariableData function](#) to access variable data

Using string literals in the `getVariableData` function:

The following example evaluates string nodes from two variables. The variable names in the `bpws:getVariableData` function are string literals.

```
bpws:getVariableData('PatientInfo')/PV1/Department =  
bpws:getVariableData('Orders')/PID/PtDept
```

Using numeric literals in the `getVariableData` function:

To evaluate numeric literals you must cast either one or both sides of the expression. For example:

```
number(bpws:getVariableData('PatientInfo')/PV1/Department) =  
bpws:getVariableData('Orders')/PID/PtDept
```

- OR -

```
number(bpws:getVariableData('PatientInfo')/PV1/Department) =  
number(bpws:getVariableData('Orders')/PID/PtDept)
```

Example 3: Numeric literals

Numeric literals do not require quotation marks. Placing quotes around a numeric literal transforms it into a string literal.


Valid numeric expression example:

```
number(bpws:getVariableData('PurchaseOrder')/PurchaseOrder/POTotal) >= 5000.00
```

Invalid numeric expression example:

```
number(bpws:getVariableData('PurchaseOrder')/PurchaseOrder/POTotal) >= '5000.00'
```

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bpws:getVariableData function


Use the bpws:getVariableData function to create conditions to access variable data.

It can be combined with an XPath expression identifying specific nodes within the variable.

For example:

- To access the data in the POTotal node in a variable named PurchaseOrder, you would enter:
`bpws:getVariableData('PurchaseOrder')/PurchaseOrder/POTotal`
- To access the data in a primitive variable named ItemCount, enter:
`bpws:getVariableData('ItemCount')`

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Basic XPath expressions

XPath expressions are used in orchestrations and flat file schema definitions when you need to identify one or more nodes in a message or variable in order to access data or determine whether a condition has been met.

XPath is an XML standard that defines a grammar to identify nodes or sets of nodes (called node sets) in XML documents.

You can edit the default XPath expressions, generated in the following panes:

- In the Configure panes of the [For Each](#) and [Split activity](#) activities, an XPath expression is generated to define the recurring element. You can edit the default XPath expression displayed in the Element Name field.
- In the Configure panes of the [While Loop](#) and [If..Then](#) activities, an XPath expression is generated in the Expression Builder to define the conditions. You can edit the default XPath expression displayed by clicking Advanced.

XPath 2.0 is supported.

Selecting nodes by path

XPath describes the location of XML elements and attributes as a path similar to URLs or directories on your local file system. Each element or attribute is a node in a tree that begins with the root node. The root node contains the entire tree, so any node within the tree can be found by following a path down the branches.

The basic syntax is:

```
/root-node/child-node/.../final-element-node
```

```
/root-node/child-node/.../final-element-node/@attribute-node
```

You determine this path from the XML Schema that describes the messages.

XPath uses the @ symbol as a shorthand to identify attributes. Paths without @, or the attribute:: prefix, identify elements by default. For example:

```
/PackingSlip/PONumber/Item
```

identifies the Item element found inside PONumber in the PackingSlip root node.

Node names and XML namespaces

Node names can also appear with namespaces, such as tns:OrderNumber or *:Item. The portion of the name up to the colon is a prefix identifying a namespace and the colon is the delimiter between the namespace and the node's local name.

Namespaces are an XML standard used to uniquely identify elements or attributes when documents share content from several schemas. Cast Iron® Studio automatically assigns and manages namespaces for the XML Schemas used in configuration documents.

Note: Each schema within a WSDL definition can be defined by a namespace.

Select nodes conditionally with predicates

You might occasionally want to select a node only if some condition is met. These selection conditions are known as predicates.

You define predicates inside brackets, such as:

```
/PV1/PatientDepartment[text()='Nursery']
```

This expression selects the PatientDepartment node only if the data in the node is Nursery.

```
/Order/OrderDetail/Item[5]
```

This expression selects the fifth Item node within OrderDetail.

Valid operators for conditions

XPath expressions can also be boolean conditions that evaluate to true or false. These expressions can be used to select specific nodes or simply to identify a condition that must be met. You can use the [Expression Builder](#) to help you define conditions. XPath operators that can appear in expressions include:

- = equals
- != not equals
- < less than

- > greater than
- <= less than or equals
- >= greater than or equals

Functions in XPath expressions

XPath also contains functions that allow you to manipulate data from nodes. This can be useful in building subject lines that contain some constant text plus dynamic data from messages. XPath functions can also be used to handle requirements such as trimming space or ensuring that a job key is a string datatype. Some of the common XPath functions include:

concat()

you can combine any number of strings and the data from nodes in the order you specify the parameters. You can specify XPath paths as parameters. Specify constant text strings within quote marks. For example:

```
concat('New Order # ',/Orders/Order/OrdNumber)
```

count()

you can count the number of nodes in the parameter you specify. Typically the parameter is an XPath path expression that identifies several nodes, such as all the Item nodes that are children of PODetail. For example:

```
count(/Orders/Order)
```

normalize-space()

trims all leading and trailing space characters from the input parameter and also normalizes all space within the input to single space characters and single line feeds. For example:

```
normalize-space(/Job/Address/Line1)
```

number()

converts the parameter to a number datatype. This function can be used to ensure that strings are treated as numbers. For example:

```
number(/PurchaseOrder/POTotal)
```

string()

converts the parameter to a string datatype. This function can be used to ensure that numeric or date nodes are treated as strings. For example:

```
string(/PurchaseOrder/VendorID)
```

translate()

replaces individual characters with other characters in the first parameter you specify. The second parameter is the character or characters to replace and the third parameter is the replacement characters. This function can be useful for ensuring that job keys are all uppercase, for example.

```
translate(/Issue/ShortDescr,  
'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz',  
'ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ')
```


For a complete list of XPath functions, see the XPath Specification (<http://www.w3.org/TR/xpath>).

Testing XPath expressions

You can [test your XPath Expressions](#) against XML test data using the XPath Evaluator.

Parent topic: [Logic Activities](#)

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Testing XPath expressions

Use the XPath Evaluator to test XPath expressions against test XML documents.

To bring up the XPath Evaluator window, select Tools > XPath Evaluator option from the Studio toolbar menu. You can use the XPath Evaluator to test XPath expressions against XML files. You can edit the default XPath expressions, generated in the following panes:

- In the Configure panes of the [For Each](#) and [Split](#) activities, an XPath expression is generated to define the recurring element. You can edit the default XPath expression displayed in the Element Name field.
- In the Configure panes of the [While Loop](#) and [If..Then](#) activities, an XPath expression is generated in the Expression Builder to define the conditions. You can edit the default XPath expression displayed clicking Advanced.

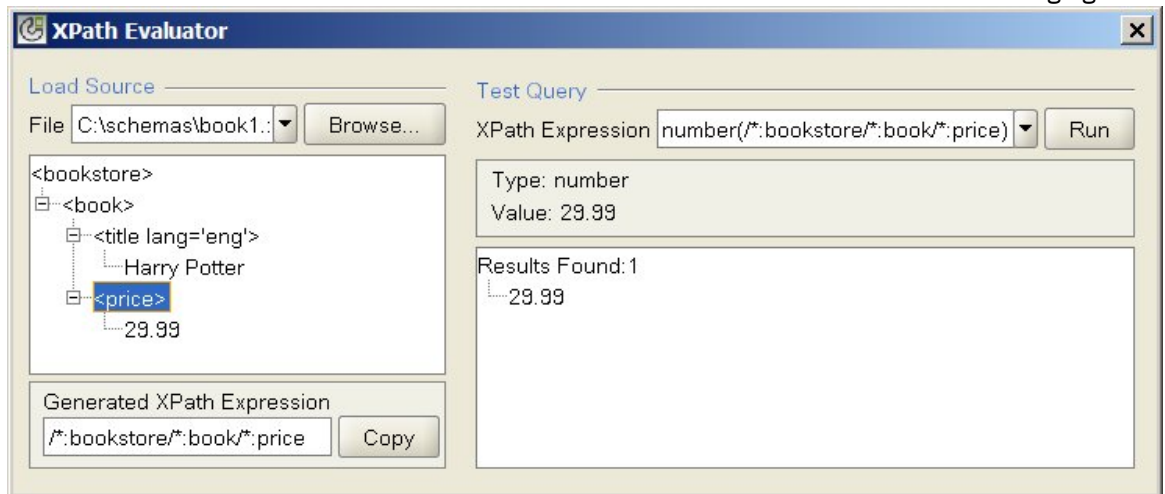
Note: XPath 2.0 is supported.

The following table describes the functionality of the XPath Evaluator dialog box.

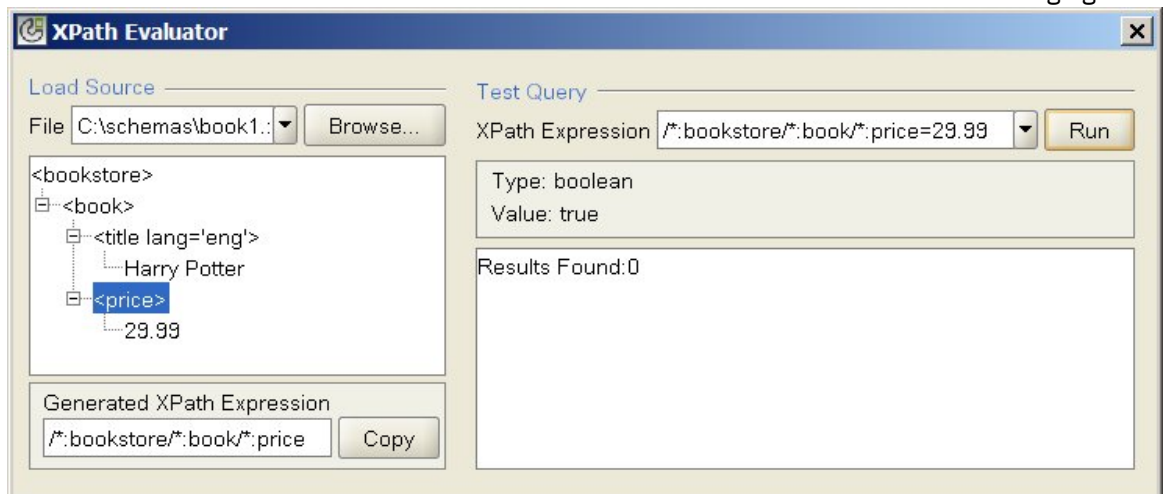
Field	Name Description
File	Specifies the directory location of the selected test XML file. Select the down arrow to select from the set of previously loaded XML files.
Browse..	Click Browse... to load the contents of the XML file from the file system.
Load Source	A graphical representation of the source XML elements to test against. Selecting a node in this text box generates an XPath expression that finds all occurrences of this element when this XPath expression is evaluated against the specified XML data.
Generated XPath Expression	XPath expression that is generated when an XML element is selected in the Load Source text box.
Copy	Copy the XPath Expression from the Generated XPath Expression field to the XPath Expression field.
XPath Expression	Specifies the XPath Expression used to evaluate or test against the XML data.
Run	Select Run to evaluate the XPath expression against the source XML test data. The results of the evaluation are displayed in the text box on the right side of the pane.

To evaluate an XPath expression complete the following steps:

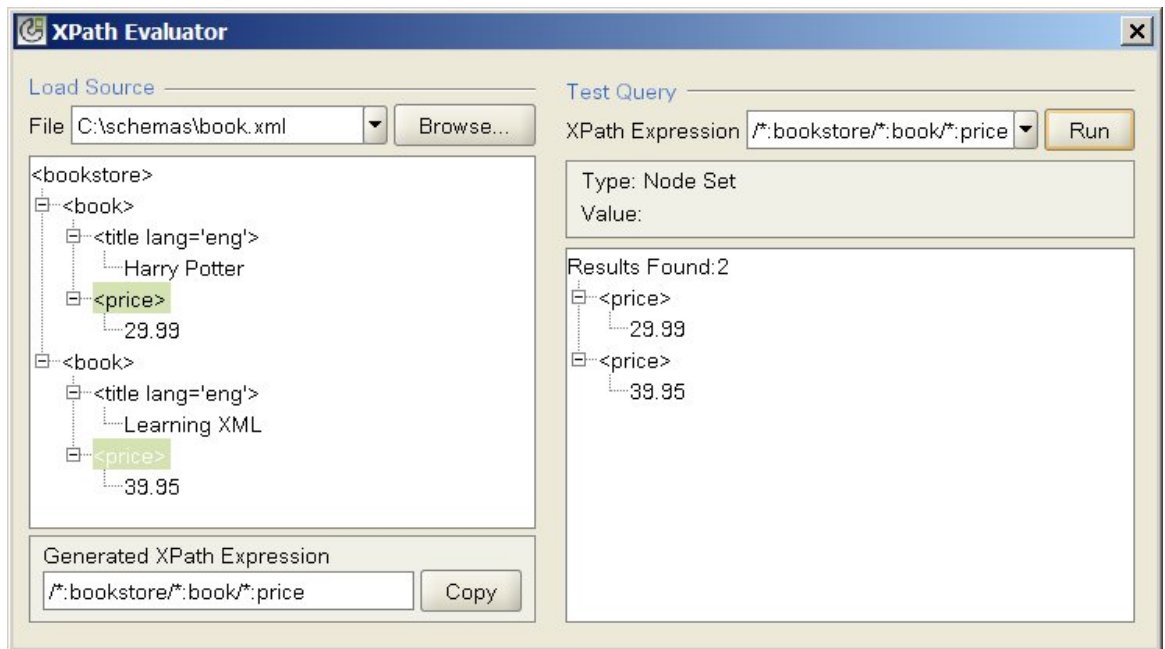
1. Select the Tools > XPath Evaluator option from the Studio toolbar menu. The XPath Evaluator window opens.
2. Click Browse... to load a test XML file from the file system. A graphical representation of the text XML elements shows in the Load Source text box.
3. To specify an XPath expression, choose from one of the following options:
 - o Enter an XPath expression directly into the XPath Expression field.
 - o Select an XML element in the Load Source text box and click Copy to copy the XPath expression from the Generated XPath Expression field to the XPath Expression field.
4. Click Run. The result of running the XML data against the XPath expression is displayed in the right bottom pane. The following types can be returned:
 - o **number** —the value of the number is returned in the Value field as shown in the following figure:



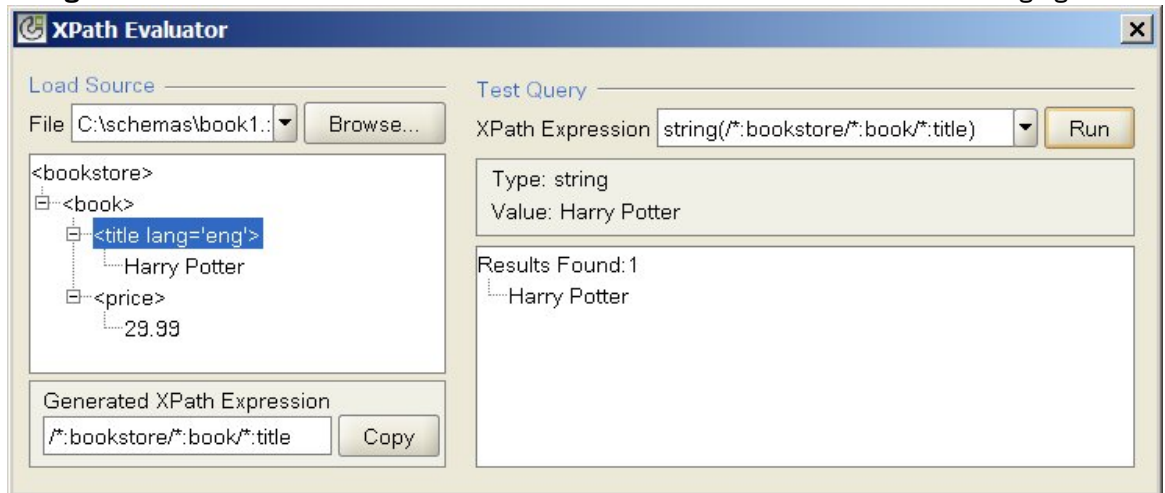
- o **boolean** —the value of the boolean is returned in the Value field as shown in the following figure:



- o **Node Set** —the XML elements that match those displayed in the XPath expression, the Value field is blank, and the number of matching XML elements is reported as shown in the following figure:



- o **string**—the value of the boolean is returned in the Value field as shown in the following figure:



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Utilities Activities

- [Create Job Keys Activity](#)
The Create Job Keys activity sets the values of job keys dynamically during run time.
- [Creating Job Keys](#)
You can associate job keys (or identify keys) with a specific orchestration job.

- [Log Message activity](#)
You can use the Log Message activity to specify the alert levels and message text, which is displayed in the Integration Appliance orchestration monitoring logs and system logs.
- [Schedule Job activity](#)
The Schedule Job activity is a starter activity that creates an instance of an orchestration at the specified date and time.

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Create Job Keys Activity

The Create Job Keys activity sets the values of job keys dynamically during run time.

About this task

After the orchestration job has run on the Integration Appliance, you can view the values of the job keys in the Jobs detail pane of the Web Management Console (WMC). In addition, you can search for orchestration jobs using the primary key in the WMC. For more information see the WMC online help.

To create and configure a Create Job Keys activity complete the following steps:

Procedure


1. Create a Job Key by using the [Creating Job Keys](#) topic before configuring the Create Job Keys activity.
2. Add the Create Job Keys activity to your orchestration:
 - a. Create an orchestration using the [Creating an orchestration](#) topic, or open an existing orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
 - b. Select the Activities tab and expand the Utilities folder.
 - c. Drag the Create Job Keys activity onto the orchestration.
3. Configure the Create Job Keys activity:
 - a. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.
 - b. You can either set the default value of your job keys or map variables to the job keys, as described in steps 4 and 5.
4. Set a default value for the job keys:
 - a. In the To Activity pane of the Map Outputs task, right-click the job key and select Define Default Value from the list. The Define Default Value dialog box is displayed.
 - b. Enter the required value in the Default Value field.
 - c. Click OK.

During run time, the values of the job keys are set to the values specified in the Default Value field.
5. Map variables to the job keys:
 - a. In the From Orchestration pane, click Add. The Add Variable dialog box is displayed. If any job keys have been created, they are displayed in the To Activity pane.
 - b. Select variables. These variables supply the values of the job keys during run time.
 - c. Click OK.

- d. Create mappings for each job key. From the From Orchestration pane, drag each variable to the corresponding job key in the To Activity pane.
- During run time, the value of the job keys are set to the values of the corresponding variables.

Parent topic: [Utilities Activities](#)

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Creating Job Keys

You can associate job keys (or identify keys) with a specific orchestration job.

About this task

You create job keys from the Job Identification pane in Studio. To launch the Job Identification pane, select Orchestration > Properties option from the Studio toolbar menu. In the Job Identification pane, define the name and type of the job key. You can also specify one job key as the Primary key.

During run time, a Create Job Keys activity dynamically sets the values of the job keys when an orchestration job runs on the Integration Appliance. After the orchestration job has completed, you can view the values of the job keys from the Web Management Console (WMC). In the WMC, you can also search for the value of a key. All orchestration jobs that contain keys with that value are displayed.

Note: When designing your orchestration, typically it is best to add only one Create Job Keys activity to an orchestration. If the first Create Job Keys activity in an orchestration has a map to the job key, during run time, the second Create Job Keys activity in an orchestration does not reset the value of the job key that was set by first Create Job Keys activity. The action of the second Create Job Keys activity is ignored.

Procedure

1. Create or open an orchestration. See [Creating an orchestration](#) for more information. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select Orchestration > Properties to open the Orchestration pane.
3. Click Add. A new key with default values is added to the Keys list.
4. Enter the configuration information for new job keys as described in the following table.


Field / Column	Description
Name (Required)	Specifies the name of the job key
Type (Required)	Specifies the type of the job key
Primary	Specifies that the key is the Primary key. You can only select one key as the Primary key

What to do next

To remove a key, select the key you want to remove and click Remove.

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Log Message activity

You can use the Log Message activity to specify the alert levels and message text, which is displayed in the Integration Appliance orchestration monitoring logs and system logs.

About this task


Use this task to configure the Log Message activity. You can view the Integration Appliance orchestration monitoring logs and system logs from the Web Management Console.

Procedure

1. In the Studio toolbox, click the Activities tab.
2. Expand the Utilities folder contents, and drag the Log Message activity onto the orchestration. The Utilities Log Message Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Optional Change the description in the Activity Name field.
5. Click Map Inputs. The Map Inputs workspace is displayed. The default parameters: level and message are displayed in the To Activity column.
6. Click Select Inputs. The variables associated with the orchestration are displayed
Tip: If required, you can create a custom mapping variable in Source or Destination column by completing the steps in [Creating Variables](#).
7. Choose a variable, and click OK. The variable and parameters are displayed in the From Orchestration column.
8. To link the activities, drag a variable from the From Orchestration list onto a parameter listed in the To Activity list. If a link can be established, a line connects the two.
9. Repeat this procedure to link other orchestration variables to this activity.

Parent topic: [Utilities Activities](#)

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Schedule Job activity

The Schedule Job activity is a starter activity that creates an instance of an orchestration at the specified date and time.

About this task

Use this task to add a Schedule Job activity to an orchestration.

Procedure

1. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activity tab and expand the Utilities folder.
3. Drag a Schedule Job activity onto the orchestration.
4. Specify the Schedule setting in the Configure pane as described in the following table:

Option	Description
5 seconds	Specifies the orchestration to run once every five seconds.
10 seconds	Specifies the orchestration to run once every ten seconds.
20 seconds	Specifies the orchestration to run once every twenty seconds.
30 seconds	Specifies the orchestration to run once every thirty seconds.
60 seconds	Specifies the orchestration to run once every sixty seconds.
5 Minutes	Specifies the orchestration to run once every five minutes.
Hour	Specifies the orchestration to run once an hour at the specified time.
Day	Specifies the orchestration to run once a day at the specified time. The time is based on a 24-hour clock in the GMT timezone.
Week	Specifies the orchestration to run once a week on the specified day (Sunday - Saturday) and at the specified time (24-hour clock) based on the GMT timezone.
Month	Specifies the orchestration to run once a month on the specified date (1 - 31) and time (24-hour clock) based on the GMT timezone.
Year	Specifies the orchestration to run once a year on the specified date (month and day) and time (24-hour clock) based on the GMT timezone.


Note: The Schedule Job activity starts the orchestration on the specified time and date based on the GMT timezone. You must adjust the specified time and date for your timezone.

5. To map the output of the activity:
 - a. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist. The time output parameter is displayed in the From Activity pane. This is an optional parameter that during run time returns the date and time (in the XML Schema `xsd:dateTime` data type) that the orchestration started processing.
 - b. If desired, map the time output parameter parameters to variable(s). See [Creating a Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Note: To create an orchestration that starts on two different dates, for example: February 13, 2011 and April 21, 2011. Drop a Pick activity on the orchestration as the starter activity and drop into the Pick branches, two Schedule Job activities, one that starts on February 13, 2011 and the other on April 21, 2011.

Parent topic: [Utilities Activities](#)

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Archives Activities

- [Archive activity](#)

During run time, the Archive activity takes input files and directories and adds them to a single archive. The Archive activity may also compress the input files and directories. Complete the steps in the following topics to add and configure an Archive activity in an orchestration, and to map inputs and outputs to the Archive activity
- [Unarchive Activity](#)

The Unarchive activity extracts the input files and directories from the passed in archive during run time. At run time, the Unarchive activity determines the archive/compression types and unarchives/decompresses the archive appropriately

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Archive activity

During run time, the Archive activity takes input files and directories and adds them to a single archive. The Archive activity may also compress the input files and directories. Complete the steps in the following topics to add and configure an Archive activity in an orchestration, and to map inputs and outputs to the Archive activity

- [Adding an Archive activity](#)
- [Configuring an Archive activity](#)
- [Archive activity map input](#)
- [Archive activity map output](#)

Parent topic: [Archives Activities](#)

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Adding an Archive activity

About this task

To add an Archive activity in the orchestration complete the following steps:

Procedure


1. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Archives folder.
3. Drag the Archive activity onto the orchestration. The Summary task is displayed.

What to do next

[Configure](#) the Archive activity.

Parent topic: [Archive activity](#)

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Configuring an Archive activity

About this task

To configure an Archive activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Select the Configure task from the Checklist. The Configure task is displayed.
2. Select a format type as described in the following table:

Format	Archived?	Compressed?	Description
TAR	Yes	No	Specifies that input files and directories are archived using the tar format before being returned in the archive output parameter as a single value. The returned value is compatible with the archive format produced by the UNIX tar -cf command. This option returns a value that is compatible with a file that ends in the .tar extension.
TAR+GZIP	Yes	Yes	Specifies that input files and directories are archived using the tar format and then compressed using the gzip format, before being returned in the archive output parameter as a single value. The returned value is compatible with the archive format produced by the UNIX tar -cf command and the compression format produced by the GNU gzip command. This option returns a value that is compatible with a file that ends in the .tar.gz extension.


Format	Archived?	Compressed?	Description
ZIP	Yes	Yes	Specifies that input files and directories are compressed and archived using the .zip format before being returned in the archive output parameter as a single value. The returned value is compatible with the compression and archive format produced by proprietary compression products. This option returns a value that is compatible with a file that ends in the .zip extension.
GZIP	No	Yes	Specifies that a single input file is compressed using the gzip format, before being returned in the archive output parameter. The returned value is compatible with the compression format produced by the GNU gzip command. This option returns a value that is compatible with a file that ends in the .gz extension.

What to do next

Map the input of the activity.

Parent topic: [Archive activity](#)

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Archive activity map input

About this task

To map the input of the Archive activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Select the Map Inputs task in the Checklist. The Map Inputs task is displayed. The archiveEntries input parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane.
2. Map variables to the nodes of the archiveEntries input parameter. See [Creating a Map](#) for general instructions on mapping. The archiveEntries/entry node is a recurring node and each entry represents a either a single file or directory in the archive. The nodes of the archiveEntries/entry node are described in the following table:

Node Name	Required	xsd Type	Description
name	Yes	string	Specifies the name of the directory or file to be added to the archive. If the file or directory is located in a sub-directory, the value of the name node must contain the directory path of the file in addition to the file name. For example, to specify the file called file1.txt located in the directory called cat, specify the value: cat/file1.txt.
datetime	No	dateTime	Specifies the creation date and time of the file or directory to be added to the archive.
isdirectory	No	boolean	Specifies if the current entity is a directory or a file: <ul style="list-style-type: none">o true specifies the entity is a directoryo false specifies the entity is a file
content	No	base64Binary	Specifies the contents of the file or directory.
size	No	decimal	Specifies the size of the file or directory.
userid	No	string	Specifies the user ID of the file or directory.
groupid	No	string	Specifies the group ID of the file or directory.


Node Name	Required	xsd Type	Description
permissions	No	string	Specifies the permissions of the file or directory.

What to do next

Map the output of the activity.

Parent topic: [Archive activity](#)

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Archive activity map output

About this task


To map the output of the activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist. The Map Outputs task is displayed. The archive output parameter is displayed in the From Activity pane. The archive output parameter contains the archived files and directories.
2. Map a variable to the archive output parameter. See [Creating a Map](#) for general instructions on mapping. For example, you could map the archive output parameter to a variable you created called *outdata*. You could then map the *outdata* variable to the data input parameter of the FTP Put File activity. During run time, the FTP Put File activity creates an archive file on an FTP server.

Parent topic: [Archive activity](#)

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Unarchive Activity

The Unarchive activity extracts the input files and directories from the passed in archive during run time. At run time, the Unarchive activity determines the archive/compression types and unarchives/decompresses the archive appropriately

About this task

The supported unarchive and decompression formats are listed in the following table:

Decompression/Unarchive Formats	Description
tar	During run time, if the Unarchive activity determines that the archive type is tar, the passed in archive is extracted into its component parts (files and directories) and passed back from the activity using the archiveEntries output parameter. The extraction done during run time by the Unarchive activity is equivalent to extraction done on the command line using the UNIX tar -xf command.
untar and gunzip	During run time, if the Unarchive activity determines that the archive type is tar and the compression type is gzip, the passed in archive is first decompressed from the gzip format and then extracted into its component parts (files and directories) and passed back from the activity using the archiveEntries output parameter. The extraction done during run time by the Unarchive activity is equivalent to extraction done on the command line using the UNIX tar -xf command to files that end in the .tar extension. The decompression done during run time by the Unarchive activity is equivalent to the decompression done on the command line using the GNU gunzip command to files that end in the .gz extension.
zip	During run time, if the Unarchive activity determines that the archive/compression type is zip, the passed in archive is decompressed and extracted into its component files and directories, and passed back from the activity using the archiveEntries output parameter. The decompression and extraction done during run time by the Unarchive activity is equivalent to the decompression and extraction done using proprietary compression products to files that end in the .zip extension.
gunzip	During run time, if the Unarchive activity determines that the compression type is gzip, the passed in archive is decompressed from the gzip format and passed back from the activity using the archiveEntries output parameter. The decompression done during run time by the Unarchive activity is equivalent to the decompression done on the command line using the GNU gunzip command to files that end in the .gz extension.

During run time, if the passed in archive format is unsupported, the Unarchive activity produces an ActivityFailedException error and issues the following message:

```
Invalid or unsupported archive format
```

During run time, if the passed in archive is incorrectly formed, the Unarchive activity produces an ActivityFailedException error and issues the following message:


```
Error while reading archive
```

To add and configure an Unarchive activity in an orchestration complete the steps in the following procedures:

- [Adding an Unarchive activity](#)
- [Unarchive activity map input](#)
- [Unarchive activity map output](#)

Parent topic: [Archives Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Unarchive_Activity.html

Adding an Unarchive activity

About this task

To add an Unarchive activity to an orchestration complete the following steps:

Procedure


1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Archives folder.
3. Drag the Archive activity onto the orchestration. The Summary task is displayed.

What to do next

[Mapping input](#) to the Unarchive activity.

Parent topic: [Unarchive Activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/unarchive_activity_adding.html

Unarchive activity map input

About this task


To map the input of the Unarchive activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Select the Map Inputs task in the Checklist. The Map Inputs task is displayed. The archive input parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane.
2. Map variables to the nodes of the archive input parameter. The variable should contain the archive to extract the input files and directories from. See [Creating a Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Parent topic: [Unarchive Activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/unarchive_activity_mapping_input.html

Unarchive activity map output

About this task

To map the output of the Unarchive activity complete the following steps:

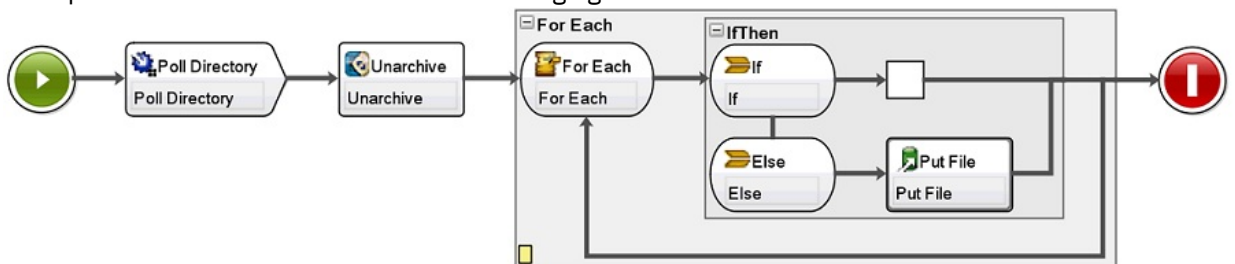
Procedure

1. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist. The Map Inputs task is displayed. The archiveEntries output parameter is displayed in the From Activity pane. The archiveEntries/entry node is a recurring node and each entry represents a either a single file or directory in the archive. The nodes of the archiveEntries/entry node are described in the following table:

Node Name	Required	xsd Type	Description
name	Yes	string	Specifies the name of the directory or file that was extracted from the archive. If the file or directory is located in a sub-directory the value returned by the name node during run time includes the relative directory path of the file or directory. For example, if the archive contains the file called file1.txt located in the directory called cat, the value: cat\file1.txt is returned.
datetime	No	dateString	Specifies the creation date and time of the file or the directory in the archive.

Node Name	Required	xsd Type	Description
isdirectory	No	boolean	Specifies if the current entity is a directory or a file: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o true specifies the entity is a directory o false specifies the entity is a file
content	No	base64Binary	Specifies the contents of the file or directory.
size	No	long	Specifies the size of the file or directory.
userid	No	string	Specifies the user ID of the file or directory.
groupid	No	string	Specifies the group ID of the file or directory.
permissions	No	string	Specifies the permissions of the file or directory.

- Map variables to the archiveEntries output parameter. See [Creating a Map](#) for general instructions on mapping. For example, you could map the archiveEntries output parameter to an *archiveEntries* variable and then add an For Each activity after the Unarchive activity to iterate through the instances of the *archiveEntries* variable. Each instance of the *archiveEntries* variable represents a file or a directory. You could add a If..Then activity to the For Each loop that tests the value of the isdirectory node and if the entity is not a directory, place the extracted file on an FTP Server using the FTP Put File activity. This example orchestration is shown in the following figure:



Parent topic: [Unarchive Activity](#)


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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/unarchive_activity_mapping_output.html

- [Overview of the PGP activities](#)
WebSphere® Cast Iron® Studio supports PGP encryption and decryption. You can import, store, and retrieve keys and certificates that are used for PGP activities.
- [Using the PGP Encrypt activity](#)
During run time, the PGP Encrypt activity encrypts content. Complete the following steps to add and map inputs and output of the PGP Encrypt activity in an orchestration:
- [Using the PGP Decrypt activity](#)
During run time, the PGP Decrypt activity decrypts content received from another activity or variable in the orchestration. Complete the following steps to add and map inputs and output of the PGP Decrypt activity in an orchestration
- [Importing PGP keys](#)
The `commandLine` utility that is discussed in this topic, extracts the private and public keys from the secure and public ring files, from the PGP/GPG keystore.
- [Troubleshooting and support](#)
Troubleshooting techniques and self-help information help you identify and solve problems quickly. This topic provides potential solutions for issues you would have with the Cryptographic activities.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/toc_cryptoserviceactivities.html

Overview of the PGP activities

WebSphere® Cast Iron® Studio supports PGP encryption and decryption. You can import, store, and retrieve keys and certificates that are used for PGP activities.

PGP has its own keystore for managing keys. The keystore location depends on the tool used. The public and the secret key ring of PGP is for cryptography. Cryptoservice uses the PGP keys to encrypt and decrypt content.

Cryptoservice comes with a utility to extract the PGP keys and store the same in the `PKCS12` keystore.


For Cast Iron Studio, you must use the command line utility to import the extracted `PKCS12` to the Studio keystore.

For the On-Premise Appliance, you must import the extracted `PKCS12` to the Appliance keystore from the Web Management Console.

After completing the procedures mentioned above, you can encrypt and decrypt content.

- To encrypt content, you must encode the human readable content to `base64`, and then pass the `base64` content to PGP Encrypt activity. Then, configure the inputs and provide the public key to the activity, which in turn would return the encrypted data.
- To decrypt the content you must pass the encrypted data to the PGP Decrypt activity, and configure the input with the private keys and password. The output is `base64`. You must decode the `base64` data to get the original content.

Parent topic: [Cryptoservice Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/PGP_overview.html

Using the PGP Encrypt activity

During run time, the PGP Encrypt activity encrypts content. Complete the following steps to add and map inputs and output of the PGP Encrypt activity in an orchestration:

Parent topic: [Cryptoservice Activities](#)

Adding the PGP Encrypt activity

About this task

To add the PGP Encrypt activity in the orchestration, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Cryptoservice folder.
3. Drag the PGP Encrypt activity onto the orchestration. The Summary of the activity configuration checklist is displayed.

What to do next

Map the inputs of the PGP Encrypt activity.

Mapping the inputs of the activity

About this task

To map the inputs of the PGP Encrypt activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Select the Map Inputs task in the Checklist. The Map Inputs task is displayed. The `cryptoserviceEntry` input parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane.
2. Map the variables to the nodes of the `cryptoserviceEntry` input parameter. The nodes of the `cryptoserviceEntry/entry` node are described in the following table:

Table 1. Nodes of `cryptoserviceEntry`

Node name	Required	xsd Type	Description
-----------	----------	----------	-------------

Node name	Required	xsd Type	Description
content	Yes	base64Binary	Indicates the actual base64Binary content that must be encrypted.
keyhandle	Yes	String	Indicates the name of the GPG key that is used to encrypt the content.
password	Optional	String	Indicates the password that must be used to decrypt keyhandle.
armored	Optional	Boolean	Indicates the value that must be set for ASCII Armored output. The default value is False.

Note: 128-bit encryption level requires an 8-byte key, which must be a 32-character hexadecimal string.

Mapping the output of the activity


About this task

To map the output of the activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist. The Map Outputs task is displayed. The PGP Encrypt output parameter is displayed in the From Activity pane. The PGP output parameter contains a variable that stores the encrypted content, which can be used in the orchestration.
2. Map a variable from the PGP Encrypt output parameter to another variable or activity in the orchestration.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/PGP_Encrypt.html

Using the PGP Decrypt activity

During run time, the PGP Decrypt activity decrypts content received from another activity or variable in the orchestration. Complete the following steps to add and map inputs and output of the PGP Decrypt activity in an orchestration

Parent topic: [Cryptoservice Activities](#)

Adding the PGP Encrypt activity

About this task

To add the PGP Decrypt activity in the orchestration, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Cryptoservice folder.
3. Drag the PGP Decrypt activity onto the orchestration. The Summary of the activity configuration checklist is displayed.

What to do next

Map the inputs of the PGP Decrypt activity.

Mapping the inputs of the activity

About this task

To map the inputs of the PGP Decrypt activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Select the Map Inputs task in the Checklist. The Map Inputs task is displayed. The `cryptoserviceEntry` input parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane.
2. Map the variables to the nodes of the `cryptoserviceEntry` input parameter. The nodes of the `cryptoserviceEntry/entry` node are described in the following table:

Table 1. Nodes of `cryptoserviceEntry`

Node name	Required	xsd Type	Description
content	Yes	base64Binary	Indicates the actual <code>base64Binary</code> content that must be encrypted.
keyhandle	Yes	String	Indicates the name of the GPG key that is used to encrypt the content.
password	Yes	String	Indicates the password that must be used to decrypt <code>keyhandle</code> .
armored	Optional	Boolean	Indicates the value that must be set for ASCII Armored output. The default value is <code>False</code> .

Note: 128-bit encryption level requires an 8-byte key, which must be a 32-character hexadecimal string.

What to do next

Map the output of the PGP Decrypt activity.

Mapping the output of the activity

About this task


To map the output of the activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist. The Map Outputs task is displayed. The PGP Decrypt output parameter is displayed in the From Activity pane. The PGP Decrypt output parameter contains a

- variable that stores the decrypted content, which can be used in the orchestration.
2. Map a variable from the PGP Decrypt output parameter to another variable or activity in the orchestration.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/PGP_Decrypt.html

Importing PGP keys

The `commandLine` utility that is discussed in this topic, extracts the private and public keys from the secure and public ring files, from the PGP/GPG keystore.

Procedure

To extract the keys from the PGP/GPG keystore, the `commandLine` utility uses the following parameters:

1. `commandLine` utility accepts the following parameters to extract the private and public keys:

```
extractPKCS12AndPublicKey.bat -privateKeyRingFile <file name of the secret key ring file> -publicKeyRingFileName <file name of the pub key ring file> -passphrase <password for the gpg keys> -keyStoreLocation <keyStore Location> -keyStorePassword <keystore password> -privateCertificateName <private certificate name> -issuerName <name of the certificate issuer> -certificateStartDate <start date> -certificateExpiryDate <end date> -algorithmName SHA256withRSA
```

For example:

```
extractPKCS12AndPublicKey.bat -privateKeyRingFile C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\Documents\gpg\sekring.gpg -publicKeyRingFile C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\Documents\gpg\pubring.gpg -passphrase castiron -keyStoreLocation C:\mykeystore.p12 -keyStorePassword changeit -privateCertificateName myKey -issuerName "C=US, ST=CA, L=Mountain View, O=Cast Iron Systems, CN=Cast Iron Appliance VMWSULXJE23SK6HO" -certificateStartDate 01-01-2013 -certificateExpiryDate 01-01-2015 -algorithm SHA256withRSA
```

2. `commandLine` utility accepts the following parameters to import the private and public keys to a Studio keystore file:

```
importPKCS12IntoJKS.bat -privateCertificateName <private certificate name> -pkcsKeyStoreLocation < PKCS12 keystore store that we created in step1 > -pkcsKeyStorePassword < password for the keystore>
```

For example:


```
importPKCS12IntoJKS.bat -privateCertificateName myKey -pkcsKeyStoreLocation C:\mykeystore.p12 -pkcsKeyStorePassword changeit
```

Note: Step 2 is not required for the appliance. You can import the generated PKCS12 keystore to the appliance through the Security menu on the Web Management Console dashboard. For more

information about importing certificates, see Cast Iron® Web Management Console documentation.

Parent topic: [Cryptoservice Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/PGP_Importing_keys.html

Troubleshooting and support

Troubleshooting techniques and self-help information help you identify and solve problems quickly. This topic provides potential solutions for issues you would have with the Cryptographic activities.

OutOfMemoryError exception thrown

Problem: The following exception is thrown when you use the PGP Encrypt activity, for FTP transfer of .zip file or a .tar.gz file:


```
Internal error: java.lang.OutOfMemoryError: Java heap space (data size is over 10MB)
```

Cause: Insufficient default heap allocation when starting Cast Iron Studio.

Solution: Increase the heap allocation when starting Cast Iron Studio, by giving the following command:
CastIronStudio.exe -J-Xmx1024m.

Parent topic: [Cryptoservice Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/PGP_troubleshooting.html

Data Quality Activities

- [About Data Quality Activities](#)
Use the Data Quality activities in Studio to migrate or load data into a new system and/or synchronize data between existing systems.
- [Filter and Profile Activity](#)
This activity filters data based on the Boolean expression you create and generates a profile summary of the cleansed data.
- [Creating Profile Summaries](#)
Use the Profile Summaries pane to specify parameters that determine the data that the Integration Appliance profiles.

- [Filtering Expressions](#)
A filter expression is an XPath query that specifies conditions (boolean expressions) that the Integration Appliance uses to route data to different outputs. You can create a filter expression using the Filter and Profile activity.
- [Lookup Activity](#)
Use the Lookup Activity to retrieve rows of data from a selected database endpoint and use values from those rows to replace or add values to the current recurring element, based on an exact or approximate match of values from the current recurring element that is used as a key to perform the lookup.
- [Sort Activity](#)
This activity allows you to sort inputs.
- [Merge Activity](#)
Use the Merge activity allows to join two sorted inputs. Both the left and right inputs must be sorted on a specified sort key before you can merge or join inputs. You must specify at least one sort key for both the left and right inputs. The Merge activity resolves any duplicates.

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About Data Quality Activities

Use the Data Quality activities in Studio to migrate or load data into a new system and/or synchronize data between existing systems.

From the Activities tab in the Studio toolbox, select the Data Quality directory. The Data Quality activities include:

- Filter and Profile – Filters data based on the Boolean expression you create and generates a profile summary of the cleansed data.
- Lookup – Retrieves rows of data from the database endpoint, which you select.
- Sort – Sorts the inputs based on sort keys you specify.
- Merge – Joins two sorted inputs.

The Integration Appliance has a Local Staging Database where you can stage the data. The Local Staging Database can be used to share data between jobs to facilitate an iterative data cleansing process. You can view and edit data in the Local Staging Database through the Web Management Console (WMC).


From the WMC, you can complete the following operations against the Local Staging Database:

- Start and Stop the database server
- Connect to the Local Staging Database
- Create tables
- Drop tables
- View tables and sort by columns
- Add rows
- Delete rows

For more information about performing these operations, see the WMC Online Help.

Parent topic: [Data Quality Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/aboutdataqualityactivities.html>


Filter and Profile Activity

This activity filters data based on the Boolean expression you create and generates a profile summary of the cleansed data.

- [Configuring the Filter and Profile activity](#)
- [Mapping Filter and Profile activity outputs](#)

Parent topic: [Data Quality Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/filter_and_profile_activity.html

Configuring the Filter and Profile activity

About this task

To configure the Filter and Profile activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Data Quality directory to find the Filter and Profile activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration. The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.
3. From the Checklist, select Configure and specify the following information:
 - a. The variable name of the variable that contains the recurring element, which the activity loops through.
 - b. The element name of the recurring element in the variable, which the activity loops through.

Click the browse button to open the Select Recurring Element window, where you can view all the elements in the variable you selected.

4. From the Checklist, select Filter Expression and [create](#) an expression that the Integration Appliance uses to filter data.

Note: The Integration Appliance can only create a profile for data that passes the filter expression. To profile all data, complete one of the following tasks:


- Click Advanced and enter the following expression: `true()`

OR

- Enter the expression: `1 = 1`
5. From the Checklist, select Profile Summary to **define** parameters for the data you want to summarize.
 6. Map the **output** of the activity.

Parent topic: [Filter and Profile Activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/filter_and_profile_activity_configure.html

Mapping Filter and Profile activity outputs

About this task


To map the outputs of the Filter and Profile activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs. The following elements are displayed in the From Activity pane: goodXML, badXML, summary, and summaryCharts.pdf.
2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables. For general mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Parent topic: [Filter and Profile Activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/filter_and_profile_activity_map_outputs.html

Creating Profile Summaries

Use the Profile Summaries pane to specify parameters that determine the data that the Integration Appliance profiles.

About this task

To create a profile summary complete the following steps:


Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Data Quality directory to find the Filter and Profile activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration. The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.
3. From the Checklist, select Profile Summary. The Profiles Summaries pane is displayed.
4. Click Add.
5. Specify values for the following parameters:

Profile Summary Parameter	Description
XPath	The XPath expression, relative to the recurring element you selected, that specifies the data to profile
Name	The name of the profile. The default is the XPath expression you selected.
Datatype	Specifies the data type as either text or number. By default, the data type is text. For a numeric data type, the following general statistics are generated: min, max, mean, count, sum, standardDeviation, variance. For a text data type, the following general statistics are generated: min, max. For both data types, histograms can be generated to show frequency counts for specific values or value ranges.
Histogram ?	Specifies whether or not to generate a histogram. The default is <code>false</code> and a histogram is not generated. To generate a histogram, select the Histogram? field and select Generate Histogram. The value <code>true</code> is displayed in the field.
Max. Bins	Specifies the maximum number of bins for the histogram. Important: Only specify a value for this parameter if the datatype is specified as number. The default value is 0, indicating that no maximum exists.
Max. Values	Specifies the maximum number of values to use for the histogram. The default value is 0, indicating that no maximum exists.
Min. Freq.	Specifies the minimum frequency for values to be included in the histogram. This is a number between 0-1, indicating the ratio of the number of occurrences of a given value to all values. The default is 0.0
Chart	Generates a PDF of the chart type you specify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o bar o pie o none By default, the Integration Appliance does not generate a chart.

Parent topic: [Data Quality Activities](#)

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Filtering Expressions

A filter expression is an XPath query that specifies conditions (boolean expressions) that the Integration Appliance uses to route data to different outputs. You can create a filter expression using the Filter and Profile activity.

About this task


Use the Studio Builder tool to:

- Create a filter expression
- Add conditions
- Delete conditions
- Edit conditions
- Specify the processing order of conditions

- [Creating a filter expression](#)
- [Adding a filter expression condition](#)
- [Deleting a filter expression condition](#)
- [Editing a filter expression condition](#)
- [Changing the processing order of filter expression conditions](#)

Parent topic: [Data Quality Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/filtering_expressions.html

Creating a filter expression

About this task

To use the Builder to create a filter expression complete the following steps:

Procedure


1. In the orchestration, select the Filter and Profile activity to open the Checklist.
2. In the Checklist, select Filter Expression. The Builder is displayed in the Filter Expression pane.
3. Click the Left Hand Expression field to enter a parameter or click (...) for the elements of a selected variable to be displayed. Click (B) to select a new variable.
4. Click the Op list to select an operator for the condition.

For a complete list of operators that you can use in the Builder, see Valid Operators for Conditions

5. Click the Right Hand Expression field to enter a parameter or click (...) for the elements of a selected variable to be displayed. Click (B) to select a new variable.

Parent topic: [Filtering Expressions](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/filtering_expressions_create.html

Adding a filter expression condition

About this task


To add a condition complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Click Add. Fields for a new condition are displayed. By default, the new condition is inclusive, using AND logic.
2. Optional: In the first column, select OR from the list to use OR logic.
3. Specify the Left Hand Expression.
4. Specify the operator for the condition
5. Specify the Right Hand Expression.

Parent topic: [Filtering Expressions](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/filtering_expressions_add.html

Deleting a filter expression condition

About this task


To delete a condition complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Filter Expression pane, select the condition.
2. Click Delete.

Parent topic: [Filtering Expressions](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/filtering_expressions_delete.html

Editing a filter expression condition

About this task


To edit a filter expression condition complete the following steps.

Procedure

- Select any field in the Filter Builder and make your edits. If the Filter Builder is not displayed, click Use Builder. You can edit left-hand expressions, select operators, and right-hand expressions.
- OR-
- Click Advanced to directly edit XPath expressions that define the condition.
Note: Use the XPath Evaluator to test XPath expressions.

Parent topic: [Filtering Expressions](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/filtering_expressions_edit.html

Changing the processing order of filter expression conditions


About this task

To change the processing order of the conditions complete the following step:

Select a condition in the Filter Builder and click the up or down arrows.

Parent topic: [Filtering Expressions](#)

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Lookup Activity

Use the Lookup Activity to retrieve rows of data from a selected database endpoint and use values from those rows to replace or add values to the current recurring element, based on an exact or approximate match of values from the current recurring element that is used as a key to perform the lookup.

To use the fuzzy lookup capability, you must use the Local Staging Database on the Integration Appliance. For non-fuzzy lookups, you can use any database endpoint that Studio supports.

Note: When the Lookup activity is run from Studio, lookup results are not cached.

Lookup activity requires a parameterized SQL query, an XPath query that indicates the recurring element, and an XPath query that indicates which value to use as the key for the lookup. A set of lookup values specifies how column values from the database result set should be mapped to elements or attributes of the current context node.

To complete a fuzzy lookup and approximately match the key, the Lookup activity uses the edit distance algorithm.

For example:

In the following table Names you want to perform a query on the last name Stark. The database contains the following records:

FirstName	LastName
Tony	Stark
Bruno	Star
Georgia	States
Howard	Stark

Issue the following query: `select * from Names where Col_LastName='Stark'`

In this example, the `key_length = length("Stark") = 5`


For comparing against the threshold, use the value $(1 - (\text{edit_distance} / \text{key_length}))$

The edit distance is $\text{edit_distance}(\text{"Stark"}, \text{"Stark"}) = 0$ and $\text{edit_distance}(\text{"Stark"}, \text{"Star"}) = 1$

- To pick up only Stark use threshold $(1 - (0/5)) = 1$
- To pick up both Stark and Star, but not States use threshold $(1 - (1/5)) = 0.8$
- [Using the Lookup activity](#)
- [Mapping Lookup activity outputs](#)

Parent topic: [Data Quality Activities](#)

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Using the Lookup activity

About this task

To use the Lookup activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Data Quality directory to find the Lookup activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration. The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.
3. In the Checklist, select Pick Endpoint and select a database endpoint. For instructions on creating or editing a database endpoint, see [Creating or Editing a Database Activity Endpoint](#)
Note: To complete a fuzzy lookup you must select the Local Staging Database. To access the Local Staging Database:
 - a. From the Database Type list, select Local. Staging opens in the Database Name field.
 - b. In the Network Location Server field, specify the data IP address of the Integration Appliance, where the Local Staging Database is started. The Port is fixed at 1526.
 - c. Enter a User Name and Password.
Important: This login information must be for a user with Administrator or Publisher privileges on the Integration Appliance.
 - d. Specify any additional parameters. For more details about the database parameters. see [Creating or Editing a Database Activity Endpoint](#).
 - e. Click OK. The Database endpoint is displayed in the Endpoints directory of the Studio toolbox.
4. From the Checklist, select Configure and specify the following information:
 - a. The variable name of the variable that contains the recurring element, which the activity loops through.
 - b. The element name of the recurring element in the variable, which the activity loops through.

Click the browse button (...) to open the Select Recurring Element window, where you can view all the elements in the variable you selected.

5. In the Checklist, select Enter Query
 - a. Specify the query for the lookup table.

- For fuzzy lookups, you must specify exactly one parameter.
 - For non-fuzzy lookups, you can specify one or more parameters.
- b. From the Encoding list, select the encoding type.
 - c. Click Validate Query

Note: If using a Local database endpoint, you must start the Local Staging Database on the Integration Appliance before you can view columns or validate queries. To start the Local Staging Database, in the Web Management Console (WMC), select Staging > Staging Database Start/Stop.
 - d. Click View Columns and select a table to view detailed column information for the table you select. The Hide Buffer and Control Table option is the default selection.
6. In the Checklist, select Setup Input Parameters. The query you entered in the previous step is displayed.

Specify the input XPath for each input parameter in the XPath column. The input XPath is an XPath expression that is relative to the recurring element which specifies the lookup key value that the query uses.

7. In the Checklist, select Setup Result Set.
 - a. Specify the output XPath for each row in the result set. The output XPath specifies the element or attribute relative to the recurring element that will hold the output value.
 - b. Use the at-sign (@) at the beginning of the XPath expression to specify an attribute.
 - If the name of the element or attribute already exists, Studio replaces the existing value. Otherwise, Studio creates a new named element or attribute.
 - If the lookup fails to find a match, the row is sent to the badXML element.
8. In the Checklist, select Delivery Rules and specify the following delivery rules:


Delivery Rule	Description
Activity Timeout	Specifies in seconds the length of time that the Integration Appliance waits for the endpoint to respond. The default setting is 300 seconds.
Fuzzy lookup	Determines if the lookup is fuzzy. Select this option to perform a fuzzy lookup. Important: You can only perform a fuzzy lookup against a Local Database Endpoint. Note: Before you run the orchestration, use the Database Asset generation tool, in the WMC, to create an index table.
Output at most __ match(es) per fuzzy lookup	Specifies the maximum number of matches to output per fuzzy lookup.
The similarity threshold __ for a fuzzy lookup	Specifies the similarity threshold for determining a match during a fuzzy lookup (between 0 - 1). 1 = an exact match.
Ignore case (for fuzzy lookup only)	Select for your lookup to be case-insensitive.
Ignore leading and trailing white spaces	When selected, the Lookup activity ignores any white space that occurs before and after the data. For non-fuzzy lookups, you can only apply this option to the input value. For fuzzy lookups, you can apply this option to both the input value and the lookup table key.
Preload cache	Select this option to preload the lookup cache.
Cache at most __ lookup results	Specifies the maximum number of lookup results to cache.

What to do next

Map the [output](#) of the activity.

Parent topic: [Lookup Activity](#)

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Mapping Lookup activity outputs

About this task


To map the outputs of the Lookup activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs. The following elements are displayed in the From Activity pane: goodXML and badXML.
2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Parent topic: [Lookup Activity](#)

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Sort Activity

This activity allows you to sort inputs.

About this task

Important: Use the Sort activity to sort data before attempting to merge data with the Merge activity.


To sort inputs complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Data Quality directory to find the Sort activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration. The Checklist and Summary for the activity show beneath the orchestration.
3. From the Checklist, select Configure and specify the following information:
 - a. The variable name of the variable that contains the recurring element, which the activity loops through.
 - b. The element name of the recurring element in the variable, which the activity loops through. Click the browse button (...) to open the Select Recurring Element window, where you can view all the elements in the variable you selected.
4. From the Checklist, select Sort Properties and specify the following information:
 - a. Optional: Select Remove Duplicates, so that the activity sends duplicates to the remainderXml element.
 - b. Click Add. A new row is displayed in the Sort Keys table.
 - c. In the XPath column, specify the recurring element.
 - d. Select the Sort Type field and from the list. Choose either ascending or descending sort order for the list. The default sort type is ascending.
 - e. Select the Datatype field and from the list, choose either the text or number data type. The default data type is text.
 - f. Optional: Select the Ignore Case option. If you select this option, the case of the data is ignored during the sort process.
 - g. Optional: Select the Ignore Leading and Trailing Whitespace option. By default, the sort process reads any white space around data. If you select this option, the activity ignores white spaces that can affect the sort results.
5. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs. The following elements are displayed in the From Activity pane: sortedXml and remainderXml.
 - a. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
 - b. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Parent topic: [Data Quality Activities](#)

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Merge Activity

Use the Merge activity allows to join two sorted inputs. Both the left and right inputs must be sorted on a specified sort key before you can merge or join inputs. You must specify at least one sort key for both the left and right inputs. The Merge activity resolves any duplicates.

Use an XPath query to specify the recurring element for each input. There are six types of merges:

Merge Type	Description

Merge Type	Description
Merge and remove duplicates	Removes the duplicates that occur in both the left and right inputs. Studio sends any duplicates to the RemainderXML element.
Merge and keep left duplicates	Sends duplicates from the left input to the RemainderXML element.
Merge and keep all duplicates	Keeps duplicates from both inputs.
Inner join	Joins inputs on the specified keys. Any row that does not participate in the join is sent to the RemainderXML element.
Left outer join	Joins the inputs on the specified keys. Rows from the left input are kept in the merged output even if they do not participate in the join. Studio sends any rows from the right input that do not participate in the join to the RemainderXML element.
Full outer join	Joins the inputs on the specified keys. Rows that are not involved with the join are kept in the merged output.

Merge Examples:

Table 1 are the Left and Right inputs for this example. Table 2 are the expected results for each type of merge operation that the Merge activity supports.

In the following example, x is the key variable. Studio sends entries that are merged or joined to the mergeXML element and sends any entries that do not participate in a merge or join to the RemainderXML element.

Table 1. Left and Right Inputs

Left Inputs	Right Inputs
<pre><entries> <entry x="1" y="10"/> <entry x="2" y="20"/> <entry x="2" y="21"/> <entry x="3" y="30"/> </entries></pre>	<pre><entries> <entry x="0" z="00"/> <entry x="2" z="22"/> <entry x="2" z="23"/> <entry x="4" z="40"/> </entries></pre>

Table 2. Merge Results for Each Merge Type


Merge Type	Merge Results
Merge and remove duplicates	<pre><entries> <entry x="0" z="00"/> <entry x="1" y="10"/> <entry x="3" y="30"/> <entry x="4" z="40"/> </entries></pre>
Merge and keep left duplicates	<pre><entries> <entry x="0" z="00"/> <entry x="1" y="10"/> <entry x="2" y="20"/> <entry x="2" y="21"/> <entry x="3" y="30"/> <entry x="4" z="40"/> </entries></pre>

Merge Type	Merge Results
Merge and keep all duplicates	<pre><entries> <entry x="0" z="00"/> <entry x="1" y="10"/> <entry x="2" y="20"/> <entry x="2" y="21"/> <entry x="2" z="22"/> <entry x="2" z="23"/> <entry x="3" y="30"/> <entry x="4" z="40"/> </entries></pre>
Inner join	<pre><entries> <entry x="2" y="20" z="22"/> <entry x="2" y="20" z="23"/> <entry x="2" y="21" z="22"/> <entry x="2" y="21" z="23"/> </entries></pre>
Left outer join	<pre><entries> <entry x="1" y="10"/> <entry x="2" y="20" z="22"/> <entry x="2" y="20" z="23"/> <entry x="2" y="21" z="22"/> <entry x="2" y="21" z="23"/> <entry x="3" y="30"/> </entries></pre>
Full outer join	<pre><entries> <entry x="0" z="00"/> <entry x="1" y="10"/> <entry x="2" y="20" z="22"/> <entry x="2" y="20" z="23"/> <entry x="2" y="21" z="22"/> <entry x="2" y="21" z="23"/> <entry x="3" y="30"/> <entry x="4" z="40"/> </entries></pre>

- [Merging two sorted inputs](#)

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Merging two sorted inputs

About this task


To merge two sorted inputs complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Data Quality directory to find the Merge activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration. The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.
3. From the Checklist, select Configure and specify the following information:
 - a. The variable name of the left variable that contains the recurring element, which the activity loops through.
 - b. The element name of the recurring element in the left variable, which the activity loops through. Click the browse button (...) to open the Select Recurring Element window, where you can view all the elements in the variable you selected.
 - c. The variable name of the right variable that contains the recurring element, which the activity loops through.
 - d. The element name of the recurring element in the right variable, which the activity loops through. Click the browse button (...) to open the Select Recurring Element window, where you can view all the elements in the variable you selected.
4. From the Checklist, select Merge Properties and specify the following information:
 - a. Select a [merge type](#) for the list.
 - b. In the Left Sort Key section, click Add. A new row is displayed in the Sort Keys table.
 - c. In the XPath column, specify the recurring element.
 - d. Select the Sort Type field and from the list. Choose either the ascending or descending to sort the list. The default sort type is ascending.
 - e. Select the Datatype field and from the list, choose either the text or number data type. The default data type is text.
 - f. Repeat steps (b - e) for the Right Sort Keys.
 - g. Optional: Select the Ignore Case option. If you select this option, the case of the data is ignored during the merge process.
 - h. Optional: Select the Ignore Leading and Trailing Whitespace option. By default, the merge process reads any white space around data. If you select this option, the activity ignores white spaces that can affect the merge results.
5. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs. The following elements are displayed in the From Activity pane: mergedXml and remainderXml.
 - a. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
 - b. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Parent topic: [Merge Activity](#)


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Database Activities

- [Creating or Editing a Database Activity Endpoint](#)
Endpoints provide the database connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a database.
- [Browsing Database Tables](#)
Use the Browse Database Tables dialog box to dynamically select a table from the current list of tables in the database specified by the Endpoint.
- [Character Encodings](#)
Set the character encoding at the database level, the table level, or the column or parameter level.
- [Database Entities and Activities](#)
- [Defining Columns for Old Values in Updates](#)
- [MaxPooledStatements Parameter](#)
The MaxPooledStatements parameter is automatically defined and set with a default value for all types of Database Endpoints.
- [Oracle, Sybase, DB2, and Informix Parameters](#)
In the Additional Parameters table of the Database Endpoint, define the connection parameters for Oracle, Sybase, DB2®, or Informix® databases.
- [Retry Options For Inbound Database Activities](#)
This section contains the procedure for configuring the retry options for the following inbound database activities: **Get Inserted Rows** activity, **Get Updated Rows** activity, **Get Deleted Rows** activity, and **Poll Table** activity.
- [Retry Options For Outbound Database Activities](#)
This section contains the procedure for configuring the retry options for the following outbound database activities: **Execute Query** activity, **Insert Rows** activity, **Update Rows** activity, **Delete Rows** activity, and **Call Procedure** activity
- [SequeLink Parameters](#)
- [Single-Table Inbound Database Activities](#)
During run time, single-table inbound database activities poll if a database operation has occurred on any rows in the specified columns of a database table at the specified time interval.
- [Single-Table Outbound Database Activities](#)
This section contains the procedures for configuring the following single-table outbound database activities.
- [Specifying Delivery Rules for Database Activities](#)
Specify how messages will be delivered at the Delivery Rules pane.
- [Viewing Column Details](#)
The View Column dialog box allows you to see detailed column information for tables as you enter a SQL statement in the **Enter Query** task of the **Checklist** for the **Execute Query** activity. This task describes how to access the View Column Details dialog box.
- [Working with Database Parameters](#)
Parameters supply database-specific connection information for an endpoint.
- [Call Procedure Activity](#)
During run time, the Call Procedure activity runs a stored procedure in a database. The stored procedure must be written and installed in the database before you can complete the configuration of the Call Procedure activity in Studio.
- [Execute Query Activity](#)
During run time, the Execute Query activity runs a select SQL statement.
- [Poll Table Activity](#)
The Poll Table activity checks if a database operation (insert or update) has occurred on any rows of a database table by checking the status of a special flag column at the specified time interval.
- [Testing an SSL Database Connection](#)

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Creating or Editing a Database Activity Endpoint

Endpoints provide the database connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a database.

Select or edit a database endpoint

1. In the Create Endpoint or Edit Endpoint pane, configure the fields as described in the following tables.
Note: Changing the configuration properties of an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project. The edits are global, not local.
2. Click Test Connection to confirm that you can connect to the database. Click OK.

Database options

Table 1. Database options

Field	Description
Database Type	<p>Specifies the database type. If you select the Generic JDBC driver or MySQL, you must install the module providers into Studio. To add JDBC drivers into Studio, you add them to the Web Management console and then complete the following steps in the WMC.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Go to Settings. 2. Select Design. 3. Select Libraries Environment and set it to the environment that you loaded the compressed files into. 4. Restart Studio. <p>Note: For JDBC drivers to access database endpoints for Cast Iron® Generic JDBC support, the JDBC driver must be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type 4. • Must implement the JDBC 2.0 or greater specification. • Must provide support for the DataSource feature API. <p>Additional Parameters may be required for a Generic JDBC Driver. You should check the documentation for the driver you intend to use to see if any additional parameters are required. For more information about installing the JDBC libraries into the WMC, see the WMC Online help.</p>
Database Name	<p>Specifies the name of the Database to which you want to connect. If connecting to Oracle RAC, see For Oracle RAC:.</p> <p>Note: For AS/400® DB2® databases, this is the collection name defined during installation.</p>

Field	Description
Network Location: Server	Specifies the name or IP address of the machine where the database server resides. For Informix®, log into the Informix Server Administrator and select the Configuration > SQLHOST menu option to find the hostname. For Sequelink, enter the name or the IP address of the Sequelink server.
Network Location: Port	Specifies the port number of the database server listener. For Sequelink, enter the port number of the Sequelink server listener.
User Name	Specifies the username that the Integration Appliance uses to connect to the database. Note: For DB2, the user must have the permissions to create a package.
Password	Specifies the password associated with the specified username.
Additional Parameters	Specifies the database-specific information for an endpoint. See Working with Database Parameters for details. By default, the MaxPooledStatements parameter is automatically defined and set with a default value for all types of Database Endpoints.

Note: For some of the fields in the endpoint, you can define configuration properties to supply the values for these fields. The



icon displays when you click in a field that supports a configuration property and a configuration property of the same type has already been configured for the project.

For Informix Databases

To find the port number for an Informix database:

1. In an editor, open the following file: \$INFORMIXSERVER/etc/sqlhosts
2. Note the `servicename` found in the SERVER column.
3. In an editor, open the appropriate file for your system:
 - o UNIX - /etc/services
 - o Windows - \Winnt\system32\drivers\etc\services
4. In the file, search for the `servicename` to find the associated port number.

For DB2 AS/400 Databases

For some EBCDIC-US columns on DB2 AS/400, Studio cannot determine the correct size and type.

To pass an EBCDIC-US encoded parameter:

1. In Studio, open the orchestration containing a Database Connector activity.
2. Change CHAR type columns to VARBINARY type. The EBCDIC-encoded columns display as CHAR type columns in the data type of the outbound connector.
3. Use a map before the Database Connector to pad an EBCDIC-encoded parameter with spaces, so that the value of the parameter equals the length of the column.

For example, if the column length is 10 and the value is "abc", pad the column with 7 spaces.

If the EBCDIC-encoded value is not padded with spaces, the Database Connector pads the value with NULL. This can create inconsistent data and errors can occur.

To read an EBCDIC-US encoded column from a result set:

1. In Studio, open the orchestration containing the Database Connector Parameterized Query operation.

When you use a parameterized query to select an EBCDIC-encoded column from a database, the Database Connector returns values padded with spaces if the value is shorter than the column length.

For example, if the column length is 10 and the value is "abc", the Database Connector pads the column with 7 spaces.

2. Create a map after the Parameterized Query operation to trim the padded spaces from the XML result set.

For Oracle RAC:

IBM Cast Iron supports additional properties in the connection string that enable Oracle RAC connectivity. Use the following additional properties to connect with Oracle RAC:

1. `AlternateServers=(servername1[:port1]
[;property=value[;...]],
servername2[:port2]
[;property=value[;...]],...)`

Where:

servername is the IP address of the server

port is the port number of the server

property=value enter the ServiceName which is used as the Database Name. Entering a SID is optional.

2. `LoadBalancing=true|false`

Determines whether the driver will use client load balancing in its attempts to connect to a list of database servers, primary and alternate. The list of alternate servers is specified by the `AlternateServers` property. If set to true, client load balancing is used and the driver attempts to connect to the list of database servers, primary and alternate servers, in a random order. If set to false (the default), client load balancing is not used and the driver connects to each server based on their sequential order (primary server first, then, alternate servers in the order they are specified).

3. Use the service name in the Database Name of the end-point.

Connection Pool, Encoding, TimeOut, and Security Options

Default values are provided for the connection pool options. Change them as needed.

Table 2.


Field	Description
Connection Pool Options	
Initial Pool Size	Specifies the initial number of database connections that the Integration Appliance opens and places in the connection pool.

Field	Description
Minimum Connections	Specifies the number of database connections that the Integration Appliance always keeps open in the connection pool. Specifying 0 is supported.
Maximum Connections	Specifies the maximum number of database connections that the Integration Appliance can have open in the connection pool. Specifying 0 means the number of connections is unbounded.
Maximum Idle Time	Specifies the amount of time (in minutes) that a database connection can be open and idle before being closed by the Integration Appliance. Specifying 0 means that the connections are closed when they are returned to the pool - no idle time.
Reclaim Connections	<p>Specifies how often the Integration Appliance checks the connection pool to determine if any connections should be closed. For example, if the Reclaim Connections is set to 6 minutes, the Integration Appliance checks the connection pool every six minutes to determine if the total number of open connections in the pool are greater than the minimum number of connections. If the number of open connections are greater than the specified minimum number, the Integration Appliance closes any excess connections (over the number of Minimum Connections) for any connections that have exceeded the Maximum Idle Time.</p> <p>For example, the Minimum Connections is set to 2, Maximum Connections is set to 6, the Reclaim Connections is 6 minutes, and the Maximum Idle Time set to 2 minutes. A total of five connections are currently open in the connection pool. When the Reclaim Connections of 6 minutes is reached, the Integration Appliance checks the connection pool and determines that one connection has been idle for 3 minutes, one connection has been idle for 4 minutes, and three connections are still active. The Integration Appliance closes the two idle connections. After another 6 minutes, the Integration Appliance checks the connection pool again.</p>
Default Encoding	
Encoding	<p>Specifies the default character Encoding to use when connection to this database. To set the encoding type, choose from one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • From the Encoding drop-down list, select a default encoding type. • Enter your encoding type directly by clicking in the Encoding field and typing in your encoding type. <p>Note: Some double-byte characters are not converted using the SHIFT-JIS encoding. For more information, see Using the Shift-JIS encoding.</p>
Quoted Identifiers	

Field	Description
Delimit the identifiers for tables, columns, and objects with quotes	Specifies if quotes are used around the identifiers for database tables, columns, and objects in the generated SQL statements that the Integration Appliance and Studio uses to communicate with the database. Quoting an identifier makes the identifier case-sensitive. For example, the identifier string: <code>myTable</code> could refer to table named <code>mytable</code> or <code>MYTABLE</code> but the identifier string with quotes: <code>"myTable"</code> only refers to a table named <code>myTable</code> . Quoting an identifier also allows characters not normally found in database names such as spaces.
Security	
Enable Encryption	Specifies that the connection should use SSL.
Validate Server Certificate	Specifies that the client should validate the database server certificate. See Testing an SSL Database Connection .
Require Client Authentication	Specifies that the client present a certificate to the database server.
Connection Timeout	
Timeout after _____ second(s) when establishing a connection to the Endpoint.	<p>Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the Endpoint and the time it takes for the Endpoint to respond to the connection request. For a database activity, the amount of time the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the database before timing out. A connection timeout is different from an activity timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the Endpoint has already been established. An activity timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity invoking a request on an Endpoint and the time it takes the Endpoint to respond. You set the activity timeout in Retry task of any of the following database activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Execute Query Activity, see Execute Query Activity. • Single-Table Inbound Database Activities, see Single-Table Inbound Database Activities. • Single-Table Outbound Database Activities, see Single-Table Outbound Database Activities. • Poll Table Activity Call, see Poll Table Activity. • Procedure Activity, see Call Procedure Activity.

Parent topic: [Database Activities](#)

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Browsing Database Tables

Use the Browse Database Tables dialog box to dynamically select a table from the current list of tables in the database specified by the Endpoint.

Studio connects to the database to get the current list of tables from the database.

To select a table choose one of the following options:


- Click on a table in the list and click OK.
- Double-click on a table in the list.

To change the list of selectable tables, use the following options:

- To see tables associated with a different schema, select a schema from the Filter by User Schema list.
- To see tables for all schemas, click Clear.
- To filter out any buffer or control tables created using the Web Management Console (WMC) that are used internally by the Integration Appliance during run time check Hide Buffer and Control Tables. The column names in these tables are prefaced by convention with the string: `IH:`

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Character Encodings

Set the character encoding at the database level, the table level, or the column or parameter level.

For example, the default encoding for your database might be set to UTF-8 but one table in that database might explicit set the encoding to SHIFT-JIS. One column in this table might have the encoding explicitly set to ISO-8859-1 while all the other columns do not specify the encoding, so they inherit the default encoding of SHIFT-JIS from the table.

The Integration Appliance can convert from type of encoding to another during run time. For example, the orchestration might read in input data from a table with the encoding set to ISO-8859-1 and then write out that data to a column set to UTF-8.

To set character encodings:

- At the **Database** level - Select the encoding type from the Encoding list of the Edit Endpoint or Create Endpoint dialog box.

- At the **Table** level - Select the encoding type from the Encoding list in the Pick Table pane.
- At the **Column** level - Click on the Encoding field for the desired column in the Pick Table pane and select from the list.

See the following below for descriptions of the default character encoding types.

Note: You must leave the encoding field blank for the following binary Datatypes:

- Blob
- Binary
- Varbinary

To set the encoding type, choose from one of the following options:

- From the Encoding list, select a default encoding type.
- Enter your encoding type directly by clicking in the Encoding field and typing in your encoding type.


Some of the default encoding types are listed in the following table:

Table 1.

Encoding	Description
UTF-8	UTF-8 is a standard character encoding for Unicode or ISO-10646. Both of these standards assign a single unique number to each character used in modern languages. This is the default encoding.
US-ASCII	Also known as ASCII, this is the basic character encoding used on Windows and UNIX computers.
ISO-8859-1	Also known as Latin1, this encoding includes ASCII plus characters for many Western European languages.
EBCDIC-C-XML-US	This is the basic character encoding used on IBM® computers. EBCDIC-US, like ASCII, is a US-based character encoding.
SHIFT-JIS	Also known as Katakana, specifies the Japanese language. Note: Some double-byte characters are not converted using the SHIFT-JIS encoding. For more information, see Using the Shift-JIS encoding .

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Database Entities and Activities

The following table shows the relationship between the database entities and the different types of database activities. In addition, this table describes how the database entity is created in the database.

Note: For DB2® UDB, the asset generation script limits the names of buffer and control tables to nine characters.


Note: For Generic JDBC Driver connections: The scripts used to generate assets are only a template based on the information available from the database. The scripts should be analyzed to confirm that the SQL syntax and datatypes are supported for the target database. If they are not, the scripts must be modified and run via another mechanism to create the required assets for the database.

Database Entity	Associated Activity Description	How created?
Buffer Tables	<p>Used with the inbound single-table activities: Get Inserted Rows, Get Updated Rows, and Get Deleted Rows. The buffer tables contain the result of a database operation.</p> <p>For example, a Get Inserted Rows activity is polling for an insert on the database. When the insert occurs in the database, the buffer tables are populated with data that was inserted.</p>	<p>The buffer tables used with inbound single-table activities are created using the following procedure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. In the Web Management Console (WMC), go to the Assets screen and execute the scripts. 2. From the WMC, deploy the project.
Control Tables	<p>Used with the following activities when messages are specified to be delivered exactly once:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insert Rows • Update Rows • Delete Rows • Call Procedure <p>Control tables are not needed if another delivery option is specified. Specify a delivery option in the Deliver Rules task of the Checklist for an activity.</p>	<p>The control tables used with activities are created using the following procedure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. In the Web Management Console (WMC), go to the Assets screen and execute the scripts. 2. From the WMC, deploy the project.
Triggers	<p>Used with inbound single-table activities, Get Inserted Rows, Get Updated Rows, and Get Deleted Rows, to populate the buffer table.</p>	<p>The triggers used with inbound single-table activities are created using the following procedure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. In the Web Management Console (WMC), go to the Assets screen and execute the scripts. 2. From the WMC, deploy the project.

Database Entity	Associated Activity Description	How created?
Stored Procedures	Stored procedures are required with the Call Procedure activity.	The stored procedure must be written and installed in the database before you can complete the configuration of the Call Procedure activity in Studio. The stored procedure is not created using the WMC. The database administrator must create the stored procedure directly in the database.
Sequence	Used with inbound single-table activities, Get Inserted Rows , Get Updated Rows , and Get Deleted Rows , for the Oracle database only.	Oracle only - The sequences used with inbound single-table activities are created using the following procedure: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Publish a project with an orchestration that contains the inbound single-table activity to the Integration Appliance from Studio. 2. Use the Web Management Console (WMC) to create the sequences in the Oracle database used by the orchestration. 3. From the WMC, deploy the project.

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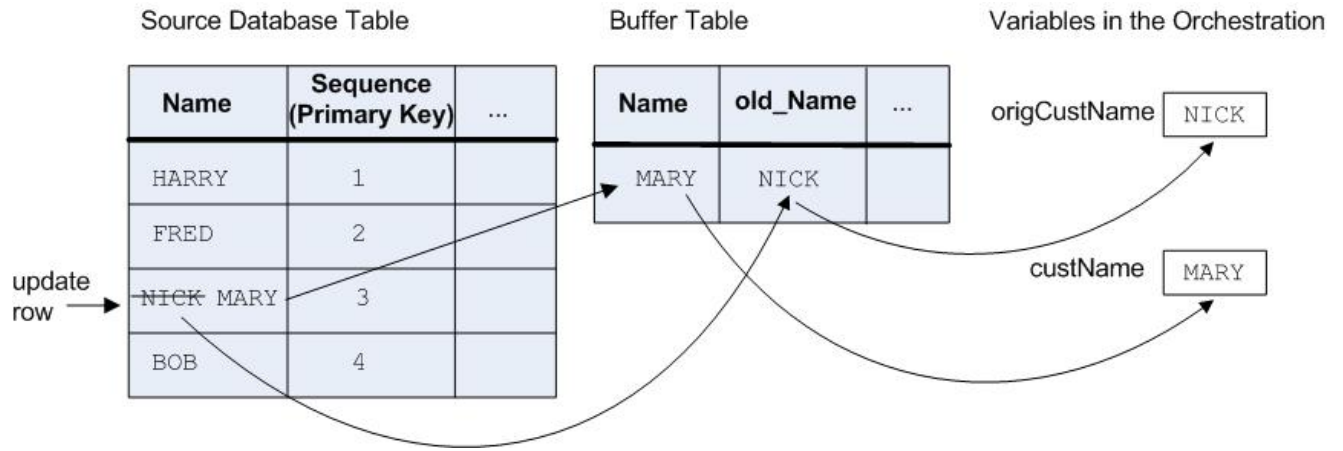
http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/conn_ref_Connector_Prerequisites_for_Database_Operations.html

Defining Columns for Old Values in Updates

About this task

The **Get Updated Rows** (inbound) and **Update Rows** (outbound) activities can store both the new value and the original values of the specified columns during run time. For example an **Get Updated Rows** activity could be configured to stored both the original value of `Name` column and the new value of the `Name` column. [Figure 1](#) shows the transfer of example data when the **Get Updated Rows** activity is processed by the Integration Appliance after an update trigger event occurs:

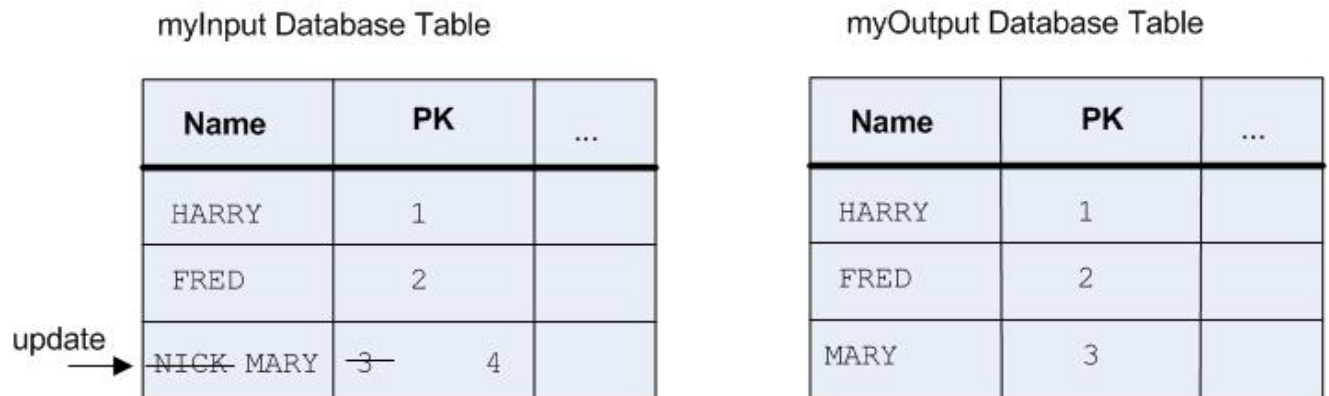
Figure 1. Update old columns



In the Old Value Columns for Updates dialog box, select the columns that you want to store the original values. The Old Value Columns for Updates dialog box is available by clicking Old Values in the **Pick Table** task of the **Checklist** for the **Get Updated Rows** and **Update Rows** activities. By default the name of the column used to store the original values is the original column name prefixed with the string: `old_`. For example if the original column name is called `FirstName`, by default the column used to store the original value of the update operation is called `old_FirstName`. This default name can be changed.

For some projects, you might want to also store the original values of the Primary Keys. For example, if your application actually changes primary key values during update operations as shown in [Figure 2](#).

Figure 2. Example 1



The purpose of the example orchestration is to keep the myInput database table in sync with the myOutput database table. The example orchestration contains a **Get Updated Rows** activity that polls for update events in the myInput table and an **Update Rows** activity that updates the myOutput table.

During run time, an update operation on the myInput database table occurs, changing both the value of the Name column and the primary key value for that row. This update operation is done outside of the integration project. In order for the orchestration to keep the myInput database table in sync with the myOutput database table, it needs access to the original primary key so it knows which row in the myOutput database table to update with the new primary key and the new value for the Name.

The old primary key can be saved to a variable by the **Get Updated Rows** activity to be used later by the **Update Rows** activity when updating the myOutput database table as shown in [Figure 3](#).

Figure 3. Example 2

myInput Database Table

Name	PK	...
HARRY	1	
FRED	2	
NICK MARY	3 4	


The **Update Rows** activity does a update operation to keep the tables in sync. →

myOutput Database Table

Name	PK	...
HARRY	1	
FRED	2	
NICK MARY	3 4	

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MaxPooledStatements Parameter

The MaxPooledStatements parameter is automatically defined and set with a default value for all types of Database Endpoints.

Attention: Changing the default setting of the MaxPooledStatements parameter can cause reduced performance.

The MaxPooledStatements parameter specifies the maximum number of prepared statements that are cached by the Database Endpoint. When the value of MaxPooledStatements parameter is greater than zero, the Database Endpoint creates a prepared statement pool to store PreparedStatement objects for later reuse. The performance cost of creating new PreparedStatement objects can be expensive, so storing and reusing existing PreparedStatement objects from a pool can result in a performance gain.

Parent topic: [Database Activities](#)

Related tasks:


[Working with Database Parameters](#)

Related reference:

[Oracle, Sybase, DB2, and Informix Parameters](#)

[SequeLink Parameters](#)

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Oracle, Sybase, DB2, and Informix Parameters

In the Additional Parameters table of the Database Endpoint, define the connection parameters for Oracle, Sybase, DB2®, or Informix® databases.

:

Oracle

If the **Call Procedure** activity calls an Oracle stored procedure that returns a result set, you must define an Endpoint solely for that connector and add the parameter `procedureresult`. The value for this parameter must be 1.

If an Oracle database table name starts with a number, Studio throws an Invalid Trigger Specification error.

If the project uses database links with the Oracle 8.1.6 database, you must define the `supportLinks` parameter and assign it a value of `true` in the Database Endpoint. By default, the [MaxPooledStatements parameter](#) is automatically defined and set with a default value for an Oracle Database Endpoint.

DB2

For the DB2 database, you must define the following two parameters:

- `LocationName` - Enter the location name defined during installation for the AS/400® DB2 database. Not required for UDB.
- `PackageCollection` - The value of this field depends on the system type of the DB2 database:
 - AS/400 - Enter the collection name.
 - UDB - Enter the name of the DB2 Database.

Note: The DB2 user must have the permissions to create a package.

By default, the [MaxPooledStatements parameter](#) is automatically defined and set with a default value for a DB2 Database Endpoint.

Informix

You must define the `InformixServer` parameter.

To find the Informix Server name search the `onconfig` file for `DBSERVERNAME` and specify its value for the `InformixServer` parameter.

By default, the [MaxPooledStatements parameter](#) is automatically defined and set with a default value for an Informix Database Endpoint.

Sybase

For a Sybase Endpoint, the `OverwriteCharLimits` parameter is automatically defined and set to the value of 32768. This parameter defines the size of character columns, for example: `vchars` and `chars`.


By default, the [MaxPooledStatements parameter](#) is automatically defined and set with a default value for a Sybase Database Endpoint.

Parent topic: [Database Activities](#)

Related tasks:

[Working with Database Parameters](#)

Related reference:[MaxPooledStatements parameter](#)[SequeLink Parameters](#)

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Retry Options For Inbound Database Activities

This section contains the procedure for configuring the retry options for the following inbound database activities: **Get Inserted Rows** activity, **Get Updated Rows** activity, **Get Deleted Rows** activity, and **Poll Table** activity.

Specify the retry options for inbound database activities

1. Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a database. The following table describes the retry options for connecting to a database:

Table 1.

Field	Description
Retry	
1) Wait --- secon d(s) betwe en each retry.	Specifies the amount of time (in seconds) that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the database.

Field	Description
2) Try to connect ___ times before failing .	<p>Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the database before issuing an error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ If this parameter is set to "0", Studio does not try to reconnect. ○ If this parameter is set to a value less than "0", Studio retries the connection indefinitely. <p>If an orchestration that starts with an inbound database activity is deployed and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified database, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system log until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an Error in the system log, resets the connection error count to zero, and continues to attempt to establish a connection to the database.</p> <p>For example: the retry count is set to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors are shown in the system log as Warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an Error and resets the connection error count to zero. Therefore, the fifth connection error generates a Warning in the system log. The Integration Appliance continues to attempt to establish a connection to the database.</p>
Activity Timeout	
3) Time out after ___ seconds when the Endpoint does not respond to a request.	<p>Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity making a request on an Endpoint and the time it takes the Endpoint to respond. For example, the amount of time the Integration Appliance waits for a response from the database after requesting that database polls for an INSERT trigger event, before the Integration Appliance issues a timeout error. An activity timeout is different from a connection timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the Endpoint has been established. A connection timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the Endpoint and the time it takes for the Endpoint to respond to the connection request. Set the connection timeout in Database Endpoint tab. For more information about connection timeouts, see Creating or Editing a Database Activity Endpoint.</p>

Parent topic: [Database Activities](#)

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Retry Options For Outbound Database Activities

This section contains the procedure for configuring the retry options for the following outbound database activities: **Execute Query** activity, **Insert Rows** activity, **Update Rows** activity, **Delete Rows** activity, and **Call Procedure** activity

Specify the retry options for outbound database activities

1. Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a database. The following table describes the retry options for connecting to a database:


Table 1.

Field	Description
Retry	
1) Wait --- second(s) between each retry.	Specifies the amount of time (in seconds) that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the database.
2) Try to connect ___ times before failing.	<p>Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the database before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job.</p> <p>If you deploy an orchestration that contains the outbound database activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified database, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an Error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job.</p> <p>For example, the retry count is set to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors are shown in the system log as Warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an Error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p> <p>Note: For the Database Execute Query activity, if you set this parameter to zero, the Integration Appliance retries the connection indefinitely.</p>
Activity Timeout	

Field	Description
3) Time out after ____ secon ds when the Endpoi nt does not respon d to a reques t.	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity making a request on an Endpoint and the time it takes the Endpoint to respond. For example, the amount of time that the Integration Appliance waits for a response from the database after requesting an Insert, before the Integration Appliance issues a timeout error. An activity timeout is different from a connection timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the Endpoint has been established. A connection timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the Endpoint and the time it takes for the Endpoint to respond to the connection request. Set the connection timeout in the Database Endpoint tab. For more information about connection timeouts, see Creating or Editing a Database Activity Endpoint .

Parent topic: [Database Activities](#)

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SequeLink Parameters

The various parameters for a Sequelink Endpoint are listed in this section. Some parameters require that a **Parameter Value** is specified. You can also add additional parameters.

Note: When you specify SequeLink Server as the **Database Type** for an endpoint, the parameters listed in this section in bold display in the Additional Parameters table of the Endpoint pane.

MaxPooledStatements

By default, the [MaxPooledStatements parameter](#) is automatically defined and set with a default value for a SequeLink Database Endpoint.

ServerDataSource

This parameter is required. You must enter the Data Source Name in the **Parameter Value** field. The Data Source Name is specified in the Data Source Settings in the Sequelink Manager.

BaseDatabaseType

Enter the string: OTHERS.

DBLogonId

Enter the name of the user account to use to access this database. This is an optional parameter that duplicates the User Name property of the endpoint. Use this parameter if your SequeLink Server requires it. You must also complete the DBPassword parameter.

DBPassword

Enter the password for the account specified in DBLogonId. This is an optional parameter that duplicates the Password property of the endpoint. Use this parameter if your SequeLink Server requires it.

HLogonID

Enter the login or user name to use to access the host where the SequeLink Server is installed. This is an optional parameter that is only required if the SequeLink Server requires host authentication. You must also specify the HPassword parameter.

HPassword

Enter the password to use to access the host where the SequeLink Server is installed. This is an optional parameter that is only required if the SequeLink Server requires host authentication.

Parent topic: [Database Activities](#)


Related tasks:

[Working with Database Parameters](#)

Related reference:

[Oracle, Sybase, DB2, and Informix Parameters](#)

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Single-Table Inbound Database Activities

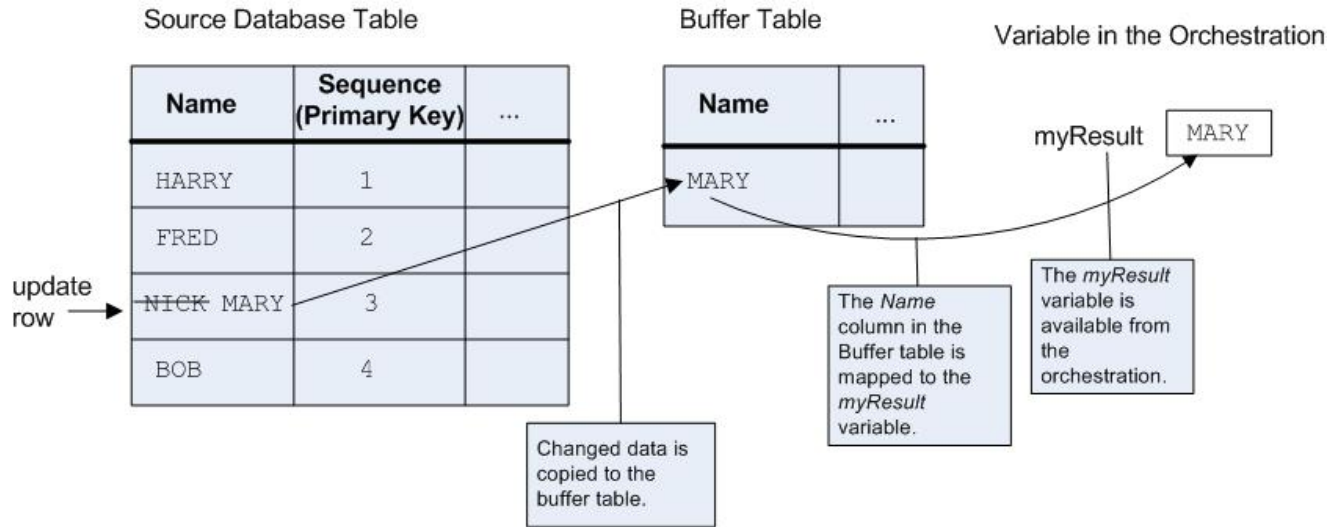
During run time, single-table inbound database activities poll if a database operation has occurred on any rows in the specified columns of a database table at the specified time interval.

This section contains the procedures for configuring the following single-table inbound database activities:

- **Get Inserted Rows** - During run time, the **Get Inserted Rows** activity polls for rows being added to the buffer table from an INSERT trigger event. The Get Inserted Rows activity then maps the buffer data to variable or variables.
- **Get Updated Rows** - During run time, the **Get Updated Rows** activity polls for rows being added to the buffer table from a UPDATE trigger event. The Get Updated Rows activity then maps the buffer data to variable or variables.

- **Get Deleted Rows** - During run time, the **Get Deleted Rows** activity polls for rows being added to the buffer table from a DELETE trigger event. The Get Deleted Rows activity then maps the buffer data to variable or variables.

Figure 1 shows the transfer of example data in the UPDATE trigger event and the **Get Updated Rows** activity:
Figure 1. UPDATE trigger example



After publishing your orchestration with an inbound database activity to the Integration Appliance, you must create the buffer table and triggers using the Web Management Console (WMC) before the orchestration is deployed. For the Oracle database, you must also create a sequence using the WMC.

No Activity for that Operation Run-time Error

If an orchestration accesses a buffer table containing a row for an activity that is currently not present in the orchestration, the orchestration fails and following error is reported during run time:

The buffer table contains the *OperType* operation but there is no activity in the orchestration for that operation.

Where *OperType* is type of operation; for example, INSERT. The values of the IH_OPERATION_NAME column in the buffer table for the orchestration must be consistent with the database activities in the orchestration. For example, if a row in the buffer table contains the value: INSERT in the IH_OPERATION_NAME column but the orchestration does not contain a **Get Inserted Rows** activity, this error is reported. Each orchestration must have a separate buffer table. In addition, the triggers in the source table must be consistent with database operations specified in the buffer table. For example if the orchestration only contains a single inbound **Get Updated Rows** activity, the source database table must only contain a UPDATE trigger.

Add a single-table inbound database activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Database folder.
3. Drag the desired single-table inbound database activity (**Get Inserted Rows**, **Get Deleted Rows**, or **Get Updated Rows**) onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity.

Create, select, or edit a database endpoint

1. Click **Pick Endpoint** task from the **Checklist** and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.

- b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit a HTTP endpoint, see [Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint](#).

Select the columns in the source database table that during run time the Integration Appliance polls for changes

1. Click Pick Table from the **Checklist**. The Pick Table pane is displayed.
2. Click Browse... to select the database table that is to be the source for inbound messages. The Browse Database Tables dialog box is displayed.
3. Select a table from the list and click OK. Column information for the selected table is displayed in the Pick Table pane.
4. If the character encoding for this table is different from the encoding for the database, enter another encoding using one of the following options:
 - o From the Encoding list, select one of the default encoding types.
 - o Enter your encoding type directly by clicking in the Encoding field and typing in your encoding type.

This sets the encoding for all the columns of the resulting buffer table.

Note: Some double-byte characters are not converted using the SHIFT-JIS encoding. For more information, see [Using the Shift-JIS encoding](#).
5. By default all columns in the source table are selected. Clear the Use check box to remove a column from resulting buffer table. Click Use All to reselect all the columns.
6. Click in the heading of the column to sort the rows by the column value. For example, to sort the rows by their column name, click the Column Name heading of the column. An arrow is displayed to the right of the column header name. An up arrow indicates the column is sorted by alphabetic order starting with **a** and continuing to **z**. A down arrow indicates the column is sorted by reverse alphabetic order starting with **z** and continuing to **a**. Click the arrow to reverse the alphabetic order.
7. For the **Get Updated Rows** activity only - if you want the resulting buffer table to contain both the new values and the original values of the updated columns follow these steps:
 - a. Click Old Values. The Old Value Columns for Updates dialog box displays.
 - b. Select the Store check box for the database columns that you want to save the original values.
 - c. You can change the default names assigned to columns to store the original values. Double-click the appropriate Column Name to Store Old Value cell.
 - d. Click OK. The selected columns are displayed in the From Activity of the Map Outputs pane prefixed with the string: `old_`. You can map both the new and original values from the Map Outputs pane.

Note: For more information see [Defining Columns for Old Values in Updates](#).

8. If necessary, change the settings of the Data Type, Encoding, or Nullable values. Click the field to make a new selection.
 - o Data Type - Defaults to the data type for the column in the source database table. If the required data type for the column in the buffer table is different from the data type of the source table, select a different data type by clicking in the Data Type cell and selecting another Data Type from the list. You must select an appropriate data type for those data types that are marked UNSUPPORTED.

Note: For the XMLTYPE data type in an Oracle database and the MONEY data types in a SQL Server database, Studio does not automatically associate the correct data type so you must manually select the appropriate data type.

Attention: You must select a compatible data type with the source data type to avoid invalid data during run time. For example, do not select the SMALLINT data type for the buffer table if the

- source data type is INTEGER because during run time a large number stored in an INTEGER column will not convert correctly to the SMALLINT data type.
- o Size - Size of the column defined in the table. This size is retrieved from the database table and is not configurable.
 - o Encoding - Defaults to current default encoding that was set either at the database level or the table level. If the required encoding for the column is different from the current default encoding, select another encoding by clicking in the Encoding cell and selecting another Encoding from the list.
 - o Nullable - Defaults to the nullable setting for the column in the source database table. The Use check box must be selected for those columns where `nullable=false`. A column marked `nullable=false` cannot not contain a null during run time.
9. Click Reset to reset all column properties to their defaults. This also resets the Use check box for all columns.
 10. Click Refresh to update the list of columns in reference to the latest state of the source database. Recent changes to the source is updated in this pane.
 11. Configure the [Specifying Delivery Rules for Database Activities](#).
Note: If you select the Exactly once option in the **Delivery Rules** task, you must create control tables that are used by the Integration Appliance during run time. You create the control tables after publishing the orchestration from Studio to the Integration Appliance. You create the control tables using the Web Management Console (WMC) before you deploy the project.
Note: If you select the Exactly Once option, you must enable persistence. For more information, see [Enabling persistence](#).
 12. Configure the retry options. For more information, see [Retry Options For Inbound Database Activities](#).

Map the output of the activity

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**.


The output parameters for the activity are displayed under the rows element in the From Activity pane. The output parameters displayed in the From Activity pane correspond to the columns you selected in the **Pick Table** task. If the Batch option was selected in **Delivery Rules**, the multiple occurrences symbol displays next to the row element.

Note: For the **Get Updated Rows** activity only, if some columns were selected in the Old Values Columns for Updates dialog box (in the **Pick Table** task), these additional output parameters (by default prefixed with the string: `old_`) also display under the rows element. You must map all the old value columns visible in the Map Outputs pane.

2. Map the required output parameters to variable or variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping. You are not required to map the output parameters for these activities.
Note: After publishing your orchestration with an inbound database activity to the Integration Appliance, you must create the buffer table using the Web Management Console (WMC) before the orchestration is deployed.

Parent topic: [Database Activities](#)

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Single-Table Outbound Database Activities

This section contains the procedures for configuring the following single-table outbound database activities.

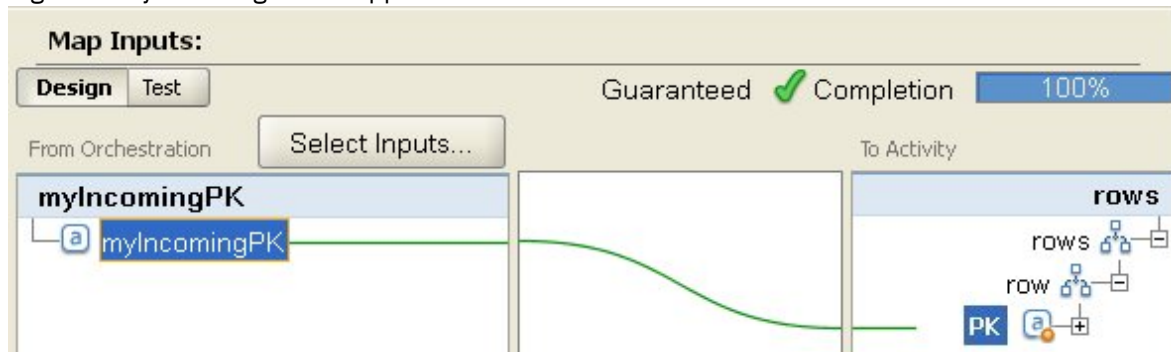
These activities include:

- **Insert Rows** - This activity takes data from variable or variables that are mapped to the input parameters of the activity and inserts this data as rows into the specified database table.
- **Update Rows** - This activity takes data from variable or variables that are mapped to the input parameters of the activity and updates the rows of the specified database table with this new data.
- **Delete Rows** - This activity takes data from variable or variables that are mapped to the input parameters of the activity and deletes rows of the specified database table based on this data.

For the **Update Rows** and the **Delete Rows** activities, the Integration Appliance integrates the database table to determine which columns in the table are primary key columns. When the **Update Rows** or the **Delete Rows** activities are started during run time, the Integration Appliance uses the value of the incoming variable that contains the primary key number to determine which rows to update or delete.

For example, the `PK` column is defined in the database as being a primary key column for the database table. The Use check box is selected for the `PK` column in the **Pick Table** task of the **Checklist** for the **Delete Rows** activity. In the Map Inputs pane of the **Delete Rows** activity, the variable called `myIncomingPK` is mapped to the `PK` element of the row as shown in [Figure 1](#):

Figure 1. `myIncomingPK` is mapped to the `PK` element of the row



During run time, if the value of the `myIncomingPK` variable is equal to 3 the row with the `PK` equal to 3 is deleted from the table as shown in [Figure 2](#):

Figure 2. The row with the primary key equal to 3 is deleted

Variables in the Orchestration

myIncomingPK

3

The row with the primary key equal to 3 is deleted from the table.

Name	PK	...
HARRY	1	
FRED	2	
MARY	3	

The PK column is defined as a primary key column in the database.

If no primary key columns are specified in the **Pick Table** task of the **Checklist**, specify at least one column to act like the primary key. Specify acting primary key column or columns using the Configure Primary Keys dialog box, available by clicking Keys in the **Pick Table** task of the **Checklist** for the **Delete Rows** and **Update Rows** activities. If no primary keys are specified in the database table or selected as acting primary keys in the Configure Primary Keys dialog box, all the rows of the database table are affected by the delete or the update operation.

You can also use the Configure Primary Keys dialog box to specify additional columns to act as primary key columns. For example for the table in the preceding figure, you could define that the `Name` column should act like primary key column in addition to the `PK` primary column that was defined in the database as being a primary key column.

Add a single-table outbound database activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Database folder.
3. Drag the wanted single-table outbound database activity (**Insert Rows**, **Delete Rows**, or **Update Rows**) onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity.

Create, select, or edit a database endpoint

1. Click **Pick Endpoint** task from the **Checklist** and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - o Create an endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit an HTTP endpoint, see [Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint](#).

Select the columns in the source database table that during run time the Integration Appliance polls for changes

1. Click Pick Table from the **Checklist**. The Pick Table pane is displayed.
2. Click Browse... to select the database table that is to be the source for inbound messages. The Browse Database Tables dialog box is displayed.
3. Select a table from the list and click OK. Column information for the selected table is displayed in the Pick Table pane.
4. If the character encoding for this table is different from the encoding for the database, enter another encoding using one of the following options:
 - o From the Encoding list, select one of the default encoding types.
 - o Enter your encoding type directly by clicking in the Encoding field and typing in your encoding type.

This sets the encoding for all the columns of the resulting buffer table.

Note: Some double-byte characters are not converted using the SHIFT-JIS encoding. For more information, see [Using the Shift-JIS encoding](#).

5. By default all columns in the source table are selected. Clear the Use check box to remove a column from resulting buffer table. Click Use All to reselect all the columns.
6. Click in the heading of the column to sort the rows by the column value. For example, to sort the rows by their column name, click the Column Name heading of the column. An arrow is displayed to the right of the column header name. An up arrow indicates the column is sorted by alphabetic order starting with **a** and continuing to **z**. A down arrow indicates the column is sorted by reverse alphabetic order starting with **z** and continuing to **a**. Click the arrow to reverse the alphabetic order.
7. For the **Get Updated Rows** activity only - if you want the resulting buffer table to contain both the new values and the original values of the updated columns follow these steps:
 - a. Click Old Values. The Old Value Columns for Updates dialog box displays.
 - b. Select the Store check box for the database columns that you want to save the original values.
 - c. You can change the default names assigned to columns to store the original values. Double-click the appropriate Column Name to Store Old Value cell.
 - d. Click OK. The selected columns are displayed in the From Activity of the Map Outputs pane prefixed with the string: `old_`. You can map both the new and original values from the Map Outputs pane.

Note: For more information see [Defining Columns for Old Values in Updates](#).

8. If necessary, change the settings of the Data Type, Encoding, or Nullable values. Click the field to make a new selection.
 - o Data Type - Defaults to the data type for the column in the source database table. If the required data type for the column in the buffer table is different from the data type of the source table, select a different data type by clicking in the Data Type cell and selecting another Data Type from the list. You must select an appropriate data type for those data types that are marked UNSUPPORTED.

Note: For the XMLTYPE data type in an Oracle database and the MONEY data types in a SQL Server database, Studio does not automatically associate the correct data type so you must manually select the appropriate data type.

Attention: You must select a compatible data type with the source data type to avoid invalid data during run time. For example, do not select the SMALLINT data type for the buffer table if the source data type is INTEGER because during run time a large number stored in an INTEGER column will not convert correctly to the SMALLINT data type.
 - o Size - Size of the column defined in the table. This size is retrieved from the database table and is not configurable.
 - o Encoding - Defaults to current default encoding that was set either at the database level or the table level. If the required encoding for the column is different from the current default encoding, select another encoding by clicking in the Encoding cell and selecting another Encoding from the list.
 - o Nullable - Defaults to the nullable setting for the column in the source database table. The Use check box must be selected for those columns where `nullable=false`. A column marked `nullable=false` cannot not contain a null during run time.

9. Click Reset to reset all column properties to their defaults. This also resets the Use check box for all columns.
10. Click Refresh to update the list of columns in reference to the latest state of the source database. Recent changes to the source are updated in this pane.
11. Configure the [Specifying Delivery Rules for Database Activities](#).
 Note: If you select the Exactly once option in the **Delivery Rules** task, you must create control tables that are used by the Integration Appliance during run time. You create the control tables after publishing the orchestration from Studio to the Integration Appliance. You create the control tables using the Web Management Console (WMC) before you deploy the project.
 Note: If you select the Exactly Once option, you must enable persistence. For more information, see [Enabling persistence](#).
12. Configure the retry options. For more information, see [Retry Options For Inbound Database Activities](#).

Specify the target database table for the activity

1. Click Pick Table from the **Checklist**. The Pick Table pane is displayed.
2. Click Browse... to select the target database table. The Browse Database Tables dialog box is displayed.
3. Select a table from the list and click OK. Column information for the selected table is displayed in the Pick Table pane.
4. If the character encoding for this table is different from the encoding for the database, enter another encoding using one of the following options:
 - o From the Encoding list, select one of the default encoding types.
 - o Enter your encoding type directly by clicking in the Encoding field and typing in your encoding type.

This sets the encoding for all the columns of the resulting buffer table.

Note: Some double-byte characters are not converted using the SHIFT-JIS encoding. For more information, see [Using the Shift-JIS encoding](#).

5. By default all columns in the source table are selected. Clear the Use check box to remove a column from resulting buffer table. If a column is not selected, it is not displayed in the Map Inputs pane and is not updated at run time. Click Use All to reselect all the columns.
6. Click in the heading of the column to sort the rows by the column value. For example, to sort the rows by their column name, click the Column Name heading of the column. An arrow is displayed to the right of the column header name. An up arrow indicates the column is sorted by alphabetic order starting with **a** and continuing to **z**. A down arrow indicates the column is sorted by reverse alphabetic order starting with **z** and continuing to **a**. Click the arrow to reverse the alphabetic order.
7. If necessary, change the settings of the Data Type, Encoding, or Nullable values. Click the field to make a new selection.
 - o Data Type - Defaults to the data type for the column in the source database table. If the wanted data type for the column in the buffer table is different from the data type of the source table, select a different data type by clicking in the Data Type cell and selecting another Data Type from the list. You must select an appropriate data type for those data types that are marked UNSUPPORTED.
 Note: For the XMLTYPE data type in an Oracle database and the MONEY data types in a SQL Server database, Studio does not automatically associate the correct data type so you must manually select the appropriate data type.
 Attention: You must select a compatible data type with the source data type to avoid invalid data during run time. For example, do not select the SMALLINT data type for the buffer table if the source data type is INTEGER because during run time a large number stored in an INTEGER column is not converted correctly to the SMALLINT data type.
 - o Size - Size of the column defined in the table. This size is retrieved from the database table and is not configurable.
 - o Encoding - Defaults to current default encoding that was set either at the database level or the table level. If the wanted encoding for the column is different from the current default encoding,

- select another encoding by clicking in the Encoding cell and selecting another Encoding from the list.
- o Nullable - Defaults to the nullable setting for the column in the source database table. The Use check box must be selected for those columns where `nullable=false`. A column marked `nullable=false` cannot not contain a null during run time.
8. Click Reset to reset all column properties to their defaults. This also resets the Use check box for all columns.
 9. Click Refresh to update the list of columns in reference to the latest state of the source database. Recent changes to the source are updated in this pane.
 10. For the **Update Rows** activity only - Select the Insert row if row does not already exist check box, if during run time you want the **Update Rows** activity to first try and update the specified row but if the row does not exist, insert the row into the database table.
 11. For the **Update Rows** activity only - if you want to save both the new values and the original values in the database, follow these steps:
 - a. Click Old Values. The Old Value Columns for Updates dialog box is displayed.
 - b. Select the Store check box for the database columns that you want to save the original values.
 - c. You can change the default names assigned to columns that store the original values during run time. Double-click in the appropriate Column Name to Store Old Value cell.
 - d. Click OK. The selected columns are displayed in the To Activity of the Map Outputs pane prefixed with the string: `old_`. You can map to both the new and original values from the Map Outputs pane.

Note: For more information see [Defining Columns for Old Values in Updates](#).
 12. For the **Update Rows** or **Delete Rows** activities only - To specify acting primary key columns in addition to any primary key columns already defined by the database, follow these steps:
 - a. Click Keys. The Configure Primary Keys dialog box is displayed.
 - b. To specify a column as an acting primary key column, click the column then click `>>`.
 - c. Click OK.

Note: If no primary keys columns (as defined by the database) were specified in the **Pick Table** task of the **Checklist**, you must specify at least one column as an acting primary key column.
Repeat this step to specify more acting primary key columns.
 13. Configure the [Specifying Delivery Rules for Database Activities](#).
Note: If you select the Exactly once option in the **Delivery Rules** task, you must create control tables that are used by the Integration Appliance during run time. You create the control tables after publishing the orchestration from Studio to the Integration Appliance. You create the control tables using the Web Management Console (WMC) before you deploy the project.
Note: If you select the Exactly Once option, you must enable persistence. For more information, see [Enabling persistence](#).
 14. Configure the retry options. For more information, see [Retry Options For Outbound Database Activities](#).

Map the input of the activity

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**.
The input parameters for the activity are displayed under the row element in the To Activity pane. The input parameters displayed in the From Activity pane correspond to the columns you selected in the **Pick Table** task. If the Batch Multiple Rows Per Message check box was selected in **Delivery Rules**, the multiple occurrences symbol displays next to the row element.
Note: For the **Get Updated Rows** activity only, if columns were selected in the Old Values Columns for Updates dialog box (in the **Pick Table** task), these additional output parameters (by default prefixed with the string: `old_`) also display under the rows element.
2. Map all the input parameters. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping. You must map all the input parameters of the activity.

Map the output of the activity


1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**.

The GetRowCount check box determines what is displayed in the Map Outputs pane:

- If the Get Row Counts check box is cleared in the **Delivery Rules**, the Map Outputs pane is blank.
 - If the Get Row Counts check box is selected in the **Delivery Rules**, the Map Outputs pane displays the rowCount element. If the Batch Multiple Rows Per Message check box is selected in the **Delivery Rules**, the multiple occurrences symbol is displayed next to the rowCount element.
2. If the RowCount output parameter is displayed, map the RowCount output parameter if wanted. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping. You are not required to map the output parameters of the activity.

Parent topic: [Database Activities](#)

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Specifying Delivery Rules for Database Activities

Specify how messages will be delivered at the Delivery Rules pane.

The delivery rules for inbound and outbound activities differ, as described in the following sections.

Specify the delivery rules for inbound database activities

1. Select the **Delivery Rules** task from the **Checklist**.
2. Configure the Delivery rules as described in the following table which describes the delivery rules for the inbound database activities (**Get Inserted Rows**, **Get Updated Rows**, **Get Deleted Rows**, and **Poll Table**):

Table 1.

Name	Description
Polling Interval	Specifies the time interval to poll for changes in database. For example, the Get Inserted Rows activity polls for INSERT trigger events at the specified time interval. For more information, see Polling interval behavior .
Fetch size	Specifies how many rows the activity should retrieve from the buffer table at one time. The default is 500 rows per poll. The range is 1 - 10,000. Note: To improve performance, set the Fetch Size to the maximum number of rows you expect to retrieve from the buffer table.
Batch	Specifies the number of rows to batch into a single message. By default, batching is turned off (the Batch check box is not selected). To turn on batching, select the Batch check box then specify the number of rows to batch. The range is 1 - 10,000. If the Batch check box is selected in Delivery Rules , then the multiple occurrences symbol displays next to the row element in the From Activity pane of the Map Outputs task of the inbound activity.

Name	Description
Deliver Messages	<p>Select from one of the following options in the Deliver messages pull-down menu:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ At least once - Specifies the message will be delivered at least once, but can be delivered more than once. This delivery option is typically used when the receiving system can detect or tolerate duplicate messages. ◦ Exactly once - Specifies the message will be delivered once and only once. If the Exactly once option is selected and the database is Sybase, the OverwriteCharLimits parameter must be set in the endpoint. For more information, see Oracle, Sybase, DB2, and Informix Parameters. <p>Note: If you select the Exactly once option, you must create some control tables that are used by the Integration Appliance during run time. You create the control tables after publishing the orchestration from Studio to the Integration Appliance. You create the control tables using the Web Management Console (WMC) before you deploy the project.</p> <p>Note: If you select the Exactly Once option, you must enable persistence. For more information, see Enabling persistence.</p>
Delete rows after they have been processed	<p>This check box is displayed only for the Custom Poll activity. The Delete rows after they have been processed check box is used by the Integration Appliance to determine the action for a delete request while running a Poll Table activity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ If the check box is enabled, during run time the Integration Appliance sets the flag column to M and then deletes the row. ◦ If the check box is cleared, during run time the Integration Appliance sets the flag column to M and then P but the row is not deleted.

Specify the delivery rules for outbound database activities

1. Select the **Delivery Rules** task from the **Checklist**.
2. Configure the Delivery rules as described in the following table, which describes the deliver rules for the outbound database activities (**Insert Rows, Update Rows, Delete Rows, Call Procedure**):


Table 2.

Name	Description
Deliver Messages	<p>Select from one of the following options in the Deliver messages menu:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ At least once - Specifies the message will be delivered at least once, but can be delivered more than once. This delivery option is typically used when the receiving system can detect or tolerate duplicate messages. ◦ Exactly once - Specifies the message will be delivered only once. <p>Note: If you select the Exactly once option, you must create some control tables that are used by the Integration Appliance during run time. You create the control tables after publishing the orchestration from Studio to the Integration Appliance. You create the control tables using the Web Management Console (WMC) before you deploy the project.</p>
Batch __ rows at a time	<p>Specifies if the database operations on rows should be batched and how many rows to process by the database operation at one time. For example, if the size of the batch is set to 20 but 100 rows are processed by a database insert, 5 messages of size 20 are sent from the Integration Appliance to the database and then the final database commit message is sent.</p> <p>If the Batch __ rows at a time check box is selected in Delivery Rules, the multiple occurrences symbol displays next to the row element in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs task of the outbound activity.</p>

Name	Description
Get Row Counts	Not available for the Call Procedure activity - This check box specifies that during run time the activity returns how many rows were processed per transaction. If the Get Rows Counts check box is selected, the rowCount is available in the From Activity pane of the Map Outputs pane of the outbound activity.

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Viewing Column Details


The View Column dialog box allows you to see detailed column information for tables as you enter a SQL statement in the **Enter Query** task of the **Checklist** for the **Execute Query** activity. This task describes how to access the View Column Details dialog box.

Procedure

1. Create or open an **Execute Query** activity.
2. Select the **Enter Query** task from the **Checklist**. The Enter Query pane is displayed.
3. Click View Columns. The View Columns dialog box is displayed.
4. To change the data viewed in the View Columns dialog box, select from the following options:
 - To see detailed column information, select a table in the list. Column names, datatypes, sizes, and nullable properties display in the right pane.
 - To see tables in a different schema, select a schema from the Filter by User Schema list.
 - To see tables for all schemas, click Clear.
 - To filter out any buffer or control tables created by the Web Management Console (WMC) that are used internally by the Integration Appliance, select the Hide Buffer and Control Tables option. Note: This filter only hides buffer and control tables that use the standard names generated in scripts from Studio.

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Working with Database Parameters

Parameters supply database-specific connection information for an endpoint.

About this task

You can add and delete database parameters and edit parameter values as described in the following procedures.

To add a parameter to the endpoint:

Procedure

1. In the Project tab, click an Endpoint.
2. Click Add. The Database Endpoint Parameters dialog box is displayed.
3. Type the name of a new parameter in the Parameter Name field.
4. Type a value for the parameter in the Parameter Value field.
5. Click OK.

Results

To delete a parameter from the endpoint:


1. In the Project tab, click an Endpoint.
2. Click the Parameter Name of the parameter to be deleted.
3. Click Delete.

To edit a parameter value:

1. In the Project tab, click an Endpoint.
2. Click the Parameter Value to be changed, and enter a new value in the field.
3. Press Enter.

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Call Procedure Activity

During run time, the Call Procedure activity runs a stored procedure in a database. The stored procedure must be written and installed in the database before you can complete the configuration of the Call Procedure activity in Studio.

Note: Function name overloading for stored procedures in the Informix® database is not supported. Stored procedures cannot have the same name in Informix even if their signatures are unique. The steps for adding and configuring a Call Procedure activity to an orchestration are described in the following procedures:

- [Add a Call Procedure activity to the orchestration](#)
- [Create, select, or edit a database endpoint](#)
- [Configure a Call Procedure activity](#)
- [Map the input of the activity](#)
- [Map the output of the activity](#)

Add a Call Procedure activity to the orchestration

1. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration opens.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Database folder.
3. Drag the Call Procedure activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the Call Procedure activity.

Create, select, or edit a database endpoint

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer opens.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the [Configure a Call Procedure activity](#) activity procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer opens.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane shows.
 - o Create a new endpoint:
 - a. Select New. The Create Endpoint pane opens.
2. [Create or edit a database endpoint](#)

Configure a Call Procedure activity

1. Click Stored Procedure from the Checklist. The Stored Procedure pane opens.
2. Click Browse... The Browse Stored Procedures dialog box shows.
3. To see all the stored procedures in the database and not just those visible with the selected user schema, click Clear.
4. Select a Stored Procedure from the list.
5. Click OK. Parameter information for the selected stored procedure displays in the Stored Procedure pane.

Note: Deleting stored procedure call parameters from the middle of the parameter list is not supported. If you want to specify parameters in a different order than they are displayed in the list, you can create a wrapper stored procedure (for example, *WrapperStoredProcedure1*) that doesn't have gaps in parameters (that is, contains the exact subset of the parameters needed), then have the new stored procedure call the underlying stored procedure (for example: *BackendStoredProcedure1*) using the `@parameter = value` form supported by the Microsoft SQL Server. You can then have your orchestration use the wrapper stored procedure with only the parameters needed. Alternatively, you can provide the full set of parameters without omissions and default values in Studio for the original underlying stored procedure (for example, *BackendStoredProcedure1*). Note that while deleting stored procedure call parameters from the middle of a parameter list is not supported, parameters displayed at the end of a parameter list can be deleted.

6. To change the current character encoding (originally obtained from the database endpoint), select a different [encoding](#) option from the Encoding list. This changes the default character encoding for all the input parameters of the stored procedure.
7. By default, all the input and output (`IN`, `INOUT`, `RETURN`, `OUT`) parameters of the stored procedure are selected. You do not need to include all the input and output parameters defined for a stored procedure. Clearing the Use check box for an output parameter (`INOUT`, `RETURN`, `OUT`) means that the output parameter is not available in the Map Inputs task. Clearing the Use check box for an input parameter (`IN`, `INOUT`) means that the input parameter is not available in the Map Inputs task. Clear the Use check box only for input parameters that you do not need to specify input values at run time. Some input parameters of the stored procedure may have default values.

Most databases only return a single return parameter. For these databases, if the Use check box is selected for the return parameter, the return value is returned in the single results/result/RETURN_VALUE node in the From Activity pane of the Map Outputs task. The Informix database, however, supports multiple return parameters and for the Informix database, the return parameters are returned in the repeating results/result/result/resultsSets/any node. Even if one parameter is returned from the stored procedure, the return parameter is returned in the results/result/result/resultsSets/any node. Use the [CopyOf function](#) in the map to copy the contents of the result node (including the child node called resultSet) to a variable. In order for the CopyOf function to correctly copy the values of the source nodes to the destination nodes, the XML Schema of the destination variable must match the XML Schema of the source node. For more information, see [CopyOf function](#).

8. Click the heading of the column to sort the rows by the column value. For example, to sort the rows by their column name, click in the Column Name heading of the column. An arrow shows to the right of the column header name. An up arrow indicates the column is sorted by alphabetic order starting with a and continuing to z. A down arrow indicates the column is sorted by reverse alphabetic order starting with z and continuing to a. Click the arrow to reverse the alphabetic order.
9. If necessary, change the settings of the Data type, Encoding, or Nullable values for each query input parameter. Click the field to make a new selection:
 - o Data Type - Defaults to the Data Type of the parameter. Select an alternate data type for the parameter by clicking in the Data Type cell and selecting another Data Type from the list. from the corresponding cell. You must change any data types that are `UNSUPPORTED`.
Note: (for MONEY and XMLTYPE data types) For the XMLTYPE data type in an Oracle database and the MONEY data types in an SQL Server database, Studio does not automatically associate the correct data type so you must manually select the appropriate data type.
 - o Encoding - Defaults to current default encoding that was set either at the database level or the table level. If the required encoding for the parameter is different from the current default encoding, select another encoding by clicking in the Encoding cell and selecting another [Encoding](#) from the list.
 - o Size — Size of the column defined in the table. This size is retrieved from the database table and is not configurable.
10. Click Reset to reset all parameter properties to their defaults. This also selects the Use option for all parameters.
11. Configure [Delivery Rules](#).
Note: If you select the Exactly once option in the Delivery Rules task, you must create control tables that are used by the Integration Appliance during run time. You create the control tables after publishing the orchestration from Studio to the Integration Appliance. You create the control tables using the Web Management Console (WMC) before you deploy the project.
Note: If you select the Exactly once option, you must enable persistence. For more information, see [Enabling Persistence](#).
12. Configure the [Retry Options](#).

Map the input of the activity

1. Select the Map Inputs task in the Checklist. The input parameters for the activity are displayed under the calls element in the To Activity pane. The input parameters displayed in the To Activity pane correspond to the IN and INOUT parameters you selected in the Stored Procedure task. If the Batch Multiple Rows Per Message check box is selected in the Delivery Rules, the multiple occurrences icon displays next to the call element.
2. Map all the displayed input parameters. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Map the output of the activity

1. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist. The output parameters for the activity are displayed under the results element in the From Activity pane. The output parameters displayed in the From Activity pane correspond to the OUT, RETURN, and INOUT parameters you selected in the Stored Procedure task.

If the Batch Multiple Rows Per Message check box is selected in the Delivery Rules, the multiple occurrences icon displays next to the result element.


A repeating node called resultSet displays in the From Activity pane of the Call Procedure activity even if the stored procedure has no return parameters. During run time, if the stored procedure started from the activity returns a result set, this result set is returned from the activity in the resultSet node. For example, if the stored procedure starts a select statement, the result set from the select statement is returned in the resultSet node. Use the [CopyOf function](#) in the map to copy the contents of the result node (including the child node called resultSet) to a variable.

Attention: In order for the CopyOf function to correctly copy the values of the source nodes to the destination nodes, the XML Schema of the destination variable must match the XML Schema of the source node. For more information, see [CopyOf function](#).

2. Map the required output parameters to variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping. You are **not required** to map output parameters for this activity.

Parent topic: [Database Activities](#)

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Execute Query Activity

During run time, the Execute Query activity runs a select SQL statement.

The Execute Query activity supports parameterized queries - a query that contains input, or input and output parameters. When input parameters are specified in a query, the value of the parameter is supplied at run time. The ? character in the following example select statement specifies that there is one input parameter:

```
select * from myUserSchema.mySourceTable where  
myUserSchema.mySourceTable.myColumn=?
```

In the preceding select statement, the * character, specifies that the query returns the column or columns found in the *mySourceTable* table as the output parameter or parameters. For example, if the *mySource table* contains two columns, one of type CHAR and one of type VARCHAR, the Execute Query activity returns two output parameters, one of type CHAR and the other of type VARCHAR.

Note: Only the select SQL statement is supported in the Execute Query activity. The insert SQL statement is not supported in the Execute Query activity.

The steps for adding and configuring an Execute Query activity to an orchestration are described in the following procedures:

- [Add an Execute Query in the orchestration](#)
- [Create, select, or edit a database endpoint](#)
- [Specify the query SQL statement](#)
- [Configure the input parameters for the query](#)
- [Configure output parameters](#)
- [Specify retry options for the query](#)
- [Map the input of the activity](#)
- [Map the output of the activity](#)

Add an Execute Query in the orchestration

1. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration displays.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Database folder.
3. Drag the Execute Query activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the Execute Query activity

Create, select, or edit a database endpoint

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist and choose from one of the following actions:
 - Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer opens.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the [Specify the query SQL statement](#) procedure.
 - Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer opens.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane opens.
 - Create an endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane opens.
2. [Create or edit a database endpoint](#)

Specify the query SQL statement

1. Select the Enter Query task from the Checklist. The Enter Query pane opens.
2. Enter the query in the white space displayed in the pane. Do not place semicolons at the end of your query.
3. Click [View Columns](#) to review column details for a selected table to assist you in building your SQL statement by entering valid table names and columns.
4. Select an alternate character [encoding](#) setting for the input and output parameters if the wanted encoding differs from the default encoding for the database using one of the following options:
 - From the Encoding list, select one of the default encoding types.
 - Enter your encoding type directly by clicking in the Encoding field and typing in your encoding type.

Note: Some double-byte characters are not converted using the SHIFT-JIS encoding. For more information, see [Using the Shift-JIS encoding](#).

5. Click Validate Query. This action checks if your query is valid and populates input and output parameters in the Map Inputs and Map Outputs tasks.
6. Enter a value into the MaxRows field. The MaxRows field specifies the maximum number of rows to return from the query during run time.

Note: If the same query is started multiple times on the same data, the same set of rows are returned. For example if MaxRows is equal to 1, the same row (the first row) is always returned each time the query is started - there is no iteration through the set of rows.

Configure the input parameters for the query

1. Select the Setup Input Parameters task from the Checklist. The Setup Input Parameters pane shows the input parameter or parameters of the query.
2. Click [View Columns](#) to review column details for a selected table to assist you in building your SQL statement by entering valid table names and columns.
3. Click in the heading of the column to sort the rows by the column value. For example, to sort the rows by their column name, click the Column Name heading of the column. An arrow is displayed to the right of the column header name. An up arrow indicates the column is sorted by alphabetic order starting with a and continuing to z. A down arrow indicates the column is sorted by reverse alphabetic order starting with z and continuing to a. Click the arrow to reverse the alphabetic order.
4. If necessary, change the settings of the Data type, Encoding, or Nullable values for each query input parameter. Click the field to make a new selection:
 - o Parameter Name - You can change the default name to a more meaningful name. Parameters are listed in the order they are specified in the query.
 - o Data Type - Select a data type for this parameter.
Note: **(for MONEY and XMLTYPE data types)** For the XMLTYPE data type in an Oracle database and the MONEY data types in a SQL Server database, Studio does not automatically associate the correct data type so you must manually select the appropriate data type.
 - o Encoding - Select an alternate character [encoding](#) setting for the parameter if the required encoding differs from the default encoding for the database.
 - o Size - Size of the column defined in the table. This size is retrieved from the database table and is not configurable.
5. Click Reset Values to interrogate the database and get the data types and size from the database. This overrides the data type and size set manually in the pane.

Configure output parameters

1. Select the Setup Result Set task from the Checklist. The Setup Result Set pane opens and the defaults for the output parameter or parameters of the query are listed.
2. Click [View Columns](#) to review column details for a selected table to assist you in building your SQL statement by entering valid table names and columns.
3. If necessary, change the settings of the Data type, Encoding, or Nullable values for each query output parameter:
 - o Parameter Name - You can change the default name to a more meaningful name. Parameters are listed in the order they are specified in the query.
 - o Data Type - Select a data type for this parameter.
 - o Encoding - Select an alternate character encoding setting for the parameter if the required encoding differs from the default encoding for the database.
 - o Size - Size of the column defined in the table. This size is retrieved from the database table and is not configurable.
4. Click Reset Values to interrogate the database and get the data types and size from the database. This overrides the data type and size set manually in the pane.

Specify retry options for the query

To specify the retry options for the query:

1. Configure the [Retry Options](#).

Note: For the **Database Execute Query** activity, if you set the retry option to zero, the Integration Appliance retries the connection indefinitely.

Map the input of the activity


1. Select the Map Inputs task in the Checklist. The input parameters specified for the query are the input parameters for the activity. The input parameters of the activity are displayed under the parameters element in the To Activity pane.
2. You must map all the input parameters of the activity. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Map the output of the activity

1. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist. The columns returned by select statement are the elements displayed under the rows/row element in the From Activity pane.
2. You are not required to map the output parameters of the activity. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

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Poll Table Activity

The Poll Table activity checks if a database operation (insert or update) has occurred on any rows of a database table by checking the status of a special flag column at the specified time interval.

During run time, for the insert and update operations, the Poll Table activity returns the data that has changed in your database table and directly maps that data to variables in the orchestration while the Get Inserted Rows and Get Updated Rows activities returns the changed data into a buffer table and that buffer table is mapped to a variable in the orchestration.

Note: Use the Poll Table activity instead of the Get Inserted Rows, Get Deleted Rows, and Get Updated Rows activities only when you must avoid adding triggers to your database.

Before configuring the Poll Table activity in Studio, you must first either create two additional database columns in your source database table or use two appropriate existing database columns from your database table. The following database columns are required in your source database table:

- A sequence column of INTEGER type - This column contains the primary keys (a sequence of unique numbers: 1, 2, 3 ...)

- A flag column of CHAR(1) type - This column contains a flag that the Integration Appliance uses during run time to determine if the Integration Appliance should process the row.

Before an orchestration with a Poll Table activity is run on the Integration Appliance, you must also populate these columns in your database table. Set the flag column to *P* if you do not want the Integration Appliance to process the row during run time. Set the flag column to *null* if you want the Integration Appliance to process the row during run time.

In the following example database table, all the values in the Flag column are set initially to *P*, as shown in the following figure:

Initial state of your source database table with additional columns required by the **Poll Table** activity.

Name	Sequence (Primary Key)	Flag
HARRY	1	P
FRED	2	P
NICK	3	P
BOB	4	P

Time
(in minutes)



1) Orchestration with **Poll Table** activity is deployed. This **Poll Table** activity is set to poll for a change in the database table every 1 minute.

2) The **Poll Table** activity polls for a change in the database table by looking for a null in the Flag column. No change, the activity does not process any data, the polling continues.

3) An update is done to the 3rd row in the database table from outside source as shown in the following figure.

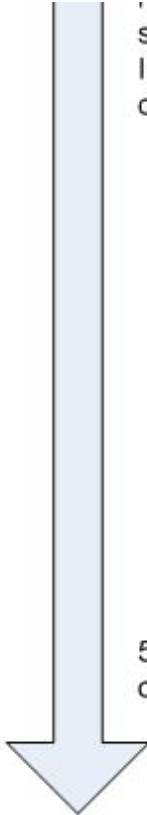
NOTE: The outside source must also change the Flag value for the 3rd row from *P* to null.

Name	Sequence (Primary Key)	Flag
HARRY	1	P
FRED	2	P
MARY	3	<i>null</i>
BOB	4	P



4) The **Poll Table** activity polls for a change in the database table by checking if the value of the Flag column is set to null for any of the rows. In this example, the Integration Appliance processes the 3rd row and returns the 3rd row as data that is mapped to the

returns the 3rd row as data that is mapped to the specified variable(s).
In addition, the Integration Appliance changes the Flag column for the 3rd row to P for processed.



Name	Sequence (Primary Key)	Flag
HARRY	1	P
FRED	2	P
MARY	3	P
BOB	4	P

5) The next activity after the **Poll Table** activity in the orchestration is executed in the Integration Appliance.

Attention: You must manage the state of the flag column. After processing a row, the Integration Appliance changes the flag column to *P* for processed as described in the following example scenario:

1. A row is inserted into the database. The flag column is set to *null* for the row.
2. The Poll Table activity runs for the first time and sets the flag value to *P* for this row.
3. The same row is updated, and the Poll Table activity runs again. The row is not returned in the return data of the activity because the Integration Appliance checked the flag column and the flag indicated that this row had already been processed.

In order for a row to be processed again by the Integration Appliance, you must reset the flag column back to *null* before an orchestration job with a Poll Table activity accessing the same source database table is run.

The steps for adding and configuring a Poll Table activity to an orchestration are described in the following procedures:

- [Add a Poll Table activity in the orchestration](#)
- [Create, select, or edit a database endpoint](#)
- [Specify the columns of the source table to poll for database operations](#)
- [Select the Sequence and Flag columns](#)
- [Map the output of the activity](#)

Add a Poll Table activity in the orchestration

1. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration opens.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Database folder.
3. Drag the Poll Table activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the Poll Table activity.

Create, select, or edit a database endpoint

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist and choose from one of the following actions:

- o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer opens.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the [Specify the columns of the source table to poll for database operations](#) procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer opens.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane shows.
 - o Create a new endpoint:
 - a. Select New. The Create Endpoint pane opens.
2. [Create or edit a database endpoint.](#)

Specify the columns of the source table to poll for database operations

1. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist. The Pick Endpoint pane opens.
2. Click Browse. The Select a Single Source Table dialog box opens.
3. Select a table that during run time, the Poll Table activity polls for database operations.
4. Select a user schema from the Filter by User Schema list.
5. Select Hide Buffer and Control Tables to filter out any buffer or control tables used by the Integration Appliance.

Note: This filter only hides buffer and control tables that use the standard names generated in scripts from Studio.
6. Select a single table from the list:
 - o Click >> to add a table.
 - o Click << to remove a table.
7. If you only want to poll for database operations on primary key columns of the source table, select the Select Only the Primary Keys from Table check box.
8. Click OK. The columns of the table show in the Pick Table pane. (If you selected the Select Only the Primary Keys from Tables check box only the primary key columns display.)
9. If the character encoding for this table is different from the encoding for the database, enter another [encoding](#) using one of the following options:
 - o From the Encoding list, select one of the default encoding types.
 - o Enter your encoding type directly by clicking in the Encoding field and typing in your encoding type.
10. Select the columns in the table that during run time you want the PPoll Table activity to poll for database operations (insert, delete, or update). By default all columns are selected. Clear the Use check box for unwanted columns. Click Use All to reselect all the columns.
11. Click the heading of the column to sort the rows by the column value. For example, to sort the rows by their column name, click in the Column Name heading of the column. An arrow shows to the right of the column header name. An up arrow indicates the column is sorted by alphabetic order starting with a and continuing to z. A down arrow indicates the column is sorted by reverse alphabetic order starting with z and continuing to a. Click the arrow to reverse the alphabetic order.
12. If necessary, change the settings of the Data type, Encoding, or Nullable values for each query input parameter. Click the field to make a new selection:
 - o Data Type - Defaults to the data type for the column in the source database table. If the required data type for the column in the buffer table is different from the data type of the source table, select a different data type by clicking in the Data Type cell and selecting another Data Type from the list. You must select an appropriate data type for those data types that are marked UNSUPPORTED.

Note: (for MONEY and XMLTYPE data types) For the XMLTYPE data type in an Oracle database and the MONEY data types in a SQL Server database, Studio does not automatically associate the correct data type so you must manually select the appropriate data type.

- Size - Size of the column defined in the table. This size is retrieved from the database table and is not configurable
- Encoding - Defaults to current default encoding that was set either at the database level or the table level. If the required encoding for the column is different from the current default encoding, select another encoding by clicking in the Encoding cell and selecting another [Encoding](#) from the list.
- Nullable - Defaults to the nullable setting for the column in the source database table. If nullable = false, then the column must be included in the message. The Use check box must be selected for those columns where nullable=false. A column marked nullable=false cannot not contain a null during run time.

Select the Sequence and Flag columns

1. Select Choose Columns from the Checklist.
2. Select a Sequence Column from the list. This is the sequence column of INTEGER type containing the primary keys (a sequence of unique numbers: 1, 2, 3 ...) that you either added to your source database table or determined that you could use an existing column in your source database table.
3. Select a Flag Column from the list. A flag column of CHAR type containing a flag that the Integration Appliance sets to *P* when the Integration Appliance has processed the row. The Integration Appliance uses sequence and flag columns to check for duplicate messages. In addition, both columns and the setting of the Delete rows after they have been processed check box in the Delivery Rules pane are used by the Integration Appliance to determine the action for a delete request:
 - If the Delete rows after they have been processed check box is selected, the Integration Appliance sets the flag to *M* and then deletes the row.
 - If the Delete rows after they have been processed check box is cleared, the Integration Appliance sets the flag to *M* and then *P* but the row is not deleted. In order for a row to be processed again by the Integration Appliance, you must reset the flag column back to *null* before an orchestration job with a Poll Table activity accessing the same source database table is run.
4. Configure the [Delivery Rules](#).

Note: If you select the Exactly once option in the Delivery Rules task, you must create control tables that are used by the Integration Appliance during run time. You create the control tables after publishing the orchestration from Studio to the Integration Appliance. You create the control tables using the Web Management Console (WMC) before you deploy the project.


Note: If you select the Exactly Once option, you must enable persistence. For more information, see [Enabling Persistence](#).
5. Configure the [Retry Options](#).

Map the output of the activity

1. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist. The output parameters for the activity are displayed under the row element in the From Activity pane. The output parameters displayed in the From Activity pane correspond to the columns you selected in the Pick Table task. If the Batch option was selected in Delivery Rules, the multiple occurrences symbol displays next to the row element.

Note: During run time, the rows output parameter of the Poll Table activity is not populated with the sequence and flag column values. Only the columns selected in the Pick Table task are returned.
2. Map the required output parameters to variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping. You are not required to map the output parameters for these activities.

Parent topic: [Database Activities](#)

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Testing an SSL Database Connection

About this task


After creating an endpoint for a database, you must import the CA certificate for the database into Studio and then test the SSL connection to the database. Perform the following procedure to import the database's CA certificate and then test the SSL connection to the database:

Procedure

1. Open a command window.
2. Navigate to the database server, and locate the certificate file ca-cert stored in the server.
3. Copy this file and then navigate to the workstation where Studio is installed.
4. Using the command window, paste the ca-cert copy in the home directory of Studio: C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio x.x.x
5. Navigate to the security directory of Studio: C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio x.x.x\security
6. Run the following command to import the ca-cert file into Studio: `..\jre\bin\keytool.exe -import -v -keystore cacerts -storepass changeit -file ..\castiron_ca_cert.pem -alias alias_name` Where alias is the alias of the database CA certificate.
7. When you are prompted for a yes or no, type yes (Y) and press Enter.
8. Exit the command window.
9. Open the endpoint for the database server.
10. Verify the following login credentials for the database connection: database server, Port, User, and Password.
11. Click Test Connection
12. If the connection is successful, use this endpoint in Studio orchestrations, then use the Verify tab features to evaluate the orchestration.

Parent topic: [Database Activities](#)

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Domino Activities

- [Overview of the Domino connector](#)

- [Creating or editing an endpoint for a Domino activity](#)
Endpoints provide the configuration information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a IBM® Lotus® Domino® server. Lotus Domino server provides services like email server, application server, web server, database server, and directory server. Business data on the server is stored as documents in the Domino databases (.nsf files). Domino connector provides bidirectional connectivity to work with these documents.
- [Creating a Domino document](#)
Use the Create Document activity to create a document in the Domino server.
- [Updating a Domino document](#)
Use the Update Document activity to update a document in the Domino database. Each updated document must be uniquely identifiable by its UniversalID or NotesID.
- [Retrieving a Domino document](#)
Using the Retrieve Activity, you can retrieve a document from a Domino database. Each retrieved document is uniquely identified by its UniversalID or NotesID. The retrieval is done based on the input, that is, either the UniversalID or the NotesID.
- [Querying Domino documents](#)
The Query Document activity is used to query documents from the database in the Lotus® Domino® server that matches the values that are specified in the document fields.
- [Querying views for Domino documents](#)
The Query Views activity is used to query views from the database in the Lotus® Domino® server that matches the values that are specified in the document fields that are present in the view.
- [Deleting a Domino document](#)
Use the Delete Activity to delete a document from the Domino database. Each deleted document must be uniquely identifiable by its UniversalID or NotesID.
- [Getting events from Domino server](#)
The Get Events activity is used to get events from the database in the IBM Domino® server that matches the values that are specified in the input fields of Map Inputs.
- [Getting invitations from Domino server](#)
The Get Invitations activity is used to get invitations from the database in the IBM Domino® server that matches the values that are specified in the input fields of Map Inputs.
- [Getting notices from Domino server](#)
The Get Notices activity is used to get notices from the database in the IBM Domino® server that matches the values that are specified in the input fields of Map Inputs.
- [Processing calendar events in Domino server](#)
The Process Calendar Events activity is used to process an action on an existing calendar event in a database in the IBM Domino® server that matches the values that are specified in the input fields that are present in the Map Inputs.
- [Processing calendar notices in Domino server](#)
The Process Calendar Notices activity is used to process an action on an existing calendar Notice in a database of the IBM Domino® server that matches the values that are specified in the input fields present in Map Inputs.
- [Creating calendar events in Domino server](#)
The Create Calendar Events activity is used to create the calendar events from the database in the IBM Domino® server that matches the values that are specified in the input fields of Map Inputs.
- [Updating calendar events in Domino server](#)
The Update Calendar Events activity is used to update the calendar events from the database in the IBM Domino® server that matches the values that are specified in the input fields of Map Inputs.
- [Deleting calendar events from Domino server](#)
The Delete Calendar Events activity is used to delete calendar events from the database in the IBM Domino® server that matches the values that are specified in the input fields of Map Inputs.
- [Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for Domino activities](#)
Specifying the Retry and Delivery parameters is one of the tasks to configure a Domino activity configuration.

- [Prerequisites to use Domino inbound activities](#)
- [Get Created Documents activity](#)

Use the Get Created Documents activity to get the documents (which are of interest) that were created on the Domino server. The activity polls the event table in the Domino server for new events periodically and process them.
- [Get Updated Documents activity](#)

Use the Get Updated Documents activity to get the documents (which are of interest) that got updated on the Domino server. The activity polls the event table in the Domino server for new events periodically and process them.
- [Get Deleted Documents activity](#)


Use the Get Deleted Documents activity to get the documents (which are of interest) that were deleted on the Domino server. The activity polls the event table in the Domino server for new events periodically and process them.
- [Handling Date/Time and Time zone data types](#)

In the Lotus Domino form, a field of Date/Time type can be configured to represent only a date value, time value, or both date and time values. This configuration is done while creating/editing the form in Domino Designer. So, when a document is created for such a form, the value can be a date, time, or a datetime.
- [Rich text support for Domino connector](#)

The Domino connector supports RichText type in forms. Fields of RichText type can store both text and attachments as part of the document. The connector supports attachments only for the Retrieve and Query Document activities. Text content can be used for the Create, Update, Retrieve, and Query Document activities.
- [Troubleshooting and support](#)

Troubleshooting techniques and self-help information help you identify and solve problems quickly. This topic provides potential solutions for issues you would have with the Domino connector.

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Overview of the Domino connector

The Domino® connector enables a two-way communication between Cast Iron® and IBM Domino server. The business data can be Domino documents such as a calendar entry, a to-do item, or a note.

You can perform the following activities using the Domino connector:

- Outbound Activities
 - [Create Documents](#)
 - [Update Documents](#)
 - [Delete Documents](#)
 - [Query Documents](#)
 - [Query Views](#)
 - [Retrieve Documents](#)
 - [Get Events](#)
 - [Get Invitations](#)

- [Get Notices](#)
- [Process Calendar Events](#)
- [Process Calendar Notices](#)
- [Create Calendar Events](#)
- [Update Calendar Events](#)
- [Delete Calendar Events](#)
- Inbound/Starter Activities
 - [Get Created Documents](#)
 - [Get Updated Documents](#)
 - [Get Deleted Documents](#)

The Calendar Service is an addition to the family of REST services in the IBM Domino Server, from V9.0.1. Using Calendar Service you can perform create/retrieve/update/delete operations on the Calendar Events, Invitations, and Notices. An event in Domino stands for a Meeting, Recursive Meeting, All Day Event, Appointment, Recursive Appointment, and a Reminder. A Notice can be an Invitation for a Calendar Event or an update information of a Calendar Event.


The Domino connector supports the REST Based APIs of Calendar Service of IBM Domino Server from V7.0.0.1. The activities listed below are added to support this service :

- Create Calendar Events
- Update Calendar Events
- Delete Calendar Events
- Get Events
- Get Invitations
- Get Notices
- Process Calendar Events
- Process Calendar Notices

The versions of IBM Domino supported by the connector depend on the support lifecycle of IBM Domino. You can configure the connector with all the versions of IBM Domino that are currently supported. The IBM Domino versions that are currently supported are 8.0.x, 8.5.x, 9.0, and 9.0.1. The Domino connector cannot be used to connect to a Lotus Notes® client directly. It always connects to the IBM Domino server.

Parent topic: [Domino Activities](#)

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Creating or editing an endpoint for a Domino activity

Endpoints provide the configuration information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a IBM® Lotus® Domino® server. Lotus Domino server provides services like email server, application server, web server, database server, and directory server. Business data on the server is stored as documents in the Domino databases (.nsf files). Domino connector provides bidirectional connectivity to work with these documents.

Selecting or editing a Domino endpoint

1. In the Create Endpoint or Edit Endpoint pane, configure the Domino server as described in the following table. In addition to these fields, the endpoint pane contains Connection pool options and Remote Endpoint Configuration.

Note: Changing the configuration properties of an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project. The edits are global, not local.

2. Click Test Connection to confirm that the connection details are valid and you are able to connect to the Domino server successfully.
3. Click OK.


Table 1. Connection properties

Field Name	Description
Domino Server Configuration	
Host Name	Specifies the host name or IP address of the machine on which Domino server is running.
DIIO Port	Specifies the Domino Internet Inter ORB Protocol (DIIO) port that allows Java™ applets or applications to access Domino data remotely using CORBA. The default value is 63148.
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect to the Domino server.
Password	Specifies the password associated with the user name to connect to the Domino server.
Note: For outbound activities such as Create, Update, Retrieve, Query, and Delete, you can dynamically specify a different Domino server during Map Inputs. The server details in the Map Inputs section holds preference to the regular endpoint declaration.	
Connection Pool options	
Minimum Connections	Specifies the lowest number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance keeps open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) is supported. The default value is 5.
Maximum Connections	Specifies the maximum number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance can keep open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) means the maximum number of connections is unbounded. The default value is 25.
Maximum Idle Time	Specifies the amount of time in minutes that a Domino server connection can be open in an idle state before being closed by the Integration Appliance. Entering 0 (zero) means that the connections are closed when they are returned to the pool —no idle time. The default value is 120 minutes.
Maximum Wait	Specifies the amount of time in seconds that the Integration Appliance waits for a connection when all the connections in the pool are exhausted. If no connection is obtained after the wait time, an exception is thrown. The default value is 300 seconds.
Reclaim Connections	Specifies the interval at which the connector checks for idle connections. Idle connections are reclaimed until the minimum number of connections is reached, as specified in the Minimum Connections parameter. The default value is 5 minute.
Note: The Connection pool properties need to be configured as per the load (number of concurrent requests) on the endpoint.	

Field Name	Description
Remote Endpoint Configuration	
Endpoint Runs Behind Firewall	Enables the secure connector name property so that secure connector can be used if the Lotus Domino server is running behind a firewall.
Secure Connector Name	Specifies the name of the secure connector that is used to connect to the Lotus Domino server running behind a firewall. For example, if an orchestration containing Domino activity is deployed on to Cast Iron Live (cloud), then the secure connector needs to be configured.

Parent topic: [Domino Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Domino_creating_an_endpoint_activity.html

Creating a Domino document

Use the Create Document activity to create a document in the Domino® server.

Using the create activity

1. Right-click **Orchestration** in the **Project** pane and click **New Orchestration** to create or open an orchestration. The orchestration pane is displayed.
2. Select the **Activities** tab and expand the **Domino** folder.
3. Drag **Create Document** activity from the **Domino** folder onto the orchestration. The graphical representation of the orchestration, including the checklist is displayed.
4. The **Checklist** pane lists the tasks (**Summary, Pick Endpoint, Configure, Map inputs, Map outputs**) that you must complete to configure the outbound activity.
5. Click **Pick Endpoint**, and then select a Domino endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Domino endpoint, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a Domino activity](#)

6. Click **Configure** from the Checklist. The Configure pane is displayed.
 - o Click **Browse** to select an existing database from the Browse Domino databases pane. The Browse Domino databases display all the databases for the selected endpoint.
 - o Click **Next** to select an existing form from the Browse Domino Forms pane. The Browse Domino Forms displays all the forms present in the selected database of the Domino server.

Note: The Next button is enabled only after selecting the database name.

Specifying the map inputs for create activity

1. Click **Map Input** from the **Checklist** pane.

The input parameters for the specific Domino activity are displayed under the **To Activity** pane.

Note: You *must* map all the required input parameters of the activity, whose data comes from previous activity.

Note: To populate dynamically added fields of the Domino document, which are not part of the map inputs structure, use the `AdditionalFields` property and provide the field names and field values in `FieldDetails` section.

For Form Types that are same across multiple databases, you can now specify the database name as part of the optional parameters in map inputs, wherein the same orchestration can be used to perform outbound operations on different databases. To do this you must specify the database name in the `databaseName` optional parameter (described in the table given below). If the `databaseName` parameter is populated with a value, the outbound operation will be performed on the database specified in the `databaseName` parameter. If there is no value specified, the database name specified during configuration will be used to perform the outbound operation.

The optional input parameter is described in the following table:

Table 1. Database name optional parameter

Parameter Name	Description
<code>databaseName</code>	Specifies the database name that can be dynamically added in map inputs to enable a single orchestration to perform outbound operations across multiple databases having the same Form Type.

The Domino connector also supports dynamic endpoint connection to a different Domino server. During run time, if you want to dynamically connect to a Domino server other than the one that is configured in the endpoint page, add the new optional parameters in `dominoConnectionProperties` of map inputs. The parameters of `dominoConnectionProperties` are described in the following table:

Table 2. Optional connection parameters

Parameters	Description
<code>dominoConnectionProperties</code> parameters	
<code>hostName</code>	Specifies the host name or IP address of the machine on which Domino server is running.
<code>diiopPort</code>	Specifies the Domino Internet Inter ORB Protocol (DIIOP) port that allows Java™ applets or applications to access Domino data remotely using CORBA. The default value is 63148.
<code>username</code>	Specifies the user name to connect to the Domino server.
<code>password</code>	Specifies the password associated with the user name to connect to the Domino server.
<code>connectionPool</code> parameters	
<code>minimumConnections</code>	Specifies the lowest number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance keeps open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) is supported. The default value is 5.
<code>maximumConnections</code>	Specifies the maximum number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance can keep open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) means the maximum number of connections is unbounded. The default value is 25.

Parameters	Description
maxIdleTime	Specifies the amount of time in minutes that a Domino server connection can be open in an idle state before being closed by the Integration Appliance. Entering 0 (zero) means that the connections are closed when they are returned to the pool —no idle time. The default value is 120 minutes.
maxWait	Specifies the amount of time in seconds that the Integration Appliance waits for a connection when all the connections in the pool are exhausted. If no connection is obtained after the wait time, an exception is thrown. The default value is 300 seconds.
reclaimConnections	Specifies the interval at which the connector checks for idle connections. Idle connections are reclaimed until the minimum number of connections is reached, as specified in the Minimum Connections parameter. The default value is 5 minute.

Specifying the map outputs create activity

1. Click **Map output** from the **Checklist** pane.

The output parameters for the Domino activity are displayed under the **From Activity** pane.

The response of the `AdditionalFields` property is also displayed in the From Activity pane.

Some of the common output parameters are defined in the following table.

Parameter Name	Description
UniversalID	A UniversalID of a document is a read/write property that uniquely identifies a document across all replicas of a database. In character format, the UniversalID is a 32-character combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, A-F). The UniversalID is also known as the uniqueID or UNID. The datatype is string.
NotesID	A NotesID of a document is a read only property and has a hexadecimal value of up to 8 characters, which uniquely identifies a document within a particular database. A note ID represents the location of a document within a specific database file. So the documents that are replicas of one another generally have different note IDs. A note ID does not change, unless the document is deleted.
Form	A form provides the structure for creating and displaying documents, which are the design elements that store data in the database. When you enter the information in a form and save it, the information is saved as a document. When you open the document, the document uses the form as a template to provide the structure for displaying the data. Note: Changing a form (for example, by adding a field) does not change documents previously created with that form until they are modified and saved, either manually or automatically by an agent. Removing a field from a form does not remove the value of that field from previously created documents.
Parent Document	A parentdocumentUNID of a document is a read-only property. It is defined as the universal ID of a document's parent, if the document is a response document. If a document does not have a parent, it returns an empty string (""). The datatype is string.

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Note: You can map the output parameters of the activity based on requirement.

Summary flag (field flag) behavior


When a document is created for a form containing fields of type Authors, Readers, or Names; and data is set for these fields in the Map Input, the summary flag is set with proper permissions based on the Domino field type. This feature is supported from Domino server version 8.5.3 onwards.

For example:

1. If a Domino field of type `Authors` is set with a value `CN=SYSTEM/O=IBM`, the summary flag will be **SUMMARY READ/WRITE-ACCESS NAMES "CN=SYSTEM/O=IBM"**.
2. If a Domino field of type `Readers` is set with a value `CN=SYSTEM/O=IBM`, the summary flag will be **SUMMARY READ-ACCESS NAMES "CN=SYSTEM/O=IBM"**.
3. If a Domino field of type `Names` is set with a value `CN=SYSTEM/O=IBM`, the summary flag will be **SUMMARY NAMES "CN=SYSTEM/O=IBM"**.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Domino_create_outactivity.html

Updating a Domino document

Use the Update Document activity to update a document in the Domino® database. Each updated document must be uniquely identifiable by its UniversalID or NotesID.

Using the update activity

1. Right-click **Orchestration** in the **Project** pane and click **New Orchestration** to create or open an orchestration. The orchestration pane is displayed.
2. Select the **Activities** tab and expand the **Domino** folder.
3. Drag **Update Activity** from the **Domino** folder onto the orchestration. The graphical representation of the orchestration, along with the Checklist pane is displayed.
4. The **Checklist** pane lists the tasks (**Summary, Pick Endpoint, Configure, Map Inputs, Map Outputs**) that you must complete to configure an outbound activity.
5. Click **Pick Endpoint**, and then select a Domino endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Domino endpoint, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a Domino activity](#)

6. Click **Configure** from the Checklist. The Configure pane is displayed.
 - o Click **Browse** to select an existing database from the Browse Domino databases pane. The Browse Domino databases display all the databases for the selected endpoint.

- o Click Next to select an existing form from the Browse Domino Forms pane. The Browse Domino Forms displays all the forms present in the selected database of the Domino server.

Note: The Next button is enabled only after you select the database name.

Specifying the map inputs for update activity

The input parameters for update activity are either UniversalID or NotesID and all the business data fields (specific to the selected form) must be updated.

1. Click **Map Input** from the **Checklist** pane.

The input parameters for the specific Domino activity are displayed under the **To Activity** pane. The input parameters are defined in the following table.

Parameter Name	Description
UniversalID	A UniversalID of a document is a read/write property that uniquely identifies a document across all replicas of a database. In character format, a UniversalID is a 32-character combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, A-F). A UniversalID is also known as the unique ID or UNID. The data type is string.
NotesID	A NotesID of a document is a read only property and has a hexadecimal value of up to 8 characters, which uniquely identifies a document within a particular database. A NotesID represents the location of a document within a specific database file. So the documents that are replicas of one another generally have different note IDs. A NotesID does not change, unless the document is deleted.

Note: You *must* map the input parameters of the activity.

Note: To populate dynamically added fields of the Domino document, which are not part of the map inputs structure, use the `AdditionalFields` property and provide the field names and field values in `FieldDetails` section.

For Form Types that are same across multiple databases, you can now specify the database name as part of the optional parameters in map inputs, wherein the same orchestration can be used to perform outbound operations on different databases. To do this, you must specify the database name in the `databaseName` optional parameter (described in Table 1). If the `databaseName` parameter is populated with a value, the outbound operation is performed on the database specified in the `databaseName` parameter. If there is no value specified, the database name that is specified during configuration is used to perform the outbound operation.

Optional parameters for a Domino activity

The following are the optional parameters that are defined for update activity.

Table 1. Optional parameters

Parameter Name	Description
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Parameter Name	Description
MarkAsRead	Specifies if the document is to be marked as read during an update operation. It is of type Boolean.
MakeResponse	Specifies if the document is to be made available as the response of the saved document even if another user modifies and saves the document. It is of type Boolean.
ForceSave	Specifies if the document is to be force saved during a conflict of an update operation. It is of type Boolean.
databaseName	databaseName is the name of the database in which the document is updated. If a value is set for this parameter, then the value of the database in the configure panel is overwritten. This parameter is useful when documents with the same structure (Form) must be updated in multiple databases, using the same orchestration.

The Domino connector also supports dynamic endpoint connection to a different Domino server. During run time, if you want to dynamically connect to a Domino server other than the one that is configured in the endpoint page, add the new optional parameters in `dominoConnectionProperties` of map inputs. The parameters for `dominoConnectionProperties` are described in the following table:

Table 2. Optional connection parameters

Parameters	Description
<code>dominoConnectionProperties</code> parameters	
<code>hostName</code>	Specifies the host name or IP address of the machine on which Domino server is running.
<code>diiopPort</code>	Specifies the Domino Internet Inter-ORB Protocol (DIIOP) port that allows Java™ applets or applications to access Domino data remotely using CORBA. The default value is 63148.
<code>username</code>	Specifies the user name to connect to the Domino server.
<code>password</code>	Specifies the password that is associated with the user name to connect to the Domino server.
<code>connectionPool</code> parameters	
<code>minimumConnections</code>	Specifies the lowest number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance keeps open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) is supported. The default value is 5.
<code>maximumConnections</code>	Specifies the maximum number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance can keep open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) means the maximum number of connections is unbounded. The default value is 25.

Parameters	Description
maxIdleTime	Specifies the amount of time in minutes that a Domino server connection can be open in an idle state before being closed by the Integration Appliance. Entering 0 (zero) means that the connections are closed when they are returned to the pool —no idle time. The default value is 120 minutes.
maxWait	Specifies the amount of time in seconds that the Integration Appliance waits for a connection when all the connections in the pool are exhausted. If no connection is obtained after the wait time, an exception is thrown. The default value is 300 seconds.
reclaimConnections	Specifies the interval at which the connector checks for idle connections. Idle connections are reclaimed until the minimum number of connections is reached, as specified in the Minimum Connections parameter. The default value is 5 minute.

Specifying the map outputs for a Domino activity

1. Click **Map output** from the **Checklist** pane.

The output parameters for the Domino activity are displayed under the **From Activity** pane.

Note: You can map the output parameters of the activity that is based on your requirement.

Summary flag (field flag) behavior


When a document is updated for a form containing fields of type Authors, Readers, or Names; and data is set for these fields in the Map Input, the summary flag is set with proper permissions based on the Domino field type. This feature is supported from Domino server version 8.5.3 onwards.

For example:

1. If a Domino field of type `Authors` is set with a value `CN=SYSTEM/O=IBM`, the summary flag will be **SUMMARY READ/WRITE-ACCESS NAMES "CN=SYSTEM/O=IBM"**.
2. If a Domino field of type `Readers` is set with a value `CN=SYSTEM/O=IBM`, the summary flag will be **SUMMARY READ-ACCESS NAMES "CN=SYSTEM/O=IBM"**.
3. If a Domino field of type `Names` is set with a value `CN=SYSTEM/O=IBM`, the summary flag will be **SUMMARY NAMES "CN=SYSTEM/O=IBM"**.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Domino_update_outactivity.html

Retrieving a Domino document

Using the Retrieve Activity, you can retrieve a document from a Domino® database. Each retrieved document is uniquely identified by its UniversalID or NotesID. The retrieval is done based on the input, that is, either the UniversalID or the NotesID.

Using the retrieve activity

1. Right-click Orchestration in the Project pane and click New Orchestration to create or open an orchestration. The orchestration pane is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Domino folder.
3. Drag Retrieve Activity from the Domino folder onto the orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration along with the **Checklist** is displayed.
4. The Checklist pane lists the tasks(Summary, Pick Endpoint, Configure, Map inputs, Map outputs) that you must perform to complete the configuration of the outbound activity.
5. Click Pick Endpoint, and then select a Domino endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Domino endpoint, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a Domino activity](#).

6. Click Configure from the Checklist. The Configure pane is displayed.
 - o Click Browse to select an existing database from the Browse Domino databases pane. The Browse Domino databases display all the databases for the selected endpoint.
 - o Click Next to select an existing form from the Browse Domino Forms pane. The Browse Domino Forms displays all the forms present in the selected database of the Domino server.
Note: The Next button is enabled only after you select the database name.
 - o Fields with canonical names accept fields that may have canonical names such as John Smith/IBM/COUNTRY as values, which are separated by commas. Specify the canonical names in this field if you want to convert the values in these fields to internet mail addresses, such as johnsmith@country.ibm.com. Some of the field name examples are To, From, CC, Chair, Required Attendees, and so on.

Specifying the map inputs for the retrieve activity

The input parameter for Retrieve activity is either UniversalID or NotesID. When both are given, UniversalID is used to retrieve the Domino document.

1. Click Map Input from the Checklist pane.
The input parameters for the specific Domino activity are displayed under the To Activity pane. Some of the common input parameters are defined in the following table.

Parameter Name	Description
UniversalID	The UniversalID parameter is a read/write property that uniquely identifies a document across all replicas of a database. In character format, the unique ID parameter is a 32-character combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, A-F). The UniversalID is also known as the unique ID or UNID. The data type is string.
NotesID	The Notes® ID of a document is a read only property and has a hexadecimal value of up to 8 characters, which uniquely identifies a document within a particular database. The Notes ID

sID	represents the location of a document within a specific database file. So the documents that are replicas of one another generally have different Notes IDs. A Notes ID does not change, unless the document is deleted.
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Note: You *must* map the input parameters of the activity.

For Form Types that are same across multiple databases, you can now specify the database name as part of the optional parameters in map inputs, wherein the same orchestration can be used to perform outbound operations on different databases. To do this, you must specify the database name in the `databaseName` optional parameter (described in Table 1). If the `databaseName` parameter is populated with a value, the outbound operation is performed on the database specified in the `databaseName` parameter. If there is no value specified, the database name that is specified during configuration is used to perform the outbound operation.

Optional parameters

The optional input parameter is described in the following table:

Table 1. Optional parameters

Parameter name	Description
<code>databaseName</code>	<code>databaseName</code> is the name of the database from which the document is retrieved. If a value is set for this parameter, then the value of the database in the configure panel is overwritten. This parameter is useful when documents with the same structure (Form) must be retrieved from multiple databases, using the same orchestration.

The Domino connector also supports dynamic endpoint connection to a different Domino server. During run time, if you want to dynamically connect to a Domino server other than the one that is configured in the endpoint page, add the new optional parameters in `dominoConnectionProperties` of map inputs. The parameters of `dominoConnectionProperties` are described in the following table:

Table 2. Optional connection parameters

Parameters	Description
<code>dominoConnectionProperties</code> parameters	
<code>hostName</code>	Specifies the host name or IP address of the machine on which Domino server is running.
<code>diiopPort</code>	Specifies the Domino Internet Inter-ORB Protocol (DIIOP) port that allows Java™ applets or applications to access Domino data remotely using CORBA. The default value is 63148.
<code>username</code>	Specifies the user name to connect to the Domino server.
<code>password</code>	Specifies the password that is associated with the user name to connect to the Domino server.
<code>connectionPool</code> parameters	
<code>minimumConnections</code>	Specifies the lowest number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance keeps open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) is supported. The default value is 5.
<code>maximumConnections</code>	Specifies the maximum number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance can keep open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) means the maximum number of connections is unbounded. The default value is 25.

Parameters	Description
<code>maxIdleTime</code>	Specifies the amount of time in minutes that a Domino server connection can be open in an idle state before being closed by the Integration Appliance. Entering 0 (zero) means that the connections are closed when they are returned to the pool —no idle time. The default value is 120 minutes.
<code>maxWait</code>	Specifies the amount of time in seconds that the Integration Appliance waits for a connection when all the connections in the pool are exhausted. If no connection is obtained after the wait time, an exception is thrown. The default value is 300 seconds.
<code>reclaimConnections</code>	Specifies the interval at which the connector checks for idle connections. Idle connections are reclaimed until the minimum number of connections is reached, as specified in the Minimum Connections parameter. The default value is 5 minute.

Specifying the map outputs for the retrieve activity

1. Click Map output from the Checklist pane.


The output parameters for the Domino activity are displayed under the From Activity pane.

Note: You can map the output parameters of the activity that is based on your requirement.

Note: Dynamically added fields present in the Domino document and not generated in the map input/output structures are handled by the Domino connector. While retrieving documents using this activity, the data for these fields are available in the map outputs section under `AdditionalFields`.

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Querying Domino documents

The Query Document activity is used to query documents from the database in the Lotus® Domino® server that matches the values that are specified in the document fields.

You can specify one or more of the following criteria in the input data that is sent with the outbound request.

- **Document business data:** When you specify the document business data in the Map Input section, the connector reads all the valid data from the map input. The connector searches the database for documents that match these valid data. All the matching documents that can be represented using the map output schema are returned as a response.
- **ParentDocumentUNID:** When you specify a valid `ParentDocumentUNID` in the Map Input section, the connector queries all the child documents to this parent document. All the matching documents, which can be represented using the map output schema are returned as a response.

- No data set: When you do not provide a data in the map input, the connector queries the documents that can be represented using the map output schema.

You can search for documents based on two types of search methods:

1. **Database Search method:** Given selection criteria for a document, returns all documents in a database that meet the criteria. By default, the activity uses the Database Search method to search for documents. To explicitly set the search to this type, set the value of `searchType` optional parameter to `NORMAL_SEARCH` in the map input section. This method supports the search of documents that are based on the following types of search criteria:
 - a. **Single values:** You can specify a single value in the search criteria. For example, the connector can query documents that are based on the single word, number, or date that is specified in the search field. You can find more information about the search values that can be specified in the Number and Date type fields in the following points.
 - **Numbers:** You can specify a double digit number or an integer value as the search criteria in the Numbers type field. You can use this search function to query documents where a Number type field equals to a certain value. For example, to query documents where employee salary equals to 1234.56, enter the value 1234.56 in the `EmployeeSalary` field.
 - **Date:** You can specify a date as the search criteria in any Date type field. For example, to query documents where birthday equals to 1982/11/22, specify the value 1982/11/22 in the Birthday field.
 - b. **Multiple values:** You can specify multiple values as the search criteria for any Lotus® Domino® field types. This feature can be used to find the documents with the specified values at run time. For example, you can configure the connector to retrieve documents that match the words that are specified in the search criteria.
 - c. **Text search for rich text contents:** You can specify the texts to search documents that have rich text contents at run time. The connector conducts a search by using the texts that are specified in the `RichText` field and all matching documents are retrieved by the connector. The connector supports both single and multiple text content searches for the `RichText` field. You can also provide wildcard suffixes, such as * for searching documents in the `RichText` field.
 - d. **Search using multiple fields:** You can specify search values in more than one field. In this configuration, the activity uses the logical `AND` operator to group the search strings. For instance, you can specify a single value, multiple values, `RichText`, or `ParentDocumentUNID` in different fields. The activity returns only the search content that matches all the specified criteria.
2. **Database FTSearch/Indexed Search method:** Conducts a full text search of all the documents in a database. When the database is fully indexed, the indexed search method is faster compared to the Database Search method. The method sorts the output data by relevance score. When the collection is sorted by relevance, the highest relevance appears first. To explicitly set the search to this type, set the value of `searchType` optional parameter to `FULL_TEXT_SEARCH` in the map input section.
 - a. **Search using multiple fields:** The indexed search method also supports search using multiple fields. You can specify the search values in more than one field. In this configuration, the connector uses the logical `AND` operator to group the search strings. For instance, you can specify a single value, multiple values, or `ParentDocumentUNID` in different fields. The connector returns a logical `AND` operation of all the specified search criteria, returning exact and close matches for string type fields and exact matches for numeric type fields.

Note: The indexed search method does not work for `RichText`, `Attachments`, and `Date` fields.

Using the Query Document activity

1. Right-click Orchestration in the Project pane and click New Orchestration to create or open an orchestration. The orchestration pane is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Domino folder.

3. Drag Query Activity from the Domino folder onto the orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration along with the **Checklist** is displayed.
4. Click Pick Endpoint, and then select a Domino endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Domino endpoint, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a Domino activity](#).

5. Click Configure from the Checklist. The Configure pane is displayed.
 - o Click Browse to select an existing database from the **Browse Domino database** pane. The Browse Domino databases display all the databases for the selected endpoint.
 - o Click Next to select an existing form from the **Browse Domino Forms** pane. The Browse Domino Forms displays all the forms present in the selected database of the Domino server.
Note: The Next button is enabled only after you have selected the database name.
 - o Fields with canonical names accept fields that may have canonical names such as John Smith/IBM/COUNTRY as values, which are separated by commas. Specify the canonical names in this field if you want to convert the values in these fields to internet mail addresses, such as johnsmith@country.ibm.com. Some of the field name examples are To, From, CC, Chair, Required Attendees, and so on.
6. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML schemas generated from the selected object of the Query Documents activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.

For Form Types that are same across multiple databases, you can specify the database name as part of the optional parameters in map inputs, wherein the same orchestration can be used to perform outbound operations on different databases. To do this, you must specify the database name in the `databaseName` optional parameter (described in Table 1). If the `databaseName` parameter is populated with a value, the outbound operation is performed on the database specified in the `databaseName` parameter. If there is no value specified, the database name that is specified during configuration is used to perform the outbound operation.

The optional input parameter is described in the following table:

Table 1. Optional input parameter

Parameter name	Description
<code>databaseName</code>	<code>databaseName</code> is the name of the database from which the document is queried. If a value is set for this parameter, then the value of the database given in the configure panel will be overwritten. This parameter is useful when documents with the same structure (Form) need to be queried from multiple databases, using the same orchestration.

The Domino connector also supports dynamic endpoint connection to a different Domino server. During run time, if you want to dynamically connect to a Domino server other than the one that is configured in the endpoint page, add the new optional parameters in `dominoConnectionProperties` of map inputs. The parameters of `dominoConnectionProperties` are described in the following table:

Table 2. Optional connection parameters

Parameters	Description
<code>dominoConnectionProperties</code>	parameters

Parameters	Description
hostName	Specifies the host name or IP address of the machine on which Domino server is running.
diiopPort	Specifies the Domino Internet Inter-ORB Protocol (DIIOP) port that allows Java™ applets or applications to access Domino data remotely using CORBA. The default value is 63148.
username	Specifies the user name to connect to the Domino server.
connectionPool parameters	
minimumConnections	Specifies the lowest number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance keeps open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) is supported. The default value is 5.
maximumConnections	Specifies the maximum number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance can keep open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) means the maximum number of connections is unbounded. The default value is 25.
maxIdleTime	Specifies the amount of time in minutes that a Domino server connection can be open in an idle state before being closed by the Integration Appliance. Entering 0 (zero) means that the connections are closed when they are returned to the pool —no idle time. The default value is 120 minutes.
maxWait	Specifies the amount of time in seconds that the Integration Appliance waits for a connection when all the connections in the pool are exhausted. If no connection is obtained after the wait time, an exception is thrown. The default value is 300 seconds.
reclaimConnections	Specifies the interval at which the connector checks for idle connections. Idle connections are reclaimed until the minimum number of connections is reached, as specified in the Minimum Connections parameter. The default value is 5 minute.
password	Specifies the password that is associated with the user name to connect to the Domino server.

7. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
8. Select the search type to be used for the activity:

Table 3. Search type

Parameter Name	Description
searchType	Specifies the search type to be used for this activity. The values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ NORMAL_SEARCH: Uses Domino Database Search method. ○ FULL_TEXT_SEARCH: Uses Domino Database FTSearch method. When no value is specified NORMAL_SEARCH is used.

9. Select the Map Outputs in the checklist. The XML schemas generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.

Note: Dynamically added fields present in the Domino document and not generated in the map input/output structures are handled by the Domino connector. While retrieving documents using this activity, the data for these fields are available in the map outputs section under `AdditionalFields`.

`queryUsingTimestamp` is the parameter that is used to query documents that are based on time stamps. The `timestamp` property is a recursive property. You can define `groupFields`, `name`, `operator`, and `value` under the `timestamp` property.

The optional output parameters are described in the following table:

Parameter Name	Description										
<code>queryUsingTimestamp</code>	<p>The following are the <code>timestamp</code> properties:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Table 4. <code>timestamp</code> properties</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Property</th> <th>Values</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><code>groupFields</code></td> <td>You can specify multiple values such as: AND, OR, (,), AND (, OR (,) AND,) OR,) AND (, and) OR (. Note: You can have multiple conditions. <code>groupFields</code> must be used when you have multiple conditions.</td> </tr> <tr> <td><code>name</code></td> <td>Specify one of these values: <code>createdTimestamp</code> or <code>lastModifiedTimestamp</code></td> </tr> <tr> <td><code>operator</code></td> <td>Specify one of these values: <code>GREATER_THAN</code>, <code>GREATER_THAN_OR_EQUAL_TO</code>, <code>EQUAL_TO</code>, <code>LESS_THAN</code>, <code>LESS_THAN_OR_EQUAL_TO</code>, and <code>NOT_EQUAL_TO</code></td> </tr> <tr> <td><code>value</code></td> <td>Specify the date and time values. For example, <code>26-09-2013 12:05:00 PM EST</code>. Note: If you do not mention the timezone, by default, the timezone of the server is considered.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Querying documents that are based on the <code>NOT_EQUAL_TO</code> operator (<code>!=</code>) is not supported in Full Text Search. ○ Querying documents using time is not supported in Full Text Search. For example, <code>[_RevisionDate] = 05/06/2013 09:30:00</code>. ○ Querying documents using the <code>EQUAL_TO</code> operator with timestamp does not work with the Normal Search type. For example, <code>@Modified = [05/06/2013 09:14:22]</code>. ○ Querying documents using Full Text Search as the Search Type, you can query documents that are only based on Date; and not DateTime. For example, <code>lastModifiedDateTime >= 05/20/2013 20:00:00</code> is not supported in Full Text Search. 	Property	Values	<code>groupFields</code>	You can specify multiple values such as: AND, OR, (,), AND (, OR (,) AND,) OR,) AND (, and) OR (. Note: You can have multiple conditions. <code>groupFields</code> must be used when you have multiple conditions.	<code>name</code>	Specify one of these values: <code>createdTimestamp</code> or <code>lastModifiedTimestamp</code>	<code>operator</code>	Specify one of these values: <code>GREATER_THAN</code> , <code>GREATER_THAN_OR_EQUAL_TO</code> , <code>EQUAL_TO</code> , <code>LESS_THAN</code> , <code>LESS_THAN_OR_EQUAL_TO</code> , and <code>NOT_EQUAL_TO</code>	<code>value</code>	Specify the date and time values. For example, <code>26-09-2013 12:05:00 PM EST</code> . Note: If you do not mention the timezone, by default, the timezone of the server is considered.
Property	Values										
<code>groupFields</code>	You can specify multiple values such as: AND, OR, (,), AND (, OR (,) AND,) OR,) AND (, and) OR (. Note: You can have multiple conditions. <code>groupFields</code> must be used when you have multiple conditions.										
<code>name</code>	Specify one of these values: <code>createdTimestamp</code> or <code>lastModifiedTimestamp</code>										
<code>operator</code>	Specify one of these values: <code>GREATER_THAN</code> , <code>GREATER_THAN_OR_EQUAL_TO</code> , <code>EQUAL_TO</code> , <code>LESS_THAN</code> , <code>LESS_THAN_OR_EQUAL_TO</code> , and <code>NOT_EQUAL_TO</code>										
<code>value</code>	Specify the date and time values. For example, <code>26-09-2013 12:05:00 PM EST</code> . Note: If you do not mention the timezone, by default, the timezone of the server is considered.										

10. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

You have configured the Domino Query Documents activity.

Parent topic: [Domino Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016

Querying views for Domino documents

The Query Views activity is used to query views from the database in the Lotus® Domino® server that matches the values that are specified in the document fields that are present in the view.

Using the Query Document activity

1. Right-click Orchestration in the Project pane and click New Orchestration to create or open an orchestration. The orchestration pane is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Domino folder.
3. Drag Query Views from the Domino® folder onto the orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration along with the **Checklist** is displayed.
4. Click Pick Endpoint, and then select a Domino endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Domino endpoint, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a Domino activity](#).

5. Click Configure from the Checklist. The Configure pane is displayed.

Note: The Next button is enabled only after you have selected the database name.

- o Click Browse to select an existing database from the **Browse Domino Database** pane. The Browse Domino databases display all the databases for the selected endpoint.
 - o Click Browse to select an existing view from the **Browse Domino Views** pane. The Browse Domino Views display all the views for the selected endpoint and in the selected database.
 - o Click Next to select an existing form from the **Browse Domino Forms** pane. The Browse Domino Forms displays all the forms related to the documents in that view.
6. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML schemas generated from the selected object of the Query Views activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.

For Form Types that are same across multiple databases, you can specify the database name as part of the optional parameters in map inputs, wherein the same orchestration can be used to perform outbound operations on different databases. To do this, you must specify the database name in the `databaseName` optional parameter (described in Table 1). If the `databaseName` parameter is populated with a value, the outbound operation is performed on the database that is specified in the `databaseName` parameter. If there is no value specified, the database name that is specified during configuration is used to perform the outbound operation.

The optional input parameter is described in the following table:

Table 1. Database name optional parameter

Parameter Name	Description
<code>databaseName</code>	Specifies the database name that can be dynamically added in map inputs to enable a single orchestration to perform outbound operations across multiple databases that have the same Form Type.

The Domino connector also supports dynamic endpoint connection to a different Domino server. During run time, if you want to dynamically connect to a Domino server other than the one that is configured in the endpoint panel, add the new optional parameters in `dominoConnectionProperties` of map inputs. The parameters for `dominoConnectionProperties` are described in the following table:

Table 2. Optional connection parameters

Parameters	Description
dominoConnectionProperties parameters	
hostName	Specifies the host name or IP address of the machine on which the Domino server is running.
diiopPort	Specifies the Domino Internet Inter-ORB Protocol (DIIOP) port that allows Java™ applets or applications to access Domino data remotely using CORBA. The default value is 63148.
username	Specifies the user name to connect to the Domino server.
password	Specifies the password that is associated with the user name to connect to the Domino server.
connectionPool parameters	
minimumConnections	Specifies the lowest number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance keeps open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) is supported. The default value is 5.
maximumConnections	Specifies the maximum number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance can keep open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) means the maximum number of connections is unbounded. The default value is 25.
maxIdleTime	Specifies the amount of time in minutes that a Domino server connection can be open in an idle state before being closed by the Integration Appliance. Entering 0 (zero) means that the connections are closed when they are returned to the pool —no idle time. The default value is 120 minutes.
maxWait	Specifies the amount of time in seconds that the Integration Appliance waits for a connection when all the connections in the pool are exhausted. If no connection is obtained after the wait time, an exception is thrown. The default value is 300 seconds.
reclaimConnections	Specifies the interval at which the connector checks for idle connections. Idle connections are reclaimed until the minimum number of connections is reached, as specified in the Minimum Connections parameter. The default value is 5 minute.

7. Map the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.

Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.

8. Specify the values as described in Table 3:

Table 3. Search type

Parameter Name	Description
KeyValue s	Specify the value for which you want to run a search.
ExactMat ch	Specify the value as <code>False</code> to return all possible values related to the search term. For an exact match to be returned, specify the value as <code>True</code> .


Parameter Name	Description
SearchFormula	Specify a formula for a detailed search as per your requirement.

- Select the Map Outputs in the checklist. The XML schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
Note: Dynamically added fields present in the Domino document and not generated in the map input/output structures are handled by the Domino connector. While retrieving documents using this activity, the data for these fields are available in the map outputs section under `AdditionalFields`.
- Create a mapping between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

You have configured the Domino Query Views activity.

Parent topic: [Domino Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Domino_query_views_activity.html

Deleting a Domino document

Use the Delete Activity to delete a document from the Domino® database. Each deleted document must be uniquely identifiable by its `UniversalID` or `NotesID`.

Using the delete activity

- Right-click Orchestration in the Project pane and click New Orchestration to create or open an orchestration. The orchestration pane is displayed.
- Select the Activities tab and expand the Domino folder.
- Drag Delete Activity from the Domino folder onto the orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration along with the **Checklist** is displayed.
- The Checklist pane lists the tasks (Summary, Pick Endpoint, Configure, Map inputs, Map outputs) that you must perform to complete the configuration of the outbound activity.
- Click Pick Endpoint, and then select a Domino endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Domino endpoint, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a Domino activity](#).

- Click Configure from the Checklist. The Configure pane is displayed.
 - Click Browse to select an existing database from the Browse Domino databases pane. The Browse Domino databases display all the databases for the selected endpoint.
 - Click Next to select an existing form from the Browse Domino Forms pane. The Browse Domino Forms displays all the forms present in the selected database of the Domino server.
Note: The Next button is enabled only after you have selected the database name.

Specifying the map inputs for the delete activity

- Click Map Input from the **Checklist**.

The input parameters for the specific Domino activity are displayed under the To Activity pane. Some of the common input parameters are defined in the following table.

Parameter Name	Description
UniversalID	The <code>UniversalID</code> parameter is a read/write property that uniquely identifies a document across all replicas of a database. In character format, the unique ID parameter is a 32-character combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, A-F). The <code>UniversalID</code> is also known as the unique ID or UNID. The data type is string.
NotesID	The Notes® ID of a document is a read only property and has a hexadecimal value of up to 8 characters, which uniquely identifies a document within a particular database. The <code>NotesID</code> represents the location of a document within a specific database file. So the documents that are replicas of one another generally have different Notes IDs. A Notes ID does not change, unless the document is deleted.

Note: You must map the input parameters of the activity.

For Form Types that are same across multiple databases, you can now specify the database name as part of the optional parameters in map inputs, wherein the same orchestration can be used to perform outbound operations on different databases. To do this, you must specify the database name in the `databaseName` optional parameter (described in Table 1). If the `databaseName` parameter is populated with a value, the outbound operation is performed on the database specified in the `databaseName` parameter. If there is no value specified, the database name that is specified during configuration is used to perform the outbound operation.

Optional parameters

The optional input parameters are described in the following table:

Table 1.

Input Parameters	Description
deletedElement	This property specifies if the document is to be deleted during a conflict of delete operation. It is of type boolean.
databaseName	<code>databaseName</code> is the name of the database from which the document is deleted. If a value is set for this parameter, then the value of the database given in the configure panel will be overwritten. This parameter is useful when documents with the same structure (Form) need to be deleted from multiple databases, using the same orchestration.

The Domino connector also supports dynamic endpoint connection to a different Domino server. During run time, if you want to dynamically connect to a Domino server other than the one that is configured in the endpoint page, add the new optional parameters in `dominoConnectionProperties` of map inputs. The parameters of `dominoConnectionProperties` are described in the following table:

Table 2. Optional connection parameters

Parameters	Description
dominoConnectionProperties parameters	
hostName	Specifies the host name or IP address of the machine on which Domino server is running.
diiopPort	Specifies the Domino Internet Inter-ORB Protocol (DIIOP) port that allows Java™ applets or applications to access Domino data remotely using CORBA. The default value is 63148.
username	Specifies the user name to connect to the Domino server.
password	Specifies the password that is associated with the user name to connect to the Domino server.
connectionPool parameters	
minimumConnections	Specifies the lowest number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance keeps open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) is supported. The default value is 5.
maximumConnections	Specifies the maximum number of Domino server connections that the Integration Appliance can keep open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) means the maximum number of connections is unbounded. The default value is 25.
maxIdleTime	Specifies the amount of time in minutes that a Domino server connection can be open in an idle state before being closed by the Integration Appliance. Entering 0 (zero) means that the connections are closed when they are returned to the pool—no idle time. The default value is 120 minutes.
maxWait	Specifies the amount of time in seconds that the Integration Appliance waits for a connection when all the connections in the pool are exhausted. If no connection is obtained after the wait time, an exception is thrown. The default value is 300 seconds.
reclaimConnections	Specifies the interval at which the connector checks for idle connections. Idle connections are reclaimed until the minimum number of connections is reached, as specified in the Minimum Connections parameter. The default value is 5 minute.

Specifying the map outputs for the delete activity

1. Click Map output from the Checklist.

The output parameters for the Domino activity are displayed under the From Activity pane.

Note: You can map the output parameters of the activity that is based on your requirement.

Parent topic: [Domino Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016

Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for Domino activities

Specifying the Retry and Delivery parameters is one of the tasks to configure a Domino® activity configuration.

About this task

This section contains the procedures for configuring the Domino outbound and inbound activities.

Procedure

To specify the retry options for inbound and outbound Domino activities:

1. Select the Retry task from the Checklist. The retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a Domino server as described in the following table:

Table 1. Retry options

Retry Fields	Description
Wait __ second(s) between each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the Domino server.
Try to connect __ times before failing .	<p>Specifies the retry count — the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the Domino server before issuing the following errors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ When you set this parameter to "0", Studio does not try to reconnect. ○ When you set this parameter to a value less than "0", Studio retries the connection indefinitely. <p>If an orchestration that starts with an inbound Domino activity is deployed and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified Domino server, the Integration Appliance logs the connection errors as warnings in the system log until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system log, resets the connection error count to zero, and continues to attempt to establish a connection to the Domino server.</p> <p>For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p>

Parent topic: [Domino Activities](#)

Domino inbound activities

Procedure


To specify the delivery rules options for Domino inbound activities:

1. Select the Delivery Rules task from the Checklist. The delivery rules pane is displayed.
2. Configure the delivery rules options to select the activity's behavior as described in the following table:

Table 2. Delivery Rules options

Delivery Rule Fields	Description
Polling Interval	Specifies the time interval to poll event view in Adapter for Lotus® Domino(WALD) inbound event table of the Domino server. (For example, the Get created documents activity polls for create trigger events at the specified time interval.) Time can be selected in the format days, hours, minutes, and seconds.
Fetch size	Specifies how many events the activity must retrieve from the WALD inbound event table of the Domino server in each poll cycle.
Delivery Messages	
ATM OST_ ONCE	A non-persistent mode in which a document is either processed once or not processed at all.
ATLE AST_ ONCE	A persistent mode, in which a Domino document is not lost. As a result, there are chances that the orchestration can process the document once or more than once.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Domino_Specifying_Retry_Parameters_for_Domino_Activities.html

Prerequisites to use Domino inbound activities

This section contains the prerequisites for configuring the Domino® inbound activities:

Configuring the Domino server

1. Copy the native library mentioned in the following table from <STUDIO ROOT>/etc/domino/<platform> directory to the Domino servers root directory. The native library is selected based on the platform on which Domino server is running.

Library file	Supported operating systems
waldinbound.dll	Windows 32 bit
waldinbound.dll	Windows 64 bit
libwaldinbound_r.a	AIX® 32 bit
libwaldinbound.so	Redhat 32 bit
libwaldinbound.so	Suse 32 bit
libwaldinbound.so	Solaris 32 bit

2. Search for notes.ini file in the Domino server. Open the file and add an entry at the end of the file.

```
EXTMGR_ADDINS=waldinbound
```

3. Copy the inbound event database (filename : waldinbound.nsf) from the (<STUDIO ROOT>/etc/domino/) to the Domino server's data directory (<DominoRoot>/data).

4. Open the inbound event database (waldinbound.nsf) by using Lotus Notes® and configure the event activity.

5. The following are the steps for configuring WALD inbound event table.

- Select the EventTriggerConfigurationView. If there is an entry, edit it. If there is no entry, create a new configuration.
- Enter a value for connector ID. This is optional.
- Enter the database name and form (both are case sensitive) for which events need to be generated for the field 'Monitored documents'. The same database and form will be selected during discovery of the inbound activity. The syntax is shown below.
 - DatabaseName:formName
 - SampleDatabase.nsf:Employee
 - TestDatabase.nsf:Form1:TestDatabase.nsf:Form2. (For this, events will be generated for both Form1 and Form2.)

6. Select the event type interested.

Note: The selected event type corresponds to the starter activities (Get Created Documents or Get Updated Documents or Get Deleted Documents).


7. Save the configuration (Ctrl + S). Events from the selected databases and forms get triggered and are available in the EventView of the inbound event database.

8. Restart Domino server. Test from Lotus Notes by using sample data and make sure that the events are getting generated for the configuration.

9. Configure the starter activity in Studio. Then create or update or delete a document (based on the configuration chosen in EventTriggerConfigurationView) for the configured Domino databases, which triggers an event. The event is picked by the Domino starter activity and processed.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Domino_activity_implementation_for_inbound_activity.html

Get Created Documents activity

Use the Get Created Documents activity to get the documents (which are of interest) that were created on the Domino® server. The activity polls the event table in the Domino server for new events periodically and process them.

Note: Before you configure and use the get created documents activity, refer to [Prerequisites to use Domino inbound activities](#) on the Domino server.

Adding an inbound Domino activity to the orchestration

1. Right-click Orchestration in the Project pane and click New Orchestration to create or open an orchestration. The orchestration pane is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Domino folder.
3. Drag Get Created Documents activity from the Domino folder onto the orchestration. The graphical representation of the orchestration, including the checklist is displayed.
4. The Checklist pane lists the tasks (Summary, Pick Endpoint, Configure, Map outputs) that you must perform to complete the configuration of the inbound activity.

Naming or renaming a Domino activity

1. Click Summary from the Checklist pane. The Summary pane is displayed.
 - Specify the name of the activity in the Activity Name text box.

Specifying the endpoint for a Domino activity

1. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist pane. The Pick Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Click one of the following options:
 - Browse... - To select an existing endpoint from the Project Explorer. The Project Explorer shows all the Domino endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties are displayed in the Pick Endpoint pane. To edit the endpoint properties, click Edit.
 - New... - To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window is displayed.
 - Edit... - To edit an existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window is displayed.

Note: Any changes that you make to the endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint. The edits are global, not local.

Specifying the database and form for a Domino activity

1. Click Configure from the Checklist pane. The Configure pane is displayed.
 - Click Browse to select an existing database from the Browse Domino databases pane. The Browse Domino databases display all the databases for the selected endpoint.
 - Click Next to select an existing Form from the Browse Domino Forms pane. The Browse Domino Forms displays all the forms in the project available for the activity.
Note: The Next button is enabled only after you have selected the database name.
 - Optional: Specify the names of the Additional Databases from which you would like to poll the documents of the form that is selected in the Form field. The databases must be separated by commas. For example, `Admin.nsf, names.nsf,`. The databases will be polled one after the other. All the databases that are specified in the Additional Database field must have a Form similar to the one configured in the Browse Domino Forms.
 - Optional: Fields with canonical names accept fields that may have canonical names such as `John Smith/IBM/COUNTRY` as values, which are separated by commas. Specify the canonical names in

this field if you want to convert the values in these fields to internet mail addresses, such as johnsmith@country.ibm.com. Some of the field name examples are: To, From, CC, Chair, Required Attendees, and so on.

Specifying the map outputs for a Domino activity

1. Click Map output from the Checklist pane.


The output parameters for the Domino activity are displayed under the From Activity pane.

Note: You can map the output parameters of the activity that is based on your requirement.

Note: Dynamically added fields present in the Domino document and not generated in the map input/output structures are handled by the Domino connector. While retrieving documents using this activity, the data for these fields are available in the map outputs section under `AdditionalFields`.

Parent topic: [Domino Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Domino_insert_inbound_activity.html

Get Updated Documents activity

Use the Get Updated Documents activity to get the documents (which are of interest) that got updated on the Domino® server. The activity polls the event table in the Domino server for new events periodically and process them.

Note: Before you configure and use the get updated documents activity, refer to [Prerequisites to use Domino inbound activities](#) on the Domino server.

Adding an inbound Domino activity to the orchestration

1. Right-click Orchestration in the Project pane and click New Orchestration to create or open an orchestration. The orchestration pane is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Domino folder.
3. Drag Get Updated Documents activity from the Domino folder onto the orchestration. The graphical representation of the orchestration along with the Checklist pane is displayed.
4. The Checklist pane lists the tasks (Summary, Pick Endpoint, Configure, Map outputs) that you must perform to complete the configuration of the inbound activity.

Naming or renaming a Domino activity

1. Click Summary from the Checklist pane. The Summary pane is displayed.
 - o Specify the name of the activity in the Activity Name text box.

Specifying the endpoint for a Domino activity

1. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist pane. The Pick Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Click one of the following options:
 - Browse... - To select an existing endpoint from the Project Explorer. The Project Explorer displays all the Domino endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties are displayed in the Pick Endpoint pane. To edit the endpoint properties, click Edit.
 - New... - To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window is displayed.
 - Edit... - To edit an existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window is displayed.

Note: Any changes that you make to the endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint. The edits are global, not local.

Specifying the database and form for a Domino activity

1. Click Configure from the Checklist pane. The Configure pane is displayed.
 - Click Browse to select an existing database from the Browse Domino databases pane. The Browse Domino databases display all the databases for the selected endpoint.
 - Click Next to select an existing Form from the Browse Domino Forms pane. The Browse Domino Forms displays all the forms in the project available for the activity.
Note: The Next button is enabled only after you select the database name.
 - Optional: Specify the names of the Additional Databases from which you would like to poll the documents of the form that is selected in the Form field. The databases must be separated by commas. For example, `Admin.nsf, names.nsf,`. The databases will be polled one after the other. All the databases that are specified in the Additional Database field must have a Form similar to the one configured in the Browse Domino Forms.
 - Optional: Fields with canonical names accept fields that may have canonical names such as `John Smith/IBM/COUNTRY` as values, which are separated by commas. Specify the canonical names in this field if you want to convert the values in these fields to internet mail addresses, such as `johnsmith@country.ibm.com`. Some of the field name examples are To, From, CC, Chair, Required Attendees, and so on.

Specifying the map outputs for a Domino activity

1. Click Map output from the Checklist pane.


The output parameters for the Domino activity are displayed under the From Activity pane.

Note: You can map the output parameters of the activity that is based on your requirement.

Note: Dynamically added fields present in the Domino document and not generated in the map input/output structures are handled by the Domino connector. While retrieving documents using this activity, the data for these fields are available in the map outputs section under `AdditionalFields`.

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 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Domino_update_inbound_activity.html

Get Deleted Documents activity

Use the Get Deleted Documents activity to get the documents (which are of interest) that were deleted on the Domino® server. The activity polls the event table in the Domino server for new events periodically and process them.

Note: Before you configure and use the get deleted documents activity, refer to [Prerequisites to use Domino inbound activities](#) on the Domino server.

Adding an inbound Domino activity to the orchestration

1. Right-click Orchestration in the Project pane and click New Orchestration to create or open an orchestration. The orchestration pane is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Domino folder.
3. Drag Get Deleted Documents activity from the Domino folder onto the orchestration. The graphical representation of the orchestration along with the Checklist pane is displayed.
4. The Checklist pane lists the tasks (Summary, Pick Endpoint, Configure, Map outputs) that you must perform to complete the configuration of the inbound activity.

Naming or renaming a Domino activity

1. Click Summary from the Checklist pane. The Summary pane is displayed.
 - Specify the name of the activity in the Activity Name text box.

Specifying the endpoint for a Domino activity

1. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist pane. The Pick Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Click one of the following options:
 - Browse... - To select an existing endpoint from the Project Explorer. The Project Explorer shows all the Domino endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties display in the Pick Endpoint pane. To edit the endpoint properties, click Edit.
 - New... - To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window is displayed.
 - Edit... - To edit an existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window is displayed.

Note: Any changes that you make to the endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint. The edits are global, not local.

Specifying the database and form for a Domino activity

1. Click Configure from the Checklist pane. The Configure pane is displayed.
 - Click Browse to select an existing database from the Browse Domino databases pane. The Browse Domino databases display all the databases for the selected endpoint.
 - Click Next to select an existing Form from the Browse Domino Forms pane. The Browse Domino Forms displays all the forms in the project available for the activity.
Note: The Next button is enabled only after you have selected the database name.
 - Optional: Specify the names of the Additional Databases from which you would like to poll the documents of the form that is selected in the Form field. The databases must be separated by commas. For example, `Admin.nsf, names.nsf, .` The databases will be polled one after the other. All the databases that are specified in the Additional Database field must have a Form similar to the one configured in the Browse Domino Forms.
 - Optional: Fields with canonical names accept fields that may have canonical names such as `John Smith/IBM/COUNTRY` as values, which are separated by commas. Specify the canonical names in this field if you want to convert the values in these fields to internet mail addresses, such as

Specifying the map outputs for a Domino activity


1. Click Map output from the Checklist pane.

The output parameters for the Domino activity are displayed under the From Activity pane.

Note: You can map the output parameters of the activity that is based on your requirement.

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Domino_delete_inbound_activity.html

Handling Date/Time and Time zone data types

In the Lotus Domino form, a field of Date/Time type can be configured to represent only a date value, time value, or both date and time values. This configuration is done while creating/editing the form in Domino Designer. So, when a document is created for such a form, the value can be a date, time, or a datetime.

For example, if a form representing a Calendar has the following fields:

Table 1. Example

Fields	Domino Data type
startDate	Date/Time (represents only date)
startTime	Date/Time (represents only time)
endDate	Date/Time (represents only date)
endTime	Date/Time (represents only time)
bothDateAndTime	Date/Time (represents both date and time)
timeZone	Time zone
Subject	Text
Body	Text

If a valid document is created for this form, then:

- `startDate` and `endDate` will only accept a date value
- `startTime` and `endTime` will only accept a time value
- `bothDateAndTime` will only accept date and time
- `timeZone` will only accept a time zone value

From Cast Iron version 6.1.0.9 onwards, Date/Time data type is handled as described in the following points:


1. A Domino field of type Date/Time is represented as `xsd:string` in the map input and map output of the activity.
2. The only supported syntax of the input values for the Date/Time fields in map input are:
 - a. If the field represents only date: `MM/dd/yyyy`. Example : 05/27/2012.
 - b. If the field represents only time (24 hour format): `HH:mm:ss`. Example: 22:15:30.
 - c. If the field represents both date and time (24 hour format): `MM/dd/yyyy HH:mm:ss`. Example: 05/31/2012 23:59:59.
3. The output from the activity also follows the same syntax as the Date/Time fields, in most cases.
4. The preceding syntax is used by the map input and output irrespective of:
 - a. The date and time format of the operating system on which the Domino server is running.
 - b. The date and time format settings configured when creating the form in Domino designer.
5. The Time zone value is also represented as `xsd:string` in the map input and output. The following technote from Lotus Domino gives more information about the syntax: <http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg21163045>. For more information about `Time zone` in Lotus Domino, see Lotus Domino documentation.

Note:

1. In the Cast Iron 6.1.0.6 version and the earlier versions, the Domino Date/Time field was generated as `xsd:date`, which was not able to handle all combinations of the input values.
2. Old projects developed using the 6.1.0.6 version or earlier versions that are already running, will work fine with same old behavior, that is, Date/Time represented as `xsd:date`).
3. For all the orchestrations created newly using the 6.1.0.9 version and later versions, Date/Time field will be generated as `xsd:string`.
4. If the old projects require the new behavior, that is, to generate Date/Time as `xsd:string`, then the objects need to be refreshed from the Configure panel of the activity in the Studio 6.1.0.9 version or later versions. Mapping must be validated after this change.

Parent topic: [Domino Activities](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Domino_behavior_DateTime_TTimezone_datatypes.html

Rich text support for Domino connector


The Domino connector supports RichText type in forms. Fields of RichText type can store both text and attachments as part of the document. The connector supports attachments only for the Retrieve and Query Document activities. Text content can be used for the Create, Update, Retrieve, and Query Document activities.

The following figure describes the structure of the RichText field when a form is discovered and the map input and output are generated.

MAP INPUT/OUTPUT STRUCTURE	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
<p><i>RichTextFieldName</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Text</i> <i>Overwrite</i> <i>Attachments</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>FilePath</i> <i>RetrievedContentSize</i> <i>RetrievedContent</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>string[]</i> <i>boolean</i> <i>Attachments[]</i> <i>string</i> <i>decimal</i> <i>base64Binary</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Represents the text content present in the RichText field. This field is used during the Create, Update, Retrieve and Query activities. Used in the Update documents activity. If set to true, the existing RichText field is overwritten else the content is appended. Represents the attachments present in the RichText field. Each element represents an attachment. Represents the absolute path of the file to be attached to this field. Used during the Create Documents activity. Represents the size of the attachment retrieved during the Retrieve and Query Documents activities. Represents the actual content of the attachment. This property is used during Retrieve and Query Documents activities.

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Domino_RichText.html

Troubleshooting and support

Troubleshooting techniques and self-help information help you identify and solve problems quickly. This topic provides potential solutions for issues you would have with the Domino® connector.

New fields added to the calendar object

From Cast Iron® version 6.3.0.2 onwards, you can get the invitee details, date/time, and the room details, in response to retrieving and querying a calendar entry using the Domino connector.

Static subform behavior

In the earlier versions of Domino connector (before v7.0.0.0), the fields present in a subform (statically embedded in the main form) were generated as strings in Map Inputs/Map Outputs, irrespective of the datatypes that are defined for the fields. This issue is fixed in v7.0.0.0 and the data type of the fields are generated correctly.

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Email Activities

- [Creating or editing an email endpoint](#)
Studio and the Integration Appliance use the connection information that email endpoints provide to connect to POP3 or SMTP servers.
- [Get Email activity](#)
The **Get Email** activity is a starter activity. When an orchestration that starts with an **Get Email** activity is deployed to the Integration Appliance, the Integration Appliance polls the POP3 server for email message or messages for the specified account at the specified interval.
- [Send Email activity](#)
An orchestration that contains the **Send Email** activity is acting as an email client during run time.
- [Testing an SSL email connection](#)
After creating an endpoint for an email server, you must import the CA certificate for the email server into Studio and then test the SSL connection to the email server.

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Creating or editing an email endpoint

Studio and the Integration Appliance use the connection information that email endpoints provide to connect to POP3 or SMTP servers.

Note: For some email systems, the POP3 server and the SMTP server can have the same name, for example: mail.acmecompany.com.

Note: *Email connector base library is changed from V7.5 and because of this user might see a difference in the way attachments were retrieved separately using ReadMime and other activities. User has to re verify the values obtained from the headers and use / map them appropriately if they see and difference in the output*

Creating or editing an email endpoint

1. In the Create Endpoint or Edit Endpoint pane, configure the fields as described in the following table.
Note: Changing the configuration properties of an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project. The edits are global, not local.
2. When complete, click Test Connection to confirm that you can connect to the POP3 or SMTP server. The **Get Email** activity connects to a POP3 server while the **Send Email** activity connects to a SMTP server.
3. Click OK.

Table 1.


Field Name	Description
Location	
Get Email From Server	Get Email activity - The Get Email From Server option is automatically selected for an email endpoint used with the Get Email activity. During run time, the Get Email activity gets email from the specified POP3 server.
Send Email To Server	Send Email activity - The Send Email To Server option is automatically selected for an endpoint used with the Send Email activity. During run time, the Send Email activity sends email to the specified SMTP server.
Host Name	Get Email activity - The Host Name or IP address for the POP3 server. Send Email activity- The Host Name or IP address for the SMTP server.
Port	Specify the port number to access the POP3 or SMTP Server. By default, the port for a POP3 server is 110.
Login	
User Name and Password not required	Get Email activity - This is option not available for an endpoint of a Get Email activity. You must specify a User Name and Password for an email endpoint used with the Get Email activity. Send Email activity - Select this option if you want connect to the SMTP server using an anonymous login instead of a username and password. Select this option only if SMTP server the supports anonymous logins (where a user account is not required).
Log In to the Server Using a User Name and Password	Get Email activity - This option is automatically selected for an email endpoint used with the Get Email activity. To connect to the POP3 server using a user account, you must enter values into the User Name and Password fields to specify the account used to connect to the POP3 Server. Send Email activity - Select this option to connect to the SMTP server using a user account. If this option is selected, you must enter values into the User Name and Password fields for the account used to connect to the SMTP Server.
User Name	Get Email activity - Enter the User Name for the account used to connect to the POP3 Server. Send Email activity - Enter the User Name for the account used to connect to the SMTP Server.

Field Name	Description
Password	<p>Get Email activity - Enter the Password for the account used to connect to the POP3 Server.</p> <p>Send Email activity - Enter the Password for the account used to connect to the SMTP Server.</p>
Security	
Normal Email	Specifies that email runs without SSL.
Email over SSL	Specifies that email runs with SSL. For more information, see Testing an SSL email connection .
Implicit or Explicit	Implicit means that SSL is turned as soon as a connection is made. Explicit requires that the client issue a command to the server requesting that SSL be used.
Client Certificate Alias Name	Specifies the client alias used to access the trusted certificate in the keystore. Must be enabled for client authorization by the server. By default, when you select the Client Certificate Alias Name option, Studio provides the following name: Factory Supplied Identity. The alias name you specify in this field should match the value you created when creating the certificate in the keystore.
Additional Parameters	<p>Specifies additional parameters for SMPT processing. The following table lists the parameters:</p> <p>smtpNewConnEveryTime Default: false Description: Specifies creation of a new connection everytime. If set to true, does not use a connection pool</p> <p>smtpPoolMinConnections Default: 1 Description: Connection pool option - Minimum Connections</p> <p>smtpPoolMaxConnections Default: 25 Description: Connection pool option - Maximum Connections</p> <p>smtpPoolMaxIdleTime Default: 7200 Description: Connection pool option - Maximum Idle Time in seconds</p> <p>smtpPoolMaxWaitTime Default: 300 Description: Connection pool option - Max Wait Time in seconds</p> <p>smtpPoolReclaimConnections Default: 60 Description: Connection pool option - Reclaim Connections Time in seconds</p>

Field Name	Description
	<p>When using Get Email, choose a polling frequency so that the email server does not close the connection between polls (GetMail activity > Delivery Rules). Some email servers will lock the account or not permit log in if there are frequent openings and closings of connections. Read your email providers documentation to ensure that you set the properties correctly for your email server. To enable a connection pool, you must first set <code>smtpNewConnEveryTime</code> to false, and then set the required connection pool properties.</p>
Connection Timeout	
<p>Time out after ___ second(s) when establishing a connection to the endpoint.</p>	<p>Specifies the number of seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the endpoint and the time it takes for the endpoint to respond to the connection request. For email activities, the amount of time the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the SMTP or the POP3 server before timing out.</p> <p>A connection timeout is different from an activity timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the endpoint has already been established. An activity timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity invoking a request on an endpoint and the time it takes the endpoint to respond.</p> <p>You set the activity timeout in Retry task of the Get Email activity or Send Email activity.</p>

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/email_create_edit_endpoint.html

Get Email activity

The **Get Email** activity is a starter activity. When an orchestration that starts with an **Get Email** activity is deployed to the Integration Appliance, the Integration Appliance polls the POP3 server for email message or messages for the specified account at the specified interval.

Note: The Get Email activity requires the POP3 server to support the TOP and UIDL commands. While these are optional in the POP3 protocol, most servers will support these.

The polled POP3 server and email account is defined in the email endpoint associated with the **Get Email** activity.

During run time, the **Get Email** activity polls a POP3 server for incoming email messages of a particular email account, as shown in the following diagram.

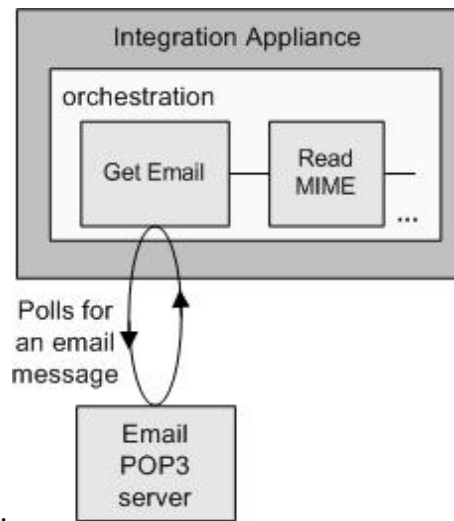


Figure 1.

If any email messages are found the following action occurs for each email message: The regular expression defined for the **Subject** field is checked against the subject of the incoming mail message and the regular expression defined for the **From** field is checked against the sender email account of the incoming mail message. If both regular expressions match, an orchestration job is created to process the email, and the mail is marked for deletion on POP3 Server. When the process is completed, the email is deleted from the POP3 server. For more information about regular expression matching, see the [Configuring the activity](#) procedure. Note: Two **Get Email** activities should not poll from the same POP3 server at the same time using the same email account even if the regular expressions specified in the **Configure** task of the activity are different. If two **Get Email** activities are attempting to get email using the same email account, when the first **Get Email** activity process the email from the POP3 server and removes the email from the server, the second **Get Email** activity keeps retrying to retrieve the email from the POP3 server and the following exception may be thrown:

```
Protocol exception: com.jscape.inet.pop.PopException:
Error in TOP 671 0: -ERR The requested message is no
longer available; it may have been deleted.
```

Accessing an email message attachment

To access the attachment of a incoming email message, you must add a **Read MIME** activity in the orchestration after the **Get Email** activity as shown in the preceding figure. In addition, you must map the two output parameters of the **Get Email** activity to variables in the orchestration and then map those variables to the input parameters of the **Read MIME** activity. During run time, the **Read MIME** activity reads the MIME Header and the body of the message and then breaks up the attachments contained in the body of the message and places the result into the parts XML output parameter. For more information, see **Read MIME Activity**.

Adding a Get Email activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the **Activities** tab and expand the Email folder.
3. Drag the **Get Email** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing an email endpoint

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the **Checklist** and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Complete the [Configuring the activity](#) steps.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The **Edit Endpoint** pane is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The **Create Endpoint** pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit an email endpoint. For more information, see [Creating or editing an email endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields in this pane as described in the following table. In this task, you specify the regular expressions used to match against the Subject and From fields of polled email messages. A regular expression must be specified for both of these fields, even if the regular expression is equal to *, which means that all strings match. In order for an incoming mail to be processed, both the Subject and the From strings of the mail must match their respective regular expressions. In each of the regular expression fields, the following wildcards are supported:
 - o * (asterisk) - for zero or more characters
 - o ? (question mark) - for zero or one character

Table 1.

Field	Description
Subject matches	Enter a regular expression that matches the subjects of email messages that start an orchestration job to process the email message. In the regular expression, you can specify a combination of characters and wildcards.
From matches	Enter a regular expression defines the sender email address of the email messages that start an orchestration job to process the email message. In the regular expression, you can specify a combination of characters and wildcards.

The following table shows some example regular expressions and the result of matching the regular expressions to sample text.

Table 2.

Regular Expression	Sample Text	Result
test	test	matches
test	ttttesttt	matches
test	test	matches
test	ttttesttt	does not match, has to exactly match the regular expression string: test
test	est	does not match, has to exactly match the regular expression string: test
?est	test	matches
?est	best	matches

Regular Expression	Sample Text	Result
?est	est	matches

Specifying the delivery rules

1. Select the **Delivery Rules** task from the **Checklist**. The Delivery Rules pane is displayed.
2. Specify the time interval to poll the POP3 server for new email messages:
 - a. Select a time unit from the menu: seconds, minutes, hours, or days.
 - b. Specify the amount of time using one of the following input options:
 - By clicking in the Poll for changes every field and entering a new value.
 - Using the up and down arrows.

For more information, see [Polling interval behavior](#).

Specifying the retry options

1. Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a POP3 server. The following table defines the retry options for a connection to an POP3 server:

Table 3.

Field	Description
Retry	
1) Wait — secon d(s) betwe en each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the POP3 server.
2) Try to conne ct — times before failing.	<p>Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the POP3 server before issuing an error.</p> <p>If an orchestration that starts with a Get Email activity is deployed and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified POP3 server, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as warnings in the system log until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system log, resets the connection error count to zero, and continues to attempt to establish a connection to the POP3 server.</p> <p>For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as Warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and resets the connection error count to zero. Therefore, the fifth connection error generates a warning in the system log. The Integration Appliance continues to attempt to establish a connection to the POP3 server.</p>

Mapping the output of the activity

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. The output parameters of the activity are displayed in the From Activity pane.
2. In this task, you map the **mailheader** (of type XML) and **body** (of type string) output parameters to variables. You must map the output parameters of the activity in order for the orchestration to be valid. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping. The **mailheader** output parameter contains meta information about the email message, for example the email addresses that the message is being sent to and the MIME header of the message itself. The **body** output parameter contains the body of the email message and associated attachments.


CAUTION:

The order of the attachments and the body in the body output depend on the email client that sent the message and the type of message (plain text or HTML.).

Note: When using a non-English payload, the **mailheader**, **mimeHeader** and **otherheaders** need to be mapped into the orchestration in the getEmail activity, and mapped from the orchestration back into the sendMail activity.

Parent topic: [Email Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/email_get_activity.html

Send Email activity

An orchestration that contains the **Send Email** activity is acting as an email client during run time.

The **Send Email** activity connects to the SMTP server, and sends a message to the server as shown in the following figure.

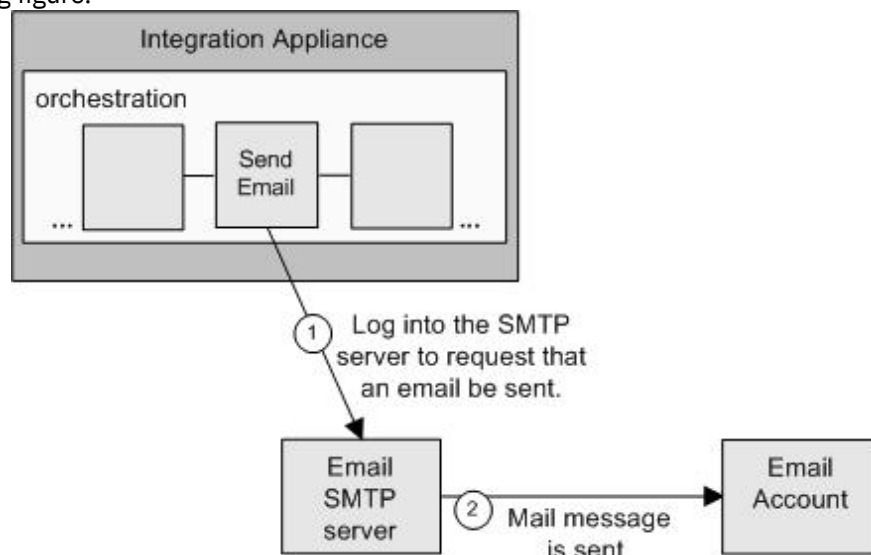


Figure 1.

The steps for adding and configuring a **Send Email** activity are described in the following procedures.

Adding a Send Email activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the **Email** folder.
3. Drag the **Send Email** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing an email endpoint

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Complete the [Configuring the activity](#) steps.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit an email endpoint. For more information, see [Creating or editing an email endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields in this pane as described in the following table:

Table 1.

Field	Description
From Address	Specifies the sender address for the email message. You must specify the email address using the standard email format: <code>email@domain.extension</code> . This field is required.
To	Specifies the recipient's addresses for the email message. You must specify the email addresses using the standard email format: <code>email@domain.extension</code> . One or more addresses can be specified. Separate the addresses with commas or semicolons. You must specify at least one address. This field is required.
CC	Specifies the carbon copy's addresses for the email message. You must specify the email addresses using the standard email format: <code>email@domain.extension</code> . One or more addresses can be specified. Separate the addresses with commas or semicolons. This field is optional.
Subject	Specifies the subject of the email message.

Specifying the retry options

1. Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to an SMTP Server. The following table describes the retry options for connecting to an SMTP Server:

Table 2.

Field	Description
Retry	

Field	Description
1) Wait ___ second (s) between each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the SMTP Server.
2) Try to connect ___ times before failing.	<p>Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the SMTP Server before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job.</p> <p>If you deploy an orchestration that contains an Send Email activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified SMTP Server, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job.</p> <p>For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p>

Mapping the input of the activity

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. The input parameters of the activity are displayed in the To Activity pane.
2. In this task, you map variables to the following input parameters of the activity:
 - o The **body** input parameter contains the body of the email message and associated attachments. The **body** input parameter is of type string. You must map a variable or assign a default value to the **body** input parameter.
 - o The optional **mailheader** input parameter contains meta information about the email message, for example the email addresses that the message is being sent to and the **mimeHeader** of the message itself. The **mailheader** input parameter is optional, you do not have to map a variable or assign default values to the **mailheader** input parameter.

If the optional **mailheader** input parameter is not listed in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active.

You can optionally override the settings you specified in the **Configure** task of the **Checklist** dynamically during run time by passing in values from variables into the nodes specified in the following table. For example during run time, you can override the setting for the From Address field by mapping a variable to the from node of the **mailheader** input parameter. During run time, the value of the variable is the from address in the sent email message.

Table 3.

Nodes of the mailheader Input Parameter	Description	Overrides what settings in the Configuring task?

Nodes of the mailheader Input Parameter	Description	Overrides what settings in the Configuring task?
from	Specifies the sender address for the email message. You must specify the email address using the standard email format: email@domain.extension.	The from node of the mailheader input parameter overrides the From Address field specified in the Configure task.
to	Specifies the recipient addresses for the email message. You must specify the email addresses using the standard email format: email@domain.extension. One or more addresses can be specified. Separate the addresses with commas or semicolons.	The to node of the mailheader input parameter overrides the To field specified in the Configure task.
cc	Specifies the carbon copy addresses for the email message. You must specify the email addresses using the standard email format: email@domain.extension. One or more addresses can be specified. Separate the addresses with commas or semicolons.	The cc node of the mailheader input parameter overrides the CC field specified in the Configure task.
subject	Specifies the subject of the email message.	The subject node of the mailheader input parameter overrides the Subject field specified in the Configure task.
mimeHeader	Specifies the MIME header of the email message.	None.

Nodes of the mailheader Input Parameter	Description	Overrides what settings in the Configuring task?
otherHeaders	Specifies an element that contains a set of MIME headers as name/value pairs not already specified in the mimeHeader node. For example the MIME header: Content-Location is not specified in the MIME header, so the following headerItem node could be equal to the following values: otherheaders/headerItem/name is equal to Content-Location otherHeaders/headerItem/value is equal to the value of the Content-Location MIME header, for example the string: RN-Preamble Multiple MIME headers can be specified, so this is a recurring node.	None.


Note: You can use the **Write MIME** activity to build the contents of the **mimeHeader** node of the optional **mailheader** input parameter. For example, you could add a **Write MIME** activity to the orchestration before the **Send Email** activity and have the **Write MIME** activity populate the contents of the **mimeHeader** XML variable and then passes the **mimeHeader** variable to the **Send Email** activity.

See [Creating a map](#) for more information

Note: When using a non-English payload, the **mailheader**, **mimeHeader** and **otherheaders** need to be mapped into the orchestration in the **getEmail** activity, and mapped from the orchestration back into the **sendMail** activity.

Parent topic: [Email Activities](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/email_send_activity.html

Testing an SSL email connection

After creating an endpoint for an email server, you must import the CA certificate for the email server into Studio and then test the SSL connection to the email server.

About this task


Complete the following procedure to import the email servers CA certificate and then test the SSL connection to the email server:

Procedure

1. Open a command window.
2. Navigate to the email server, and locate the certificate file ca-cert stored in the server.
3. Copy this file and then navigate to the workstation where Studio is installed.
4. Using the command window, paste the ca-cert copy in the home directory of Studio: C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio x.x.x
5. Browse to the security directory of Studio: C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio x.x.x\security
6. Run the following command to import the ca-cert file into Studio: `..\jre\bin\keytool.exe -import -v -keystore cacerts -storepass changeit -file ..\castiron_ca_cert.pem -alias alias_name` Where *alias_name* is the alias of the email servers CA certificate.
7. When you are prompted for a yes or no, enter 'Y'.
8. Exit the command window.
9. Open the endpoint for the email server.
10. Verify the following login credentials for the email connection: Email server, Port, User, and Password.
11. Click Test Connection.
12. If the connection is successful, use this endpoint in Studio orchestrations, then use the Verify tab features to evaluate the orchestration.

Parent topic: [Email Activities](#)

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Force.com Bulk API Activities

- [Preparing Data for the Force.com Bulk API connector](#)
The Force.com Bulk API connector supports both XML and CSV input data. Following are the details to prepare data for these formats.
- [Creating a Force.com Bulk API endpoint](#)
Force.com Bulk API endpoints contain the connection information that studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the Salesforce.com server. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.
- [Specifying the Retry options for Force.com Bulk API activities](#)
Specifying the Retry parameters is one of the tasks to configure an Force.com Bulk API activity.
- [Using the Force.com Bulk API Batch Insert activity](#)
Use the Force.com Bulk API Batch Insert activity to insert or create a large number of objects in Salesforce.com.
- [Using the Force.com Bulk API Batch Update activity](#)
Use the Force.com Bulk API Batch Update activity to update a large number of objects in

Salesforce.com.

- [Using the Force.com Bulk API Batch Upsert activity](#)
Use the Force.com Bulk API Batch Upsert activity to update and insert a large number of objects in Salesforce.com.
- [Using the Force.com Bulk API Batch Delete activity](#)
Use the Force.com Bulk API Batch Delete activity to delete a large number of objects in Salesforce.com.
- [Using the Force.com Bulk API Get Batch Status activity](#)
Use the Force.com Bulk API Get Batch Status activity to get the status of an individual batch or the status of all the batches that are part of the job in Salesforce.com.
- [Using the Force.com Bulk API Get Batch Results activity](#)
Use the Force.com Bulk API Get Batch Results activity to retrieve the batch result to check the status of individual records, when a batch is completed in Salesforce.com.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/toc_forceBulkAPIactivities.html

Preparing Data for the Force.com Bulk API connector

The Force.com Bulk API connector supports both XML and CSV input data. Following are the details to prepare data for these formats.

Preparing data for XML input

If you are using the XML data as input to the Force.com Bulk API connector, you can either create an XML schema, which can be mapped to the Force.com Bulk API activity or directly map from the previous activity's result to Force.com Bulk API activities.

Force.com Bulk API connector supports CSV input data from connector version 2.2. If you have the CSV data, you can directly map the CSV content to Force.com Bulk API activities. To do so, Force.com Bulk API connector activities expose two new fields, `object` and `data`, in the Map Inputs section. You must map the CSV content to `data` field and provide the selected object name in the `object` field.


Following is the sample for the CSV data, for Account object.

```
Name,BillingStreet,BillingCity,BillingState,BillingCountry  
XYZ,vvnagara,Bangalore,KA,India
```

Note:

1. In the CSV data, the first line must contain comma separated field names of the selected object, and from the second line, the actual data must be populated.
2. The order of the data fields must match that of the header field names.

Parent topic: [Force.com Bulk API Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SFDCBulkAPI_preparing_data.html

Creating a Force.com Bulk API endpoint

Force.com Bulk API endpoints contain the connection information that studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the Salesforce.com server. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.

About this task

Use this task to create or edit an Force.com Bulk API endpoint.

Note:

Any changes you make to the Force.com Bulk API endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all the orchestrations that use that endpoint, as the edits are global, not local.

Procedure

1. Drag an activity from the Force.com Bulk API folder in the Activities tab to the Orchestration window. The Summary panel is displayed.
2. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist. The Pick Endpoint panel is displayed.
3. Click one of the following buttons:
 - a. Browse - To select an existing endpoint from Project Explorer. The Project Explorer shows all the endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties are displayed in the Pick Endpoint panel.
 - b. New - To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window opens.
 - c. Edit - To edit the existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window opens.
4. Complete the fields defined in the following table:

Table 1. Connection Details

Field Name	Description
Connection Details	
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect to the Salesforce.com server.
Password	Specifies the password associated with the user name to connect to the Salesforce.com server.
URI	Specifies the host URI of the Salesforce.com instance

5. When finished, click Test Connection to confirm that you can connect to the Force.com Bulk API system.
6. Click OK.

Parent topic: [Force.com Bulk API Activities](#)

Specifying the Retry options for Force.com Bulk API activities

Specifying the Retry parameters is one of the tasks to configure an Force.com Bulk API activity.

About this task

Use this task to configure the retry options for configuring Force.com Bulk API activities. The Force.com Bulk API connector uses a single login session for all connections to a Force.com Bulk API endpoint. If a session expires, the connector automatically establishes a new session. The connector does not count the initial attempt to reacquiring the session as a retry attempt. The connector assumes the typical connector retry behavior after the initial attempt to reacquire a session fails.

Procedure

1. Select the Retry task from the Checklist. The retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry and timeout options for connecting to an Force.com Bulk API instance, as described in the following table:


Table 1. Retry options

Retry Fields	Description
Wait __ second(s) between each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the Force.com Bulk API instance.
Try to connect __ times before failing.	Specifies the retry count — the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the Force.com Bulk API instance before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. Note: If you deploy an orchestration that contains the Force.com Bulk API activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified Force.com Bulk API instance, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an Error in the system and orchestration logs and stops processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3, the first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.
Activity Timeout	

Retry Fields	Description
Timeout after ----- second(s) when the endpoint does not respond to a request.	Specifies the number of seconds the Integration Appliance waits before timing out, when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.

Parent topic: [Force.com Bulk API Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/BulkAPI_Specifying_Retry_Parameters_for_BulkAPI_Activities.html

Using the Force.com Bulk API Batch Insert activity

Use the Force.com Bulk API Batch Insert activity to insert or create a large number of objects in Salesforce.com.

About this task

Use this task to insert or create a large number of objects in Salesforce.com. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Force.com Bulk API folder contents.
2. Drag the Batch Insert activity icon onto the orchestration. The Force.com Bulk API Batch Insert Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Force.com Bulk API endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating a Force.com Bulk API endpoint](#).


8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse Force.com Bulk API window is displayed.
11. In Browse Force.com Bulk API, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for Force.com Bulk API activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Batch Insert activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Force.com Bulk API Batch Insert activity.

Parent topic: [Force.com Bulk API Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SFDCBulkAPI_batch_insert_activity.html

Using the Force.com Bulk API Batch Update activity

Use the Force.com Bulk API Batch Update activity to update a large number of objects in Salesforce.com.

About this task

Use this task to update a large number of objects in Salesforce.com. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Force.com Bulk API folder contents.
2. Drag the Batch Update activity icon onto the orchestration. The Force.com Bulk API Batch Update Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Force.com Bulk API endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating a Force.com Bulk API endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse Force.com Bulk API window is displayed.
11. In Browse Force.com Bulk API, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for Force.com Bulk API activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Batch Update activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Force.com Bulk API Batch Update activity.

Parent topic: [Force.com Bulk API Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SFDCBulkAPI_batch_update_activity.html

Using the Force.com Bulk API Batch Upsert activity

Use the Force.com Bulk API Batch Upsert activity to update and insert a large number of objects in Salesforce.com.

About this task

Use this task to update and insert a large number of objects in Salesforce.com. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.


Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Force.com Bulk API folder contents.
2. Drag the Batch Upsert activity icon onto the orchestration. The Force.com Bulk API Batch Upsert Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Force.com Bulk API endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating a Force.com Bulk API endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse Force.com Bulk API window is displayed.
11. In Browse Force.com Bulk API, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for Force.com Bulk API activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Batch Upsert activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
Note: The *externalIDFieldName* identifies whether a record must be updated or inserted. If you specify a value for the *externalIDFieldName*, then the record is updated in Salesforce.com. If there is no value set for *externalIDFieldName*, a record is inserted in Salesforce.com.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Force.com Bulk API Batch Upsert activity.

Parent topic: [Force.com Bulk API Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SFDCBulkAPI_batch_upsert_activity.html

Using the Force.com Bulk API Batch Delete activity

Use the Force.com Bulk API Batch Delete activity to delete a large number of objects in Salesforce.com.

About this task

Use this task to delete a large number of objects in Salesforce.com. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure


1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Force.com Bulk API folder contents.
2. Drag the Batch Delete activity icon onto the orchestration. The Force.com Bulk API Batch Delete Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Force.com Bulk API endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating a Force.com Bulk API endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Batch Delete activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
Note: The input data for the delete activity is a list of IDs and the object name. All the objects that match the object name and ID are deleted from Salesforce.com.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
11. Select Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Force.com Bulk API Batch Delete activity.

Parent topic: [Force.com Bulk API Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SFDCBulkAPI_batch_delete_activity.html

Using the Force.com Bulk API Get Batch Status activity

Use the Force.com Bulk API Get Batch Status activity to get the status of an individual batch or the status of all the batches that are part of the job in Salesforce.com.

About this task

Use this task to get the status of an individual batch or the status of all the batches that are part of the job in Salesforce.com. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Force.com Bulk API folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Batch Status activity icon onto the orchestration. The Force.com Bulk API Get Batch Status Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Force.com Bulk API endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating a Force.com Bulk API endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Get Batch Status activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
Note: The Bulk API activities return JobInfo, which contains JobId. The job ID can be used to invoke the *getBatchStatus* or *getBatchResult* activities.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.


12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Force.com Bulk API Get Batch Status activity.

Parent topic: [Force.com Bulk API Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SFDCBulkAPI_getbatchstatus_activity.html

Using the Force.com Bulk API Get Batch Results activity

Use the Force.com Bulk API Get Batch Results activity to retrieve the batch result to check the status of individual records, when a batch is completed in Salesforce.com.

About this task

Use this task to retrieve the batch result to check the status of individual records, when a batch is completed in Salesforce.com. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Force.com Bulk API folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Batch Results activity icon onto the orchestration. The Force.com Bulk API Get Batch Results Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Force.com Bulk API endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating a Force.com Bulk API endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Get Batch Results activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
Note: The Bulk API activities return JobInfo, which contains JobId. The job ID can be used to invoke the *getBatchStatus* or *getBatchResult* activities.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node.

During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.


11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Force.com Bulk API Get Batch Results activity.

Parent topic: [Force.com Bulk API Activities](#)

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FTP Activities

- [Creating or Editing an FTP endpoint](#)
FTP endpoints provide the connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to FTP Servers.
- [Configuring the FTP endpoint for the Parse Directory Listing Example](#)
To run the Parse Directory Listing Example in your environment, configure the values of the configuration properties used by the FTP Endpoint to point to your FTP Server. In addition, your FTP Server must produce the directory listing in the same format as expected by the Flat File Schema.
- [FTP Poll Directory activity](#)
During run time, the FTP Poll Directory activity connects to FTP Server and polls for the existence of the specified file or files at the specified location. After reading the contents of the file or files and mapping the contents into variable or variables of the orchestration, the **FTP Poll Directory** activity may delete the file or files, move the file or files, or leave the file or files in the directory of the FTP Server.
- [FTP Put File activity](#)
During run time, the **FTP Put File** activity takes data from variables of the orchestration, places the data into a file, and connects to an FTP Server and places the file in the specified directory location.
- [FTP Get File activity](#)
During run time, the **FTP Get File** activity connects to an FTP Server and attempts to get a single file at the specified location. You can configure the **FTP Get File** activity to return the contents of the file into a variable of the orchestration. In addition, you can configure the **FTP Get File** activity to return the timestamp of the file returned by the FTP Server into a variable of the orchestration.
- [FTP Delete File activity](#)
Use the the **FTP Delete File** activity to delete specific files from the specific directories, during run time.
- [FTP List Files activity](#)
During run time, the **FTP List Files** activity connects to an FTP Server and generates a list of files from the specified directory location using the specified regular expression. The **FTP List Files** activity returns the list of files to the orchestration using either the directoryListing or fileListing output parameter.
- [FTP Rename File activity](#)
Use the **FTP Rename File** activity to rename and/or move a file to a different directory, during run time.

- [Parse directory listing example](#)
This example gets a directory listing from an FTP directory using the **FTP List Files** activity, parses the long directory listing using Flat File Scheme, iterates through the list of files, based on the properties of each file.
- [Testing an FTPS server connection](#)
After successfully running a "test connection", you can use Studio verify tools on FTPS orchestrations before publishing a project.

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Creating or Editing an FTP endpoint

FTP endpoints provide the connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to FTP Servers.

1. In the Create Endpoint or Edit Endpoint pane, configure the fields as described in the following table.
Note: Changing the configuration properties of an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project as the edits are global, not local.
2. When you have entered the field values, click Test Connection to confirm that you can connect to the FTP Server.
3. Click OK.

Table 1.

Field Name	Description
Location	
Host Name	Specifies the Host Name or IP address for the FTP Server.
Port	Specifies the port number for the specified host name. The default is 21, the standard port for FTP traffic. The default port for SFTP traffic is 22.
Login	Description
Log into the Server as an Anonymous User	This option is only available with the Normal FTP option. Select this option only if the FTP Server allows anonymous logins (where a user account is not required).

Field Name	Description
Log into the Server with User Name and Password	Select this option to specify a user account to log in into the FTP Server. Enter the user name and password for the account used to connect to the FTP Server.
Security	Description
Normal FTP	Select the Normal FTP option for an unsecured connection.
Secure FTP	Select the Secure FTP option to secure the communication between the Integration Appliance and the FTP Server by sending and receiving the data over SSH. The SSH File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) is a network protocol that provides file transfer over a reliable data stream. Note: Certificate authentication for SFTP is not supported.
FTPS	Select the FTPS option to secure the communication between the Integration Appliance and the FTP Server using the SSL protocol. The SSL protocol supports mutual authentication between the Integration Appliance and FTP Server using an authenticated and encrypted connection. Choose one of the following authentication modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implicit • Explicit (SSL) - Starts an FTP session and uses SSL security to authenticate an endpoint and encrypts data before transfer. • Explicit (TLS) - Starts an FTP session and uses TLS security to authenticate the endpoint and encrypts data before transfer. <p>Important: Before you can deploy a project using FTPS, you must upload and register a certificate on the Integration Appliance. For more information about uploading and registering a certificate, see the CLI Command Reference.</p>
Client Certificate Alias Name	When the FTPS server is configured to authenticate a client, select this option and specify a client certificate alias name. By default, when you select the Client Certificate Alias Name option, Studio provides the following name: <code>Factory Supplied Identity</code> The client certificate alias name that you specify in this field should match the value you specified for the client certificate name using the Cast Iron® command line interface (CLI), when you uploaded or imported the certificate. In the CLI, if you mapped the client certificate name to the default alias name, accept the default name that Studio provides and configure the Connection Timeout for the endpoint.
FTP Mode	Description If your FTP Server supports Active mode transfers, you can configure an FTP endpoint in Studio to use the Active mode to transfer data to and from an FTP Server and the Integration Appliance. By default, FTP endpoints support passive mode transfers. Note: Active mode is not supported for SFTP.
Active FTP	Select this option to enable the Active mode. When you enable the Active mode option, you can specify the external IP and port range for incoming connections. By default, this option is not selected and the FTP endpoint supports passive mode transfers.

Field Name	Description
External IP	(Optional) Specifies the client IP address from which the FTP Server will respond to connection attempts.
Port Range/Start Port	(Optional) Specifies the lowest port number of the predetermined range assigned to incoming connections. If you enter a start port number, you must also enter the end port number. Important: This number cannot be less than 1024.
Port Range/End Port	(Optional) Specifies the highest port number of the predetermined range assigned to incoming connections. If you enter an end port number, you must also enter the start port number. Important: This number cannot be greater than 65535.
Connection Timeout	Description
Time out after ___ second(s) when establishing a connection to the Endpoint.	<p>The number of seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the endpoint and the time it takes for the endpoint to respond to the connection request. For an FTP activity, the amount of time the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the FTP Server before timing out. A connection timeout is different from an activity timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the endpoint has already been established. An activity timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity invoking a request on an endpoint and the time it takes the endpoint to respond. You set the activity timeout in Retry task of the following FTP activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FTP Poll Directory activity • FTP Put File activity • FTP Get File activity • FTP Delete File activity • FTP List Files activity • FTP Rename File activity

Note: For some of the fields in the endpoint, you can define configuration properties to supply the values for these fields. The



icon is displayed when you click in a field that supports a configuration property and a configuration property of the same type has already been configured for the project.

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Configuring the FTP endpoint for the Parse Directory Listing Example

To run the Parse Directory Listing Example in your environment, configure the values of the configuration properties used by the FTP Endpoint to point to your FTP Server. In addition, your FTP Server must produce the directory listing in the same format as expected by the Flat File Schema.

About this task

Complete following steps only if you plan on running the Parse Directory Listing Example:

- [To edit and test the FTP configuration properties of the FTPParseDirListingExample in Studio](#)
- [To configure the root directory of the FTP Server](#)
- [To determine if your FTP Server generates the file listing in the same format as the Flat File Schema included in this example](#)
- [To run the FTPParseDirListingExample](#)

To only view and learn more about the example, complete the procedure in the [Parse Directory Listing Example](#) section.

Edit and test the FTP configuration properties of the FTPParseDirListingExample in Studio:

Procedure

1. Open **FTPParseDirListingExample**. For instructions see steps 1-2 in [Parse Directory Listing Example](#).
2. From the toolbar menu, select Project > Configuration Properties. The Configuration Properties dialog box is displayed.
3. Edit the values of the properties to reflect your FTP Server.
4. In the Project tab, double-click the FTP Endpoint. The FTP Endpoint tab is displayed.
5. To verify that you entered the correct FTP information, click Test. If Studio connects to your FTP Endpoint, an Information dialog box is displayed with the message that you have successfully connected to the endpoint.
6. In the Project tab, double-click on the **processBids** orchestration. The **processBids** orchestration tab is displayed.

What to do next

Configure the root directory of the FTP Server:

1. Add the additional directories to your FTP Server. Mirror the directory structure and also provided in the FTPServerDirStructure directory. If you accepted the defaults during the installation of Studio, this directory is located in the following location: C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio 3.X\Samples\FTPParseDirListing\FTPServerDirStructure
During run time, the Parse Directory Listing Example expects the root directory of the FTP Server to contain the following directory structure:

```
\input
\processFailed
\processWidgetRUs
\processAcmeInc
\processNewCompany
```

2. Move a copy of the bid*.txt files to the \input directory on your FTP Server. If you accepted the defaults during the installation of Studio, these files provided in the following directory location: C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio 3.X\Samples\FTPParseDirListing\FTPServerDirStructure\input
Before running the example, a copy of the following files must be located in the \input directory of the FTP Server.
 - o bidAcmeInc.txt

- o bidCrankCo.txt
- o bidWidgetRUs.txt
- o bidBudgetManufacture.txt
- o bidSamAndSons.txt

Determine if your FTP Server generates the file listing in the same format as the Flat File Schema included in this example:

1. Open **FTPParseDirListingExample**. For instructions see steps 1-2 in [Parse Directory Listing Example](#).
2. In the Project tab, double-click the **processBids** orchestration. The **processBids** orchestration tab is displayed.
3. Click the **FTP List Files** activity labeled `List Files Full Dir Listing`.
4. Click Test.
5. Determine if the format of the directory listing matches the following directory listing:

```
-rw-r--r--  1 551      551          65 May  3 11:39 bidAcmeInc.txt
-rw-r--r--  1 551      551          43 May  3 11:39 bidBudgetManufacture.txt
-rw-r--r--  1 551      551           0 May  3 11:39 bidCrankCo.txt
-rw-r--r--  1 551      551          73 May  3 11:39 bidSamAndSons.txt
-rw-r--r--  1 551      551          33 May  3 11:39 bidWidgetRUs.txt
```

If the directory format is different, you can alter the Flat File Schema called **parseDirListing**.

CAUTION:

Changing the nodes of the Flat File Schema may affect other entities in the orchestration. You may need to update the orchestration to reflect these changes.

For more information, see [Flat File Schema Editor Overview](#).


To open the Flat File Schema used in this example, in the Project tab, double-click on the `parseDirListing` in the Flat File Schema folder. Copy and paste the output of the Test button of the **FTP List Files** activity to a file and then open the file in the Test tab of the Flat File Schema Editor. Change the nodes of the Flat File Schema to reflect the directory listing. The size node is used by the "If size less or equal 0" branch of the **If..Then** activity. Make sure a value is provided for the size node during run time.

Run the FTPParseDirListingExample:

1. From Studio, publish the **FTPParseDirListingExample** project. From the Studio toolbar, select File > Publish Project... .
2. From the Web Management Console (WMC), deploy the **FTPParseDirListingExample** project. For more information, see the WMC Online help or Step 11: Publish and Deploy the Completed Integration Project in the **Developing the BookOrder Project** section of the **Getting Started Guide**.

Parent topic: [FTP Activities](#)

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FTP Poll Directory activity

During run time, the FTP Poll Directory activity connects to FTP Server and polls for the existence of the specified file or files at the specified location. After reading the contents of the file or files and mapping the contents into variable or variables of the orchestration, the **FTP Poll Directory** activity may delete the file or files, move the file or files, or leave the file or files in the directory of the FTP Server.

The FTP Poll Directory activity is a starter activity. When an orchestration that starts with an **FTP Poll Directory** activity is deployed to the Integration Appliance, the Integration Appliance polls for file or files to be added to a specific directory on the FTP Server. When a file or files is shown on the FTP Server, an orchestration job is started to processes the file or files and the rest of the activities in the orchestration. For more information, see [Polling Interval Behavior](#). For an example of an orchestration using the **FTP Poll Directory** activity, see the **Getting Started Guide**.

Depending on your application requirements, you can process a list of files in an FTP directory using one of the following methods:

- For some cases, you can use only the **FTP Poll Directory** activity to process a set of files found in an FTP directory.
- In other cases, you must use the **FTP List Files** activity in conjunction with the **FTP Get File**, **FTP Put File**, **FTP Delete File**, and **FTP Rename File** activities.

Use the **FTP Poll Directory** activity to process a set of files found in an FTP directory when the following conditions are true:

- **The FTP Poll Directory activity supports the format of the directory listing of your FTP Server.** - The format of directory listings are different for the FTP Servers supported on different operating systems. The **FTP Poll Directory** activity supports many types of FTP Servers but if the directory listing format your FTP Server cannot be parsed by the **FTP Poll Directory** activity, use the **FTP List Files** activity with a Flat File Schema and the **FTP Get File**, **FTP Put File**, **FTP Delete File**, and **FTP Rename File** activities, to provide the same functionality as the **FTP Poll Directory** activity as shown in the Parse Directory Listing Example: [Parse directory listing example](#).
- **After reading each file in the list, each file in the list can be post-processed with the same action.** - For example, while processing a set of files from a FTP directory, if each file in the list can be moved to the same directory, you can use the **FTP Poll Directory** activity to process the set of files. If however, you need to process a different action based on the properties of a file, you must use the **FTP List Files** activity in conjunction with the **FTP Get File**, **FTP Put File**, **FTP Delete File**, and **FTP Rename File** activities. For example, if you must move files to different directories based on the filename, use the **FTP List Files** activity in conjunction with the **FTP Get File**, **FTP Put File**, **FTP Delete File**, and **FTP Rename File** activities as shown in the Parse Directory Listing Example: [Parse directory listing example](#).

Symbolic links

The support for symbolic links by the **FTP Poll Directory** activity during run time is dependent on the following factors:

- The types of symbolic links supported by operating system that hosts the FTP Server.
- The types of symbolic links supported by the FTP Server itself.
- The types of symbolic links supported by the **FTP Poll Directory** activity, as listed in the following table:

Table 1.

Symbolic Links to...	Hard Symbolic Links	Soft Symbolic Links	Notes®
Files	Not Supported	Not Supported	The FTP Poll Directory activity does not interpret symbolic links to files as files and therefore symbolic links to files are not processed by the FTP Poll Directory activity during run time.
Directories	Supported	Supported	

To determine the specific symbolic link support for a specific FTP Server on a specific operating system, see your operating system and FTP Server documentation.

Persistence

You might want to enable persistence for an orchestration that contains an **FTP Poll Directory** activity. For example, if you disable persistence and have an orchestration job with an **FTP Poll Directory** activity with the Keep in place option selected, during run time if a failure occurs that causes the job to stop, when the orchestration is restarted it processes the file again. The state of the job is lost and Integration Appliance does not know that it has already processed the file. For more information, see [Enabling persistence](#).

Processing subdirectories with the Microsoft FTP Endpoint

For the Microsoft IIS (Internet Information Services) FTP Endpoint, the run time behavior of the **FTP Poll Directory** activity when processing subdirectories and the files in subdirectories depends on the regular expression specified in the File Named field of the Configure task of the activity, as described in the following cases:

- When the regular expression is equal to the string: *, the orchestration job processes the subdirectories in the specified directory.
- When the regular expression is equal to the string: **, the orchestration job does not process the subdirectories in the specified directory.
- When the regular expression is blank, the orchestration job does not process the subdirectories in the specified directory

Adding an FTP Poll Directory activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the FTP folder.
3. Drag the **Poll Directory** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing an FTP endpoint

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
CAUTION:
Specifying a new FTP endpoint with a different directory structure than the original FTP endpoint can cause the orchestration job to fail during run time. You must either specify a

new FTP Server that matches the directory structure of the originally specified FTP Server or change the configured directory of the In Directory field by clicking Browse as described in the "Configure the activity" procedure.

- b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
- CAUTION:
- Specifying a new FTP endpoint with a different directory structure than the original FTP Endpoint can cause the orchestration job to fail during run time. You must either specify a new FTP Server that matches the directory structure of the originally specified FTP Server or change the configured directory of the In Directory field by clicking Browse as described in the "Configure the activity" procedure. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
- o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit an FTP endpoint.

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields in this pane as described in the following table:

Table 2.

Field	Description
File Named	<p>Specifies a pattern or regular expression that defines the filename or filenames to get from the FTP Server. The processing of the regular expression is done by the FTP Server. For more information, see the FTP Server documentation on regular expressions . Typically, FTP Servers support the following wildcards in their regular expressions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o * - zero or more characters o ? - zero or one character <p>Note: Because the processing of the regular expression is done on the FTP Server, the case sensitivity is determined by FTP Server. If the FTP Server is case sensitive, the file matching done by the FTP Poll Directory activity is also case sensitive.</p>
In Directory	<p>Specifies the directory where the Integration Appliance looks for files on the FTP Server. You can specify a directory using one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Directly enter directory path by clicking in the field and typing in one of the following directory paths: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Relative directory path, for example: input. (Assumes that FTP home has been configured for the user account that connects to the FTP Server. See "Note" for more information.) ▪ Complete directory path, for example on a UNIX machine: /home/user/input. o Click Browse... to populate the drop-down list of available directories. Select the appropriate directory from the drop-down list. <p>Note: UNIX: If you specify a relative directory path when connecting to an FTP Server on a UNIX machine, verify that the FTP home directory has been correctly specified in the /etc/passwd file for the user account connecting to the FTP Server.</p>
Test	<p>After a regular expression has been specified in the File Named field and the directory to look for files on the FTP Server has been specified in the In Directory field, click Test to test the regular expression against the set of files in the specified directory on the FTP Server. A dialog box will appear listing any matching files.</p>

Field	Description
Offset	<p>Specifies how to read in the contents of the file - either as binary data or encoded text. If the Text option is selected, set the encoding type using one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ From the encoded with drop-down list, select one of the default encoding types. ○ Enter your encoding type directly by clicking in the encoded with field and typing in your encoding type. <p>Note: Some double-byte characters are not converted using the SHIFT-JIS encoding. For more information, see Using the Shift-JIS encoding.</p>
	<p>CAUTION:</p> <p>You must specify the Transfer as Text (ASCII) option for FTP activities when retrieving text files and placing text files on an FTP Server for Endpoints that manipulate text data while transferring data from/to the FTP endpoint in ASCII mode. For example, mainframe and DOS FTP Endpoints manipulate ASCII data when passing data in ASCII mode. For example, if your orchestration retrieves ASCII files using the FTP Poll Directory activity and places ASCII files using the FTP Put File activity to a mainframe FTP Server, you must specify the options in the following tasks in Studio:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ In the Configure task of an FTP Poll Directory activity, for the Of Type field select the Text option. ○ In the Delivery Rules task of an FTP Poll Directory activity, for the File Transfer Type field select the Transfer as Text (ASCII) option. ○ In the Configure task of an FTP Put File activity, for the Of Type field select the Text option. ○ In the Delivery Rules task of an FTP Put File activity, for the File Transfer Type field select the Transfer as Text (ASCII) option.
After reading the file	<p>Delete it - Delete the file after the file has been read.</p> <p>Move to directory - Move the file to the specified directory after the file has been read.</p> <p>Specify the directory that the file is moved to during run time, using one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Directly enter a directory path by clicking in the field and typing in one of the following directory paths: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Relative directory path, for example: input/. (Assumes that FTP home has been configured for the user account that connects to the FTP Server. See "Note" for more information.) ■ Complete directory path, for example on a UNIX machine: /home/user/input/. ○ Click Browse... to populate the drop-down list of available directories. Select the appropriate directory from the drop-down list.

Field	Description
	<p>Attention: Specify the directory separator after the last listed directory name. For example, to move a file to the processed/acme directory in a relative path, specify the following directory in the Move to directory field: processed/acme/</p> <p>Optional - Specify the format of the file name after it has been renamed. From the Pattern drop-down list, select the desired pattern. To specify the character used to separate the sub-fields in the file name, enter a character in the Pattern Separator field. Specify the run time behavior when a file with the same file name exists:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Select the Overwrite check box to specify that the existing file should be overwritten if a file with the same name already exists. ○ Clear the Overwrite check box to specify that the existing file should not be overwritten if a file with the same name already exists. <p>Note: The first time the FTP Poll Directory activity polls during run time, if the activity is unable to move the file because the specified move to directory does not exist, a warning is logged (not an error) to the Web Management Console (WMC) and the file stays in place. For all subsequent polls, the activity does not attempt to move the same file and an info level message is logged to the WMC stating that the file has already been processed.</p> <p>Keep in place - Leave the file in the input directory after the file has been read.</p>
Advanced Options	Description
Duplicate List Size	Size of the internal list used by the Integration Appliance to keep track of which files on the FTP Server have been polled or not. The default value is 10000. You should only specify a size larger than the default.

Specifying the delivery rules

1. Select the Delivery Rules task from the **Checklist**. The Delivery Rules pane is displayed.
2. Specify the time interval to poll for the files on the FTP Server:

- a. Select a time unit from the drop-down menu: seconds, minutes, hours, or days.
- b. Specify the amount of time by clicking in the Polling Interval field and entering a value or using the up and down arrows.

For more information, see [Polling interval behavior](#).

3. If security is not enabled for the FTP endpoint, the Transfer as Text (ASCII) and Transfer as Binary (BINARY) options are enabled in the Delivery Rules task. If security is enabled for the FTP Endpoint, the file transfer type is always binary.

Select the type of file transfer between the Integration Appliance and the FTP Server from one of the following options:

- o **Transfer as Text (ASCII)** - Only seven bits of each character in the file is transferred from the FTP Server to the Integration Appliance. This option is used for transferring ASCII files such as HTML and text files. **WARNING:** Using this option with binary files can result in a loss of data.
- o **Transfer as Binary (BINARY)** - All eight bits of each byte in the file is transferred from the FTP Server to the Integration Appliance. This option is used for transferring binary files.

Note: Setting the transfer mode in the Delivery Rules task is equivalent to setting the transfer mode via a command line session with an FTP Server using the following commands:

- `ascii`
- `binary`

Specifying the retry options

1. Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to an FTP Server. The following table defines the retry options for a connection to an FTP Server:

Table 3.

Field	Description
Retry	
1) Wait -- second(s)) between each retry .	The number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the FTP Server.

Field	Description
2) Try to connect ___ times before failing.	Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the FTP Server before issuing an error. If an orchestration that starts with an FTP Poll Directory activity is deployed and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified FTP Server, the Integration Appliance logs the connection errors as warnings in the system log until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system log, resets the connection error count to zero, and continues to attempt to establish a connection to the FTP Server. For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and resets the connection error count to zero. Therefore, the fifth connection error generates a warning in the system log. The Integration Appliance continues to attempt to establish a connection to the FTP Server.

Mapping the output of the activity

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. The output parameters of the activity are displayed in the From Activity pane as listed in the following table:


Table 4.

Output Parameter	Description
file name	Provides the name of the file found on the FTP Server.
data	Provides the contents of the file.
timestamp	Provides the date and time as a string in the XML Schema dataType format (YYYY-MM-DDhh:mm:ss, where YY is the year, MM is the month, DD is the day, hh is the timezone, mm is the minutes, and ss is the seconds.) Note: If the timestamp output parameter is mapped in the Map Outputs task but the MDTM (return the modification time of a file) functionality is not available or is not enabled for the FTP Server, during run time the orchestration will stop processing due to this error. A warning is generated and the Epoch date (1/1/1970) is returned in the timestamp output parameter.

2. You are not required to map the output parameters of the activity. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

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FTP Put File activity

During run time, the **FTP Put File** activity takes data from variables of the orchestration, places the data into a file, and connects to an FTP Server and places the file in the specified directory location.

For an example of using the **FTP Put File** activity, see the **Getting Started Guide**.

Transfer interruption

The file transfer done by the **FTP Put File** activity during run time is non-transactional and therefore is not guaranteed. For example, if an **FTP Put File** activity transfers a file from the Integration Appliance to an FTP server and the transfer of the file is interrupted because the Integration Appliance is rebooted, it is not guaranteed that the entire file is transferred.

Symbolic link

The FTP Put File activity supports symbolic links to directories if the symbolic links to directories are supported by the operating system that hosts the FTP Server and the symbolic links to directories are supported by the FTP Server itself. To determine the specific symbolic link support for a specific FTP Server on a specific operating system, see your operating system and FTP Server documentation.

Adding an FTP Put File activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the FTP folder.
3. Drag the **Put File** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing an FTP endpoint

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the **Checklist** and choose one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
Attention: Specifying a new FTP Endpoint with a different directory structure than the original FTP Endpoint can cause the orchestration job to fail during run time. You must either specify a new FTP Server that matches the directory structure of the originally specified FTP Server or change the configured directory of the In Directory field by clicking Browse as described in the To configure the activity procedure.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
Attention: Specifying a new FTP Endpoint with a different directory structure than the original FTP Endpoint can cause the orchestration job to fail during run time. You must either specify a new FTP Server that matches the directory structure of the originally specified FTP Server or change the configured directory of the In Directory field by clicking Browse as described in the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.

2. Create or edit an FTP endpoint: [Creating or Editing an FTP endpoint](#)

Specifying the delivery rules

1. Select the **Delivery Rules** task from the **Checklist**. The Delivery Rules pane is displayed. If security is not enabled for the FTP endpoint, the Transfer as Text (ASCII) and Transfer as Binary (BINARY) options are enabled. If security is enabled for the FTP endpoint, the file transfer type is always binary.
2. Select the type of file transfer between the Integration Appliance and the FTP Server from one of the following options:
 - **Transfer as Text (ASCII)** - This option is used for transferring files such as HTML, XML, and other text files. Line endings are converted as required and other text file conventions are followed.
CAUTION:
Using this option with binary files can result in a loss of data.
 - **Transfer as Binary (BINARY)** - This option is used for transferring binary files. Using this option the Integration Appliance transfers data with no conversions.

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure the fields in this pane as described in the following table:

Table 1.

Field	Description
Save	
File Named	This field is not used for this activity. You specify the name of the output file using the filename input parameter of the Map Input task.
In Directory	<p>Specifies the directory on the FTP server where the Integration Appliance places the file generated in this activity. You can specify a directory using one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Directly enter directory path by clicking in the field and typing in one of the following directory paths: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Relative directory path, for example: <code>/output</code>. (Assumes that FTP home has been configured for the user account that connects to the FTP Server. See "Note" for more information.) ▪ Complete directory path, for example on a UNIX machine: <code>/home/user/output</code>. ◦ Click Browse... to populate the down-down list of available directories. Select the appropriate directory from the drop-down list. <p>Note: UNIX: If you specify a relative directory path when connecting to an FTP Server on a UNIX machine, verify that the FTP home directory has been correctly specified in the <code>/etc/passwd</code> file for the user account connecting to the FTP Server.</p>

Field	Description
Of Type	<p>Specifies how to read in the contents of the file - either as binary data or encoded text. If the Text option is selected, set the encoding type using one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ From the encoded with drop-down list, select one of the default encoding types. ○ Enter your encoding type directly by clicking in the encoded with field and typing in your encoding type. <p>Note: Some double-byte characters are not converted using the SHIFT-JIS encoding. For more information, see Using the Shift-JIS encoding.</p>
	<p>Attention: You must specify the Transfer as Text (ASCII) option for FTP activities when retrieving text files and placing text files on an FTP Server for Endpoints that manipulate text data while transferring data from/to the FTP Endpoint in ASCII mode. For example, mainframe and DOS FTP Endpoints manipulate ASCII data when passing data in ASCII mode. For example, if your orchestration retrieves ASCII files using the FTP Poll Directory activity and places ASCII files using the FTP Put File activity to a mainframe FTP Server, you must specify the options in the following tasks in Studio:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ In the Configure task of an FTP Poll Directory activity, for the Of Type field select the Text option. ○ In the Delivery Rules task of an FTP Poll Directory activity, for the File Transfer Type field select the Transfer as Text (ASCII) option. ○ In the Configure task of an FTP Put File activity, for the Of Type field select the Text option. ○ In the Delivery Rules task of an FTP Put File activity, for the File Transfer Type field select the Transfer as Text (ASCII) option.
<p>Options - Select one of the following options to define the behavior when a file of the same name already exists in the specified output directory:</p>	
Overwrite Existing File if Duplicate File Name is Found	Specifies if the file already exists, destroys the contents of the original file with new data returned from the activity.
Append to Existing File	Specifies if the file already exists, keeps the original data in the file and appends the new data (returned from the activity) to the end of the file.
Raise Error if File with Duplicate Name is Found	<p>Specifies if the file already exists, keeps the original data in the file, throws an error, and does nothing with the new data returned from the activity.</p> <p>Note: When you select this option, the FTP Put File activity checks if the file exists on the server before uploading the file. In some FTP servers you may not have the permission to check if the file exists before uploading it. This is also referred to as Blind FTP. In such cases, the file is overwritten, even if you have selected the Raise Error if File with Duplicate Name is Found option.</p>

Specifying the retry options

1. Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to an FTP Server. The following table describes the retry options for connecting to an FTP Server:

Table 2.

Field	Description
Retry	
1) Wait ___ second (s) between each retry.	The number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the FTP Server.
2) Try to connect ___ times before failing.	<p>Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the FTP Server before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job.</p> <p>If you deploy an orchestration that contains an FTP Put File activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified FTP Server, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job.</p> <p>For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors are shown in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p>

Mapping the input of the activity

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed. The input parameters of the activity are displayed in the To Activity pane.
2. You are not required to map all the input parameters of the activity. The following parameters are the required:
 - o filename
 - o data

All other parameters are optional. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

If the input parameter listed in the following table are not displayed in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active.

You can optionally override the settings you specified in the **Configure** and **Pick Endpoint** task of the **Checklist** dynamically during run time, using the input parameters defined in the following table.

For example, the directory on the FTP Server where the Integration Appliance places the file generated in this activity, could be set in the **Configure** task to the directory called output. During run time, the directory name: outputXML could be passed into the activity using the directory input parameter. The directory name specified dynamically during run time overrides the original setting specified in the Configure pane. In this example, the file would be placed in the outputXML directory.


Table 3.

Input Parameter Name /Node	Description	Overrides the Setting in Task?
directory	Specifies the directory on the FTP server where the Integration Appliance places the file generated in this activity.	The directory input parameter overrides the In Directory field of the Configure task.
encoding	<p>Specifies how the outgoing data is written out to the file:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If no encoding is required, specify the string: <code>binary</code>. • If encoding is required, specify the encoding type that should be used to encode the outgoing data, for example: <code>UTF-8</code>, <code>US-ASCII</code>, <code>ISO_8859-1</code>, <code>EBCDIC-US</code>, or <code>SHIFT-JIS</code>. 	The encoding input parameter overrides the encoding specified in the Of Type field of the Configure task but if the Binary option is selected in the Of Type field of the Configure task, the encoding specified by the encoding input parameter is ignored.
overwrite	<p>Specifies the behavior when a existing file of the same name already exists in the specified output directory. Specify one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • y - Specifies if the file already exists, destroy the contents of the original file with new data returned from the activity. • a - Specifies if the file already exists, keep the original data in the file and append the new data (returned from the activity) to the end of the file. • n - Specifies if the file already exists, keep the original data in the file and do nothing with the new data returned from the activity. 	The overwrite input parameter overrides the Options field of the Configure task.
connection/timeout	Specifies the connection timeout - the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the endpoint and the time it takes for the endpoint to respond to the connection request. For the FTP Put File activity, the amount of time the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the FTP Server before timing out.	The timeout node of the connection input parameter overrides the Connection Timeout -Time out after ___ second(s) when establishing a connection to the Endpoint field of the FTP endpoint.
connection/host	Specifies the Host Name or IP address for the FTP server.	The host node of the connection input parameter overrides the Host Name field of the FTP endpoint.

Input Parameter Name /Node	Description	Overrides the Setting in Task?
connection/port	Specifies the port number for the specified host name. The standard port for FTP traffic is 21. The default port for SFTP traffic is 22.	The port node of the connection input parameter overrides the Port field of the FTP endpoint.
connection/username	Specify a user name for the account used to connect to the FTP Server.	The username node of the connection input parameter overrides the User Name field of the FTP endpoint.
connection/password	Specify a password for the account used to connect to the FTP Server.	The password node of the connection input parameter overrides the Password field of the FTP endpoint.

Parent topic: [FTP Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ftp_put_file_activity.html

FTP Get File activity

During run time, the **FTP Get File** activity connects to an FTP Server and attempts to get a single file at the specified location. You can configure the **FTP Get File** activity to return the contents of the file into a variable of the orchestration. In addition, you can configure the **FTP Get File** activity to return the timestamp of the file returned by the FTP Server into a variable of the orchestration.

The **FTP Get File** activity differs from the **FTP Poll Directory** activity in the following ways:

- The **FTP Get File** activity does not poll for a file or files in the specified directory. Instead the **FTP Get File** activity checks for the file a single time and if the file is not found, it throws an error and the orchestration job continues to processing.
- The **FTP Get File** activity is not a starter activity, so it cannot be the first activity in an orchestration.
- The **FTP Get File** activity does not move or delete files on the FTP server.

Symbolic link

The support for symbolic links by the **FTP Get File** activity during run time is dependant on the following factors:

- The types of symbolic links supported by operating system that hosts the FTP Server.
- The types of symbolic links supported by the FTP Server itself.
- The types of symbolic links supported by the **FTP Get File** activity, as listed in the following table:

Table 1.

Symbolic Links to...	Hard Symbolic Links	Soft Symbolic Links	Notes®
Files	Not Supported	Not Supported	The FTP Get File activity does not interpret symbolic links to files as files and therefore symbolic links to files are not processed by the FTP Get File activity during run time.
Directories	Supported	Supported	

To determine the specific symbolic link support for a specific FTP Server on a specific operating system, see your operating system and FTP Server documentation.

Adding an FTP Get File activity in the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the FTP folder.
3. Drag the **Get File** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing an FTP endpoint

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the **Checklist** and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
Attention: Specifying a new FTP Endpoint with a different directory structure than the original FTP Endpoint can cause the orchestration job to fail during run time. You must either specify a new FTP Server that matches the directory structure of the originally specified FTP Server or change the configured directory of the In Directory field by clicking Browse as described in the Configuring the activity procedure.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
Attention: Specifying a new FTP Endpoint with a different directory structure than the original FTP Endpoint can cause the orchestration job to fail during run time. You must either specify a new FTP Server that matches the directory structure of the originally

- specified FTP Server or change the configured directory of the In Directory field by clicking Browse as described in the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit an FTP endpoint: [Creating or Editing an FTP endpoint](#)

Specifying the delivery rules

1. Select the **Delivery Rules** task from the **Checklist**. The Delivery Rules pane is displayed. If security is not enabled for the FTP endpoint, the Transfer as Text (ASCII) and Transfer as Binary (BINARY) options are enabled. If security is enabled for the FTP endpoint, the file transfer type is always binary.
 2. Select the type of file transfer between the Integration Appliance and the FTP Server from one of the following options:
 - o **Transfer as Text (ASCII)** - Only seven bits of each character in the file is transferred by the Integration Appliance to the FTP Server. This option is used for transferring ASCII files such as HTML and text files.
CAUTION:
Using this option with binary files can result in a loss of data.
 - o **Transfer as Binary (BINARY)** - All eight bits of each byte in the file is transferred by the Integration Appliance to the FTP Server. This option is used for transferring binary files.
- Note: Setting the transfer mode in the Delivery Rules task is equivalent to setting the transfer mode via a command line session with an FTP Server using the following commands:
- o ascii
 - o binary

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields in this pane as described in the following table:

Table 2.

Field	Description
Filename	This field is not used for this activity. You specify the name of the output file using the filename input parameter of the Map Input task.
Directory	<p>Specifies the directory on the FTP server where the Integration Appliance places the file generated in this activity. You can specify a directory using one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Directly enter directory path by clicking in the field and typing in one of the following directory paths: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Relative directory path, for example: /output. (Assumes that FTP home has been configured for the user account that connects to the FTP Server. See "Note" for more information.) ▪ Complete directory path, for example on a UNIX machine: /home/user/output. o Click Browse... to populate the down-down list of available directories. Select the appropriate directory from the drop-down list. <p>Note: UNIX: If you specify a relative directory path when connecting to an FTP Server on a UNIX machine, verify that the FTP home directory has been correctly specified in the /etc/passwd file for the user account connecting to the FTP Server.</p>

Field	Description
Of Type	<p>Specifies how to read in the contents of the file - either as binary data or encoded text. If the Text option is selected, set the encoding type using one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ From the encoded with drop-down list, select one of the default encoding types. ○ Enter your encoding type directly by clicking in the encoded with field and typing in your encoding type.
	<p>Attention: You must specify the Transfer as Text (ASCII) option for FTP activities when retrieving text files and placing text files on an FTP Server for Endpoints that manipulate text data while transferring data from/to the FTP Endpoint in ASCII mode. For example, mainframe and DOS FTP Endpoints manipulate ASCII data when passing data in ASCII mode.</p> <p>For example, if your orchestration retrieves ASCII files using the FTP Poll Directory activity and places ASCII files using the FTP Put File activity to a mainframe FTP Server, you must specify the options in the following tasks in Studio:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ In the Configure task of an FTP Poll Directory activity, for the Of Type field select the Text option. ○ In the Delivery Rules task of an FTP Poll Directory activity, for the File Transfer Type field select the Transfer as Text (ASCII) option. ○ In the Configure task of an FTP Put File activity, for the Of Type field select the Text option. ○ In the Delivery Rules task of an FTP Put File activity, for the File Transfer Type field select the Transfer as Text (ASCII) option.

Specifying the retry options

1. Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to an FTP Server. The following table defines the retry options for a connection to an FTP Server:

Table 3.

Field	Description
Retry	
1) Wait ___ second (s) between each retry.	The number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the FTP Server.

Field	Description
2) Try to connect ___ times before failing.	<p>Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the FTP Server before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job.</p> <p>If you deploy an orchestration that contains an FTP Get File activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified FTP Server, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job.</p> <p>For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p>

Mapping the input into the activity

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. The input parameters of the activity are displayed in the To Activity pane.
2. The filename parameter is the only parameter you are required to provide an value in the activity. All other parameters are optional. The filename parameter specifies the name of the file to get from the FTP Server. You provide a value for the filename parameter by either by creating a link from the filename input parameter to a variable or by defining a default value for the filename input parameter.

If the optional input parameter listed in the following table are not displayed in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active.

You can optionally override the settings you specified in the **Configure** and **Pick Endpoint** task of the **Checklist** dynamically during run time, using the input parameters defined in the following table.

For example, the directory on the FTP Server where the Integration Appliance gets the file, could be set in the **Configure** task to the directory called input. During run time, the directory name: inputXML could be passed into the activity using the directory input parameter. The directory name specified dynamically during run time overrides the original setting specified in the Configure pane. In this example, the Integration Appliance attempts to get the file from the inputXML directory.

Table 4.

Input Parameter Name /Node	Description	Overrides the Setting in Task?

Input Parameter Name /Node	Description	Overrides the Setting in Task?
directory	Specifies the directory on the FTP server where the Integration Appliance places the file generated in this activity.	The directory input parameter overrides the From Directory field of the Configure task.
encoding	Specifies how the outgoing data is written out to the file: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If no encoding is required, specify the string: <code>binary</code>. • If encoding is required, specify the encoding type that should be used to encode the outgoing data, for example: <code>UTF-8</code>, <code>US-ASCII</code>, <code>ISO_8859-1</code>, <code>EBCDIC-US</code>, or <code>SHIFT-JIS</code>. 	The encoding input parameter overrides the encoding specified in the Of Type field of the Configure task but if the Binary option is selected in the Of Type field of the Configure task, the encoding specified by the encoding input parameter is ignored.
connection/timeout	Specifies the connection timeout — the number of seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the endpoint and the time it takes for the endpoint to respond to the connection request. For the FTP Get File activity, the amount of time the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the FTP Server before timing out.	The timeout node of the connection input parameter overrides the Connection Timeout -Time out after ___ second(s) when establishing a connection to the Endpoint field of the FTP endpoint.
connection/host	Specifies the Host Name or IP address for the FTP server.	The host node of the connection input parameter overrides the Host Name field of the FTP endpoint.
connection/port	Specifies the port number for the specified host name. The standard port for FTP traffic is 21. The default port for SFTP traffic is 22.	The port node of the connection input parameter overrides the Port field of the FTP endpoint.
connection/username	Specify a user name for the account used to connect to the FTP Server.	The username node of the connection input parameter overrides the User Name field of the FTP endpoint.

Input Parameter Name /Node	Description	Overrides the Setting in Task?
connection/password	Specify a password for the account used to connect to the FTP Server.	The password node of the connection input parameter overrides the Password field of the FTP endpoint.

Mapping the output of the activity

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. The output parameters of the activity are displayed in the From Activity pane as described in the following table:


Table 5.

Output Parameter Name	Description
data	Contains the contents of the file.
timestamp	Contains the timestamp for the file returned from the FTP Server, typically the creation date or last modified date of the file.

2. Map the desired output parameters to variables.

Parent topic: [FTP Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ftp_get_file_activity.html

Parse directory listing example

This example gets a directory listing from an FTP directory using the **FTP List Files** activity, parses the long directory listing using Flat File Scheme, iterates through the list of files, based on the properties of each file.

About this task

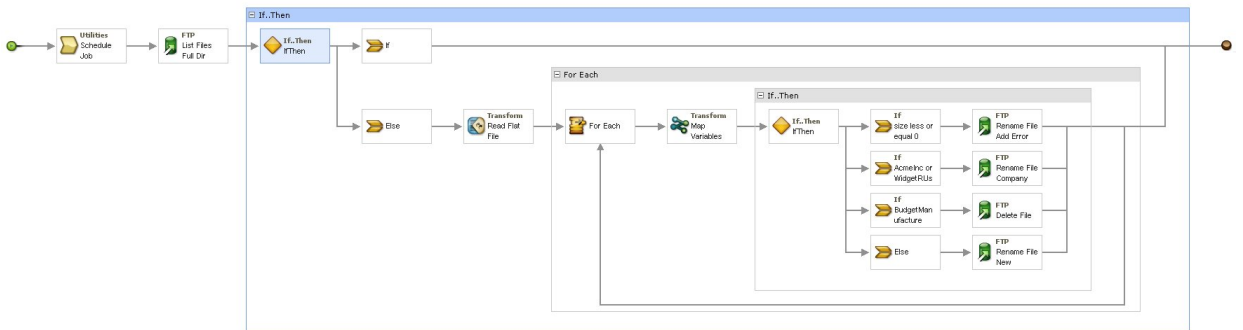
Based on the properties of each file, one of the following actions occurs:

- Move the file to a new directory using the [FTP Rename File activity](#).
- Rename the file using the [FTP Rename File activity](#).
- Delete the file using the [FTP Delete File activity](#).

To open, view, and learn more about the FTTParseDirListingExample:

Procedure

1. Extract the FTTParseDirListingExample project:
 - a. Find the Default Create Path defined in Studio, the directory that new projects are created in. To view the current Default Create Path, select File > Preferences... from the Studio toolbar menu. The Preferences window is displayed. The current Default Create Path displays at the end of the pane. By default, the Default Create Path is located in the following directory: C:\Documents and Settings*myLogin*\My Documents Where *myLogin* represents your Windows login name.
 - b. Find the FTTParseDirListingExample.zip file that contains the files that make up the FTTParseDirListingExample project. If you accepted the defaults during the installation of Studio, this file is located in the following directory: C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio 3.X\Samples\FTTParseDirListing
 - c. Copy the FTTParseDirListingExample.zip file from the FTTParseDirListing directory to the Default Create Path directory.
 - d. Extract the contents of FTTParseDirListingExample.zip file into the Default Create Path directory.
2. Open the FTTParseDirListingExample project:
 - a. Select File > Open Project... from the Studio toolbar menu. The Open dialog box is displayed.
 - b. Browse for and open the FTTParseDirListingExample directory.
 - c. Click on the FTTParseDirListingExample.sp3 file and click Open. The project is displayed.
3. In the Project tab, double-click the **processBids** orchestration. The **processBids** orchestration tab displays the activities of the orchestration, as shown in the following figure:



4. Click the **Schedule Job** activity. Click the **Configure** task in the **Checklist**. During run time, this activity starts an orchestration job every 5 minutes.
5. Click the **FTP List Files** activity labeled List Files Full Dir Listing. Click the **Configure** task in the **Checklist**. This activity gets a long directory listing of the files in the /input directory on the FTP Server and returns the listing as one string in the dirListing output parameter. In this example, the string returned in the directoryListing output parameter is stored in the fullDirectoryListing string variable.

If the [FTP Endpoint has been configured for the Parse Directory Listing Example](#), click Test in the **Configure** task to get the directory listing. The List Only Files (NLST) check box determines if the directory listing contains just the list of files or a full directory listing. For this example, clear the List Only Files (NLST) check box.

6. Expand the **If...Then** activity. During run time, this activity checks the value of the fullDirectoryListing string variable and if the value is empty, the **If** path is run and the orchestration ends. If the fullDirectoryListing string is not empty, the **Else** path is run and the orchestration parses the directory.

7. Click the **Read Flat File** activity. Click the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. During run time, the long directory listing created in the **FTP List Files** activity, is passed to the **Read Flat File** activity via the **Data** input parameter.
8. Click the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. During run time, the **Read Flat File** activity parses the directory string into the repeating node structure displayed in the **Map Outputs** task.
9. Click the **For Each** activity. During run time, the **For Each** activity iterates through the repeating node structure that stores the directory listing. Each iteration is equivalent to a single file and the properties of that file.
10. Click the **Map Variables** activity. During run time, the **Map Variables** activity converts the size of the current file into a decimal number.
11. Click on the **If..Then** activity. During run time, the **If..Then** activity starts the following **If..Then** branches.


Results

- If the size of the file is equal to 0, the [FTP Rename File activity](#) moves the file to the /processFailed directory and renames the file by adding the ERROR prefix to the file name.
- If the file name contains a string representing one of the approved supplies (AcmeInc or WidgetRUs), the [FTP Rename File activity](#) based on the file name, moves the file to the appropriate directory either /processAcmeInc or /processWidgetRUs.
- If the file name contains the string representing the Budget Manufacture supplier, the [FTP Delete File activity](#) removes the file because Budget Manufacture is on the unapproved supplier list.
- If the file is not processed by any of the three previous conditions, the **Else** clause is called and the [FTP Rename File activity](#) moves the file to the /processNewCompany directory.

To run the Parse Directory Listing Example, see the procedures provided in the [Configuring the FTP Endpoint for the Parse Directory Listing Example](#) section.

Parent topic: [FTP Activities](#)

Feedback | Notices

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Parse_Directory_Listing_Example.html

Testing an FTPS server connection

After successfully running a "test connection", you can use Studio verify tools on FTPS orchestrations before publishing a project.

About this task

If you configure an endpoint that represents an FTPS server, you can use it in a Studio project to create orchestrations. You will not, however, be able to verify the orchestration behavior in Studio until you import a copy of the FTPS certificate into Studio, as detailed in this help topic.

Note: The following procedure refers to a FTPS server named: "<ftps>" in a domain named "<domain.com>".


To test an FTPS Server connection:

Procedure

1. Open a command window.
2. Navigate to the FTPS host, and locate the certificate file ca-cert stored in the FTP server <ftps>, in this directory: /var/www/covalent/servers/<ftps.domain.com>/ssl/caerts/castiron_ca_cert.pem
3. Substitute the actual server and domain name of your FTPS installation.
4. Copy this file and navigate to the Studio workstation.
5. Using the command window, paste the ca-cert copy in the home directory of Studio: C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio x.x.x
6. Navigate to the security directory of Studio: C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio x.x.x\security
7. Run the following command to import the ca-cert file into Studio: `..\jre\bin\keytool.exe -import -v -keystore cacerts -storepass changeit -file ..\castiron_ca_cert.pem -alias alias_name`
8. When you are prompted for a yes or no, type yes (Y) and press Enter.
9. Exit the command window.
10. Restart Studio.
11. Open the endpoint for this FTPS server.
12. Verify the following login credentials for the FTPS connection: FTP server, Port, User, and Password.
13. Click Test Connection. If the connection is successful, use this endpoint in Studio orchestrations, then use the Verify tab features to evaluate the orchestration.

Parent topic: [FTP Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/FTPS_Testing_an_FTPS_Server_Connection.html


HTTP Activities

- [Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint](#)
HTTP endpoints provide the connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to an HTTP server. An HTTP endpoint also specifies the connection information so the Integration Appliance can act as HTTP listener.
- [HTTP Receive Request activity](#)
Use the HTTP **Receive Request** activity to configure the Integration Appliance to act as an HTTP listener
- [Decompression with the HTTP Receive Request activity](#)
The **HTTP Receive Request** activity supports decompression with the gzip format only. The **HTTP Receive Request** activity does not support the deflate format or the common UNIX file compression format called compress.
- [HTTP Send Response activity](#)
The HTTP **Send Response** activity sends a reply back to the sender of an HTTP request.
- [Compression/Decompression with the HTTP Send Response activity](#)
During runtime, the **HTTP Send Response** activity sends an HTTP response complaint with the

HTTP/HTTPS 1.0 protocol to the HTTP client.

- [HTTP Post Request activity](#)
The HTTP **Post Request** activity sends a **Post Request** to the specified location (the HTTP endpoint) and receives an HTTP response back from that location.
- [HTTP Get Request activity](#)
The HTTP **Get Request** activity sends a **Get Request** to the specified location (the HTTP endpoint) and receives a HTTP response back from that location.
- [HTTP Head Request activity](#)
The HTTP **Head Request** activity sends a **Head Request** to the specified location (the HTTP endpoint) and receives a HTTP response back from that location.
- [HTTP Invoke Request activity](#)
The HTTP **Invoke Request** activity sends a HTTP request to the specified location, the HTTP endpoint, and receives a HTTP response back from that location.
- [HTTP Put Request activity](#)
The HTTP **Put Request** activity sends a **Put Request** to the specified location (the HTTP endpoint) and receives a HTTP response back from that location.
- [HTTP Delete Request activity](#)
The HTTP **Delete Request** activity sends a **Delete Request** to the specified location (the HTTP endpoint) and receives a HTTP response back from that location.
- [Compression/Decompression with the HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request activity](#)
During runtime, the **HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request** activity sends a HTTP request compliant with the HTTP/HTTPS 1.1 protocol to the HTTP Server.
- [Troubleshooting and support](#)
Troubleshooting techniques and self-help information help you identify and solve problems quickly. Here, you can find potential solutions for issues you would have with the HTTP connector.

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Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint

HTTP endpoints provide the connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to an HTTP server. An HTTP endpoint also specifies the connection information so the Integration Appliance can act as HTTP listener.

1. In the Create Endpoint or Edit Endpoint pane, configure the fields as described in the following table.
Note: Changing the configuration properties of an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project as the edits are global, not local.
2. When finished, if available click Test Connection to confirm that you can connect to the HTTP server.
Note: The Test Connection button is only available when configuring an endpoint for the HTTP Post Request activity - when Location is set to the Remote Server option.
3. Click OK.

Table 1.

Field Name	Description
Location	
Integration Appliance Receives Request	This option specifies that the Integration Appliance is acting as an HTTP listener. For an HTTP endpoint used with the HTTP Receive Request activity, Location is automatically set to the Integration Appliance Receives Request option.
Remote Server	This option specifies that the Integration Appliance is sending and receiving requests from a remote HTTP server. For an HTTP endpoint used with the HTTP Post Request activity, Location is automatically set to the Remote Server option.
Host Name	Required for the Remote Server option only - Specify the host name or IP address for the HTTP server that this endpoint connects to.
Port	For the HTTP Receive Request activity - Specify the port number of the Integration Appliance acting as an HTTP listener. For the HTTP Post Request activity - Specify the port number of the remote HTTP server.
Login	Description
Log into the Server as an Anonymous User	Available for the Remote Server option only. Select this option to connect to the HTTP server anonymously (where a user account is not required).
Log into the Server with User Name and Password	Available for the Remote Server option only. Select this option to connect to the HTTP server using a user account. Enter the User Name and Password.
Authentication	Allows you to select the type of authentication that the Integration Appliance uses when connecting to a remote server. From the list, select one of the following authentication options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic - Sends the user name and password you specify unencrypted to the server. This authentication schema is the least secure. Note: Basic authentication is now made available for HTTP Receive Request activity. • Digest - Encrypts the user name and password you specify before sending the user name and password to the server. This authentication option is more secure than Basic authentication. • NTLM - Requires an instance of NTcredentials to be available for the domain name of the server. This authentication is the most secure authentication option. When you choose the NTLM authentication option, the Integration Appliance authenticates a connection and not a request; therefore, the Integration Appliance authenticates every time a new connection is made. The connection must remain open during the authentication process. You cannot use NTLM to authenticate with both a proxy and server. Note: Do not prefix the user name with the domain. • Kerberos - The Kerberos protocol requires a trusted third party which is referred to as the Kerberos server. The Kerberos server name and realm are configured on the WMC Security:Kerberos panel instead of on the HTTP or Web Services end point.

Field Name	Description
Realm / Domain	If you select the Basic or Digest authentication option, specify a realm. If you select the NTLM authentication option, specify a domain.
User Name	Available for the Remote Server option only - Specify the User Name for the account used to connect to the HTTP Server.
Password	Available for the Remote Server option only - Specify the Password for the account used to connect to the HTTP Server.
Log into the Server using OAuth 2.0	Description
Grant Type	Cast Iron OAuth2.0 client supports two grants to request an access token. The authorization request can be made directly to the resource owner or through the authorization server. Select one of the following grant types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>password</code> - Requires either a combination of Authorization Server URL, Username and password or just the Access Token. If the Access Token is temporary, the authorization server URL, username and password must be provided so as to regenerate the expired access token • <code>authorization_code</code> - Requires an Access Token and/or the combination of Refresh Token and Authorization Server URL in order to refresh temporary access tokens post expiry.
Scope	Specify the scope of the access request using the scope request parameter. The authorization server uses this to inform the client about the scope of the access token issued.
Username	Specify the user name used to log on to the resource server. For resource owner password credential grant, the user name will be used as a part of the access token request.
Password	Specify the password used to logon to the resource server. For resource owner password credential grant, the password will be used as a part of the access token request.
Client ID	Specify the client ID issued by the authorization server during registration. Client ID is a unique string containing the registration information provided to the client by the authorization server. The client ID is not a secret; it is exposed to the resource owner and must not be used only for client authentication.
Client Secret	Specify the client secret. The client secret is confidential.
Access Token	Specify the Access Token. Access tokens are credentials representing the authorization issued to the client. Tokens represent specific scopes and the duration of access.
Auth Server URL	Specify the Authorization Server URL. Authorization Server URL is the URL for the authorization server or token endpoint responsible for issuing and refreshing access tokens.
Refresh Token	Specify the refresh token. Refresh tokens are used to obtain access tokens when the current access token has expired.
For more information about OAuth 2.0, see http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6749 .	
Security	Description

Field Name	Description
None	Select the None option if no security is required.
HTTPS	<p>Select the HTTPS option to enable secure HTTP over SSL.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Available for the Integration Appliance Receives Request option only - When server authentication is required, select the Server Certificate Alias Name check box to specify that the Integration Appliance acting as a server should provide a certificate to the client. If selected, the name of the certificate must be provided. A certificate specified at the endpoint level with this check box takes precedence over certificates specified on the Security > Certificates > Settings > Server SSL over data NIC entry in the WMC. • Available for the Remote Server option only - When client authentication is required, select the Client Certificate Alias Name check box to specify that the Integration Appliance acting as a client should provide a certificate to the HTTP Server. If selected, the name of the certificate must be provided. (For information about how to import a client certificate and private key for use with client authentication, see Importing an end-entity certificate). A certificate specified at the endpoint level with this check box takes precedence over certificates specified on the Security > Certificates > Settings > Client SSL entry in the WMC
Protocol Version	Select the protocol used for secure HTTP over SSL. By default, the protocol version used is SSL_TLSv2.
Connection Pool Options	
Maximum Connections	Specifies the maximum number of HTTP server connections that the Integration Appliance can keep open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) means the maximum number of connections is unbounded. The default value is 25.
Connection Timeout - The following Connection field is available for the Remote Server option only.	
Time out after ___ seconds when establishing a connection to the Endpoint.	The number of seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the Endpoint and the time it takes for the endpoint to respond to the connection request. For an HTTP activity, the amount of time the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the HTTP Server before timing out. A connection timeout is different from an activity timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the endpoint has already been established. An activity timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity invoking a request on an endpoint and the time it takes the endpoint to respond. You set the activity timeout in the Retry task of the HTTP Post Request Activity.

Field Name	Description
Proxy - The following Proxy fields are available for the Remote Server option only.	
Login	Description
Log into the Server as an Anonymous User	Available for the Remote Server option only. Select this option to connect to the HTTP server anonymously (where a user account is not required).
Log into the Server with User Name and Password	Available for the Remote Server option only. Select this option to connect to the HTTP server using a user account. Enter the User Name and Password.
Authentication	<p>Allows you to select the type of authentication that the Integration Appliance uses when connecting to a remote server. From the drop-down list, select one of the following authentication options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic - Sends the user name and password you specify unencrypted to the server. This authentication schema is the least secure. • Digest - Encrypts the user name and password you specify before sending the user name and password to the server. This authentication option is more secure than Basic authentication. • NTLM - Requires an instance of NTCredentials to be available for the domain name of the server. This authentication is the most secure authentication option as the Integration Appliance authenticates a connection and not a request; therefore, the Integration Appliance authenticates every time a new connection is made. The connection must remain open during the authentication process. You cannot use NTLM to authenticate with both a proxy and server. Note: Do not prefix the user name with the domain.
Realm / Domain	If you select the Basic or Digest authentication option, specify a realm. If you select the NTLM authentication option, specify a domain.
User Name	Available for the Remote Server option only - Specify the User Name for the account used to connect to the HTTP Server.
Password	Available for the Remote Server option only - Specify the Password for the account used to connect to the HTTP Server.
Security	Description

Field Name	Description
None	Select the None option if no security is required.
Connection Timeout - The following Connection field is available for the Remote Server option only.	
Time out after ___ second(s) when establishing a connection to the Endpoint.	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the endpoint and the time it takes for the endpoint to respond to the connection request. For an HTTP activity, the amount of time the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the HTTP Server before timing out. A connection timeout is different from an activity timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the endpoint has already been established. An activity timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity invoking a request on an endpoint and the time it takes the endpoint to respond. You set the activity timeout in Retry task of the HTTP Post Request Activity.
Host	Specifies the host name of the proxy server. This field is required.
Port	Specifies the port number to use to connect to the proxy server. This field is required
Username	Specifies the username to use for proxy server authentication. This field is optional if your proxy server does not require authentication
Password	Specifies the password to use for proxy server authentication. This field is optional if your proxy server does not require authentication.

Note: For some of the fields in the endpoint, you can define configuration properties to supply the values for these fields. The



icon is displayed when you click in a field that supports a configuration property and a configuration property of the same type has already been configured for the project.

Parent topic: [HTTP Activities](#)

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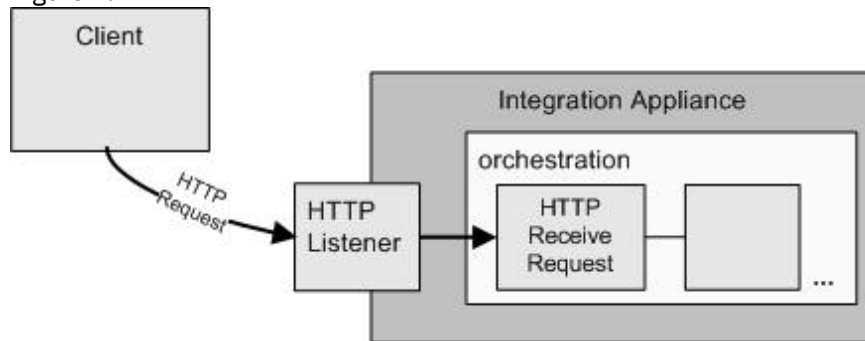
http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/http_create_edit_endpoint.html

HTTP Receive Request activity

Use the HTTP **Receive Request** activity to configure the Integration Appliance to act as an HTTP listener

The following figure shows the Integration Appliance acting as an HTTP listener.

Figure 1.



The HTTP **Receive Request** activity is a starter activity. When an orchestration that starts with an HTTP **Receive Request** activity is deployed to the Integration Appliance, the Integration Appliance acts as an HTTP listener waiting for HTTP requests. When a HTTP request is received, the following actions occur:

1. An orchestration job is started.
2. The HTTP **Receive Request** activity processes the incoming HTTP request and maps the HTTP request to the output parameters of the activity.
3. The output parameters are mapped to the specified orchestration variables. During design time in the **Map Outputs** task of the **Checklist**, the mapping between the output parameters and the orchestration variables is defined.
4. The remaining activities in the orchestration are processed. (In the graphical representation of the orchestration, the remaining activities are the activities located on the right side of the HTTP **Receive Request** activity).

By default, decompression is enabled for the HTTP **Receive Request** activity. For more information, see [Decompression with the HTTP Receive Request activity](#).

You cannot deploy two HTTP Receive Request activities to the appliance with the same endpoint details, URL and method.

For single HTTP Receive Request activity

If you deploy only one HTTP Receive Request activity for a URL, the orchestration accepts all requests of those URLs starting with that *base URL*. For example, if you deploy `/customer` then it accepts requests for `/customer`, `/customer/21`, `/customer/21/dept`, and so on.

If you deploy an HTTP Receive Request activity for a URL with path parameters, then the orchestration accepts only those requests whose URLs match with the configured URL with values for path parameters. For example, if you deploy `/customer/{custid}` then it accepts requests such as `/customer/10`, `/customer/21`, `/customer/dept`. The following URLs are not accepted: `/customer`, `/customer/21/dept`, and so on.

For multiple HTTP Receive Request activities

If you deploy two HTTP Receive Request activities that are configured with the same base URL, and one with path parameter, then the activities accept requests whose URLs strictly match with the configured URL. For example, if you deploy `/customer` and `/customer/{path parameter}`, and if `/customer` is invoked the request goes to the activity configured with `/customer`. If `/customer/007` is invoked, the request goes to the activity configured with `/customer/{path parameter}`. Also, if you invoke the following URLs: `/customer/dept/1` or `/customer/12/21`, none of the activities accept the requests.

Note: If you deploy two activities, the first one as `/customer/department` and the second one as `/customer/{path parameter}`, and if `/customer/department` is invoked, then the request goes to the

activity which was deployed first (/customer/department). If /customer/{path parameter} is deployed first, then the request goes to /customer/{path parameter}.

Note: It is also recommended that you do not deploy the same URL for Web Services and HTTP.

Base URL - Part of the URL before path parameters. For example - If the configured URL is /employee/manager/{id}, then Base URL will be /employee/manager.

Adding an HTTP Receive Request activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the HTTP folder.
3. Drag the **Receive Request** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed with the **Summary** task active in the properties pane. The Properties pane is located under the graphical representation of the orchestration in the Workspace.

Creating, selecting, or editing an HTTP endpoint

1. Click **Pick Endpoint** task from the **Checklist** and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit a HTTP endpoint, see [Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields and check boxes in this pane as described in the following table:

Table 1.

Field	Description
-------	-------------

Field	Description
URL (Path)	<p>Specifies the resource path where the Integration Appliance listens for inbound HTTP requests, for example: /mypath. The string you specify in this field must exclude the string: http://, the hostname, and the port number of the Integration Appliance. The full URL that the Integration Appliance uses to listen for inbound HTTP requests is automatically constructed from the hostname of the Integration Appliance, the port number specified in the HTTP endpoint, and the path specified in this field. For example, if the full URL that the Integration Appliance listens for HTTP requests is http://myAR:myPort/myPath, in this field you only need to specify the string: /myPath. The specified path must be unique for the HTTP Receive Request activities that are deployed at the same time on the same Integration Appliance using the same port.</p> <p>To make use of path parameters and query parameters, enter a URL in this format, url/ {path}? name1=value1&name2=value2. This allows you to map a string value to the "{path}" parameter and to specify query parameter names: <i>name1</i> and <i>name2</i> in this example. If you choose to declare multiple "{path}" parameters, it is recommended that each parameter has a unique name. Parameters with the same name are represented by only one node in the map. The path parameters are displayed under /httpheaders/pathParameters in Map Output. Query parameters are displayed under /httpheaders/queryParameters in Map output.</p> <p>Note: In the URL, any value assigned to a query parameter is not passed to the mapper. The value comes from the server based on the actual incoming request.</p> <p>Note: The path that the Integration Appliance listens for inbound HTTP requests is a resource path string that you specify and does not correspond to actual directory path on the Integration Appliance.</p>
Method	Specifies which HTTP method is accepted by the listening server.
Of Type	Specifies the expected message type of the HTTP request - either Text or Binary.
Requires Reply	<p>Specifies if a reply should be sent to the sender of the request.</p> <p>Note: If this check box is selected, you must add and configure a HTTP Send Response activity in your orchestration.</p>

Field	Description
Use Compression/Decompression	Specifies if compression/decompression is turned on or off at the activity level. By default, the Use Compression/Decompression check box is clear and compression/decompression is disabled for this activity. Select the Use Compression/Decompression check box to enable compression/decompression for this activity. For more information, see Compression/Decompression with the HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request activity

Specifying the request headers

1. Select the **Request Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Request Headers** pane is displayed. A **Custom Headers** table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is displayed in the middle and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
2. Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise enter your own description for your headers.
3. To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Note that duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and you may be prompted to remove any duplicate headers in the **Custom Headers** table. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Output.

Specifying Swagger information

1. Select the Swagger task from the **Checklist** to set sample message.
2. Specify the Request sample (JSON) and Response sample (JSON) information. If you do not specify any request sample, the Swagger Output will display with empty sample objects.
3. Click on Generate Swagger button which will display the code in the Swagger Output textbox. You can also click Download Swagger to download and share the file, if required.

Mapping the output of the activity

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. The output parameters of the activity are displayed in the From Activity pane of the **Map Outputs** task as described in the following table:

Table 2.

Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders	Specifies the header of the HTTP request.
body	Specifies the body of the HTTP request message.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpheaders output parameter.

Table 3.


Nodes of the httpheaders Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path of the incoming request, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/method	Specifies the type of HTTP request.
httpheaders/host	Specifies the IP address or the host name of the client.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs. Multiple HTTP header parameters can be specified in the HTTP request, so this is a recurring node.
httpheaders/<configured_header_name>	If you configured at least one request header in Request Headers step, each is displayed here. <configured_header_name> is replaced with the actual header names you selected or entered.
httpheaders/pathParameters	If you configured path parameters in the URL in the Configure step, each is displayed here. If no path parameter is specified, this node does not display.
httpheaders/queryParameters	If you configured query parameters in the URL in Configure step, each is displayed here. If no query parameter is specified, this node does not display.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP header parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP header parameter.

2. Create a map between the output parameter or parameters of the activity and orchestration variable or variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Note: To test your orchestration that starts with the **HTTP Receive Request** activity, you can use the HTTP Post Utility included with the Studio installation, to send HTTP requests to the listening Integration Appliance during run time. You can access the HTTP Post Utility from the start menu, select Programs > IBM > Cast Iron Studio > HTTP Post Utility option. The URL you specify in the URL of the inbound connector field must contain the full URL, for example: http://myAR:myPort/myPath.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/http_receive_request_activity.html

Decompression with the HTTP Receive Request activity

The **HTTP Receive Request** activity supports decompression with the gzip format only. The **HTTP Receive Request** activity does not support the deflate format or the common UNIX file compression format called

compress.

The **HTTP Receive Request** activity only supports receiving HTTP requests using HTTP/HTTPS 1.0 protocol.

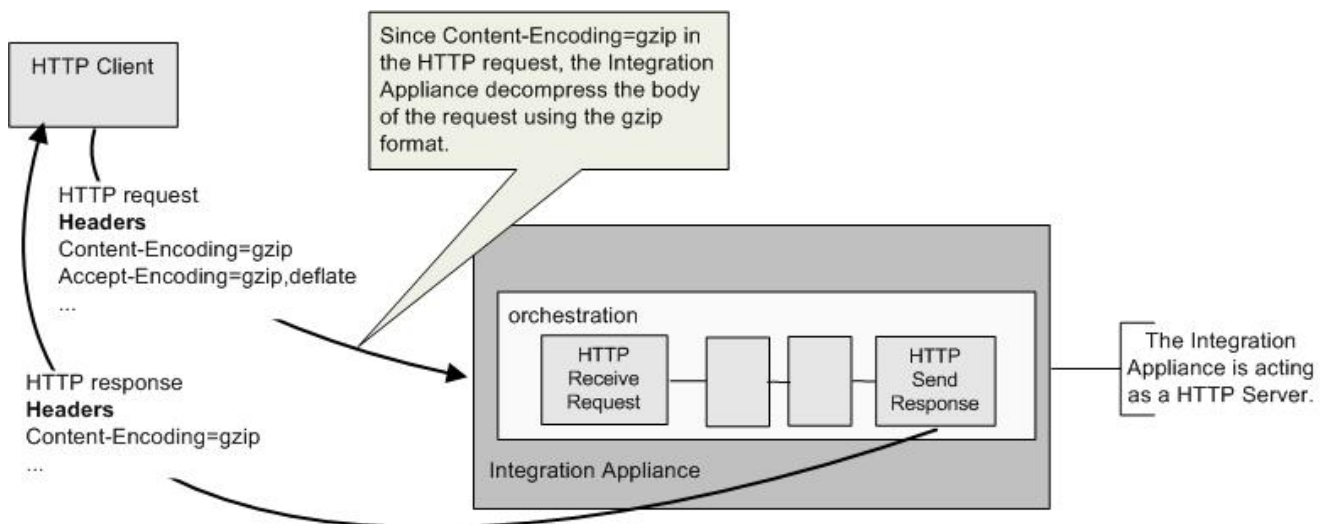
The decompression runtime behavior of the **HTTP Receive Request** activity when receiving a HTTP request is dependant on the following conditions:

- [The value of the Content-Encoding at the message level](#)
- [The setting of the Use Compression/Decompression check box at the activity level](#)

The affect of these conditions on the decompression runtime behavior of the **HTTP Receive Request** activity are described in the following sections and in the table provided in the [runtime Decompression Behavior](#) section.

Content-Encoding value at the message level

The value of the Content-Encoding HTTP Header Parameter of the HTTP request can determine if the Integration Appliance decompresses the body of the HTTP request that is received from the HTTP Client as shown in the following figure.



The value of the Content-Encoding header is represented by the third column labeled **Content-Encoding Value** in the table provided in the [Run-time Decompression Behavior](#) section.

Setting decompression at the activity level

By default, decompression is turned on at the activity level for the **HTTP Receive Request** activity. You can turn off decompression at the activity level by selecting the Use Compression/Decompression check box. The Use Compression/Decompression check box is available in the **Configure** task of the activity. The second column labeled Use Compression/Decompression Check Box in the table provided in the [runtime Decompression Behavior](#) section, represents the setting of the Use Compression/Decompression check box.

runtime decompression behavior


The following table describes the decompression runtime behavior when the Integration Appliance receives a HTTP request from the HTTP Client:

Use Compression/Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Content-Encoding Value (Message Level)	Integration Appliance Decompression runtime Behavior
selected	gzip	The Integration Appliance decompresses the body of the request using the gzip format. The value of Content-Encoding is set to gzip in the httpheaders output parameter returned from the activity.
selected	not set	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the request as is (unchanged). The value of Content-Encoding is not set in the httpheaders output parameter returned from the activity.
selected	identity	The Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the request. The value of the Content-Encoding is set to identity in the httpheaders output parameter returned from the activity.
selected	any other string besides gzip or identity	The Integration Appliance sends the 415 (Unsupported Media Type) Response Code.
cleared	value is not significant	The Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the request and the current value of Content-Encoding in the request is passed as is to the httpheaders output parameter of the activity. For example, if the value of the Content-Encoding is set to gzip but the Use Compression/Decompression check box is cleared, the Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the request but Content-Encoding is set to gzip in the httpheaders output parameter of the activity.

Note: The Use Compression/Decompression check box will be deprecated in a future release. Use the Content-Encoding HTTP Parameter in the HTTP request to specify how to decompresses the body of the HTTP request.

Parent topic: [HTTP Activities](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

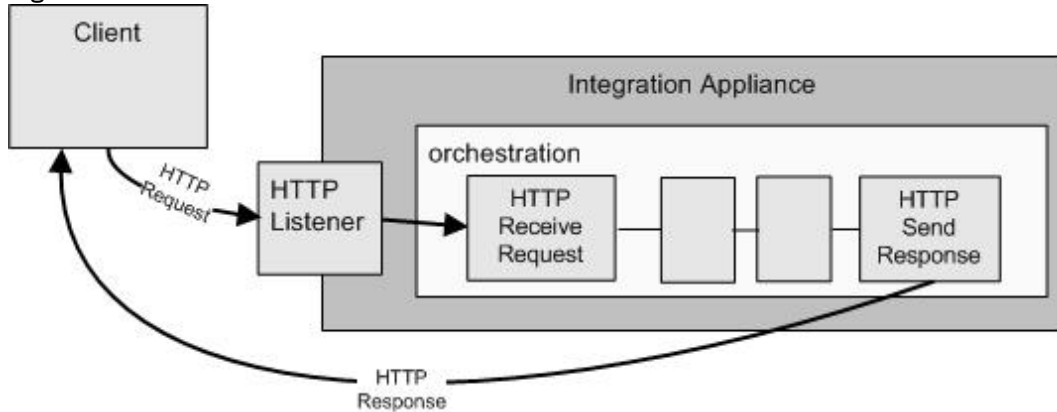
http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/decompression_with_the_http_receive_request_activity.html

HTTP Send Response activity

The HTTP **Send Response** activity sends a reply back to the sender of an HTTP request.

The following figure shows the HTTP **Send Response** activity sending a reply back to the sender of an HTTP request.

Figure 1.



The HTTP **Send Response** activity must be used in conjunction with an HTTP **Receive Request** activity in an orchestration as shown in the preceding figure. If you add a HTTP **Send Response** activity to orchestration, you must select the Requires a Reply check box in the **Configure** task of the HTTP **Receive Request** activity.

By default, compression is not enabled for the HTTP **Send Response** activity. For more information, see [Compression/Decompression with the HTTP Send Response activity](#).

Adding an HTTP Send Response activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the HTTP folder.
3. Drag the **Send Response** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed with the **Configure** task active in the properties pane. The properties pane is located beneath the graphical representation of the orchestration.

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields and check boxes in this pane as described in the following table:

Table 1.

Field	Description
To	Specifies the HTTP Receive Request activity associated with this HTTP Send Response activity. During run time, the associated HTTP Receive Request activity receives the request from the client and the HTTP Send Response activity sends the response back to the client. Note: This field is populated only if you select the Requires a Reply check box in the Configure task of the HTTP Receive Request activity.
Of Type	Specifies the message type of the HTTP response - either Text or Binary.
Use Compression/Decompression	Specifies if compression/decompression is turned on or off at the activity level. By default, the Use Compression/Decompression check box is clear and compression/decompression is disabled for this activity. Select the Use Compression/Decompression check box to enable compression/decompression for this activity. For more information, see Compression/Decompression with the HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request activity .

Specifying the response headers

1. Select the **Response Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Response Headers** pane is displayed. A **Custom Headers** table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is displayed in the middle and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
2. Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise enter your own description for your headers.
3. To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Note that duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and you are prompted to remove any duplicate headers in the **Custom Headers** table. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Input.

Mapping the input into the activity

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. The body input parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane of the **Map Inputs** task. The body input parameter is mandatory and at least one variable must be mapped to it. The body input parameter contains the body of the HTTP response message sent back to the client.
2. To view the optional input parameter in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active. The httpheaders input parameter is displayed.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpheaders input parameter:

Table 2.

Nodes of the httpheaders Input Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/method	Specifies the type of HTTP response, for example: POST.
httpheaders/Via	Contains the time taken by each of the activities present between HTTP Receive and HTTP Send Response. For example, <code>FTP Put(uploadfile):50ms;Send Email(postinfo):30ms;</code> . There are two activities, FTP Put and Send Email, that are present between HTTP Receive and HTTP Send Response activities. So, when a job is processed, the Via header response will contain this value. It means that FTP Put activity takes 50 milliseconds and the Send Email activity takes 30 milliseconds, respectively, to complete the activity.

Nodes of the http headers Input Parameter	Description
httpheaders/configured_header_name	If you configured at least one response header in Response Headers step, each is displayed here. <configured_header_name> is replaced with the actual header name you selected or entered.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs for the HTTP response. Multiple HTTP parameters can be specified in the HTTP response, so this is a recurring node.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP parameter.

3. Create a map between the orchestration variable or variables and the input parameter or parameters. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping

Using certificates with Microsoft Internet Explorer


If you have selected the HTTPS security option in the HTTP endpoint, note that Microsoft Internet Explorer does not recognize a modified certificate and caches the SSL state. If you modify certificates, you must clear the SSL state. To clear the SSL state in Microsoft Internet Explorer:

1. From the Microsoft Internet Explorer toolbar menu, select Tools > Internet Options.... The Internet Options pane is displayed.
2. Click the Content tab.

3. In the **Certificates** section, click Clear SSL State. The SSL Cache Cleared Successfully dialog box is displayed.
4. Click OK and click OK.

Parent topic: [HTTP Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/http_send_response_activity.html

Compression/Decompression with the HTTP Send Response activity

During runtime, the **HTTP Send Response** activity sends an HTTP response complaint with the HTTP/HTTPS 1.0 protocol to the HTTP client.

Note: The **HTTP Send Response** activity supports compression with the gzip format only. It does not support the deflate format or the common UNIX file compression format called compress.

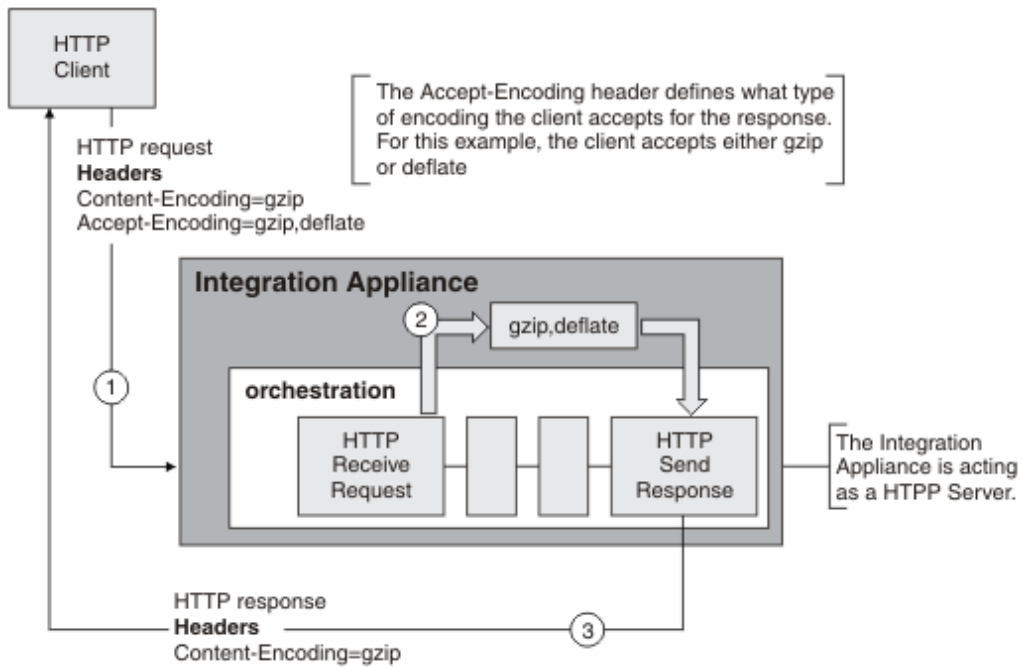
The compression runtime behavior of the **HTTP Send Response** activity is dependant on the following conditions:

- [At the message level, the value of the Accept-Encoding header in the original HTTP request](#) received by the **HTTP Receive Request** activity is passed to the **HTTP Send Response** activity to determine if the body of the HTTP response is compressed or not compressed as shown in the following figure.
- [The setting of the Use Compression/Decompression check box at the activity level](#)

The affect of these conditions on the compression runtime behavior of the **HTTP Send Response** activity are described in the following sections and in the table provided in the [runtime Compression Behavior](#) section.

Accept-Encoding value at the message level

During runtime, a **HTTP Receive Request** activity receives a HTTP request from a HTTP client. In the same orchestration, a **HTTP Send Response** activity sends a HTTP response back to the original client. The value of the Accept-Encoding header in the original request received by the **HTTP Receive Request** activity is stored internally on the Integration Appliance. The stored value is passed to the **HTTP Send Response** activity and is used to determine if the body of the response is compressed or not and the encoding type, as shown in the following figure.



If values for the Content-Encoding or Accept-Encoding headers are explicitly set using the optional `httpheaders` input parameter of the **HTTP Send Response** activity, these new values override the default settings of these headers passed-in via the request. For example, if Accept-Encoding is set to `gzip,deflate` in the request but is explicitly set to `identity` in the `httpheaders` input parameter of the **HTTP Send Response** activity, the Integration Appliance does not compress the body of the response.

To explicitly set the Accept-Encoding header, provide the following values in a `headerItem` node in the **Map Inputs** task of the **HTTP Post Request** activity:

- `httpheaders/httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name` is set to the string: `Accept-Encoding`
- `httpheaders/httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value` is set to the encoding type, for example the string: `identity`.

Setting Compression/Decompression at the activity level

By default, compression is turned on at the activity level for the **HTTP Send Response** activity. You can turn off compression at the activity level by clearing the Use Compression/Decompression check box. The Use Compression/Decompression check box is available in the **Configure** task of the activity. The second column labeled `HTTP Compression CLI Command` in the following table represents the setting of the Use Compression/Decompression check box.

Runtime compression behavior

The following table describes the compression runtime behavior when the Integration Appliance sends a HTTP response to the HTTP Client:


Use Compression/Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Accept-Encoding Value of the HTTP Request (Message Level)	Integration Appliance Compression Runtime Behavior

Use Compression/Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Accept-Encoding Value of the HTTP Request (Message Level)	Integration Appliance Compression Runtime Behavior
selected	gzip or gzip,deflate	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the response compressed in the gzip format and the Content-Encoding header is set to gzip in the response.
selected	identity	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the response uncompressed and the Content-Encoding header is set to identity in the response.
selected	not set, or any other string except gzip or identity	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the response uncompressed and the Content-Encoding header is set to identity in the response.
cleared	value is not significant	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the response as is (unchanged) and the Content-Encoding header is as is in the response. (The value of the Content-Encoding header in the request is passed unchanged to the response.)

Note: The Use Compression/Decompression check box will be deprecated in a future release. Use the Content-Encoding and Accept-Encoding HTTP Parameters in the HTTP request to specify how to decompresses the body of the HTTP request and compress the body of the HTTP response.

Parent topic: [HTTP Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/compression_with_the_http_send_response_activity.html

HTTP Post Request activity

The HTTP **Post Request** activity sends a **Post Request** to the specified location (the HTTP endpoint) and receives an HTTP response back from that location.

Adding an HTTP Post Request activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the HTTP folder.
3. Drag the **Post Request** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed.

Creating, selecting or editing an HTTP endpoint

1. Click **Pick Endpoint** task from the **Checklist** and choose from one of the following actions:

- Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit a HTTP endpoint, see [Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields and check boxes in this pane as described in the following table:

Table 1.

Field or Check Box	Description
URL (Path after Host name)	<p>Specifies the resource path that the Post Request activity sends the request to, for example: /mypath. The string you specify in this field must exclude the string: http://, the host name, and the port number of the Integration Appliance. The full URL is automatically constructed from the host name of the Integration Appliance, the port number specified in the HTTP endpoint, and the path specified in this field. For example, if the full URL that the Post Request activity sends the request to is http://myAR:myPort/myPath, in this field you only need to specify the string: /myPath. The specified path must be unique for the Post Request activities that are deployed at the same time on the same Integration Appliance using the same port.</p> <p>To make use of path parameters and query parameters, enter a URL in this format: url/{path}?name1=value1&name2=value2. This allows you to map a string value to the "{path}" parameter and to specify query parameter names: <i>name1</i> and <i>name2</i> in this example. If you choose to declare multiple "{path}" parameters, each parameter should have a unique name. Parameters with the same name are represented by only one node in the map. The path parameters are displayed under /httpheaders/pathParameters in Map Input. Query parameters are displayed under /httpheaders/queryParameters in Map Input.</p> <p>Note: In the URL, any value you assign to a query parameter is not passed to the mapper. To assign a value to the query parameter, either explicitly map a value to the query parameter in the mapper or define a default value.</p>
Where Request Message is Of Type	Specifies the expected message type of the HTTP request - either Text or Binary.

Field or Check Box	Description
Where Reply Message is Of Type	Specifies the message type of the HTTP reply - either Text or Binary.
Stop Processing the Orchestration Job or Continue Processing and Return the HTTP Error code	<p>Specifies the run time behavior of the activity if an error response is returned from the HTTP Server:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Stop Processing the Orchestration Job - Select this option if the orchestration job should stop processing when an error response is received from the HTTP Server during run time. The orchestration stops processing in the Post Request activity and the activities after the Post Request activity in the orchestration are not processed and a failed exception is thrown. ○ Continue Processing and Return the HTTP Error code - Select this option if the orchestration job should continue processing when an error response is received from the HTTP Server during run time. The orchestration job should continue processing activities after the Post Request activity in the orchestration and the error response code and the error response message is returned in the responsecode and responsemessage output parameters, respectively.
Use Compression/Decompression	<p>Specifies if compression/decompression is turned on or off at the activity level. By default, the Use Compression/Decompression check box is clear and compression/decompression is disabled for this activity. Select the Use Compression/Decompression check box to enable compression/decompression for this activity. For more information, see Compression/Decompression with the HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request activity.</p>

Specifying the request headers

1. Select the **Request Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Request Headers** pane is displayed. A **Custom Headers** table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is displayed in the middle and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
2. Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise, enter your own description for your headers.

- To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Note that duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and you are prompted to remove any duplicate headers in the **Custom Headers** table. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Input.

Specifying the response headers

- Select the **Response Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Response Headers pane** is displayed. A Custom Headers table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is displayed in the middle, and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
- Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise, enter your own description for your headers.
- To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Note that duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and you are prompted to remove any duplicate headers in the **Custom Headers** table. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Output.

Specifying the retry options

- Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
- Configure the retry options for connecting to an HTTP Server. The following table defines the retry options for a connection to an HTTP Server:

Table 2.

Fields	Description
Retry	
1) Wait — secon ds betwe en each retry.	The number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the HTTP Server.
2) Try to conne ct — times before failing .	<p>Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the HTTP Server before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job.</p> <p>If you deploy an orchestration that contains an HTTP Post Request activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified HTTP Server, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job.</p> <p>For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p>

Fields	Description
Activity Timeout	
3) Timeout after _____ seconds when the Endpoint does not respond to a request.	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity making a request on an Endpoint and the time it takes the Endpoint to respond. For the Post Request activity, the activity timeout is the amount of time that the Integration Appliance waits for a response from the HTTP Server after sending a HTTP request, before the Integration Appliance issues a timeout error. An activity timeout is different from a connection timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the endpoint has been established. A connection timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the endpoint and the time it takes for the endpoint to respond to the connection request. You set the connection timeout in HTTP Endpoint tab. For more information about connection timeouts, see Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint .

Mapping the input into the activity

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. The body input parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane of the **Map Inputs** task. The body input parameter is mandatory and at least one variable must be mapped to it. The body input parameter contains the body of the HTTP request message sent to the HTTP server.
2. To view the optional input parameters in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active. The httpheaders and httpConnParameter input parameters display.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpheaders input parameter:

Table 3.

Nodes of the httpheaders Input Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/<configured_header_name>	If you configured at least one request header in Request Headers step, each is displayed here. <configured_header_name> is replaced with the actual header names you selected or entered.
httpheaders/path Parameters	If you configured path parameters in the URL in Configure step, each is displayed here. If no path parameter is specified, this node does not display.
httpheaders/query Parameters	If you configured query parameters in the URL in Configure step, each is displayed here. If no query parameter is specified, this node does not display.

Nodes of the httpheaders Input Parameter	Description
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs. Multiple HTTP header parameters can be specified in the HTTP request, so this is a recurring node.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP header parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP header parameter.

Note: If the Content-Length header is explicitly set using the httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name and httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value, during run time this value is ignored. This activity automatically sets the Content-Length header to the size of the body.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpConnParameter input parameter. You can optionally override the settings you specified in the **Pick Endpoint** task of the **Checklist** dynamically during run time by passing in values from variables into the nodes specified in the following table. For example during run time, you can override the Host Name specified in the endpoint, by mapping a variable to the host node of the httpConnParameter input parameter. During run time, the value of the variable is the host name used to connect the HTTP server.

Table 4.

Nodes of the httpConnParameter Input Parameter	Description	Overrides what settings in the HTTP endpoint?
timeout	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs.	
host	Specifies the host name or IP address of the remote HTTP server.	The host node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the Host Name field of the HTTP endpoint.
port	Specifies the port number of the remote HTTP server.	The port node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the Port field of the HTTP endpoint.
isSecure	Set this boolean equal to true to enable HTTPS - secure HTTP over SSL. Set this boolean equal to false to disable security.	The isSecure node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the Security option in the HTTP endpoint.
username	Specifies the user name for the account used to connect to the HTTP server.	The username node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the User Name field in the HTTP endpoint.
password	Specifies the password for the account used to connect to the HTTP Server.	The password node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the Password field in the HTTP endpoint.

3. Create a map between the orchestration variable or variables and input parameter or parameters. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Mapping the output of the activity

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. The output parameters of the activity are displayed in the From Activity pane of the **Map Outputs** task as described in the following table:

Table 5.

Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders	Specifies the header of the HTTP response.
body	Specifies the body of the HTTP response message.
responsecode	Specifies the HTTP Response Code that is returned from the HTTP Server during run time.
responsemessage	Specifies the message associated with the HTTP Response Code.

The following table defines the nodes of the httpheaders output parameter:

Table 6.


Nodes of the httpheaders Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/<configured_header_name>	If you configured at least one response header in Response Headers step, each is displayed here. <configured_header_name> is replaced with the actual header names you selected or entered.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies a set of name/value pairs that contain the HTTP parameters of the HTTP response. Multiple HTTP parameters can be specified in the HTTP response, so headerItem is a recurring node.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP parameter.

2. Create a map between the output parameter or parameters of the activity and orchestration variable or variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Using certificates with Microsoft Internet Explorer

If you have selected the HTTPS security option in the HTTP endpoint, note that Microsoft Internet Explorer does not recognize a modified certificate and caches the SSL state. If you modify certificates, you must clear the SSL state. To clear the SSL state in Microsoft Internet Explorer:

1. From the Microsoft Internet Explorer toolbar menu, select Tools > Internet Options.... The Internet Options pane is displayed.
2. Click the Content tab.
3. In the **Certificates** section, click Clear SSL State. The SSL Cache Cleared Successfully dialog box is displayed.
4. Click OK and click OK.

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/http_post_request_activity.html

HTTP Get Request activity

The HTTP **Get Request** activity sends a **Get Request** to the specified location (the HTTP endpoint) and receives a HTTP response back from that location.

Adding an HTTP Get Request activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the HTTP folder.
3. Drag the **Get Request** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing an HTTP endpoint

1. Click **Pick Endpoint** task from the **Checklist** and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit a HTTP endpoint. See [Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields and check boxes in this pane as described in the following table:

Table 1.

Field or Check Box	Description
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Field or Check Box	Description
URL (Path after Host name)	<p>Specifies the resource path that the Get Request activity sends the request to, for example: /mypath. The string you specify in this field must exclude the string: http://, the hostname, and the port number of the Integration Appliance. The full URL is automatically constructed from the host name of the Integration Appliance, the port number specified in the HTTP endpoint and the path specified in this field. For example, if the full URL that the Get Request activity sends the request to is http://myAR:myPort/myPath, in this field, you only need to specify the string: /myPath. The specified path must be unique for the Get Request activities that are deployed at the same time on the same Integration Appliance using the same port.</p> <p>To make use of path parameters and query parameters, enter a URL in this format: url/{path}?name1=value1&name2=value2. This allows you to map a string value to the "{path}" parameter and to specify query parameter names: <i>name1</i> and <i>name2</i> in this example. If you choose to declare multiple "{path}" parameters, it is recommended that each parameter has a unique name. Parameters with the same name are represented by only one node in the map. The path parameters will be displayed under /httpheaders/pathParameters in Map Input. And query parameters will be displayed under /httpheaders/queryParameters in Map Input.</p> <p>Note: In the URL, any value you assign to a query parameter is not passed to the mapper. To assign a value to the query parameter, either explicitly map a value to the query parameter in the mapper, or define a default value.</p>
Where Request Message is Of Type	Specifies the message type of the HTTP response - either Text or Binary.
Where Reply Message is Of Type	Specifies the message type of the HTTP reply - either Text or Binary..

Field or Check Box	Description
Stop Processing the Orchestration Job or Continue Processing and Return the HTTP Error code	<p>Specifies the run time behavior of the activity if an error response is returned from the HTTP Server:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Stop Processing the Orchestration Job - Select this option if the orchestration job should stop processing when an error response is received from the HTTP Server during run time. The orchestration stops processing in the HTTP Get Request activity and the activities after the HTTP Get Request activity in the orchestration are not processed and a failed exception is thrown. ○ Continue Processing and Return the HTTP Error code - Select this option if the orchestration job should continue processing when an error response is received from the HTTP Server during run time. The orchestration job should continue processing activities after the HTTP Get Request activity in the orchestration and the error response code and the error response message is returned in the responsecode and responsemessage output parameters, respectively.
Use Compression/Decompression	<p>Specifies if compression/decompression is turned on or off at the activity level. By default, the Use Compression/Decompression check box is clear and compression/decompression is disabled for this activity. Select the Use Compression/Decompression check box to enable compression/decompression for this activity. For more information, see Compression/Decompression with the HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request activity.</p>

Specifying the request headers

1. Select the **Request Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Request Headers** pane is displayed. A **Custom Headers** table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is displayed in the middle and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
2. Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise, enter your own description for your headers.
3. To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and if duplicated headers appear in the **Custom Headers** table, you are prompted to remove them. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Input.

Specifying the response headers

1. Select the **Response Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Response Headers** pane is displayed. A **Custom Headers** table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is

- displayed in the middle, and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
2. Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise, enter your own description for your headers.
 3. To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and if duplicated headers appear in the **Custom Headers** table, you are prompted to remove them. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Output.

Specifying the retry options

1. Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options to connect to an HTTP Server. The following table defines the retry options for connecting to an HTTP Server:

Field	Description
Retry	
1) Wait --- seconds between each retry.	Specifies the amount of time (in seconds) that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the HTTP server.
2) Try to connect --- times before failing .	Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the HTTP Server before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. If you deploy an orchestration that contains an HTTP Get Request activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified HTTP Server, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.
3) Time out after --- seconds when the Endpoint does not respo	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity making a request on an Endpoint and the time it takes the Endpoint to respond. For the HTTP Get Request activity, the activity timeout is the amount of time that the Integration Appliance waits for a response from the HTTP Server after sending a HTTP request, before the Integration Appliance issues a timeout error. An activity timeout is different from a connection timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the endpoint has been established. A connection timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the endpoint and the time it takes for the endpoint to respond to the connection request. You set the connection timeout in HTTP Endpoint tab. For more information about connection timeouts, see, Creating or Editing a Web Services Endpoint .

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Mapping the input into the activity

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. The body input parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane of the **Map Inputs** task. The body input parameter is optional. The body input parameter contains the body of the HTTP response message sent back to the HTTP server.
2. To view the optional input parameter in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active. The `httpheaders` and **httpConnParameter** input parameters are displayed.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional `httpheaders` input parameter:

Table 2.

Nodes of the <code>httpheaders</code> Input Parameter	Description
<code>httpheaders/uri</code>	Specifies the resource path, for example: <code>/myPath</code> .
<code>httpheaders/<configured_header_name></code>	If you configured at least one request header in the Request Headers step, each is displayed here. <code><configured_header_name></code> is replaced with the actual header names you selected or entered.
<code>httpheaders/pathParameters</code>	If you configured path parameters in the URL in the Configure step, each is displayed here. If no path parameter is specified, this node does not display.
<code>httpheaders/queryParameters</code>	If you configured query parameters in the URL in the Configure step, each is displayed here. If no query parameter is specified, this node does not display.
<code>httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem</code>	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs. Multiple HTTP parameters can be specified in the HTTP response, so this is a recurring node.
<code>httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name</code>	Specifies the name of the HTTP header parameter.
<code>httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value</code>	Specifies the value of the HTTP parameter.

Note: If the Content-Length header is explicitly set using the `httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name` and `httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value`, this value is ignored during run time. This activity automatically sets the Content-Length header to the size of the body.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional `httpConnParameter` input parameter. You can optionally override the settings you specified in the Pick Endpoint task of the Checklist dynamically during run time by passing in values from variables into the nodes specified in the following table. For example during run time, you can override the Host Name specified in the endpoint, by mapping a variable to the host node of the `httpConnParameter` input parameter. During run time, the value of the variable is the host name used to connect the HTTP server.

Table 3.

Nodes of the httpConnParameter Input Parameter	Description	Overrides what settings in the HTTP endpoint?
timeout	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs.	
host	Specifies the host name or IP address of the remote HTTP server.	The host node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the Host Name field of the HTTP endpoint.
port	Specifies the port number of the remote HTTP server.	The port node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the Port field of the HTTP endpoint.
isSecure	Set this boolean equal to true to enable HTTPS - secure HTTP over SSL. Set this boolean equal to false to disable security.	The <code>isSecure</code> node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the Security option in the HTTP endpoint.
username	Specifies the user name for the account used to connect to the HTTP server.	The username node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the User Name field in the HTTP endpoint.
password	Specifies the password for the account used to connect to the HTTP Server.	The password node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the Password field in the HTTP endpoint.

3. Create a map between the orchestration variable or variables and the input parameter or parameters. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping

Mapping the output of the activity

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. The output parameters of the activity are displayed in the From Activity pane of the **Map Outputs** task as described in the following table:

Table 4.

Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders	Specifies the header of the HTTP request.
body	Specifies the body of the HTTP request message.
responsecode	Specifies the HTTP Response Code that is returned from the HTTP Server during run time.
responsemessage	Specifies the message associated with the HTTP Response Code.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional `httpheaders` output parameter.

Table 5.

Nodes of the httpheaders Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path of the incoming request, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/<configured_header_name>	If you configured at least one response header in Response Headers step, each is displayed here. <configured_header_name> is replaced with the actual header names you selected or entered.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs. Multiple HTTP header parameters can be specified in the HTTP request, so this is a recurring node.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP header parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP header parameter.

2. Create a map between the output parameter or parameters of the activity and orchestration variable or variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.


Using certificates with Microsoft Internet Explorer

If you have selected the HTTPS security option in the HTTP endpoint, note that Microsoft Internet Explorer does not recognize a modified certificate and caches the SSL state. If you modify certificates, you must clear the SSL state. To clear the SSL state in Microsoft Internet Explorer:

1. From the Microsoft Internet Explorer toolbar menu, select Tools > Internet Options.... The Internet Options pane is displayed.
2. Click the Content tab.
3. In the **Certificates** section, click Clear SSL State. The SSL Cache Cleared Successfully dialog box is displayed.
4. Click OK and click OK.

Parent topic: [HTTP Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/http_get_request_activity.html

HTTP Head Request activity

The HTTP **Head Request** activity sends a **Head Request** to the specified location (the HTTP endpoint) and receives a HTTP response back from that location.

Adding an HTTP Head Request activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the HTTP folder.
3. Drag the **Head Request** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing an HTTP endpoint

1. Click **Pick Endpoint** task from the **Checklist** and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit a HTTP endpoint. See [Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields and check boxes in this pane as described in the following table:

Table 1.

Field or Check Box	Description
URL (Path after Host name)	<p>Specifies the resource path that the Head Request activity sends the request to, for example: /myPath. The string you specify in this field must exclude the string: http://, the hostname and the port number of the Integration Appliance. The full URL is automatically constructed from the host name of the Integration Appliance, the port number specified in the HTTP endpoint and the path specified in this field. For example, if the full URL that the Head Request activity sends the request to is http://myAR:myPort/myPath, in this field you only need to specify the string: /myPath. The specified path must be unique for the Head Request activities that are deployed at the same time on the same Integration Appliance using the same port.</p> <p>To make use of path parameters and query parameters, enter a URL in this format: url/{path}?name1=value1&name2=value2. This allows you to map a string value to the "{path}" parameter and to specify query parameter names: <i>name1</i> and <i>name2</i> in this example. If you choose to declare multiple "{path}" parameters, each parameter should have a unique name. Parameters with the same name are represented by only one node in the map. The path parameters are displayed under /httpheaders/pathParameters in Map Input. And query parameters will be displayed under /httpheaders/queryParameters in Map Input.</p> <p>Note: In the URL, any value you assign to a query parameter is not passed to the mapper. To assign a value to the query parameter, either explicitly map a value to the query parameter in the mapper, or define a default value.</p>

Field or Check Box	Description
Where Request Message is Of Type	Specifies the expected message type of the HTTP response - either Text or Binary.
Stop Processing the Orchestration Job or Continue Processing and Return the HTTP Error code	<p>Specifies the run time behavior of the activity if an error response is returned from the HTTP Server:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Stop Processing the Orchestration Job - Select this option if the orchestration job should stop processing when an error response is received from the HTTP Server during run time. The orchestration stops processing in the Head Request activity and the activities after the Head Request activity in the orchestration are not processed and a failed exception is thrown. ○ Continue Processing and Return the HTTP Error code - Select this option if the orchestration job should continue processing when an error response is received from the HTTP Server during run time. The orchestration job should continue processing activities after the Head Request activity in the orchestration and the error response code and the error response message is returned in the responsecode and responsemessage output parameters, respectively.
Use Compression/Decompression	<p>Specifies if compression/decompression is turned on or off at the activity level. By default, the Use Compression/Decompression check box is clear and compression/decompression is disabled for this activity. Select the Use Compression/Decompression check box to enable compression/decompression for this activity. For more information, see Compression/Decompression with the HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request activity.</p>

Specifying the request headers

1. Select the **Request Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Request Headers** pane is displayed. A **Custom Headers** table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is displayed in the middle and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
2. Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise enter your own description for your headers.

- To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Note that duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and you may be prompted to remove any duplicate headers in the **Custom Headers** table. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Input.

Specifying the response headers

- Select the **Response Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Response Headers** pane is displayed. A Custom Headers table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is displayed in the middle, and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
- Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise enter your own description for your headers.
- To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Note that duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and you are prompted to remove any duplicate headers in the **Custom Headers** table. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Output.

Specifying the retry options

- Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
- Configure the retry options to connect to an HTTP Server. The following table defines the retry options for connecting to an HTTP Server:

Field	Description
Retry	
1) Wait --- secon ds betwe en each retry.	Specifies the amount of time (in seconds) that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the HTTP server.
2) Try to conne ct ___ times before failing .	Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the HTTP Server before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. If you deploy an orchestration that contains an HTTP Head Request activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified HTTP Server, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.
3) Time out after ---	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity making a request on an Endpoint and the time it takes the Endpoint to respond. For the HTTP Head Request activity, the activity timeout is the amount of time that the Integration Appliance waits for a response from the HTTP Server after sending a HTTP request, before the Integration Appliance issues a timeout error. An activity timeout is different from a connection

seconds when the Endpoint does not respond to a request.	timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the endpoint has been established. A connection timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the endpoint and the time it takes for the endpoint to respond to the connection request. You set the connection timeout in HTTP Endpoint tab. For more information about connection timeouts, see, Creating or Editing a Web Services Endpoint .
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Mapping the input into the activity

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. The body input parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane of the **Map Inputs** task. The body input parameter is optional. The body input parameter contains the body of the HTTP response message sent back to the HTTP server.
2. To view the optional input parameter in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active. The `httpheaders` and `httpConnParameter` input parameters are displayed.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional `httpheaders` input parameter:

Table 2.

Nodes of the <code>httpheaders</code> Input Parameter	Description
<code>httpheaders/uri</code>	Specifies the resource path, for example: <code>/myPath</code> .
<code>httpheaders/<configured_header_name></code>	If you configured at least one request header in Request Headers step, each one of them will be displayed here. <code><configured_header_name></code> will be replaced with the actual header names you selected or entered.
<code>httpheaders/pathParameters</code>	If you configured path parameters in the URL in the Configure step, each is displayed here. If no path parameter is specified, this node does not display.
<code>httpheaders/queryParameters</code>	If you configured query parameters in the URL in Configure step, each is displayed here. If no query parameter is specified, this node does not display.
<code>httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem</code>	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs for the HTTP response. Multiple HTTP parameters can be specified in the HTTP response, so this is a recurring node.
<code>httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name</code>	Specifies the name of the HTTP parameter.
<code>httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value</code>	Specifies the value of the HTTP parameter.

Note: If the Content-Length header is explicitly set using the `httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name` and `httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value`, during run time this value is ignored. This activity automatically sets the Content-Length header to the size of the body.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional `httpConnParameter` input parameter. You can optionally override the settings you specified in the Pick Endpoint task of the Checklist dynamically during run time by passing in values from variables into the nodes specified in the following table. For example during run time, you can override the Host Name specified in the endpoint, by mapping a variable to the host node of the `httpConnParameter` input parameter. During run time, the value of the variable is the host name used to connect the HTTP server.

Table 3.

Nodes of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> Input Parameter	Description	Overrides what settings in the HTTP endpoint?
timeout	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs.	
host	Specifies the host name or IP address of the remote HTTP server.	The host node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the Host Name field of the HTTP endpoint.
port	Specifies the port number of the remote HTTP server.	The port node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the Port field of the HTTP endpoint.
isSecure	Set this boolean equal to true to enable HTTPS - secure HTTP over SSL. Set this boolean equal to false to disable security.	The <code>isSecure</code> node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the Security option in the HTTP endpoint.
username	Specifies the user name for the account used to connect to the HTTP server.	The username node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the User Name field in the HTTP endpoint.
password	Specifies the password for the account used to connect to the HTTP Server.	The password node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the Password field in the HTTP endpoint.

3. Create a map between the orchestration variable or variables and the input parameter or parameters. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping

Mapping the output of the activity

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. The output parameters of the activity are displayed in the From Activity pane of the **Map Outputs** task as described in the following table:

Table 4.

Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders	Specifies the header of the HTTP request.
body	Specifies the body of the HTTP request message.

Output Parameter	Description
responsecode	Specifies the HTTP Response Code that is returned from the HTTP Server during run time.
responsemessage	Specifies the message associated with the HTTP Response Code.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpheaders output parameter.

Table 5.

Nodes of the httpheaders Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path of the incoming request, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/<configured_header_name>	If you configured at least one response header in Response Headers step, each is displayed here. <configured_header_name>will be replaced with the actual header names you selected or entered.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs. Multiple HTTP header parameters can be specified in the HTTP request, so this is a recurring node.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP header parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP header parameter.

2. Create a map between the output parameter or parameters of the activity and orchestration variable or variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.


Using certificates with Microsoft Internet Explorer

If you have selected the HTTPS security option in the HTTP endpoint, note that Microsoft Internet Explorer does not recognize a modified certificate and caches the SSL state. If you modify certificates, you must clear the SSL state. To clear the SSL state in Microsoft Internet Explorer:

1. From the Microsoft Internet Explorer toolbar menu, select Tools > Internet Options.... The Internet Options pane is displayed.
2. Click the Content tab.
3. In the **Certificates** section, click Clear SSL State. The SSL Cache Cleared Successfully dialog box is displayed.
4. Click OK and click OK.

Parent topic: [HTTP Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

HTTP Invoke Request activity

The HTTP **Invoke Request** activity sends a HTTP request to the specified location, the HTTP endpoint, and receives a HTTP response back from that location.

Adding an HTTP Invoke Request activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the HTTP folder.
3. Drag the **Invoke Request** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing an HTTP endpoint

1. Click **Pick Endpoint** task from the **Checklist** and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit a HTTP endpoint, see [Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields and check boxes in this pane as described in the following table:

Table 1.

Field or Check Box	Description
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Field or Check Box	Description
URL (Path after Host name)	<p>Specifies the resource path that the Invoke Request activity sends the request to, for example: /mypath. The string you specify in this field must exclude the string: http://, the host name, and the port number of the Integration Appliance. The full URL is automatically constructed from the host name of the Integration Appliance, the port number specified in the HTTP endpoint, and the path specified in this field. For example, if the full URL that the Invoke Request activity sends the request to is http://myAR:myPort/myPath, in this field you only need to specify the string: /myPath. The specified path must be unique for the Invoke Request activities that are deployed at the same time on the same Integration Appliance using the same port.</p> <p>To make use of path parameters and query parameters, enter a URL in this format: url/{path}?name1=value1&name2=value2. This allows you to map a string value to the "{path}" parameter and to specify query parameter names: <i>name1</i> and <i>name2</i> in this example. If you choose to declare multiple "{path}" parameters, it is recommended that each parameter has a unique name. Parameters with the same name are represented by only one node in the map. The path parameters are displayed under /httpheaders/pathParameters in Map Input. Query parameters are displayed under /httpheaders/queryParameters in Map Input.</p> <p>Note: In the URL, any value you assign to a query parameter is not passed to the mapper. To assign a value to the query parameter, either explicitly map a value to the query parameter in the mapper, or define a default value.</p>
Where Request Message is Of Type	Specifies the expected message type of the HTTP request - either Text or Binary.
Where Reply Message is Of Type	Specifies the message type of the HTTP reply - either Text or Binary.

Field or Check Box	Description
Stop Processing the Orchestration Job or Continue Processing and Return the HTTP Error code	<p>Specifies the run time behavior of the activity if an error response is returned from the HTTP Server:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Stop Processing the Orchestration Job - Select this option if the orchestration job should stop processing when an error response is received from the HTTP Server during run time. The orchestration stops processing in the Invoke Request activity and the activities after the Invoke Request activity in the orchestration are not processed and a failed exception is thrown. ○ Continue Processing and Return the HTTP Error code - Select this option if the orchestration job should continue processing when an error response is received from the HTTP Server during run time. The orchestration job should continue processing activities after the Invoke Request activity in the orchestration and the error response code and the error response message is returned in the responsecode and responsemessage output parameters, respectively.
Use Compression/Decompression	<p>Specifies if compression/decompression is turned on or off at the activity level. By default, the Use Compression/Decompression check box is clear and compression/decompression is disabled for this activity. Select the Use Compression/Decompression check box to enable compression/decompression for this activity. For more information, see Compression/Decompression with the HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request activity.</p>

Specifying the request headers

1. Select the **Request Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Request Headers** pane is displayed. A **Custom Headers** table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is displayed in the middle and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
2. Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise enter your own description for your headers.
3. To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Note that duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and you are prompted to remove any duplicate headers in the **Custom Headers** table. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Input.

Specifying the response headers

1. Select the **Response Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Response Headers** pane is displayed. A **Custom Headers** table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is displayed in the middle and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
2. Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise enter your own description for your headers.
3. To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Note that duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and you are prompted to remove any duplicate headers in the **Custom Headers** table. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Output.

Specifying the retry options

1. Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to an HTTP Server. The following table defines the retry options for a connection to an HTTP Server:

Table 2.

Fields	Description
Retry	
1) Wait -- secon ds betwe en each retry.	The number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the HTTP Server.
2) Try to conne ct -- times before failing .	<p>Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the HTTP Server before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job.</p> <p>If you deploy an orchestration that contains an HTTP Post Request activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified HTTP Server, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job.</p> <p>For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p>
Activi ty Timeo ut	

Fields	Description
3) Time out after ____ secon ds when the Endpo int does not respo nd to a reque st.	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity making a request on an Endpoint and the time it takes the Endpoint to respond. For the Invoke Request activity, the activity timeout is the amount of time that the Integration Appliance waits for a response from the HTTP Server after sending a HTTP request, before the Integration Appliance issues a timeout error. An activity timeout is different from a connection timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the endpoint has been established. A connection timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the endpoint and the time it takes for the endpoint to respond to the connection request. You set the connection timeout in HTTP Endpoint tab. For more information about connection timeouts, see Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint .

Mapping the input into the activity

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. The body input parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane of the **Map Inputs** task. The body input parameter is mandatory and at least one variable must be mapped to it. The body input parameter contains the body of the HTTP request message sent to the HTTP server.
2. To view the optional input parameters in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active. The httpheaders and httpConnParameter input parameters display.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpheaders input parameter:

Table 3.

Nodes of the httpheaders Input Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/method	Specifies the type of HTTP request. If no value is mapped, the default method is POST.
httpheaders/<configured_header_name>	If you configured at least one request header in Request Headers step, each is displayed here. <configured_header_name> is replaced with the actual header names you selected or entered
httpheaders/pathParameters	If you configured path parameters in the URL in Configure step, each is displayed here. If no path parameter is specified, this node does not display.
httpheaders/queryParameters	If you configured query parameters in the URL in Configure step, each is displayed here. If no query parameter is specified, this node does not display.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs. Multiple HTTP header parameters can be specified in the HTTP request, so this is a recurring node.

Nodes of the httpheaders Input Parameter	Description
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP header parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP header parameter.

Note: If the Content-Length header is explicitly set using the httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name and httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value, during run time this value is ignored. This activity automatically sets the Content-Length header to the size of the body.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpConnParameter input parameter. You can optionally override the settings you specified in the **Pick Endpoint** task of the **Checklist** dynamically during run time by passing in values from variables into the nodes specified in the following table. For example during run time, you can override the Host Name specified in the endpoint, by mapping a variable to the host node of the httpConnParameter input parameter. During run time, the value of the variable is the host name used to connect the HTTP server.

Table 4.

Nodes of the httpConnParameter Input Parameter	Description	Overrides what settings in the HTTP endpoint?
timeout	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs.	
host	Specifies the host name or IP address of the remote HTTP server.	The host node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the Host Name field of the HTTP endpoint.
port	Specifies the port number of the remote HTTP server.	The port node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the Port field of the HTTP endpoint.
isSecure	Set this boolean equal to true to enable HTTPS - secure HTTP over SSL. Set this boolean equal to false to disable security.	The isSecure node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the Security option in the HTTP endpoint.
username	Specifies the user name for the account used to connect to the HTTP server.	The username node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the User Name field in the HTTP endpoint.
password	Specifies the password for the account used to connect to the HTTP Server.	The password node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the Password field in the HTTP endpoint.

3. Create a map between the orchestration variable or variables and input parameter or parameters. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Mapping the output of the activity

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. The output parameters of the activity are displayed in the From Activity pane of the **Map Outputs** task as described in the following table:

Table 5.

Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders	Specifies the header of the HTTP response.
body	Specifies the body of the HTTP response message.
responsecode	Specifies the HTTP Response Code that is returned from the HTTP Server during run time.
responsemessage	Specifies the message associated with the HTTP Response Code.

The following table defines the nodes of the httpheaders output parameter:

Table 6.


Nodes of the httpheaders Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/method	Specifies the type of HTTP response.
httpheaders/<configured_header_name>	If you configured at least one response header in Response Headers step, each is displayed here. <configured_header_name> is replaced with the actual header names you selected or entered.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies a set of name/value pairs that contain the HTTP parameters of the HTTP response. Multiple HTTP parameters can be specified in the HTTP response, so headerItem is a recurring node.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP parameter.

2. Create a map between the output parameter or parameters of the activity and orchestration variable or variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Using certificates with Microsoft Internet Explorer

If you have selected the HTTPS security option in the HTTP endpoint, note that Microsoft Internet Explorer does not recognize a modified certificate and caches the SSL state. If you modify certificates, you must clear the SSL state. To clear the SSL state in Microsoft Internet Explorer:

1. From the Microsoft Internet Explorer toolbar menu, select Tools > Internet Options.... The Internet Options pane is displayed.
2. Click the Content tab.
3. In the **Certificates** section, click Clear SSL State. The SSL Cache Cleared Successfully dialog box is displayed.
4. Click OK and click OK.

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/http_invoke_request_activity.html

HTTP Put Request activity

The HTTP **Put Request** activity sends a **Put Request** to the specified location (the HTTP endpoint) and receives a HTTP response back from that location.

Adding an HTTP Put Request activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the HTTP folder.
3. Drag the **Put Request** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing an HTTP endpoint

1. Click **Pick Endpoint** task from the **Checklist** and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit a HTTP endpoint. See [Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields and check boxes in this pane as described in the following table:

Table 1.

Field or Check Box	Description
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Field or Check Box	Description
URL (Path after Host name)	<p>Specifies the resource path that the Put Request activity sends the request to, for example: /mypath. The string you specify in this field must exclude the string: http://, the hostname and the port number of the Integration Appliance. The full URL is automatically constructed from the host name of the Integration Appliance, the port number specified in the HTTP endpoint and the path specified in this field. For example, if the full URL that the Put Request activity sends the request to is http://myAR:myPort/myPath, in this field you only need to specify the string: /myPath. The specified path must be unique for the Put Request activities that are deployed at the same time on the same Integration Appliance using the same port.</p> <p>To make use of path parameters and query parameters, enter a URL in this format, "url/{path}?name1=value1&name2=value2". This allows you to map a string value to the "{path}" parameter and to specify query parameter names: "name1" and "name2" in this example. If you choose to declare multiple "{path}" parameters, it is recommended that each parameter has a unique name. Parameters with the same name are represented by only one node in the map. The path parameters will be displayed under /httpheaders/pathParameters in Map Input. And query parameters will be displayed under /httpheaders/queryParameters in Map Input.</p> <p>Note: In the URL, any value you assign to a query parameter is not passed to the mapper. To assign a value to the query parameter, either explicitly map a value to the query parameter in the mapper, or define a default value.</p>
Where Request Message is Of Type	Specifies the message type of the HTTP response - either Text or Binary.
Where Reply Message is Of Type	Specifies the message type of the HTTP reply - either Text or Binary..

Field or Check Box	Description
Stop Processing the Orchestration Job or Continue Processing and Return the HTTP Error code	<p>Specifies the run time behavior of the activity if an error response is returned from the HTTP Server:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Stop Processing the Orchestration Job - Select this option if the orchestration job should stop processing when an error response is received from the HTTP Server during run time. The orchestration stops processing in the Put Request activity and the activities after the Put Request activity in the orchestration are not processed and a failed exception is thrown. ○ Continue Processing and Return the HTTP Error code - Select this option if the orchestration job should continue processing when an error response is received from the HTTP Server during run time. The orchestration job should continue processing activities after the Put Request activity in the orchestration and the error response code and the error response message is returned in the responsecode and responsemessage output parameters, respectively.
Use Compression/Decompression	<p>Specifies if compression/decompression is turned on or off at the activity level. By default, the Use Compression/Decompression check box is clear and compression/decompression is disabled for this activity. Select the Use Compression/Decompression check box to enable compression/decompression for this activity. For more information, see Compression/Decompression with the HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request activity.</p>

Specifying the request headers

1. Select the **Request Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Request Headers** pane is displayed. A **Custom Headers** table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is displayed in the middle and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
2. Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise, enter your own description for your headers.
3. To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Note that duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and you are prompted to remove any duplicate headers in the **Custom Headers** table. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Input.

Specifying the response headers

1. Select the **Response Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Response Headers** pane is displayed. A **Custom Headers** table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is

- displayed in the middle, and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
2. Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise, enter your own description for your headers.
 3. To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Note that duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and you may be prompted to remove any duplicate headers in the **Custom Headers** table. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Output.

Specifying the retry options

1. Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options to connect to an HTTP Server. The following table defines the retry options for connecting to an HTTP Server:

Field	Description
Retry	
1) Wait --- seconds between each retry.	Specifies the amount of time (in seconds) that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the HTTP server.
2) Try to connect --- times before failing .	Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the HTTP Server before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. If you deploy an orchestration that contains an HTTP Put Request activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified HTTP Server, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.
3) Time out after --- seconds when the Endpoint does not respo	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity making a request on an Endpoint and the time it takes the Endpoint to respond. For the HTTP Put Request activity, the activity timeout is the amount of time that the Integration Appliance waits for a response from the HTTP Server after sending a HTTP request, before the Integration Appliance issues a timeout error. An activity timeout is different from a connection timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the endpoint has been established. A connection timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the endpoint and the time it takes for the endpoint to respond to the connection request. You set the connection timeout in HTTP Endpoint tab. For more information about connection timeout, see Creating or Editing a Web Services Endpoint .

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Mapping the input into the activity

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. The body input parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane of the **Map Inputs** task. The body input parameter is mandatory and at least one variable must be mapped to it. The body input parameter contains the body of the HTTP response message sent back to the HTTP server.
2. To view the optional input parameter in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active. The **httpheaders** and **httpConnParameter** input parameters are displayed.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpheaders input parameter:

Table 2.

Nodes of the httpheaders Input Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/<configured_header_name>	If you configured at least one request header in Request Headers step, each is displayed here. <configured_header_name> is replaced with the actual header names you selected or entered.
httpheaders/pathParameters	If you configured path parameters in the URL in Configure step, each is displayed here. If no path parameter is specified, this node does not display.
httpheaders/queryParameters	If you configured query parameters in the URL in Configure step, each one of them will be displayed here. If no query parameter is specified, this node does not display.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs for the HTTP response. Multiple HTTP parameters can be specified in the HTTP response, so this is a recurring node.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP parameter.

Note: If the Content-Length header is explicitly set using the `httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name` and `httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value`, during run time this value is ignored. This activity automatically sets the Content-Length header to the size of the body.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpConnParameter input parameter. You can optionally override the settings you specified in the Pick Endpoint task of the Checklist dynamically during run time by passing in values from variables into the nodes specified in the following table. For example during run time, you can override the Host Name specified in the endpoint, by mapping a variable to the host node of the httpConnParameter input parameter. During run time, the value of the variable is the host name used to connect the HTTP server.

Table 3.

Nodes of the httpConnParameter Input Parameter	Description	Overrides what settings in the HTTP endpoint?
timeout	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs.	
host	Specifies the host name or IP address of the remote HTTP server.	The host node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the Host Name field of the HTTP endpoint.
port	Specifies the port number of the remote HTTP server.	The port node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the Port field of the HTTP endpoint.
isSecure	Set this boolean equal to true to enable HTTPS - secure HTTP over SSL. Set this boolean equal to false to disable security.	The isSecure node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the Security option in the HTTP endpoint.
username	Specifies the user name for the account used to connect to the HTTP server.	The username node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the User Name field in the HTTP endpoint.
password	Specifies the password for the account used to connect to the HTTP Server.	The password node of the httpConnParameter input parameter overrides the Password field in the HTTP endpoint.

3. Create a map between the orchestration variable or variables and the input parameter or parameters. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping

Mapping the output of the activity

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. The output parameters of the activity are displayed in the From Activity pane of the **Map Outputs** task as described in the following table:

Table 4.

Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders	Specifies the header of the HTTP request.
body	Specifies the body of the HTTP request message.
responsecode	Specifies the HTTP Response Code that is returned from the HTTP Server during run time.
responsemessage	Specifies the message associated with the HTTP Response Code.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpheaders output parameter.

Table 5.

Nodes of the httpheaders Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path of the incoming request, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/<configured_header_name>	If you configured at least one response header in Response Headers step, each is displayed here. <configured_header_name> is replaced with the actual header names you selected or entered.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs. Multiple HTTP header parameters can be specified in the HTTP request, so this is a recurring node.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP header parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP header parameter.

2. Create a map between the output parameter or parameters of the activity and orchestration variable or variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.


Using certificates with Microsoft Internet Explorer

If you have selected the HTTPS security option in the HTTP endpoint, note that Microsoft Internet Explorer does not recognize a modified certificate and caches the SSL state. If you modify certificates, you must clear the SSL state. To clear the SSL state in Microsoft Internet Explorer:

1. From the Microsoft Internet Explorer toolbar menu, select Tools > Internet Options.... The Internet Options pane is displayed.
2. Click the Content tab.
3. In the **Certificates** section, click Clear SSL State. The SSL Cache Cleared Successfully dialog box is displayed.
4. Click OK and click OK.

Parent topic: [HTTP Activities](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/http_put_request_activity.html

HTTP Delete Request activity

The HTTP **Delete Request** activity sends a **Delete Request** to the specified location (the HTTP endpoint) and receives a HTTP response back from that location.

Adding an HTTP Delete Request activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the HTTP folder.
3. Drag the **Delete Request** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing an HTTP endpoint

1. Click **Pick Endpoint** task from the **Checklist** and choose from one of the following actions:
 - Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit a HTTP endpoint. See [Creating or editing an HTTP endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields and check boxes in this pane as described in the following table:

Table 1.

Field or Check Box	Description
URL (Path after Host nam e)	<p>Specifies the resource path that the Delete Request activity sends the request to, for example: /myPath. The string you specify in this field must exclude the string: http://, the hostname, and the port number of the Integration Appliance. The full URL is automatically constructed from the host name of the Integration Appliance, the port number specified in the HTTP endpoint and the path specified in this field. For example, if the full URL that the Delete Request activity sends the request to is http://myAR:myPort/myPath, in this field you only need to specify the string: /myPath. The specified path must be unique for the Delete Request activities that are deployed at the same time on the same Integration Appliance using the same port.</p> <p>To make use of path parameters and query parameters, enter a URL in this format, "url/{path}?name1=value1&name2=value2". This allows you to map a string value to the "{path}" parameter and to specify query parameter names: <i>name1</i> and <i>name2</i> in this example. If you choose to declare multiple "{path}" parameters, each parameter should have a unique name. Parameters with the same name are represented by only one node in the map. The path parameters are displayed under /httpheaders/pathParameters in Map Input. Query parameters are displayed under /httpheaders/queryParameters in Map Input.</p> <p>Note: In the URL, any value you assign to a query parameter is not passed to the mapper. To assign a value to the query parameter, either explicitly map a value to the query parameter in the mapper, or define a default value.</p>

Field or Check Box	Description
Where Request Message is Of Type	Specifies the message type of the HTTP response - either Text or Binary.
Where Reply Message is Of Type	Specifies the message type of the HTTP reply - either Text or Binary.
Stop Processing the Orchestration Job or Continue Processing and Return the HTTP Error code	<p>Specifies the run time behavior of the activity if an error response is returned from the HTTP Server:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Stop Processing the Orchestration Job - Select this option if the orchestration job should stop processing when an error response is received from the HTTP Server during run time. The orchestration stops processing in the Delete Request activity and the activities after the Delete Request activity in the orchestration are not processed and a failed exception is thrown. ○ Continue Processing and Return the HTTP Error code - Select this option if the orchestration job should continue processing when an error response is received from the HTTP Server during run time. The orchestration job should continue processing activities after the Post Request activity in the orchestration and the error response code and the error response message is returned in the responsecode and responsemessage output parameters, respectively.
Use Compression/Decompression	<p>Specifies if compression/decompression is turned on or off at the activity level. By default, the Use Compression/Decompression check box is clear and compression/decompression is disabled for this activity. Select the Use Compression/Decompression check box to enable compression/decompression for this activity. For more information, see Compression/Decompression with the HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request activity</p>

Specifying the request headers

1. Select the **Request Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Request Headers** pane is displayed. A **Custom Headers** table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is displayed in the middle and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
2. Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise enter your own description for your headers.
3. To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Note that duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and you are prompted to remove any duplicate headers in the **Custom Headers** table. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Input.

Specifying the response headers

1. Select the **Response Headers** task from the Checklist. The **Response Headers** pane is displayed. A **Custom Headers** table is displayed at the top, a **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox is displayed in the middle, and a **Standard Headers** table is displayed at the bottom.
2. Click the **Add** button to add a header to the **Custom Headers** table. Click on the new entry to enter a header name or select a header name from the drop down list. If the header name is a pre-defined header name, a description is displayed in the **Description** column, otherwise enter your own description for your headers.
3. To use the pre-defined standard headers, check the **Include pre-defined standard headers** checkbox. Note that duplicate header names are not allowed (ignoring the case difference) and you are prompted to remove any duplicate headers in the **Custom Headers** table. The selected HTTP headers are displayed under /httpheaders in Map Output.

Specifying the retry options

1. Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The **Retry** pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options to connect to an HTTP Server. The following table defines the retry options for connecting to an HTTP Server:

Field	Description
Retry	
1) Wait ____ seconds between each retry.	Specifies the amount of time (in seconds) that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the HTTP server.
2) Try to connect ____ times before	Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the HTTP Server before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. If you deploy an orchestration that contains an HTTP Delete Request activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified HTTP Server, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops

<p>processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p>
<p>3) Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity making a request on an Endpoint and the time it takes the Endpoint to respond. For the HTTP Delete Request activity, the activity timeout is the amount of time that the Integration Appliance waits for a response from the HTTP Server after sending a HTTP request, before the Integration Appliance issues a timeout error. An activity timeout is different from a connection timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the endpoint has been established. A connection timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the endpoint and the time it takes for the endpoint to respond to the connection request. You set the connection timeout in HTTP Endpoint tab. For more information about connection timeouts, see, Creating or Editing a Web Services Endpoint.</p>

Mapping the input into the activity

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. The body input parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane of the **Map Inputs** task. The body input parameter is optional. The body input parameter contains the body of the HTTP response message sent back to the HTTP server.
2. To view the optional input parameter in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active. The **httpheaders** and **httpConnParameter** input parameters are displayed.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpheaders input parameter:

Table 2.

Nodes of the httpheaders Input Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/<configured_header_name>	If you configured at least one request header in Request Headers step, each is displayed here. <configured_header_name> is replaced with the actual header names you selected or entered.
httpheaders/pathParameters	If you configured path parameters in the URL in Configure step, each is displayed here. If no path parameter is specified, this node does not display.
httpheaders/query Parameters	If you configured query parameters in the URL in Configure step, each one of them will be displayed here. If no query parameter is specified, this node does not display.

Nodes of the httpheaders Input Parameter	Description
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs for the HTTP response. Multiple HTTP parameters can be specified in the HTTP response, so this is a recurring node.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP parameter.

Note: If the Content-Length header is explicitly set using the `httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name` and `httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value`, during run time this value is ignored. This activity automatically sets the Content-Length header to the size of the body.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional `httpConnParameter` input parameter. You can optionally override the settings you specified in the Pick Endpoint task of the Checklist dynamically during run time by passing in values from variables into the nodes specified in the following table. For example during run time, you can override the Host Name specified in the endpoint, by mapping a variable to the host node of the `httpConnParameter` input parameter. During run time, the value of the variable is the host name used to connect the HTTP server.

Table 3.

Nodes of the httpConnParameter Input Parameter	Description	Overrides what settings in the HTTP endpoint?
timeout	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs.	
host	Specifies the host name or IP address of the remote HTTP server.	The host node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the Host Name field of the HTTP endpoint.
port	Specifies the port number of the remote HTTP server.	The port node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the Port field of the HTTP endpoint.
isSecure	Set this boolean equal to true to enable HTTPS - secure HTTP over SSL. Set this boolean equal to false to disable security.	The <code>isSecure</code> node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the Security option in the HTTP endpoint.
username	Specifies the user name for the account used to connect to the HTTP server.	The <code>username</code> node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the User Name field in the HTTP endpoint.
password	Specifies the password for the account used to connect to the HTTP Server.	The <code>password</code> node of the <code>httpConnParameter</code> input parameter overrides the Password field in the HTTP endpoint.

3. Create a map between the orchestration variable or variables and the input parameter or parameters. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping

Mapping the output of the activity

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. The output parameters of the activity are displayed in the From Activity pane of the **Map Outputs** task as described in the following table:

Table 4.

Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders	Specifies the header of the HTTP request.
body	Specifies the body of the HTTP request message.
responsecode	Specifies the HTTP Response Code that is returned from the HTTP Server during run time.
responsemessage	Specifies the message associated with the HTTP Response Code.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpheaders output parameter.

Table 5.


Nodes of the httpheaders Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path of the incoming request, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/<configured_header_name>	If you configured at least one response header in Response Headers step, each is displayed here. <configured_header_name> is replaced with the actual header names you selected or entered.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs. Multiple HTTP header parameters can be specified in the HTTP request, so this is a recurring node.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP header parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP header parameter.

2. Create a map between the output parameter or parameters of the activity and orchestration variable or variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Using certificates with Microsoft Internet Explorer

If you have selected the HTTPS security option in the HTTP endpoint, note that Microsoft Internet Explorer does not recognize a modified certificate and caches the SSL state. If you modify certificates, you must clear the SSL state. To clear the SSL state in Microsoft Internet Explorer:

1. From the Microsoft Internet Explorer toolbar menu, select Tools > Internet Options.... The Internet Options pane is displayed.
2. Click the Content tab.
3. In the **Certificates** section, click Clear SSL State. The SSL Cache Cleared Successfully dialog box is displayed.
4. Click OK and click OK.

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/http_delete_request_activity.html

Compression/Decompression with the HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request activity

During runtime, the **HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request** activity sends a HTTP request compliant with the HTTP/HTTPS 1.1 protocol to the HTTP Server.

Note: The **HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request** activity supports compression/decompression with the gzip or the deflate formats. It does not support the common UNIX file compression format called compress.

The compression/decompression runtime behavior of the **HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request** activity is dependant on the following conditions:

- [If the endpoint supports compression/decompression](#)
- [The values of the Content-Encoding and Accept-Encoding headers at the message level](#)
- [The setting of the Use Compression/Decompression check box at the activity level](#)

The affect of these conditions on the compression/decompression runtime behavior of the **HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request** activity are described in the following sections and in the tables provided in the [Runtime Compression/Decompression Behavior](#) section.

Endpoint support for compression/decompression

The Integration Appliance determines whether or not the HTTP Endpoint supports compression when the Integration Appliance sends the first HTTP request in the compressed format to the HTTP Endpoint (the HTTP Server), if the HTTP Server returns an error code indicating that HTTP Server does not support compression or does not support the specified Content-Encoding type, the Integration Appliance re-sends the first request in uncompressed format and all subsequent requests to this Endpoint are sent in the uncompressed format. In addition, the HTTP response sent by the HTTP Server is not decompressed when received by Integration Appliance.

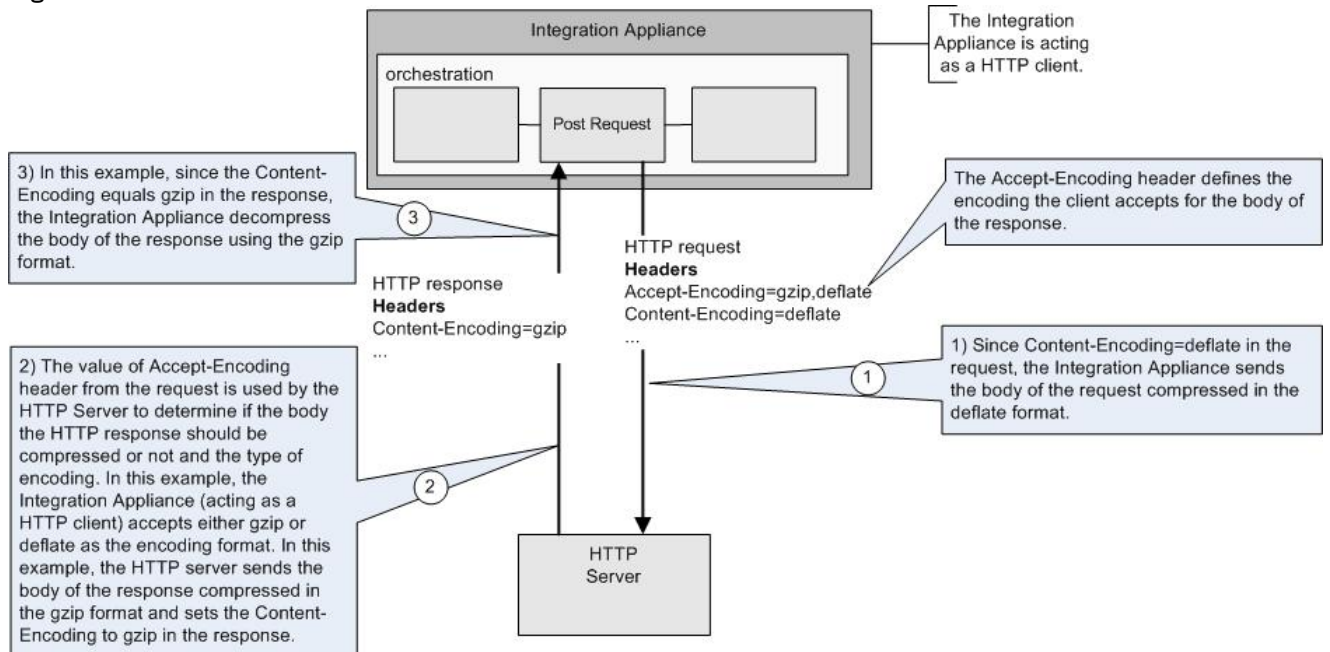
Endpoint support for compression/decompression is represented by the column labeled **Endpoint Supports Compression?** in the tables provided in the [Runtime Compression/Decompression Behavior](#) section.

Content-Encoding and Accept-Encoding values at the message level

The value of the Content-Encoding header in the HTTP request determines if the body of the request is compressed and the type of encoding that is used. For example, if the Content-Encoding is equal to deflate, the Integration Appliance sends the body of the request compressed in the deflate format as shown in the second row of the first table labeled [Compression Behavior When Sending a Request](#) and in the following figure.

The value of the Accept-Encoding header in the request defines the types of encoding that the HTTP client accepts in the response. For example, if the Accept-Encoding is equal to **gzip,deflate** in the request, the HTTP server can send the body of the response compressed in gzip or deflate formats to the Integration Appliance (acting as a client) as shown in the following figure:

Figure 1.



By default, if nothing is mapped to the optional **httpheaders** input parameter in the **Map Inputs** task of the **HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request** activity, a set of default headers are created. For example, the URL header is automatically set with the value provided in the Configure pane of the **HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request** activity.

The values for the Accept-Encoding and Content-Encoding headers for the request can be explicitly set using name/value pairs in the optional **httpheaders** input parameter of the **Map Inputs** task in the **HTTP Invoke/Get/Post/Head/Put/Delete Request** activity. For example, to set the Content-Encoding to **deflate**, set the following name/value pair in the optional **httpheaders** input parameter:

- **httpheaders/httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name** is set to the string: Content-Encoding
- **httpheaders/httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value** is set to the encoding type, for example the string: deflate.

If unsupported values or no values are set for the Accept-Encoding and Content-Encoding headers of the request, default values are provided as shown in the following tables:

- [Compression behavior when sending a request](#)
- [Accept-Encoding Header value passed to the request](#)

The values of the Accept-Encoding and Content-Encoding headers in the request are used by the Integration Appliance and the HTTP server to determine the compression/decompression behavior.

Setting compression/decompression at the activity level

By default, compression/decompression is not used for all HTTP activities. You can select compression or decompression at the activity level by using the Use Compression/Decompression check box that is displayed in the **Configure** task of the activity. The column labeled Use Compression/Decompression Check Box in the table shown in [Runtime Compression/Decompression Behavior](#) represents the setting of the Use Compression/Decompression check box.

Note: The Use Compression/Decompression check box will be deprecated in a future release for the HTTP activities. Use the Content-Encoding and Accept-Encoding HTTP Parameters in the HTTP request to specify how to decompresses the body of the HTTP request and compress the body of the HTTP response.

Runtime compression/decompression behavior

The table provided in the [Compression behavior when sending a request](#) section describes the compression runtime behavior when the Integration Appliance sends a HTTP request to the HTTP server.

The table provided in the [Accept-Encoding Header value passed to the request](#) section describes the value of the Accept-Encoding header passed in the HTTP request.

The table provided in the [Decompression behavior when receiving a response](#) section describes the decompression runtime behavior when the Integration Appliance receives the HTTP response from the HTTP server.

Compression behavior when sending a request

The following table describes the compression runtime behavior when the Integration Appliance sends a HTTP request to the HTTP server.

Use Compression/Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Content-Encoding Value in the HTTP Request (Message Level)	Endpoint Supports Compression?	Integration Appliance Compression Runtime Behavior When Sending a Request
selected	gzip, not set, or any other string except deflate or identity	yes	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the request compressed in the gzip format. The Content-Encoding header is set to gzip in the request.
selected	deflate	yes	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the request compressed in the deflate format. The Content-Encoding header is set to deflate in the request.
selected	identity	yes	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the request uncompressed. The Content-Encoding header is set to identity in the request.
selected	value is not significant	no	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the request uncompressed. The Content-Encoding header is set to identity in the request.
cleared	value is not significant	value is not significant	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the request as is (unchanged). The current value of the Content-Encoding header is passed as is in the request.

Accept-Encoding Header value passed to the request

The following table describes the value of the Accept-Encoding header passed in the HTTP request.

Use Compression/Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Initial Accept-Encoding Value	Endpoint Supports Compression?	Accept-Encoding Value Passed In the HTTP Request to the Server
selected	gzip	yes	The Accept-Encoding header is set to gzip in the request.
selected	deflate	yes	The Accept-Encoding header is set to deflate in the request.
selected	gzip,deflate	yes	The Accept-Encoding header is set to gzip,deflate in the request.
selected	deflate,gzip	yes	The Accept-Encoding header is set to deflate,gzip in the request.
selected	identity	yes	The Accept-Encoding header is set to identity in the request.
selected	not set, or any other string except deflate, gzip, or identity	yes	The Accept-Encoding header is set to gzip,deflate in the request.
selected	value is not significant	no	The current value of the Accept-Encoding header is passed as is in the request.
cleared	value is not significant	value is not significant	The current value of the Accept-Encoding header is passed as is in the request.

Decompression behavior when receiving a response


The following table describes the decompression runtime behavior when the Integration Appliance receives the HTTP response from the HTTP Server.

Use Compression/Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Content-Encoding Value in the HTTP Response (Message Level)	Endpoint Supports Compression?	Integration Appliance Decompression Runtime Behavior When Receiving a Response
selected	gzip	yes	The Integration Appliance decompresses the body of the response using the gzip format.
selected	deflate	yes	The Integration Appliance decompresses the body of the response using the deflate format.
selected	identity	yes	The Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the response.
selected	value not listed in the Accept-Encoding header	yes	The Integration Appliance logs an error that the response data was received in an unsolicited content encoding type.
selected	value is not significant	no	The Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the response. The current value of the Content-Encoding header is passed as is in the response.

Use Compression/Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Content-Encoding Value in the HTTP Response (Message Level)	Endpoint Supports Compression?	Integration Appliance Decompression Runtime Behavior When Receiving a Response
cleared	value is not significant	value is not significant	The Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the response. The current value of the Content-Encoding header is passed as is in the response.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/compression_decompression_with_the_http_invoke_get_post_head_put_delete_request_activity.html

Troubleshooting and support

Troubleshooting techniques and self-help information help you identify and solve problems quickly. Here, you can find potential solutions for issues you would have with the HTTP connector.

Inconsistent behaviour of query parameters

Problem: The behavior of the query parameters passed to the HTTP receiver varies with the input. This inconsistency occurs for HTTP Put, Get, Invoke, Header, and Delete outbound activities. For these activities the URL with query parameters can be set at two places:

- Checklist > Configure panel > URL (Path After Hostname)
- Checklist > Map Inputs panel > To Activity section > httpheaders > uri

However, the query parameters set in the steps mentioned above can be replaced or overwritten in the Map Inputs panel > To Activity section > httpheaders > queryParameters. The behavior of the query parameters passed to the HTTP Receiver varies with the input.

Solution: Consider the following points when setting values:

- If the value of the URL is mapped and the value of the parameters are empty, then the URL is passed as is to the HTTP Receiver.
- If the value of the URL and the value of the parameter in the map are also assigned, then the HTTP Receiver gets the values. The URL with parameter values are appended to the URL.
- If value of the URL is not mapped, the url is build dynamically using the parameter values in the input map.

Example:

Configure panel URI: `/xyz/test?query2=c&query3=c&query5=c&query6=c`

Map Inputs URI: `/xyz/test?query4=u&query3=u`

Map Inputs Query Parameter: query2=m and query3=m

End URL: /xyz/test?query4=u&query3=m&query2=m&query5=&query6=

HTTP connector uses ISO-8859-1 as default character encoding value.

HTTP connector now uses ISO-8859-1 as default character encoding in place of UTF-8.

You can use any one of the following method to change this character encoding value:

- **Method 1:** To resolve the issue, please follow steps below:
 1. Go to the HTTP Send Response activity
 2. Add response header "Content-Type"
 3. In Map Inputs, To Activity body, right click on the body element and click on "Show Optional Parameters"
 4. Expand the (optional)httpheaders, and assign default value below to the "Content-Type" element:

```
text/plain;charset=UTF-8
```

- **Method 2:** Introduced new JVM level configuration property. You can change this to the required value. If you set any value in the HTTP activity, that will take highest priority. Next priority is given to the JVM level property (if available). If nothing is set in either place, then default value "ISO-8859-1" is used for content encoding.

- **Studio**

```
Property name: "ContentEncoding"  
Default value: "ISO-8859-1"
```

Once the Studio is launched, run `jConsole` in bin directory of JDK. In New Connection screen, under Local Process, select the process corresponding to the Studio and click Connect. Under MBeans tab, navigate to `HttpModule > HTTP Loopback > Attributes > ContentEncoding`. Change the default value to the required value.

- **Appliance**

```
Property name: HTTP_CHARACTER_ENCODING  
Default value: ""
```

Setting this attribute on the appliance will require system shell access to enable/disable `jmxport`. In system shell, issue the following command to check if any value is set for the property:

```
ihconfutil lookup /var/sysconf sysconf.db HTTP_CHARACTER_ENCODING
```

User will get output like:

```
ContentEncodingv: []
```

Now, try to set the value true to this property.

```
ihconfutil add /var/sysconf sysconf.db HTTP_CHARACTER_ENCODING <new value>
```

Now verify the value set using:

```
ihconfutil lookup /var/sysconf sysconf.db HTTP_CHARACTER_ENCODING
```

This results in

```
ContentEncodingv: [<new value>]
```


The hierarchy in appliance is

1. Jconsole property
2. Config property
3. Default value

If you want to change the value at runtime without restarting appliance you can use jconsole for appliance, but if you want to set the value and make it permanent, then you have to set in config properties. If nothing is set for both properties default (ISO-8859-1) is used.

Parent topic: [HTTP Activities](#)

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JDE Activities

- [Overview of the JD Edwards \(JDE\) connector](#)
- [Creating or editing an endpoint for a JDE activity](#)
Endpoints provide the configuration information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a JD Edwards EnterpriseOne transaction server (JDE server).
- [Importing JDE Libraries](#)
You must import JDE instance-specific libraries on both Studio and the Integration Appliance before you can configure JDE endpoints, build orchestrations that use the JDE Connector, and deploy projects using the JDE Connector.
- [Installing JAR files to connect to the JDE server](#)
You must copy the JDE JAR files on the same workstation as your Cast Iron Studio installation before you can connect to a JD Edwards EnterpriseOne transaction server (JDE server).
- [Using the JDE Invoke Business Function activity](#)
Use the JDE Invoke Business Function activity to call a specific JDE business function. You can map the resulting output from this activity to an orchestration.
- [Using the JDE Poll Real-Time Events activity](#)
Use the JDE Poll Real-Time Events activity to poll real-time events from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne transaction server. A real-time event is a business transaction that provides information from the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne server that can be used to interoperate with a vendor system. Real-time events can be generated wherever business functions run, such as HTML, WIN32, and enterprise servers. Real-time events are useful for producing notifications in real-time.
- [Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for JDE Activities](#)
Specifying the Retry and Delivery parameters is one of the tasks to configure a JDE activity configuration.

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Overview of the JD Edwards (JDE) connector

The JD Edwards (JDE) connector provides the ability for the appliance to interact with the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne server and perform certain business functions, without the need for special coding. The connector works with the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne server by sending requests to it and by monitoring and responding to events that occur in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne server.

You can complete the following activities using the JDE connector:


- [Invoke Business Function](#)
- [Poll Real-Time Events](#)

The JDE connector supports the following versions of JDE Tools: 8.97, 8.98, and 9.1 (for Invoke Business Function). The connector is compatible with any version of JD Edwards EnterpriseOne that works with the supported versions of EnterpriseOne Tools.

The JDE connector requires JDE library files to connect to the JDE server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the JDE server](#) and [Importing JDE Libraries](#).

Parent topic: [JDE Activities](#)

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Creating or editing an endpoint for a JDE activity

Endpoints provide the configuration information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a JD Edwards EnterpriseOne transaction server (JDE server).

1. In the Create Endpoint or Edit Endpoint pane, configure the JDE server as described in the following table. The endpoint pane contains Connection Information, Connection Pool Options and Remote Endpoint Configuration.
Note: Changing the configuration properties of an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project. The edits are global, not local.
2. Click Test Connection to confirm that the connection details are valid and you are able to connect to the JDE server successfully.
3. Click OK.


Table 1. Connection properties

Field Name	Description
Connection Information	
Environment	Specifies the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne environment name.

Field Name	Description
Role	Specifies the name of the role that is associated with the user name used to access the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne environment.
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect to the JDE server.
Password	Specifies the password associated with the user name to connect to the JDE server.
Connection Pool options	
Minimum Connections	Specifies the lowest number of JDE server connections that the Integration Appliance keeps open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) is supported. The default value is 5.
Maximum Connections	Specifies the maximum number of JDE server connections that the Integration Appliance can keep open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) means the maximum number of connections is unbounded. The default value is 25.
Maximum Idle Time	Specifies the amount of time in minutes that a JDE server connection can be open in an idle state before being closed by the Integration Appliance. Entering 0 (zero) means that the connections are closed when they are returned to the pool – no idle time. The default value is 120 minutes.
Maximum Wait	Specifies the amount of time in seconds that the Integration Appliance waits for a connection when all the connections in the pool are exhausted. If no connection is obtained after the wait time, an exception is thrown. The default value is 300 seconds.
Reclaim Connections	Specifies the interval at which the connector checks for idle connections. Idle connections are reclaimed until the minimum number of connections is reached, as specified in the Minimum Connections parameter. The default value is 5 minute.
Note: The Connection pool properties need to be configured as per the load (number of concurrent requests) on the endpoint.	
Remote Endpoint Configuration	
Endpoint Runs Behind Firewall	Enables the secure connector name property so that secure connector can be used if the JDE server is running behind a firewall.
Secure Connector Name	Specifies the name of the secure connector that is used to connect to the JDE server running behind a firewall. For example, if an orchestration containing JDE activity is deployed on to Cast Iron Live (cloud), then the secure connector needs to be configured.

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Importing JDE Libraries

You must import JDE instance-specific libraries on both Studio and the Integration Appliance before you can configure JDE endpoints, build orchestrations that use the JDE Connector, and deploy projects using the JDE Connector.

About this task

For information about installing the required library files on the Integration Appliance using the Web Management Console (WMC), see the WMC Online Help

Procedure

To get copies of the required JDE provider modules:

1. Log on to the instance of your JDE system.
2. Import the following JDE files to the workstation where Studio is installed:


- ApplicationAPIs_JAR.jar
- ApplicationLogic_JAR.jar
- Base_JAR.jar
- BizLogicContainer_JAR.jar
- BizLogicContainerClient_JAR.jar
- BusinessLogicServices_JAR.jar
- castor.jar
- classes12.zip
- commons-httpclient-3.0.jar
- Connector.jar
- EventProcessor_EJB.jar
- EventProcessor_JAR.jar
- Generator_JAR.jar
- JdbjBase_JAR.jar
- JdbjInterfaces_JAR.jar
- JdeNet_JAR.jar
- jmxremote.jar
- jmxremote_optional.jar
- jmxri.jar
- log4j.jar
- ManagementAgent_JAR.jar
- Metadata.jar
- MetadataInterface.jar
- ojdbc14.jar
- PMApi_JAR.jar
- Spec_JAR.jar
- System_JAR.jar
- SystemInterfaces_JAR.jar
- xalan.jar
- xerces.jar
- xmlparserv2.jar
- jdelog.properties
- tnsnames.ora
- jdbj.ini
- jdeinterop.ini

Note: You also need to add database driver JAR files. These JAR files depend on the JD Edwards Enterprise One server version and the database used. For more information about the required JAR list, contact the Oracle Support team.

3. After retrieving the required files, use the Add Providers dialog box to [install the JDE files](#) into Studio.

Parent topic: [JDE Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JDEnew_Importing_JDE_Libraries.html

Installing JAR files to connect to the JDE server

You must copy the JDE JAR files on the same workstation as your Cast Iron Studio installation before you can connect to a JD Edwards EnterpriseOne transaction server (JDE server).

Before you begin

- The JAR files can be obtained from the JDE system administrator.
- The JAR files must be on the same computer as the studio installation.
- The JAR files must be from the same version as the JDE server you connect to.

For more information about importing the JAR files, see [Importing JDE Libraries](#).

About this task

Procedure

1. Open studio and select Tools > Install Module Providers.
2. When the Add Provider(s) dialog box is displayed, click the plus (+) button under JDE. A field and a Browse button appears.
3. Click Browse, and use the browse dialog box to locate and select the JAR files.
4. Click Open to import the selected files.
5. When the JAR files are listed in the Add Provider(s) dialog box, click OK.

Results

A prompt is displayed to restart studio and activate the changes.

What to do next

You can now create JDE endpoints and orchestrations.

Parent topic: [JDE Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

Using the JDE Invoke Business Function activity

Use the JDE Invoke Business Function activity to call a specific JDE business function. You can map the resulting output from this activity to an orchestration.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Imported the JDE library files required to connect to the JDE server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the JDE server](#).
- Valid connection details to connect to the JDE server.

About this task

Use this task to call a specific JDE business function from the JDE server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the JDE folder.
2. Drag the Invoke Business Function activity icon onto the orchestration. The JDE Invoke Business Function Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant JDE endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a JDE activity](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. In the JDE Business Function panel, click Browse to browse for business function names.
11. In Browse JDE Business Functions dialog, select one or more business functions from the *Business Function List*, and add it to the Selected Business Functions pane.
12. The Business Function Container field gets populated based on the first business function selected and click OK. You can also type the desired business function container name.

The selected business functions are displayed in the Configure panel.

13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for JDE Activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Invoke Business Function activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.


15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the JDE Invoke Business Function activity.

Parent topic: [JDE Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JDEnew_Invoke_BusinessFunction_activity.html

Using the JDE Poll Real-Time Events activity

Use the JDE Poll Real-Time Events activity to poll real-time events from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne transaction server. A real-time event is a business transaction that provides information from the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne server that can be used to interoperate with a vendor system. Real-time events can be generated wherever business functions run, such as HTML, WIN32, and enterprise servers. Real-time events are useful for producing notifications in real-time.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Imported the JDE library files required to connect to the JDE server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the JDE server](#).
- Valid connection details to connect to the JDE server.

About this task

Use this task to poll real-time events from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne transaction server.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the JDE folder.
2. Drag the Poll Real-Time Events activity icon onto the orchestration. The JDE Poll Real-Time Events Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.


5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant JDE endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a JDE activity](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. In the JDE Real-Time Events panel, click Browse to browse for real-time events. The Browse JDE Real-Time Events dialog is displayed.
11. In Browse JDE Real-Time Events dialog, select a real-time event from the list and click OK. The selected real-time event is displayed in the Configure panel.
12. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for JDE Activities](#).
13. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
14. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the JDE Poll Real-Time Events activity.

Parent topic: [JDE Activities](#)

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Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for JDE Activities

Specifying the Retry and Delivery parameters is one of the tasks to configure a JDE activity configuration.

About this task

This section contains the procedure for configuring the retry options for JDE outbound and inbound activities.

Procedure

1. Select the Retry task from the Checklist. The retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a JD Edwards EnterpriseOne transaction server as described in the following table.

Table 1. Retry options

Ret ry Fie lds	Description

Retry Fields	Description
Wait __ seconds between each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne transaction server.
Retry count	Specifies the retry count — the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the JDE server before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. Note: If you deploy an orchestration that contains the inbound or outbound JDE activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified JDE server, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an Error in the system and orchestration logs and stops processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.

Parent topic: [JDE Activities](#)

Specifying the delivery rules options for JDE inbound activities

About this task

This section contains the procedure for configuring the delivery rule options for JDE inbound activities.

Procedure


1. Select the Delivery Rules task from the Checklist. The delivery rules pane is displayed.
2. Configure the delivery rules options to select the activity's behavior as described in the following table.

Table 2. Delivery rules

Delivery Rules Fields	Description
Poll for changes every _____ days/hours/minutes/seconds	Specifies the time interval to poll for real-time events in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne transaction server. Time can be selected in the format days, hours, minutes, or seconds.
Fetch _____ rows per poll	Specifies how many real-time events the activity should retrieve from the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne transaction server in each poll cycle.
Delivery Messages	

Delivery Rules Fields	Description
ATMOST_ONCE	A non-persistent mode in which a JDE real-time event is either delivered once or not delivered at all.
Wait time on JDE transaction server_____seconds	Specifies the time interval that the connector waits to get an event from the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne transaction server.


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JMS Activities

- [Creating or editing a JMS endpoint](#)
JMS endpoints provide information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a JMS instance.
- [Specifying delivery rules and retry parameters for JMS activities](#)
The JMS Connector uses a single login session for all connections to a JMS endpoint. If a session expires, the connector automatically establishes a new session. The JMS Connector does not count the initial attempt to reacquiring the session as a retry attempt. The JMS Connector assumes the typical connector retry behavior after the initial attempt to reacquire a session fails.
- [Get Message activity](#)
You can use the Get Message activity to get a message from the queue. If there is no message present the activity can time out.
- [Poll Message activity](#)
The Poll Message activity is a starter activity that polls the configured queue for the message. This activity supports the ATLEAST ONCE and EXACTLY ONCE delivery semantics. The Poll Message Activity supports batching, if the batching option is selected.
- [Publish Message activity](#)
The Publish Message activity is an executable activity that allows you to publish data on the configured topic. This activity supports the ATLEAST ONCE and ATMOST ONCE delivery semantics.
- [Send Message activity](#)
The Send Message activity is an executable activity that sends message to the configured queue. The Send Message activity supports the AT LEAST and AT MOST ONCE delivery semantics. Request-reply use cases can use the Poll Message and Send Message activity; there is no separate activity for reply.
- [Subscribe Message activity](#)
The Subscribe Message activity is a starter activity that allows you to subscribe to a JMS topic. This activity supports the ATLEAST ONCE and EXACTLY ONCE delivery semantics.
- [Creating a JMS endpoint to a WebLogic server](#)
You can define a JMS endpoint to an existing WebLogic server, by completing the following steps in IBM Cast Iron Studio.

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Creating or editing a JMS endpoint


JMS endpoints provide information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a JMS instance.

About this task

Any changes you make to the endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint as the edits are global, not local.

Procedure

1. Drag an activity from the JMS folder of the Activities tab onto the orchestration.
2. The Summary panel is displayed along with a Checklist, which outlines what you must do to configure the activity.
3. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist. The Pick Endpoint panel opens.
4. Click one of the following options:
 - Browse - To select an existing endpoint from the Project Explorer. The Project Explorer shows all the endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties are displayed in the Pick Endpoint panel. To edit the endpoint properties, click Edit.
 - New - To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window opens.
 - Edit - To edit the existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window opens.



Note: Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project as the edits are global, not local.
5. In the Create Endpoint window, specify connection parameters or select a configuration property by clicking the icon to the right of the fields. Required fields are denoted by the following icon 

Connection Parameter Fields	Description
JNDI Initial Factory	Specifies the context factory class Studio retrieves from JNDI. Studio uses the class to lookup JMS connection factory and JMS destinations (Queue or Topic).
Provider URL	Specifies the URL of the JMS server.
Provider Package	An optional parameter, where you can specify a provider package name.
Factory Name	Use your own connection factory or use one of the default factories that comes preconfigured with the endpoint system: JBOSS, ActiveMQ, or WebLogic.

- Specify Provider login information, which includes user name and password.
- Specify Connection Pool Options.

Connection Pool Options	Description
Minimum Connections	Specifies the minimum number of connections that Studio uses to connect to a JMS instance. By default, there is a minimum of 1 connection.

Maximum Connections	Specifies the maximum number of connections that Studio uses to connect to a JMS instance. By default, there is a maximum of 25 connections.
Maximum Idle Time	By default, maximum idle time is 120 minutes.
Maximum Wait	By default, maximum wait time is 300 seconds.

6. Specify properties for the JNDI Provider, so you can set implementation specific JNDI initial context properties for tasks such as authentication.
 - a. Click  to add a field in the JNDI Provider table. A new row is displayed in the table.
 - b. Enter a property name and value.
7. Specify properties for the Connection Factory, so you can set implementation specific connection properties.
 - a. Click  to add a field in the Connection Factory table. A new row is displayed in the table.
 - b. Enter a property name and value.
8. Click Test Connection to confirm that the parameters you specified so that the project can access a JMS instance.

Note: When you configure an endpoint using configuration properties, verify that the configuration properties have valid values. If the configuration property value is invalid or does not exist, the connection test fails.

Parent topic: [JMS Activities](#)

Related tasks:

[Get Message activity](#)


[Poll Message activity](#)

[Publish Message activity](#)

[Send Message activity](#)

[Subscribe Message activity](#)

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Specifying delivery rules and retry parameters for JMS activities

The JMS Connector uses a single login session for all connections to a JMS endpoint. If a session expires, the connector automatically establishes a new session. The JMS Connector does not count the initial attempt to reacquiring the session as a retry attempt. The JMS Connector assumes the typical connector retry behavior after the initial attempt to reacquire a session fails.


- [Specifying delivery rules parameters for JMS activities](#)
Specifying the Delivery Rules parameters is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a JMS activity.

- [Specifying retry parameters for JMS activities](#)

Specifying the Retry parameters is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a JMS activity.

Parent topic: [JMS Activities](#)

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Specifying delivery rules parameters for JMS activities

Specifying the Delivery Rules parameters is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a JMS activity.

About this task

For more information about the configuration tasks in the Checklist, see the help topic for the specific JMS activity.

Procedure


1. In the Checklist, select Delivery Rules. The Delivery Rules panel opens.
2. For the Poll Message activity only, specify the polling interval. By default, the activity polls for changes every second.
3. Select Batch objects to process the job as a batch.
4. Select one of the following delivery options.

Note: The delivery options available depend on the JMS activity. Not all delivery options are available for every JMS activity.

Delivery Option	Description
ATLEAST_ONCE	A persistent mode, in which the JMS Provider insures that a message is not lost. As a result, there are chances that the client can receive multiple copies of a single message.
ALMOST_ONCE	In this non-persistent mode, a message may be lost, but JMS does not deliver multiple copies of a message.
EXACTLY_ONCE	In this persistent mode, JMS delivers a message once and only once.

Parent topic: [Specifying delivery rules and retry parameters for JMS activities](#)

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Specifying retry parameters for JMS activities

Specifying the Retry parameters is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a JMS activity.

About this task

For more information about the configuration tasks in the Checklist, see the help topic for the specific JMS activity.

Procedure


1. In the Checklist, select Retry. The Retry panel opens.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a JMS instance. The following table describes the retry options for connecting to a JMS instance:

Retry Fields	Description
Wait __ second(s) between each retry.	The number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the JMS instance. By default, this parameter is set to 30 seconds
Try to connect __ times before failing.	Specifies the retry count, the maximum number of times that the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the JMS instance before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. By default this parameter is set to 5 attempts.

3. For the Get Message activity, specify a value for the Activity Timeout parameter.

Parent topic: [Specifying delivery rules and retry parameters for JMS activities](#)

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Get Message activity

You can use the Get Message activity to get a message from the queue. If there is no message present the activity can time out.

About this task

The Get Message Activity supports batching, if the batching option is selected. When the batching option is selected, if there is more than one message in the queue, the activity processes all the messages at once, instead of processing them one at a time.

Important: This orchestration must already have a JMS endpoint representing the data source. Otherwise, input and output mapping is disabled.

- [Adding a JMS activity to an orchestration](#)
- [Changing the Activity Name](#)
- [Picking a JMS endpoint](#)
- [Configuring the Get Message activity](#)
- [Mapping the Inputs](#)

Inputs represent data that is transmitted from the orchestration (variables) to the JMS endpoint (parameters).

- [Mapping the Outputs](#)

Outputs represent data that is transmitted from the JMS activity (parameters) to the orchestration (variables).

Parent topic: [JMS Activities](#)

Related tasks:

[Creating or editing a JMS endpoint](#)


[Poll Message activity](#)

[Publish Message activity](#)

[Send Message activity](#)

[Subscribe Message activity](#)

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Adding a JMS activity to an orchestration

Procedure

1. In an active project, open the Activities tab and expand the JMS folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Message activity icon to the orchestration.
3. When the activity is displayed, the Get Message Checklist is displayed underneath.

Parent topic: [Get Message activity](#)

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Changing the Activity Name

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Summary.
2. Review the contents of the Activity Name field and make any required changes.

Parent topic: [Get Message activity](#)

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Picking a JMS endpoint

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
2. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant JMS endpoint.
Tip: You can create the needed endpoint at this time by clicking New.
3. When you click OK, the endpoint-specific configuration options are displayed in a read-only state.
Note: If changes are required to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to activate the options.
Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.

Parent topic: [Get Message activity](#)

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Configuring the Get Message activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Configure.
2. In the Queue field, specify the provider-specific name of the queue to be polled.
3. Open the Message Data menu and choose the format the message takes, whether Bytes or Text.
4. In the Message Selector field, enter the text of a message header.


Using the JMS message selector a client can specify, by submitting the text of a message header, those messages it is interested in. Only messages whose headers and properties match the selector are delivered. Message selectors cannot reference message body values. The message selector string must follow JMS selector syntax.

5. In the Checklist, click Delivery Rules.
6. Click the Batch Objects checkbox to activate the option, which enables the activity to batch-process multiple messages.
7. Open the Deliver menu and choose either option: ATLEAST_ONCE or ATMOST_ONCE
8. In the Checklist, click Retry.
9. Review the default settings and make any needed changes.

For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for JMS activities](#)

Parent topic: [Get Message activity](#)

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Mapping the Inputs

Inputs represent data that is transmitted from the orchestration (variables) to the JMS endpoint (parameters).

Before you begin

If required, you can create a custom mapping variable in Source or Destination column by following the steps in [Creating variables](#).

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Map Inputs. A set of options is displayed, and the To Activity list shows the JMS variables.
2. Click Select Inputs.

The Select Inputs dialog box lists all the variables.

3. Choose a variable, then click OK.
4. To link the activities, click and drag a variable from the From Orchestration list onto a parameter listed in the To Activity list.

If the link is viable, a line is displayed, linking the two.

5. Repeat this procedure to link other orchestration variables to JMS parameters.
6. To test the input links, click the Test button.


The Input Test Files table lists all linked variables/parameters.

7. In the Location column, click the small blue button.
8. Use the Browse dialog box to select an input test file.
9. Click Run Test. Test results are displayed in the columns underneath.

Tip: You can replace a variable used in the map without changing the links of the map. For more information, see [Replacing a Variable used in a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Get Message activity](#)

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Mapping the Outputs

Outputs represent data that is transmitted from the JMS activity (parameters) to the orchestration (variables).

Before you begin

If required, you can create a custom mapping variable in the Source or Destination column by following the steps in [Creating variables](#)

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Map Outputs.
2. Review the parameters listed in the From Activity list.
3. If you want to create new orchestration variables that match the output parameters of the current activity, select a parameter and then click Copy.
4. In the Copy Parameters dialog box, choose one or more parameters, then click OK to add them to the To Orchestration list. The data type, schema, or schema fragment of the selected output parameter is applied to the new variable.
5. Click Select Inputs.

The Select Inputs dialog box lists all the variables associated with the other endpoint.

6. Choose one or more variables, then click OK to add them to this list.
7. Drag a parameter from the From Activity list onto a variable listed in the To Orchestration list.

If the link is viable, a line is displayed, linking the two.


8. Repeat this procedure to link other parameters and variables.
9. To test the output links, click the Test button. A variable is listed in an Input Test Files table.
10. In the Location column, click the small blue button.
11. Use the Browse dialog box to select an input test file.

12. Click Run Test. Test results are displayed in the columns underneath.

Tip: You can replace a variable used in the map without changing the links of the map. For more information, see [Replacing a Variable used in a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Get Message activity](#)

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Poll Message activity

The Poll Message activity is a starter activity that polls the configured queue for the message. This activity supports the ATLEAST ONCE and EXACTLY ONCE delivery semantics. The Poll Message Activity supports batching, if the batching option is selected.

About this task

The EXACTLY ONCE delivery semantic is handled through the message acknowledgement. Since the JMS provider must never deliver a copy of an acknowledged message, the Poll Message activity leverages the provider for the EXACTLY_ONCE delivery semantic. When the batching option is selected, if there is more than one message in the queue, the activity processes all the messages at once, instead of processing them one at a time.

Important: This orchestration must have a JMS endpoint representing the data source, otherwise, output mapping is disabled.

- [Adding a JMS activity to an orchestration](#)
- [Changing the Activity Name](#)
- [Picking a JMS endpoint](#)
- [Configuring the Poll Message activity](#)
- [Mapping the Outputs](#)

Outputs represent data that is transmitted from the JMS activity (parameters) to the orchestration (variables).

Parent topic: [JMS Activities](#)

Related tasks:

[Creating or editing a JMS endpoint](#)

[Get Message activity](#)

[Publish Message activity](#)

[Send Message activity](#)

[Subscribe Message activity](#)

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Adding a JMS activity to an orchestration

Procedure

1. In an active project, open the Activities tab and expand the JMS folder contents.
2. Drag the Poll Message activity icon to the orchestration.
3. When the activity is displayed, the Poll Message Checklist is displayed underneath.

Parent topic: [Poll Message activity](#)

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Changing the Activity Name

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Summary.
2. Review the contents of the Activity Name field and make any required changes.

Parent topic: [Poll Message activity](#)

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Picking a JMS endpoint


Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
2. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant JMS endpoint.
Tip: You can create the needed endpoint at this time by clicking New.

3. When you click OK, the endpoint-specific configuration options are displayed in a read-only state.
Note: If changes are required to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to activate the options.
Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.

Parent topic: [Poll Message activity](#)

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Configuring the Poll Message activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Configure.
2. In the Queue field, specify the provider-specific name of the queue to be polled.
3. Open the Message Data menu and choose the format the message takes, whether Byte or Text.
4. In the Message Selector field, enter the text of a message header.


Using a JMS message selector a client can specify, by submitting the text of a message header, those messages it is interested in. Only messages whose headers and properties match the selector are delivered. Message selectors cannot reference message body values. The message selector string must follow JMS selector syntax.

5. In the Checklist, click Delivery Rules.
6. In the Poll for changes field, select the preferred interval number.
7. Click the Batch Objects checkbox to activate the option, which enables the activity to batch-process multiple messages.
8. Open the Deliver menu and choose either option: ATLEAST_ONCE, ATMOST_ONCE, or EXACTLY_ONCE
9. In the Checklist, click Retry.
10. Review the default settings and make any needed changes.

For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for JMS activities](#)

Parent topic: [Poll Message activity](#)

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Mapping the Outputs

Outputs represent data that is transmitted from the JMS activity (parameters) to the orchestration (variables).

Before you begin

If required, you can create a custom mapping variable in the Source or Destination column by following the steps in [Creating variables](#)

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Map Outputs.
2. Review the parameters listed in the From Activity list.
3. If you want to create new orchestration variables that match the output parameters of the current activity, select a parameter and then click Copy.
4. In the Copy Parameters dialog box, choose one or more parameters, then click OK to add them to the To Orchestration list. The data type, schema, or schema fragment of the selected output parameter is applied to the new variable.
5. Click Select Inputs.

The Select Inputs dialog box lists all the variables associated with the other endpoint.


6. Choose one or more variables, then click OK to add them to this list.
7. Drag a parameter from the From Activity list onto a variable listed in the To Orchestration list.

If the link is viable, a line is displayed, linking the two.

8. Repeat this procedure to link other parameters and variables.
9. To test the output links, click the Test button. A variable is listed in an Input Test Files table.
10. In the Location column, click the small blue button.
11. Use the Browse dialog box to select an input test file.
12. Click Run Test. Test results are displayed in the columns underneath.
Tip: You can replace a variable used in the map without changing the links of the map. For more information, see [Replacing a Variable used in a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Poll Message activity](#)

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Publish Message activity

The Publish Message activity is an executable activity that allows you to publish data on the configured topic. This activity supports the ATLEAST ONCE and ATMOST ONCE delivery semantics.

About this task

This orchestration must already have a JMS endpoint representing the data source, otherwise, input mapping is disabled.

- [Adding a JMS activity to an orchestration](#)
- [Changing the Activity Name](#)
- [Picking a JMS endpoint](#)
- [Configuring the Publish Message activity](#)
- [Mapping the Inputs](#)

Inputs represent data that is transmitted from the orchestration (variables) to the JMS endpoint (parameters).

Parent topic: [JMS Activities](#)

Related tasks:

[Creating or editing a JMS endpoint](#)


[Get Message activity](#)

[Poll Message activity](#)

[Send Message activity](#)

[Subscribe Message activity](#)

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Adding a JMS activity to an orchestration

Procedure

1. In an active project, open the Activities tab and expand the JMS folder contents.
2. Drag the Publish Message activity icon to the orchestration.
3. When the activity is displayed, the Publish Message Checklist is displayed underneath.

Parent topic: [Publish Message activity](#)

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Changing the Activity Name

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Summary.
2. Review the contents of the Activity Name field and make any required changes.

Parent topic: [Publish Message activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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Picking a JMS endpoint

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
2. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant JMS endpoint.
Tip: You can create the needed endpoint at this time by clicking New.
3. When you click OK, the endpoint-specific configuration options are displayed in a read-only state.
Note: If changes are required to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to activate the options.
Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.

Parent topic: [Publish Message activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JMS_Publish_Picking_JMS_Endpoint.html

Configuring the Publish Message activity

Procedure


1. In the Checklist, click Configure.
2. In the Topic field, specify a provider-specific name that identifies a topic to the JMS system.
3. Open the Message Data menu and choose the format the message takes, whether Byte or Text.
4. In the Reply To field, specify the name of the destination receiving the reply message.
5. In the Time to Live field, specify the time in seconds until the message expires (0 sets a no-expiry state).

6. In the Priority field, select a number that represents the message priority (0-4: lower priorities, 5-9: higher priorities).
7. In the Checklist, click Delivery Rules.
8. Click the Batch Objects checkbox to enable the activity to batch-process multiple messages.
9. Open the Deliver menu and choose either option: ATLEAST_ONCE or ATMOST_ONCE
10. In the Checklist, click Retry.
11. Review the default settings and make any required changes.

For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for JMS activities](#)

Parent topic: [Publish Message activity](#)

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Mapping the Inputs

Inputs represent data that is transmitted from the orchestration (variables) to the JMS endpoint (parameters).

Before you begin

If required, you can create a custom mapping variable in Source or Destination column by following the steps in [Creating variables](#).

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Map Inputs. A set of options is displayed, and the To Activity list shows the JMS variables.
2. Click Select Inputs.

The Select Inputs dialog box lists all the variables.

3. Choose a variable, then click OK.
4. To link the activities, click and drag a variable from the From Orchestration list onto a parameter listed in the To Activity list.

If the link is viable, a line is displayed, linking the two.

5. Repeat this procedure to link other orchestration variables to JMS parameters.
6. To test the input links, click the Test button.


The Input Test Files table lists all linked variables/parameters.

7. In the Location column, click the small blue button.
8. Use the Browse dialog box to select an input test file.
9. Click Run Test. Test results are displayed in the columns underneath.

Tip: You can replace a variable used in the map without changing the links of the map. For more information, see [Replacing a Variable used in a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Publish Message activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JMS_Publish_Mapping_Inputs.html

Send Message activity

The Send Message activity is an executable activity that sends message to the configured queue. The Send Message activity supports the AT LEAST and AT MOST ONCE delivery semantics. Request-reply use cases can use the Poll Message and Send Message activity; there is no separate activity for reply.

About this task

This orchestration must already have a JMS endpoint representing the data source, otherwise, input mapping is disabled.

- [Adding a JMS activity to an orchestration](#)
- [Changing the Activity Name](#)
- [Picking a JMS endpoint](#)
- [Configuring the Send Message activity](#)
- [Mapping the Inputs](#)

Inputs represent data that is transmitted from the orchestration (variables) to the JMS endpoint (parameters).

Parent topic: [JMS Activities](#)

Related tasks:

[Creating or editing a JMS endpoint](#)


[Get Message activity](#)

[Poll Message activity](#)

[Publish Message activity](#)

[Subscribe Message activity](#)

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Adding a JMS activity to an orchestration

Procedure

1. In an active project, open the Activities tab and expand the JMS folder contents.
2. Drag the Send Message activity icon to the orchestration.
3. When the activity is displayed, the Send Message Checklist is displayed underneath.

Parent topic: [Send Message activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JMS_Send_Add_an_Activity.html


Changing the Activity Name

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Summary.
2. Review the contents of the Activity Name field and make any required changes.

Parent topic: [Send Message activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JMS_Send_Changing_Activity_Name.html

Picking a JMS endpoint

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
2. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant JMS endpoint.
Tip: You can create the needed endpoint at this time by clicking New.
3. When you click OK, the endpoint-specific configuration options are displayed in a read-only state.
Note: If changes are required to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to activate the options.
Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.

Parent topic: [Send Message activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JMS_Send_Picking_JMS_Endpoint.html


Configuring the Send Message activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Configure.
2. In the Queue field, specify a provider-specific name of the queue to be sent.
3. Open the Message Data menu and choose the format the message takes, whether Bytes or Text.
4. In the Reply To field, specify the name of the destination receiving the reply message.
5. In the Time to Live field, specify the time in seconds until the message expires (0 sets a no-expiry state).
6. In the Priority field, select a number that represents the message priority (0-4: lower priorities, 5-9: higher priorities).
7. In the Checklist, click Delivery Rules.
8. Click the Batch Objects checkbox to enable the activity to batch-process multiple messages.
9. Open the Deliver menu and choose either option: ATLEAST_ONCE or ATMOST_ONCE
10. In the Checklist, click Retry.
11. Review the default settings and make any required changes.

For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for JMS activities](#)

Parent topic: [Send Message activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JMS_Send_Configuring_Send_Message_Activity.html

Mapping the Inputs

Inputs represent data that is transmitted from the orchestration (variables) to the JMS endpoint (parameters).

Before you begin

If required, you can create a custom mapping variable in Source or Destination column by following the steps in [Creating variables](#).

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Map Inputs. A set of options is displayed, and the To Activity list shows the JMS variables.
2. Click Select Inputs.

The Select Inputs dialog box lists all the variables.

3. Choose a variable, then click OK.
4. To link the activities, click and drag a variable from the From Orchestration list onto a parameter listed in the To Activity list.

If the link is viable, a line is displayed, linking the two.

5. Repeat this procedure to link other orchestration variables to JMS parameters.
6. To test the input links, click the Test button.


The Input Test Files table lists all linked variables/parameters.

7. In the Location column, click the small blue button.
8. Use the Browse dialog box to select an input test file.
9. Click Run Test. Test results are displayed in the columns underneath.

Tip: You can replace a variable used in the map without changing the links of the map. For more information, see [Replacing a Variable used in a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Send Message activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JMS_Send_Mapping_Inputs.html

Subscribe Message activity

The Subscribe Message activity is a starter activity that allows you to subscribe to a JMS topic. This activity supports the ATLEAST ONCE and EXACTLY ONCE delivery semantics.

About this task

This orchestration must already have a JMS endpoint representing the data source, otherwise, output mapping is disabled.

- [Adding a JMS activity to an orchestration](#)
- [Changing the Activity Name](#)
- [Picking a JMS endpoint](#)
- [Configuring the Subscribe Message activity](#)
- [Mapping the Outputs](#)


Outputs represent data that is transmitted from the JMS activity (parameters) to the orchestration (variables).

Parent topic: [JMS Activities](#)

Related tasks:

[Creating or editing a JMS endpoint](#)
[Get Message activity](#)
[Poll Message activity](#)
[Publish Message activity](#)
[Send Message activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JMS_Subscribe_Message_Activity.html


Adding a JMS activity to an orchestration

Procedure

1. In an active project, open the Activities tab and expand the JMS folder contents.
2. Drag the Subscribe Message activity icon to the orchestration.
3. When the activity is displayed, the Subscribe Message Checklist is displayed underneath.

Parent topic: [Subscribe Message activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JMS_Subscribe_Add_an_Activity.html


Changing the Activity Name

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Summary.
2. Review the contents of the Activity Name field and make any required changes.

Parent topic: [Subscribe Message activity](#)

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Picking a JMS endpoint

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
2. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant JMS endpoint.
Tip: You can create the needed endpoint at this time by clicking New.
3. When you click OK, the endpoint-specific configuration options are displayed in a read-only state.
Note: If changes are required to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to activate the options.
Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.

Parent topic: [Subscribe Message activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JMS_Subscribe_Picking_JMS_Endpoint.html

Configuring the Subscribe Message activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Configure.
2. In the Topic field, specify a provider-specific name that identifies a topic to the JMS system.
3. Open the Message Data menu and choose the format the message takes, whether Bytes or Text.
4. In the Message Selector field, enter the text of a message header.

Using a JMS message selector a client can specify, by submitting the text of a message header, those messages it is interested in. Only messages whose headers and properties match the selector are delivered. Message selectors cannot reference message body values. The message selector string must follow JMS selector syntax.

5. In the Client ID field, specify the unique client identifier assigned to this JMS connection.


A client's identifier is configured in a client-specific ConnectionFactory and transparently assigned to the connection it creates. Alternatively, a client can set a connection's client identifier using a provider-specific value.

6. In the Checklist, click Delivery Rules.
7. Open the Deliver menu and choose either option: ATLEAST_ONCE, ATMOST_ONCE or EXACTLY_ONCE
8. In the Checklist, click Retry.
9. Review the default settings and make any required changes.

For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for JMS activities](#)

Parent topic: [Subscribe Message activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JMS_Subscribe_Configuring_Subscribe_Message_Activity.html

Mapping the Outputs

Outputs represent data that is transmitted from the JMS activity (parameters) to the orchestration (variables).

Before you begin

If required, you can create a custom mapping variable in the Source or Destination column by following the steps in [Creating variables](#)

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Map Outputs.
2. Review the parameters listed in the From Activity list.
3. If you want to create new orchestration variables that match the output parameters of the current activity, select a parameter and then click Copy.
4. In the Copy Parameters dialog box, choose one or more parameters, then click OK to add them to the To Orchestration list. The data type, schema, or schema fragment of the selected output parameter is applied to the new variable.
5. Click Select Inputs.

The Select Inputs dialog box lists all the variables associated with the other endpoint.


6. Choose one or more variables, then click OK to add them to this list.
7. Drag a parameter from the From Activity list onto a variable listed in the To Orchestration list.

If the link is viable, a line is displayed, linking the two.

8. Repeat this procedure to link other parameters and variables.
9. To test the output links, click the Test button. A variable is listed in an Input Test Files table.
10. In the Location column, click the small blue button.
11. Use the Browse dialog box to select an input test file.
12. Click Run Test. Test results are displayed in the columns underneath.

Tip: You can replace a variable used in the map without changing the links of the map. For more information, see [Replacing a Variable used in a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Subscribe Message activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/JMS_Subscribe_Mapping_Outputs.html

Creating a JMS endpoint to a WebLogic server

You can define a JMS endpoint to an existing WebLogic server, by completing the following steps in IBM Cast Iron Studio.

Before you begin

Install the following JAR files in IBM Cast Iron Studio and the Integration Appliance run time:

- wlclient.jar
- wljmsclient.jar

Procedure

1. In Studio, drag an activity from the JMS folder of the Activities tab onto the orchestration.
2. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist. The Pick Endpoint panel opens.
3. To create an endpoint, click New. The Create Endpoint window opens.
4. In the Create Endpoint window, specify the following connection parameters.

Connection parameter fields	Description
JNDI Initial Factory	Specify the context factory class that Studio retrieves from JNDI: <code>weblogic.jndi.WLInitialContextFactory</code> This JNDI factory class is configured during the JMS WebLogic server installation
Provider URL	Specify the URL of the JMS server in the following format: <code>t3://:7001</code> Where 7001 is the default port.
Provider Package	Optionally, you can specify a provider package name.
Factory Name	Use one of the supplied default factories that is configured with the WebLogic endpoint system: <code>weblogic.examples.jms.QueueConnectionFactory</code>

5. To validate the parameters you specified, click Test Connection.
Note: When you configure an endpoint by using configuration properties, verify that the configuration properties have valid values. If the configuration property value is invalid or does not exist, the connection test fails.
6. In the Checklist, click Configure.
7. In the Topic field, select the following topic from the Preconfigured or custom Topic/Queues list:

`weblogic.examples.jms.exampleQueue`

This topic is preconfigured to use a JMS WebLogic server.

8. Open the Message Data menu and choose the format the message takes, whether Bytes or Text.
9. In the Message Selector field, you can enter the text of a message header.


By submitting the text of a message header in a JMS message selector, a client can specify the messages it is interested in. Only messages with headers and properties that match the selector are delivered. Message selectors cannot reference message body values. The message selector string must comply with the JMS selector syntax.

Note: Message selector can be blank

10. In the Client ID field, specify the unique client identifier assigned to this JMS connection.
11. In the Checklist, click Delivery Rules.
12. Open the Deliver menu and choose the option: ATMOST_ONCE
13. In the Checklist, click Retry.
14. If there are any problems, review the default settings and make the required changes.

Parent topic: [JMS Activities](#)


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MQ Activities

- [Creating or editing a MQ Activity endpoint](#)
MQ activities handle flat file, XML, or raw messages to or from an MQ queue. The MQ system handles routing of messages through the network of queues. All three of the MQ activities, MQ Get Message, MQ Poll Queue, and MQ Put Message use the same endpoint creation dialog box.
- [Installing JAR files to connect to the MQ system](#)
To connect to the MQ system from Studio, you must have the MQ connector-specific JAR files on the same workstation as your Studio installation. These files must be present in Studio to enable configuration of the endpoints and orchestrations.
- [Defining and loading an XML schema for a MQRFH2 header](#)
To include additional metadata or parameters in an MQ message, you must define an MQRFH2 header that defines the your parameters. Typically, these parameters are specific to an application but do not occur in the data of the message itself.
- [MQ Get Message activity](#)
Use the MQ Get Message activity retrieves messages from an MQ queue during run time.
- [MQ Put Message activity](#)
Use the MQ Put Message activity sends a message to the specified queue during run time.
- [MQ Poll Queue activity](#)
Use the MQ Poll Queue activity periodically checks the MQ Queue for messages based on a specified retry interval during runtime.
- [MQRFH2 XML data and schema examples](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/toc_MQactivities.html

Creating or editing a MQ Activity endpoint

MQ activities handle flat file, XML, or raw messages to or from an MQ queue. The MQ system handles routing of messages through the network of queues. All three of the MQ activities, MQ Get Message, MQ Poll Queue, and MQ Put Message use the same endpoint creation dialog box.

Before you begin

For MQ activities to be fully functional, ensure that the Queue Manager, Channel Name, and other queue names are configured correctly. For more information on MQ configuration, see WebSphere MQ Help.

Procedure

1. Drag an MQ connection activity from the Activities tab onto the orchestration.

The Summary panel is displayed along with a Checklist which outlines what you must do to configure the activity.


2. Click Endpoint from the Checklist and select one of the following options:
 - Browse to add an endpoint from the endpoint repository. Once added, you can click Edit to edit it.
Note: Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use it. The edits are global, not local.
 - New to create a new endpoint.
 - Edit to edit the existing endpoint.

The Create Endpoint panel is displayed.

3. Fill in the fields defined in the following table.
4. Click OK when finished.


Table 1. Queue Manager Details

Field	Description
Location	
Host Name	Specifies the host name for the MQ Queue Manager.
Port	Specifies the port number to connect to the Queue Manager. Defaults to 1414, the default for Queue Managers.
Queue Manager	Specifies the name of the Queue Manager to connect to. The name can have a maximum length of 48 characters.
Channel Name	Specifies the channel name to use to connect to the Queue Manager. The name can have a maximum length of 20 characters.

Field	Description
Login	
User Name	User name for the account used to connect to the Queue Manager. The name has a maximum length of 12 characters. This account must be defined in the mqm group in MQ
	Note: For some of the fields in the endpoint, you can define configuration properties to supply the values for these fields. The  icon is displayed when you click in a field that supports a configuration property and a configuration property of the same type has already been configured for the project.
Connection Pool Options	(Default values are provided for the connection pool options, but can be changed.)
Minimum Connections	Specifies the number of connections in the connection pool that the Integration Appliance always keeps open. Specifying 0 is supported.
Maximum Connections	Specifies the maximum number of connections that the Integration Appliance has open in the connection pool. If you change the default value, the value must be greater than or equal to the value specified for Minimum Connections. Valid values are 1 - 50. If you enter a value greater than 50, the value is reset to 50.
Maximum Idle Time	Specifies the amount of time that a connection can be open and idle before being closed by the Integration Appliance. Specifying 0 means that the connections are closed when they are returned to the pool —no idle time.

Parent topic: [MQ Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/MQ_Creating_or_Editing_a_MQ_Endpoint.html

Installing JAR files to connect to the MQ system

To connect to the MQ system from Studio, you must have the MQ connector-specific JAR files on the same workstation as your Studio installation. These files must be present in Studio to enable configuration of the endpoints and orchestrations.

About this task

The two JAR files to be installed for WebSphere MQ version 5.x and 6.x are:

- connector.jar
- com.ibm.mq.jar

Procedure

1. Open Studio, select Tools > Install Module Providers.
2. When the Add Provider(s) dialog box is displayed, click the plus (+) button under MQ Connector. A field and a Browse button is displayed.
3. Click Browse, and use the browse dialog box to locate and select both the JAR files.
4. Click Open to import the contents of the JAR files.
5. When the JAR files are listed in the Add Providers dialog box, click OK.

Results

A prompt is displayed to restart Cast Iron Studio and activate the changes.


Note: You must manually restart Studio after it shuts down to apply the changes.

What to do next

You can now create MQ connector endpoints and orchestrations.

Parent topic: [MQ Activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/MQ_installing_jarfiles.html

Defining and loading an XML schema for a MQRFH2 header

To include additional metadata or parameters in an MQ message, you must define an MQRFH2 header that defines the your parameters. Typically, these parameters are specific to an application but do not occur in the data of the message itself.

About this task

Each parameter, which MQ calls a folder, is passed as an XML fragment along with other MQRFH2 header data. Each parameter can have its own unique XML structure.

Because the Integration Appliance works with XML messages, each of these parameter fragments must be extracted from the MQRFH2 header. The fragments are consolidated into one fragment and passed as the MQRFH2 parameter to the Integration Appliance.

To make these parameters accessible, both Studio and the Integration Appliance need access to an XML Schema that defines the structures of all the parameters. Complete the following procedure to create that XML Schema and load it into the project.

Procedure


1. Create an XML Schema that defines the parameters of your MQRFH2 header using an XML Schema editor or text editor. For an example XML Schema, see [MQRFH2 XML data and schema examples](#). Your XML Schema must be customized for your application's parameters.

Create the XML Schema according to the following guidelines:

- Define the consolidated structure as a single `NameValueData` element.
 - List all the parameters, in the order they occur in the MQRFH2 header, as elements inside `NameValueData` element.
 - Parameter names must be unique.
 - Parameter, group, and property names must be valid XML names. See the XML specification or MQ documentation for more information.
 - Each parameter must be wrapped in a single element. MQ documentation refers to this parameter element as a folder.
 - Parameters may contain properties, groups, or both.
 - Groups and properties may repeat.
 - Groups can nest inside other groups.
 - Properties must be defined as type `MQRFHQPropertyType`.
2. Add this XML Schema to the project. See [Uploading Files into a Project](#) for more information.
 3. The XML Schema is now available in the Browse for Schema Type Element dialog box. In the Configure pane of the MQ activities, this dialog box appears when you click the Schema Fragment for MQRFH2 Header check box and then click [...]. In the Browse For Schema Type Element dialog box find the XML Schema that defines the header, select `NameValueData` element in that XML Schema, and click OK.

Parent topic: [MQ Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/MQ_Define_and_Load_a_Schema_Fragment_for_the_MQRFH2_Header.html

MQ Get Message activity

Use the MQ Get Message activity retrieves messages from an MQ queue during run time.

Note: You must have [created an endpoint for the MQ activity](#) before configuring the activity.

The Configure task has three sections:

- [Queue and Message details](#) - where you specify properties for queue and message details.
- [Delivery rules](#) - where you specify how you want messages delivered.
- [Retry options](#) - where you specify how long to wait between retries and the number of time to retry before failing.

After completing the Configure tasks, [Mapping inputs](#) and [Mapping outputs](#) of the activity.

Note: The maximum message size is 100 MBytes.

Queue and Message details

Specify the Queue and Message details for the fields in the following table. Required fields are marked with an asterisk.

Field	Description
Queue Name *	Specifies the name of the MQ queue where Integration Appliance attempts to retrieve the message from.
Timeout	<p>The number of seconds before a timeout occurs between the MQ Get Message activity requesting to retrieve a message from the queue and the time it takes for the message to be returned. If this timeout period expires and no message is returned from the queue, the Integration Appliance waits the specified retry time before attempting to retrieve a message again. For a detail explanation of the timeouts and retry options, see Timeout and Retry options.</p> <p>To specify the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance should wait before issuing a timeout, select the After option and enter the number seconds in the Seconds field. By default the Never option is selected, this option specifies the Integration Appliance waits indefinitely to retrieve a message from the queue —there is no timeout period.</p>
Payload Data Type	Specifies the datatype of the message payload, either binary or string.
Schema Fragment for MQRFH2 Header	<p>Specifies if an MQRFH2 header is included in the message. If the message includes a MQRFH2 header, select this check box and click [...]. In the Browse For Schema Type Element dialog box to find the XML Schema that defines the header, select the NameValueData element in that XML Schema, and click OK. The schema fragment is the NameValueData element and all its child elements.</p> <p>Note: The XML Schema that defines the header must first be created and loaded into the project before you can select it. For more information see Defining and loading an XML schema for a MQRFH2 header.</p>

Delivery rules

Field	Description
Deliver Messages	<p>The options available here depend on whether the Unique ID's checkbox is selected. If selected, all three options are available. If not, only At Least Once is displayed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At least once - Specifies that the message is delivered at least once but can be delivered more than once. Connection or Integration Appliance failures can result in messages being retrieved and processed more than once. This delivery option is typically used when the receiving system can detect or tolerate duplicate messages • At most once - Specifies the message is delivered only once or not at all. Connection or Integration Appliance failures can result in messages being missed. This delivery option is typically used when the receiving system cannot tolerate duplicate messages but can tolerate lost messages. • Exactly once - Specifies the message is delivered once and only once. Connection or Integration Appliance failures do not affect delivery with this option. The Integration Appliance uses MQ message IDs to ensure that every message is retrieved and processed exactly once. <p>Note: If you select the Exactly Once option, you must enable persistence. For more information, see Enabling Persistence.</p>
Where message	Specifies if the messages on the queue have unique IDs.

s have Unique ID's	
--------------------------	--

Retry options

Configure the retry options for getting a message from the MQ queue as described in the following table:

Retry Options	Description
1) Wait ___ seconds between each retry.	The number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before attempting to retrieve a message from the queue. To learn more about how this option relates to the Timeout field in the Configure pane or the timeout input parameter, see Timeout and Retry options .
2) Try to connect ___ times before failing.	<p>Specifies the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to retrieve a message from the queue before issuing an error and stops the processing of the current orchestration job.</p> <p>If you deploy an orchestration that contains an MQ Get Message activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified MQ Server or cannot get a message from the queue, the Integration Appliance logs the errors as warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job.</p> <p>For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p> <p>To learn more about how this option relates to the Timeout field in the Configure pane or the timeout input parameter, see Timeout and Retry Options.</p>

Mapping inputs

1. Select the Map Inputs task in the Checklist. The Retry panel opens.

The input parameters of the activity are displayed in the To Activity panel.

2. All the input parameters of the MQ Get Message activity are optional. If the input parameter listed in the following table are not displayed in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs panel, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity panel and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs panel to activate this option.

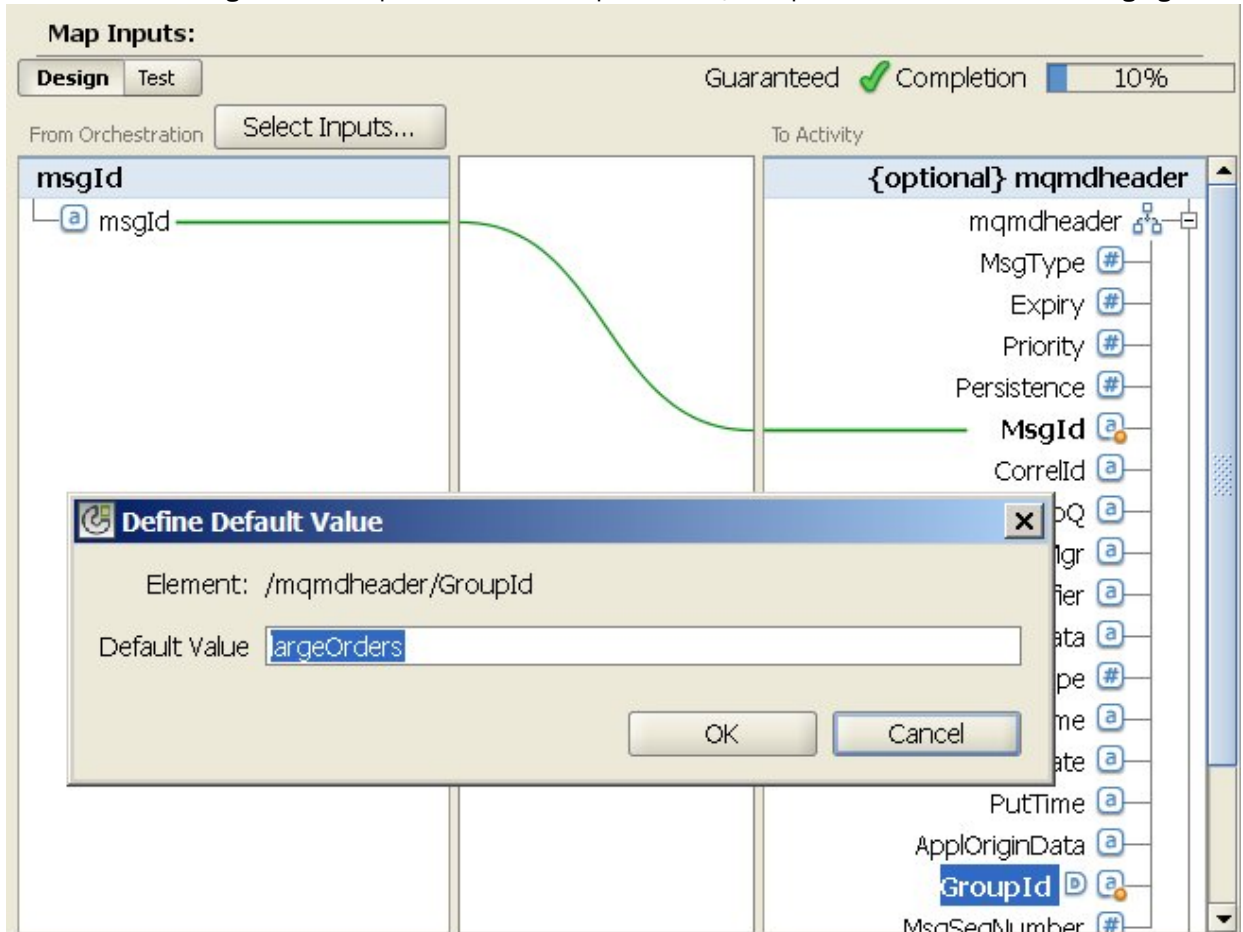
You can constrain the type of message returned by the MQ Get Message activity by mapping any combination of the following nodes of the mqmdheader optional input parameter:

- o mqmdheader/MsgId
- o mqmdheader/CorreId
- o mqmdheader/GroupId
- o mqmdheader/MsgSeqNumber

During run time, the activity iterates sequentially through the messages in the queue. If nothing is mapped to these nodes, nothing is constrained so the first message in the queue is returned by the MQ Get Message activity and next activity in the orchestration is processed.

If any of these nodes are mapped, during run time the MQ Get Message activity iterates through each message in the queue until it finds the first message that matches the run time values of all the mapped nodes. The first matching message is returned by the MQ Get Message activity and next activity in the orchestration is processed.

For example in the Map Inputs task, mqmdheader/MsgId is mapped to the string called msgId and a default value of largeOrders is specified for the mqmdheader/GroupId as shown in the following figure:



During run time, the MQ Get Message activity returns the first message in the queue that satisfies both of the following conditions:

- The run time value specified of the string variable called msgId is equal message ID of the message in the queue.
- The group ID of the message equals largeOrders.

You can optionally override the settings you specified for the Queue Name and the Timeout in the Configure task of the Checklist dynamically during run time, using the input parameters defined in the following table.

For example, the MQ queue name can be set in the Configure task to poqueue. During run time, the MQ queue name: newqueue could be passed into the activity using the queueName input parameter. The queue name specified dynamically during run time overrides the original setting specified in the Configure panel. In this example, the Integration Appliance looks at the MQ queue named newqueue for messages.

Optional Input Parameters that Override the Settings in the Configure Task

Input Parameter Name/Node	Description	Overrides the Setting in Task?
timeout	<p>Specifies the amount of time that the Integration Appliance waits after requesting to retrieve a message from the queue before retrying.</p> <p>Specify a negative number to specify no timeout period — the Integration Appliance waits indefinitely to retrieve a message from the queue. Specifying a negative number is equal to specifying the Never option in the Configure task.</p>	The timeout input parameter overrides the Timeout field of the Configure task.
queue name	Specifies the name of the MQ queue where the Integration Appliance looks for messages.	The queue name input parameter overrides the encoding specified in the Queue Name field of the Configure task.

See [Creating a Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Mapping outputs

You are not required to map the output parameters for this activity. See [Creating a Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Timeout and Retry options

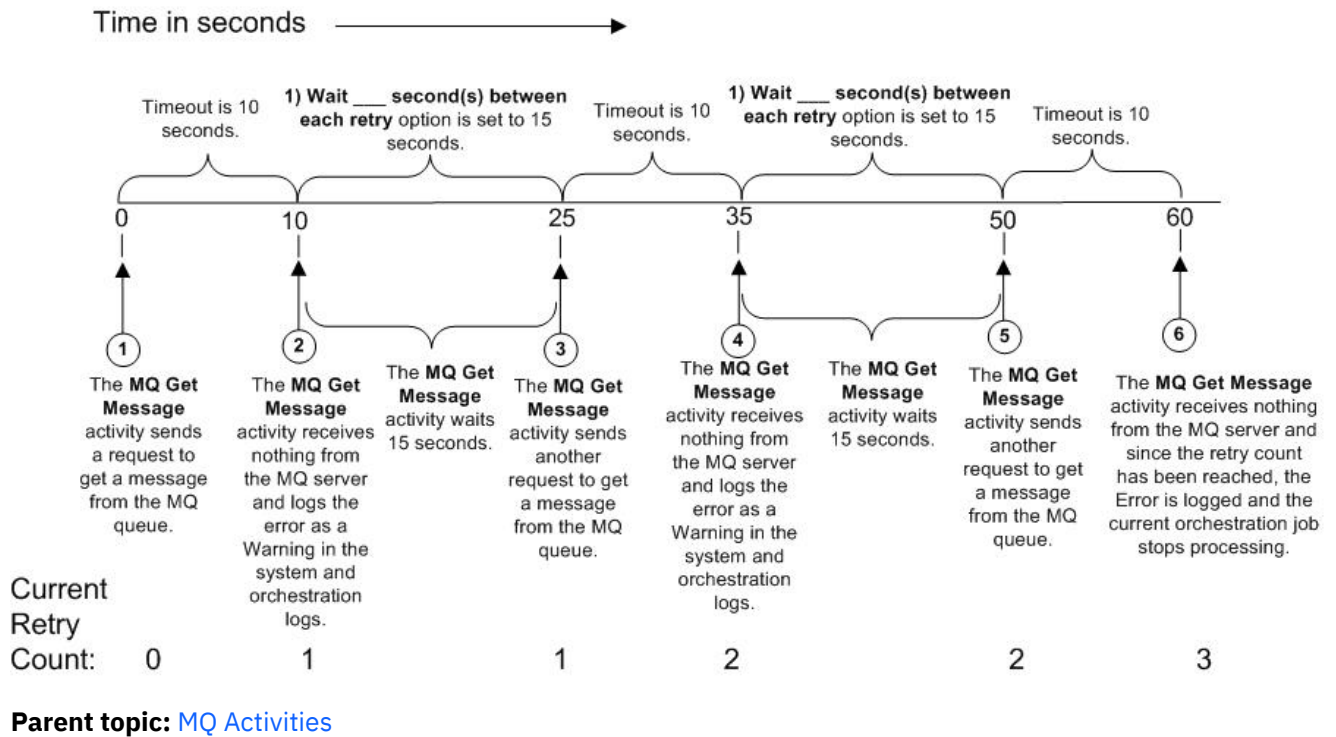
The timeout specified in the Timeout field in the Configure task or the timeout input parameter specifies the number of seconds before a timeout occurs between the MQ Get Message activity requesting to retrieve a message from the queue and the time it takes for the message to be returned. If this timeout period expires and no message is returned from the queue, the Integration Appliance waits the amount of time specified in the 1) Wait ___ second(s) between each retry option before attempting to retrieve a message, again. The Integration Appliance keeps attempting to get the message up to the specified retry count. The retry count is specified with the 2) Try to connect ___ times before failing. The 1) Wait ___ second(s) between each retry and 2) Try to connect ___ times before failing options are specified in the [Retry options](#) task.

For example, a MQ Get Message activity is configured with the following options:

- The Timeout field in the Configure task is set to 10 seconds and the optional timeout input parameter is not mapped and no default value is defined.
- The 1) Wait ___ second(s) between each retry option is set to 15 seconds.
- The 2) Try to connect ___ times before failing option is set to 2.

During run time, if the MQ Get Message activity is continuously unable to retrieve a message from the queue, as shown in the following figure:

Time Line



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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/MQ_Get_Message_Activity.html

MQ Put Message activity

Use the MQ Put Message activity sends a message to the specified queue during run time.

Note: You must have [created an endpoint for the MQ activity](#) before configuring the activity. The Configure task has three sections:

- [Queue and Message details](#) - where you specify properties for queue and message details.
- [Delivery rules](#) - where you specify how you want messages delivered.
- [Retry options](#) - where you specify how long to wait between retries and the number of time to retry before failing.

After completing the Configure tasks, and [Mapping inputs](#) for the activity.

Note: The maximum message size is 100 MBytes.

Queue and Message details

Specify the Queue and Message details using the fields in the following table. Required fields are marked with an asterisk.

--	--

Field	Description
Queue Name *	Specifies the name of the queue where the messages are put.
Payload Data Type	Specifies the datatype of the message payload, either binary or string.
Message Type	<p>Datagram - Select if the message should be sent and no reply is needed.</p> <p>Request - Select if the message should have a reply. Be sure to set the Reply to Queue property for request messages.</p> <p>Response - Select if the message is a reply to a previous request.</p>
Reply to Queue	Specifies the queue the reply should be sent to for request messages.
Reply to Queue Manager	Specifies the name of the Queue Manager that the queue (specified in the Reply to Queue field) belongs to.
Persistent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • True - Messages are restored to queues if the Queue Manager crashes. • False - Messages may be lost from the queue if the Queue Manager crashes. • Default - Messages use the persistence setting for the queue (this is the default).
Priority	<p>Specifies the priority of the message. By default, the message priority defaults to the default priority for the queue. If the queue uses priorities to order messages and this message should have a specific priority set, select Specify and enter the priority. Priorities can range from 1 (lowest) up to 9 (highest).</p> <p>Note: The priority should not exceed the maximum priority number set for the MQ queue. Check with your MQ system administrator for this information.</p>
Message Expiration	<p>The number of seconds that messages are kept in the queue before expiring. Defaults to Never, which ensures that the message is delivered and waits on the queue until it is retrieved, no matter how long that may take.</p> <p>If messages for this queue should expire and be discarded after some period of time, select Specify and enter the maximum number of Seconds that the message should be kept in the queue.</p>
Schema Fragment for MQRFH2 Header	<p>Specifies if an MQRFH2 header is included in the message. If the message is an XML message and includes a MQRFH2 header, select this check box and click [...]. In the Browse For Schema Type Element dialog box find the XML Schema that defines the header, select the NameValueData element in that XML Schema, and click OK. The schema fragment is the NameValueData element and all its child elements.</p> <p>Note: The XML Schema that defines the header must first be created and loaded into the project before you can select it. For more information see Defining and loading an XML schema for a MQRFH2 header.</p>

Delivery rules

Field	Description
Delivery	The options available here are:

Messages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At least once - Specifies that the message is delivered at least once but can be delivered more than once. Connection or Integration Appliance failures can result in messages being retrieved and processed more than once. This delivery option is typically used when the receiving system can detect or tolerate duplicate messages. • At most once - Specifies the message is delivered only once or not at all. Connection or Integration Appliance failures can result in messages being missed. This delivery option is typically used when the receiving system cannot tolerate duplicate messages but can tolerate lost messages.
----------	--

Retry options

Configure the retry options for connecting to a MQ Server. The following table describes the retry options for connecting to a MQ Server:


Retry Options	Description
1) Wait ___ second(s) between each retry.	The number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before attempting to contact the Queue manager to send a message to MQ Server, again.
2) Try to connect ___ times before failing.	<p>Specifies the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to contact the Queue manager to send a message to the MQ Server before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job.</p> <p>If you deploy an orchestration that contains an MQ Put Message activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the Queue manager of the specified MQ Server, the Integration Appliance logs the errors as warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job.</p> <p>For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p>

Mapping inputs

You are required to map input parameters for this activity. The following parameter is required and must be mapped in order for the configuration to be complete. All other parameters are optional. See [Creating a Map](#) for more information.

Required Input Parameters:
 payload

To view the optional input parameters in the To Activity panel of the Map Inputs panel, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity panel and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click on a node in the Map Inputs panel to activate this option.

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MQ Poll Queue activity

Use the MQ Poll Queue activity periodically checks the MQ Queue for messages based on a specified retry interval during runtime.

Note: You must have [created an endpoint for the MQ activity](#) before configuring the activity. The Configure task has three sections:

- [Queue and Message details](#) - where you specify properties for queue and message details.
- [Delivery rules](#) - where you specify how you want messages delivered.
- [Retry options](#) - where you specify how long to wait between retries and the number of time to retry before failing.

After completing the Configure tasks, [Mapping outputs](#) for the activity.

Note: The maximum message size is 100 MBytes.

Queue and Message details

Specify Queue and Message details for the fields in the following table. Required fields are marked with an asterisk.

Field	Description
Queue Name *	Specifies the name of the queue which is polled for messages.
Payload Data Type	Specifies the datatype of the message payload, either binary or string.
Schema Fragment for MQRFH2 Header	Specifies if an MQRFH2 header is included in the message. If the message is an XML message and includes a MQRFH2 header, select this check box and click [...]. In the Browse For Schema Type Element dialog box find the XML Schema that defines the header, select the NameValueData element in that XML Schema, and click OK. The schema fragment is the NameValueData element and all its child elements. Note: The XML Schema that defines the header must first be created and loaded into the project before you can select it. For more information see Defining and loading an XML schema for a MQRFH2 header .

Delivery rules

Field	Description
-------	-------------

Poll for changes	Specifies how often the Integration Appliance should poll the queue for changes. For more information, see Polling Interval Behavior .
Where messages have Unique ID's	Specifies if the messages on the queue have unique IDs.
Deliver Messages	<p>The options available here depend on whether the Unique ID's checkbox is selected. If selected, all three options are available. If not, only At Least Once is displayed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At least once - Specifies that the message is delivered at least once but can be delivered more than once. Connection or Integration Appliance failures can result in messages being retrieved and processed more than once. This delivery option is typically used when the receiving system can detect or tolerate duplicate messages. • At most once - Specifies the message is delivered only once or not at all. Connection or Integration Appliance failures can result in messages being missed. This delivery option is typically used when the receiving system cannot tolerate duplicate messages but can tolerate lost messages. • Exactly once - Specifies the message is delivered once and only once. Connection or Integration Appliance failures do not affect delivery with this option. The Integration Appliance uses MQ message IDs to ensure that every message is retrieved and processed exactly once. <p>Note: If you select the Exactly Once option, you must enable persistence. For more information, see Enabling Persistence.</p>

Retry options

Configure the retry options of the MQ Poll Queue activity, as defined in the following table:

Retry Options	Description
1) Wait ___ second(s) between each retry.	The number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before attempting to retrieve messages from MQ Server, again.
2) Try to connect ___ times before failing.	<p>Specifies the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to retrieve messages from the MQ Server before failing.</p> <p>If an orchestration that starts with an MQ Poll Queue activity is deployed and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified MQ server or cannot retrieve messages from queue, the Integration Appliance logs the errors as warnings in the system log until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system log, resets the current retry count to zero, and continues to attempt to establish a connection to the MQ server.</p>

For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth error as an error and resets the current retry count to zero. Therefore, the fifth connection error generates a warning in the system log. The Integration Appliance continues to attempt to retrieve messages from the queue.

Mapping outputs


You are not required to map output parameters for this activity. However, if you do map any of these parameters, note the following points:

Parameters:

- payload and mqmdheader parameters are obtained from the message that is received from the queue.
- rfh2header is obtained if the schema for the RFH2 Header is specified in the Configure task.

Parent topic: [MQ Activities](#)

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MQRFH2 XML data and schema examples

This section contains the following examples:

- [Example XML data that contains MQRFH2 parameters](#)
- [Example XML Schema that defines MQRFH2 parameters](#)

Example XML data that contains MQRFH2 parameters

Note the following characteristics about the example XML data:

- ParameterA contains only properties.
- ParameterB contains groups with properties.
- ParameterC contains both a group and a property.
- Property4 repeats several times within groupDtl.

Example XML Data that Contains MQRFH2 Parameters:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<NameValueData>
  <parameterA>
    <property1>value</property1>
    <property2 datatype="nt">345</property2>
```

```

</parameterA>
<parameterB>
  <groupHeader>
    <property3>>true</property3>
  </groupHeader>
  <groupDtl>
    <property4>ANR</property4>
    <property4>BYC</property4>
    <property4>ENN</property4>
  </groupDtl>
</parameterB>
<parameterC>
  <groupNew>
    <property5>01/15/2004</property5>
  </groupNew>
  <property1>value</property1>
</parameterC>
</NameValueData>

```

Example XML Schema that defines MQRFH2 parameters

The following example XML Schema defines the three parameters displayed in [Example XML data that contains MQRFH2 parameters](#). The type for all of the property elements: MQRFH2PropertyType, provides the datatype attribute shown on property2 in the preceding example. The MQRFH2PropertyType type also ensures that the elements can contain values.

The repetition for property4 in groupDtl is handled with the minOccurs and maxOccurs attributes. You can also set maxOccurs to unbounded to allow an unlimited number of repetitions.

An Example XML Schema that defines MQRFH2 Parameters:

```

<xsd:schema elementFormDefault="qualified"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:rfh="http://www.approuter.com/samples/MQ"
  targetNamespace="http://www.approuter.com/samples/MQ">
  <xsd:complexType name="MQRFH2PropertyType">
    <xsd:simpleContent>

```

```

<xsd:extension base="xsd:string">
  <xsd:attribute name="dt" type="xsd:string" use="optional"/>
</xsd:extension>
</xsd:simpleContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="NameValueData">
  <xsd:complexType>
    <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element name="parameterA">
        <xsd:complexType>
          <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="property1" type="rfh:MQRFH2PropertyType"/>
            <xsd:element name="property2" type="rfh:MQRFH2PropertyType"/>
          </xsd:sequence>
        </xsd:complexType>
      </xsd:element>
      <xsd:element name="parameterB">
        <xsd:complexType>
          <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="groupHeader">
              <xsd:complexType>
                <xsd:sequence>
                  <xsd:element name="property3" type="rfh:MQRFH2PropertyType"/>
                </xsd:sequence>
              </xsd:complexType>
            </xsd:element>
            <xsd:element name="groupDtl">
              <xsd:complexType>
                <xsd:sequence>
                  <xsd:element name="property4" type="rfh:MQRFH2PropertyType" minOccurs="1"
                    maxOccurs="5"/>
                </xsd:sequence>
              </xsd:complexType>
            </xsd:element>
          </xsd:sequence>
        </xsd:complexType>
      </xsd:element>
    </xsd:sequence>
  </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:element>

```


```

        </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:element>
</xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
</xsd:element>
<xsd:element name="parameterC">
    <xsd:complexType>
        <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="groupNew">
                <xsd:complexType>
                    <xsd:sequence>
                        <xsd:element name="property5" type="rfh:MQRFH2PropertyType"/>
                    </xsd:sequence>
                </xsd:complexType>
            </xsd:element>
            <xsd:element name="property1" type="rfh:MQRFH2PropertyType"/>
        </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:element>
</xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
</xsd:element>
</xsd:schema>

```

Parent topic: [MQ Activities](#)

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NetSuite Activities

- [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#)
Endpoints provide the NetSuite connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect with NetSuite.
- [Add Records activity](#)
Use the Add Records activity to add one or more new records to NetSuite. Each added record must be uniquely identifiable by its name, type, and hierarchy. If two or more records have the same identifiers, a SOAP fault is posted. The records to be added must be of the same record type.
- [Attach Records activity](#)
The Attach Records activity can be used to define a relationship between two records. For example, a Contact record can be associated with a Vendor record. A Contact record can be associated with all entity records except for other Contact records and Group records.
- [Delete Records activity](#)
The Delete Records activity can delete one or more records from NetSuite. Each deleted record must be uniquely identifiable by its name, type, and hierarchy. If two or more records have the same identifiers, a SOAP fault is posted. The records to be deleted must be of the same record type.
- [Detach Records activity](#)
The detach records activity can be used to remove a relationship between two records. For example, a Contact record associated with a Vendor record can be removed. The Detach Records activity can also detach files, such as Word or PDF files, from a NetSuite record.
- [Get Records activity](#)
The Get Records activity retrieves one or more records based on the records unique IDs. If any of the IDs are invalid, valid IDs are processed and a warning for invalid IDs is sent in the response.
- [Initialize Record activity](#)
Use the Initialize Record activity to populate a transaction record with input from another related record. For example, you can populate a Sales Order record with input from the related Estimate record before submitting the Sales Order record to NetSuite.
- [Search Records activity](#)
The Search Records activity searches for a specific record type based on search criteria that you specify.
- [Update Records activity](#)
The Update Records activity can update one or more records. Only fields that are populated are updated in NetSuite. For fields that are not populated, the previous value in NetSuite is maintained. If a field is populated with an empty string, the value of the field in NetSuite is replaced with an empty string.
- [Upsert Records Activity](#)
The Upsert Records activity can update a record if the record already exists in the database, or to insert the record if it does not. Only fields that are populated are updated in NetSuite. For fields that are not populated, the previous value in NetSuite is maintained. If a field is populated with an empty string, the value of the field in NetSuite is replaced with an empty string.
- [Troubleshooting and support](#)
Troubleshooting techniques and self-help information help you identify and solve problems quickly. This topic provides potential solutions for issues you would have with the NetSuite connector.

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Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint

Endpoints provide the NetSuite connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect with NetSuite.

Procedure

1. Select an activity from the NetSuite folder of the Activities tab.
2. Drag the activity onto the orchestration.

The Summary panel is displayed along with a Checklist that lists the tasks that must be performed to configure the activity.

3. Click the Endpoint task from the Checklist and choose one of the following options:
 - o Browse - To select an existing endpoint from the project.
 - o New - To create a new endpoint.
 - o Edit - To edit an existing endpoint.
Note: Edits are global, not local. Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the Project.
4. When the NetSuite endpoint screen is displayed, complete, or edit, the information in the following fields:

Field	Description
Email Address	E-mail address used to login to NetSuite
Password	Password for E-mail address
Account Number	Account number associated with E-mail address

- o Login Options - Choose either Login normally or Login in to the specified URL and specified version.

If you purchased the Web Services Concurrent License, click Web Services Plus License.

- o Connection Pool Options - Leave the default values or change the values for the Connection Pool Options:

Field	Description
Minimum Connections	The default is 1.
Maximum Connections	The default is 1. If Web Services Plus License (Concurrent Web Services User preference) is selected, the default is 5.
Maximum Idle Time	The maximum number of minutes, the session can remain idle before ending the session. The default is 120 minutes. NetSuite enforces a 120 minute maximum.
Maximum Wait	Maximum Wait The maximum number of seconds to wait for the session to start. The default is 300 seconds.

- Connection Timeout - Use the up and down arrows to select the number of seconds, that you want to wait to establish a connection to the endpoint before ending the attempt.
- Proxy - To use a proxy server to connect with NetSuite, select Connect via a Proxy Server.

For Authentication, click the arrow and choose the mode, either Basic or NTLM.

For Realm, if you choose Basic authentication, you can specify a realm. If you do not specify a realm, the endpoint authenticates to 'any realm'.

Complete the following fields:


Field	Description
Host Name	The name of the proxy server or the IP address of the proxy server.
Port	The port number used by the proxy server to connect with NetSuite.
User Name	The ID used to login to the proxy server.
Password	The password for User Name.

- Update - Use the Update WSDL to_2011_1 button to upgrade the NetSuite WSDL. The button is inactive if WSDL_2011_1 is already present. After clicking the button, you will be presented with a list of project entities that will be affected by this update. At that point, you can decline to update to WSDL_2011_1 or proceed with the update.

Click Test Connection to verify that a connection can be established.

Parent topic: [NetSuite Activities](#)

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Add Records activity

Use the Add Records activity to add one or more new records to NetSuite. Each added record must be uniquely identifiable by its name, type, and hierarchy. If two or more records have the same identifiers, a SOAP fault is posted. The records to be added must be of the same record type.

- [Using the Add Records activity](#)
To use the Add Records activity complete the following steps.
- [Mapping the inputs for the Add Records activity](#)
Up can map the Add records task inputs
- [Mapping the outputs for the Add Records activity](#)
You can map the outputs for the Add Records activity.

Parent topic: [NetSuite Activities](#)

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Using the Add Records activity

To use the Add Records activity complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, expand the NetSuite directory and locate the Add Records activity.
2. Add the Add Records activity to your orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
4. Select one of the following options:
 - o Browse - to select a NetSuite endpoint from the Project Explorer.
 - o New - to create a new NetSuite endpoint using the Create Endpoint dialog.

For instructions on creating a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).

- o Edit - to edit an existing NetSuite endpoint using the Edit Endpoint dialog.
For instructions on editing a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).
Note: Edits are global, not local. Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project.
5. In the Checklist, click Configure.
6. Click Browse to display the Browse NetSuite dialog.
7. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, click Show Record Types and select one of the following options:
 - o All – to view all record types.
 - o Only Custom – to view only custom records.
 - o Only Standard – to view only standard NetSuite record types.

Note: To use custom records, you must enter the internal ID in the recType/internalId node.
8. To view custom fields in standard records, select the Generate custom fields for standard record types checkbox.

This option does not apply to custom record types. The state of the checkbox is saved.


9. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, select a record type by completing one of the following tasks:
 - o Enter the first few letters of a record type in the Search for a Record Type field, select the record type in the Record Type scroll list and then click Select.
 - o Scroll through the Record Type scroll list until you find the required record type, click the record type, and then click Select.
10. To refresh the maps in NetSuite, in the Configure pane, click Refresh after the record type is set.
11. In the Checklist, click Retry.
12. In the Retry section:
 - o Set the number of seconds, between each retry to connect with NetSuite. The default is 30 seconds.
 - o Set the number of times you want to retry before failing. The default is 5 times.

In the Activity Timeout section:

- o Set the Activity Timeout, the number of seconds, to wait when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.
13. Mapping inputs. See [Mapping the inputs for the Add Records activity](#) for more information.
 14. Mapping outputs. See [Mapping the outputs for the Add Records activity](#) for more information.

Parent topic: [Add Records activity](#)

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Mapping the inputs for the Add Records activity

You can map the Add records task inputs

About this task

To map the inputs for the add records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Inputs task.
2. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.


For instructions on how to create variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. Map the elements in the From Orchestration pane to the NetSuite elements in the To Activity pane.

The elements in the To Activity pane are determined by the NetSuite record type you selected in the Configure task. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Add Records activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Add_Records_Map_Input.html

Mapping the outputs for the Add Records activity

You can map the outputs for the Add Records activity.

About this task


To map the outputs for the add records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Outputs task.
2. Click Copy.
3. Select addListResponse. Click Create to copy from the Activity panel to the Orchestration panel.

Parent topic: [Add Records activity](#)

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Attach Records activity

The Attach Records activity can be used to define a relationship between two records. For example, a Contact record can be associated with a Vendor record. A Contact record can be associated with all entity records except for other Contact records and Group records.

About this task

The Attach Records activity can also attach files, such as Word or PDF files, to a NetSuite record. Any file that is in the NetSuite file cabinet can be attached to any record except for custom records.


The following list describes the nodes for the Attach Records activity in the Checklist > Map Inputs > To Activity panel:

- {RecordRef} attachTo - this node specifies the record to which the attachment is attached.
 - @type – In the Define Default Value, select the type of record.
 - @externalId – Either externalId or internalId must be specified for the RecordRef.
 - @internalID – Either externalId or internalId must be specified for the RecordRef.
- contact – This node specifies the record to associate with or the file to attach to the attachTo record.
 - @internalID – Either externalId or internalId must be specified for the RecordRef.
 - @externalId – Either externalId or internalId must be specified for the RecordRef.
 - @type – In the Define Default Value, select the type of record.
 - name – Enter the name of the contact or the file name.
- contactRole – This node specifies the role in the user defined Contact List located in the NetSuite UI at List > Relationships > Contacts.
 - exists – a Boolean used to indicate whether the Contacts List exists or not.
 - @internalID – Either externalId or internalId must be specified for the role.
 - @externalId – Either externalId or internalId must be specified for the role.
 - name – The title of the role such as Primary Contact.

- [Using the Attach Records activity](#)
To use the Attach Records activity, complete the following steps:
- [Mapping the inputs for the Attach Records activity](#)
To map the inputs for the Attach Records activity, complete the following steps.
- [Mapping the outputs for the Attach Records activity](#)
To map the outputs for the Attach Records activity, complete the following steps.

Parent topic: [NetSuite Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_attach_records_activity_ov.html

Using the Attach Records activity

To use the Attach Records activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, expand the NetSuite directory and locate the Attach Records activity.
2. Add the Attach Records activity to your orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
4. Select one of the following options:
 - Browse - to select a NetSuite endpoint from the Project Explorer.
 - New - to create a new NetSuite endpoint using the Create Endpoint dialog.


For instructions on creating a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).

- Edit - to edit an existing NetSuite endpoint using the Edit Endpoint dialog.
For instructions on editing a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).
Note: Edits are global, not local. Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project.
 5. In the Checklist, click Configure.
 6. Click Configure to open the Attach Reference Activity Wizard.
 7. Click Browse.
 8. Select the record you want to attach and click Attach.
 9. Click Next.
 10. Select the record to which you want to attach the attachment record and click Select.
 11. Click Finish.
 12. In the Checklist, click Retry.
 13. In the Retry section:
 - Set number of seconds, between each retry to connect with NetSuite. The default is 30 seconds.
 - Set the number of times you want to retry before failing. The default is 5 times.
- In the Activity Timeout section:

- Set the Activity Timeout, in seconds, you want to wait when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.
14. Map inputs. See [Mapping the inputs for the Attach Records activity](#) for more information.
 15. Map outputs. See [Mapping the outputs for the Attach Records activity](#) for more information.

Parent topic: [Attach Records activity](#)

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Mapping the inputs for the Attach Records activity

To map the inputs for the Attach Records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Inputs task.
2. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.


For instructions on how to create variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. Map the elements in the From Orchestration panel to the NetSuite elements in the To Activity panel.

The elements in the To Activity panel are determined by the NetSuite record type you selected in the Configure task. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Attach Records activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Attach_Records_Map_Input.html

Mapping the outputs for the Attach Records activity

To map the outputs for the Attach Records activity, complete the following steps.


Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Outputs task.

2. Click Copy.
3. Select either or both addListResponse or headers and click Create to copy your choices from the Activity panel to the Orchestration panel.

Parent topic: [Attach Records activity](#)

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Delete Records activity

The Delete Records activity can delete one or more records from NetSuite. Each deleted record must be uniquely identifiable by its name, type, and hierarchy. If two or more records have the same identifiers, a SOAP fault is posted. The records to be deleted must be of the same record type.

- [Using the Delete Records activity](#)
To use the Delete Records activity, complete the following steps:
- [Mapping the inputs for the Delete Records activity](#)
To map the inputs for the delete records activity, complete the following steps.
- [Mapping the outputs for the Delete Records activity](#)
To map the outputs for the delete records activity, complete the following steps.

Parent topic: [NetSuite Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_delete_records_activity_ov.html

Using the Delete Records activity

To use the Delete Records activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, expand the NetSuite directory and locate the Delete Records activity.
2. Add the Delete Records activity to your orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
4. Select one of the following:
 - o Browse - to select a NetSuite endpoint from the Project Explorer.
 - o New - to create a new NetSuite endpoint using the Create Endpoint dialog.

For instructions on creating a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).


- o Edit - to edit an existing NetSuite endpoint using the Edit Endpoint dialog.
For instructions on editing a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).
Note: Edits are global, not local. Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project.
 5. In the Checklist, click Configure.
 6. Click Browse to display the Browse NetSuite dialog.
 7. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, click Show Record Types and select one of the following options:
 - o All – to view all record types.
 - o Only Custom – to view only custom records.
 - o Only Standard – to view only standard NetSuite record types.
- Note: To use custom records, you must enter the internal ID in the recType/internalId node.
8. To view custom fields in standard records, select the Generate custom fields for standard record types checkbox.

This option does not apply to custom record types. The state of the checkbox is saved.

9. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, choose a record type by performing one of the following tasks:
 - o Enter the first few letters of a record type in the Search for a Record Type field, select the record type in the Record Type scroll list and then click Select.
 - o Scroll through the Record Type scroll list until you find the record type you want, click the record type, and then click Select.
 10. To refresh the maps in NetSuite, in the Configure pane, click Refresh after the record type is set.
 11. In the Checklist, click Retry.
 12. In the Retry section:
 - o Set the number of seconds, between each retry to connect with NetSuite. The default is 30 seconds.
 - o Set the number of times you want to retry before failing. The default is 5 times.
- In the Activity Timeout section:
- o Set the Activity Timeout, in seconds, you want to wait when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.
13. Map inputs. See [Mapping the inputs for the Delete Records activity](#) for more information.
 14. Map outputs. See [Mapping the outputs for the Delete Records activity](#) for more information.

Parent topic: [Delete Records activity](#)

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Mapping the inputs for the Delete Records activity

To map the inputs for the delete records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Inputs task.
2. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.


For instructions on how to create variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. Map the elements in the From Orchestration panel to the NetSuite elements in the To Activity panel.

The elements in the To Activity pane are determined by the NetSuite record type you selected in the Configure task. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Delete Records activity](#)

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Mapping the outputs for the Delete Records activity


To map the outputs for the delete records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Outputs task.
2. Click Copy.
3. Select deleteListResponse. Click Create to copy deleteListResponse from the Activity panel to the Orchestration panel.

Parent topic: [Delete Records activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Delete_Records_Map_Output.html

Detach Records activity

The detach records activity can be used to remove a relationship between two records. For example, a Contact record associated with a Vendor record can be removed. The Detach Records activity can also detach files, such as Word or PDF files, from a NetSuite record.


About this task

The following list describes the nodes for the Detach Records activity in the Checklist > Map Inputs > To Activity panel:

- {RecordRef} attachTo - this node specifies the record to which the attachment is removed.
 - @type – In the Define Default Value, select the type of record.
 - @externalId – Either externalId or internalId must be specified for the RecordRef.
 - @internalID – Either externalId or internalId must be specified for the RecordRef.
- contact – This node specifies the record or the file to detach from the detachTo record.
 - @internalID – Either externalId or internalId must be specified for the RecordRef.
 - @externalId – Either externalId or internalId must be specified for the RecordRef.
 - @type – In the Define Default Value, select the type of record.
 - name – Enter the name of the contact or the file name.
- contactRole – This node specifies the role in the user defined Contact List located in the NetSuite UI at List > Relationships > Contacts.
 - exists – a Boolean used to indicate whether the Contacts List exists or not.
 - @internalID – Either externalId or internalId must be specified for the role.
 - @externalId – Either externalId or internalId must be specified for the role.
 - name – The title of the role such as Primary Contact.
- [Using the Detach Records activity](#)
To use the detach Records activity, complete the following steps:
- [Mapping the inputs for the Detach Records activity](#)
To map the inputs for the detach records activity, complete the following steps.
- [Mapping the outputs for the Detach Records activity](#)
To map the outputs for the detach records activity, complete the following steps.

Parent topic: [NetSuite Activities](#)

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Using the Detach Records activity

To use the detach Records activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, expand the NetSuite directory and locate the Detach Records activity.
2. Add the Detach Records activity to your orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.


3. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
4. Select one of the following options:
 - Browse - to select a NetSuite endpoint from the Project Explorer.
 - New - to create a new NetSuite endpoint using the Create Endpoint dialog.

For instructions on creating a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).

- Edit - to edit an existing NetSuite endpoint using the Edit Endpoint dialog.
For instructions on editing a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).
Note: Edits are global, not local. Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project.
5. In the Checklist, click Configure.
 6. Click Configure to display the Detach Reference Activity Wizard.
 7. Click Browse.
 8. Select the record you want to attach and click Select.
 9. Click Next.
 10. Select the record to which you want to attach the attachment record and click Select.
 11. Click Finish.
 12. In the Checklist, click Retry.
 13. In the Retry section:
 - Set the number of seconds, between each retry to connect with NetSuite. The default is 30 seconds.
 - Set the number of times you want to retry before failing. The default is 5 times.
- In the Activity Timeout section:
- Set the Activity Timeout, in seconds, you want to wait when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.
14. MapInputs. See [Mapping the inputs for the Detach Records activity](#) for more information.
 15. Map outputs. See [Mapping the outputs for the Detach Records activity](#) for more information.

Parent topic: [Detach Records activity](#)

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Mapping the inputs for the Detach Records activity

To map the inputs for the detach records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Inputs task.
2. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.


For instructions on creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. Map the elements in the From Orchestration pane to the NetSuite elements in the To Activity pane.

The elements in the To Activity pane are determined by the NetSuite record type you selected in the Configure task. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Detach Records activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Detach_Records_Map_Input.html

Mapping the outputs for the Detach Records activity


To map the outputs for the detach records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Outputs task.
2. Click Copy.
3. Select detachListResponse and click Create to copy the detachListResponse from the Activity panel to the Orchestration panel.

Parent topic: [Detach Records activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Detach_Records_Map_Output.html

Get Records activity

The Get Records activity retrieves one or more records based on the records unique IDs. If any of the IDs are invalid, valid IDs are processed and a warning for invalid IDs is sent in the response.

- [Using the Get Records activity](#)
To use the Get Records activity complete the following steps.
- [Mapping the inputs for the Get Records activity](#)
To map the inputs for the get records activity, complete the following steps.
- [Mapping the outputs for the Get Records activity](#)
To map the outputs for the get records activity, complete the following steps.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Get_Records_Activity_ov.html

Using the Get Records activity

To use the Get Records activity complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, expand the NetSuite directory and locate the Get Records activity.
2. Add the Get Records activity to your orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
4. Select one of the following options:
 - Browse - to select a NetSuite endpoint from the Project Explorer.
 - New - to create a new NetSuite endpoint using the Create Endpoint dialog.

For instructions on creating a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).

- Edit - to edit an existing NetSuite endpoint using the Edit Endpoint dialog.
For instructions on editing a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).
Note: Edits are global, not local. Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project.
5. In the Checklist, click Configure.
6. Click Browse to display the Browse NetSuite dialog.
7. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, click Show Record Types and select one of the following:
 - All – to view all record types.
 - Only Custom – to view only custom records.
 - Only Standard – to view only standard NetSuite record types.

Note: To use custom records, you must enter the internal ID in the recType/internalId node.
8. To view custom fields in standard records, select the Generate custom fields for standard record types checkbox.

This option does not apply to custom record types. The state of the checkbox is saved.

9. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, choose a record type by performing one of the following tasks:
 - Enter the first few letters of a record type in the Search for a Record Type field, select the record type in the Record Type scroll list and then click Select.
 - Scroll through the Record Type scroll list until you find the record type you want, click the record type, and then click Select.
10. To refresh the maps in NetSuite, after the record type is set in the Configure panel, click Refresh.
11. In the Checklist, click Retry.
12. In the Retry section:


- Set the number of seconds, between each retry to connect with NetSuite. The default is 30 seconds.
- Set the number of times you want to retry before failing. The default is 5 times.

In the Activity Timeout section:

- Set the Activity Timeout, in seconds, you want to wait when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.
13. Map inputs. See [Mapping the inputs for the Get Records activity](#) for more information.
 14. Map outputs. See [Mapping the outputs for the Get Records activity](#) for more information.

Parent topic: [Get Records activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_get_records_activity.html

Mapping the inputs for the Get Records activity

To map the inputs for the get records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Inputs task.
2. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.


For instructions on creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. Map the elements in the From Orchestration panel to the NetSuite elements in the To Activity panel.

The elements in the To Activity panel are determined by the NetSuite record type you selected in the Configure task. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Get Records activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Get_Records_Map_Input.html

Mapping the outputs for the Get Records activity


To map the outputs for the get records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Outputs task.
2. Click Copy.
3. Select getListResponse and click Create to copy your choices from the Activity panel to the Orchestration panel.

Parent topic: [Get Records activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Get_Records_Map_Output.html

Initialize Record activity

Use the Initialize Record activity to populate a transaction record with input from another related record. For example, you can populate a Sales Order record with input from the related Estimate record before submitting the Sales Order record to NetSuite.

About this task

The following table lists the transaction records with the related record types that can be used to populate the transaction records.


Transaction Record Type	Related Initialization Record
Customer Refund	Cash Sale
Customer Refund	Return Authorization
Cash Sale	Customer
Cash Sale	Estimate
Cash Sale	Opportunity
Cash Sale	Sales Order
Credit Memo	Customer
Credit Memo	Invoice
Credit Memo	Return Authorization
Customer Payment	Customer
Customer Payment	Invoice
Estimate	Opportunity
Invoice	Customer
Invoice	Estimate

Transaction Record Type	Related Initialization Record
Invoice	Opportunity
Invoice	Sales Order
Item Fulfillment	Sales Order
Item Receipt	Return Authorization
Item Receipt	Purchase Order
Return Authorization	Cash Sale
Return Authorization	Invoice
Return Authorization	Sales Order
Sales Order	Estimate
Sales Order	Opportunity
Vendor Bill	Purchase Order

- [Using the Initialize Record activity](#)
To use the initialize records activity complete the following steps.
- [Mapping the inputs for the Initialize Records activity](#)
To map the inputs for the initialize records activity, complete the following steps.
- [Mapping the outputs for the Initialize Records activity](#)
To map the outputs for the initialize records activity, complete the following steps.

Parent topic: [NetSuite Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Initialize_Records_Activity_ov.html

Using the Initialize Record activity

To use the initialize records activity complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, expand the NetSuite directory and locate the Initialize Records activity.
2. Add the Initialize Records activity to your orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity display beneath the orchestration.

3. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
4. Select one of the following options:
 - Browse - to select a NetSuite endpoint from the Project Explorer.
 - New - to create a new NetSuite endpoint using the Create Endpoint dialog.

For instructions on creating a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).


- o Edit - to edit an existing NetSuite endpoint using the Edit Endpoint dialog.
For instructions on editing a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).
Note: Edits are global, not local. Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project.
5. In the Checklist, click Configure.
 6. Click Browse to display the Browse NetSuite dialog.
 7. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, click Show Record Types and select one of the following options:
 - o All – to view all record types.
 - o Only Custom – to view only custom records.
 - o Only Standard – to view only standard NetSuite record types.
- Note: To use custom records, you must enter the internal ID in the recType/internalId node.
8. To view custom fields in standard records, select the Generate custom fields for standard record types checkbox.

This option does not apply to custom record types. The state of the checkbox is saved.

9. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, choose a record type by performing one of the following tasks:
 - o Enter the first few letters of a record type in the Search for a Record Type field, select the record type in the Record Type scroll list and then click Select.
 - o Scroll through the Record Type scroll list until you find the record type you want, click the record type, and then click Select.
 10. To refresh the maps in NetSuite, after the record type is set in the Configure panel, click Refresh.
 11. In the Checklist, click Retry.
 12. In the Retry section:
 - o Set the number of seconds, between each retry to connect with NetSuite. The default is 30 seconds.
 - o Set the number of times you want to retry before failing. The default is 5 times.
- In the Activity Timeout section:
- o Set the Activity Timeout, in seconds, you want to wait when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.
13. Map inputs. See [Mapping the inputs for the Initialize Records activity](#) for more information.
 14. Map outputs. See [Mapping the outputs for the Initialize Records activity](#) for more information.

Parent topic: [Initialize Record activity](#)

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Mapping the inputs for the Initialize Records activity

To map the inputs for the initialize records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Inputs task.

2. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.


For instructions on creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. Map the elements in the From Orchestration panel to the NetSuite elements in the To Activity panel.

The elements in the To Activity pane are determined by the NetSuite record type you selected in the Configure task. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Initialize Record activity](#)

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Mapping the outputs for the Initialize Records activity


To map the outputs for the initialize records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Outputs task.
2. Click Copy.
3. Select initializeListResponse and click Create to copy your choices from the Activity panel to the Orchestration panel.

Parent topic: [Initialize Record activity](#)

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Search Records activity

The Search Records activity searches for a specific record type based on search criteria that you specify.

About this task

You specify search criteria by expanding an element node and then specifying the operator and search value. For example, for a record type having an account number node:

1. Expand the accountNumber node.
2. Click operator and then right-click operator.
3. Select Define Default Value.
4. In the Default Value field, click the arrow and select an operator from the list.
5. Click OK.
6. Click searchValue.
7. Select Define Default Value.
8. In the Default Value field, enter the account number.
9. Click OK.

The Search Records activity supports searching on fields with a null value using the operator noneOf. This search returns all records for which the field does not have a null value.


To retrieve values from lists, use the Get Records activity as the Search Records activity does not support lists.

You define the search criteria during the Map Inputs task in the To Activity panel.

- [Using the Search Records activity](#)
To use the search records activity complete the following steps.
- [Mapping the inputs for the Search Records activity](#)
To map the inputs for the search records activity, complete the following steps.
- [Mapping the outputs for the Search Records activity](#)
To map the outputs for the search records activity, complete the following steps.

Parent topic: [NetSuite Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Search_Records_Activity_ov.html

Using the Search Records activity

To use the search records activity complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, expand the NetSuite directory and locate the Initialize Records activity.
2. Add the Initialize Records activity to your orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
4. Select one of the following options:
 - Browse - to select a NetSuite endpoint from the Project Explorer.
 - New - to create a new NetSuite endpoint using the Create Endpoint dialog.

For instructions on creating a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).


- o Edit - to edit an existing NetSuite endpoint using the Edit Endpoint dialog.
For instructions on editing a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).
Note: Edits are global, not local. Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project.
5. In the Checklist, click Configure.
 6. Click Browse to display the Browse NetSuite dialog.
 7. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, click Show Record Types and select one of the following options:
 - o All – to view all record types.
 - o Only Custom – to view only custom records.
 - o Only Standard – to view only standard NetSuite record types.
- Note: To use custom records, you must enter the internal ID in the recType/internalId node.
8. To view custom fields in standard records, select the Generate custom fields for standard record types checkbox.

This option does not apply to custom record types. The state of the checkbox is saved.

9. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, choose a record type by performing one of the following tasks:
 - o Enter the first few letters of a record type in the Search for a Record Type field, select the record type in the Record Type scroll list and then click Select.
 - o Scroll through the Record Type scroll list until you find the record type you want, click the record type, and then click Select.
 10. To refresh the maps in NetSuite, after the record type is set in the Configure panel, click Refresh.
 11. In the Checklist, click Retry.
 12. In the Retry section:
 - o Set the number of seconds, between each retry to connect with NetSuite. The default is 30 seconds.
 - o Set the number of times you want to retry before failing. The default is 5 times.
- In the Activity Timeout section:
- o Set the Activity Timeout, in seconds, you want to wait when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.
13. Map inputs. See [Mapping the inputs for the Search Records activity](#) for more information.
 14. Map outputs. See [Mapping the outputs for the Search Records activity](#) for more information.

Parent topic: [Search Records activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_search_records_activity.html

Mapping the inputs for the Search Records activity

To map the inputs for the search records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Inputs task.

2. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.


For instructions on creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. Map the elements in the From Orchestration panel to the NetSuite elements in the To Activity panel.

The elements in the To Activity panel are determined by the NetSuite record type you selected in the Configure task. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Search Records activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Search_Records_Map_Input.html

Mapping the outputs for the Search Records activity


To map the outputs for the search records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Outputs task.
2. Click Copy to copy the searchResponse elements from the Activity panel to the Orchestration panel.

Parent topic: [Search Records activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Search_Records_Map_Output.html

Update Records activity


The Update Records activity can update one or more records. Only fields that are populated are updated in NetSuite. For fields that are not populated, the previous value in NetSuite is maintained. If a field is populated with an empty string, the value of the field in NetSuite is replaced with an empty string.

- [Using the Update Records activity](#)
To use the Update Records activity complete the following tasks.
- [Mapping the inputs for the Update Records activity](#)
To map the inputs for the update records activity, complete the following steps.

- [Mapping the outputs for the Update Records activity](#)
To map the outputs for the update records activity, complete the following steps.

Parent topic: [NetSuite Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Update_Records_Activity_ov.html

Using the Update Records activity

To use the Update Records activity complete the following tasks.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, expand the NetSuite directory and locate the Get Records activity.
2. Add the Get Records activity to your orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
4. Select one of the following options:
 - Browse - to select a NetSuite endpoint from the Project Explorer.
 - New - to create a new NetSuite endpoint using the Create Endpoint dialog.

For instructions on creating a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).

- Edit - to edit an existing NetSuite endpoint using the Edit Endpoint dialog.
For instructions on editing a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).
Note: Edits are global, not local. Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project.
5. In the Checklist, click Configure.
6. Click Browse to display the Browse NetSuite dialog.
7. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, click Show Record Types and select one of the following options:
 - All – to view all record types.
 - Only Custom – to view only custom records.
 - Only Standard – to view only standard NetSuite record types.

Note: To use custom records, you must enter the internal ID in the recType/internalId node.
8. To view custom fields in standard records, select the Generate custom fields for standard record types checkbox.


This option does not apply to custom record types. The state of the checkbox is saved.

9. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, choose a record type by performing one of the following tasks:
 - Enter the first few letters of a record type in the Search for a Record Type field, select the record type in the Record Type scroll list and then click Select.

- Scroll through the Record Type scroll list until you find the record type you want, click the record type, and then click Select.
10. To refresh the maps in NetSuite, after the record type is set in the Configure panel, click Refresh.
 11. In the Checklist, click Retry.
 12. In the Retry section:
 - Set the number of seconds, between each retry to connect with NetSuite. The default is 30 seconds.
 - Set the number of times you want to retry before failing. The default is 5 times.
- In the Activity Timeout section:
- Set the Activity Timeout, in seconds, you want to wait when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.
13. Map inputs. See [Mapping the inputs for the Update Records activity](#) for more information.
 14. Map outputs. See [Mapping the outputs for the Update Records activity](#) for more information.

Parent topic: [Update Records activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Update_Records_Activity.html

Mapping the inputs for the Update Records activity

To map the inputs for the update records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Inputs task.
2. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.


For instructions on how to create variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. Map the elements in the From Orchestration panel to the NetSuite elements in the To Activity panel.

The elements in the To Activity panel are determined by the NetSuite record type you selected in the Configure task. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Update Records activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Update_Records_Map_Input.html

Mapping the outputs for the Update Records activity


To map the outputs for the update records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Outputs task.
2. Click Copy.
3. Select either or both `updateListResponse` or `headers_x` and click Create to copy your choices from the Activity panel to the Orchestration panel.

Parent topic: [Update Records activity](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Update_Records_Map_Output.html


Upsert Records Activity

The Upsert Records activity can update a record if the record already exists in the database, or to insert the record if it does not. Only fields that are populated are updated in NetSuite. For fields that are not populated, the previous value in NetSuite is maintained. If a field is populated with an empty string, the value of the field in NetSuite is replaced with an empty string.

- [Using the Upsert Records activity](#)
To use the Upsert Records activity complete the following tasks.
- [Mapping the inputs for the Upsert Records activity](#)
To map the inputs for the update records activity, complete the following steps.
- [Mapping the outputs for the Upsert Records activity](#)
To map the outputs for the update records activity, complete the following steps.

Parent topic: [NetSuite Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Upsert_Records_Activity_ov.html

Using the Upsert Records activity

To use the Upsert Records activity complete the following tasks.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, expand the NetSuite directory and locate the Upsert Records activity.
2. Add the Upsert Records activity to your orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed below the orchestration.

3. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
4. Select one of the following options:
 - o Browse - to select a NetSuite endpoint from the Project Explorer.
 - o New - to create a new NetSuite endpoint using the Create Endpoint dialog.

For instructions on creating a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).

- o Edit - to edit an existing NetSuite endpoint using the Edit Endpoint dialog.
For instructions on editing a NetSuite endpoint, see [Creating or editing a NetSuite endpoint](#).
Note: Edits are global, not local. Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project.
5. In the Checklist, click Configure.
6. Click Browse to display the Browse NetSuite dialog.
7. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, click Show Record Types and select one of the following options:
 - o All – to view all record types.
 - o Only Custom – to view only custom records.
 - o Only Standard – to view only standard NetSuite record types.

Note: To use custom records, you must enter the internal ID in the recType/internalId node.
8. To view custom fields in standard records, select the Generate custom fields for standard record types checkbox.


This option does not apply to custom record types. The state of the checkbox is saved.

9. In the Browse NetSuite dialog, choose a record type by performing one of the following tasks:
 - o Enter the first few letters of a record type in the Search for a Record Type field, select the record type in the Record Type scroll list and then click Select.
 - o Scroll through the Record Type scroll list until you find the record type you want, click the record type, and then click Select.
10. To refresh the maps in NetSuite, after the record type is set in the Configure panel, click Refresh.
11. In the Checklist, click Retry.
12. In the Retry section:
 - o Set the number of seconds, between each retry to connect with NetSuite. The default is 30 seconds.
 - o Set the number of times you want to retry before failing. The default is 5 times.

In the Activity Timeout section:

 - o Set the Activity Timeout, in seconds, you want to wait when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.
13. Map inputs. See [Mapping the inputs for the Upsert Records activity](#) for more information.
14. Map outputs. See [Mapping the outputs for the Upsert Records activity](#) for more information.

Parent topic: [Upsert Records Activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Upsert_Records_Activity.html

Mapping the inputs for the Upsert Records activity

To map the inputs for the update records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Inputs task.
2. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.


For instructions on how to create variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. Map the elements in the From Orchestration panel to the NetSuite elements in the To Activity panel.

The elements in the To Activity panel are determined by the NetSuite record type you selected in the Configure task. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Upsert Records Activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/netsuite_Upsert_Records_Map_Input.html

Mapping the outputs for the Upsert Records activity


To map the outputs for the update records activity, complete the following steps.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click the Map Outputs task.
2. Click Copy.
3. Select either or both upsertListResponse or headers_x and click Create to copy your choices from the Activity panel to the Orchestration panel.

Parent topic: [Upsert Records Activity](#)

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Oracle CRM On Demand Activities

The following activities require the C0020-IBM: Connector for Oracle CRM On Demand.

- [Creating or editing an Oracle CRM On Demand endpoint](#)
Oracle CRM On Demand endpoints contain the connection information that studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the Oracle CRM On Demand Server. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.
- [Specifying the Retry options for Oracle CRM On Demand activities](#)
Specifying the Retry parameters is one of the tasks to configure an Oracle CRM On Demand activity.
- [Using the Oracle CRM On Demand Insert Object activity](#)
Use the Oracle CRM On Demand Insert Object activity to insert or create objects in the Oracle CRM On Demand instance.
- [Using the Oracle CRM On Demand Update Object activity](#)
Use the Oracle CRM On Demand Update Object activity to update objects in the Oracle CRM On Demand instance, with new values.
- [Using the Oracle CRM On Demand Query Object activity](#)
Use the Oracle CRM On Demand Query Object activity to query objects in the Oracle CRM instance.
- [Using the Oracle CRM On Demand Delete Object activity](#)
Use the Oracle CRM On Demand Delete Object activity to delete objects from the Oracle CRM On Demand instance.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/toc_oracleCRMactivities.html

Creating or editing an Oracle CRM On Demand endpoint

Oracle CRM On Demand endpoints contain the connection information that studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the Oracle CRM On Demand Server. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.

About this task

Use this task to create or edit an Oracle CRM On Demand endpoint.

Note:

Any changes you make to the Oracle CRM On Demand endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all the orchestrations that use that endpoint, as the edits are global, not local.

Procedure

1. Drag an activity from the Oracle CRM On Demand folder under the Activities tab to the Orchestration window. The Summary panel is displayed.
2. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist. The Pick Endpoint panel is displayed.
3. Click one of the following buttons:
 - a. Browse - To select an existing endpoint from Project Explorer. The Project Explorer shows all the endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties are displayed in the Pick Endpoint panel.
 - b. New - To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window opens.
 - c. Edit - To edit the existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window opens.
4. Complete the fields defined in the following table:


Table 1. Connection Details

Field Name	Description
Connection Details	
OracleCRM HostName	Specifies the host name of the Oracle CRM On Demand instance.
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect to the OracleCRM On Demand server.
Password	Specifies the password associated with the user name to connect to the OracleCRM On Demand server.

5. When finished, click Test Connection to confirm that you can connect to the Oracle CRM On Demand system.
6. Click OK.

Parent topic: [Oracle CRM On Demand Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/OracleCRMOD_creating_an_endpoint_activity.html

Specifying the Retry options for Oracle CRM On Demand activities

Specifying the Retry parameters is one of the tasks to configure an Oracle CRM On Demand activity.

About this task

Use this task to configure the retry options for the Oracle CRM On Demand activities. The Oracle CRM On Demand connector uses a single login session for all connections to an Oracle CRM On Demand endpoint. If a session expires, the connector automatically establishes a new session. The connector does not count the initial attempt to reacquiring the session as a retry attempt. The connector assumes the typical connector retry behavior after the initial attempt to reacquire a session fails.

Procedure


1. Select the Retry task from the Checklist. The retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry and timeout options for connecting to an Oracle CRM On Demand instance, as described in the following table:

Table 1. Retry options

Retry Fields	Description
Wait ___ seconds between each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the Oracle CRM On Demand instance.
Try to connect ___ times before failing.	Specifies the retry count – the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the Oracle CRM On Demand instance before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. Note: If you deploy an orchestration that contains the Oracle CRM On Demand activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified Oracle CRM On Demand instance, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an Error in the system and orchestration logs and stops processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3, the first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.
Activity Timeout	
Timeout after _____ seconds when the endpoint does not respond to a request.	Specifies the number of seconds the Integration Appliance waits before timing out, when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.

Parent topic: [Oracle CRM On Demand Activities](#)

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Using the Oracle CRM On Demand Insert Object activity

Use the Oracle CRM On Demand Insert Object activity to insert or create objects in the Oracle CRM On Demand instance.

About this task

Use this task to insert or create objects in the Oracle CRM On Demand instance. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure


1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Oracle CRM On Demand folder contents.
2. Drag the Insert Object activity icon onto the orchestration. The Oracle CRM On Demand Insert Object Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Oracle CRM On Demand endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an Oracle CRM On Demand endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse OracleCRMOD window is displayed.
11. In Browse OracleCRMOD, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for Oracle CRM On Demand activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Insert Object activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Oracle CRM On Demand Insert Object activity.

Parent topic: [Oracle CRM On Demand Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/OracleCRMOD_insert_outactivity.html

Using the Oracle CRM On Demand Update Object activity

Use the Oracle CRM On Demand Update Object activity to update objects in the Oracle CRM On Demand instance, with new values.

About this task

Use this task to update objects in the Oracle CRM On Demand instance, with new values. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Oracle CRM On Demand folder contents.
2. Drag the Update Object activity icon onto the orchestration. The Oracle CRM On Demand Update Object Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Oracle CRM On Demand endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an Oracle CRM On Demand endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse OracleCRMOD window is displayed.
11. In Browse OracleCRMOD, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for Oracle CRM On Demand activities](#).


14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Update Object activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Oracle CRM On Demand Update Object activity.

Parent topic: [Oracle CRM On Demand Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/OracleCRMOD_Update_outactivity.html

Using the Oracle CRM On Demand Query Object activity

Use the Oracle CRM On Demand Query Object activity to query objects in the Oracle CRM instance.

About this task

Use this task to query objects in the Oracle CRM On Demand instance. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Oracle CRM On Demand folder contents.
2. Drag the Query Object activity icon onto the orchestration. The Oracle CRM On Demand Query Object Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Oracle CRM On Demand endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an Oracle CRM On Demand endpoint](#).

8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse OracleCRMOD window is displayed.
11. In Browse OracleCRMOD, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for Oracle CRM On Demand activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Query Object activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.

Perform the following steps to type the query strings in the SearchSpec of the To Activity pane:

- a. Right-click a SearchSpec and select the Define Default Value option.
- b. Specify the Default Value in the Define Default Value window. For example, to query for contact objects whose given name begins with *Jo*, then type the query string "`[ContactFirstName] = 'Jo*'`". To query for contact objects whose given name is *John*, type "`[ContactFirstName] = 'John'`". To query for contact objects whose name is *Jane Doe*, type the query string "`([ContactFirstName] = 'Jane') AND ([ContactLastName] = 'Doe')`".
- c. Click OK.

Note: To get the value of the object name field, you must specify a blank value in the Name field of the Map Inputs section.


15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Oracle CRM On Demand Query Object activity.

Parent topic: [Oracle CRM On Demand Activities](#)

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Using the Oracle CRM On Demand Delete Object activity

Use the Oracle CRM On Demand Delete Object activity to delete objects from the Oracle CRM On Demand instance.

About this task

Use this task to delete objects from the Oracle CRM On Demand instance. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.


Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Oracle CRM On Demand folder contents.
2. Drag the Delete Object activity icon onto the orchestration. The Oracle CRM On Demand Delete Object Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Oracle CRM On Demand endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an Oracle CRM On Demand endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse OracleCRMOD window is displayed.
11. In Browse OracleCRMOD, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for Oracle CRM On Demand activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Delete Object activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Oracle CRM On Demand Delete Object activity.


Parent topic: [Oracle CRM On Demand Activities](#)

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Oracle E-Business Suite Activities

- [Overview of the Oracle E-Business Suite connector](#)
- [Installing JAR files to connect to Oracle E-Business Suite](#)
You must copy the Oracle JDBC driver JAR file on the same workstation as your Cast Iron Studio installation before you can connect to the Oracle E-Business Suite application.
- [Creating or editing an endpoint for an Oracle E-Business Suite activity](#)
Endpoints provide the configuration information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to an Oracle database.
- [Using the Oracle E-Business Suite Create Objects activity](#)
Use the Create Objects activity to create rows in database tables corresponding to the business object in the request. You can create rows to flat tables/views that have a primary key defined.
- [Using the Oracle E-Business Suite Update Objects activity](#)
Use the Update Objects activity to update rows in the database tables corresponding to the business object in the request. You can update rows of flat tables that have a primary key defined.
- [Using the Oracle E-Business Suite Delete Objects activity](#)
Use the Delete Objects activity to delete rows from the Oracle table. You can delete rows from flat tables/views that have a primary key defined.
- [Using the Oracle E-Business Suite Retrieve Objects activity](#)
Use the Retrieve Objects activity to retrieve rows from the Oracle table. You can retrieve rows from flat tables/views that have a primary key defined.
- [Specifying Retry and Delivery options for Oracle E-Business Suite activities](#)
Specifying the Retry and Delivery parameters is one of the tasks to configure a Oracle E-Business Suite activity configuration.
- [Prerequisites for starter activities in Oracle E-Business Suite](#)
- [Using the Oracle E-Business Suite Get Created Objects activity](#)
Use the Get Created Objects activity to get the values of rows that have been newly created in the database tables/views corresponding to the business object in the request.
- [Using the Oracle E-Business Suite Get Updated Objects activity](#)
Use the Get Updated Objects activity to get the rows that have been updated in the database tables corresponding to the business object in the request.
- [Using the Oracle E-Business Suite Get Deleted Objects activity](#)
Use the Get Deleted Objects activity to get the deleted records from the Oracle table.

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Overview of the Oracle E-Business Suite connector

With the Oracle E-Business Suite connector, you can interact and exchange information with Oracle E-Business Suite. By using the connector, you can send requests to the underlying Oracle database, without special coding.


You can perform the following activities by using the Oracle E-Business Suite connector:

- Outbound Activities
 - [Create Objects](#)
 - [Update Objects](#)
 - [Delete Objects](#)
 - [Retrieve Objects](#)
- Inbound Activities
 - [Get Created Objects](#)
 - [Get Updated Objects](#)
 - [Get Deleted Objects](#)

The versions of Oracle E-Business Suite application that is supported by the connector are 11.5,12.0, and 12.1.

Parent topic: [Oracle E-Business Suite Activities](#)

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Installing JAR files to connect to Oracle E-Business Suite

You must copy the Oracle JDBC driver JAR file on the same workstation as your Cast Iron Studio installation before you can connect to the Oracle E-Business Suite application.

Before you begin

- The JAR files can be obtained from the Oracle system administrator.
- The JAR files must be on the same computer as the studio installation.
- The JAR files must be from the same version as the Oracle E-Business Suite application you connect to.

Note: The Oracle E-Business Suite connector uses the Oracle thin driver to connect and work with the database.

About this task

Procedure

1. Open studio and select Tools > Install Module Providers.
2. When the Add Provider(s) dialog box is displayed, click the plus (+) button under Oracle E-Business Suite. A field and a Browse button appears.
3. Click Browse, and use the browse dialog box to locate and select the JAR file.

4. Click Open to import the selected file.
5. When the JAR file is listed in the Add Provider(s) dialog box, click OK.

Results


A prompt is displayed to restart studio and activate the changes.

What to do next

You can now create Oracle E-Business Suite endpoints and orchestrations.

Parent topic: [Oracle E-Business Suite Activities](#)

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Creating or editing an endpoint for an Oracle E-Business Suite activity

Endpoints provide the configuration information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to an Oracle database.

Selecting or editing an Oracle E-Business Suite endpoint

1. In the Create Endpoint or Edit Endpoint pane, configure the Oracle database as described in the following table. In addition to these fields, the endpoint pane contains Connection pool options and Remote Endpoint Configuration.
 Note: Changing the configuration properties of an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project. The edits are global, not local.
2. Click Test Connection to confirm that the connection details are valid and you are able to connect to the Oracle database successfully.
3. Click OK.


Table 1. Connection properties

Field Name	Description
Oracle E-Business Suite connector - Connection Information	
Interface	Specifies the interface used to communicate with Oracle E-Business Suite. Currently, only database is supported, which uses JDBC API to communicate with Oracle E-Business Suite.
Host Name	Specifies the host name or IP address of the machine on which the Oracle database is running.
Port Number	Specifies the Oracle Internet port that allows Java™ applets or applications to access the database.

Field Name	Description
System ID	Specifies the system ID (SID) to connect to the Oracle database.
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect to the Oracle database.
Password	Specifies the password associated with the user name to connect to the Oracle database.
Additional Properties	Specifies the additional properties to be set when connecting to the database using the JDBC driver.
Connection Pool options	
Minimum Connections	Specifies the lowest number of Oracle database connections that the Integration Appliance keeps open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) is supported. The default value is 5.
Maximum Connections	Specifies the maximum number of Oracle database connections that the Integration Appliance can keep open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) means the maximum number of connections is unbounded. The default value is 25.
Maximum Idle Time	Specifies the amount of time in minutes that a Oracle database connection can be open in an idle state before being closed by the Integration Appliance. Entering 0 (zero) means that the connections are closed when they are returned to the pool —no idle time. The default value is 120 minutes.
Maximum Wait	Specifies the amount of time in seconds that the Integration Appliance waits for a connection when all the connections in the pool are exhausted. If no connection is obtained after the wait time, an exception is thrown. The default value is 300 seconds.
Reclaim Connections	Specifies the interval at which the connector checks for idle connections. Idle connections are reclaimed until the minimum number of connections is reached, as specified in the Minimum Connections parameter. The default value is 5 minutes.
Note: The Connection pool properties need to be configured as per the load (number of concurrent requests) on the endpoint.	
Remote Endpoint Configuration	
Endpoint Runs Behind Firewall	Enables the secure connector name property so that secure connector can be used if the Oracle database is installed behind a firewall.
Secure Connector Name	Specifies the name of the secure connector that is used to connect to the Oracle database is installed behind a firewall.

Parent topic: [Oracle E-Business Suite Activities](#)

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Using the Oracle E-Business Suite Create Objects activity

Use the Create Objects activity to create rows in database tables corresponding to the business object in the request. You can create rows to flat tables/views that have a primary key defined.

About this task

Use this task to create objects in the Oracle E-Business Suite application. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.


Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Oracle E-Business Suite folder contents.
2. Drag the **Create Objects** activity from the Oracle E-Business Suite folder onto the orchestration. The graphical representation of the orchestration, including the checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Oracle E-Business Suite endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for an Oracle E-Business Suite activity](#).
8. To make the required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Browse for the Oracle table/view name in the Oracle Table/View field.
11. In Browse Oracle Database Tables/Views dialog:
 - o Select a user schema from the Filter by user schema drop-down list.
 - o Select either `Tables` or `Views` from Database object type.
 - o Use Filter tables/views by name to filter the tables/views during selection.
 - o Select a table/view.
12. Click OK.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying Retry and Delivery options for Oracle E-Business Suite activities](#).
14. Select Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML schemas generated from the selected object of the Create Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Oracle E-Business Suite Create Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Oracle E-Business Suite Activities](#)

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Using the Oracle E-Business Suite Update Objects activity

Use the Update Objects activity to update rows in the database tables corresponding to the business object in the request. You can update rows of flat tables that have a primary key defined.

About this task

Use this task to update objects in the Oracle E-Business Suite application. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Oracle E-Business Suite folder contents.
2. Drag the **Update Objects** activity from the Oracle E-Business Suite folder onto the orchestration. The graphical representation of the orchestration, including the checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Oracle E-Business Suite endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for an Oracle E-Business Suite activity](#).
8. To make the required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Browse for the Oracle table/view name in the Oracle Table/View field.
11. In Browse Oracle Database Tables/Views dialog:
 - o Select a user schema from the Filter by user schema drop-down list.
 - o Select either `Tables` or `Views` from Database object type.
 - o Use Filter tables/views by name to filter the tables/views during selection.
 - o Select a table/view.
12. Select a table and click OK.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying Retry and Delivery options for Oracle E-Business Suite activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Update Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.

Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.


16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Oracle E-Business Suite Update Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Oracle E-Business Suite Activities](#)

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Using the Oracle E-Business Suite Delete Objects activity

Use the Delete Objects activity to delete rows from the Oracle table. You can delete rows from flat tables/views that have a primary key defined.

About this task

Use this task to delete rows from the Oracle E-Business Suite application. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Oracle E-Business Suite folder contents.
2. Drag the **Delete Objects** activity from the Oracle E-Business Suite folder onto the orchestration. The graphical representation of the orchestration, including the checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Oracle E-Business Suite endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for an Oracle E-Business Suite activity](#).
8. To make the required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.


9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Browse for the Oracle table/view name in the Oracle Table/View field.
11. In Browse Oracle Database Tables/Views dialog:
 - o Select a user schema from the Filter by user schema drop-down list.
 - o Select either `Tables` or `Views` from Database object type.
 - o Use Filter tables/views by name to filter the tables/views during selection.
 - o Select a table/view.
12. Click OK.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying Retry and Delivery options for Oracle E-Business Suite activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Delete Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Oracle E-Business Suite Delete Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Oracle E-Business Suite Activities](#)

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Using the Oracle E-Business Suite Retrieve Objects activity

Use the Retrieve Objects activity to retrieve rows from the Oracle table. You can retrieve rows from flat tables/views that have a primary key defined.

About this task

Use this task to retrieve objects in the Oracle E-Business Suite application. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure


1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Oracle E-Business Suite folder contents.
2. Drag the **Retrieve Objects** activity from the Oracle E-Business Suite folder onto the orchestration. The graphical representation of the orchestration, including the checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Oracle E-Business Suite endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for an Oracle E-Business Suite activity](#).
8. To make the required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Browse for the Oracle table/view name in the Oracle Table/View field.
11. In Browse Oracle Database Tables/Views dialog:
 - o Select a user schema from the Filter by user schema drop-down list.
 - o Select either `Tables` or `Views` from Database object type.
 - o Use Filter tables/views by name to filter the tables/views during selection.
 - o Select a table/view.
12. Click OK.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying Retry and Delivery options for Oracle E-Business Suite activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Retrieve Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Oracle E-Business Suite Retrieve Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Oracle E-Business Suite Activities](#)

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Specifying Retry and Delivery options for Oracle E-Business Suite activities

Specifying the Retry and Delivery parameters is one of the tasks to configure a Oracle E-Business Suite activity configuration.

About this task

This section contains the procedures for configuring the Oracle E-Business Suite activities.

Procedure

To specify the retry options for Oracle E-Business Suite activities:

1. Select the Retry task from the Checklist. The retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a Oracle E-Business Suite server as described in the following table:

Table 1. Retry options

Retr y Field s	Description
Wait __ seco nd(s) betw een each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the Oracle E-Business Suite application.
Try to conn ect __ time s befor e failin g.	<p>Specifies the retry count – the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the Oracle E-Business Suite application before issuing the following errors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">◦ When you set this parameter to 0, Studio does not try to reconnect.◦ When you set this parameter to a value less than 0, Studio retries the connection indefinitely. <p>If an orchestration that starts with an outbound Oracle E-Business Suite activity is deployed and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified Oracle E-Business Suite application, the Integration Appliance logs the connection errors as warnings in the system log until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system log, resets the connection error count to zero, and continues to attempt to establish a connection to the Oracle E-Business Suite application.</p> <p>For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p>

Parent topic: [Oracle E-Business Suite Activities](#)

Specifying the delivery rules options for Oracle E-Business Suite inbound activities

About this task

This section contains the procedure for configuring the delivery rule options for Oracle E-Business Suite inbound activities.


Procedure

1. Select the Delivery Rules task from the Checklist. The delivery rules pane is displayed.
2. Configure the delivery rules options to select the activity's behavior as described in the following table.

Table 2. Delivery rules

Delivery Rules Fields	Description
Poll for changes every _____ days/hours/minute s/seconds	Specifies the time interval to poll for objects in the Oracle database. (For example, the Get created object activity polls for create objects at the specified time interval.) Time can be selected in the format days, hours, minutes, or seconds.
Fetch _____ rows per poll	Specifies how many objects or components the activity should retrieve from the Oracle database in each poll cycle.
Delivery Messages	
ATMOST_ONCE	A non-persistent mode in which a row from the Oracle table is either delivered once or not delivered at all.
ATLEAST_ONCE	A persistent mode, in which a row from the Oracle table is not lost. As a result, there are chances that the orchestration can receive events once or more than once.

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PeopleSoft activities

- [Overview of the PeopleSoft connector](#)
- [Creating or editing an endpoint for a PeopleSoft activity](#)
Endpoints provide the configuration information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a PeopleSoft server.
- [Installing JAR files to connect to the PeopleSoft server](#)
You must copy two JAR files on the same workstation as your Cast Iron Studio installation before you can connect to a PeopleSoft server.

- [Using the PeopleSoft Create Component Interface activity](#)
Use the PeopleSoft Create Component Interface activity to create new component interfaces on the PeopleSoft server. The newly created component contains data that represent a business entity.
- [Using the PeopleSoft Update Component Interface activity](#)
Use the PeopleSoft Update Component Interface activity to update component interfaces on the PeopleSoft server. This activity updates the corresponding PeopleSoft component with the incoming business object.
- [Using the PeopleSoft Delete Component Interface activity](#)
Use the PeopleSoft Delete Component Interface activity to delete component interfaces from the PeopleSoft server. This activity deletes the PeopleSoft components and its children. Because the connector supports only logical deletes, the components are marked as deleted, but not removed.
- [Using the PeopleSoft Get Component Interface activity](#)
Use the PeopleSoft Get Component Interface activity to retrieve component interfaces from the PeopleSoft server. With this activity you can access the PeopleSoft component and retrieve values from the PeopleSoft server.
- [Using the PeopleSoft Find Component Interface activity](#)
Use the PeopleSoft Find Component Interface activity to retrieve all the component interfaces from the PeopleSoft server. This activity behaves like the PeopleSoft Get Component Interface activity, except that it retrieves multiple instances of the same PeopleSoft component that match the input criteria.
- [Creating events table and compiling PeopleSoft JAR files](#)
The first of the two required JAR files, which will be named `PSFTCI.jar`, must be manually built and compiled.
- [Using the PeopleSoft Get Created Component Interface activity](#)
Use the Get Created Component Interface activity to poll for created objects in the PeopleSoft server.
- [Using the PeopleSoft Get Updated Component Interface activity](#)
Use the Get Updated Component Interface activity to poll for updated events in the PeopleSoft server.
- [Using the PeopleSoft Get Deleted Component Interface activity](#)
Use the Get Deleted Component Interface activity to poll for deleted events in the PeopleSoft server.
- [Specifying retry and Delivery Options for PeopleSoft Activities](#)
Specifying the Retry and Delivery parameters is one of the tasks to configure a PeopleSoft activity configuration.

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Overview of the PeopleSoft connector

The PeopleSoft connector enables you to create integrated processes that exchange information with PeopleSoft Enterprise through a standard interface. This interface shields the client application from analyzing lower-level details about implementation of the application or data structures used on the PeopleSoft Enterprise server.

You can perform the following activities using the PeopleSoft connector:

- Outbound Activities
 - [Create Component Interface](#)

- [Update Component Interface](#)
- [Delete Component Interface](#)
- [Get Component Interface](#)
- [Find Component Interface](#)
- Inbound/Starter Activities
 - [Get Created Component Interface](#)
 - [Get Updated Component Interface](#)
 - [Get Deleted Component Interface](#)


The PeopleSoft connector supports the following versions of the PeopleTools: 8.22, 8.40 - 8.49, 8.50, and 8.51.

Note: The connector is compatible with any version of PeopleSoft Applications that works with the version of PeopleTools supported by the adapter.

The PeopleSoft connector requires PeopleSoft JAR files to connect to the PeopleSoft server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the PeopleSoft server](#) and [Creating events table and compiling PeopleSoft JAR files](#).

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft activities](#)

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Creating or editing an endpoint for a PeopleSoft activity

Endpoints provide the configuration information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a PeopleSoft server.

Selecting or editing a PeopleSoft endpoint

1. In the Create Endpoint or Edit Endpoint pane, configure the PeopleSoft server as described in the following table. In addition to these fields, the endpoint pane contains Connection pool options and Remote Endpoint Configuration.
 Note: Changing the configuration properties of an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project. The edits are global, not local.
2. Click Test Connection to confirm that the connection details are valid and you are able to connect to the PeopleSoft server successfully.
3. Click OK.


Table 1. Connection properties

Field Name	Description
PeopleSoft Server Configuration	
Host Name	Specifies the host name or IP address of the machine on which PeopleSoft server is running.

Field Name	Description
Port	Specifies the PeopleSoft Internet port that allows Java™ applets or applications to access PeopleSoft data.
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect to the PeopleSoft server.
Password	Specifies the password associated with the user name to connect to the PeopleSoft server.
Language Code	Specifies the language code to connect to the PeopleSoft server. There are 22 language codes listed. The default code is ENG.
Connection Pool options	
Minimum Connections	Specifies the lowest number of PeopleSoft server connections that the Integration Appliance keeps open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) is supported. The default value is 5.
Maximum Connections	Specifies the maximum number of PeopleSoft server connections that the Integration Appliance can keep open in the connection pool. Entering 0 (zero) means the maximum number of connections is unbounded. The default value is 25.
Maximum Idle Time	Specifies the amount of time in minutes that a PeopleSoft server connection can be open in an idle state before being closed by the Integration Appliance. Entering 0 (zero) means that the connections are closed when they are returned to the pool—no idle time. The default value is 120 minutes.
Maximum Wait	Specifies the amount of time in seconds that the Integration Appliance waits for a connection when all the connections in the pool are exhausted. If no connection is obtained after the wait time, an exception is thrown. The default value is 300 seconds.
Reclaim Connections	Specifies the interval at which the connector checks for idle connections. Idle connections are reclaimed until the minimum number of connections is reached, as specified in the Minimum Connections parameter. The default value is 5 minute.
Note: The Connection pool properties need to be configured as per the load (number of concurrent requests) on the endpoint.	
Remote Endpoint Configuration	
Endpoint Runs Behind Firewall	Enables the secure connector name property so that secure connector can be used if the PeopleSoft server is running behind a firewall.
Secure Connector Name	Specifies the name of the secure connector that is used to connect to the PeopleSoft server running behind a firewall. For example, if an orchestration containing PeopleSoft activity is deployed on to Cast Iron Live (cloud), then the secure connector needs to be configured.

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft activities](#)

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Installing JAR files to connect to the PeopleSoft server

You must copy two JAR files on the same workstation as your Cast Iron Studio installation before you can connect to a PeopleSoft server.

Before you begin

- The JAR files can be obtained from the PeopleSoft system administrator.
- The JAR files must be on the same computer as the studio installation.
- The JAR files must be from the same version as the PeopleSoft server you connect to.

For more information about creating event tables and compiling PeopleSoft JAR files, see [Creating events table and compiling PeopleSoft JAR files](#).

About this task

The files to be installed are:

- PSFTCI.jar
- psjoa.jar

Procedure

1. Open studio and select Tools > Install Module Providers.
2. When the Add Provider(s) dialog box is displayed, click the plus (+) button under PeopleSoft Connector. A field and a Browse button appears.
3. Click Browse, and use the browse dialog box to locate and select the JAR files.
4. Click Open to import the selected files.
5. When the JAR files are listed in the Add Provider(s) dialog box, click OK.

Results


A prompt is displayed to restart studio and activate the changes.

What to do next

You can now create PeopleSoft endpoints and orchestrations.

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Using the PeopleSoft Create Component Interface activity

Use the PeopleSoft Create Component Interface activity to create new component interfaces on the PeopleSoft server. The newly created component contains data that represent a business entity.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the JAR files required to connect to the PeopleSoft server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the PeopleSoft server](#).
- Valid connection details to connect to the PeopleSoft server.

About this task

Use this task to create component interfaces on the PeopleSoft server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure


1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the PeopleSoft folder contents.
2. Drag the Create Component Interface activity icon onto the orchestration. The PeopleSoft Create Component Interface Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant PeopleSoft endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a PeopleSoft activity](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Browse for the component interface name in the Component Interface field. Component interface name is populated with a default value, which represents the PeopleSoft interface. Browse for the component interface name if it is not same as the default value. All the metadata needed for discovering the objects are retrieved from this component interface.
11. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry and Delivery Options for PeopleSoft Activities](#).
12. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Create Component Interface activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
Note: The PeopleSoft connector generates a single input schema for all the objects used by the activities. There may be some fields that are redundant and not applicable for this activity.
13. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
14. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the PeopleSoft Create Component Interface activity.

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/PeopleSoft_create_component.html

Using the PeopleSoft Update Component Interface activity

Use the PeopleSoft Update Component Interface activity to update component interfaces on the PeopleSoft server. This activity updates the corresponding PeopleSoft component with the incoming business object.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the JAR files required to connect to the PeopleSoft server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the PeopleSoft server](#).
- Valid connection details to connect to the PeopleSoft server.

About this task

Use this task to update component interfaces on the PeopleSoft server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the PeopleSoft folder contents.
2. Drag the Update Component Interface activity icon onto the orchestration. The PeopleSoft Update Component Interface Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant PeopleSoft endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a PeopleSoft activity](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Browse for the component interface name in the Component Interface field. Component interface name is populated with a default value, which represents the PeopleSoft interface.


- a. In the Browse component interface window, browse for the component interface name if it is not same as the default value. All the metadata needed for discovering the objects are retrieved from this component interface.
 - b. Click Next. The Preserve child relationship window is displayed.
 - c. Select the child business objects from the populated list, and click Finish to complete configure.
11. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry and Delivery Options for PeopleSoft Activities](#).
12. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Update Component Interface activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
13. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
14. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the PeopleSoft Update Component Interface activity.

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/PeopleSoft_update_component.html

Using the PeopleSoft Delete Component Interface activity

Use the PeopleSoft Delete Component Interface activity to delete component interfaces from the PeopleSoft server. This activity deletes the PeopleSoft components and its children. Because the connector supports only logical deletes, the components are marked as deleted, but not removed.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the JAR files required to connect to the PeopleSoft server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the PeopleSoft server](#).
- Valid connection details to connect to the PeopleSoft server.

About this task

Use this task to delete component interface from the PeopleSoft server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the

orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the PeopleSoft folder contents.
2. Drag the Delete Component Interface activity icon onto the orchestration. The PeopleSoft Delete Component Interface Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant PeopleSoft endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a PeopleSoft activity](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit and access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Browse for the component interface name in the Component Interface field. Component interface name is populated with a default value, which represents the PeopleSoft interface.
 - a. In the Browse component interface window, browse for the component interface name if it is not same as the default value. All the metadata needed for discovering the objects are retrieved from this component interface.
 - b. Click Next. The Logical delete window is displayed.
 - c. Select a field from the Field name for logical delete drop-down list.
 - d. Specify the value of the deleted object in the Value to indicate deleted object field, and click Finish to complete configure.
11. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry and Delivery Options for PeopleSoft Activities](#).
12. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Delete Component Interface activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
13. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
14. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the PeopleSoft Delete Component Interface activity.

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft activities](#)

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Using the PeopleSoft Get Component Interface activity

Use the PeopleSoft Get Component Interface activity to retrieve component interfaces from the PeopleSoft server. With this activity you can access the PeopleSoft component and retrieve values from the PeopleSoft server.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the JAR files required to connect to the PeopleSoft server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the PeopleSoft server](#).
- Valid connection details to connect to the PeopleSoft server.

About this task

Use this task to retrieve component interfaces from the PeopleSoft server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the PeopleSoft folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Component Interface activity icon onto the orchestration. The PeopleSoft Get Component Interface Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant PeopleSoft endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a PeopleSoft activity](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Browse for the component interface name in the Component Interface text box. Component interface name is populated with a default value, which represents the PeopleSoft interface. Browse for the component interface name if it is not same as the default value. All the metadata needed for discovering the objects are retrieved from this component interface.
11. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry and Delivery Options for PeopleSoft Activities](#).
12. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Get Component Interface activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
Note: The PeopleSoft connector generates a single input schema for all the objects used by the activities. There may be some fields that are redundant and not applicable for this activity. You must set the `GETKEYS` field for this activity. For `Wbi_Customer_Ci` component interface, you must specify the value for the `customerid` field.


13. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
14. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the PeopleSoft Get Component Interface activity.

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Using the PeopleSoft Find Component Interface activity

Use the PeopleSoft Find Component Interface activity to retrieve all the component interfaces from the PeopleSoft server. This activity behaves like the PeopleSoft Get Component Interface activity, except that it retrieves multiple instances of the same PeopleSoft component that match the input criteria.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the JAR files required to connect to the PeopleSoft server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the PeopleSoft server](#).
- Valid connection details to connect to the PeopleSoft server.

About this task

Use this task to find component interfaces in the PeopleSoft server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the PeopleSoft folder contents.
2. Drag the Find Component Interface activity icon onto the orchestration. The PeopleSoft Find Component Interface Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.


6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant PeopleSoft endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a PeopleSoft activity](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Browse for the component interface name in the Component Interface text box. Component interface name is populated with a default value, which represents the PeopleSoft interface. Browse for the component interface name if it is not same as the default value. All the metadata needed for discovering the objects are retrieved from this component interface.
11. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry and Delivery Options for PeopleSoft Activities](#).
12. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Find Component Interface activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel. The PeopleSoft connector generates a single input schema for all the objects used by the activities. There may be some fields that are redundant and not applicable for this activity. You must set the `FINDKEYS` field for this activity For the `Wbi_Customer_Ci` component interface, you must specify either the `customerid` field or the `customerfirstname` field value, or both.
13. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
14. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the PeopleSoft Find Component Interface activity.

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Creating events table and compiling PeopleSoft JAR files

The first of the two required JAR files, which will be named `PSFTCI.jar`, must be manually built and compiled.

PeopleSoft connector polls the PeopleSoft Enterprise server at specified intervals for events. When the connector detects an event, it converts the event data into a business object and sends it to the client application. To use this scenario, you must create a custom event project in PeopleSoft Enterprise server.

Event store

The event store is a table that holds events that represent data changes until the polling connector can process them. The connector uses the event store to keep track of event entities. To use inbound processing, you must use PeopleTools Application Designer to create a custom project for event notification. The custom project creates the event store the connector needs for inbound processing. Each time a business object is created, updated, or deleted, the PeopleCode function used in the project and then added to the component interface inserts a new record in the event store, with the appropriate object name, keys, and status value.

During inbound processing, the connector polls the events from the event store at configured poll intervals. In each poll call, a configured number of events are processed by the connector. The order of event processing is based on the ascending order of priority and the ascending order of the event time stamp. The events with the Ready for poll (0) status are picked up for polling in each poll cycle. The connector uses the object name and object key to retrieve the corresponding business object. As events are retrieved from the event store and processed, the status of the event changes to reflect its state, as shown in the following table.

Table 1. Event status values

Status short name	Description	Event Table Value
Error processing event	An error occurred during event processing.	-1
Ready for poll	The event is ready to be picked up.	0
Success	The event has been delivered to the event manager.	1
Deleted	The event has been processed successfully and is removed from the event store.	4

I. To create the events table

Ensure that the following steps are met for configuring and compiling the PeopleSoft JAR files.

- Creating Events Table
 - Add the trigger to WBI_CUSTOMER_COMP component
 - Create the Java™ API for Component Interface
1. Copy WBI_CUST_PROJ project located at <Cast Iron Installation directory>\etc\peoplesoft\scripts to a temp directory (C:\Projects) on the machine where the PeopleTools runs.
 2. Log on to the PeopleSoft application designer, and select Tools > Copy Project > From File.
 3. Browse to C:\Projects directory. From the Select Project from the List Below, double-click WBI_CUST_PROJ.
 4. In the Copy From File dialog, click Copy. Wait for the operation to complete.
 5. Select WBI_CUST_PROJ in the left panel, and then select Build > Project from the main menu.
 6. In the Build panel, select the following check boxes:
 - Create Tables
 - Create Views
 - Create Trigger
 - Run and build script
 7. Click Build, to begin to build the project.
 8. Click Close, to exit the Build Progress dialog.
 9. In the Build Log view of the application designer, check the log messages to confirm that three records were processed correctly.
 10. Select File > Save All to save the changes.

11. To configure the user security for the Component Interfaces, log onto PeopleSoft Web Client with the URL: `http://localhost/ps/ps/?cmd=login`.
12. Go to PeopleTools > Security > Permissions & Roles > Permission Lists.
13. Specify `PTPT1200` in the edit box of begins with and click Search.
14. Go to the Component Interfaces tab, click + to add the Component Interface `WBI_CUSTOMER_COMP_INTERFACE`.
15. Click Edit of `WBI_CUSTOMER_COMP_INTERFACE`.
16. Select Full Access for all methods and click OK.
17. Go back to the Component Interfaces tab, click + to add the Component Interface `IBM_EVENT_CI`.
18. Click Edit of `IBM_EVENT_CI`.
19. Select Full Access for all methods and click OK.
20. Go back to the Component Interfaces tab and press Save button to save the changes.

II. To add triggers

1. In PeopleSoft application designer, open `WBI_CUST_PROJ` project.
2. In the left panel, right-click on `WBI_CUSTOMER_COMP` and select View PeopleCode.
3. In the PeopleCode edit window, select `SavePostChange` in the right panel.
4. Type the following PeopleCode in the edit window.

```

Declare Function IBMPublishEvent PeopleCode IBM_FETCH_ID.IBM_NEXT_EVENT_ID
FieldFormula;
Component string &BONAME1; Component string &KEYLIST1;
&BONAME1 = "WbiCustomerCompInterface";
&KEYLIST1 = "WBI_CUSTOMER.WBI_CUSTOMER_ID"; /* Check if Component Changed
before calling function*/ If ComponentChanged() And %UserId <> "C" Then /*
Publish this event to the IBM WebSphere IBM_EVENT_TBL for polling */
IBMPublishEvent(&BONAME1; &KEYLIST1); End-If;

```

5. Select File > Save All to save the changes.
6. To ensure the trigger that was created in the steps above can work well, you need to do some initialization work. Connect to the database that PeopleTools uses, and run the following SQL statement:

```

$ insert into PS_IBM_FETCH_ID values(1000);
$ commit;

```

III. To create the Java API for Component Interface

The Component Interface API provides access to all the objects and PeopleCode methods. You can manually generate these API using the application designer, and then compile them to a `PSFTCI.jar` file.


1. In PeopleSoft application designer, open `IBM_EVENT_CI` Component Interface.
2. Select Build > PeopleSoft API from the main menu.
3. In the Build PeopleSoft API Bindings dialog, make sure only the Build check box under Java Classes is selected. Set the Target Directory for storing the generated Java files.
In the Select API to Build list, select the following items:
 - o `CompIntfc.CompIntfcPropertyInfo`
 - o `CompIntfc.CompIntfcPropertyInfoCollection`
 - o All beginning with `CompIntfc.IBM_EVENT_CI`
 - o All beginning with `CompIntfc.WBI_CUSTOMER_COMP_INTERFACE`
4. Click OK. Check the target directory to make sure the Java files are generated correctly.
5. Copy the generated Java files to `C:\Temp` directory, then copy `psjoa.jar` file from `<PeopleTools_HOME>\web\psjoa` to `C:\Temp` directory.
6. Enter directory as `C:\Temp` and run the following commands to build the Java files.

```
$ javac -classpath .\psjoa.jar PeopleSoft\Generated\CompIntfc\*.java
$ jar -cvf PSFTCI.jar PeopleSoft\Generated\CompIntfc\*.class
```

These two JAR files `psjoa.jar` and `PSFTCI.jar` would be used by PeopleSoft connector to access the PeopleSoft Enterprise application.

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Using the PeopleSoft Get Created Component Interface activity

Use the Get Created Component Interface activity to poll for created objects in the PeopleSoft server.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the necessary vendor software JAR files.
- The valid connection details to connect to the PeopleSoft server.
- Configured the *EventStore* business objects and triggers to generate events. For more information, see [Creating events table and compiling PeopleSoft JAR files](#).

About this task

Use this task to poll for events created on the PeopleSoft server.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the PeopleSoft folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Created Component Interface activity icon onto the orchestration. The PeopleSoft Get Created Component Interface Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant PeopleSoft endpoint.
7. You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a PeopleSoft activity](#).
8. To make any required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.

10. Specify the Event Store Name configured in the PeopleSoft server. The activity polls this event store for new events. The Event Store Name field is populated with a default value, specify the event store name configured in PeopleSoft server if it is not same as the default value.
11. Specify the component interface name in the Component Interface field, or browse for the required component interface.
12. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. Similarly, configure the **Delivery Rules** panel. For more information, see [Specifying retry and Delivery Options for PeopleSoft Activities](#).

The activity polls the event store at configured interval for create events and fetches the actual object for that event. This object is sent to the orchestration. After processing, the event is marked as archived in the event store.


13. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
14. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the PeopleSoft Get Created Component Interface activity.

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Peoplesoft_get_created_componentinterface_activity.html

Using the PeopleSoft Get Updated Component Interface activity

Use the Get Updated Component Interface activity to poll for updated events in the PeopleSoft server.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the necessary vendor software JAR files.
- The valid connection details to connect to the PeopleSoft server.
- Configured the *EventStore* business objects and triggers to generate events. For more information, see [Creating events table and compiling PeopleSoft JAR files](#).

About this task

Use this task to poll for events updated on the PeopleSoft server.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the PeopleSoft folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Updated component Interface activity icon onto the orchestration. The PeopleSoft Get Updated Component Interface Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant PeopleSoft endpoint.
7. You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a PeopleSoft activity](#).
8. To make any required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Specify the Event Store Name configured in the PeopleSoft server. The activity polls this event store for new events. The Event Store Name field is populated with a default value, specify the event store name configured in PeopleSoft server if it is not same as default value.
11. Specify the component interface name in the ComponentInterface field, or browse for the required component interface.
12. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. Similarly, configure the **Delivery Rules** panel. For more information, see [Specifying retry and Delivery Options for PeopleSoft Activities](#).

The activity polls the event store at configured interval for create events and fetches the actual object for that event. This object is sent to the orchestration. After processing, the event is marked as archived in the event store.


13. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
14. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the PeopleSoft Get Updated Component Interface activity.

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Peoplesoft_get_updated_componentinterface_activity.html

Using the PeopleSoft Get Deleted Component Interface activity

Use the Get Deleted Component Interface activity to poll for deleted events in the PeopleSoft server.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the necessary vendor software JAR files.
- The valid connection details to connect to the PeopleSoft server.
- Configured the *EventStore* business objects and triggers to generate events. For more information, see [Creating events table and compiling PeopleSoft JAR files](#).

About this task

Use this task to poll for events deleted on the PeopleSoft server.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the PeopleSoft folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Deleted Component Interface activity icon onto the orchestration. The PeopleSoft Get Deleted Component Interface Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant PeopleSoft endpoint.
7. You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing an endpoint for a PeopleSoft activity](#).
8. To make any required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Specify the Event Store Name configured in the PeopleSoft server. The activity polls this event store for new events. The Event Store Name field is populated with a default value, specify the event store name configured in PeopleSoft server if it is not same as default value.
11. Specify the component interface name in the Component Interface field, or browse for the required component interface.
12. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. Similarly, configure the **Delivery Rules** panel. For more information, see [Specifying retry and Delivery Options for PeopleSoft Activities](#).

The activity polls the event store at configured interval for create events and fetches the actual object for that event. This object is sent to the orchestration. After processing, the event is marked as archived in the event store.

13. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
14. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the PeopleSoft Get Deleted Component Interface activity.

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft activities](#)

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Specifying retry and Delivery Options for PeopleSoft Activities

Specifying the Retry and Delivery parameters is one of the tasks to configure a PeopleSoft activity configuration.

About this task

This section contains the procedure for configuring the retry options for PeopleSoft outbound and inbound activities.

Procedure

1. Select the Retry task from the Checklist. The retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a PeopleSoft server as described in the following table.

Table 1. Retry options

Retry Fields	Description
Wait __ seconds between each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the PeopleSoft server.
Try to connect __ times before failing.	Specifies the retry count — the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the PeopleSoft server before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. Note: If you deploy an orchestration that contains the inbound or outbound PeopleSoft activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified PeopleSoft server, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an Error in the system and orchestration logs and stops processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft activities](#)

Specifying the delivery rules options for PeopleSoft inbound activities

About this task

This section contains the procedure for configuring the delivery rule options for PeopleSoft inbound activities.


Procedure

1. Select the Delivery Rules task from the Checklist. The delivery rules pane is displayed.
2. Configure the delivery rules options to select the activity's behavior as described in the following table.

Table 2. Delivery rules

Delivery Rules Fields	Description
Poll for changes every _____ days/hours/minutes/seconds	Specifies the time interval to poll for objects in the PeopleSoft server. (For example, the Get Component Interfaces activity polls for Create Component Interfaces activity at the specified time interval.) Time can be selected in the format days, hours, minutes, or seconds.
Fetch _____ rows per poll	Specifies how many objects or components the activity should retrieve from the PeopleSoft server in each poll cycle.
Delivery Messages	
ATMOST_ONCE	A non-persistent mode in which a PeopleSoft component interfaces is either delivered once or not delivered at all.

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RightNow SOAP API Activities

- [Overview of the RightNow SOAP API connector](#)
- [Creating and editing a RightNow SOAP API endpoint](#)
RightNow SOAP API endpoints contain the connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the RightNow CRM instance. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.
- [Using the RightNow SOAP API Create Objects activity](#)
Use the RightNow SOAP API Create Objects activity to create objects such as Account, Answer, Contact, Incident, Meta Answer, Opportunity, Organization, Purchased Product, Sales Product, Task and so on, in the RightNow server.
- [Using the RightNow SOAP API Get Objects activity](#)
Use the RightNow SOAP API Get Objects activity to retrieve objects such as Account, Answer, Contact, Incident, Meta Answer, Opportunity, Organization, Purchased Product, Sales Product, Task, and so on

from the RightNow server. In order to retrieve sub objects, we need to populate default values for the sub objects.

- [Using the RightNow SOAP API Update Objects activity](#)
Use the RightNow SOAP API Update Objects activity to update objects such as Account, Answer, Contact, Incident, Meta Answer, Opportunity, Organization, Purchased Product, Sales Product, Task, and so on in the RightNow server.
- [Using the RightNow SOAP API Destroy Objects activity](#)
Use the RightNow SOAP API Destroy Objects activity to delete objects such as Account, Answer, Contact, Incident, Meta Answer, Opportunity, Organization, Purchased Product, Sales Product, Task and so on, from the RightNow server. If you delete the primary object, all the corresponding sub objects related to the primary object will also be deleted.
- [Using the RightNow SOAP API Query Objects activity](#)
Use the RightNow SOAP API Query Objects activity to query objects such as Account, Address, AnalyticsReport, Answer, Contact, Country, Email, Organization and so on, from the RightNow server. The query string that you specify for this operation must adhere to the RightNow Object Query Language (ROQL) standard. In order to retrieve sub objects, we need to populate default values for the sub objects.
- [Specifying retry parameters for RightNow SOAP API activities](#)
Specifying the retry parameters is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a RightNow activity.

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Overview of the RightNow SOAP API connector

The RightNow SOAP API connector enables a two-way communication between Cast Iron and the RightNow server. This connector uses the RightNow SOAP APIs.

You can perform the following activities using the RightNow SOAP API connector:

- [Create Objects](#)
- [Get Objects](#)
- [Query Objects](#)
- [Update Objects](#)
- [Destroy Objects](#)

The versions of RightNow supported by the connector depend on the support life cycle of RightNow. The SOAP API version of RightNow currently supported is v1_2.

Parent topic: [RightNow SOAP API Activities](#)

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Creating and editing a RightNow SOAP API endpoint

RightNow SOAP API endpoints contain the connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the RightNow CRM instance. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.

About this task

Use this task to create or edit a RightNow SOAP API endpoint. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Note:

Any changes you make to the RightNow SOAP API endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all the orchestrations that use that endpoint, as the edits are global, not local.

To create and edit a RightNow SOAP API endpoint, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Drag an activity from the RightNow SOAP API folder under the Activities tab, to the Orchestration window. The Summary panel is displayed.
2. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist. The Pick Endpoint panel is displayed.
3. Click one of the following buttons:
 - a. **Browse** - To select an existing endpoint from Project Explorer. The Project Explorer shows all the endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties are displayed in the Pick Endpoint panel.
 - b. **New** - To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window opens.
 - c. **Edit** - To edit the existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window opens.
4. In the Create Endpoint window, complete the fields defined in the following table:

Table 1. Connection details

Field Name	Description
Connection Details	
URL	Specifies the URL of the RightNow instance.
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect to the RightNow instance.
Password	Specifies the password associated with the user name to connect to the RightNow instance.
Proxy Connection Details	
Proxy Host	Specifies the host name of the proxy server.
Proxy Port	Specifies the port number needed to connect to the proxy server.
Proxy User Name	Specifies the user name needed to connect to the proxy server.
Proxy Password	Specifies the password needed to connect to the proxy server.


5. When finished, click Test Connection to confirm that you can connect to the RightNow system.
6. Click OK.

Results

You have created or edited a RightNow SOAP API endpoint.

Parent topic: [RightNow SOAP API Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/RightNowSOAPAPI_creating_an_endpoint_activity.html

Using the RightNow SOAP API Create Objects activity

Use the RightNow SOAP API Create Objects activity to create objects such as Account, Answer, Contact, Incident, Meta Answer, Opportunity, Organization, Purchased Product, Sales Product, Task and so on, in the RightNow server.

About this task

Use this task to create objects in the RightNow server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the RightNow SOAP API Create Objects activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the RightNow SOAP API folder contents.
2. Drag the Create Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The RightNow SOAP API Create Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant RightNow SOAP API endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a RightNow SOAP API endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse RightNow SOAP API window is displayed.
11. In Browse RightNow SOAP API, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.


13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for RightNow SOAP API activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Create Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for an element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the RightNow SOAP API Create Objects activity.

Parent topic: [RightNow SOAP API Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/RightNowSOAPAPI_create_activity.html

Using the RightNow SOAP API Get Objects activity

Use the RightNow SOAP API Get Objects activity to retrieve objects such as Account, Answer, Contact, Incident, Meta Answer, Opportunity, Organization, Purchased Product, Sales Product, Task, and so on from the RightNow server. In order to retrieve sub objects, we need to populate default values for the sub objects.

About this task

Use this task to retrieve objects from the RightNow server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the RightNow SOAP API Get Objects activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the RightNow SOAP API folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The RightNow SOAP API Get Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.


6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant RightNow SOAP API endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a RightNow SOAP API endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse RightNow SOAP API window is displayed.
11. In Browse RightNow SOAP API, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for RightNow SOAP API activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Get Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the RightNow SOAP API Get Objects activity.

Parent topic: [RightNow SOAP API Activities](#)

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Using the RightNow SOAP API Update Objects activity

Use the RightNow SOAP API Update Objects activity to update objects such as Account, Answer, Contact, Incident, Meta Answer, Opportunity, Organization, Purchased Product, Sales Product, Task, and so on in the RightNow server.

About this task

Use this task to update objects in the RightNow server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the RightNow SOAP API Update Objects activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the RightNow SOAP API folder contents.
2. Drag the Update Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The RightNow SOAP API Update Objects activity Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant RightNow SOAP API endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a RightNow SOAP API endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse RightNow SOAP API window is displayed.
11. In Browse RightNow SOAP API, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for RightNow SOAP API activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Update Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the RightNow SOAP API Update Objects activity.

Parent topic: [RightNow SOAP API Activities](#)

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Using the RightNow SOAP API Destroy Objects activity

Use the RightNow SOAP API Destroy Objects activity to delete objects such as Account, Answer, Contact, Incident, Meta Answer, Opportunity, Organization, Purchased Product, Sales Product, Task and so on, from the RightNow server. If you delete the primary object, all the corresponding sub objects related to the primary object will also be deleted.

About this task

Use this task to delete objects in the RightNow server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the RightNow SOAP API Destroy Objects activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the RightNow SOAP API folder contents.
2. Drag the Destroy Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The RightNow SOAP API Destroy Objects activityChecklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant RightNow SOAP API endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a RightNow SOAP API endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse RightNow SOAP API window is displayed.
11. In Browse RightNow SOAP API, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for RightNow SOAP API activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Destroy Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.


16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the RightNow SOAP API Destroy Objects activity.

Parent topic: [RightNow SOAP API Activities](#)

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Using the RightNow SOAP API Query Objects activity

Use the RightNow SOAP API Query Objects activity to query objects such as Account, Address, AnalyticsReport, Answer, Contact, Country, Email, Organization and so on, from the RightNow server. The query string that you specify for this operation must adhere to the RightNow Object Query Language (ROQL) standard. In order to retrieve sub objects, we need to populate default values for the sub objects.

About this task

Use this task to query objects from the RightNow server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the RightNow SOAP API Query Objects activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the RightNow SOAP API folder contents.
2. Drag the Query Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The RightNow SOAP API Query Objects activityChecklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant RightNow SOAP API endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a RightNow SOAP API endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse RightNow SOAP API window is displayed.


11. In Browse RightNow SOAP API, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for RightNow SOAP API activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Query Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the RightNow SOAP API Query Objects activity.

Parent topic: [RightNow SOAP API Activities](#)

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<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/RightNowSOAPAPI_queryobject_activity.html

Specifying retry parameters for RightNow SOAP API activities

Specifying the retry parameters is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a RightNow activity.

About this task

The RightNow SOAP API connects to the RightNow server to execute the activities. If a connection is lost or timed out, the connector automatically establishes a new connection based on the parameters described in Table 1. The connector does not count the initial attempt to reacquiring the session as a retry attempt. The connector assumes the typical connector retry behavior after the initial attempt to reacquire a session fails.

For more information about the configuration tasks in the Checklist, see the help topic for the specific RightNow SOAP API activity.

To specify the retry parameters, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Retry. The Retry panel is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a RightNow application.

The following table describes the retry options for connecting to a RightNow application:

Table 1. Retry options


Retry Fields	Description
Wait __ seconds between each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the RightNow application. By default, this parameter is set to 30 seconds.
Try to connect __ times before failing.	Specifies the maximum number of times that the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the RightNow application before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. By default this parameter is set to 5 attempts.
Activity Timeout	
Time out after __ seconds when the endpoint does not respond to a request.	Specifies the number of seconds the Integration Appliance waits before timing out, when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.

Results

You have configured the retry parameters for the RightNow SOAP API activities.

Parent topic: [RightNow SOAP API Activities](#)

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Salesforce.com activities

- [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#)
Salesforce.com endpoints provide information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a Salesforce.com instance.
- [Configuring Salesforce.com activities](#)
Selecting fields from the Salesforce.com object to map is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a Salesforce.com activity. For more information about the configuration tasks in the Checklist, see the help topic for the specific Salesforce.com activity.
- [Migrating Salesforce.com projects](#)
- [Setting Salesforce.com configuration properties](#)
Any changes you make to configuration properties affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint. The edits are global, not local.
- [Specifying the Retry and Time Out parameters for Salesforce.com activities](#)
Specifying the Retry and Time Out parameters is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a Salesforce.com activity. The Salesforce.com Connector uses an HTTP 1.1 persistent connection over SSL

to make all connections to the Salesforce.com server. The Salesforce.com connector compresses all data for requests and responses using the gzip format.

- [Understanding and setting polling preferences for the Salesforce.com connector](#)
- [Convert Lead activity](#)

Use this activity to convert leads into accounts, contacts, or opportunities in Salesforce.com. While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can convert in a single call to 100 objects, the Cast Iron® Salesforce.com connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Convert Lead** activity to convert an unlimited number of objects.
- [Set password activity](#)

Use this activity to change the password of a user or SelfServiceUser to a value that you specify.
- [Reset password activity](#)

Use this activity to reset the password of the user to a system-generated value.
- [Send email activity](#)

Use this activity to send single or multiple emails. The emails include all standard email attributes such as the email address, subject line, and carbon copies.
- [Create Objects activity](#)

Use this activity to create one or more Salesforce.com objects. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Create Objects activity.
- [Delete Objects activity](#)

Use this activity to delete one or more objects in Salesforce.com. While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can delete in a single call to 200 objects, the Cast Iron Salesforce.com connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Delete Objects** activity to delete an unlimited number of objects.
- [Get Deleted Objects](#)

This activity retrieves the list of individual objects that have been deleted within the specified time-span for the specified object.
- [Get Updated Objects](#)
- [Get User Information activity](#)

Use this activity to get user information from the Salesforce.com server. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Get User Information activity.
- [Get Server Timestamp activity](#)

Use this activity to get the current time from the Salesforce.com server. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Get Server Timestamp activity.
- [Merge Objects Activity](#)

Use this activity to merge Salesforce.com objects into a single record.
- [Poll Deleted Objects activity](#)

This activity polls the Salesforce.com Server for objects that have been recently deleted and returns IDs to the Integration Appliance.
- [Poll Updated Objects activity](#)

This activity polls the Salesforce.com Server for objects that have been recently created or updated and returns all the object fields that you selected in the configuration panel to the Integration Appliance. In Studio, configure the polling interval for the activity.
- [Query Objects activity](#)

Use the Sforce Object Query Language (SOQL) to run a query on one or more Salesforce.com object types from this activity and return a results set. The Query Objects activity automatically runs a query or queryAll call, followed by continuous queryMore calls for all children and objects returned from Salesforce.com.
- [Configuring the Query Objects activity](#)

You must create a SForce Object Search Language (SOSL) query to configure the **Search Objects** activity. The following sections discuss the steps to configure the **Search Objects** activity, create an SOSL query, and provide SOSL syntax rules for IBM® Cast Iron.
- [Retrieve Objects activity](#)

Use this activity to retrieve one or more Salesforce.com objects of a specified type. While the

Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can retrieve in a single call to 2,000 objects, the Cast Iron Salesforce.com connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Retrieve Objects** activity to retrieve an unlimited number of objects.

- [Search Objects activity](#)
- [Undelete Objects activity](#)
- [Configuring the Search Objects activity](#)

You must create an SForce Object Search Language (SOSL) query to configure the **Search Objects** activity.


- [Update Objects activity](#)

Use this activity to update existing objects in Salesforce.com.

- [Upsert Objects activity](#)

Use this activity to update existing objects or create new objects in Salesforce.com.

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Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint

Salesforce.com endpoints provide information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a Salesforce.com instance.

About this task

Any changes you make to the endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint as the edits are global, not local.

Procedure

1. Drag an activity from the Salesforce.com folder of the Activities tab onto the orchestration.

The Summary panel is displayed along with a Checklist which lists the tasks that you must perform to configure the activity.

2. Click Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist. The Pick Endpoint panel opens.
3. Click one of the following options:
 - Browse...: To select an existing endpoint from the Project Explorer. The Project Explorer shows all the endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties are displayed in the Pick Endpoint panel. To edit the endpoint properties, click Edit. Go to step 5.
 - New: To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window opens. Go to step 5.
 - Edit: To edit an existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window opens. Go to step 5.

Note: Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project as the edits are global, not local.

4. In the endpoint window, specify a user name and a password to access a Salesforce.com instance.

- a. Type a user name or click the icon to the right of the User Name field to select the sfdc_login configuration property.
- b. Type a password or click the icon to the right of the Password field to select the sfdc_password configuration property.

5. Choose a login option:

Login Options	Description
Login normally	By default, Login is selected. At run time, the Integration Appliance accesses a production instance of Salesforce.com.
Login to Salesforce.com Sandbox	At run time, the Integration Appliance accesses a copy of the production system. You can run tests in the Sandbox without affecting production data.
Login to specified Partner WSDL Login URL	At run time, the Integration Appliance accesses the URL you specify in the Login URL field.
Login URL	Only required when you choose the Login to specified Partner WSDL Login URL option.

6. Specify the Connection Timeout parameter. By default, the Integration Appliance times out if it is unable to connect to the Salesforce.com endpoint after 300 seconds.

7. To connect through a proxy server, complete the fields described in the following table:

Option	Description
Field name	Description
Connect via a Proxy Server	Select this check box to enable the fields to connect through a proxy server.
Authentication	Allows you to select the type of authentication that the Integration Appliance uses when connecting to a proxy server. From the list, select one of the following authentication options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Basic - Sends the user name and password you specify unencrypted to the server. This authentication schema is the least secure. ○ NTLM - Requires an instance of NTCredentials to be available for the domain name of the server. This authentication is the most secure authentication option. When you choose the NTLM authentication option, the Integration Appliance authenticates a connection and not a request; therefore, the Integration Appliance authenticates every time a new connection is made. The connection must remain open during the authentication process. You cannot use NTLM to authenticate with both a proxy and server.


Option	Description
Realm/Domain	If you select the Basic authentication option, specify a realm. If you select the NTLM authentication option, specify a domain.
Host Name	Specify the host name of the proxy server.
Port	Specify the port number needed to connect to the proxy server.
User Name	Specify the user name needed to connect to the proxy server.
Password	Specify the password needed to connect to the proxy server.

- Click Test Connection to confirm that the parameters you specified allow the project to access a Salesforce.com instance.

Note: When you configure a Salesforce.com endpoint to use configuration properties, verify that the configuration properties have valid values. If the configuration property value is invalid or does not exist, the connection test fails.

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Creating_or_Editing_a_Salesforce.html

Configuring Salesforce.com activities

Selecting fields from the Salesforce.com object to map is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a Salesforce.com activity. For more information about the configuration tasks in the Checklist, see the help topic for the specific Salesforce.com activity.

About this task

For some of the fields in the endpoint, you can [create configuration properties](#) to supply the values for these fields. An icon is displayed when you click in a field that supports a configuration property and a configuration property of the same type has already been configured for the project.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Configure. The Configure panel opens.
2. Click Browse... to select a Salesforce.com object type. The Choose a Salesforce.com Object window shows all the Salesforce.com objects that are associated with the Studio activity.
3. Select an object type from the list.

Note: Custom object types end with a double underscore c (__c). For example: *CustomerPriority__c*

Enter a character or string in the Search for an Object Type field and Studio filters the object types and only shows the object types that match the filter criteria. (Optional) Click the refresh icon to retrieve the latest Salesforce.com object types.

4. Click OK.

All the fields associated with the object type you selected are displayed.


5. In the Object Field Preferences section, select the fields to map.

By default, all fields are selected. You can choose to clear any field that you do not want to show in the map. A global checkbox allows you to select and clear all fields at once.

Note: The Id field is required for many activities. For these activities, the Id field is disabled and you cannot clear this field.

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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Migrating Salesforce.com projects

About this task


In Studio version 3.6.2, the Salesforce.com connector version 3.0 is built-in and does not require additional installation as the previous version required.

Salesforce.com Connector Version	Studio Version	Installation Type
3.0X	3.6.2 and higher	built-in (no additional installation)
2.0X	3.5 and higher	add-on (separate installation)
1.0X	3.5 and higher	add-on (separate installation)

Studio does not automatically migrate projects containing Salesforce.com connector version 1.x or Salesforce.com connector version 2.x. However, the latest version of Studio can support any manually migrated projects that contain orchestrations using add-on versions of the connector. Therefore, it is possible to use both the built-in and add-on versions of the Salesforce.com connector in the same orchestration.

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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Setting Salesforce.com configuration properties


Any changes you make to configuration properties affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint. The edits are global, not local.

Procedure

1. Select Project > Configuration Properties. The Configuration Properties window opens.
2. Click the Value field for the sfdc_password property and type a valid password.
3. Click the Value field for the sfdc_login property and type a valid Salesforce.com login.
4. Click OK.

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Setting_Salesforce.html

Specifying the Retry and Time Out parameters for Salesforce.com activities

Specifying the Retry and Time Out parameters is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a Salesforce.com activity. The Salesforce.com Connector uses an HTTP 1.1 persistent connection over SSL to make all connections to the Salesforce.com server. The Salesforce.com connector compresses all data for requests and responses using the gzip format.

About this task

The Salesforce.com connector uses a single login session for all connections to a Salesforce.com endpoint. If a session expires, the connector automatically establishes a new session. The Salesforce.com connector does not count the initial attempt to reacquire the session as a retry attempt. The Salesforce.com connector assumes the typical connector retry behavior after the initial attempt to reacquire a session fails.

For more information about the configuration tasks in the **Checklist**, see the help topic for the specific Salesforce.com activity.

Procedure


1. In the Checklist, select Retry. The Retry panel open.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a Salesforce.com instance.

The following table describes the retry options for connecting to a Salesforce.com instance:

Retry Fields	Description
Wait __ second(s) between each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the Salesforce.com instance. By default, this parameter is set to 30 seconds.
Try to connect __ times before failing.	Specifies the maximum number of times that the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the Salesforce.com instance before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. By default this parameter is set to 5 attempts.
Activity Timeout Field	Description
Time out after __ seconds when the Endpoint does not respond to a request.	Specifies the number of seconds before a time out occurs between the activity making a request on an endpoint and the time it takes the endpoint to respond. By default this parameter is set to 300 seconds.

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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Understanding and setting polling preferences for the Salesforce.com connector

About this task

The Salesforce.com connector contains two activities that poll the Salesforce.com server for changes:

- **Poll Deleted Objects** activity
- **Poll Updated Objects** activity

These activities have the following startup behavior:

- For an orchestration that has never been deployed, the baseline time stamp is established when the activity is activated for the first time. The activity uses the baseline time stamp as the start time to poll for changes after the poll interval elapses. After the poll completes, the activity stores the last poll time.
- For a previously deployed orchestration, the activity uses the last poll time and the current time to poll for changes after the poll interval elapses.
- Salesforce.com requires at least 60 seconds between each poll. If less than 60 seconds have transpired, then the activity ignores the current polling interval until the next polling interval elapses.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Polling.


The Polling Preferences panel opens.

2. Set the polling preferences for the following parameters:

Polling Preference	Description
Poll for changes every <i><i></i>	Specifies the polling interval for which the Integration Appliance polls the Salesforce.com Server for objects that have been created or updated since the last poll.
Where <i><i></i> is the polling interval. The interval can be specified in minutes, hours, or days	By default, the Integration Appliance polls the Salesforce.com Server every 5 minutes.
Batch up to <i><n></i> objects per orchestration	Specifies the maximum number of object records per orchestration job, during a polling interval. By default, the Integration Appliance processes 1 record per orchestration job. Use this preference to tune the performance of the Integration Appliance.
Where <i><n></i> is the number of objects in a batch.	

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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Convert Lead activity

Use this activity to convert leads into accounts, contacts, or opportunities in Salesforce.com. While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can convert in a single call to 100 objects, the Cast Iron® Salesforce.com connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Convert Lead** activity to convert an unlimited number of objects.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Convert Lead activity.

2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.


For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or Editing a Salesforce.com Endpoint](#).

4. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
5. Map the input of the activity.
6. Map the output of the activity.

- [Map the input of the Convert Lead activity](#)
- [Map the output of the Convert Lead activity](#)

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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Map the input of the Convert Lead activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The convertLead element displays in the To Activity pane. The parameters displayed correspond to the structure of the input to the Salesforce.com convertLead operation.

2. (Optional) Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - CallOptions
 - connection
 - sessionInfo

3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.


For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Convert Lead activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Convert_Lead_Activity_Mapinput.html

Map the output of the Convert Lead activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The convertLeadResponse element is displayed in the From Activity panel. The parameters displayed correspond to the convertLeadResponse structure, which is returned by the convertLead operation.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.


For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Convert Lead activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Convert_Lead_Activity_Mapoutput.html

Set password activity

Use this activity to change the password of a user or SelfServiceUser to a value that you specify.

Note: You must have the administrative permission to change the password for the users.

To use the Set Password activity:

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Set Password activity.
2. Drag the Set Password activity onto the orchestration.

The Summary and Checklist for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

Note: No additional configuration is required for this activity in the Configure section.

4. Specify the Retry and Activity Timeout parameters for the activity.
5. Map the inputs of the activity.
6. Map the outputs of the activity.

To map the input of the Set Password activity:

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The userId and password parameters are displayed in the To Activity pane.

2. (Optional) Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to display these optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o CallOptions
 - o connection
 - o sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

To map the output of the Set Password activity:

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The sessionInfo element is displayed in the From Activity pane.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.


For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/sfdc_set_password_activity.html

Reset password activity

Use this activity to reset the password of the user to a system-generated value.

Note: You must have the administrative permission to reset the password for the users.

To use the Reset Password activity:

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Reset Password activity.
2. Drag the Reset Password activity onto the orchestration.

The Summary and Checklist for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

Note: No additional configuration is required for this activity in the Configure section.

4. Specify the Retry and Activity Timeout parameters for the activity.
5. Map the inputs of the activity.
6. Map the outputs of the activity.

To map the input of the Reset Password activity:

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The userId parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane.

2. (Optional) Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to display these optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o CallOptions
 - o EmailHeader
 - o connection
 - o sessionInfo

3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

To map the output of the Reset Password activity:

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The password and sessionInfo elements are displayed in the From Activity pane.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

Send email activity

Use this activity to send single or multiple emails. The emails include all standard email attributes such as the email address, subject line, and carbon copies.

To use the email activity:

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Send Email activity.
2. Drag the Send Email activity onto the orchestration.

The Summary and Checklist for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

4. In the Configure section, select the Send Mass Emails check box if you want to send multiple emails.
5. Specify the Retry and Activity Timeout parameters for the activity.
6. Map the inputs of the activity.
7. Map the outputs of the activity.

To map the input of the Send Email activity:

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The emails parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane.

2. (Optional) Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to display these optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o connection
 - o sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

To map the output of the Send Email activity:

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The results and sessionInfo elements are displayed in the From Activity pane.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.


For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

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Create Objects activity

Use this activity to create one or more Salesforce.com objects. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Create Objects activity.

Procedure

1. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

2. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

3. Configure the activity, by choosing a Salesforce.com object type and object field preferences.

4. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.


5. Map the input of the activity.

6. Map the output of the activity.

- [Map the input of the Create Objects activity](#)
- [Map the output of the Create Object activity](#)

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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Map the input of the Create Objects activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The Objects element is displayed in the To Activity panel. The parameters displayed correspond to the structure of the input to the Salesforce.com Objects operation.

2. (Optional) Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o AssignmentRuleHeader
 - o MruHeader
 - o EmailHeader
 - o CallOptions
 - o connection
 - o sessionInfo

3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).


Optional and *nillable* field elements have the following behavior:

- o The Integration Appliance does not update an optional field, when the Salesforce.com server does not provide a value for the field.
- o If you set the xsi:nil attribute to `true` on a nillable field, the Integration Appliance sets the field to null during an update.

Note: Setting a field to an empty string does not set a field to null.

Parent topic: [Create Objects activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Create_Objects_Activity_Mapinput.html

Map the output of the Create Object activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The saveResults element is displayed in the From Activity panel. The parameters displayed correspond to the saveResults structure, which is returned by the create activity.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.


For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Create Objects activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Create_Objects_Activity_Mapoutput.html

Delete Objects activity

Use this activity to delete one or more objects in Salesforce.com. While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can delete in a single call to 200 objects, the Cast Iron® Salesforce.com connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Delete Objects** activity to delete an unlimited number of objects.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Delete Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.


For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

4. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
5. Map the input of the activity.
6. Map the output of the activity.

- [Map the input of the Delete Objects activity](#)
- [Map the output of the Delete Object activity](#)

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Delete_Objects_Activity.html

Map the input of the Delete Objects activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The Ids element is displayed in the To Activity panel.

2. (Optional) Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:

- o UserTerritoryDeleteHeader
- o CallOptions
- o connection
- o sessionInfo

3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.


For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Delete Objects activity](#)

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Map the output of the Delete Object activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The deleteResults element is displayed in the From Activity panel.


2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Delete Objects activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Delete_Objects_Activity_Mapoutput.html

Get Deleted Objects

This activity retrieves the list of individual objects that have been deleted within the specified time-span for the specified object.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Get Delete Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.


3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

4. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
5. Map the input of the activity.
6. Map the output of the activity.

- [Map the input of the Get Deleted Objects activity](#)
- [Map the output of the Get Deleted Object activity](#)

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Get_Deleted_Objects.html

Map the input of the Get Deleted Objects activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The startDateTime element is displayed in the To Activity panel.

2. (Optional) Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o endDateTime
 - o CallOptions
 - o connection
 - o sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.


For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Get Deleted Objects](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Get_Deleted_Objects_Activity_Mapinput.html

Map the output of the Get Deleted Object activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.


The deleteResults element is displayed in the From Activity panel.
2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Get Deleted Objects](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Get_Deleted_Objects_Activity_Mapoutput.html

Get Updated Objects

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Get Updated Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

4. Configure the activity, by choosing a Salesforce.com object type and object field preferences.
You can only select object types and fields that the Integration Appliance can update. The input map contains the object type with elements that correspond to the fields you select during this configuration step.

Note: The Integration Appliance cannot create auto-number fields.

5. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
6. Map the input of the activity.


The input map consists of an object's input parameter. This parameter consists of a single root element that has a single repeating element, named after the object type you selected, containing all the fields you selected in the Object Field Preferences table.

7. Map the output of the activity.

- [Map the input of the Get Updated Objects activity](#)
- [Map the output of the Get Updated Object activity](#)

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Get_Updated_Objects.html

Map the input of the Get Updated Objects activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The startDateTime element is displayed in the To Activity panel.

2. (Optional) Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o endDateTime

- CallOptions
 - connection
 - sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).


Optional and *nillable* field elements have the following behavior:

- The Integration Appliance does not update an optional field, when the Salesforce.com server does not provide a value for the field.
- If you set the `xsi:nil` attribute to `true` on a nillable field, the Integration Appliance sets the field to null during an update.

Note: Setting a field to an empty string does not set a field to null.

Parent topic: [Get Updated Objects](#)

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 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Get_Updated_Objects_Activity_Mapinout.html

Map the output of the Get Updated Object activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.


The `saveResults` element is displayed in the From Activity panel.
2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Get Updated Objects](#)

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Get User Information activity

Use this activity to get user information from the Salesforce.com server. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Get User Information activity.

Procedure

1. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

2. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.


For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

3. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
4. Map the output of the activity.

- [Map the output of the Get User Information activity](#)

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Get_User_Information_Activity.html

Map the output of the Get User Information activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The GetUserInformationResult element contains the Salesforce.com user information and opens in the From Activity panel.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.


For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Get User Information activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Get_User_Info_Activity_Mapoutput.html

Get Server Timestamp activity

Use this activity to get the current time from the Salesforce.com server. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Get Server Timestamp activity.

Procedure

1. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

2. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.


For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

3. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
4. Map the output of the activity.

- [Map the output of the Get Server Timestamp activity](#)

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Get_Server_Timestamp_Activity.html

Map the output of the Get Server Timestamp activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The serverTimestamp element contains the Salesforce.com user information and opens in the From Activity panel.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.


For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Get Server Timestamp activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Get_Server_Timestamp_Activity_Map_output.html

Merge Objects Activity

Use this activity to merge Salesforce.com objects into a single record.

About this task

You can merge two or more of the following Salesforce.com objects into a single record:

- Account
- Contact
- Leads

After the activity merges the objects, it deletes the pre-merge records and re-parents any duplicates.

While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of requests that it can merge in a single call to 200, the Cast Iron® Salesforce.com connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Merge Objects** activity to process an unlimited number of merge requests.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Merge Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

4. Configure the activity, by choosing a Salesforce.com object type and object field preferences.


You can only select Account, Contact, and Lead object types and fields that the Appliance can update. Fields such as auto-number fields might not be available to select.

5. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
6. Map the input of the activity.
7. Map the output of the activity.

- [Map the input of the Merge Objects activity](#)
- [Map the output of the Merge Object activity](#)

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Merge_Objects_Activity.html

Map the input of the Merge Objects activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The Merge element is displayed in the To Activity panel.

2. (Optional) Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to display these optional input parameters for this activity:
 - AssignmentRuleHeader
 - MruHeader
 - EmailHeader
 - CallOptions
 - connection
 - sessionInfo

3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.


For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Optional and *nillable* field elements have the following behavior:

- The Integration Appliance does not update an optional field, when the Salesforce.com server does not provide a value for the field.
- If you set the `xsi:nil` attribute to `true` on a nillable field, the Integration Appliance sets the field to null during an update.

Note: Setting a field to an empty string does not set a field to null.

Parent topic: [Merge Objects Activity](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Merge_Objects_Activity_Mapinput.html

Map the output of the Merge Object activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The results element is displayed in the From Activity panel. The parameters displayed correspond to the structure of the Salesforce.com MergeResults schema.


2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Merge Objects Activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Merge_Objects_Activity_Mapoutput.html

Poll Deleted Objects activity

This activity polls the Salesforce.com Server for objects that have been recently deleted and returns IDs to the Integration Appliance.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Poll Deleted Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.


For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

4. Configure the activity by choosing a Salesforce.com object type and object field preferences.
5. Specify the Polling preferences for the activity.
6. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
7. Map the output of the activity.

- [Map the output of the Poll Deleted Object activity](#)

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Poll_Deleted_Objects_Activity.html

Map the output of the Poll Deleted Object activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The objects element is displayed in the From Activity panel.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.


For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

The output map can have *nillable* field elements have the following behavior:

- If the field being retrieved is null, the Integration Appliance sets the xsi:nil attribute to true in the result.
- If the input ID is not valid or does not represent the object type you specified, then for the entire object element the Integration Appliance sets xsi:nil to true for that element's position in the result set.

Parent topic: [Poll Deleted Objects activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Poll_Deleted_Objects_Activity_Mapoutput.html

Poll Updated Objects activity

This activity polls the Salesforce.com Server for objects that have been recently created or updated and returns all the object fields that you selected in the configuration panel to the Integration Appliance. In Studio, configure the polling interval for the activity.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Poll Updated Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.


For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

4. Configure the activity by choosing a Salesforce.com object type and object field preferences.
5. Specify the Polling preferences for the activity.
6. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
7. Map the output of the activity.

- [Map the output of the Poll Updated Object activity](#)

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Poll_Updated_Objects_Activity.html

Map the output of the Poll Updated Object activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The objects element is displayed in the From Activity panel.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variable(s) for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.


For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

The output map can have *nillable* field elements have the following behavior:

- o If the field being retrieved is null, the Integration Appliance sets the xsi:nil attribute to true in the result.

Parent topic: [Poll Updated Objects activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Poll_Updated_Objects_Activity_Mapout.put.html

Query Objects activity

Use the Sforce Object Query Language (SOQL) to run a query on one or more Salesforce.com object types from this activity and return a results set. The Query Objects activity automatically runs a query or queryAll call, followed by continuous queryMore calls for all children and objects returned from Salesforce.com.

Note: Running the Query Objects activity can result in a cursor being opened by Salesforce.com to track the query results. If the activity reaches the cursor limit that Salesforce.com allots to each user or if the cursor expires, the Integration Appliance tries the activity again.

Using the Query Objects activity

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Query Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to your orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

4. Configure the activity, by specifying a query and setting query options.
5. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
6. Map the input of the activity.
7. Map the output of the activity.

Map the input of the Query Objects activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The parameters element is displayed in the To Activity panel. The parameters element has a child element for each parameter you specified in the SOQL query. The context for the parameter in the query determines the parameter type. If you did not specify any parameters, then no child elements are displayed under the parameters element.

2. Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o MruHeader

- CallOptions
 - connection
 - sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variable or variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variable or variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Map the output of the Query Objects activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The objects element is displayed in the From Activity panel. The result parameter has a single element named objects with a single repeating element named after the driving object of the query. The driving object is the first object named in the FROM clause of the query. For example, in the following SOQL statement Account is the driving object:

```
Select Name from Account, Account.Contacts
```


The driving object has child elements that correspond to the fields or relationships listed in the `SELECT` clause of a query. The schema is defined as follows:

- For fields, the field type matches the SOAP type of the field. The field type is nillable if the SOAP type is nillable.
 - For relationships for parent elements, the element name is the name of the parent. If there is no parent when the activity runs the query, then the element is absent. The fields or relationships of the parent is displayed immediately underneath the relationship element.
 - For relationships for child elements, the element name is the name of the child. The relationship element has a single repeating element named after the object type of the child object. The fields and relationship of the child is displayed underneath the object type element. If there are no children when the activity runs the query, then the element is absent.
 - If you did not select any fields or relationships, but instead request the `count()` in the `SELECT` clause, the entire object type element is replaced with an element named count of type `unsignedInt`.
2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variable or variables for the map.
- For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variable or variables.
- For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

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Configuring the Query Objects activity

You must create a SForce Object Search Language (SOSL) query to configure the **Search Objects** activity. The following sections discuss the steps to configure the **Search Objects** activity, create an SOSL query, and provide SOSL syntax rules for IBM® Cast Iron®.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Configure.

The Specify Query window opens.

2. Create an SOSL query in the Specify Query window.
3. (Optional) You can specify dynamic parameters in the search clause of the SOSL statement. You can then map these parameters dynamically as the input parameters for the activity, which allows the activity to dynamically control the query based upon the input to the orchestration. Use a (\$) dollar sign to denote a parameter and follow it with the parameter name.
4. Click the Validate icon  , to validate the query.
If the query is invalid, the Validation Feedback icon  displays in the lower left corner of the Specify Query window. For invalid queries:
 - a. Click the Validation Feedback icon in the lower left corner of the Specify Query window for a list of validation errors.
 - b. Use the Refresh icon  to refresh meta data and revalidate the SOSL statement.
5. In the Checklist, select Query to configure specific query options.

The Query Options pane opens.

6. Select Include deleted items in query (execute a queryAll operation), to query for deleted records in addition to existing records. If you do not select this option, the Integration Appliance only queries existing records.
7. Specify a Query batch size between 200-2,000 queries to help tune the performance of the Integration Appliance.

The option determines the batch size to use in the QueryOptions SOAP header for all query calls and does not affect the number of results returned by the activity. By default, this option is set to 500 queries.

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

Creating SOSL Queries

When creating a SOQL query, you can use dynamic parameters in the WHERE clause of the SOQL statement. Studio can then dynamically map these parameters as the input parameters for the activity. This allows for dynamic control of the query based upon input to the orchestration.

About this task

The SForce Object Query Language does not define a syntax for parameterized queries; however, Cast Iron does enforce some proprietary SOQL syntax rules. You can use parameters in either simple expressions or set expressions.

- Use a (\$) dollar sign to denote a parameter. After the (\$) dollar sign, specify a string of alphanumeric characters. The first character must be a letter [a-zA-Z], optionally followed by one or more letters [a-zA-Z], digits [0-9], or (_) underscores.

Note: Parameter names are case-sensitive; therefore, the parameters \$a and \$A are considered to be different parameters.

The following table contains examples of valid and invalid parameter declarations:

Parameter	Valid or Invalid
\$AnAccount	valid
\$a123_456	valid
\$123a	invalid
\$_id	invalid

- You must declare parameters on the right-hand side of an expression in a WHERE clause.
- Parameters can appear more than once in a given SOQL statement. However, even though the parameter appears more than once in the SOQL statement, it only appears once in the input parameter map. The activity substitutes the same value for all locations where the parameter is used at runtime.

Note: When you use the same parameter name and there is a type mismatch, an error occurs. For example, the following SOQL generates an error because \$param is used as both a string and date type:


```
SELECT Name from Account where Name like $param and createdDate > $param
```

- The type of the field in which a parameter is being compared determines the type of the parameter and whether the parameter is being used in a simple expression, a set expression, or part of a set expression.

Type of Expression	Description
Simple Expressions	<p>For example: Select ID from Account where Name = \$NameParam</p> <p>The SoapType of the field on the left-hand side of the expression determines the parameter type. If the field type is nillable and the operator is (=) or (!=), then the parameter is nillable. Setting xsi:nil=true on the parameter sets the parameter value to null when it is substituted. If the parameter's type requires it to be enclosed in (') single quotes, then the parameter's value is enclosed in single quotes during substitution and its contents are escaped automatically.</p> <p>For SOQL, the (\) backslash and (') single-quote will be escaped.</p>
Set Expressions	<p>For example: Select ID From Account where ID in \$idList</p> <p>The parameter's type is a repeating sequence of the SoapType of the field on the left-hand side of the expression. The parameter is not nillable and has minOccurs=1, maxOccurs=unbounded on the element.</p> <p>The sequence is expanded at runtime to be a proper set value, for example:</p> <p>Select Id From Account where Id in ('value1','value2')</p>
Parameters	Parameters inside a set list are treated like a simple expression parameter type, for example:

t of	SELECT Name from Account where BillingState IN ('California', \$state2)
a	
Set	In this example, the \$state2 parameter type is the SoapType of the Account BillingState field and
Ex	is not a repeating element. The parameter is not nillable.
pre	
ssi	
on	

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Configuring_the_Query_Objects_Activity.html

Retrieve Objects activity

Use this activity to retrieve one or more Salesforce.com objects of a specified type. While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can retrieve in a single call to 2,000 objects, the Cast Iron® Salesforce.com connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Retrieve Objects** activity to retrieve an unlimited number of objects.

Using the Retrieve Objects activity

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Retrieve Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to your orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

4. Configure the activity, by choosing a Salesforce.com object type and object field preferences.

Only object types that the Integration Appliance is able to retrieve via the Salesforce.com API display.

5. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
6. Map the input of the activity.
7. Map the output of the activity.

Map the input of the Retrieve Objects activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The ids element is displayed in the To Activity pane. The element contains the collection of IDs that the Integration Appliance retrieves from Salesforce.com

2. (Optional) Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o MruHeaderUser
 - o CallOptions
 - o connection
 - o sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Optional and *nillable* field elements have the following behavior:

- If the field being retrieved is null, the Integration Appliance sets the xsi:nil attribute to `true` in the result.
- If the input ID is not valid or does not represent the object type you specified, then for the entire object element the Integration Appliance sets xsi:nil to `true` for that element's position in the result set.

Map the output of the Retrieve Objects activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The objects element is displayed in the From Activity panel. The element contains all fields that you selected in the field preferences table, during the configuration steps.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.


For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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Search Objects activity

About this task

Use the Sforce Object Search Language (SOSL) to run a search query on one or more Salesforce.com object types from this activity and return a results set.

Note: You can only search objects that are configured as searchable or eSearchable. You cannot search attachment objects.

Using the Search Objects activity:

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the **Search Objects** activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration. The **Checklist** and **Summary** for the activity is displayed beneath the orchestration.

Results

1. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint. For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or Editing a Salesforce.com Endpoint](#).
2. [Configure](#) the activity, by specifying a search query and setting search query options.
3. [Specify](#) the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
4. Map the input of the activity.
5. Map the output of the activity.

Map the input of the Search Objects activity:


1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Inputs. The parameters element is displayed in the To Activity panel. The parameter element has a child element for each parameter you specified in the SOSL query. The context for the parameter in the query determines the parameter type. If you did not specify any parameters, then no child elements are displayed under the parameters element.
2. Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o CallOptions
 - o connection
 - o sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Map the output of the Search Objects activity:

1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Outputs. The **objects** element is displayed in the From Activity panel.
2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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Undelete Objects activity

About this task

Use this activity to restore one or more objects that you deleted in Salesforce.com.

To use the Undelete Objects activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the **Undelete Objects** activity. Add the activity to an orchestration. The **Checklist** and **Summary** for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.
2. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint. For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or Editing a Salesforce.com Endpoint](#).
3. [Specify](#) the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
4. Map the input of the activity.
5. Map the output of the activity.

Results

Map the input of the Undelete Objects activity


1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Inputs. The **ids** element is displayed in the To Activity panel.
2. Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o CallOptions
 - o connection
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Map the output of the Undelete Objects activity

1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Outputs. The **results** element is displayed in the From Activity panel.
2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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Configuring the Search Objects activity




You must create an SForce Object Search Language (SOSL) query to configure the **Search Objects** activity.

About this task

The following sections discuss the steps to configure the **Search Objects** activity, create an SOSL query, and provide SOSL syntax rules for IBM® Cast Iron®.

To configure the Search Objects activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Configure. The Specify Query window opens.
2. [Create](#) an SOSL query in the Specify Query window.
3. Optional: You can specify dynamic parameters in the search clause of the SOSL statement. You can then map these parameters dynamically as the input parameters for the activity, which allows the activity to dynamically control the query based upon the input to the orchestration. Use a (\$) dollar sign to denote a parameter and follow it with the parameter name.
4. Click the Validate icon , to validate the query. If the query is invalid, the Validation Feedback icon  shows in the lower left corner of the Specify Query window. For invalid queries:
 - o Click the Validation Feedback icon in the lower left corner of the Specify Query window for a list of validation errors.
 - o Use the Refresh icon  to refresh meta data and revalidate the SOSL statement.

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

Creating SOSL queries

About this task

When creating a SForce Object Search Language (SOSL) query, you can use dynamic parameters in the WHERE clause of the SOSL statement. Studio can then dynamically map these parameters as the input parameters for the activity. This allows for dynamic control of the query based upon input to the orchestration.

The SForce Object Search Language does not define a syntax for parameterized queries; however, IBM Cast Iron does enforce a few proprietary SOSL syntax rules. You can use parameters in either simple expressions or set expressions.

SOSL syntax rules for IBM Cast Iron

About this task

- Use a (\$) dollar sign to denote a parameter. After the (\$) dollar sign, specify a string of alphanumeric characters. The first character must be a letter [a-zA-Z], optionally followed by one or more letters [a-zA-Z], digits [0-9], or (_) underscores.

Note: Parameter names are case-sensitive; therefore, the parameters \$a and \$A are considered to be different parameters.

The following table contains examples of valid and invalid parameter declarations:

Parameter	Valid or Invalid
\$AnAccount	valid


Parameter	Valid or Invalid
\$a123_456	valid
\$123a	invalid
\$_id	invalid

- You must declare parameters in the Search Query portion of the SOSL statement. Curly braces ({ }) demarcate the Search Query portion of the SOSL statement.
Important: Do not use double-quotes (" ") to enclose parameters. If you enclose parameters in double-quotes, the activity treats the parameter as a string search literal.
- The parameter type is always xsd:string. During substitution, the activity escapes any parameter that you declare using a reserved character. Reserved characters include the following characters:

Reserved Characters	Description
&	ampersand
*	asterisk
\	back slash
[]	box brackets
:	colon
,	comma
{ }	curly braces
"	double quote
!	exclamation mark
-	minus sign
+	plus sign
'	single quote
~	tilda
^	up arrow
	vertical bar

- Parameters can appear more than once in a given SOQL statement. However, even though the parameter appears more than once in the SOQL statement, it only appears once in the input parameter map. The activity substitutes the same value for all locations where the parameter is used at runtime.

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Update Objects activity

Use this activity to update existing objects in Salesforce.com.

About this task

While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can update in a single call to 200 objects, the Cast Iron® Salesforce.com Connector does not have such a limit. You can use the Update Objects activity to update an unlimited number of objects.

Using the Update Objects activity.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the **Update Objects** activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration. The **Checklist** and **Summary** for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.
3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint. For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or Editing a Salesforce.com Endpoint](#).
4. [Configure](#) the activity by choosing a Salesforce.com object type and object field preferences. You can only select object types and fields that the Integration Appliance can update. The input map contains the object type with elements that correspond to the fields you select during this configuration step. Note: The Integration Appliance cannot create auto-number fields.
5. [Specify](#) the **Retry** and **Time out** parameters for the activity.
6. Map the input of the activity. The input map consists of an object's input parameter. This parameter consists of a single root element that has a single repeating element, named after the object type you selected, containing all the fields you selected in the Object Field Preferences table.
7. Map the output of the activity.

Results

Map the input of the Update Objects activity

1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Inputs. The **objects** element is displayed in the To Activity pane.
2. Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - AssignmentRuleHeader
 - MruHeader
 - EmailHeader
 - CallOptions
 - connection
 - sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Optional and nillable field elements have the following behavior:

- The Integration Appliance does not update an optional field, when the Salesforce.com server does not provide a value for the field.
- If you set the xsi:nil attribute to true on a nillable field, the Integration Appliance sets the field to null during an update.


Note: Setting a field to an empty string does not set a field to null.

Map the output of the Update Objects activity

1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Outputs. The **saveResults** element is displayed in the From Activity panel.
2. Click **Select Outputs...** and select the output variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

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Upsert Objects activity

Use this activity to update existing objects or create new objects in Salesforce.com.

About this task

The activity uses an external ID, usually a foreign key, to determine whether to update an existing object or create a new object in Salesforce.com.

While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can create in a single upsert call to 200 objects, the Cast Iron® Salesforce.com connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Upsert Objects** activity to create an unlimited number of objects.

To use the **Upsert Objects** activity:

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the **Upsert Objects** activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration. The **Checklist** and **Summary** for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.
3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint. For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or Editing a Salesforce.com Endpoint](#).
4. [Configure](#) the activity, by choosing a Salesforce.com object type and object field preferences.
Note: You can only choose object types that the Integration Appliance can update or create and contain at least one External ID field. When you select the object type, Studio displays the external IDs defined on the object type in the External ID field of the Configure pane. You cannot edit the IDs listed in the External ID list. The external ID that you select becomes a required field, you cannot clear this field from the Object Field Preferences table. If only one external ID is available, Studio automatically selects this field in the Object Field Preferences table.
5. [Specify](#) the **Retry** and **Time out** parameters for the activity.
6. Map the input of the activity.
7. Map the output of the activity.

Map the input of the Upsert Objects activity

1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Inputs. The **objects** element is displayed in the To Activity panel.
2. Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o AssignmentRuleHeader
 - o MruHeader
 - o EmailHeader
 - o CallOptions
 - o connection
 - o sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

This activity supports the following optional input parameters:

- AssignmentRuleHeader
- EmailHeader
- MruHeader

Optional and nillable field elements have the following behavior:

- The Integration Appliance does not update an optional field, when the Salesforce.com server does not provide a value for the field.
- If you set the xsi:nil attribute to true on a nillable field, the Integration Appliance sets the field to null during an update.


Note: Setting a field to an empty string does not set a field to null.

Map the output of the Upsert Objects activity

1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Outputs. The **upsertResults** element is displayed in the From Activity panel.
2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)


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- [Overview of the SAP connector](#)
- [Creating or editing a SAP endpoint](#)
Endpoints provide the SAP connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the SAP system.
- [Downloading and installing the SAP Jar Files and DLLs](#)
To connect to an SAP system from studio, you must install SAP DLLs and jar files onto your Windows development machine. You must have the SAP login credentials to enter the SAP Support Portal and download the files.
- [Configuring Single Sign-on \(SSO\) and Secure Network Communications \(SNC\) for SAP connector](#)
- [SAP Invoke BAPI activity](#)
Use the SAP Invoke BAPI activity to call a Business Object Method (BAPI), that is remotely enabled at the specified SAP Endpoint, during run time.
- [SAP Invoke RFC activity](#)
Use the SAP Invoke RFC activity to call a Remote Function Call (RFC), that is remotely enabled at the specified SAP endpoint, during run time.
- [SAP Receive IDOC activity](#)
Use the SAP Receive IDOC activity to act as a server and listen on the configured SAP endpoint, during run time. The activity receives an IDOC from the specified SAP endpoint and converts it to XML data. The SAP Receive IDOC activity is a starter activity.
- [SAP Send IDOC activity](#)
Use the SAP Send IDOC activity to send an IDOC to the specified SAP endpoint, during run time.
- [SAP Receive RFC activity](#)
Use the SAP Receive RFC activity to act as a server and listen on the configured SAP endpoint, during run time. The activity receives RFC from the specified SAP endpoint and converts it to XML data. The SAP Receive RFC activity is a starter activity. This activity can be configured in both synchronous and asynchronous mode.
- [SAP Send RFC Response activity](#)
The SAP **Send RFC Response** activity sends a reply back to the sender (SAP) of the SAP Receive RFC request.
- [Troubleshooting and support](#)
Troubleshooting techniques and self-help information help you identify and solve problems quickly. This topic provides potential solutions for issues you would have with the SAP connector.

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Overview of the SAP connector

The SAP connector enables a two-way communication between Cast Iron and the SAP instance. The connector supports Business Application Programming Interface (BAPI), Remote Function Call (RFC), and Intermediate Document (IDOC) interfaces.

You can perform the following activities using the SAP connector:

- Outbound Activities
 - [Invoke BAPI](#)


- [Invoke RFC](#)
- [Send IDOC](#)
- Inbound/Starter Activities
 - [Receive IDOC](#)

The SAP connector supports any SAP R/3 system, which is based on the ABAP application server (3.1H or later versions).

The SAP connector requires the SAP JCo libraries to connect to the SAP instance. The connector supports JCo version 3.0.x or later versions. For more information, see [Downloading and installing the SAP Jar Files and DLLs](#).

Parent topic: [SAP activities](#)

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Creating or editing a SAP endpoint

Endpoints provide the SAP connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the SAP system.

Procedure

1. Drag an activity from the SAP folder of the Activities tab onto the orchestration.

The Summary pane is displayed along with a Checklist which outlines what you must do to configure the activity.


2. Click Endpoint task from the Checklist and click on one of the following options:
 - Browse —To select an existing endpoint from the Project Explorer. Once a SAP endpoint has been added, you can click Edit to edit it.
Note: Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project. The edits are global, not local.
 - New —To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window is displayed.
 - Edit —To edit the existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window is displayed.
3. Complete the fields defined in the tables below.
4. When finished, click Test Connection to confirm that you can connect to the SAP System.
5. Click OK.

Table 1. SAP Options

Field	Description
Location	
Host Name	Specifies the IP Address or the machine name that contains the SAP system.
System Number	Specifies the number that identifies the specific instance of the SAP system that Studio should connect to. Your SAP administrator must supply this information.


Field	Description
Client Information	
SAP Client	Specifies a number that identifies Studio and the Integration Appliance as a client for the SAP system. Your SAP administrator must supply this information.
Language	Specifies the message language option for SAP. For example, EN is the ISO code for English.
SAP Login Details	
Username/Password based authentication	Specifies the user name and password of the user account of the SAP connector on the SAP system.
User name	Specifies the user name to use when connecting to the SAP system.
Password	Specifies the password to the user name when connecting to the SAP system.
SSO Token based authentication	Specifies that this option needs to be selected if the SSO Token is to be specified to log on to the SAP system.
SSO Token	Specifies the single sign-on (SSO) token.
Secure Network Connection (SNC)	Indicates that this check box must be selected for SNC. Note: When the SNC check box is selected, the Username/Password based authentication is cleared. To use this option, you must select it again.
Secure Network Connection (SNC) name	Specifies the distinguished name of the SNC connection.
Secure Network Connection (SNC) partner	Specifies the distinguished name of the SNC partner.
Secure Network Connection (SNC) security level	Specifies the level of security of SNC.
X509 Certificate	Specifies the X509 certificate to be used as the logon ticket. This field is optional only if Username/Password based authentication is used with SNC.
For more information about configuring SSO and SNC, see Configuring Single Sign-on (SSO) and Secure Network Communications (SNC) for SAP connector	
Connection Pool Options	
Maximum Connections	Specifies the additional SAP connections, up to the specified amount, that the Integration Appliance opens based on the message load.
Maximum Idle Time	Specifies the number of minutes that a SAP connection can be open and idle before being closed by the Integration Appliance.

Field	Description
Inbound Gateway	
Note: The values specified in this section are only used by the Receive IDOC activity.	
Enable inbound gateway	Select this check box if this endpoint is used by a Receive IDOC activity and Receive RFC activity.
Host	Specifies the hostname of the SAP gateway.
Server Instances	Specifies the maximum number of Servers that can be registered with the same programID within an SAP instance.
Program ID	Specifies the ID of the registered Server. This ID is assigned when the RFC destination port is configured. SAP Program Ids cannot start with the exclamation (!) character. Note: For SAP systems, the Program ID name is case sensitive. For example, the Program ID name: Aaa is not equivalent to the Program ID name: aaa.
Service	Specifies the name of the SAP gateway service.
Retry Interval	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance should wait before trying to re-establish a connection to the gateway of the SAP system.
Remote Endpoint Configuration	
Endpoint Runs Behind Firewall	Enables the secure connector name property so that secure connector can be used if the SAP application is running behind a firewall.
Secure Connector Name	Specifies the name of the secure connector that is used to connect to the SAP application running behind a firewall. For example, if an orchestration containing an SAP activity is deployed on to Cast Iron Live (cloud), then the secure connector needs to be configured.

Note: For some of the fields in the endpoint, you can [define configuration properties](#) to supply the values for these fields. The  icon is displayed when you click in a field that supports a configuration property and a configuration property of the same type has already been configured for the project.

Parent topic: [SAP activities](#)

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Downloading and installing the SAP Jar Files and DLLs

To connect to an SAP system from studio, you must install SAP DLLs and jar files onto your Windows development machine. You must have the SAP login credentials to enter the SAP Support Portal and download

the files.

About this task

To download and install the SAP jar files and DLLs:

1. Contact SAP Technical Support to obtain the compressed files for the following SAP Components:
 - o **SAP 32 bit JCo version 3.0.10 or later versions - based on the platform on which studio is running.**
 - o **SAP Java IDoc Class Library 3.0.10 or later versions**
2. Uncompress the SAP JCo compressed file:
 - o Double-click the `sapjdoc30P_x-1000xxxx.zip` file.
 - o Use the decompression tool to extract the contents of the compressed file to a temporary directory. This compressed file contains another compressed file `sapjco3-NTintel-3.0.x.zip`. Extract this compressed file to a temporary directory, for example: `C:\temp\sapjco3-NTintel-3.0.x`. This directory contains the required libraries `sapjco3.jar` and `sapjco3.dll`.
3. Uncompress the SAP IDoc JCo compressed file:
 - o Double-click the `sapjdoc30P_x-1000xxxx.zip` file.
 - o Use the decompression tool to extract the contents of the compressed file to a temporary directory, for example, `C:\temp\sapjdoc30P_x-1000xxxx`. This directory contains the required library `sapidoc3.jar`.

Note: If you are using Cast Iron Studio version 6.3 or earlier versions, you must download and install the 32 bit SAP libraries. For Cast Iron version 7.0 onwards, you must download and install the 64 bit SAP libraries.

Procedure

1. Open studio, select Tools > Install Module Providers.
2. When the Add Providers dialog box is displayed, click the plus (+) button beneath SAP Connector.

A text entry field and a Browse button is displayed.

3. Click Browse, and use the browse dialog box to locate and select the `sapjco3.jar` file.
4. Click Open to import the jar file contents.
5. Click the next available plus (+) button to add the `sapidoc3.jar` and `sapjco3.dll` files.
6. When the jar file is listed in the Add Providers dialog box, click OK.

Results

A prompt is displayed to restart studio and activate the changes.

What to do next

You can now create SAP endpoints and orchestrations.

Parent topic: [SAP activities](#)

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Configuring Single Sign-on (SSO) and Secure Network Communications (SNC) for SAP connector

Before you begin

In Cast Iron version 6.3.0.2 and later versions, you can connect to SAP through the SAP connector in the following ways:

- By providing user name and password
- By providing an SSO ticket (for Invoke RFC, Invoke BAPI, and Send IDOC activities only).
Note: Enable the SAP server for SSO. The SAP SSO ticket can be obtained by logging into the SAP system using a web browser and fetching the value of session cookie named `MYSAPSSO2`.
- Using the SNC feature, by providing the SNC name, the SNC partner name, and one of the following:
 - X509 certificate
 - X509 certificate, username (user of the certificate), and a dummy password
 - User name and password

Note: Enable the SAP server for SNC.

Procedure

For SNC:

1. Add `SECUDIR` as a system variable and set it to the `PATH: WHERE SECUDIR = <PATH OF EXTRACTED SAP CRYPTO lib file>`.
2. Add the system credentials to the `.pse` file: `sapgenpse seclogin -p <PSE LOCATION>.pse -O <SYSTEM USERNAME>`.
3. In Cast Iron Studio, go to Tools > Install Module Providers and upload `sapcrypto.dll` file to the SAP connector.
4. In the endpoint page, complete the following:
 - a. Specify the distinguished name for client PSE (created while generating client PSE) in the SNC name field.
 - b. Specify the distinguished name for client PSE (created while generating client PSE) in the SNC partner field.
 - c. Specify the level of security in SNC security level. Security level support is provided by Cryptographic Library and all security levels may not be supported by a particular library file. Select the required option from the drop-down list.
 - d. Optional: Specify the X509 certificate to be used as the log on ticket, if required. Remove the extra lines such that the certificate is in a single line.
 - e. Complete the rest of the fields and click Test Connection.

Parent topic: [SAP activities](#)

SAP Invoke BAPI activity

Use the SAP Invoke BAPI activity to call a Business Object Method (BAPI), that is remotely enabled at the specified SAP Endpoint, during run time.

Note: To connect to the SAP System from Studio, you must download and install the SAP Jar files and DLLs onto your Window's development machine. For more information, see [Downloading and installing the SAP Jar Files and DLLs](#).

Adding a SAP Invoke BAPI activity in the orchestration

1. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the SAP folder.
3. Drag the SAP Invoke BAPI activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The Checklist is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing a SAP endpoint

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist and select one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Go to the Configuring the activity procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint panel is displayed.
2. [Create or Edit a SAP endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the Configure task from the Checklist. The Configure panel is displayed.
2. In the Object Name field click Browse.... The BAPI List dialog box is displayed.
3. Search for a Business Object. Click a Business Object in the list and enter the starting characters of the Business Object name.
4. Expand the Business Object to view the associated BAPI methods.
5. Select a Business Object and Method and click OK.
6. Select one of the following Transaction Options:
 - o Do Nothing (Transaction handled by BAPI directly) - During run time, the Integration Appliance calling the BAPI does no transaction processing. If a transaction is associated with the BAPI, the BAPI must completely handle the transaction
 - o Commit transaction after completion - During run time, the Integration Appliance calls the BAPI and waits for a return message from the SAP System. The return code of the message returned from the SAP System determines if the Integration Appliance sends another message requesting that the SAP System to commit or rollback the transaction:
 - If the return code passed back from the BAPI indicates success, the Integration Appliance sends another message requesting that the SAP System commit the transaction and immediately starts processing the next activity in the orchestration.

- If the return code passed back from the BAPI indicates failure, the Integration Appliance sends a rollback request to the SAP System and immediately starts processing the next activity in the orchestration.
 - Commit transaction and wait upon completion - During run time, the Integration Appliance invokes the BAPI and waits for a return message from the SAP System. The return code of the message returned from the SAP System determines if the Integration Appliance sends another message requesting that the SAP System to commit or rollback the transaction:
 - If the return code passed back from the BAPI indicates success, the Integration Appliance sends another message requesting that the SAP System commit the transaction. The orchestration waits until the SAP System sends a second message indicating that the transaction has been committed before processing the next activity in the orchestration.
 - If the return code passed back from the BAPI indicates failure, the Integration Appliance sends a rollback request to the SAP System. The orchestration waits until the SAP System sends a second message indicating that the rollback of the transaction has occurred before processing the next activity in the orchestration.

Specifying the retry options

1. Select the Retry task from the Checklist. The Retry panel is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to an SAP System. The following table describes the retry options for connecting to an SAP System:

Re try op tio ns	Description
1) Wa it — — — se co nd s be tw ee n ea ch ret ry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the SAP System.
2) Try to co nn ect — — — ti	Specifies the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the SAP System before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. If you deploy an orchestration that contains an SAP Invoke BAPI activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified SAP System, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the

me s be for e fail ing .	system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.
---	--

Mapping the inputs of the activity

1. Select the Map Inputs task in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the input parameters of the BAPI are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel. In addition if the BAPI contains tables, the XML Schemas representing the tables of the BAPI , are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.

The SAP connector also supports dynamic endpoint connection to a different SAP system. During run time, add optional parameters in `sapConnectionProperties` of map inputs, if you want to dynamically connect to an SAP system other than the one configured in the endpoint panel, if you want to connect to the same SAP system with a different user name and password other than the fields used in the endpoint panel, or if you want a different SSO token other than the one added in the endpoint panel. The parameters of `sapConnectionProperties` are described in the following table:

Table 1. Connection properties

Optional parameter	Description
<code>sapConnectionProperties</code> parameters	
<code>hostName</code>	Specifies the IP Address or the machine name that contains the SAP system.
<code>systemNumber</code>	Specifies the number that identifies the specific instance of the SAP system that Studio should connect to. Your SAP administrator must supply this information.
<code>client</code>	Specifies a number that identifies Studio and the Integration Appliance as a client for the SAP system. Your SAP administrator must supply this information.
<code>language</code>	Specifies the message language option for SAP. For example, EN is the ISO code for English.
<code>basicAuthentication</code> parameters	
<code>username</code>	Specifies the user name to use when connecting to the SAP system.
<code>password</code>	Specifies the password to the user name when connecting to the SAP system.
<code>ssoAuthentication</code> parameters	
<code>ssotoken</code>	Specifies the single sign-on (SSO) token.
<code>sncAuthentication</code> parameters	
<code>sncmode</code>	Specifies if the Secure Network Connections (SNC) mode is enabled.
<code>sncname</code>	Specifies the distinguished name of the SNC connection.
<code>partner</code>	Specifies the distinguished name of the SNC partner.
<code>qop</code>	Specifies the level of security of SNC.
<code>X509 Certificate</code>	Specifies the X509 certificate to be used as the logon ticket. This field is optional only if Username/Password based authentication is used with SNC.

Optional parameter	Description
connectionPool parameters	
maximumConnections	Specifies the additional SAP connections, up to the specified amount, which the Integration Appliance opens based on the message load.
maxIdleTime	Specifies the number of minutes that a SAP connection can be open and idle before being closed by the Integration Appliance.

2. Create a map between orchestration variables and the BAPI input parameters and tables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the BAPI input parameters or tables. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception during run time which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional element of the BAPI input parameters or tables, no exception is thrown during run time.

Mapping the outputs of the activity


1. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated from return types of the BAPI display as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel. In addition, if the BAPI contains tables, the XML Schemas representing the tables are displayed as nodes under the response node in the From Activity.
2. Create a map between the BAPI output parameters and tables and orchestration variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Note about deploying a SAP orchestration

Before you can deploy an orchestration with SAP activities using the WMC, the Integration Appliance must first be able to establish a connection to the SAP System. If the Integration Appliance is unable to establish the connection to the SAP System, the orchestration is not deployed.

Parent topic: [SAP activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SAP_Invoke_BAPI_Activity.html

SAP Invoke RFC activity

Use the SAP Invoke RFC activity to call a Remote Function Call (RFC), that is remotely enabled at the specified SAP endpoint, during run time.

Note: To connect to the SAP System from Studio, you must download and install the SAP Jar files and DLLs onto your Window's development machine. For more information, see [Downloading and installing the SAP Jar](#)

Adding a SAP Invoke RFC activity to the orchestration

1. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the SAP folder.
3. Drag the SAP Invoke RFC activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The Checklist is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing a SAP endpoint

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Go to the Configuring the activity procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint panel is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint panel is displayed.
2. [Create or Edit a SAP endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the Configure task from the Checklist. The Configure panel is displayed.
2. In the RFC Name field, click Browse.... The RFC List dialog box is displayed.
3. In the RFC Search Function field, enter a combination of characters and the * wildcard character to find the desired RFC name as shown in the following examples:
 - o AB* —Finds all the RFC whose names begin with the AB prefix.
 - o AB*TRANSACTION —Finds all the RFC whose begin with the AB prefix and end with the string: TRANSACTION.

The SAP system is interrogated and the RFC names that match the wildcard expression are listed in the Matching SAP Functions table.

4. From the Matching SAP Functions table, select one of the SAP Functions and click OK.

Specifying the retry options

1. Select the Retry task from the Checklist. The Retry panel is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to an SAP System. The following table describes the retry options for connecting to an SAP System:

Re try op tio ns	Description
1) Wa it — — se	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the SAP System.

co nd s be tw ee n ea ch ret ry.	
2) Try to co nn ect — — ti me s be for e fail ing ·	Specifies the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the SAP System before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. If you deploy an orchestration that contains an SAP Invoke RFC activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified SAP System, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.

Mapping the inputs of the activity

1. Select the Map Inputs task in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the input parameters of the RFC are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity pane. In addition if the RFC contains tables, the XML Schemas representing the tables of the RFC, are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
2. Create a map between orchestration variables and the RFC input parameters and tables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the RFC input parameters or tables. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for the element or by linking the element with input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception during run time which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional element of the RFC input parameters or tables, no exception is thrown during run time.

Transaction Options:

1. In the Map Inputs of the activity, right click the To Activity section and select Show Optional Parameters. A variable `transactionOptions` appears in the map input. This property is available from Cast Iron Studio version 6.1.0.12 only.
2. Select one of the following values:

Note: If you do not set any value for the `transactionOptions` property, the `COMMIT_HANDLED_BY_RFC` value will be used.

Table 1.

Value	Description
COMMIT_HA NDLED_BY_R FC	The commit of RFC is taken care by the RFC itself. The connector does not do any explicit commit calls.
COMMIT_TRA NSACTION_A FTER_COMPL ETION	During run time, the SAP connector calls the RFC and waits for a return message from the SAP System. The return code of the message returned by the SAP system determines if the SAP connector sends another call requesting the SAP system to commit or rollback the transaction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ If the return code passed from the RFC indicates success, the SAP connector makes another call requesting the SAP system to commit the transaction, and immediately starts processing the next activity in the orchestration. ○ If the return code passed from the RFC indicates failure, the SAP connector makes a rollback request to the SAP system, and immediately starts processing the next activity in the orchestration.
COMMIT_TRA NSACTION_A ND_WAIT_UP ON_COMPLET ION	During run time, the SAP connector invokes the RFC and waits for a return message from the SAP system. The return code of the message returned by the SAP system determines if the SAP connector sends another message requesting the SAP system to commit or rollback the transaction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ If the return code passed back from the RFC indicates success, the SAP connector makes another call requesting the SAP system to commit the transaction. The orchestration waits until the SAP System sends a second message indicating that the transaction has been committed before processing the next activity in the orchestration. ○ If the return code passed back from the RFC indicates failure, the SAP connector makes a rollback request to the SAP system. The orchestration waits until the SAP system sends a second message indicating that the rollback of the transaction has occurred before processing the next activity in the orchestration.

3. After the transaction operations are selected, fill in the input data for RFC.

The SAP connector also supports dynamic endpoint connection to a different SAP system. During run time, add optional parameters in `sapConnectionProperties` of map inputs, if you want to dynamically connect to an SAP system other than the one configured in the endpoint panel, if you want to connect to the same SAP system with a different user name and password other than the fields used in the endpoint panel, or if you want a different SSO token other than the one added in the endpoint panel. The parameters of `sapConnectionProperties` are described in the following table:

Table 2. Connection properties

Optional parameter	Description
<code>sapConnectionProperties</code> parameters	
hostName	Specifies the IP Address or the machine name that contains the SAP system.
systemNumber	Specifies the number that identifies the specific instance of the SAP system that Studio should connect to. Your SAP administrator must supply this information.
client	Specifies a number that identifies Studio and the Integration Appliance as a client for the SAP system. Your SAP administrator must supply this information.
language	Specifies the message language option for SAP. For example, EN is the ISO code for English.
<code>basicAuthentication</code> parameters	

Optional parameter	Description
username	Specifies the user name to use when connecting to the SAP system.
password	Specifies the password to the user name when connecting to the SAP system.
ssoAuthentication parameters	
ssotoken	Specifies the single sign-on (SSO) token.
sncAuthentication parameters	
sncmode	Specifies if the Secure Network Connections (SNC) mode is enabled.
sncname	Specifies the distinguished name of the SNC connection.
partner	Specifies the distinguished name of the SNC partner.
qop	Specifies the level of security of SNC.
X509 Certificate	Specifies the X509 certificate to be used as the logon ticket. This field is optional only if Username/Password based authentication is used with SNC.
connectionPool parameters	
maximumConnections	Specifies the additional SAP connections, up to the specified amount, which the Integration Appliance opens based on the message load.
maxIdleTime	Specifies the number of minutes that a SAP connection can be open and idle before being closed by the Integration Appliance.

Mapping the outputs of the activity


1. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated from return types of the RFC are displayed as nodes under the request output parameter in the From Activity panel. In addition, if the RFC contains tables, the XML Schemas representing the tables are displayed as nodes under the request node in the From Activity.
2. Create a map between the RFC output parameters and tables and orchestration variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Note about Deploying a SAP Orchestration

Before you can deploy an orchestration with SAP activities using the WMC, the Integration Appliance must first be able to establish a connection to the SAP System. If the Integration Appliance is unable to establish the connection to the SAP System, the orchestration is not deployed.

Parent topic: [SAP activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SAP_Invoke_RFC_Activity.html

SAP Receive IDOC activity

Use the SAP Receive IDOC activity to act as a server and listen on the configured SAP endpoint, during run time. The activity receives an IDOC from the specified SAP endpoint and converts it to XML data. The SAP Receive IDOC activity is a starter activity.

If you receive your SAP data directly from the SAP system using an RFC port, you must use the SAP Receive IDOC activity. If you receive your SAP data as a file through a SAP File Port to the SAP system, you must use the Project > Import > SAP IDOC Schema toolbar menu option during design time to generate a Flat File Schema for your IDOC metadata and use the Read Flat File activity to read the SAP data. For more information, see [Generating a Flat File Schema from an IDOC](#).

For the SAP Receive IDOC activity only, you must specify an inbound gateway connection parameters. For more information, see [Creating or editing a SAP endpoint](#).

In order to connect to the SAP System from Studio, you must download and install the SAP Jar files and DLLs on your Window's development machine. For more information, see [Downloading and installing the SAP Jar Files and DLLs](#).

Note: An orchestration that contains an SAP Receive IDOC activity must have persistence enabled. For more information, see [Enabling persistence](#).

Adding a SAP Receive IDOC activity in the orchestration

1. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the SAP folder.
3. Drag the Receive IDOC activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The Checklist is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing a SAP endpoint

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist and select one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Go to the Configuring the activity procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint panel is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint panel is displayed.
2. [Create or Edit a SAP endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the Configure task from the Checklist. The Configure panel is displayed.
2. Click Browse....
3. Select an IDOC row and click OK. The Message Type, IDOC Type, and IDOC Extended Type in the Configure task are populated.

Mapping the outputs of the activity

1. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist.

The output parameter of the activity is displayed in the From Activity panel. The XML Schema generated from the selected IDOC Type and IDOC Extended Type becomes the output parameter of the activity.


2. Create a map between the IDOC XML Schema and orchestration variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Note about Deploying a SAP Orchestration

Before you can deploy an orchestration with SAP activities using the Web Management Console, the Integration Appliance must first be able to establish a connection to the SAP System. If the Integration Appliance is unable to establish the connection to the SAP System, the orchestration is not deployed.

Parent topic: [SAP activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SAP_Receive_IDOC_Activity.html

SAP Send IDOC activity

Use the SAP Send IDOC activity to send an IDOC to the specified SAP endpoint, during run time.

If you send your SAP data directly to the SAP system using an RFC port, you must use the SAP Send IDOC activity. If you send your SAP data as a file through a SAP File Port to the SAP system, you must use the Project > Import > SAP IDOC Schema toolbar menu option during design time to generate a Flat File Schema for your IDOC metadata and use the Write Flat File activity to write the SAP data. For more information, see [Generating a Flat File Schema from an IDOC](#).

To connect to the SAP System from Studio, you must download and install the SAP Jar files and DLLs on your Window's development machine. For more information, see [Downloading and installing the SAP Jar Files and DLLs](#).

During run time, if the SAP Send IDOC activity processes two instances of an IDOC, where both instances have the same IDOC number, the SAP Send IDOC activity appends the data segment of the second instance to the first instance.

Note: An orchestration that contains a SAP Send IDOC activity must have persistence enabled. For more information, see [Enabling persistence](#).

The steps for adding and configuring a SAP Send IDOC activity to an orchestration are described in the following procedures:

- [Adding a SAP Send IDOC activity to the orchestration](#)
- [Creating, selecting, or editing a SAP endpoint](#)
- [Configuring the activity](#)
- [Specifying the retry options](#)
- [Mapping the inputs of the activity](#)

Adding a SAP Send IDOC activity to the orchestration

1. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the SAP folder.
3. Drag the Send IDOC activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The Checklist is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing a SAP endpoint

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist and select one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Go to the [Configuring the activity](#) procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint panel is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint panel is displayed.
2. [Create or Edit a SAP endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the Configure task from the Checklist. The Configure panel is displayed.
2. Click Browse....
3. Select an IDOC row and click OK. The Message Type, IDOC Type, and IDOC Extended Type in the Configure task are populated.

Specifying the retry options

1. Select the Retry task from the Checklist. The Retry panel is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to an SAP System. The following table describes the retry options for connecting to an SAP System:

Re try op tio ns	Description
1) Wa it — — — se co nd s be tw ee n ea ch ret ry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the SAP System.

2) Try to co nn ect __ _ ti me s be for e fail ing .	Specifies the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the SAP System before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. If you deploy an orchestration that contains an SAP Send IDOC activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified SAP System, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.
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Mapping the inputs of the activity

1. Select the Map Inputs task in the Checklist. The input parameter of the activity are displayed in the To Activity panel. The XML Schema generated from selected IDOC Type and IDOC Extended Type becomes the input parameter of the activity.
2. Right-click the To Activity section and select Show Optional Parameters.

The SAP connector also supports dynamic endpoint connection to a different SAP system. During run time, add optional parameters in `sapConnectionProperties` of map inputs, if you want to dynamically connect to an SAP system other than the one configured in the endpoint panel, if you want to connect to the same SAP system with a different user name and password other than the fields used in the endpoint panel, or if you want a different SSO token other than the one added in the endpoint panel. The parameters of `sapConnectionProperties` are described in the following table:

Table 1. Connection properties

Optional parameter	Description
<code>sapConnectionProperties</code> parameters	
<code>hostName</code>	Specifies the IP Address or the machine name that contains the SAP system.
<code>systemNumber</code>	Specifies the number that identifies the specific instance of the SAP system that Studio should connect to. Your SAP administrator must supply this information.
<code>client</code>	Specifies a number that identifies Studio and the Integration Appliance as a client for the SAP system. Your SAP administrator must supply this information.
<code>language</code>	Specifies the message language option for SAP. For example, EN is the ISO code for English.
<code>basicAuthentication</code> parameters	
<code>username</code>	Specifies the user name to use when connecting to the SAP system.
<code>password</code>	Specifies the password to the user name when connecting to the SAP system.
<code>ssOAuthentication</code> parameters	
<code>ssotoken</code>	Specifies the single sign-on (SSO) token.

Optional parameter	Description
sncAuthentication parameters	
sncmode	Specifies if the Secure Network Connections (SNC) mode is enabled.
sncname	Specifies the distinguished name of the SNC connection.
partner	Specifies the distinguished name of the SNC partner.
qop	Specifies the level of security of SNC.
X509 Certificate	Specifies the X509 certificate to be used as the logon ticket. This field is optional only if Username/Password based authentication is used with SNC.
connectionPool parameters	
maximumConnections	Specifies the additional SAP connections, up to the specified amount, which the Integration Appliance opens based on the message load.
maxIdleTime	Specifies the number of minutes that a SAP connection can be open and idle before being closed by the Integration Appliance.


3. Create a map between orchestration variables and the IDOC input parameters and tables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Note about Deploying a SAP Orchestration

Before you can deploy an orchestration with SAP activities using the Web Management Console, the Integration Appliance must first be able to establish a connection to the SAP System. If the Integration Appliance is unable to establish the connection to the SAP System, the orchestration is not deployed.

Parent topic: [SAP activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SAP_Send_IDOC_Activity.html

SAP Receive RFC activity

Use the SAP Receive RFC activity to act as a server and listen on the configured SAP endpoint, during run time. The activity receives RFC from the specified SAP endpoint and converts it to XML data. The SAP Receive RFC activity is a starter activity. This activity can be configured in both synchronous and asynchronous mode.

For the SAP Receive RFC activity, you must specify the inbound gateway connection parameters. The Receive RFC activity accepts requests only from the configured Program ID in the endpoint. For more information see [Creating or editing a SAP endpoint](#).

To connect to the SAP system from Studio, you must download and install the SAP Jar files and DLLs on your Window's development machine. For more information, see [Downloading and installing the SAP Jar Files and DLLs](#).

Note: An orchestration that contains an SAP Receive RFC activity must have persistence enabled to run in asynchronous mode. For more information, see [Enabling persistence](#).

Adding a SAP Receive RFC activity to the orchestration

1. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the SAP folder.
3. Drag the Receive RFC activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The Checklist is displayed.

Creating, selecting, or editing a SAP endpoint

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Go to the Configuring the activity procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint panel is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint panel is displayed.
2. [Create or Edit a SAP endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the Configure task from the Checklist. The Configure panel is displayed.
2. In the RFC Name field, click Browse.... The RFC List dialog box is displayed.
3. In the RFC Search Pattern field, enter a combination of characters and the * wildcard character to find the desired RFC name as shown in the following examples:
 - o AB* —Finds all the RFC names that begin with the AB prefix.
 - o AB*TRANSACTION —Finds all the RFC names that begin with the AB prefix and end with the string: TRANSACTION.

The SAP system is interrogated and the RFC names that match the wildcard expression are listed in the Matching SAP Functions table.

4. In the Options panel, you can either select the Synchronous mode check box or clear it. The processing can be handled either synchronously or asynchronously. By default, the Receive RFC activity is configured to the asynchronous mode.
 - o **Synchronous mode** - Both SAP and Cast Iron (the SAP Receive RFC activity) must be available during processing. SAP sends an RFC request to Cast Iron and waits for a response from the Receive RFC activity.
 - o **Asynchronous mode** - The SAP Receive RFC activity need not be available when SAP invokes the function call. SAP sends an RFC request to Cast Iron and does not wait for a response from the Receive RFC activity.
5. From the Matching SAP Functions table, select one of the SAP Functions and click OK.

Mapping the outputs of the activity

1. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist. The output parameter of the activity is displayed in the From Activity panel. The XML Schema generated from the selected RFC becomes the output parameter of the activity.


2. Create a map between the RFC output parameters and tables and orchestration variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Note about Deploying a SAP Orchestration

Before you can deploy an orchestration with SAP activities using the WMC, the Integration Appliance must first be able to establish a connection to the SAP System. If the Integration Appliance is unable to establish the connection to the SAP System, the orchestration is not deployed.

Parent topic: [SAP activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SAP_Receive_RFC_Activity.html

SAP Send RFC Response activity

The SAP **Send RFC Response** activity sends a reply back to the sender (SAP) of the SAP Receive RFC request.

The **Send RFC Response** activity must be used in conjunction with a **Receive RFC** activity in an orchestration. If you add a **Send RFC Response** activity to orchestration, you must select the Synchronous mode check box in the **Configure** task of the **Receive RFC** activity.

Adding a Send RFC Response activity to the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the SAP folder.
3. Drag the **Send RFC Response** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed with the **Configure** task active in the properties pane. The properties pane is located below the graphical representation of the orchestration.

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields and check boxes in this pane as described in the following table:


Table 1.

Field	Description

F i e l d	Description
T	<p>Specifies the SAP Receive RFC activity associated with this Send RFC Response activity. During run time, the associated Receive RFC activity receives the request from SAP, processes the request, and sends the output to Send RFC Response. The Send RFC Response activity sends the response back to SAP.</p> <p>Note: This field gets populated only if you select the Synchronous mode check box in the Configure task of the SAP Receive RFC activity.</p>

Parent topic: [SAP activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SAP_Send_Response_Activity.html

Troubleshooting and support

Troubleshooting techniques and self-help information help you identify and solve problems quickly. This topic provides potential solutions for issues you would have with the SAP connector.

Dependency JCo Jar files - Version Specific information

Install and use the latest patch level of the SAP Java Connector 3.0. Latest version of Jco jar available: 3.0.14. Idoc version 3.0.12.

You need to have these 3 files: sapjco3.jar, sapjco3.dll (for Windows) or sapjco3.so (for Appliance), and sapidoc3.jar.

For downloading SAP Jco jar (2 files), follow these steps with specific to version:

- Download latest the SAP Java Connector 3.0.14 from the SAP Service Marketplace at <http://service.sap.com/connectors>. You will find the download package with the latest patch level for various platform by navigating to SAP Java Connector > Tools & Services > Download SAP JCo Release 3.0. An installation guide is included in the download archive.
 - For Studio 32 bit Version, download the Jco jar zip file under Microsoft Windows and Windows Server > 32bit for 32 bit version of WebSphere Cast Iron Studio.
 - For Studio 64 bit Version, download the JCo jar zip file under Microsoft Windows and Windows Server > 64bit x86 for 64 bit version of WebSphere Cast Iron Studio.
 - For WebSphere Cast Iron Appliance, download the JCo jar zip file under Linux (for Intel compatible processors)> 64bit x86 for Appliance.

For downloading SAP Idoc jar (1 file), follow these steps with specific to version:

- Download latest the SAP Java Connector 3.0.14 from the SAP Service Marketplace at <http://service.sap.com/connectors>. You will find the download package with the latest patch level for various platform by navigating to SAP Java Connector > Tools & Services > SAP Java IDoc Class Library.
 - For all platforms, SAP Java IDoc Class Library 3.0.12 zip file will contain the SAP idoc jar file.

Supported formats of the date and time field values

The following table describes the supported formats of the date and time field values for all activities of the SAP connector:

Table 1. Formats for Date and Time field values

Field	Input parameter (non-starter activities)	Output parameter (starter and non-starter activities)
Date	yyyy-mm-dd or yyyymmdd	yyyymmdd
Time	hh:mm:ss or hhmmss	hhmmss

The supported formats for the input and output parameters of the date and time field values in the SAP connector version 6.0.x and earlier versions are: yyyy-mm-dd and hh:mm:ss, respectively.

Exception thrown when you deploy orchestrations with Receive RFC and Receive IDOC activities using the same RFC Program ID

Problem: When you deploy orchestrations with Receive RFC and Receive IDOC activities with the same SAP RFC Program ID, the following exception is thrown:

```
java.lang.RuntimeException: An attempt to start a JCoIDocServer failed. There might
be an existing JCoServer with the same server configuration, else try restarting
your server
at
com.ibm.j2ca.sap.inbound.SapJCoServerBuilder.verfiyServerConfiguration(SapJCoServerB
uilder.java:403)
at
com.ibm.j2ca.sap.inbound.SapJCoServerBuilder.createServer(SapJCoServerBuilder.java:9
6)
at
com.ibm.j2ca.sap.inbound.SAPEventListenerManager.buildEventListener(SAPEventListene
rManager.java:149)
at
com.ibm.j2ca.sap.inbound.SAPEventListenerManager.startEventListeners(SAPEventListene
rManager.java:132)
at com.ibm.j2ca.sap.inbound.EndpointManager.addEndpoint(EndpointManager.java:68)
at
com.ibm.j2ca.sap.SAPResourceAdapter.endpointActivation(SAPResourceAdapter.java:266)
at
com.approuter.module.sap.activity.ReceiveIDOCActivity.activate(ReceiveIDOCActivity.j
ava:222)
at com.approuter.maestro.activities.BaseModule.activate(BaseModule.java:296)
at com.approuter.maestro.vm.Program.start(Program.java:796)
at com.approuter.maestro.vm.Kernel.startOrchestration(Kernel.java:704)
at com.approuter.maestro.management.Loader$1.run(Loader.java:461)
at java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:736)
```

Cause: SAP JCo allows only one instance of JCoServer with a given set of server configuration to run within a Java virtual machine (JVM); another JCoServer with same server configuration cannot run in the same JVM. JCo throws an error indicating that the server cannot be restarted. The Receive IDOC activity and Receive RFC activity do not support the same SAP Program ID used during orchestration.

Solution: Ensure that you deploy orchestrations having Receive RFC and Receive IDOC activities using different SAP Program IDs, and create separate end points for IDOC/RFC.

Recommended configurations to avoid 'Maximum number of 202 conversations exceeded' error

When working with the SAP connector, the following are the recommended configurations to be done if the 'Maximum number of 202 conversations exceeded' error is displayed:

Error:

```
LOCATION      CPIC (TCP/IP) on local host with Unicode
ERROR        max no of 202 conversations exceeded
TIME         <Day> <Date> <Time> <Year>
RELEASE      720
COMPONENT    CPIC (TCP/IP) with Unicode
```

The following recommendations depend on the load and the number of parallel requests:

1. Reduce the timeout value in the endpoint configuration so that the unused connections are terminated automatically.
2. Configure Cast Iron runtime and SAP gateway to support more RFC connections.
 - a. Set the environment value `CPIC_MAX_CONV` to `>100` on Cast Iron runtime. Update `maestro.sh` to set the environment variable. The steps are described in Schedule A.
 - b. Increase the profile value `gw/max_conn` and `gw/max_sys` on the SAP gateway to support many parallel connections. Also, if you run into memory bottlenecks increase the values of `gw/max_overflow_size` and `gw/max_shm_req`.
 - c. Set maximum connections value in SAP endpoint to a realistic value. Depending on the load and parallel requests, appliance either generates or receives.
 - d. Set the number of Server Instance value in SAP endpoint to 10.
3. Sample Values:

```
SAP-Gateway
```

```
gw/max_conn=2000, gw/max_sys=1200
```

```
gw/max_overflow_size =40000000, gw/max_shm_req = 200 (this is to adjust the
memory allocation)
```

```
CPIC_MAX_CONV=5000
```

Schedule A:

1. Log on into the appliance shell (contact IBM support to get appliance shell key in order to log on to the system shell).
2. Go to the `/usr/ironhide/bin` folder. Take a back up of `maestro.sh` (copy `maestro.sh` to `maestro.sh.old`).
3. Edit `maestro.sh`.

```
move to line
# Version of java currently in use.
if [ -z $JAVA_HOME ]; then
    JAVA_HOME=/usr/java/default
```

```
fi
```

```
JAVA="${JAVA_HOME}/bin/java"
```

4. Add the following line:

```
## maximum SAP conversations allowed  
export CPIC_MAX_CONV=500
```

5. Save and exit.

6. Exit system shell and run the command `system restart` in order to restart the appliance runtime.

Upgrading JRE from 32 bit to 64 bit

Problem: If you have an SAP project running on an earlier version of the appliance, when you upgrade the appliance to version 7.0 or later, the SAP projects will not start and the following errors occur:

- Examples of errors thrown in WMC:

```
Start of Orchestration config-  
url://SAP_BAPI/1.0/Default/Orchestrations/Orchestration failed:  
java.lang.ExceptionInInitializerError: Error  
getting the version of the native layer:  
java.lang.UnsatisfiedLinkError: sapjco3  
(/usr/ironhide/lib/thirdparty/libsapjco3.so:  
wrong ELF class: ELFCLASS32).
```

```
Required SAP JCO library is not found.  
Install version 3.x SAP JCO library (.dll or .so based on platform)
```

- Examples of exceptions recorded in the `maestro.out` log:

```
java.lang.UnsatisfiedLinkError: sapjco3  
(/usr/ironhide/lib/thirdparty/libsapjco3.so: wrong ELF class: ELFCLASS32)  
    at java.lang.ClassLoader.loadLibraryWithPath(ClassLoader.java:1030)  
    at  
java.lang.ClassLoader.loadLibraryWithClassLoader(ClassLoader.java:994)  
    at java.lang.System.loadLibrary(System.java:507)  
    at  
com.sap.conn.jco.rt.DefaultJCoRuntime.loadLibrary(DefaultJCoRuntime.java:481)  
    at  
com.sap.conn.jco.rt.DefaultJCoRuntime.registerNativeMethods(DefaultJCoRuntime.j  
ava:347)  
    at com.sap.conn.jco.rt.JCoRuntime.registerNatives(JCoRuntime.java:1108)  
    at com.sap.conn.rfc.driver.CpicDriver.<clinit>(CpicDriver.java:954)  
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initializeImpl(Native Method)  
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:200)  
    at  
com.sap.conn.rfc.engine.DefaultRfcRuntime.getVersion(DefaultRfcRuntime.java:43)  
    at com.sap.conn.rfc.api.RfcApi.RfcGetVersion(RfcApi.java:237)  
    at com.sap.conn.jco.rt.MiddlewareJavaRfc.<clinit>  
(MiddlewareJavaRfc.java:215)  
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initializeImpl(Native Method)  
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:200)  
    at  
com.sap.conn.jco.rt.DefaultJCoRuntime.initialize(DefaultJCoRuntime.java:77)  
    at com.sap.conn.jco.rt.JCoRuntimeFactory.<clinit>  
(JCoRuntimeFactory.java:23)  
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initializeImpl(Native Method)  
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:200)  
    at java.lang.Class.forNameImpl(Native Method)  
    at java.lang.Class.forName(Class.java:182)  
    at com.sap.conn.jco.JCo.createJCo(JCo.java:52)
```

```

        at com.sap.conn.jco.JCo.<clinit>(JCo.java:26)
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initializeImpl(Native Method)
        at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:200)
        at java.lang.Class.forNameImpl(Native Method)
        at java.lang.Class.forName(Class.java:182)
        at
com.approuter.module.sap.SAPActivator.checkSAPInstalled(SAPActivator.java:101)
    at
com.approuter.module.sap.activity.SAPBaseActivity.checkSapSetup(SAPBaseActivity
.java:498)
        at
com.approuter.module.sap.activity.SAPBaseActivity.generateSchemas(SAPBaseActivi
ty.java:172)
        at
com.approuter.module.sap.activity.SapSendRfcData.activate(SapSendRfcData.java:1
12)
        at
com.approuter.maestro.activities.BaseModule.activate(BaseModule.java:301)
        at com.approuter.maestro.vm.Program.start(Program.java:768)
        at com.approuter.maestro.vm.Kernel.startOrchestration(Kernel.java:739)
        at com.approuter.maestro.management.Loader$1.run(Loader.java:455)
        at java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:738)
java.lang.ExceptionInInitializerError: Error getting the version of the native
layer: java.lang.UnsatisfiedLinkError: sapjco3
(/usr/ironhide/lib/thirdparty/libsapjco3.so: wrong ELF class: ELFCLASS32)
    at com.sap.conn.jco.rt.MiddlewareJavaRfc.<clinit>(MiddlewareJavaRfc.java:227)
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initializeImpl(Native Method)
        at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:200)
        at
com.sap.conn.jco.rt.DefaultJCoRuntime.initialize(DefaultJCoRuntime.java:77)
        at com.sap.conn.jco.rt.JCoRuntimeFactory.<clinit>(JCoRuntimeFactory.java:23)
        at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initializeImpl(Native Method)
        at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:200)
        at java.lang.Class.forNameImpl(Native Method)
        at java.lang.Class.forName(Class.java:182)
        at com.sap.conn.jco.JCo.createJCo(JCo.java:52)
    at com.sap.conn.jco.JCo.<clinit>(JCo.java:26)
at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initializeImpl(Native Method)
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:200)
    at java.lang.Class.forNameImpl(Native Method)
    at java.lang.Class.forName(Class.java:182)
    at
com.approuter.module.sap.SAPActivator.checkSAPInstalled(SAPActivator.java:101)
    at
com.approuter.module.sap.activity.SAPBaseActivity.checkSapSetup(SAPBaseActivity
.java:498)
        at
com.approuter.module.sap.activity.SAPBaseActivity.generateSchemas(SAPBaseActivi
ty.java:172)
        at
com.approuter.module.sap.activity.SapSendRfcData.activate(SapSendRfcData.java:1
12)
        at
com.approuter.maestro.activities.BaseModule.activate(BaseModule.java:301)
        at com.approuter.maestro.vm.Program.start(Program.java:768)
        at com.approuter.maestro.vm.Kernel.startOrchestration(Kernel.java:739)
        at com.approuter.maestro.management.Loader$1.run(Loader.java:455)
        at java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:738)
2013-08-22 09:18:25.013 SEVERE [T-10]
[orc:SAP_BAPI/1.0/Default/Orchestrations/Orchestration]
[com.approuter.module.common.util.LogHelper] Required SAP JCO native library is
not found. Install version 3.x SAP JCO native library(.dll or .so based on
platform).
java.lang.RuntimeException: java.lang.ExceptionInInitializerError: Error

```

```

getting the version of the native layer: java.lang.UnsatisfiedLinkError:
sapjco3 (/usr/ironhide/lib/thirdparty/libsapjco3.so: wrong ELF class:
ELFCLASS32)
    at
com.approuter.module.sap.activity.SAPBaseActivity.checkSapSetup(SAPBaseActivity
.java:509)
    at
com.approuter.module.sap.activity.SAPBaseActivity.generateSchemas(SAPBaseActivi
ty.java:172)
    at
com.approuter.module.sap.activity.SapSendRfcData.activate(SapSendRfcData.java:1
12)
    at
com.approuter.maestro.activities.BaseModule.activate(BaseModule.java:301)
    at com.approuter.maestro.vm.Program.start(Program.java:768)
    at com.approuter.maestro.vm.Kernel.startOrchestration(Kernel.java:739)
    at com.approuter.maestro.management.Loader$1.run(Loader.java:455)
    at java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:738)
Caused by: java.lang.ExceptionInInitializerError: Error getting the version of
the native layer: java.lang.UnsatisfiedLinkError: sapjco3
(/usr/ironhide/lib/thirdparty/libsapjco3.so: wrong ELF class: ELFCLASS32)
    at com.sap.conn.jco.rt.MiddlewareJavaRfc.<clinit>(MiddlewareJavaRfc.java:227)
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initializeImpl(Native Method)
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:200)
    at
com.sap.conn.jco.rt.DefaultJCoRuntime.initialize(DefaultJCoRuntime.java:77)
    at com.sap.conn.jco.rt.JCoRuntimeFactory.<clinit>(JCoRuntimeFactory.java:23)
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initializeImpl(Native Method)
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:200)
    at java.lang.Class.forNameImpl(Native Method)
    at java.lang.Class.forName(Class.java:182)
    at com.sap.conn.jco.JCo.createJCo(JCo.java:52)
    at com.sap.conn.jco.JCo.<clinit>(JCo.java:26)
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initializeImpl(Native Method)
    at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:200)
    at java.lang.Class.forNameImpl(Native Method)
    at java.lang.Class.forName(Class.java:182)
    at
com.approuter.module.sap.SAPActivator.checkSAPInstalled(SAPActivator.java:101)
    at
com.approuter.module.sap.activity.SAPBaseActivity.checkSapSetup(SAPBaseActivity
.java:498)

```

Cause:

In the earlier versions of Cast Iron appliance (version 6.3 and earlier versions), 32 bit SAP JCO libraries were used. From Cast Iron appliance version 7.0 onwards, you must use the 64 bit SAP JCO libraries.

Solution:

Delete the 32 bit SAP JCO libraries, sapjco3.jar and libsapjco3.so, and load the 64 bit SAP JCO libraries, by completing the following steps:

Upgrading SAP JCO libraries:

;))

Exception thrown when SAP server Host name is not correct

Problem: When SAP server Host Name is not correct, the below exception is thrown in JCO trace

Error: >Thu Jul 16 15:08:00,483< RfcException:

Message: Connect to SAP gateway failed

Connection parameters: TYPE=A DEST=9.184.167.114|100|dev0028.492965 ASHOST=9.184.167.114
SYSNR=10 CODEPAGE=1100 PCS=1

LOCATION CPIC (TCP/IP) on local host with Unicode

ERROR partner '9.184.167.114:3310' not reached

TIME Thu Jul 16 15:08:00 2015

RELEASE 721

COMPONENT NI (network interface)

VERSION 40

RC -10

MODULE nixxi.cpp

LINE 3283

DETAIL NiPConnect2:9.184.167.114:3310

SYSTEM CALL connect

ERRNO 10060

ERRNO TEXT WSAETIMEDOUT: Connection timed out

COUNTER 2

return code: RFC_FAILURE (1)

error group: 102

key: RFC_ERROR_COMMUNICATION

Exception thrown when SAP system number is not correct

Problem: When SAP system number is not correct, the below exception is thrown in JCO trace

Error: >Thu Jul 16 15:21:40,738< RfcException:

message: Connect to SAP gateway failed

Connection parameters: TYPE=A DEST=9.184.167.115|100|dev0028.741310 ASHOST=9.184.167.115
SYSNR=15 CODEPAGE=1100 PCS=1

LOCATION CPIC (TCP/IP) on local host with Unicode

ERROR partner '9.184.167.115:3315' not reached

TIME Thu Jul 16 15:21:40 2015

RELEASE 721

COMPONENT NI (network interface)

VERSION 40

RC -10

MODULE nixxi.cpp

LINE 3283

DETAIL NiPConnect2: 9.184.167.115:3315

SYSTEM CALL connect

ERRNO 10061

ERRNO TEXT WSAECONNREFUSED: Connection refused

COUNTER 2

return code: RFC_FAILURE (1)

error group: 102

key: RFC_ERROR_COMMUNICATION

Exception thrown when SAP client is not correct

Problem: When SAP client is not correct, the below exception is thrown

Error log shows as below:

Jul 16, 2015 3:25:21 PM com.ibm.j2ca.sap.SAPManagedConnection getJcoConnection

SEVERE: CWYAP1019E: An exception occurred while connecting to the SAP system. Error message: Initialization of destination 9.184.167.115|000|dev0028.145604 failed: Name or password is incorrect (repeat logon) on 9.184.167.115 sysnr 10 Explanation=An exception occurred while making the connection to the SAP application. The adapter cannot connect using the logon credentials that have been provided. UserAction=Refer to the exception message for more details.

Jul 16, 2015 3:25:21 PM com.approuter.studio.connectors.sap.endpoint.SapEndpointPanel testConnection2

SEVERE: Unable to connect to the endpoint. Please check the endpoint's information and try again. Detail: com.ibm.j2ca.base.exceptions.AuthenticationFailException: Initialization of destination 9.184.167.115|000|dev0028.145604 failed: Name or password is incorrect (repeat logon) on 9.184.167.115 sysnr 10

JCO trace shows as below:

<* RfcReceive >Thu Jul 16 15:25:21,155< failed *>

>>>> [1] <unknown> R/3 <ac: 6> >>> CLOSE (45412733)

RfcException raised by system [SD1|eccdev1]:

message: Name or password is incorrect (repeat logon)

return code: RFC_SYS_EXCEPTION (3)

error group: 104

key: RFC_ERROR_SYSTEM_FAILURE*> RfcReceive ...

handle = 1

parameter = <null>

parameter = <null>

tables = <null>

>>> RfcClose [1] >Thu Jul 16 15:25:21,158< ...

Exception thrown when SAP User Name is not correct

Problem: When SAP server user name is not correct, the below exception is thrown

Error log shows as below:

Jul 16, 2015 3:33:09 PM com.ibm.j2ca.sap.SAPManagedConnection getJcoConnection

SEVERE: CWYAP1019E: An exception occurred while connecting to the SAP system. Error message: Initialization of destination 9.184.167.115|100|cev0028.789483 failed: Name or password is incorrect (repeat logon) on 9.184.167.115 sysnr 10 Explanation=An exception occurred while making the connection to the SAP application. The adapter cannot connect using the logon credentials that have been provided. UserAction=Refer to the exception message for more details.

Jul 16, 2015 3:33:09 PM com.approuter.studio.connectors.sap.endpoint.SapEndpointPanel testConnection2

SEVERE: Unable to connect to the endpoint. Please check the endpoint's information and try again. Detail: com.ibm.j2ca.base.exceptions.AuthenticationFailException: Initialization of destination 9.184.167.115|100|cev0028.789483 failed: Name or password is incorrect (repeat logon) on 9.184.167.115 sysnr 10

JCO trace shows as below:

<* RfcReceive >Thu Jul 16 15:33:08,861< failed *>

>>>> [1] <unknown> R/3 <ac: 6> >>> CLOSE (45885421)

RfcException raised by system [SD1|eccdev1]:

message: Name or password is incorrect (repeat logon)

return code: RFC_SYS_EXCEPTION (3)

error group: 104

key: RFC_ERROR_SYSTEM_FAILURE*> RfcReceive ...

handle = 1

parameter = <null>

parameter = <null>

tables = <null>

>>> RfcClose [1] >Thu Jul 16 15:33:08,863< ...

<* RfcClose *>

Exception thrown when SAP Server Password is not correct

Problem: When SAP server password is not correct, the below exception is thrown

Error log shows as below:

Jul 16, 2015 3:40:13 PM com.ibm.j2ca.sap.SAPManagedConnection getJcoConnection

SEVERE: CWYAP1019E: An exception occurred while connecting to the SAP system. Error message: Initialization of destination 9.184.167.115|100|dev0028.879503 failed: Name or password is incorrect (repeat logon) on 9.184.167.115 sysnr 10 Explanation=An exception occurred while making the connection to the SAP application. The adapter cannot connect using the logon credentials that have been provided. UserAction=Refer to the exception message for more details.

Jul 16, 2015 3:40:13 PM com.approuter.studio.connectors.sap.endpoint.SapEndpointPanel testConnection2

SEVERE: Unable to connect to the endpoint. Please check the endpoint's information and try again. Detail: com.ibm.j2ca.base.exceptions.AuthenticationFailException: Initialization of destination 9.184.167.115|100|dev0028.879503 failed: Name or password is incorrect (repeat logon) on 9.184.167.115 sysnr 10

JCO trace shows as below:

>>>> [1] <unknown> R/3 <ac: 6> >>> CLOSE (46318530)

RfcException raised by system [SD1|eccdev1]:

message: Name or password is incorrect (repeat logon)

return code: RFC_SYS_EXCEPTION (3)

error group: 104

key: RFC_ERROR_SYSTEM_FAILURE*> RfcReceive ...

handle = 1

parameter = <null>

parameter = <null>


tables = <null>

>>> RfcClose [1] >Thu Jul 16 15:40:13,842< ...

<* RfcClose *>

Parent topic: [SAP activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

ServiceMax activities

- [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#)
ServiceMax endpoints provide information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a ServiceMax instance.
- [Configuring ServiceMax activities](#)
Selecting fields from the ServiceMax object to map is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a ServiceMax activity. For more information about the configuration tasks in the Checklist, see the help topic for the specific ServiceMax activity.
- [Setting ServiceMax configuration properties](#)
Any changes you make to configuration properties affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint. The edits are global, not local.
- [Specifying the Retry and Time Out parameters for ServiceMax activities](#)
Specifying the Retry and Time Out parameters is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a ServiceMax activity. The ServiceMax Connector uses an HTTP 1.1 persistent connection over SSL to make all connections to the ServiceMax server. The ServiceMax connector compresses all data for requests and responses using the gzip format.
- [Understanding and setting polling preferences for the ServiceMax connector](#)
- [Poll Updated Objects activity](#)
This activity polls the ServiceMax Server for objects that have been recently created or updated and returns all the object fields that you selected in the configuration panel to the Integration Appliance. In Studio, configure the polling interval for the activity.
- [Get Updated Objects](#)
- [Poll Deleted Objects activity](#)
This activity polls the ServiceMax Server for objects that have been recently deleted and returns IDs to the Integration Appliance.
- [Get Deleted Objects](#)
This activity retrieves the list of individual objects that have been deleted within the specified time-span for the specified object.
- [Create Objects activity](#)
Use this activity to create one or more ServiceMax objects. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Create Objects activity.
- [Update Objects activity](#)
Use this activity to update existing objects in ServiceMax.
- [Upsert Objects activity](#)
Use this activity to update existing objects or create new objects in ServiceMax.
- [Delete Objects activity](#)
Use this activity to delete one or more objects in ServiceMax. While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can delete in a single call to 200 objects, the Cast Iron® ServiceMax connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Delete Objects** activity to delete an unlimited number of objects.
- [Undelete Objects activity](#)
- [Retrieve Objects activity](#)
Use this activity to retrieve one or more ServiceMax objects of a specified type. While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can retrieve in a single call to 2,000 objects, the Cast Iron ServiceMax connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Retrieve Objects** activity to retrieve an unlimited number of objects.
- [Query Objects activity](#)
Use the Sforce Object Query Language (SOQL) to run a query on one or more Salesforce.com object types from this activity and return a results set. The Query Objects activity automatically runs a query or

queryAll call, followed by continuous queryMore calls for all children and objects returned from Salesforce.com.

- [Configuring the Query Objects activity](#)

You must create a Sforce Object Search Language (SOSL) query to configure the **Search Objects** activity. The following sections discuss the steps to configure the **Search Objects** activity, create an SOSL query, and provide SOSL syntax rules for IBM® Cast Iron.

- [Search Objects activity](#)

- [Configuring the Search Objects activity](#)

You must create an Sforce Object Search Language (SOSL) query to configure the **Search Objects** activity.

- [Convert Lead activity](#)

Use this activity to convert leads into accounts, contacts, or opportunities in ServiceMax. While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can convert in a single call to 100 objects, the Cast Iron ServiceMax connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Convert Lead** activity to convert an unlimited number of objects.

- [Merge Objects Activity](#)

Use this activity to merge ServiceMax objects into a single record.

- [Get User Information activity](#)

Use this activity to get user information from the ServiceMax server. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Get User Information activity.

- [Get Server Timestamp activity](#)

Use this activity to get the current time from the ServiceMax server. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Get Server Timestamp activity.

- [Send email activity](#)

Use this activity to send single or multiple emails. The emails include all standard email attributes such as the email address, subject line, and carbon copies.


- [Set password activity](#)

Use this activity to change the password of a user or `SelfServiceUser` to a value that you specify.

- [Reset password activity](#)

Use this activity to reset the password of the user to a system-generated value.

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Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint

ServiceMax endpoints provide information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a ServiceMax instance.

About this task

Any changes that you make to the endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint as the edits are global, not local.

Procedure

1. Drag an activity from the ServiceMax folder of the Activities tab onto the orchestration.

The Summary panel is displayed along with a Checklist, which lists the tasks that you must perform to configure the activity.

2. Click Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist. The Pick Endpoint panel opens.
3. Click one of the following options:
 - o Browse...: To select an existing endpoint from the Project Explorer. The Project Explorer shows all the endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties are displayed in the Pick Endpoint panel. To edit the endpoint properties, click Edit. Go to step 5
 - o New: To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window opens. Go to step 5
 - o Edit: To edit an existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window opens. Go to step 5

Note: Editing an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project as the edits are global, not local.

4. In the endpoint window, specify a user name and a password to access a ServiceMax instance.
 - a. Type a user name or click the icon to the right of the User Name field to select the configuration property.
 - b. Type a password or click the icon to the right of the Password field to select the configuration property.
5. Choose a login option:

Login Options	Description
Login normally	By default, Login is selected. At run time, the Integration Appliance accesses a production instance of ServiceMax.
Login to ServiceMax sandbox	At run time, the Integration Appliance accesses a copy of the production system. You can run tests in the sandbox without affecting production data.
Login to specified Partner WSDL Login URL	At run time, the Integration Appliance accesses the URL you specify in the Login URL field.
Login URL	Only required when you choose the Login to specified Partner WSDL Login URL option.

6. Specify the Connection Timeout parameter. By default, the Integration Appliance times out if it is unable to connect to the ServiceMax endpoint after 300 seconds.
7. To connect through a proxy server, complete the fields that are described in the following table:

Option	Description
Connect via a Proxy Server	Select this check box to enable the fields to connect through a proxy server.


Option	Description
Authentication	Indicates the type of authentication that the Integration Appliance uses when connecting to a proxy server. From the list, select one of the following authentication options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Basic - Sends the user name and password you specify unencrypted to the server. This authentication schema is the least secure. ○ NTLM - Requires an instance of NTCredentials to be available for the domain name of the server. This authentication is the most secure authentication option. When you choose the NTLM authentication option, the Integration Appliance authenticates a connection and not a request; therefore, the Integration Appliance authenticates every time that a new connection is made. The connection must remain open during the authentication process. You cannot use NTLM to authenticate with both a proxy and server.
Realm/Domain	If you select the Basic authentication option, specify a realm. If you select the NTLM authentication option, specify a domain.
Host name	Specify the host name of the proxy server.
Port	Specify the port number that is required to connect to the proxy server.
Username	Specify the user name that is required to connect to the proxy server.
Password	Specify the password that is required to connect to the proxy server.

8. Click Test Connection to confirm that the parameters you specified allow the project to access a ServiceMax instance.

Note: When you configure a ServiceMax endpoint to use configuration properties, verify that the configuration properties have valid values. If the configuration property value is invalid or does not exist, the connection test fails.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

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Configuring ServiceMax activities

Selecting fields from the ServiceMax object to map is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a ServiceMax activity. For more information about the configuration tasks in the Checklist, see the help topic for the specific ServiceMax activity.

About this task

For some of the fields in the endpoint, you can [create configuration properties](#) to supply the values for these fields. An icon is displayed when you click in a field that supports a configuration property and a configuration property of the same type has already been configured for the project.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Configure. The Configure panel opens.
2. Click Browse... to select a ServiceMax object type. The Choose a ServiceMax Object window shows all the ServiceMax objects that are associated with the Studio activity.
3. Select an object type from the list.

Note: Custom object types end with a double underscore c (__c). For example: *CustomerPriority__c*

Enter a character or string in the Search for an Object Type field and Studio filters the object types and only shows the object types that match the filter criteria. (Optional) Click the refresh icon to retrieve the latest ServiceMax object types.

4. Click OK.

All the fields that are associated with the object type you selected are displayed.


5. In the Object Field Preferences section, select the fields to map.

By default, all fields are selected. You can choose to clear any field that you do not want to show in the map. A global check box allows you to select and clear all fields at once.

Note: The Id field is required for many activities. For these activities, the Id field is disabled and you cannot clear this field.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

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Setting ServiceMax configuration properties


Any changes you make to configuration properties affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint. The edits are global, not local.

Procedure

1. Select Project > Configuration Properties. The Configuration Properties window opens.
2. Click the Value field for the servicemax_password property and type a valid password.
3. Click the Value field for the servicemax_login property and type a valid ServiceMax login.
4. Click OK.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SerMax_Setting_Configuration_Properties.html

Specifying the Retry and Time Out parameters for ServiceMax activities

Specifying the Retry and Time Out parameters is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a ServiceMax activity. The ServiceMax Connector uses an HTTP 1.1 persistent connection over SSL to make all connections to the ServiceMax server. The ServiceMax connector compresses all data for requests and responses using the gzip format.

About this task

The ServiceMax connector uses a single login session for all connections to a ServiceMax endpoint. If a session expires, the connector automatically establishes a new session. The ServiceMax connector does not count the initial attempt to reacquire the session as a retry attempt. The ServiceMax connector assumes the typical connector retry behavior after the initial attempt to reacquire a session fails.

For more information about the configuration tasks in the **Checklist**, see the help topic for the specific ServiceMax activity.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Retry. The Retry panel opens.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a ServiceMax instance.


The following table describes the retry options for connecting to a ServiceMax instance:

Retry fields	Description
Wait __ seconds between each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the ServiceMax instance. By default, this parameter is set to 30 seconds.

Retry fields	Description
Try to connect __ times before failing.	Specifies the maximum number of times that the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the ServiceMax instance before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. By default this parameter is set to 5 attempts.
Activity Timeout field	Description
Time out after __ seconds when the Endpoint does not respond to a request.	Specifies the number of seconds before a time-out occurs between the activity making a request on an endpoint and the time it takes the endpoint to respond. By default this parameter is set to 300 seconds.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

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Understanding and setting polling preferences for the ServiceMax connector

About this task

The ServiceMax connector contains two activities that poll the ServiceMax server for changes:

- **Poll Deleted Objects** activity
- **Poll Updated Objects** activity

These activities have the following startup behavior:

- For an orchestration that has never been deployed, the baseline time stamp is established when the activity is activated for the first time. The activity uses the baseline time stamp as the start time to poll for changes after the poll interval elapses. After the poll completes, the activity stores the last poll time.
- For a previously deployed orchestration, the activity uses the last poll time and the current time to poll for changes after the poll interval elapses.
- ServiceMax requires at least 60 seconds between each poll. If less than 60 seconds have transpired, then the activity ignores the current polling interval until the next polling interval elapses.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Polling.


The Polling Preferences panel opens.

2. Set the polling preferences for the following parameters:

Polling Preference	Description
Poll for changes every <i><i></i>	Specifies the polling interval for which the Integration Appliance polls the ServiceMax Server for objects that have been created or updated since the last poll.
Where <i><i></i> is the polling interval. The interval can be specified in minutes, hours, or days	By default, the Integration Appliance polls the ServiceMax Server every 5 minutes.
Batch up to <i><n></i> objects per orchestration	Specifies the maximum number of object records per orchestration job, during a polling interval. By default, the Integration Appliance processes one record per orchestration job. Use this preference to tune the performance of the Integration Appliance.
Where <i><n></i> is the number of objects in a batch.	

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Poll Updated Objects activity

This activity polls the ServiceMax Server for objects that have been recently created or updated and returns all the object fields that you selected in the configuration panel to the Integration Appliance. In Studio, configure the polling interval for the activity.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Poll Updated Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

4. Configure the activity by choosing a ServiceMax object type and object field preferences.
5. Specify the Polling preferences for the activity.
6. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.

What to do next

Map the output of the Poll Updated Objects activity.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

Mapping the output of the Poll Updated Object activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The objects element is displayed in the From Activity panel.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).


3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

The output map can have *nillable* field elements have the following behavior:

- If the field that is being retrieved is null, the Integration Appliance sets the `xsi:nil` attribute to true in the result.

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Get Updated Objects

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Get Updated Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

4. Configure the activity, by choosing a ServiceMax object type and object field preferences.
You can only select object types and fields that the Integration Appliance can update. The input map contains the object type with elements that correspond to the fields you select during this configuration step.

Note: The Integration Appliance cannot create auto-number fields.

5. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.

6. Map the input of the activity.

The input map consists of an object's input parameter. This parameter consists of a single root element that has a single repeating element, named after the object type you selected, containing all the fields you selected in the Object Field Preferences table.

What to do next

Map the input of the Get Updated Objects.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

Mapping the input of the Get Updated Objects activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The `startDateTime` element is displayed in the To Activity panel.

2. Optional: Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:

- `endTime`
- `CallOptions`
- `connection`
- `sessionInfo`

3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Optional and *nillable* field elements have the following behavior:

- The Integration Appliance does not update an optional field, when the ServiceMax server does not provide a value for the field.
- If you set the `xsi:nil` attribute to `true` on a `nillable` field, the Integration Appliance sets the field to null during an update.

Note: Setting a field to an empty string does not set a field to null.

What to do next

Map the output of the Get Updated Object activity.

Mapping the output of the Get Updated Object activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The `saveResults` element is displayed in the From Activity panel.


2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

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Poll Deleted Objects activity

This activity polls the ServiceMax Server for objects that have been recently deleted and returns IDs to the Integration Appliance.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Poll Deleted Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

4. Configure the activity by choosing a ServiceMax object type and object field preferences.
5. Specify the Polling preferences for the activity.
6. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.

What to do next

Map the output of the Poll Deleted Object activity.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

Mapping the output of the Poll Deleted Object activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The objects element is displayed in the From Activity panel.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).


3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

The output map can have *nillable* field elements have the following behavior:

- If the field being retrieved is null, the Integration Appliance sets the `xsi:nil` attribute to true in the result.
- If the input ID is not valid or does not represent the object type that you specified, then for the entire object element the Integration Appliance sets `xsi:nil` to true, for that element's position in the result set.

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Get Deleted Objects

This activity retrieves the list of individual objects that have been deleted within the specified time-span for the specified object.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Get Delete Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

4. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.

What to do next

Map the input of the Get Deleted Objects activity.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

Mapping the input of the Get Deleted Objects activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The `startDateTime` element is displayed in the To Activity panel.

2. Optional: Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - endDateTime
 - CallOptions
 - connection
 - sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).
4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

What to do next

Map the output of the Get Deleted Objects activity.

Mapping the output of the Get Deleted Object activity

Procedure


1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The deleteResults element is displayed in the From Activity panel.
2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

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Create Objects activity

Use this activity to create one or more ServiceMax objects. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Create Objects activity.

Procedure

1. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

2. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

3. Configure the activity, by choosing a ServiceMax object type and object field preferences.
4. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.

What to do next

Map the inputs of the Create Objects activity.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

Mapping the input of the Create Objects activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The Objects element is displayed in the To Activity panel. The parameters that are displayed correspond to the structure of the input to the ServiceMax objects operation.

2. Optional: Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - AssignmentRuleHeader
 - MruHeader
 - EmailHeader
 - CallOptions
 - connection
 - sessionInfo

3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Optional and *nillable* field elements have the following behavior:

- The Integration Appliance does not update an optional field, when the ServiceMax server does not provide a value for the field.
- If you set the `xsi:nil` attribute to `true` on a `nillable` field, the Integration Appliance sets the field to null during an update.

Note: Setting a field to an empty string does not set a field to null.

What to do next

Map the output of the Create Objects activity.

Mapping the output of the Create Object activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The `saveResults` element is displayed in the From Activity panel. The parameters that are displayed correspond to the `saveResults` structure, which is returned by the create activity.


2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SerMax_Create_Objects_Activity.html

Update Objects activity

Use this activity to update existing objects in ServiceMax.

About this task

While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can update in a single call to 200 objects, the Cast Iron® ServiceMax connector does not have such a limit. You can use the Update Objects activity to update an unlimited number of objects.

Using the Update Objects activity.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the **Update Objects** activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration. The **Checklist** and **Summary** for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.
3. Select a ServiceMax endpoint. For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).
4. [Configure](#) the activity by choosing a ServiceMax object type and object field preferences. You can only select object types and fields that the Integration Appliance can update. The input map contains the object type with elements that correspond to the fields you select during this configuration step.
Note: The Integration Appliance cannot create auto-number fields.
5. [Specify](#) the **Retry** and **Time out** parameters for the activity.
6. Map the input of the activity. The input map consists of an object's input parameter. This parameter consists of a single root element that has a single repeating element, which is named after the object type you selected, containing all the fields you selected in the Object Field Preferences table.
7. Map the output of the activity.

Results

Map the input of the Update Objects activity

1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Inputs. The **objects** element is displayed in the To Activity pane.
2. Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o AssignmentRuleHeader
 - o MruHeader
 - o EmailHeader
 - o CallOptions
 - o connection
 - o sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Optional and nillable field elements have the following behavior:

- The Integration Appliance does not update an optional field, when the ServiceMax server does not provide a value for the field.
- If you set the `xsi:nil` attribute to true on a `nillable` field, the Integration Appliance sets the field to null during an update.


Note: Setting a field to an empty string does not set a field to null.

Map the output of the Update Objects activity

1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Outputs. The **saveResults** element is displayed in the From Activity panel.
2. Click **Select Outputs...** and select the output variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

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Upsert Objects activity

Use this activity to update existing objects or create new objects in ServiceMax.

About this task

The activity uses an external ID, usually a foreign key, to determine whether to update an existing object or create a new object in ServiceMax.

While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can create in a single upsert call to 200 objects, the Cast Iron® ServiceMax connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Upsert Objects** activity to create an unlimited number of objects.

To use the **Upsert Objects** activity:

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the **Upsert Objects** activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration. The **Checklist** and **Summary** for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.
3. Select a ServiceMax endpoint. For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).
4. [Configure](#) the activity, by choosing a ServiceMax object type and object field preferences.
Note: You can only choose object types that the Integration Appliance can update or create and contain at least one External ID field. When you select the object type, Studio displays the external IDs defined on the object type in the External ID field of the Configure pane. You cannot edit the IDs listed in the External ID list. The external ID that you select becomes a required field, you cannot clear this field from the Object Field Preferences table. If only one external ID is available, Studio automatically selects this field in the Object Field Preferences table.
5. [Specify](#) the **Retry** and **Time out** parameters for the activity.
6. Map the input of the activity.
7. Map the output of the activity.

Results

Map the input of the Upsert Objects activity

1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Inputs. The **objects** element is displayed in the To Activity panel.
2. Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o AssignmentRuleHeader
 - o MruHeader
 - o EmailHeader
 - o CallOptions
 - o connection
 - o sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

This activity supports the following optional input parameters:

- AssignmentRuleHeader
- EmailHeader
- MruHeader

Optional and nillable field elements have the following behavior:


- The Integration Appliance does not update an optional field, when the ServiceMax server does not provide a value for the field.
- If you set the `xsi:nil` attribute to true on a nillable field, the Integration Appliance sets the field to null during an update.
Note: Setting a field to an empty string does not set a field to null.

Map the output of the Upsert Objects activity

1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Outputs. The **upsertResults** element is displayed in the From Activity panel.
2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SerMax_Upsert_Objects_Activity.html

Delete Objects activity

Use this activity to delete one or more objects in ServiceMax. While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can delete in a single call to 200 objects, the Cast Iron® ServiceMax connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Delete Objects** activity to delete an unlimited number of objects.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Delete Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

4. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.

What to do next

Map the input of the Delete Objects activity.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

Mapping the input of the Delete Objects activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The Ids element is displayed in the To Activity panel.

2. Optional: Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:

- UserTerritoryDeleteHeader
 - CallOptions
 - connection
 - sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

What to do next

Map the output of the Delete Object activity.

Mapping the output of the Delete Object activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The deleteResults element is displayed in the From Activity panel.


2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SerMax_Delete_Objects_Activity.html

Undelete Objects activity

About this task

Use this activity to restore one or more objects that you deleted in ServiceMax.

To use the Undelete Objects activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the **Undelete Objects** activity. Add the activity to an orchestration. The **Checklist** and **Summary** for the activity are displayed beneath the

- orchestration.
2. Select a ServiceMax endpoint. For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).
 3. [Specify](#) the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
 4. Map the input of the activity.
 5. Map the output of the activity.

Results

Map the input of the Undelete Objects activity


1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Inputs. The **ids** element is displayed in the To Activity panel.
2. Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o CallOptions
 - o connection
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Map the output of the Undelete Objects activity

1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Outputs. The **results** element is displayed in the From Activity panel.
2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SerMax_Undelete_Objects_Activity.html

Retrieve Objects activity

Use this activity to retrieve one or more ServiceMax objects of a specified type. While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can retrieve in a single call to 2,000 objects, the Cast Iron® ServiceMax connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Retrieve Objects** activity to retrieve an unlimited number of objects.

Using the Retrieve Objects activity

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Retrieve Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to your orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

4. Configure the activity, by choosing a ServiceMax object type and object field preferences.

Only object types that the Integration Appliance is able to retrieve through the Salesforce.com API display.

5. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.

Mapping the input of the Retrieve Objects activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The ids element is displayed in the To Activity pane. The element contains the collection of IDs that the Integration Appliance retrieves from ServiceMax.

2. (Optional) Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:

- MruHeaderUser
- CallOptions
- connection
- sessionInfo

3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Optional and *nillable* field elements have the following behavior:

- If the field being retrieved is null, the Integration Appliance sets the `xsi:nil` attribute to `true` in the result.
- If the input ID is not valid or does not represent the object type that you specified, then for the entire object element the Integration Appliance sets `xsi:nil` to `true` for that element's position in the result set.

Mapping the output of the Retrieve Objects activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.


The objects element is displayed in the From Activity panel. The element contains all fields that you selected in the field preferences table, during the configuration steps.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SerMax_Retrieve_Objects_Activity.html

Query Objects activity

Use the Sforce Object Query Language (SOQL) to run a query on one or more Salesforce.com object types from this activity and return a results set. The Query Objects activity automatically runs a query or queryAll call, followed by continuous queryMore calls for all children and objects returned from Salesforce.com.

Note: Running the Query Objects activity can result in a cursor being opened by Salesforce.com to track the query results. If the activity reaches the cursor limit that Salesforce.com allots to each user or if the cursor expires, the Integration Appliance tries the activity again.

Using the Query Objects activity

1. In the Activities tab, open the Salesforce.com directory to find the Query Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to your orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a Salesforce.com endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint, see [Creating or editing a Salesforce.com endpoint](#).

4. Configure the activity, by specifying a query and setting query options.
5. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
6. Map the input of the activity.
7. Map the output of the activity.

Map the input of the Query Objects activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The parameters element is displayed in the To Activity panel. The parameters element has a child element for each parameter you specified in the SOQL query. The context for the parameter in the query determines the parameter type. If you did not specify any parameters, then no child elements are displayed under the parameters element.

2. Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o MruHeader
 - o CallOptions
 - o connection
 - o sessionInfo

3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variable or variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variable or variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Map the output of the Query Objects activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The objects element is displayed in the From Activity panel. The result parameter has a single element named objects with a single repeating element named after the driving object of the query. The driving object is the first object named in the FROM clause of the query. For example, in the following SOQL statement Account is the driving object:

```
Select Name from Account, Account.Contacts
```

The driving object has child elements that correspond to the fields or relationships listed in the SELECT clause of a query. The schema is defined as follows:

- For fields, the field type matches the SOAP type of the field. The field type is nillable if the SOAP type is nillable.
- For relationships for parent elements, the element name is the name of the parent. If there is no parent when the activity runs the query, then the element is absent. The fields or relationships of the parent is displayed immediately underneath the relationship element.
- For relationships for child elements, the element name is the name of the child. The relationship element has a single repeating element named after the object type of the child object. The fields and relationship of the child is displayed underneath the object type element. If there are no children when the activity runs the query, then the element is absent.
- If you did not select any fields or relationships, but instead request the count() in the SELECT clause, the entire object type element is replaced with an element named count of type unsignedInt.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variable or variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).


3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variable or variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com activities](#)

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

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Configuring the Query Objects activity

You must create a Sforce Object Search Language (SOSL) query to configure the **Search Objects** activity. The following sections discuss the steps to configure the **Search Objects** activity, create an SOSL query, and provide SOSL syntax rules for IBM® Cast Iron®.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Configure.

The Specify Query window opens.

2. Create an SOSL query in the Specify Query window.
3. Optional: You can specify dynamic parameters in the search clause of the SOSL statement. You can then map these parameters dynamically as the input parameters for the activity, which allows the activity to dynamically control the query that is based on the input to the orchestration. Use a (\$) dollar sign to denote a parameter and follow it with the parameter name.
4. Click the Validate icon , to validate the query.
If the query is invalid, the Validation Feedback icon  displays in the lower left corner of the Specify Query window. For invalid queries:
 - a. Click the Validation Feedback icon in the lower left corner of the Specify Query window for a list of validation errors.
 - b. Use the Refresh icon  To refresh metadata and revalidate the SOSL statement.
5. In the Checklist, select Query to configure specific query options.

The Query Options pane opens.

6. Select Include deleted items in query (execute a queryAll operation), to query for deleted records in addition to existing records. If you do not select this option, the Integration Appliance only queries existing records.
7. Specify a Query batch size between 200-2000 queries to help tune the performance of the Integration Appliance.

The option determines the batch size to use in the QueryOptions SOAP header for all query calls and does not affect the number of results that are returned by the activity. By default, this option is set to 500 queries.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

Creating SOSL Queries

When creating a SOQL query, you can use dynamic parameters in the WHERE clause of the SOQL statement. Studio can then dynamically map these parameters as the input parameters for the activity. This allows for dynamic control of the query that is based on input to the orchestration.

About this task

The SForce Object Query Language does not define a syntax for parameterized queries; however, Cast Iron does enforce some proprietary SOQL syntax rules. You can use parameters in either simple expressions or set expressions.

SOSL Syntax Rules for Cast Iron

- Use a (\$) dollar sign to denote a parameter. After the (\$) dollar sign, specify a string of alphanumeric characters. The first character must be a letter [a-zA-Z], optionally followed by one or more letters [a-zA-Z], digits [0-9], or (_) underscores.

Note: Parameter names are case-sensitive; therefore, the parameters \$a and \$A are considered to be different parameters.

The following table contains examples of valid and invalid parameter declarations:

Parameter	Valid or Invalid
\$AnAccount	valid
\$a123_456	valid
\$123a	invalid
\$_id	invalid

- You must declare parameters on the right side of an expression in a WHERE clause.
- Parameters can appear more than once in a given SOQL statement. However, even though the parameter appears more than once in the SOQL statement, it only appears once in the input parameter map. The activity substitutes the same value for all locations where the parameter is used at run time.

Note: When you use the same parameter name and there is a type mismatch, an error occurs. For example, the following SOQL generates an error because \$param is used as both a string and date type:


```
SELECT Name from Account where Name like $param and createDate > $param
```

- The type of the field in which a parameter is being compared determines the type of the parameter and whether the parameter is being used in a simple expression, a set expression, or part of a set expression.

Type of Expression	Description
Simple Expressions	<p>For example: Select ID from Account where Name = \$NameParam</p> <p>The SoapType of the field on the left side of the expression determines the parameter type. If the field type is nillable and the operator is (=) or (!=), then the parameter is nillable. Setting xsi:nil=true on the parameter sets the parameter value to null when it is substituted. If the parameter's type requires it to be enclosed in (') single quotation marks, then the parameter's value is enclosed in single quotation marks during substitution and its contents are escaped automatically.</p> <p>For SOQL, the (\) backslash and (') single quotation mark is escaped.</p>
Set Expressions	<p>For example: Select ID From Account where ID in \$idList</p> <p>The parameter's type is a repeating sequence of the SoapType of the field on the left side of the expression. The parameter is not nillable and has minOccurs=1, maxOccurs=unbounded on the element.</p> <p>The sequence is expanded at run time to be a proper set value, for example:</p> <p>Select Id From Account where Id in ('value1','value2')</p>
Part of	<p>Parameters inside a set list are treated like a simple expression parameter type, for example:</p> <p>SELECT Name from Account where BillingState IN ('California', \$state2)</p>

a Set Ex pre ssi on	In this example, the \$state2 parameter type is the SoapType of the Account BillingState field and is not a repeating element. The parameter is not nillable.
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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SerMax_Configuring_the_Query_Objects_Activity.html

Search Objects activity

About this task

Use the Sforce Object Search Language (SOSL) to run a search query on one or more ServiceMax object types from this activity and return a results set.

Note: You can only search objects that are configured as searchable or eSearchable. You cannot search attachment objects.

Using the Search Objects activity:

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the **Search Objects** activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration. The **Checklist** and **Summary** for the activity is displayed beneath the orchestration.

Results

1. Select a ServiceMax endpoint. For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).
2. [Configure](#) the activity, by specifying a search query and setting search query options.
3. [Specify](#) the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.
4. Map the input of the activity.
5. Map the output of the activity.

Mapping the input of the Search Objects activity:

1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Inputs. The parameters element is displayed in the To Activity panel. The parameter element has a child element for each parameter you specified in the SOSL query. The context for the parameter in the query determines the parameter type. If you did not specify any parameters, then no child elements are displayed under the parameters element.


2. Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - o CallOptions
 - o connection
 - o sessionInfo
3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Mapping the output of the Search Objects activity:

1. In the **Checklist**, select Map Outputs. The **objects** element is displayed in the From Activity panel.
2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variable or variables for the map. For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating variables](#).
3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variable or variables. For mapping instructions, see [Creating a map](#).

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

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Configuring the Search Objects activity



You must create an Sforce Object Search Language (SOSL) query to configure the **Search Objects** activity.

About this task

The following sections discuss the steps to configure the **Search Objects** activity, create an SOSL query, and provide SOSL syntax rules for IBM® Cast Iron®.

To configure the Search Objects activity complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Configure. The Specify Query window opens.
2. [Create](#) an SOSL query in the Specify Query window.
3. Optional: You can specify dynamic parameters in the search clause of the SOSL statement. You can then map these parameters dynamically as the input parameters for the activity, which allows the activity to dynamically control the query that is based on the input to the orchestration. Use a (\$) dollar sign to denote a parameter and follow it with the parameter name.
4. Click the Validate icon , to validate the query. If the query is invalid, the Validation Feedback icon  shows in the lower left corner of the Specify Query window. For invalid queries:
 - o Click the Validation Feedback icon in the lower left corner of the Specify Query window for a list of validation errors.

- Use the Refresh icon  to refresh metadata and revalidate the SOSL statement.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

Creating SOSL queries

About this task

When creating a Sforce Object Search Language (SOSL) query, you can use dynamic parameters in the WHERE clause of the SOSL statement. Studio can then dynamically map these parameters as the input parameters for the activity. This allows for dynamic control of the query that is based on input to the orchestration.

The Sforce Object Search Language does not define a syntax for parameterized queries; however, IBM Cast Iron does enforce a few proprietary SOSL syntax rules. You can use parameters in either simple expressions or set expressions.

SOSL syntax rules for IBM Cast Iron

About this task

- Use a (\$) dollar sign to denote a parameter. After the (\$) dollar sign, specify a string of alphanumeric characters. The first character must be a letter [a-zA-Z], optionally followed by one or more letters [a-zA-Z], digits [0-9], or (_) underscores.

Note: Parameter names are case-sensitive; therefore, the parameters \$a and \$A are considered to be different parameters.

The following table contains examples of valid and invalid parameter declarations:

Parameter	Valid or Invalid
\$AnAccount	valid
\$a123_456	valid
\$123a	invalid
\$_id	invalid


- You must declare parameters in the Search Query portion of the SOSL statement. Curly braces ({ }) demarcate the Search Query portion of the SOSL statement.
Important: Do not use double quotation marks (" ") to enclose parameters. If you enclose parameters in double quotation marks, the activity treats the parameter as a string search literal.
- The parameter type is always xsd:string. During substitution, the activity escapes any parameter that you declare using a reserved character. Reserved characters include the following characters:

Reserved Characters	Description
&	ampersand
*	asterisk
\	back slash
[]	box brackets
:	colon
,	comma
{ }	curly braces

Reserved Characters	Description
"	Double quotation mark
!	exclamation mark
-	minus sign
+	plus sign
'	Single quotation mark
~	tilde
^	up arrow
	vertical bar

- Parameters can appear more than once in a given SOQL statement. However, even though the parameter appears more than once in the SOQL statement, it only appears once in the input parameter map. The activity substitutes the same value for all locations where the parameter is used at run time.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SerMax_Configuring_the_Search_Objects_Activity.html

Convert Lead activity

Use this activity to convert leads into accounts, contacts, or opportunities in ServiceMax. While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of objects that it can convert in a single call to 100 objects, the Cast Iron® ServiceMax connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Convert Lead** activity to convert an unlimited number of objects.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Convert Lead activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

4. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.

What to do next

Map the inputs of the Convert Lead activity.

Mapping the input of the Convert Lead activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The `convertLead` element displays in the To Activity pane. The parameters that are displayed correspond to the structure of the input to the ServiceMax `convertLead` operation.

2. Optional: Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to show the optional input parameters for this activity:
 - `CallOptions`
 - `connection`
 - `sessionInfo`

3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

What to do next

Map the output of the Convert Lead activity.

Mapping the output of the Convert Lead activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The `convertLeadResponse` element is displayed in the From Activity panel. The parameters that are displayed correspond to the `convertLeadResponse` structure, which is returned by the `convertLead` operation.


2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

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Merge Objects Activity

Use this activity to merge ServiceMax objects into a single record.

About this task

You can merge two or more of the following ServiceMax objects into a single record:

- Account
- Contact
- Leads

After the activity merges the objects, it deletes the pre-merge records and reparents any duplicates.

While the Salesforce.com API limits the number of requests that it can merge in a single call to 200, the Cast Iron® ServiceMax connector does not have such a limit. You can use the **Merge Objects** activity to process an unlimited number of merge requests.

Procedure

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Merge Objects activity.
2. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

4. Configure the activity, by choosing a ServiceMax object type and object field preferences.

You can only select Account, Contact, and Lead object types and fields that the Appliance can update. Fields such as auto-number fields might not be available to select.

5. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.

What to do next

Map the input of the Merge Objects activity.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

Mapping the input of the Merge Objects activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The Merge element is displayed in the To Activity panel.

2. Optional: Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to display these optional input parameters for this activity:
 - AssignmentRuleHeader
 - MruHeader
 - EmailHeader

- `CallOptions`
 - `connection`
 - `sessionInfo`
3. Click **Select Inputs...** and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Optional and *nillable* field elements have the following behavior:

- The Integration Appliance does not update an optional field, when the ServiceMax server does not provide a value for the field.
- If you set the `xsi:nil` attribute to `true` on a `nillable` field, the Integration Appliance sets the field to null during an update.

Note: Setting a field to an empty string does not set a field to null.

Mapping the output of the Merge Object activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select **Map Outputs**.

The results element is displayed in the **From Activity** panel. The parameters that are displayed correspond to the structure of the ServiceMax `MergeResults` schema.


2. Click **Select Outputs...** and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

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Get User Information activity

Use this activity to get user information from the ServiceMax server. In the **Activities** tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the **Get User Information** activity.

Procedure

1. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

2. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

3. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.

What to do next

Map the output of the Get User Information activity.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

Mapping the output of the Get User Information activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The GetUserInformationResult element contains the ServiceMax user information and opens in the From Activity panel.


2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

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Get Server Timestamp activity

Use this activity to get the current time from the ServiceMax server. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Get Server Timestamp activity.

Procedure

1. Add the activity to an orchestration.

The Checklist and Summary for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

2. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

3. Specify the Retry and Time out parameters for the activity.

What to do next

Map the output of the Get Server Timestamp activity.

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

Mapping the output of the Get Server Timestamp activity

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The serverTimestamp element contains the ServiceMax user information and opens in the From Activity panel.


2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SerMax_Get_Server_Timestamp_Activity.html

Send email activity

Use this activity to send single or multiple emails. The emails include all standard email attributes such as the email address, subject line, and carbon copies.

Using the email activity

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Send Email activity.
2. Drag the Send Email activity onto the orchestration.

The Summary and Checklist for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

4. In the Configure section, select the Send Mass Emails check box if you want to send multiple emails.
5. Specify the Retry and Activity Timeout parameters for the activity.
6. Map the inputs of the activity.
7. Map the outputs of the activity.

Mapping the input of the Send Email activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The emails parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane.

2. Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to display these optional input parameters for this activity:

- o connection
- o sessionInfo

3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Mapping the output of the Send Email activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The results and sessionInfo elements are displayed in the From Activity pane.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.


For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

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Set password activity

Use this activity to change the password of a user or `SelfServiceUser` to a value that you specify.

Note: You must have the administrative permission to change the password for the users.

Using the Set Password activity

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Set Password activity.
2. Drag the Set Password activity onto the orchestration.

The Summary and Checklist for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

Note: No additional configuration is required for this activity in the Configure section.

4. Specify the Retry and Activity Timeout parameters for the activity.
5. Map the inputs of the activity.
6. Map the outputs of the activity.

Mapping the input of the Set Password activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The `userId` and `password` parameters are displayed in the To Activity pane.

2. Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to display these optional input parameters for this activity:

- `CallOptions`
- `connection`
- `sessionInfo`

3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Mapping the output of the Set Password activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The `sessionInfo` element is displayed in the From Activity pane.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

Reset password activity

Use this activity to reset the password of the user to a system-generated value.

Note: You must have administrative permission to reset the password for the users.

Using the Reset Password activity

1. In the Activities tab, open the ServiceMax directory to find the Reset Password activity.
2. Drag the Reset Password activity onto the orchestration.

The Summary and Checklist for the activity are displayed beneath the orchestration.

3. Select a ServiceMax endpoint.

For instructions on creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint, see [Creating or editing a ServiceMax endpoint](#).

Note: No additional configuration is required for this activity in the Configure section.

4. Specify the Retry and Activity Timeout parameters for the activity.

Mapping the input of the Reset Password activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Inputs.

The `userId` parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane.

2. Right-click the default node and choose Show Optional Parameters, to display these optional input parameters for this activity:

- `CallOptions`
- `EmailHeader`
- `connection`
- `sessionInfo`

3. Click Select Inputs... and select the input variables for the map.

For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

4. As appropriate, map the input parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Mapping the output of the Reset Password activity

1. In the Checklist, select Map Outputs.

The `password` and `sessionInfo` elements are displayed in the From Activity pane.

2. Click Select Outputs... and select the output variables for the map.


For instructions about creating variables, see [Creating Variables](#).

3. As appropriate, map the output parameters to the variables.

For mapping instructions, see [Creating a Map](#).

Parent topic: [ServiceMax activities](#)

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Siebel activities

- [Overview of the Siebel connector](#)
- [Installing JAR files to connect to the Siebel server](#)

You must copy two JAR files on the same workstation as your Cast Iron Studio installation before you can connect to a Siebel server. Also, you can copy the `Siebel.properties` file, which is optional, to configure the connection timeout, transaction timeout, and the Siebel properties.
- [Creating or editing a Siebel endpoint](#)

Siebel endpoints contain the connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a Siebel Business Applications Server. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.
- [Using the Siebel Create Objects activity](#)

Use the Siebel Create Objects activity to work with either Siebel Business Objects, Business Components, or Siebel Integration Objects.
- [Using the Siebel Update Objects activity](#)

Use the Siebel Update Objects activity to work with either Siebel Business Objects, Business Components, or Siebel Integration Objects.
- [Using the Siebel Delete Objects activity](#)

Use the Siebel Delete Objects activity to work with either Siebel Business Objects, Business Components, or Siebel Integration Objects.
- [Using the Siebel Query Objects activity](#)

Use the Siebel Query Objects activity to work with either Siebel Business Objects, Business Components, or Siebel Integration Objects.
- [Using the Siebel Execute Business Service activity](#)

The Siebel execute business service activity is used to run a Siebel business service on the Siebel Business Applications server.
- [Prerequisites for starter activities in Siebel](#)
- [Using the Siebel Get Created Objects activity](#)

Use the Get Created Objects activity to poll for Siebel Business Objects, Business Components, or Siebel Integration Objects from the Siebel server.
- [Using the Siebel Get Updated Objects activity](#)

Use the Get Updated Objects activity to poll for events that were updated on the Siebel Sever.
- [Using the Siebel Get Deleted Objects activity](#)

Use the Get Deleted Objects activity to poll for deleted Siebel Business Objects, Business Components, or Siebel Integration Objects from the Siebel server.
- [Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for Siebel Activities](#)


Specifying the Retry and Delivery parameters is one of the tasks to configure a Siebel activity

configuration.

- [Siebel properties file](#)

The Siebel connector uses Siebel API (Java™ Data Bean) to interact with the Siebel server. Siebel API also provides a way to configure the connection settings on the client side. The `siebel.properties` file located in your classpath, can be used to provide default parameters for client applications connecting to Siebel applications using the Java Data Bean.

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Overview of the Siebel connector

The Siebel connector enables a two-way communication between Cast Iron and the Siebel business applications server. The connector supports Business Object/Business Component (BO/BC), Integration Objects (IO), and Business Service (BS) interfaces.

You can perform the following activities using the Siebel connector:


- Outbound Activities
 - [Create Objects \(uses BO/BC or IO\)](#)
 - [Update Objects \(uses BO/BC or IO\)](#)
 - [Delete Objects \(uses BO/BC or IO\)](#)
 - [Query Objects \(uses BO/BC or IO\)](#)
 - [Execute Business Service \(uses BS\)](#)
- Inbound/Starter Activities
 - [Get Created Objects \(uses BO/BC or IO\)](#)
 - [Get Updated Objects \(uses BO/BC or IO\)](#)
 - [Get Deleted Objects \(uses BO/BC or IO\)](#)

The Siebel connector supports the following versions of the Siebel server: 7.0.5, 7.5.x, 7.7.x, 7.8.x, 8.0, 8.1, and 8.1.1.

The Siebel connector requires Siebel JAR files to connect to the Siebel server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the Siebel server](#).

Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Siebel_Overview.html

Installing JAR files to connect to the Siebel server

You must copy two JAR files on the same workstation as your Cast Iron Studio installation before you can connect to a Siebel server. Also, you can copy the `Siebel.properties` file, which is optional, to configure the connection timeout, transaction timeout, and the Siebel properties.

Before you begin

- The JAR files can be obtained from the Siebel system administrator.
- The JAR files must be on the same computer as the studio installation.
- The JAR files must be from the same version as the Siebel server you connect to.
- The `Siebel.properties` file must have properties for that particular version of the Siebel server.

About this task

The files to be installed are:

- `Siebel.jar`
- A language specific JAR file. For example, the English language JAR file is named `SiebelJI_enu.jar`
- `Siebel.properties` - This is an optional file. For more information about the `Siebel.properties` file, see [Siebel properties file](#).

Procedure

1. Open studio and select Tools > Install Module Providers.
2. When the Add Provider(s) dialog box is displayed, click the plus (+) button under Siebel Connector. A field and a Browse button appears.
3. Click Browse, and use the browse dialog box to locate and select the JAR files and the properties file (optional).
4. Click Open to import the contents of the selected files.
5. When the two JAR files and the properties file (optional) are listed in the Add Provider(s) dialog box, click OK.

Results


A prompt is displayed to restart studio and activate the changes.

What to do next

You can now create Siebel endpoints and orchestrations.

Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Siebel_installing_jarfiles.html

Creating or editing a Siebel endpoint

Siebel endpoints contain the connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to a Siebel Business Applications Server. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.

About this task

Use this task to create or edit a Siebel endpoint.

Note: Any changes you make to the Siebel endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all the orchestrations that use that endpoint, as the edits are global, not local.

Procedure

1. Drag an activity from the Siebel folder under the Activities tab to the Orchestration window. The Summary panel is displayed.
2. Click Pick Endpoint under Checklist. The Pick Endpoint panel is displayed.
3. Click one of the following buttons:
 - a. Browse - To select an existing endpoint from Project Explorer. The Project Explorer window shows all the endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties are displayed in the Pick Endpoint panel.
 - b. New - To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window opens.
Note: In Version 6.1.0.1, select the first Siebel entry in the list. For more information, see the technote <http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg21516320>.
 - c. Edit - To edit the existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window opens.
4. Complete the fields defined in the following table:

Table 1. Connection properties

Field Name	Description
Connection information	
Connection URL	<p>Specifies the connection URL to connect to the Siebel server. The connection URLs for all versions of Siebel follow this format:</p> <pre>siebel[.transport][.encryption][.compression]://host[:port]/EnterpriseServer/AppObjMgr</pre> <p>The default port number is 2320. For Siebel version 7.5x and earlier versions, the port number (2320) and the server name are specified.</p> <p>For Siebel version 7.8, the port and the server name are not specified.</p> <p>If you do not select the default port, you can specify another port number (for example, 2321).</p> <p>The following are the examples of connection URIs for different versions of the Siebel server:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">o For Siebel 7.5: siebel://<IP_address>:2320/siebel/SSEObjMgr_ENU/sebldevlo For Siebel 7.8: siebel://<IP_address>:/Sieb78/SSEObjMgr_enuo For Siebel 8: siebel://<IP_address>:2321/SBA_80/SSEObjMgr_enu

Field Name	Description
Language Code	Specifies the language code to log on to the Siebel server. If the system locale is English, the value for this property is ENU (English).
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect to the Siebel server.
Password	Specifies the password associated with the user name to connect to the Siebel server.
Code page	<p>Specifies the character encoding (code page) of the Siebel Server. The character encoding (code page) of the Siebel Server and the character encoding of the Siebel client (machine on which Siebel connector is used) must be the same. This allows the Siebel client and the Siebel Server to communicate correctly. Change the character encoding of the Siebel client if it is different from that of the Siebel server.</p> <p>The Siebel Java™ Data Bean supports a limited list of code page settings. If the current code page setting of your run time is not supported, the connector may not be able to connect to the Siebel server. For more details refer to the Siebel Java Data Bean documentation.</p>
Load Balancing	
Use Resonate for load balancing on Siebel server	Specifies the option (select the check box) if the Siebel system uses resonate for load balancing. The connector takes advantage of the load balancing feature to connect to the Siebel Business Applications server efficiently.
Connection pool options	
Minimum Connections	Specifies the minimum number of connections available in the connection pool. The activity uses the connections to connect to a Siebel server. The default value is 5.
Maximum Connections	Specifies the maximum number of connections available in the connection pool. The activity uses the connections to connect to a Siebel server. The default value is 25.
Maximum Idle Time	Specifies the amount of time in minutes an open connection can be idle before being closed by the Integration Appliance. Entering 0 (zero) means that the connections are closed when they are returned to the pool - no idle time. The default value is 120 minutes.
Maximum Wait	Specifies the amount of time in seconds that the Integration Appliance waits for a connection when all the connections in the pool are exhausted. If no connection is obtained after the wait time, an exception is thrown. The default value is 300 seconds.
Reclaim Connections	Specifies the interval at which the connector checks for idle connections. Idle connections are reclaimed until the minimum number of connections, as specified in the Minimum Connections parameter, is reached. By default, the connector reclaims connections at five minutes interval.
	Note: The Connection pool properties need to be configured as per the load (number of concurrent requests) on the endpoint.
Remote endpoint configuration	

Field Name	Description
Endpoint Runs Behind Firewall	Enables the secure connector name property so that secure connector can be used if the Siebel Business Applications server is running behind a firewall.
Secure Connector Name	Specifies the name of the secure connector that is used to connect to the Siebel Business Applications server running behind a firewall. For example, if an orchestration containing Siebel activity is deployed on to Cast Iron® Live (cloud), then the secure connector needs to be configured.

5. When finished, click Test Connection to confirm that you can connect to the Siebel system.


6. Click OK.

Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

Related information:

[Technote: Changes in the Siebel activities in WebSphere Cast Iron version 6.1.x.x when compared to the earlier versions \(6.0.0.x and earlier\)](#)

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Using the Siebel Create Objects activity

Use the Siebel Create Objects activity to work with either Siebel Business Objects, Business Components, or Siebel Integration Objects.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the JAR files required to connect to the Siebel server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the Siebel server](#).
- Valid connection details to connect to the Siebel server.

About this task

Use this task to create either a Business Component hierarchy or an Integration Object on the Siebel server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Siebel folder contents.
2. Drag the Create Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Siebel create objects Checklist is displayed.

3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Siebel endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing a Siebel endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Enter the repository name in the Repository Name text box. Repository name is populated with a default value, which represents the Siebel Repository. Enter the repository name if it is not same as the default value. All the metadata needed for discovering the objects are retrieved from this repository.
11. Select one of the following objects for integration.

To work with **Business Object/Business Component**:

- a. Select the Object Type as Business Object / Business Component.
- b. Click Browse to display the list of Business Objects.
- c. Use the Business Object Filter to filter the business objects during selection.
- d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the current object list from the Siebel server.
- e. Select a Business Object from the business object list and click Next.
- f. The list of business components for the selected business object is displayed. Select a business component and click Finish to generate schemas for the map input and map output.
- g. If the selected business component is a child of a parent business component, then both the parent and the child business components are generated with a relation between them.

Note: Each of the child object attributes created in the map input is processed by the activity as follows:

- The key attributes are not set on the parent business component. Siebel generates the key attributes when a record is created. If the key attributes are set, Siebel returns an exception and sets the read-only fields populated with values.
- If the child object is a business component of a Picklists, and you want to select an existing child instance, do not create a new child object. Instead, set the value on the parent. For example, if you select an existing Business Address under Account, set the PrimaryAddressId instead of creating a Business Address. However, to create a new child instance, you must populate the non-key attributes in the child business component so that the activity tries to create the corresponding child instance in the Siebel application.
- If there are static Picklists, then the corresponding simple attribute in the object is required. If a value is not listed in the Picklist's list of values, the activity tries to populate the value. If the list is unbounded and Insert is enabled, the activity processing is successful. If the activity is unable to populate the value by itself, the operation fails.
- The child record is created with multi-value links. If the create operation for the child record fails, the child record is rolled back. If the create operation for the parent record fails, all the child and the parent records are rolled back.
- The connector attempts to select an existing child business component (for example, Association) based on the values of all the attributes in the corresponding input child object. If a matching child business component is found, it is associated with the parent. If a matching child business component is not found, a new child business component is created and associated with the parent business component.
- If the child create operation fails, the child is rolled back. If the parent create operation fails, only the parent is rolled back. Because association components can also be individual components, as well as children of other components, a child, or parent cannot be rolled back once an associated child has been created.

To work with Integration Object:


- a. For Siebel Integration Object, select the Object Type as Integration Object.
 - b. Click Browse to display the list of integration objects.
 - c. Use Integration Object Filter to filter the integration objects during selection.
 - d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the current object list from the Siebel server.
 - e. Select an integration object and click Finish to generate schemas for the map input and map output. During processing, the selected business service is executed and the output is sent back to the orchestration.
12. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for Siebel Activities](#).
 13. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Create Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
 14. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
 15. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
 16. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Siebel Create Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

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Using the Siebel Update Objects activity

Use the Siebel Update Objects activity to work with either Siebel Business Objects, Business Components, or Siebel Integration Objects.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the JAR files required to connect to the Siebel server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the Siebel server](#).
- Valid connection details to connect to the Siebel server.

About this task

Use this task to update either a Business Component hierarchy or an Integration Object on the Siebel server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Siebel folder contents.
2. Drag the Update Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Siebel Update Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Siebel endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing a Siebel endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Enter the repository name in the Repository Name text box. Repository name is populated with a default value, which represents the Siebel Repository. Enter the repository name if it is not same as the default value. All the metadata needed for discovering the objects are retrieved from this repository.
11. Select one of the following objects for integration.

To work with **Business Object/Business Component**:

- a. Select the Object Type as Business Object / Business Component.
- b. Click Browse to display the list of Business Objects.
- c. Use the Business Object Filter to filter the business objects during selection.
- d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the current object list from the Siebel server.
- e. Select a Business Object from the business object list and click Next.
- f. The list of business components for the selected business object is displayed. Select a business component and click Finish to generate schemas for the map input and map output.

During processing, the business component hierarchy is retrieved from the Siebel server and compared to the incoming top-level business object hierarchy of the activity. The child objects are created, updated, and deleted based on the results of this comparison. The Update activity fails if the key attributes (for example, ID) are not set correctly.

To work with Integration Object:

- a. For Siebel Integration Object, select the Object Type as Integration Object.
 - b. Click Browse to display the list of integration objects.
 - c. Use Integration Object Filter to filter the integration objects during selection.
 - d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the current object list from the Siebel server.
 - e. Select an integration object and click Finish to generate schemas for the map input and map output. During processing, the selected business service is executed and the output is sent back to the orchestration.
12. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for Siebel Activities](#).
 13. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Update Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
 14. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.

Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.


15. Select the Map Outputs in the checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
16. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Siebel Update Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

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Using the Siebel Delete Objects activity

Use the Siebel Delete Objects activity to work with either Siebel Business Objects, Business Components, or Siebel Integration Objects.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the JAR files required to connect to the Siebel server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the Siebel server](#).
- Valid connection details to connect to the Siebel server.

About this task

Use this task to delete either a Business Component hierarchy or an Integration Object on the Siebel server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Siebel folder contents.
2. Drag the Delete Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Siebel Delete Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Siebel endpoint.

7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing a Siebel endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Enter the repository name in the Repository Name text box. Repository name is populated with a default value, which represents the Siebel Repository. Enter the repository name if it is not same as the default value. All the metadata needed for discovering the objects are retrieved from this repository.
11. Select one of the following objects for integration.

To work with **Business Object/Business Component**:

- a. Select the Object Type as Business Object / Business Component.
- b. Click Browse to display the list of Business Objects.
- c. Use the Business Object Filter to filter the business objects during selection.
- d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the current object list from the Siebel server.
- e. Select a Business Object from the business object list and click Next.
- f. The list of business components for the selected business object is displayed. Select a business component and click Finish to generate schemas for the map input and map output.

The Delete activity deletes the top-level business objects and its children. This results in a physical delete, and the record is removed from the Siebel application. The Delete activity fails if the key attributes (for example, ID) are not set correctly.


To work with Integration Object:

- a. For Siebel Integration Object, select the Object Type as Integration Object.
 - b. Click Browse to display the list of integration objects.
 - c. Use Integration Object Filter to filter the integration objects during selection.
 - d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the current object list from the Siebel server.
 - e. Select an integration object and click Finish to generate schemas for the map input and map output. During processing, the selected business service is executed and the output is sent back to the orchestration.
12. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for Siebel Activities](#).
 13. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Delete Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
 14. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
 15. Select the Map Outputs in the checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
 16. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Siebel Delete Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Siebel_delete_outactivity.html

Using the Siebel Query Objects activity

Use the Siebel Query Objects activity to work with either Siebel Business Objects, Business Components, or Siebel Integration Objects.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the JAR files required to connect to the Siebel server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the Siebel server](#).
- Valid connection details to connect to the Siebel server.

About this task

Use this task to query either a Business Component hierarchy or an Integration Object on the Siebel server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Siebel folder contents.
2. Drag the Query Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Siebel Query Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Siebel endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing a Siebel endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Enter the repository name in the Repository Name text box. Repository name is populated with a default value, which represents the Siebel Repository. Enter the repository name if it is not same as the default value. All the metadata needed for discovering the objects are retrieved from this repository.
11. Select one of the following objects for integration.

To work with **Business Object/Business Component**:

- a. Select the Object Type as Business Object / Business Component.
- b. Click Browse to display the list of Business Objects.
- c. Use the Business Object Filter to filter the business objects during selection.
- d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the current object list from the Siebel server.
- e. Select a Business Object from the business object list and click Next.
- f. The list of business components for the selected business object is displayed. Select a business component and click Finish to generate schemas for the map input and map output.

The Query activity retrieves the Siebel business component for the specified key in the map input. The following occurs during the Query activity:

- The keys are set on the top-level business component to search for records. If the record is not found, an error message is logged, and the job fails. If the record is found, the simple attribute values are retrieved from the top-level business component and set to the map output.
Note: A simple PickList attribute is retrieved differently from other simple attributes. The simple PickList attribute is retrieved by obtaining the value of the PickListKey from the child picklist component. To retrieve a child picklist component, the FieldName value must be used.
- Child business components are retrieved based on the type of relationship they have with the parent business component.
- Child PickList instances are retrieved.
- If the child record is found with multi-value link and association, the attribute value is set to the parent.


To work with Integration Object:

- a. For Siebel Integration Object, select the Object Type as Integration Object.
 - b. Click Browse to display the list of integration objects.
 - c. Use Integration Object Filter to filter the integration objects during selection.
 - d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the current object list from the Siebel server.
 - e. Select an integration object and click Finish to generate schemas for the map input and map output. During processing, the selected business service is executed and the output is sent back to the orchestration.
12. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for Siebel Activities](#).
 13. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Query Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
 14. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console (WMC). If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
 15. Select the Map Outputs in the checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
 16. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Siebel Query Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Siebel_query_outactivity.html

Using the Siebel Execute Business Service activity

The Siebel execute business service activity is used to run a Siebel business service on the Siebel Business Applications server.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the JAR files required to connect to the Siebel server. For more information, see [Installing JAR files to connect to the Siebel server](#).
- The valid connection details to connect to the Siebel server.
-

About this task

The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration. The business service can be a standard business service like Siebel Contact or a custom business service where the integration object needs to be selected.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Siebel folder contents.
2. Drag the Execute Business Service activity icon onto the orchestration.
3. When the activity shows in the orchestration, the Siebel Execute Business Service Checklist is displayed.
4. In the Checklist, click Summary.
5. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
6. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
7. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Siebel endpoint.
8. You can create the endpoint by clicking New and enter the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing a Siebel endpoint](#).
9. To make any required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
10. In the Checklist, click **Configure**.
11. Type the repository name in the Repository Name text box. The repository name is populated with a default value, which represents the Siebel Repository. Specify the repository name if it is not same as the default value. All the metadata needed for discovering the objects are retrieved from this repository.
12. Select the business service.
 - a. Click Browse to display the list of Business Services.
 - b. Use the Business Service Filter to filter the business services during selection.
 - c. Optional: Click **Refresh** to update the current object list from the Siebel server.
 - d. Select a Business Service from the business service list and click Next. The list of business operations for the selected business service is displayed.

- If the business service has a fixed integration object associated with it then after selecting the business operation, click Finish to generate the schemas for the map input/output.
 - If the business service has no fixed integration object associated with it then after selecting the business operation click Next and select the integration objects for the input/output message.
13. Select Map Inputs from the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected service of the Execute Business Service activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
 14. Create a map between orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.

Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.


15. Select the Map Outputs from the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
16. Create a map between the output parameters and the orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Siebel Execute Business Service activity.

Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Siebel_business_service.html

Prerequisites for starter activities in Siebel

This section contains the prerequisites to configure the Siebel inbound activities.

You must create an event store in Siebel as a prerequisite for using the starter activities.

Creating the Event Store in Siebel

This procedure uses the Siebel Sales Enterprise application as an example. For convenience, whenever we say Siebel application, it means Siebel Sales Enterprise application in the following chapter. IBM Events are used as the event store name in this example. This name can be changed based on the end user needs.

To create an 'Event Store' and 'Object' in Siebel Business Applications, perform the following procedure in Siebel tools:

1. Using New Object Wizard, create a stand-alone table CX_IBM_EVENT.
2. Create these columns in your new table:

Table 1. Columns for the event table

Column Name / User Name	Type	Length	Physical Type	Required	Nullable	Status
DESCRIPTION	Data (public)	255	Varchar		√	Active
EVENT_ID	Data (public)	30	Varchar	√		Active
CONNECTOR_ID	Data (public)	255	Varchar		√	Active
EVENT_TYPE	Data (public)	20	Varchar	√		Active
OBJECT_KEY	Data (public)	255	Varchar	√		Active
OBJECT_NAME	Data (public)	255	Varchar	√		Active
PRIORITY	Data (public)	10	Number		√	Active
STATUS	Data (public)	20	Number	√		Active
XID	Data (public)	255	Varchar	√		Active


3. Create a new Business Component (BC) IBM Events based on your new table. All fields are single value fields.
4. In addition to the fields in BC, create a new field Event Time Stamp and map it to CREATED column in from CX_IBM_EVENT. The Type of this field should be DTYPE_UTCDATETIME.
5. Create a new Business Object (BO) IBM Events.
6. Associate IBM Events BC to IBM Events BO.
7. Create IBM Event List Applet based on IBM Events BC.
8. Create IBM Event List View based on IBM Events BO.
9. Create IBM Events Screen and associate it to the IBM Event List View in Screen View.
10. Create a page tab as follows:
 - a. Access the Application > Siebel Sales Enterprise > Page tab.
 - b. Right-click and select New Record from the menu.
 - c. Enter IBM Events as the screen name and IBM Events for the Text-String Override.
 - d. Leave the inactive field unchecked
11. Create a screen menu item as follows:
 - a. Access the Application > Siebel Sales Enterprise > Screen Menu Item.
 - b. Right-click and select new record.
 - c. Enter IBM Events as the screen name and IBM Events for the Text-String Override.
 - d. Leave the inactive field unchecked.
12. Create a new Business Object Schema Version for IBM project and associate it to Schema Version BC.
13. Apply the physical schema for the new tables in your local database. You can do this by querying on the new table, CX_IBM_EVENT. Select the current query to create a physical schema. Make sure that you leave the table space and index space blank.
14. Activate the new schema using Activate.
15. Add or modify the Siebel VB or e-scripts for the BC that corresponds to the business objects used at your site. Siebel scripts triggers event notification for the configured objects (sample scripts are in the

- <studio_root>/etc/Siebel folder). In the Siebel script, ensure that the event will not get created for the connector user name to prohibit the ping-pong effect.
16. Compile the updated and locked projects in your local database to create a new Siebel repository (.srf) file.
 17. Open Siebel Sales Enterprise in your local database. You need to have administrative privileges to perform the following:
 - a. Create a new view called IBM Event List View.
 - b. Create a new responsibility called IBM Responsibility for IBM Event List View.
 - c. Add the employees or teams who are responsible for receiving events to the newly created IBM Responsibility.
 - d. Create the IBMCONN (or your connector user name) user and add it to IBM Responsibility and Administrative Responsibility.
 18. Test the application in your local environment. Ensure that you have the visibility to IBM Event List View and that an event is generated in the view after you create a record in supported object. For example, create a new account in Siebel and check if a new account event appears in the IBM Event List View.
 19. Check-in the new and updated projects into your development server.
 20. Activate the new tables in the development database.
 21. Compile a new Siebel.srf file and deploy it on the server.

You have successfully created the event store in the Siebel server.

Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

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Using the Siebel Get Created Objects activity

Use the Get Created Objects activity to poll for Siebel Business Objects, Business Components, or Siebel Integration Objects from the Siebel server.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the necessary vendor software JAR files.
- The valid connection details to connect to the Siebel server.
- Configured the *EventStore* business objects and triggers to generate events. For more information, see [Prerequisites for starter activities in Siebel](#).

About this task

Use this task to poll for either a Business Component hierarchy or an Integration Object, created on the Siebel server.

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Siebel folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Created Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Siebel Get Created Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Siebel endpoint.
7. You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing a Siebel endpoint](#).
8. To make any required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Specify the repository name in the Repository Name text box. Repository name is populated with a default value, which represents the Siebel Repository. Specify the repository name if it is not the same as the default value. All the metadata needed for discovering the objects are retrieved from this repository.
11. Specify the Event Store name configured in the Siebel server. The activity polls this Event Store for new events.
12. Select one of the following objects for integration.

To work with **Business Object/Business Component**:

- a. Select the Object Type as Business Object / Business Component.
- b. Click Browse to display the list of Business Objects.
- c. Use the Business Object Filter to filter the business objects during selection.
- d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the current object list from the Siebel server.
- e. Select a Business Object from the business object list and click Next.
- f. The list of business components for the selected business object is displayed. Select a business component and click Finish to generate schemas for the map output.
- g. If the selected business component is a child of a parent business component, then both the parent and the child business components are generated with a relation between them.

To work with Integration Object:

- a. Select the Object Type as Integration Object.
- b. Click Browse to display the list of integration objects.
- c. Use Integration Object Filter to filter the integration objects during selection.
- d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the object list from the Siebel server.
- e. Select an integration object and click Finish to generate schemas for the map output.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. Similarly, configure the **Delivery Rules** panel. For more information, see [Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for Siebel Activities](#).

The activity polls the event store at configured interval for create events and fetches the actual object for that event. This object is sent to the orchestration. After processing, the event is marked as archived in the event store.


14. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Siebel Get Create Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Siebel_get_created_objects_activity.html

Using the Siebel Get Updated Objects activity

Use the Get Updated Objects activity to poll for events that were updated on the Siebel Sever.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the necessary vendor software JAR files.
- The valid connection details to connect to the Siebel server.
- Configured the *EventStore* business objects and triggers to generate events. For more information, see [Prerequisites for starter activities in Siebel](#)

About this task

Use this task to get updated Business Component hierarchy or updated Integration Objects on the Siebel server.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Siebel folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Updated Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Siebel Get Updated Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click **Pick Endpoint**.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Siebel endpoint.
7. You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing a Siebel endpoint](#).
8. To make any required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Enter the repository name in the Repository Name text box. Repository name is populated with a default value, which represents the Siebel Repository. Enter the repository name if it is not same as the default

- value. All the metadata needed for discovering the objects are retrieved from this repository.
11. Specify the Event Store name which is configured in the Siebel server. The activity polls this Event Store for new events.
 12. Select one of the following objects for integration.

To work with **Business Object/Business Component**:

- a. Select the Object Type as Business Object / Business Component.
- b. Click Browse to display the list of Business Objects.
- c. Use the Business Object Filter to filter the business objects during selection.
- d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the current object list from the Siebel server.
- e. Select a Business Object from the business object list and click Next
- f. The list of business components for the selected business object is displayed. Select a business component and click Finish to generate schemas for the map input and map output.
- g. If the selected business component is a child of a parent business component, then both the parent and the child business components are generated with a relation between them.

To work with Integration Object:


- a. Select the Object Type as Integration Object.
 - b. Click Browse to display the list of integration objects.
 - c. Use Integration Object Filter to filter the integration objects during selection.
 - d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the object list from the Siebel server.
 - e. Select an integration object and click Finish to generate schemas for the map output.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. Similarly, configure the **Delivery Rules** panel. For more information, see [Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for Siebel Activities](#)
 14. The activity polls the event store at configured intervals for update events, and fetches the actual object for that event. This object is sent to the orchestration. After processing, the event is marked as archived in the event store.
 15. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
 16. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Siebel Get Updated Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Siebel_get_updated_inbound_activity.html

Using the Siebel Get Deleted Objects activity

Use the Get Deleted Objects activity to poll for deleted Siebel Business Objects, Business Components, or Siebel Integration Objects from the Siebel server.

Before you begin

Ensure that you have:

- Installed the necessary vendor software JAR files.
- The valid connection details to connect to the Siebel server.
- Configured the *EventStore* business objects and triggers to generate events. For more information, see [Prerequisites for starter activities in Siebel](#)

About this task

Use this task to poll for events that are generated because of a delete operation performed on the Siebel Business Application server.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Siebel folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Deleted Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Siebel Get Deleted Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Siebel endpoint.
7. You can create the endpoint by clicking New and enter the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating or editing a Siebel endpoint](#).
8. To make any required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Enter the repository name in the Repository Name text box. Repository name is populated with a default value, which represents the Siebel Repository. Specify the repository name if it is not same as the default value. All the metadata needed for discovering the objects are retrieved from this repository.
11. Specify the event store name which is configured in the Siebel server. The activity polls this event store for new events.
12. Select one of the following objects for integration.

To work with **Business Object/Business Component**:

- a. Select the Object Type as Business Object / Business Component.
- b. Click Browse to display the list of Business Objects.
- c. Use the Business Object Filter to filter the business objects during selection.
- d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the current object list from the Siebel server.
- e. Select a Business Object from the business object list and click Next.
- f. The list of business components for the selected business object is displayed. Select a business component and click Finish to generate schemas for the map input and map output.
- g. If the selected business component is a child of a parent business component, then both the parent and the child business components are generated with a relation between them.

To work with Integration Object:

- a. Select the Object Type as Integration Object.
- b. Click Browse to display the list of integration objects.
- c. Use Integration Object Filter to filter the integration objects during selection.


- d. Optional: Click Refresh to update the object list from the Siebel server.
- e. Select an integration object and click Finish to generate schemas for the map output.
- 13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. Similarly, configure the **Delivery Rules** panel. For more information, see [Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for Siebel Activities](#)
- 14. The activity polls the event store at configured interval for delete events and fetches the actual object for that event. This object is sent to the orchestration. After processing, the event is marked as archived in the event store.
- 15. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
- 16. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Siebel Get Deleted Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

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Specifying Retry and Delivery Options for Siebel Activities

Specifying the Retry and Delivery parameters is one of the tasks to configure a Siebel activity configuration.

About this task

This section contains the procedure for configuring the retry options for Siebel outbound and inbound activities.

Procedure

1. Select the Retry task from the Checklist. The retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a Siebel server as described in the following table.

Table 1. Retry options

Retry Fields	Description

Retry Fields	Description
Wait__seconds between each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the Siebel server.
Retry count	Specifies the retry count — the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the Siebel server before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. Note: If you deploy an orchestration that contains the inbound or outbound Siebel activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified Siebel server, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an Error in the system and orchestration logs and stops processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.

Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

Related tasks:

[Using the Siebel Receive activity](#)

[Using the Siebel Invoke activity](#)

Specifying the delivery rules options for Siebel inbound activities

About this task

This section contains the procedure for configuring the delivery rule options for Siebel inbound activities.

Procedure


1. Select the Delivery Rules task from the Checklist. The delivery rules pane is displayed.
2. Configure the delivery rules options to select the activity's behavior as described in the following table.

Table 2. Delivery rules

Delivery Rules Fields	Description
Poll for changes every _____ days/hours/minutes/seconds	Specifies the time interval to poll for objects in the Siebel server. (For example, the Get created object activity polls for create objects at the specified time interval.) Time can be selected in the format days, hours, minutes, or seconds.

Delivery Rules Fields	Description
Fetch _____ rows per poll	Specifies how many objects or components the activity should retrieve from the Siebel server in each poll cycle.
Delivery Messages	
ATMOST_ONCE	A non-persistent mode in which a Siebel business object or business component is either delivered once or not delivered at all.
ATLEAST_ONCE	A persistent mode, in which the Siebel business objects or business components are not lost. As a result, there are chances that the orchestration can receive events once or more than once.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Siebel_Specifying_Retry_Parameters_for_Siebel_Activities.html

Siebel properties file

The Siebel connector uses Siebel API (Java™ Data Bean) to interact with the Siebel server. Siebel API also provides a way to configure the connection settings on the client side. The `siebel.properties` file located in your classpath, can be used to provide default parameters for client applications connecting to Siebel applications using the Java Data Bean.

The following table describes the properties of the `siebel.properties` file:

Table 1. Siebel.properties file description


Property Type	Property	Description
Siebel Connection Manager Connection properties	siebel.c onmgr.t xtimeou t	Indicates the transaction timeout (in milliseconds). The default value is 600000 = 10 minutes.
	siebel.c onmgr.p oolsize	Indicates the connection pool size. Connection pool maintains a set of connections to a specific server process. the default value is 2. Max connection pool size is 500.
	siebel.c onmgr.s esstime out	Indicates the transaction timeout (in seconds) on the client side. The default value is 2700 = 45 minutes.
	siebel.c onmgr.r etry	Indicates the number of open session retries. The default value is 3.

Property Type	Property	Description
	siebel.conmgr.jce	Indicates the usage of Java Cryptography Extension. 1 for jce usage and 0 for no usage.
	siebel.conmgr.virtualhosts	Indicates the list of virtual servers representing a group of similar servers that perform the same function, for example, call center functions. An incoming login for the call center Virtual Server tries servers from the list in a round-robin fashion. An example of such a list is as follows: <code>VirtualServer1=sid1:host:port,sid2:host:port...;VirtualServer2=...</code> , where Virtual Servers is an assigned list of real Siebel Servers with host names and port numbers (of the local SCB).
Siebel Generated code for JCA/JDB properties	Siebel connection string siebel.username	Indicates the Siebel connection string. Indicates the user name to be used for logging on to Object Manager.
	siebel.user.password	Indicates the password to be used for logging on to Object Manager.
	siebel.user.language	Indicates the preferred language of the user.
	siebel.user.encrypted	Indicates whether the user name and password are encrypted.
	siebel.jdb.classname	Indicates the default JDB classname.
Java System Properties Note: Java System Properties are System Properties, not Siebel Properties.	file.encoding	Indicates the code page on the client side. For example, cp1252, utf8, unicodeBig, cp942.

The following is a sample siebel.properties file:

```
siebel.conmgr.txttimeout = 3600
siebel.conmgr.poolsize = 5
siebel.conmgr.sesstimeout = 300000
```


Parent topic: [Siebel activities](#)

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Security Token Service (STS) activities

- [Creating or editing an STS endpoint](#)
A Security Token Service (STS) endpoint provides the connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to an STS. You can request for a SAML 2.0 token/assertion from STS, which complies to WS-Trust specification.
- [Using the STS Get SAML 2.0 Token activity](#)
The **Get SAML 2.0 Token** activity is used to send a request that conforms to WS-Trust standard specification, to the Secure Token Service (STS) Provider. The request message is called the Request Security Token (RST). On receiving the request, the STS generates the requested token and sends it as part of the response, called the Request Security Token Response (RSTR). For this activity, the only token that is requested is SAML 2.0 token/assertion.

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Creating or editing an STS endpoint

A Security Token Service (STS) endpoint provides the connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to an STS. You can request for a SAML 2.0 token/assertion from STS, which complies to WS-Trust specification.

1. In the Create Endpoint or Edit Endpoint pane, configure the fields as described in the following table.
Note: Changing the configuration properties of an endpoint affects all orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project as the edits are global, not local.

Table 1. Endpoint field description

Field Name	Description
Location	
Host Name	Specify the host name or IP address of the STS that this endpoint connects to.
Port	Specify the port number of the STS.
Login	Description

Field Name	Description
Log into the Server as an Anonymous User	Select this option to connect to STS anonymously (where user account is not required).
Log into the Server with User Name and Password	Select this option to connect to STS using a user account. Specify the User Name and Password.
Authentication	Allows you to select the type of authentication that the Integration Appliance uses when connecting to an STS server. From the list, select one of the following authentication options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic - Sends the user name and password you specify unencrypted to the server. This authentication scheme is the least secure.
User Name	Specify the User Name for the account used to connect to the STS.
Password	Specify the Password for the account used to connect to the STS.
Security	Description
None	Select the None option if no security is required.
HTTPS	Select the HTTPS option to enable secure HTTP over SSL. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When client authentication is required, select the Client Certificate Alias Name check box to specify that the Integration Appliance acting as a client should provide a certificate to STS. If selected, the name of the certificate must be provided. (For information about how to import a client certificate and private key for use with client authentication, see Importing an end-entity certificate). A certificate specified at the endpoint level with this check box takes precedence over certificates specified on the Security > Certificates > Settings > Client SSL entry in the WMC.
Protocol Version	Select the protocol used for secure HTTP over SSL. By default, the protocol version used is SSL_TLSv2.
Connection Timeout - The following Connection field is available for the Remote Server option only.	

Field Name	Description
Time out after ___ seconds when establishing a connection to the Endpoint.	The number of seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the Endpoint and the time it takes for the endpoint to respond to the connection request. For an STS activity, the amount of time the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to STS before timing out. A connection timeout is different from an activity timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the endpoint has already been established. An activity timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity invoking a request on an endpoint and the time it takes the endpoint to respond.
Proxy - The following Proxy fields are available for the Remote Server option only.	
Login	Description
Connect via a Proxy Server	Select this check box if the request has to be routed through a proxy server.
Authentication	<p>Allows you to select the type of authentication that the Integration Appliance uses when connecting to a remote server. From the drop-down list, select one of the following authentication options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic - Sends the user name and password you specify unencrypted to the server. This authentication schema is the least secure. • NTLM - Requires an instance of NTCredentials to be available for the domain name of the server. This authentication is the most secure authentication option as the Integration Appliance authenticates a connection and not a request; therefore, the Integration Appliance authenticates every time a new connection is made. The connection must remain open during the authentication process. You cannot use NTLM to authenticate with both a proxy and server. Note: Do not prefix the user name with the domain.
Realm / Domain	If you select the Basic authentication option, specify a realm. If you select the NTLM authentication option, specify a domain.
Host Name	Specify the host name or IP address of the proxy server that the request is routed through.
Port	Specify the port number of the proxy server that the request is routed through.
User Name	Specify the User Name for the account used to connect to the proxy server.
Password	Specify the Password for the account used to connect to the proxy server.
Remote Endpoint Configuration	

Field Name	Description
Endpoint Runs Behind Firewall	Select the check box to enable the secure connector name property so that secure connector can be used if STS is running behind a firewall.
Secure Connector Name	Specify the name of the secure connector that is used to connect to STS running behind a firewall. For example, if an orchestration containing an STS activity is deployed on to Cast Iron Live (cloud), then the secure connector needs to be configured.

Note: For some of the fields in the endpoint, you can define configuration properties to supply the values for these fields. The



icon is displayed when you click in a field that supports a configuration property and a configuration property of the same type has already been configured for the project.

Parent topic: [Security Token Service \(STS\) activities](#)

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Using the STS Get SAML 2.0 Token activity

The **Get SAML 2.0 Token** activity is used to send a request that conforms to WS-Trust standard specification, to the Secure Token Service (STS) Provider. The request message is called the Request Security Token (RST). On receiving the request, the STS generates the requested token and sends it as part of the response, called the Request Security Token Response (RSTR). For this activity, the only token that is requested is SAML 2.0 token/assertion.

Configuring the Get SAML 2.0 Token activity in the orchestration

1. Create or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the STS folder.
3. Drag the **Get SAML 2.0 Token** activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The **Checklist** is displayed.

The Get SAML 2.0 Token activity requires an endpoint to be configured, to send the request for a security token to the external STS (Secure Token Service). The endpoint that is used in this activity is called the STS endpoint. The configuration parameters and functions of this endpoint are similar to the HTTP endpoint. However, this endpoint has properties that are specific to the Get SAML 2.0 activity.

Creating, selecting, or editing an STS endpoint

1. Click **Pick Endpoint** task from the **Checklist** and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the "Configure the activity" procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:

- a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane is displayed.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane is displayed.
2. Create or edit an STS endpoint. See [Creating or editing an STS endpoint](#).

Configuring the activity

1. Select the **Configure** task from the **Checklist**. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields and check boxes in this pane as described in the following table:

Table 1.

Field or Check Box	Description
Request	
URL (Path name)	Specifies the URI path that the Get SAML 2.0 Token activity sends the request to, for example: TrustServerWST13/services/RequestSecurityToken. The string that you specify in this field must exclude the protocol, for example: http://, the host name, and the port number of the Integration Appliance. The full URL is automatically constructed from the host name of the Integration Appliance, the port number that is specified in the STS endpoint, and the URI path that is specified in this field. For example, if the complete URL that the Get SAML 2.0 Token activity sends the request to, is http://<applianceHost>:<appliancePort>/<URI>, in this field, you must only specify the URI.
SAML Security Token Service Properties	
Request Type	This activity supports only issuing of SAML 2.0 token/assertion. The default value is <code>http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-sx/ws-trust/200512/Issue</code> .

Field or Checklist Box	Description
Request	
Applies To	The recipient endpoint reference/entity of SAML 2.0 token/assertion.
Issuer	The authority responsible for issuing SAML 2.0 token/assertion.
Token Type	This activity issues SAML 2.0 token/assertion. The default value is <code>SAML v2.0</code> . If you select <code>None</code> as the Token Type, then, no token type is sent as a part of the request. Note: Some STS services do not require a token type, but issues tokens that are based on the configurations in STS.

Mapping the input into the activity

1. Select the **Map Inputs** task in the **Checklist**. The header input parameter is displayed in the To Activity pane of the **Map Inputs** task. The header input parameter is mandatory. The header input parameter contains the WSSE standard `Username Token`.
2. To view the optional input parameter in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select `Map > Show Optional Parameters` from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the `Show Optional Parameters` option. If the `Map > Show Optional Parameters` option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active. The `requestSecurityToken`, `location`, `httpheaders`, and `proxyConnection` input parameters are displayed.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional `httpheaders` input parameter:

Table 2.

Input parameter	Description
<code>requestSecurityToken</code>	<code>requestSecurityToken</code> is sent as a SOAP body, which is interpreted by STS. Based on the input, STS issues the SAML 2.0 token/assertion. Note: If the values are populated in <code>requestSecurityToken</code> , the values that are provided in the Configure panel will not be considered.

3. Create a map between the orchestration variable or variables and the input parameter or parameters. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping

Mapping the output of the activity

1. Select the **Map Outputs** task in the **Checklist**. The output parameters of the activity are displayed in the From Activity pane of the **Map Outputs** task as described in the following table:


Table 3.

Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders	Specifies the HTTP header of the response.
assertion	Contains the SAML 2.0 token/assertion.

2. Create a map between the output parameter or parameters of the activity and orchestration variable or variables. See [Creating a map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Parent topic: [Security Token Service \(STS\) activities](#)

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SugarCRM activities


- [Creating and editing a SugarCRM endpoint](#)
SugarCRM endpoints contain the connection information that studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the SugarCRM Server. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.
- [Using the SugarCRM Upsert Object activity](#)
Use the SugarCRM Upsert Object activity to update or insert objects in the SugarCRM instance.
- [Using the SugarCRM Get Reports activity](#)
Use the SugarCRM Get Reports activity to retrieve specific reports from the SugarCRM server.
- [Using the SugarCRM Delete Object activity](#)
Use the SugarCRM Delete Object activity to delete objects from the SugarCRM server.
- [Using the SugarCRM Get Object activity](#)
Use the SugarCRM Get Object activity to get objects from the SugarCRM server.
- [Using the SugarCRM Query Object activity](#)
Use the SugarCRM Query Object activity to query objects in the SugarCRM server.
- [Using the SugarCRM Get ServerInfo activity](#)
Use the SugarCRM Get ServerInfo activity to retrieve server information such as *flavor*, *version*, and *GMT time* from the SugarCRM server.
- [Using the SugarCRM Get UserInfo activity](#)
Use the SugarCRM Get UserInfo activity to retrieve user information such as *userId*, *userTeamId*, and so on from the SugarCRM server.
- [Using the SugarCRM Search activity](#)
Use the SugarCRM Search activity to search for objects from specified records. This activity searches for details based on a query.
- [Using the SugarCRM Set Relationship activity](#)
Use the SugarCRM Set Relationship activity to set a single relationship between two records.
- [Using the SugarCRM Delete Relationship activity](#)
Use the SugarCRM Delete Relationship activity to delete a relationship between two records.
- [Using the SugarCRM Get Relationship activity](#)
Use the SugarCRM Get Relationship activity to retrieve the relationship data between two records. For

example, you can use this activity to retrieve the contact details of a particular account and also retrieve the e-mail address and the opportunities information for that contact.

- [Specifying the Retry options for SugarCRM activities](#)

Specifying the Retry parameters is one of the tasks to configure an SugarCRM activity. The SugarCRM connector uses a single login session for all connections to an SugarCRM endpoint. If a session expires, the connector automatically establishes a new session. The connector does not count the initial attempt to reacquiring the session as a retry attempt. The connector assumes the typical connector retry behavior after the initial attempt to reacquire a session fails.

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Creating and editing a SugarCRM endpoint

SugarCRM endpoints contain the connection information that studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the SugarCRM Server. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.

About this task

Use this task to create or edit a SugarCRM endpoint.

Note:

Any changes you make to the SugarCRM endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all the orchestrations that use that endpoint, as the edits are global, not local.

Procedure

1. Drag an activity from the SugarCRM folder under the Activities tab to the Orchestration window. The Summary panel is displayed.
2. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist. The Pick Endpoint panel is displayed.
3. Click one of the following buttons:
 - a. Browse - To select an existing endpoint from Project Explorer. The Project Explorer shows all the endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties are displayed in the Pick Endpoint panel.
 - b. New - To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window opens.
 - c. Edit - To edit the existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window opens.
4. Complete the fields defined in the following table:

Table 1. Connection Details


Field Name	Description
Connection Details	
SugarCRM URL	Specify the SOAP URL of your SugarCRM instance. For example, <code>http://<sugar-server>/<sugar-path>/soap.php</code> .
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect to the SugarCRM server.

Field Name	Description
Password	Specifies the password associated with the user name to connect to the SugarCRM server.
Application Name	Indicates the name of the application used. The application name is populated automatically as <i>sugarCRM</i> .
Version	Indicates the version of the application used. The version number is populated automatically as <i>2.0</i> .

- When finished, click Test Connection to confirm that you can connect to the SugarCRM system.
- Click OK.

Parent topic: [SugarCRM activities](#)

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Using the SugarCRM Upsert Object activity

Use the SugarCRM Upsert Object activity to update or insert objects in the SugarCRM instance.

About this task

Use this task to update or insert objects in the SugarCRM instance. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

- In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the SugarCRM folder contents.
- Drag the Upsert Object activity icon onto the orchestration. The SugarCRM Upsert Object Checklist is displayed.
- In the Checklist, click Summary.
- Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
- In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
- Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant SugarCRM endpoint.
- Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a SugarCRM endpoint](#).
- To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
- In the Checklist, click Configure.
- Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse SugarCRM window is displayed.
- In Browse SugarCRM, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field

- preferences are displayed.
- In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
 - In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for SugarCRM activities](#).
 - Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Upsert Object activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
 - Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
 - Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
 - Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.


Results

You have configured the SugarCRM Upsert Object activity.

Note: You can add more than one object as input to this activity. To add more than one object as input, right click the object in the To Activity pane of Map Inputs, and select Expand Occurrences. Only multiple objects of the same type is supported.

Parent topic: [SugarCRM activities](#)

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Using the SugarCRM Get Reports activity

Use the SugarCRM Get Reports activity to retrieve specific reports from the SugarCRM server.

About this task

Use this task to retrieve specific reports from the SugarCRM server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

- In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the SugarCRM folder contents.
- Drag the Get Reports activity icon onto the orchestration. The SugarCRM Get Reports Checklist is displayed.
- In the Checklist, click Summary.
- Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
- In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.

6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant SugarCRM endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a SugarCRM endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Get Reports activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.


Results

You have configured the SugarCRM Get Reports activity.

Note: You can add more than one object as input to this activity. To add more than one object as input, right click the object in the To Activity pane of Map Inputs, and select Expand Occurrences. Only multiple objects of the same type is supported.

Parent topic: [SugarCRM activities](#)

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Using the SugarCRM Delete Object activity

Use the SugarCRM Delete Object activity to delete objects from the SugarCRM server.

About this task

Use this task to delete objects from the SugarCRM server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the SugarCRM folder contents.
2. Drag the Delete Object activity icon onto the orchestration. The SugarCRM Delete Object Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.

4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant SugarCRM endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a SugarCRM endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse SugarCRM window is displayed.
11. In Browse SugarCRM, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list.
12. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for SugarCRM activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Delete Object activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.


Results

You have configured the SugarCRM Delete Object activity.

Note: You can add more than one object as input to this activity. To add more than one object as input, right click the object in the To Activity pane of Map Inputs, and select Expand Occurrences. Only multiple objects of the same type is supported.

Parent topic: [SugarCRM activities](#)

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Using the SugarCRM Get Object activity

Use the SugarCRM Get Object activity to get objects from the SugarCRM server.

About this task

Use this task to get objects from the SugarCRM server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the SugarCRM folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Object activity icon onto the orchestration. The SugarCRM Get Object Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant SugarCRM endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a SugarCRM endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse SugarCRM window is displayed.
11. In Browse SugarCRM, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list.
12. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
13. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
14. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for SugarCRM activities](#).
15. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Get Object activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
16. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for the element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time, if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
17. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
18. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the SugarCRM Get Object activity.

Note: You can add more than one object as input to this activity. To add more than one object as input, right click the object in the To Activity pane of Map Inputs, and select Expand Occurrences. Only multiple objects of the same type is supported.

Parent topic: [SugarCRM activities](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

Using the SugarCRM Query Object activity

Use the SugarCRM Query Object activity to query objects in the SugarCRM server.

About this task

Use this task to query objects in the SugarCRM server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure


1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the SugarCRM folder contents.
2. Drag the Query Object activity icon onto the orchestration. The SugarCRM Query Object Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant SugarCRM endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a SugarCRM endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse SugarCRM window is displayed.
11. In Browse SugarCRM, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list.
12. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
13. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
14. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for SugarCRM activities](#).
15. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Query Object activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
Note: To retrieve all deleted objects, set the required string in the QueryString, under Map Inputs. For example, to retrieve all deleted account objects, the query string should be `accounts.deleted=1`.
16. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
17. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
18. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the SugarCRM Query Object activity.

Parent topic: [SugarCRM activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SugarCRM_query_activity.html

Using the SugarCRM Get ServerInfo activity

Use the SugarCRM Get ServerInfo activity to retrieve server information such as *flavor*, *version*, and *GMT time* from the SugarCRM server.

About this task

Use this task to retrieve server information such as *flavor*, *version*, and *GMT time* from the SugarCRM server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.


Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the SugarCRM folder contents.
2. Drag the Get ServerInfo activity icon onto the orchestration. The SugarCRM Get ServerInfo Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant SugarCRM endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a SugarCRM endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Get ServerInfo activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
10. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
11. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the SugarCRM Get ServerInfo activity.

Parent topic: [SugarCRM activities](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SugarCRM_getserverinfo_activity.html

Using the SugarCRM Get UserInfo activity

Use the SugarCRM Get UserInfo activity to retrieve user information such as *userId*, *userTeamId*, and so on from the SugarCRM server.

About this task

Use this task to retrieve user information such as *userId*, *userTeamId*, and so on from the SugarCRM server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the SugarCRM folder contents.
2. Drag the Get UserInfo activity icon onto the orchestration. The SugarCRM Get UserInfo Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant SugarCRM endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a SugarCRM endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Get UserInfo activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
10. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
11. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the SugarCRM Get UserInfo activity.

Parent topic: [SugarCRM activities](#)

Using the SugarCRM Search activity

Use the SugarCRM Search activity to search for objects from specified records. This activity searches for details based on a query.

About this task

Use this task to to search for objects from specified records. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure


1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the SugarCRM folder contents.
2. Drag the Search activity icon onto the orchestration. The SugarCRM Search Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant SugarCRM endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a SugarCRM endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Search activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the SugarCRM Search activity.

Parent topic: [SugarCRM activities](#)

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Using the SugarCRM Set Relationship activity

Use the SugarCRM Set Relationship activity to set a single relationship between two records.

About this task

Use this task to set a single relationship between two records. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the SugarCRM folder contents.
2. Drag the Set Relationship activity icon onto the orchestration. The SugarCRM Set Relationship Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant SugarCRM endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a SugarCRM endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse SugarCRM window is displayed.
11. In Browse SugarCRM, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list.
12. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
13. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
14. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for SugarCRM activities](#).
15. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Set Relationship activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
16. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
17. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
18. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.


Results

You have configured the SugarCRM Set Relationship activity.

Note: You can add more than one object as input to this activity. To add more than one object as input, right click the object in the To Activity pane of Map Inputs, and select Expand Occurrences. Only multiple objects of the same type is supported.

Parent topic: [SugarCRM activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SugarCRM_set_relationship_activity.html

Using the SugarCRM Delete Relationship activity

Use the SugarCRM Delete Relationship activity to delete a relationship between two records.

About this task

Use this task to delete a relationship between two records. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the SugarCRM folder contents.
2. Drag the Delete Relationship activity icon onto the orchestration. The SugarCRM Delete Relationship Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant SugarCRM endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a SugarCRM endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse SugarCRM window is displayed.
11. In Browse SugarCRM, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list.
12. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
13. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
14. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for SugarCRM activities](#).
15. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Delete Relationship activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
16. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.

Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.

17. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
18. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.


Results

You have configured the SugarCRM Delete Relationship activity.

Note: You can add more than one object as input to this activity. To add more than one object as input, right click the object in the To Activity pane of Map Inputs, and select Expand Occurrences. Only multiple objects of the same type is supported.

Parent topic: [SugarCRM activities](#)

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Using the SugarCRM Get Relationship activity

Use the SugarCRM Get Relationship activity to retrieve the relationship data between two records. For example, you can use this activity to retrieve the contact details of a particular account and also retrieve the e-mail address and the opportunities information for that contact.

About this task

Use this task to retrieve the relationship data between two records. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the SugarCRM folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Relationship activity icon onto the orchestration. The SugarCRM Get Relationship Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant SugarCRM endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.

Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a SugarCRM endpoint](#).

8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse SugarCRM window is displayed.
11. In Browse SugarCRM, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list.
12. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
13. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
14. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for SugarCRM activities](#).
15. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Get Relationship activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
16. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
17. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
18. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.


Results

You have configured the SugarCRM Get Relationship activity.

Note: You can add more than one object as input to this activity. To add more than one object as input, right click the object in the To Activity pane of Map Inputs, and select Expand Occurrences. Only multiple objects of the same type is supported.

Parent topic: [SugarCRM activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/SugarCRM_get_relationship_activity.html

Specifying the Retry options for SugarCRM activities

Specifying the Retry parameters is one of the tasks to configure an SugarCRM activity. The SugarCRM connector uses a single login session for all connections to an SugarCRM endpoint. If a session expires, the connector automatically establishes a new session. The connector does not count the initial attempt to reacquiring the session as a retry attempt. The connector assumes the typical connector retry behavior after the initial attempt to reacquire a session fails.

About this task

Use this task to configure the Retry options for SugarCRM activities.

Procedure


1. Select the Retry task from the Checklist. The retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry and timeout options for connecting to an SugarCRM instance, as described in the following table:

Table 1. Retry options

Retry Fields	Description
Wait ___ seconds between each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the SugarCRM instance.
Try to connect ___ times before failing.	<p>Specifies the retry count — the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the SugarCRM instance before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job.</p> <p>Note: If you deploy an orchestration that contains the SugarCRM activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified SugarCRM instance, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an Error in the system and orchestration logs and stops processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3, the first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p>
Activity Timeout	
Timeout after _____ seconds when the endpoint does not respond to a request.	Specifies the number of seconds the Integration Appliance waits before timing out, when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.

Parent topic: [SugarCRM activities](#)

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Taleo activities

- [Creating and editing a Taleo endpoint](#)
Taleo endpoints contain the connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the Taleo HR Community, Resources, Application, and Recruitment database. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.
- [Using the Taleo Create Attachments activity](#)
Use the Taleo Create Attachments activity to create appended files associated with an object. For example, creating interview letters and appointment orders for a candidate in the Taleo server.
- [Using the Taleo Create Objects activity](#)
Use the Taleo Create Objects activity to create objects such as Employee, Task, Calendar Event, Account, Candidate, Contact, Interview, Requisition, and User in the Taleo server.
- [Using the Taleo Get Objects activity](#)
Use the Taleo Get Objects activity to get objects such as Employee, Task, Calendar Event, Account, Candidate, Contact, Interview, Requisition, and User from the Taleo server.
- [Using the Taleo Search Objects activity](#)
Use the Taleo Search Objects activity to search for objects based on the search value entered in the field name, in the Taleo server.
- [Using the Taleo Delete Objects activity](#)
Use the Taleo Objects activity to delete objects such as Employee, Task, Calendar Event, Account, Candidate, Contact, Interview, Requisition, and User from the Taleo server.
- [Using the Taleo Set Associated Users activity](#)
Use the Taleo Set Associated Users activity to set an association with specific users and requisitions, in the Taleo server. Requisitions contain details of all the job openings that you want to track in Taleo.
- [Using the Taleo Set Binary Resume activity](#)
Use the Taleo Set Binary Resume activity to append resumes in a binary format (Word, PDF, and so on) to Candidate IDs in the Taleo server.
- [Using the Taleo Submit Candidates activity](#)
Use the Taleo Submit Candidates activity to submit candidates (Candidate ID) who are either applicants, employee referrals, sourced prospects, or agency submissions, for requisitions (job openings) in the Taleo server.
- [Using the Taleo Update Attachments activity](#)
Use the Taleo Update Attachments activity to update attachments associated with Candidates in the Taleo server. The update request replaces the existing attachment file.
- [Using the Taleo Update Objects activity](#)
Use the Taleo Update Objects activity to update objects such as Employee, Task, Calendar Event, Account, Candidate, Contact, Interview, Requisition, and User in the Taleo server.
- [Using the Taleo Upsert Objects activity](#)
Use the Taleo Upsert Objects activity to insert or update employee records in the Taleo server.
- [Specifying retry parameters for Taleo activities](#)
Specifying the retry parameters is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a Taleo activity.

Creating and editing a Taleo endpoint

Taleo endpoints contain the connection information that Studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the Taleo HR Community, Resources, Application, and Recruitment database. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.

About this task

Use this task to create or edit a Taleo endpoint. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

Note:

Any changes you make to the Taleo endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all the orchestrations that use that endpoint, as the edits are global, not local.

To create and edit a Taleo endpoint, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Drag an activity from the Taleo folder under the Activities tab, to the Orchestration window. The Summary panel is displayed.
2. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist. The Pick Endpoint panel is displayed.
3. Click one of the following buttons:
 - a. **Browse** - To select an existing endpoint from Project Explorer. The Project Explorer shows all the endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties are displayed in the Pick Endpoint panel.
 - b. **New** - To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window opens.
 - c. **Edit** - To edit the existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window opens.
4. In the Create Endpoint window, complete the fields defined in the following table:

Table 1. Connection details


Field Name	Description
Connection Details	
Instance Name	Specifies the name of the Taleo instance.
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect to the Taleo server.
Password	Specifies the password associated with the user name to connect to the Taleo server.

5. When finished, click Test Connection to confirm that you can connect to the Taleo system.
6. Click OK.

Results

You have created or edited a Taleo endpoint.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Taleo_creating_an_endpoint_activity.html

Using the Taleo Create Attachments activity

Use the Taleo Create Attachments activity to create appended files associated with an object. For example, creating interview letters and appointment orders for a candidate in the Taleo server.

About this task

Use this task to create attachments in the Taleo server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Taleo Create Attachments activity, complete the following steps:


Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Taleo folder contents.
2. Drag the Create Attachments activity icon onto the orchestration. The Taleo Create Attachments Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Taleo endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Taleo endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Create Attachments activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Taleo Create Attachments activity.

Parent topic: [Taleo activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Taleo_create_attachments_activity.html

Using the Taleo Create Objects activity

Use the Taleo Create Objects activity to create objects such as Employee, Task, Calendar Event, Account, Candidate, Contact, Interview, Requisition, and User in the Taleo server.

About this task

Use this task to create objects in the Taleo server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Taleo Create Objects activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Taleo folder contents.
2. Drag the Create Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Taleo Create Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Taleo endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Taleo endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse Taleo window is displayed.
11. In Browse Taleo, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for Taleo activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Create Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which

is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.


16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Taleo Create Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Taleo activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Taleo_create_activity.html

Using the Taleo Get Objects activity

Use the Taleo Get Objects activity to get objects such as Employee, Task, Calendar Event, Account, Candidate, Contact, Interview, Requisition, and User from the Taleo server.

About this task

Use this task to get objects from the Taleo server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure Taleo Get Objects, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Taleo folder contents.
2. Drag the Get Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Taleo Get Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Taleo endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Taleo endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse Taleo window is displayed.
11. In Browse Taleo, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.


12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for Taleo activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Get Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Taleo Get Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Taleo activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Taleo_getobjects_activity.html

Using the Taleo Search Objects activity

Use the Taleo Search Objects activity to search for objects based on the search value entered in the field name, in the Taleo server.

About this task

Use this task to search for objects in the Taleo server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Taleo Search Objects activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Taleo folder contents.
2. Drag the Search Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Taleo Search Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Taleo endpoint.


7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Taleo endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Search Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Taleo Search Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Taleo activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Taleo_search__objects_activity.html

Using the Taleo Delete Objects activity

Use the Taleo Objects activity to delete objects such as Employee, Task, Calendar Event, Account, Candidate, Contact, Interview, Requisition, and User from the Taleo server.

About this task

Use this task to delete objects from the Taleo server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Taleo Delete Objects activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Taleo folder contents.
2. Drag the Delete Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Taleo Delete Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.


5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Taleo endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Taleo endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse Taleo window is displayed.
11. In Browse Taleo, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for Taleo activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Delete Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Taleo Delete Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Taleo activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Taleo_delete_objects_activity.html

Using the Taleo Set Associated Users activity

Use the Taleo Set Associated Users activity to set an association with specific users and requisitions, in the Taleo server. Requisitions contain details of all the job openings that you want to track in Taleo.

About this task

Use this task to set an association with users and requisitions. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Taleo Set Associated Users activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure


1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Taleo folder contents.
2. Drag the Set Associated Users activity icon onto the orchestration. The Taleo Set Associated Users Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Taleo endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Taleo endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Set Associated Users activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Taleo Set Associated Users activity.

Parent topic: [Taleo activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Taleo_set_associated_user_activity.html

Using the Taleo Set Binary Resume activity

Use the Taleo Set Binary Resume activity to append resumes in a binary format (Word, PDF, and so on) to Candidate IDs in the Taleo server.

About this task

Use this task to append binary resumes to Candidate IDs in the Taleo server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Taleo Set Binary Resume activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure


1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Taleo folder contents.
2. Drag the Set Binary Resumes activity icon onto the orchestration. The Taleo Set Binary Resumes Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Taleo endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Taleo endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Set Binary Resumes activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Taleo Set Binary Resumes activity.

Parent topic: [Taleo activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Taleo_set_binary_resume_activity.html

Using the Taleo Submit Candidates activity

Use the Taleo Submit Candidates activity to submit candidates (Candidate ID) who are either applicants, employee referrals, sourced prospects, or agency submissions, for requisitions (job openings) in the Taleo server.

About this task

Use this task to submit candidates in the Taleo server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Taleo Submit Candidates activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure


1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Taleo folder contents.
2. Drag the Submit Candidates activity icon onto the orchestration. The Taleo Submit Candidates Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Taleo endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Taleo endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Submit Candidates activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Taleo Submit Candidates activity.

Parent topic: [Taleo activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Taleo_submit_candidates_activity.html

Using the Taleo Update Attachments activity

Use the Taleo Update Attachments activity to update attachments associated with Candidates in the Taleo server. The update request replaces the existing attachment file.

About this task

Use this task to update attachments in the Taleo server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Taleo Update Attachments activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure


1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Taleo folder contents.
2. Drag the Update Attachments activity icon onto the orchestration. The Taleo Update Attachments Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Taleo endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Taleo endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Update Attachments activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Taleo Update Attachments activity.

Parent topic: [Taleo activities](#)

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Using the Taleo Update Objects activity

Use the Taleo Update Objects activity to update objects such as Employee, Task, Calendar Event, Account, Candidate, Contact, Interview, Requisition, and User in the Taleo server.

About this task

Use this task to update objects in the Taleo server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Taleo Update Objects activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure


1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Taleo folder contents.
2. Drag the Update Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Taleo Update Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Taleo endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Taleo endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse Taleo window is displayed.
11. In Browse Taleo, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for Taleo activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Update Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Taleo Update Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Taleo activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Taleo_update_objects_activity.html

Using the Taleo Upsert Objects activity

Use the Taleo Upsert Objects activity to insert or update employee records in the Taleo server.

About this task

Use this task to insert or update employee records in the Taleo server. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Taleo Upsert Objects activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Taleo folder contents.
2. Drag the Upsert Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Taleo Upsert Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Taleo endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Taleo endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse Taleo window is displayed.
11. In Browse Taleo, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK. The object field preferences are displayed.
12. In Object Field Preferences, select the fields that you would like to map by selecting the corresponding field name check boxes.
13. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying retry parameters for Taleo activities](#).
14. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Upsert Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity


- panel.
15. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
 Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
 16. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
 17. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Taleo Upsert Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Taleo activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Taleo_upsert_object_activity.html

Specifying retry parameters for Taleo activities

Specifying the retry parameters is one of the tasks you must complete to configure a Taleo activity.

About this task

The Taleo connector connects to the Taleo application to execute the activities. If a connection is lost or timed out, the connector automatically establishes a new connection based on the parameters described in Table 1. The connector does not count the initial attempt to reacquiring the session as a retry attempt. The connector assumes the typical connector retry behavior after the initial attempt to reacquire a session fails.

For more information about the configuration tasks in the Checklist, see the help topic for the specific Taleo activity.

To specify the retry parameters, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, select Retry. The Retry panel is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a Taleo application.
 The following table describes the retry options for connecting to a Taleo application:

Table 1. Retry options

Retry Fields	Description
Wait __ second(s) between each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the Taleo application. By default, this parameter is set to 30 seconds.


Retry Fields	Description
Try to connect ___ times before failing.	Specifies the maximum number of times that the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the Taleo application before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. By default this parameter is set to 5 attempts.
Activity Timeout	
Time out after ___ second(s) when the endpoint does not respond to a request.	Specifies the number of seconds the Integration Appliance waits before timing out, when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.

Results

You have configured the retry parameters for Taleo activities.

Parent topic: [Taleo activities](#)

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Web Services Activities

- [Creating or Editing a Web Services Endpoint](#)
You can define two types of Web Services endpoints.
- [Updating a Changed WSDL](#)
If you created a project that uses a WSDL and the WSDL changes, you can attempt to update the existing WSDL with the new WSDL.
- [Web Services Invoke Service Activity](#)
During run time, the Web Services **Invoke Service** activity starts an outside Web Service.
- [Compression/Decompression with the Web Services Invoke Service Activity](#)
During run time, the Web Services Invoke Service activity sends a HTTP request complaint with the HTTP/HTTPS 1.1 protocol to the Web Service. The Invoke Service activity supports compression with the gzip format only and decompression with the gzip or the deflate formats.
- [Web Services Provide Service Activity](#)
During run time the Provide Service activity provides a Web Service that can be started from an outside client.
- [Decompression with the Web Services Provide Service Activity](#)
The Web Services Provide Service activity supports decompression with the gzip format only.
- [Web Services Send Reply Activity](#)
During run time, the Send Reply activity returns a response for a Provide Service activity.
- [Web Services Send Reply with Fault Activity](#)
During run time, the Send Reply with Fault activity returns a fault to the calling orchestration. This activity provides SOAP functionality as a reply configuration option.

- [Compression with the Web Services Send Reply Activity](#)
During run time, the Web Services Send Reply activity sends an HTTP response complaint with the HTTP/HTTPS 1.0 protocol to the client. The Send Reply activity supports compression with the gzip format only.
- [Troubleshooting and support](#)
Troubleshooting techniques and self-help information help you identify and solve problems quickly. Here, you can find potential solutions for issues you would have with the Web Services connector.

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Creating or Editing a Web Services Endpoint

You can define two types of Web Services endpoints.

About this task


For the **Invoke Service** activity - the endpoint defines the remote Web Service server and service that is started during run time.

For the **Provide Service** activity - the endpoint defines the port number and the path of the service provided by the Integration Appliance.

- [Creating or editing an endpoint for an Invoke Service activity](#)
Create or edit a Web Service endpoint for a **Invoke Service** activity.
- [Creating or editing an endpoint for a Provide Service activity](#)
Create or edit a Web Service endpoint for a Provide Service activity.

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Creating or editing an endpoint for an Invoke Service activity

Create or edit a Web Service endpoint for a **Invoke Service** activity.

Procedure

1. In the Create Endpoint or Edit Endpoint pane, select the Remote Server option and click Browse. The Project Explorer displays.
2. In the Project Explorer pane, you can select one of the following options to select a WSDL file:
 - In the Project Explorer pane, select an existing WSDL file that has already been [uploaded into the project](#).
 - Select a WSDL file from the file system: Click Add. In the Add dialog box, browse for the WSDL file and click Add.
 - Download a WSDL file from a URL: Click Add URL. In the Add field, enter the URL of the WSDL to download. Click OK.

Note:

- The WSDL file you select must be compatible with the WSDL 1.1 and WS-I Basic Profile 1.1 specifications.
- While editing an existing Web Service endpoint that is referenced by an Invoke Service activity, if you select a different WSDL for the endpoint, you must select the appropriate operation in the Configure task of the [Web Services Invoke Service Activity](#).

The WSDL Name, Service, Port, and Location fields display with the values specified in the WSDL file as described in the following list:

WSDL Name

XML element in the WSDL file that defines this field:

```
<definitions targetNamespace="http://www.acme.com/wsdl/hello.wsdl"
  xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
  xmlns:tns="http://www.acme.com/wsdl/hello.wsdl"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
  xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/
  ...</definitions>
```

Description: Specifies the name of the Web Service and the namespaces used in the WSDL. In addition, the definitions element is the root element for the rest of the elements that define the Web Service. These other elements are contained within the </definitions> elements in WSDL.

Service

XML element in the WSDL file that defines this field:

```
<service name="HelloWorld">
  <port name="HelloWorld" binding="s0:HelloWorld">
  <soap:address location="http://localhost:7001/WS/HelloWorld.jws"/>
  </port>
</service>
```

Description: Specifies the name of the service. In the WSDL, the service element contains the port and location elements that define the location of the service. One or more services can be defined in a WSDL. If more than one service is defined, you can select a service by selecting the menu in the Service field of the endpoint pane.

Port

XML element in the WSDL file that defines this field:

```
<port name="HelloWorld" binding="s0:HelloWorld">
  <soap:address location="http://localhost:7001/WS/HelloWorld.jws"/>
</port>
```

Description: Specifies the binding of the service. One or more ports can be defined per service in a WSDL. If more than one port is defined for the service, you can select a port by selecting the menu in the Port field of the endpoint pane.

Location

XML element in the WSDL file that defines this field:

```
<soap:address location="http://localhost:7001/WS/HelloWorld.jws"/>
```

Description: Specifies the address for starting the specified service. Typically this is the URL for starting the Soap service.

3. Select a service from the Service list. See the previous table for details.
4. Select a port from the Port list. See the previous table for details.
5. Choose a Login option and specify settings described in the following table as needed.
Note: These options are only available when you select the Remote Server Location option.

Figure 1. Login options

Table 1.

Option/Field Name	Description
Log into the Server as an Anonymous User	Select this option to connect to the server anonymously. No user account information is required.
Log into the Server with User Name and Password	Select this option to connect to the server using a user account. When you select this option, you must choose an authentication mode and specify a user name and password.
Authentication	<p>Allows you to select the type of authentication that the Integration Appliance uses when connecting to a remote server. From the list, select one of the following authentication modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Basic - Sends the user name and password you specify unencrypted to the server. This authentication schema is the least secure. o Digest - Encrypts the user name and password you specify before sending the user name and password to the server. This authentication option is more secure than Basic authentication. o NTLM - Requires an instance of NTCredentials to be available for the domain name of the server. This authentication is the most secure authentication option. <p>When you choose the NTLM authentication option, the Integration Appliance authenticates a connection and not a request; therefore, the Integration Appliance authenticates every time a new connection is made. The connection must remain open during the authentication process. You cannot use NTLM to authenticate with both a proxy and server.</p> <p>Note: Do not prefix the user name with the domain.</p>
Realm/Domain	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o If you select the Basic or Digest authentication option, you can specify a realm. When you do not specify a realm, the activity authenticates to 'any realm'. o If you select the NTLM authentication option, you must specify a domain. If you do not specify a domain, the endpoint configuration is not valid and an error occurs.

Option/Field Name	Description
User Name	Specifies the User Name for the account used to connect to the Server.
Password	Specifies the Password for the account used to connect to the HTTP Server.

6. Specify security options.

When client authentication is required, select the Client Certificate Alias Name check box to specify that the Integration Appliance acting as a client should provide a certificate to the HTTP Server. If selected, the name of the certificate must be provided. A certificate specified at the activity level with this check box takes precedence over a certificate specified on the **Security-> Certificates-> Settings-> Client SSL** entry in the WMC.

Select the `Protocol Version` used for secure HTTP over SSL. By default, the protocol version used is `SSL_TLSv2`.

7. For the Connection Pool Options, specify the maximum number of connections.

This value specifies the maximum number of connections that the Integration Appliance has open in the connection pool. Specifying "0" means that the number of connections is unbounded. By default, the Integration Appliance can have 25 connections open.

8. Specify the Connection Timeout. The connection timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the Endpoint and the time it takes for the Endpoint to respond to the connection request. For a Web Services activity, the amount of time the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the Web Service before timing out. A connection timeout is different from an activity timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the Endpoint has already been established. An activity timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity invoking a request on an Endpoint and the time it takes the Endpoint to respond. You set the activity timeout in Retry task of the [Web Services Invoke Service Activity](#).


9. Optional - To connect the Web Service through a proxy server, select the Connect via a Proxy Server check box and specify the fields defined in the following table:

Figure 2. Web Service options

Table 2.

Field name in Endpoint pane	Description	Required or Optional?
Host Name	Specifies the hostname of the proxy server.	Required
Port	Specifies the port number to use to connect to the proxy server.	Required
User Name	Specifies the username to use for proxy server authentication.	Optional - If your proxy server does not require authentication
Password	Specifies the password to use for proxy server authentication.	Optional - If your proxy server does not require authentication

Parent topic: [Creating or Editing a Web Services Endpoint](#)

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Creating or editing an endpoint for a Provide Service activity

Create or edit a Web Service endpoint for a Provide Service activity.

Procedure

1. In the Create Endpoint or Edit Endpoint pane, select the Provide option and configure the relevant fields.
Note: Changing the configuration properties of an endpoint affects all of the orchestrations that use that endpoint in the project. These changes are global, not local.

2.

Transport

Select one of the following transport options:

- HTTP : Select this option if the Web Service provide project is to be deployed on an Integration Appliance .
- Cast Iron Cloud : Select this option if the Web Service provide project is to be deployed on Cast Iron Live.
- Local : Select this option if this orchestration is called locally by other orchestrations. It can be used in Studio and on an Integration Appliance.

Port

Specifies the port number to communicate with the Integration Appliance acting as the Web Service.

CAUTION:

This port number is different to the port name specified in the WSDL.

Path

The path string specified in this field is added to the URL of the Integration Appliance to form the location element of the generated WSDL. For example, if your Integration Appliance is named: `myAR.myCompany.com` and the string specified in the Path field is `/services/myservice/1.0`, the resulting location element in the WSDL file is equal to the following string:
`http://myAR.myCompany.com/services/myservice/1.0`

Login


- Select the Log into the Server as an Anonymous User option to connect to the endpoint server anonymously (where a user account is not required).
- Select the Log into the Server with User Name and Password option connect to the endpoint server using a user account. Specify the User Name and Password.
- Select the type of Authentication to authenticate with the remote server.
 - **Basic** - Sends the user name and password you specify, base64 encoded as part of the HTTP Authorization header to the server.
- Specify the Realm.
- Specify the User Name for the account used to connect to the endpoint server.
- Specify the Password for the account used to connect to the endpoint server.

Security

- Select the None option if no security is required.
- Select the HTTPS option to enable secure Web Service over SSL.
 - Available for the HTTP transport option only. When server authentication is required, select the Server Certificate Alias Name check box to specify that the Integration Appliance acting as a server provides a certificate to the client. This certificate is used by the client for authentication and encryption. If this check box is selected, the name of the certificate must be provided. A certificate specified at the activity level with this check box, takes precedence over certificates specified on the Security > Certificates > Settings > Server SSL over data NIC entry in the WMC.
- Select the `Protocol Version` used for secure HTTP over SSL. By default, the protocol version used is `SSL_TLSv2`.


Connection Pool Options

The Maximum Connections parameter specifies the maximum number of connections that the Integration Appliance can open in the connection pool. Specifying "0" means the number of connections is unlimited. By default, the Integration Appliance can have 25 connections open.

Note: For some of the fields in the endpoint, you can define configuration properties to supply the values for these fields. The  icon displays when you click in a field that supports a configuration property and a configuration property of the same type is already configured for the project.

Parent topic: [Creating or Editing a Web Services Endpoint](#)

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Updating a Changed WSDL

If you created a project that uses a WSDL and the WSDL changes, you can attempt to update the existing WSDL with the new WSDL.

About this task

Updating a WSDL means that any entities that interface with the WSDL might be affected by the change. For example, the WSDL defines the input and output parameters of the operation and if the schema that defines these parameters changes in the new WSDL, the nodes that represent these parameters in the **Map Inputs** and **Map Outputs** tasks of the Web Services activities might no longer exist and any links to these nodes are no longer valid. You must recreate the links in order for the orchestration to be valid again. Updating a WSDL might require other changes to the project besides recreating links, for details see Table 1. In some cases, the new WSDL is not loaded as described in the first three rows in the following table.

Note: Updating an existing WSDL is different from loading multiple WSDLs into a project by either dragging a file into the Project tab or right-clicking on the WSDL folder in the Project tab and selecting Add Document. Updating a WSDL replaces the existing WSDL in the project, while uploading the same file into the Project tab creates two instances of the WSDL in the project.

Table 1.

Change in WSDL	New WSDL replaces the initial WSDL?	How is the project affected?
New WSDL is not a valid WSDL. For example the final <code></definitions></code> tag is missing at the end of the WSDL.	No, the update does not occur	None, the new WSDL is not loaded. No updates occur to any of the project entities.
Uploading the new WSDL to replace the existing one, would result in an invalid project.	No, the update does not occur	None, the new WSDL is not loaded. No updates occur to any of the project entities.
Attempt to update the current WSDL with a different WSDL and an orchestration or an endpoint in the project refers to the current WSDL. Note: You can load multiple WSDLs into a project.	No, the update does not occur	None, the new WSDL is not loaded. No updates occur to any of the project entities.

<p>The Service Binding definition of the WSDL is defined by the service, port, and location elements. If the values of the service, port and location elements in the WSDL change, the values for these elements that are stored in the Web Service endpoint must be updated.</p>	<p>Yes , up date occurs</p>	<p>The values in the Web Service endpoint are updated with the newest values specified in the WSDL. For details about these elements, see Creating or Editing a Web Services Endpoint.</p>
<p>The name of an operation changes in the WSDL and the orchestration is starting that operation in an Invoke Service activity.</p>	<p>Yes , up date occurs</p>	<p>If the name of the operation changes and the operation is used by the Invoke Service activity, the first operation in the WSDL is by default assigned to the Invoke Service activity. This reassigning to the first operation might not be the wanted result. The input and output parameters of the first operation in the WSDL might be different than the operation originally specified and therefore the links might no longer exist in the Map Inputs and Map Outputs tasks. You must configure the Invoke Service activity again for the orchestration to be valid.</p>
<p>The name of one of the operation changes in the WSDL but the orchestration is not starting that operation in any Invoke Service activities.</p>	<p>Yes , up date occurs</p>	<p>If the name of the operation changes and that operation is not used any Invoke Service activities, this change to the WSDL has no affect.</p>
<p>Additional <i><part></i> elements are added to the elements that define the input or output parameters of the operation. This change affects any project entity that references this part of the WSDL. The following is a list of possible affected entities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standalone Maps • Map Variables activity • Variables based on this part of the WSDL • An orchestration that contains an Invoke Service activity which starts an operation that uses this message type. For example, to the following example <i><message></i> element <p>For example, see Figure 1.</p>	<p>Yes , up date occurs</p>	<p>Since new <i><part></i> elements have only been added to the <i><message></i> element, typically this change has no affect on the existing maps and variables based on the WSDL. For the <i><Helloin></i> message example, adding the new city element has no affect on links to the existing address <i><part></i> element in the Map Inputs or Map Outputs tasks of the Invoke Service activity. If required, you can create links to the new element.</p>

<p>Change the type of a <code><part></code> element in a <code><message></code> element that define the input and output parameters of the operation. This change affects any project entity that references this part of the WSDL. The following is a list of possible affected entities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standalone Maps • Map Variables activity • Variables based on this part of the WSDL • An orchestration that contains an Invoke Service activity which starts an operation that uses this message type. 	<p>Yes, updates occurs</p>	<p>Any existing links in the maps are not removed even though the type might have changed.</p> <p>CAUTION:</p> <p>The type change might have run time impact, resulting in potentially bad output data. Check that any type conversions done in the links of maps do not result in bad output data being returned at run time.</p>
<p>Change the <code><message></code> element of the input or output parameter of the operation.</p> <p>This change affects any project entity that references this part of the WSDL. The following is a list of possible affected entities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standalone Maps • Map Variables activity • Variables based on this part of the WSDL • An orchestration that contains an Invoke Service activity which starts an operation that uses this message type. 	<p>Yes, updates occurs</p>	<p>Links to the input or output parameter that has changed in the map are removed. You must create links to the changed parameter in maps. For example, if the <code><message></code> element changes for the input parameter of the operation called by an Invoke Service activity, the links to the nodes in the Map Inputs task of the Invoke Service activity are removed. You must create links from variables to the new set of nodes that show in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs task.</p>

Figure 1. Additional `<part>` elements example

```
<message name="HelloIn">
  <part name="address" type="xsd:string">
</message>
```


Add the following additional `<part>` element

```
<message name="HelloIn">
<part name="address" type="xsd:string">
<part name="city" type="xsd:string">
</message>
```

- [Updating a changed WSDL](#)

To update a WSDL, start the upgrade WSDL process using one of the following options:

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Updating a changed WSDL

To update a WSDL, start the upgrade WSDL process using one of the following options:


Procedure

1. Use one of the following options to start the upgrade:
 - Double click an existing WSDL in the WSDLs folder of the Project tab. A WSDL tab displays with a graphical view of the WSDL. Drag a WSDL file from the local file system onto the WSDL open in the WSDL tab.
 - Double click an existing WSDL in the WSDLs folder of the Project tab. A WSDL tab displays with a graphical view of the WSDL. Click on a node of the WSDL in the WSDL tab. Select the File > Update WSDL or XML Schema option from Studio toolbar menu. The Update the Current WSDL Document dialog box displays. In the Location field, [specify the location of the new WSDL from an external web location or from the file system](#) and click OK.
 - Double click an existing WSDL in the WSDLs folder of the Project tab. A WSDL tab displays with a graphical view of the WSDL. Right-click a node in the WSDL tab and from the menu and select the Update option. The Update the Current WSDL Document dialog box displays. In the Location field, [specify the location of the new WSDL from an external web location or from the file system](#) and click OK.
 - Right-click an existing WSDL in the WSDLs folder of the Project tab and from the menu select the Update option. The Update the Current® WSDL Document dialog box displays. In the Location field, [specify the location of the new WSDL from an external web location or from the file system](#) and click OK.

The Updating the WSDL Affects the Listed Dependant Project Entities dialog box displays and project entities that are affected by the replacement of the original WSDL with the new WSDL are listed.

2. Optional - In the dialog box, click any of the listed dependant entities to view the entity in Studio.
3. Click Update. Studio attempts to update the project with the new WSDL and the result of the attempted update depends on the following conditions:
 - If any of the changes in the WSDL would result in a corrupt project after the update or the new WSDL is invalid, an Error dialog box displays describing the problem with the WSDL. Click OK and click Close. The update is canceled, the WSDL reverts to the original WSDL, and the project is not changed.
 - If none of the changes to the WSDL would result in a corrupt project, the update occurs and the original WSDL is replaced by the new WSDL. Some of the project entities might be invalid after the update and could require clean up.
 - Click Close.

Parent topic: [Updating a Changed WSDL](#)

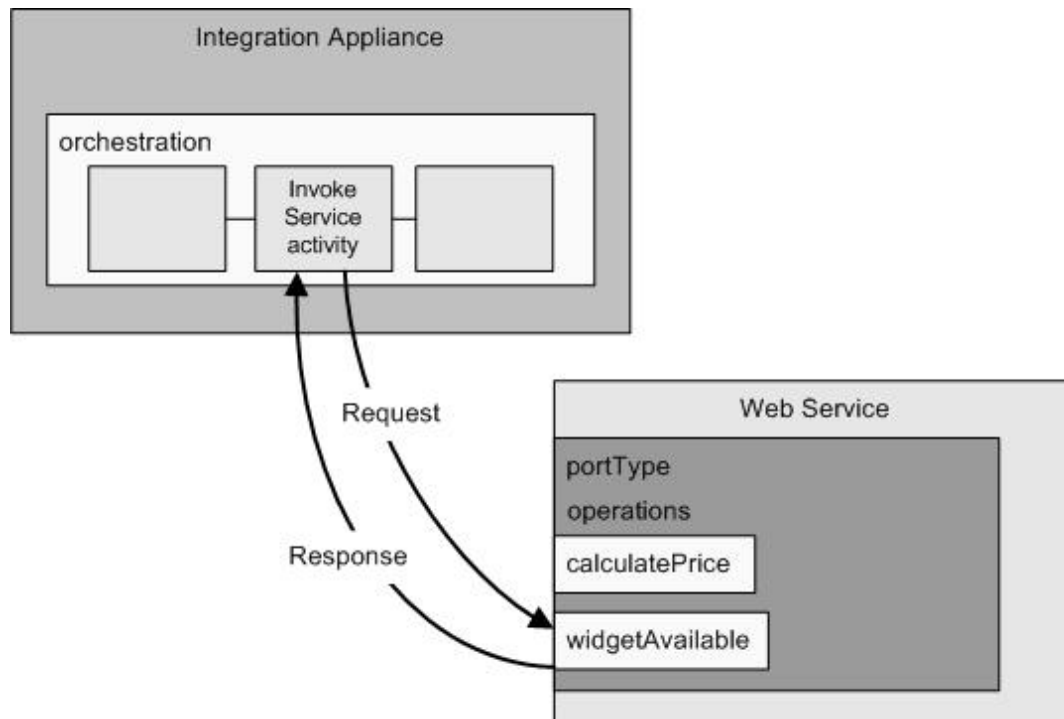
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Web Services Invoke Service Activity

During run time, the Web Services **Invoke Service** activity starts an outside Web Service.

About this task



The Web Services connection activity is a single-operation activity. It connects to a single service on a single portType in a Web Service. If you specify a WSDL containing more than one operation, select which operation the activity should start.

Note: Web Services Basic Profile 1.1 2nd Edition is supported. SOAP encoding arrays are not supported in the Web Services Basic Profile 1.1.

By default, compression and decompression are enabled for the **Invoke Service** activity. For more information, see Compression/Decompression with the Web Services **Invoke Service** activity.


The steps for adding and configuring an Invoke **Service** activity to an orchestration are described in the following procedures:

- [Adding an activity](#)
Add a Web Services **Invoke Service** activity in the orchestration.
- [Creating an endpoint](#)
Create, select, or edit a Web Services endpoint.
- [Configuring the activity](#)
Configure the **Invoke Service** activity.

- [Specifying the retry options](#)
Specify the retry options for the **Invoke Service** activity.
- [Mapping the inputs of the activity](#)
Map the inputs of the **Invoke Service** activity.
- [Mapping the outputs of the activity](#)
Map the output of the **Invoke Service** activity.
- [Invoking an Orchestration with Web Services Provide Service Starter Activity](#)
Invoke Service tool enables in house invocation of an orchestration with Web Services Provide Activity.

Parent topic: [Web Services Activities](#)

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Adding an activity


Add a Web Services **Invoke Service** activity in the orchestration.

Procedure

1. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration displays.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Web Services folder.
3. Drag the Invoke Service activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The Checklist is displayed.

Parent topic: [Web Services Invoke Service Activity](#)

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Creating an endpoint

Create, select, or edit a Web Services endpoint.


Procedure

1. Click Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist and choose from one of the following actions:
 - Select an existing endpoint:

- a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer displays.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the [Configuring the activity](#) procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer displays.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane displays.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane displays.
2. [Create or edit a Web Services endpoint](#).

Parent topic: [Web Services Invoke Service Activity](#)

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Configuring the activity


Configure the **Invoke Service** activity.

Procedure

1. Select the Configure task from the Checklist. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Select a single operation to start on the Web Service.
3. The Use Compression/Decompression check box specifies if compression/decompression is turned on or off at the activity level. By default, the Use Compression/Decompression check box is selected. Clear the Use Compression/Decompression check box to disable compression and decompression for this activity. For more information, see [Compression/Decompression with the Web Services Invoke Service Activity](#).
4. The Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM) when checked specifies using MTOM to efficiently send SOAP messages containing binary data.

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Specifying the retry options


Specify the retry options for the **Invoke Service** activity.

Procedure

1. Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to a Web Service. The following table describes the retry options for connecting to a Web Service:

Field	Description
Retry	
Wait ____ second(s) between each retry.	Specifies the amount of time (in seconds) that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the Web Service.
Try to connect ____ times before failing .	<p>Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the Web Service before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job.</p> <p>If you deploy an orchestration that contains a Web Services Invoke Service activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified Web Service, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an Error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job.</p> <p>For example, the retry count is set to 3. The first, second, and third connection errors are shown in the system log as Warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an Error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p>
Time out after ____ seconds when the Endp oint does not respo nd to a reque st.	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity making a request on an Endpoint and the time it takes the Endpoint to respond. For the Web Services Invoke Service, the activity timeout is the amount of time that the Integration Appliance waits for a response from the Web Service after attempting to start the Web Service, before the Integration Appliance issues a timeout error. An activity timeout is different from a connection timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the Endpoint has been established. A connection timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the Endpoint and the time it takes for the Endpoint to respond to the connection request. Set the connection timeout in Web Services Endpoint tab. For more information about connection timeouts, see Creating or Editing a Web Services Endpoint .

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Mapping the inputs of the activity

Map the inputs of the **Invoke Service** activity.

About this task

The XML input parameter for the operation selected in the Configure task is shown beneath the body input parameter listed in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs task.

To view the optional input parameters called location, header, and httpheaders in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active.

You can override the setting of the location element specified in the WSDL using the optional location input parameter. The location element in the WSDL, specifies the URL endpoint. A request to start a Web Services is made to the URL Endpoint.

The schema of the header input parameter is defined by WSDL. The header input parameter is optional because Web Service you start might not require a header.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpheaders input parameter.

Nodes of the httpheaders Input Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/method	Specifies the type of HTTP request.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs. Multiple HTTP header parameters can be specified in the HTTP request, so this is a recurring node.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP header parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP header parameter.

Note: If the Content-Length header is explicitly set using the httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name and httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value, during run time this value is ignored. This activity automatically sets the Content-Length header to the size of the body.


You can optionally override the settings you specified for the proxy server in the Configure and Pick Endpoint task of the Checklist by providing values for the proxyConnection input parameter dynamically during run time.

The following table defines the nodes of the optional proxyConnection input parameter:

Input Parameter Name/Node	Description	Overrides the Setting in Task?
proxyConnection/host	Specifies the hostname of the proxy server.	The host node of the proxyConnection input parameter overrides the Proxy Host Name field of the Web Services Endpoint.
proxyConnection/port	Specifies the port number to use to connect to the proxy server.	The port node of the proxyConnection input parameter overrides the Proxy Port field of the Web Services Endpoint.
proxyConnection/username	Specifies the username to use for proxy server authentication. This field is optional if your proxy server does not require authentication.	The username node of the proxyConnection input parameter overrides the Proxy User Name field of the Web Services Endpoint.
proxyConnection/password	Specifies the password to use for proxy server authentication. This field is optional if your proxy server does not require authentication.	The password node of the proxyConnection input parameter overrides the Proxy Password field of the Web Services Endpoint.

Parent topic: [Web Services Invoke Service Activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_Invoke_Map_Inputs.html

Mapping the outputs of the activity

Map the output of the **Invoke Service** activity.

Procedure

1. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist. The output parameters of the activity display in the From Activity pane of the Map Outputs task as described in the following table.

Output Parameter	Description
body	Contains the body of the response from the Web Service. The nodes that defines the return parameter or parameters of the Web Service operation displays under the body output parameter.
header	Contains the header of the SOAP Envelope.
httpheaders	Contains the header of the HTTP response.


The following table defines the nodes of the httpheaders output parameter.

Nodes of the httpheaders Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/method	Specifies the type of HTTP response.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies a set of name/value pairs that contain the HTTP parameters of the HTTP response. Multiple HTTP parameters can be specified in the HTTP response, so headerItem is a recurring node.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP parameter.

2. Map the output nodes of the activity to orchestration variables. See [Creating a Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Parent topic: [Web Services Invoke Service Activity](#)

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Invoking an Orchestration with Web Services Provide Service Starter Activity

Invoke Service tool enables in house invocation of an orchestration with Web Services Provide Activity.

About this task

Use this task to create/ modify SOAP request based on configured schema for starter Web Services Provide Activity, and then invoke an orchestration that handle responses.

Procedure

To Invoke an Orchestration, complete the following steps:


1. Open an orchestration with Web Services Provide Service Starter Activity. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed in the Studio Workspace.

2. Right-click Provide Service activity and select Invoke Service. The Invoke Service pane is displayed.
3. This pane displays a generated template request message. You can either fill the required details in the template request message or click Open to select a different text request message.
4. Click Save to save the current request message.
5. Click Execute to invoke a web service and hence an orchestration. It also enables you to retest a particular activity with the current request message by saving the request message across the Studio Start up.
6. Click Show Response to view the web service response.

Note: Click Reset to reset the current request message to the template request message.

Parent topic: [Web Services Invoke Service Activity](#)

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Compression/Decompression with the Web Services Invoke Service Activity

During run time, the Web Services Invoke Service activity sends a HTTP request complaint with the HTTP/HTTPS 1.1 protocol to the Web Service. The Invoke Service activity supports compression with the gzip format only and decompression with the gzip or the deflate formats.

Note: The Invoke Service activity does not support the common UNIX file compression format called compress. The compression/decompression run-time behavior of the Invoke Service activity is dependant on the following conditions:

- [If the Endpoint supports compression/decompression](#)
- [Content-Encoding and Accept-Encoding Values at the Message Level](#)
- [The setting of the Use Compression/Decompression check box at the activity level](#)

The affect of these conditions on the compression/decompression run-time behavior of the Invoke Service activity are described in the following sections and in the tables provided in the [Run-time Compression/Decompression Behavior](#) section.

Endpoint Support for Compression/Decompression

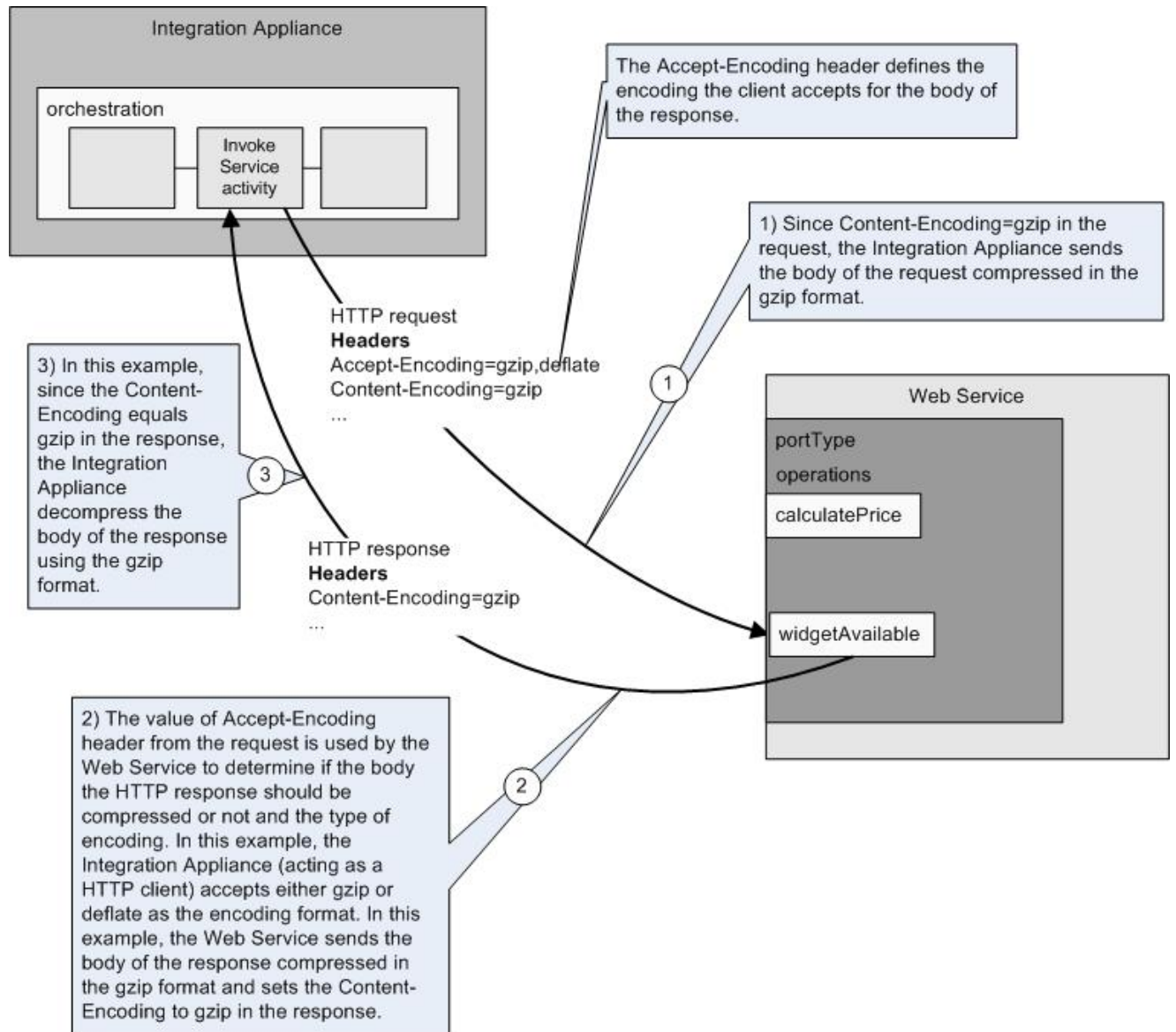
The Integration Appliance determines whether or not the HTTP Endpoint supports compression when the Integration Appliance sends the first HTTP request in the compressed format to the HTTP Endpoint (the Web Service), if the Web Service returns an error code indicating that Web Service does not support compression or does not support the specified Content-Encoding type, the Integration Appliance resends the first request in uncompressed format and all subsequent requests to this Endpoint are sent in the uncompressed format. In addition, the HTTP response sent by the Web Service is not decompressed when received by Integration Appliance.

Endpoint support for compression/decompression is represented by the fourth column labeled Endpoint Supports Compression? in the tables provided in the [Run-time Compression/Decompression Behavior](#) section.

Content-Encoding and Accept-Encoding Values at the Message Level

The value of the Content-Encoding header in the HTTP request determines if the body of the request is compressed or not using. For the Invoke Service activity, the Integration Appliance sets the Content-Encoding to gzip and sends the body of the request compressed in the gzip format as shown in the second row of the first table labeled [Compression Behavior When Sending a Request](#) and in the following figure.

The value of the Accept-Encoding header in the request defines the types of encoding that the HTTP client accepts in the response. For the Invoke Service activity, the Integration Appliance sets the Accept-Encoding equal to gzip,deflate in the request and the Web Service sends the body of the response compressed in either the gzip or the deflate format to the Integration Appliance (acting as a client) as shown in the following figure:



The values of the Accept-Encoding and Content-Encoding headers in the request are used by the Integration Appliance and the Web Service to determine the compression/decompression behavior.

Setting Compression/Decompression at the Activity Level

By default, compression and decompression are turned on at the activity level for the Invoke Service activity. You can turn off compression/decompression at the activity level by clearing the Use Compression/Decompression check box. The Use Compression/Decompression check box is available in the

Configure task of the activity. The second column labeled Use Compression/Decompression check box in the following tables provided in the [Run-time Compression/Decompression Behavior](#) section, represents the setting of the Use Compression/Decompression check box.

Deprecation Note: The Use Compression/Decompression check box will be deprecated in a future release. Use the Content-Encoding and Accept-Encoding HTTP Parameters in the HTTP request to specify how to decompresses the body of the HTTP request and compress the body of the HTTP response.

Run-time Compression/Decompression Behavior

The first table provided in the [Compression Behavior When Sending a Request](#) section, describes the compression run-time behavior when the Integration Appliance sends a HTTP request to the Web Service.

The second table provided in the [Accept-Encoding Header Value Passed to the Request](#) section, describes the value of the Accept-Encoding header passed in the HTTP request.

The third table provided in the [Decompression Behavior When Receiving a Response](#) section, describes the decompression run-time behavior when the Integration Appliance receives the HTTP response from the Web Service.

Compression Behavior When Sending a Request

The following table describes the compression run-time behavior when the Integration Appliance sends a HTTP request to the Web Service.

Use Compression/Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Content-Encoding Value in the HTTP Request (Message Level)	Endpoint Supports Compression?	Integration Appliance Compression Run-Time Behavior When Sending a Request
selected	gzip	yes	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the request compressed in the gzip format. The Content-Encoding header is set to gzip in the request.
selected	value is not significant	no	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the request uncompressed. The Content-Encoding header is set to identity in the request.
cleared	value is not significant	value is not significant	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the request as is (unchanged). The current value of the Content-Encoding header is passed as is in the request

Accept-Encoding Header Value Passed to the Request

The following table describes the value of the Accept-Encoding header passed in the HTTP request.

Use Compression/Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Initial Accept-Encoding Value	Endpoint Supports Compression?	Accept-Encoding Value Passed in the HTTP Request to the Web Service
selected	gzip,deflate	yes	The Accept-Encoding header is set to gzip,deflate in the request.
value is not significant	value is not significant	no	The current value of the Accept-Encoding header is passed as is in the

			request.
cleared	value is not significant	value is not significant	The current value of the Accept-Encoding header is passed as is in the request.


Decompression Behavior When Receiving a Response

The following table describes the decompression run-time behavior when the Integration Appliance receives the HTTP response from the Web Service.

Use Compression/Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Content-Encoding Value in the HTTP Response (Message Level)	Endpoint Supports Compression?	Integration Appliance Decompression Run-Time Behavior When Receiving a Response
selected	gzip	yes	The Integration Appliance decompresses the body of the response using the gzip format.
selected	deflate	yes	The Integration Appliance decompresses the body of the response using the deflate format.
selected	identity	yes	The Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the response.
selected	value not listed in the Accept-Encoding header	yes	The Integration Appliance logs an error that the response data was received in an unsolicited content encoding type.
selected	value is not significant	no	The Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the response. The current value of the Content-Encoding header is passed as is in the response.
cleared	value is not significant	value is not significant	The Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the response. The current value of the Content-Encoding header is passed as is in the response.

Parent topic: [Web Services Activities](#)

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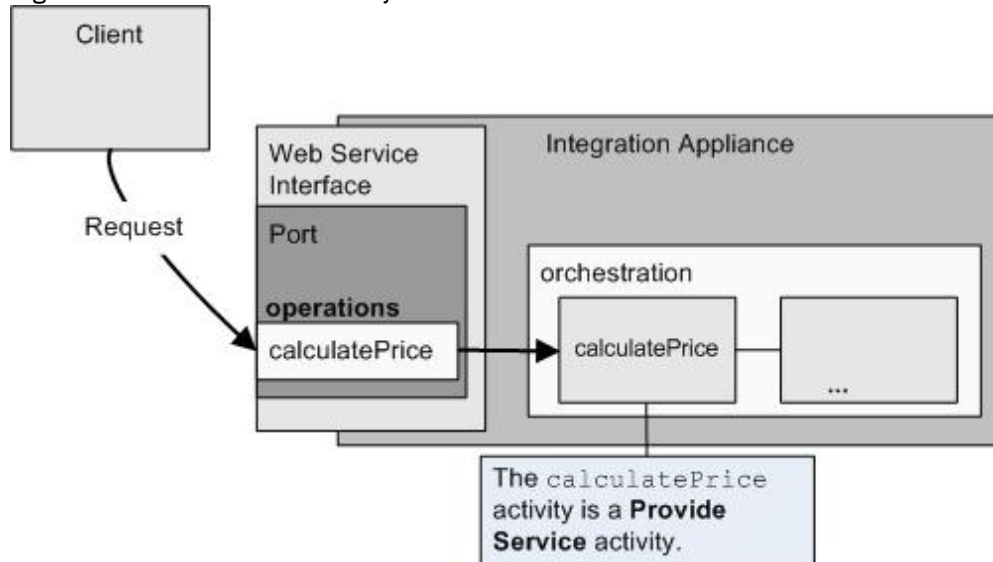
http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_Compression_Decompression_wit_h_the_WS_Invoke_Service_Activity.html

Web Services Provide Service Activity

During run time the Provide Service activity provides a Web Service that can be started from an outside client.

About this task

Figure 1. Provide Service activity



The Provide Service activity is an inbound Web Service activity. It is a starter activity that listens for Web Service requests at the specified port.

Based on the configuration information you provide in Studio about the Web Service, the WMC generates a WSDL file that describes the Web Service Interface available during run time.

When a project with a WSDL is deployed, the Web Service interface defined by the WSDL is available. You can export and then view the WSDL file that has been generated for the Web Service from the WMC.

During run time, when a client sends a request to the Web Service, the Integration Appliance starts processing the Provide Service activity and the rest of the activities that make up the orchestration.


You can only specify one input and one output XML Schema for the Provide Service activity, so the generated WSDL defines only one request header and one response header. The WMC generates a WSDL with one operation. In [tFigure 1](#), the Web Service calculatePrice operation is derived from the name of the Provide Service activity. There is a one-to-one relationship between the Web Service operation and the Provide Service activity.

By default, decompression is enabled for the Provide Service activity. For more information, see [Decompression with the Web Services Provide Service Activity](#).

The steps for adding and configuring a Provide Service activity to an orchestration are described in the following procedures.

- [Adding an activity](#)
Add a Web Services **Provide Service** activity in the orchestration.
- [Creating an endpoint](#)
Create, select, or edit a Web Services endpoint.
- [Configuring the activity](#)
Configure the **Provide Service** activity.
- [Mapping the outputs of the activity](#)
Map the output of the **Provide Service** activity.

Parent topic: [Web Services Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_Provide_Service_Activity.html


Adding an activity

Add a Web Services **Provide Service** activity in the orchestration.

Procedure

1. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration displays.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Web Services folder.
3. Drag the Provide Service activity onto the orchestration.
4. Select the activity. The Checklist is displayed.

Parent topic: [Web Services Provide Service Activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_Provide_Add_WS_Activity.html


Creating an endpoint

Create, select, or edit a Web Services endpoint.

Procedure

1. Click the Pick Endpoint task from the Checklist and choose from one of the following actions:
 - o Select an existing endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK. Skip to the [Configuring the activity](#) procedure.
 - o Select an existing endpoint and edit the endpoint:
 - a. Select Browse. The Project Explorer is displayed.
 - b. Select an existing endpoint and click OK.
 - c. Click Edit. The Edit Endpoint pane displays.
 - o Create a new endpoint: Select New. The Create Endpoint pane displays.
2. [Create or edit a Web Services endpoint](#).

Parent topic: [Web Services Provide Service Activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_Provide_Create_WS_Activity.html

Configuring the activity

Configure the **Provide Service** activity.

Procedure


1. Select the Configure task from the Checklist. The Configure pane is displayed.
2. Configure all the fields in this pane as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Receive Request with	
Schema	Defines the XML Schema of incoming XML data to the operation of the Web Service. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Click Browse... to select a schema. ○ Click Clear to disassociate the selected schema from the activity.
Soap Header	Defines the XML Schema of the incoming Soap Header. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Click Browse... to select a schema. ○ Click Clear to disassociate the selected schema from the activity.
This activity	
Requires a Reply	This check box specifies to send a reply to the sender of the request. If this option is selected, you must add a Web Services Send Reply activity to your orchestration to send a reply to the client that started it.
Schema	Defines the XML Schema of the returned XML data from the operation of the Web Service. (The XML data is returned by the associated Send Reply activity.) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Click Browse... to select a schema. ○ Click Clear to disassociate the selected schema from the activity.
Soap Header	Defines the XML Schema of the returned Soap Header of the Web Service. (The SOAP Header is returned by the associated Send Reply activity.) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Click Browse... to select a schema. ○ Click Clear to disassociate the selected schema from the activity.
May throw the following Faults	
Fault Name	Specifies user-defined fault name for the activity.
Fault	Click Browse to display the schema and select the element for which the fault is thrown.

Element	
Options	
Use Compression / Decompression	Specifies if decompression is turned on or off at the activity level. By default, the Use Compression/Decompression check box is selected. Clear the Use Compression/Decompression check box to disable decompression for this activity. For more information, see Decompression with the Web Services Provide Service Activity .

Parent topic: [Web Services Provide Service Activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_Provide_Configure_Activity.html

Mapping the outputs of the activity

Map the output of the **Provide Service** activity.

Procedure

1. Select the Map Outputs task in the Checklist. The output parameters of the activity display in the From Activity pane of the Map Outputs task as described in the following table.

Output Parameter	Description
body	Contains the body of the response from the Web Service. The nodes that defines the return parameter or parameters of the Web Service operation displays under the body output parameter.
header	Contains the header of the SOAP Envelope.
httpheaders	Contains the header of the HTTP response.

The following table defines the nodes of the httpheaders output parameter.


Nodes of the httpheaders Output Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/method	Specifies the type of HTTP response.
httpheaders/host	Specifies the IP address or the host name of the client.

httpheaders/other Headers/headerItem	Specifies a set of name/value pairs that contain the HTTP parameters of the HTTP response. Multiple HTTP parameters can be specified in the HTTP response, so headerItem is a recurring node.
httpheaders/other Headers/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP parameter.
httpheaders/other Headers/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP parameter.

2. Map the output nodes of the activity to orchestration variables. See [Creating a Map](#) for general instructions on mapping.

Parent topic: [Web Services Provide Service Activity](#)

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Decompression with the Web Services Provide Service Activity

The Web Services Provide Service activity supports decompression with the gzip format only.

Note: The Provide Service activity does not support the deflate format or the common UNIX file compression format called compress.

The **Provide Service** activity only supports receiving HTTP requests using HTTP/HTTPS 1.0 protocol.

The decompression run time behavior of the Provide Service activity when receiving an HTTP request is dependent on the following conditions:

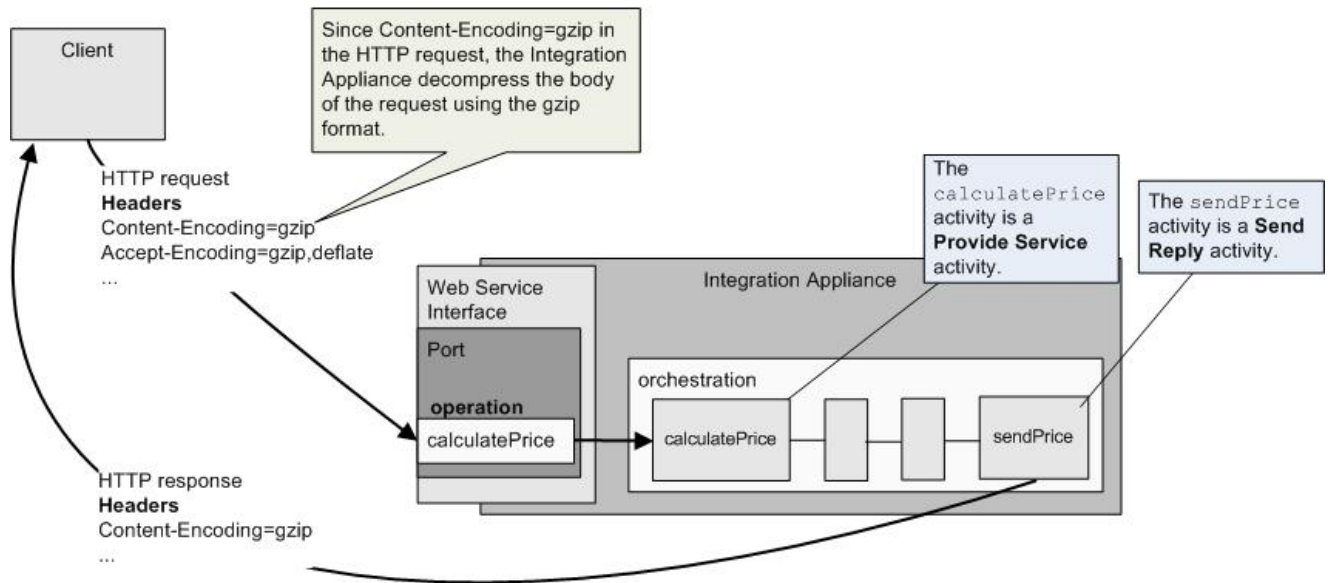
- The value of the Content-Encoding at the message level.
- The setting of the Use Compression/Decompression check box at the activity level.

These conditions affect the decompression run time behavior of the **Provide Service** activity and are described in the following sections and in the table provided in the [Run time Decompression Behavior](#) section.

Content-Encoding Value at the Message Level

The value of the Content-Encoding header of the HTTP request can determine if the Integration Appliance decompresses the body of the HTTP request that is received from the client as shown in [Figure 1](#).

Figure 1. HTTP request



The value of the Content-Encoding header is represented by the third column labeled Content-Encoding Value in the table provided in the [Run time Decompression Behavior](#) section.

Setting Decompression at the Activity Level

By default, decompression is turned on at the activity level for the **Provide Service** activity. You can turn off decompression at the activity level by clearing the Use Compression/Decompression check box. The Use Compression/Decompression check box is available in the **Configure** task of the activity. The second column labeled Use Compression/Decompression check box in the table provided in the [Run time Decompression Behavior](#) section, represents the setting of the Use Compression/Decompression check box.

Run time Decompression Behavior

The following table describes the decompression run time behavior when the Integration Appliance receives an HTTP request from the HTTP Client:

Use Compression/Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Content-Encoding Value (Message Level)	Integration Appliance Decompression Run Time Behavior
selected	gzip	The Integration Appliance decompresses the body of the request using the gzip format. The value of Content-Encoding is set to gzip in the headers output parameter returned from the activity.
selected	not set	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the request as is (unchanged). The value of Content-Encoding is not set in the headers output parameter returned from the activity.
selected	identify	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the request as is (unchanged). The value of Content-Encoding is not set in the headers output parameter returned from the activity.
selected	any other string	The Integration Appliance sends the 415 (Unsupported Media Type) Response Code.

	beside s gzip or identit y	
cleared	value is not signifi cant	The Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the request and the current value of Content-Encoding in the request is passed as is to the headers output parameter of the activity. For example, if the value of the Content-Encoding is set to gzip but the Use Compression/Decompression check box is cleared, the Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the request but Content-Encoding is set to gzip in the headers output parameter of the activity.

Compression Behavior When Sending a Request

The following table describes the compression run time behavior when the Integration Appliance sends an HTTP request to the Web Service.

Accept-Encoding Header Value Passed to the Request

The following table describes the value of the Accept-Encoding header passed in the HTTP request.

Use Compression/ Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Initial Accept- Encoding Value	Endpoint Supports Compression?	Accept-Encoding Value Passed in the HTTP Request to the Web Service
selected	gzip,deflate	yes	The Accept-Encoding header is set to gzip,deflate in the request.
value is not significant	value is not significant	no	The current value of the Accept-Encoding header is passed as is in the request.
cleared	value is not significant	value is not significant	The current value of the Accept-Encoding header is passed as is in the request.

Decompression Behavior When Receiving a Response

The following table describes the decompression run time behavior when the Integration Appliance receives the HTTP response from the Web Service.

Use Compression/ Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Content-Encoding Value in the HTTP Response (Message Level)	Endpoint Supports Compress ion?	Integration Appliance Decompression Run Time Behavior When Receiving a Response
selected	gzip	yes	The Integration Appliance decompresses the body of the response using the gzip format.
selected	deflate	yes	The Integration Appliance decompresses the body of the response using the deflate format.
selected	identity	yes	The Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the response.
selected	value not listed in the Accept-Encoding	yes	The Integration Appliance logs an error that the response data was received in an unsolicited

	header		content encoding type.
selected	value is not significant	no	The Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the response. The current value of the Content-Encoding header is passed as is in the response.
cleared	value is not significant	value is not significant	The Integration Appliance does not decompress the body of the response. The current value of the Content-Encoding header is passed as is in the response.

Parent topic: [Web Services Activities](#)

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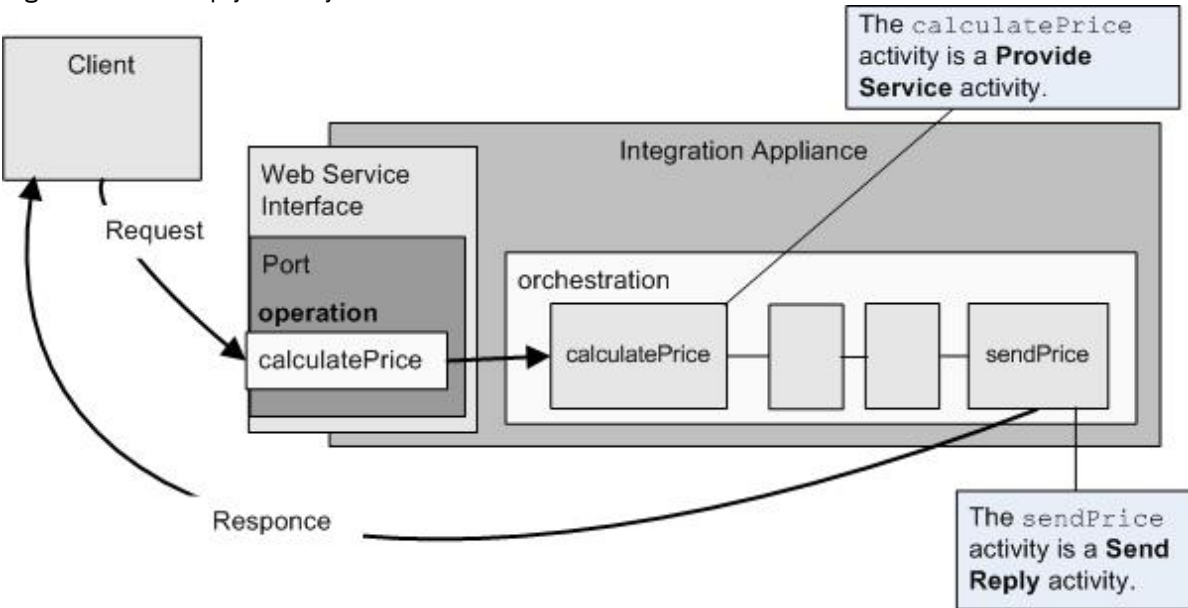
http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_decompression_with_the_web_services_provide_service_activity.html

Web Services Send Reply Activity

During run time, the Send Reply activity returns a response for a Provide Service activity.

About this task

Figure 1. Send Reply activity



As shown in [Figure 1](#), the client runs the calculatePrice Web Service operation (a Provide Service activity) by sending a request. The Integration Appliance receives the request and starts processing the activities in the orchestration. When the sendPrice activity (a Send Reply activity) is started, it returns a response to the client.


By default, compression is enabled for the Send Reply activity. For more information, see [Compression with the Web Services Send Reply Activity](#).

The steps for adding and configuring a Send Reply activity to an orchestration are described in the following procedures.

- [Adding an activity](#)
Add a Web Services **Send Reply** activity in the orchestration.
- [Configuring the activity](#)
Configure the **Send Reply** service activity.
- [Mapping the inputs of the activity](#)
Map the inputs of the **Send Reply** service activity.

Parent topic: [Web Services Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_Send_Reply_Activity.html

Adding an activity


Add a Web Services **Send Reply** activity in the orchestration.

Procedure

1. [Create](#) or open an orchestration. A graphical representation of the orchestration is displayed.
2. Select the Activities tab and expand the Web Services folder.
3. Drag the Send Reply activity onto the orchestration. The Send Reply activity is used in conjunction with Provide Service activity to send a reply back to the client that started it. Place the Send Reply activity after the Provide Service activity.
4. Select the activity. The Checklist is displayed.

Parent topic: [Web Services Send Reply Activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_Send_Add_WS_Activity.html

Configuring the activity


Configure the **Send Reply** service activity.

Procedure

1. Select the Configure task from the Checklist. The Configure pane opens.
2. Select a Provide Service to which this Send Reply activity is returning the reply.
3. The Use Compression/Decompression check box specifies if compression is turned on or off at the activity level. By default, the Use Compression/Decompression check box is selected. Clear the Use Compression/Decompression check box to disable compression/decompression for this activity. For more information, see [Compression with the Web Services Send Reply Activity](#).
4. The Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM) when checked specifies using MTOM to efficiently send SOAP messages containing binary data.

Parent topic: [Web Services Send Reply Activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_Send_Configure_Activity.html

Mapping the inputs of the activity

Map the inputs of the **Send Reply** service activity.

About this task

The return parameter for the operation selected in the Requires a Reply Schema field of the [Configure](#) task of the associated Provide Service activity, is shown beneath the body input parameter listed in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs task.

To view the optional input parameters called header and httpheaders in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane, select Map > Show Optional Parameters from the toolbar menu or right-click in the To Activity pane and select the Show Optional Parameters option. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active.

If a Soap Header XML Schema was selected in the Requires a Reply SOAP Header field of the [Configure](#) task of the associated Provide Service activity, this schema is shown beneath the header input parameter listed in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs task.


The following table defines the nodes of the optional httpheaders input parameter.

Nodes of the httpheaders Input Parameter	Description
httpheaders/uri	Specifies the resource path, for example: /myPath.
httpheaders/method	Specifies the type of HTTP request.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem	Specifies an element that contains a set of HTTP header parameters as name/value pairs. Multiple HTTP header parameters can be specified in the HTTP request, and is a recurring node.

httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/name	Specifies the name of the HTTP header parameter.
httpheaders/otherHeaders/headerItem/value	Specifies the value of the HTTP header parameter.

Parent topic: [Web Services Send Reply Activity](#)

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Web Services Send Reply with Fault Activity

During run time, the Send Reply with Fault activity returns a fault to the calling orchestration. This activity provides SOAP functionality as a reply configuration option.

About this task


The **WS Provide** activity must have previously been added as the starter activity to the active orchestration, since a Send Reply with Fault activity depends on a **WS Provide** activity.

The steps for creating and configuring a Send Reply with Fault activity to an orchestration are described in the following procedures.

- [Creating the Required Fault Names](#)
Create the required fault names using the following procedure.
- [Configuring the Activity](#)
Configure the **Send Reply** activity with the fault names.
- [Map the Inputs of the Activity](#)
Map the inputs for the **Send Reply** activity with the fault names.

Parent topic: [Web Services Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_Send_Reply_with_Fault_Activity.html

Creating the Required Fault Names


Create the required fault names using the following procedure.

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, click the WS Provide activity.
2. In the Checklist, click Configure.
3. In the Configure options, select Requires Reply.
4. Click Add Fault. The Add Fault dialog box is displayed.
5. Browse and select a valid schema. Repeat the preceding steps to create as many faults as are required.

Parent topic: [Web Services Send Reply with Fault Activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_Fault_Activity_Create.html

Configuring the Activity

Configure the **Send Reply** activity with the fault names.

Procedure


1. Open the Activities tab.
2. Expand the Web Services folder contents and drag Send Reply with Fault into the orchestration, following the existing **Web Services Provide Service** activity.
3. In the Checklist, click Configure.

The Reply To text area is displayed and lists the name of the preceding **Web Services Provide Service** activity.

4. In the With Fault section, select a fault name from the Fault Name list.
5. In the Options section, select Use Compression/Decompression to activate this feature.
6. Select Use Soap Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM) to activate this feature.
7. In the Threshold field, enter the preferred value in a range of 1 to 9,999,999.

Parent topic: [Web Services Send Reply with Fault Activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_Fault_Activity_Configure.html

Map the Inputs of the Activity


Map the inputs for the **Send Reply** activity with the fault names.

Procedure

1. In the Checklist, click Map Inputs.
2. The To Activity column lists the schema associated with the previously selected fault name.
3. In the From Orchestration column, select the variable that would be used to provide input values.
4. If no variables are listed, click Select Inputs, above the From Orchestration list.
The Select Inputs dialog box is displayed and lists available variables.
Tip: If needed, you can create a custom mapping variable in Source or Destination column by following the steps in [Creating Variables](#).
- 5.
6. Choose a variable, then click OK.
7. In the To Activity field, right-click faultcode and choose Define Default value. When the Define Default Value dialog box is displayed, select one of the predefined values.
8. To view any optional parameters, right-click either node and choose Show Optional Parameters. These are displayed in the To Activity column.
9. Map the variables from the Orchestration column to the parameters in the Activity column. For more information, see [Mapping Techniques](#).

Parent topic: [Web Services Send Reply with Fault Activity](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WS_Fault_Activity_Map_Inputs.html

Compression with the Web Services Send Reply Activity

During run time, the Web Services Send Reply activity sends an HTTP response complaint with the HTTP/HTTPS 1.0 protocol to the client. The Send Reply activity supports compression with the gzip format only.

Note: The Send Reply activity does not support the deflate format or the common UNIX file compression format called compress.

The compression run time behavior of the Send Reply activity is dependent on the following conditions:

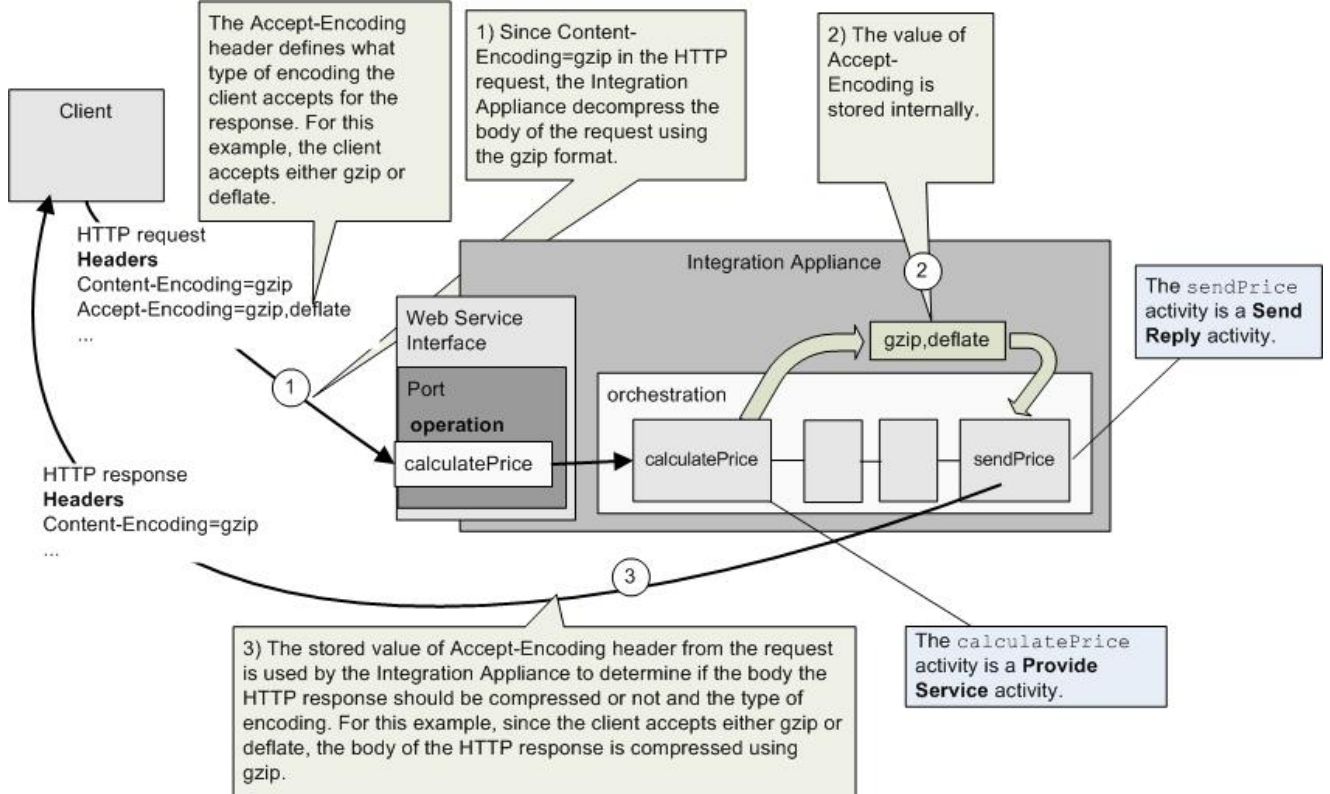
- At the message level, the value of the Accept-Encoding header in the original HTTP request received by the Web Services Provide Service activity is passed to the Send Reply activity to determine if the body of the HTTP response is compressed or not compressed as shown in [Figure 1](#).
- The setting of the Use Compression/Decompression check box at the activity level.

These conditions affect the compression run time behavior of the Send Reply activity are described in the following sections and in the table provided in the [Run time Compression Behavior](#) section.

Accept-Encoding Value at the Message Level

During run time, a Web Services Provide Service activity receives an HTTP request from a client. In the same orchestration, a Send Reply activity sends a response back to the original client. The value of the Accept-Encoding header in the original request received by the Provide Service activity is stored internally on the Integration Appliance. The stored value is passed to the Send Reply activity and is used to determine if the body of the response is compressed or not and the encoding type, as shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1. The Accept-Encoding header



Setting Compression/Decompression at the Activity Level

By default, compression is turned on at the activity level for the Send Reply activity. You can turn off compression at the activity level by clearing the Use Compression/Decompression check box. The Use Compression/Decompression check box is available in the Configure task of the activity. The second column labeled HTTP Compression CLI Command in the following table represents the setting of the Use Compression/Decompression check box.

Run time Compression Behavior

The following table describes the compression run time behavior when the Integration Appliance sends an HTTP response to the client:


Use Compression/Decompression Check Box (Activity Level)	Accept-Encoding Value of the HTTP Request (Message Level)	Integration Appliance Compression Run Time Behavior
selected	gzip or gzip,deflate	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the response compressed in the gzip format and the Content-Encoding header is set to gzip in the response.
selected	identity	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the response uncompressed and the Content-Encoding header is set to identity in

		the response.
selected	not set, or any other string except gzip or identity	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the response uncompressed and the Content-Encoding header is set to identity in the response.
cleared	value is not significant	The Integration Appliance sends the body of the response as is (unchanged) and the Content-Encoding header is as is in the response. (The value of the Content-Encoding header in the request is passed unchanged to the response.)

Note: The Use Compression/Decompression check box will be deprecated in a future release. Use the Content-Encoding and Accept-Encoding HTTP Parameters in the HTTP request to specify how to decompress the body of the HTTP request and compress the body of the HTTP response.

Parent topic: [Web Services Activities](#)

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Troubleshooting and support

Troubleshooting techniques and self-help information help you identify and solve problems quickly. Here, you can find potential solutions for issues you would have with the Web Services connector.

Exception thrown when Web Services Provide Service activity is processed


Problem: An Illegal Argument Exception is thrown during the processing of the Provide Service activity, if the Path name ends with a forward slash /.

Cause: This exception is caused because `ContextHandler context = new ContextHandler(); context.setContextPath(listenerDetails.getUri());` when the `contextPath` is being set. `ContextHandler` is a class in the `jetty-6.1.6` JAR file.

Solution: Ensure that you specify the Path name such that the slash / is followed by a path string. For example, `/abc` or `/abc/def`.

Parent topic: [Web Services Activities](#)


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Workday Activities

- [Overview of the Workday connector](#)
- [Creating and editing a Workday endpoint](#)
Workday endpoints contain the connection information that studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the Workday application. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.
- [Using the Invoke Workday activity](#)
The Invoke Workday activity allows you to browse and execute operations in Workday management services related to human resources, finance, and so on. You can also fetch custom report operations and work with it.
- [Specifying the retry options for Workday activity](#)
Specify the retry options for the **Invoke Workday** activity.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/toc_workdayactivities.html

Overview of the Workday connector

The Workday connector enables a connection between Cast Iron and Workday management modules related to human resources, finance, and so on. The Workday connector also supports Custom Reports.


You can perform the following activity using the Workday connector:

- [Invoke Workday](#)

The Workday connector supports Workday application v18.

Parent topic: [Workday Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WorkDay_overview.html

Creating and editing a Workday endpoint

Workday endpoints contain the connection information that studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the Workday application. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.

About this task

Use this task to create or edit Workday endpoint.

Note:

Any changes you make to Workday endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all the orchestrations that use that endpoint, as the edits are global, not local.

Procedure

1. Drag an activity from Workday folder in the Activities tab to the Orchestration window. The Summary panel is displayed.
2. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist. The Pick Endpoint panel is displayed.
3. Click one of the following buttons:
 - a. Browse - To select an existing endpoint from Project Explorer. The Project Explorer shows all the endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties are displayed in the Pick Endpoint panel.
 - b. New - To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window opens.
 - c. Edit - To edit the existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window opens.
4. Complete the fields defined in the following table:

Table 1. Connection Details


Field Name	Description
Workday	
Domain Name	Specifies the domain name of your Workday endpoint. You can either specify the domain name of your choice or use the sandbox domain name given as a watermark reference.
Tenant Name	Specifies the tenant name of your Workday endpoint. You can either specify the tenant name of your choice or use the sandbox tenant name given as a watermark reference.
Login	
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect to the Workday application. You can either specify the user name of your choice or use the user name given as a watermark reference.
Password	Specifies the password associated with the user name to connect to the Workday application. You can either specify the password of your choice or use the password given as a watermark reference.
Connection Timeout	
Timeout after seconds when establishing a connection to the endpoint	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity making a request on an Endpoint and the time it takes the Endpoint to respond. The default is 300 seconds.
Proxy	
Connect via a Proxy Server	Allows you to enable the proxy connection details.

Field Name	Description
Authentication	<p>Allows you to select the type of authentication that the Integration Appliance uses when connecting to a remote server. From the list, select one of the following authentication modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Basic - Sends the user name and password you specify unencrypted to the server. This authentication schema is the least secure. ○ Digest - Encrypts the user name and password you specify before sending the user name and password to the server. This authentication option is more secure than Basic authentication. ○ NTLM - Requires an instance of NTCredentials to be available for the domain name of the server. This authentication is the most secure authentication option. <p>When you choose the NTLM authentication option, the Integration Appliance authenticates a connection and not a request; therefore, the Integration Appliance authenticates every time a new connection is made. The connection must remain open during the authentication process. You cannot use NTLM to authenticate with both a proxy and server.</p> <p>Note: Do not prefix the user name with the domain.</p>
Realm	<p>If you select the Basic or Digest authentication option, you can specify a realm. When you do not specify a realm, the activity authenticates to 'any realm'. If you select the NTLM authentication option, you must specify a domain. If you do not specify a domain, the endpoint configuration is not valid and an error occurs.</p>
Host Name	<p>Specifies the host name of the proxy server.</p>
Port	<p>Specifies the port number needed to connect to the proxy server.</p>
User Name	<p>Specifies the user name needed to connect to the proxy server.</p>
Password	<p>Specifies the password needed to connect to the proxy server.</p>

5. When finished, click Test Connection to confirm that you can connect to Workday application.
6. Click OK.

Parent topic: [Workday Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Workday_Creating_or_Editing_an_Endpoint.html

Using the Invoke Workday activity

The Invoke Workday activity allows you to browse and execute operations in Workday management services related to human resources, finance, and so on. You can also fetch custom report operations and work with it.

About this task

Use this task to browse and execute operations in Workday management services related to human resources, finance and so on.

Procedure

To configure Invoke Workday activity, complete the following steps:

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Workday folder contents.
2. Drag the Invoke Workday activity icon onto the orchestration. The Invoke Workday Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make the required changes.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Workday endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Workday endpoint](#).
8. In the Checklist, click Configure.
9. In the Workday Service pane, complete one of the following:
 - a. Click the Service option and select the required Workday services from the list.
 - b. Click the Custom Report Name field and specify the name of the report.
10. Click Fetch Workday Operations to populate the Workday operations pane with operations from the module selected in the Service option.
11. Optional: Click Workday Help to view the Workday help pages for the operation you have selected. If you click the help button before selecting an operation, you can view the Workday help page which displays information about all the Workday services.
12. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the retry options for Workday activity](#).
13. Select the required Workday operation and click Map Inputs from the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected operation of the Invoke Workday activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel. The Version field will be populated automatically with the latest version of Workday supported by the connector.

The user name and password in the map inputs are populated based on the details provided in the endpoint screen.

14. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity throws an exception, which is reported by the Web Management Console. If a value is not provided at run time for an optional input parameter, no exception is thrown during run time.
15. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
16. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Invoke Workday activity.

Parent topic: [Workday Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WorkDay_invoke_service.html

Specifying the retry options for Workday activity

Specify the retry options for the **Invoke Workday** activity.

Procedure


1. Select the **Retry** task from the **Checklist**. The Retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry options for connecting to the Workday application. The following table describes the retry options for connecting to the Workday application:

Field	Description
Retry	
1) Wait --- second(s) between each retry.	Specifies the amount of time (in seconds) that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to the Workday application.
2) Try to connect --- times before failing .	<p>Specifies the retry count - the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to the Workday application before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job.</p> <p>If you deploy an orchestration that contains a Invoke Workday activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified the Workday service, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an Error in the system and orchestration logs and the stops processing the current orchestration job.</p> <p>For example, the retry count is set to 5. The first, second, third, fourth, and fifth, connection errors are shown in the system log as Warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the sixth connection error as an Error and stops processing the current orchestration job.</p>
3) Time out after --- seconds when the	Specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the activity making a request on an Endpoint and the time it takes the Endpoint to respond. For the Invoke Workday, the activity timeout is the amount of time that the Integration Appliance waits for a response from the Workday application after attempting to start the Workday service, before the Integration Appliance issues a timeout error. An activity timeout is different from a connection timeout because an activity timeout occurs after the connection to the Endpoint has been established. A connection timeout specifies the amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs between the Integration Appliance attempting to establish a connection to the Endpoint and the time it takes for the Endpoint to respond to the connection request. Set the

Endpoint does not respond to a request.	connection timeout in Workday Endpoint tab. For more information about connection timeouts, see Creating and editing a Workday endpoint .
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Parent topic: [Workday Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/WorkDay_Specifying_Retry_Options.html

Zuora Activities

- [Overview of the Zuora connector](#)
- [Creating and editing a Zuora endpoint](#)
Zuora endpoints contain the connection information that studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the Zuora application. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.
- [Using the Zuora Create Objects activity](#)
Use the Zuora Create Objects activity to create objects such as Account, Amendment, Contact, InvoiceAdjustment, InvoiceItemAdjustment, InvoicePayment, Payment, PaymentMethod, Product, ProductRatePlan, ProductRatePlanCharge, ProductRatePlanChargeTier, RatePlan, RatePlanCharge, RatePlanChargeTier, Refund, and Usage in the Zuora application.
- [Using the Zuora Update Objects activity](#)
Use the Zuora Update Objects activity to update objects such as Account, Amendment, Contact, Invoice, InvoiceAdjustment, InvoiceItemAdjustment, Payment, PaymentMethod, Product, ProductRatePlan, ProductRatePlanCharge, ProductRatePlanChargeTier, RatePlanCharge, and Subscription in the Zuora application.
- [Using the Zuora Delete Objects activity](#)
Use the Zuora Delete Objects activity to delete objects such as Product, Account, or Contact from the Zuora application.
- [Using the Zuora Query Objects activity](#)
Use the Zuora Query Objects activity to query for objects such as Product, Account, or RatePlan from the Zuora application. The query string that you specify for this operation must adhere to the Zuora Object Query Language standard.
- [Using the Zuora Amend Subscription activity](#)
Use the Zuora Amend Subscription activity to amend or change objects such as Subscription, in the Zuora application.
- [Using the Zuora Create Subscription activity](#)
Use the Zuora Create Subscription activity to create a subscription by specifying the basic information about the subscription such as the Account, PaymentMethod, and RatePlanData in the Zuora application.

- [Using the Zuora Generate Invoice activity](#)
Use the Zuora Generate Invoice activity to generate an invoice for a customer by specifying the AccountId, InvoiceDate, TargetDate and so on, in the Zuora application.
- [Specifying the Retry options for Zuora activities](#)
Specifying the Retry parameters is one of the tasks to configure Zuora activity.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/toc_zuoraactivities.html

Overview of the Zuora connector

The Zuora connector enables a two-way communication between Cast Iron and the Zuora application. You can create and modify objects within the Z-Billing and Z-Payment applications in Zuora, using the Zuora connector.


You can perform the following outbound activities using the Zuora connector:

- [Create Objects](#)
- [Update Objects](#)
- [Delete Objects](#)
- [Query Objects](#)
- [Amend Subscription](#)
- [Create Subscription](#)
- [Generate Invoice](#)

The Zuora connector supports version 41.0 of the Zuora application. For more information, see <http://knowledgecenter.zuora.com/>.

Parent topic: [Zuora Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Zuora_Overview.html

Creating and editing a Zuora endpoint

Zuora endpoints contain the connection information that studio and the Integration Appliance use to connect to the Zuora application. You can create multiple endpoints that refer to separate instances.

About this task

Use this task to create or edit Zuora endpoint.

Note:

Any changes you make to Zuora endpoint, including configuration properties, affects all the orchestrations that use that endpoint, as the edits are global, not local.

Procedure

1. Drag an activity from Zuora folder in the Activities tab to the Orchestration window. The Summary panel is displayed.
2. Click Pick Endpoint from the Checklist. The Pick Endpoint panel is displayed.
3. Click one of the following buttons:
 - a. Browse - To select an existing endpoint from Project Explorer. The Project Explorer shows all the endpoints in the project available for the activity. When you select an endpoint, the endpoint properties are displayed in the Pick Endpoint panel.
 - b. New - To create a new endpoint. The Create Endpoint window opens.
 - c. Edit - To edit the existing endpoint. The Edit Endpoint window opens.
4. Complete the fields defined in the following table:


Table 1. Connection Details

Field Name	Description
Provide Connection Information	
URL	Specifies the URL of the Zuora application. By default, the value of the production environment in Zuora <code>https://www.zuora.com/apps/services/a/41.0</code> is displayed.
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect to the Zuora application.
Proxy Connection Details	
Password	Specifies the password associated with the user name to connect to the Zuora application.
Proxy Host	Specifies the host name of the proxy server.
Proxy Port	Specifies the port number needed to connect to the proxy server.
Proxy User Name	Specifies the user name needed to connect to the proxy server.
Proxy Password	Specifies the password needed to connect to the proxy server.

5. When finished, click Test Connection to confirm that you can connect to Zuora application.
6. Click OK.

Parent topic: [Zuora Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Zuora_Creating_or_Editing_an_Endpoint.html

Using the Zuora Create Objects activity

Use the Zuora Create Objects activity to create objects such as Account, Amendment, Contact, InvoiceAdjustment, InvoiceItemAdjustment, InvoicePayment, Payment, PaymentMethod, Product, ProductRatePlan, ProductRatePlanCharge, ProductRatePlanChargeTier, RatePlan, RatePlanCharge, RatePlanChargeTier, Refund, and Usage in the Zuora application.

About this task

Use this task to create objects in the Zuora application. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Zuora Create Objects activity, complete the following steps:


Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Zuora folder contents.
2. Drag the Create Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Zuora Create Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make required changes if necessary.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Zuora endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click Test Connection to test that you have connected successfully to the Zuora application. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Zuora endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse Zuora window is displayed.
11. In Browse Zuora, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK.
12. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for Zuora activities](#).
13. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Create Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
14. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time, if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity will be completed and the result of createResponse will be populated with an error message. By reviewing the response of the activity, you can know if the request had failed or was successful.
15. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
16. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Zuora Create Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Zuora Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Zuora_CreateObjects_Activity.html

Using the Zuora Update Objects activity

Use the Zuora Update Objects activity to update objects such as Account, Amendment, Contact, Invoice, InvoiceAdjustment, InvoiceItemAdjustment, Payment, PaymentMethod, Product, ProductRatePlan, ProductRatePlanCharge, ProductRatePlanChargeTier, RatePlanCharge, and Subscription in the Zuora application.

About this task

Use this task to update objects in the Zuora application. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Zuora Update Objects activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Zuora folder contents.
2. Drag the Update Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Zuora Update Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make required changes if necessary.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Zuora endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click Test Connection to test that you have connected successfully to the Zuora application. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Zuora endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse Zuora window is displayed.
11. In Browse Zuora, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK.
12. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for Zuora activities](#).
13. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Update Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
14. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time, if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity will be completed and the result of updateResponse will be populated with an error message. By reviewing the response of the activity, you can know if the request had failed or was successful.


15. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
16. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Zuora Update Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Zuora Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Zuora_UpdateObjects_Activity.html

Using the Zuora Delete Objects activity

Use the Zuora Delete Objects activity to delete objects such as Product, Account, or Contact from the Zuora application.

About this task

Use this task to delete objects from the Zuora application. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Zuora Delete Objects activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Zuora folder contents.
2. Drag the Delete Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Zuora Delete Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make required changes if necessary.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Zuora endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click Test Connection to test that you have connected successfully to the Zuora application. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Zuora endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Delete Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node.

During run time, if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity will be completed and the result of deleteResponse will be populated with an error message. By reviewing the response of the activity, you can know if the request had failed or was successful.


11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Zuora Delete Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Zuora Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Zuora_DeleteObjects_Activity.html

Using the Zuora Query Objects activity

Use the Zuora Query Objects activity to query for objects such as Product, Account, or RatePlan from the Zuora application. The query string that you specify for this operation must adhere to the Zuora Object Query Language standard.

About this task

Use this task to query objects from the Zuora application. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Zuora Query Objects activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Zuora folder contents.
2. Drag the Query Objects activity icon onto the orchestration. The Zuora Query Objects Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make required changes if necessary.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Zuora endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click Test Connection to test that you have connected successfully to the Zuora application. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Zuora endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes that you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML schemas generated from the selected object of the Query Objects activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.

10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time, if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity is completed and the result of queryResponse is populated with an error message. By reviewing the response of the activity, you can know if the request had failed or was successful.
11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.
Note: The output of the Query Objects activity is queryResponse, which has a generic structure. If the output of the Query Objects activity must be used in a later activity, direct mapping cannot be done. The data must be extracted from the queryResponse with the help of the Apply XSLT activity.
Sample XSLT that can be used to extract specific data:


```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xsl:stylesheet version="1.0" xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
xmlns:ns1="http://api.zuora.com/" xmlns:ns2="http://object.api.zuora.com/">
<xsl:template match="/ns1:queryResponse/ns1:result">
<xsl:element name="Products">
<xsl:apply-templates select="ns1:records" />
</xsl:element>
</xsl:template>
<xsl:template match="ns1:records">
<xsl:element name="Product">
<xsl:element name="Id">
<xsl:value-of select="ns2:Id"/>
</xsl:element >
<xsl:element name="Name">
<xsl:value-of select="ns2:Name"/>
</xsl:element >
<xsl:element name="SKU">
<xsl:value-of select="ns2:SKU"/>
</xsl:element >
<xsl:element name="EffectiveStartDate">
<xsl:value-of select="ns2:EffectiveStartDate"/>
</xsl:element >
<xsl:element name="EffectiveEndDate">
<xsl:value-of select="ns2:EffectiveEndDate"/>
</xsl:element >
<xsl:element name="Description">
<xsl:value-of select="ns2:Description"/>
</xsl:element >
</xsl:element>
</xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

Results

You have configured the Zuora Query Objects activity.

Parent topic: [Zuora Activities](#)

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Using the Zuora Amend Subscription activity

Use the Zuora Amend Subscription activity to amend or change objects such as Subscription, in the Zuora application.

About this task

Use this task to amend or change objects from the Zuora application. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Zuora Amend Subscription activity, complete the following steps:


Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Zuora folder contents.
2. Drag the Amend Subscription activity icon onto the orchestration. The Zuora Amend Subscription Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make required changes if necessary.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Zuora endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click Test Connection to test that you have connected successfully to the Zuora application. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Zuora endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Amend Subscription activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time, if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity will be completed and the result of amendResponse will be populated with an error message. By reviewing the response of the activity, you can know if the request had failed or was successful.
11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Zuora Amend Subscription activity.

Parent topic: [Zuora Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Zuora_AmendObjects_Activity.html

Using the Zuora Create Subscription activity

Use the Zuora Create Subscription activity to create a subscription by specifying the basic information about the subscription such as the Account, PaymentMethod, and RatePlanData in the Zuora application.

About this task

Use this task to create a subscription in the Zuora application. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Zuora Create Subscription activity, complete the following steps:


Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Zuora folder contents.
2. Drag the Create Subscription activity icon onto the orchestration. The Zuora Create Subscription Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make required changes if necessary.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Zuora endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click Test Connection to test that you have connected successfully to the Zuora application. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Zuora endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Create Subscription activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
10. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time, if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity will be completed and the result of subscribeResponse will be populated with an error message. By reviewing the response of the activity, you can know if the request had failed or was successful.
11. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
12. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Zuora Create Subscription activity.

Parent topic: [Zuora Activities](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Zuora_CreateSubscription_Activity.html

Using the Zuora Generate Invoice activity

Use the Zuora Generate Invoice activity to generate an invoice for a customer by specifying the AccountId, InvoiceDate, TargetDate and so on, in the Zuora application.

About this task

Use this task to generate an invoice in the Zuora application. The call to this activity is a synchronous call where the input data is sent to the activity for processing and the response is sent back to the orchestration.

To configure the Zuora Generate Invoice activity, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. In an active orchestration, open the Activities tab and expand the Zuora folder contents.
2. Drag the Generate Invoice activity icon onto the orchestration. The Zuora Generate Invoice Checklist is displayed.
3. In the Checklist, click Summary.
4. Review the contents of the Activity Name field, and make required changes if necessary.
5. In the Checklist, click Pick Endpoint.
6. Click Browse and use the Project Explorer dialog box to select the relevant Zuora endpoint.
7. Optional: You can create the endpoint by clicking New and specifying the required connection details. Click Test Connection to test that you have connected successfully to the Zuora application. Click OK to save and use the endpoint for this configuration.
Note: For more information, see [Creating and editing a Zuora endpoint](#).
8. To make required changes to the selected endpoint configuration, click Edit to access the options in a separate window. Any changes you make globally affects all uses of the endpoint in active orchestrations.
9. In the Checklist, click Configure.
10. Click Browse to select the object type. The Browse Zuora window is displayed.
11. In Browse Zuora, you can either filter the object type by specifying the object type in the Search for an object type field, or select the object type from the object type list. Click OK.
12. In the Checklist, click Retry. Review the default settings and make the required changes. For more information, see [Specifying the Retry options for Zuora activities](#).
13. Select the Map Inputs in the Checklist. The XML Schemas generated from the selected object of the Generate Invoice activity are displayed as nodes under the request input parameter in the To Activity panel.
14. Create a map between the orchestration variables and the input parameter of the activity.
Note: Values must be provided at run time for any mandatory elements of the input structure. A value can be provided by specifying a default value for element or by linking the element with an input node. During run time, if no value is provided for a mandatory element, the activity will be completed and the

result of generateResponse will be populated with an error message. By reviewing the response of the activity, you can know if the request had failed or was successful.


15. Select the Map Outputs in the Checklist. The XML Schema generated to hold the response of the activity is displayed as nodes under the response output parameter in the From Activity panel.
16. Create a map between the output parameters and orchestration variables.

Results

You have configured the Zuora Generate Invoice activity.

Parent topic: [Zuora Activities](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Zuora_GenerateInvoice_Activity.html

Specifying the Retry options for Zuora activities

Specifying the Retry parameters is one of the tasks to configure Zuora activity.

About this task

Use this task to configure the retry options for the Zuora activities. The Zuora connector obtains a new session for each activity. If the connector fails to obtain a session in the first attempt due to network issues, retry occurs. The connector does not count the initial attempt to reacquiring the session as a retry attempt. The connector assumes the typical connector retry behavior after the initial attempt to reacquire a session fails.

Procedure

1. Select the Retry task from the Checklist. The retry pane is displayed.
2. Configure the retry and timeout options for connecting to Zuora application, as described in the following table:


Table 1. Retry options

Retry Fields	Description
Wait __ seconds between each retry.	Specifies the number of seconds that the Integration Appliance waits before trying to establish a connection to Zuora application.

Retry Fields	Description
Try to connect ___ times before failing.	Specifies the retry count — the maximum number of times the Integration Appliance attempts to establish a connection to Zuora application before issuing an error and stopping the processing of the current orchestration job. Note: If you deploy an orchestration that contains Zuora activity and the Integration Appliance cannot connect to the specified Zuora application, the Integration Appliance logs the connections errors as Warnings in the system and orchestration logs until the retry count value is reached. When the retry count is reached, the Integration Appliance logs an Error in the system and orchestration logs and stops processing the current orchestration job. For example, you set the retry count to 3, the first, second, and third connection errors appear in the system log as warnings. The Integration Appliance logs the fourth connection error as an error and stops processing the current orchestration job.
Activity Timeout	
Timeout after ----- seconds when the endpoint does not respond to a request.	Specifies the number of seconds the Integration Appliance waits before timing out, when the endpoint does not respond to a request. The default is 300 seconds.

Parent topic: [Zuora Activities](#)

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Using Secure Connectors

A Secure Connector facilitates the secure transfer of data between the IBM® WebSphere® Cast Iron® appliance and an endpoint that is located behind a firewall. You can perform the run time verification of the orchestration against an endpoint behind a firewall from Studio, using Secure Connectors. This feature of discovering Secure Connectors and verifying the orchestrations in Studio, is applicable only for the Integration Appliance and not for Cast Iron Live.

Before you begin

To verify the orchestration in Studio using Secure Connector, you must complete the following tasks:

- Create a Secure Connector on the appliance.
- Download the configuration file and the installer for the Secure Connector from the appliance, and install it on a machine behind the firewall.
- Start the Secure Connector that was installed in the earlier step, and ensure that the status of the Secure Connector in the Integration Appliance, is displayed as "running".

Procedure

Configure the orchestration with a locally accessible endpoint, which is a replica of the endpoint behind the firewall.

To use Secure Connectors for the verification of the orchestration from Studio for the compatible Cast Iron connectors, such as, the HTTP connector, complete the following:

1. Edit the endpoint details of the activity, to use the other endpoint behind firewall.
2. Go to the Remote Endpoint Configuration section.
3. Select the Endpoint Runs Behind Firewall check box to enable the Secure Connector Name field.
4. Click Browse and specify the details of the Integration Appliance, where the Secure Connectors are registered. The Discover Secure Connectors dialog is displayed.

The appliance users of the Publisher or Admin group can connect to the appliance through Studio, to discover the Secure Connectors.


5. Click Discover. The Integration Appliance displays the list of all the Secure Connectors that are actively running.
6. Select the Secure Connector that corresponds to the environment where the endpoint is running.
7. Save the project and perform the verification of the orchestration.

During the verification of the orchestration in the Studio environment, the connector will execute the activity using the Secure Connector that you configured through the Integration appliance. You can now test the orchestration against an environment situated on a different network other than the Studio environment.

Note:

- The Discover Secure Connectors dialog displays only those Secure Connectors that are currently in the "running" state. So, ensure that the Secure Connector is started in the on-premise environment.
- The communication between Studio and Appliance is through HTTP transport.
- For an old project, you must import the project into the Studio and perform the steps described above.
- The test connection and discovery of the artifacts through a Secure Connector is not currently supported from the Studio environment.

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Variables

- [About variables](#)
In orchestrations, variables provide temporary storage locations to hold the input and output data of activities.
- [Creating variables](#)
Use the topics in this section to decide which method to use to create new variables in an orchestration.
- [Configuring variable properties](#)
Configure variable properties from the Properties pane on the Variables tab.
- [Removing Variables](#)
You can remove a specific variable, or all unused variables from the orchestration, as described in this section.
- [Specifying a default value](#)
Specify a default value for a variable which is appropriate for its data type.
- [Browse for Schema Element](#)
Select a root element of a schema or fragment of a schema.
- [Selecting a Substitution Type for Variables](#)
When an XML Schema defines an XML element based on derived types, you must specify the derived type (or substitution type) expected during run time.

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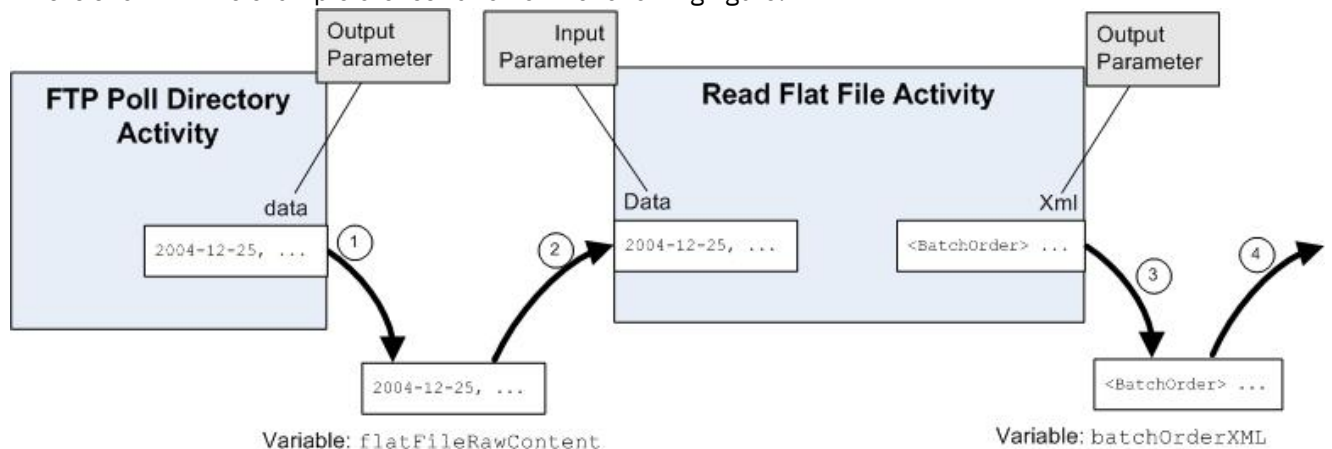
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About variables

In orchestrations, variables provide temporary storage locations to hold the input and output data of activities.

This is shown in the example orchestration of the following figure:



During run time, this orchestration extracts data from and stores data into variables as described in the following steps:

1. The FTP Poll Directory activity polls for a Flat File on an FTP Server and places the contents of the Flat File into the data output parameter. The data output parameter is mapped to the string variable called *flatFileRawContent*.
2. The Flat File data returned from the FTP Poll Directory activity is stored as a string into the *flatFileRawContent* variable.
3. The *flatFileRawContent* variable is mapped to the Data input parameter of the Read Flat File activity. The Flat File data is parsed by the Read Flat File activity and returned from the activity in the XML output parameter.
4. The XML output parameter is mapped to the *batchOrderXML* Flat File Schema variable. The data is available in the orchestration from the *batchOrderXML* Flat File Schema variable. For example, if an activity is added to the orchestration to the right of the Read Flat File activity, it can use this data as input.

Variables must be initialized in an orchestration in order for the orchestration to be considered valid. This includes variables that are initialized in the branches of an If.. Then activity. The variable must be initialized in all branches. For more information see [Validating the orchestration](#).

Variable scope

Variables defined within the Group, Try/Catch, If Then, While Loop, or For Each activities are considered as local variables. When such a variable is used as an input of a Map Inputs Tasks activity or a Map Variables activity that is outside of, and following the Group, Try/Catch, If Then, While Loop, or For Each activity, the variable is considered as uninitialized because it is outside the scope of the activities where it was declared. Therefore, these variables must be initialized with a default value.

For more information about specifying a default value, see the [Specifying a default value](#) section.

The Variables tab

The Variables tab contains the following panes:

- Variables: Displays the variables that are defined and available for use in the Mapping Editor. A predefined variable called *JobInfo* is available in the Variables pane of the Variables tab by default.
- Schema of <variable>: Displays the schema for the selected variable.
- Activities using <variable>: Displays all activities in the orchestration which use the variable.
- Properties of <variable>: Where you define or edit variable properties or specify a default value.

The JobInfo variable


By default, Studio provides the *JobInfo* variable. The Integration Appliance provides the values for the *JobInfo* nodes during run time. The *JobInfo* variable contains the nodes defined in the following table:

JobInfo Node Name	Data Type	Description
jobId	String	Contains the job ID number assigned to the instance of the orchestration. When the orchestration starts processing the activities contained in the orchestration, a job ID number is assigned to that instance of the orchestration. This job ID number is also visible from the Web Management Console (WMC).

JobInfo Node Name	Data Type	Description
jobStartTime	XML Schema data type xsd:dateTime	Contains the date and time that the instance of the orchestration started processing. Note: The <i>jobStartTime</i> is the date and time that the orchestration starts processing the messages or events and is assigned a job ID number. The <i>jobStartTime</i> is not the date and time that orchestration was deployed on the Integration Appliance and became active —ready to start processing messages and events. For example, an orchestration contains a FTP Poll Directory activity (a starter activity) that is deployed on the Integration Appliance. The orchestration becomes active waiting for a file to show on the FTP Server in a particular directory. When the orchestration determines that a file has been placed in a particular directory on the FTP Server, it starts processing the FTP Poll Directory activity. When the orchestration starts processing, the current date and time is stored in the <i>jobStartTime</i> node.
projectName	String	The name of the project that contains the current orchestration.
configurationName	String	The name of the configuration associated with the current instance of the orchestration. Different configurations of projects are created using the Web Management Console (WMC).
orchestrationName	String	The name of the orchestration currently processing.
routerHostName	String	The host name of the Integration Appliance that the current instance of the orchestration is running on.

Note: The *JobInfo* variable or the nodes of the *JobInfo* variable cannot be removed.

Parent topic: [Variables](#)

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Creating variables

Use the topics in this section to decide which method to use to create new variables in an orchestration.

- [Create a new variable using the Create New Variable option](#)
- [Create a new variable using the Select Inputs or Select Outputs buttons](#)
- [Create a new variable using the toolbar menu](#)
- [Create a new variable using the Copy menu option](#)
- [Create a new variable using the Copy button](#)
- [Primitive Data Types](#)

Parent topic: [Variables](#)

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Create a new variable using the Create New Variable option

About this task

To create a new variable using the Create New Variable option of the Variables pane:


Procedure

1. Open an orchestration and select the Variables tab.
2. Right-click the Variables pane and select the Create New Variable option from the list. The "Create New Variables Step 1 of 2" dialog box is displayed.
3. Select a data type or schema to base the new variable:
 - For a variable based on a primitive data type:
 - a. Scroll to the end of the "Create New Variables Step 1 of 2" dialog box.
 - b. Select a primitive data type from the Primitive Types folder.
 - c. Click Next.
 - For a variable based on a schema:
 - a. Optional: [To search for a node by name, click Find.](#)
 - b. From the schema, select a node to be the root of the new variable.
 - c. Click Next.
4. Enter a name for the new variable and click Finish. The new variable is added to Variables toolbox, and the schema opens in the Schema of pane on the Variables tab.

Attention: Do not create a variable in the following format: `__variableName__`. Variable names that start with two underscore characters (`_`) and ends with two underscore characters (`_`) are not supported. If an orchestration contains variable names using this format, [the orchestration fails to validate](#).

Parent topic: [Creating variables](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/creating_variables_using_createnewvariableoption.html

Create a new variable using the Select Inputs or Select Outputs buttons

About this task

To add a new variable using the Select Inputs or Select Outputs buttons in the mapping panes of activities:


Procedure

1. Open an orchestration.
2. Double-click an activity.
3. Select a mapping task in the Checklist.
4. Add a variable to the map:
 - o To add an input variable to the map, click Select Inputs.
 - o To add an output variable to the map, click Select Outputs.
5. Click New. The "Create New Variables Step 1 of 2" dialog box opens.
6. Select a data type or schema to base the new variable:
 - o For a variable based on a primitive data type:
 - a. Scroll to the end of the "Create New Variables Step 1 of 2" dialog box.
 - b. Select a primitive data type from the Primitive Types folder.
 - c. Click Next.
 - o For a variable based on a schema:
 - a. Optional: [To search for a node by name, click Find](#)
 - b. From the schema, select a node to be the root of the new variable.
 - c. Click Next.
7. Enter a name for the new variable and click Finish.

The new variable is added to Variables toolbox, and the schema displays in the Schema of pane on the Variables tab. The new variable is also added to the mapping pane.

Attention: Do not create a variable in the following format: `__variableName__`. Variable names that start with two underscore characters (`_`) and ends with two underscore characters (`_`) are not supported. If an orchestration contains variable names using this format, [the orchestration fails to validate](#).

Parent topic: [Creating variables](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/creating_variable_from_schemaof_pane.html

Create a new variable using the toolbar menu

About this task

To add a new variable using the Map > Add options available from the toolbar menu:

Procedure

1. Open a mapping pane of an activity.
2. Click a node in the mapping pane.
3. Select an active Map toolbar menu option
 - o Map > Add Input Variables
 - o Map > Add Output VariablesThe "Add Variables" dialog box is displayed.
4. Click New. The "Create New Variables Step 1 of 2" dialog box is displayed.
5. Select a data type or schema to base the new variable:
 - o For a variable based on a primitive data type:
 - a. Scroll to the end of the "Create New Variables Step 1 of 2" dialog box.
 - b. Select a primitive data type from the Primitive Types folder.
 - c. Click Next.
 - o For a variable based on a schema:
 - a. Optional: [To search for a node by name, click Find](#).
 - b. From the schema, select a node to be the root of the new variable.
 - c. Click Next.

6. Enter a name for the new variable and click Finish. The new variable is added to Variables toolbox, and the schema is displayed in the Schema of pane on the Variables tab. The new variable is also added to the mapping pane.

Attention: Do not create a variable in the following format: `__variableName__`. Variable names that start with two underscore characters (`_`) and ends with two underscore characters (`_`) are not supported. If an orchestration contains variable names using this format, [the orchestration fails to validate](#).

Parent topic: [Creating variables](#)

Create a new variable using the Copy menu option

About this task

To create a new variable using the Copy menu option while viewing the graphical representation of an XML Schema:


Procedure

1. Open an orchestration.
2. Select the Project tab and double-click an XML Schema in the XML Schemas folder to open it. A schema tab opens with a graphical representation of the XML Schema.
3. Select the Variables tab.
4. Select a node in the schema to be the root of the new variable. Right-click the node in the schema tab (displayed on the left) and from the menu select Copy.
5. Select an orchestration tab and then select the Variables tab.
6. Click the Variables pane of the Variables tab and paste fragment of the schema using one of the following options:
 - o Right-click and from the menu select Paste.
 - o From the toolbar menu, select Edit > Paste.
7. Optional: Rename the variable by clicking in the Name field of the "Properties of" pane of the Variables tab.

Attention: Do not create a variable in the following format: `__variableName__`. Variable names that start with two underscore characters (__) and ends with two underscore characters (__) are not supported. If an orchestration contains variable names using this format, [the orchestration fails to validate](#).

Parent topic: [Creating variables](#)

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Create a new variable using the Copy button


About this task

To add a new variable using the Copy button in the mapping panes of activities:

Procedure

For more information, see [Copying Parameters](#).

Parent topic: [Creating variables](#)

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Primitive Data Types

The following table lists primitive data types that can be used when creating a variable:

Primitive Data Type	Description
base64 binary	Base64-encoded arbitrary binary data The <code>·value space·</code> of <code>base64Binary</code> is the set of finite-length sequences of binary octets. For <code>base64Binary</code> data the entire binary stream is encoded using the Base64 Alphabet in [RFC 2045].
anyType	A concrete <code>ur-Type</code> , which can serve either as a complex type (non-scalar data, means elements), or as a simple type (scalar data) depending on the context.
dateTime	Specific instant of time. ISO 8601 extended format CCYY-MMDDThh:mm:ss
QName /qname	XML qualified names.
int	<code>int</code> is derived from <code>long</code> by setting the value of <code>·maxInclusive·</code> to be 2147483647 and <code>·minInclusive·</code> to be -2147483648
string	The <code>string</code> datatype represents character strings in XML
boolean	This data type has two possible values: true or false. It is typically used to track true or false conditions.
decimal	A subset of the real numbers, which can be represented by decimal numerals

Parent topic: [Creating variables](#)

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Configuring variable properties

Configure variable properties from the Properties of pane on the Variables tab.

About this task


When using variables within the Group or Try/Catch activities, these variables are regarded as local variables. When these variables are used outside of the scope of the activities where they were declared, they are considered to be uninitialised. If a variable defined within the Group or Try/Catch activities is used as an input of a Map Inputs Tasks activity or a Map Variables activity that is outside of, and following, the Group or Try/Catch activity, the variable is considered as uninitialised.

Procedure

1. Click the Name field and enter a name for the variable.
2. Click the Data Type field and select a Data Type from the list. In addition to the default Data Types, the list lists the names of the root nodes of the Flat File Schemas, XML Schemas, and DTD files that have been defined or uploaded into the project. The following default Data Types are listed in the menu:
 - o DateTime: a date and time stored as an XML Schema xs:dateTime data type
 - o AnyType: any type of data can be stored in this catch-all (XML Schema xs:anyType) data type
 - o String: text characters (primitive)
 - o Integer: integers (primitive)
 - o Base64Binary: base64 binary encoded data stored as an XML Schema xs:base64Binary data type
 - o [Browse for Schema....](#): use this option to redefine the schema or schema fragment that the variable is based on
3. Optional: Click the Default Value field and [specify a default value](#) for the variable.
4. Click the Shared field to specify to share this variable across orchestration jobs. By default, variables are not shared (False). To share this variable across all the orchestration jobs of this type of orchestration, select the True option from the list. If the Shared field is set to True, the Process Orchestration Jobs Sequentially check box becomes automatically selected.
Note: Variables based on schema fragments can be created by [dragging a node from the Schema of pane into the Variables pane of the Variables tab](#).
Note: Shared variables are sometimes used with scheduled orchestrations to maintain state information for each scheduled invocation of the orchestration job.

Parent topic: [Variables](#)

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Removing Variables

You can remove a specific variable, or all unused variables from the orchestration, as described in this section.

About this task

Remove variables from the orchestration in one of the following methods:

To remove a specific variable:

1. Select the variable from the Variables pane inside of the Variables tab.
2. Right-click and select Remove Variable from the list


Note: Removing a variable can modify any maps that refer to it.

To remove variables not used in the orchestration:

1. Right-click the Variables pane inside of the Variables tab.
2. Select Remove Unused Variable(s).

Parent topic: [Variables](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/orch_Removing_Variables.html

Specifying a default value

Specify a default value for a variable which is appropriate for its data type.

About this task

The value you supply as a default must match the data type of the variable. You can enter a default value or you can select a default value from a file. Typically you select a default value from a file for variables that are based on schemas. For variables based on an XML Schema, you load an XML file that is valid to the XML Schema.

Specify a default value using one of the following methods:

To enter a default value manually:

1. Click the Default Value field of the "Properties of" pane.
2. Enter a value.

To select a default value from a file:

1. Click [...] in the Default Value field. The Default Value dialog box is displayed.
2. Click Upload. The Open Sample Document dialog box opens.
3. Select a sample file and click Open. The contents of the file show in the Default Value dialog box.
4. Click OK. The OK button is located at the end of the pane.

Parent topic: [Variables](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/orch_Specifying_a_Default_Value.html

Browse for Schema Element

Select a root element of a schema or fragment of a schema.

About this task

The Browse for Schema Type Element dialog box shows the current nodes of the different schemas available in the project. You can select either a root element of the schema or a fragment of the schema (a child node of the root element). To upload a new schema into the project, see [Uploading Files into a Project](#).


To select the root of a schema or a schema fragment:

Procedure

1. In the Browse for Schema Type Element dialog box select either a root element of the schema or a fragment of the schema (a child node of the root element).
2. Expand the schema to view the nodes that make up the schema. To find a particular node in the schema, enter the beginning characters of the node name.
3. Click OK.

Parent topic: [Variables](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Browse_for_Schema.html

Selecting a Substitution Type for Variables

When an XML Schema defines an XML element based on derived types, you must specify the derived type (or substitution type) expected during run time.

About this task

The XML Schema specification supports the ability to derive complex types by extension. For more general information about type substitution and about using type substitution in mapping panes, see [Selecting a Substitution Type](#).

When an XML Schema defines an XML element based on derived types, you must specify the derived type (or substitution type) expected during run time. In Studio, you must specify the expected substitution type for the XML element of the variable using the Substitute Node With ... menu option as described in the following procedure.

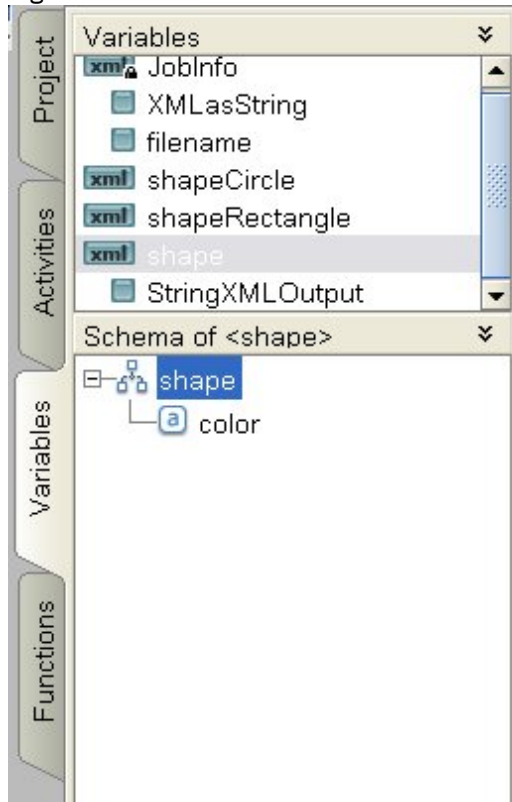
To select a substitution type for a variable:

Procedure

1. Upload an XML Schema that contains an XML element-based derived types into the project. For more information, see [Uploading Files into a Project](#).
2. [Create a variable](#) that contains an XML element based on derived types. The schema associated with the node displays in the "Schema of" pane of the Variables tab.

For the example XML Schema provided in [Selecting a Substitution Type](#), create a variable based on the <shape> element. The schema associated with the <shape> element is displayed in the "Schema of" pane of the Variables tab as shown in [Figure 1](#):

Figure 1. The schema associated with the shape element as displayed by the Schema of pane.

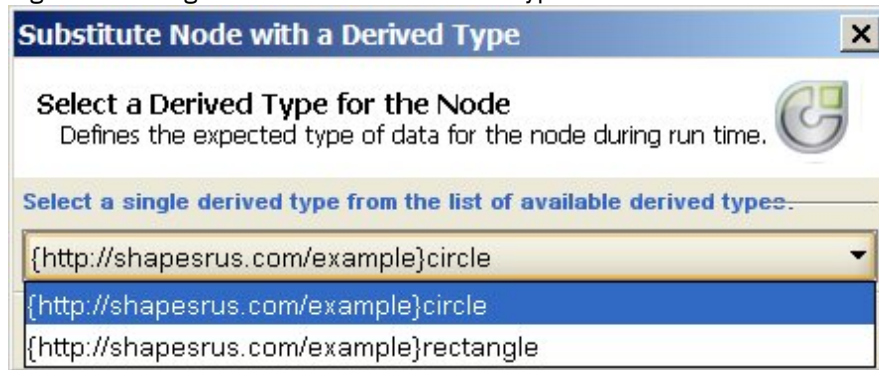


Note that the child elements of the derived types are not listed in the "Schema of" pane. In this example, the child element of circle which is named diameter is not listed, nor are the child elements of rectangle which are named width and length.

3. In the "Schema Of" pane of the Variables tab, select the derived type expected during run time, by right-clicking the node and from the menu selecting the Substitute Node With ... option.

The Substitute Node with a Derived Type dialog box is displayed. In the menu, the available derived types for the node as defined by the XML Schema are listed. For this example, the two derived types are available from the menu as shown in [Figure 2](#):

Figure 2. The figure shows the two derived types for the Node: circle and rectangle.



4. Select one of the derived types. The selected derived type determines the expected type of XML instance document during run time.

In this example, the circle derived type is selected, so the XML data expected for this variable during run time is of type circle.

In addition to the child elements of the base type, the child elements of the derived type are displayed in the "Schema of" pane. In this example, the child element named diameter is displayed with the child element named color (inherited from the base type) in the "Schema of" pane of the Variables tab as shown in [Figure 3](#):

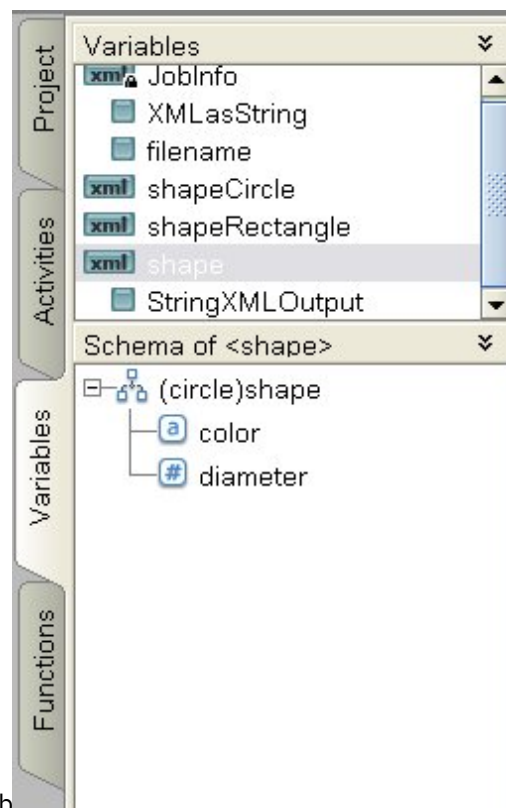



Figure 3. Variables tab

What to do next

When a derived type has been selected for a node of a variable using the Substitute Node With ... option, you can remove the association between the node of a variable and the derived type by right-clicking the node and selecting the Unsubstitute Node option from the menu. An Unsubstitute dialog box opens. Click Yes.

Parent topic: [Variables](#)

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Flat File Schemas

- [Flat File Schema Editor Overview](#)

A Flat File Schema is metadata that describes the format and structure of Flat File data processed by the Integration Appliance. When you create a Flat File Schema, a corresponding internal XML Schema-based representation of the metadata is also generated.

- [About delimited data](#)
- [About fixed length or 'positional' data](#)
- [Mixed positional and delimited example](#)
- [Creating a flat file schema](#)
- [Testing flat file schemas](#)
- [Root node properties](#)

When a root node is selected in the Schema Layout tab, the following two sections of properties are available in the pane: Basic Properties and Delimiters.


- [Adding Fields or Field Types](#)
- [Field properties](#)
- [Adding Records or a Record Type](#)
- [Record properties](#)
- [Adding Groups or Group Types](#)
- [Group Properties](#)

When a group is selected in the Schema Layout tab, the Basic Properties of a group are displayed. When a group type is selected in the Type Library tab, the Basic Properties of the group type are displayed. The Basic Properties of a group or group type are listed in the following table:

- [Group Example](#)
- [Working with Nodes in the Schema Tabs](#)
- [Adding Several Children](#)
- [Valid Node Names](#)
- [The Type Library Tab](#)
- [Specifying Optional Fields and Records](#)
- [Generating a flat file schema from an IDOC](#)

At design time, using the Project > Import > SAP IDOC Schema toolbar menu option, you can interrogate an SAP endpoint for IDOC metadata and from that metadata generate a Flat File Schema.

- [Using the Flat File Wizard](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/toc_flatfileschemas.html

Flat File Schema Editor Overview

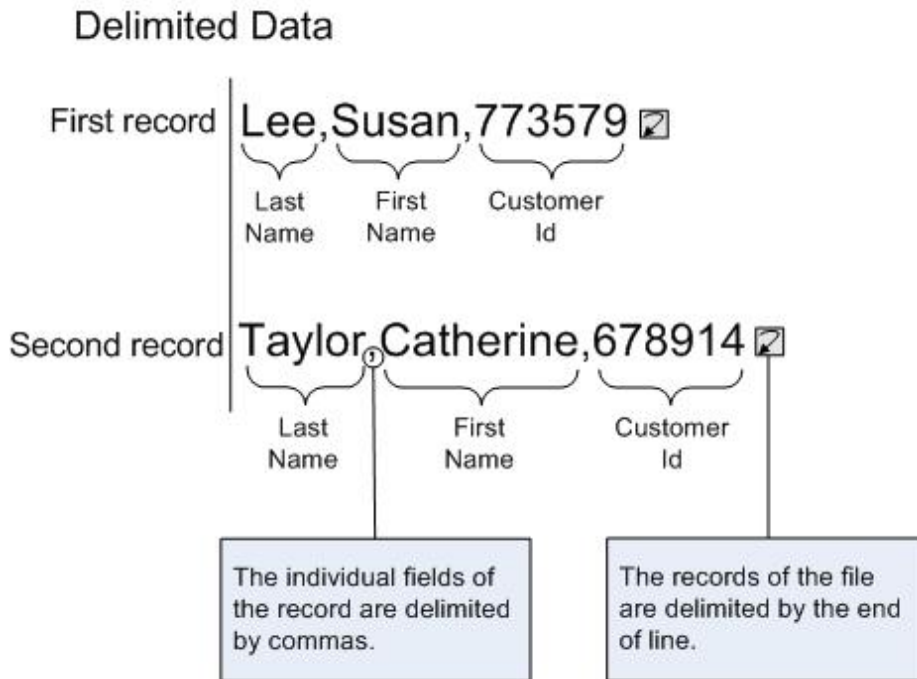
A Flat File Schema is metadata that describes the format and structure of Flat File data processed by the Integration Appliance. When you create a Flat File Schema, a corresponding internal XML Schema-based representation of the metadata is also generated.

During run time, the Integration Appliance uses the Flat File Schema for the following actions:

- Parse incoming Flat File data (valid to the Flat File Schema) and convert it to XML data. This parsing is done in the Read Flat File activity of an orchestration. The converted XML data is valid to the generated internal XML Schema generated from the Flat File Schema. For an example orchestration that reads Flat File data, see the "Developing the BookOrder Project" section of the *Getting Started Guide*.
- Convert XML data into outgoing Flat File data valid to a Flat File Schema. This conversion is done in the Write Flat File activity of an orchestration.

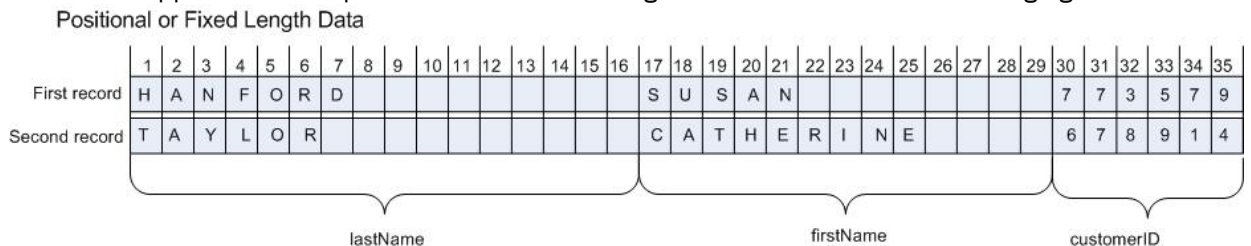
Use the Flat File Schema Editor to create Flat File Schemas to describe the following types of data:

- **Delimited** data - A Flat File Schema can describe data that is defined using delimiters, for example: EDI data or by comma-separated values (CSV). A CSV file containing delimited data is shown in the following figure:



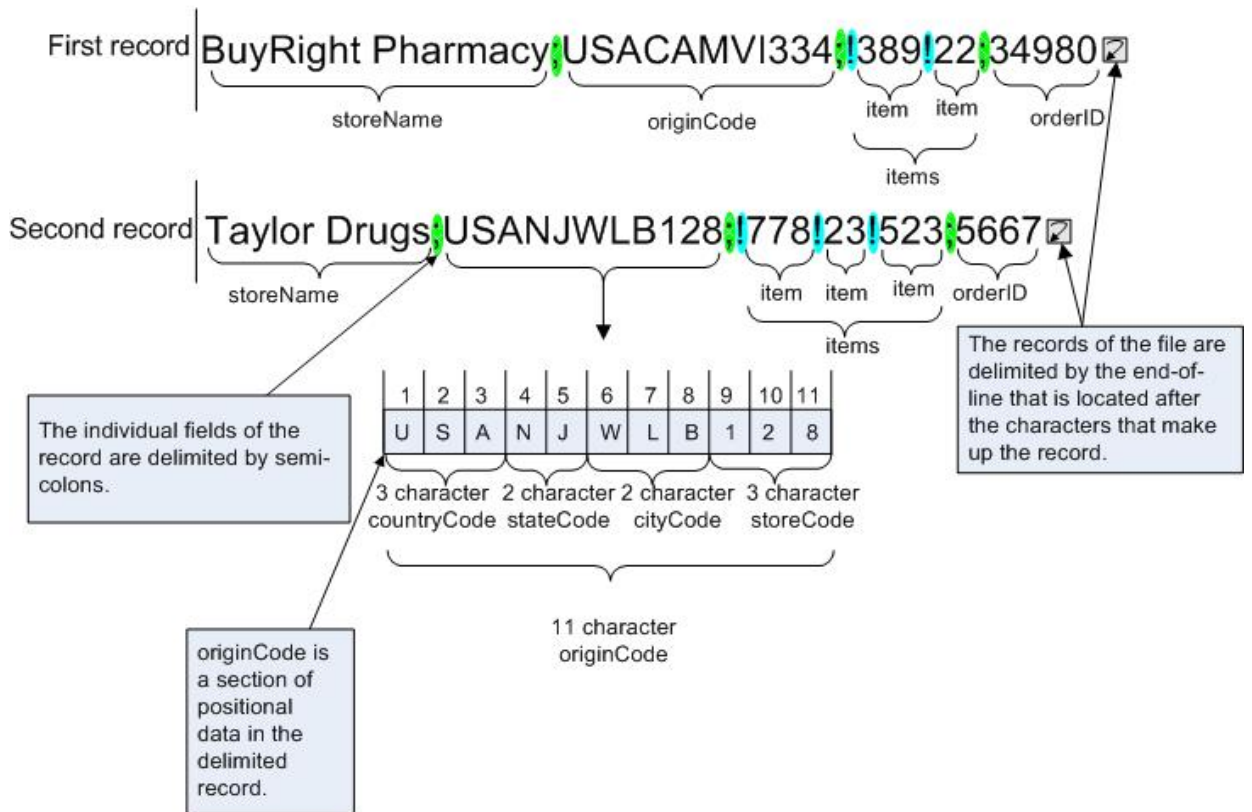
For an example Flat File Schema that parses delimited fields and contains repeating records, see "Developing the BookOrder Project" section of the *Getting Started Guide*.

- **Fixed length or 'positional'** data: A Flat File Schema can describe fixed length or positional data. Many mainframe applications use positional data. Fixed-length data is shown in the following figure:



- [Mixed positional and delimited data](#) - A Flat File Schema can describe a mix of both delimited and positional data as shown in the following figure:

Mix of Positional and Delimited Data



Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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About delimited data

Delimited data is a collection of records or fields with variable lengths. Delimiters are used to signal the beginning or end of the record or field as shown in the following figure:

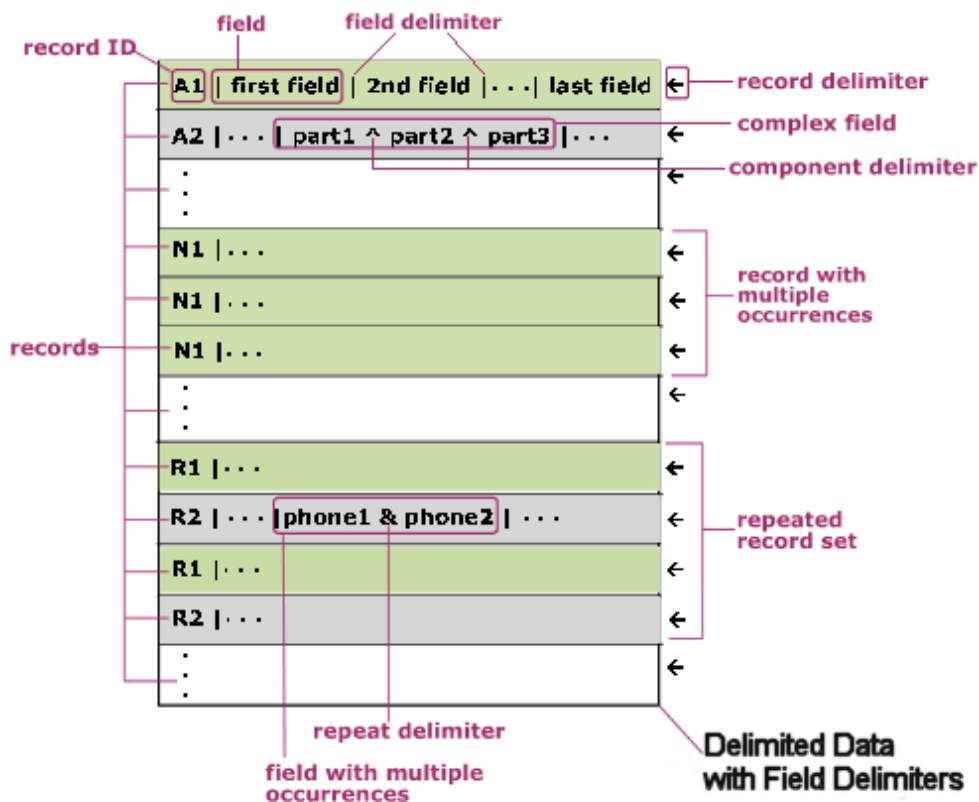
Figure 1. An example of delimited data where individual fields of the record are delimited by commas (LastName, FirstName and CustomerId), and the records of the file are delimited by the end of line.

Delimited Data



Records can also have identifying codes, known as records IDs. In the data in [Figure 2](#), each record begins with a record ID and ends with a delimiter.

Figure 2. Records with identifying codes



As shown in [Figure 2](#), records can repeat individually; the end of the repetition is marked by the record ID of the next record. Records can also repeat as a set of records; the end of the repetition is marked by the record ID of the next record that is not in the set.

Records contain fields; each field begins with a field delimiter. Fields end with either the delimiter beginning in the next field or with the end of the record.


Fields can be complex, containing components that are delimited with a component delimiter. Fields can also contain multiple data values - they repeat and use a repeat delimiter between values as shown with the phone1 and phone2 fields.

To implement a Flat File Schema for this sample data with record IDs, you would map each characteristic of the data as shown in the following table:

Flat File Characteristic	Flat File Schema Implementation
Delimited format for the highest level of structure in the data	For the root node set the Structure property to Delimited
Record delimiter	For the root node or a record node set the child delimiter
Record IDs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For the root node or a record node, set the record identifier property to the respective ID value For the root node or a record node, set the record identifier offset to 1
Repeating records	For record nodes , set the maximum occurrence property to unbounded or to a specific value
Repeating sets of records	Create a group node for each set and make the records in the set the content of the group
Field delimiter	Record nodes, set the child delimiter property
Repeating fields	Record nodes, set the repeat delimiter property
Complex fields	Define each as a subrecord that is child to the record containing the field
Components within complex fields	Define as field children in the subrecord
Component delimiter	Record node for the complex field, set the child delimiter property

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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About fixed length or 'positional' data

Fixed length or positional data are simple collections of records where each record has a known length. For example, the lastName field could contain the characters found between the 1 and the 16 character positions, as shown in [Figure 1](#):

Figure 1. Positional or Fixed Length Data example where a limited number of cells or boxes is allocated to each category, in this example: lastName, firstName, and customerID.

Positional or Fixed Length Data

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
First record	H	A	N	F	O	R	D										S	U	S	A	N									7	7	3	5	7	9
Second record	T	A	Y	L	O	R											C	A	T	H	E	R	I	N	E					6	7	8	9	1	4

lastName
firstName
customerID

As shown in [Figure 1](#), delimiters are not used to separate the characters between the following fields:

- lastName
- firstName
- customerID

For this example, the end-of-line delimiter is used to separate the data in the first and second records. You can define a Flat File Schema for a mix of positional and delimited data.

All data in the record is required because omitting the data would change the position of subsequent fields. If data is not available, spaces or zeros are added to pad out the field lengths as shown for the nickname and age fields in the following figure:

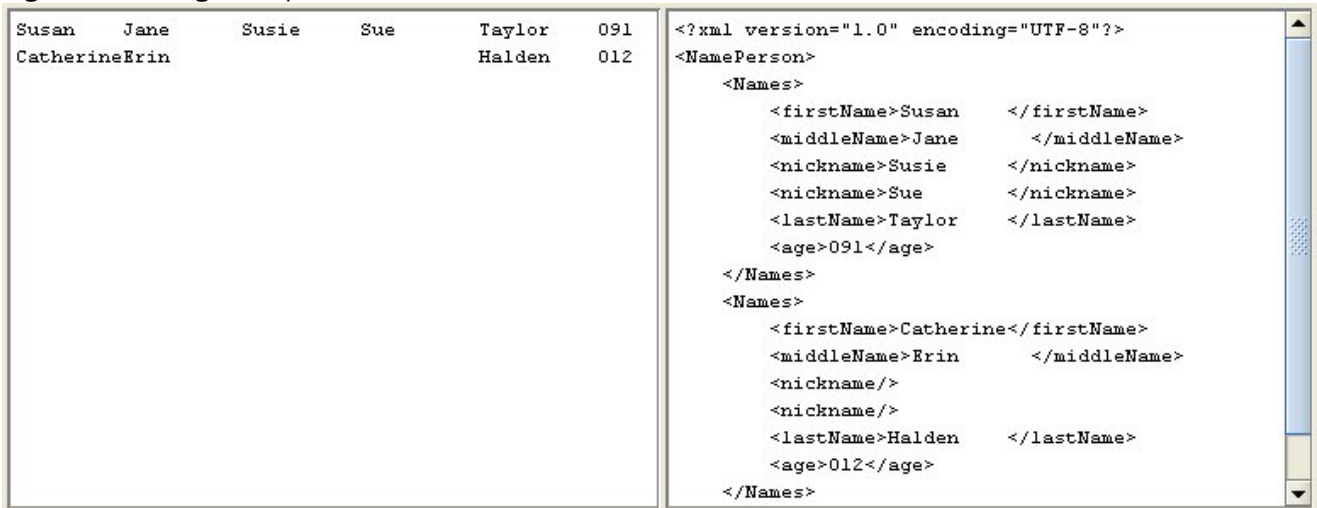
Figure 2. Padding using spaces or zeros

<pre>Susan Jane Susie Taylor 091 CatherineErin Halden 012</pre>	<pre><?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> <NamePerson> <Names> <firstName>Susan </firstName> <middleName>Jane </middleName> <nickname>Susie </nickname> <lastName>Taylor </lastName> <age>091</age> </Names> <Names> <firstName>Catherine</firstName> <middleName>Erin </middleName> <nickname/> <lastName>Halden </lastName> <age>012</age> </Names> </NamePerson></pre>
--	---

In the second line of data in the previous figure, no name is specified in for the nickname field - instead, there are spaces to pad out the missing nickname, so the string: Halden is correctly parsed as a last name. In addition, an extra zero was added to the front of the ages because the age field is three characters but the ages 12 and 91 are only two characters long.

Fields and records can repeat, but the number of repetitions must be predefined in Studio and each record must have the same number of fields. For example, if you specified that the number of occurrences of the nickname field was equal to two, each record in the field must specify two nicknames or add spaces to pad for the missing nickname as shown in the following figure:


Figure 3. Padding with spaces



For an example of parsing positional data, see the originNode of the [Mixed positional and delimited example](#).

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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Mixed positional and delimited example

About this task

This example shows how to build a Flat File Schema to parse a mix of positional and delimited data. To create a Flat File Schema, you must first analyze your Flat File data to determine what fields and nodes to added to the Flat File Schema. In this example, you create a Flat File Schema for the following two lines of data:

```
BuyRight Pharmacy;USACAMVI334;!389!22;34980;
```

```
Taylor Drugs;USANJWLB128;!778!23!523;5667;
```

Use a top-down approach for defining the records and fields of the Flat File Schema as shown in the following steps:

Procedure

1. Create a root node:
 - a. In the Project tab, right-click the Flat File Schemas folder and select New Flat File Schema. The Basic Wizard dialog box opens.
 - b. Enter `Order` in the Name field.
 - c. Click OK. The Flat File Schema Editor opens and the Flat File Schema is displayed beneath the Flat File Schemas folder in the Project tab. In addition, a root node of the same name shows in

the Schema Layout tab.

- Determine the highest level of structure in the data. In this example the largest structure is the two lines that each represent a record. The two records in this Flat File data are delimited by an end-of-line that is located in between the two records, as shown in [Figure 1](#):

Figure 1. Mixed example 1: the records of the file are delimited by the end-of-line that is located between the characters that make up the record.

First record	BuyRight Pharmacy;USACAMVI334;!389!22;34980;
Second record	Taylor Drugs;USANJWLB128;!778!23!523;5667;

The records of the file are delimited by the end-of-line that is located *in between* the characters that make up the record.

- Configure the root node called Order to parse the child repeating records using the following criteria:
 - Separate the data into records using a delimiter.
 - Expect the document to end with an EOS (End Of Stream) because the last record does not end with a delimiter.
 - Use the end-of-line delimiter to delimit any child records.
 - Expect the delimiter in between the data.
 - Expect repeating child records.
 - Use the end-of-line delimiter to delimit the child repeating records.

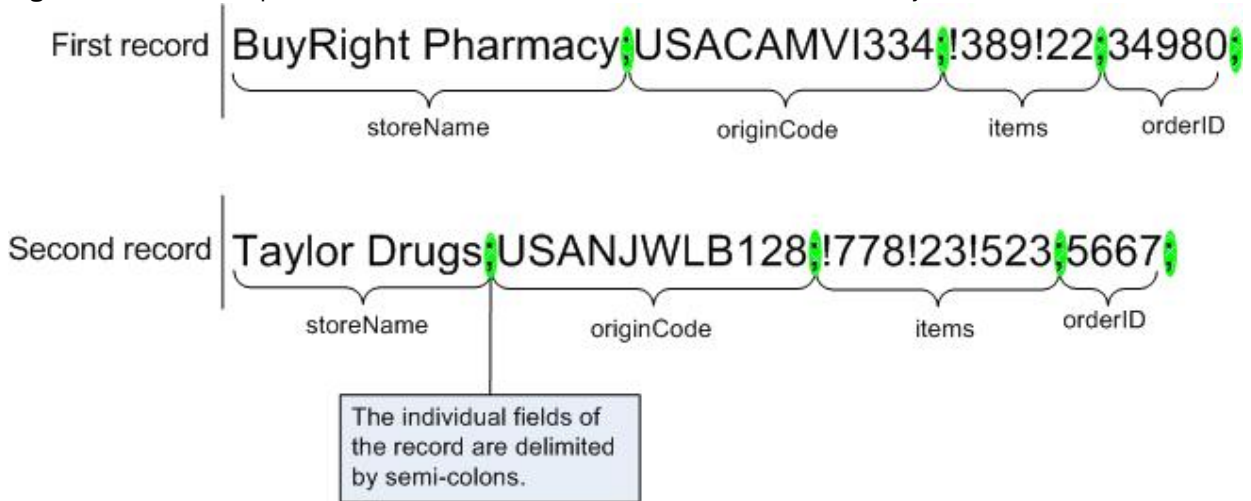
Using these criteria, specify the following values for the Basic Properties and Delimiters pane of the Order node as shown in [Figure 2](#):

Figure 2. Mixed example pane 1 where Structure is Delimited and Document ends with EOS box ticked. The Line End option is selected and Child Delimiter position is set to In Between

The screenshot shows the configuration for the 'Order' node. In the 'Basic Properties' section, the 'Name' is 'Order', 'Type' is 'None', and 'Structure' is 'Delimited'. The 'Document Ends with EOS (end of stream)' checkbox is checked. In the 'Delimiters' section, both 'Child' and 'Repeat' are set to 'Line End', and 'Child Delimiter Position' is set to 'In between'. The 'Include Trailing Delimiters for Empty Data' checkbox is also checked.

- Add a child node to the root node to represent the records. In the Schema Layout tab, right-click the Order node. From the menu, select New Child > Record, enter `purchaseOrder`, and click OK.
- Determine the next level of structure in data. In this example, the next level of structure are the fields delimited by semicolons as shown in [Figure 3](#):

Figure 3. Mixed example 2: The individual fields of the record are delimited by semicolons.



6. Configure the purchaseOrder node to parse these fields as described by following criteria:
 - o The purchaseOrder node can have one or more occurrences.
 - o Parse the data of the record into child fields using a delimiter.
 - o Use the semicolon as the delimiter between the data.
 - o Expect the delimiter after the data.

Using these criteria, specify the following values for the Basic Properties and Delimiters pane of the purchaseOrder node as shown in Figure 4:

Figure 4. Mixed example pane 2: Structure is set to Delimited, Maximum unbounded and Character option selected. Child Delimiter Position is set to After.

Basic Properties

Name: purchaseOrder Type: None

Structure: Delimited

Record Identifier: Record ID Starting Position: 0

Occurrences: Minimum: 1 Maximum: Unbounded

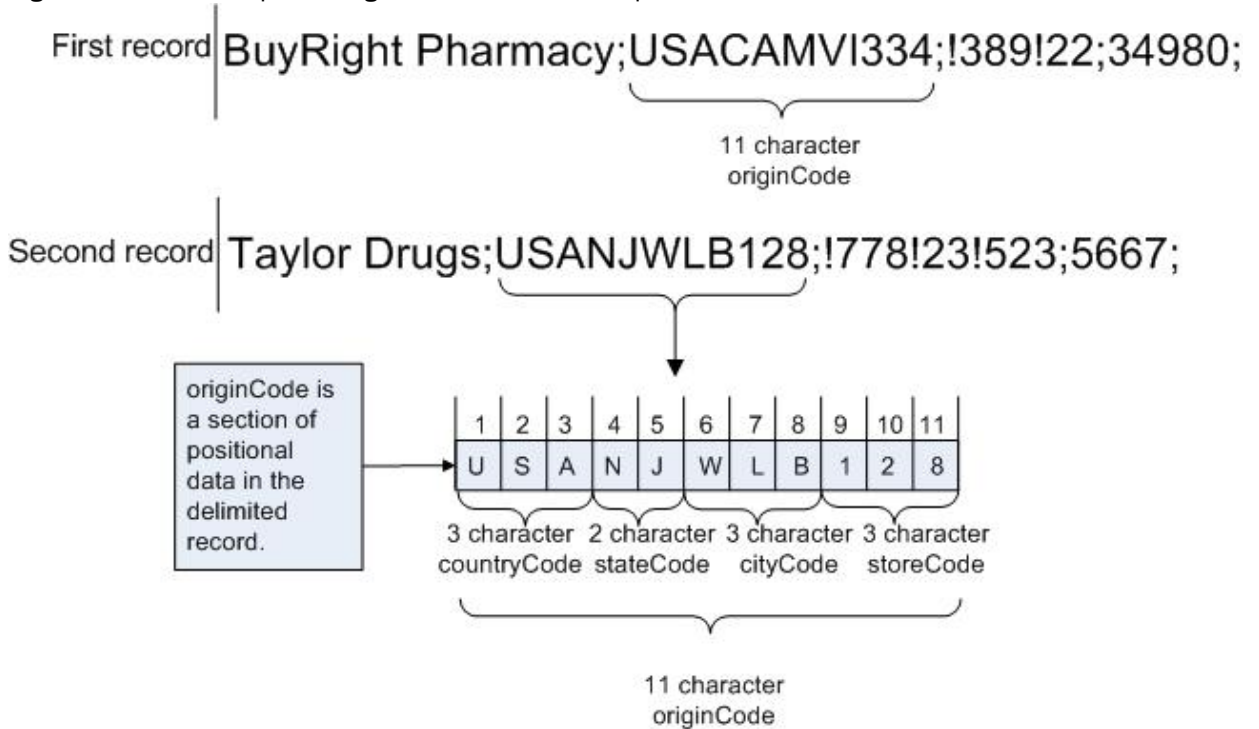
Delimiters

Child: Character ;

Child Delimiter Position: After

7. Add the fields of the purchaseOrder node by right-clicking the purchaseOrder node in the Schema Layout tab and selecting the New Children option from the list. The Bulk Add dialog box is displayed.
8. In the Bulk Add dialog box, add all the child records and fields of the purchaseOrder node:
 - o Click Add and change field1 to storeName. Leave the Node Type set to Field.
 - o Click Add and change field2 to originCode. Change the Node Type to Record.
 - o Click Add and change field3 to items. Change the Node Type to Record.
 - o Click Add and change field4 to orderID. Leave the Node Type set to Field.
 - o Click OK.
9. Determine the next level of structure in data. In this example, the next level of structure is a set of positional data found in the originCode record as shown in Figure 5:

Figure 5. Mixed example 3: originCode is a section of positional data in the delimited record.



10. Configure the originCode record to be positional:
 - a. In the Schema Layout tab, select the originCode node. The Basic Properties are displayed.
 - b. In the Structure list, select Positional.
11. Add the positional fields of the originCode node by right-clicking the originCode node in the Schema Layout tab and selecting the New Children option from the list. The Bulk Add dialog box opens.
12. In the Bulk Add dialog box, add all the child records and fields of the originCode node:
 - a. Click Add and change field1 to countryCode. Leave the Node Type set to Field.
 - b. Click Add and change field2 to stateCode. Leave the Node Type set to Field.
 - c. Click Add and change field3 to cityCode. Leave the Node Type set to Field.
 - d. Click Add and change field4 to storeCode. Leave the Node Type set to Field.
 - e. Click OK.
13. Configure the Positional Properties of each positional field. For each child node of the originCode node, click the node in the Schema Layout tab and at the end of the properties pane set the values of the Field Offset and Field Length as shown in the following list:

- o **countryCode** -

Positional Properties

Field Offset: Field Length:
- o **stateCode** -

Positional Properties

Field Offset: Field Length:
- o **cityCode** -

Positional Properties

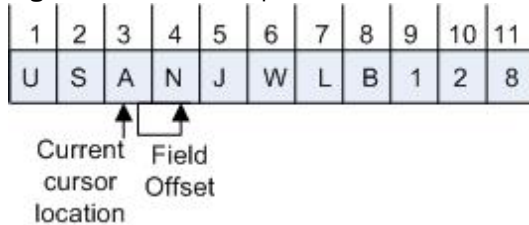
Field Offset: Field Length:
- o **storeCode** -

Positional Properties

Field Offset: Field Length:

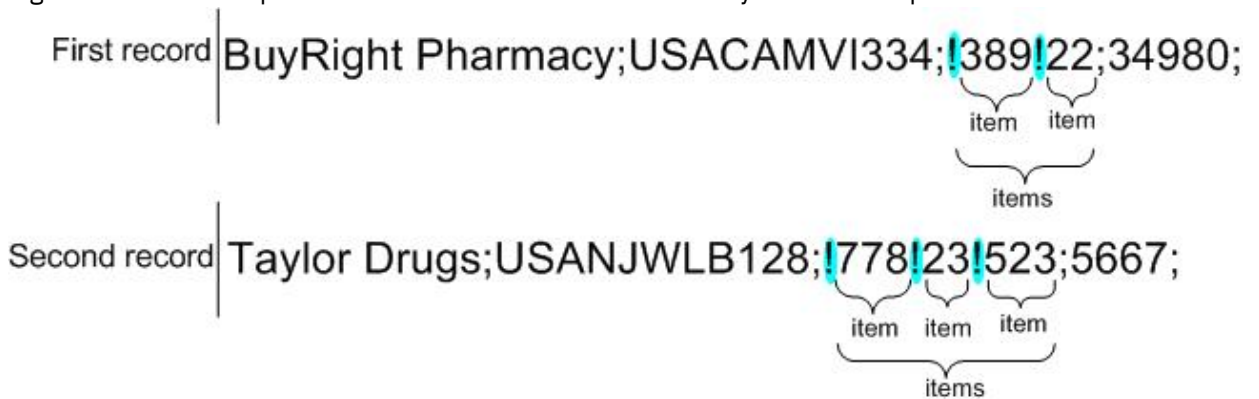
The Field Offset is calibrated from the current character location as the originCode string is being processed and not from the beginning of the originCode string for each field. In this example, the countryCode is processed and the first three characters of the originString are assigned to the countryCode. When the stateCode is processed, the current character location is already at the 3 character location, so the Field Offset of 1 of stateCode is added to the current character location to get the starting point for processing the stateCode string as shown in [Figure 6](#):

Figure 6. Mixed Example 4 shows current cursor location and Field Offset.



14. Determine the next level of structure in data. In this example, the next level of structure are the repeating fields delimited by exclamation points as shown in [Figure 7](#):

Figure 7. Mixed example 5 where delimited data is indicated by exclamation points.



15. Configure the items node to parse child repeating records using the following criteria:
- Separate the data into fields using a delimiter.
 - Use exclamation points as delimiters to delimit any child fields.
 - Expect the delimiter before the data.
 - Expect one or more repeating child fields.
 - Use exclamation points as delimiters to delimit the child repeating fields.

Using these criteria, specify the following values for the Basic Properties and Delimiters pane of the items node as shown in [Figure 8](#):

Figure 8. Mixed example pane 3 where Child Delimiter Position is set to Before.

The screenshot shows two configuration panels. The 'Basic Properties' panel has 'Name' set to 'items', 'Type' set to 'None', and 'Structure' set to 'Delimited'. The 'Delimiters' panel has 'Child' set to 'Character', 'Child Delimiter Position' set to 'Before', and 'Repeat' set to 'Character'. Several elements are circled in red: the 'Delimited' dropdown, the 'Character' radio button for Child, the 'Before' dropdown for Child Delimiter Position, and the 'Character' radio button for Repeat.

16. Add the repeating child field to the items node by right-clicking the items node in the Schema Layout tab and selecting the New Child > Field option from the list. The New Field dialog box opens.
17. In Field Name enter `item` and click OK.
18. Configure the item node to contain one or more occurrences as shown in [Figure 9](#):

Figure 9. Mixed example pane 4 where Maximum Repeat is set to Unbounded.

The screenshot shows the 'Basic Properties' panel for a field named 'item'. The 'Type' is set to 'string'. Under 'Occurrences', the checkbox 'Optional-Field and delimiter (if applies) are omitted. Must be last field.' is unchecked. Under 'Repeat', the 'Maximum' dropdown is set to 'Unbounded', which is circled in red.

The Flat File Schema is complete and ready to test.

19. Paste the following text into the left sub-pane of the test pane:

```
BuyRight Pharmacy;USACAMVI334;!389!22;34980;
Taylor Drugs;USANJWLB128;!778!23!523;5667;
```

This data is also provided in the `mixedData.txt` file. If you accepted the defaults during the installation of Studio, this file is located in the following directory: `C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio 3.X\Samples\FlatFileSchema`

Attention: Do not add a carriage return after the last line.

20. Click the Test icon.



The Save Confirmation dialog box opens.

21. Click Yes. The following XML representation of the data is shown within the test pane:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Order>
  <purchaseOrder>
    <storeName>BuyRight Pharmacy</storeName>
    <originCode>
      <countryCode>USA</countryCode>
      <stateCode>CA</stateCode>
      <cityCode>MVI</cityCode>
      <storeCode>334</storeCode>
    </originCode>
    <items>
      <item>389</item>
      <item>22</item>
    </items>
    <orderId>34980</orderId>
  </purchaseOrder>
</Order>
```



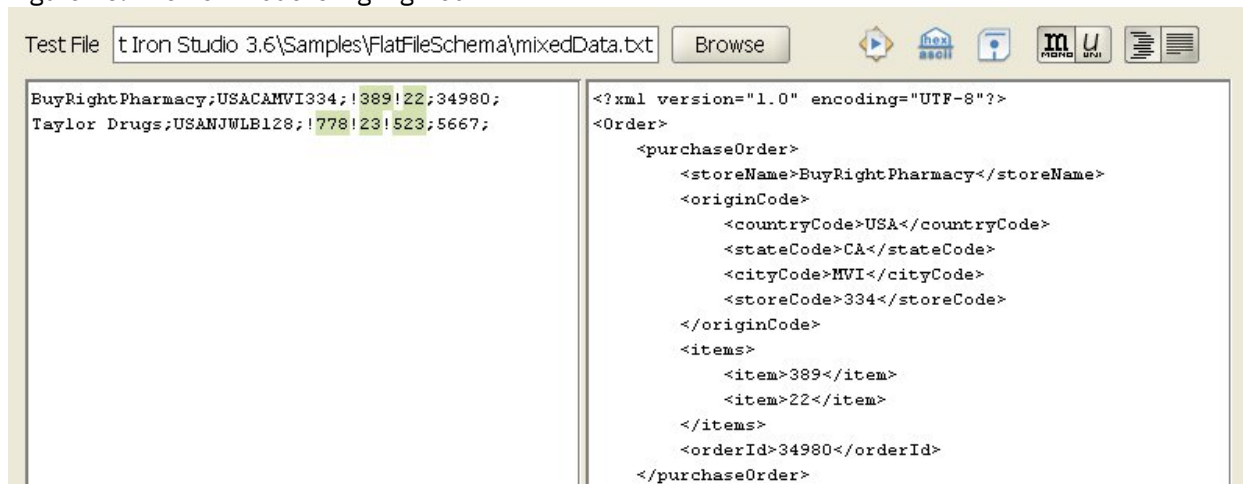
```

    </purchaseOrder>
  </purchaseOrder>
  <storeName>Taylor Drugs</storeName>
  <originCode>
    <countryCode>USA</countryCode>
    <stateCode>NJ</stateCode>
    <cityCode>WLB</cityCode>
    <storeCode>128</storeCode>
  </originCode>
  <items>
    <item>778</item>
    <item>23</item>
    <item>523</item>
  </items>
  <orderId>5667</orderId>
</purchaseOrder>
</Order>

```

22. In the Schema Layout tab, click the item node. In the right sub-pane of the test pane, the data parsed into the item node is highlighted as shown in [Figure 10](#):

Figure 10. The item node is highlighted



23. Click the state node to view the data assigned into the state node.

Note: A reference implementation of the Order Flat File Schema is provided in the FlatFileSchemasExample project. To view and open the FlatFileSchemasExample project, follow steps 1 and 2 in the [Group Example](#) and double-click the Order Flat File Schema. The nodes of the Order Flat File Schema are displayed in the Schema Layout tab and the properties of the Order root node show in the right pane.

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Mixed_Positional_and_Delimited_Example.html

Creating a flat file schema







About this task

To create a Flat File Schema:

Procedure


1. Select the Project tab from the Toolbox located on the right side of the main Studio pane.
2. To create a new Flat File Schema, choose from one of the following options:
 - o In the Project tab, right-click the Flat File Schemas folder and from the list select New Flat File Schema.
 - o In the Project tab, click New Flat File Schema ().The Basic Wizard dialog box is displayed.
3. Enter a [valid node name](#) for the Flat File Schema in the Name field.
4. Optional: If you want to use an existing Flat File Schema as a starting point, select the Inherit from an existing Flat File Schema check box. Click [...] to browse for the existing Flat File Schema from the Project Explorer dialog box, and click OK.
5. Click OK and press Enter. The Flat File Schema Editor opens and the Flat File Schema is displayed beneath the Flat File Schemas folder in the Project tab. In addition, a root node of the same name as the one shown in the Schema Layout tab.
6. Configure the root node:
 - a. Click the root node in the Schema Layout tab. The properties for the root node are displayed.
 - b. Configure the [root node properties](#).
7. Define the records, fields, and groups of the Flat File Schema for your Flat File data. Start from the outermost structure of data and work inwards. For an example on how to build a Flat File Schema from data see [Mixed positional and delimited example](#) or the "Developing the BookOrder Project" section of the *Getting Started Guide*.
8. Optional: You can select the Type Library tab and define the shared record types, group types, and field types for the data:
 - o [Add a Record Type](#) to define common record properties or content.
 - o [Add a Group Type](#) to define common group properties or content.
 - o [Add a Field Type](#) to define common field properties.
9. Select the Schema Layout tab, and add records, groups, and fields to the root node:
 - o [Add a Record](#) to define the major components of the message or for fields with complex structure.
 - o [Add a Group](#) to define a set of records or groups that repeat as a set.
 - o [Add a Field](#) to define the data within each record.
 - o [Add Several Children](#), of any type, to quickly build the content of records or groups.
10. [Test](#) the Flat File Schema.

The icons representing fields, field types, records, record types, groups, and group types are displayed in the Schema Layout and Type Library tabs as shown in the following table:

Node Type	Icon Displayed in Tabs
Field or field type that is not based on a field type	
Field or field type that is based on a field type	
Record or record type that is not based on a record type	
Record or record type that is based on a record type	
Group or group type that is not based on a group type	
Group or group type that is based on a group type	

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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Testing flat file schemas

About this task


Test a flat file schema by completing the following steps:

Procedure

1. [Create a flat file schema](#) or open an existing Flat File Schema by selecting it in the Project tab.
 2. [Load input test data](#)
 3. [Test a Flat File Schema](#) using the test data.
 4. Optional: [Save test output data to a file](#).
- [Load input test data](#)
 - [Test a Flat File Schema](#)
 - [Save test output data to a file](#)

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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Load input test data

About this task

The format of the test data depends on how the Flat File Schema is used in your orchestration as described in the following examples:


- If your orchestration contains a Read Flat File activity that reads in Flat File data, test the Flat File Schema using the incoming Flat File Data. The resulting data from the test is XML data.
- If your orchestration contains a Write Flat File activity that writes in a Flat File data file, test the Flat File Schema using the incoming XML data. The resulting data from the test is Flat File data.

In the left input sub-pane of the test pane, you can enter the test data directly or load a test data from a file on the file system:

Procedure

1. In the test pane, specify the path and the filename for the data file using one of the following options:
 - o Enter the path and file name for the input data file into the Test File field.
 - o Click Browse to navigate to the file:
 - a. In the Open Sample Data File dialog box, select the input data file.
 - b. Optional: Select an encoding for the input data, using one of the following options:
 - From the encoding list located in the upper left side of the dialog box, select one of the default encoding types.
 - Enter your encoding type directly by clicking in the encoding field and typing in your encoding type
 - c. Click Open.


Note: The size of the data displayed and transformed is determined by the settings of the Flat File preferences. These settings are important when loading very large data files. For more information, see the Flat File section of the table in [Setting Preferences](#).

2. Optional: You can change the how the input data is displayed by clicking the Display in Hexadecimal () icon to toggle between displaying the text in the following two ways:
 - o Display just the text.
 - o Display the hexadecimal representation next to the text.

Note: If the input data is displayed in hexadecimal form, you cannot test or edit the data.

Parent topic: [Testing flat file schemas](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/load_input_test_data.html





Test a Flat File Schema

About this task

To test a Flat File Schema:


Procedure

1. Click the Test () icon. The results pane is located on the right side of the test pane and shows the results of converting the sample data:
 - o If the incoming data is Flat File data, the resulting data is an XML data.
 - o If the incoming data is XML, the resulting data is Flat File data.
2. Optional: Change the font used to display the input and output data is displayed by clicking the following icons:

- Click the Monospace font () button to display data using a font that displays each character with the same width. This option is useful for viewing positional text.
 - Click the Unicode font () button to display the input data using a font that supports double-byte characters.
3. Optional: Change the formatting used to display output data by clicking the following icons:
- Click the Formatted () button to display XML output data formatted with carriage returns with indentation spacing of the XML elements.
 - Click the Unformatted () button to display the XML output data unformatted. During run time, the Integration Appliance produces the output XML data unformatted as shown when the Unformat button is selected.

Parent topic: [Testing flat file schemas](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/test_a_flat_file_schema.html

Save test output data to a file

About this task

To save the test output data to a file:

Procedure

1. Test sample data as described in [Test a Flat File Schema](#).
2. To save the test result data unformatted without carriage returns and indentation spacing of the XML elements, click the Unformat () button. During run time, the Integration Appliance produces the output XML data unformatted. If the Format () button is select before saving the file, the carriage returns and spaces using to indent the XML elements are saved to the file.
3. When the resulting data displays in the results pane, click the Save () icon. The Save Test Result dialog box opens.
4. Browse for a directory on your computer where you want to save the result data file.
5. Enter the name and file extension for the result data file.
6. Click Save.

Parent topic: [Testing flat file schemas](#)

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Root node properties

When a root node is selected in the Schema Layout tab, the following two sections of properties are available in the pane: Basic Properties and Delimiters.

Basic Properties

The Basic Properties of the root node are defined in the following table:

Property	Definition
Name	Specifies the name assigned to this Flat File Schema. When you create a Flat File Schema in the Project tab the name entered for the Flat File Schema is the default name of the root node. Attention: The root node name for a Flat File Schema must be a valid node name .
Type	Optional: Specifies to record type used as a basis for the root node. Attention: Selecting a new type might reset some of the existing properties of the record with the new settings.
Reset	Resets properties that were set locally for this record to the values for the selected type. Reset is only active if a record type has been selected from the Type list.
Structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select Delimited from the list if the outermost level of structure in the data is determined by delimiters. • Select Positional from the list if the outermost level of the structure in the data is determined by their position.
Write Line Ends as CRLF	Specifies how the Integration Appliance should write end of line characters when a Write Flat File activity creates outgoing data. If the receiving system for this data is a Windows platform, the Integration Appliance must write Line End characters as carriage return, line feed (CRLF). The default is to write Line End characters as a line feed (LF), the default for UNIX. The Integration Appliance accepts both line end characters (LF and CRLF) when parsing data.

Property	Definition
Document Ends with EOS (end of stream)	Specifies that the end of the data is delimited with an end-of-stream (EOS) character for parsing incoming Flat File data in the Read Flat File activity or when producing Flat File data in the Write Flat File activity. End-of-stream might need to be specified for data where the transport mechanism treats the data as a stream rather than a file.

Delimiters

If the Delimited option is selected for the Structure property for the root node, the following root node delimiter properties are active:

- Child Delimiter
- Include Trailing Delimiters for Empty Data
- Child Delimiter Position
- Repeat Delimiter

Child Delimiters

The Child property defines the character that delimits children of the root node. This character is commonly called the record delimiter, segment delimiter, or line delimiter.

Specify the type of child delimiter by selecting one type from the three options listed in the following table:

Option	Definition
--------	------------

Option	Definition
Character	<p>Specifies the character for the child delimiter. If the Character option is selected for the Child Delimiter, you must enter a single character using one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type in the character. • Type in the Unicode value of the character. For example, enter /u0020 for the space character. • Click [...] to browse for a character. The Character Selection dialog box opens listing the valid character choices for delimiters. In the Display column, the character or a mnemonic representing the character is displayed. In addition, the corresponding hexadecimal value and Unicode code point for the character is displayed. <p>Select a character and click OK. If the selected character does not have a visual symbol, a mnemonic or the Unicode value might show for this character.</p> <p>For more information about any of these characters, see the Basic Latin and Latin-1 Supplement character sets at: http://www.unicode.org/charts/.</p>
Line End	<p>Specifies that the child delimiter is the end of the line, either a LF (line feed) or CRLF (carriage return, line feed). If the children are delimited with just a CR (carriage return), select the Character option and specify a CR (carriage return) character as the delimiter. The Integration Appliance accepts both line end characters (LF and CRLF) when parsing data. When writing data, the character used for line ends is determined by the Write Line Ends As CRLF property.</p>

Option	Definition
Dynamic Position	<p>Specifies that the character used as the child delimiter is defined dynamically within the data. Dynamic delimiters must show at a specific position within the first record of the data, such as in EDI or HL7 data. How the character is used by the Integration Appliance depends if the Flat File data is incoming or outgoing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• While parsing incoming Flat File data in the Read Flat File activity, the Integration Appliance reads the character is the specified position of the first record and uses it as a child delimiter to parse the rest of the data. The Write Default text field is not used when incoming Flat File data is read.• While writing outgoing Flat File data in the Write Flat File activity, the Integration Appliance uses the character specified in the Write Default text field to delimit the children of the root node. In addition, the specified character is written at the specified position of the first record in the outgoing data.

Option	Definition
Write Default	<p>Specifies the character that should be used as the child delimiter when the Integration Appliance writes outgoing data in the Write Flat File activity of the root node. In addition, the specified character is written at the specified position of the first record in the outgoing data. The character specified in this field is not used when incoming Flat File data is read in the Read Flat File activity.</p> <p>In the Write Default text field of the pane, enter a single character using one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type in the character. • Type in the Unicode value of the character. For example, enter <code>/u0020</code> for the space character. • Click [...] to browse for a character. The Character Selection dialog box opens listing the valid character choices for delimiters. In the Display column, the character or a mnemonic representing the character is displayed. In addition, the corresponding hexadecimal value and Unicode code point for the character is displayed. Select a character and click OK. If the selected character does not have a visual symbol, a mnemonic or the Unicode value might display for this character. For more information about any of these characters, see the Basic Latin and Latin-1 Supplement character sets at: http://www.unicode.org/charts/

Include Trailing Delimiters for Empty Data

Select the Include Trailing Delimiters for Empty Data check box to specify that delimiters for empty optional children must be present at the end of the record or field when the Integration Appliance writes outgoing Flat File data in the Write Flat File activity.

Clear this check box, if delimiters for empty optional children may be omitted.

This check box does not affect how the Integration Appliance reads incoming data because when reading data the Integration Appliance accepts either the absence or presence of delimiters with empty data.

Child Delimiter Position

This property defines the position of record delimiters for data. Select one option from the following table:

Position	Definition
----------	------------

Position	Definition
After	<p>Specifies that the child delimiter marks the end of a child, including the last child in the data, as shown in the following example where the comma delimiter is shown after the fields: <code>field1,field2,field3,</code></p> <p>After is the most common position for record delimiters.</p>
Before	<p>Specifies that the child delimiter indicates the beginning of a child. The end of the last child is marked by the parent's delimiter as shown in the following example where the exclamation point delimiter is shown in Figure 1.</p>
In between	<p>Specifies that delimiters are placed between children but do not show at either the beginning of the first child nor the end of the last child as shown in the following example, where the comma delimiter show in between the fields:</p> <p><code>field1,field2,field3</code></p>

Figure 1. Exclamation point delimiter in the Before position

```
!field1of1stRecord!field2of1stRecord!field3of1stRecord
!field1of2ndRecord!field1of2ndRecord!field1of2ndRecord
```

For an example with all three types of child delimiter positions, see [Mixed positional and delimited example](#).

Repeat Delimiter

This property determines the delimiter used between repeated occurrences of one record in the Flat File data. Select one option from the following table:

Header	Header
--------	--------


Header	Header
Character	<p>Specifies the character for the repeat delimiter. If the Character option is selected for the Repeat Delimiter, you must enter a single character using one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type in the character. • Type in the Unicode value of the character. For example, enter /u0020 for the space character. • Click [...] to browse for a character. The Character Selection dialog box opens listing the valid character choices for delimiters. In the Display column, the character or a mnemonic representing the character is displayed. In addition, the corresponding hexadecimal value and Unicode code point for the character is displayed. <p>Select a character and click OK. If the selected character does not have a visual symbol, a mnemonic or the Unicode value might show for this character.</p> <p>For more information about any of these characters, see the Basic Latin and Latin-1 Supplement character sets at: http://www.unicode.org/charts/.</p>
Line End	<p>Specifies that the repeat delimiter is the end of the line, either a LF (line feed) or CRLF (carriage return, line feed). If the children are delimited with just a CR (carriage return), select the Character option and specify a CR (carriage return) character as the delimiter. The Integration Appliance accepts both line end characters (LF and CRLF) when parsing data. When writing data, the character used for line ends is determined by the Write Line Ends As CRLF property.</p>

Header	Header
Dynamic Position	<p data-bbox="865 159 1507 407">Specifies that the character used as the repeat delimiter is defined dynamically within the data. Dynamic delimiters must show at a specific position within the first record of the data, such as in EDI or HL7 data. How the character is used by the Integration Appliance depends if the Flat File data is incoming or outgoing:</p> <ul data-bbox="911 436 1507 926" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="911 436 1507 680">• While parsing incoming Flat File data in the Read Flat File activity, the Integration Appliance reads the character is the specified position of the first record and uses it as a repeat delimiter to parse the rest of the data. The Write Default text field is not used when incoming Flat File data is read.<li data-bbox="911 684 1507 926">• While writing outgoing Flat File data in the Write Flat File activity, the Integration Appliance uses the character specified in the Write Default text field to delimit the repeating children of the root node. In addition, the specified character is written at the specified position of the first record in the outgoing data.

Header	Header
Write Default	<p>Specifies the character that should be used as the child delimiter when the Integration Appliance writes outgoing data in the Write Flat File activity of the root node. In addition, the specified character is written at the specified position of the first record in the outgoing data. The character specified in this field is not used when incoming Flat File data is read in the Read Flat File activity.</p> <p>In the Write Default text field of the pane, enter a single character using one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type in the character. • Type if the Unicode value of the character. For example, enter /u0020 for the space character. • Click [...] to browse for a character. The Character Selection dialog box opens listing the valid character choices for delimiters. In the Display column, the character or a mnemonic representing the character is displayed. In addition, the corresponding hexadecimal value and Unicode code point for the character is displayed. Select a character and click OK. If the selected character does not have a visual symbol, a mnemonic or the Unicode value might display for this character. For more information on any of these characters, see the Basic Latin and Latin-1 Supplement character sets at: http://www.unicode.org/charts/

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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Adding Fields or Field Types

About this task

Why add fields?

You can define a field based on one of the following simple data types:

- boolean - true or false
- string - text in the specified encoding
- integer - whole numbers
- numeric - decimal numbers

You create fields in the Schema Layout tab. Fields are displayed in the Schema Layout tab using the following icon:



Fields that are based on a field type are displayed in the Schema Layout tab using the following icon:



Use records to model flat File data fields that have complex structures, such as components or subcomponents.

Why add Field Types?

You can define a field type with particular properties to be reused later. For example, if you wanted to create many fields that all use a double quotation mark as an encapsulation character, you could define a field type with the encapsulation character set to the double-quotes character and then create multiple fields based on this field type.

You create field types in the Type Library tab. Field types are displayed in the Type Library tab using the following icon:




Field types that are based on a field type are displayed in the Type Library tab using the following icon:




Adding Fields or Field Types

The procedure for adding fields and field types is identical except for the tab you initially select as described in the following procedure.

Procedure

1. Open a Flat File Schema from the Project tab.
2. Select the appropriate tab:
 - To add a field, select the Schema Layout tab.
 - To add a field type, select the Type Library tab.
3. Select one of the following options from the list:
 - New Child > Field: To add a field as a child of the current node.
 - New Sibling > Field: To add a field as a sibling of the current node.
 - **New Children**: to add child fields and records in bulk.
4. In the New Field dialog box, enter a valid node name in the Field Name field.
5. If this field should be based on a field type, select the field type from the Based on Field list.
6. Click OK. The field node () shows in the appropriate tree (Schema Layout or Type Library) and the field properties show in the properties pane to the right of the tree.
7. Specify the properties for the field or field type.

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/mde_Adding_Fields_or_Field_Types.html

Field properties

When a field is selected in the Schema Layout tab or a field type is selected in the Type Library tab, the following properties sections display in the pane:

- Basic Properties
- Padding and Trimming
- Delimiters
- Positional Properties

Basic Properties

The Basic Properties of a field are defined in the following table:

Property	Description
Name	Specifies the name of this field. Attention: The field name must be a valid node name .
Type	Optional: Specifies the field type used as a basis for the field. The Type list is only active if a field type has been created. Attention: Selecting a new type might reset some of the existing properties of the field with the new settings.
Reset	Resets properties that have been set locally for this field to the values for the selected type.
Type	Specifies one of the following data types for the field: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • string - text in the specified encoding • boolean - <i>true</i> or <i>false</i> • integer - any whole number • numeric- any decimal number
Occurs Optional	For delimited data, this check box specifies that both the field and its delimiter can be omitted from the data. For positional data there is no delimiter so just the field is just omitted. If the field can be empty but the delimiter must be present, then the field is considered required and this check box should not be selected. Attention: When specifying the optional property for a field, be careful not to create an ambiguous grammar for the Flat File Schema. For more information, see Specifying Optional Fields and Records .
Repeat Minimum	Specifies the minimum number occurrences of the field.

Property	Description
Repeat Maximum	<p>Controls repetitions of this single field. Select one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unbounded - Specifies this field can repeat any number of times • Range - Specify the maximum number of repetitions for this field. The actual occurrences of the field can be less than or equal to this number. <p>Note: Multiple occurrences are only allowed when the parent node has specified a repeat delimiter.</p>

Padding and Trimming

Whether data is trimmed or padded depends on the following conditions:

- In the Read Flat File activity, when converting Flat File data to XML data, the characters of the Flat File field are *trimmed* before being placed into the corresponding XML field.
- In the Write Flat File activity, when converting XML data to Flat File Data, the characters of the XML element are *padded* before being placed into the corresponding Flat File field.

The Padding and Trimming properties of a field are defined in the following table:

Property	Description
Padding/Trim Character	<p>Specifies the single character used to pad the length of, or to trim from a field.</p> <p>In the Character text field of the pane, enter a single character using one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type in the character. • Type in the Unicode value. For example, enter <code>/u0020</code> for the space character. • Click [...] to browse for a character. The Character Selection dialog box opens listing the valid character choices for delimiters. In the Display column, the character or a mnemonic representing the character is displayed. In addition, the corresponding hexadecimal value and Unicode code point for the character is displayed. Select a character and click OK. If the selected character does not have a visual symbol, a mnemonic or the Unicode value might show for this character. For more information about any of these characters, see the Basic Latin and Latin-1 Supplement character sets at: http://www.unicode.org/charts/

Property	Description
Pad to Length	<p>Specifies the final length of data for the field when converting XML data to Flat File Data in the Write Flat File activity. The specified padding characters are added to the data for the field up to this length. Typically the size of the padding is the same as the field.</p> <p>Note: This value specified in this field is not used while trimming Flat File data to XML data in the Read Flat File activity.</p>
Justification	<p>Specifies how what side of the field is padded or trimmed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Left - When the Left option is specified, the action that occurs depends on if the field is read or written: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Read Flat File activity - When the field is read, the specified trim characters are trimmed from the end of the field. For example, if the trim character is equal to a hyphen character, the Field Length is equal to 10, and the Flat File input field is equal to ---1234---. The result is the following XML element: <element>---1234</element>. ◦ Write Flat File activity - When the field is written, the padding is added after the field data. For example, if the pad character is equal to a hyphen character, the Pad to Length is equal to 10, and the input XML element is equal to <element>1234</element>, the result is the following Flat File field: 1234-----.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Right - When the Right option is specified, the action that occurs depends on if the field is being read or written: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Read Flat File activity - When the field is read, padding characters are trimmed from the beginning of the field. For example, if the trim character is equal to a hyphen character, the Field Length is equal to 10, and the Flat File input field is equal to ---1234---. The result is the following XML element: <element>1234---</element>. ◦ Write Flat File activity - When the field is written, padding is added before the field data. For example, if the pad character is equal to a hyphen character, the Pad to Length is equal to 10, and the input XML element is equal to <element>1234</element>, the result is the following Flat File field: -----1234.

Delimiters

The Escape and Encapsulation Delimiters of a field are defined in the following table. These properties are only used if the parent record has the Delimited option selected for Structure property.

Property	Description

Property	Description
Escape Character	<p>Specifies the single character used to escape delimiters within the data of the field. During run time, the Integration Appliance parses the character directly after this delimiter as a character, not as a delimiter. In the Character text field of the pane, enter a single character using one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type in the character. • Type in the Unicode value of the character. For example, enter <code>/u0020</code> for the space character. • Click [...] to browse for a character. The Character Selection dialog box opens listing the valid character choices for delimiters. In the Display column, the character or a mnemonic representing the character is displayed. In addition, the corresponding hexadecimal value and Unicode code point for the character is displayed. Select a character and click OK. If the selected character does not have a visual symbol, a mnemonic or the Unicode value might show for this character. For more information about any of these characters, see the Basic Latin and Latin-1 Supplement character sets at: http://www.unicode.org/charts/
	<p>For example, how is the following record parsed when no escape character is defined and the delimiter of the record is a colon?</p> <pre>135:Caving: What You Really Need to Know:10</pre> <p>The preceding record would be parsed into the following 4 fields:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 135 • Caving • What You Really Need to Know • 10 <p>If you do not want the <i>Caving What You Really Need to Know</i> title broken up into two fields, you can specify an escape character of backslash and preface the colon with a backslash character as shown in the following record:</p> <pre>135:Caving/: What You Really Need to Know:10</pre> <p>When this Flat File record is parsed with the escape character before the colon, the title is not broken up into two sections even though the record uses the colon as a delimiter.</p>

Property	Description
Dynamic Position	<p>Specifies the character position, starting from 1, where the escape character is defined in the first record. The escape character is determined at run time using the character found at the specified character position. For example, how is the following record parsed when no encapsulation character is defined and the delimiter of the record is a colon?</p> <pre>135:Caving: What You Really Need to Know:10</pre> <p>The preceding record would be parsed into the following 4 fields:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 135 • Caving • What You Really Need to Know • 10 <p>If you do not want the <i>Caving What You Really Need to Know</i> title broken up into two fields, you can specify a Dynamic Position of 11 and add a backslash character before the colon as shown in the following record:</p> <pre>135:Caving/: What You Really Need to Know:10</pre> <p>The escape character is now equal to the 11th character in the record: the backslash character. When this Flat File record is now parsed with the escape character is equal to the backslash character, the colon after Caving does not break this field into two sections even though the record uses the colon as a delimiter.</p>

Property	Description
Write Default	<p>Specifies the escape character to use when writing this field as Flat File data. Write Default is only used in the Write Flat File activity when converting XML data to Flat File data. Write Default is not used when converting Flat File data to XML data in the Read Flat File activity.</p> <p>In the Write Default text field of the pane, enter a single character using one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type in the character. • Type in the Unicode value of the character. For example, enter <code>/u0020</code> for the space character. • Click [...] to browse for a character. The Character Selection dialog box opens listing the valid character choices for delimiters. In the Display column, the character or a mnemonic representing the character is displayed. In addition, the corresponding hexadecimal value and Unicode code point for the character is displayed. Select a character and click OK. If the selected character does not have a visual symbol, a mnemonic or the Unicode value might show for this character. For more information about any of these characters, see the Basic Latin and Latin-1 Supplement character sets at: http://www.unicode.org/charts/ <p>For example, you wanted to escape the colon with a backslash in the <code><title>Caving: What You Really Need to Know</title></code>. XML element, when converting it to Flat File data, specify a backslash in the Write Default field. The run-time result for this field is the following string:</p> <pre>Caving\: What You Need to Know</pre> <p>The character position specified in the Dynamic Position field is not used when an XML element is converted to Flat File data.</p>
Encapsulation Character	<p>Specifies a delimiter character to encapsulate data in the field because the field could contain character(s) that are being used to delimit this field in the parent record.</p> <p>In the Character text field of the pane, enter a single character using one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type in the character. • Type in the Unicode value of the character. For example, enter <code>/u0020</code> for the space character. • Click [...] to browse for a character. The Character Selection dialog box opens listing the valid character choices for delimiters. In the Display column, the character or a mnemonic representing the character is displayed. In addition, the corresponding hexadecimal value and Unicode code point for the character is displayed. Select a character and click OK. If the selected character does not have a visual symbol, a mnemonic or the Unicode value might show for this character. For more information about any of these characters, see the Basic Latin and Latin-1 Supplement character sets at: http://www.unicode.org/charts/

Property	Description
	<p>For example, how is the following record parsed when no encapsulation character is defined and the delimiter of the record is a colon?</p> <pre>135:Caving: What You Really Need to Know:10</pre> <p>The preceding record would be parsed into the following 4 fields</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 135 • Caving • What You Really Need to Know • 10 <p>If you do not want the <i>Caving What You Really Need to Know</i> title broken up into two fields, you can specify the encapsulation character to be a double quotation mark and surround the book title with double quotation marks as shown in the following record:</p> <pre>135:"Caving: What You Really Need to Know":10</pre> <p>When this Flat File record is now parsed with the encapsulation character set to double quotation marks, the colon after Caving does not break this field into two sections even though the parent record uses the colon as a delimiter. The Integration Appliance reads all the characters between two encapsulation delimiters as characters rather than delimiters.</p>
Dynamic Position	<p>Specifies the character position, starting from 1, where the delimiter is defined in the first record. The encapsulation delimiter is determined at run time using the character found at the specified character position</p> <p>For example, how is the following record parsed when no encapsulation character is defined and the delimiter of the record is a colon?</p> <pre>135:Caving: What You Really Need to Know:10</pre> <p>The preceding record would be parsed into the following 4 fields:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 135 • Caving • What You Really Need to Know • 10 <p>If you do not want the <i>Caving What You Really Need to Know</i> title broken up into two fields, you can specify the Dynamic Position of 5 and surround the book title with double quotation marks and as shown in the following record:</p> <pre>135:"Caving: What You Really Need to Know":10</pre> <p>The encapsulation character is equal to the 5th character in the record: the double quotation mark character. When this Flat File record is now parsed with the encapsulation character is equal to the double quotation mark character, the colon after Caving does not break this field into two sections even though the record uses the colon as a delimiter. The Integration Appliance reads all the characters between two encapsulation delimiters as characters and not delimiters.</p>

Property	Description
Write Default	<p>Specifies the encapsulation character to use when writing this field as Flat File data. Write Default is only used in the Write Flat File activity when converting XML data to Flat File data. The Write Default is not used when converting Flat File data to XML data in the Read Flat File activity.</p> <p>In the Write Default text field of the pane, enter a single character using one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type in the character. • Type in the Unicode value of the character. For example, enter <code>/u0020</code> for the space character. • Click [...] to browse for a character. The Character Selection dialog box opens listing the valid character choices for delimiters. In the Display column, the character or a mnemonic representing the character is displayed. In addition, the corresponding hexadecimal value and Unicode code point for the character is displayed. Select a character and click OK. If the selected character does not have a visual symbol, a mnemonic or the Unicode value might show for this character. For more information about any of these characters, see the Basic Latin and Latin-1 Supplement character sets at: http://www.unicode.org/charts/.
	<p>For example, you wanted to encapsulate the data found in the <code><title>Caving: What You Really Need to Know</title></code> XML element with quotation marks when converting it to Flat File data, specify the double quotation marks in the Write Default field. The runtime result for this field is the following string:</p> <pre>"Caving: What You Need to Know"</pre> <p>The character position specified in the Dynamic Position field is not used when an XML element is converted to Flat File data.</p>

Positional Properties

The Positional Properties of a field are defined in the following table. These properties are only active if the parent record has the Positional option selected for Structure property.

Field	Description
Field Offset	Specifies the number of characters to skip, starting from the end of the previous field, to reach the beginning of this field.
Field Length	Specifies the length of the data for this field.

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

Adding Records or a Record Type

About this task

Why add records?

You use records to define the structure of your Flat File data. Records can contain fields, groups, or other records. Records that are children of another record are used to model fields with a complex structure. Records can also be used to define additional layers of hierarchy of the data.

The fields and subrecords of a record are parsed using one of the following methods:

- **Delimited:** The fields and child records within the record use delimiters to define their beginning and end points. Some delimited formats use record IDs as identifiers and beginning delimiters. For examples of defining records that parse delimited data, see the following examples:
 - [Mixed positional and delimited example](#)
 - "Developing the BookOrder Project" section of the *Getting Started Guide*
- **Positional:** the fields within the record use no delimiters but are defined instead by their position and length. Positional fields are also known as fixed-length fields. For an example of defining a record that parses positional data, see [Mixed positional and delimited example](#).

You create records in the Schema Layout tab. Records that contain child records and fields and are not based on a record type are displayed in the Schema Layout tab using the following icon:



Records that are based on a record type are displayed in the Schema Layout tab using the following icon:



Why Add Record Types?

Record types define a set of record properties, fields, and child records that can be reused by multiple records. For example, you could define an address record type that contains a street field, a city field, a state field, and a zip code field. You could then use the address record type as the basis of all the addresses in the Flat File Schema, for example to define the shipping address record and the billing address record.

You create record types in the Type Library tab. Record types that contain child records and fields and are not based on a record type are displayed in the Type Library tab using the following icon:



Record types that are based on a record type are displayed in the Type Library tab using the following icon:



Note:

- Record types are only reusable to the current Flat File Schema and are not global to the project.
- Records based on a record type can only inherit child nodes from the record type. Child nodes cannot be added to a record that is based on a record type.

- The child nodes inherited from the record type are only visible in the Type Library tab and are not visible in the Schema Layout tab.
- Record types can also be based on other record types, inheriting both properties and children from parent record types.


To add a record or a record type:

Procedure

1. Open a Flat File Schema from the Project tab.
2. Select the appropriate tab:
 - To add a record, select the Schema Layout tab.
 - To add a record type, select the Type Library tab.
3. Right-click a node in the tab and select one of the options in the list:
 - New Child > Record: To add a record as a child of the current node. Records can only be children of the root node, another record, or a group.
 - New Sibling > Record: To add a record as a sibling after the current node.
 - New Children: to add child fields and records in bulk.
4. Enter a [valid node name](#) for the new record in the New Record pane.
5. If this record should be based on a record type, select the record type from the Based on Record list.
6. Click OK. The record node is shown in the appropriate tab (Schema Layout or Type Library) and record properties display in the Properties pane.
7. Specify the properties for the record or record type.
8. If you are creating a new record not based on a record type, add fields, groups, or records to define the content of the record. If you based the record on a record type, the record is complete and because the content of the record is defined by the record type.

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

Feedback | Notices

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/mde_Adding_Records_or_a_Record_Type.html

Record properties

When a record is selected in the Schema Layout tab or a record type is selected in the Type Library tab, the following sections of properties are available in the pane:

- Basic Properties
- Delimiters

Basic Properties

The Basic Properties of a record are defined in the following table:

Property	Description
Name	Specifies the name of this record. Attention: The field name must be a valid node name .
Type	Optional: Specifies the record type used as a basis for the record. The Type list is only active if the selected record node does not contain any children and a record type has been created. A record cannot inherit fields or subrecords from a record type if the record contains children. Attention: Selecting a new type might reset some of the existing properties of the record with the new settings.
Reset	Resets properties that have been set locally for this record to the values for the selected type. Reset is only active if a record type has been selected from the Type list.
Structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Specify Delimited if the structure of the record is determined by delimiters. Specify Positional if the structure of the record is determined positions in the record.
Record Identifier	Specifies the unique string that identifies this record. Record identifiers are called segment IDs in X.12 message standards such as EDI or HL7, and typically begin each record.
Record ID Starting Position	Specifies the character position where the record ID begins after the end of the previous record. The default is 0, which places the record ID at the beginning of the record.
Minimum Occurrences	Specifies the minimum number of repetitions for this record. The default is 1, which means the record is required. Specify 0 if this record is optional. WARNING: When specifying the optional property for a record, be careful not to create an ambiguous grammar for the Flat File Schema. For more information, see Specifying Optional Fields and Records .
Maximum Occurrences	Controls repetitions of the single record. Select one of the following options: Unbounded - Specifies this record can repeat any number of times. Range - Specify the maximum number of repetitions for this record. The actual occurrences in a specific message can be less than or equal to this limit. NOTE: Multiple occurrences are only allowed when the parent node has specified

Delimiters

If the Delimited option is selected for the Structure property for the record, the following record delimiter properties are active:

- Child Delimiter
- Include Trailing Delimiters for Empty Data
- Child Delimiter Position
- Repeat Delimiter

Child delimiters

Child Delimiters

The Child property defines the character that delimits children of the record. This character is commonly called the record delimiter, segment delimiter, or line delimiter.

Specify the type of child delimiter by selecting one type from the three options listed in the following table:

Option	Definition
Character	<p>Specifies the character for the child delimiter. If the Character option is selected for the Child Delimiter, you must enter a single character using one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type in the character. • Type in the Unicode value of the character. For example, enter /u0020 for the space character. • Click [...] to browse for a character. The Character Selection dialog box opens listing the valid character choices for delimiters. In the Display column, the character or a mnemonic representing the character is displayed. In addition, the corresponding hexadecimal value and Unicode code point for the character is displayed. <p>Select a character and click OK. If the selected character does not have a visual symbol, a mnemonic or the Unicode value might show for this character.</p> <p>For more information about any of these characters, see the Basic Latin and Latin-1 Supplement character sets at: http://www.unicode.org/charts/.</p>
Line End	<p>Specifies that the child delimiter is the end of the line, either a LF (line feed) or CRLF (carriage return, line feed). If the children are delimited with just a CR (carriage return), select the Character option and specify a CR (carriage return) character as the delimiter. The Integration Appliance accepts both line end characters (LF and CRLF) when parsing data. When writing data, the character used for line ends is determined by the Write Line Ends As CRLF property.</p>
Dynamic	<p>Specifies that the character used as the child delimiter is defined dynamically within the data. Dynamic delimiters must show at a specific position within the first record of the data, such as in EDI or HL7 data. How the character is used by the Integration Appliance depends if the Flat File data is incoming or outgoing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • While parsing incoming Flat File data in the Read Flat File activity, the Integration Appliance reads the character at the specified position and uses it as a child delimiter to parse the rest of the data. The Write Default text field is not used when incoming Flat File data is read. • While writing outgoing Flat File data in the Write Flat File activity, the Integration Appliance uses the character specified in the Write Default text field to delimit the children of the record. In addition, the specified character is written at the specified position of the first record in the outgoing data.

O p t i o n	Definition
W r i t e D e f a u l t	<p>Specifies the character that should be used as the child delimiter when the Integration Appliance writes outgoing data in the Write Flat File activity. In addition, the specified character is written at the specified position of the first record in the outgoing data. The character specified in this field is not used when incoming Flat File data is read in the Read Flat File activity.</p> <p>In the Write Default text field of the pane, enter a single character using one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type in the character. • Type if the Unicode value of the character. For example, enter <code>/u0020</code> for the space character. • Click [...] to browse for a character. The Character Selection dialog box opens listing the valid character choices for delimiters. In the Display column, the character or a mnemonic representing the character is displayed. In addition, the corresponding hexadecimal value and Unicode code point for the character is displayed. Select a character and click OK. If the selected character does not have a visual symbol, a mnemonic or the Unicode value might display for this character. For more information about any of these characters, see the Basic Latin and Latin-1 Supplement character sets at: http://www.unicode.org/charts/

Include Trailing Delimiters for Empty Data

Select the Include Trailing Delimiters for Empty Data check box to specify that delimiters for empty optional children must be present at the end of the record or field when the Integration Appliance writes outgoing Flat File data in the Write Flat File activity.

Clear this checkbox, if delimiters for empty optional children might be omitted.

This check box does not affect how the Integration Appliance reads incoming data because when reading data the Integration Appliance accepts either the absence or presence of delimiters with empty data.

Child Delimiter Position

This property defines the position of record delimiters for data. Select one option from the following table:

Position	Definition
After	<p>Specifies that the child delimiter marks the end of a child, including the last child in the data.</p> <p>After is the most common position for record delimiters.</p>
Before	<p>Specifies that the child delimiter indicates the beginning of a child. The end of the last child is marked by the delimiter of the parent.</p>
In between	<p>Specifies that delimiters are placed between children but do not show at either the beginning of the first child nor the end of the last child.</p>

For an example with all three types of child delimiter positions, see [Mixed positional and delimited example](#).

Repeat Delimiter


This property determines the delimiter used between repeated occurrences of one record in the Flat File data. Select one option from the following table:

P o s i t i o n	Definition
C h a r a c t e r	<p>Specifies the character for the repeat delimiter. If the Character option is selected for the Repeat Delimiter, you must enter a single character using one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type in the character. • Type in the Unicode value of the character. For example, enter /u0020 for the space character. • Click [...] to browse for a character. The Character Selection dialog box opens listing the valid character choices for delimiters. In the Display column, the character or a mnemonic representing the character is displayed. In addition, the corresponding hexadecimal value and Unicode code point for the character is displayed. <p>Select a character and click OK. If the selected character does not have a visual symbol, a mnemonic or the Unicode value might show for this character.</p> <p>For more information about any of these characters, see the Basic Latin and Latin-1 Supplement character sets at: http://www.unicode.org/charts/.</p>
L i n e E n d	<p>Specifies that the repeat delimiter is the end of the line, either a LF (line feed) or CRLF (carriage return, line feed). If the children are delimited with just a CR (carriage return), select the Character option and specify a CR (carriage return) character as the delimiter. The Integration Appliance accepts both line end characters (LF and CRLF) when parsing data. When writing data, the character used for line ends is determined by the Write Line Ends As CRLFproperty.</p>
D y n a m i c P o s i t i o n	<p>Specifies that the character used as the repeat delimiter is defined dynamically within the data. Dynamic delimiters must show at a specific position within the first record of the data, such as in EDI or HL7 data. How the character is used by the Integration Appliance depends if the Flat File data is incoming or outgoing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • While parsing incoming Flat File data in the Read Flat File activity, the Integration Appliance reads the character at the specified position and uses it as a repeat delimiter to parse the rest of the data. The Write Default text field is not used when incoming Flat File data is read. • While writing outgoing Flat File data in the Write Flat File activity, the Integration Appliance uses the character specified in the Write Default text field to delimit the repeating children of the root node. In addition, the specified character is written at the specified position of the first record in the outgoing data.

P o s i t i o n	Definition
W r i t t e D e f a u l t	<p>Specifies the character that should be used as the repeat delimiter when the Integration Appliance writes outgoing data in the Write Flat File activity. In addition, the specified character is written at the specified position of the first record in the outgoing data. The character specified in this field is not used when incoming Flat File data is read in the Read Flat File activity.</p> <p>In the Write Default text field of the pane, enter a single character using one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type in the character. • Type if the Unicode value of the character. For example, enter /u0020 for the space character. • Click [...] to browse for a character. The Character Selection dialog box opens listing the valid character choices for delimiters. In the Display column, the character or a mnemonic representing the character is displayed. In addition, the corresponding hexadecimal value and Unicode code point for the character is displayed. Select a character and click OK. If the selected character does not have a visual symbol, a mnemonic or the Unicode value might display for this character. For more information about any of these characters, see the Basic Latin and Latin-1 Supplement character sets at: http://www.unicode.org/charts/

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_record_properties.html

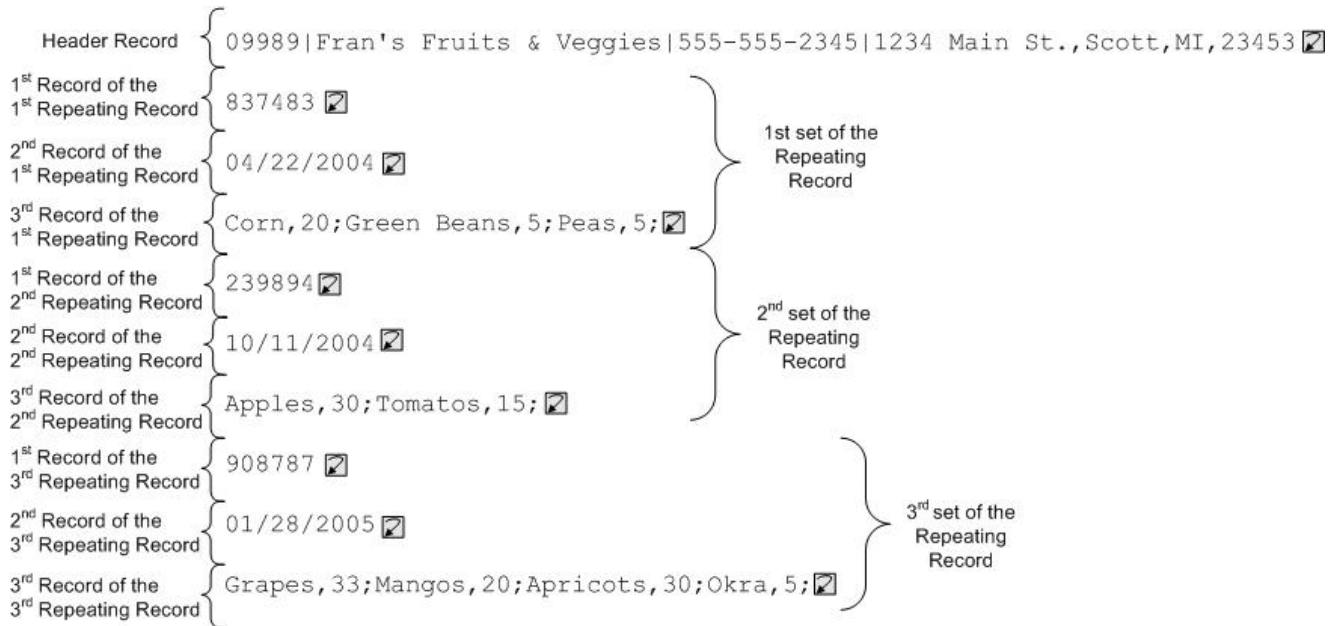
Adding Groups or Group Types

About this task

Why add groups?

Groups allow you to define repeated occurrences of sets of records, for example the groups that are used with EDI messages to define loops. Groups are only required when the data does not provide any additional delimiters or structure to clearly mark the beginning and end of repetitions that contain more than one record. The following example data shows a repeating set of records that can be defined using groups:

Using Groups to Define Repeating Sets of Data



Groups can contain any number of records or other groups. Groups cannot contain fields. For an example of using a group to model the preceding input Flat File data, see [Group Example](#).

You create groups in the Schema Layout tab. Groups that are not based on a group type are displayed in the Schema Layout tab using the following icon:



Groups that are based on a group type are displayed in the Schema Layout tab using the following icon:



Note: Groups are not global to the project and can only be reused in the current Flat File Schema.

Why Add Group Types?

Group types allow you to define a set of repeating records or groups once and then use it many times within a Flat File Schema. Both the occurrence properties and the content you define in a group type are inherited by any group based on that type.

Note:

- Groups based on a group type cannot contain any other content besides the nodes inherited from the group type
- The content inherited from the group type is not visible in the Schema Layout tab.
- Group types can also be based on other group types.
- Group types are not global to the project and can only be reused in the current Flat File Schema.

Create group types in the Type Library tab. Group types that are not based on a group type are displayed in the Type Library tab using the following icon:



Group types that are based on a group type are displayed in the Type Library tab using the following icon:



Adding Groups or Group Types

The procedure for adding groups and group types is identical except for the tab you initially select as described in the following procedure. To add a group or group type:


Procedure

1. Open a Flat File Schema from the Project tab.
2. Select the appropriate tab:
 - o To add a group, select the Schema Layout tab.
 - o To add a group type, select the Type Library tab.
3. Select the appropriate tab:
 - o To add a group, select the Schema Layout tab.
 - o To add a group type, select the Type Library tab.
4. Select one of the following options from the list:
 - o New Child > Group: To add a group as a child of the current node.
 - o New Sibling > Group: To add a group as a sibling of the current node.
 - o **New Children**: to bulk add groups as a child of the current group or record.
5. In the New Group dialog box, enter a [valid node name](#) in the Group Name field.
6. If this group should be based on a group type, select the group type from the Based on Group list.
7. Click OK. The group node is shown in the appropriate tab (Schema Layout or Type Library) and group properties display in the Basic Properties pane.
8. Specify the properties for the group.

If this group is based on a group type that defines the content for the group, the group is complete. If not, define the content of the group.

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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Group Properties


When a group is selected in the Schema Layout tab, the Basic Properties of a group are displayed. When a group type is selected in the Type Library tab, the Basic Properties of the group type are displayed. The Basic Properties of a group or group type are listed in the following table:

Field	Description
Name	Specifies the name of this field. Attention: The field name must be a valid node name .

Field	Description
Type	Optional: Specifies the group type used as a basis for the group. The Type list is only active if the selected group node does not contain any children and a group type has been created. A group cannot inherit groups or records from a group type if the group contains children. Attention: Selecting a new type may reset some of the existing properties of the field with the new settings.
Reset	Resets properties that were set locally for this group to the values for the selected type. Reset is only active if a group type has been selected from the Type list.
Minimum Occurrences	Specifies the minimum occurrences for the group. Defaults to 1, making the group required. Select 0 if this group is optional.
Maximum Occurrences	Specifies the maximum occurrences for the group: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unbounded - Specifies this group can repeat any number of times. Unbounded, optional groups must contain at least one required record. • Range - Specifies the maximum number of repetitions for this group. The actual occurrences of the group can be less than or equal to this number.

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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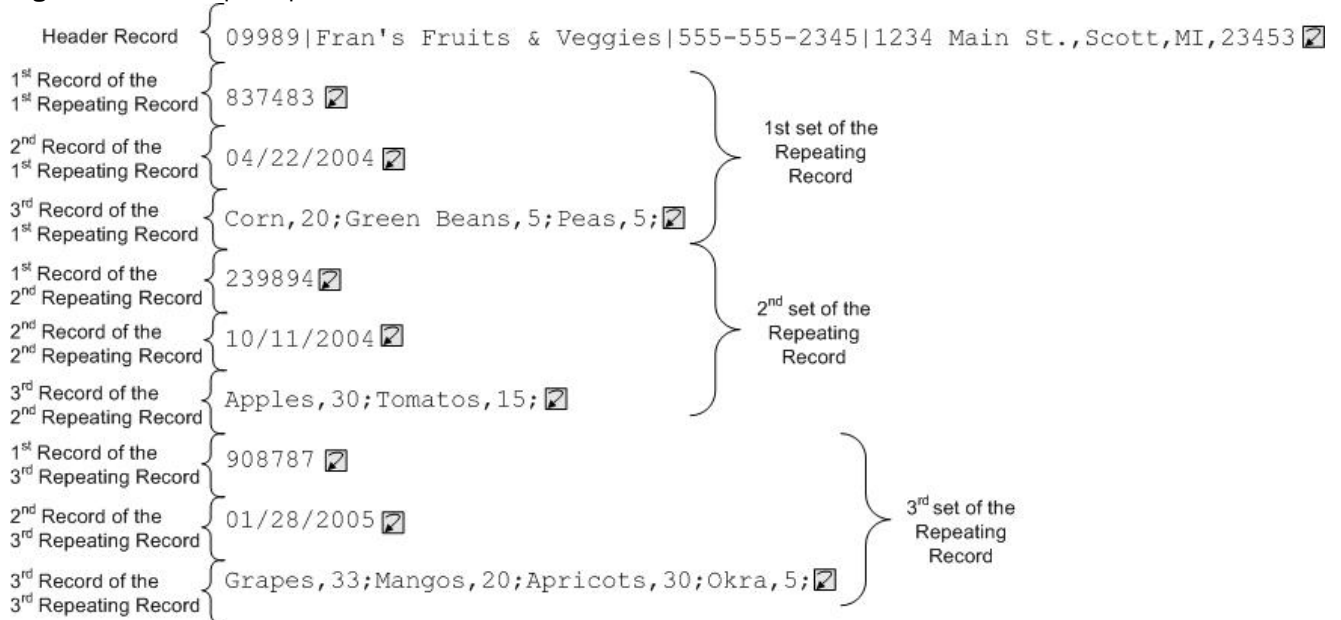
http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Group_Properties.html

Group Example

About this task

This example shows a Flat File Schema that parses a repeating set of records using groups. Each set of the repeating record contains records of different types as shown in the following example input Flat File data:

Figure 1. An example input Flat File



In this example data, the first, second, and third records of the repeating set are each a different type of record. In addition, this example shows how types stored in the Type Library tab are used in a Flat Files Schema. In this example, you view and test an existing Flat File Schema rather than creating the Flat File Schema from scratch.

To open, view, and test the Flat File Schema used to parse the input data displayed in [Figure 1](#):

Procedure


1. In this example, the Flat File Schema is already built in the FlatFileSchemasExample project. To view the Flat File Schema, you must first extract the FlatFileSchemasExample project:
 - a. Find the Default Create Path defined in Studio - the directory that new projects are created in. To view the current Default Create Path, select File > Preferences... from the Studio toolbar menu. The Preferences dialog opens. The current Default Create Path shows at the end of the pane. By default, the Default Create Path is located in the following directory:

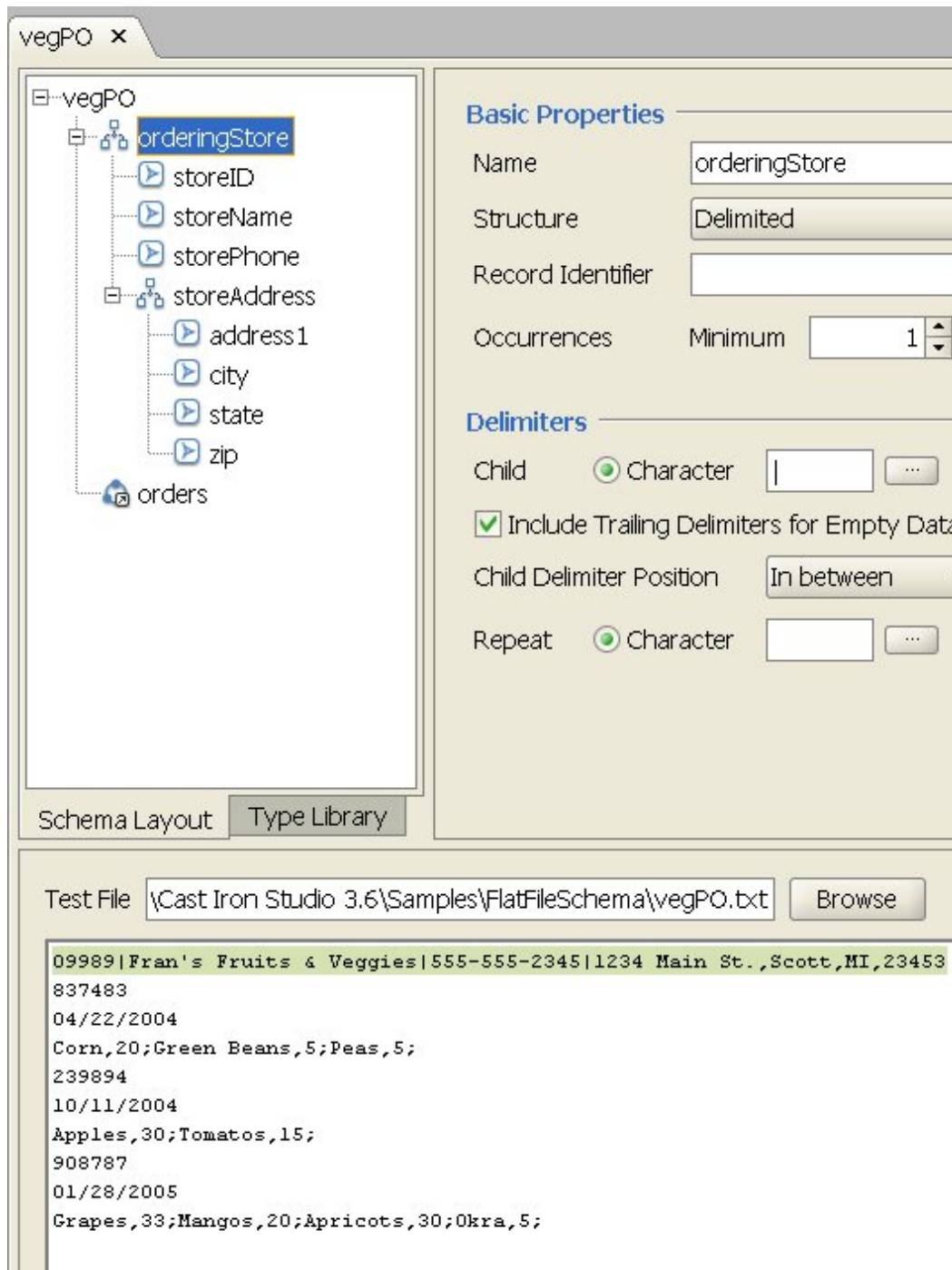

```
C:\Documents and Settings\myLogin\My Documents
```

 Where *myLogin* represents your Windows login name.
 - b. Find the FlatFileSchemasExample.zip file that contains the files that make up the FlatFileSchemasExample project. If you accepted the defaults during the installation of Studio, this file is located in the following directory:


```
C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio 3.X\Samples\FlatFileSchema
```
 - c. Copy the FlatFileSchemasExample.zip file from the FlatFileSchema directory to the Default Create Path directory.
 - d. Extract the contents of FlatFileSchemasExample.zip file into the Default Create Path directory.
2. Open the FlatFileSchemasExample project:
 - a. Select File > Open Project... from the Studio toolbar menu. The Open dialog box shows.
 - b. Browse for and open the FlatFileSchemasExample directory.
 - c. Click the FlatFileSchemasExample.sp3 file and click Open. The project is displayed.
3. Open the prebuilt vegPO Flat File Schema. In the Flat File Schemas folder of the Project tab, double-click the vegPO Flat File Schema. The nodes of the vegPO Flat File Schema are displayed in the Schema Layout tab and the properties of the vegPO root node show in the right pane.

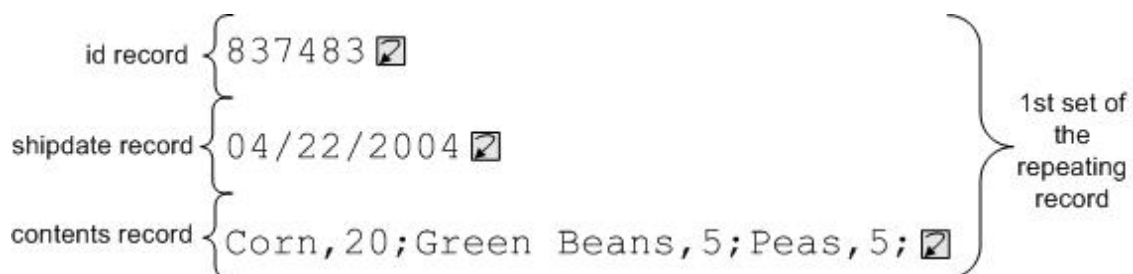
4. Test the vegPO Flat File Schema:
 - a. In the test pane, click Browse. The Open Sample Test Data File dialog box opens.
 - b. Browse for the vegPO.txt file that contains the input data. If you accepted the defaults during the installation of Studio, this file is located in the following directory:

C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio 3.X\Samples\FlatFileSchema
 - c. Click Open. The input data from the vegPO.txt file shows in the left pane of the Test tab.
 - d. Click the Test () icon. In the results pane, the result of the conversion is displayed as XML data.
5. In the Schema Layout tab, click the vegPO root node. The vegPO root node is displayed with the following properties:
 - a. Structure property is equal to Delimited - The structure of the root node is delimited.
 - b. Child delimiter is equal to Line End- The child records are delimited by an end-of-line.
 - c. Child Delimiter Position is equal to After - Expect the delimiters after each record
 - d. Repeat delimiter is equal to Line End- Repeating records are also delimited by end-of-line.
6. In the Schema Layout tab, click the orderingStore node. The first line of the input data is highlighted within the test pane as shown in the following figure:



The first record of the vegPO Flat File Schema is a header record called orderingStore that occurs only once. In the Schema Layout tab, the fields and record that make up the orderingStore record display as children. This first line is parsed into the fields and records that make up the orderingStore record.

After the first header record, the sets of repeating elements start. Each set of repeating elements contains three child records of different types as shown in the following figure:



A repeating record that contains child records of different types can be modeled in the Flat File Schema Editor using groups. Groups are only required when the data does not provide any additional delimiters or structure to clearly mark the beginning and end of repetitions that contain more than one record. The delimiters for the repetitions are inherited from the parent record or root node. In this example for the vegPO root node, the repeat delimiter is set to end-of-line. The orders group node uses end-of-line delimiter to parse its repeating records

7. In the Schema Layout tab, click the orders group node. Note the following graphical changes in the panes:
 - o In the left subpane of the test pane, all the lines after the header line are highlighted. This highlighting indicates that after parsing, all the data after the first record are all assigned to the orders group node.
 - o In the Basic Properties pane, the Occurrences of the orders group is Unbounded. This setting means that there can be one or more instances of this group.
 - o In the Basic Properties pane, for the orders group the Type is equal to order. This setting means that the orders group is based on the order group type. The contents and the properties of the order group type are defined in the Type Library tab.
8. Select the Type Library tab. The record types and group types used in the vegPO Flat File Schema display. The order group type contains three records as shown in the following figure:



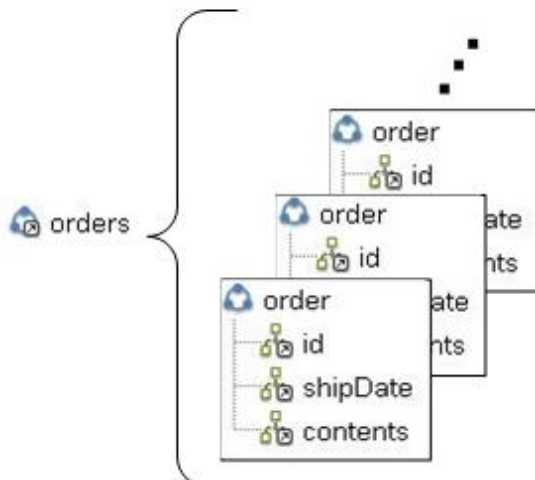
The following icon represents a record that is based on a record type:



The orders group with the order group type define a set of repeating records of different records because of the following characteristics:

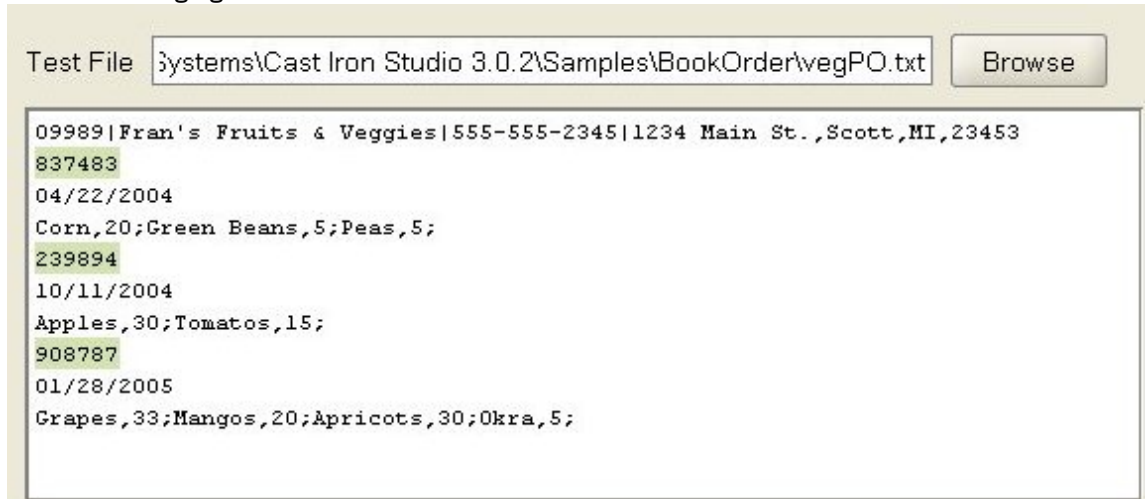
- o There can be one to many instances of the orders group.
- o The order group type contains three records of different types.
- o The orders group is based on or inherits from the order group type.

The repeating relationship between the orders group and the order group type is shown in the following figure:



9. In the Type Library tab, click the id record node of the order group type. Note the following graphical changes in the panes:

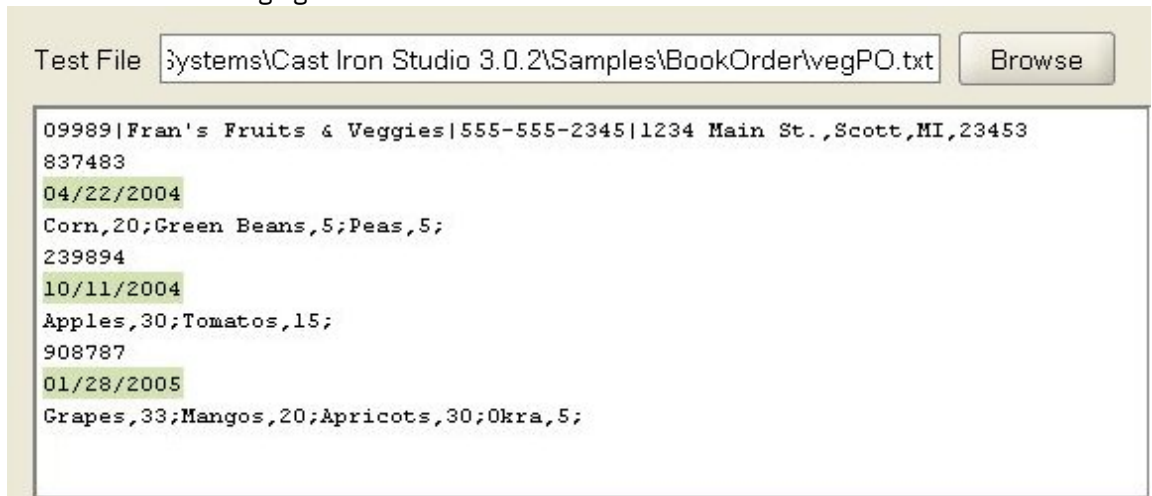
- o In the Basic Properties pane, the Type of the id record is equal to the record type named orderID. This setting means that the id record is based on the orderID record type.
- o In the left subpane of the test pane, the first line of each repeating record is highlighted as shown in the following figure:



This highlighting indicates that the first line of each repeating record is assigned to the id record.

10. In the Type Library tab, click the shipdate record node of the order group type. Note the following graphical changes in the panes:

- o In the Basic Properties pane, the Type of the shipdate record is equal to the record type named shippingDate. This setting means that the shipdate record is based on the shippingDate record type.
- o In the Basic Properties pane, the Structure of the shipdate record is Positional. This setting means that the child fields of the shipDate record are determined by their position and length in the record and not by delimiters.
- o In the left subpane of the test pane, the second line of each repeating record is highlighted as shown in the following figure:

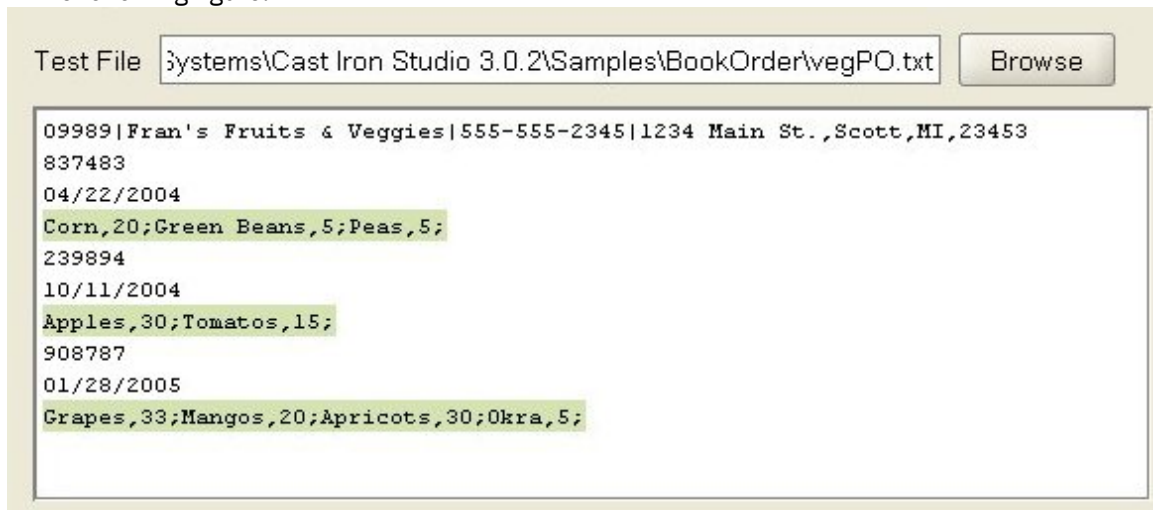


This highlighting indicates that the second line of each repeating record is assigned to the shipDate record. The shipDate record contains three positional child fields (month, day, and year) that are inherited from the shippingDate record type.

11. In the Type Library, click the month field node of the shippingDate record type. In the left subpane of the test pane, the values assigned to the month field are highlighted as shown in the following figure:

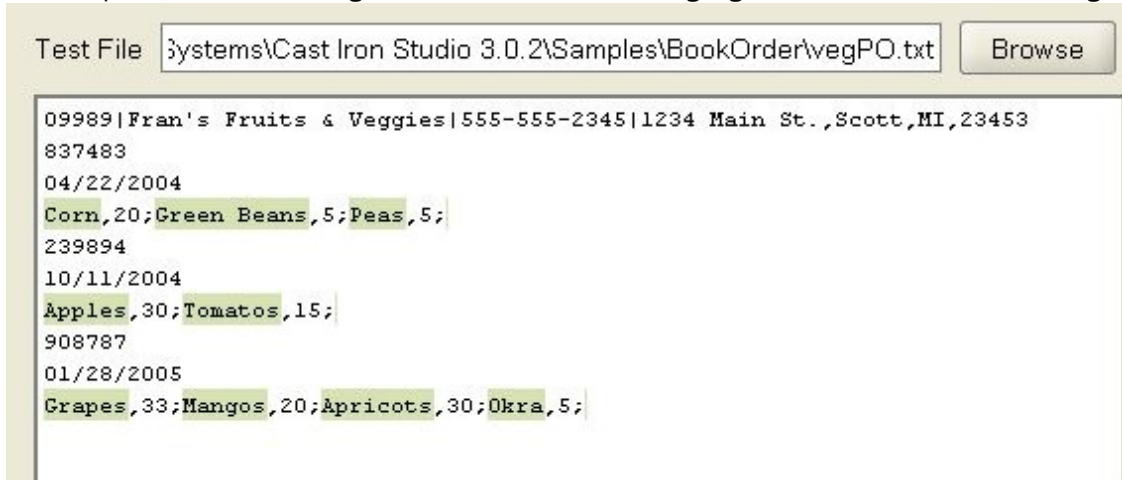


12. In the Type Library, click the contents record node of the order group type. Note the following graphical changes in the panes:
- o In the Basic Properties pane, the Type of the contents record is equal to the record type named orderContent. This setting means that the contents record is based on the orderContent record type.
 - o In the left subpane of the test pane, the third line of each repeating record is highlighted as shown in the following figure:




The orderContent record type contains the vegetables record. The vegetables record its contains a set of repeating vegetable records. The vegetable record contains a name field and a pounds field.

13. In the Type Library, click the name record node of the orderContent record type. In the left subpane of the test pane, the values assigned to the name field are highlighted as shown in the following figure:



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Working with Nodes in the Schema Tabs

About this task

In the Schema tab or the Type Library tab, you can do the following actions:


- [Copy nodes](#)
- [Delete nodes](#)
- [Rename nodes](#)
- [Move nodes](#)

You can also bulk-add many children. For more information, see [Adding Several Children](#).

- [Copy nodes](#)
- [Delete nodes](#)
- [Rename nodes](#)
- [Move nodes](#)

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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Copy nodes

About this task

You can copy nodes in the Schema Layout tab or in the Type Library tab using the following procedures:

- Copy and paste a Child node
- Copy and paste a Sibling node

You can also use keyboard shortcuts (CTRL+C, CTRL+V, CTRL+X) or the Edit toolbar menu options (Edit > Cut, Edit > Copy, Edit > Paste) to copy nodes.

To copy and paste a Child node:

Pasting a node as a child places the node inside the record or group you have selected at the end of any existing children.

1. Right-click the node you want to copy.
2. Select Copy.
3. Right-click the record or group that should be the parent of the node you are pasting.
4. Select Paste As Child.

If you paste a node within the same record or group that you copied it from, the Flat File Schema Editor changes the name of the new node to copy_node-name.

To copy and paste a Sibling node:


Pasting a node as a sibling places it directly above the node you have selected. This option is not available for the root node.

1. Right-click the node you want to copy.
2. Select Copy.
3. Right-click the node that should come directly after the node you are pasting.
4. Select Paste As Sibling.

If you paste a node within the same record or group that you copied it from, the Flat File Schema Editor changes the name of the new node to copy_node-name.

Parent topic: [Working with Nodes in the Schema Tabs](#)

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Delete nodes

About this task

You can delete nodes in the Schema Layout tab or the Type Library tab, using any of the following procedures:

- To delete a tree node by right-clicking the node
- To delete a tree node using the Delete key

You can also use keyboard shortcut cut (CTRL+X) or the Edit > Cut toolbar menu option to delete nodes.

To delete a tree node by right-clicking the node:

1. Right-click the node to be deleted.
2. Select Delete from the list.

To delete a tree node using the Delete key:


1. Click the node to be deleted.
2. Press Delete.

Attention: If you delete a type node in the Type Library tab that is used as the basis for records, groups, or fields within the Schema Layout tab, the nodes that are based on that type are affected in the following ways:

- The Type is changed to None.
- Node properties are left unchanged, but inherited content from the type node is removed.

Parent topic: [Working with Nodes in the Schema Tabs](#)

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Rename nodes

About this task

You can rename nodes in the Schema Layout tab or the Type Library tab, using any of the following procedures:

- Change a node name from the Basic Properties pane
- To change a node name using a shortcut menu
- To change a node name using F2

You can also use the Edit > Rename toolbar menu option to rename nodes.

To change a node name from the Basic Properties pane:

1. Double-click the node to open its properties.
2. Enter the new name into Name text field in the Basic Properties pane.

Note: Press Esc to cancel the editing of the name of a node.

To change a node name using a shortcut menu:

1. Right-click the node.
2. Select Rename from the list.
3. Enter a new [valid node name](#).


Note: Press Esc to cancel the editing of the name of a node.

To change a node name using F2:

1. Click the node to be renamed.
2. Press F2.
3. Enter a new [valid node name](#).

Parent topic: [Working with Nodes in the Schema Tabs](#)

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Move nodes

About this task

You can move nodes in the Schema Layout tab or the Type Library tab, using any of the following procedures:


- To copy and paste a Child node (as described in [Copy nodes](#)).
- To copy and paste a Sibling node (as described in [Copy nodes](#)).
- To move nodes using drag and drop

To move nodes using drag and drop:

1. Select the node you want to move in the Schema Layout or Type Library tab.
2. Drag it over another node:
 - To make it the last child, drop it over the root, record, or group that should be the new parent.

Parent topic: [Working with Nodes in the Schema Tabs](#)

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Adding Several Children

About this task

Add several child records and fields to a root node or a record by right-clicking the node and selecting the New Children option from the list.

To add multiple child nodes to a Flat File Schema:


Procedure

1. [Create a new Flat File Schema](#) or open an existing Flat File Schema by selecting it in the Project tab.
2. Select either the Schema Layout or Type Library tab.

3. Right-click the root node or a record node in the tree and select New Children. The Bulk Add dialog box opens.
4. Click Add.
5. Click the Name field and enter a [valid node name](#) for the field, record, or group to be added.
6. Click the Node Type field and select a node type (Field, Group, or Record) for the child from the list.
7. If this node is based on a record type, group type, or field type, click the Based On Type field and select an existing type from the list.
8. Repeat steps 4-7 for each node you want to add.
9. To reorganize or delete the nodes in the list:
 - o Click Up to move a child up the list.
 - o Click Down to move a child down the list.
 - o Click Delete to delete a child.
10. When finished, click OK.
11. In the Schema Layout or Type Library tab, select the node and edit the properties:
 - o [Edit the field properties](#)
 - o [Edit the record properties](#)
 - o [Edit group properties](#)

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/mde_Adding_Several_Children.html

Valid Node Names

When a Flat File Schema is created, an internal XML Schema-based representation of the metadata is also generated, so the node names you specify for the records, fields, and groups *must* be valid XML names. Follow the naming restrictions listed in the following tables when creating node nodes in Flat File Schema.

Attention: You might be able to enter invalid characters into the Name field but the generated Flat File Schema might be incorrect. You cannot create a variable from an invalid schema.


XML naming restrictions are listed in the following tables.

Valid Name Types		Description
Starting Name Characters		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Letters: both uppercase and lower case • Punctuation: underscore (_)
Non-starting Name Characters		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Letters: both uppercase and lowercase • Punctuation: underscore, period, and hyphen • Numbers: 0-9
Invalid Characters	Description	
	space	

Invalid Characters	Description
:	colon
~	tilde
/	forward slash
\	backslash
;	semicolon
?	question mark
\$	dollar sign
&	ampersand
%	percent sign
@	at sign
^	hat sign
=	equals sign
*	asterisk
+	plus sign
()	any parentheses
	pipe
' " `	any quotation marks
{ } [] > <	any brackets

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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The Type Library Tab

In the Type Library tab, you can define reusable types for records, groups, and fields. Defining record types, group types, and field types allows you to define properties that can be reused in different parts of the Flat File Schema. Record and group types also allow you to define content that is reusable where a record or group can show in many places within the same set of Flat File Data.

Note: The type you create in the Type Library tab can only be used with the Flat File Schema visible in the Schema Layout tab. The type cannot be used by other Flat File Schemas in the same project.

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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Specifying Optional Fields and Records

About this task

When creating optional fields or records in a Flat File Schema, it is important to understand how the Flat File data is parsed so you can design your Flat File schema to avoid ambiguity. For example, if you create a Flat File Schema with a delimited root node and three child string fields where field1 is required, field2 is optional, and field3 is required, the grammar of the schema is ambiguous, as shown when the following data is parsed during run time:

A,C


This Flat File data could be parsed in the following two ways:

- field1 is equal to A and field2 is equal to B
- field1 is equal to A and field3 is equal to C

Specifying a required field after an optional field defines an ambiguous grammar that cannot be correctly parsed. Specifying a required record after an optional field also defines an ambiguous grammar that cannot be correctly parsed.

Redefining this Flat File Schema to contain three child string fields where field1 is required, field2 is optional, and field3 is optional does not fix this problem because when the Flat File data: A,C is parsed, field1 is equal to A, and field2 is equal to C. Again the grammar of the schema is ambiguous because this is not the wanted result, the wanted result was for the value: C to be assigned to field3. Specifying a required record followed by two optional records also defines an ambiguous grammar.

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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Generating a flat file schema from an IDOC

At design time, using the Project > Import > SAP IDOC Schema toolbar menu option, you can interrogate an SAP endpoint for IDOC metadata and from that metadata generate a Flat File Schema.

WARNING: In order to connect to the SAP System from Studio, you must [download and install the SAP Jar file and DLLs](#) onto your Windows development workstation.

If you receive or send your SAP data as a file through a SAP File Port to the SAP system, you must use the Project > Import > SAP IDOC Schema toolbar menu option during design time to generate a Flat File Schema for your IDOC metadata and use the Read Flat File and Write Flat File activities to read and write the SAP data during run time. For more information, see the following two example orchestrations.

If you receive or send your SAP data directly from the SAP system using an RFC port, you must use the [SAP Receive IDOC](#) and [SAP Send IDOC](#) activities.

Using the Generated Flat File Schema during Run Time

During design time, you use the Project > Import > SAP IDOC Schema toolbar menu option, to generate a Flat File Schema that describes the SAP data you receive or send to the SAP File Port. This section describes how that Flat File Schema is used by the following two example orchestrations during run time.

Receive SAP Flat File Data from a SAP System Using an SAP File Port.

This first example orchestration receives SAP data from a SAP System during run time, using the following activities:

1. An SAP data file is placed into a directory that the FTP Poll Directory activity is polling in. This starts the processing of the orchestration job.
2. The FTP Poll Directory reads the SAP Flat File data and saves the result into a string variable.
3. Using the Flat File Schema generated during design time using the Project > Import > SAP IDOC Schema toolbar menu option, the Read Flat File activity converts the SAP data stored in the string variable to XML data and saves the XML data into an XML variable.
4. The Database Insert Rows activity maps the XML data from the XML variable to some database rows and inserts these rows into a database

Send SAP Flat File Data From a SAP System Using an SAP File Port

This second example orchestration sends SAP data to a SAP System during run time, using the following activities:

1. Data is inserted into a database, triggering the Database Get Inserted Rows activity to start processing.
2. The Database Get Inserted Rows activity gets the data that was inserted into the database and converts it to XML data.
3. The Write Flat File activity converts the contents of the XML variable to the SAP Flat File data valid against the Flat File Schema generated during design time using the Project > Import > SAP IDOC Schema toolbar menu option.
4. The FTP Put File activity writes the Flat File data to a file into a directory.
5. The SAP System reads the data from the file.

To generate a Flat File Schema from an IDOC:

1. Select Project > Import > SAP IDOC Schema from the toolbar menu. The SAP IDOC Flat File Schema Generator Step 1 of 2 dialog box shows.
2. Enter the SAP connection information as described in the following table:

Field	Description
Location	


Field	Description
Host Name	Specifies the IP address or the workstation name that contains the SAP system.
System Number	Specifies the number that identifies the specific instance of the SAP system that Studio is to connect to. Your SAP administrator must supply this information.
SAP Client	Specifies a number that identifies Studio as a client for the SAP system. Your SAP administrator must supply this information.
Login	
User Name	Specifies the user name to use when connecting to the SAP system.
Password	Specifies the password to the user name when connecting to the SAP system.

3. Click Next. The SAP IDOC Flat File Schema Generator Step 2 of 2 dialog box is displayed.
4. Select an IDOC Type and optionally an IDOC SubType using one of the following options:
 - Click [...] to browse for the IDOC Type, the IDOC SubType, or both. The IDOC List dialog box opens with the list of IDOC Types and IDOC SubTypes available on the selected SAP endpoint. Select an IDOC Type, the IDOC SubType, or both and click OK.
 - Enter the IDOC Type, and optionally the IDOC SubType directly into the respective fields.
5. Select the Bundled check box if the incoming IDOC contains more than one instance of the IDOC message of the same IDOC Type and IDOC SubType. If Bundled is checked, the IDOC element in the generated Flat File Schema is a repeating element.
6. Click Finish.

If the generation of the Flat File Schema was successful, the Flat File Schema is shown in the Flat File Schemas folder of the Project tab.

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Generating_a_Flat_File_Schema_from_an_IDOC.html

Using the Flat File Wizard

The Flat File Wizard creates a schema that defines the format of a flat file based on sample data that you provide. The **Read Flat File** activity uses this schema to convert flat files into an XML document.

For the best results, provide sample data that is like the actual data. For example, if the actual data contains header and footer rows, provide sample data with a header row for field names and footer rows. If the actual data contains quoted fields, the appropriate fields in the sample data should be quoted fields as well.

The Flat File Wizard only reads the first 1000 lines of a file. If the sample file contains more than 1000 lines and contains footer rows, remove lines before the footer rows so that the total line count stays within the 1000 line limit.

Important: All rows in your sample data must have the same number of fields.

To use the Flat File Wizard:

1. From the Studio menus select Project > Flat File Wizard. The Flat File Wizard opens in a tab in the Studio workspace.
2. Enter sample data into the Sample Data text box or click Browse... to load a sample file.
3. Click Next >. The File Format page opens.
4. Choose one of the file format options:
 - o Character-delimited format (including Comma Separated Values format) - Choose this option when each line in the file has a record with fields separated by a single character, such as a comma or tab.
 - o This file is in another format - Choose this option when your file does not meet the criteria of the previous file format option. If you select this option, you cannot use the Flat File Wizard to create a schema for your flat file.
5. Click Next >. The Field Delimiters page opens.
6. Select a field separator from the Fields separated by list. If you select Other:, specify the field separator in the field that displays to the right.
7. If the field is enclosed by a specific character, select the character that encloses the field from the Fields enclosed by list. If you select Other:, specify the enclosing character in the field that displays to the right.
8. Click Next >. The Header & Trailer page opens
9. Specify whether header and trailer rows exist:
 - a. Select Treat first row as header for field names, if a header row exists.
 - b. Select Treat last __ row(s) as trailer, if a trailer row exists and specify the row number.
10. Click Next >. The Edit Schema Name page opens.
11. Enter a schema name.

Tip: Choose a schema name that describes the data and file format.
12. Click Finish. In the Project tab of the Studio Toolbox, the flat file schema you just created displays in the Flat File Schemas directory.

To read the flat file you created and convert it to XML:


1. Add the Read Flat File activity to an orchestration.
2. In the Checklist, select Configure. The Configure pane opens.
3. In the Select a Flat File Schema field, specify the name of the flat file schema you have created.

To convert XML data to a flat file:

1. Add the Write Flat File activity to an orchestration.
2. In the Checklist, select Configure. The Configure pane opens.
3. In the Select a Flat File Schema field, specify the name of the flat file schema you have created.

Parent topic: [Flat File Schemas](#)

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Mapping

- [About Maps](#)

Maps define how data is transformed by the Integration Appliance during run time. Maps can reorganize data, convert data, suppress or add data, and performing calculations or other complex conversions.
- [Creating a map](#)

Create a map between the variables and the input parameter or between the output parameters and the variables.
- [Creating a Standalone Map](#)

A standalone map is visible in the Transformations folder of the Project tab and represents a set of one or more mappings between source and destination nodes.
- [Creating a Standalone Map from a Map Variables Activity](#)
- [Creating a Map Variables Activity from a Standalone Map](#)
- [Adding Variables to Mapping Panes](#)


You can add existing variables to a map or create new variables and add them to a map using the Select Inputs.. or Select Outputs... buttons available from the mapping panes of an activity.
- [Copying Parameters](#)
- [Replacing a Variable used in a Map](#)
- [Finding Nodes](#)
- [Assigning a Default Value for a Destination Node](#)
- [Mapping Techniques](#)
- [Automapping Matching Nodes](#)
- [Bulk Mapping Nodes](#)
- [Mapping Recurring Nodes](#)
- [Mapping All Occurrences](#)
- [Mapping Specific Occurrences](#)
- [Mapping Destination Nodes](#)
- [Selecting a substitution type](#)

The XML Schema specification supports the ability to derive complex types by extension.
- [Mapping Rules That Are Automatically Deleted](#)
- [Assigning a Count of Occurrences](#)
- [Removing Mapping Rules](#)
- [Finding Sample or Result Content](#)
- [Loading a Sample Message](#)
- [Testing maps](#)

You can test the transformation defined in a map using one or more sample messages that match the source schemas for the map.
- [Saving or Clearing the Transformation Result](#)
- [The Emit CData Option](#)
- [The Emit Only If Option](#)
- [Unsupported XML Schema Features](#)
- [About Unmapped Destination Nodes](#)

During transformations, the Integration Appliance includes all destination nodes in the result message. Destination nodes that are not mapped become empty nodes in the resulting message.
- [Filter Recurring Nodes](#)

By specifying an XPath predicate to filter against during run time, you can limit the recurring nodes returned by a mapping activity.

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About Maps

Maps define how data is transformed by the Integration Appliance during run time. Maps can reorganize data, convert data, suppress or add data, and performing calculations or other complex conversions.

Maps can transform data from one or more sources to one or more destinations. For example, during run time a map can transform XML data valid against one XML Schema to XML data valid against another XML Schema. The XML Schemas and Flat File Schemas you use to define the source and destination nodes of a map must exist in the current project before you start creating a map. For more information about uploading an XML Schema or DTD to a project, see [Uploading Files into a Project](#). For more information about creating a Flat File Schema, see [Creating a flat file schema](#).


The following types of maps can be created in Studio:

- **Inline maps** - Inline or embedded maps are not visible in the Project tab. These maps are created automatically inline when you configure activities that contain Map Input and Map Output tasks, or when you configure a [Map Variables](#) activity. The source and destination types of an inline map are determined from the variables you select by clicking Add in the From Orchestrations and To Orchestrations panes of the Mapping Editor. Inline maps transform data from one or more source variables to one or more destination variables. The source and destination variables can be of any data type.
- **Standalone maps** - A standalone map is visible in the Transformations folder of the Project tab and represents a set of one or more mappings between source and destination nodes. You can create standalone maps by right-clicking the Transformations folder in the Project tab or from the Project > New > New Standalone Map toolbar menu option. For more information, see [Creating a Standalone Map](#). The source and destination types of an inline map are determined from the schema types you select by clicking Add in the From Orchestrations and To Orchestrations panes of the Mapping Editor.

You can also test a map against sample data, for more information see [Testing maps](#).

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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Creating a map

Create a map between the variables and the input parameter or between the output parameters and the variables.

Many Studio activities contain inline or embedded maps that you must configure in the activity **Checklist**. You configure the inline maps in an activity in either the Map Inputs or Map Outputs tasks in an activity **Checklist**.

In addition, configure an inline map in the Map Variables activity. The Mapping Editor is displayed beneath the orchestration.

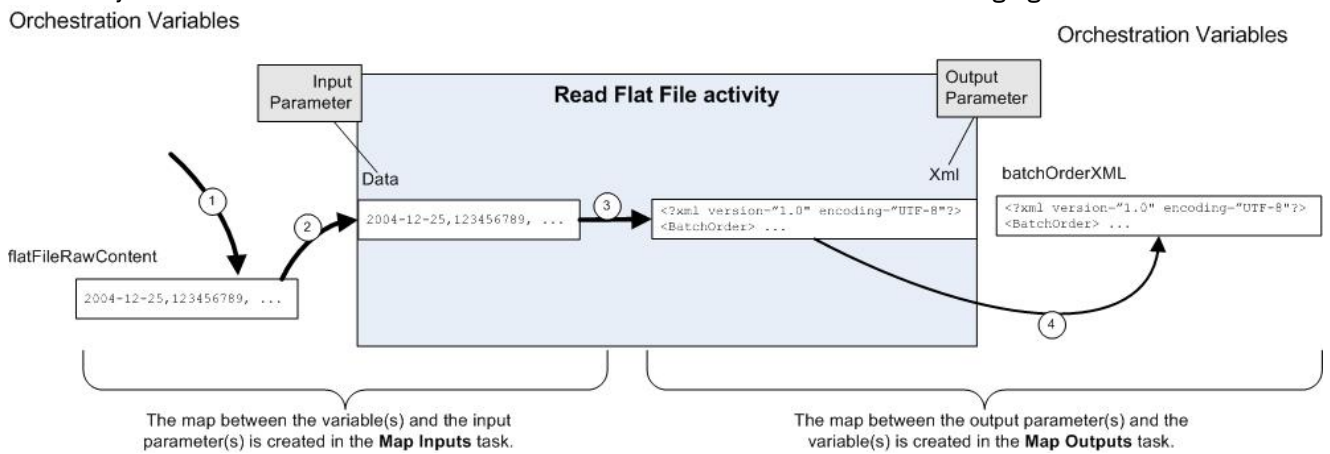
For instructions about creating maps while configuring a Map Variables activity, see [Map Activity](#)

In addition to the inline maps that you create in the Map Inputs or Map Outputs tasks or when configuring a Map Variable activity, you can also create standalone maps. You can create an inline map in a Map Variables activity from a standalone map. For more information, see [Creating a Map Variables Activity from a Standalone Map](#).

In the Map Inputs task, you map variable or variables from the orchestration (From Orchestration pane) to the input parameter or parameters of the activity (To Activity pane).

In the Map Outputs task, you map output parameters from the activity (the From Activity pane) to variable or variables of the orchestration (the To Orchestration pane).

During run time, an activity typically takes data from orchestration variable or variables manipulates the data in some way and returns the result in another set of variables as shown in the following figure:



The flow of data (from left to right) through the example activity (shown in the preceding figure) is described in the following steps:

1. In this case, the contents of the variable was supplied by the previous activity in the orchestration, the FTP Poll Directory activity. Comma separated values are stored in the *flatFileRawContent* variable by the FTP Poll Directory activity.
2. The contents of the *flatFileRawContent* variable is assigned to the input parameter called Data of the Read Flat File activity.
3. The Read Flat File activity converts the comma separated values to XML data and places the resulting data into the Xml output parameter.
4. The contents of the Xml output parameter is assigned to the *batchOrderXML* variable. The *batchOrderXML* variable is available in the orchestration. The next activity in the orchestration can use the contents of the *batchOrderXML* variable.

You can also manipulate the data in the maps between parameters and variables (created in the [Map Inputs](#) and [Map Outputs](#) task) using the functions available from the Functions tab. For more information see [Assigning Function\(s\) to a Mapping Rule](#).

The following activities require mapping:


- All connection activities that are listed under the following folders in the Activities tab:
 - Database
 - Email
 - FTP
 - HTTP
 - MQ

- SAP
- Web Services
- All the Transform activities that are listed under the Transform folder in the Activities tab.
- [Create Job Keys Activity](#)

- [Mapping Inputs](#)
When you map inputs, you are mapping from the orchestration (variables) to the activity (parameters).
- [Mapping Outputs](#)
When you map outputs, you are mapping from the activity (parameters) to the orchestration (variables).

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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Mapping Inputs

When you map inputs, you are mapping from the orchestration (variables) to the activity (parameters).

About this task

To create a map between variables and input parameters:

Procedure

1. Open or [create](#) an orchestration.
2. If the activity is mapping variables that conform to a particular XML Schema or DTD, [upload the XML Schema or DTD file into your project](#).
3. Click the activity in the orchestration that contains the Map Inputs task in the Checklist.
4. Select the Map Inputs task from the Checklist.
5. If not already selected, click Design. The Mapping Editor is displayed and the input parameters of the activity show in the To Activity pane.
6. [Add variables](#) to the From Orchestration pane.
7. Drag a source node from the From Orchestration pane to a destination node of an input parameter listed in the To Activity pane. If the mapping is valid, a link (line) displays from the source node to the destination node, indicating that a mapping rule has been established. Repeat this step until all the required nodes have been mapped. For more information, see the help topic for an activity to determine which nodes are required.
Note: You can [find a node in a source or destination schema](#) using the Find dialog box.
8. Optional: [Assign Function\(s\) to a Mapping Rule](#).
9. If possible, [test](#) your mappings to ensure that the output is what you expect.
Note: You can replace a variable used in the map without changing the links of the map. For more information, see [Replacing a Variable used in a Map](#).


What to do next

You can show the optional input parameters of an activity using the Map > Show Optional Parameters toolbar menu option or hide the optional input parameters of an activity using the Map > Hide Optional Parameters toolbar menu option.

In addition, you can show or hide the optional input parameters of an activity by right-clicking in the To Activity pane and selecting the Show Optional Parameters to show the optional input parameters or selecting Hide Optional Parameters option to hide the optional input parameters. When the Show optional parameters option is set, the optional input parameters of an activity display in the To Activity pane of the Map Inputs pane with the prefix string: {optional}. If the Map > Show Optional Parameters option is not selectable in the toolbar menu, click a node in the Map Inputs pane to make this option active

Parent topic: [Creating a map](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_creating_a_map_mapping_inputs.html

Mapping Outputs

When you map outputs, you are mapping from the activity (parameters) to the orchestration (variables).

About this task

To create a map between output parameters and variables:

Procedure

1. Open or [create](#) an orchestration.
2. If the activity is mapping variables that conform to a particular XML Schema or DTD [upload the XML Schema or DTD file into your project](#).
3. Click the activity in the orchestration that contains the Map Outputs task in the Checklist.
4. Select the Map Outputs task from the Checklist.
5. If not already selected, click Design. The Mapping Editor is displayed and the output parameters of the activity show in the To Activity pane.
6. Add output variables to the To Orchestration pane:
 - To add existing variables to the To Orchestration pane or create new variables, click [Select Outputs...](#)
 - To create new variables and to automatically map those variables in the To Orchestration pane, click [Copy](#).
7. Drag a source node from the From Activity pane to a destination node of an input parameter listed in the To Orchestration pane. If the mapping is valid, a link (line) is displayed from the source node to the destination node, indicating that a mapping rule has been established. Repeat this step until all the required nodes have been mapped. In general, it is not a requirement that you map all the outputs from an activity.

Note: You can [find a node in a source or destination schema](#) using the Find dialog box.


8. Optional: [Assign Function\(s\) to a Mapping Rule](#).

9. If possible, [test](#) your mappings to ensure that the output is what you expect.

Note: You can replace a variable used in the map without changing the links of the map. For more information, see [Replacing a Variable used in a Map](#).

Parent topic: [Creating a map](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_creating_a_map_mapping_outputs.html

Creating a Standalone Map

A standalone map is visible in the Transformations folder of the Project tab and represents a set of one or more mappings between source and destination nodes.


About this task

The set of source nodes available in the From Orchestration pane and destination nodes in the To Orchestration panes of the Mapping Editor are determined by the schema types defined for the source and destination variables of the map. A standalone map can be used to create any number of Map Variables activities in the same orchestration or in other orchestrations in the same project. For example, you could create a standalone map called `myMap` that contains a set of mappings between an source XML Schema called `IncomingOrder` and a destination XML Schema called `ShippingOrder`.

You can reuse this map by selecting the `myMap` entity from the Transformations folder in the Project tab and dropping it onto any orchestration in the project. This dropping action creates a new Map Variables activity in the orchestration with the same set of mappings as defined for the map called `myMap`. The new inline map created for the Map Variables activity is a copy of parent standalone map. If you change the mappings between the source and destination nodes in `myMap`, the changes are not propagated to new Map Variables activity because it is a local copy. For more information see [Creating a Map Variables Activity from a Standalone Map](#).

To create a standalone map:

Procedure

1. Create a new instance of a standalone map using one of the following options:
 - Select the Project tab, right-click on the Transformations folder, and select the New Standalone Map option from the menu.
 - From the toolbar menu, select the Project > New Standalone Map option.
 - In the Project tab, click New Standalone Map ()


An instance of a standalone map shows in the Maps folder in the Project tab

2. Double-click the instance of the standalone map in the Transformations folder in the Project tab. The Mapping Editor opens in the lower part of the pane.
3. Select the source schemas.

4. Select the destination schemas
 5. Drag a source node from the From Orchestration pane to a destination node in the To Orchestration pane. If the mapping is valid, a link (line) displays from the source node to the destination node, indicating that a mapping rule has been established. Repeat this step until all the required nodes have been mapped.
Note: You can find a node in a source or destination schema using the Find dialog box. For more information about finding a node in a source or destination schema, see [Assigning Function\(s\) to a Mapping Rule](#).
 6. Optional: Assign function or functions to a mapping rule. For more information, see [Assigning Function\(s\) to a Mapping Rule](#).
 7. If possible, test your mappings to ensure that the output is what you expect. For more information about testing mappings, see [Testing maps](#).
- [Select source schemas for a standalone map](#)
 - [Select destination schemas for a standalone map](#)

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_creating_a_standalone_map.html

Select source schemas for a standalone map

Before you begin

Before you can select a schema or a fragment of the schema as a source schema for a map, you must first [upload the XML Schema or DTD file](#) that contains the schema into the Project or you must [create the Flat File Schema](#) that represents the Flat File data.


About this task

To select the source schemas for a standalone map:

Procedure

1. Click Add in the From Orchestration pane. The Browse For Schema Type Element dialog box shows.
2. Browse for the schema or schema fragment.
3. Select the schema or schema fragment and click OK. The schema or schema fragment is displayed in the From Orchestration pane.
4. Repeat these steps to add additional source schema or schema fragments to a map.

Parent topic: [Creating a Standalone Map](#)

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Select destination schemas for a standalone map

Before you begin

Before you can select a schema or a fragment of the schema as a destination schema for a map, you must first [Uploading Files into a Project](#) that contains the schema into the Project or you must [create the Flat File Schema](#) that represents the Flat File data.


About this task

To select destination schemas for a standalone Map:

Procedure

1. Click Add in the To Orchestration pane. The Browse For Schema Type Element dialog box is displayed.
2. Browse for the schema or schema fragment.
3. Select the schema or schema fragment and click OK. The schema or schema fragment is displayed in the To Orchestration pane.
4. Repeat these steps to add additional destination schema or schema fragments to a map.

Parent topic: [Creating a Standalone Map](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_creating_a_standalone_map_select_destination_schemas.html

Creating a Standalone Map from a Map Variables Activity

About this task

The following procedure provides instructions for creating a standalone map from a Map Variables activity. For more information about standalone maps and the inline map of a Map Variables activity, see [About Maps](#).

To create a standalone map from a **Map Variables** activity:


Procedure

1. Select the Project tab.
2. Double-click an orchestration that contains the Map Variables activity, in the Orchestrations folder of the Project tab.
3. Drag the Map Variables activity from the orchestration into the Project tab. A new Map shows under the Transformations folder of the Project tab. New schemas might also be created when this new map is created.

Important: The new standalone map is a copy of the map from the Map Variables activity. Changing the map in the Map Variables activity does not change the new standalone map. The converse is also true, changing the new standalone map does not change the map in the Map Variables activity.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Creating_a_Standalone_Map_from_a_Map_Variables_Activity.html

Creating a Map Variables Activity from a Standalone Map

About this task

The following procedure provides instructions for creating a Map Variables activity from a standalone map. For more information about standalone maps and the inline map of a Map Variables activity, see [About Maps](#).

To create a **Map Variables** activity from a standalone map:

Procedure

1. Select the Project tab.
2. Select the orchestration that you want to add the Map Variables activity to, by double-clicking the orchestration in the Orchestrations folder of the Project tab.
3. Drag a Map from the Transformations folder of the Project tab, onto the orchestration. The Link Schema Type to Variables dialog box opens.
4. For all the input and output schema types of the map, enter the name of an existing variable or a new variable in the Orchestration Variable field.
5. Click OK. The new Map Activity shows in the orchestration.

Important: The new inline map created for the Map Variables activity is a copy of the standalone map in the Project tab. Changing the map in the Map Variables activity does not change the new standalone map. The converse is also true, changing the new standalone map does not change the map in the Map Variables activity.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

Adding Variables to Mapping Panes

You can add existing variables to a map or create new variables and add them to a map using the Select Inputs.. or Select Outputs... buttons available from the mapping panes of an activity.

About this task

To add a variable using the Select Inputs.. or Select Outputs... buttons:

Procedure

1. Click an activity in the orchestration.
2. Select a mapping task from the **Checklist** for the activity. The mapping tasks of an activity are typically called Mapping Inputs or Mapping Outputs.
3. To add variables:
 - o To add input variables to the map, click Select Inputs...
 - o To add output variables to the map, click Select Outputs....

The Select Inputs or Select Outputs dialog box opens.

4. Select from one of the following options:
 - o Add an existing variable to the mapping pane - Select an existing variable and click OK. The existing variable is added to the mapping pane.
 - o Add a new variable to the mapping pane - To add a new variable to the mapping pane:
 - a. Click New. The Create New Variables Step 1 of 2 dialog box opens.
 - b. Select a data type or schema to base the new variable:
 - For a variable based on a primitive data type:
 - i. Scroll to the end of the Create New Variables Step 1 of 2 dialog box.
 - ii. Select a primitive data type from the Primitive Types folder.
 - iii. Click Next.
 - For a variable based on a schema:
 - i. Optional: [To search for a node by name, click Find.](#)
 - ii. From the schema, select a node to be the root of the new variable.
 - iii. Click Next.
 - c. Enter a name for the new variable and click Finish. Click OK.


The new variable is added to Variables toolbox, and the schema is displayed in the "Schema of" pane on the Variables tab. The new variable is also added to the mapping pane

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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Copying Parameters

About this task

Using the Copy button () available from the Map Outputs pane, you can create new orchestration variables that match the output parameters of the current activity.


To copy variables:

Procedure

1. Click an activity in the orchestration.
2. Select the Map Outputs task from the Checklist for the activity. The mapping pane displays the output parameters of the current activity in the From Activity pane.
3. Click Copy. The Copy Parameters dialog box opens, containing a list of parameters matching those in the From Activity pane.
4. Click the output parameter or parameters to create variables from. The data type, schema, or schema fragment of the selected output parameter defines the data type, schema, or schema fragment of the new variable. To select more than one output parameter, press Shift while clicking the output parameters.
5. Click Create. The variables display in the To Orchestration pane. If required, rename the newly created variable to a more meaningful name. To rename the variable, double-click the variable in the blue section of the To Orchestration pane, enter the new name, and press Return.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

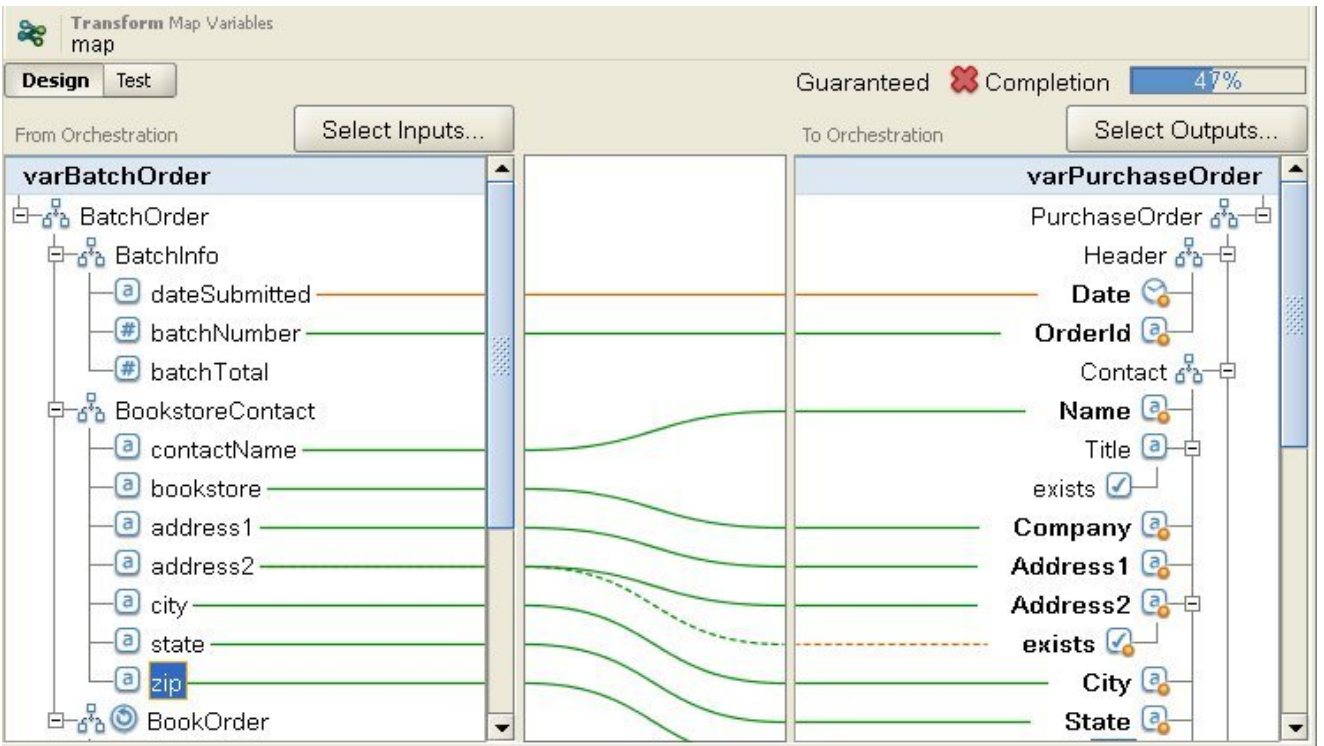
http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Copying_Parameters.html

Replacing a Variable used in a Map

About this task

You can change the variables used in the From Activity and To Orchestration panes without changing the links between source and destination nodes of a map.

For example, you could have a Map Variables activity that maps the nodes of the *varBatchOrder* variable to the nodes of the *varPurchaseOrder* variable as shown in the following figure.



The *varBatchOrder* variable is based on the BatchOrder XML Schema and the *varPurchaseOrder* variable is based on the PurchaseOrder XML Schema.

If you wanted another Map Variables activity in your orchestration maps source and destination nodes but you wanted to use a different set of variables. You could copy the original Map Variables activity and then paste the new Map Variables activity into the orchestration and then change the variables used in the map without changing the links of the map.

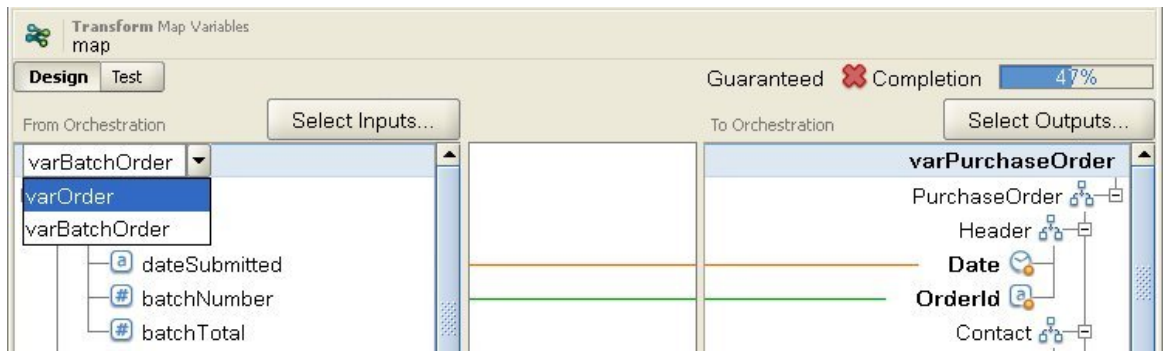
To replace an original variable used in a map:

Procedure

1. Click the Map Variables activity or the Map Inputs or Map Outputs tasks of an activity.
2. Create a new variable or replace a source or destination variable:
 - Double-click the blue area where the variable is listed in the From Activity, From Orchestration, To Activity, or To Orchestration panes and enter the name of the variable. A new variable of the same schema type is created.
 - Replace a source or destination variable using one of the following actions:
 - Right-click the blue area where the variable is listed in the From Activity, From Orchestration, To Activity, or To Orchestration panes and select the Choose Another Variable option from the list.
 - Double-click the blue area where the variable is listed in the From Activity, From Orchestration, To Activity, or To Orchestration panes.

An arrow shows to the right of the variable name as shown in the following figure.

Select another variable from the list. For this example, select the *varOrder* variable from the list.



Note: You can only change the variables used in Map Input and Map Output panes and not the parameters that are used in a map. For example in the FTP Poll Directory activity, the filename, data, and timestamp input parameters located in the From Activity pane of the Map Outputs task cannot be changed but the variables that the parameters map to in the To Orchestration pane can be changed.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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Finding Nodes

About this task

You can search for nodes in the mapping panes of activities as described in the following procedure.

To find nodes:


Procedure

1. Open the mapping pane containing the node you want to search for.
2. Open the Find dialog box using one of the following options:
 - o Right-click either the source pane or the destination pane and select Find. The Find dialog box opens.
 - o Click a node in either the source pane or the destination pane. Select Edit > Find from the Studio toolbar menu. The Find dialog box opens.
3. Enter the name of the node that you want to search for in the Text to find field.
4. Select any options or change the direction of the search:
 - o Case Sensitive - Exactly matches the case of the text entered in the Text to find field.
 - o Whole Words Only - Matches the search text only as whole words. No partial matches are allowed.
 - o Wrap Search - Continues searching through the entire schema regardless of where the search was started.

- Forward - Searches from the root node or current node down through the schema in node-tree order.
 - Backward. Searches from the last node in the tree or the current node up through the schema in reverse node-tree order.
5. Click Find. Click Find again to continue the search through the schema.
 6. Click Cancel to close the dialog box.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Finding_Nodes.html

Assigning a Default Value for a Destination Node

About this task

You can assign a default value for a destination node in a map. A destination node of a map is displayed in the mapping pane. The following figure shows the To Orchestration pane. How the default value is used during run time depends if a link is assigned to the destination node as described in the following cases:

- Define a default value for a destination node that does not have a link from a source node or function as shown in the following figure:



For this case, the specified constant value is always assigned to the destination node during run time.

- Define a default value for a destination node that has a link from a source node or function as shown in the following figure:






For this case, the specified value is only assigned to the destination node, if the link from the source node or a function to the destination node does not provide a value for the destination node during run time.

You can also use configuration properties to supply the default values for destination nodes of a map of a mapping pane as described in step 2 of the following procedure. You must [create the configuration property](#) before defining the default value as described in the following procedure.



To define a default value for a destination node:

Procedure

1. Right-click a destination node within the mapping pane. The name of the pane within the mapping pane depends on the type of map you are currently configuring as described in the following list:
 - While configuring a Map Inputs task of an activity, the destination nodes of a map show in the To Activity pane.
 - While configuring a Map Outputs task of an activity, the destination nodes of a map show in the To Orchestration pane.
 - While configuring a stand-alone map or a Map Variables activity, the destination nodes of a map show in the To Orchestration pane.
2. Select the Define Default Value option from the list. The Define Default Value dialog box opens. If any configuration properties have been defined for the project, the  icon shows in the right of the Default Value field.
3. In the Default Value field, define the default value using one of the following options:
 - Directly enter the characters that define the default value.
 - Select a configuration property to supply the default value by clicking the  icon and selecting a configuration property from the list.
4. Click OK. The default () icon shows next to the destination node in the mapping pane.


What to do next

To clear the default value for a destination node:

1. Right-click a destination node with a default value assigned to the node within the mapping pane. A destination node with a value assigned shows the default () icon to the left of the node.
2. Select the Define Default Value option from the list. The Define Default Value dialog box opens with the text or the selected configuration property highlighted.
3. Press the Delete key.
4. Click OK. The default () icon is removed from the destination node in the mapping pane.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Assigning_a_Default_Value_for_a_Node.html

Mapping Techniques


About this task

You can map from Source nodes to Destination nodes in various ways, depending on how your mapping is set up. You can:

- Map from one Source node to one Destination node
- Map from multiple Source nodes to one Destination node
- Map from one Source node to multiple Destination nodes
- Conditional Mapping for a Recurring Node
- [Mapping One Source to One Destination](#)
- [Mapping Multiple Sources to One Destination](#)
- [Mapping One Source to Multiple Destinations](#)
- [Conditional Mapping for a Recurring Node](#)

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Mapping_Techniques.html

Mapping One Source to One Destination

About this task


To map from one Source node to one Destination node:

Procedure

1. Open the Mapping Editor.
2. Drag a Source node onto a Destination node. The Mapping Editor draws a link between the nodes and marks the destination node as mapped.
Note: You may receive a validation warning if this mapping rule is not guaranteed or is not allowed.

Parent topic: [Mapping Techniques](#)

Feedback | Notices

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Mapping Multiple Sources to One Destination


About this task

You cannot map several source nodes to a single destination node unless you use functions to define how the source data should be combined. For example, you can use the [Concatenate](#) function to combine several source nodes with string datatypes.

See [Assigning Function\(s\) to a Mapping Rule](#) for more information.

Parent topic: [Mapping Techniques](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_mapping_techniques_multiple_sources_to_one_destination.html

Mapping One Source to Multiple Destinations

About this task


To map from one Source node to multiple Destination nodes:

Procedure

1. Open the Mapping Editor.
2. Drag a Source node onto each Destination node you want to map.

Parent topic: [Mapping Techniques](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_mapping_techniques_multiple_sources_to_one_destination.html

Conditional Mapping for a Recurring Node

About this task


To map from one Source node to multiple Destination nodes:

Procedure

1. Right-click the element or variable in the recurring node for which you want a conditional mapping. The Select Occurrence pane opens.
2. Enter the code for the condition.
3. Click OK.

Parent topic: [Mapping Techniques](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_mapping_conditional_mapping_f_or_a_recurring_node.html

Automapping Matching Nodes


Automapping quickly maps source nodes to matching destination nodes. Matching is 'fuzzy' and ignores differences in case or punctuation. It does not match nodes that are at different levels within the structure or have differences such as abbreviations in names.

- To automap, select Map > Automap from the toolbar. The Mapping Editor draws mapping rules for each matching node that it finds.

The Mapping Editor also display warnings for any mapping rules that it attempts to create that are not guaranteed.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

Feedback | Notices

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Automapping_Matching_Nodes.html

Bulk Mapping Nodes

About this task

Bulk mapping can quickly map similar structures, such as addresses, that use similar or identical names and organization. Matching is 'fuzzy' and ignores differences in case or punctuation. It does not match nodes that are at different levels within the structure or have differences such as abbreviations in names.

Bulk mapping is applied to structure nodes that you identify in the Source and Destination.

To bulk map a structure node:


Procedure

1. Right-click a structure node in the Source tree displayed in the Mapping Editor.
2. Select Map > Create Bulk Mapping Rules from the menu toolbar.
3. Drag a Source structure node onto a Destination structure node. The Mapping Editor draws mapping rules for each matching node that it finds within the structures you have selected.

Note: Bulk mapping removes any existing mapping rules for the Destination structure you select.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Bulk_Mapping_Nodes.html

Mapping Recurring Nodes

About this task

Mapping rules for recurring nodes can:

- Determine the output for all occurrences
- Determine the output for specific occurrences
- Reconcile cardinality issues, such as different minimum occurrences or source and destination schemas that model recurring structures with different levels or no recurrence.

How you map recurring nodes is determined by the recurring relationships in your source and destination schemas, as outlined in the following table.


Source	Destination	Action to take
Not recurring	Recurring	Expand the destination node to map the source nodes to specific destination node occurrences.
Recurring	Not recurring	Select specific occurrences of the source and map them to the destination.
Matching Recurring Levels	Matching Recurring Levels	Map all occurrences or select/expand specific occurrences if you need to.

Source	Destination	Action to take
More Recurring Levels	Fewer Recurring Levels	Select specific occurrences of the source nodes and map them to specific occurrences of the destination. See the discussion on mapping limitations for recurring nodes in the Getting Started Guide for more information.
Fewer Recurring Levels	More Recurring Levels	Expand specific occurrences of the additional recurring levels of the destination nodes and map the source levels within the expanded destination nodes.

For more information on recurring nodes and how to limit the recurring nodes returned by a mapping activity, see [Filter Recurring Nodes](#).

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Mapping_Recurring_Nodes.html

Mapping All Occurrences

About this task

You can map all occurrences of a recurring source node to a recurring destination node as long as the nested levels of recurrence match or you have specified how any uneven levels should be handled.


To map all occurrences of a recurring source node:

- Drag a node in the Source tree to the appropriate node in the Destination tree. The Mapping Editor automatically creates mapping rules linking the Source occurrence nodes to the matching Destination occurrence nodes

Note: If the levels of recurrence in the source and destination schema trees do not match, you must [map specific occurrences](#) instead.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Mapping_All_Occurrences.html

Mapping Specific Occurrences

About this task

When the recurring levels in the Source tree do not match those in the Destination tree, you must expand the recurring nodes and define mapping rules for specific occurrences to resolve cardinality differences:


- When source tree recurring levels are greater than destination tree levels, Select Source Occurrences
- When source tree recurring levels are less than destination tree levels, Expand Destination Occurrences

In addition, the following functionality is available for a recurring destination node that has already been expanded:

- Collapse Destination Occurrences - Removes all the occurrences of a recurring destination node, leaving just the recurring destination node.
- Add Destination Occurrence - Adds a single occurrence of a recurring destination node.
- Remove Destination Occurrence - Removes the selected occurrence.
- [Select Source Occurrences](#)
- [Expand Destination Occurrences](#)
- [Collapse Destination Occurrences](#)
- [Add destination occurrence](#)
- [Remove Destination Occurrence](#)
- [Select a substitution type in a mapping pane](#)

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Mapping_Specific_Occurrences.html

Select Source Occurrences


About this task

To select source occurrences:

Procedure

1. Open a mapping pane and right-click the source node that you want to map.
2. Select Select One Occurrence from the list. The Select One Occurrence dialog box opens.
3. This dialog box displays the path to the source node you have chosen with an occurrence property for each recurring level. Select the number of occurrences to use at each recurring level.
4. Click OK. The source node is highlighted in red in the Mapping Editor.
5. Select the source node and drag it onto the destination node to complete the mapping.

Parent topic: [Mapping Specific Occurrences](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Mapping_Specific_Occurrences_Select_Source.html

Expand Destination Occurrences

About this task


To expand destination occurrences:

Procedure

1. Right-click the recurring () destination node in the mapping panes of activities. Destination nodes are located on the right side of mapping panes.
2. Select Expand Occurrences from the list
3. In the Expand Occurrences dialog box, specify the number of occurrences that you want to expand and map to explicitly. You can map to both the recurring node and the explicit occurrences.
4. Select a setting for the Before check box:
 - Select the Before check box if you want the set of single occurrences to show in the map before the set of recurring nodes.
 - Clear the Before check box if you want the set of single occurrences to show in the map after the set of recurring nodes.
5. Click OK. The specified number of occurrences shows for the selected recurring destination node.
6. Map to the expanded destination nodes as needed, treating each set as one occurrence of that structure.

You can specify the [substitution type](#) for an expanded occurrence of a recurring destination node. This [type substitution](#) of an expanded occurrence is only supported for the recurring destination nodes. Destination nodes are located on the right side of mapping panes.

Parent topic: [Mapping Specific Occurrences](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Mapping_Specific_Occurrences_Expand_Destination.html

Collapse Destination Occurrences

About this task

To collapse destination occurrences:


Attention: Collapsing destination occurrences removes all the current mappings for all of the expanded occurrences.

Procedure

1. Open a mapping pane and right-click the recurring destination node or any occurrence of a recurring destination node. Destination nodes are located on the right side of mapping panes.
2. Select Collapse Occurrences from the list.
3. Click OK.

Parent topic: [Mapping Specific Occurrences](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Mapping_Specific_Occurrences_Collapse_Destination.html

Add destination occurrence

About this task

To add an occurrence to a destination node with existing expanded occurrences:


Procedure

1. Open a mapping pane and right-click the recurring destination node or any occurrence of a recurring destination node. Destination nodes are located on the right of the mapping panes.
2. From the list, select one of the following options (if available) from the Add New Occurrence menu option:
 - o Add New Occurrence > After - Select this option if you want add the new occurrence after the currently selected destination occurrence.
 - o Add New Occurrence > Before - Select this option if you want add the new occurrence before the currently selected destination occurrence.
3. Click OK.

You can specify the substitution type for an expanded occurrence of a recurring destination node. This type substitution of an expanded occurrence is only supported for the recurring destination nodes. Destination nodes are located on the right of the mapping panes.

Parent topic: [Mapping Specific Occurrences](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Mapping_Specific_Occurrences_Add_Destination.html

Remove Destination Occurrence

About this task


To remove a destination occurrence:

Procedure

1. Open a mapping pane and right-click the recurring destination node or any occurrence of a recurring destination node. Destination nodes are located on the right of the mapping panes.
2. From the list, select the Remove Selected Occurrence menu option. A Confirmation dialog box opens.
3. Click Yes.

Parent topic: [Mapping Specific Occurrences](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Mapping_Specific_Occurrences_Remove_Destination.html

Select a substitution type in a mapping pane

About this task

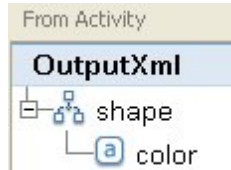
To select a substitution type in a mapping pane:

Procedure

1. [Upload an XML Schema](#) that contains an XML element based on derived types into the project.
2. In an activity that uses an XML Schema, select the node representing the XML element that is based on a derived type for the input or output parameter of the activity.

For example, the Read XML activity uses an XML Schema to define the output parameter of the activity. In the Configure task of the Checklist for the Read XML activity, select an XML variable that defines the node of the XML Schema to use the output parameter. Using example XML Schema shown in the preceding figure, a variable based on the `<shape>` element can be used to define the node of the XML Schema to use as the output parameter of the Read XML activity. Since the derived type for the `<shape>`

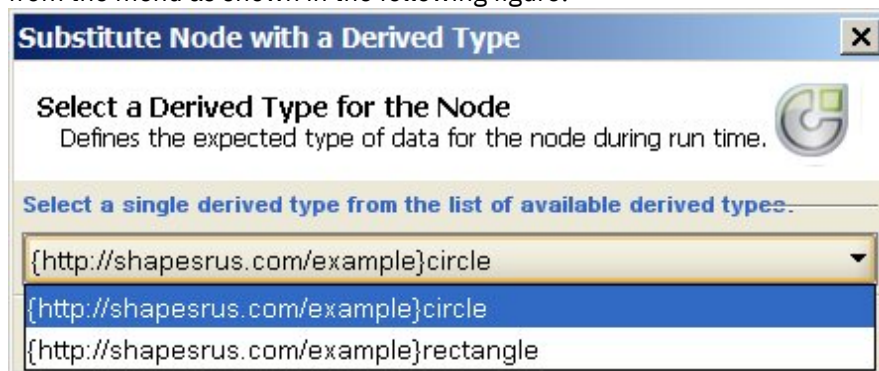
element is not selected, only the child element (named color) of the base type are displayed in the From



Activity pane as shown in the following figure:

Note that the child elements of the derived types are not listed in the mapping pane. In this example, the child element of circle which is named diameter is not listed, nor are the child elements of rectangle which are named width and length.

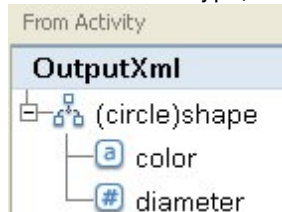
3. In the From Activity and To Orchestration panes of an activity, select the derived type expected during run time, by right-clicking on the node and from the menu selecting the Substitute Node With ... option. The Substitute Node with a Derived Type dialog box open the menu, the available derived types for the node as defined by the XML Schema are listed. For this example, the two derived types are available from the menu as shown in the following figure:



4. Select one of the derived types. The selected derived type determines the expected type of XML instance document during run time.

In this example, the circle derived type is selected, so the XML data expected for this node during run time is of type circle as shown in the XML instance document displayed at the top of this page.

In addition to the child elements of the base type, the child elements of the derived type show in the mapping panes. In this example, the child element named diameter is displayed with the child element named color (inherited from the base type) in the From Activity pane of the Read XML activity as shown




in the following figure:

Parent topic: [Mapping Specific Occurrences](#)

Parent topic: [Selecting a substitution type](#)

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Mapping Destination Nodes

When you map a destination node, you indicate the data source used to complete the node and create a mapping rule. Mapping rules provide data to a destination node in various ways, as described in the following topics.

From source nodes

Mapping from a source node to a destination node creates a link between them. This is the most common way to define a mapping rule. There are several ways to link source and destination nodes as described in these topics:

[Mapping Techniques](#)

[Mapping Recurring Nodes](#)

[Automapping Matching Nodes](#)

[Bulk Mapping Nodes](#)

By assignment


Mapping by assignment means that you provide a default value or use functions to determine the value of the destination node. See [Assigning a Default Value for a Destination Node](#) and [Assigning a Function Without a Source Node Link](#) for more information.

Using a combination of source nodes and functions

Mapping using a combination of source nodes and functions refers to manipulating the link between source and destination nodes with functions to convert data, calculate or assign data. See the [Assigning Function\(s\) to a Mapping Rule](#) for details

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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Selecting a substitution type

The XML Schema specification supports the ability to derive complex types by extension.

In the XML instance document, you declare the type of an XML element from a set of types that are all derived from the same base type, rather than explicitly declaring the type for the XML element in the XML Schema. The

type for the element is defined using the type attribute as shown by the following example XML instance document:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<shape xmlns="http://shapesrus.com/example"
       xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
       xsd:type="circle">
  <color xmlns="">blue</color>
  <diameter xmlns="">10</diameter>
</shape>
```

In the preceding XML instance document, the <shape> element is declared as a `circle` type. The <shape> element in the XML instance document can also be defined as a `rectangle` type as defined in the following example XML instance document:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<shape xmlns="http://shapesrus.com/example"
       xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
       xsd:type="rectangle">
  <color xmlns="">blue</color>
  <length xmlns="">5</length>
  <width xmlns="">8</width>
</shape>
```

In this example, the <shape> element is based on one of the derived types of `shapeType` base type. The derived types of `shapeType` are named `circle` and `rectangle`, as shown in the following example XML Schema:

```

<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
            targetNamespace="http://shapesrus.com/example"
            xmlns:sru="http://shapesrus.com/example">
    <xsd:element name="shape" type="sru:shapeType"/>
    <xsd:complexType name="shapeType" abstract="true">
        <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="color" type="xsd:string"/>
        </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:complexType>
    <xsd:complexType name="circle">
        <xsd:complexContent>
            <xsd:extension base="sru:shapeType">
                <xsd:sequence>
                    <xsd:element name="diameter" type="xsd:integer"/>
                </xsd:sequence>
            </xsd:extension>
        </xsd:complexContent>
    </xsd:complexType>
    <xsd:complexType name="rectangle">
        <xsd:complexContent>
            <xsd:extension base="sru:shapeType">
                <xsd:sequence>
                    <xsd:element name="length" type="xsd:integer"/>
                    <xsd:element name="width" type="xsd:integer"/>
                </xsd:sequence>
            </xsd:extension>
        </xsd:complexContent>
    </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:schema>

```

Defines an element based on one of the derived types of shapeType.

Base type named shapeType.

Derived type named circle that extends the base type named shapeType.

Derived type named rectangle that extends the base type named shapeType.

When an XML Schema defines an XML element based on derived types, you must specify the derived type (or substitution type) expected for the XML element during run time. For the preceding example XML Schema, you must specify the type of the <shape> element – either `circle` or `rectangle`. In Studio, you specify the expected substitution type of an XML element using the Substitute Node With ... menu option:

- For a variable based on a substitution type - Select the expected type of the XML element by right-clicking the node in the Schema of pane in the Variables tab and by selecting the Substitute Node With ... option from the menu. For more information see [Selecting a Substitution Type for Variables](#).
- For a node based on substitution type in a mapping pane - Select the expected type of the XML element by right-clicking the node in the Schema of pane in the Variables tab and by selecting the Substitute Node With ... option from the menu, as described in the following procedure.

In the preceding example XML Schema, the base type called <shapeType> is defined as abstract. An abstract base type cannot be used in the XML instance document to define the type for the element - one of the derived types must be specified instead. In this example, the <shape> element in the XML instance document cannot be declared as `shapeType`, it must be declared as one of the derived types; either `circle` or `rectangle`.

In the preceding example, the base type is defined as abstract but type substitution of derived types based on a base type that is not abstract is also supported. To make the complexType called `shapeType` not abstract in the example XML Schema, remove the `abstract=true` attribute as shown in the following XML Schema segment:

```

<xsd:complexType name="shapeType">
  <xsd:sequence>
    <xsd:element name="color" type="xsd:string"/>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>

```

A WSDL is a specific XML Schema that defines a Web Service. Using type substitution with a WSDL is also supported.

You can specify the substitution type for an [expanded occurrence](#) of a recurring destination node. This type substitution of an expanded occurrence is only supported for the recurring destination nodes. Destination nodes are located on the right side of mapping panes.

Attention: Type substitution of complex types is supported in the mapping panes of activities and for variables. However, deriving elements by extension using substitution groups is not supported in the mapping panes of activities or for variables. For more information, see [Unsupported XML Schema Features](#).

Example XML Schema

The example XML Schema used in this topic is provided for reference:

```

<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  targetNamespace="http://shapesrus.com/example"
  xmlns:sru="http://shapesrus.com/example">
  <xsd:element name="shape" type="sru:shapeType"/>
  <xsd:complexType name="shapeType" abstract="true">
    <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element name="color" type="xsd:string"/>
    </xsd:sequence>
  </xsd:complexType>
  <xsd:complexType name="circle">
    <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="sru:shapeType">
        <xsd:sequence>
          <xsd:element name="diameter" type="xsd:integer"/>
        </xsd:sequence>
      </xsd:extension>
    </xsd:complexContent>
  </xsd:complexType>
  <xsd:complexType name="rectangle">
    <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="sru:shapeType">
        <xsd:sequence>
          <xsd:element name="length" type="xsd:integer"/>
          <xsd:element name="width" type="xsd:integer"/>
        </xsd:sequence>
      </xsd:extension>
    </xsd:complexContent>
  </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:schema>

```

- [Select a substitution type in a mapping pane](#)
- [Remove the Derived Type Associated with a Node](#)

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

Select a substitution type in a mapping pane

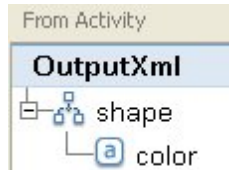
About this task

To select a substitution type in a mapping pane:

Procedure

1. [Upload an XML Schema](#) that contains an XML element based on derived types into the project.
2. In an activity that uses an XML Schema, select the node representing the XML element that is based on a derived type for the input or output parameter of the activity.

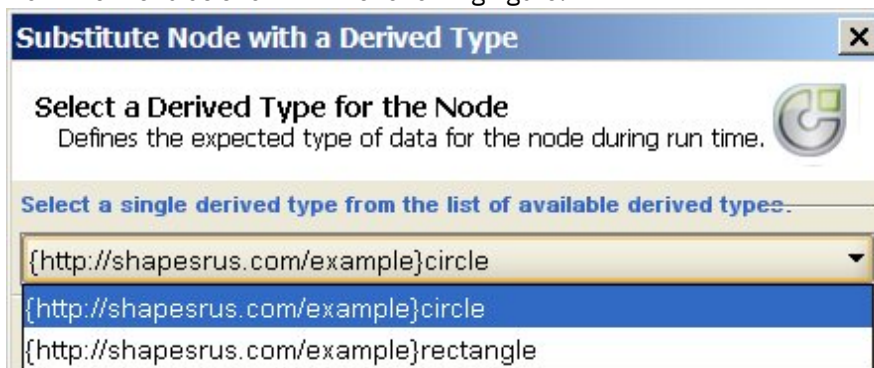
For example, the Read XML activity uses an XML Schema to define the output parameter of the activity. In the Configure task of the Checklist for the Read XML activity, select an XML variable that defines the node of the XML Schema to use the output parameter. Using example XML Schema shown in the preceding figure, a variable based on the `<shape>` element can be used to define the node of the XML Schema to use as the output parameter of the Read XML activity. Since the derived type for the `<shape>` element is not selected, only the child element (named `color`) of the base type are displayed in the From



Activity pane as shown in the following figure:

Note that the child elements of the derived types are not listed in the mapping pane. In this example, the child element of circle which is named `diameter` is not listed, nor are the child elements of rectangle which are named `width` and `length`.

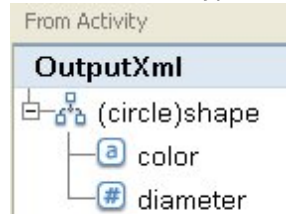
3. In the From Activity and To Orchestration panes of an activity, select the derived type expected during run time, by right-clicking on the node and from the menu selecting the `Substitute Node With ...` option. The `Substitute Node with a Derived Type` dialog box opens, the available derived types for the node as defined by the XML Schema are listed. For this example, the two derived types are available from the menu as shown in the following figure:



4. Select one of the derived types. The selected derived type determines the expected type of XML instance document during run time.

In this example, the circle derived type is selected, so the XML data expected for this node during run time is of type circle as shown in the XML instance document displayed at the top of this page.

In addition to the child elements of the base type, the child elements of the derived type show in the mapping panes. In this example, the child element named diameter is displayed with the child element named color (inherited from the base type) in the From Activity pane of the Read XML activity as shown




in the following figure:

Parent topic: [Mapping Specific Occurrences](#)

Parent topic: [Selecting a substitution type](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Selecting_a_Substitution_Type_in_a_Mapping_Pane.html

Remove the Derived Type Associated with a Node

About this task


To remove the derived type associated with a node:

Procedure

1. Once a derived type has been selected for a node using the Substitute Node With ... option, you can remove the association between the node and the derived type by right-clicking the node and selecting the Unsubstitute Node option from the menu. A Unsubstitute dialog box opens.
2. Click Yes.

Parent topic: [Selecting a substitution type](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Selecting_a_Substitution_Type_Remove_Derived_Type.html

Mapping Rules That Are Automatically Deleted

When you open a map, the Mapping Editor automatically deletes mapping rules from the map in two cases:

Case 1: One or both of the XML Schemas that the map refers to have been changed.

Schemas can change due to changes in the connection activities or message definitions they are generated from. Schemas that you add to the project can also be edited directly.

Note: The warning message from the Mapping Editor lists the mapping rules that were deleted. This list might also include rules for property nodes, such as `ihmap:exists` for the optional property node.


Review the map and recreate or alter mapping rules to handle the schema changes properly.

Case 2: One of the XML Schemas that the map refers to has been deleted from the project.

In this case, the Mapping Editor deletes all mapping rules, and the map cannot be recreated. Close the map and delete it from the project.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Mapping_Rules_That_Are_Automatically_Deleted.html

Assigning a Count of Occurrences

About this task

You can assign a value to a destination node that counts the actual occurrences in a message of a specific recurring node.


To assign a count of occurrences:

Procedure

1. Drag the Count function from the Functions tab to the Function Graph pane in the Mapping Editor.
2. Link the recurring node that should be counted to the Count function.
Note: Count works with any recurring node, including recurring structure nodes.
3. Link the Count function to the destination node.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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Removing Mapping Rules


About this task

You can remove one mapping rule or all mapping rules as outlined in the following sections.

- [Removing mapping rules with links](#)
- [Removing mapping rules with no visible links](#)
- [Remove All Mapping Rules](#)

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Removing_Mapping_Rules.html

Removing mapping rules with links

About this task

To remove a mapping rule that has a link from source to destination node:

Procedure

Delete the mapping rule in one of the following ways:


- Select the link for the mapping rule and press Delete.
- Right-click the link and select Delete Mapping.

Results

The Mapping Editor prompts you to confirm the removal if the mapping rule you select links occurrence property nodes. Removing occurrence mapping rules also removes all the mapping rules for descendant nodes within that recurring structure.

Parent topic: [Removing Mapping Rules](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Removing_Mapping_Rules_With_Links.html

Removing mapping rules with no visible links

About this task

Mapping rules can have no visible link if they use only functions or a default value.


To remove mapping rules with no links:

Procedure

1. Select the destination node and right-click.
2. Select one of these options:
 - a. Define Default Value. If the node has a default assigned. Remove the default value in the Default Value window and click OK.
 - b. Edit Function Graph. If the node has a function graph assigned. Once the function graph is expanded, right-click the function and select Delete Mapping.

Parent topic: [Removing Mapping Rules](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Removing_Mapping_Rules_With_No_Links.html

Remove All Mapping Rules


About this task

Procedure

1. Select Map > Clear Map from the menu toolbar.
2. Confirm the deletion when prompted.

Parent topic: [Removing Mapping Rules](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_Removing_Mapping_Rules_Remove_All_Rules.html

Finding Sample or Result Content

About this task


You can search the sample messages or the test result to find specific nodes or content:

Procedure

1. Open the Mapping pane containing the node you want to search for and click Test.
2. Right-click either the Selected Test Files pane or the Test Result pane and select Find from the shortcut menu.
3. Enter the text that you want to search for in the Text to find field.
4. Select any options or change the direction of the search:
 - Case Sensitive - Exactly matches the case of the text entered in the Text to find field.
 - Whole Words Only - Matches the search text only as whole words. No partial matches are allowed.
 - Wrap Search - Continues searching through the entire schema regardless of where the search was started.
 - Forward - Searches from the root node or current node down through the schema in node-tree order.
 - Backward. Searches from the last node in the tree or the current node up through the schema in reverse node-tree order.
5. Click Find. Click Find again to continue the search through the schema.
6. Click Cancel to close the dialog box.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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Loading a Sample Message

About this task

It is recommended that you test the mapping rules you set up in the Mapping Editor before mapping the next activity in your orchestration. You do this by loading a sample message into the project and testing against it to verify that the mapping rules are applied correctly.

To load a sample message into the project:

Procedure


1. Click Test. The Test Files pane opens.
2. In the Find Test Files pane, click Browse and search for the message you want to load.
3. Select the XML file to use as a sample message in the window and click OK.

If the sample is valid, it displays in the Selected Test Files pane. If there are several source schemas for this map, test files are displayed in source schema order.

4. If the map uses several source schemas, you can load sample messages for other source schemas before you test the transformation. Repeat steps 2 and 3 for each sample you want to test

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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Testing maps

You can test the transformation defined in a map using one or more sample messages that match the source schemas for the map.

About this task

To test a map:

Procedure

1. Click Test from either the Map Inputs or Map Outputs pane. The Test pane is displayed. The variables or parameters that show in the Select Input Test Files table depend on the type of task:
 - In the Test pane of a **Map Inputs** task, the variables that are mapped to the input parameters of the activity are displayed in the Select Input Test Files table.
 - In the Test pane of a **Map Outputs** task, input parameters of the activity are displayed in the Select Input Test Files table.
2. Get sample data to use as input to the map, using one of the following options:


- Generate sample data - To generate sample XML data valid against the source schema, select the Map > Generate Test Data from the toolbar menu.
 - Import sample data from files - For each parameter in the Find Test Files list, click [...] to [browse for a sample message](#) from your computer or a network drive. The selected message is displayed in the Selected Test Files table.
Note: The sample message must be valid XML that meets the requirements defined in the source XML Schema for the map. If the map uses several source schemas, you can load a sample message for any or all of the schemas.
3. Click Run Test. The transformation defined in your map is run against the sample message you specified in the Location column. The result of the transformation is displayed in the Test Result pane.

What to do next

Either [save the transformation result](#), or [clear](#) it from the Mapping Editor panes.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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Saving or Clearing the Transformation Result

About this task

You can save the result of the map test to a file on your computer or a network drive. This can be useful if you would like to review the result using XML tools outside of Studio. It can also be useful if the result of the transformation is input to another activity, such as a message definition or another map.

To save the result of a map test:

Procedure


1. Test your mapping. For more information, see [Testing maps](#).
2. Select Map > Save Results. The Save Results Message dialog box opens.
3. Navigate to the directory where you want to save the file and enter a file name.
4. Click Save.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

Clearing the transformation result

Procedure

Select Map > Clear Results. The results are cleared.

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The Emit CData Option

About this task

Select the Emit CData option for a destination node for the text in the destination XML element to be treated as an XML CDATA section and assigned to the destination node as a block and is not parsed during run time. It is equivalent to specifying data for an XML element using the following XML syntax:

```
<![CDATA [  
text  
]]>
```

The Emit CData option can be selected for any destination nodes (located on the right pane of the Mapping Editor). You can also select the Emit CData option for default values.


Note: The Emit CData option is not available for input nodes (located on the left pane of the Mapping Editor.)

To select the Emit CData option:

Procedure

1. In the Mapping Editor, right-click a destination node that is linked (or mapped) or has a default value associated with it. Destination nodes are located in the right pane of the Mapping Editor either in the To Activity or To Orchestration pane
2. Select the Emit CData option from the list. During run time, the Integration Appliance treats that destination node as a CDATA section.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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Unsupported XML Schema Features

Using the following XML Schema features can cause maps to display or transform incorrectly, and can cause validation warnings:

Choice

Limitations to mapping rules might not allow you to correctly define transformation requirements for nodes within a choice. The guaranteed status of mapping rules involving choice structures might be incorrect. Transformations to destination schemas that have choice structures might incorrectly include all choices.

Mixed Content

Elements that allow mixed content can contain both data and other nodes. These nodes display correctly and can be mapped. However, transformation of messages with mixed content nodes might not be complete.

Recursive Content

You cannot create a map with unlimited levels of recursive elements. You can specify mapping rules for no more than five recursive levels.

Substitution Groups

Substitution groups support deriving elements by extension. Using substitution groups in an XML Schema to extend an `xs:anyType` element to different types of elements is not supported. For example, extending an `xs:anyType` element to either an element based on a simple type or an element based on a complexType is not supported.

The ability to derive complex types by extension using type substitution is supported. For more information, see [Selecting a substitution type](#) and [Selecting a Substitution Type for Variables](#).

Unique, Key, or Keyref

The Mapping Editor does not provide information about elements that have unique, key, or keyref constraints and mapping rules do not evaluate.


Various facets for restrictions or extensions

Information about the following facets is not available within the Mapping Editor and these facets are not considered when you create mapping rules:

- `minInclusive`, `maxInclusive`, `minExclusive`, and `maxExclusive`
- `length`, `minLength`, and `maxLength`
- `totalDigits` and `fractionDigits`
- `whitespace`
- `patterns`
- `enumeration`

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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About Unmapped Destination Nodes

During transformations, the Integration Appliance includes all destination nodes in the result message. Destination nodes that are not mapped become empty nodes in the resulting message.

In most cases, this is desired behavior. With updates to databases, however, the Integration Appliance treats an empty node in the outbound message as a NULL value for the database.

To prevent NULL values from being saved to the database, you must remove the unmapped nodes from the XML Schema by clearing the columns from the database activity in the Configure pane. See the following topics for more details:


[Single-Table Inbound Database Activities](#)

[Single-Table Outbound Database Activities](#)

[Poll Table Activity](#)

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_About_Unmapped_Destination_Nodes.html

Filter Recurring Nodes

By specifying an XPath predicate to filter against during run time, you can limit the recurring nodes returned by a mapping activity.

About this task

Filtering using a predicate directly in the mapping panes of activities eliminates the need for the following activities:

- A While Loop or For Each activity that loops through the recurring structures
- An If...Then activity to test for values.

Eliminating the looping and If..Then activities improves orchestration performance.

For example, you can limit the books processed by the BatchOrderProcessingSample orchestration to only return book titles that start with the letter B using either of the following methods:

- After the Read Flat File activity which converts flat file data to XML, you can add a While Loop activity that contains an If..Then activity that tests for all book titles that start with the letter B. When the While

Loop activity completes at run time, it returns the set of recurring BookOrder nodes that have titles beginning with the letter B.

- Filter by specifying a predicate directly in the To Orchestration pane of the Map Outputs task of the Read Flat File activity that converts flat file data to XML. This is the preferred method because it reduces the processing during run time - improving orchestration performance. For example, you can specify the following predicate on the recurring BookOrder node to limit the Bookorder nodes returned during run time to only those titles that begin with the letter B: `*:title/starts-with(., 'B')`

This example predicate is explained in the following table:

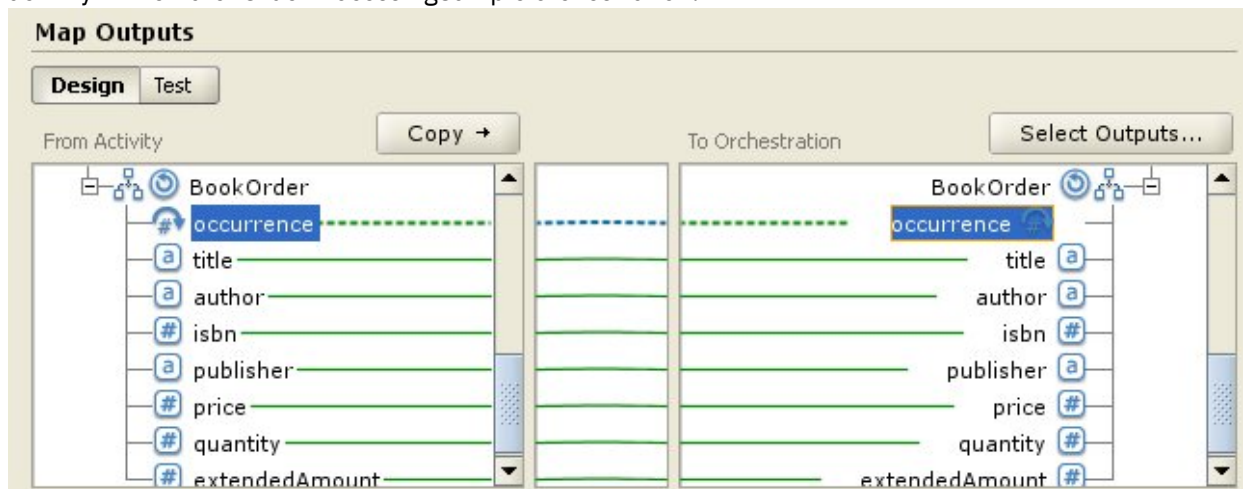
Predicate Characters	Description
*:	Specifies this predicate applies to any namespace of the source node.
title/	Specifies to apply this predicate against the title node of the current source node.
starts-with(., 'B')	Specifies this predicate returns only nodes that have title nodes that start with the letter B. The starts-with function is a built-in XPath function.

For more information about the BookOrder sample, see the *Getting Started Guide*. If you accepted the defaults during the installation of Studio, you can find the reference implementation of the sample in the following directory: `C:\Program Files\IBM\WebSphere Cast Iron Studio 3.X\Samples\BookOrder`

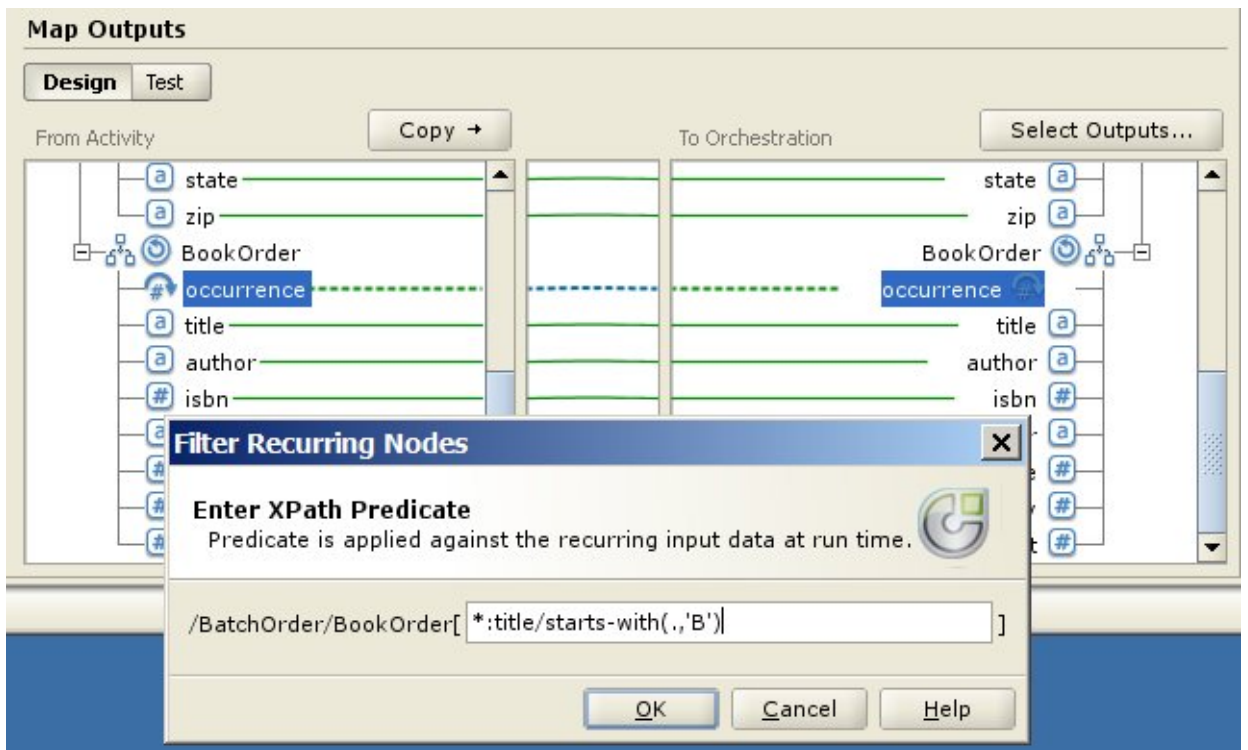
To specify a predicate on a recurring node:


Procedure

1. You can only apply a filter on a recurring destination node which is mapped to a recurring source node in the mapping panes of activities, as shown in the following Map Outputs pane of the Read Flat File activity in the BatchOrderProcessingSample orchestration:




2. Right-click on the destination occurrence node (in this example BookOrder/occurrence) and select Filter Recurring Nodes from the menu. The Filter Recurring Nodes dialog box opens.
3. Enter the XPath predicate. For this example, enter the predicate shown in the following figure:



4. Click OK. The predicate is evaluated to determine if it is valid:
 - If the predicate is invalid, an error message is reported.
 - If the predicate is valid, the filter icon () shows next to the destination occurrence node.

Parent topic: [Mapping](#)

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Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables

- [About Lookup Tables](#)
 Lookup tables define a set of key-value (name-value) pairs. During run time, these key-value pairs are used to translate the passed in key to the associated value.
- [Defining Lookup Tables](#)
- [Editing Lookup Tables](#)
- [About Custom Functions](#)
- [Defining a custom function](#)
- [Editing a custom function](#)
- [Custom Function Parameter and Return Datatypes](#)
- [Assigning a Function Without a Source Node Link](#)
- [Assigning a Function While Creating Maps](#)
- [Adding a Function to an Existing Mapping Rule](#)
- [Example: Chaining Multiple Functions](#)

- [Assigning Function\(s\) to a Mapping Rule](#)
Assign built-in or custom function(s) to a map to convert or manipulate the data from source node(s) before it populates the destination node. In addition, the source data for input parameters can be provided by other functions associated with the mapping rule.
- [Deleting a Function from a Mapping Rule](#)
- [Math Functions with Node Set Constraints](#)
- [Adding a Parameter](#)
- [Editing a Parameter](#)
- [Deleting a Parameter](#)
- [Reordering Parameters](#)
- [Specifying Default Values for Functions that Accept Recurring Nodes as Input](#)

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About Lookup Tables


Lookup tables define a set of key-value (name-value) pairs. During run time, these key-value pairs are used to translate the passed in key to the associated value.

A lookup table is similar to a function that has one input string parameter (the source value to translate) and a string return value (the result of the translation). In the Mapping Editor, a lookup table can be dragged onto a mapping rule in the same way that a function can be.

Lookup tables are available to use in any map in the project where they were defined.

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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Defining Lookup Tables

About this task


To define or create a lookup table:

Procedure

1. Select the Functions tab. In the Function tab, the list of standard functions shows. In addition, the Actions pane is displayed.
2. To display the Lookup Table dialog box, choose from one of the following options:
 - o Right-click the Lookup Tables node in the Functions tab and from the menu select Add New Lookup Table... .
 - o In the Actions pane, select Add New Lookup Table.The Lookup Table dialog box opens.
3. In the Table Name field of the Lookup Table dialog box, enter a name for your lookup table.
Note: This name must be unique for all tables in the current project. The name of the table is not case sensitive - the case of a character is not considered. For example, the table name: Aaa is equivalent to the table name: AAA.
4. Optional: In the Description field enter descriptive information about the table.
5. Define the Key Value pairs for the table.
Repeat the following steps for each Key Value pair in the table:
 - a. Click Add.
 - b. In the Key field, enter the value of the key. During run time, this key will be matched by the specified value.
 - c. In the Value field, enter the value that the key will be translated to during run time. Press the Return key.
6. Optional: Enter a value in the Default Value field. Enter a value in this field, if you want the lookup table to supply a value even when no keys are matched during run time. Leave this field blank, if the lookup table should not return a value when no keys are matched during run time.
7. Optional: Enter a value in the Value if "nil" field. This property only affects nillable nodes. Enter a value in this field, if during run time you want the lookup table to supply a value even when the source node is empty and the source node is nillable. Leave this field blank, if during run time the lookup table should not return any value when the source node is empty and the source node is nillable.
8. Click OK.

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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Editing Lookup Tables

About this task

To edit an existing lookup table:

Procedure

1. Select the Functions tab. In the Function tab, the list of standard functions shows. In addition, the Actions pane is displayed.
2. In the Function tab, expand Lookup Tables.
3. Select the table to edit.
4. To display the Lookup Table dialog box, choose from one of the following options:

- o Right-click the table node in the Functions tab and from the menu select Edit....
- o In the Actions pane, select Add New Lookup Table.

The Lookup Table dialog box opens.

5. Edit your table using one of the following actions:

- o **Add a Key Value pair** - To add another key value pair to your table, follow these steps:
 - a. Click Add.
 - b. In the Key field, enter the name of the key. During run time, this key will be replaced by the specified value.
 - c. In the Value field, enter the value that the key will be translated to during run time. Press the Return key.
- o **Delete a Key Value pair** - To delete a key value pair from your table, follow these steps:
 - a. Select a key value pair.
 - b. Click Delete.
- o **Change the Default Value field** - Edit the current setting of the Default Value field. Enter a value in this field, if you want the lookup table to supply a value even when no keys are matched during run time. Leave this field blank, if the lookup table should not return a value when no keys are matched during run time.
- o **Change the Value if "nil" value field** - Edit the current setting of the Value if "nil" value field. This property only affects nillable nodes. Enter a value in this field, if during run time you want the Lookup table to supply a value even when the source node is empty and the nillable. Leave this field blank, if during run time the lookup table should not return any value when the source node is empty and the source node is nillable.


6. Click OK.

What to do next

Lookup tables are added to mapping rules like functions. For more information about adding functions to mapping rules, see [Assigning Function\(s\) to a Mapping Rule](#).

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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About Custom Functions

Custom functions are JavaScript functions that you develop to use in the Mapping Editor. The following script standards are supported:

- JavaScript 1.5
- ECMAScript 3.0

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_About_Custom_Functions.html

Defining a custom function

About this task

To define or create a custom function:

Procedure

1. Select the Functions tab. In the Function tab, the list of standard functions is displayed. In addition, the Actions pane opens.
2. To display the Custom Function dialog box, choose from one of the following options:
 - o Right-click the Custom Functions node in the Functions tab and from the menu select Add New Custom Function... .
 - o In the Actions pane, select Add New Custom Function.

The Custom Function dialog box opens.

3. In the Function Name field of the Custom Function dialog box, enter a valid JavaScript name for your custom function.
Note: This name must be unique for all custom functions in the current project. The name of the function is not case sensitive - the case of a character is not considered. For example the function name: Aaa is equivalent to the function name: AAA.
4. Select a Return Type for your custom function from one of the following options:
 - o string
 - o number
 - o boolean

For more information about these datatypes, see [Custom Function Parameter and Return Datatypes](#).


5. Define the parameters for your custom function. Repeat the following steps for each parameter in your custom function:
 - a. Click Add.
 - b. In the Name field of the Parameters table, enter the name of the parameter and press the Return key.
 - c. Select a Type for the parameter, from one of the following options:
 - string
 - number
 - boolean
 - d. For more information about these datatypes, see [Custom Function Parameter and Return Datatypes](#).
6. Enter the source code for your custom function by following these steps:
 - a. Click Next.
 - b. In the white area displayed between the braces enter the JavaScript code of your custom function.
 - c. Click Compile. The syntax of the function will be checked and any errors reported. The location of the errors are highlighted in red in the source code.
 - d. Fix any syntax errors and once the function compiles successfully, click OK and then Finish.

Results

The custom function is now available from the Custom Functions folder of the Functions tab.

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/defining_a_custom_function.html

Editing a custom function

About this task

To edit an existing custom function:

Procedure

1. Select the Functions tab. In the Function tab, the list of standard functions is displayed. In addition, the Actions pane opens.
2. In the Function tab, expand Custom Functions.
3. Select the custom function to edit.
4. To display the Custom Function dialog box, choose from one of the following options:
 - o Right-click the function node in the Functions tab and from the menu select Edit...
 - o In the Actions pane, select Add New Lookup Table.

The Custom Function dialog box opens.

5. In the Custom Function dialog box, edit your custom function using one of the following actions:
 - o **Add a Parameter** - To add a parameter to your custom function follow these steps:
 - a. Click Add.
 - b. In the Name field of the Parameters table, enter the name of the parameter.
 - c. Select a Type for the parameter, from one of the following options:
 - string
 - number
 - boolean

For more information about these datatypes, see [Custom Function Parameter and Return Datatypes](#).
 - o **Delete a Parameter** - To delete a parameter from your custom function follow these steps:
 - a. In the Name field of the Parameters table, select the parameter and press the Return key.
 - b. Click Delete.
 - o **Change the Return Type** - To select one of the following options from the Return Type field:
 - string
 - number
 - boolean

For more information about these datatypes, see [Custom Function Parameter and Return Datatypes](#).
 - o **Edit the source code** - To edit the source code of your custom function, follow these steps:

- a. Click Next.
- b. In the white area displayed between the braces enter the JavaScript code of your custom function.
- c. Click Compile.


The syntax of the function will be checked and any errors reported. The location of the errors is highlighted in red in the source code.

- d. Fix any syntax errors and once the function compiles successfully, click OK and then Finish.

The custom function is now available from the Custom Functions folder of the Functions tab.

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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Custom Function Parameter and Return Datatypes

The datatypes supported in the parameters and the return types of custom functions and their equivalent JavaScript types are listed in the following table.

Custom Datatype	JavaScript Datatype	Description
string	string	Text characters
number	double	Integer or decimal numbers
boolean	bool	Boolean value equal to either <i>true</i> or <i>false</i>

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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Assigning a Function Without a Source Node Link

About this task

To define a mapping rule in which the input for the destination node is provided by the return value of a function and not from a source node:

Procedure

1. Select the Functions tab. In the Functions tab, the list of available functions is displayed.
2. In the Functions tab, expand folder that contains the function to assign to the destination node. This function must have no input parameters. For example, the **Get Current® Date and Time** function has no parameters and returns the current date and time.
3. Select the function icon and drag it into the Mapping Editors middle pane, near the destination node you want to map.
4. In the Mapping Editor, drag from the function icon to the destination node. A link from the function to the destination node is displayed.
5. Optional: Test if the mapping rule is valid by right-clicking on the function in the mapping rule and selecting Apply Function Graph. If the mapping rule is valid, the square function icon in the graphical representation of the mapping link is not displayed and a function icon is shown to the left of the destination node icon, as shown in [Figure 1](#).


Results

Figure 1. No source node function icon



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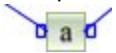
Assigning a Function While Creating Maps

About this task

To assign a function while creating maps:

Procedure


1. Select the Function tab. In the Function tab, the list of available functions is displayed.
2. From the Function tab, drag a function between the two nodes you want to map in the Mapping Editor.
3. Drag the source node onto the function icon to create a link. The source node is assigned to the first parameter of the function. During run time, the value of this source node is provided as the first parameter of the function.
4. Drag the destination node onto the function to create the link. During run time, the return value of the function populates the destination node.

5. If the function has more than one input parameter, you must assign the remaining input parameters using one of the following options:
 - o Create links from other source nodes (as described in step 3) or from functions used in the current mapping rule.
 - o Edit the assignment of input parameters using the Functions Properties dialog box. To open the Functions Properties dialog box, double-click the function in the Mapping Editor.
6. Optional: Add additional functions to the mapping rule using the procedure described in the topic [Adding a Function to an Existing Mapping Rule](#). For an example, see [Example: Chaining Multiple Functions](#).
7. Optional: If any functions are still associated with the mapping rule, test if the mapping rule is valid by right-clicking on the function in the mapping rule and selecting Apply Function Graph. If the mapping rule is *valid*, the square function icon or icons in the graphical representation of the mapping link are not displayed and a blue bar with small squares at each end is displayed (). If the mapping rule is not valid, the graphical representation of the mapping rule does not change, the function icons are still visible, (for example ) and an error dialog opens.

Note: A mapping rule with function or functions is considered valid if all the input parameters of the function or functions are assigned with values of the correct datatype and if the return value of the last function matches the datatype of the destination node. The input parameters of a function can be provided by source nodes or by the return type of other functions associated with that mapping rule.

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_assigning_functions_create_maps.html

Adding a Function to an Existing Mapping Rule

About this task

To add a function to an existing mapping rule:

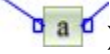
Procedure

1. Select the Function tab. In the Function tab, the list of available functions is displayed.
2. From the Function tab, drag a function onto an existing mapping rule in the Mapping Editor.

The source node of the mapping rule is assigned to the first parameter of the function. During run time, the value of the source node is provided to the first parameter of the function.

The destination node of the mapping rule is assigned to the return type of the function. During run time, the return value of the function populates the destination node.


3. If the function has more than one input parameter, you must assign the remaining input parameters using one of the following options:

- Create links from other source nodes (as described in step 3 of [Assigning a Function While Creating Maps](#)) or from functions used in the current mapping rule.
 - Edit the assignment of input parameters using the Functions Properties dialog box. To open the Functions Properties dialog box double-click the function in the Mapping Editor.
4. Optional: Add additional functions to the mapping rule using this same procedure. For more information, see [Example: Chaining Multiple Functions](#).
 5. Optional: Test if the mapping rule is valid by right-clicking on the function in the mapping rule and selecting Apply Function Graph. If the mapping rule is valid, the square function icon or icons in the graphical representation of the mapping link are not displayed and a blue bar with small squares at each end is displayed (■——■). If the mapping rule is not valid, the graphical representation of the mapping rule does not change, the function icons are still visible, (for example: ) and an error dialog opens.

Note: A mapping rule with function or functions is considered valid if all the input parameters of the function or functions are assigned with values of the correct datatype and if the return value of the last function matches the datatype of the destination node. The input parameters of a function can be provided by source nodes or by the return type of other functions associated with that mapping rule.

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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Example: Chaining Multiple Functions

About this task

Multiple functions can be chained together in a single mapping rule. The flow of execution of the functions in the mapping rule is from left to right.

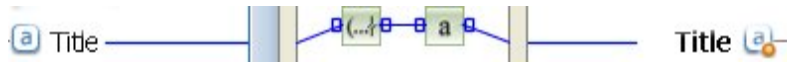
For example, you could build a mapping rule that uses multiple functions as described in the following sequence:

Procedure

1. A source node of type: string is the input parameter to the **trim** function.
2. The **trim** function removes trailing and leading white space from the input parameter and the resulting string is returned.
3. The return string of the **trim** function is the input parameter to the **lowercase** function.
4. The **lowercase** function converts each of the uppercase characters of the input string into their lowercase form and the resulting string is returned.
5. The return string of the **lowercase** function populates the destination node of type: string.


Results

In the Mapping Editor, this mapping rule is displayed as shown in the following figure.



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Assigning Function(s) to a Mapping Rule

Assign built-in or custom function(s) to a map to convert or manipulate the data from source node(s) before it populates the destination node. In addition, the source data for input parameters can be provided by other functions associated with the mapping rule.

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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Deleting a Function from a Mapping Rule

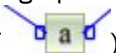
About this task

To delete a function used in a mapping rule in the Mapping Editor:

Procedure

1. Display the mapping link with the functions visible. If the mapping link with function or functions has functions associated with it but the functions are not displayed (as shown here: ) , right-click the mapping rule and from the list and select Edit Function Graph. The functions associated with the mapping rule are displayed.
2. Choose one of the following options:
 - o Select the function to delete and press the Delete key.
 - o Right-click the function and select Delete Function in the list.


Depending on your mapping rule, links between source nodes, other functions, or the destination node might be deleted.

3. Repair any missing links in the mapping rule.
4. Optional: If any functions are still associated with the mapping rule, test if the mapping rule is valid by right-clicking on the function in the mapping rule and selecting Apply Function Graph. If the mapping rule is *valid*, the square function icon or icons in the graphical representation of the mapping link are not displayed and a blue bar with small squares at each end displays (■—■). If the mapping rule is not valid, the graphical representation of the mapping rule does not change, the function icons are still visible, () and an error dialog opens

Note: A mapping rule with function or functions is considered *valid* if all the input parameters of the function or functions are assigned with values of the correct datatype and if the return value of the last function matches the datatype of the destination node. The input parameters of a function can be provided by source nodes or by the return type of other functions associated with that mapping rule.

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Math Functions with Node Set Constraints

The following math functions calculate values from sets of nodes:

- **Average**
- **Count**
- **Maximum**
- **Minimum**
- **Sum**

For example, the Sum function calculates the total value of all ItemPrice nodes when ItemPrice is a recurring source node.

You can use several node sets as parameters with these functions, including single nodes. You can also use literal numbers or the results of other math functions as parameters for functions that accept node sets.

Limitations in Combining Other Math Functions or Literals

When using numbers or other functions to supply node set parameters, some math functions use the first occurrence of a node set in calculations. In a mapping rule, if you link functions that work with only one node of the set as a parameter to another function that works with the full node set, the final result will not include values from the full node set.


For example, the Multiply function is linked with the Sum function in a mapping rule and so during run time, the result of the Multiply function becomes the input to the Sum function. If the input to the Multiply function is a recurring item structure, the **Multiply** function multiplies the UnitPrice with the Quantity and then passes the

result to the Sum function. The result from Sum function would be the product of the first UnitPrice and Quantity – not the total extended price for all items.

Note: The Count function accepts any source node as a parameter, including structure or choice nodes which you usually cannot map.

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Math_Functions_with_Node_Set_Constraints.html

Adding a Parameter

About this task

You can only add parameters if required parameters are missing or if the maximum number of optional parameters has not been filled.

To add a parameter:


Procedure

1. Click Add from the Function Parameters dialog box.
2. Enter a value for that parameter in the Value cell.
3. Click OK.

Note: Some functions can only accept source nodes as parameters. For more information, see [Math Functions with Node Set Constraints](#).

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_adding_function_properties_add.html

Editing a Parameter

About this task


To edit a parameter:

Procedure

1. Open the Function Parameters dialog box for the function to be edited.
2. Click the cell containing the value you want to change. Alternatively, click one of the buttons in the dialog box to add, delete, or reorder the selected parameter.
3. When finished editing, click OK to save changes and close the dialog box.

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_adding_function_properties_edit.html

Deleting a Parameter

About this task


To delete a parameter:

Procedure

1. Open the Function Parameters dialog box for the function to be edited.
2. Select the *optional* parameter you want to delete from the parameter list.
3. Click Delete.

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/map_adding_function_properties_delete.html

Reordering Parameters

About this task


To change the order of a parameter in the Parameters list:

Procedure

1. Select the parameter from within the Function Parameters dialog box.
2. Click Up to move the parameter up the list; click Down to move the parameter down the list.

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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Specifying Default Values for Functions that Accept Recurring Nodes as Input

About this task

The following math functions calculate values from sets of nodes:

- **Average**
- **Count**
- **Maximum**
- **Minimum**
- **Sum**


You cannot specify a default value (or constant) for the input parameters of these functions in their Functions Properties dialog box. To specify default values for the input parameters of these functions, complete these steps:

Procedure

1. Create a variable with the same data type as the input parameter for the function.
2. In the "Properties of" pane of the Variables tab, enter the constant value in the Default Value field for the variable
3. In the From Orchestration pane of the activity, add the variable that has the default value.
4. Map the variable to the input parameter of the function.

Parent topic: [Using Custom Functions and Lookup Tables](#)

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Mapping Function Reference

- [Mapping functions overview](#)

There are seven mapping function types: String, Mathematical, HTTP Header, Miscellaneous, Binary Data, Date, and Security functions.
- [Mapping Function Syntax and Datatypes](#)

Use the Mapping Function to describe the purpose of the function, set valid input parameters and syntax, and set what the function returns.
- [Absolute Value function](#)

The **Absolute Value** function determines the absolute value of the parameter.
- [Add function](#)

The **Add** function adds all the parameters.
- [AES Decrypt function](#)

The **AES Decrypt** function decrypts fields and content using the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) algorithm with 128 bit strength. 128-bit encryption level requires an 8-byte key, which must be a 32-character hexadecimal string.
- [AES Encrypt function](#)

The **AES Encrypt** function encrypts fields and content using the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) algorithm with 128 bit strength. 128-bit encryption level requires an 8-byte key, which must be a 32-character hexadecimal string.
- [Align Center function](#)

The **Align Center** function centers a string within a padding string. If the padding for both sides is uneven, the lesser amount of padding is placed on the left.
- [Align Left function](#)

The **Align Left** function places a string within a padding string starting from the left-most character.
- [Align Right function](#)

The **Align Right** function places a string within a padding string ending at the right-most character.
- [Average function](#)

The **Average** function determines the average value for the sets of numeric nodes in all parameters.
- [Base64 Encode and Decode functions](#)

Base64 refers to a specific MIME content transfer encoding. Base64 encoding represents arbitrary sequences of octets in a form that requires case sensitivity but need not be humanly readable.
- [Boolean function](#)

The **Boolean** function evaluates the parameter and returns either 'true' or 'false' depending on the datatype of the input:
- [Ceiling function](#)

The **Ceiling** function rounds the parameter up to the next closest integer.
- [Concatenate function](#)

The **Concatenate** function joins all parameter strings into a single result in the order you specify the parameters.
- [Cast From Base64Binary function](#)

The **Cast From Base64Binary** function casts from one specific XML Schema data type to another XML Schema data type.
- [Casts From HexBinary function](#)

The **Casts From HexBinary** function casts from one specific XML Schema data type to another XML Schema data type.
- [Cast To Base64Binary function](#)

The **Cast To Base64Binary** function casts from one specific XML Schema data type to another XML Schema data type.

- [Cast To HexBinary function](#)
The **Cast To HexBinary** function casts from one specific XML Schema data type to another XML Schema data type.
- [CopyOf function](#)
The **CopyOf** function copies the entire contents of the source node to the destination node.
- [Count Function](#)
The **Count** function determines the number of nodes in all of the sets of nodes in parameters.
- [Decode Configuration Property of Type Password](#)
The **Decode Configuration Property** of type Password decodes base64-encoded passwords between two orchestrations.
- [Digest/Hash function](#)
The **Digest/Hash** function produces a digital summary of information called a message digest. Message digests provide a digital identifier for a digital document. The message digest produced by the Digest/Hash function is Base64 encoded.
- [Divide function](#)
The **Divide** function returns the decimal quotient of the first parameter divided by all subsequent parameters.
- [Extract HTTP Header Field function](#)
The **Extract HTTP Header Field** function extracts a string with a specified delimiter. It can be used to further extract strings from HTTP headers.
- [Extract Query Parameter function](#)
The **Extract Query Parameter** function extracts a query string from the HTTP header's URI string.
- [Extract URI Path function](#)
The **Extract URI Path** function extracts a URI from the HTTP header's URI string.
- [Floor function](#)
The **Floor** function rounds the parameter down to the next closest integer.
- [Format Date String function](#)
The **Format Date String** function converts the XML Schema data type: xs:dateTime to a string in the format defined by the second parameter.
- [Format Number function](#)
The **Format Number** function returns a string that is a number formatted to fit the specified pattern.
- [Generate RFC2104 HMAC Compliant Signature](#)
HMAC is a mechanism for message authentication using cryptographic hash functions.
- [Get Current Date and Time function](#)
The **Get Current® Date and Time** function returns the current date and time as a specific XML Schema data type.
- [Get Current Date function](#)
The **Get Current Date** function returns the current date (with the local timezone) as a XML Schema data type: xs:date.
- [Get Current Time function](#)
The **Get Current Time** function returns the current time (with the local timezone) as a XML Schema data type: xs:time
- [Length function](#)
The **Length** function determines the number of character in the parameter.
- [Lowercase function](#)
The **Lowercase** function converts all uppercase characters to lowercase characters.
- [Maximum function](#)
The **Maximum** function determines the highest value in the nodes, sets of numeric nodes, or numbers in parameters.
- [Minimum function](#)
The **Minimum** function determines the lowest value in the nodes, sets of numeric nodes, or numbers in parameters.

- [Modulo function](#)
The **Modulo** function determines the remainder from dividing the first parameter by all subsequent parameters.
- [Multiply function](#)
The **Multiply** function returns the product of all parameters.
- [Not function](#)
The **Not** function is typically used in conditions to specify negative or complimentary conditions.
- [Number function](#)
The **Number** function changes the datatype of the parameter to number.
- [Padding String function](#)
The **Padding String** function returns a padding string of the specified length and characters. Padding strings are used in alignment functions.
- [Position function](#)
The **Position** function is used with conditions to represent the index to the current node within the set of its siblings. The function works only within the context of a recurring node and has no parameters.
- [Read Date String function](#)
The **Read Date String** function converts a string (that contains a date and time) to the XML Schema data type: xs:dateTime.
- [Replace function](#)
The **Replace** function replaces individual characters with other individual characters.
- [Replace String function](#)
The **Replace String** function replaces individual characters or a string with other individual characters or string.
- [Round function](#)
The **Round** function rounds a number to the closest integer.
- [Starts With function](#)
The **Starts With** function determines whether or not the first parameter begins with the characters in the second parameter.
- [String function](#)
The **String** function changes the datatype of the parameter to string.
- [Substring function](#)
The **Substring** function extracts a portion of the parameter based on the specified character placement.
- [Substring After function](#)
The **Substring After** function extracts all the characters in a string starting after the first occurrence of a specified substring (one or more characters) through the end of the string.
- [Substring Before function](#)
The **Substring Before** function extracts all the characters in a string starting at the beginning up to the first occurrence of a specified substring (one or more characters).
- [Subtract function](#)
The **Subtract** function returns the difference of the first parameter less all subsequent parameters.
- [Sum function](#)
The **Sum** function determines the sum of values in the numeric node, sets of numeric nodes, or numbers in parameters.
- [Trim function](#)
The **Trim** function trims all leading and trailing spaces and replaces continuous sets of white space characters by a single space.
- [Uppercase function](#)
The **Uppercase** function converts all lowercase characters to the corresponding uppercase character.

Mapping functions overview

There are seven mapping function types: String, Mathematical, HTTP Header, Miscellaneous, Binary Data, Date, and Security functions.

The mapping functions can be displayed by clicking the Functions tab. Mapping functions are divided into the following categories:

- [String](#)
- [Mathematical](#)
- [HTTP Header](#)
- [Miscellaneous](#)
- [Binary Data](#)
- [Date](#)
- [Security](#)


String functions	Definition
Align Center	Centers a string within the specified padding string.
Align Left	Places a string inside a padding string starting from the leftmost character.
Align Right	Places a string inside a padding string ending with the rightmost character.
Concatenate	Joins all the parameter strings into a single string.
Format Number	Returns a string that is a number formatted to fit the specified pattern.
Length	Determines the number of characters in the parameter.
Lowercase	Converts all uppercase English characters to lowercase characters.
Padding String	Returns a padding string of the specified length and characters.
Replace	Replaces individual characters with other individual characters.
Starts With	Determines whether the first parameter begins with the characters in the second parameter.
Substring	Extracts a portion of the parameter that is based on the specified character placement.
Substring After	Extracts all the characters in a string starting after the first occurrence of a specified substring (one or more characters) through the end of the string.
Substring Before	Extracts all the characters in a string from the beginning to the first occurrence of a specified substring (one or more characters).

String functions	Definition
Trim	Trims all leading and trailing space from the parameter and normalizes all space within the parameter.
Uppercase	Converts all lowercase English characters to the corresponding uppercase character.
Mathematical functions	Description
Absolute Value	Determines the absolute value of a parameter.
Add	Adds all parameters.
Average	Determines the average value of the numeric nodes or sets of nodes in parameters.
Ceiling	Rounds the parameter up to the next closest integer.
Count	Counts the number of nodes in all the nodes or sets of nodes in parameters.
Divide	Returns the quotient of the first parameter that is divided by all the subsequent parameters.
Floor	Rounds the parameter down to the next closest integer.
Maximum	Determines the highest value in the numeric nodes or sets of nodes in parameters.
Minimum	Determines the lowest value in the numeric nodes or sets of nodes in parameters.
Modulo	Determines the remainder from dividing the first parameter by all subsequent parameters.
Multiply	Returns the product of all parameters.
Round	Rounds a number to the closest integer.
Subtract	Returns the difference of the first parameter less all subsequent parameters.
Sum	Adds all the numeric nodes or sets of node in parameters.
HTTP Header functions	Description
Extract HTTP Header Field function	Extracts a string with a specified delimiter. It can also be used to further extract strings from HTTP headers.
Extract URI Path function	Extracts a URI from the HTTP header's URI string.
Extract Query Parameter function	Extracts a query string from the HTTP header's URI string.
Miscellaneous functions	Description
Boolean	Evaluates the parameter and returns either true or false depending on the data type of the input.
CopyOf	When the name of the source node matches the passed in value, this function copies the entire contents of the source node (the entire subtree of the source node including all children) to the destination node.
Not	Returns true if the parameter evaluates as false. Returns false if the parameter evaluates as true.
Number	Changes the data type of the parameter to number.

Miscellaneous functions	Description
Position	Determines the index to the current node within the set of its siblings.
String	Changes the data type of the parameter to string.
Functions for Binary Data	Description
Cast From Base64Binary function	Casts from the XML schema data type: <code>xs:base64Binary</code> to the XML schema data type: <code>xs:string</code> .
Cast From HexBinary function	Casts from the XML schema data type: <code>xs:hexBinary</code> to the XML schema data type: <code>xs:string</code> .
Cast To Base64Binary function	Casts from the XML schema data type: <code>xs:string</code> to the XML schema data type: <code>xs:base64Binary</code> .
Cast To HexBinary function	Casts from the XML schema data type: <code>xs:string</code> to the XML schema data type: <code>xs:hexBinary</code> .
Date functions	Description
Get Current® Date and Time function	Returns the current date and time (with the local timezone) as an XML schema data type: <code>xs:dateTime</code> .
Get Current Date function	Returns the current date (with the local timezone) as an XML schema data type: <code>xs:date</code> .
Get Current Time function	Returns the current time (with the local timezone) as an XML schema data type: <code>xs:time</code> .
Read Date String function	Converts a string (that contains a date and time) to the XML schema data type: <code>xs:dateTime</code>
Format Date String function	Converts an XML schema data type: <code>xs:dateTime</code> to a string in the format that is defined by the second parameter.
Security functions	Description
AES Encrypt function	Encrypts the fields and content using the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) algorithm.
AES Decrypt function	Decrypts the fields and content using the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) algorithm.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Mapping_Function_Overview.html

Mapping Function Syntax and Datatypes

Use the Mapping Function to describe the purpose of the function, set valid input parameters and syntax, and set what the function returns.

Mapping function topic descriptions include the following:

- A brief description of the purpose of the function.
- Valid input parameters. Parameters are listed in order as the order is significant for most functions. The following syntax is used with parameters:

datatype_n – where n indicates an order if several parameters of the same type are allowed

[datatype] – where [] indicates that the parameter is optional.

- What the function returns.

Mapping functions can process the following datatypes:

anysimpletype

Any type of data is allowed including numbers, strings, dates, or boolean.

boolean

Either *true* or *false*.

date

A string representing a date in the format YYYY-MM-DD (see datetime for the component descriptions).

datetime

A string representing a date and time in the format:YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss.ssss

Where:

- YYYY = year
- MM = month
- DD = day
- T = date/time separator character
- hh = hour
- mm = minute
- ss = second
- ssss = optional millisecond

day

A string representing the day portion of a date in the format: DD

dt

Several different date or time datatypes can be supplied. See the description of the parameter for a list of the datatypes that are valid.

duration

A string representing a time interval in the form [-]PnYnMnDTnHnMnS:

- [-] = an optional minus sign
- P = period indicator
- nY = the number of years
- nM = the number of months
- nD = the number of days
- T = date/time separator
- nH = the number of hours
- nM = the number of minutes

- nS = the number of seconds

empty string

A string with no contents (for example, ""). This is typically returned for error conditions when the result is normally a string.

month

A string representing the month portion of a date in the format: MM

monthday

A string representing the month and day portion of a date in the format: MM-DD

nodeset

A set of nodes within the schema. Node sets are identified by a specific path to a node or structure in the schema. Node sets are used in certain math functions. The datatype of the nodes within the set should be number.

number

Any integer or decimal number including:

- positive and negative zero
- positive and negative infinity
- NaN (This is a value indicating that the result is not a number.)

string

Text characters within the character encoding of the message

time

A string representing a time of day in the format:

hh:mm:ss.sss[-time-zone-indicator]

See datetime for the component descriptions.

tm

Several different time datatypes can be supplied. See the description of the parameter for a list of the datatypes that are valid.

year


A string representing the year portion of a date in the format: YYYY

yearmonth

A string representing the year and month portion of a date in the format: YYYY-MM

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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Absolute Value function

The **Absolute Value** function determines the absolute value of the parameter.

Parameter: number

The number for which an absolute value is determined. This can be a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Returns: number


The absolute value of the parameter.

Example:

10 is the result for both 10 and -10.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Absolute_Value.html

Add function

The **Add** function adds all the parameters.

Parameter: number1, [number2 - 1000]


Each parameter can be a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify. At least one parameter is required.

Returns: number

The sum of all parameters.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Add_function.html

AES Decrypt function

The **AES Decrypt** function decrypts fields and content using the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) algorithm with 128 bit strength. 128-bit encryption level requires an 8-byte key, which must be a 32-character hexadecimal string.

Parameter: data, key


Data that is passed as the encrypted content is decrypted to the original content using the AES key.

Returns: string

The decrypted content is returned and stored as a string.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/AES_Decrypt_function.html

AES Encrypt function

The **AES Encrypt** function encrypts fields and content using the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) algorithm with 128 bit strength. 128-bit encryption level requires an 8-byte key, which must be a 32-character hexadecimal string.

Parameter: data, key


Data that is passed as the input is encrypted using the AES key.

Returns: string

The encrypted content is returned and stored as a string.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/AES_Encrypt_function.html

Align Center function

The **Align Center** function centers a string within a padding string. If the padding for both sides is uneven, the lesser amount of padding is placed on the left.

Parameter: string1

The string to be aligned. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Parameter: string2

A padding string. This string must be long enough to create a result and must contain the character or characters to use for padding. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value that you specify. You can use the [Padding String](#) function to produce a padding string.

Returns: string


The padded and centered string.

Example:

```
align-center('widgets', '-----') = '-widgets--'
```

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Align_Center.html

Align Left function

The **Align Left** function places a string within a padding string starting from the left-most character.

Parameter: string1

The string to be aligned. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Parameter: string2

A padding string. This string must be long enough to create a result and must contain the character or characters to use for padding. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value that you specify. You can use the [Padding String](#) function to produce a padding string.

Returns: string

The padded and left-aligned string.


```
Example: align-left('widgets', '-----') = 'widgets---'
```

Example:

```
align-center('widgets', '-----') = '-widgets--'
```

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Align_Left.html

Align Right function

The **Align Right** function places a string within a padding string ending at the right-most character.

Parameter: string1

The string to be aligned. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Parameter: string2


A padding string. This string must be long enough to create the result and must contain the character or characters to use for padding. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value that you specify. You can use the [Padding String](#) function to produce a padding string.

Example:

```
align-center('widgets', '-----') = '-widgets--'
```

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Align_Right.html

Average function

The **Average** function determines the average value for the sets of numeric nodes in all parameters.

If you use literal numbers or the results of other functions as parameters to this function, the numbers are added to the total. They are also counted as nodes to determine the average.

Parameter: input, input...

The numeric nodes to calculate an average from. These can come from recurring or nonrecurring source nodes, the results of other functions, or values that you specify.

You cannot specify a default value (or constant) for the input parameters of this function but you can specify a variable with a default value and then pass that variable as an input parameter to this function. For more information, see [Specifying Default Values for Functions that Allow Recurring Nodes as Input](#). Attention: In the Mapping Editor, if you chain together a recurring source node, a function that does not support recurring nodes, and then map that result to this function, during run time you may get an unexpected result. For more information, see [Limitations in Combining Other Math Functions or Literals](#).


Returns: number

The average value of all parameters. This returns NaN (not a number) in the following cases:

- If any parameters are not numeric nodes.
- If both the sum of all values and the count of node sets are zero (the average of 0 / 0).

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Average.html

Base64 Encode and Decode functions

Base64 refers to a specific MIME content transfer encoding. Base64 encoding represents arbitrary sequences of octets in a form that requires case sensitivity but need not be humanly readable.

A 65-character subset of US-ASCII is used, enabling 6 bits to be represented per printable character. The 65th character, "=", is used to signify a special processing function.

The encoding process represents 24-bit groups of input bits as output strings of 4 encoded characters. Proceeding from left to right, a 24-bit input group is formed by concatenating 3 8-bit input groups. These 24 bits are then treated as 4 concatenated 6-bit groups, each of which is translated into a single digit in the base 64 alphabet.

Each 6-bit group is used as an index into an array of 64 printable characters. The character referenced by the index is placed in the output string.

Base64 Alphabet

Value	Encoding	Value	Encoding	Value	Encoding	Value	Encoding
0	A	17	R	34	i	51	z
1	B	18	S	35	j	52	0
2	C	19	T	36	k	53	1
3	D	20	U	37	l	54	2
4	E	21	V	38	m	55	3
5	F	22	W	39	n	56	4
6	G	23	X	40	o	57	5
7	H	24	Y	41	p	58	6
8	I	25	Z	42	q	59	7
9	J	26	a	43	r	60	8
10	K	27	b	44	s	61	9
11	L	28	c	45	t	62	+


12 M	29 d	46 u	63 /
13 N	30 e	47 v	
14 O	31 f	48 w	(pad) =
15 P	32 g	49 x	
16 Q	33 h	50 y	

Special processing is performed if fewer than 24 bits are available at the end of the data being encoded. A full encoding quantum is always completed at the end of a quantity. When fewer than 24 input bits are available in an input group, zero bits are added (on the right) to form an integral number of 6-bit groups. Padding at the end of the data is performed using the '=' character. Since all base 64 input is an integral number of octets, only the following cases can arise:

- The final quantum of encoding input is an integral multiple of 24 bits; here, the final unit of encoded output will be an integral multiple of 4 characters with no "=" padding,
- The final quantum of encoding input is exactly 8 bits; here, the final unit of encoded output will be two characters followed by two "=" padding characters.
- The final quantum of encoding input is exactly 16 bits; here, the final unit of encoded output will be three characters followed by one "=" padding character.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Base64_Encode_and_Decompile_Functions.html

Boolean function

The **Boolean** function evaluates the parameter and returns either 'true' or 'false' depending on the datatype of the input:

- string – *true* unless the string is empty
- number – *true* if the number is not zero, *false* if the number is zero

Parameter: anysimpletype


The value to be evaluated. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value that you specify.

Returns: boolean

Either *true* or *false*.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Boolean_function.html

Ceiling function

The **Ceiling** function rounds the parameter up to the next closest integer.

Parameter: number

The number to round up to an integer. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value that you specify.

Returns: number


The closest integer that is greater than the parameter.

Example:

```
ceiling(4.2) = 5
```

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Ceiling.html

Concatenate function

The **Concatenate** function joins all parameter strings into a single result in the order you specify the parameters.

Parameters: string1, string2, [string3-string1000]

Each parameter can be a source node, the result of another function, or a value that you specify. The order of the parameters determines the order in which the parameters are joined (that is, the first parameter displays as left-most in the resulting string).


Note: You must specify at least two parameters in order for the function to be valid. While configuring the properties of the **Concatenate** function in the Function Properties dialog box, you cannot click Delete for the top two parameters in the list. (The Delete button is not active for the top two parameters.) You can only click Delete, if there are more than two parameters in the list and only for the parameters at the bottom of the list. To delete a parameter from the top two positions of the list, first move the parameter down the list clicking Down and then click Delete.

Returns: string

The joined strings.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Concatenate.html

Cast From Base64Binary function

The **Cast From Base64Binary** function casts from one specific XML Schema data type to another XML Schema data type.

About this task

Casts from the XML Schema data type: `xs:base64Binary` to the XML Schema data type: `xs:string`. The data is not converted, only the type associated with the data is changed.

Parameter: `base64Binary`


The data to cast from the XML Schema data type: `xs:base64Binary`.

Returns: `string`

The data that has been cast to the XML Schema data type `xs:string`.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Convert_From_Base64Binary_function.html

Casts From HexBinary function

The **Casts From HexBinary** function casts from one specific XML Schema data type to another XML Schema data type.

About this task

Casts from the XML Schema data type: `xs:hexBinary` to the XML Schema data type: `xs:string`. The data is not converted, only the type associated with the data is changed.

Parameter: `HexBinary`


The data to cast from the XML Schema data type: xs:hexBinary

Returns: string

The data that has been cast to the XML Schema data type: xs:string.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Convert_From_HexBinary_function.html

Cast To Base64Binary function

The **Cast To Base64Binary** function casts from one specific XML Schema data type to another XML Schema data type.

About this task

Casts from the XML Schema data type xs:string to the XML Schema data type: xs:base64Binary. The data is not converted, only the type associated with the data is changed.

Parameter: string


The data to cast from the XML Schema data type: xs:string.

Returns: base64Binary

The data that has been cast to the XML Schema data type: xs:base64Binary.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Convert_To_Base64Binary_function.html

Cast To HexBinary function

The **Cast To HexBinary** function casts from one specific XML Schema data type to another XML Schema data type.

About this task

Casts from the XML Schema data type: xs:string to the XML Schema data type: xs:hexBinary. The data is not converted, only the type associated with the data is changed.

Parameter: string


The data to cast from the XML Schema data type: xs:string.

Returns: hexBinary

The data that has been cast to the XML Schema data type: xs:hexBinary.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)


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 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Convert_To_HexBinary_function.html

CopyOf function

The **CopyOf** function copies the entire contents of the source node to the destination node.

The **CopyOf** function () copies the entire contents of the source node (the entire subtree of the source node including all children) to the destination node.


Attention: The XML Schema of the destination node must match the XML Schema of the source node for the CopyOf function to correctly copy the values of the source nodes to the destination nodes.

For example, if the Call Procedure activity returns the following result set nodes (through the any node) during run time:

- results/result/resultSet/column1, where column1 is an integer.
- results/result/resultSet/column2, where column2 is an integer.

The XML Schema of the destination nodes in the To Orchestration pane, must match the expected XML Schema of the result set that is returned from the Call Procedure activity, as shown in the following figure:



In the preceding figure, the CopyOf function () is linking the source result node and the destination result node.

Parameter: input


The name of the source nodes to copy.

Returns: anySimpleType

The resulting subtree of XML data.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/CopyOfFunction.html>

Count Function

The **Count** function determines the number of nodes in all of the sets of nodes in parameters.

For recurring nodes, this function determines the actual number of occurrences.

This function accepts any source node as a parameter. This includes structure or choice nodes which you normally cannot map.

If you use literal numbers as parameters in this function, the numbers are considered one node and incremented by a count of one.

Parameter: input, input...

The sets of nodes to count. These can come from recurring or nonrecurring source nodes, the results of other functions, or values that you specify.


You cannot specify a default value (or constant) for the input parameters of this function but you can specify a variable with a default value and then pass that variable as an input parameter to this function. For more information see [Specifying Default Values for Functions that Allow Recurring Nodes as Input](#).

Attention: In the Mapping Editor, if you chain together a recurring source node, a function that does not support recurring nodes, and then map that result to this function, during run time you might get an unexpected result. For more information see [Limitations in Combining Other Math Functions or Literals](#).

Returns: number

The total number of nodes in the parameters.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html


http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Count.html

Decode Configuration Property of Type Password

The **Decode Configuration Property** of type Password decodes base64-encoded passwords between two orchestrations.

The calling orchestration sends a user ID and a password. The decode password configuration property ensures that the receiving orchestration receives a base64-encoded password which it can decode.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Decode_Password_Configuration_Property.html

Digest/Hash function

The **Digest/Hash** function produces a digital summary of information called a message digest. Message digests provide a digital identifier for a digital document. The message digest produced by the Digest/Hash function is Base64 encoded.

Message digest functions are mathematical functions that process information to produce a message digest for each unique document. Identical documents have the same message digest, which can be used to ensure that the message received is the same as the message sent.

There are three **Digest/Hash** functions in Studio:

- **Digest/Hash the Input Data with MD5**
- **Digest/Hash the Input Data with SHA-1**
- **Digest/Hash the Input Data with SHA-256**

The input is the document or string for which you want a digest. For example, MD5 ("Austin was happy that the band played on") =NjJhODJhNTViZmI3Y2YwZDc2NDkxYjc0ZTkzZDlmMTQ=

MD5 is defined in RFC 1321. IBM® Cast Iron® uses the MD5 algorithm included in the JDK security package. The algorithm takes a message of undefined length and outputs a message digest of 128 bits.

SHA-1 is defined by the Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 180-1 (FIPS PUB 180-1). IBM Cast Iron uses the SHA-1 algorithm included in the JDK security package. SHA-1 takes an input message of any length less than 264 bits and produces a message digest of 160-bits.

SHA-256 is a 256-bit hash function and is compliant with the National Institute of Standards SP 800-131a specification. IBM Cast Iron uses the SHA-256 algorithm included in the JDK security package. The input is the document or string for which you want a digest. For example, SHA-56 ("Sample Input") = `bEzV+7Tz6afzJhY0E5u0Zt1+9uBURb/2pgi2PT9Ms/s=`. The hash value is 32 bytes or 256 bits length.


Use **Digest/Hash the Input Data with MD5** function to create a Base64 encoded digest of the input data using MD5.

Use the **Digest/Hash the Input Data with SHA-1** function to create a Base64 encoded digest of the input data using SHA-1.

Use the **Digest/Hash the Input Data with SHA-256** function to create a Base64 encoded digest of the input data using SHA-256.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_DigesHash.html

Divide function

The **Divide** function returns the decimal quotient of the first parameter divided by all subsequent parameters.

Parameter: number1

The number to be divided (dividend). This can be a source node, the result of another function, or a value that you specify.

Parameter: number2, [number3-999]


The numbers to divide by (divisor). These can be source nodes, the results of other functions, or values that you specify. At least one parameter is required.

Returns: number

The result of the division operation. If the divisor is zero (positive or negative), the result is infinity (positive or negative), or NaN (not a number) if the dividend is also zero.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

Extract HTTP Header Field function

The **Extract HTTP Header Field** function extracts a string with a specified delimiter. It can be used to further extract strings from HTTP headers.

Input1 – Header string, for example: *text/html; char-set=UTF-8* or *text/*;q=0.3, text/html;q=0.7, text/html;level=1*


Input2 – A string that specifies the name value, for example: *char-set*

Input3 – Specified delimiter, for example: *;* or *,*

Output – The value string. For example: *UTF-8* when *char-set* is extracted from **Content-Type** header.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_extract_HTTP_header_field.html

Extract Query Parameter function

The **Extract Query Parameter** function extracts a query string from the HTTP header's URI string.


Input1 – HTTP header's URI string, for example: *URI?name1=value1&name2=value2...#anchor*. The characters after *?* or *#* may not be present.

Input2 – A string that specifies the query string's name, for example: *name1* in the input1 string.

Output – The query string's string value, for example: *value1* in the input1 string.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_extract_query_parameter.html


Extract URI Path function

The **Extract URI Path** function extracts a URI from the HTTP header's URI string.

Input – HTTP header URI string, for example: *URI?name1=value1&name2=value2...#fragment*. The characters after *?* or *#* may not be present. *fragment* is not part of the HTTP request and is only used by the Web browser client.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_extract_URI_path.html

Floor function

The **Floor** function rounds the parameter down to the next closest integer.

Parameter: number

The number to round down to an integer. This can come from a source node, the result of another function or a value that you specify.

Returns: number


The closest integer that is less than the parameter.

Example:

```
floor(4.7) = 4
```

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Floor.html

Format Date String function

The **Format Date String** function converts the XML Schema data type: `xs:dateTime` to a string in the format defined by the second parameter.

Parameter: `dateTime`

The date and time as a XML Schema data type: `xs:dateTime`.

Parameter: string

This string defines the format of the date and time string returned from this function. For example, the format string could be equal to MM/dd/yyyy. For more information about the supported date and time pattern strings see the SimpleDateFormat class in the Sun J2SE 1.4.2 JavaDoc:

<http://www.science.uva.nl/ict/osdocs/java/jdk1.3/docs/api/java/text/SimpleDateFormat.html>.

Pattern Letter	Description	Example1	Example2
G	Era designation	AD	BC
y	Year	2004	2001
M	Month in a year	April	04
w	Week in a year	12	24
W	Week in a month	3	1
D	Day in a year	234	333
d	Day in a month	13	20
F	Day of week in a month	1	3
E	Day in a week	Monday	Friday
a	AM or PM designation	AM	PM
H	Hour in a day - a number between 0 and 23	12	13
k	Hour in a day - a number between 1 and 24	14	23
K	Hour in AM or PM - a number between 0 and 11	0	10
h	Hour in AM or PM - a number between 1 and 12	11	12
m	Minute in an hour	20	50
s	Second in a minute	10	30
S	Milliseconds	224	338
z	Time zone in General time zone designation	PDT	EDT
Z	Time zone in ISO-8601 time zone designation	-03:00	+02:00

Parameter: string (Optional)

This string defines the locale. For example, the English United States locale is defined with the following string: en_US.

The locale string can be defined by any of the following formats:

- LANGUAGE
- LANGUAGE_COUNTRY
- LANGUAGE_COUNTRY_VARIANT

Where LANGUAGE represents a two letter code as defined by the ISO-639 standard, COUNTRY represents a two letter code defined by the ISO-3166, and VARIANT represents a vendor or browser-specific code, for example WIN for Windows.

This parameter is optional.

To add this parameter:

1. Drop the Format Date String function into the middle pane of the Mapping Editor.
2. Double-click the function. The Function Properties pane opens.
3. Click Add. The Locale input parameter shows in the list of parameters.

Returns: string

The passed in date and time as a string in the format defined by the second parameter.

For example, if the Format Date String function was called with the following input parameters:

dateTime: 2005-02-22T16:18:00.852-08:00


format string: MM/dd/yyyy

locale string: en_US

The following string would be returned: 02/22/2005.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Format_Date_String_function.html

Format Number function

The **Format Number** function returns a string that is a number formatted to fit the specified pattern.

Parameter: number

The number to format. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value that you specify.

Parameter: string

A pattern that specifies how the first parameter should be formatted. This pattern uses these symbols to define the pattern:

- Required digits = 0
- Optional digits = #
- Minus symbol = -
- Decimal symbol = .
- Grouping separator = ,. Typically used to separate groups of three digits.
- Percent symbol = %. When the percent symbol is present, the input number is multiplied by 100 and the result is shown as a percentage.
- Per mille symbol = ‰ (Unicode x2030). This symbol multiplies the number by 1000 and shows the result as a per mille.
- Positive/negative separator = ;
- Infinity = infinity
- Not a number = NaN

- \$ = \$

Patterns can have constant text as a prefix, suffix, or both. Common uses are to specify the currency symbol or some unit of measurement.

- \$#,##0.00 – formats a number in the standard format for United States dollars with the dollar sign, commas for separators and at least one dollar digit and two digits for cents.
- #0.000% – formats a decimal number as a percentage with at least three decimal places.
- #,##0.00;(#,##0.00) – formats negative number with parentheses, a format commonly used in accounting.

Returns: string

The first parameter reformatted to reflect the pattern specified by the second parameter.

Examples

Patterns can have constant text as a prefix, suffix, or both. Common uses are to specify the currency symbol or some unit of measurement.

Example 1

\$#,##0.00 – formats a number in the standard format for United States dollars with the dollar sign, commas for separators and at least one dollar digit and two digits for cents.

```
format-number(12345.6789, '$#,##0.00') = '$12,345.67'
```

Example 2

#0.000% – formats a decimal number as a percentage with at least three decimal places.

```
format-number(.67890123, '#0.000%') = '67.890%'
```

When the percent symbol is present, the input number is multiplied by 100.


Example 3

#,##0.00;(#,##0.00) – formats negative number with parentheses, a format commonly used in accounting.

```
format-number(-12345.6789, '#,##0.00;(#,##0.00)') = '(12,345.67)'
```

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Format_Number.html

Generate RFC2104 HMAC Compliant Signature

HMAC is a mechanism for message authentication using cryptographic hash functions.

This HMAC function uses the iterative cryptographic hash function SHA-1 with a secret shared key.

Use this function to generate a digital signature that is compliant with HMAC.

Parameter: data (type=string)

The information or message to be validated.

Parameter: key (type=string)

The key used to validate the data.

Parameter: encoding (type=string)

The encoding to apply to the data and key. This can be one of:


- **US-ASCII** - Seven-bit ASCII. Also called ISO646-US. The Basic Latin block of the Unicode character set.
- **ISO-8859-1** - ISO Latin Alphabet No. 1. Also called ISO-LATIN-1.
- **UTF-8** - Eight-bit UCS Transformation Format.
- **UTF-16BE** - Sixteen-bit UCS Transformation Format, big-endian byte order.
- **UTF-16LE** - Sixteen-bit UCS Transformation Format, little-endian byte order.
- **UTF-16** - Sixteen-bit UCS Transformation Format, byte order identified by an optional byte-order mark.

Returns: HMAC signature (type string)

The generated HMAC signature in UTF-8 encoding.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Generate_RFC2104_HMAC_Compliant_Signature.html

Get Current Date and Time function

The **Get Current® Date and Time** function returns the current date and time as a specific XML Schema data type.

About this task

The Get Current Date and Time function returns the current date and time (with the local timezone) as an XML Schema data type: xs:dateTime.

Parameter: none

Returns: dateTime


The current date and time as the XML Schema data type: xs:dateTime. For example, if this function is run on February 22, 2005, at 12:43 PM in the PST timezone (- 08:00) this function returns the following dateTime:

```
2005-02-22T12:43:51-08:00
```

Note: If this function is called twice in a map, it is not guaranteed that the same dateTime is returned. This function is not [stable](#) as defined by the W3C.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Get_Current_Date_and_Time_function.html

Get Current Date function

The **Get Current® Date** function returns the current date (with the local timezone) as a XML Schema data type: xs:date.

About this task

Parameter: none

Returns: date


The current date as the XML Schema data type: xs:date. For example, if this function is run on February 22, 2005 in the PST timezone (- 08:00) this function returns the following date:

2005-02-22-08:00

Note: If this function is called twice in a map, it is not guaranteed that the same date is returned. This function is not [stable](#) as defined by the W3C.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Get_Current_Date_function.html

Get Current Time function

The **Get Current® Time** function returns the current time (with the local timezone) as a XML Schema data type: xs:time

About this task

Parameter: none

Returns: time


The current time as the XML Schema data type: xs:time. For example, if this function is run at 12:43 PM in the PST timezone (-08:00) this function returns the following time:

```
12:43:51-08:00
```

Note: If this function is called twice in a map, it is not guaranteed that the same time is returned. This function is not [stable](#) as defined by the W3C.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/Get_Current_Time_function.html

Length function

The **Length** function determines the number of character in the parameter.

Returns: number

The number of characters in the parameter.

Parameter: string


The string to count. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Example

```
length('The string to count') = 19
```

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Length.html

Lowercase function

The **Lowercase** function converts all uppercase characters to lowercase characters.

Parameter: string


The string to convert. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Returns: string

The converted string.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Lowercase.html

Maximum function

The **Maximum** function determines the highest value in the nodes, sets of numeric nodes, or numbers in parameters.

Parameter: input, input ...

The numeric nodes to compare. These can come from recurring or nonrecurring source nodes, the results of other functions, or values that you specify.

You cannot specify a default value (or constant) for the input parameters of this function but you can specify a variable with a default value and then pass that variable as an input parameter to this function. For more information see [Specifying Default Values for Functions that Allow Recurring Nodes as Input](#).


Attention: In the Mapping Editor, if you chain together a recurring source node, a function that does not support recurring nodes, and then map that result to this function, during run time you might get an unexpected result. For more information see [Limitations in Combining Other Math Functions or Literals](#).

Returns: number

The maximum value of all nodes in the parameters. For recurring nodes, values for every occurrence in the recurring set is used to find the maximum. If any parameter is not a set of numeric nodes or is an empty node set, the function returns NaN (not a number).

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Maximum.html

Minimum function

The **Minimum** function determines the lowest value in the nodes, sets of numeric nodes, or numbers in parameters.

Parameter: input, input ...

The numeric nodes to compare. These can come from recurring or nonrecurring source nodes, the results of other functions, or values that you specify.

You cannot specify a default value (or constant) for the input parameters of this function but you can specify a variable with a default value and then pass that variable as an input parameter to this function. For more information see [Specifying Default Values for Functions that Allow Recurring Nodes as Input](#).


Attention: In the Mapping Editor, if you chain together a recurring source node, a function that does not support recurring nodes, and then map that result to this function, during run time you might get an unexpected result. For more information see [Limitations in Combining Other Math Functions or Literals](#).

Returns: number

The minimum value of all nodes in the parameters. For recurring nodes, values for every occurrence in the recurring set is used to find the minimum. If any parameter is not a number, not a set of numeric nodes, or is an empty node set, the function returns NaN (not a number).

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Minimum_function.html

Modulo function

The **Modulo** function determines the remainder from dividing the first parameter by all subsequent parameters.

Returns: number

The remainder from dividing the first parameter by the remaining parameters. If the divisor is zero, returns NaN (not a number).

Parameter: number1

The number to be divided (dividend). This can come from a source node, the result of a function, or a value you specify.

Parameter: number2, [number3-999]

The numbers to divide with (divisor). These can come from source nodes, the results of other functions, or values you specify. At least one divisor parameter is required.

If multiple parameters are specified as divisors, the order of operations is as follows: the remainder returned from the first division operation becomes the dividend for the second operation, and so forth. See Example 2.

Example 1: Using one divisor parameter

`modulo(42, 5) = 2`

`42 / 5 = 8 R2`

Example 2: Using multiple divisor parameters


`modulo(61, 7, 2) = 1`

`61 / 7 = 8 R5`

`5 / 2 = 2 R1`

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Modulo.html

Multiply function

The **Multiply** function returns the product of all parameters.

Parameter(s): number1, number2, [number3-1,000]


The numbers to multiply. At least two parameters are required. Each parameter can come from a source node, the result of a function, or a value you specify.

Returns: number

The product of the parameters.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Multiply.html

Not function

The **Not** function is typically used in conditions to specify negative or complimentary conditions.

Returns true if the parameter evaluates as false. Returns false if the parameter evaluates as true.

Parameter: datatype

Any number, string, date, time, or boolean value. This can come from a source node, the result of a function, or a value you specify.

Returns: boolean

The boolean inverse of the parameter. The evaluation rules depend on the datatype of the parameter.

For number datatypes:

- Positive and negative zero evaluate as false
- Any other number evaluates as true

For string, any date or any time datatypes:


- An empty string evaluates as false
- Any other string, date or time evaluates as true

For the boolean datatype:

- The evaluation returns the inverse value

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Not.html

Number function

The **Number** function changes the datatype of the parameter to number.

Parameter: datatype

Any number, string, date, time, or boolean value. This can come from a source node, the result of a function, or a value you specify.

Returns: number

The numeric value of the parameter or NaN (not a number). The conversion rules depend on the datatype of the parameter:

For number datatypes:

- NaN for NaN, positive infinity or negative infinity
- The same number for any other value

For string, any date, or any time datatypes:

- The corresponding number if the string is in any of these formats, where n represents any set of digits:

n or -n

n. or -n.

n.n or -n.n

.n or -.n


NaN for any other value

For the boolean datatype:

- 'true' evaluates to 1
- 'false' evaluates to 0

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Number.html

Padding String function

The **Padding String** function returns a padding string of the specified length and characters. Padding strings are used in alignment functions.

Parameter: number

The total length to make the padding string. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Parameter: [string]


One or more characters to use to build the padding string. If you use multiple characters and the length of the padding string is not an even multiple, these characters are truncated at the end of the string to fit the overall length. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify. If you omit this parameter, it defaults to the space character.

Returns: string

The string to use for padding.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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Position function


The **Position** function is used with conditions to represent the index to the current node within the set of its siblings. The function works only within the context of a recurring node and has no parameters.

Returns: number

The index or number identifying the position of the current node within the set of its siblings.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Position.html

Read Date String function

The **Read Date String** function converts a string (that contains a date and time) to the XML Schema data type: `xs:dateTime`.

Purpose

Parameter: string

The date and time as a string.

Parameter: string

This string defines the format of the date and time string of the first parameter. For example, the format string could be equal to `MM/dd/yyyy`. For more information about the supported date and time pattern strings see `SimpleDateFormat` class in the Sun J2SE 1.4.2 Javadoc:

<http://www.science.uva.nl/ict/osdocs/java/jdk1.3/docs/api/java/text/SimpleDateFormat.html>.

Pattern Letter	Description	Example1	Example2
G	Era designation	AD	BC
y	Year	2004	2001
M	Month in a year	April	04
w	Week in a year	12	24
W	Week in a month	3	1
D	Day in a year	234	333
d	Day in a month	13	20
F	Day of week in a month	1	3

Pattern Letter	Description	Example1	Example2
E	Day in a week	Monday	Friday
a	AM or PM designation	AM	PM
H	Hour in a day - a number between 0 and 23	12	13
k	Hour in a day - a number between 1 and 24	14	23
K	Hour in AM or PM - a number between 0 and 11	0	10
h	Hour in AM or PM - a number between 1 and 12	11	12
m	Minute in an hour	20	50
s	Second in a minute	10	30
S	Milliseconds	224	338
z	Time zone in General time zone designation	PDT	EDT
Z	Time zone in RFC 822 time zone designation	-0300	+0200

Parameter: string (Optional)

This string defines the locale. For example, the English United States locale is defined with the following string: en_US.

The locale string can be defined by any of the following formats:

- LANGUAGE
- LANGUAGE_COUNTRY
- LANGUAGE_COUNTRY_VARIANT

Where LANGUAGE represents a two letter code as defined by the ISO-639 standard, COUNTRY represents a two letter code defined by the ISO-3166, and VARIANT represents a vendor or browser-specific code, for example WIN for Windows.

This parameter is optional.

To add this parameter:

1. Drop the Format Date String function into the middle pane of the Mapping Editor.
2. Double-click the function. The Function Properties pane opens.
3. Click Add. The Locale input parameter shows in the list of parameters.

Returns: dateTime


The date and time as an XML Schema data type: xs:dateTime is returned. For example, if the Read Date String function was run with the following input parameters:

date and time string: 02/22/2005/12/20/44

format string: MM/dd/yyyy/HH/mm/ss

A dateTime representing February 22, 2005 at 12:20 and 44 seconds is returned from Read Date String Function.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Read_Date_String.html

Replace function

The **Replace** function replaces individual characters with other individual characters.

The replacement is done at the individual character level and not the string level. Every occurrence of a character is replaced with specified replacement character as shown in the following example:

- list of characters to be replaced is equal to 'abc'
- list or replacement characters is equal to 'ABC'
- input string is equal to 'aWWWbYYYYcPPPabc'

The result string is equal to 'AWWWBYYYYCPPPPABC' because the replacement is done at the character level - every character is replaced. (If the replacement was done at the string level the resulting string would be equal to 'aWWWbYYYYcPPPABC'.)

Parameter: input

The string to search for characters to replace. The value for this parameter can be provided by a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Parameter: fromChars

A list of the character or characters to be replaced. If you need to replace several characters, they should be listed without any separation. The value for this parameter can be provided by a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Parameter: toChars

A list of character or characters to use as replacements. List the replacement characters in this parameter in the same order as characters to be replaced in the fromChars parameter because the first character from the fromChars parameter is replaced by the first character in toChars parameter and so on. For more information, see Example 2. The value for this parameter can be provided by a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

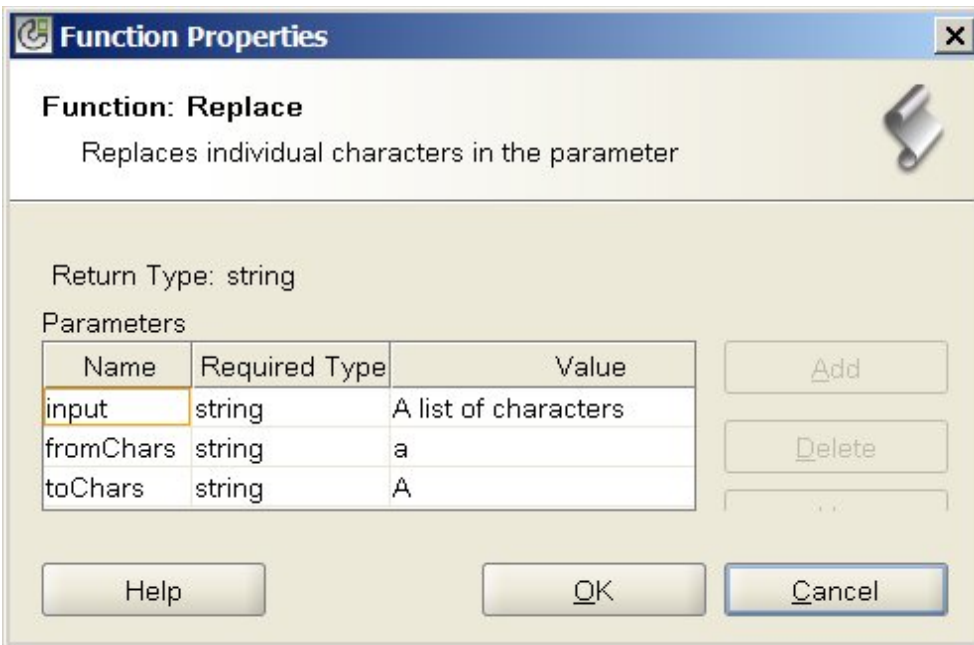
Note: You can not directly replace a single character with an empty string because the toChars parameter cannot equal a empty string - a string with no characters. For a workaround, see Example 3.

Returns: string

The result of replacing all occurrences of characters in the second parameter (fromChars) that are found in the first parameter (input) with the matching characters in the third parameter (toChars).

Example 1

This example shows a simple one-to-one character replacement as shown in the following figure:



The run-time result of running this function is the following string:

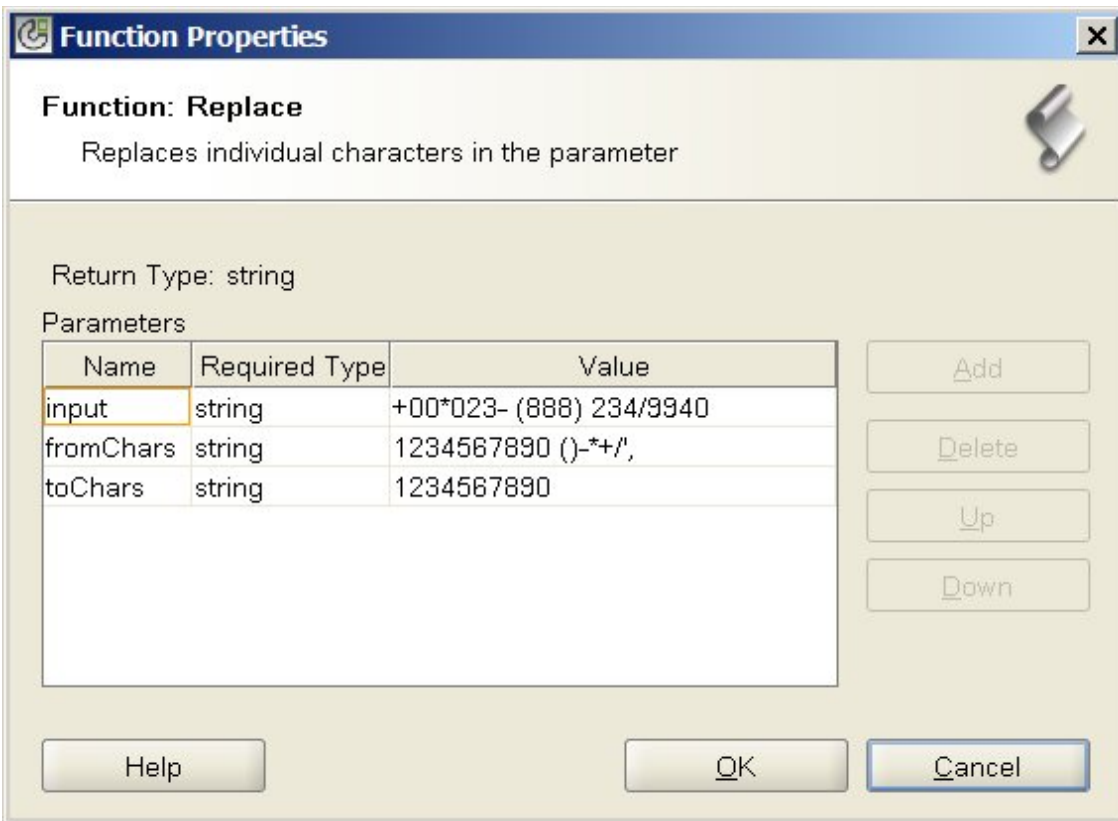
```
A list of chArActers
```

All lowercase a characters are replaced with uppercase A characters.

Note: In this example, the input parameter is hardcoded to a specific value. Typically this value is supplied by a source node in a map.

Example 2

In this example, the first character from the fromChars parameter is replaced by the first character of the toChars parameter, the second character from the fromChars parameter is replaced by the second character of the toChars parameter, and so on. The replacement of multiple characters is shown in the following figure:



In this example, the non-numeric characters (specified at the end of the fromChars parameter) are removed from the phone number string. All the numeric characters are replaced with the same numeric character; for example, the 1 character is replaced by the 1 character. The other non-numeric characters at the end of the fromChars do not have a replacement character specified in the toChars, so they are removed from the returned string.

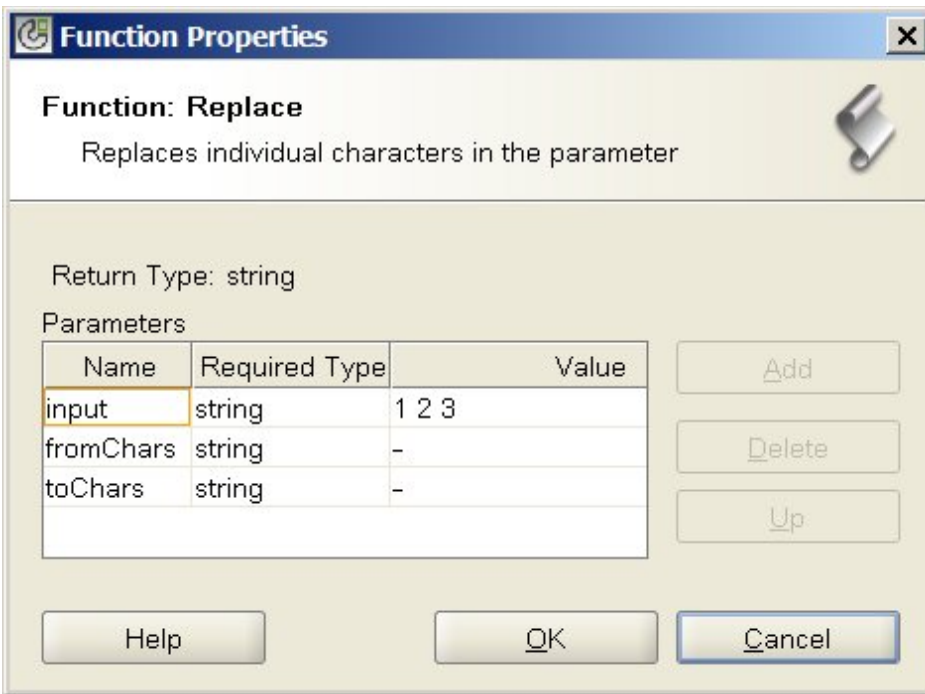
The run-time result of running this function is the following string:

```
000238882349940
```

Note: In this example, the input parameter is hardcoded to a specific value. Typically this value is supplied by a source node in a map.

Example 3

This example shows a workaround to the limitation that you cannot replace a single character with an empty string. This limitation exists because the toChars parameter cannot be set to an empty string - a string with no characters. You can workaround this limitation by supplying a dummy character like a hyphen (-) that is not found in the input parameter. For example, you could specify the following values for the parameters of the **Replace** function as shown in the following figure:



In this example, the input parameter is equal to '1 2 3' (1, space, 2, space, 3), the fromChars parameter is equal to '-' (hyphen, space), and the toChars parameter is equal to '-' (hyphen). During run time, the **Replace** function with these values strips the spaces from input parameter and the run-time result is the following string:


123

Attention: When you specify the strings in the Value field of the Function Properties dialog box, do not enter the quotes. Enter just the hyphen and the space and not the quote characters.

Note: In this example, the input parameter is hardcoded to a specific value. Typically this value is supplied by a source node in a map.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Replace.html

Round function

The **Round** function rounds a number to the closest integer.

Parameter: number

The number to be rounded. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Returns: number


The closest integer to the parameter, rounding up if two integers are equally close. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Example:

- `round(4.2) = 4`
- `round(4.5) = 5`

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Round.html

Starts With function

The **Starts With** function determines whether or not the first parameter begins with the characters in the second parameter.

Parameter: string1

The string to test. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value that you specify.

Parameter: string2


The beginning string to test for. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value that you specify.

Returns: boolean

True or false indicating whether the first parameter begins with the second parameter.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Starts_With.html

String function

The **String** function changes the datatype of the parameter to string.

Parameter: datatype

Any string, boolean, date, or numeric datatype. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value that you specify.


Returns: string

The result of changing the parameter to string. The conversion rules depend on the datatype of the parameter:

- For boolean datatypes, returns the string *true* or *false*
- For date or time datatypes, returns the date or time as a string in the specific format for that datatype, such as '2003-01-20T05:00:00' for a datetime datatype.
- For number datatypes, this returns:
 - 'NaN' if the value is NaN (not a number)
 - '0' if the value is positive or negative zero.
 - 'Infinity' or '-Infinity' if the value is positive or negative infinity (respectively).
 - The corresponding numeral, with a minus sign if negative and no leading zeroes. Decimal values have at least one numeral before the decimal point and as many decimal places as needed.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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Substring function

The **Substring** function extracts a portion of the parameter based on the specified character placement.

Parameter: string

The string to extract from. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Parameter: number1

The position of the first character to extract. Characters are numbered in the string beginning from 1.

Parameter: [number2]

The total number of characters to extract. If you omit this parameter, it defaults to the length from the starting position to the end of the first parameter.

Returns: string


The substring for the specified character places.

Example

```
substring('abcde',3,2) = 'cd'
```

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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Substring After function

The **Substring After** function extracts all the characters in a string starting after the first occurrence of a specified substring (one or more characters) through the end of the string.

Parameter: string

The string to extract a substring from. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Parameter: string

The character to use as a starting point for the extraction. The first occurrence of the character is used as the starting point. This parameter can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Returns: string


A substring of the first parameter which starts after the first occurrence of the specified start string through the end of the string. If the start string is not present, returns an empty string.

Example

```
substring-after('12/31/1999','/') = '31/1999',
```

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Substring_After.html

Substring Before function

The **Substring Before** function extracts all the characters in a string starting at the beginning up to the first occurrence of a specified substring (one or more characters).

Parameter: string

The string to extract a substring from. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Parameter: string

The characters to use as the ending point for the extraction. The first occurrence of these characters is used as the ending point. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Returns: string


The substring in the first parameter starting at the beginning up to the first occurrence of the specified end string. If the end string is not present, this returns an empty string.

Example

```
substring-before('12/31/1999','/') = '12'
```

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_SubstringBefore.html

Subtract function

The **Subtract** function returns the difference of the first parameter less all subsequent parameters.

Parameter: number1

The number to subtract from. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value that you specify.

Parameter: number2,, [number3-999]

The numbers to subtract. These can come from source nodes, the results of other functions, or values that you specify. You can specify multiple parameters here, but at least one parameter is required.

Returns: number

The difference of the two parameters. If either parameter is not a number, returns NaN (not a number).

Example

number 1 = 42


number 2 = 7

number 3 = 8

returns: 27

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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Sum function

The **Sum** function determines the sum of values in the numeric node, sets of numeric nodes, or numbers in parameters.

Parameter: input, input ...

The numeric nodes to add. These can come from recurring or nonrecurring source nodes, the results of other functions, or values that you specify.

You cannot specify a default value (or constant) for the input parameters of this function but you can specify a variable with a default value and then pass that variable as an input parameter to this function. For more information see [Specifying Default Values for Functions that Allow Recurring Nodes as Input](#).


Attention: In the Mapping Editor, if you chain together a recurring source node, a function that does not support recurring nodes, and then map that result to this function, during run time you might get an unexpected result. For more information see [Limitations in Combining Other Math Functions or Literals](#)

Returns: number

The total sum of all parameters. If any parameter is a nodeset, the total includes values for every node in the set. If any parameter is not a number or a numeric node set, returns NaN (not a number).

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ref_Sum.html

Trim function

The **Trim** function trims all leading and trailing spaces and replaces continuous sets of white space characters by a single space.

The string value of the parameter is normalized, as described in the following steps:

1. All tabs, carriage returns, and line feeds are replaced with spaces.
2. Contiguous sequences of spaces are reduced to a single space.
3. Trailing and leading spaces are removed.

Parameter: string

The string to trim and normalize. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify

Returns: string


The trimmed and normalized parameter.

Examples:

Input String Equals...	The Trim Function Returns...
' The string to trim and normalize. '	'The string to trim and normalize.'
' first line second line third line '	'first line second line third line'

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)

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Uppercase function

The **Uppercase** function converts all lowercase characters to the corresponding uppercase character.

Parameter: string


The string to convert. This can come from a source node, the result of another function, or a value you specify.

Returns: string

The converted string.

Parent topic: [Mapping Function Reference](#)


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Glossary

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Glossary

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A

Activity

A complete, functional unit of processing within an orchestration. Activities include flow-control (logic) activities; data activities to facilitate consumption and transmission of data; and activities that enable integration with database systems, enterprise systems, Web servers, email servers, and other systems. An orchestration comprises a series of activities.

Assets

Supplemental configuration files, scripts, or other materials associated with a specific activity. For example, the buffer table scripts created for a database insert activity are assets. Assets are controlled by the Web Management Console (WMC). Access privileges to assets can be given to users beyond the users of the WMC. For example, DBAs can be given privileges to the assets associated with a database activity so that they can create the required tables or triggers.

B

Buffer table

An auxiliary table used in conjunction with various database activities, such as the single-table insert, update, or delete database activities. When you configure one of the database DML (data manipulation language) activities, Studio generates a SQL script that can be used to create the appropriate trigger on the database table; the buffer table gets populated when the triggering event (INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE) occurs. The buffer table provides the means to capture database changes and initiate processing by the orchestration.

C

Cast Iron® Studio

An integrated development environment (IDE) for creating, configuring, and publishing integration projects and the orchestrations they comprise. Studio projects run on the WebSphere® Cast Iron Appliance.

Command-line interface

A text-based alternative to the Web Management Console (WMC) for configuring, managing, and querying an Integration Appliance.

Control table

A database table that facilitates using database endpoints in integrations. As it does with buffer tables, Studio generates scripts to create control tables that can be used to ensure that inserts, updates, and deletes to specific tables occur once and only once.

Copy parameters

Copy creates new default orchestration variables that match the output from the parameters.

D

Deploy

Create an instance of an integration project (instantiate) on an Integration Appliance.

Document

Any of the XML Schema files, DTDs, and other configuration files that comprise integration projects.

Dynamic delimiter

A delimiter that is obtained from within the fields of the message itself, such as an HL7 PID (patient ID) message header that denotes the beginning of a new record in a file containing a batch of electronic health records.

E

Empty Placeholder

Appears in activities that have multiple branches as an initial placeholder for the activities in that branch. Dropping other activities on this icon removes it.

Endpoint

Represents the properties of an external system, such as a database server, FTP server, email system, or enterprise application that is either the source of data to the Integration Appliance or the target of processing by the Integration Appliance.

F

For Each

A function that iterates over a message structure.

Flat File

A file containing non-XML data. Flat Files are typically of two types: delimited, in which a comma, tab, white space, or other delimiter is used to separate variable-length fields and records; or positional, in which fields and records have a fixed width.

Flat File Schema

Defines how to interpret a specific set of Flat Files. Cast Iron Studio creates Flat File Schema (XML Schema) based on the configuration you define in the Flat File Schema Editor. A Flat File Schema is used by the Read Flat File activity to convert a source Flat File into XML.

Function

String, mathematical, and miscellaneous functions provided by Studio that you can use in defining processing in your orchestrations. In addition to the pre-built functions, Studio lets you build your own custom functions and add lookup tables.

I

Integration project

The various inputs, outputs (endpoints), mapping and schema definitions (transformations, message formats), orchestrations, and configuration information that comprise an integration solution as designed in Studio and deployed to the Integration Appliance.

J

Job

A specific run-time instance of an orchestration.

M

Map

A component that lets you bind input parameters to variables, and variables to the orchestration. Many Studio activities contain embedded maps that you must configure at design time, in the context of an orchestration, to define how actual parameters should map to variables, and how the variables should be processed in the orchestration. In addition to the embedded activity maps, Studio has a stand-alone Map Variables activity that can be used to bind any type of input and output to the orchestration

N

Node

All data input to or output from the Integration Appliance is materialized in Studio as a series of nodes, as in a tree-like, hierarchical structure. In many cases, the nodes represent the structure and content of an XML document, but in many cases they don't (e.g., rows in a database table are displayed as nodes). Nodes in Studio convey information about structure; the type of content that can be supported; or additional characteristics of the data.

Notification policy

Applies across an entire orchestration. Rules are based on event levels from 0 (no logging) to 9 for complete logging information.

O

Orchestration

The specific sequence of processing activities (such as data mapping, transformation, and control logic activities), endpoints, and data types defined and configured using Studio and deployed to run on the Integration Appliance.

P

Parameter

A value passed to an activity or to an orchestration. For example, Filename and data are two of the parameters that can be passed from an FTP endpoint to an orchestration.

Parameterized query

A database SQL statement that contains input or output database parameters. The **Execute Query** activity supports parameterized queries.

Parse

The converse of serialize. To convert to constituent pieces according to some established rules.

Pick

An activity that chooses from two or more alternatives. Typically used to start an orchestration, the **Pick** activity can support either synchronous or asynchronous messaging.

Project

An integration project defined and created using Cast Iron Studio. Each project has a properties file (filename.sp3) and several additional metadata files and folders that comprise all integration elements - orchestrations, endpoints, XML schemas, flat files - and their specific configuration (variables, parameters)

Publish

Copy all project files from Studio to an Integration Appliance or to an intermediate staging area, such as a shared directory on a file server, for subsequent runtime configuration and deployment to a specific environment. The Publish process encompasses validating the project; creating a .par file of project configuration documents; and sending the package to the Integration Appliance specified.

R

Raw message

The configuration that defines the character encoding for raw messages

Record identifier

A special field that delimits records in certain types of flat files, such as EDI (electronic data interchange) or HL7 (Health Level 7) files. For example, an HL7 PID (patient ID) number is a record identifier.

Repetition delimiters

A delimiter in a flat file that is used when the data lacks a unique value, such as record ID, to distinguish one record from another.

Replace

Appears in activity branches as an initial placeholder for the endpoint activity to receive a message for that branch. Dropping a **Receive endpoint** activity on this icon removes it.

Reply

Sends an acknowledgement when it receives a message.

Repository

Persistent storage for various types of data. Cast Iron Appliance has a configuration repository and a message repository.

S

Serialize

The converse of parse. Serialization assumes that the data is in XML format

Stored procedure

A functional code unit that resides in a database and is started explicitly by name. Stored procedures can be used to populate buffer tables when specific insert, update, or delete activities occur on a particular database table.

System store

A repository containing Appliance configuration information. Same as configuration repository.

T

Terminate

Stops orchestration processing.

Toolbox

The five-tab-set of Project, Activities, Variables, Functions, and Verify available in the right corner of Studio. These tabs provide access to all the entities you need to create new projects, create new orchestrations within projects, and develop the processing logic.

Trigger

A type of database stored procedure that is called implicitly when a triggering event occurs such as an INSERT, UPDATE, or DELETE on a table.

V


Variable

Used to pass data values processed by an orchestration. Variables are used by maps to identify the source and target. Some Activities create variables automatically.

W

While Loop

Initiates and continually processes any children activities for as long as a specified condition is true.

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Cast Iron Express 入門

您可以使用 IBM® WebSphere® Cast Iron® Express®, 來快速註冊以取得免費試用帳戶、建立整合, 以及安全地管理 Cast Iron Express 環境。您也可以使用所提供的分析, 來分析您的整合使用情形。

為何使用 Cast Iron Express ?

WebSphere Cast Iron Express 是針對用途建置的解決方案, 可讓您快速建立、定義、執行及管理整合專案。只需數分鐘, 您就可以在 salesforce.com 帳戶與其他資料來源之間建立整合。

重點在於速度及簡化, 因此使用配置方法來定義整合。您不用編碼來進行整合。

當完成時, 您可以執行整合, 從遠端資料庫、本端檔案及 Dropbox 將資料移入及移出 salesforce.com。

您隨時可以擴充 Cast Iron Express 帳戶的功能, 方法為選取一個以上可用的附加程式函數套件。

您可以邀請其他使用者加入您的 Cast Iron Express 帳戶。您也可以監視及管理帳戶。

若要註冊, 請跳至 WebSphere Cast Iron Express 首頁 <https://express.castiron.com/express/>。

需要瞭解甚麼 ?

根據您的角色, 有不同的作業概述於下列文件中。每一項作業會依序說明, 從如何登錄 Cast Iron Express 帳戶開始。

基於安全原因, 如果您的使用者名稱處於登入狀態, 但沒有活動, 則您的階段作業將逾時。

部分 Cast Iron Express 函數會使用蹦現視窗。因此, 您可能要防止 Web 瀏覽器封鎖蹦現視窗。

在開始之前, 請檢查是否支援您正要使用的瀏覽器, 以及該瀏覽器是否符合必要的最低層次:

- Google Chrome 18
- Mozilla Firefox 10
- Windows Internet Explorer 8

您可以選取下列作業, 來瞭解 Cast Iron Express。然後, 您可以開始建立並管理您的整合、邀請其他使用者加入您的帳戶, 以及監視您帳戶內的活動。

若要瞭解如何建立從本端檔案到 salesforce.com 帳戶的整合, 請參閱[指導教學：建立本端檔案與 salesforce.com 的整合](#)。

- [登錄帳戶](#)
您可以登錄 IBM Cast Iron Express 帳戶，方法為在 Cast Iron Express 首頁上按一下註冊。
- [協助入門](#)
當您利用收到的使用者名稱和密碼登入時，「Cast Iron Express 入門」視圖即會開啟。
- [管理您的帳戶設定檔](#)
您可以使用管理設定檔視圖，來新增詳細資料，或變更現行詳細資料。您也可以變更帳戶密碼。
- [管理使用者](#)
管理者可以管理 Cast Iron Express 帳戶的使用者。只有管理者才能新增使用者至帳戶，以及移除不再需要存取的現有使用者。
- [Cast Iron Express 說明中心](#)
當您登入 Cast Iron Express 時，包含一系列有用資源的「說明中心」，可協助您瞭解並使用產品中的可用函數。
- [新增函數至 Express 帳戶](#)
您可以要求其他函數，來自訂 Cast Iron Express 帳戶。您可以選取一個以上可用的函數套件，來增加帳戶的功能。
- [隨時掌握 Cast Iron Express 的最新功能](#)
您可以查看「Cast Iron Express 說明中心」，瞭解 Cast Iron Express 的「最新功能」。

意見 | 注意事項

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/introduction.html>

登錄帳戶

您可以登錄 IBM® Cast Iron® Express® 帳戶，方法為在 Cast Iron Express 首頁上按一下註冊。

您可以登錄 IBM Cast Iron Express 帳戶，方法為跳至 <https://express.castiron.com/express/>。

無需承諾購買本產品。來自 Cast Iron Express 首頁的登錄鏈結會設定免費的試用帳戶。您可以要求可用的附加程式套件，在您的帳戶內擴充函數。如需相關資訊，請參閱[新增函數至 Express 帳戶](#)。

登錄帳戶時，您必須識別單一使用者以進行登入。每一個 Cast Iron Express 帳戶都有一個具備管理者專用權的使用者。此使用者是在您首次完成登錄時建立，稱為 *admin*。admin 使用者可以邀請其他使用者加入相同的 Cast Iron Express 帳戶。

程序

1. 當 Cast Iron Express 首頁開啟時，請按一下註冊。「註冊」頁面即會開啟。
2. 輸入所要求的詳細資料來填寫所有欄位。如果您省略某欄位，則會提示您輸入資訊。
3. 閱讀使用條款。當您提交登錄要求時，表示您同意 Cast Iron Express 條款。
4. 完成時，請按一下註冊。這時會顯示確認訊息，顯示電子郵件正在傳送至所登錄的位址。
5. 跳至電子郵件帳戶，並開啟歡迎使用 IBM WebSphere Cast Iron Express 郵件。若要確認登錄並啟動您的帳戶，您必須按一下所提供的鏈結。這時會顯示帳戶驗證訊息。
6. 在您確認後，會傳送兩封進一步的電子郵件。其中一封郵件包含您的 `admin@YourCompanyName` Cast Iron Express 使用者名稱。另一封郵件則包含您的密碼。admin 使用者 ID 有權建立及定義整合、邀請其他使用者存取帳戶，以及管理公司 Cast Iron Express 帳戶。
7. 以提供的認證登入，開始使用您的免費試用帳戶。

限制：Cast Iron Express 限制每一家公司的使用者只能使用單一試用帳戶。如果出現錯誤訊息，指出您提供的公司名稱已登錄，請聯絡您公司的管理者。管理者可以在現有帳戶內邀請其他使用者。

上層主題：[Cast Iron Express 入門](#)

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協助入門

當您利用收到的使用者名稱和密碼登入時，「Cast Iron Express 入門」視圖即會開啟。

為了協助您瞭解 Cast Iron® Express® 帳戶內可用的函數，您可以按一下「入門」視圖中顯示的每一個選項。

您可以隨時存取「入門」頁面，方法為按一下工具列中的「說明」圖示。下列畫面擷取顯示「說明」圖示和各種說明選項：



程序

1. 利用您從 IBM® Cast Iron Express 收到的使用者名稱和密碼登入。「Express 入門」視圖即會開啟。
2. 在「Express 入門」視圖中，您可以按一下三個顯示選項的其中一個：
 - 建立，用來快速定義並執行您的整合。
 - 監視，用來開啟儀表板頁面並即時分析您的整合。您也可以檢查是否有任何報告的問題。
 - 擴充，用來新增更多函數至您的帳戶，以擴充您的整合功能。

您現在可以開始定義 Cast Iron Express 環境。

上層主題：[Cast Iron Express 入門](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/intro_gettingstartedwithExpress.html

管理您的帳戶設定檔

您可以使用管理設定檔視圖，來新增詳細資料，或變更現行詳細資料。您也可以變更帳戶密碼。

登入您的 Cast Iron® Express® 帳戶。

程序

1. 按一下頁面右上方的登入名稱，以顯示功能表選項。按一下管理設定檔。下列畫面擷取顯示功能表。




2. 您可在下列欄位中新增或更新詳細資料：

- 名字
- 姓氏
- 電子郵件
- 國家/地區
- 電話
- 工作職稱

3. 若要變更密碼，請按一下變更密碼。輸入新密碼之前，您必須提供現有密碼。

適用一般密碼規則。密碼最少須有八個字元，而且可以包含特殊字元。

4. 選擇性的：如果想要接收 Cast Iron Express 新聞信件，您可以選取註冊「Cast Iron Express 新聞信件」，並讓 IBM 通知我優惠活動。

5. 若要修改您的設定檔，請按一下儲存。若要取消新增或修改，請按一下關閉圖示 。

上層主題：[Cast Iron Express 入門](#)

意見 | 注意事項

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/intro_ManagingYourProfile.html

管理使用者

管理者可以管理 Cast Iron® Express® 帳戶的使用者。只有管理者才能新增使用者至帳戶，以及移除不再需要存取的現有使用者。

依預設，當登錄 Cast Iron Express 帳戶時，會停用管理使用者函數。若要使用這個額外函數，請按一下附加程式，並選取協同作業套件。如需相關資訊，請參閱[新增函數至 Express 帳戶](#)。

請完成下列步驟，以邀請一個以上使用者存取您的 Cast Iron Express 帳戶。

程序

1. 若要開啟「管理使用者」頁面，請按一下管理使用者。
2. 在「新增使用者」區段中，輸入您要新增至 Cast Iron Express 帳戶之使用者的電子郵件位址。如果您想要邀請數個人員，請以逗點區隔每一個電子郵件位址。
3. 選擇性的：若要自訂傳送給使用者的電子郵件，請選取自訂電子郵件，並在提供的文字區中編輯內容。

4. 完成時，請按一下傳送。這時會顯示訊息，以確認正在傳送電子郵件。
5. 您邀請的人員會收到一封郵件，其中包括的鏈結會引導他們完成登入程序。他們第一次登入時，畫面會顯示授權合約。受邀的作者必須按一下接受，才能完成登入程序。
6. 在新使用者登入之後，您可在「作用中使用者」區段中看到他們前次登入 Cast Iron Express 的詳細資料。
7. 必要時，您可以按一下「前次登入」欄位旁邊的刪除圖示，來刪除使用者。

上層主題：[Cast Iron Express 入門](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/intro_ManagingUsers.html

Cast Iron Express 說明中心

當您登入 Cast Iron® Express® 時，包含一系列有用資源的「說明中心」，可協助您瞭解並使用產品中的可用函數。

「Cast Iron Express 說明中心」包含下列資訊：

- 「新增功能」詳細資料
- 一系列短片指導教學
- 記載的指導教學
- 常見問題 (FAQ) 區段

您可以隨時按一下「說明」圖示，來開啟「說明中心」。下列畫面擷取顯示「說明」圖示和功能表選項：



您可以按一下頁面右上方的關閉圖示，來關閉「說明中心」區段。

您也可以從說明功能表選項中存取「Cast Iron Express 資訊中心」。

上層主題：[Cast Iron Express 入門](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/intro_UsingTheHelpSection.html

新增函數至 Express 帳戶

您可以要求其他函數，來自訂 Cast Iron® Express® 帳戶。您可以選取一個以上可用的函數套件，來增加帳戶的功能。

登入您的 Cast Iron Express 帳戶。

根據您選取的額外函數，您可能需要付費，才能取得部分函數套件。您會重新導向至「IBM® 軟體」及服務線上網站，您可以在這裡新增 Cast Iron Express 產品項目至您的購物籃。出現提示時，請以 IBM 使用者 ID（必須在 Cast Iron Express 登入名稱之外另外配置）登入。

訂購程序結束時，請記錄確認號碼以供日後參考。

重要：付款系統會在新的視窗中開啟。因此，您必須確保 Web 瀏覽器沒有封鎖跳現視窗。

程序

1. 若要查看可用套件的清單，請按一下附加程式。

可用的函數套件包括：

- 對映函數。定義轉換，以操作在移入目標端點之前先從來源端點對映的資料。
- 內部部署支援。在本端系統與遠端系統之間提供連續的同步化。
- 協同作業。邀請其他使用者在您的 Cast Iron Express 帳戶中協助建立及管理整合。

每一個套件詳述內含的函數，以及是否有免費的試用。您可以使用一次的免費試用，來體驗函數如何加強您的商業應用程式。

2. 若要選取所有額外函數，請按一下嘗試全部 90 天。若要在免費 90 天試用完成時繼續使用函數，您必須購買套件。
3. 若要選取個別套件，請按一下免費試用 90 天，以取得您要使用的特定函數。當僅選擇部分套件時，您無法選取嘗試全部 90 天。
4. 如果適用，請在「IBM 軟體」及服務線上網站上完成購買。
5. 提交您的新函數要求。

「附加程式」視圖會顯示您的要求狀態、您的現行套件使用情形，以及指出免費試用的剩餘時間。

上層主題：[Cast Iron Express 入門](#)

意見 | 注意事項

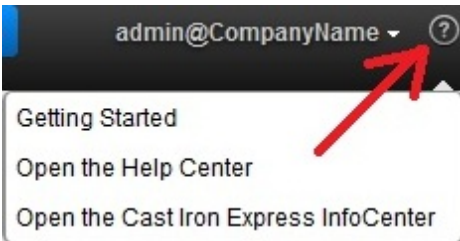
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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/intro_upgradingbyaddingmodules.html

隨時掌握 Cast Iron Express 的最新功能

您可以查看「Cast Iron® Express® 說明中心」，瞭解 Cast Iron Express 的「最新功能」。

您可以在新增最新功能時查看其詳細資料。若要開啟「說明中心」，請在「說明」圖示下按一下功能表中顯示的選項。下列畫面擷取顯示「說明」圖示和功能表：



上層主題：[Cast Iron Express 入門](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/intro_keepinguptodatewithcastironexpress.html

與 Cast Iron Express 整合

- [支援的來源和目標系統](#)
Cast Iron® Express® 提供在資料庫、FTP 伺服器、本端檔案、Dropbox 及 salesforce.com 帳戶之間整合的功能。
- [管理安全連接器](#)
為了與資料庫和 FTP 伺服器等站上系統通訊，Cast Iron Express 可讓您使用安全連接器。從「整合」頁面可管理安全連接器。
- [建立整合](#)
在 Cast Iron Express 中可以從整合頁面建立整合。
- [使用「整合」編輯器](#)
您可以使用「整合」編輯器來自訂整合的所有相關資訊。
- [複合函數](#)
複合函數是兩個不同函數的組合，其中一個函數的輸出是鏈結為後續函數的輸入。下列各主題提供建立、編輯或刪除複合函數的相關資訊。
- [函數清單](#)
Cast Iron Express 可選取在對映內使用的函數。這些函數可以用來操作所對映的欄位值，例如，變更字串內容、對數字執行數值作業，以及操作日期和時間值。
- [管理整合](#)
Cast Iron Express 會將帳戶中定義所有整合的清單顯示在「整合」頁面上。
- [監視整合活動](#)
您可以使用 Cast Iron Express 活動頁面，來查看您帳戶內所有活動的詳細資料。
- [使用率圖表](#)
使用率圖表可讓您快速識別特定租戶的最活躍整合和端點。工作成功和失敗的摘要以及整合活動細分，會以月和年圖表呈現。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations.html>

支援的來源和目標系統

Cast Iron® Express® 提供在資料庫、FTP 伺服器、本端檔案、Dropbox 及 salesforce.com 帳戶之間整合的功能。

支援的整合來源和目標配對的完整清單

下表概述您可在 Cast Iron Express 選取的各種「來源」端點。當選取「來源」端點時，只會顯示該特定「來源」端點支援的「目標」端點。

表 1. 選取的「來源」端點及對應的受支援「目標」端點

選取的「來源」端點	支援的「目標」端點
DB2®	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• salesforce.com
MySQL	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• salesforce.com
SQL Server	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• salesforce.com
Oracle	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• salesforce.com
salesforce.com	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• DB2• MySQL• SQL Server• Oracle• salesforce.com
FTP	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• salesforce.com
Local File	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• salesforce.com
Dropbox	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• salesforce.com

- [FTP 來源支援的檔案類型](#)
Cast Iron Express 支援使用 FTP 作為某些檔案類型的來源。

上層主題：[與 Cast Iron Express 整合](#)

意見 | 注意事項

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_supportedsourceandtargetsystem.html

FTP 來源支援的檔案類型

Cast Iron® Express® 支援使用 FTP 作為某些檔案類型的來源。

當選取 FTP 作為來源端點時，支援下列檔案類型：

- CSV 檔案，檔案的第一行定義其餘各行的欄位名稱。
- 其他文字檔中的文字內容會作為單一文字欄位使用。
- 二進位檔中的內容會作為單一的二進位欄位使用。

上層主題：[支援的來源和目標系統](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_SupportedFileTypesForFTPSource.html

管理安全連接器

為了與資料庫和 FTP 伺服器等站上系統通訊，Cast Iron® Express® 可讓您使用安全連接器。從「整合」頁面可管理安全連接器。

依預設，當登錄 Cast Iron Express 帳戶時，會停用「安全連接器」函數。若要使用這個額外函數，請按一下附加程式，並選取**內部部署支援套件**。如需相關資訊，請參閱[新增函數至 Express 帳戶](#)。

當您開啟「整合」頁面時，已定義的安全連接器會列示在頁面左下方。對於每一個列出的連接器，您會看到連接器的名稱及狀態。

您可以按一下刪除圖示來刪除任一個安全連接器。

- [建立安全連接器](#)
您可以從 Cast Iron Express 的「整合」頁面建立安全連接器。
- [安裝安全連接器](#)
您可以在主機系統上安裝安全連接器。
- [啟動和停止安全連接器](#)
當您安裝安全連接器時，啟動和停止安全連接器的功能表項目會新增至稱為 Cast Iron Secure Connector 1.6.2.0.0 群組中的作業系統。
- [移除安全連接器](#)
先執行停止安全連接器項目，再執行解除安裝安全連接器項目，即可從主機系統中移除安全連接器。

上層主題：[與 Cast Iron Express 整合](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html


http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_ManagingSecureConnectors.html

建立安全連接器

您可以從 Cast Iron® Express® 的「整合」頁面建立安全連接器。

依預設，當登錄 Cast Iron Express 帳戶時，會停用「安全連接器」函數。若要使用這個額外函數，請按一下附加程式，並選取**內部部署支援套件**。如需相關資訊，請參閱[新增函數至 Express 帳戶](#)。

程序

1. 當整合頁面開啟時，請按一下「新增」圖示：.
2. 輸入安全連接器的唯一敘述性名稱。
3. 按一下建立。

安全連接器會在背景中建立，完成時會顯示在「安全連接器」清單中。

下載安裝檔及配置檔，並在主機系統上安裝安全連接器。如需相關資訊，請參閱[安裝安全連接器](#)。

上層主題：[管理安全連接器](#)

意見 | 注意事項

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html


http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_creatingsecureconnector.html

安裝安全連接器

您可以在主機系統上安裝安全連接器。

限制：主機系統與目標系統必須在相同的本端網路上。

程序

1. 登入主機系統，並在 Web 瀏覽器中跳至 <http://express.castiron.com>。
2. 按一下您所要安裝安全連接器旁邊的下載圖示： 畫面上顯示對話框，內含 Windows 和 Linux 平台的安裝與配置檔的下載鏈結，以及只下載配置檔本身的選項。
3. 將相關檔案下載至主機系統，並執行安裝程式。安裝期間會提示您提供配置檔。

上層主題：[管理安全連接器](#)

意見 | 注意事項

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_InstallingASecureConnector.html

啟動和停止安全連接器

當您安裝安全連接器時，啟動和停止安全連接器的功能表項目會新增至稱為 Cast Iron® Secure Connector 1.6.2.0.0 群組中的作業系統。


您可以在「開始」功能表 (Windows)，或在「應用程式」功能表 (Linux) 中，尋找啟動和停止安全連接器的功能表項目。

重要：如果您是在 Windows 7 系統上執行安全連接器，請以管理者身分執行安全連接器。用滑鼠右鍵按一下啟動安全連接器選項，然後選擇以管理者身分執行。

啟動時，安全連接器會與您的 Cast Iron Express® 帳戶通訊，並指出它已在執行中。

提示：在 Windows 系統上安裝期間，安全連接器可以安裝為 Windows 服務。將安全連接器安裝為 Windows 服務，表示您不需要使用「開始」功能表，即可啟動安全連接器。

程序

當安全連接器啟動時，請在 Cast Iron Express 整合頁面上，按一下「安全連接器」區段中的「重新整理」圖示 。狀態會變更為「執行中」。

重新整理可以將安全連接器清單更新為最新狀態。

上層主題：[管理安全連接器](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)


<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_startingands_toppingthesecureconnector.html

移除安全連接器

先執行停止安全連接器項目，再執行解除安裝安全連接器項目，即可從主機系統中移除安全連接器。

程序

1. 在主機系統上：
 - a. 使用「開始」功能表選項停止安全連接器，停止安全連接器。
 - b. 使用「開始」功能表選項解除安裝安全連接器，解除安裝安全連接器。
2. 在「Cast Iron® Express® 的「整合」頁面上：
 - a. 按一下相關安全連接器旁邊的「刪除」圖示 。
 - b. 按一下確定。

會從 Cast Iron Express 的「整合」頁面中移除安全連接器。

上層主題：[管理安全連接器](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_removingasecureconnector.html

建立整合

在 Cast Iron® Express® 中可以從整合頁面建立整合。

登入 Cast Iron Express 帳戶，然後按一下整合。

程序

1. 從清單選擇來源。根據您的來源端點，會過濾目標清單只列出支援的系統。
2. 選擇目標。
3. 按一下新建空白整合以建立整合，並進入「整合」編輯器。

上層主題：[與 Cast Iron Express 整合](#)

意見 | 注意事項

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_creatingintegrations1.html

使用「整合」編輯器

您可以使用「整合」編輯器來自訂整合的所有相關資訊。

您可以提供整合的自訂名稱，方法為在編輯器上半部的文字欄位中輸入名稱。您可以按一下儲存，以儲存整合變更。若要關閉整合編輯器而不儲存，請按一下關閉。隨時都可以儲存整合，但必須完成之後才能執行整合。

「整合」編輯器包含三個大型畫面：

- 來源
- 轉換
- 目標

如需配置「來源」和「目標」區段的相關資訊，請參閱下列主題：

- [配置連線](#)
- [選取作業](#)
- [選取物件](#)
- [選取欄位](#)
- [設定整合](#)

程序

1. 選取來源區段。來源編輯器開啟。
 - 配置連線
 - 選取作業
 - 選取物件
 - 選取欄位配置來源時，會顯示記號以指出步驟完成。

✓ Source

2. 選取目標區段 目標編輯器開啟。
 - 配置連線
 - 選取作業
 - 選取物件
 - 選取欄位

配置目標時，會顯示記號以指出步驟完成。

✓ Target

3. 建立轉換
 - 定義對映
 - 定義函數

同時配置來源和目標端點時，「整合」編輯器會在左側顯示「來源」欄位清單，在右側顯示「目標」欄位清單。程序的步驟 3 將與轉換區段互動，以建立「來源」與「目標」之間的資料轉換。如需相關資訊，請參閱下列主題：

- [定義對映](#)
- [定義函數](#)
- [設定整合](#)

當完成轉換時，即可儲存整合，然後關閉以回到「整合」頁面。如需啟動和停止新整合的相關資訊，請參閱[管理整合](#)。

- [配置連線](#)

您必須提供整合將連接的系統連線詳細資料。必須對連線詳細資料集指定名稱，稍後可使用該名稱來識別這些連線詳細資料，以在其他整合中重複使用。
- [連接至 MySQL 資料庫](#)

若要順利連接至 MySQL 實例，安全連接器中必須安裝相關的 MySQL JDBC 驅動程式。
- [選取作業](#)

作業的選擇決定 Cast Iron Express 如何監控「來源」和「目標」端點並與之互動。對個別作業的支援可能因實作不同而不同。例如，FTP 會利用取得和放置作業，而 salesforce.com 支援更新插入和取得更新項目作業。
- [資料庫觸發程式表格](#)

使用資料庫系統做為來源時，Cast Iron Express 需要資料庫系統內建立觸發程式表格。
- [選取物件](#)

順利連接來源或目標之後，Cast Iron Express 會在系統中查詢可處理的物件。
- [選取欄位](#)

選取物件時，Cast Iron Express 會自動查詢「來源」或「目標」系統，以識別該物件內的欄位。
- [連接至 salesforce.com 時使用外部 ID](#)

連接至 salesforce.com 時，您可以配置 Cast Iron Express，在更新插入物件作業上使用外部 ID。您也可以使用外部 ID 欄位將目標 salesforce.com 物件連結至其他 salesforce.com 物件。
- [過濾來源物件](#)

Cast Iron Express 過濾功能可讓您根據「整合」頁面中顯示的欄位值，來控制從來源應用程式傳遞至整合的記錄。
- [設定整合](#)

配置「來源」和「目標」端點之後，您已準備好定義對映。瞭解資料類型之間隱含轉換的 Cast Iron 準則，對於設定整合而言十分重要。繼續之前，讓自己熟悉本節中的資訊。
- [定義對映](#)

當配置「來源」與「目標」時，您會看到左側的來源欄位清單、右側的目標欄位清單及兩欄錨點。請連接這些錨點來定義對映。

- [定義函數](#)
簡式對映可以從來源欄位複製資料，並放入目標欄位中。不過，有時需要更複雜的轉換。所有對映都有可用來定義函數的新增函數圖示。
- [配置函數](#)
您可以配置函數，以符合特定需求。作法是編輯來源欄位和參數以新增或移除來源，或是變更其顯示順序。

上層主題：[與 Cast Iron Express 整合](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_UsingTheIntegrationEditor.html

配置連線

您必須提供整合將連接的系統連線詳細資料。必須對連線詳細資料集指定名稱，稍後可使用該名稱來識別這些連線詳細資料，以在其他整合中重複使用。

就資料庫和 FTP 伺服器等內部部署系統而言，連線詳細資料需要指定安全連接器。如需相關資訊，請參閱[管理安全連接器](#)。

當填完連線詳細資料時，請按一下連接，以連接至系統來驗證連線詳細資料。「連線詳細資料」畫面頂端會顯示訊息，指出連線是否成功。

上層主題：[使用「整合」編輯器](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_ConfiguringTheConnection.html

連接至 MySQL 資料庫

若要順利連接至 MySQL 實例，安全連接器中必須安裝相關的 MySQL JDBC 驅動程式。

小心：如果 Cast Iron® Express® 偵測到安全連接器沒有可用的驅動程式，則會顯示錯誤訊息，內含如何安裝驅動程式的資訊。

程序

1. 從[這裡](#)下載驅動程式。
2. 跳至執行「安全連接器」的機器，停止「安全連接器」。
3. 將檔案複製到 *Secure Connector install root\lib\plugins*，其中 *Secure Connector install root* 是安裝「安全連接器」的目錄。例如，C:\Program Files\IBM\Secure Connector。

4. 啟動「安全連接器」。

上層主題：[使用「整合」編輯器](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

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選取作業

作業的選擇決定 Cast Iron® Express® 如何監控「來源」和「目標」端點並與之互動。對個別作業的支援可能因實作不同而不同。例如，FTP 會利用取得和放置作業，而 salesforce.com 支援更新插入和取得更新項目作業。

選取作業之前，請檢閱下列資訊，以確保您正在使用的特定端點支援您要使用的活動。

表 1. FTP 作為「來源」端點

作業	產生的活動
輪詢目錄	每隔 30 秒監視一次選擇的檔案是否有更新項目。

表 2. 資料庫 (MySQL、SQL Server、DB2®、Oracle) 作為「來源」端點

作業	產生的活動
取得插入的列	從資料庫表格中擷取最近插入的項目，並觸發整合。
取得更新的列	從資料庫表格中擷取最近修改的項目，並觸發整合。
取得刪除的列	從資料庫表格中傳遞最近刪除的項目，並觸發整合。

表 3. 資料庫 (MySQL、SQL Server、DB2、Oracle) 作為「目標」端點

作業	產生的活動
插入列	根據流經整合的資料建立資料庫項目。
更新列	根據流經整合的資料修改資料庫項目。
刪除列	根據流經整合的資料刪除資料庫項目。

表 4. salesforce.com 作為「來源」端點

作業	產生的活動
取得刪除的物件	從 salesforce.com 傳遞最近刪除之選定類型的物件，並觸發整合。
取得更新的物件	從 salesforce.com 傳遞最近修改之選定類型的物件，並觸發整合。

表 5. salesforce.com 作為「目標」端點

作業	產生的活動
建立物件	根據流經整合的資料建立物件項目。
更新物件	根據流經整合的資料修改物件項目。

作業	產生的活動
更新插入物件	根據流經整合的資料更新及/或插入物件項目。
刪除物件	根據流經整合的資料刪除物件項目。

上層主題：[使用「整合」編輯器](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_SelectingAnOperation.html

資料庫觸發程式表格

使用資料庫系統做為來源時，Cast Iron® Express® 需要資料庫系統內建立觸發程式表格。

當啟動的整合第一次使用資料庫中的表格時，Cast Iron Express 會通知使用者需要建立此觸發程式表格。畫面上會顯示資訊對話框，說明需要什麼並提供兩個鏈結。其中一個鏈結會嘗試連接至資料庫，並代表使用者自動建立觸發程式表格。使用此方法表示配置在整合中的連線詳細資料，包括資料庫系統中用以建立表格的必要權限。如果配置的使用者沒有必要的權限，則會顯示第二個鏈結來提供建立所需表格的 DDL 文件。

此文件鏈結可傳送給資料庫管理者，以代表使用者建立必要的表格。

限制：Cast Iron Express 緩衝區表格使用下列欄位名稱：

- IH_PK
- IH_OPERATION_NAME
- IH_FLAG

因此，當您建立專屬的表格時，不會支援這些欄位名稱，因為它們與觸發程式機制相互衝突。

上層主題：[使用「整合」編輯器](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/DatabaseTriggerTables.html>

選取物件

順利連接來源或目標之後，Cast Iron® Express® 會在系統中查詢可處理的物件。

物件可以是 FTP 伺服器上的檔案、資料庫綱目和表格，或是 salesforce.com 物件。所有可用的物件以樹狀結構呈現，可供導覽至想要進行整合的物件。

「來源」或「目標」系統可能隨時變更。例如，新的自訂物件可能新增至連接的 salesforce.com 帳戶、新的表格可能新增至資料庫綱目，或新的檔案已上傳至 FTP 伺服器。

1. 若要選擇要使用的物件，請從可用清單選取物件。
2. 若要重新整理物件清單，請在「可用的物件」區段中按一下重新整理圖示 。

上層主題：[使用「整合」編輯器](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_SelectingAnObject.html

選取欄位

選取物件時，Cast Iron® Express® 會自動查詢「來源」或「目標」系統，以識別該物件內的欄位。

物件內的欄位可能為：

- CSV 檔中的記錄。
- 表格中的直欄。
- salesforce.com 物件中的欄位。

欄位會顯示在清單中，且每一個欄位名稱旁邊都有勾選框。


註：來源端點是 FTP 伺服器時，在「可用的欄位」畫面上會有額外的選項，而您可以在此畫面中指定 Cast Iron Express 如何解譯選取的檔案。這些選項如下：

- 分隔字元。這個字元是識別用來區隔檔案內的個別欄位。
- 引號字元。這個字元是識別用來括住可能跨多行的欄位值。
- 檔案具有標頭列勾選框。這決定 Cast Iron Express 是否將檔案的第一列處理為標頭列。
- 標底列數目。這會決定檔案底端要忽略的列數。比方說，如果檔案包含總計或摘要。

部分欄位由「目標」系統標示為選用，部分欄位會標示為必要。例如，您必須提供名稱，才能使用 salesforce.com 建立帳戶物件。Cast Iron Express 會預先選取這些必要欄位，並停用該欄位的勾選框，以防止取消選取。這些欄位的名稱後面會標示星號 (*)。

其他欄位可能為選用但常用：Cast Iron Express 會預先選取這些欄位以節省時間，但您可以變更這些選擇。

註：欄位清單上方提供全選和全部清除鏈結。

「來源」或「目標」系統可能隨時變動；新的自訂欄位可能新增至連接的 salesforce.com 帳戶、新的直欄可能新增至資料庫表格，或新的檔案格式上傳至 FTP 伺服器。在可用的欄位區段中按一下重新整理圖示 ，可以重新整理給定的物件的欄位清單。

完成欄位選擇之後，請按一下完成按鈕。

現在已定義完成「來源」或「目標」，您會回到主要整合概觀。「來源」或「目標」以綠色勾號標示為完成 

上層主題：[使用「整合」編輯器](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

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連接至 salesforce.com 時使用外部 ID

連接至 salesforce.com 時，您可以配置 Cast Iron® Express®，在更新插入物件作業上使用外部 ID。您也可以使用外部 ID 欄位將目標 salesforce.com 物件連結至其他 salesforce.com 物件。

您可以根據其他系統產生的 ID 或索引鍵值，使用外部 ID 來識別 salesforce.com 中的物件。salesforce.com 管理者可以將外部 ID 欄位新增至 salesforce.com 物件。如需相關資訊，請參閱您的 salesforce.com 文件。

選取 salesforce.com 物件時，Cast Iron Express 會自動查詢目標系統，以識別該物件內的欄位。

- [搭配使用外部 ID 與更新插入作業](#)

在 salesforce.com 中，當選取更新插入作業時，您可以在「可用的欄位」區段中選擇要使用的外部 ID。

- [搭配使用外部 ID 與相關物件](#)

在 salesforce.com 中，當選取建立或更新插入作業時，您可以使用外部 ID 欄位將目標物件連結至其他物件。例如，根據 Account 物件中定義的外部 ID 欄位值，Contact 物件可以連結至 Account 物件。

上層主題：[使用「整合」編輯器](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_overviewexternalids.html

搭配使用外部 ID 與更新插入作業

在 salesforce.com 中，當選取更新插入作業時，您可以在「可用的欄位」區段中選擇要使用的外部 ID。

程序

1. 在 salesforce.com 目標編輯器中，從「作業」功能表中選取更新插入物件選項。
2. 在「可用的欄位」區段中，從做為外部 ID 功能表選擇必要的外部 ID。
3. 按一下完成。

上層主題：[連接至 salesforce.com 時使用外部 ID](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_externalids.html

搭配使用外部 ID 與相關物件

在 salesforce.com 中，當選取建立或更新插入作業時，您可以使用外部 ID 欄位將目標物件連結至其他物件。例如，根據 Account 物件中定義的外部 ID 欄位值，Contact 物件可以連結至 Account 物件。

程序

1. 在 salesforce.com 目標編輯器中，從「作業」功能表選取建立物件或更新插入物件選項。
2. 在「可用的欄位」區段中，選取連接至預期物件的欄位。那些包含已定義外部 ID 的欄位，會在「類型」直欄中顯示選項清單。從清單選取所需的外部 ID 欄位。
3. 按一下完成。

上層主題：[連接至 salesforce.com 時使用外部 ID](#)

意見 | 注意事項

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_externalidrelatedobjects.html

過濾來源物件

Cast Iron® Express® 過濾功能可讓您根據「整合」頁面中顯示的欄位值，來控制從來源應用程式傳遞至整合的記錄。

對於此作業，您可以使用「整合」頁面，將搜尋準則指定給擷取自來源應用程式的內容。「整合」頁面的「來源」區域中，每一個欄位旁邊都會緊接著顯示過濾器圖示：

當您按一下過濾器圖示時會顯示蹦現視窗，讓您設定參數以控制整合所處理的資料。您可以在來源欄位上指定單一或多個過濾器。例如，您可能只想要擷取值超出特定金額且產生自另一個國家/地區的銷售訂單，而不是擷取所有現行銷售訂單。

程序

1. 若要過濾來源物件，請按一下「整合」頁面的「來源」區域中的物件。這時會顯示與來源物件相關的欄位清單。
2. 在來源欄位的清單中，尋找想要過濾的欄位，然後按一下它旁邊的過濾器圖示。這時會顯示「過濾器」蹦現視窗。您在「整合」視窗中選取的欄位會顯示在「過濾器」視窗中。
3. 在「過濾器」視窗的新增過濾器區段中，按下拉功能表，然後選取過濾選項。
可用的選項為：
 - 等於
 - 不等於
 - 小於
 - 大於
 - 在範圍內
4. 在文字欄位中，輸入過濾器參數。
5. 按一下新增。新的過濾器會顯示在「過濾器」視窗的陰影化區域中。
6. 若要將其他過濾器新增至來源欄位，請重複之前的步驟。

- 若要控制如何將多個過濾器套用至來源欄位，請使用「比對的過濾器」按鈕。如果您想要將任何過濾器參數用於來源，請按一下任何。如果您想要全部過濾器都套用至來源欄位，請按一下任何按鈕，將它切換為全部。
- 當完成時，請按一下關閉。

「整合」頁面上來源欄位旁邊的過濾器圖示會加上綠色陰影，指出已定義過濾器。

上層主題：[使用「整合」編輯器](#)

修改過濾器

您也可以使用「整合」頁面來修改現有的過濾器設定，或刪除過濾器。

程序

- 按一下「整合」頁面中來源欄位旁邊的綠色過濾器圖示。這時會顯示「過濾器」視窗。
 - 若要修改特定的過濾器，請跳至過濾器定義，然後按一下編輯。這時會顯示過濾器參數。請使用下拉功能表和文字欄位，以修改過濾器設定。完成時，請按一下儲存。
 - 若要刪除過濾器，請跳至您要刪除的過濾器，然後按一下它旁邊的刪除圖示。
- 按一下關閉，即可回到「整合」頁面。

已修改的過濾器會顯示在「過濾器」視窗的陰影化區域中。如果您已刪除過濾器，則它會從「過濾器」視窗中移除，而且來源欄位旁邊的過濾器圖示顏色不再是綠色。

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_filtering.html

設定整合

配置「來源」和「目標」端點之後，您已準備好定義對映。瞭解資料類型之間隱含轉換的 Cast Iron® 準則，對於設定整合而言十分重要。繼續之前，讓自己熟悉本節中的資訊。

當您使用「整合」編輯器來定義對映時，會看到來源和目標欄位清單以及兩欄錨點。請連接這些錨點來定義對映。如需對映的相關資訊、有效資料類型的詳細資料，以及如何轉換資料類型，請參閱[定義對映](#)。

下表顯示資料類型間之隱含強制轉型的特定準則。「來源」直欄可指定對映轉換中所使用的來源資料。「目標」直欄可顯示衍生的目標。「註解」直欄提供所選取作業的任何必要相關資訊。

表 1. 資料類型之間強制轉型的 Cast Iron Express® 準則。

來源	目標	註解
任何	字串	所有資料類型都轉換為字串。
任何	布林	"T"、"t"、"true"、"TRUE"、"tRuE"、"1" 和類似項目都會強制轉型為 "TRUE"。其他則會強制轉型為 "FALSE"。

來源	目標	註解
字串	數字	將含有數值表示法的字串（例如 "10" 或 "3.14"）轉換為十進位數類型。 註： 未包含數字的字串會在處理來源資料時導致失敗。
字串	整數	將含有整數數值表示法的字串（例如 "10"）轉換為整數類型。未包含整數的字串會在處理來源資料時導致失敗。使用者可以使用「捨入」、「上限」或「下限」函數從十進位數字串轉換為整數類型，來避免此狀況。
數字	整數	將十進位數（例如 10 或 3.14）轉換為整數。針對非整數，會以相同方式自動轉換值，就像使用者已套用「捨入」函數一樣。使用者可以使用「捨入」、「上限」或「下限」函數，對轉換施行更特定的控制。

上層主題：[使用「整合」編輯器](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_settingupintegration.html

定義對映

當配置「來源」與「目標」時，您會看到左側的來源欄位清單、右側的目標欄位清單及兩欄錨點。請連接這些錨點來定義對映。

每一個欄位旁邊會緊接著顯示錨點：●

請在錨點之間繪製連線，將來源欄位對映至目標欄位。


對映會以下列三種顏色的其中一種來顯示：

綠色

指出來源與目標資料類型相符，且對映有效。




琥珀色

指出資料類型不符，但可能會從某種資料類型自動轉換為另一種資料類型。例如，數值資料類型可以自動轉換為字串。在此情況下，右側的「結果」直欄中會顯示警告圖示 。按一下此圖示，即可查看警告的詳細資訊。



紅色

指出由於資料類型不相容，來源欄位無法對映至目標欄位。您無法儲存具有紅色對映的任何整合。在此情況下，右側的「結果」直欄中會顯示錯誤圖示 。按一下此圖示，即可查看錯誤的詳細資訊。



程序

若要繪製連線，請按一下選擇的來源錨點，再按一下想要的目標錨點，或將來源錨點拖放到目標錨點上。

繪出兩個欄位之間的連線。這表示當整合執行且接收來源系統的資料時，來源欄位的值會維持原樣地複製到目標欄位。Cast Iron® Express® 會從左側的「來源」系統提供範例資料，並將此範例資料移入右側「目標結果」直欄中的對映結果。

上層主題：[使用「整合」編輯器](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_definingthe_mappings.html

定義函數

簡式對映可以從來源欄位複製資料，並放入目標欄位中。不過，有時需要更複雜的轉換。所有對映都有可用來定義函數的新增函數圖示。

依預設，當登錄 Cast Iron® Express® 帳戶時，會停用此函數。若要使用這個額外函數，請按一下附加程式，並選取對映函數套件。如需相關資訊，請參閱[新增函數至 Express 帳戶](#)。

按一下「新增函數」圖示  可開啟可用的函數清單。函數是根據下列種類來分組：

- 字串
- 數學
- 布林
- 日期
- 公用程式

如需這些函數的相關資訊，請參閱[名詞解釋](#)。

程序

按一下必要函數。對映中會插入函數方框。

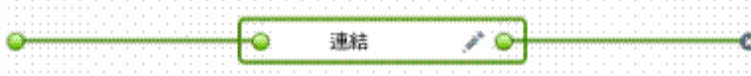
範例

此範例顯示簡單的「字串長度」函數。




右側的「結果」直欄也會更新來反映函數結果，而非簡單複製。

部分函數的可配置性更強，可以接受多個輸入欄位。例如，下列畫面擷取顯示「連結」函數。



其他來源欄位可以連接至函數左側的錨點，如下列畫面擷取所示。



「連結」函數也有配置選項，按一下「編輯」圖示  即可顯示。您可以變更輸入順序，並指定「連結」函數的配置選項，例如 prefix、defaultDelimiter 及 postfix。

按一下套用來儲存您的變更。右側的「目標結果」直欄會更新。

限制：如果結果太長而無法顯示在畫面上，則會截斷。按一下截斷的結果，可在工具提示中看到完整結果。

上層主題：[使用「整合」編輯器](#)

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_DefiningTheFunctions.html





配置函數

您可以配置函數，以符合特定需求。作法是編輯來源欄位和參數以新增或移除來源，或是變更其顯示順序。

依預設，當登錄 Cast Iron® Express® 帳戶時，會停用此函數。若要使用這個額外函數，請按一下附加程式，並選取對映函數套件。如需相關資訊，請參閱[新增函數至 Express 帳戶](#)。

請完成下列步驟，以指定連結和其他函數的配置選項。

程序

1. 在「整合」頁面上，按一下想要編輯的整合。該整合會顯示在整合編輯器中，而先前選取的欄位會顯示在轉換視圖中。
2. 在轉換視圖中，按一下來源物件欄位上的錨點，然後按一下目標物件上的欄位，來對映欄位。這時會顯示「新增函數」圖示 。
3. 按一下「新增函數」圖示 ，以檢視可用函數的清單。這時會出現顯示可用函數清單的「配置函數」蹦現視窗。
4. 在「配置函數」視窗中，按一下想要套用至對映的函數。如果函數允許或需要配置其他資訊，則會顯示「編輯」圖示 。
5. 按一下「編輯」圖示。這時會出現顯示來源欄位和參數的「編輯來源欄位」視窗。
6. 若要編輯來源欄位，請按一下「編輯來源欄位」視窗中的列，而此列包含您想要編輯的來源欄位。即會強調顯示此欄位。
 - a. 若要刪除來源欄位，請按一下「刪除」圖示 。
 - b. 若要上下移動來源欄位，請按一下「上移」或「下移」箭頭。
7. 完成時，請按一下套用。
8. 在「整合」頁面上，按一下儲存以儲存對整合所做的變更。

即會儲存您的編輯。

如果您是使用函數複合，請參閱[複合函數](#)。

上層主題：[使用「整合」編輯器](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_configuringt
hefunctions.html

複合函數

複合函數是兩個不同函數的組合，其中一個函數的輸出是鏈結為後續函數的輸入。下列各主題提供建立、編輯或刪除複合函數的相關資訊。

依預設，當登錄 Cast Iron® Express® 帳戶時，會停用此函數。若要使用這個額外函數，請按一下附加程式，並選取對映函數套件。如需相關資訊，請參閱[新增函數至 Express 帳戶](#)。

- [使用複合函數](#)

您可以將函數新增至現有複合、變更複合順序，以及刪除函數。

上層主題：[與 Cast Iron Express 整合](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_compositefu
nctions.html


使用複合函數


您可以將函數新增至現有複合、變更複合順序，以及刪除函數。

依預設，當登錄 Cast Iron® Express® 帳戶時，會停用此函數。若要使用這個額外函數，請按一下附加程式，並選取對映函數套件。如需相關資訊，請參閱[新增函數至 Express 帳戶](#)。

請完成下列步驟，以將函數新增至現有的複合函數。

程序

1. 在整合頁面上，按一下想要編輯的整合。該整合會顯示在「整合」編輯器中，而先前選取的欄位會顯示在「轉換」視圖中。
2. 在「轉換」視圖中，從來源物件按一下欄位的錨點，然後按一下目標物件上欄位的錨點。這時會顯示「新增函數」圖示。
3. 按一下「新增函數」圖示，以檢視可用函數的清單。這時會出現顯示可用函數清單的「配置函數」蹦現視窗。

4. 在「配置函數」視窗中，按一下想要套用至對映的函數。如果函數允許編輯，或需要配置其他資訊，則會在其旁邊顯示「編輯」圖示 。
5. 按一下「編輯」圖示。這時會顯示含有「編輯組合」、「編輯來源欄位」和「編輯參數」視窗區段的蹦現視窗。
註：
 - 「編輯組合」視窗區段顯示可用的複合函數。
 - 「編輯來源欄位」視窗區段定義第一個複合函數的來源（輸入）。
 - 「編輯參數」視窗區段顯示您在「編輯組合」區段中所選取複合的已配置參數。
6. 在「編輯組合」視窗區段中，按一下連結。這時會出現顯示可用連結函數參數清單的下拉功能表。
7. 從下拉功能表中選取參數。這時會使用您選取的項目來更新視窗。
8. 按一下套用。這時會更新複合函數。
9. 在「整合」頁面上，按一下儲存以儲存整合。

這時會使用新的函數來更新複合函數。

註：因為 **subsequent** 函數接收到單一輸入，所以無法選擇需要兩個以上輸入的函數作為 **subsequent** 複合函數。此外，不容許嘗試在複合內建立複合函數，而且複合函數不會顯示為選項。




上層主題：[複合函數](#)

編輯組合函數

您也可以編輯組合來移動、刪除或變更函數的順序。

請完成下列步驟，以刪除或移動複合函數。

程序

1. 在整合頁面上，按一下想要編輯的整合。該整合會顯示在「整合」編輯器中，而先前選取的欄位會顯示在「轉換」視圖中。
2. 在「轉換」視圖中，從來源物件按一下欄位的錨點，然後按一下目標物件上欄位的錨點。這時會顯示「新增函數」 圖示。
3. 按一下「新增函數」圖示。這時會出現顯示可用函數清單的「配置函數」視窗。
4. 在「配置函數」視窗中，按一下想要套用至對映的函數。如果函數允許編輯，或需要配置其他資訊，則會在其旁邊顯示「編輯」圖示 。
5. 按一下「編輯」圖示。這時會顯示含有「編輯組合」、「編輯來源欄位」和「編輯參數」視窗區段的蹦現視窗。
6. 在「編輯來源欄位」，選取要刪除或移動的函數。請使用  圖示，或「上移」和「下移」箭頭來刪除函數，或將它上下移動。函數的來源（輸入）會修改或移至其新位置。
7. 完成時，請按一下套用。
8. 在「整合」頁面上，按一下儲存以儲存整合。

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_workingwith_composites.html

函數清單

Cast Iron® Express® 可選取在對映內使用的函數。這些函數可以用來操作所對映的欄位值，例如，變更字串內容、對數字執行數值作業，以及操作日期和時間值。

依預設，當登錄 Cast Iron Express 帳戶時，會停用此函數。若要使用這個額外函數，請按一下附加程式，並選取對映函數套件。如需相關資訊，請參閱[新增函數至 Express 帳戶](#)。

表 1. 字串函數. 此表格列出和說明字串函數

對映函數	說明
連結	接受兩個以上的引數，並將它們強制轉型為字串。傳回轉換之後為其引數值連結的字串。使用者也可以配置字首和（或）字尾字串，以及將在每一個引數之間插入的定界字元。
長度	傳回等於引數值長度（以字元為單位）的整數。如果引數值是空序列，則會傳回整數 0。
小寫	將每個字元轉換為其小寫對應項目（定義於 Unicode 標準的適當大小寫對映小節中）之後，傳回引數值。
大寫	將每個字元轉換為其大寫對應項目（定義於 Unicode 標準的適當大小寫對映小節中）之後，傳回引數值。
取代	傳回透過下列作業所取得的字串：將輸入中符合所提供型樣的每一個非重疊子字串，取代為出現的取代字串。
開始於	傳回布林結果，指出第一個引數值的開頭是否為第二個引數的值。
字串	傳回以字串形式代表的引數的值。此值可以用來將數值資料類型強制轉型為字串，以防止對映顯示警告。
子字串	傳回在第二個引數值所指出位置開始的第一個引數值的部分，並持續第三個引數的值所指出的字元數。若為子字串，只有一個欄位作為函數的「輸入」。不過，若為函數，起始索引和長度值是配置於函數對話視窗中。在現有文字（和所有其他說明）中， <i>引數</i> 用於這兩種狀況中。
修整	傳回含有空格的引數值，該值是透過下列方式正規化：刪除前置和尾端空格，並將一系列一個以上空格字元取代為單一空格。

表 2. 數學函數. 此表格列出和說明數學函數

對映函數	說明
絕對值	傳回數字的數值（或模數），而不考慮其正負號。
平均值	傳回輸入順序中值的平均值（即值的總和除以值的數目）。
上限	傳回不小於 X 的最小整數。

對映函數	說明
除	傳回第一個引數除以第二個引數的結果值。
下限	傳回不大於 X 的最大整數。
格式	<p>format-number 函數會將它的第一個引數轉換為字串，方法為使用第二個引數所指定的格式型樣字串，以及第三個引數所指定的十進位格式，或是預設十進位格式（如果沒有第三個引數）。</p> <p>第二個參數的格式選項如下：</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 - 數字 • # - 數字（零顯示為不存在） • . - 小數點的位置。例如：###.## • , - 千位群組分隔字元。例如：###,###.## • % - 以百分比顯示數字。例如：##% • ; - 型樣分隔字元。第一個型樣會用於正數，第二個則是用於負數 <p>第三個參數的十進位格式可協助本地化數字，而且可以使用下列選項：</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 - 數字 • # - 數字（零顯示為不存在） • . - 小數點或貨幣小數點 • - - 減號 • , - 分組分隔字元 • E - 以科學記號表示法區隔假數與指數。字首或字尾中不需要加上引號 • ; - 區隔正數與負數子型樣 • % - 乘上 100，並以百分比顯示 • \u2030 - 乘上 1000，並以千分比值顯示 • ¤ (\u00A4) - 貨幣符號，取代為貨幣符號。如果加倍，則取代為國際貨幣符號。如果出現在型樣中，則會使用貨幣小數點，而不是小數點 • ' - 用來括住字首或字尾中的特殊字元。例如，'#'# 將 123 格式化為 #123。若要建立單引號本身，請連續使用兩個：# o'clock
上限	傳回傳遞為引數的節點的最大值。
下限	傳回傳遞為引數的節點的最小值。
模數	傳回模數，或第一個引數除以第二個引數之後的餘數值。
乘	傳回所有引數相乘的值。
數字	將引數轉換為十進位。
捨入	傳回最接近引數且沒有小數部分的數字。如果有兩個這類數字，則會傳回最接近正無限大的數字。
減	傳回第一個引數減去第二個引數的值

對映函數	說明
總和	傳回將引數中的值相加而取得的值。

表 3. 布林函數. 此表格列出和說明布林函數

對映函數	說明
布林	計算引數的有效布林值。
非	如果有效布林值為 false，則傳回 true，如果有效布林值為 true，則傳回 false。

表 4. 日期函數. 此表格列出和說明日期函數

對映函數	說明
日期時間 (日期)	第一個引數必須為日期格式，而第二個引數是時間格式。結果是引數中同時具有日期和時間的 DateTime 格式。
日期到字串 (日期)	<p>第二個引數是顯示如何格式化日期/時間的字串。下列重要字元會取代為日期/時間的各部分：</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • yy - 年份的後兩位數。例如，1986 中的 86 • MM - 兩位數的月份 • dd - 兩位數的日期 • HH - 兩位數的小時 • mm - 兩位數的分鐘 • ss - 兩位數的秒鐘 <p>例如，如果已使用下列輸入參數呼叫「格式日期字串」函數：</p> <p>dateTime : 2012-02-22T16:18:00.852-08:00</p> <p>格式字串 : MM/dd/yyyy</p> <p>語言環境字串 : en_US</p> <p>將傳回下列字串 : 02/22/2012。</p> <p>如需「日期到字串」函數的相關資訊，請參閱 Studio 說明小節中的「格式化日期字串」主題。</p>
調整到時區 (日期)	<p>轉換 TimeDate 以保留特定時區，或轉換為無。例如，套用的時區是第二個引數：</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • -10H - 減去 10 小時的時區 • +5H30M - 加上 5 小時 30 分鐘的時區 • 0H - 0 小時的時區

表 5. 公用程式函數. 此表格列出和說明公用程式函數

對映函數	說明
複合	鏈結一系列函數。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/Integrations_ListOfFunctions.html

管理整合

Cast Iron® Express® 會將帳戶中定義所有整合的清單顯示在「整合」頁面上。

此清單包含每一個整合的名稱、前次更新整合的日期和時間，以及執行前次變更的登入名稱。

也會顯示整合的現行狀態：

- 執行中。整合會繼續執行，直到停止。
- 已停止。依預設，當定義整合時，狀態為已停止。您必須按一下已停止，才能執行整合。當整合狀態顯示為已停止時，不會對目標系統進行更新。

您可以按一下刪除圖示來移除整合。您必須先確認刪除，然後才能採取任何動作。

- [修改整合](#)
您可以隨時在「整合」頁面按一下清單中的名稱來修改整合。
- [刪除整合](#)
您可以隨時從整合頁面刪除整合。

上層主題：[與 Cast Iron Express 整合](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_ManagingIntegrations.html

修改整合

您可以隨時在「整合」頁面按一下清單中的名稱來修改整合。

「整合編輯器」會顯示前次儲存的整合。您可以變更整合的配置，但「來源」和「目標」系統類型除外。

使用者可以變更

- 「來源」或「目標」系統的整合「連線」詳細資料名稱。
- 用於與「來源」和「目標」系統連接的作業。
- 與整合互動的物件。
- 整合所使用的欄位清單。
- 「來源」和「目標」系統之間的轉換。

完成時，請按一下儲存。如果整合處於「執行中」狀態，則會先停止，然後更新並重新啟動

上層主題：[管理整合](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)


file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_ModifyingIntegrations.html

刪除整合

您可以隨時從整合頁面刪除整合。

程序

1. 按一下刪除圖示 
2. 按一下確定。如果整合在「執行中」狀態，則會先停止，然後刪除。

上層主題：[管理整合](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_DeletingIntegrations.html

監視整合活動

您可以使用 Cast Iron® Express® 活動頁面，來查看您帳戶內所有活動的詳細資料。

活動頁面會顯示許多不同類型的事件：

- 整合建立、修改及刪除。
- 整合所執行的工作。工作是從「來源」系統傳過來資料的單一實例，經過轉換，然後推送至「目標」系統。
- 詳述帳戶潛在問題的警示。比方說，如果執行中的整合沒有可用的安全連接器，則會顯示警示，指出必須先啟動安全連接器，才能執行任何工作。

您可以按一下頁面頂端的三個按鈕，來過濾「活動」資訊來源。選項包括：

- 所有活動，在一份清單中顯示所有不同類型的活動訊息。
- 整合活動，只顯示與系統中執行的工作有關的活動訊息。
- 警示，只顯示可能需要使用者介入的警告和錯誤。

「活動」頁面會先顯示最近的訊息。

此清單在每次「活動」頁面開啟時會自動更新，且每隔 60 秒會在背景中自動更新，以確保提供最新的資訊。

意見 | 注意事項

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_MonitoringIntegrationActivity.html

使用率圖表

使用率圖表可讓您快速識別特定租戶的最活躍整合和端點。工作成功和失敗的摘要以及整合活動細分，會以月和年圖表呈現。

從整合頁面中，按一下圖表圖示來開啟圖表顯示畫面：



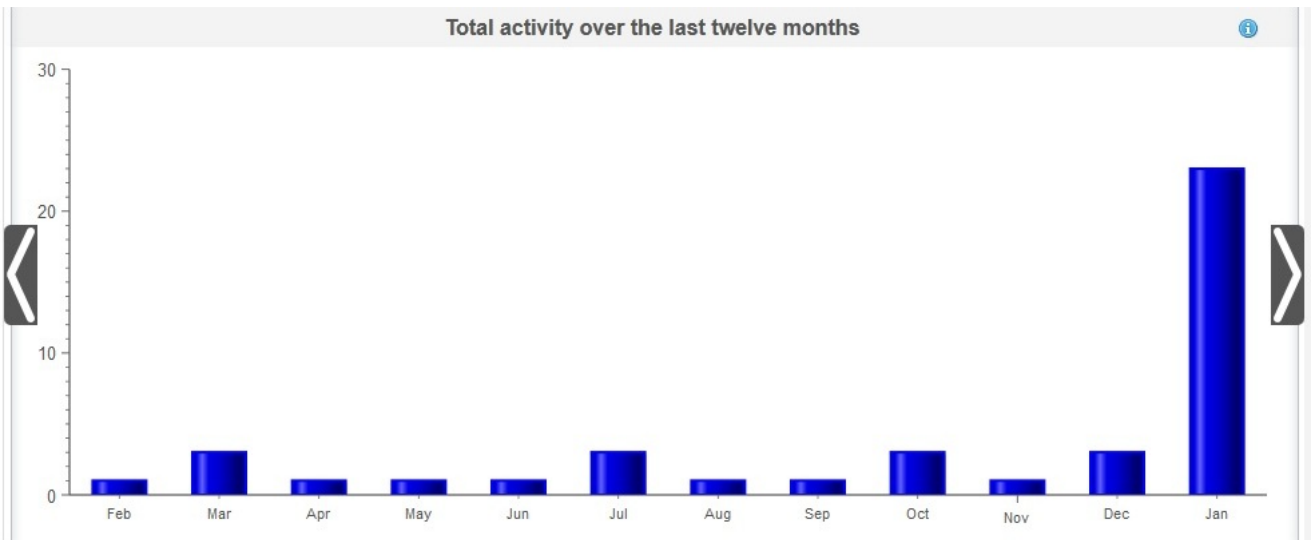
若要關閉使用率圖表顯示畫面，請再次按一下圖表圖示。

您可以使用左移及右移箭頭，來捲動各種使用率圖表：

- 過去三十天前幾個最為活躍的整合
- 過去三十天前幾個最為活躍的端點
- 過去十二個月活動總計

每 60 秒會重新整理使用率圖表中所顯示的資訊。

過去十二個月活動總計圖表的範例會顯示在下列畫面擷取中：



過去三十天前幾個最為活躍的整合

此圖表提供在過去 30 天期間已處理大部分工作之整合的相關資料。前十個整合會以活動順序顯示在圖表中：最活躍整合是在圖表的頂端，並往下遞減，而最不活躍整合則在圖表的底端。針對前十個整合的每一個整合，圖表會

進一步細分成功工作（以綠色條欄代表）和失敗工作（以紅色條欄代表）的總數。按一下綠色或紅色條欄，即可查看其他詳細工作資訊。

過去三十天前幾個最為活躍的端點

此圖表提供在過去 30 天期間已處理大部分工作之端點的相關資料。圖表會將最活躍的端點顯示在頂端。針對每一個端點，圖表會進一步細分成功工作（以綠色條欄代表）和失敗工作（以紅色條欄代表）的總數。按一下綠色或紅色條欄，即可查看其他詳細工作資訊。

過去十二個月活動總計

此圖表提供特定租戶在最後 12 個月期間發生之所有整合活動的視圖。所有在最後 12 個月發生的整合活動都會以月間隔顯示。按一下特定條欄，以取得該月之成功和失敗呼叫細分的其他詳細資料。

上層主題：[與 Cast Iron Express 整合](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/integrations_utilizationch arts.html

指導教學

下列指導教學提供如何建立整合的範例。您可以使用這些資訊，在 Cast Iron® Express® 帳戶內快速建立整合。

- [指導教學：建立本端檔案與 salesforce.com 的整合](#)
您可以建立並執行與 IBM® Cast Iron Express 的整合。此指導教學說明如何建立從本端檔案到 salesforce.com 帳戶的整合。您可以在單次作業中快速定義整合，並上傳您的資料。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/tutorials.html>

指導教學：建立本端檔案與 salesforce.com 的整合

您可以建立並執行與 IBM® Cast Iron® Express® 的整合。此指導教學說明如何建立從本端檔案到 salesforce.com 帳戶的整合。您可以在單次作業中快速定義整合，並上傳您的資料。

步驟 1：建立整合

在登入 Cast Iron Express 之後，請按一下整合。當「整合」視圖開啟時，選取您的來源與目標端點來建立整合。

提示：當建立及定義整合時，您可能想要定期按一下儲存。因此，如果您遭遇 Web 瀏覽器問題，或由於閒置而登出 Cast Iron Express，則您的工作將不會失去。

對於此指導教學，請選取本端檔案作為「來源」，以及 salesforce.com 作為「目標」。

Create

To start building an integration, choose your source and target endpoints from the selection below, then click the 'New Blank Integration' button

Source

Local File

Target

salesforce.com

New Blank Integration

按一下「目標」選項下顯示的新建空白整合。

這時會顯示大綱整合，必須在其中定義「來源」、「轉換」及「目標」。數字指出整合定義順序：

1. 定義來源端點
2. 定義目標端點
3. 將來源端點中的資料路徑對映至目標端點來定義轉換

Local File to salesforce.com Save Close

1 Source Edit **3 Transformation** **2 Target** Edit

Step 1: Define the Source ✕

Click on the title bar or the number to expand the source definition pane, fill in the details for the connection you want to use, and select to object and fields that you would like to integrate.

Step 3: Map the Data ✕

The middle panel is used to map the data between the source and target that you've selected. Come back to this step once you have filled in the Source and Target to complete your integration.

Step 2: Define the Target ✕

Click on the title bar or the number to expand the target definition pane, fill in the details for the connection you want to use, and select to object and fields that you would like to integrate.

步驟 2：配置端點

在來源標頭中，按一下編輯。

來源端點配置視圖即會開啟。

按一下選取檔案，並選擇您要從中上傳資料的本端檔案。檔案必須是以定界字元區隔的檔案。

對於此指導教學，我們正在使用名稱為 *accounts.csv* 的檔案。

此檔案包含部分帳戶資訊，並包括一個稱為 "id" 的欄位，可唯一識別檔案中的每一筆帳戶記錄。這裡包括所使用 *accounts.csv* 檔案的內容：

```
id,name,streetAddress,city,postcode,phoneNumber
0,AcmeCo,10 Downing Street,London,SW1A 2AA,02012345678
1,MyOtherCompany,221b Baker Street,London,SW2B 3FG,020654321
```

1 Source

Step 1: Upload File

Select a file from your local File System below. Your file will then be uploaded to our servers, and you will be able to begin selecting what fields to use.

accounts.csv [Change](#)

Load Fields >

如果想要選取不同的檔案，請按一下變更。

按一下載入欄位，並驗證自動產生關於所選取檔案的詳細資料。例如，檔案中使用的定界字元。

對於此指導教學，*accounts.csv* 檔案會使用逗點作為定界字元。另外，剩餘的欄位可以保留其預設值。

Local File to salesforce.com **Save**

1 Source **Done**

Step 1: Upload File

Select a file from your local File System below. Your file will then be uploaded to our servers, and you will be able to begin selecting what fields to use.

accounts.csv [Change](#)

Load Fields >

Available Fields

Separator character * ⓘ
Comma (,)

Quote character ⓘ
Single quote (')

File has header row ⓘ

Number of footer rows ⓘ
0

Continue

按一下繼續，以顯示所選取檔案內的所有可用欄位。

1 Source Done

Step 1: Upload File

Select a file from your local File System below. Your file will then be uploaded to our servers, and you will be able to begin selecting what fields to use.

accounts.csv [Change](#)

Load Fields >

Available Fields Select All | Clear All

Separator character * File has header row

Quote character Number of footer rows

Continue

Field	Type	Sample Data
...	Record	...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> id	string	0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> name	string	AcmeCo
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> streetAddress	string	10 Downing Street
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> city	string	London
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> postcode	string	SW1A2AA
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> phoneNumber	string	02012345678

選取您要從中上傳資料的欄位。依預設，會選取所有欄位。

對於此指導教學，我們正在使用所有選取的欄位。

完成時，請按一下完成。

會針對此整合定義來源端點。

您會回到整合概觀，而且這時會顯示選取的「來源」欄位。

Local File to salesforce.com Save Close

Source Edit

Field	Type	Sample
File		...
Record		...
id	xy	0
name	xy	AcmeCo
streetAddress	xy	10
city	xy	London
postcode	xy	SW1A 2AA
phoneNumber	xy	0201234

3 Transformation

Step 3: Map the Data ✕

The middle panel is used to map the data between the source and target that you've selected. Come back to this step once you have filled in the Source and Target to complete your integration.

2 Target Edit

Step 2: Define the Target ✕

Click on the title bar or the number to expand the target definition pane, fill in the details for the connection you want to use, and select to object and fields that you would like to integrate.

現在您可以定義目標端點。

在目標標頭中，按一下編輯。輸入登入 salesforce.com 所需的認證。

這些認證即會進行驗證，如果正確，您會登入 salesforce.com 帳戶。會列出您可在整合中使用的可用商業物件。

對於此指導教學，從物件清單中選取 Account。Account 物件的說明會呈現在「可用的欄位」區段中，其會顯示 Account 物件中的所有欄位。

註：您可以從本端檔案選取感興趣，而且想要與資料一起載入的欄位。您不必整合整個物件，只需整合定義的必要欄位。

使用「作業」選項，為您的整合指定所想要資料作業的環境定義。

對於此指導教學，請選取更新物件作為作業。當整合執行中時，它會自動更新 salesforce.com 中選取的「帳戶」欄位。

選取下列畫面擷取中顯示的必要「帳戶」欄位：

2 Target

Existing Connections

Operations: Update objects

Connection information

Name *

Username *

Password *

Security token *

Connect

Available Objects

- Account
- AccountContactRole
- AccountFeed
- AccountHistory
- AccountPartner
- AccountShare
- ActivityHistory
- AdditionalNumber
- AggregateResult
- ApexClass
- ApexComponent
- ApexLog
- ApexPage
- ApexTrigger
- Approval
- Asset
- AssetFeed
- AssignmentRule
- AsyncApexJob
- Attachment
- BrandTemplate
- BusinessHours

Available Fields Select All | Clear All

Field	Type
Id *	tns:ID
IsDeleted	xsd:boolean
MasterRecordId	SalesForce.ct
Name	xsd:string
Type	xsd:string
ParentId	SalesForce.ct
BillingStreet	xsd:string
BillingCity	xsd:string
BillingState	xsd:string
BillingPostalCode	xsd:string
BillingCountry	xsd:string
ShippingStreet	xsd:string
ShippingCity	xsd:string
ShippingState	xsd:string
ShippingPostalCode	xsd:string
ShippingCountry	xsd:string
Phone	xsd:string

完成時，請按一下完成。

會針對此整合定義目標端點。

您會回到整合概觀。這時會以 salesforce.com 中選取的「目標」欄位更新整合。

Source			Transformation	Target		
Field	Type	Sample		Field	Type	Result
File		...		Account		
Record		...		Account		
id	xy	0	●	Id *	xy	[↻]
name	xy	AcmeCo	●	Name	xy	[↻]
streetAddress	xy	10	●	BillingStreet	xy	[↻]
city	xy	London	●	BillingCity	xy	[↻]
postcode	xy	SW1A 2AA	●	BillingPostalCode	xy	[↻]
phoneNumber	xy	02012345	●	Phone	xy	[↻]

在整合概觀中，現在您可以同時看到準備對映的來源及目標欄位。

步驟 3：定義轉換

若要完成整合，您必須將欄位從來源對映至目標。

根據需要，連接來源及目標欄位。對於每一個來源欄位，請按一下錨點，然後按一下對應的目標欄位錨點。

在此指導教學中，您會將來源欄位中的資料對映至目標欄位，如下列畫面擷取所示。您不需要對資料定義函數。

Source			Transformation	Target		
Field	Type	Sample		Field	Type	Result
File		...		Account		
Record		...		Account		
id	xy	0	● — (+) — (x)	Id *	xy	0 [↻]
name	xy	AcmeCo	● — (+) — (x)	Name	xy	Acm... [↻]
streetAddress	xy	10	● — (+) — (x)	BillingStreet	xy	10 ... [↻]
city	xy	London	● — (+) — (x)	BillingCity	xy	Lon... [↻]
postcode	xy	SW1A 2AA	● — (+) — (x)	BillingPostalCode	xy	SW... [↻]
phoneNumber	xy	02012345	● — (+) — (x)	Phone	xy	020... [↻]

在關於轉換的指導教學中，涵蓋如何定義函數及更複雜的轉換。

輸入代表整合的有意義名稱。例如，Local File Accounts to salesforce.com Account。

Local File Accounts to salesforce.com Account	Save	Close
---	------	-------

按一下儲存來儲存已完成的整合。然後，按一下關閉以回到「整合」視圖。

「整合」視圖列出所有已定義的整合及其現行狀態。

Integrations

Name	Updated	Status	Actions
Local File Accounts to salesforce.com Account <small>LOCAL FILE SALESFORCE.COM</small>	Sep 11, 2012 12:41:37 PM by admin@CompanyName	Stopped	<input type="button" value="Run"/>  accounts.csv Change

步驟 4：執行整合


既然已定義整合，您必須執行整合，將來源端點中的資料複製到目標端點。

按一下您所建立整合右側顯示的執行。

即會執行整合，而且可透過單次作業，將資料從您定義的來源本端檔案上傳至定義的目標 salesforce.com 物件。

整合狀態會變更為執行中：

Integrations

Name	Updated	Status	Actions
Local File Accounts to salesforce.com Account <small>LOCAL FILE SALESFORCE.COM</small>	Sep 11, 2012 12:41:37 PM by admin@CompanyName	Running...	<input type="button" value="Run"/>  accounts.csv Change



您可以按一下活動 > 整合活動，以檢視最近的 Cast Iron Express 整合活動。這時會顯示活動，而且最新的活動會位於清單頂端。

對於此指導教學，下列畫面擷取顯示已完成的整合詳細資料。

12 All Activity	4 Integration Activity	0 Alerts
Integration Local File Accounts to salesforce.com Account completed Job 8211C9A1B1A89AC337CB654A34E64B42 at 2012-09-08 13:40:19.728 08 September 2012 14:40:21		

若要驗證是否順利完成整合，請跳至目標系統並檢查是否已傳來資料。

當整合完成時，順利完成整合的確認通知也會立即顯示在視圖的下半部。

 Integration Local File Accounts to salesforce.com Account completed Job 8211C9A1B1A89AC337CB654A34E64B42 at 2012-09-08 13:40:19.728 

上層主題：[指導教學](#)

意見 | 注意事項

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/tut_creatinglocalfileintegration.html

名詞解釋

本名詞解釋包含 Cast Iron® Express® 的術語及定義。

- **組合 (Bundles)**
組合是指端點的集合。
- **連線 (Connection)**
可共同用來建立與來源或目標之間連線的內容集 (DB 使用者名稱、密碼、伺服器、埠等)。
- **端點 (Endpoint)**
代表外部系統的內容，例如資料庫伺服器、FTP 伺服器、電子郵件系統，或是企業應用程式。這可以作為「整合設備」的資料來源，或者「整合設備」的處理目標。
- **欄位 (Fields)**
物件/表格/檔案的內容 (視環境定義而定)。
- **函數 (Functions)**
用於操作資料的簡式 XSLT 樣式函數。例如 move、concat、not 或 max。
- **整合 (Integration)**
處理活動 (如資料對映、轉換及控制邏輯活動)、端點，以及使用 Cast Iron Express 所定義及配置資料類型的特定順序。
- **作業 (Operations)**
在轉換期間已使用的動作。在來源端，這些動作為過去式，例如已建立、已更新、已刪除或已更新並插入。在目標端，這些動作為主動語態，例如建立、更新、刪除或更新並插入。
- **來源**
位於整合左側的原始端點。
- **目標**
位於整合右側的目標端點。
- **轉換 (Transformation)**
將進行中的資料從來源格式轉換成目標格式的程序定義。這可能 (也可能不) 包括查閱、過濾及函數。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/glossary.html>

組合 (Bundles)

組合是指端點的集合。

上層主題：[名詞解釋](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/glossary_bundles.html

連線 (Connection)

可共同用來建立與來源或目標之間連線的內容集（DB 使用者名稱、密碼、伺服器、埠等）。

上層主題：[名詞解釋](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/glossary_connection.html

端點 (Endpoint)

代表外部系統的內容，例如資料庫伺服器、FTP 伺服器、電子郵件系統，或是企業應用程式。這可以作為「整合設備」的資料來源，或者「整合設備」的處理目標。

上層主題：[名詞解釋](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/glossary_endpoint.html

欄位 (Fields)

物件/表格/檔案的內容（視環境定義而定）。

- 表格的欄位是直欄名稱
- 物件的欄位是其內容名稱

上層主題：[名詞解釋](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/glossary_fields.html

函數 (Functions)

用於操作資料的簡式 XSLT 樣式函數。例如 move、concat、not 或 max。

上層主題：[名詞解釋](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

整合 (Integration)

處理活動（如資料對映、轉換及控制邏輯活動）、端點，以及使用 Cast Iron® Express® 所定義及配置資料類型的特定順序。

上層主題：[名詞解釋](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/glossary_integration.html

作業 (Operations)

在轉換期間已使用的動作。在來源端，這些動作為過去式，例如已建立、已更新、已刪除或已更新並插入。在目標端，這些動作為主動語態，例如建立、更新、刪除或更新並插入。

上層主題：[名詞解釋](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/glossary_operations.html

來源

位於整合左側的原始端點。

上層主題：[名詞解釋](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/glossary_source.html

目標

位於整合右側的目標端點。

上層主題：[名詞解釋](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/glossary_target.html

轉換 (Transformation)

將進行中的資料從來源格式轉換成目標格式的程序定義。這可能（也可能不）包括查閱、過濾及函數。

上層主題：[名詞解釋](#)

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.omniapps.doc/glossary_transformation.html

About the Cloud

About the Cloud topics provide general information about the IBM® WebSphere® Cast Iron® Cloud.

- [About Environment Dashboards](#)
- [About the Cloud](#)
- [Contacting Technical Support](#)
- [Navigating the Management Console](#)

The Management Console is a web-based tool that allows you to manage and monitor the various systems and resources of your integration environment. This environment can be a physical Integration Appliance or an environment in the WebSphere Cast Iron Cloud.

- [Support Information](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/About_the_Cloud/toc_about_the_cloud.html

About Environment Dashboards

An environment dashboard provides multiple snapshot views of project configurations and jobs, a list of unresolved critical system errors, and an overall project configurations summary, and status of Secure


Connectors. The Dashboard also allows you to search for orchestration jobs by job key. The Search box is located in the Results section of the dashboard.

To expand the views of the Critical Alerts and Secure Connector Summary, click the icon in the upper right corner. An expanded view of Project Configuration is available by selecting Repository > Configurations from the navigation pane. An expanded view of Results is available by selecting Repository > Job Log from the navigation pane.

A dashboard is available for each environment in a multi-environment cloud. The information the dashboard displays is specific to its environment.

Parent topic: [About the Cloud](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/About_the_Cloud/aboutDashboard.html

About the Cloud

The IBM® WebSphere® Cast Iron® Cloud (Cloud) administrator provisions a tenant for your organization and can create multiple environments for you to deploy your projects in. The Cloud administrator also provides a username and password for the tenant administrator.

After the tenant, and any environments are created, it is the tenant administrator that creates users and groups, and manages environments in the tenant.

Cloud Tenants

The IBM WebSphere Cast Iron Cloud (Cloud) supports multiple organizations (tenants). Each cloud tenant is managed by a tenant administrator. The tenant administrator creates and manages users and groups, for a specific cloud tenant.

Contact Cast Iron Systems for a tenant administrator login. After the Cast Iron administrator creates a tenant, the administrator sends you the tenant administrator login and cloud URL.

Cloud Environments

The Cloud supports multiple environments for each tenant. The environments allow you to stage project development or isolate project development.

For example, you can have a Development, Staging, and Production environment. These environments display as tabs in the Cloud Web Application. While the Cloud administrator, not the tenant administrator, creates these environments for each tenant, it is the tenant administrator that grants permissions to individual users/groups for each environment.

Note: Some connectors require you to install 3rd party libraries before you can deploy a project to an environment. In a multi-environment tenant, verify that the environment to which you deploy a project has all

required libraries installed.

Note: To use Studio Verify in a multi-environment tenant, you must specify the environment from which Studio will retrieve connector libraries.

For example, SAP libraries are installed in the Development environment and Production environment. You specify the Development environment in your user profile. When you execute Studio Verify for your SAP project, Studio uses the libraries in the Development environment. You can then chose to deploy your project to the Development environment or Production environment.

To specify the environment from which Studio Verify retrieves connector libraries:

1. Click your username, located in the upper right corner of the console. The User Profile dialog is displayed.
2. Click Change Libraries Environment.
3. Select a libraries environment from the list.
4. Click Save.

Studio Cloud

In addition to the desktop version of Studio, you can launch and work with the Studio directly in the Cloud. This cloud version of Studio (Studio Cloud) allows you to create and deploy projects from the cloud.

Functionally, Studio Cloud is similar to Studio Desktop with a few differences listed here:

- The Recently Opened Project option is not available in Studio Cloud.
- The Save Remotely toolbar is not available in Studio Cloud, but is available in Studio Desktop when you are logged in to the Cloud.
- For Studio Cloud, when you select Save As Project [Cloud] or Rename Project [Cloud], the wizard does not display the location on the local file system where the wizard saves a project.
- Instead of a New Project option, Studio Cloud has a New Project Local option. The new option creates a new project on the local file system.
- Instead of a Open Project option, Studio Cloud has an Open Project Local option. The new option opens a project from the local file system.
- Instead of the Save Project option, Studio Cloud has two new options, which depend on whether you are logged in. If you are logged in, the Save Project [Cloud] options saves projects to the cloud. If you are not logged in, Save Project [Local] saves the project locally.
- Instead of the Save As option, Studio Cloud has a Save As to Local option.
- In Studio Cloud, you can select the Save As To Cloud option, which saves a copy of a project to the cloud.
- Instead of Rename Project, Studio Cloud has two new options, which depend on whether you are logged in. If you are logged in, the Rename Project [Cloud] option renames the project locally and remotely. If you are not logged in, the Rename Project [Local] option only renames the project locally.

Cloud TIPs Wizard

You can now access the TIP Wizard in the Cloud. The TIP Wizard steps you through an integration project template to help you quickly build your own integration project.

The Cloud Management Console allows you to search all the templates available in the Solutions Repository. When search results are returned, a check mark in the Certified column of the Solutions page identifies templates that Cast Iron has tested and certified. User rating information is also available in the Template Details pane. The final step in the TIP Wizard allows you to rate the template.

To launch the TIP Wizard:

1. In the cloud, select the Create tab. The Solutions page is displayed.


2. In the Search Templates by keyword(s) field, enter a keyword. For example: SAP.
3. Click Search. All templates that match the keyword display.
Note: You can select the Advanced Search option to filter templates by first endpoint or second endpoint.
4. Click the appropriate template. The Templates Details pane is displayed.
5. Click the Create a Project Based on this Template link.

Secure Connector

The Secure Connector allows you to access the cloud using endpoints that sit behind your internal firewalls and transfers data using a secure protocol.

Parent topic: [About the Cloud](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html


http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/About_the_Cloud/aboutTheCastIronCloud.html

Contacting Technical Support

Submit technical support issues through the [IBM® Support Page](#).

Parent topic: [About the Cloud](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/About_the_Cloud/contactingTechnicalSupport.html

Navigating the Management Console

The Management Console is a web-based tool that allows you to manage and monitor the various systems and resources of your integration environment. This environment can be a physical Integration Appliance or an environment in the WebSphere® Cast Iron® Cloud.

The navigation pane on the left of the Management Console displays a menu of pages that allow you to view, configure, and take actions on various systems and resources.


The back and forward buttons on browsers do not allow you to move through the Management Console pages in the order which you opened them. Use the back and forward arrows in the top right corner of the

Management Console to move through the Management Console pages in the order you opened them.

The user that is currently logged in is also displayed in the top right corner. Click the username to open the User Profile window.

Parent topic: [About the Cloud](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/About_the_Cloud/navigatingMgmtConsole.html


Support Information

The Support Information page provides information about your cloud space. Specifically, the page displays the version and ID of the cloud your tenant or tenants and environments are running on.

This page also provides the environment ID information you must specify while you are installing a Secure Connector.

Parent topic: [About the Cloud](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/About_the_Cloud/supportInformation.html

Managing Cloud Instances

Managing Cloud Instances topics provide information about installing 3rd party libraries and scheduling downtimes.

- [Downloading and Installing SAP JAR Files and DLLs](#)
- [Installing Vendor Supplied Libraries](#)
- [Scheduling Downtime](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

Downloading and Installing SAP JAR Files and DLLs

Before you begin

You must have an SAP User ID and password to enter the SAP Support Portal to download the files.

About this task

In order to connect to an SAP system, you must install SAP DLLs and JAR files onto your development environment.

To download and install the SAP jar files and DLLs:

1. Contact SAP Technical Support to obtain the zip files for the following SAP Components:
 - o If the secure connector is running on Windows:
 - SAP 32 bit JCo version 3.0.10 or later versions - Windows
 - SAP Java IDoc Class Library 3.0.10 or later versions
 - o If the secure connector is running on Linux:
 - 32 bit SAP JCo 3.0.10 or later versions - Linux (for Intel compatible processors)
 - SAP Java IDoc Class Library 3.0.10 or later versions
2. Unzip the SAP JCo zip file:
 - o Double-click the `sapjdoc30P_x-1000xxxx.zip` file.
 - o Use the decompression tool to extract the contents of the compressed file to a temporary directory. This zip file contains another zip file `sapjco3-NTintel-3.0.x.zip`. Extract this zip also to a temporary directory, for example, in Windows: `C:\temp\sapjco3-NTintel-3.0.x`. This directory contains the required libraries `sapjco3.jar` and `sapjco3.dll`. For example in Linux: `/tmp/sapjco-linuxintel-3.0.x`. This directory contains the required libraries `sapjco3.jar` and `libsapjco3.so`.
3. Unzip the SAP IDoc JCo zip file:
 - o Double-click the `sapjdoc30P_x-1000xxxx.zip` file.
 - o Use the decompression tool to extract the contents of the compressed file to a temporary directory, for example, `C:\temp\sapjdoc30P_x-1000xxxx`. This directory contains the required library `sapidoc3.jar`.

Procedure

1. Log on to the Management Console and select System > Connectors. The Connectors page is displayed.
2. Click Update Libraries. The Update Connector Libraries window is displayed.
3. Select SAP in the Connector column.
4. Click the plus (+) button and repeat the following substeps until you have imported all the jar files you just downloaded.
 - a. Locate one of the jar files you just downloaded.
 - b. Click Open to import the jar file. The file displays in the Files to Add column.
5. Click Update.

The files that display in the Files to Add column are not committed until you click Update. If you click Reset before you click Update, the Management Console does not add the files you uploaded. If the


Management Console times out before you click Update and commit the added files, repeat the last two steps.

Results

You can now run SAP projects.

Parent topic: [Managing Cloud Instances](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Managing_Integration_Appliances/downloadingInstallingSAPfiles.html

Installing Vendor Supplied Libraries

About this task

If your integration project uses a connector that requires additional libraries, you must install the additional libraries before you deploy the project configuration. Deploying the project configuration before installing the additional libraries generates runtime errors. For a complete list of connectors that require vendor supplied libraries, open the Update Connector Libraries page. See the following procedure.

If you have a multi-environment tenant, you must install the 3rd party libraries in each environment where you deploy a project configuration with a connector that requires the additional libraries.

For example, you have a tenant with three environments: Development, Staging, and Production. You publish a project configuration for an SAP endpoint in the Development and Production environments. Before you can deploy the project configuration, you must install additional SAP libraries on both the Development and Production environments.

Procedure


1. Click an environment tab.
2. Select System > Connector Libraries to open the Update Connector Libraries page.
3. In the Connector column, select the connector for which you want to install additional files.

Any files that have already been installed display in the Installed Files column.

4. Click the (+) icon and select the library file or files to upload. In the cloud, .jar and .dll are valid library files types. The files you select display in the Files to Add column.
5. Click Update.

The files that display in the Files to Add column are not committed until you click Update. If you click Reset before you click Update, the Cloud Management Console does not add the files you uploaded. If the Cloud Management Console times out before you click Update and commit the added files, repeat the last two steps.

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Managing_Integration_Appliances/installing3rdPartyLibraries.html

Scheduling Downtime

About this task

Scheduling downtime allows you to perform maintenance on an environment or related system. You can create downtime rules for project configurations that stop or suspend all enabled orchestration jobs in that project configuration for a specified duration of time. The project configuration does not have to be undeployed to create or edit a downtime rule. Downtime rules can occur once or repeat at specific intervals. You must have administrator or publisher permissions to create, edit, or delete a downtime rule.

By default, downtime rules are stored in GMT time zone. If an administrator modifies the system clock from GMT to another time zone, downtime rules are executed at the same absolute time. For example: You create a downtime rule to stop all orchestration between 4:00pm - 4:15pm GMT. The administrator then modifies the system clock to display PDT. Your downtime rule is modified to now stop all orchestration between 8:00am - 8:15am PDT. To execute the downtime rule at 4:00pm - 4:15pm PDT, you must edit the downtime rule. Times differences caused by daylight savings are automatically adjusted.

If the environment is offline when a downtime rule is scheduled to occur, all unexecuted rules are identified and executed in the appropriate order when the environment returns online. After all the backlogged downtime rules are executed, you regain control to modify the deployment state of a project configuration.

Procedure

1. From the Navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configurations page is displayed.
2. Click the project configuration, which contains the downtime rule you want to work with. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
3. In the Scheduled Downtimes section, click New Rule. The New Downtime Rule dialog box is displayed.
4. Select one of the following actions from the list:
 - o **Stop (allows jobs to finish)** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting while allowing current jobs to finish processing. This action allows all jobs to end.
 - o **Stop (cancel running jobs)** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting and stops all currently running jobs. This action immediately stops all jobs.
 - o **Suspend** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestrations from starting and pauses any jobs that are currently running. At the end of the scheduled downtime, the runtime processes the suspended job from the point it paused.
5. Specify the duration of the downtime by specifying a date and time for Start Downtime and End Downtime.
6. Optional: Select the Repeat option to create a repeat downtime rule.
 - a. Specify a repeat interval (numeric value).

- b. Specify frequency from the list: Days, Weeks, Months, or Years.
7. Click Save.

Results

The new downtime rule displays in the Scheduled Downtimes section and the Scheduled Downtime counter increases by one.

Parent topic: [Managing Cloud Instances](#)

Edit Downtime Rules

Procedure

1. From the Navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configurations page is displayed.
2. Click the project configuration, which contains the downtime rule you want to work with. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
3. In the Scheduled Downtime section, click the downtime rule you want to edit. The Edit Downtime Rule is displayed.
4. Select one of the following actions from the list:
 - o **Stop (allows jobs to finish)** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting while allowing current jobs to finish processing. This action allows all jobs to end.
 - o **Stop (cancel running jobs)** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting and stops all currently running jobs. This action immediately stops all jobs.
 - o **Suspend** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestrations from starting and pauses any jobs that are currently running. At the end of the scheduled downtime, the runtime processes the suspended job from the point it paused.
5. Specify the duration of the downtime by specifying a date and time for Start Downtime and End Downtime.
6. Optional: Select the Repeat option to create a repeat downtime rule.
 - a. Specify a repeat interval (numeric value).
 - b. Specify frequency from the list: Days, Weeks, Months, or Years.
7. Click Save.


Deleting Downtime Rules

Procedure

1. From the Navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configurations page is displayed.
2. Click the project configuration, which contains the downtime rule you want to work with. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
3. In the Scheduled Downtime section, select the downtime rule you want to delete. The Delete Rules confirmation window is displayed.
4. Click Yes.

Results

The downtime rule no longer displays.


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Managing Orchestrations

Managing Orchestrations topics provide information about editing orchestration settings and exporting job reports.

- [About Orchestration Settings](#)
Orchestration settings allow you to configure properties for individual orchestrations in a project configuration. For each orchestration you can specify whether the orchestration is enabled, the logging levels, logging behavior, and the maximum number of jobs that the orchestration can simultaneously run.
- [Editing Orchestration Settings](#)

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About Orchestration Settings

Orchestration settings allow you to configure properties for individual orchestrations in a project configuration. For each orchestration you can specify whether the orchestration is enabled, the logging levels, logging behavior, and the maximum number of jobs that the orchestration can simultaneously run.


When a project configuration is undeployed you can edit the following orchestration settings:

Orchestration Settings	Description
Enabled	Indicates whether an orchestration is enabled and can be deployed. At least one orchestration in a project configuration must be enabled to deploy a project configuration. By default, all orchestrations in a project configuration are enabled.

Orchestration Settings	Description
Logging Level	<p>Allows you to specify the level of orchestration details that are logged in the System Logs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None - Orchestration status and activity are not logged. • Initial Values - Only the initial values of orchestration variables are logged. • Initial and Error Values- Both the initial values of orchestration variables and orchestration errors are logged. • Error Values- Only orchestration errors are logged. • Inline - Orchestration job details are logged for suborchestrations inline with the job details of the calling orchestration. • All- The highest level of logging. All orchestration activity is logged.
Log Synchronously	<p>Allows the runtime to synchronize the writing of orchestration events to the orchestration monitoring logs as the orchestration is running.</p> <p>By default, this orchestration setting is disabled and orchestration jobs are not synchronously logged.</p> <p>Note: When you enable this orchestration setting, the time it takes to process an orchestration job increases.</p>
Max Simultaneous Job	<p>Allows you to specify the number of orchestration jobs that can run simultaneously.</p>

Parent topic: [Managing Orchestration](#)

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Editing Orchestration Settings

Before you begin



To edit orchestration settings, the project configuration must be undeployed.

Tenant administrators, environment administrators (for the environment where the project is published), and publisher of a project can edit its orchestration properties.

About this task

Note: If you grant project configuration permissions to a group, the users in that group will have full access to the project configuration- the user will be able to create new versions of the project configuration, as well as edit and delete the project configuration.

Procedure


1. Select the environment tab, where the project configuration is published.
2. From the navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configuration page is displayed.
3. If the project configuration you want to edit is running, stop the project configuration by clicking the  Stop icon in the Actions column. When the Stop Configuration dialog box displays, click one of the following options:
 - o **Finish Jobs** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting while allowing current jobs to finish processing. Allow the jobs to end.
 - o **Cancel Jobs** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting and stops all currently running jobs. This action immediately stops all jobs.
4. Undeploy the project Configuration, by clicking the  Undeploy icon in the Action Column.
5. Click the project configuration you want to edit. The Configuration Details page displays.
6. In the Orchestration section, click Edit to edit the orchestration settings. The Edit Orchestration Settings window is displayed.
7. Click Save.
8. Deploy the project configuration to begin processing orchestration jobs.

Results

The updates you made display in the Orchestration section of the Configuration Details page and the runtime processes the orchestration as specified.

Parent topic: [Managing Orchestrations](#)

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Managing Projects

Managing Projects topics provide information about creating, managing, and deploying integration projects.

- [About Naming Projects and Configurations](#)
- [About Project Configurations](#)
- [About Projects](#)
- [Cloning Project Configurations](#)
- [Copying Projects](#)
- [Creating Projects From Scratch](#)
- [Creating Projects From a Template](#)
- [Deleting Project Configurations](#)

- [Deleting Projects](#)
- [Deploying Project Configurations](#)
- [Editing Project Configuration Properties](#)
- [Editing Projects](#)
- [Publishing Projects](#)
- [Push WSDL from Cast Iron Project to API Management](#)
- [Push REST API \(Swagger\) from Cast Iron Project to API Management](#)
- [Reviewing TIPs](#)
- [Stopping Project Configurations](#)
- [Uploading Project Configurations](#)
- [Working with Project Configurations](#)

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About Naming Projects and Configurations


Project and project configuration names cannot be longer than 42 characters. When you create a project or project configurations avoid using the following list of reserved characters.

Reserved Characters	Description
' & '	ampersand
' { ' ' } ' ' [' '] ' ' < ' ' > '	any brackets
' * '	asterisk
' \ '	backslash
' ^ '	caret
' : '	colon
' \$ '	dollar sign
' / '	forward slash
' # '	number sign
' () '	parenthesis
' '	pipe
' . '	period
' ? '	question mark
' ; '	semicolon
' ' '	space

Reserved Characters	Description
' ~ '	tilde

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

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About Project Configurations

Project configurations allow you to create multiple variations of the same integration project, so you can create and publish one project and deploy it to many different scenarios. Within a project configuration you can specify which orchestrations are enabled, modify configuration properties for endpoints, generate or modify assets, manage scheduled downtime rules, and control permissions for the project configuration.

Each project you publish has a Default project configuration. In the Management Console, you can create additional project configurations. The project name, project version, configuration name, and project state uniquely identify each project configuration.

You must have Administrator privileges or be the publisher of the specific project to create, edit, and delete project configurations. Administrators and publishers can grant users and groups permissions that allow them to create, edit, and delete project configurations.

Enabling and Disabling Orchestrations

The runtime only runs orchestration jobs for enabled orchestration. Before you can deploy a project configuration, the project configuration must contain at least one enabled orchestration. By default, all orchestrations are enabled.

Specifying the orchestration logging level allows you to control the type of orchestration errors that are written to the system logs. The Management Console also allows you to limit the number of jobs that run simultaneously. The number of jobs that run simultaneously can affect performance.

You must have administrator or publisher permissions to specify orchestration properties.

Understanding Configuration Properties

You create these configuration properties for a project in Studio. For more information about creating project properties and specifying a project version, see the Studio online help.

When you publish the project, you can specify values for the configuration properties. The values you specify for the configuration properties determine how the project is deployed. For example, in a project that contains database endpoints, you can create properties for database connection parameters. This allows you to create a project configuration for a test environment connecting to a test database and then use the same project to create another project configuration for a production environment that connects to another database.

You must have administrator or publisher permissions to edit configuration properties in the Management Console.

Modifying Assets

If your project configuration contains a database or WebServices endpoint, you must generate assets before you can deploy the project configuration. If your project does not contain a database or WebServices endpoint, assets are irrelevant to your project configuration.

You must have administrator or publisher permissions to generate or modify assets.

Scheduling Downtimes

Scheduling downtime allows you to perform maintenance. You can create downtime rules for project configurations that stop or suspend all enabled orchestration jobs in that project configuration for a specified duration of time. The project configuration does not have to be undeployed to create or edit a downtime rule. Downtime rules can occur once or repeat at specific intervals.

You must have administrator or publisher permissions to create, edit, or delete a downtime rule.


Editing Project Configuration Permissions

As an administrator or project publisher, you can grant permissions for project configurations to other users and groups. When you grant users or groups permissions to a project configuration they are able to create, edit, and delete the project configuration. By default, permissions to project configurations are granted to only the Administrator Group. If you want to grant permissions to another group you must explicitly do so.

For example, you are a user with publisher rights and belong to the built-in Publisher group. You publish a project. Only the Administrator Group and you have permissions to the project configuration. Members of the Publisher group, of which you are a member, do not have permissions to the project configuration. You must edit the permission on the project configuration to include another group like Publisher. For more information, see [Granting Project Configuration Permissions](#).

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

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About Projects

Projects contain components that the runtime needs to execute an integration scenario: orchestrations, endpoints, maps, and other documents. Use Studio to create and test projects without being connected to an integration environment.

Multiple people can publish multiple projects to the same integration environment. Use Studio to publish projects to an integration environment or export projects to a staging location. You can later use the


Management Console to upload the exported project. You must have Administrator or Publisher privileges to publish or upload a project to the integration environment.

When you publish a project from Studio, the Management Console displays the project with default project settings; creating a default project configuration. You can clone this default project configuration to create new project configurations, which you can configure for separate development and production environments.

Use the Studio to create projects and specify endpoint configurations properties and then use the Management Console to specify project configurations and deploy project configurations.

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Cloning Project Configurations

Before you begin


You must have Administrator privileges or be the publisher of a project to clone project configurations.

About this task

Project configurations contain properties and assets that you can configure in the Management Console to create multiple variations of the same integration project. When you create a new configuration you can choose to clone an existing project configuration. A cloned project configuration inherits all the configurations from the original project configurations. However, if you edit the original configuration project, the changes are not propagated to the cloned project.

Note: The project configuration you clone does not display on the Favorites view, unless you explicitly add the project configuration to the view.

Procedure


1. From the Navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configurations page is displayed.
2. From the Configuration Filter list, select All. All project configurations display.
3. Locate the project configuration you want to clone.
4. Click the Clone icon . The Create Project Configuration dialog box is displayed.
5. Provide a unique name for the new project configuration.
6. Click OK.

Results

The cloned project configuration is displayed on the Project Configurations page. The cloned project has all the same project configuration details as the original project configuration.

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Copying Projects

About this task

The Management Console allows you to copy a project by assigning a new version number to an existing project.

Procedure


1. Click the Modify tab. The Projects page is displayed.
2. Click the project you want to copy. The Copy Project dialog is displayed.
3. Enter a new project version. The version number can contain a decimal.
4. Click Save.

Results

The copy of the project is displayed in alphabetical order in the Projects page.

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Creating Projects From Scratch

About this task

You can create a project from scratch in the cloud.

Procedure

1. Click the Create tab. The Solutions page is displayed.
2. Click Create One From Scratch. The Create Project dialog box is displayed.
3. Specify a unique project name.
4. Click Save. The project displays in the Projects page of the Modify tab.


Results

You can now take edit, publish, delete or copy your project. Select the project to view the project details and assign permissions to your project. If you do assign permissions, click Save to save your updates.

Project details include the environment to which the project configuration was published, a timestamp of the last time you published the project, and the current state of the project configuration. For example: deployed.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

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Creating Projects From a Template

About this task

You can create a project from a template. Templates are stored in the Solutions Repository. All users can create a template solution and upload it to the Solutions Repository.

Note: Not all templates in the Solutions Repository are certified. The templates that are certified are denoted with a Cast Iron® logo.


Procedure

1. Click the Create tab. The Solutions page is displayed.
2. Search for a template.
 - a. Select a source endpoint.
 - b. Select a target endpoint.
 - c. Click Search

You can also select the Keyword Search option to search for a template using a keyword.

3. Choose a template from the solutions that are returned. The template details are displayed.
4. Click Create a project based on this template. Studio Cloud opens and the wizard guides you through the process of creating your project.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

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Deleting Project Configurations

Before you begin

The publisher of a project configuration, the environment administrator, or tenant administrator can delete project configurations. The publisher of a project configuration can grant permissions that allow other users to delete his project configuration. The environment administrator can grant permissions that allow other users to delete any project configuration in the environment. The tenant administrator can grant permissions that allow other users to delete any project configuration in the tenant.

Project configurations must be undeployed before you can delete them.

About this task

When you delete a project configuration, all monitoring history associated with the project configuration is also deleted.

Procedure

1. Select the environment tab, where the project configuration is published. A list of project configurations is displayed in the Project Configuration section of the Dashboard.
2. Verify that the project configuration you want to delete is undeployed. The state displays in parentheses () at the end of the project configuration name. For example, (undeployed)
3. If the project configuration is in any other state but undeployed, undeploy the project configuration by clicking the Undeploy icon in the Actions column.
4. In the Actions column, click the Delete icon. The Delete Project Configuration dialog box is displayed.
5. Click Yes.

Results

The project configuration is deleted and no longer available.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

Deleting Projects

Before you begin

The publisher of a project, the environment administrator, or tenant administrator can delete projects. The publisher of a project can grant permissions that allow other users to delete his project. The environment administrator can grant permissions that allow other users to delete any project in the environment. The tenant administrator can grant permissions that allow other users to delete any project in the tenant.

Procedure


1. Select the Modify tab. The Projects page displays a list of projects that can be published.
2. In the Actions column, click the Delete icon. The Delete Project? dialog box is displayed.
3. Click Yes.

Results

The project is deleted; however, any project configurations created from this project are still available.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

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Deploying Project Configurations

Before you begin

To deploy or undeploy project configurations, you must have tenant administrator or environment administrator privileges, or be the publisher of the project configuration.

About this task

The type of endpoint in an orchestration determines the steps you must complete to deploy a project configuration. A project configuration must contain at least one enabled orchestration before you can deploy the project configuration. If the orchestration contains a database or Web Services endpoint, you must also generate assets for the endpoints before you can deploy the project configuration.

By default, all the orchestrations in a project configuration are enabled. Therefore, if the orchestrations in a project configuration do not require additional configuration and do not access database or Web Services

endpoints, you can deploy your project configuration by clicking the deploy icon next to the project configuration in any of the Project tabs. If your project configuration requires assets or additional configuration, see the following deployment procedure.

Note: A project configuration must be in the stopped state for you to undeploy the project configuration.

Procedure

1. Select the environment tab to which you published your project.
2. In the Project Configuration section, select the project configuration you want to deploy. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
3. In the Orchestrations section, verify that at least one orchestration in the project configuration is enabled. Edit orchestration settings, as needed.

You cannot edit orchestration settings while a project configuration is running. Stop and undeploy the project configuration to edit configuration settings.

4. In the Properties section, edit configuration properties, as needed.

You cannot edit configuration properties while a project configuration is running. Stop and undeploy the project configuration to edit configuration settings.


5. If the project configuration contains a Database or Web Services endpoint, you must generate assets for these endpoints.
6. Optional: Add a schedule downtime rule.
7. Optional: Assign permissions for the project configuration, which specify which group of users can edit and deploy a project configuration. By default, tenant administrators, environment administrators, and the publisher of a project configuration can edit and deploy a project configuration.
8. If you assign permissions, click Save.
9. In the Summary section, click the Deploy icon ► to deploy the project configuration.

Results

The project configuration deploys, the runtime starts to process orchestration jobs, and the status is appropriately updated in the Summary section.

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Editing Project Configuration Properties

Before you begin


You must have administrator or publisher permissions to edit configuration properties.

About this task

You create configuration properties for an integration project in Studio, before you publish the project to an environment in the cloud. When you publish the project, you can specify values for the configuration properties. Configuration properties allow you to move a project configuration from a staging environment to a production environment.

For example, in a project that contains database endpoints, you can create properties for database connection parameters. This allows you to create a project configuration for a test environment connecting to a test database and then use the same project to create another project configuration for a production environment that connects to another database.

Procedure


1. Select the environment tab, where the project configuration is published.
2. From the navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configuration page is displayed.
3. If the project configuration you want to edit is running, stop the project configuration by clicking the  Stop icon in the Actions column. When the Stop Configuration dialog box displays, click one of the following options:
 - o **Finish Jobs** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting while allowing current jobs to finish processing. Allow the jobs to end.
 - o **Cancel Jobs** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting and stops all currently running jobs. This action immediately stops all jobs.
4. Click the project configuration you want to edit. The Configuration Details page displays.
5. In the Properties section, click Edit to edit configuration property values.
6. Modify the configuration properties.
7. Click Save.

Results

The Configuration Details page displays the updated configuration property values.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

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Editing Projects

About this task


You can edit projects in the cloud using Studio Cloud.

Procedure

1. Select the Modify tab and click the project name. Studio Cloud opens.
2. Edit the project as needed.
3. Click Save.

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Publishing Projects

Before you begin

You must be a tenant administrator, environment administrator, or environment publisher to publish projects.

About this task

Publishing a project uploads a project from Studio to a runtime environment.

Procedure


1. In the Management console, select the Modify tab. The Projects page is displayed.
2. In the Actions column, click the Publish Project icon. A lists displays all the environments in the tenant.
3. Select the environment to which you want to publish the project.

Results

A confirmation displays. The project is available in the environment you selected.

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Reviewing TIPs

You can rate and provide a review for all TIPs that you download. Ratings are given on a scale of 1-5, where 5 is the highest rating. When you submit your rating and review for a TIP, Studio uploads the information to the WebSphere® Cast Iron® Solutions Repository. Your rating is combined with any other ratings that have been submitted by other reviewers and the average is displayed in the Details pane of the specific TIP.

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Stopping Project Configurations

About this task

There are two ways to stop a running project configuration:


- **Stop (allows jobs to finish)** - When you click Finish Jobs, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting while allowing current jobs to finish processing. This action allows the Integration Appliance to end.
- **Stop (cancel running jobs)**- When you click Cancel Jobs, this option prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting and stops all currently running jobs. This action immediately stops all jobs.

Procedure

1. From the Project Configurations page, select a project configuration.
2. In the Actions column, click the Stop icon . The Stop Configuration window is displayed.
3. Click either Finish Jobs or Cancel Jobs to stop the project configuration.

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Uploading Project Configurations

Before you begin

To upload a project configuration, you must have tenant administrator, environment administrator, or environment publisher permissions.

About this task

When you upload a project configuration, you are publishing a project using a two-stage process. First, you export a project from Studio to an intermediate location. Then from the Management Console, you upload the project to a cloud environment.

Procedure


1. Select the environment tab, to which you want to upload the project configuration.
2. From the Navigation pane, select Repository > Upload Project. The Upload Project Configuration dialog box is displayed.
3. In the Local Project File field, specify the path from which to upload the project. You can click Browse to select a file from your local machine.
4. Specify a project name. The name should not exceed 42 characters and should not contain any restricted characters.
5. Specify a product version number. This field is not populated with the project version you specified in Studio. However as a best practice, you should specify a project version that matches the version you specified in Studio.
6. Click Upload.

Results

The project configuration is displayed in the cloud environment Project Configuration page.

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Working with Project Configurations









Various views are available for project configurations:

- **All** - Displays the deployment state and status of all project configurations, regardless of the state of the project configuration. You can clone or delete project configurations from this view.
- **Recent** - Displays the deployment state and status of the most recently published or modified project configurations. You can clone or delete project configurations from this view.
- **Favorites** - Displays the deployment state and status of project configurations for which you have permissions. By default, this view is not populated. You must explicitly add project configurations from either the Recent view or All view.

You can access these views from the Dashboard or by selecting the following path in the Navigation pane: Repository > Configurations. The Configuration Filter allows you to choose your view from a drop-down list.


The following table describes information available in the various project configuration views:

Columns in Project Configuration Views	Descriptions
Configuration	Displays published project configurations.
Running	Displays the number of currently running jobs for the project configuration.
Completed	<p>Displays the number of orchestration jobs, for the project configuration, that were completely processed.</p> <p>When orchestration monitoring data is purged, the number of orchestration jobs is reset to 0. For more information about modifying log purging parameters, see the purging help topics.</p>
Errored	<p>Displays the number of orchestration jobs where a runtime error occurred for the project configuration.</p> <p>When orchestration monitoring data is purged, the number of orchestration jobs is reset to 0. For more information about modifying log purging parameters, see the purging help topics.</p>
Total	<p>Displays the total number of orchestration jobs, for the project configuration, that have run.</p> <p>When orchestration monitoring data is purged, the number of orchestration jobs is reset to 0. For more information about modifying log purging parameters, see the purging help topics.</p>

Columns in Project Configuration Views	Descriptions
Actions	<p>Displays the state of project configurations, as well as options for you to delete  or clone  project configurations.</p> <p> Clicking this icon deploys and runs a project configuration.</p> <p> Clicking this icon causes the runtime to suspend the orchestration job processing of the project configuration.</p> <p> Clicking this icon undeploys a project configurations. You must stop the project configuration before you can undeploy the project configuration.</p> <p> Clicking this icon stops the runtime from processing orchestration jobs for the project configuration.</p> <p>When you stop a project configuration, you can choose to have the runtime completely process all currently running jobs or have the runtime cancel all currently running jobs.</p> <p> Only available in All and Recent views. Clicking this icon adds the project configuration to Favorites.</p> <p>When the Management Console displays the project configuration in Favorites, this icon is no longer active next to the project configuration in the All and Recent views.</p> <p> Clicking this icon removes the project configuration from Favorites, but does not delete the project configuration from the environment. You can view the project configuration from the All and Recent views.</p>

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Managing_Projects/workingWithProjectConfigurations.html


Monitoring

Monitoring topics provide information about creating and managing notifications, viewing hardware status, searching orchestration jobs, and viewing orchestration job logs.

- [About Environment Dashboards](#)
- [Choosing a Notification Level](#)
- [Creating Notification Policies](#)
- [Deleting Notification Policies](#)
- You can delete one or more notification policies.
- [Editing Notification Policies](#)

- [Enabling Email Notification Policies](#)
- [Searching for Orchestration Jobs](#)
- [Viewing Orchestration Job Logs](#)

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About Environment Dashboards


An environment dashboard provides multiple snapshot views of project configurations and jobs, a list of unresolved critical system errors, and an overall project configurations summary, and status of Secure Connectors. The Dashboard also allows you to search for orchestration jobs by job key. The Search box is located in the Results section of the dashboard.

To expand the views of the Critical Alerts and Secure Connector Summary, click the icon in the upper right corner. An expanded view of Project Configuration is available by selecting Repository > Configurations from the navigation pane. An expanded view of Results is available by selecting Repository > Job Log from the navigation pane.

A dashboard is available for each environment in a multi-environment cloud. The information the dashboard displays is specific to its environment.


Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Monitoring/aboutDashboard.html>

Choosing a Notification Level

Notification levels define the severity of events that can trigger an alert. When you specify a notification level, an alert is only sent for errors that meet or exceed the level you choose. 


Note: If you do not receive notifications for events, it might be that you do not have the system log level set to produce entries that would trigger a notification. For example, if you chose the Error level for Deployment, all events that were Error or Critical level in the Deployment system are logged.

You can specify the following notification levels:

Notification Level	Description
Critical	Sends an alert when an error condition causes the a shutdown.
Error	Sends an alert when non-critical issues that must be handled immediately occur.
Warning	Sends an alert when potential error conditions occur.
Info	Sends an alert for informational usage.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Monitoring/choosingNotificationLevel.html>

Creating Notification Policies

About this task

Notification policies allow you to monitor potential errors in a specific system. When you create a notification policy, the notification policy monitors the system log for the system you specify. When a system log event occurs that meets or exceeds the notification level of a notification policy, an alert is sent to the specified users.


Note: If you do not receive notifications for events, it might be that you do not have the system log level set to produce entries that would trigger a notification or you did not enable the notification policy. For more information about specifying system log settings, see [Specify System Log Settings](#). For more information about enabling email notification policies, see [Enabling Email Notification Policies](#).

Procedure

1. Click the environment for which you will create a notification policy. The Navigation pane is displayed.
2. Select Logs > Notifications. The Notifications page is displayed.
3. Click New Policy. The New Policy dialog box is displayed.
4. Specify a policy name.
5. From the Level Exceeds list, select a level. Alerts are only sent for errors that exceed the level you choose.
6. From the With System list, select the system you want the notification policy to monitor.
7. Specify the email address or addresses of the person or people that will receive the email notification. When you have multiple email addresses, add one email address per line.
8. Click Save.

Results

The new policy displays on the Notifications page. You must enable email notifications before any alerts can be sent. If the Email status displays as (inactive), email notifications are not enabled.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Monitoring/creatingNotificationPolicies.html>

Deleting Notification Policies

You can delete one or more notification policies.

Procedure

1. Click the environment for which you will delete a notification policy. The Navigation pane is displayed.
2. Select Logs > Notifications. The Notifications page is displayed.
3. Select the check box next to the policy you want to delete.


To delete multiple policies, select the top check box. All the policies are selected.

4. Click Delete. The Delete Policies? confirmation window is displayed.
5. Click Yes.

Results

The policy is deleted and is no longer displayed in the Notifications page.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Monitoring/deletingNotificationPolicies.html>

Editing Notification Policies

Procedure

1. In the Navigation pane, select Logs > Notifications. The Notifications page is displayed.
2. Click a notification policy. The Edit Policy dialog box is displayed.
3. Update the appropriate notification settings.


4. Click Save.

Results

The updated policy is displayed on the Notifications page. You must enable email notifications before any alerts can be sent. If the Email status is displayed as (inactive), email notifications are not enabled.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Monitoring/editingNotificationPolicies.html>

Enabling Email Notification Policies

About this task

When you create an email notification policy, you must enable the email notification policy for alerts to be sent. By default, email notifications are not enabled.

If you enable email notification policies, the settings you specified when you created the email notification determine when an email alert is sent.

Note: If you disable the email notification policy by clearing the Enable Email option, alerts are not delivered for any email notification policy.


Procedure

1. Click the environment for which you will enable an email notification policy. The Navigation pane is displayed.
2. Select Logs > Notifications. The Notifications page is displayed.
3. At the top of the page, click the Email link. The Enable Email option is displayed.
4. Select the Enable Email option.
5. Optional: Provide a email subject line that will qualify the alert sent.
6. Click Save.

Results

The Notifications page is displayed with the new policy and the Email status changes from (Inactive) to (Active). Email notifications will now be sent when an event that triggers the notification policy occurs.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Monitoring/enablingEmailNotificationPolicies.html>

Searching for Orchestration Jobs

About this task

Job IDs and keys allow you to search for orchestration jobs. You define primary message keys in Studio, when you configure connectors. The primary message key must be a unique value. For example, the purchase order number for a purchase order message. If you do not define a primary key, the runtime uses the job ID, a unique number that the runtime generates, to identify an orchestration job.

From the Management Console, you can search orchestration jobs by job ID. By default, the Management Console searches only for completed orchestration jobs that match the job ID you specify. Use the Advanced Search option to search for all other orchestration jobs.

Procedure

1. From the navigation pane, select Dashboard.
2. In the Results section, enter a job ID in the Key Search field.
3. From your keyboard, press Enter. The completed job with the matching job ID displays.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

Using Advanced Search

About this task

Use the Advanced Search option to further refine your job search. If you enter values for multiple fields in the Advanced Search box, the Management Console uses AND logic to refine the search.

For example, you specify a time range in addition to selecting the errored status. The Management Console searches for all orchestration jobs that had an error within the time range specified.

Note: If you choose to search by date and time, you must specify a start and end date and time.


Procedure

1. From the navigation pane, select Dashboard.
2. In the Results section, select an orchestration. The Orchestration Details page displays all the jobs associated with the orchestration.
3. In the Advanced Search box, specify values for Job ID, Key, Status, Start Date and Time, or End Date and Time as appropriate for your search.
Note: If you choose to search by date and time, you must specify a start and end date and time.
4. Click Search.

Results

The search results are displayed in the table.

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Viewing Orchestration Job Logs

The Dashboard displays information about orchestration jobs, including status, timestamp of job events, and key/job ID in multiple tabs:

- **All** - displays orchestration job information for all project configurations.
- **Recent** - displays orchestration job information for the most recently published or modified project configurations.
- **Favorites** - displays orchestration job information for the project configurations displayed in the Favorites filter. Orchestration job information displayed through this filter also displays in the Recent and All filters.

In some cases, the Management Console displays an orchestration job status of Unknown, even though the orchestration job completed successfully. Rebooting the environment, while orchestration jobs are processing, can result in the Unknown status because monitoring data is lost during the reboot. Stop all orchestration jobs before rebooting the environment to avoid an Unknown status.

Click an orchestration job to view the orchestration details for that orchestration. The Orchestration Details page displays all the jobs associated with the orchestration you selected and the status of each individual job. Use the Left and Right arrows (<< , < , > , >>) to view all orchestration jobs.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

Sorting Orchestration Jobs

About this task

You can search orchestration jobs by job ID. To sort orchestration jobs by project configuration name, orchestration name, status, time, or job ID click the appropriate column header.

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Permissions

Permissions topics provide information about creating user profiles, setting and changing passwords, creating and managing users, and creating and managing groups.

- [About Built-In Groups](#)
- [About Libraries Environments](#)
- [About User Profiles](#)
- [Assigning Users to Groups](#)
- [Changing Your Password](#)
- [Changing User Passwords](#)
- [Creating New Groups](#)
- [Creating New Users](#)
- [Deleting Groups](#)
- [Deleting Users](#)
- [Granting Project Configuration Permissions](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Permissions/toc_permissions.html

About Built-In Groups

Built-in groups are predefined groups. In the cloud, in addition to a tenant administrator group, each environment has a built-in administrator, publisher, and user group.

For example: A tenant, named Cumulus, is created for your organization. Within this tenant there are two environments: Development and Production. The following built-in groups would be available:

- admin [cumulus.com]
- admin [Development]
- publisher [Development]
- user [Development]
- admin [Production]
- publisher [Production]
- user [Production]

The same user can be a part of multiple groups. You can assign users to a built-in group or create a new group.

Note: If you grant project configuration permissions to a group, the users in that group will have full access to the project configuration- the user will be able to create new versions of the project configuration, as well as

edit and delete the project configuration.

The following list defines the permissions granted to each of the built-in groups:

- **Tenant Administrator Group.** Provides privileges to all environments, users, groups, and projects in a specific tenant. Permits users to create, edit, and delete users and custom groups in the tenant. Users in this group can add and delete users to and from any built-in or custom group in the tenant. Users in this group can view, edit, and delete permissions for all source projects in the tenant.

Users in this group can view all the environments in the tenant and have all the permissions of an environment administrator in each of the tenant environments.

- **Environment Administrator Group.** Provides privileges to all users, groups, and projects in a specific environment. Permits users to create, edit, and delete users and custom groups in a specific environment. Users in this group can add and delete users to and from any built-in or custom group in the environment.

Environment Administrators can also create and deploy project configurations for project that any environment publisher publishes, and view orchestration job details for any project configuration in the environment. With environment administrator group privileges you can edit permissions that publishers for the same environment set for their individual project configurations.

Even though members of the Environment Administrator group have Environment Publisher group and Environment User group privileges, the members of the Environment Administrator Group do not appear in other groups in the same environment until you explicitly add the user.

- **Environment Publisher Group.** Provides project privileges in a specific environment. Permits users to create, deploy, or delete project configurations for any project that they publish in the environment. Users in this group can also start and stop orchestrations and view orchestration job details for project configurations they deployed in the environment. As an environment publisher, you can grant permissions for individual project configurations you create to another user with environment publisher privileges for the same environment.


The members of the Environment Publisher Group are not displayed in the Environment User Group, until you explicitly add the user.

- **Environment User Group.** Permits users to monitor alerts and orchestrations in a specific environment. Users in this group can create and edit projects; however, they cannot publish the project to an environment. You must have Publisher privileges for the specific environment to which you want to publish a project. All users are automatically members of the Environment User group.

In a multi-environment tenant, users in this group only see the environment tab for environments of which they are a member. For example, a tenant has a Development, a Staging, and a Production environment. The tenant administrator or administrator of the Development environment adds a user to the User [Development] group. When the user logs in to the tenant, the user can only see the Development environment, even though the tenant has two other environments.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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About Libraries Environments


Libraries Environment is a user profile parameter that specifies the environment from which Studio retrieves connector libraries.

In a multi-environment tenant, each environment can potentially have different versions of connector libraries installed. Setting this parameter points Studio to the libraries you want to use while verifying your projects. This parameter is not as critical if your project does not use an endpoint that requires additional libraries to be installed. See the Connector Release Notes for a complete list of endpoints that require you to install additional libraries.

Note: The environment you select should match the environment of the primary group the user is a member of. For example: If you select the Development environment as the Libraries Environment, you should be a member of groups in the Development environment.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Permissions/aboutLibrariesEnvironments.html>

About User Profiles

A user profile provides a summary of user details, such as: name, display name, email, and group memberships. The user profile displayed is for the user currently logged in to the Management Console.

From the User Profile window, you can change the user password and specify libraries environments.


Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

Accessing User Profile Information

Procedure

1. Click your username in the upper right corner of the Management Console. The User Profile window is displayed.
2. Optional: Click Change Password, to change the user password.
3. Optional: Click Change Libraries Environment, to specify the environment from which Studio retrieves connector libraries.
4. Click Save to save any updates to the user profile.
5. Click Close to close the User Profile window.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Permissions/aboutUserProfiles.html>

Assigning Users to Groups


You must have tenant administrator or environment administrator privileges to assign users to groups. Environment administrators can only add users to groups in their specific environment.

You can assign users to groups, when you create or edit a user. You can also assign users to groups, when you create or edit groups.

For more information about assigning users and groups, see [Creating New Users](#) and [Creating New Groups](#).

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Permissions/assigningUsersToGroups.html>

Changing Your Password

About this task

You can change your own password at anytime. However, to modify another user's password, you must have tenant administrator permissions. Environment administrators cannot change passwords for users in their environment.

For example, you are the administrator for the Development environment. You can change your password, but you cannot change the password for any specific user with permissions to the Development environment.

Procedure

1. Click your username in the upper right-hand corner of the Management Console. The User Profile window is displayed.
2. Click Change Password.
3. Enter values for the Old Password, New Password, and Confirm Password fields.

If you clear the Hide Password Text option, your password displays and is no longer encrypted.


4. Click Save to change your password.

Results

A confirmation message is displayed when the Management Console has successfully saved the new password.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Permissions/changingPassword.html>

Changing User Passwords

About this task

You can change your own password at anytime. However, to modify another user's password, you must have tenant administrator permissions. Environment administrators cannot change passwords for users in their environment.

For example, you are the administrator for the Development environment. You can change your password, but you cannot change the password for any specific user with permissions to the Development environment.

To change another user's password:

Procedure

1. Log in to the Management Console as the tenant administrator.
2. Select Setup > Users and Groups.
3. Click the name of the user whose password you want to change.
4. In the Edit User window, enter a password and confirm the password.


If you clear the Hide Password Text option, your password displays and is no longer encrypted.

5. Click Save to change your password.

Results

A confirmation message displays when the Management Console has successfully saved the new password.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Permissions/changingPasswordOthers.html>

Creating New Groups

Before you begin

In the cloud, only the tenant admin user can create new groups. In a multi-environment tenant, environment administrators can also create new groups for their specific environment.

On a physical or virtual Integration Appliance, only admin users can create new groups.

Procedure

1. In the Management Console, login as administrator.
2. Select Setup > Users and Groups.
3. In the New Group dialog box, enter a Name and Display Name for the new group.
4. From the Scope list, select the scope of permissions you want to grant the group. You can select to give permissions to the entire tenant or to a specific environment.
5. In the User list, select the users to join the group.


Select the User checkbox to select all the users in the list.

6. Click Save.

Results

In the Groups section of the Users and Groups page, the new group is displayed in alphabetical order.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Permissions/creatingNewGroup.html>

Creating New Users

Before you begin

In the cloud, only the tenant admin user can create new users. In a multi-environment tenant, environment administrators can also create new users for their specific environment.

On a physical or virtual Integration Appliance, only admin users can create new users.

Procedure

1. In the Management Console, login as administrator.
2. Select Setup > Users and Groups.
3. In the New User window, enter a value for the following fields: Name, Display Name, Email, Password, and Confirm Password.

It is recommended that you add the tenant name to the user name and display name.

For example, if the tenant name is castiron.com, then the new user name should be *newuser@castiron.com*. This will help you identify common user names across multiple tenants in the cloud.

If you clear the Hide Password Text option, your password displays and is no longer encrypted.


4. From the Libraries Environment list, select the environment from which the user's projects can retrieve additional libraries and files for endpoints. The environment you select should match the environment of the primary group the user is a member of. For example: If you select the Development environment as the Libraries Environment, you should be a member of groups in the Development environment.
5. In the Groups list, select all the groups to which the new user will have access.
6. Optional: Clear the Active checkbox. If you clear this option, the user cannot log in to the Management Console.
7. Click Save.

Results

In the Users section of the Users and Groups page, the new user is displayed in alphabetical order.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Permissions/creatingNewUser.html>

Deleting Groups

Before you begin

In the cloud, only the tenant admin users can delete groups from a cloud environment. In a multi-environment tenant, environment administrators can also delete groups for their specific environment.

On a physical or virtual Integration Appliance, only admin users can delete groups.

Procedure


1. In the Management Console, select Setup > Users and Groups.
2. In the Groups section, select the groups that you want to delete.
3. Click Delete.
4. Click Yes, to confirm that the Management Console should delete the selected groups.

Results

The Management Console refreshes the list of groups.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Permissions/deletingGroups.html>

Deleting Users

Before you begin

In the cloud, only the tenant admin user can delete users from a cloud environment. In a multi-environment tenant, environment administrators can also delete users for their specific environment.

On a physical or virtual Integration Appliance, only admin users can delete users.

Procedure

1. In the Management Console, login as administrator.
2. Select Setup > Users and Groups.
3. In the Users section, select the users you want to delete.
4. Click Delete.
5. Click Yes, to confirm that the Management Console should delete the selected users.

Results

The Management Console refreshes the list of users.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Permissions/deletingUsers.html

Granting Project Configuration Permissions

Before you begin

You must have Administrator privileges or be the publisher of a project to grant permissions to other users or groups to create, edit, or delete project configurations.

About this task

Once you grant permissions to a user or group, they can edit or delete the project configuration. By default, permissions to project configurations are granted to only the Administrator Group. If you want to grant permissions to another group you must explicitly do so.

For example, you are a user with publisher rights and belong to the built-in Publisher group. You publish a project. Only the Administrator Group and you have permissions to the project configuration. Members of the Publisher group, of which you are a member, do not have permissions to the project configuration. You must edit the permission on the project configuration to include another group like Publisher.

Procedure


1. Click on a project configuration. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
2. In the Permissions section, select users and groups to grant permissions to.
3. Click Save.

Results

All the users and groups you select now have full access to the project configuration. These users and groups can now create new project configurations, edit the project configuration and any new project configurations they create, and delete the source project.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Permissions/grantingProjectConfigurationPermissions.html

Using Secure Connectors

Using Secure Connectors topics provide information about creating, installing, and managing Secure Connectors.

- [About Secure Connectors](#)
- [Secure Connector Minimum Requirements](#)
This topic provides information about minimum system requirements needed to use a Secure Connector.
- [Creating Secure Connectors](#)
This topic provides information about creating Secure Connectors.
- [Downloading Secure Connector Configuration Files](#)
How to download Secure Connector configuration files.
- [Installing Secure Connectors](#)
Provides the procedures to download the Secure Connector installer and install the Secure Connector.
- [Adding or importing certificates to the Secure Connector TrustStore/KeyStore](#)
For Cast Iron connector activities, such as HTTP, FTP, Email, or Web Services (or any other connector) that need to establish connection with the SSL enabled server (HTTPS/FTPS), you must import the corresponding certificates into the TrustStore or KeyStore of the Secure Connector.
- [Installing Vendor Supplied Libraries for Secure Connectors](#)
Certain endpoints require additional libraries to be installed before the Secure Connector can communicate with them. This section provides information about using the Cloud Management Console to install these vendor supplied libraries. For a complete list of connectors that require vendor supplied libraries, open the Update Connector Libraries page in the Cloud Management Console.
- [Downloading and installing the SAP Jar Files and DLLs](#)
To connect to an SAP system from studio, you must install SAP DLLs and jar files onto your Windows development machine. You must have the SAP login credentials to enter the SAP Support Portal and download the files.
- [Uninstalling Secure Connectors \(Windows\)](#)
This topic provides information about uninstalling a Secure Connector from a Windows machine.
- [Uninstalling Secure Connectors \(Linux\)](#)
This topic provides information about uninstalling a Secure Connector from a Linux machine.
- [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors](#)
Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors topics provide information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Windows and Linux machines. For Windows machines, options you chose during installation affect how you can start and stop Secure Connectors. If you installed the Secure Connector as an automatic Windows Service, as recommended, then you can use the Windows Services control panel to stop and start the Secure Connector. If you installed the Secure Connector as a Windows application, then you can start and stop the Secure Connector using Windows Start menu shortcuts or desktop shortcuts. For Linux machines, you can start and stop Secure Connectors by using a graphical interface or by running commands from the command line.
- [Upgrading Secure Connectors](#)
This topic provides information about upgrading Secure Connectors.
- [Updating Secure Connector Configuration](#)
This topic provides information about updating Secure Connector configuration.
- [Troubleshooting Secure Connectors](#)
This topic provides potential solutions for issues you have with the Secure Connector.

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About Secure Connectors


A Secure Connector facilitates the secure transfer of data between the IBM® WebSphere® Cast Iron® Cloud and an endpoint located behind a firewall. The Secure Connector installer for appliance supports both 32-bit and 64-bit Windows and Linux machines.

To enable a Secure Connector a tenant administrator must complete the following tasks:

- Create a Secure Connector.
- Download the Secure Connector configuration file.
- Launch the Secure Connector installer.
- Install vendor supplied libraries.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Secure Connector Minimum Requirements

This topic provides information about minimum system requirements needed to use a Secure Connector.

You can run the Secure Connector on the following operating systems:

- Microsoft Windows 7
- Microsoft Windows 8
- Microsoft Windows 2008
- Linux (RHEL 6.5, Ubuntu 14.04)


Note: For installing Secure Connectors on Linux platform, use xWindows or KDE environment to use the GUI option.

The Secure Connector has the following minimum system requirements:

- 1 GHz CPU
- 2 GB RAM
- Java 1.7

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Creating Secure Connectors

This topic provides information about creating Secure Connectors.

About this task

Use the Management Console to create a Secure Connector for your environment.

After you create a Secure Connector in the cloud, you must configure a machine behind the firewall to facilitate communication between the Secure Connector and a specific endpoint behind the firewall. Use the Secure Connector installer to configure the machine behind the firewall.


Note: If the endpoint you are creating a Secure Connector for requires additional libraries, use the Management Console to install the libraries before you deploy any project configurations that use the Secure Connector.

Procedure

1. From the Navigation pane of an environment tab, select System > Secure Connector.
2. Click New Secure Connector. The Create Secure Connector dialog box is displayed.
3. Provide a name for the new Secure Connector.
4. Provide a brief description of the Secure Connector.
5. Click Save. The Secure Connector is displayed in the Secure Connector page.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Downloading Secure Connector Configuration Files

How to download Secure Connector configuration files.

About this task

When you download a configuration file, the configuration file is saved to your default download directory. You can choose to save configuration files to different locations. Regardless of the number of configuration files you download, you can only use one configuration file during the Secure Connector installation process.

Once you select a configuration file to set up a Secure Connector, that configuration file will be used to configure any subsequent Secure Connector. It is not recommended to configure multiple Secure Connectors using the same configuration file. Instead, use a new configuration file or modify the existing configuration file. The Gateway, Listen to Port, and Transmit to Port parameters should have unique values for each Secure Connector.

The Secure Connector configuration file provides the Secure Connector installer with values for the following parameters:


- **Secure Connector Name** - Specify the name of the Secure Connector you created.
- **Tenant ID** - Specify the hexadecimal UUID for the tenant. You can retrieve this information by logging in to the cloud and selecting Setup > Support Information. The Support Information page is displayed. Copy the Identifier column value for the tenant. You can copy the value by selecting the cell value, right-clicking, and selecting copy from the menu.
- **Environment ID** - Specify the hexadecimal UUID for the environment. You can retrieve this information by logging in to the cloud and selecting Setup > Support Information. The Support Information page is displayed. Copy the Identifier column value for the environment where you want the Secure Connector installed. You can copy the value by selecting the cell value, right-clicking, and selecting copy from the menu.
- **Cloud Gateway** - Specify the gateway name.
- **Listen on Port** - Only modify this parameter if another service is using the port specified or you want to run multiple Secure Connectors on the box.
- **Transmit on Port** - Only modify this parameter if another service is using the port specified or you want to run multiple Secure Connectors on the box.
- **Secure Connector Auth Key** - Specify the Auth key from the Secure Connector you created in the cloud.
- **Secure Connector Private Key** - Specify the Auth private key, which you downloaded while creating the Secure Connector in the cloud.

Procedure

1. Log into the Cloud Management Console as the tenant administrator.
2. From the Navigation pane of an environment tab, select System > Secure Connector.
3. In the Secure Connector window, click the Secure Connector that will communicate with an endpoint behind the firewall. The Edit Secure Connector dialog box is displayed.
4. Click Download Secure Connector Configuration and click Download now. The Opening Secure Connector Configuration dialog box is displayed.
5. Choose Save File and click OK. The configuration file is saved to the default download directory of the current user.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Installing Secure Connectors

Provides the procedures to download the Secure Connector installer and install the Secure Connector.

Before you begin

For Windows installations, verify that you do not have an existing version of the Secure Connector installed. If you have a earlier version installed, you can upgrade it to the latest version using the Upgrade option. For more information about upgrading Secure Connectors, see [Upgrading Secure Connectors](#).

For Linux installations, while it is not required, it is good practice to uninstall previous Secure Connector installations.

For Linux machines, install a desktop environment, such as GNOME or KDE, to provide a graphical interface.

About this task

After you create a Secure Connector in the cloud, you must configure a machine behind the firewall to facilitate communication between the Secure Connector and a specific endpoint behind the firewall. Use the Secure Connector installer to configure the machine behind the firewall.

Note: The machine on which you choose to run the installer must have access to the endpoint. You do not have to run the installer on the same machine as the endpoint.

To download the Secure Connector installer:

1. Log on to the Cloud Management Console as the tenant administrator. The Home page is displayed.
2. Click one of the environment tabs, that is, Development, Staging, and Production.
3. From the Navigation pane of the selected environment tab, click System > Secure Connector.
4. In the Secure Connector window, if you have already created a Secure Connector, click the Secure Connector that will communicate with the endpoint behind the firewall. The Edit Secure Connector dialog box is displayed.

Note: If there are no Secure Connectors available in the Secure Connector window, create a new Secure Connector. For more information about creating a Secure Connector, see <creating secure connector>.

5. Click Download Installer and choose the operating system of the machine to which the installer is downloaded: Windows or Linux.
6. Click Save File. The file is saved to the default download directory.

To install the Secure Connector:

1. Launch the Secure Connector installer you downloaded.
 - o windows-secure-connector-installer.exe (for 32-bit Windows machine)
 - o windows-secure-connector-installer_64 (for 64-bit Windows machine)
 - o linux-secure-connector-installer.sh (for 32-bit Linux machine)
 - o linux-secure-connector-installer_64.sh (for 64-bit Linux machine)

The Secure Connector Installer Wizard is displayed.

2. Select the Install option.
3. Click Next then read and accept the licensing agreement.
4. Click Next and choose an installation directory.
5. Click Next. A message window states the location where the target directory will be created.


Note: If an install directory exists, a warning message displays and you must confirm that you want to install and overwrite existing files.
6. Click OK.
7. Set up shortcut options to start, stop, and edit a Secure Connector.
 - a. Select one or both of the following options:
 - Create shortcuts in the Start menu.

- Create additional shortcuts on the desktop.
 - b. Select a program group from which you will access the shortcuts.
 - c. Choose to create shortcuts for the current user or all users.
8. Click Next. The installation progress is displayed.
 9. Select a Secure Connector configuration file. If you have not already downloaded a Secure Connector configuration file, download one now. For more information about how to download Secure Connector configuration files, see [Downloading Secure Connector Configuration Files](#).
 10. Click Next.
 11. For Windows installation, choose to install and run the Secure Connector as a Windows Service. If you choose install the Secure Connector as a Windows Service, you can control the Secure Connector using the Windows Services control panel (recommended). If you choose not to install and run the Secure Connector as a Windows Service, then the Secure Connector is installed as a Windows application. To run the Secure Connector as a Windows Service, you must specify the following service account information:
 - Service Start Mode
 - Service Account Domain
 - Service Account User
 - Service Account Password
 12. Click Next. The installation is complete.
 13. Click Done.

Note: If your endpoint, for example, SAP, requires additional libraries, you must install the additional libraries before you start the Secure Connector. For more information about installing additional libraries, see [Installing Vendor Supplied Libraries for Secure Connectors](#).

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Installing Vendor Supplied Libraries for Secure Connectors

Certain endpoints require additional libraries to be installed before the Secure Connector can communicate with them. This section provides information about using the Cloud Management Console to install these vendor supplied libraries. For a complete list of connectors that require vendor supplied libraries, open the Update Connector Libraries page in the Cloud Management Console.

About this task

If your integration project uses a connector that requires additional libraries, you must install the additional libraries before you deploy the project configuration. Deploying the project configuration before installing the additional libraries generates runtime errors. For a complete list of connectors that require vendor supplied libraries, open the Update Connector Libraries page. See the following procedure.

If you have a multi-environment tenant, you must install the 3rd party libraries in each environment where you deploy a project configuration with a connector that requires the additional libraries.

For example, you have a tenant with three environments: Development, Staging, and Production. You publish a project configuration for an SAP endpoint in the Development and Production environments. Before you can deploy the project configuration, you must install additional SAP libraries on both the Development and Production environments. For more information about installing SAP libraries, see [Downloading and installing the SAP Jar Files and DLLs](#).

Procedure

1. Click an environment tab.
2. Select System > Connector Libraries to open the Update Connector Libraries page.
3. In the Connector column, select the connector for which you want to install additional files.

Any files that have already been installed display in the Installed Files column.


4. Click the (+) icon and select the library file or files to upload. In the cloud, . jar and .dll are valid library files types. The files you select display in the Files to Add column.
5. Click Update.

The files that display in the Files to Add column are not committed until you click Update. If you click Reset before you click Update, the Cloud Management Console does not add the files you uploaded. If the Cloud Management Console times out before you click Update and commit the added files, repeat the last two steps.

6. In the same environment tab, select: System > Secure Connectors.
7. Click Download Libraries and save the libraries.zip file to your workstation.
8. Unzip the libraries.zip file and find a *.tp-1.0.0.jar for each connector module.
9. Use the .jar files in the libraries.zip to replace the files in the Secure Connector install directory: lib/plugins.
10. Copy all the remaining .zip files to following Secure Connector install directory: lib/thirdparty
11. Restart the Secure Connector by running one of the following files from a command line:
 - o For Windows: runclient_osgi.bat
 - o For Linux: runclient_osgi.sh

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Downloading and installing the SAP Jar Files and DLLs

To connect to an SAP system from studio, you must install SAP DLLs and jar files onto your Windows development machine. You must have the SAP login credentials to enter the SAP Support Portal and download the files.

About this task

To download and install the SAP jar files and DLLs:

1. Contact SAP Technical Support to obtain the zip files for the following SAP Components:
 - **SAP JCo Release 3.0.6 or later version - based on the platform on which studio is running.**
2. Unzip the SAP JCo zip file:
 - Double-click the `sapjdoc30P_6-1000xxxx.zip` file.
 - Use the decompression tool to extract the contents of the compressed file to a temporary directory. This zip file contains another zip file `sapjco3-NTintel-3.0.6.zip`. Extract this zip also to a temporary directory, for example: `C:\temp\sapjco3-NTintel-3.0.6`. This directory contains the required libraries `sapjco3.jar` and `sapjco3.dll`.
3. Unzip the SAP IDoc JCo zip file:
 - Double-click the `sapjdoc30P_6-1000xxxx.zip` file.
 - Use the decompression tool to extract the contents of the compressed file to a temporary directory, for example, `C:\temp\sapjdoc30P_6-1000xxxx`. This directory contains the required library `sapidoc3.jar`.

Procedure

1. Open studio, select Tools > Install Module Providers.
2. When the Add Providers dialog box is displayed, click the plus (+) button present beneath SAP Connector.

A text entry field and a Browse button is displayed.

3. Click Browse, and use the browse dialog box to locate and select the `sapjco3.jar` file.
4. Click Open to import the jar file contents.
5. Click the next available plus (+) button to add the `sapidoc3.jar` and `sapjco3.dll` files.
6. When the jar file is listed in the Add Providers dialog box, click OK.

Results


A prompt is displayed to restart studio and activate the changes.

What to do next

You can now create SAP endpoints and orchestrations.

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Uninstalling Secure Connectors (Windows)

This topic provides information about uninstalling a Secure Connector from a Windows machine.

About this task


The following procedure allows you to uninstall a Secure Connector and all its configuration settings.

Procedure

1. Verify that another program, such as your browser or command shell, does not have any of the Secure Connector directories open.
2. From the Windows Start button, select All Programs > IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector <connector_name> > Stop Secure Connector.
3. From the Windows Start button, select All Programs > IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector <connector_name> > Uninstall Secure Connector. The Uninstaller window is displayed.
4. Select Force the deletion of C:\Program Files\IBM\Secure_Connector _<connector_name>.
5. Click Uninstall.
6. When the status bar displays [Finished], you can close the Uninstaller window.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Uninstalling Secure Connectors (Linux)

This topic provides information about uninstalling a Secure Connector from a Linux machine.

Before you begin

You must have root level permissions to uninstall the Secure Connector from a Linux machine.

About this task

You can uninstall the Secure Connector by using a graphical interface, issuing a command line command, or running the Java uninstall .jar file. Choose one of the following options to uninstall a Secure Connector and all its configuration settings from a Linux machine.

Uninstalling the Secure Connector using a graphical interface: You must have a desktop environment, such as GNOME or KDE, to successfully uninstall the Secure Connector using this procedure.

1. Verify that another program, such as your browser or command shell, does not have any of the Secure Connector directories open.
2. From the application directory, select IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector <connector_name> > Stop Secure Connector.
3. From the application directory, select IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector <connector_name> > Uninstall Secure Connector.

Uninstalling the Secure Connector from the command prompt:

1. Verify that another program, such as your browser or command shell, does not have any of the Secure Connector directories open.
2. From the command prompt, issue the `./Uninstaller/uninstall.sh` command.

Uninstalling the Secure Connector with .jar file. You must have Java™ version 1.6 or higher installed to successfully uninstall the Secure Connector using this procedure.

1. Verify that another program, such as your browser or command shell, does not have any of the Secure Connector directories open.
2. From the command prompt, enter the `runclient_osgi.sh stop` command.
3. In the directory where you installed the Secure Connector, navigate to the Uninstaller sub-directory to find the `uninstaller.jar` file: `"${JAVA}" -jar "${INSTALL_DIR}/Uninstaller/uninstaller.jar"` where `{JAVA}` is the Java executable and `{INSTALL_DIR}` is the Secure Connector name.

A dialog box is displayed.


4. Select the Force the Deletion... option.
5. Click Uninstall.
6. Click Quit.

Results

The Secure Connector is uninstalled. Configuration settings are retained in the home directory.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors


Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors topics provide information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Windows and Linux machines. For Windows machines, options you chose during installation affect how you can start and stop Secure Connectors. If you installed the Secure Connector as an automatic Windows Service, as recommended, then you can use the Windows Services control panel to stop and start the Secure Connector. If you installed the Secure Connector as a Windows application, then you can start and stop the Secure Connector using Windows Start menu shortcuts or desktop shortcuts. For Linux machines, you can start and stop Secure Connectors by using a graphical interface or by running commands from the command line.

- [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors on Windows \(Installed as a Windows Service\)](#)
This topic provides information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Windows machines, where you have a Secure Connector installed as a Windows Service.

- [Enabling Interactive Mode for Windows Services](#)
When the Secure Connector is installed as a Windows Service, enable the interactive mode for the service to view system tray icons and command window.
- [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors on Windows \(Installed as a Windows Application\)](#)
This topic provides information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Windows machines, where you have a Secure Connector installed as a Windows application.
- [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors on Linux](#)
This topic provides information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Linux machines.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors on Windows (Installed as a Windows Service)

This topic provides information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Windows machines, where you have a Secure Connector installed as a Windows Service.

About this task

If you installed the Secure Connector as an automatic Windows Service, as recommended, use the Windows Services control panel to stop or restart the Secure Connector.

By default, when a Secure Connector is installed as a Windows Service, the Secure Connector is not configured to interact with the Windows Desktop. However, if the Secure Connector service was installed under a local system account, you can enable an interactive mode that presents system tray icons and a command window when the Secure Connector service is running.

For steps to enable the interactive mode for a Windows service, see [Enabling Interactive Mode for Windows Services](#).

Note: If you use the **Start Secure Connector** Start menu shortcut or desktop shortcut to start a Secure Connector, the Secure Connector starts as a normal application rather than as a service. You must use the Windows Services control panel to start Secure Connectors as a service. You can use either the **Stop Secure Connector** Start menu shortcut or desktop shortcut to stop a Secure Connector.

Starting and stopping Secure Connectors, using the Windows Services control panel:


Procedure

1. Open the Windows Services window : Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
2. Scroll down the list of services to locate the IBM® Secure Connector service.

3. Right-click on the IBM Secure Connector service and select the appropriate command: Start, Stop, Pause, Resume, or Restart.

Parent topic: [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors](#)

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Enabling Interactive Mode for Windows Services

When the Secure Connector is installed as a Windows Service, enable the interactive mode for the service to view system tray icons and command window.

About this task

By default, when a Secure Connector is installed as a Windows Service, the Secure Connector is not configured to interact with the Windows Desktop. However, if the Secure Connector service was installed under a local system account, you can enable an interactive mode that presents system tray icons and a command window when the Secure Connector service is running.

Procedure

1. Open the Services control panel. For example: Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
2. Select the Cast Iron Secure Connector service.
3. Right-click the service name, and select Properties. The Service Properties window is displayed.
4. Select the Log On tab.
5. Select Local System account and then select Allow service to interact with desktop.
6. Click OK.
7. Click Restart.

Results

When the Cast Iron Secure Connector service is restarted, system tray icons and a command window is displayed.

Note: You can minimize the command window. However, if you close the command window, the Cast Iron Secure Connector service will be stopped and terminated. Closing the command window is the equivalent of stopping the Secure Connector service from the Windows Services control panel.

Parent topic: [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors](#)

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Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors on Windows (Installed as a Windows Application)

This topic provides information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Windows machines, where you have a Secure Connector installed as a Windows application.

About this task


When the Secure Connector is installed on a Windows machine as a Windows application, rather than a Windows Service, you can start and stop the Secure Connector using Windows Start menu shortcuts or desktop shortcuts.

Procedure

1. Start the Secure Connector from either the Windows Start menu shortcut or desktop shortcut.
 - o From the Windows Start button, select All Programs > IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector <connector_name> > Start Secure Connector.
 - o From the Windows desktop, click the Start Secure Connector shortcut to start the Secure Connector.
2. Stop the Secure Connector from either the Windows Start menu shortcut or desktop shortcut.
 - o From the Windows Start button, select All Programs > IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector <connector_name> > Stop Secure Connector.
 - o From the Windows desktop, click the Stop Secure Connector shortcut to stop the Secure Connector.

Parent topic: [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors](#)

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Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors on Linux

This topic provides information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Linux machines.

About this task

If you have a desktop environment, such as GNOME or KDE, you can start and stop the Secure Connector using menu shortcuts or desktop shortcuts. You can also start and stop the Secure Connector using the command


line.

Procedure

1. Start the Secure Connector from either the menu shortcut , desktop shortcut or command line. Choose one of the following options:
 - o Select `<application>` > IBM® > Cast Iron® Secure Connector `<connector_name>` > Start Secure Connector .
 - o From the desktop, click the Start Secure Connector shortcut to start the Secure Connector.
 - o From the command prompt, enter `runclient_osgi.sh start` .
2. Stop the Secure Connector from either the menu shortcut, desktop shortcut, or command line. Choose one of the following options:
 - o Select `<application>` > IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector `<connector_name>` > Stop Secure Connector .
 - o From the desktop, click the Stop Secure Connector shortcut to stop the Secure Connector.
 - o From the command prompt, enter `runclient_osgi.sh stop`.

Parent topic: [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors](#)

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Upgrading Secure Connectors

This topic provides information about upgrading Secure Connectors.

Procedure

1. Create a new Secure Connector.
2. Download the latest version of the Secure Connector installer, based on your operating system. For example, Windows or Linux.
3. On a Windows or Linux machine, launch the Secure Connector installer. The Cast Iron® Secure Connector wizard guides you through the upgrade process.

Note: If you already have a Secure Connector installation that is higher than or same as the latest version, a warning message states that you have an existing installation and alternatively you can upgrade the existing installation.

Note: You must stop the Secure Connector (if already started) before upgrading.


Note: Before you proceed with the Secure Connector upgrade process, ensure that you have:

 - o Stopped the Secure Connector
 - o Taken a manual backup of the certificates (if any) located at `<secure_connector_install_path>/etc/security` or `jre/lib`. You may want to replace/add your certificates after upgrade.
4. Click the Upgrade option. The Select the installed path list box is displayed.
5. Select the Secure Connector installed path, if it is displayed in the list box. Else, click Browse button to select the installed path.

6. Click Next, then read and accept the licensing agreement.
7. Click Next. The installation progress is displayed. A message is displayed stating that the installation has been completed successfully. The path to the installer program is also displayed.
8. Click Done.
9. Start the Secure Connector.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Troubleshooting Secure Connectors


This topic provides potential solutions for issues you have with the Secure Connector.

Secure Connector log files are available for your review. The Log directory is created after the initial start of the Secure Connector. The Log directory is located in the Secure Connector install directory. For example:
C:\Program Files\IBM\Secure_Connector_1.development\logs

- **A port contention error occurs.** A port contention error can occur when two Secure Connectors are configured to use the same port and gateway. To resolve the issue, provide unique values for the Gateway, Listen on Port, and Transmit on Port parameters in each Secure Connector configuration file.
- **Unable to run .jar file to uninstall a Secure Connector.** Verify that the Java™ path is specified correctly and that you have Java version 1.6x or higher installed on the machine.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Security

Security topics provide information about generating and managing certificates.

- [About Certificates](#)
- [Editing Security Settings](#)
- [Exporting Certificates](#)

- [Generating Certificate Signing Requests](#)
- [Generating Self-Signed Certificates](#)
- [Importing Certificates](#)
- [Renaming Certificate Alias](#)
- [Uploading Certificates](#)

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About Certificates

Certificates enable secure communication between the Integration Appliance and endpoints located in your intranet and extranet. Use the Management Console to manage certificates.


From the Certificates page, you can generate, import, and update security certificates and security settings.

The following tables provides definitions for certificate terminology.

Certificate Terminology	Definition
Alias	A string of alphanumeric characters you assign to a KeyStore or TrustStore entry to provide a more user friendly name. Within a KeyStore or TrustStore you can use an alias to refer to the keys and certificates. Note: Aliases are not case sensitive. For example, MyCert and mycert refer to the same entry.
Certificate	A signed credential which identifies an endpoint or organization.
Key Pair	A public key and associated private key.
KeyStore	A Java™ data store that houses private keys and certificates used by a Java SSL endpoint. For example, a local Java endpoint supplies a certificate from its KeyStore as a credential to identify itself to a remote SSL endpoint.
PKI	Public Key Infrastructure is a system for managing encryption keys and identity information. The purpose of the system is to provide standards based system for protecting/securing communications over the internet.
Private Key	A key known only to a single endpoint used to encrypt and/or sign data.
Public Key	A key associated with a private key that can be distributed to anyone.
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer enables secure web communications and permits endpoints to optionally authenticate each other.
TrustStore	A Java data store that houses certificate authority signed certificates. For example, a local Java endpoint utilizes a TrustStore to authenticate the identity (certificate) provided to it by a remote SSL endpoint.

Parent topic: [Security](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Security/aboutCertificates.html>


Editing Security Settings

Procedure

1. In the Key Store section, click Generate. The Generate Self-Signing Certificate dialog box displays.
2. In the Settings section, click Edit. The Edit Settings dialog box is displayed.
3. Select the certificate alias for which you want to edit settings.
4. Select the cipher strength:
 - o Standard
 - o Strong
5. Click Save.

Parent topic: [Security](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Security/editingSecuritySettings.html>

Exporting Certificates

Procedure

1. In the Key Store section, click Generate. The Generate Self-Signing Certificate dialog box displays.
2. In the Key Store section, click on an alias. The Certificate Details window is displayed.
3. Click Export. The Export Certificate dialog box is displayed.
4. Select an exporting format.
5. Provide a password.
6. Click Export.

Parent topic: [Security](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Security/exportingCertificates.html>

Generating Certificate Signing Requests

Procedure

1. In the Key Store section, click Generate. The Generate Self-Signing Certificate dialog box displays.
2. In the Key Store section, click on an alias. The Certificate Details window is displayed.
3. Click Generate CSR. The Certificate Content window is displayed.
4. Click Copy. The entire contents of the window is copied.
5. Click Download and enter a location for the download.
6. Click Save. The certificate contents are downloaded to the specified location.

Parent topic: [Security](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Security/generatingCertificateSigningRequests.html>

Generating Self-Signed Certificates

Procedure


1. In the Key Store section, click Generate. The Generate Self-Signing Certificate dialog box displays.
2. Specify values for the following parameters:
 - o Alias - The name used to identify the key pair.
 - o Common Name (CN)
 - o Organization (O)
 - o Organization Unit (OU)
 - o Country (C) - Select a country from the list
 - o State (ST)
 - o Locale (L)
 - o Email (EMAILADDRESS)
 - o OID -
 - o Key Algorithm - Choose an algorithm type from the list.
 - o Key Length - Choose a value from the list.
 - o Valid For: - Specify the length of time this certificate is valid for in years and days.
3. Click Generate.

Results

The self-signed certificate displays in the Key Store table.

Parent topic: [Security](#)

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Importing Certificates

About this task

You can import a certificate or certificate chain into the IBM® WebSphere® Cast Iron KeyStore. You can also import trusted Certificate Authority certificates (CA Certs) to the TrustStore.

Procedure

1. In the Key Store section, click Generate. The Generate Self-Signing Certificate dialog box displays.
2. In the Key Store or Trust Store section, click Import. The Import Certificates dialog box is displayed.
3. Specify an alias name. This name is used to identify the imported certificate or certificate chain.
4. Optional: Provide a key password.

The password protects the private key of the key pair associated with the alias. If you do not specify a password, the password defaults to the password protecting the KeyStore.

5. If you are importing a certificate from a trusted site, select the Trusted option.

If you select the Trusted option, the certificate is imported without checking for an existing chain of trust. If you do not select the Trusted option, the KeyStore and TrustStore is checked to ensure a chain of trust exists for the certificate being imported.

6. Choose to import the content from a file or from content in the clipboard that contains the certificate or certificate chain to be imported.


Supported formats include: CER/PEM (RFC 1421), DER, PKCS7, and PKCS12.

7. Click Import.

Results

The certificate is displayed in the Certificates page.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Security/importingCertificates.html>

Renaming Certificate Alias


Procedure

1. In the Key Store section, click Generate. The Generate Self-Signing Certificate dialog box displays.
2. In the Certificate page, select an Alias. The Certificate Details dialog box is displayed.
3. Click Rename.
4. In the Alias field, enter a new alias.
5. Click Apply.

Results

The updated alias is displayed on the Certificates page.

Parent topic: [Security](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html


<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Security/renamingCertificateAlias.html>

Uploading Certificates

Procedure

1. In the Key Store section, click Generate. The Generate Self-Signing Certificate dialog box displays.
2. In the Key Store section, select an alias. The Certificate Details window is displayed.
3. Click Upload. The Update Certificate dialog box is displayed.
4. If you are uploading a certificate to a trusted site, select the Trusted option.
5. Choose to upload the content from a file or from content in the clipboard.
6. Click Import.

Parent topic: [Security](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Security/uploadingCertificates.html>

Working with Logs

Working with Logs topics provide information about specifying system settings, and viewing system logs.

- [Specify System Log Settings](#)
- [Viewing System Logs](#)
- [Viewing Job Logs](#)
- [Customizing columns in System log and Job log](#)

You can customize the columns displayed in the System log and Job log pages, respectively.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Working_with_Logs/toc_working_with_logs.html

Specify System Log Settings

About this task

You can specify the level of details that appears in the system logs. The log level you specify affects alerts for notification policies. Alerts are only sent for events that meet or exceed the log level you specify.

Note: If you do not receive notifications for events, it might be that you do not have the system log level set to produce entries that would trigger a notification.

Procedure

1. In the Navigation pane, select Logs > System Log. The System Log page is displayed.
2. Click Settings. The System Log Settings dialog box is displayed.
3. From the list, select a log level for each system.
4. Click Save.


Results

A confirmation message displays. The system log logs all events that occur at the level you specified or higher for the specific system. For example, if you chose the Error level for Deployment, all events that were Error or

Critical level in the Deployment system are logged.

Parent topic: [Working with Logs](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.live.doc/CloudHelp/Working_with_Logs/specifyingSystemLogSettings.html

Viewing System Logs

About this task

You can view system logs from the Management Console and use the system log filters to sort through system log entries.

When you upgrade, the Management Console does not persist system logs. To retain system log information, export system logs before you upgrade.

Note: The Management Console displays a maximum of 99,999 system log entries. When the number of system log entries exceeds 99,999, the oldest log entry is deleted from the system log.

Procedure

1. From the navigation pane, select **Logs > System Log**. The System Log page is displayed.
2. Choose the filter values from the lists at the top of the System Log page.

You can filter the log entries according to the level of severity for the event, the environment system that generated the log event, dates, and resolution state. The filters use AND logic.

Parent topic: [Working with Logs](#)


System Log Content

The system log provides the following information:

System Log Content	Description
Level	Identifies the level of severity of the log event: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Critical• Error• Warning• Info
System	Identifies the system where the log event occurred.
Message	Text messages that provides details about the log event.

System Log Content	Description
Job	When available displays Job ID information for log events that occur in the Orchestration system.
When	Records the time when the log event occurred.
Resolved On	Provides a time stamp of when you resolved a log event.
Resolved By	Identifies which user resolved a log event.
Resolved	Select this checkbox to acknowledge that you have resolved a log event. When a user resolves a log event, a time stamp documents the date and time the issue was resolved. Information about the user who resolved the log event is tracked in the Resolved By column. You can resolve all the system log issues, by clicking Resolve All. Clear the checkbox next to any log events that are not resolved and the Resolved On and Resolved By values are cleared.

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About the Web Management Console

About the Web Management Console (WMC) topics provide general information about the WMC.

- [About Management Console Settings](#)
From the Settings link, you can manage various user profile, session, and display preferences. The Web Management Console supports only the English language. The Settings link is in the upper right corner of the Management Console.
- [Contacting Technical Support](#)
Submit technical support issues through the IBM® Support page.
- [Navigating the Management Console](#)
The Management Console is a web-based tool that allows you to manage and monitor the various systems and resources of your integration environment. This environment can be a physical Integration Appliance or an environment in the WebSphere® Cast Iron® Cloud.

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About Management Console Settings

From the Settings link, you can manage various user profile, session, and display preferences. The Web Management Console supports only the English language. The Settings link is in the upper right corner of the Management Console.

From the Settings dialog box, you can view and edit the following settings and preferences.

Table 1. User Profile Setting

User Profile Setting	Description
User Name	The name of the user currently logged in.
Display Name	The name that displays on the console and that displays in the logs.
Password	Password for the current user: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Minimum length is 8 characters• Maximum length is 15 characters• Must contain characters from 3 of the 4 following categories:<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. upper-case2. lower-case3. numeric4. punctuation (for example, !, \$, #, %)• Must not contain any 3 character substring of user name• Must not contain any 3 character substring of prior password
Email	Current® user email address. Email notifications are sent to this email.
User Groups	User groups for which the user is a member.

Login Policy

When the 5th consecutive login failure occurs for a single user, in any span of time, the user is prohibited from logging-in again for a delay interval of 15 seconds.

For each subsequent login failure, the delay interval doubles until the delay interval capacity is reached. The delay interval capacity is 1 hour. A successful login by the user resets the login failure count and the delay interval for the user.

Table 2. Session Settings

Session Settings	Description
Inactivity Timeout	The amount of inactive time the console waits before logging off the current user. You can choose one of the following timeout intervals: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 5 minutes• 15 minutes• 30 minutes• 60 minutes• Never


Session Settings	Description
Dashboard Refresh Interval	<p>The amount of time the console waits before refreshing the view. You can choose one of the following refresh intervals:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 15 seconds • 30 seconds • 60 seconds • Off

Table 3. Display Settings

Display Settings	Description
Time Zone	<p>Allows you to specify the time displayed on the console. You can specify one of the following display modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Local Time (GMT-0800) • Remote Time (GMT) • GMT
Page Size for Jobs Log	<p>Allows you to specify the number of rows of the Jobs log to display on the console. You can choose to display 15, 25, 50, or 100 rows.</p>
Page Size for System Log	<p>Allows you to specify the number of rows of the System log to display on the console. You can choose to display 15, 25, 50, or 100 rows.</p>
Maximum Age for Recent Jobs	<p>Allows you to specify the age of the recent jobs that are displayed on the console. For example, if you choose 1 hour, any job that is older than an hour is not displayed. You can include jobs as old as: 1 hour, 2 hours, 4 hours, 8 hours, 1 day, 2 days, 5 days, or 1 week.</p>
Maximum Age for Recent Configurations	<p>Allows you to specify the age of the recent project configurations that are displayed on the console. For example, if you choose 1 day, any project configuration that is older than a day is not displayed. You can include project configurations as old as: 1 day, 2 days, 5 days, 1 week, 2 weeks, 3 weeks, or 4 weeks.</p>

Parent topic: [About the Web Management Console](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/About_the_WMC/consoleSettings.html


Contacting Technical Support

Submit technical support issues through the IBM® Support page.

For more information, see <http://www.ibm.com/support/us/en/>.

Parent topic: [About the Web Management Console](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/About_the_WMC/contactingTechnicalSupport.html

Navigating the Management Console

The Management Console is a web-based tool that allows you to manage and monitor the various systems and resources of your integration environment. This environment can be a physical Integration Appliance or an environment in the WebSphere® Cast Iron® Cloud.

The navigation pane on the left of the Management Console displays a menu of pages that allow you view, configure, and take actions on various systems and resources.

If you have logged on to the Management Console as an administrator, you can view the reports of:


- **Publish details:** Displays the configurations published, by whom it was published, and the date and time when it was published.
- **Login History:** Displays the login history of the user or users that logged on to the appliance. The login history includes the name of the user, the log in time, and the log out time.

The back and forward buttons on browsers do not allow you to move through the Management Console pages in the order which you opened them. Use the back and forward arrows in the top right corner of the Management Console to move through the Management Console pages in the order you opened them.

The user that is currently logged in is also displayed in the upper right corner. Click Settings > User Profile to open the User Profile window.

Parent topic: [About the Web Management Console](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/About_the_WMC/navigatingMgmtConsole.html

Local Staging Database

Local Staging Database topics provide information about using the local staging database in the Web Management Console.

- [About the Local Staging Database](#)
- [Starting the Local Staging Database](#)
- [Stopping the Local Staging Database](#)

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About the Local Staging Database

In Studio, you can build projects with Data Quality activities that sort and merge data from a source system to help you cleanse and quickly migrate the data to a target system. As the Data Quality activities in a project iteratively process data from a source system--sorting "good" and "bad" data, the Integration Appliance can store the data in a Local Staging Database.

From the WMC, you can view the local database tables and lookup tables to make further changes, as needed, to the processed data. You must have the appropriate permissions to view tables and perform operations on the Local Staging Database.

Important: The Local Staging Database must be started before you can view the Database Viewer in the WMC.

Database Viewer Panes

The Database Viewer is made up of three panes:

Database Objects pane

Located on the left-hand side of the Database Viewer, this pane displays all tables in the Local Staging Database, including fields and rows.

Query pane

Located in the upper-right side of the Database Viewer, this pane provides a workspace for you to validate and submit queries to the Local Staging Database. You can manage each query in a separate tab. You can perform the following operations on each tab:

- Validate Query
- Submit Query
- Clear Query
- Close Tab

Summary pane


Located in the lower-right side of the Database Viewer, this pane contains two tabs: Results and History.

- **Results tab** - Provides a summary of the rows returned from the query.

- **History tab** - Provides a log of events that have occurred on the Local Staging Database. A time stamp marks each event logged. The log of events persists as long as the WMC is open. Once you close the WMC, the History tab is cleared.

Parent topic: [Local Staging Database](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Local_Staging_Database/aboutLocalStagingDB.html

Starting the Local Staging Database

About this task

From the WMC, you can start and stop the Local Staging Database. You must start the staging database to view or update data. By default, the staging database is in a stopped state. In the stopped state, you cannot view or update the staging database. When you stop the database, all sessions for all users also stop.


Only users with Administrator privileges, granted as being part of the built-in Administrator group, can start, stop, and perform operations on the Local Staging Database. Users with Publisher privileges can only view the database if the Local Staging Database has already been started by a user with Administrator privileges. If the Local Staging Database has not been started, users with Publisher privileges will not be able to view the database. Users that are part of the built-in Users group or with WMC login credentials created in an LDAP Server do not have access to the Local Staging Database.

Procedure

1. From the navigation pane, select System > Staging DB. The Staging DB page is displayed.
2. Click Start Database.

Parent topic: [Local Staging Database](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Local_Staging_Database/startingLocalStagingDB.html

Stopping the Local Staging Database

About this task

From the WMC, you can start and stop the Local Staging Database. You must start the staging database to view or update data. By default, the staging database is in a stopped state. In the topped state, you cannot view or update the staging database. When you stop the database, all sessions for all users also stops.


Only users with Administrator privileges, granted as being part of the built-in Administrator group, can start, stop, and perform operations on the Local Staging Database. Users with Publisher privileges can only view the database if the Local Staging Database has already been started by a user with Administrator privileges. If the Local Staging Database has not been started, users with Publisher privileges will not be able to view the database. Users that are part of the built-in Users group or with WMC login credentials created in an LDAP Server do not have access to the Local Staging Database.

Procedure

1. From the Navigation pane, select System > Staging DB. The Staging DB is displayed.
2. Click Stop Database.

Parent topic: [Local Staging Database](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Local_Staging_Database/stoppingLocalStagingDB.html

Best Practices for Memory Management

Outlines memory management best practices to maintain a healthy runtime environment and avoid out of memory errors.

An Integration Appliance sets aside a pool of memory to run orchestration jobs. Managing this pool of memory is key to maintaining a healthy runtime environment.

There is a direct relationship between the amount of memory used and garbage collection cycles. Garbage collection is a process that returns memory, held by completed jobs and variable data, back to a pool of memory used by all orchestration jobs. This garbage collection process ensures that the Integration Appliance has a constant supply of free memory that new orchestration jobs can use.

Garbage collection (GC) is a continual process that runs in the background with no effect on orchestration job performance. However, when memory reaches a critical threshold, a more in-depth process known as full garbage collection occurs. The full garbage collection process puts all the running jobs into a sleep state and returns unused memory back to the pool. Because all orchestration jobs stop during a full garbage collection, frequent full garbage collections can affect orchestration performance.

When the GC Activity value on the Resource Utilization Graph spikes at regular intervals, there is most likely a high demand on memory that the Integration Appliance is trying to manage by initiating more frequent full garbage collection cycles. However, high memory usage does not necessarily mean an increase in full garbage collection cycles. For example, a large volume of short running orchestrations results in a larger percentage of

memory being used. But the garbage collection cycles, constantly running in the background, most likely return memory back to the pool of memory quickly enough that the overall memory usage is never high enough to trigger a full garbage collection. Full garbage collections stop all orchestrations, so frequent full garbage collections can affect orchestration performance.

Scenarios where high memory usage likely results in frequent full garbage collection cycles include a mix of orchestration types. For example, having multiple, non-persistent, long running orchestrations with numerous variables processing large objects. These types of orchestrations would consume and tie up large amounts of memory that could not quickly be returned to the memory pool.

Note: These types of orchestrations are not recommended by Cast Iron®.

The following table provides a list of best practices that will help you manage memory usage and maintain a healthy runtime environment.


Table 1. Best Practices for Memory Management

Best Practice Principles	Description
Reduce logging levels.	<p>More detailed logging requires more memory to process and store the data and also increases the I/O load on the Integration Appliance disk, which can slow performance. Detailed logging levels are recommended for debugging purposes only and not recommended for production environments, where high volumes of data are processed.</p> <p>The Integration Appliance generates system logs and orchestration job logs.</p> <p>Cast Iron recommends setting the System Log level to "Warning" for all components that are tracked in the system log:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hardware • Resources • Network • Security • Orchestration • Deployment <p>If the number of warnings generated by the various system components is high, memory usage might become an issue. Either resolve the problem that is causing the warnings to be generated or increase the system logging level to "Error". For more information about setting system log levels, see Specify System Log Settings.</p> <p>Orchestration logging levels are specified for each orchestration in a project. Cast Iron recommends setting Logging Levels to "Error Values" for all orchestrations under all projects on the Integration Appliance. For more information about setting orchestration log levels, see Editing Orchestration Settings.</p>

Best Practice Principles	Description
Verify persistence is enabled for all orchestrations.	<p>By default, persistence is enabled for an orchestration and variable data is written to disk instead of memory. Enabling persistence has the added benefit of point-in-time data recovery should a fault occur during runtime.</p> <p>If you disable persistence for an orchestration, data is stored in memory. While disabling persistence can improve performance, as the number of running jobs increases the likelihood of running out of memory also increases. Because of the high risk of running out of memory, proceed with extreme caution when you choose to disable persistence.</p> <p>Note: Turning off persistence reduces the number of orchestration jobs that the Integration Appliance can run simultaneously. The limit is set by the amount of memory available on the Integration Appliance.</p>
Use scheduling capabilities available in the Web Management Console (WMC) and Studio to stagger orchestration jobs.	<p>By scheduling memory intensive jobs to start at different times or to run during off-peak hours, you relieve some of the load on memory, reduce the number of full garbage collections, and potentially improve performance.</p> <p>In Studio, you can use the Schedule Job activity or configure polling intervals for activities in an orchestration to stagger orchestration jobs and maximize resource utilization. You can also create a schedule in the WMC, to control when the Integration Appliance should run an orchestration job. Measure the average execution time of a given orchestration job, so you can optimize job schedules.</p>
Minimize the number of variables used in an orchestration.	<p>The more variables you use in an orchestration, the more memory is required to store the data. This in turn could increase the number of garbage collection cycles and affect performance. Review your orchestrations to see if you can reduce the number of variables used.</p>
Reduce the number of simultaneously running jobs.	<p>In the WMC, you are able to specify the maximum number of simultaneously running jobs for an orchestration. As the number of concurrently running orchestrations increases, so does the percentage of memory usage increase. If you notice memory is getting overloaded, reduce the number of jobs running simultaneously.</p> <p>The effects of reducing the number of simultaneously running jobs is especially impactful for non-persistent, long running orchestrations jobs that contain a large number of variables.</p> <p>Note: These types of orchestrations are not recommended by Cast Iron.</p>
Do not exceed 75% load on memory.	<p>In the WMC Resource Utilization Graph, you can track the percentage of memory used. When the percentage of memory used is approximately 75% or less, the Integration Appliance has capacity to process more orchestrations. When the percentage of memory used exceeds approximately 75%, you will likely notice performance issues as the number of full garbage collections increase.</p>
Limit full garbage collection cycles.	<p>In the WMC Resource Utilization Graph, you can use the GC Activity value to track a percentage of full garbage collections. When this percentage exceeds 50%, you might notice a reduction in the throughput of your orchestrations jobs. Implement the best practices for memory management to reduce memory usage and thus reduce the likelihood of full garbage collection cycles occurring.</p>

Best Practice Principles	Description
Add additional Integration Appliances to your environment.	After implementing the best practices principles, if memory usage continues to be high, it might be time to add another Integration Appliance to your environment.

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Managing Integration Appliances

Managing Integration Appliances topics provide information about downloading 3rd party libraries, importing and exporting repositories, as well as describing and using commands on the Web Management Console.

- [About Connectors](#)
- [System Summary](#)
- [Downloading and installing SAP library files](#)
- [Configuring Secure Network Communications \(SNC\) for SAP connector](#)
In Cast Iron version 6.3.0.2 and later versions, you can connect to SAP through the SAP connector by using the SNC feature.
- [Executing Commands](#)
- [Exporting A Repository](#)
- [Importing A Repository](#)
- [Installing Libraries from Other Vendors](#)
- [Scheduling Downtime](#)
- [Specifying Network Settings](#)
- [Executing a System Command](#)
- [Upgrading a Dell Integration Appliance](#)
This section provides information on using the WMC to upload minor and patch releases to a Dell Integration Appliance. When you upgrade the appliance, you are able to access the latest features of the Cast Iron® operating system. This upgrade process only replaces or adds necessary files, it does not destroy any data.
- [Upgrading a DataPower Integration Appliance](#)
This section provides information on using the WMC to upload minor and patch releases to a DataPower Cast Iron XH40 Integration Appliance. When you upgrade the appliance, you are able to access the latest features of the Cast Iron operating system. The upgrade process only replaces or adds necessary files, it does not destroy any data.
- [Working with Network Routes](#)
You can add and delete network routes for the Integration Appliance.

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About Connectors

The Connectors page displays all the connectors that are installed on the Integration Appliance. From the Connectors page you can also see the version number of each installed connector and licensing status for each connector. The Integration Appliance can only process configuration projects that contain endpoints with valid connector licenses. To open the Connectors page, select System > Connectors from the navigation page.

Some connectors require you to install additional libraries, before you can deploy a configuration project. On the Connectors page, click the Update Libraries link to manage these additional connector libraries.

Parent topic: [Managing Integration Appliances](#)

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System Summary

The System Summary page provides information about the Integration Appliance. To access the System Summary page, select System > Summary from the navigation pane.

System Information	Description
Model	Displays the Integration Appliance hardware model.
Version	Displays the version of WebSphere® Cast Iron® Operating System that is currently running on the Integration Appliance.
Serial Number	Displays the Integration Appliance serial number.

Parent topic: [Managing Integration Appliances](#)

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Downloading and installing SAP library files

Before you begin

You must have an SAP User ID and password to enter the SAP Support Portal to download the files.

About this task

In order to connect to an SAP system, you must install SAP libraries onto your development environment.

Note:

If you have older versions of the `librfccm.so` and `libsapjcorfc.so` files in any system directories, you must remove these files. Appliance must use the `libsapjco3.so` file provided with SAP JCo Release 3.0.x. You must use 64 bit SAP JCo libraries for Cast Iron® version 7.0 and later versions; and 32 bit SAP JCo libraries for Cast Iron version 6.4 and earlier versions.

Procedure


1. Contact SAP Technical Support to obtain the following zip files for the following SAP Components:
 - SAP 32 bit JCo version 3.0.10 or later versions - Linux 32 bit version.
 - SAP Java™ IDoc Class Library 3.0.10 or later versions.
2. Extract the contents of the package received from SAP Technical Support and copy it onto a local folder.
3. Log on to the Management Console and select System > Connectors. The Connectors page is displayed.
4. Click Update Libraries. The Update Connector Libraries window is displayed.
5. Select SAP in the Connector column.
6. Click the plus (+) button and repeat the following substeps until you have imported all the jar files you just downloaded.
 - a. Locate one of the jar files you just downloaded (`sapjco3.jar`, `sapidoc3.jar`, and `libsapjco3.so`).
 - b. Click Open to import the jar file. The file is displayed in the Files to Add column.
7. Click Update.

The files that display in the Files to Add column are not committed until you click Update. If you click Reset before you click Update, the Management Console does not add the files you uploaded. If the Management Console times out before you click Update and commit the added files, repeat the last two steps.

Results

You can now run SAP projects.

Parent topic: [Managing Integration Appliances](#)

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Configuring Secure Network Communications (SNC) for SAP connector


In Cast Iron version 6.3.0.2 and later versions, you can connect to SAP through the SAP connector by using the SNC feature.

Procedure

1. Upload `libsapcrypto.so` to the same place where SAP JCo JARs are uploaded (for more information, see [Downloading and installing SAP library files](#)) in system library using WMC.
2. Run the shell commands to add the SAP crypto directory to the path variable of the system and to add the system credentials to the `.pse` file.

Note: Shell commands can be run only by the IBM WebSphere Cast Iron L2 or L3 support engineers and share the `.pse` file with IBM Support if required.

Parent topic: [Managing Integration Appliances](#)

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Executing Commands

About this task

To run a system control command against the Integration Appliance:

Procedure

1. From the navigation pane, select System > Command. The System Commands page is displayed.
2. From the Choose Command drop-down list, select a command. You can view command details by clicking the drop-down arrow.
3. Click Go.


Parent topic: [Managing Integration Appliances](#)

System Control Commands

You can execute the following commands against a standalone Integration Appliance or an High Availability (HA) Pair. For more information about HA specific commands, see [Working with High Availability Pairs](#).

System Control Commands	Descriptions
Remove Job History	Removes all job history from the Integration Appliance.
Remove Projects & Configurations	Removes all projects, orchestrations, and project configurations from the Integration Appliance.
Remove All Jobs in Progress	Removes all data for currently running projects.
Download Postmortem	Generates and downloads a postmortem file to the location you specify.
Restart	Stops and restarts the Integration Appliance.
Reboot	Shuts down all services and then reboots the Integration Appliance.

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Exporting A Repository

About this task


Export the project repository to create a backup before upgrading an Integration Appliance. You can export all project configuration and user settings, which includes: network configurations, users and groups, licenses, job log parameters, log levels, notifications, downtime rules, and passwords, from the WMC to another location.

The Integration Appliance system logs are not exported when you export a repository. So if you import an earlier version of the repository, the system logs still contain events that occurred before the new repository was imported.

You can export a repository with the project configurations running. However, when you import this repository, the project configurations will all be in the undeployed state.

Procedure

1. In the Navigation pane, select Repository > Import/Export. The Import/Export Repository dialog box is displayed.
2. Click Export. The Save As window displays.
3. Specify the location where you would like to save the exported repository.
4. Click Save. The WMC exports a copy of the repository as a .tar.gz file.

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Importing A Repository

About this task

When you import a repository, the WMC deletes some information held in the existing repository. Exactly which information is deleted depends on which option you select when you import the repository, as explained in this topic. However, the system log is not deleted. Therefore, you could potentially see system log entries from the previous repository. Once you have imported a repository, you cannot roll back to a previous repository. Therefore, it is recommended that you export the existing repository before importing another repository.

You must stop and undeploy all project configurations on the WMC, before you can import a repository. When the WMC successfully imports a repository, all the project configurations are in the undeployed state.

Procedure


1. In the Navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configurations page is displayed.
2. From the Configurations Filter list, select All. All project configurations are displayed.
3. Stop and undeploy all project configurations.
4. In the Navigation pane, select Repository > Import/Export. The Import/Export Repository dialog box is displayed.
5. In the Repository File field, specify the path for the repository that you want to import.
6. Choose an import option:
 - o Project and User Settings
Imports all the contents of the repository file you select. All projects are imported in the undeployed state.
 - o Project Settings Only
Imports projects, configurations, notification policies, and job logs, from the repository file you select. All projects are imported in the undeployed state.
Note: Any projects, configurations, notification policies and job logs that exist prior to the import will be deleted.
 - o User Settings Only
Imports only the user setting information from the repository file you select. User setting information includes: network configurations, users and groups, licenses, job log filter parameters, system log levels, downtime rules and passwords.
7. Click Import. A warning is displayed.
8. Click Import to verify that you would like to proceed.

Results

The Integration Appliance imports the repository and restarts the Integration Appliance. When the import is complete, the WMC login window displays.

Parent topic: [Managing Integration Appliances](#)

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Installing Libraries from Other Vendors

About this task

If your integration project uses a connector that requires extra libraries, you must install the additional libraries before you deploy the project configuration. Deploying the project configuration before installing the additional libraries generates run time errors. For a complete list of connectors that require vendor libraries, open the Update Connector Libraries page. See the following procedure.

If you have a multi-environment tenant, you must install the vendor libraries in each environment where you deploy a project configuration with a connector that requires the additional libraries.

For example, you have a tenant with three environments: Development, Staging, and Production. You publish a project configuration for an SAP endpoint in the Development and Production environments. Before you can deploy the project configuration, you must install extra SAP libraries on both the Development and Production environments.

Procedure


1. Click an environment tab.
2. Select System > Upgrade > Upgrade Connector Libraries to open the Update Connector Libraries page.
3. In the Connector column, select the connector for which you want to install additional files.

Any files that have already been installed display in the Installed Files column.

4. Click the plus (+) icon and select the library files to upload. In a Linux system, the valid files are `.jar` or `.so`; in a Windows system, the valid files are `.jar` or `.dll`. The files that you select are displayed in the Files to Add column.
5. Click Update.

The files that display in the Files to Add column are not committed until you click Update. If you click Reset before you click Update, WMC does not add the files that you have uploaded. If WMC times out before you click Update and commit the added files, repeat the last two steps.

Parent topic: [Managing Integration Appliances](#)

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Scheduling Downtime

About this task

Scheduling downtime allows you to perform maintenance on an environment or related system. You can create downtime rules for project configurations that stop or suspend all enabled orchestration jobs in that project configuration for a specified duration of time. The project configuration does not have to be undeployed to create or edit a downtime rule. Downtime rules can occur once or repeat at specific intervals. You must have administrator or publisher permissions to create, edit, or delete a downtime rule.

By default, downtime rules are stored in GMT time zone. If an administrator modifies the system clock from GMT to another time zone, downtime rules are executed at the same absolute time. For example: You create a downtime rule to stop all orchestration between 4:00pm - 4:15pm GMT. The administrator then modifies the system clock to display PDT. Your downtime rule is modified to now stop all orchestration between 8:00am - 8:15am PDT. To execute the downtime rule at 4:00pm - 4:15pm PDT, you must edit the downtime rule. Times differences caused by daylight savings are automatically adjusted.

If the environment is offline when a downtime rule is scheduled to occur, all unexecuted rules are identified and executed in the appropriate order when the environment returns online. After all the backlogged downtime rules are executed, you regain control to modify the deployment state of a project configuration.

Procedure

1. From the Navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configurations page is displayed.
2. Click the project configuration, which contains the downtime rule you want to work with. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
3. In the Scheduled Downtimes section, click New Rule. The New Downtime Rule dialog box is displayed.
4. Select one of the following actions from the drop-down list:
 - o **Stop (allows jobs to finish)** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting while allowing current jobs to finish processing. This action facilitates a gracefully stop.
 - o **Stop (cancel running jobs)** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting and stops all currently running jobs. This action immediately stops all jobs.
 - o **Suspend** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestrations from starting and pauses any jobs that are currently running. At the end of the scheduled downtime, the runtime processes the suspended job from the point it paused.
5. Specify the duration of the downtime by specifying a date and time for Start Downtime and End Downtime.

6. (Optional) Select the Repeat option to create a repeat downtime rule.
 - a. Specify a repeat interval (numeric value).
 - b. Specify frequency from the drop-down list: Days, Weeks, Months, or years.
7. Click Save.

Results

The new downtime rule displays in the Scheduled Downtimes section and the Scheduled Downtime counter increases by one.

Parent topic: [Managing Integration Appliances](#)

Edit Downtime Rules

Procedure

1. From the Navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configurations is displayed
2. Click the project configuration, which contains the downtime rule you want to work with. The Configuration Details page is displayed
3. In the Scheduled Downtime section, click the downtime rule you want to edit. The Edit Downtime Rule displays.
4. Select one of the following actions from the drop-down list:
 - o **Stop (allows jobs to finish)** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting while allowing current jobs to finish processing. This action facilitates a gracefully stop.
 - o **Stop (cancel running jobs)** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting and stops all currently running jobs. This action immediately stops all jobs.
 - o **Suspend** - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestrations from starting and pauses any jobs that are currently running. At the end of the scheduled downtime, the runtime processes the suspended job from the point it paused.
5. Specify the duration of the downtime by specifying a date and time for Start Downtime and End Downtime.
6. Optional: Select the Repeat option to create a repeat downtime rule.
 - a. Specify a repeat interval (numeric value).
 - b. Specify frequency from the drop-down list: Days, Weeks, Months, or years.
7. Click Save.


Deleting Downtime Rules

Procedure

1. From the Navigation pane, select Repository > >Configurations. The Project Configurations page is displayed.
2. Click the project configuration, which contains the downtime rule you want to work with. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
3. In the Scheduled Downtime section, select the downtime rule you want to delete. The Delete Rules confirmation window is displayed.
4. Click Yes.

Results

The downtime rule no longer displays.

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Specifying Network Settings

About this task

Network opens Network Settings page.

The iA300 only has one physical port; however, for network configuration purposes, you specify separate IP addresses for data networking and management networking. The iA1000, iA1500, iA2000, iA2500, and iA3000 have two physical ports.

You must have Administrator privileges to specify network configurations. By default, the Integration Appliance uses DHCP to configure network settings. When you choose to use DHCP to configure network settings, the WMC displays the settings in the Network Configuration page. You can edit these settings by clearing the Use DHCP option or selecting the Manual option.

Note: Using DHCP to configure your network settings can result in longer startup times. For faster startup time, select the Manual option and specify a static value.

Procedure

1. In the navigation pane, select Network. The Network Settings page is displayed.
2. Click Edit. The Edit Network Settings wizard is displayed.
3. In the Data Network section, select the Use DHCP option. If you clear this option, the Integration Appliance requires that you specify the IP address, subnet, and broadcast settings.

By default, the Integration Appliance uses DHCP to configure data network settings. To manually configure data network settings, clear the Use DHCP option and enter a valid value for the required settings. The Integration Appliance requires the following management network settings:

- o IP address
 - o Subnet
 - o Broadcast
4. In the Management Network section, select the Use DHCP option. If you clear this option, the Integration Appliance requires that you specify the IP address, subnet, and broadcast settings.


By default, the Integration Appliance uses DHCP to configure management network settings. To manually configure management network settings, clear the Use DHCP option and enter a valid value for the required settings. The Integration Appliance requires the following management network settings:

- o IP address
- o Subnet
- o Broadcast

5. Select a Gateway Interface and Gateway Source.
6. Select an option to set the HostName.
7. Select an option to set the Domain.
8. Select an option to set the DNS. When specifying multiple DNS values, use a space to separate the values.
9. Select an option to set the Time Server.
10. Click Next to validate settings.
11. Click Next to apply settings.
12. Click Finish.
13. Wait for the Integration Appliance to restart and log in.

Parent topic: [Managing Integration Appliances](#)

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Executing a System Command

Procedure

1. In the navigation pane, select System > Commands. The System Command page is displayed.
2. From the Choose Command list, select a command.
3. Click Go.

Parent topic: [Managing Integration Appliances](#)

System Commands


From the Management Console, you can run system commands. Different system commands are available depending on the Integration Appliance configuration (stand-alone vs. high availability pairs) and Integration Appliance state (active or standby). The following table lists all system commands available from the Management Console and notes behavioral differences due to Integration Appliance configuration or state.

Command	Description
Remove job history	The remove job history command removes orchestration monitoring data.
Remove project and configurations	The remove projects and configurations command removes currently deployed project(s) data.
Remove all jobs in progress	The remove all job in progress command removes all currently running project data.

Command	Description
Download postmortem	The download postmortem command exports the postmortem archive to an FTP Server you specify. The Integration Appliance does not require that you specify an export file name; however, as a best practice, you should include the Integration Appliance serial number, date, and timestamp. If you do not specify an export file name, the Integration Appliance exports a file named postmortem.tar.gz. Note: Do not use reserved words in the user name or password.
Restart	Restarts the Integration Appliance routing subsystem.
Reboot	Shuts down all routing services and then reboots the Integration Appliance. If the force parameter is used, reboot begins immediately.
HA Connect	Only available for HA pairs. The ha connect command reconnects an Active and Standby Integration Appliance to create an HA pair that can resume fail-over operations. This command is only available if you disconnected an HA pair by issuing the HA Disconnect command.
HA Disconnect	Only available for HA pairs. The ha disconnect temporarily disconnects an HA pair without causing the Standby machine to takeover the Active machine. This action allows you to perform any necessary hardware or software maintenance on the Standby machine without interrupting orchestration processing. When you choose this action, the Standby machine transitions to an idle state. Reboot the Active machine or execute the Connect action to reestablish communications between an HA pair and resumes data synchronization and fail-over operations. To perform maintenance on an Active machine, use the Switch action. The Active machine becomes the Standby machine, where you can use the Disconnect action and perform Integration Appliance maintenance without interrupting orchestration processing.
HA Switch	Only available for HA pairs. The ha switch command causes the Integration Appliances in an HA pair to switch roles: the Active machine becomes the Standby machine and the Standby machine becomes the Active machine.

Command	Description
Reboot active machine (allow peer takeover)	Only available for HA pairs. The reboot active machine (allow peer takeover) command shuts down all routing services and then reboots the active Integration Appliance in an HA pair. When you reboot the Active Integration Appliance using this command, the Standby Integration Appliance takes over data processing.
Reboot active machine (prevent peer takeover)	Only available for HA pairs. The reboot active machine (prevent peer takeover) command shuts down all routing services and then reboots the Active Integration Appliance in an HA pair. When you reboot the Active Integration Appliance using this command, the Active Integration Appliance stops all data processing and the Standby Integration Appliance does not take over data processing.
Reboot standby machine	Only available for HA pairs. Thereboot standby machine command reboots the Standby Integration Appliance in an HA pair. While the Standby Integration Appliance is rebooting, the Active Integration Appliance continues to process data. After a successful reboot, the Standby Integration Appliance synchronizes with the Active Integration Appliance.

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Upgrading a Dell Integration Appliance

This section provides information on using the WMC to upload minor and patch releases to a Dell Integration Appliance. When you upgrade the appliance, you are able to access the latest features of the Cast Iron® operating system. This upgrade process only replaces or adds necessary files, it does not destroy any data.

About this task

Use the Web Management Console (WMC) to upgrade to the latest version of Cast Iron operating system by uploading an upgrade image onto the appliance. Please note that the WMC forces any running projects to be undeployed and stops any active orchestration jobs currently running on the appliance during the upgrade procedure. After the appliance is upgraded, you cannot undo or rollback to the previous version.
Note: Upgrades may also be applied through the Command Line Interface (CLI). See the system update command in the *CLI Reference Guide* for more information about using this option.

Procedure


1. Request the latest patch and download the patch to a location where you can access it. For example:
C:\Desktop
2. Using the WMC, log into the Dell Integration Appliance that you want to upgrade.
3. Select System > Upgrade. The Upgrade page displays.
4. Click the Upgrade Operating System link. The Upgrade Wizard launches.
5. Click Browse to locate the upgrade file.
6. Click Upgrade. The Integration Appliance uploads the upgrade file and starts the upgrade process. When the upgrade is complete, the Integration Appliance automatically reboots.
7. When the reboot is complete, the WMC Login page displays. If the page does not display, click the browser refresh button.

What to do next

Using the WMC, redeploy any projects that were undeployed by this upgrade procedure. Upgrade to a Studio version compatible with the installed Cast Iron operating system. For more information about appliance and Studio compatibility, see the Compatibility section of the *Cast Iron Operating System Release Notes* or the *Cast Iron Studio Release Notes*. For the procedure on upgrading Studio, see *Installing Studio*.

Parent topic: [Managing Integration Appliances](#)

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Upgrading a DataPower Integration Appliance

This section provides information on using the WMC to upload minor and patch releases to a Cast Iron® Cast Iron XH40 Integration Appliance. When you upgrade the appliance, you are able to access the latest features of the Cast Iron operating system. The upgrade process only replaces or adds necessary files, it does not destroy any data.

About this task

Use the Web Management Console (WMC) to upgrade to the latest version of Cast Iron operating system by uploading an upgrade image onto the appliance. Please note that the WMC forces any running projects to be undeployed and stops any active orchestration jobs currently running on the appliance during the upgrade procedure. After the appliance is upgraded, you cannot undo or rollback to the previous version.

Note: Upgrades may also be applied through the Command Line Interface (CLI). See the system update command in the *CLI Reference Guide* for more information about using this option.

Procedure


1. Obtain the latest patch, then download the appliance upgrade image file to a location you can access from your Windows workstation, for example: C:\Desktop.
2. Use the WMC to log into the Integration Appliance running the Cast Iron operating system.
3. From the Items menu in the WMC, select System > Upgrade. The System Summary window is displayed showing the model, version and serial number.
4. Click Upgrade Operating System. The Upgrade window is displayed.
5. In the text field, specify the path to the appliance upgrade image file or click Browse to locate the upgrade image file.
6. Click Upgrade. In the Upgrade panel, the following message is displayed: `Upload in progress. Please wait.` A progress bar displays the status of the upload. When the upload is complete, the WMC validates the upgrade. If the upgrade is successful, the appliance reboots.
7. Use the WMC to log into the appliance. You may need to click the browser refresh button.

What to do next

Using the WMC, redeploy any projects that were undeployed by this upgrade procedure. Upgrade to a Studio version compatible with the installed Cast Iron operating system. For more information about appliance and Studio compatibility, see the Compatibility section of the *Cast Iron Operating System Release Notes* or the *Cast Iron Studio Release Notes*. For the procedure on upgrading Studio, see *Installing Studio*.

Parent topic: [Managing Integration Appliances](#)

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Working with Network Routes

You can add and delete network routes for the Integration Appliance.

Parent topic: [Managing Integration Appliances](#)

Adding Network Routes

Procedure

1. In the navigation pane, select Network. The Network Settings page is displayed.
2. Click Edit. The Edit Network Settings wizard is displayed.
3. In the Routes section, click New Rule. The New Network Route dialog displays.
4. Specify a destination.
5. Specify a netmask.
6. Choose an interface from the drop-down list.
7. Specify a gateway.
8. Click Save.
9. Click Next to validate settings.
10. Click Next to apply settings.


11. Click Finish.
12. Wait for the Integration Appliance to restart and log in.

Deleting Network Routes

Procedure

1. In the navigation pane, select Network. The Network Settings page is displayed.
2. Click Edit. The Edit Network Settings wizard is displayed.
3. In the Routes section, click Delete. A confirmation window displays.
4. Click Yes.
5. Click Next to validate settings.
6. Click Next to apply settings.
7. Click Finish.
8. Wait for the Integration Appliance to restart and log in.

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Managing Orchestrations

Managing Orchestrations topics provide information about editing orchestration settings and exporting job reports.

- [About Orchestration Settings](#)
Orchestration settings allow you to configure properties for individual orchestrations in a project configuration. For each orchestration you can specify whether the orchestration is enabled, the logging levels, logging behavior, and the maximum number of jobs that the orchestration can simultaneously run.
- [Editing Orchestration Settings](#)
- [Exporting Orchestration Monitoring Data](#)

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About Orchestration Settings

Orchestration settings allow you to configure properties for individual orchestrations in a project configuration. For each orchestration you can specify whether the orchestration is enabled, the logging levels, logging behavior, and the maximum number of jobs that the orchestration can simultaneously run.

When a project configuration is undeployed you can edit the following orchestration settings:

Orchestration Settings	Description
Enabled	Indicates whether an orchestration is enabled and can be deployed. At least one orchestration in a project configuration must be enabled to deploy a project configuration. By default, all orchestrations in a project configuration are enabled.
Logging Level	Allows you to specify the level of orchestration details that are logged in the System Logs. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• None - Orchestration status and activity are not logged.• Initial Values - Only the initial values of orchestration variables are logged.• Initial and Error Values- Both the initial values of orchestration variables and orchestration errors are logged.• Error Values- Only orchestration errors are logged.• Inline - Orchestration job details are logged for suborchestrations inline with the job details of the calling orchestration.• All- The highest level of logging. All orchestration activity is logged.
Log Synchronously	Allows the runtime to synchronize the writing of orchestration events to the orchestration monitoring logs as the orchestration is running. By default, this orchestration setting is disabled and orchestration jobs are not synchronously logged. Note: When you enable this orchestration setting, the time it takes to process an orchestration job increases.
Max Simultaneous Job	Allows you to specify the number of orchestration jobs that can run simultaneously.

Parent topic: [Managing Orchestrations](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

Editing Orchestration Settings

Before you begin



To edit orchestration settings, the project configuration must be undeployed.

Tenant administrators, environment administrators (for the environment where the project is published), and publisher of a project can edit its orchestration properties.

About this task

Note: If you grant project configuration permissions to a group, the users in that group will have full access to the project configuration--user will be able to create new versions of the project configuration, as well as edit and delete the project configuration.

Procedure

1. Select the environment tab, where the project configuration is published.
2. From the navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configuration page is displayed.
3. If the project configuration you want to edit is running, stop the project configuration by clicking the  Stop icon in the Actions column. When the Stop Configuration dialog box displays, click one of the following options:
 - o Finish Jobs - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting while allowing current jobs to finish processing. Allows the jobs to end.
 - o Cancel Jobs - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting and stops all currently running jobs. This action immediately stops all jobs.
4. Undeploy the project Configuration, by clicking the  Undeploy icon in the Action Column.
5. Click the project configuration you want to edit. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
6. In the Orchestration section, click Edit to edit the orchestration settings. The Edit Orchestration Settings window is displayed.
7. Click Save.
8. Deploy the project configuration to begin processing orchestration jobs.

Results

The updates you made display in the Orchestration section of the Configuration Details page and the runtime processes the orchestration as specified.

Parent topic: [Managing Orchestrations](#)

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Exporting Orchestration Monitoring Data

About this task

You can export orchestration monitoring data. When you export orchestration monitoring data, you can choose to delete the orchestration monitoring data that you export or choose to persist the orchestration monitoring data on the system.

If you choose to delete the orchestration monitoring data, there is no mechanism to recover the data.

Procedure

1. In the navigation pane, select Logs > Job Logs. The Results page is displayed.
2. Click Export. The Export Jobs window is displayed.
3. Choose one of the following export options:
 - Export and Delete - Exports the monitoring data and deletes the data from the environment.
 - Export - Exports monitoring data and preserves data on the environment.
4. Click Download Now to download the exported log file.
5. Choose to open or save the file. If you choose to save the file, specify a location and click Save. The XML file is saved to the location you specified.

Parent topic: [Managing Orchestrations](#)

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Managing Projects

Managing Projects topics provide information about creating, managing, and deploying integration projects.


- [About Assets](#)
- [About Naming Projects and Configurations](#)
- [About Project Configurations](#)
- [About Projects](#)
- [Cloning Project Configurations](#)
- [Copying Projects](#)
- [Creating Projects From Scratch](#)
- [Creating Projects From a Template](#)
- [Deleting Project Configurations](#)

- [Deleting Projects](#)
- [Deploying Project Configurations](#)
- [Editing Project Configuration Properties](#)
- [Editing Projects](#)
- [About Database Assets](#)
- [Publishing Projects](#)
- [Recreating Database Assets](#)
- [Required Quotes for Asset Table Names](#)
- [Reviewing TIPS](#)

You can rate and provide a review for all TIPS that you download.

- [Stopping Project Configurations](#)
- [Uploading Project Configurations](#)
- [Viewing and Saving Web Services Assets](#)
- [Working with Project Configurations](#)

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About Assets

The Management Console groups assets by endpoint. Assets must be generated for database and Web Services endpoints that connect to the following orchestration activities:

- Starter database activities.
- Non-starter database activities with the exactly once delivery option specified.
- Provide Services activity.

For each database endpoint, you must specify unique values for configuration properties associated with the database assets before you can deploy a project configuration. Database assets are control tables, buffer tables, sequence tables, or triggers. All starter database activities are managed in one buffer table, while it manages events for each non-starter database activity with the exactly once delivery option specified in individual control tables

A WSDL for the Provide Services activity is generated by the integration environment. From the Management Console, you can save this Web Services asset.

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About Naming Projects and Configurations

Project and project configuration names cannot be longer than 42 characters. When you create a project or project configuration avoid using the following list of reserved characters.

Reserved Characters	Description
' & '	ampersand
' { ' } ' ['] ' ' < ' > '	any brackets
' * '	asterisk
' \ '	backslash
' ^ '	caret
' : '	colon
' \$ '	dollar sign
' / '	forward slash
' # '	number sign
' () '	parenthesis
' '	pipe
' . '	period
' ? '	question mark
' ; '	semicolon
' ' '	space
' ~ '	tilde

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About Project Configurations

Project configurations allow you to create multiple variations of the same integration project, so you can create and publish one project and deploy it to many different scenarios. Within a project configuration you can

specify which orchestrations are enabled, modify configuration properties for endpoints, generate or modify assets, manage scheduled downtime rules, and control permissions for the project configuration.

Each project you publish has a Default project configuration. In the Management Console, you can create additional project configurations. The project name, project version, configuration name, and project state uniquely identify each project configuration.

You must have Administrator privileges or be the publisher of the specific project to create, edit, and delete project configurations. Administrators and publishers can grant users and groups permissions that allow them to a create, edit, and delete project configurations.

The Summary section displays the details of the project configuration selected from Repository > Configurations. The summary section includes the project configuration name, status of the configuration, the date and time when the project was last published, the name of the user who published or cloned the project configuration. In addition, the summary page also displays the number of orchestrations, properties, assets, and the scheduled downtimes associated with the configuration.

Note: The name of the user who published or cloned the project configuration is displayed in the following formats:

- `username [groupname]` - indicates that this particular user (`username`) belonging to (`groupname`) is the one who published or cloned the project configuration.
- `username {user does not exist}` - indicates that the user does not exist in the integration appliance.

Enabling and Disabling Orchestrations

The runtime only runs orchestration jobs for enabled orchestration. Before you can deploy a project configuration, the project configuration must contain at least one enabled orchestration. By default, all orchestrations are enabled.

Specifying the orchestration logging level allows you to control the type of orchestration errors that are written to the system logs. The Management Console also allows you to limit the number of jobs that run simultaneously. The number of jobs that run simultaneously can affect performance.

You must have administrator or publisher permissions to specify orchestration properties.

Understanding Configuration Properties

You create these configuration properties for a project in Studio. For more information about creating project properties and specifying a project version, see the Studio online help.

When you publish the project, you can specify values for the configuration properties. The values you specify for the configuration properties determine how the project is deployed. For example, in a project that contains database endpoints, you can create properties for database connection parameters. This allows you to create a project configuration for a test environment connecting to a test database and then use the same project to create another project configuration for a production environment that connects to another database.

You must have administrator or publisher permissions to edit configuration properties in the Management Console.

Modifying Assets

If your project configuration contains a database or WebServices endpoint, you must generate assets before you can deploy the project configuration. If your project does not contain a database or WebServices endpoint, assets are irrelevant to your project configuration.

You must have administrator or publisher permissions to generate or modify assets.

Scheduling Downtimes

Scheduling downtime allows you to perform maintenance. You can create downtime rules for project configurations that stop or suspend all enabled orchestration jobs in that project configuration for a specified duration of time. The project configuration does not have to be undeployed to create or edit a downtime rule. Downtime rules can occur once or repeat at specific intervals.

You must have administrator or publisher permissions to create, edit, or delete a downtime rule.


Editing Project Configuration Permissions

As an administrator or project publisher, you can grant permissions for project configurations to other users and groups. When you grant users or groups permissions to a project configuration they are able to create, edit, and delete the project configuration. By default, permissions to project configurations are granted to only the Administrator Group. If you want to grant permissions to another group you must explicitly do so.

For example, you are a user with publisher rights and belong to the built-in Publisher group. You publish a project. Only the Administrator Group and you have permissions to the project configuration. Members of the Publisher group, of which you are a member, do not have permissions to the project configuration. You must edit the permission on the project configuration to include another group like Publisher. For more information, see [Granting Project Configuration Permissions](#).

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

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About Projects

Projects contain components that the runtime needs to execute an integration scenario: orchestrations, endpoints, maps, and other documents. Use Studio to create and test projects without being connected to an integration environment.

Multiple people can publish multiple projects to the same integration environment. Use Studio to publish projects to an integration environment or export projects to a staging location. You can later use the Management Console to upload the exported project. You must have Administrator or Publisher privileges to publish or upload a project to the integration environment.

When you publish a project from Studio, the Management Console displays the project with default project settings; creating a default project configuration. You can clone this default project configuration to create new project configurations, which you can configure for separate development and production environments.

Use the Studio to create projects and specify endpoint configurations properties and then use the Management Console to specify project configurations and deploy project configurations.

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Cloning Project Configurations

Before you begin


You must have Administrator privileges or be the publisher of a project to clone project configurations.

About this task

Project configurations contain properties and assets that you can configure in the Management Console to create multiple variations of the same integration project. When you create a new configuration you can choose to clone an existing project configuration. A cloned project configuration inherits all the configurations from the original project configurations. However, if you edit the original configuration project, the changes are not propagated to the cloned project.

Note: The project configuration you clone does not display on the Favorites view, unless you explicitly add the project configuration to the view.

Procedure

1. From the Navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configurations page is displayed.
2. From the Configuration Filter list, select All. All project configurations is displayed.
3. Locate the project configuration you want to clone.
4. Click the Clone icon . The Create Project Configuration dialog box is displayed.
5. Provide a unique name for the new project configuration.
6. Click OK.

Results

The cloned project configuration displays on the Project Configurations page. The cloned project has all the same project configuration details as the original project configuration.

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Copying Projects

About this task

The Management Console allows you to copy a project by assigning a new version number to an existing project.

Procedure

1. Click the Modify tab. The Projects page is displayed.
2. Click the project you want to copy. The Copy Project dialog is displayed.
3. Enter a new project version. The version number can contain a decimal.
4. Click Save.

Results

The copy of the project is displayed in alphabetical order in the Projects page.

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Creating Projects From Scratch

About this task

You can create a project from scratch in the cloud.

Procedure

1. Click the Create tab. The Solutions page is displayed.
2. Click Create One From Scratch. The Create Project dialog box is displayed.
3. Specify a unique project name.
4. Click Save. The project is displayed in the Projects page of the Modify tab.


Results

You can now take edit, publish, delete or copy your project. Select the project to view the project details and assign permissions to your project. If you do assign permissions, click Save to save your updates.

Project details include the environment to which the project configuration was published, a timestamp of the last time you published the project, and the current state of the project configuration. For example: deployed.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

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Creating Projects From a Template

About this task

You can create a project from a template. Templates are stored in the Solutions Repository. All users can create a template solution and upload it to the Solutions Repository.

Note:

Not all templates in the Solutions Repository are certified. The templates that are certified are denoted with a WebSphere® DataPower Cast Iron® logo.

Procedure

1. Click the Create tab. The Solutions page is displayed.
2. Search for a template.
 - a. Select a source endpoint.
 - b. Select a target endpoint.
 - c. Click Search.


You can also select the Keyword Search option to search for a template using a keyword.

3. Choose a template from the solutions that are returned. Template details display.
4. Click Create a project based on this template. Studio Cloud launches and the wizard steps you through the process of creating your project.

Results

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Deleting Project Configurations

Before you begin

The publisher of a project configuration, the environment administrator, or tenant administrator can delete project configurations. The publisher of a project configuration can grant permissions that allow other users to delete his project configuration. The environment administrator can grant permissions that allow other users to delete any project configuration in the environment. The tenant administrator can grant permissions that allow other users to delete any project configuration in the tenant.

Project configurations must be undeployed before you can delete them.

About this task

When you delete a project configuration, all monitoring history associated with the project configuration is also deleted.

Procedure


1. Select the environment tab, where the project configuration is published. A list of project configurations is displayed in the Project Configuration section of the Dashboard.
2. Verify that the project configuration you want to delete is undeployed. The state displays in parentheses () at the end of the project configuration name. For example, (undeployed)
3. If the project configuration is in any other state but undeployed , undeploy the project configuration by clicking the Undeploy icon in the Actions column.
4. In the Actions column, click the Delete icon. The Delete Project Configuration dialog box displays.
5. Click Yes.

Results

The project configuration is deleted and no longer available.

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Deleting Projects

Before you begin

The publisher of a project, the environment administrator, or tenant administrator can delete projects. The publisher of a project can grant permissions that allow other users to delete his project. The environment administrator can grant permissions that allow other users to delete any project in the environment. The tenant administrator can grant permissions that allow other users to delete any project in the tenant.

Procedure


1. Select the Modify tab. The Projects page displays a list of projects that can be published.
2. In the Actions column, click the Delete icon. The "Delete Project?" dialog box is displayed.
3. Click Yes.

Results

The project is deleted; however, any project configurations created from this project are still available.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

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Deploying Project Configurations

Before you begin

To deploy or undeploy project configurations, you must have tenant administrator or environment administrator privileges, or be the publisher of the project configuration.

About this task

The type of endpoint in an orchestration determines the steps you must complete to deploy a project configuration. A project configuration must contain at least one enabled orchestration before you can deploy the project configuration. If the orchestration contains a database or Web Services endpoint, you must also generate assets for the endpoints before you can deploy the project configuration.

By default, all the orchestrations in a project configuration are enabled. Therefore, if the orchestrations in a project configuration do not require additional configuration and do not access database or WebServices endpoints, you can deploy your project configuration by clicking the deploy icon next to the project configuration in any of the Project tabs. If your project configuration requires assets or additional configuration, see the following deployment procedure.

Note: A project configuration must be in the stopped state for you to undeploy the project configuration.

Procedure

-
1. Select the environment tab to which you published your project.
 2. In the Project Configuration section, select the project configuration you want to deploy. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
 3. In the Orchestrations section, verify that at least one orchestration in the project configuration is enabled. Edit orchestration settings, as needed.

You cannot edit orchestration settings while a project configuration is running. Stop and undeploy the project configuration to edit configuration settings.

4. In the Properties section, edit configuration properties, as needed.

You cannot edit configuration properties while a project configuration is running. Stop and undeploy the project configuration to edit configuration settings.


5. If the project configuration contains a Database or Web Services endpoint, you must generate assets for these endpoints.
6. Optional: Add a schedule downtime rule.
7. Optional: Assign permissions for the project configuration, which specify which group of users can edit and deploy a project configuration. By default, tenant administrators, environment administrators, and the publisher of a project configuration can edit and deploy a project configuration.
8. If you assign permissions, click Save.
9. In the Summary section, click the Deploy icon (▶) to deploy the project configuration.

Results

The project configuration deploys, the runtime starts to process orchestration jobs, and the status is appropriately updated in the Summary section.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

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Editing Project Configuration Properties

Before you begin


You must have administrator or publisher permissions to edit configuration properties.

About this task

You create configuration properties for an integration project in Studio, before you publish the project to an environment in the cloud. When you publish the project, you can specify values for the configuration properties. Configuration properties allow you to move a project configuration from a staging environment to a production environment.

For example, in a project that contains database endpoints, you can create properties for database connection parameters. This allows you to create a project configuration for a test environment connecting to a test database and then use the same project to create another project configuration for a production environment that connects to another database.

Procedure


1. Select the environment tab, where the project configuration is published.
2. From the navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configuration page is displayed.
3. If the project configuration you want to edit is running, stop the project configuration by clicking the  Stop icon in the Actions column. When the Stop Configuration dialog box displays, click one of the following options:
 - o Finish Jobs - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting while allowing current jobs to finish processing. Allows the jobs to end.
 - o Cancel Jobs - At the specified time, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting and stops all currently running jobs. This action immediately stops all jobs.
4. Click the project configuration you want to edit. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
5. In the Properties section, click Edit to edit configuration property values.
6. Modify the configuration properties.
7. Click Save.

Results

The Configuration Details page displays the updated configuration property values.

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Editing Projects

About this task

You can edit projects in the cloud using Studio Cloud.

Procedure

1. In the Modify tab, click the project name. Studio Cloud opens.
2. Edit the project as needed.
3. Click Save.

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About Database Assets

The type of database endpoint you use determines the assets that must be generated. The following table shows the assets that are generated for each supported database:

Note: In Cast Iron, asset tables are created with the identifier size of 30 characters. For asset tables, the format that Cast Iron follows is: `CI_CT_<respective-table-name>` (for Control Table), and `CI_BT_<respective-table-name>` (for Buffer Table). So you must use tables with names having a maximum of 24 characters.

Database	Assets Generated
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• DB2® AS/400®• Informix®• Microsoft SQL• Sybase	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Buffer tables• Control tables• Triggers
Local Staging Database	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Buffer tables• Control tables• Index tables• Triggers
Oracle	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Buffer tables• Control tables• Triggers• Sequences

Assets are only generated for starter activities and non-starter activities that specify the Exactly Once delivery option. Assets are not generated for non-starter activities that specify At Least Once or At Most Once delivery options.

Note: Control table names are appended with an activity ID to ensure all assets have unique names. This number does not distinguish multiple endpoints in an orchestration using the same control table.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

Validating Database Assets

About this task

Before you generate database assets, validate the assets. When you validate an asset, the integration environment verifies whether the buffer table or control table exists in the source database and verifies that table structures are correct.

Note:

Triggers and sequences are not validated .

Procedure

1. In the navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configuration page is displayed.
2. Click the project configuration that requires database assets. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
3. Verify the project configuration is in the undeployed state.
4. In the Assets section, click Database. The Database Assets page is displayed.
5. Select all the assets you want to validate and click Validate.
6. The results returned determine the next step. The following table tells you how to interpret the feedback and how to proceed.
 - o A green check mark - valid
 - o A yellow warning sign = warning

Database Asset Validation Feedback

Exists?	Valid?	Action
valid	valid	The asset exists in the database and the asset structure matches the project configuration you created in Studio.You can now deploy the project configuration.
valid	warning	The asset exists in the database, but the asset structure is incorrect. Check that the database script contains the appropriate columns and that the columns are in the correct order. If there is an error, recreate the asset.
warning	warning	The asset does not exist in the source database table. You must create the asset before you can deploy the project configuration.

Warning: Constraint names ending in a unique ID are generated. However, if the size of the database table name is greater than 18 characters, the constraint name is truncated resulting in a naming conflict. If the database table name is greater than 18 characters, edit the database assets script generated and make the constraint names unique.

Generating Database Assets


About this task

The project configuration must be undeployed before you can validate or generate assets. Validate assets before you generate them.

Procedure

1. In the navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configuration page is displayed.
2. Click the project configuration that requires database assets. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
3. Verify the project configuration is in the undeployed state.
4. In the Assets section, click Database. The Database Assets page is displayed.
5. Select all the assets you want to generate. You can select all the assets by selecting the top-most check box.
6. Click Create.
7. Review and modify the database script as needed.

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Publishing Projects

Before you begin

You must be a tenant administrator, environment administrator, or environment publisher to publish projects.

About this task

Publishing a project uploads a project from Studio to a runtime environment.

Procedure


1. In the Management console, select the Modify tab. The Projects page displays.
2. In the Actions column, click the Publish Project icon. A list displays all the environments in the tenant.
3. Select the environment to which you want to publish the project.

Results

A confirmation displays. The project is available in the environment you selected.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

Recreating Database Assets

About this task


If a database asset exists but its structure does not match the source table, you must recreate the database asset before you can deploy the project configuration.

Procedure

1. In the navigation pane, select Repository > Configurations. The Project Configuration page is displayed.
2. Click the project configuration that requires database assets. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
3. Verify the project configuration is in the undeployed state.
4. In the Assets section, click Database. The Database Assets page is displayed.
5. Select the assets you want to recreate.
6. Click Recreate.
7. Review and modify the scripts as needed.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

Feedback | Notices

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Managing_Projects/recreatingDBAssets.html

Required Quotes for Asset Table Names

The following table provides information about quotes that you must use to enclose asset properties to generate valid assets:

Database	Required Quotes
DB2® AS/400®	" "
Informix®	[]
Microsoft SQL	[]
Oracle	" "
Sybase	[]

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Managing_Projects/requiredQuotesForAssetTableNames.html

Reviewing TIPs

You can rate and provide a review for all TIPs that you download.

Ratings are given on a scale of 1-5, where 5 is the highest rating. When you submit your rating and review for a TIP, Studio uploads the information to the WebSphere® Cast Iron® Solutions Repository. Your rating is combined with any other ratings that have been submitted by other reviewers and the average is displayed in the Details pane of the specific TIP.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Managing_Projects/reviewingTIPs.html


Stopping Project Configurations

About this task


There are two ways to stop a running project configuration:

- **Stop (allows jobs to finish)** - When you click Finish Jobs, prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting while allowing current jobs to finish processing. This action allows the Integration Appliance to gracefully stop.
- **Stop (cancel running jobs)**- When you click Cancel Jobs, this option prevents any new orchestration jobs from starting and stops all currently running jobs. This action immediately stops all jobs.

Procedure

1. From the Project Configurations page, select a project configuration.
2. In the Actions column, click the Stop icon . The Stop Configuration window is displayed.
3. Click either Finish Jobs or Cancel Jobs to stop the project configuration.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Managing_Projects/stoppingProjectConfigurations.html

Uploading Project Configurations

Before you begin

To upload a project configuration to the cloud, you must have tenant administrator, environment administrator, or environment publisher permissions.

About this task

When you upload a project configuration, you are publishing a project using a two-stage process. First, you export a project from Studio to an intermediate location. Then from the Management Console, you upload the project to an Integration Appliance or cloud environment.


Procedure

1. Select the environment tab, to which you want to upload the project configuration.
2. From the Navigation pane, select Repository > Upload Project. The Upload Project Configuration dialog box displays.
3. Enter the path from which to upload the project in the Local Project File field. You can click Browse to select a file from your local machine.
4. Specify a project name. The name should not exceed 42 characters and should not contain any restricted characters.
5. Specify a product version number. This field is not populated with the project version you specified in Studio. However as a best practice, you should specify a project version that matches the version you specified in Studio.
6. Click Upload.

Results

The project configuration displays in the Project Configuration page.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Managing_Projects/uploadingProjectConfigurations.html


Viewing and Saving Web Services Assets

About this task

The Management Console generates a WSDL file for a project configuration that contains a Provide Service Activity, which you can view or save for reference. View the WSDL to verify it is correct before you deploy the project configuration that contains this web services endpoint.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

Feedback | Notices

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Managing_Projects/viewingSavingWSAssets.html

Working with Project Configurations









Various views are available for project configurations:

- **All** - Displays the deployment state and status of all project configurations, regardless of the state of the project configuration. You can clone or delete project configurations from this view.
- **Recent** - Displays the deployment state and status of the most recently published or modified project configurations. You can clone or delete project configurations from this view.
- **Favorites** - Displays the deployment state and status of project configurations for which you have permissions. By default, this view is not populated. You must explicitly add project configurations from either the Recent view or All view.
- **My Configurations** - Displays the deployment state and the status of the project configurations that you have published or cloned (configurations published by the user currently logged on).

You can access these views from the Dashboard or by selecting the following path in the Navigation pane: Repository > Configurations. The Configuration Filter allows you to choose your view from a list.


The following table describes information available in the various project configuration views:

Columns in Project Configuration Views	Descriptions
Configuration	Displays published project configurations.
Running	Displays the number of currently running jobs for the project configuration.
Completed	Displays the number of orchestration jobs, for the project configuration, that were completely processed. When orchestration monitoring data is purged, the number of orchestration jobs is reset to 0. For more information about modifying log purging parameters, see the purging help topics.

Columns in Project Configuration Views	Descriptions
Errored	<p>Displays the number of orchestration jobs where a runtime error occurred for the project configuration.</p> <p>When orchestration monitoring data is purged, the number of orchestration jobs is reset to 0. For more information about modifying log purging parameters, see the purging help topics.</p>
Total	<p>Displays the total number of orchestration jobs, for the project configuration, that have run.</p> <p>When orchestration monitoring data is purged, the number of orchestration jobs is reset to 0. For more information about modifying log purging parameters, see the purging help topics.</p>
Actions	<p>Displays the state of project configurations, as well as options for you to delete  or clone  project configurations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Clicking this icon deploys and runs a project configuration.  Clicking this icon causes the runtime to suspend the orchestration job processing of the project configuration.  Clicking this icon undeploys a project configurations. You must stop the project configuration before you can undeploy the project configuration.  Clicking this icon stops the runtime from processing orchestration jobs for the project configuration. <p>When you stop a project configuration, you can choose to have the runtime completely process all currently running jobs or have the runtime cancel all currently running jobs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Only available in All and Recent views. Clicking this icon adds the project configuration to Favorites. <p>When the Management Console displays the project configuration in Favorites, this icon is no longer active next to the project configuration in the All and Recent views.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Clicking this icon removes the project configuration from Favorites, but does not delete the project configuration from the environment. You can view the project configuration from the All and Recent views.

Parent topic: [Managing Projects](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Managing_Projects/working-WithProjectConfigurations.html

Monitoring

Monitoring topics provide information about creating and managing notifications, viewing hardware status, searching orchestration jobs, and viewing orchestration job logs.

- [About the Web Management Console](#)
- [Choosing a Notification Level](#)

Notification levels define the severity of events that can trigger an alert. When you specify a notification level, an alert is only sent for errors that exceed the level you choose.
- [Creating Notification Policies](#)

Notification policies allow you to monitor potential errors in a specific system.
- [Deleting Notification Policies](#)

You can delete one or more notification policies.
- [Editing Notification Policies](#)
- [Enabling Email Notification Policies](#)
- [Searching for Orchestration Jobs](#)
- [Viewing Hardware Status](#)
- [Viewing Orchestration Job Logs](#)

The Dashboard displays information about orchestration jobs, including status, timestamp of job events, and key/job ID in multiple tabs:
- [SNMP basics](#)

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is an Internet standard protocol used primarily in network management systems to monitor network devices for conditions that warrant administrative attention. Devices that typically support SNMP include routers, switches, servers, workstations and printers. This section introduces SNMP basics and provides an overview of Cast Iron MIBs.
- [Setting up an SNMP receiver](#)


You can use the WMC to create notifications for events that happen in runtime components such as orchestrations, security, hardware and others. A delivery mechanism for these notifications is SNMP in which a trap is set for events. To retrieve these events, you must to set up a receiver or manager that is registered with the appliance. Use the procedures in this section to set up an SNMP receiver.
- [Adding a notifications policy](#)

When you add a notifications policy, you inform administrators of alerts, policy violations and the status changes of job executions. Using SNMP traps, the notification system also allows you to send traps to SNMP-enabled third-party applications. Perform the following steps to add a notifications policy and assign it a name.
- [About the Resource Utilization Graph](#)

Describes how to use the data the Resource Utilization graph provides for capacity planning and understanding the health of the runtime environment.
- [Hardware health](#)

Use the information in this section to obtain notifications based on the hardware health of the appliance.
- [Testing the system](#)

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About the Web Management Console

The Web Management Console (WMC) is a web-based management tool that allows you to:

- Manage the Integration Appliance
- Manage integration projects
- Monitor integration projects


You can access the same Integration Appliance from multiple WMCs. However, each WMC can only monitor and manage one Integration Appliance at a time. The tasks you can complete in the WMC depend on the user account you log in with. The WMC has built-in groups, which you can use to further control access to the Integration Appliance. Alternatively, you can specify an LDAP server to manage user and group authentication and authorization.

When you log into an Integration Appliance through the WMC, the Dashboard appears. The Dashboard provides multiple snapshot views of project configurations and jobs, a resource utilization graph, a list of unresolved critical system errors, and an overall project configuration summary. The Dashboard also allows you to search for orchestration jobs by job key. The Search box is located in the Results section of the dashboard.

The WMC displays the name of the current user as well as the date and timestamp set on the Integration Appliance. This date and timestamp do not necessarily represent the local date and time. For example, the Integration Appliance is set to GMT; however, you can log on to this Integration Appliance from a WMC in San Francisco, CA, which is in the PST time zone. Use the Command Line Interface (CLI) to modify the time zone of the Integration Appliance.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Monitoring/aboutDashboard.html>

Choosing a Notification Level

Notification levels define the severity of events that can trigger an alert. When you specify a notification level, an alert is only sent for errors that exceed the level you choose.

Note: If you do not receive notifications for events, it might be that you do not have the system log level set to produce entries that would trigger a notification. For example, if you chose the Error level for Deployment, all events that were Error or Critical level in the Deployment system are logged.


You can specify the following notification levels:

Notification Level	Description
Critical	Sends an alert when an error condition causes the a shutdown.

Notification Level	Description
Error	Sends an alert when non-critical issues that must be handled immediately occur.
Warning	Sends an alert when potential error conditions occur.
Info	Sends an alert for informational usage.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Monitoring/choosingNotificationLevel.html>

Creating Notification Policies

Notification policies allow you to monitor potential errors in a specific system.

About this task

When you create a notification policy, the notification policy monitors the system log for the system you specify. When a system log event occurs that meets or exceeds the notification level of a notification policy, an alert is sent to the specified users.

Note: If you do not receive notifications for events, it might be that you do not have the system log level set to produce entries that would trigger a notification or you did not enable the notification policy. For more information about specifying system log settings, see "[Specify System Log Settings](#)". For more information about enabling email notification policies, see "[Enabling Email Notification Policies](#)".

Procedure


1. Click the environment for which you will create a notification policy. The Navigation pane is displayed.
2. Select Logs > Notifications. The Notifications page is displayed.
3. Click New Policy. The New Policy dialog box is displayed.
4. Enter a policy name.
5. From the Level Exceeds list, select a level. Alerts are only sent for errors that exceed the level you choose.
6. From the With System list, select the system you want the notification policy to monitor.
7. Specify the email address or addresses of the person or people that will receive the email notification. When you have multiple email addresses, add one email address per line.
8. Click Save.

Results

The new policy is displayed on the Notifications page. You must enable e-mail notifications before any alerts can be sent. If the email status is displayed as (inactive), email notifications are not enabled.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Monitoring/creatingNotificationPolicies.html>

Deleting Notification Policies

You can delete one or more notification policies.

Procedure

1. Click the environment for which you will delete a notification policy. The Navigation pane is displayed.
2. Select Logs > Notifications. The Notifications page is displayed.
3. Select the check box for the policy you want to delete.

To delete multiple policies, select the top check box. All the policies are selected.


4. Click Delete. The Delete Policies? confirmation window is displayed.
5. Click Yes.

Results

The policy is deleted and no longer displays in the Notifications page.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Monitoring/deletingNotificationPolicies.html>

Editing Notification Policies

Procedure

1. In the Navigation pane, select Logs > Notifications. The Notifications page is displayed.
2. Click a notification policy. The Edit Policy dialog box is displayed.
3. Update the appropriate notification settings.


4. Click Save.

Results

The updated policy is displayed on the Notifications page. You must enable email notifications before any alerts can be sent. If the Email status displays as (inactive), email notifications are not enabled.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Monitoring/editingNotificationPolicies.html>

Enabling Email Notification Policies

About this task

When you create an email notification policy, you must enable the email notification policy for alerts to be sent. By default, email notifications are not enabled.

If you enable email notification policies, the settings you specified when you created the email notification determine when an email alert is sent.

Note: If you disable the email notification policy by clearing the Enable Email option, alerts are not delivered for any email notification policy.


Procedure

1. Click the environment for which you will enable an email notification policy. The Navigation pane is displayed.
2. Select Logs > Notifications. The Notifications page is displayed.
3. At the top of the page, click the Email link. The Enable Email option is displayed.
4. Click the Enable Email option.
5. Optional: Provide an email subject line that will qualify the alert sent.
6. Click Save.

Results

The Notifications page displays the new policy and Email status changes from (Inactive) to (Active). Email notifications will now be sent when an event that triggers the notification policy occurs.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Monitoring/enablingEmailNotificationPolicies.html>

Searching for Orchestration Jobs

About this task

Job IDs and keys allow you to search for orchestration jobs. You define primary message keys in Studio, when you configure connectors. The primary message key must be a unique value. For example, the purchase order number for a purchase order message. If you do not define a primary key, the runtime uses the job ID, a unique number that the runtime generates, to identify an orchestration job.

From the Management Console, you can search orchestration jobs by job ID. By default, the Management Console searches only for completed orchestration jobs that match the job ID you specify. Use the Advanced Search option to search for all other orchestration jobs.

Procedure

1. From the navigation pane, select Dashboard.
2. In the Results section, enter a job ID in the Key Search field.
3. From your keyboard, press Enter. The completed job with the matching job ID is displayed.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

Using Advanced Search

About this task

Use the Advanced Search option to further refine your job search. If you enter values for multiple fields in the Advanced Search box, the Management Console uses AND logic to refine the search.

For example, you specify a time range in addition to selecting the status that has an error. The Management Console searches for all orchestration jobs that had an error within the time range specified.

Note: If you choose to search by date and time, you must specify a start and end date and time.


Procedure

1. From the navigation pane, select Dashboard.
2. In the Results section, select an orchestration. The Orchestration Details page displays all the jobs associated with the orchestration.
3. In the Advanced Search box, specify values for Job ID, Key, Status, Start Date and Time, or End Date and Time as appropriate for your search.
Note: If you choose to search by date and time, you must specify a start and end date and time.
4. Click Search.

Results

The search results are displayed in the table.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Monitoring/searchingOrchestrationJobs.html>

Viewing Hardware Status

The WMC allows you to monitor Integration Appliance resource utilization and hardware health.

Viewing Resource Utilization

To view Integration Appliance CPU usage, memory usage, and disk space usage select System > Hardware Status. The Resource Utilization page is displayed.


The WMC displays a usage percentage for each resource utilization category listed. In cases where a category contains multiple components, like multiple CPUs, the percentage shown is an average of all the components displayed. In the Dashboard, the WMC provides a graphical summary of the Integration Appliance resource utilization data. For more information about interpreting the Resource Utilization graph, see [About the Web Management Console](#).

Viewing Hardware Health

To view status about Integration Appliance hardware components, select System > Hardware Status. The Hardware Health page displays the status of fans, temperature, disks, and network links. A green checkmark indicates that the component is good working order

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Monitoring/viewingHardwareStatus.html>

Viewing Orchestration Job Logs

The Dashboard displays information about orchestration jobs, including status, timestamp of job events, and key/job ID in multiple tabs:

- **All** - displays orchestration job information for all project configurations.
- **Recent** - displays orchestration job information for the most recently published or modified project configurations.
- **Favorites** - displays orchestration job information for the project configurations displayed in the Favorites filter. Orchestration job information displayed through this filter also displays in the Recent and All filters.

In some cases, the Management Console displays an orchestration job status of `Unknown`, even though the orchestration job completed successfully. Rebooting the environment, while orchestration jobs are processing, can result in the Unknown status because monitoring data is lost during the reboot. Stop all orchestration jobs before rebooting the environment to avoid an Unknown status.

Click an orchestration job to view the orchestration details for that orchestration. The Orchestration Details page displays all the jobs associated with the orchestration you selected and the status of each individual job. Use the Left and Right arrows (<< , <, >, >>) to view all orchestration jobs.


Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

Sorting Orchestration Jobs

About this task

You can search orchestration jobs by job ID. To sort orchestration jobs by project configuration name, orchestration name, status, time, or job ID click the appropriate column header.

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

 Last updated: Wednesday, February 17, 2016
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Monitoring/viewingOrchestrationJobLogs.html>

SNMP basics

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is an Internet standard protocol used primarily in network management systems to monitor network devices for conditions that warrant administrative attention. Devices that typically support SNMP include routers, switches, servers, workstations and printers. This section introduces SNMP basics and provides an overview of Cast Iron MIBs.

In the lexicon of SNMP, a Cast Iron Integration Appliance is referred to as a "network element" or "managed device," indicating that it is a citizen on a network and available to be managed. Network elements include an *agent* that provides information about the element. Agents perform two key functions. First, they respond to requests from the management system and secondly, send notifications about events on the network element. Asynchronous notifications from agent to manager are referred to as *traps*.

SNMP traps enable an agent to notify the management station of significant events by way of an unsolicited SNMP message. Information provided through polling or traps are defined in Management Information Bases (MIBs). A MIB is a virtual database used for managing the entities in a communications network. MIBs define a hierarchy of objects, with each object having its own Object Identifier (OID). An OID is specified by numbers separated by periods, for example: ".1.3.6.1.2.1.1." A OID is sometimes referred to by a common name. For example, the specific OID .1.3.6.1.2.1.1 can be referred to as "system." The SNMP protocol defines many public MIBs, and also allows for organizations to define custom, application-specific MIBs.

Understanding Cast Iron MIBs

Files downloaded from the Cast Iron WMC have multiple MIB DEFINITIONS = BEGIN - END sections. Each section comprises a MIB with its own hierarchy. To poll for Cast Iron-specific information, use CASTIRON-IA-MIB. Each MIB has a MODULE-IDENTITY that describes the MIB function. A comment section that follows MODULE-IDENTITY provides an overview of the MIB contents and contains an Object Summary that lists the name and OID of every MIB object.

Note: Some tools, such as those provided by NET-SNMP, require each MIB to be split into a single file. For more information on splitting MIBs, see [Setting up an SNMP receiver](#).

A section of the Object Summary from a CASTIRON-IA-MIB follows:

```
-- ciIaProjectSummary                ciia.1.1.1
-- ciIaNbrProjects                   ciia.1.1.1.1
-- ciIaNbrRunningOrchs               ciia.1.1.1.2
-- ciIaNbrStoppedOrchs              ciia.1.1.1.3
-- ciIaNbrRunningJobs                ciia.1.1.1.4
-- ciIaNbrCompletedJobs              ciia.1.1.1.5
-- ciIaNbrErroredJobs                ciia.1.1.1.6
```

As shown, an organizational node (in this case, OBJECT-IDENTITY, which is similar to a directory) called ciIaProjectSummary contains general information about projects. Inside that "directory" are specific items (OBJECT-TYPES) containing the number of projects, the number of running and stopped orchestrations and more. To get more information about the meaning of these items, search the file for the name of the item. For example, to get information about ciIaNbrRunningJobs, searching the file for that string turns up the following:

```
ciIaNbrRunningJobs OBJECT-TYPE          -- ciia.1.1.1.4
    SYNTAX Unsigned32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Total number of currently running jobs."
    ::= { ciIaProjectSummary 4 }
```

The key areas are:

- ciIaNbrRunningJobs OBJECT-TYPE - Defines the name of the object. Note that there is a comment at the end giving a shortened form of the OID.
- SYNTAX Unsigned32 - This is an unsigned integer whose value could go up or down.
- MAX-ACCESS read-only - A read-only value. The manager may ask for it but cannot change it.
- DESCRIPTION - Describes the object.

The following example illustrates the data displayed when polling for ProjectSummary information:

```
$ snmpwalk -v 2c -c public -M "+/home/choller/mibs" -m "+CASTIRON-IA-MIB"
flintstone2 ciIaProjectSummary
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrProjects.0 = Gauge32: 2
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrRunningOrchs.0 = Gauge32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrStoppedOrchs.0 = Gauge32: 14
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrRunningJobs.0 = Gauge32: 0
```

```

CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrCompletedJobs.0 = Gauge32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrErroredJobs.0 = Gauge32: 0

```

The following data is displayed when polling `ciIaProjectTable`:

```

--      ciIaProjectTable                ciia.1.1.2
--      ciIaProjectEntry                ciia.1.1.2.1
--      ciIaProjEntryIndex              ciia.1.1.2.1.1
--      ciIaProjEntryName                ciia.1.1.2.1.2
--      ciIaProjEntryVersion             ciia.1.1.2.1.3
--      ciIaProjEntryConfig              ciia.1.1.2.1.4
--      ciIaProjEntryState                ciia.1.1.2.1.5
--      ciIaProjEntryNbrRunning           ciia.1.1.2.1.6
--      ciIaProjEntryNbrCompleted         ciia.1.1.2.1.7
--      ciIaProjEntryNbrErrored           ciia.1.1.2.1.8
--      ciIaProjEntryTimePublished        ciia.1.1.2.1.9

```

SNMP Tables can be challenging. SNMP tables indicate the name, version, configuration, state and other information about each project on the appliance, similar to a database schema. Each entry item (for example, `ciIaProjEntryName`, `ciIaProjEntryVersion`) describes a column in the table. You can search through the MIB for the string to find more information on each item. Note: Attempting to "walk" the Project table in an iterative fashion may present problems. Instead, always use a tool feature that understands tables when viewing table information. The following example illustrates a "walk" technique. In this case a project was published and then cloned to create a new configuration, resulting in two table rows. As the output indicates, it is difficult to understand which items are associated with specific rows. In this case, you need to view the index (the last piece of the OID) to determine the correct arrangement of items and rows.

```

$ snmpwalk -v 2c -c public -M "+/home/choller/mibs" -m "+CASTIRON-IA-MIB"
flintstone2 ciIaProjectTable
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryName.98304 = STRING: OnlineLicensing
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryName.98305 = STRING: OnlineLicensing
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryVersion.98304 = STRING: 1.0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryVersion.98305 = STRING: 1.0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryConfig.98304 = STRING: Default
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryConfig.98305 = STRING: OnlineLicensingClone
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryState.98304 = INTEGER: undeployed(1)
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryState.98305 = INTEGER: undeployed(1)
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryNbrRunning.98304 = Gauge32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryNbrRunning.98305 = Gauge32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryNbrCompleted.98304 = Counter32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryNbrCompleted.98305 = Counter32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryNbrErrored.98304 = Counter32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryNbrErrored.98305 = Counter32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryTimePublished.98304 = STRING: 2009-6-
12,16:36:20.0,+0:0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryTimePublished.98305 = STRING: 2009-6-
12,16:36:20.0,+0:0

```

When information is mapped using the `snmptable` command, it is displayed more clearly, as shown in the following example:

```

$ snmptable -v 2c -c public -M "+/home/choller/mibs" -m "+CASTIRON-IA-MIB"
flintstone2 ciIaProjectTable
SNMP table: CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjectTable

      PEN*                PEV PEC                PES                PER COM PEE                PETP
OnlineLicensing          1.0 Default          undeployed          0  0  0          2009-6-
12,16:36:20.0,
                                +0:0
OnlineLicensing          1.0 OnlineLicensingClone undeployed          0  0  0          2009-6-
12,16:36:20.0,
                                +0:0


```

*Table Key: PEN=ciIaProjEntryName, PEV=ciIaProjEntryVersion,
PEC=ciIaProjEntryConfig,
PES=ciIaProjEntryState, PER=ciIaProjEntryNbrRunning, COM=ciIaProjEntryNbrCompleted,
PEE=ciIaProjEntryNbrErrored, PETP=ciIaProjEntryTimePublished

Note that these examples use textual names rather than OIDs. Because a function of the MIB is to map between OID and textual name, you should not need to use OIDs on a regular basis.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Monitoring/snmp_basics.html

Setting up an SNMP receiver

You can use the WMC to create notifications for events that happen in runtime components such as orchestrations, security, hardware and others. A delivery mechanism for these notifications is SNMP in which a trap is set for events. To retrieve these events, you must to set up a receiver or manager that is registered with the appliance. Use the procedures in this section to set up an SNMP receiver.

About this task

When you set up an SNMP receiver, you download and split the MIBs, create the configuration file, enable notifications, add a notification policy and then test the system:

Procedure

1. Click on **WMC: Logs-> Notifications -> SNMP**.
2. In the dialog box click **Download MIB**.
3. Add the MIBs to the machine you've designated to be the receiver.
4. Run the following script to split the MIBs into logical units. Note: the script assumes the file is in the local directory and that the file you downloaded is named castironsys.mib.

```
#!/bin/bash


sed -ne 's/DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN.*//p' castironsys.mib |
  while read mib; do
    echo $mib
    sed -ne "/^$mib/,/^END/p" castironsys.mib > $mib
  done
```

5. Set up your SNMP manager of choice.
6. Select **WMC: Logs-> Notifications -> SNMP** to enable SNMP notifications. Be sure that the **Enable SNMP** checkbox is checked.
7. Add the receiver hostname.
8. Set the trap community to be **public**. This is defined in /etc/snmp/snmptrapd.conf as the **authCommunity** entry.

9. Click **Save**.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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Adding a notifications policy

When you add a notifications policy, you inform administrators of alerts, policy violations and the status changes of job executions. Using SNMP traps, the notification system also allows you to send traps to SNMP-enabled third-party applications. Perform the following steps to add a notifications policy and assign it a name.

Procedure

1. Click on the **Policies** tab.
2. Click the **New Policy** link at the bottom left of the screen and give the policy a name.
3. In the **Notify When** row, select a level and system. Be sure the **SNMP checkbox** under the **Notify** section is checked.
4. Click **Save**.

Example

The following table shows the system, level and messages delivered via the Uncategorized trap. The Uncategorized trap is named CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaUncategorizedEv, Enterprise 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.10, Trap 1.

Table 1.

Header	Header	Header
Network	Warning	Automatically added hostname to /etc/hosts, see "net show etchost."
Hardware	Warning	Fan is not functional. Fan: {0} Current Speed: {1} rpm Min Required Speed: {2} rpm Max Allowed Speed: {3} rpm Machine ID: {4}
Hardware	Info	Fan is functional. Fan: {0} Current Speed: {1} rpm Min Required Speed: {2} rpm Max Allowed Speed: {3} rpm Machine ID: {4}
Hardware	Critical	Temperature is out of range. Temperature sensor: {0} Current temperature: {1} degrees C Minimum: {2} degrees C Maximum: {3} degrees C Machine ID: {4}
Hardware	Info	Temperature is restored. Temperature sensor: {0} Current temperature: {1} degrees C Minimum: {2} degrees C Maximum: {3} degrees C Machine ID: {4}
Hardware	Warning	Power has been interrupted. Machine ID: {1}
Hardware	Info	Power has been restored. Machine ID: {1}
Hardware	Warning	The Integration Appliance {0} has been opened. Machine ID: {1}

Header	Header	Header
Hardware	Info	The Integration Appliance {0} has been closed. Machine ID: {1}
Hardware	Critical	RAID Array {0} is offline. Machine ID: {1}
Hardware	Severe	RAID Array {0} is degraded, probably because of a disk failure. Machine ID: {1}
Hardware	Info	RAID Array {0} is optimal. Machine ID: {1}
Hardware	Critical	RAID Disk {0} on array {1} has failed. Machine ID: {2}
Hardware	Info	RAID disk {0} on array {1} is rebuilding. Do not remove the disk until the rebuild is completed. Machine ID: {2}
Hardware	Info	RAID disk {0} on array {1} is online. Machine ID: {2}
Hardware	Warning	High Availability System Failover successful
Hardware	Info	Network Interface Link Up. Network Interface {0} is now up Machine ID: {1}
Hardware	Warning	Network Interface Link Down. Network Interface {0} is now down Machine ID: {1}
Hardware	Critical	Incorrect number of CPUs: expected {0} but found {1}
Resources	Info	Swap space monitoring errors encountered.
Resources	Info	Suspending swap space monitoring for {0} seconds.
Resources	Info	Swap space usage is now below the {0}% warning threshold - current usage is {1}.{2}%
Resources	Info	Swap space usage is now below the {0}% critical threshold - current usage is {1}.{2}%
Resources	Warning	Swap space usage has exceeded the {0}% warning threshold - current usage is {1}.{2}%
Resources	Critical	Swap space usage has exceeded the {0}% critical threshold - current usage is {1}.{2}%
Resources	Info	Disk space monitoring errors encountered.
Resources	Info	Suspending disk space monitoring for {0} seconds.
Resources	Info	{0} disk space usage is now below the {1}% warning threshold - current usage is {2}.{3}%
Resources	Info	{0} disk space usage is now below the {1}% critical threshold - current usage is {2}.{3}%
Resources	Warning	{0} disk space usage has exceeded the {1}% warning threshold - current usage is {2}.{3}%
Resources	Critical	{0} disk space usage has exceeded the {1}% critical threshold - current usage is {2}.{3}%
Resources	Critical	HA peers are running different versions of CIOS!

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

About the Resource Utilization Graph

Describes how to use the data the Resource Utilization graph provides for capacity planning and understanding the health of the runtime environment.

The Resource Utilization graph tracks the following variables, which you can use to analyze the overall health of the runtime and calculate the available capacity for additional projects and orchestrations:

- % Disk Used
- % Memory Used
- GC Activity
- # Running Jobs

% Disk Used

This variable tracks the percentage of disk space used by orchestration job variables and historical data.

When you run an orchestration job, the runtime uses the disk to store the variable data for that job. When you enable persistence, the stored variable data for jobs allows the Integration Appliance to provide a point-in-time recovery of orchestration jobs should the Integration Appliance encounter a fault that requires restarting the runtime.

The runtime also stores historical data about orchestration jobs, which you can view on the Web Management Console (WMC) Job Log page.

If the amount of disk space available becomes too low, the Integration Appliance generates an alert, which sends a notification to designated users.

% Memory Used

The Integration Appliance has a fixed amount of available memory to run orchestrations. The % Memory Used variable tracks the amount of this fixed memory used by orchestration jobs and the corresponding variable data. When the memory allocated to orchestration jobs and variable data is no longer being used, the memory is returned to the pool of available memory using a process called garbage collection.

There is a direct relationship between the amount of memory used and garbage collection cycles. However, high memory usage does not necessarily mean an increase in full garbage collection cycles.

For more information about factors that affect the amount of memory used, see [Best Practices for Memory Management](#).

GC Activity

Garbage collection is a process that returns memory, held by completed jobs and variable data, back to a pool of memory used by all orchestration jobs. This garbage collection process ensures that the Integration Appliance has a constant supply of free memory to be used by new orchestration jobs.

The GC Activity variable tracks the percentage of full garbage collections that occur in a minute. This percentage is calculated by dividing the number of full garbage collections by 6. Ideally, the GC activity should be at or below 50%, that is 3 full garbage collections per minute. Orchestration performance is severely degraded when 6 or more full garbage collections happen per minute.


For more information about garbage collection and factors that impact garbage collection, see [Best Practices for Memory Management](#).

Running Jobs

Displays the number of jobs currently running on the Integration Appliance.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

Feedback | Notices

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Hardware health

Use the information in this section to obtain notifications based on the hardware health of the appliance.

First you must prepare the SNMP Manager to receive Uncategorized traps (CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaUncategorizedEv .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.10 #1). Next you configure the SNMP Manager to poll for the following items and generate notifications when the conditions are met:

Table 1.

Parameters to Monitor	Recommended Thresholds	Snmp OID
Garbage Collections	Alert if this value changes quickly (by more than 6 counts in a 1-minute time period).	CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaResNbrGarbageCollects .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.2.1.0
Memory Usage	Alert if this value goes over 80% (raw value of 8000).	CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaResPctMemoryUsed .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.2.2.0
Disk Usage	Alert if this value goes over 75% (raw value of 7500).	CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaResPctWipFull .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.2.3.0

Garbage collections

CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaResNbrGarbageCollects counts the number of garbage collections that have occurred since the system was last restarted. While occasional garbage collections are normal, collections of 6 or more per minute is excessive and indicates that an appliance is overworked and as a result, may experience performance issues.

```
$ snmpwalk -On -v 2c -c public -M +. -m +CASTIRON-IA-MIB pebbles2.sanjose.ibm.com
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaResNbrGarbageCollects .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.2.1.0 =
```

Memory usage

CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaResPctMemoryUsed shows the percentage of total memory in use, expressed in hundredths of a percent. This number is updated after each garbage collection.

```
$ snmpwalk -On -v 2c -c public -M +. -m +CASTIRON-IA-MIB pebbles2.sanjose.ibm.com
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaResPctMemoryUsed .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.2.2.0 =
Gauge32: 1.84
```

Note that this value is provided as an integer (184 in this case), but the MIB causes the SNMP manager to alter its displayed value. Values expressed in hundredths of a percent are *usually* modified automatically. For example in this case, '1234' should be displayed as '12.34'. However, take care to ensure that the SNMP management tool handles this automatically. If it does not, the value will appear as follows:

```
$ snmpwalk -On -v 2c -c public pebbles2.sanjose.ibm.com
.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.2.2.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.2.2.0 = Gauge32: 184
```

Recommendation: Alert if this value goes over 80% (raw value of 8000).

Disk usage


CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaResPctWipFull indicates the percentage of total Work-in-progress (WIP) disk space in use, expressed in hundredths of a percent. This number is key for predicting job purging activities.

```
$ snmpwalk -On -v 2c -c public -M +. -m +CASTIRON-IA-MIB pebbles2.sanjose.ibm.com
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaResPctWipFull .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.2.3.0 = Gauge32:
6.00
```

Recommendation: Alert if this value goes over 75% (raw value of 7500).

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

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Testing the system

To test the system, generate a trap by trying to log in with invalid user credentials. This trap should then get picked up by your SNMP manager.

Parent topic: [Monitoring](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

Permissions

Permissions topics provide information about creating user profiles, setting and changing passwords, creating and managing users, and creating and managing groups.

- [About Built-In Groups](#)
Built-in groups are predefined groups. In the cloud, in addition to a tenant administrator group, each environment has a built-in administrator, publisher, and user group.
- [About Libraries Environments](#)
- [About User Profiles](#)
A user profile provides a summary of user details, such as: name, display name, email, and group memberships.
- [Assigning Users to Groups](#)
You must have tenant administrator or environment administrator privileges to assign users to groups. Environment administrators can only add users to groups in their specific environment.
- [Changing Your Password](#)
- [Changing User Passwords](#)
- [Creating New Groups](#)
In the cloud, only the tenant admin user can create new groups. In a multi-environment tenant, environment administrators can also create new groups for their specific environment.
- [Creating New Users](#)
In the cloud, only the tenant admin user can create new users. In a multi-environment tenant, environment administrators can also create new users for their specific environment.
- [Deleting Groups](#)
In the cloud, only the tenant admin users can delete groups from a cloud environment. In a multi-environment tenant, environment administrators can also delete groups for their specific environment.
- [Deleting Users](#)
In the cloud, only the tenant admin user can delete users from a cloud environment. In a multi-environment tenant, environment administrators can also delete users for their specific environment.
- [Granting Project Configuration Permissions](#)
You can grant permissions to a user or a group by editing the project configuration permission. When you grant permissions to a user or group, they can edit or delete the project configuration.
- [Local Staging Database Permissions](#)
Only users with Administrator privileges, granted as being part of the built-in Administrator group, can start, stop, and perform operations on the Local Staging Database.

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

About Built-In Groups

Built-in groups are predefined groups. In the cloud, in addition to a tenant administrator group, each environment has a built-in administrator, publisher, and user group.

For example: A tenant, named Cumulus, is created for your organization. Within this tenant there are two environments: Development and Production. The following built-in groups would be available:

- admin [cumulus.com]
- admin [Development]
- publisher [Development]
- user [Development]
- admin [Production]
- publisher [Production]
- user [Production]

The same user can be a part of multiple groups. You can assign users to a built-in group or create a new group.

Note: If you grant project configuration permissions to a group, the users in that group will have full access to the project configuration--user will be able to create new versions of the project configuration, as well as edit and delete the project configuration.

The following list defines the permissions granted to each of the built-in groups:

- **Tenant Administrator Group.** Provides privileges to all environments, users, groups, and projects in a specific tenant. Permits users to create, edit, and delete users and custom groups in the tenant. Users in this group can add and delete users to and from any built-in or custom group in the tenant. Users in this group can view, edit, and delete permissions for all source projects in the tenant.

Users in this group can view all the environments in the tenant and have all the permissions of an environment administrator in each of the tenant environments.

- **Environment Administrator Group.** Provides privileges to all users, groups, and projects in a specific environment. Permits users to create, edit, and delete users and custom groups in a specific environment. Users in this group can add and delete users to and from any built-in or custom group in the environment.

Environment Administrators can also create and deploy project configurations for project that any environment publisher publishes, and view orchestration job details for any project configuration in the environment. With environment administrator group privileges you can edit permissions that publishers for the same environment set for their individual project configurations.

Even though members of the Environment Administrator group have Environment Publisher group and Environment User group privileges, the members of the Environment Administrator Group are not displayed in other groups in the same environment until you explicitly add the user.

- **Environment Publisher Group.** Provides project privileges in a specific environment. Permits users to create, deploy, or delete project configurations for any project that they publish in the environment. Users in this group can also start and stop orchestrations and view orchestration job details for project configurations they deployed in the environment. As an environment publisher, you can grant

permissions for individual project configurations you create to another user with environment publisher privileges for the same environment.


The members of the Environment Publisher Group do not appear in the Environment User Group, until you explicitly add the user.

- **Environment User Group.** Permits users to monitor alerts and orchestrations in a specific environment. Users in this group can create and edit projects; however, they cannot publish the project to an environment. You must have Publisher privileges for the specific environment to which you want to publish a project. All users are automatically members of the Environment User group.

In a multi-environment tenant, users in this group only see the environment tab for environments of which they are a member. For example, a tenant has a Development, a Staging, and a Production environment. The tenant administrator or administrator of the Development environment adds a user to the User [Development] group. When the user logs in to the tenant, the user can only see the Development environment, even though the tenant has two other environments.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Permissions/aboutBuiltInGroups.html>

About Libraries Environments


Libraries Environment is a user profile parameter that specifies the environment from which Studio retrieves connector libraries.

In a multi-environment tenant, each environment can potentially have different versions of connector libraries installed. Setting this parameter points Studio to the libraries you want to use while verifying your projects. This parameter is not as critical if your project does not use an endpoint that requires additional libraries to be installed. See the Connector Release Notes® for a complete list of endpoints that require you to install additional libraries.

Note: The environment you select should match the environment of the primary group the user is a member of. For example: If you select the Development environment as the Libraries Environment, you should be a member of groups in the Development environment.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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About User Profiles

A user profile provides a summary of user details, such as: name, display name, email, and group memberships.

You can access and edit user profile settings from the Settings link in the top right-hand corner of the Management Console. The user profile displayed is for the user currently logged in to the Management Console.


Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

Accessing User Profile Information

Procedure

1. Click the Settings link in the upper right-hand corner of the Management Console. The Settings window is displayed.
2. Optional: For the Display Name setting, click Edit to modify the display name. After you modify the setting, click Save.
3. Optional: For the Password setting, click Edit to modify the user password. After you modify the setting, click Save.
4. Optional: For the Email setting, click Edit to modify the user's email address. After you modify the setting, click Save.
5. Optional: **Cloud:** Click Change Libraries Environment, to specify the environment from which Studio retrieves connector libraries. After you modify the setting, click Save.
6. Click Close to close the Settings window.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Permissions/aboutUserProfiles.html>


Assigning Users to Groups

You must have tenant administrator or environment administrator privileges to assign users to groups. Environment administrators can only add users to groups in their specific environment.

You can assign users to groups, when you create or edit a user. You can also assign users to groups, when you create or edit groups.

For more information about assigning users and groups, see [Creating New Users](#) and [Creating New Groups](#).

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Permissions/assigningUsersToGroups.html>

Changing Your Password

About this task

You can change your own password at anytime. However, to modify another user's password, you must have tenant administrator permissions. Environment administrators cannot change passwords for users in their environment.

For example, you are the administrator for the Development environment. You can change your password, but you cannot change the password for any specific user with permissions to the Development environment.

Procedure

1. Click the Settings link in the upper right-hand corner of the Management Console. The Settings window is displayed.
2. For the Password setting, click Edit.
3. Enter values for the Old Password, New Password, and Confirm Password fields.


If you clear the Hide Password Text option, your password displays and is no longer encrypted.

4. Click Save to change your password.

Results

A confirmation message displays when the Management Console has successfully saved the new password.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Permissions/changingPassword.html>

Changing User Passwords

About this task

You can change your own password at anytime. However, to modify another user's password, you must have tenant administrator permissions. Environment administrators cannot change passwords for users in their environment.

For example, you are the administrator for the Development environment. You can change your password, but you cannot change the password for any specific user with permissions to the Development environment.

To change another user's password:

Procedure

1. Log in to the Management Console as the tenant administrator.
2. Select Security > Users and Groups.
3. Click the name of the user whose password you want to change.
4. In the Edit User window, enter a password and confirm the password.

If you clear the Hide Password Text option, your password displays and is no longer encrypted.


5. Click Save to change your password.

Results

A confirmation message displays when the Management Console has successfully saved the new password.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Permissions/changingPasswordOthers.html>

Creating New Groups

In the cloud, only the tenant admin user can create new groups. In a multi-environment tenant, environment administrators can also create new groups for their specific environment.

Before you begin

On a physical or virtual Integration Appliance, only admin users can create new groups.

Procedure

1. In the Management Console, login as administrator.
2. Select Security > Users and Groups.
3. In the Groups section, click New Group.

4. In the New Group dialog box, enter a Name and Display Name for your new group.
5. In the User list, select the users to join the group.

Select the User checkbox to select all the users in the list.


6. Click Save.

Results

In the Groups section of the Users and Groups page, the new group displays in alphabetical order.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Permissions/creatingNewGroup.html>

Creating New Users

In the cloud, only the tenant admin user can create new users. In a multi-environment tenant, environment administrators can also create new users for their specific environment.

Before you begin

On a physical or virtual Integration Appliance, only admin users can create new users.

Procedure

1. In the Management Console, login as administrator.
2. Select Security > Users and Groups.
3. In the Users section, click New Users.
4. In the New User window, enter a value for the following fields: Name, Display Name, Email, Password, and Confirm Password.

It is recommended that you add the tenant name to the user name and display name.

For example, if the tenant name is `ibm.com`[®], then the new user name should be `newuser@ibm.com`. This will help you identify common user names across multiple tenants in the cloud.

5. Optional: Clear the Hide Password Text checkbox. If you clear this option, the password you entered displays and is no longer encrypted.
6. In the Groups list, select all the groups to which the new user will have access.
7. Optional: Clear the Active checkbox. If you clear this option, the user cannot log in to the Management Console.
8. **Cloud only:** From the Libraries Environment list, select the environment from which the user's projects can retrieve additional libraries and files for endpoints. The environment you select should match the environment of the primary group the user is a member of. For example: If you select the Development


- environment as the Libraries Environment, you should be a member of groups in the Development environment.
9. Click Save.

Results

In the Users section of the Users and Groups page, the new user displays in alphabetical order.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Permissions/creatingNewUser.html>

Deleting Groups

In the cloud, only the tenant admin users can delete groups from a cloud environment. In a multi-environment tenant, environment administrators can also delete groups for their specific environment.

Before you begin

On a physical or virtual Integration Appliance, only admin users can delete groups.

Procedure


1. In the Management Console, select Security > Users and Groups.
2. In the Groups section, select the group or groups that you want to delete.
3. Click Delete.
4. Click Yes, to confirm that the Management Console should delete the selected groups.

Results

The Management Console refreshes the list of groups.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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Deleting Users

In the cloud, only the tenant admin user can delete users from a cloud environment. In a multi-environment tenant, environment administrators can also delete users for their specific environment.

Before you begin

On a physical or virtual Integration Appliance, only admin users can delete users.

Procedure


1. In the Management Console, login as administrator.
2. Select Security > Users and Groups.
3. In the Users section, select the user or users that you want to delete.
4. Click Delete.
5. Click Yes, to confirm that the Management Console should delete the selected users.

Results

The Management Console refreshes the list of users.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Permissions/deletingUsers.html>

Granting Project Configuration Permissions

You can grant permissions to a user or a group by editing the project configuration permission. When you grant permissions to a user or group, they can edit or delete the project configuration.

Before you begin

You must have Administrator privileges or you must be the publisher of a project to grant permissions to other users or groups to edit or delete project configurations.

About this task

By default, permissions to project configurations are granted to only the Administrator Group. If you want to grant permissions to another group you must explicitly do so.

For example, you are a user with publisher rights and belong to the built-in Publisher group. You publish a project. Only you, the Administrator Group members, and the members of the Publisher group that you belong to, will have permissions to the project configuration. If you would like to include another group to have

permissions to the project configuration, you must edit the permission on the project configuration to include another group.

To edit permissions:

Procedure

1. Click a project configuration. The Configuration Details page is displayed.
2. In the Permissions section, click Edit under Group or User and select group or groups and user or users to grant permissions to.
3. Click Save.


Note: When permission is given to a group, all the users in that group are granted permission to the project configuration by default. You cannot remove permissions for an individual user from this group. If any user (outside this group) requires access to the project, you can grant permissions to the user by selecting only that user from the user table.

Results

All the users and groups you select now have full access to the project configuration. These users and groups can now edit and delete the project configuration.

Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.appliance.doc/Permissions/grantingProjectConfigurationPermissions.html>

Local Staging Database Permissions

Only users with Administrator privileges, granted as being part of the built-in Administrator group, can start, stop, and perform operations on the Local Staging Database.

Users with Publisher privileges can view tables and perform operations on the database, only if the Local Staging Database has already been started by a user with Administrator privileges. If the Local Staging Database has not been started, users with Publisher privileges will not be able to view the database or perform operations on the database.

Users that are part of the built-in Users group or with WMC login credentials created in an LDAP Server do not have access to the Local Staging Database.


Parent topic: [Permissions](#)

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Using Secure Connectors

Using Secure Connectors topics provide information about creating, installing, and managing Secure Connectors.

- [About Secure Connectors](#)
- [Secure Connector Minimum Requirements](#)
This topic provides information about minimum system requirements needed to use a Secure Connector.
- [Creating Secure Connectors](#)
This topic provides information about creating Secure Connectors.
- [Downloading Secure Connector Configuration Files](#)
How to download Secure Connector configuration files.
- [Installing Secure Connectors](#)
Provides procedures to download the Secure Connector installer and install the Secure Connector.
- [Adding or importing certificates to the Secure Connector TrustStore/KeyStore](#)
For Cast Iron connector activities, such as HTTP, FTP, Email, or Web Services (or any other connector) that need to establish connection with the SSL enabled server (HTTPS/FTPS), you must import the corresponding certificates into the TrustStore or KeyStore of the Secure Connector.
- [Installing Vendor Supplied Libraries for Secure Connectors](#)
Certain endpoints require additional libraries to be installed before the Secure Connector can communicate with them. This section provides information about using the Web Management Console (WMC) to install these vendor supplied libraries. For a complete list of connectors that require vendor supplied libraries, open the Update Connector Libraries page in WMC.
- [Downloading and installing the SAP libraries](#)
To connect to an SAP system from studio, you must install SAP DLLs and JAR files onto your Windows development machine. You must have the SAP login credentials to enter the SAP Support Portal and download the files.
- [Uninstalling Secure Connectors \(Windows\)](#)
This topic provides information about uninstalling a Secure Connector from a Windows machine.
- [Uninstalling Secure Connectors \(Linux\)](#)
This topic provides information about uninstalling a Secure Connector from a Linux machine.
- [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors](#)
Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors topics provide information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Windows and Linux machines. For Windows machines, options you chose during installation affect how you can start and stop Secure Connectors. If you installed the Secure Connector as an automatic Windows Service, as recommended, then you can use the Windows Services control panel to stop and start the Secure Connector. If you installed the Secure Connector as a Windows application, then you can start and stop the Secure Connector using Windows Start menu shortcuts or desktop shortcuts. For Linux machines, you can start and stop Secure Connectors by using a graphical interface or by running commands from the command line.
- [Upgrading Secure Connectors](#)
This topic provides information about upgrading Secure Connectors.
- [Updating Secure Connector Configuration](#)
This topic provides information about updating Secure Connector configuration.
- [Troubleshooting Secure Connectors](#)
This topic provides potential solutions for issues you have with the Secure Connector.

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About Secure Connectors

A Secure Connector facilitates the secure transfer of data between the IBM® WebSphere® Cast Iron® appliance and an endpoint that is located behind a firewall. The Secure Connector installer for appliance supports both 32-bit and 64-bit Windows and Linux machines.

To enable a Secure Connector, a tenant administrator must complete the following tasks:

- Create a Secure Connector
- Download the Secure Connector configuration file
- Launch the Secure Connector installer
- Install vendor supplied libraries

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Secure Connector Minimum Requirements

This topic provides information about minimum system requirements needed to use a Secure Connector.

You can run the Secure Connector on the following operating systems:

- Microsoft Windows 7
- Microsoft Windows 8
- Microsoft Windows 2008
- Linux (RHEL 6.5, Ubuntu 14.04)


Note: For installing Secure Connectors on Linux platform, use xWindows or KDE environment to use the GUI option.

The Secure Connector has the following minimum system requirements:

- 1 GHz CPU
- 2 GB RAM
- Java 1.7

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Creating Secure Connectors

This topic provides information about creating Secure Connectors.

About this task

Use the Web Management Console (WMC) to create a Secure Connector for your environment.

After you create a Secure Connector in the appliance, you must configure a machine behind the firewall to facilitate communication between the Secure Connector and a specific endpoint behind the firewall. Use the Secure Connector installer to configure the machine behind the firewall.

Note: If the endpoint you are creating requires extra libraries for a Secure Connector, use WMC to install the libraries before you deploy any project configurations that use the Secure Connector.

Procedure

1. From the navigation pane of an environment tab, select System > Secure Connectors.
2. Click New Secure Connector. The Create Secure Connector dialog box is displayed.
3. Provide a name for the new Secure Connector.
4. Provide a brief description of the Secure Connector.
5. Click Save. The Secure Connector is displayed in the Secure Connector page.

Downloading the Secure Connector installer:

You can download the Secure Connector installer from the Cast Iron installer CD, Fix Central, or IBM Passport Advantage. You can download for Windows or Linux, 32-bit or 64-bit, based on your requirement.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Downloading Secure Connector Configuration Files

How to download Secure Connector configuration files.

About this task

When you download a configuration file, the configuration file is saved to your default download directory. You can choose to save configuration files to different locations. Regardless of the number of configuration files you download, you can only use one configuration file during the Secure Connector installation process.

When you have selected a configuration file to set up a Secure Connector, that configuration file is used to configure any subsequent Secure Connector. It is not recommended to configure multiple Secure Connectors using the same configuration file. Instead, use a new configuration file or modify the existing configuration file. The Gateway, Listen to Port, and Transmit to Port parameters should have unique values for each Secure Connector.

The Secure Connector configuration file provides the Secure Connector installer with values for the following parameters:

- **Secure Connector Name** - Specify the name of the Secure Connector you created.
- **Tenant ID** - Use the default value provided in the file. It is used for internal communication.
- **Environment ID** - Use the default value provided in the file. It is used for internal communication.
- **Gateway** - Use the default value provided in the file. It is the data network IP on which the appliance is running.
- **Listen on Port** - Only modify this parameter if another service is using the port that is specified or you want to run multiple Secure Connectors on the box.
- **Transmit on Port** - Only modify this parameter if another service is using the port that is specified or you want to run multiple Secure Connectors on the box.
- **Secure Connector Auth Key** - Specify the authentication key from the Secure Connector you created in the appliance.
- **Secure Connector Private Key** - Specify the authentication private key, which you downloaded while creating the Secure Connector in the appliance.

Note: If you are using secure connector on appliance then:

- Ensure that the appliance IP is reachable (you are able to ping) from the machine where the secure connector is installed.
- The ports mentioned below are used internally by the appliance for communication with the Secure Connector. It is recommended that you do not use these ports on the appliance in any of your orchestration activities that involves HTTP Receive Request activity and Web Service activities.
- - 9080
 - 9442
 - 9443
 - 9445


To download the Secure Connector configuration files, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Log into the Web Management Console as the tenant administrator.
2. From the Navigation pane of an environment tab, select System > Secure Connector.
3. In the Secure Connector window, click the Secure Connector that will communicate with an endpoint behind the firewall. The Edit Secure Connector dialog box is displayed.
4. Click Download Secure Connector Configuration and click Download now. The Opening Secure Connector Configuration dialog box is displayed.
5. Choose Save File and click OK. The configuration file is saved to the default download directory of the current user.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Installing Secure Connectors

Provides procedures to download the Secure Connector installer and install the Secure Connector.

Before you begin

For Windows installations, verify that you do not have an existing version of the Secure Connector installed. If you have a previous version that is installed, uninstall it before you proceed.

For Linux installations, while it is not required, it is good practice to uninstall previous Secure Connector installations.

For Linux machines, install a desktop environment, such as GNOME or KDE, to provide a graphical interface.

About this task

After you create a Secure Connector in the appliance, you must configure a machine behind the firewall to facilitate communication between the Secure Connector and a specific endpoint behind the firewall. Use the Secure Connector installer to configure the machine behind the firewall.

Note: The machine on which you choose to run the installer must have access to the endpoint. You do not have to run the installer on the same machine as the endpoint.

Note: If you are using secure connector on appliance then:

- Ensure that the appliance IP is reachable (you are able to ping) from the machine where the secure connector is installed.
- The ports mentioned below are used internally by the appliance for communication with the Secure Connector. It is recommended that you do not use these ports on the appliance in any of your orchestration activities that involves HTTP Receive Request activity and Web Service activities.
- - 9080
 - 9442

- o 9443
- o 9445

Downloading the Secure Connector installer:

You can download the Secure Connector installer from the Cast Iron® installer CD, Fix Central, or IBM® Passport Advantage®. You can download for Windows or Linux, 32-bit or 64-bit, based on your requirement.

To install the Secure Connector:

1. Start the Secure Connector installer that you downloaded.
 - o `windows-secure-connector-installer.exe` (for Windows)
 - o `linux-secure-connector-installer.sh` (for Linux)

The Secure Connector Installer wizard is displayed.

2. Click Next then read and accept the licensing agreement.
3. Click Next and choose an installation directory.
4. Click Next. A message window states the location where the target directory is created.
Note: If an installation directory exists, a warning message is displayed and you must confirm that you want to install and overwrite existing files.
5. Click OK.
6. Set up shortcut options to start, stop, and edit a Secure Connector.
 - a. Select one or both of the following options:
 - Create shortcuts in the Start menu.
 - Create additional shortcuts on the desktop.
 - b. Select a program group from which you access the shortcuts.
 - c. Choose to create shortcuts for the current user or all users.
7. Click Next. The installation progress displays.
8. Select a Secure Connector configuration file. If you have not already downloaded a Secure Connector configuration file, download one now. For more information about how to download Secure Connector configuration files, see [Downloading Secure Connector Configuration Files](#).
9. Click Next.
10. For Windows installation, choose to install and run the Secure Connector as a Windows Service. If you choose install the Secure Connector as a Windows Service, you can control the Secure Connector using the Windows Services control panel (recommended). If you choose not to install and run the Secure Connector as a Windows Service, then the Secure Connector is installed as a Windows application. To run the Secure Connector as a Windows Service, you must specify the following service account information:
 - o Service Start Mode
 - o Service Account Domain
 - o Service Account User
 - o Service Account Password
11. Click Next. The Create Vendor Supplied Libraries screen is displayed.
12. Click Add and select the library files to upload. In the appliance, the valid files are `.jar`, `.dll`, and `.so` file types. The files that you select are displayed in the Files to Add column.
13. Click Update.

The files that display in the Files to Add column are not committed until you click Update.

14. Click Next. A dialog box is displayed to confirm the changes made, if you have not clicked the Update button. Click Yes to update changes and proceed further. If you click No to go to the next screen without any changes. Click the Cancel button to stay on the same screen.
15. When you click Yes to proceed further, the `Vendor JAR created/updated successfully` message is displayed.


16. Click OK. A message saying that the installation has completed successfully is displayed.
17. Restart the Secure Connector.

Note: If your endpoint (that is SAP) requires additional libraries, you must install the additional libraries before you start the Secure Connector. For more information about installing additional libraries, see [Installing Vendor Supplied Libraries for Secure Connectors](#).

To run the Secure Connector installer:

1. Start the Secure Connector installer that you downloaded in the Creating a Secure Connector section.
 - `windows-agent-installer.exe` (for Windows)
 - `linux-agent-installer.sh` (for Linux)
2. Accept the licensing agreement and choose an installation directory.
3. Log in to the Web Management Console as the administrator.
4. Select Setup > Support Information. Keep the Support Information page open while configuring the Secure Connector installer parameters. You can cut and paste values from the Support Information page to the appropriate parameter field.
5. Provide values for the following parameters:
 - **Secure Connector Name** - Specify the name of the Secure Connector you created.
 - **Tenant ID** - Use the default value provided in the file. It is used for internal communication.
 - **Environment ID** - Use the default value provided in the file. It is used for internal communication.
 - **Gateway** - Use the default value provided in the file. It is the data network IP on which the appliance is running.
 - **Listen on Port** - Modify this parameter only if another service is using the port that is specified or you want to run multiple Secure Connectors on the box.
 - **Transmit on Port** - Modify this parameter only if another service is using the port specified or you want to run multiple Secure Connectors on the box.
 - **Secure Connector Auth Key** - Specify the authentication key from the Secure Connector you created in the cloud.
 - **Secure Connector Private Key** - Specify the authentication private key, which you downloaded while creating the Secure Connector in the cloud.
6. Open a command prompt and navigate to the Secure Connector installation directory.
7. If your endpoint (that is, SAP) requires additional libraries, you must install the additional libraries before you start the Secure Connector. For more information about installing additional libraries, see [Installing Vendor Libraries on the Secure Connector](#).
8. Start the Secure Connector by running one of the following files at the command prompt:
 - For Windows: `runclient_osgi.bat`
 - For Linux: `runclient_osgi.sh`

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Adding or importing certificates to the Secure Connector TrustStore/KeyStore

For Cast Iron connector activities, such as HTTP, FTP, Email, or Web Services (or any other connector) that need to establish connection with the SSL enabled server (HTTPS/FTPS), you must import the corresponding certificates into the TrustStore or KeyStore of the Secure Connector.

Procedure

1. Use the Java keytool utility to import the required certificates to TrustStore(cacerts) or KeyStore(cert) in the path mentioned: `<secure_connector_install_directory>\etc\security`
2. Restart Secure Connector for the changes to take effect.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Installing Vendor Supplied Libraries for Secure Connectors

Certain endpoints require additional libraries to be installed before the Secure Connector can communicate with them. This section provides information about using the Web Management Console (WMC) to install these vendor supplied libraries. For a complete list of connectors that require vendor supplied libraries, open the Update Connector Libraries page in WMC.

About this task

If your integration project uses a connector that requires additional libraries, you must install the additional libraries before you deploy the project configuration. Deploying the project configuration before installing the additional libraries generates runtime errors. For a complete list of connectors that require vendor supplied libraries, open the Update Connector Libraries page. See the following procedure.

Procedure

1. Log on to WMC.
2. Select System > Upgrade Connector Libraries .
3. In the Connector column, select the connector for which you want to install additional files.

Any files that have already been installed are displayed in the Installed Files column.


4. Click the plus (+) icon and select the library files to upload. In the appliance, the valid files are .jar and .dll are the valid library file types. The files that you select are displayed in the Files to Add column.
5. Click Update.

The files that display in the Files to Add column are not committed until you click Update. If you click Reset before you click Update, WMC does not add the files you uploaded. If WMC times out before you click Update and commit the added files, repeat the last two steps.

6. In the same environment tab, select: System > Secure Connectors.
7. Click Download Libraries and save the SecureConnector-Default Environment-libraries.zip file to your workstation.
8. Uncompress the SecureConnector-Default Environment-libraries.zip file and find a *.tp-1.0.0.jar for each connector module.
9. Use the .jar files in the SecureConnector-Default Environment-libraries.zip to replace the files in the Secure Connector installation directory: lib/plugins.
10. Copy all the remaining .zip files to the following Secure Connector installation directory: lib/thirdparty
11. Restart the Secure Connector by running one of the following files from a command line:
 - o For Windows: runclient_osgi.bat
 - o For Linux: runclient_osgi.sh

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Downloading and installing the SAP libraries

To connect to an SAP system from studio, you must install SAP DLLs and JAR files onto your Windows development machine. You must have the SAP login credentials to enter the SAP Support Portal and download the files.

About this task

To download and install the SAP JAR files and DLLs:

1. Contact SAP Technical Support to obtain the compressed files for the following SAP Components:
 - o **SAP JCo Release 3.0.6 or later version - based on the platform on which studio is running.**

2. Uncompress the SAP JCo compressed file:
 - o Double-click the `sapjdoc30P_6-1000xxxx.zip` file.
 - o Use the decompression tool to extract the contents of the compressed file to a temporary directory. This compressed file contains another compressed file `sapjco3-NTintel-3.0.6.zip`. Extract this compressed file also to a temporary directory, for example: `C:\temp\sapjco3-NTintel-3.0.6`. This directory contains the required libraries `sapjco3.jar` and `sapjco3.dll`.
3. Unzip the SAP IDoc JCo compressed file:
 - o Double-click the `sapjdoc30P_6-1000xxxx.zip` file.
 - o Use the decompression tool to extract the contents of the compressed file to a temporary directory, for example, `C:\temp\sapjdoc30P_6-1000xxxx`. This directory contains the required library `sapidoc3.jar`.

Procedure

1. Open studio, select Tools > Install Module Providers.
2. When the Add Providers dialog box is displayed, click the plus (+) button present beneath SAP Connector.

A text field and a Browse button are displayed.

3. Click Browse, and use the browse dialog box to locate and select the `sapjco3.jar` file.
4. Click Open to import the JAR file contents.
5. Click the next available plus (+) button to add the `sapidoc3.jar` and `sapjco3.dll` files.
6. When the JAR file is listed in the Add Providers dialog box, click OK.

Results


A prompt is displayed to restart studio and activate the changes.

What to do next

You can now create SAP endpoints and orchestrations.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Uninstalling Secure Connectors (Windows)

This topic provides information about uninstalling a Secure Connector from a Windows machine.

About this task


The following procedure allows you to uninstall a Secure Connector and all its configuration settings:

Procedure

1. Verify that another program, such as your browser or command shell, does not have any of the Secure Connector directories open.
2. From the Windows Start button, select All Programs > IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector <connector_name> > Stop Secure Connector.
3. From the Windows Start button, select All Programs > IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector <connector_name> > Uninstall Secure Connector. The Uninstaller window is displayed.
4. Select Force the deletion of C:\Program Files\IBM\Secure_Connector_<connector_name>.
5. Click Uninstall.
6. When the status bar displays [Finished], you can close the Uninstaller window.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Uninstalling Secure Connectors (Linux)

This topic provides information about uninstalling a Secure Connector from a Linux machine.

Before you begin

You must have root level permissions to uninstall the Secure Connector from a Linux machine.

About this task

You can uninstall the Secure Connector by using a graphical interface, issuing a command line command, or running the Java™ `uninstall.jar` file. Choose one of the following options to uninstall a Secure Connector and all its configuration settings from a Linux machine.

Uninstalling the Secure Connector using a graphical interface: You must have a desktop environment, such as GNOME or KDE, to successfully uninstall the Secure Connector using this procedure.

1. Verify that another program, such as your browser or command shell, does not have any of the Secure Connector directories open.
2. From the application directory, select IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector <connector_name> > Stop Secure Connector.
3. From the application directory, select IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector <connector_name> > Uninstall Secure Connector.

Uninstalling the Secure Connector from the command prompt:

1. Verify that another program, such as your browser or command shell, does not have any of the Secure Connector directories open.
2. From the command prompt, issue the `./Uninstaller/uninstall.sh` command.

Uninstalling the Secure Connector with .jar file. You must have Java version 1.6 or higher installed to successfully uninstall the Secure Connector using this procedure.

1. Verify that another program, such as your browser or command shell, does not have any of the Secure Connector directories open.
2. From the command prompt, enter the `runclient_osgi.sh stop` command.
3. In the directory where you installed the Secure Connector, navigate to the Uninstaller subdirectory to find the `uninstaller.jar` file: `"${JAVA}" -jar "${INSTALL_DIR}/Uninstaller/uninstaller.jar"` where `{JAVA}` is the Java executable and `{INSTALL_DIR}` is the Secure Connector name.

A dialog box is displayed.


4. Select the Force the Deletion... option.
5. Click Uninstall.
6. Click Quit.

Results

The Secure Connector is uninstalled. Configuration settings are retained in the home directory.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors

Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors topics provide information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Windows and Linux machines. For Windows machines, options you chose during installation affect how you can start and stop Secure Connectors. If you installed the Secure Connector as an automatic Windows Service, as recommended, then you can use the Windows Services control panel to stop and start the Secure Connector. If you installed the Secure Connector as a Windows application, then you can start and stop the Secure Connector using Windows Start menu shortcuts or desktop shortcuts. For Linux machines, you can start and stop Secure Connectors by using a graphical interface or by running commands from the command line.


- [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors on Windows \(Installed as a Windows Service\)](#)
This topic provides information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Windows machines, where you have a Secure Connector that is installed as a Windows Service.
- [Enabling Interactive Mode for Windows Services](#)
When the Secure Connector is installed as a Windows Service, enable the interactive mode for the

service to view system tray icons and command window.

- [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors on Windows \(Installed as a Windows Application\)](#)
This topic provides information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Windows machines, where you have a Secure Connector that is installed as a Windows application.
- [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors on Linux](#)
This topic provides information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Linux machines.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors on Windows (Installed as a Windows Service)

This topic provides information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Windows machines, where you have a Secure Connector that is installed as a Windows Service.

About this task

If you installed the Secure Connector as an automatic Windows Service, as recommended, use the Windows Services control panel to stop or restart the Secure Connector.

By default, when a Secure Connector is installed as a Windows Service, the Secure Connector is not configured to interact with the Windows Desktop. However, if the Secure Connector service was installed under a local system account, you can enable an interactive mode that presents system tray icons and a command window when the Secure Connector service is running.

For steps to enable the interactive mode for a Windows service, see [Enabling Interactive Mode for Windows Services](#).


Note: If you use the **Start Secure Connector** Start menu shortcut or desktop shortcut to start a Secure Connector, the Secure Connector starts as a normal application rather than as a service. You must use the Windows Services control panel to start Secure Connectors as a service. You can use either the **Stop Secure Connector** Start menu shortcut or desktop shortcut to stop a Secure Connector.

Starting and stopping Secure Connectors, using the Windows Services control panel:

Procedure

1. Open the Windows Services window: Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
2. Scroll down the list of services to locate the IBM® Secure Connector service.
3. Right-click on the IBM Secure Connector service and select the appropriate command: Start, Stop, Pause, Resume, or Restart.

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Enabling Interactive Mode for Windows Services

When the Secure Connector is installed as a Windows Service, enable the interactive mode for the service to view system tray icons and command window.

About this task

By default, when a Secure Connector is installed as a Windows Service, the Secure Connector is not configured to interact with the Windows Desktop. However, if the Secure Connector service was installed under a local system account, you can enable an interactive mode that presents system tray icons and a command window when the Secure Connector service is running.

Procedure

1. Open the Services control panel. For example: Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
2. Select the Cast Iron Secure Connector service.
3. Right-click the service name, and select Properties. The Service Properties window is displayed.
4. Select the Log On tab.
5. Select Local System account and then select Allow service to interact with desktop.
6. Click OK.
7. Click Restart.


Results

When the Cast Iron® Secure Connector service is restarted, system tray icons and a command window are displayed.

Note: You can minimize the command window. However, if you close the command window, the Cast Iron Secure Connector service is stopped and terminated. Closing the command window is the equivalent of stopping the Secure Connector service from the Windows Services control panel.

Parent topic: [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors](#)

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Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors on Windows (Installed as a Windows Application)

This topic provides information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Windows machines, where you have a Secure Connector that is installed as a Windows application.

About this task


When the Secure Connector is installed on a Windows machine as a Windows application, rather than a Windows Service, you can start and stop the Secure Connector using Windows Start menu shortcuts or desktop shortcuts.

Procedure

1. Start the Secure Connector from either the Windows Start menu shortcut or desktop shortcut.
 - o From the Windows Start button, select All Programs > IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector <connector_name> > Start Secure Connector.
 - o From the Windows desktop, click the Start Secure Connector shortcut to start the Secure Connector.
2. Stop the Secure Connector from either the Windows Start menu shortcut or desktop shortcut.
 - o From the Windows Start button, select All Programs > IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector <connector_name> > Stop Secure Connector.
 - o From the Windows desktop, click the Stop Secure Connector shortcut to stop the Secure Connector.

Parent topic: [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors](#)

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Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors on Linux

This topic provides information about starting and stopping Secure Connectors on Linux machines.

About this task


If you have a desktop environment, such as GNOME or KDE, you can start and stop the Secure Connector using menu shortcuts or desktop shortcuts. You can also start and stop the Secure Connector using the command line.

Procedure

1. Start the Secure Connector from either the menu shortcut, desktop shortcut, or command line. Choose one of the following options:
 - o Select *<application>* > IBM® > Cast Iron® Secure Connector *<connector_name>* > Start Secure Connector.
 - o From the desktop, click the Start Secure Connector shortcut to start the Secure Connector.
 - o From the command prompt, enter `runclient_osgi.sh start .`
2. Stop the Secure Connector from either the menu shortcut, desktop shortcut, or command line. Choose one of the following options:
 - o Select *<application>* > IBM > Cast Iron Secure Connector *<connector_name>* > Stop Secure Connector.
 - o From the desktop, click the Stop Secure Connector shortcut to stop the Secure Connector.
 - o From the command prompt, enter `runclient_osgi.sh stop.`

Parent topic: [Starting and Stopping Secure Connectors](#)

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Upgrading Secure Connectors

This topic provides information about upgrading Secure Connectors.

Procedure

1. Create a new Secure Connector.
2. Download the latest version of the Secure Connector installer, based on your operating system. For example, Windows or Linux.
3. On a Windows or Linux machine, launch the Secure Connector installer. The Cast Iron® Secure Connector wizard guides you through the upgrade process.

Note: If you already have a Secure Connector installation that is higher than or same as the latest version, a warning message states that you have an existing installation and alternatively you can upgrade the existing installation.

Note: You must stop the Secure Connector (if already started) before upgrading.


Note: Before you proceed with the Secure Connector upgrade process, ensure that you have:

 - o Stopped the Secure Connector
 - o Taken a manual backup of the certificates (if any) located at `<secure_connector_install_path>/etc/security` or `jre/lib`. You may want to replace/add your certificates after upgrade.
4. Click the Upgrade option. The Select the installed path list box is displayed.
5. Select the Secure Connector installed path, if it is displayed in the list box. Else, click Browse button to select the installed path.
6. Click Next, then read and accept the licensing agreement.

7. Click Next. The installation progress is displayed. A message is displayed stating that the installation has been completed successfully. The path to the installer program is also displayed.
8. Click Done.
9. Start the Secure Connector.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Troubleshooting Secure Connectors


This topic provides potential solutions for issues you have with the Secure Connector.

Secure Connector log files are available for review. The Log directory is created after the initial start of the Secure Connector. The Log directory is in the Secure Connector installation directory. For example: C:\Program Files\IBM\Secure_Connector_1.development\logs

- **A port contention error occurs.** A port contention error can occur when two Secure Connectors are configured to use the same port and gateway. To resolve the issue, provide unique values for the Gateway, Listen on Port, and Transmit on Port parameters in each Secure Connector configuration file.
- **Unable to run .jar file to uninstall a Secure Connector.** Verify that the Java™ path is specified correctly and that you have Java version 1.6x or higher installed on the machine.

Parent topic: [Using Secure Connectors](#)

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Security

Security topics provide information about generating and managing certificates, configuring LDAP settings, and configuring Kerberos settings

- [About Certificates](#)
Certificates enable secure communication between the Integration Appliance and endpoints located in your intranet and extranet. Use the Management Console to manage certificates.

- [Configuring Kerberos](#)
- [Configuring LDAP Mechanism Properties](#)
- [Editing Security Settings](#)
- [Enabling an LDAP Directory Server](#)
- [Exporting Certificates](#)
- [Generating Certificate Signing Requests](#)
- [Generating Self-Signed Certificates](#)
- [Importing Certificates](#)
- [Renaming Certificate Alias](#)
- [Uploading Certificates](#)

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About Certificates

Certificates enable secure communication between the Integration Appliance and endpoints located in your intranet and extranet. Use the Management Console to manage certificates.

From the Certificates page, you can generate, import, and update security certificates and security settings.


The following tables provides definitions for certificate terminology.

Certificate Terminology	Definition
Alias	A string of alphanumeric characters you assign to a KeyStore or TrustStore entry to provide a more user friendly name. Within a KeyStore or TrustStore you can use an alias to refer to the keys and certificates. Note: Aliases are not case sensitive. For example, MyCert and mycert refer to the same entry.
Certificate	A signed credential which identifies an endpoint or organization.
Key Pair	A public key and associated private key.
KeyStore	A Java™ data store that houses private keys and certificates used by a Java SSL endpoint. For example, a local Java endpoint supplies a certificate from its KeyStore as a credential to identify itself to a remote SSL endpoint.
PKI	Public Key Infrastructure is a system for managing encryption keys and identity information. The purpose of the system is to provide standards based system for protecting/securing communications over the internet.
Private Key	A key known only to a single endpoint used to encrypt and/or sign data.
Public Key	A key associated with a private key that can be distributed to anyone.

Certificate Terminology	Definition
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer enables secure web communications and permits endpoints to optionally authenticate each other.
TrustStore	A Java data store that houses certificate authority signed certificates. For example, a local Java endpoint utilizes a TrustStore to authenticate the identity (certificate) provided to it by a remote SSL endpoint.

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Configuring Kerberos

About this task

When the Integration Appliance is exchanging data over a non-secure network, the Kerberos protocol allows the Integration Appliance to authenticate the server with which the Integration Appliance is communicating.


Procedure

1. In the navigation pane, select Security > Kerberos. The Kerberos Configuration page is displayed.
2. Specify the Kerberos Server name.
3. Specify the Kerberos Realm.
4. Click Save.

Clicking Delete clears the settings that you have specified.

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Configuring LDAP Mechanism Properties

About this task

If you selected the Use Secure Connection (SASL) security option while enabling an LDAP Server, you must also specify a mechanism policy and configure the mechanism properties.

LDAP mechanism properties and LDAP mechanism policies are further described in the following tables.

Procedure

1. In the navigation pane, select Security > LDAP. The LDAP Configuration page is displayed.
2. In the Security Options section, select Use Secure Connection (SASL).
3. In the Authentication section, click Advanced Settings. Options for Mechanism Policies and Mechanism Properties display.
4. Select the appropriate options and choose the appropriate value from the drop-down list.

Parent topic: [Security](#)


LDAP Mechanism Properties

Mechanism Properties	Description
QOP (Quality of Protection)	<p>Names a property that specifies the quality-of-protection that the LDAP directory server uses. The property contains a comma-separated, ordered list of quality-of-protection values that the client or server supports. The following are valid QOP values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">auth authentication onlyauth-int authentication plus integrity protectionauth-conf authentication plus integrity and confidentiality protection <p>The order of the list specifies the preference order of the client or server. If you do not specify a value, the default QOP is auth.</p>
Cipher Strength	<p>Names the property that specifies the cipher strength that the LDAP directory server uses. The property contains a comma-separated, ordered list of cipher strength values that the client or server supports. The following are valid cipher strength values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• low• medium• high <p>The order of the list specifies the client or server order of preference. An implementation should allow you to configure the meaning of these values. An application might use the Java™ Cryptography Extension (JCE) with JCE-aware mechanisms to control the selection of cipher suites that match the strength values.</p> <p>If you do not specify a value, the default cipher strength is low.</p>

Mechanism Properties	Description
Max Buffer Size	Specifies the maximum size of the receive buffer in bytes. If you do not specify a value, the default size is defined by the mechanism. Valid value range is between 0 and 65536.
Mutual Authentication	Names the property that specifies whether the server must authenticate to the client. The property name contains true, if the server must authenticate the to client and contains false otherwise. By default, this value contains false.

LDAP Mechanism Policies

Mechanism Policies	Description
Forward Secrecy	Names the property that specifies whether mechanisms that implement forward secrecy between sessions are required. Forward secrecy means that breaking into one session does not automatically provide information for breaking into future sessions. The property contains true if mechanisms that implement forward secrecy between sessions are required and contains false if such mechanisms are not required. By default, this value contains false.
Client Credentials	Names the property that specifies whether mechanisms that pass client credentials are required. The property contains true if mechanisms that pass client credentials are required and contains false if such mechanisms are not required. By default, this value contains false.
Susceptible to passive attacks	Names the property that specifies whether mechanisms susceptible to simple plain passive attacks, for example: PLAIN, are not permitted. The property contains true if such mechanisms are not permitted and contains false if such mechanisms are permitted. By default, this value contains false.
Susceptible to active attacks	Names the property that specifies whether mechanisms susceptible to active (non-dictionary) attacks are not permitted. The property contains true if mechanisms susceptible to active attacks are not permitted and contains false if such mechanisms are permitted. By default, this value contains false.
Susceptible to dictionary attacks	Names the property that specifies whether mechanisms susceptible to passive dictionary attacks are not permitted. The property contains true if mechanisms susceptible to dictionary attacks are not permitted and contains false if such mechanisms are permitted. By default, this value contains false.
Susceptible to anonymous attacks	Names the property that specifies whether mechanisms that accept anonymous login are not permitted. The property contains true if mechanisms that accept anonymous login are not permitted and contains false if such mechanisms are permitted. By default, this value contains false.

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Editing Security Settings

Procedure

1. In the Settings section, click Edit. The Edit Settings dialog box is displayed.
2. Select the certificate to use with the corresponding category. For example, Client SSL, Server SSL over data NIC, or Server SSL over mgmt NIC.
3. Select the VPeer check box if appropriate.
 - Selecting VPeer means that the integration appliance authenticates the identity of the SSL peer using the certificate provided by the peer.
 - When selected for the Client SSL category, the integration appliance authenticates the identity of the SSL server using the certificate sent by the server.
 - When selected for the Server SSL over data NIC category, the integration appliance requires that SSL clients connecting to the integration appliance must send a certificate.
4. Select the VHost check box if appropriate.
 - Selecting VHost means that the integration appliance verifies that the hostname of the server in an SSL session matches the name contained in the server certificate. This check is designed to prevent a man-in-the-middle (MITM) attack and is described in RFC 2818 *HTTP Over TLS* Section 3.1 *Server Identity*.
 - The VHost selection is only applicable for the Client SSL category.
 - The VHost selection is only applicable when VPeer is also selected.
5. Select the cipher strength.
 - Standard
 - Strong
6. Click Save.

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Enabling an LDAP Directory Server

About this task

From the WMC, you can choose to have an LDAP server handle user authentication and authorization. When you enable an LDAP directory server, the authentications and authorizations of the LDAP directory server override any users, groups, or permissions you specified via the WMC, except for the built-in Admin user. Therefore, with the exception of the Admin user, you can authenticate and authorize users and groups via an LDAP directory server or the WMC, but not both. Regardless if you enable LDAP or not, you can update the Admin user password via the CLI.

Note: LDAP users will not be able to access the staging database.

Procedure

1. In the navigation pane, select Security > LDAP. The LDAP Configuration page is displayed.
2. Select the Enable LDAP option. If you do not select this option, the Integration Appliance uses the built-in groups and users you defined in the WMC to authenticate and authorize users and their access to the WMC.
3. Specify host information.
 - a. Enter the host name and port number of the LDAP directory server.
 - b. Choose a Base DN (Base Distinguished Name) or click Fetch DNs. The WMC fetches the Base DN of all the Directory Information Trees (DITs) from the LDAP directory server. Select the Base DN of the DIT that contains the users you want to authorize.
4. Choose one of the following security options:
 - o **Use Secure Connection (SASL)** - Enables Simple Authentication and Security (SASL) mechanisms supported by the LDAP directory server. This is the most secure option.
 - o **Use Simple Authentication** - Enables simple authentications, but does not encrypt credentials.
 - o **Anonymous Bind** - Enables anonymous binding to the LDAP directory server. This is the least secure option.
5. If you selected the Use Secure Connection (SASL) security option, specify a mechanism and configure the mechanism properties and mechanism policies.
6. If the LDAP directory server requires authentication for a directory search, specify values for the Principal and Password, which are in the Credentials section. When you select the Composed DN Mode authentication mode, this step is not required. However, this step might be required to fetch DNs or mechanisms when the LDAP directory server does not allow anonymous searches.

If you do not specify a password, the WMC attempts to make the initial binding into the LDAP server as an anonymous user and the LDAP server ignores the Principal credential you specified.

7. Choose one of the following authentication modes:
 - o Composed DN Mode
 - o Searched DN Mode
8. Specify the User Container RDN. The authentication mode you specify determines what value you should specify here.
 - o If you selected the Composed DN mode, the User Container RDN is composed of one or more attributes from the user DN. Construct the User Container RDN by walking up the tree from the immediate ancestor of the user to the entry just before the base and adding up the RDN of each entry in the path.

For example, if:

```
User DN = "uid=JohnK,ou=emp,dc=xyz,dc=com"
```


then

```
User Container RDN = "ou=emp"
```

- If you selected the Searched DN mode, the User Container RDN is typically left blank, which causes the LDAP directory server to search the entire DIT starting from the root (Base). Otherwise, the LDAP directory server searches the subtree rooted at the entry having DN = User Container RDN +BaseDN.
9. If you selected the Searched DN Mode, specify the User Search Filter that the LDAP directory server uses to search for the user DN. (required, only if you select the Search DN Mode) This entry accepts LDAP search filter specification and also accepts a user name in the form of \$USERNAME. For example:
 - In MSAD, this entry could be "(samAccountName=\$USERNAME)"
 - In SunOne, this could be "(uid=\$USERNAME)"
 10. Specify the User Principal DN, which specifies the DN of the user that the LDAP directory server binds after the search. You can specify \$USERNAME or \$DN to represent the user name and Distinguished Name. Where \$DN represents (RDN+BaseDN) for the Compose DN Mode and searched DN for Search DN Mode. In most the cases, \$DN is the entry. However, when using SASL in MSAD, you might only need to specify \$USERNAME. For SASL in SunOne, you might only need to specify "dn:\$DN".
 11. Specify Group Mapping Information.
 - a. Specify the Admin Group Filter.
 - b. Specify the Publisher Group Filter.
 - c. Specify the Group Filter.
 12. Click Save.

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Exporting Certificates

Procedure

1. In the Key Store section, click an alias. The Certificate Details window displays.
2. Click Export. The Export Certificate dialog box displays.
3. Select a exporting format.
4. Provide a password.
5. Click Export.

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Generating Certificate Signing Requests

Procedure

1. In the Key Store section, click on an alias. The Certificate Details window displays.
2. Click Generate CSR. The Certificate Content window displays.
3. Click Copy. The entire contents of the window is copied.
4. Click Download and specify a location for the download.
5. Click Save. The certificate contents are downloaded to the specified location.

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Generating Self-Signed Certificates

Procedure


1. In the Key Store section, click Generate. The Generate Self-Signing Certificate dialog box is displayed.
2. Specify values for the following parameters:

- Alias
- Common Name (CN)
- Organization (O)
- Organization Unit (OU)
- Country (C)
- State (ST)
- Locale (L)
- Email (EMAILADDRESS)
- OID
- Key Algorithm
- Key Length
- Valid For

3. Click Generate.

Results

The self-signed certificate displays in the Key Store table.

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Importing Certificates

About this task

You can import a certificate or certificate chain into the IBM® WebSphere® Cast Iron® KeyStore. You can also import trusted Certificate Authority certificates (CA Certs) to the TrustStore.

Procedure

1. In the Key Store or Trust Store section, click Import. The Import Certificates dialog box is displayed.
2. Enter an alias name. This name is used to identify the imported certificate or certificate chain.
3. Optional: Enter a key password.

The password protects the private key of the key pair associated with the alias. If you do not specify a password, the password defaults to the password protecting the KeyStore.

4. If you are importing a certificate from a trusted site, select the Trusted option.

If you select the Trusted option, the certificate is imported without checking for an existing chain of trust. If you do not select the Trusted option, the KeyStore and TrustStore options are checked to ensure a chain of trust exists for the certificate being imported.

5. Choose to import the content from a file or from content in the clipboard that contains the certificate or certificate chain to be imported.


When importing into the KeyStore, supported formats include: PKCS12. When importing into the TrustStore, supported formats include CER/PEM (RFC 1421), DER and PKCS7.

6. Click Import.

Results

The certificate displays in the Certificates page.

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Renaming Certificate Alias

Procedure


1. In the Certificate page, click an Alias. The Certificate Details dialog box displays.
2. Click Rename.
3. In the Alias field, type in a new alias.
4. Click Apply.

Results

The updated alias displays on the Certificates page.

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Uploading Certificates

Procedure

1. In the Key Store section, click an alias. The Certificate Details window displays.
2. Click Upload. The Update Certificate dialog box displays.
3. If you are uploading a certificate to a trusted site, select the Trusted option.
4. Choose to upload the content from a file or from content in the clipboard.
5. Click Import.

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Working with Logs

Working with Logs topics provide information about managing orchestration job logs, specifying system settings, and viewing system logs.

- [About Archived Logs](#)
The Management Console lists log files that the Integration Appliance has archived. You can download these archived log files.
- [About Archived Logs](#)
Logs can be archived locally or exported to an FTP server. From the WMC, you can download locally archived logs: Logs > Archive Logs.
- [Purging Orchestration Monitoring Logs](#)
You can purge and archive orchestration monitoring logs.
- [Specify System Log Settings](#)
You can specify the level of details that appears in the system logs. The log level you specify affects alerts for notification policies. Alerts are only sent for events that meet or exceed the log level you specify.
- [Viewing System Logs](#)
You can view system logs from the Management Console and use the system log filters to sort through system log entries.
- [Customizing columns in System log and Job log](#)
You can customize the columns displayed in the System log and Job log pages, respectively.

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About Archived Logs

The Management Console lists log files that the Integration Appliance has archived. You can download these archived log files.

Parent topic: [Working with Logs](#)


Downloading an Archived Log File

Procedure

1. In the navigation pane, select Logs > Archived Logs. Log files for the Integration Appliance display, along with a timestamp of when the log was last modified and details about the log file size.
2. Click Refresh to get the most up-to-date log files.

3. Click a log file to download. A message is displayed.
4. Click Download Now.
5. Choose the Save File option and click OK.

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About Archived Logs

Logs can be archived locally or exported to an FTP server. From the WMC, you can download locally archived logs: Logs > Archive Logs.

You can archive or purge orchestration monitoring logs. When you configure parameters to archive orchestration monitoring log files, the Integration Appliance archives the log files before polling for conditions that trigger the Integration Appliance to purge additional orchestration monitoring data. You can archive orchestration monitoring data to a local disk on the Integration Appliance or export the archives to an FTP server. If you do not configure archive settings, the Integration Appliance purges all orchestration monitoring data that meets the default purging trigger conditions.

You can view archived log files by selecting Logs > Archive Logs in the Navigation page. When you export the logs, the Integration Appliance names exported orchestration monitoring logs using the following convention: orcmon_export_<timestamp>.xml.

Parent topic: [Working with Logs](#)

Archiving Orchestration Monitoring Logs Locally

About this task

When you select the Archive Purged Monitor Data to a Local File option and one of the log purging trigger conditions is met, the Integration Appliance exports orchestration monitoring logs to a local disk on the Integration Appliance.

Note: When you archive orchestration monitoring logs locally, you decrease the availability of disk space on the Integration Appliance. As the disk space is filled up, the purging trigger conditions generate archives much quicker.

Procedure

1. From the Navigation pane, select Logs > Job Log. The Results page displays all orchestration monitoring logs.
2. Click Settings. The Job Log Settings dialog is displayed.
3. Click Archive.
4. In the Archive Settings section, select Archive Purged Monitor Data to be a Local File .

5. Select Replace Exported File to replace previously exported orchestration monitoring logs. If you do not select this option, the Integration Appliance cumulatively stores orchestration monitoring logs. This can cause the Integration Appliance to run out of disk space very quickly and prematurely trigger a purge.
6. Click Save.

Results

The Integration Appliance archives Orchestration Monitoring logs locally. You can download locally stored archives by selecting the archive from the Archive list and clicking Download.

Archiving Orchestration Monitoring Logs to an FTP Server

About this task

When you select the Archive Purged Monitor Data to a Local File option and the Transmit Archive to FTP Server option and one of the log purging trigger conditions is met, the Integration Appliance exports orchestration monitoring logs to an FTP server. You can choose to archive all the exported log files on the FTP server or choose to have the latest archive replace the previous archive.

Procedure

1. From the Navigation pane, select Logs > Job Log. The Results page displays all orchestration monitoring logs.
2. Click Settings. The Job Log Settings dialog is displayed.
3. Click Archive.
4. In the Archive Settings section, select Archive Purged Monitor Data to be a Local File .
5. Select Transmit Archive to FTP Server (After a Purge).
6. (Optional) Select Replace Exported File to replace previously exported logs.
7. Specify FTP settings. See the following table below: [Table 1](#) for more information about the FTP settings.
8. Click Save.

Archiving Utilization Data to an FTP Server

About this task

The Integration Appliance collects data about disk usage, memory usage, garbage collection, and the number of running jobs. This resource utilization data can help you analyze the overall health of the runtime and calculate available capacity for additional projects. The Integration Appliance stores this data in a file called `maestro.stat` and provides an option to archive a snapshot of the data to an FTP server. When you select the appropriate option, all the utilization data available on the Integration Appliance is collected and archived to the specified FTP server.

After an archive file has been created and transmitted to an FTP server, the Integration Appliance continues to aggregate new utilization data to the historic utilization data. Historic utilization data is not purged from the Integration Appliance when an archive is transmitted to an FTP server.

Selecting the Transmit Archive to FTP Server option transmits a snapshot of the utilization data daily at midnight. The following procedure describes how to select the option.

Procedure

1. From the Navigation pane, select Logs > Job Log. The Results page displays all orchestration monitoring logs.
2. Click Settings. The Job Log Settings dialog is displayed.
3. Click Archive.
4. Select Transmit archive utilization data to FTP Server (at midnight) .
5. Specify FTP settings. See the following table below: [Table 1](#) for more information about the FTP settings.
6. Click Save.


FTP Settings

Specifying FTP settings to archive orchestration monitoring logs and utilization data.

Table 1. Job Log FTP Settings

Parameter	Description
Host	Specifies the name of the FTP server, where the exported log files are archived.
Port	Specifies the port number of the FTP server, where the exported log files are archived.
Username	Specifies the user ID that the Integration Appliance uses to log in to the FTP server, where the exported log files are archived.
User Password	Specifies the password that the Integration Appliance uses to log in to the FTP server, where the exported log files are archived.
Hide Password Text	If you clear this option, the password you entered displays in plain text and is no longer encrypted.
Directory	Specifies the FTP directory to which the Integration Appliance exports the log file.

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Purging Orchestration Monitoring Logs

You can purge and archive orchestration monitoring logs.

About this task

When the Integration Appliance purges orchestration monitoring data, it can take a few minutes for the Dashboard to display the updated job counts.

By default, an Integration Appliance purges orchestration monitoring logs older than 30 days when any of the following conditions occurs on the Integration Appliance:

- The amount of available disk space falls below 50%.
- One day has passed since the last purge.
- More than 5,000 orchestration jobs have completed.
- More than 1,000 orchestration jobs have contained an error.

Using the WMC, you can configure the job log purging parameters on the Integration Appliance that determine:

- **Trigger Conditions** - What conditions trigger the Integration Appliance to purge orchestration monitoring data.
- **Frequency** - How often to purge orchestration monitoring data.
- **Job Scope** - What type of orchestration monitoring data to purge.

Procedure

1. From the Navigation pane, select Logs > Job Log. The Results page is displayed.
2. Click Settings. The Job Log Settings dialog box is displayed. By default the Purge page is displayed.
3. Specify the parameters as described in the following section.
4. Click Save.

Parent topic: [Working with Logs](#)

Job Log Purging Parameters

Trigger Conditions

The amount of free disk space on the Integration Appliance, the time lapse since the last orchestration monitoring logs were purged, the number of completed jobs, and the number of jobs containing errors are all triggers that can initiate the purging or archiving of orchestration monitoring logs. The Integration Appliance uses "OR" logic and purges orchestration monitoring data when any one of the trigger conditions occurs.

Parameter	Description	Default
-----------	-------------	---------

Parameter	Description	Default
Available disk space	<p>This trigger fires when the percentage of free disk space is less than the specified value. When this trigger fires, the Integration Appliance purges the orchestration monitoring data as you specify in the Job Scope parameters.</p> <p>If the percentage of free disk space is still short of the percentage you specified, the Integration Appliance purges 50% of the remaining orchestration monitoring data until the value is reached.</p> <p>For example, you specify the following values for purging parameters:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Available disk space = 40% • Job status = completed • Jobs older than = 30 days <p>If only 10% of the Integration Appliance disk is free, the Available disk space trigger fires and the Integration Appliance purges all completed jobs that are older than 30 days. However, purging this data only frees 10% of the disk space. Since the minimum amount of free disk space is still not satisfied, the Integration Appliance purges an additional 50% of the remaining orchestration monitoring data. The Integration Appliance continues to purge the remaining orchestration monitoring data by 50%, until the minimum available disk space is greater than or equal to the specified value.</p> <p>You can specify a value between 1-100 percent, any value outside a 40-75 percent range results in the Integration Appliance using the default value of 50%.</p> <p>Note: This is a required parameter.</p>	50%
Schedule	<p>This trigger fires when the period since the last purge is greater than the specified day, hours, minutes value.</p> <p>You can more precisely schedule a purge by selecting the Fixed option. When you select the Schedule Fixed option, the schedule you specify overrides the day, hours, minutes value specified since last purge.</p> <p>To schedule a purge:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Select the Fixed option. 2. Specify the number of days, weeks, or months. 3. In the list, qualify the value by choosing Days, Weeks, or Months. 4. Specify the start date. 	1 day

Parameter	Description	Default
Completed job count	This trigger fires when the number of completed jobs is greater than the specified value. This parameter must be a positive integer value. Note: After the Integration Appliance purges the jobs, the job count is no longer visible from the WMC.	5,000 jobs
Errored job count	This trigger fires when the number of jobs containing errors is greater than the specified value. Errored job count includes any orchestration job in the following states: unknown, cancelled, terminated, or errored. This parameter must be a positive integer value. Note: After the Integration Appliance purges the jobs, the job count is no longer visible from the WMC.	1,000 jobs

Frequency

The frequency determines the interval at which the Integration Appliance checks the set of defined triggers for an actionable condition. You can specify the frequency interval in increments of hours, minutes, and seconds.

By default, this parameter is set to 10 seconds.


Job Scope

Along with specifying trigger conditions and frequency, you must also specify the type of orchestration job data you want to purge. The Integration Appliance uses the values you specify for the Job Status AND the Jobs Older Than parameters OR the values you specify for Job Status AND Jobs Older Than the Most Recent parameters to determine when the Integration Appliance purges data.

Parameter	Description	Default
Job status	This parameter specifies the type of orchestration jobs that the Integration Appliance purges. By default, this parameter is set to ANY, which purges completed and jobs containing errors. You can choose to purge only the completed jobs by specifying COMPLETED.	Any
Jobs older than	This parameter specifies the minimum age of orchestration jobs to purge. The Integration Appliance purges anything older than the amount of time you specify. You can specify the age of an orchestration job in months, days, hours, and minutes.	7 days

Parameter	Description	Default
Jobs older than the most recent	This parameter specifies the number of most recent jobs that the orchestration job must be older than before the Integration Appliance purges data.	1,000 jobs

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Specify System Log Settings

You can specify the level of details that appears in the system logs. The log level you specify affects alerts for notification policies. Alerts are only sent for events that meet or exceed the log level you specify.

About this task

The system log levels are shown in the following table. The Description column provides a description of each level and explains how it corresponds to the Cast Iron Management API log level.

Severity	Description
INFO	Informational messages. (Corresponds the Cast Iron Management API "INFO" log level).
WARNING	Warning messages. (Corresponds to the Cast Iron Management API "WARNING" log level).
ERROR	Serious errors that may need user attention. (Corresponds to the Cast Iron Management API "SEVERE" log level).
CRITICAL	Critical errors requiring user or administrator attention. (Corresponds to the Cast Iron Management API "FATAL" log level).
FINEST	Retrieves all logs at level above FINEST. (Corresponds to the Cast Iron Management API "ALL" log level).

Note: In certain cases, log levels set in the WMC override settings in the Cast Iron Management API. For example, if the WMC logging level for a component is set to FINEST, logs retrieved by the Cast Iron Management API are also set at the FINEST level. Additionally, if the WMC system logging level is set to INFO, logs retrieved by the Cast Iron Management API are also set at INFO.

Note: If you do not receive notifications for events, it might be that you do not have the system log level set high enough to produce entries that would trigger a notification.

Procedure

1. In the Navigation pane, select Logs > System Log. The System Log page is displayed.


2. Click Settings. The System Log Settings dialog box is displayed.
3. From the list, select a log level for each system.
4. Click Save.

Results

A confirmation message is displayed. The system log logs all events that occur at the level you specified or higher for the specific system. For example, if you chose the Error level for Deployment, all events that were Error or Critical level in the Deployment system are logged.

Parent topic: [Working with Logs](#)

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Viewing System Logs

You can view system logs from the Management Console and use the system log filters to sort through system log entries.

About this task

When you upgrade, the Management Console does not persist system logs. To retain system log information, export system logs before you upgrade.

Note: The Management Console displays a maximum of 99,999 system log entries. When the number of system log entries exceeds 99,999, the oldest log entry is deleted from the system log.

Procedure

1. From the navigation pane, select Logs > System Log. The System Log page is displayed.
2. Choose the filter values from the lists at the top of the System Log page. You can filter the log entries according to the level of severity for the event, the environment system that generated the log event, dates, and resolution state. The filters use AND logic.

Parent topic: [Working with Logs](#)


System Log Content

The system log provides the following information:

System Log Content	Description
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System Log Content	Description
Level	Identifies the level of severity of the log event: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Critical • Error • Warning • Info
System	Identifies the system where the log event occurred: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hardware • Resources • Network • Security • Orchestration • Deployment
Message	Text messages that provides details about the log event.
Job	When available displays Job ID information for log events that occur in the Orchestration system.
When	Records the time when the log event occurred.
Resolved On	Provides a time stamp of when you resolved a log event.
Resolved By	Identifies which user resolved a log event.
Resolved	Select this checkbox to acknowledge that you have resolved a log event. When a user resolves a log event, a time stamp documents the date and time the issue was resolved. Information about the user who resolved the log event is tracked in the Resolved By column. You can resolve all the system log issues, by clicking Resolve All. Clear the checkbox next to any log events that are not resolved and the Resolved On and Resolved By values are cleared.

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Customizing columns in System log and Job log

You can customize the columns displayed in the System log and Job log pages, respectively.

About this task


You can customize the columns to be displayed in the System Log and Job Log pages by editing the column display settings. To customize the log page columns, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. From the navigation pane, select Logs > System Log or Job Log. The System Log page or the Job Log page is displayed.
2. Click Edit Columns. The Display Columns window is displayed.
3. Select the columns that need to be displayed on the System Log or Job Log page. By default, all the columns are selected in the Display Columns window.
4. Click Save. Only those columns selected by you will be displayed in the System Log or Job Log page.

Parent topic: [Working with Logs](#)

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Managing Appliances

You can now manage other appliances from the Web Management Console. This feature is helpful when you have multiple appliances; and you can manage these appliances from a single console.


One appliance is designated as the master appliance, which is used to manage other appliances.

The following features are available as part of managing appliances:

- Appliances can be registered and unregistered with the master appliance.
- Resource utilization details of each of the appliances can be viewed from the master appliance. For more information about the Resource Utilization Graph, see [About the Resource Utilization Graph](#).
- Projects that are published, and the status of each project/orchestration on each of the appliances can be viewed from the master appliance.
- Upgrade of each of the registered appliances can be performed from the master appliance.
- Supports both physical and virtual appliances.
- Supports Cast Iron® version 7.0 and earlier versions (6.0.0.x, 6.1.x.x, 6.3.x.x, 6.4.x.x) for managing and monitoring. The earlier version of Cast Iron must be on the required patch level for using this feature.
- Users of the master appliance must have administrator privileges to use this feature.
- This feature is also available when the appliance is configured with high availability.
- [Registering, editing, and unregistering appliances](#)
- [Upgrading Cast Iron appliance](#)
This feature is used to upgrade the Cast Iron appliance by using the upgrade files `vscript2` and `script2` files. The upgrade files are obtained as a part of Cast Iron software or from Fix Central depending on the version (FixPacks/patch/major release) of the appliance.
- [Running commands](#)
- [Managing Project Configurations](#)
The managing multiple appliances feature allow you to manage the life cycle of projects (start, stop,

delete, and clone projects) present in the registered remote appliances. You can modify the life cycle of the projects running on different appliances through the single master appliance. The life cycle includes stop, start, clone, resume, pause, and undeploy. The list of registered appliances are displayed in the appliance filter through which you can select the appliance and modify the life cycle of the projects in the selected appliance.

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Registering, editing, and unregistering appliances

About this task

To register a new appliance, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Log on to the Web Management Console as an administrator.
2. Select Manage > Appliances.
3. Click Register to register a new appliance. The Register New Appliance window is displayed.
4. In the Register New Appliance window, complete the following details:
 - a. Display Name - Specify a display name that can be used to identify the remote appliance.
 - b. Host Name - Specify the host name or IP address of the remote appliance that you want to register.
 - c. User Name - Specify the user name, with administrator privileges, to communicate with the remote appliance.
 - d. Password - Specify the password for the user name.
 - e. Optional: Description - Specify a brief description for this appliance.
 - f. LDAP - Select this option if the remote appliance is configured for LDAP. Also, provide the LDAP credentials that are used for connecting to the appliance, in the User Name and Password fields.
 - g. Enabled - Select this option if you want to enable the appliance for managing and monitoring. If disabled, the data will not be displayed for this appliance.

5. Click Save.

Note:

- An appliance, which is already registered to a master cannot be made as a master appliance.
- You cannot register an appliance, which is already a master to another master appliance.
- You can register an appliance with multiple master appliances.
- You can register the master appliance to itself for managing and monitoring.

Note:

- A user with the name `masteradmin4ma` is created in the master appliance that indicates that the current appliance is a master appliance.
- A user with the name `slaveadmin4ma` is created in the appliances that are registered in the master appliance.

- Both these users must not be deleted unless you want to unregister the appliance from the master appliance.

Results

A confirmation message is displayed. A new appliance is registered. When the registration is successful, the version of the appliance and the type (physical/virtual) is displayed.

Parent topic: [Managing Appliances](#)

Editing the registered appliance details

About this task

When you click the display name of any of the registered appliances, you can edit the appliance details in the Edit Appliance Details dialog. You can edit the following fields:


- Display Name
- User Name
- Password
- Description
- LDAP
- Enabled

Unregistering an appliance

Procedure

1. From the list of registered appliances, select the appliances to be unregistered.
2. Click the Unregister button. The Delete Appliances confirmation message is displayed.
3. Click Yes to unregister the appliance.

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Upgrading Cast Iron appliance

This feature is used to upgrade the Cast Iron® appliance by using the upgrade files `vcrypt2` and `script2` files. The upgrade files are obtained as a part of Cast Iron software or from Fix Central depending on the version (FixPacks/patch/major release) of the appliance.

About this task

To upgrade remote appliances, complete the following steps:

Procedure

1. Copy the `vdecrypt2` and/or `scrypt2` file to the workstation from where you can access the appliance from Web Management Console.
2. In WMC, log on to the Integration Appliance and go to Manage > Appliances.
3. Select the appliances that you want to upgrade, from the list of registered appliances.
4. Click the Upgrade Operating System link. The Upgrade Appliances Operating System Wizard is displayed.
5. Browse the `.vdecrypt2` file in the Virtual appliance Upgrade File field, to upgrade the virtual appliance.
6. Browse the `.scrypt2` file in the Physical appliance Upgrade File field, to upgrade the physical appliance.
7. Click Upgrade. All the selected appliances will be upgraded one after the other sequentially.

Results


The results of the upgrade are displayed after all the appliance upgrade is complete. The appliance version is also updated in the registered list of appliances, after the data gets updated.

Note:

- Before making changes like Upgrade/Reboot of appliance, please stop all projects in the runtime. After appliance comes back, starts the projects one-by-one.
- If the master appliance is a part of the upgrade list, it will be upgraded only after the upgrade of the other appliances are complete.
- When the files for both physical appliance and virtual appliance, `scrypt2` and `vdecrypt2`, are browsed, upgrade is based on the type information (physical or virtual) available for the appliance in the table. If the type information is not available (earlier version without an interim fix), then these appliances are skipped from being upgraded.
- When only one file is browsed, that file is used as an input to upgrade all selected appliances, including appliances, which do not have type information (represented by -).

Parent topic: [Managing Appliances](#)

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About the Command Line Interface

The Cast Iron® Command Line Interface (CLI) is available to administrators to manage the Integration Appliance and to maintain and update its configuration information.

The CLI is preinstalled on the Integration Appliance and is ready to respond to the commands described in this documentation.

Note: The CLI is case sensitive. In general, you must enter commands and keywords using lowercase characters.

Only a user logged in as an administrator can use the CLI. More than one administrator can be logged in to an Integration Appliance at the same time.

Logging into the CLI

You can log in to the CLI on the Integration Appliance through a secure shell (SSH) session, terminal emulation, or telnet. By default, secure management is enabled on the Integration Appliance and you must use secure connections to access the Integration Appliance. Secure connections use the default host key provided with the Integration Appliance at installation.

When using an SSH client or a telnet client to log in to the CLI, the 5th consecutive log-in failure (regardless of which user or any span of time) triggers a lock-out. The lock-out is characterized by a limit of one log in attempt per minute without regard for the user. A successful log-in by any user resets the log-in failure count and ends the lock-out.

Logging out of the CLI

At the command prompt, use the exit command to log out of the CLI. This also closes the terminal emulation or telnet session connection.

Viewing CLI help

In the CLI, you can view a list of command categories by typing help or ?. To view syntax help for the commands in a specific category, enter *Category help*. For example, `net help` or `net ?` lists syntax information for each network command.

Tab completion also guides you through the CLI syntax. From the CLI, you can enter a partial command and press the Tab key. Pressing the Tab key completes the command or provides a list of options to complete the command syntax

Note: Tab completion is sensitive to spaces in the CLI syntax. For example, typing `system show` in the CLI and then pressing the Tab key appears to have no results. Add a space after `show` and press the Tab key to view valid command parameters.

Command conventions


The following conventions are used to illustrate command syntax rules:

Table 1.

Convention	Description
keyword <i><value></i>	Most command parameters combine a keyword and a value. Some parameters might not require a value.
<i><value></i>	Values for parameters are enclosed in angle brackets. In many cases, the text shown indicates the type of information you supply, such as <i><hostname></i> . Values may be explicit, such as <i><yes></i>
[<i>x</i>]	Optional parameters are enclosed in brackets.
{ <i>x y z</i> }	Groups of mandatory parameters are enclosed in braces.
<i>x y z</i>	Choices are separated by bars, select only one.
<i>x...</i>	Parameters that may occur more than once are followed by an ellipse.

- [Logging into the CLI with an secure shell session connection](#)
By default, secure management is enabled on the Integration Appliance and you must use secure connections to access the Integration Appliance. Secure connections use the default host key provided with the Integration Appliance at installation. You can log in to the CLI on the Integration Appliance by using a secure shell session (SSH).
- [Logging into the CLI with a Serial Connection](#)
A serial connection allows you to monitor and issue commands against an Integration Appliance from an ASCII terminal or PC running terminal emulation software. To establish a serial connection:
- [Logging into the CLI with a telnet connection](#)
When secure management access is disabled for the Integration Appliance, you can connect to the Integration Appliance via the network through a telnet session.
- [Command Line Interface modes](#)
The mode of an Integration Appliance determines the type of Command Line Interface (CLI) commands that you can use.
- [Command Line Interface commands](#)
A list of the various command categories available from the Command Line Interface (CLI), and describes the purpose of each command category:

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Logging into the CLI with an secure shell session connection

By default, secure management is enabled on the Integration Appliance and you must use secure connections to access the Integration Appliance. Secure connections use the default host key provided with the Integration Appliance at installation. You can log in to the CLI on the Integration Appliance by using a secure shell session (SSH).

Procedure

1. In Windows, start an application, for example PuTTY, that performs SSH connections.
2. Enter the *appliance-host-name*.
3. If needed, select SSH as the connection protocol or set other connection parameters offered by the application.
4. Initiate[®] the connection. The login prompt is displayed at first access.
5. Log in to the Integration Appliance with a username and password, which have administrative privileges. The default username and password are:
 - Login: admin
 - Password: !n0r1t5@C


Results

When you log in, the prompt changes to the host name of the Integration Appliance.

If you have not selected a hostname, the prompt defaults to the IP address of the Integration Appliance.

Parent topic: [About the Command Line Interface](#)

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Logging into the CLI with a Serial Connection

A serial connection allows you to monitor and issue commands against an Integration Appliance from an ASCII terminal or PC running terminal emulation software. To establish a serial connection:

Procedure

1. Connect a console or laptop computer to an Integration Appliance with a serial cable. The serial connection must be between an ASCII terminal or a PC running terminal emulation software to the serial port on the Integration Appliance.
2. Use the included serial cable to connect the terminal or PC to the Serial connector on the Integration Appliance. If the terminal or PC does not have a serial port and has only a USB port, then use a USB-to-serial converter cable (not included).
3. Configure the terminal or PC for standard 9600 8N1 and no flow control operation. 8N1 is a notation for a serial configuration in asynchronous mode, where there are eight (8) data bits, no (N) parity bit, and one (1) stop bit. The terminal emulation suggested for the terminal or PC is VT100.


Results

When you log in to the Integration Appliance, the prompt changes to the host name of the Integration Appliance.

If you have not selected a hostname, the prompt defaults to the IP address of the Integration Appliance.

Parent topic: [About the Command Line Interface](#)

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Logging into the CLI with a telnet connection

When secure management access is disabled for the Integration Appliance, you can connect to the Integration Appliance via the network through a telnet session.

About this task

Note: By default, secure management access is enabled for the Integration Appliance; therefore, you will not be able to connect to the Integration Appliance using a telnet connection. See the `mgmt secure` command for more information about enabling and disabling secure management access.

Procedure

1. In Windows, select Start > Run.
2. Enter `telnet appliance-host-name`. The login prompt is displayed at first access.
3. Log in to the Integration Appliance with a username and password, which have administrative privileges. The default username and password are:
 - o Login: `admin`
 - o Password: `!n0r1t5@C`


Results

When you log in, the prompt changes to the host name of the Integration Appliance.

If you have not selected a hostname, the prompt defaults to the IP address of the Integration Appliance.

Parent topic: [About the Command Line Interface](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_log_telnet.html

Command Line Interface modes

The mode of an Integration Appliance determines the type of Command Line Interface (CLI) commands that you can use.

An Integration Appliance can be in one of the following modes:

Active

An Integration Appliance in an high availability (HA) pair that is actively processing data is in the Active mode. You can run all CLI commands in this mode. The active Integration Appliance can be in one of the following states:

- Active 1 - The active Integration Appliance is not communicating with its HA peer. If the peer Integration Appliance is rebooting or the R1 and R2 cables are disconnected, this status can occur.
- Active 2 - The active Integration Appliance is communicating with its HA peer.

Idle

An Integration Appliance enters the Idle mode when an error that requires user action occurs. This state indicates that the non-active Integration Appliance is unable to be in either the Active or Standby mode.

Only Integration Appliances that are part of an HA pair enter the Idle mode. You can run `diagnet`, `ha`, `netspect`, and `system` commands in this mode.

Standalone

A single Integration Appliance that processes all messages. A standalone Integration Appliance cannot be part of an HA pair. In this mode, you can run all commands except the commands associated with an HA pair.

Standby

An Integration Appliance in an HA pair that monitors the processing of the Active Integration Appliance runs in Standby mode. The Integration Appliance running in Standby mode stays in sync with the Integration Appliance running in the Active mode, ready to take over processing if the Active Integration Appliance goes down. You can run `ha` and `system` commands in this mode.

Unknown

In an HA pair, when an active Integration Appliance does not know the status of the standby Integration Appliance.


Typical HA pair mode combinations

When working with an HA pair, the following mode combinations are typical:

- *ACTIVE_2* and *STANDBY* - The active machine is communicating with its peer and vice versa. The pair is only highly available after the standby peer has synchronized all the data from the active peer.
- *ACTIVE_2* and *IDLE* - The active machine has been disconnected from the peer machine most likely as the result of a user issuing the `ha disconnect` command. Issue the `ha connect` command to restore the HA pair.
- *ACTIVE_1* and *UNKNOWN* - The active machine is not communicating with its peer most likely because the peer is rebooting, powered down, or the cables are disconnected.

Parent topic: [About the Command Line Interface](#)

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Command Line Interface commands

A list of the various command categories available from the Command Line Interface (CLI), and describes the purpose of each command category:


Table 1.

Command Category	Description
Auth Commands	Authorization commands allow you to manage user accounts.
Config Commands	Configuration commands allow you to manage both management and integration configuration for the Integration Appliance.

Command Category	Description
Debug Commands	Debugging commands allow you to view queues and process stacks.
HA Commands	High availability management commands. These commands are only available with an Integration Appliance high availability (HA) pair.
Mgmt Commands	Management commands allow you to enable and manage security settings.
Net Commands	Network commands allow you to manage network configuration.
Netspect Commands	Network introspection commands allow you to manage network configurations and query the network for DHCP server, DNS server, gateway, and route information.
Stat Commands	Status commands allow you to view Integration Appliance status.
System Commands	System commands allow you to manage the operation of the Integration Appliance, which includes managing licenses for the Integration Appliance and connectors.
Time Commands	Time commands allow you to set or synchronize the date and time on the Integration Appliance.

Parent topic: [About the Command Line Interface](#)

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Authorization commands

Authorization commands allow you to manage user accounts.

- [The auth set user command](#)
The auth set user command sets the password for a user. Users can change their own password using the Web Management Console (WMC), or have the administrator change their password. The administrator can use either the WMC, or this command. The Integration Appliance does not require the administrator to know a user's old password to update the user's password.
- [The auth set recovery command](#)
The auth set recovery command allows the admin password to be reset from the serial console for the IBM® DataPower Cast Iron® Appliance. The default is on.
- [The auth show recovery command](#)
The auth show recovery command shows whether recovery is on or off. In the on state, the admin password can be reset from the serial console for the IBM DataPower Cast Iron Appliance.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_auth_commands.html

The auth set user command


The `auth set user` command sets the password for a user. Users can change their own password using the Web Management Console (WMC), or have the administrator change their password. The administrator can use either the WMC, or this command. The Integration Appliance does not require the administrator to know a user's old password to update the user's password.

When you enable an LDAP directory server to manage authorization and authentication for users and groups, this command can only be used to change admin's password.

Syntax

```
auth set user <user>
```

Parent topic: [Authorization commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_auth_authset.html

The auth set recovery command


The `auth set recovery` command allows the admin password to be reset from the serial console for the IBM® DataPower Cast Iron® Appliance. The default is on.

If the option is enabled, you can type `resetpass` for the username at the serial login and any non-empty password. Immediately after you login, you will be asked to verify physical access to the machine. To verify that you have physical access to the appliance, you will be asked to unplug and replug the ethernet cable into the MGMT port of the appliance. This verifies that no one is accessing the serial console over a remote port replicator. If you do not have physical access to the appliance, you should set the recovery option to off.

Syntax

```
auth set recovery <on|off>
```

Parent topic: [Authorization commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_auth_authsetrecovery.html

The auth show recovery command

The `auth show recovery` command shows whether recovery is on or off. In the on state, the admin password can be reset from the serial console for the IBM® DataPower Cast Iron® Appliance.


If the option is enabled, you can type `resetpass` for the username at the serial login and any non-empty password. Immediately after you login, you will be asked to verify physical access to the machine. To verify that you have physical access to the appliance, you will be asked to unplug and replug the Ethernet cable into the MGMT port of the appliance. This verifies that no one is accessing the serial console over a remote port replicator. If you do not have physical access to the appliance, you should set the recovery option to off using the `auth set recovery` command.

Syntax

```
auth show recovery
```

Parent topic: [Authorization commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_auth_authshowrecovery.html

Configuration commands

Configuration commands allow you to manage both management and integration configuration for the Integration Appliance.

- [The config load command](#)
The `config load` command loads a management configuration file from an FTP or SFTP server. After the configuration file is loaded on the Integration Appliance, the Integration Appliance automatically reboots.
- [The config save command](#)
The `config save` command saves a management configuration file to an FTP or SFTP server.

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The config load command

The config load command loads a management configuration file from an FTP or SFTP server. After the configuration file is loaded on the Integration Appliance, the Integration Appliance automatically reboots.

Do not use reserved words in the user name, host name, or file name. Reserved words include: ftp, sftp, ibm, port, user, and file.

Note: When using SFTP, you must specify a user name. Anonymous logins are not allowed with SFTP.

FTP Syntax


```
config load system ftp <host> [port <number>] [user <username>] file [<path>/]  
<filename>
```

SFTP Syntax

```
config load system sftp <host> [port <number>] user <username> file [<path>/]  
<filename>
```

Parent topic: [Configuration commands](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_config_configload.html

The config save command

The config save command saves a management configuration file to an FTP or SFTP server.

Note: Do not use reserved words in the user name, host name, or file name. Reserved words include: ftp, sftp, ibm, port, user, and file.

FTP Syntax

When saving the configuration file to an FTP server, the Integration Appliance uses anonymous if you omit the user name.

```
config save system ftp <host> [port <number>] [user <username>] file [<path>/]  
<filename>
```

Example: Saves the current system configuration as old_sys_config.cfg to the FTP server running on host tern. The FTP user's login name is Joe.

```
config save system ftp tern user joe file old_sys_config.cfg
```


SFTP Syntax

When saving the configuration file to an SFTP server, you must specify a user name. Anonymous logins are not allowed with SFTP.

```
config save system sftp <host> [port <number>] user <username> file [<path>/]  
<filename>
```

Parent topic: [Configuration commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_config_configsave.html

Debugging commands

Debugging commands allow you to view queues and process stacks.

- [The debug postmortem export command](#)
The debug postmortem export command exports the postmortem archive to the FTP or SFTP Server you specify.
- [The debug postmortem generate all command](#)
The debug postmortem generate all command generates an archive of information gathered from Integration Appliance logs, orchestration logs, and transaction stores, that can help debug an Integration Appliance issue.
- [The debug postmortem generate full logs command](#)
The debug postmortem generate full logs command generates a postmortem archive of all the Integration Appliance logs, which includes new logs in addition to archived logs, and possibly several stacks that are generated by previously running the debug show stack command.
- [The debug postmortem generate new logs command](#)
The debug postmortem generate new logs command generates a postmortem archive of all the latest Integration Appliance logs and possibly several stacks that are generated by previously running the debug show stack command.
- [The debug postmortem generate store command](#)
The debug postmortem generate store command is similar to the debug postmortem generate all command, except that the Integration Appliance only generates a postmortem archive of all the Integration Appliance logs and the data in the transactional store.
- [The debug show stacks command](#)
The debug show stacks command displays current runtime stack traces.
- [The debug system command](#)
The debug system command allows you to start and stop the Integration Appliance runtime. When you issue the debug system stop command, all running orchestration jobs are cancelled and the Integration Appliance does not process any new orchestration jobs..
- [The debug tail file command](#)
The debug tail file command displays log file contents as they are added to the log.
- [The debug top command](#)
The debug top file command dynamically displays process status.
- [The debug job command](#)
The debug job command allows you to capture the instruction set and log of a running job.

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The debug postmortem export command

The debug postmortem export command exports the postmortem archive to the FTP or SFTP Server you specify.

The Integration Appliance does not require that you specify an export file name; however, as a best practice, you should include the Integration Appliance serial number, date, and timestamp. If you do not specify an export file name, the Integration Appliance exports a file named postmortem.tar.gz.

Note: Do not use reserved words in the user name, host name, or file name. Reserved words include: ftp, sftp, postmortem, debug, export, ibm, port, user, and file.

FTP Syntax

```
debug postmortem export ftp <hostname> [port <number>][user <user>][file <filename>]  
]
```

where:

Table 1.

Option	Description
<i>hostname</i>	Specifies the name of the FTP Server.
<i>number</i>	Specifies the port number to use to connect to the FTP Server.
<i>user</i>	Specifies the username used to login to the FTP Server.
<i>filename</i>	Specifies the name of the file storing the postmortem archive.

User Input:

- debug postmortem export ftp 192.168.1.2 user user1 file logs/B2XXW56_04152005_172341.tgz
- debug postmortem export ftp ftpserver.yourcompany.com user user1 file logs/B2XXW56_04152005_172341.tgz

SFTP Syntax

To export the postmortem using SSH File Transfer Protocol, use the following SFTP syntax.

Note: When exporting a postmortem file to an SFTP server, you must specify a user name. Anonymous logins are not allowed with SFTP.

```
debug postmortem export sftp <hostname> [port <number>] user <user> [file <filename>]  
]
```

where:

Table 2.

Option	Description
--------	-------------

Option	Description
<i>hostname</i>	Specifies the name of the SFTP Server.
<i>number</i>	Specifies the port number to use to connect to the SFTP Server.
<i>user</i>	Specifies the username used to login to the SFTP Server.
<i>filename</i>	Specifies the name of the file storing the postmortem archive.

User Input:

- `debug postmortem export sftp 192.168.1.2 user user1 file logs/B2XXW56_04152005_172341.tgz`
- `debug postmortem export sftp ftpserver.yourcompany.com user user1 file logs/B2XXW56_04152005_172341.tgz`

Exporting Files to IBM Support


Exports a postmortem file to IBM Support.

```
debug postmortem export ibm pmr <pmrnumber>
where :
```

- `pmrnumber` - PMR number open with IBM Support. For example, `debug postmortem export ibm pmr 55555.555.555`

Parent topic: [Debugging commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_debug_postmortemexport.html

The debug postmortem generate all command

The `debug postmortem generate all` command generates an archive of information gathered from Integration Appliance logs, orchestration logs, and transaction stores, that can help debug an Integration Appliance issue.


The postmortem archive remains on the Integration Appliance until you reissue the command. When you issue this command, the Integration Appliance generates a new archive that overwrites the previous postmortem archive.

Issue this command before rebooting the Integration Appliance and calling technical support.

Syntax

```
debug postmortem generate all
```

Parent topic: [Debugging commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_debug_postmortemgenerateall.html

The debug postmortem generate full logs command


The debug postmortem generate full logs command generates a postmortem archive of all the Integration Appliance logs, which includes new logs in addition to archived logs, and possibly several stacks that are generated by previously running the debug show stack command.

The postmortem archive remains on the Integration Appliance until you reissue the command. When you issue this command, the Integration Appliance generates a new archive that overwrites the previous postmortem archive.

Syntax

```
debug postmortem generate fulllogs
```

Parent topic: [Debugging commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_debug_postmortemgeneratefulllogs.html

The debug postmortem generate new logs command


The debug postmortem generate new logs command generates a postmortem archive of all the latest Integration Appliance logs and possibly several stacks that are generated by previously running the debug show stack command.

The postmortem archive remains on the Integration Appliance until you reissue the command. When you reissue this command, the Integration Appliance generates a new archive that overwrites the previous postmortem archive.

Syntax

```
debug postmortem generate newlogs
```

Parent topic: [Debugging commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_debug_postmortemgeneratene-wlogs.html

The debug postmortem generate store command


The debug postmortem generate store command is similar to the debug postmortem generate all command, except that the Integration Appliance only generates a postmortem archive of all the Integration Appliance logs and the data in the transactional store.

The postmortem archive remains on the Integration Appliance until you reissue the command. When you reissue this command, the Integration Appliance generates a new archive that overwrites the previous postmortem archive.

Syntax

```
debug postmortem generate store
```

Parent topic: [Debugging commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_debug_postmortemgeneratesto-re.html


The debug show stacks command

The debug show stacks command displays current runtime stack traces.

Syntax

```
debug show stacks
```

Parent topic: [Debugging commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_debug_showstacks.html

The debug system command


The debug system command allows you to start and stop the Integration Appliance runtime. When you issue the debug system stop command, all running orchestration jobs are cancelled and the Integration Appliance does not process any new orchestration jobs..

Syntax

```
debug system {start|stop }
```

Parent topic: [Debugging commands](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_debug_system.html

The debug tail file command


The debug tail file command displays log file contents as they are added to the log.

Syntax

```
debug tail file<filename>
```

Parent topic: [Debugging commands](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_debug_tailfile.html


The debug top command

The debug top file command dynamically displays process status.

Syntax

```
debug top
```

Parent topic: [Debugging commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_debug_top.html


The debug job command

The debug job command allows you to capture the instruction set and log of a running job.

Syntax

```
debug job <jobid>
```

Parent topic: [Debugging commands](#)

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_debug_job.html

High availability commands

High availability (HA) management commands. These commands are only available with an Integration Appliance HA pair.

- [The ha active command](#)
The ha active command orders the idle machine to become active. You can only issue this command if there is no peer, or the peer machine is idle.
- [The ha conncheck command](#)
The ha conncheck command provides information to help diagnose possible connection problems related to a high availability pair. This command is only available in active mode.
- [The ha disconnect command](#)
The ha disconnect command Temporarily disconnects an HA pair without causing the standby machine to takeover the active machine.. This command is only available in active mode.
- [The ha power off standby command](#)
The ha power off standby command powers off the Standby Integration Appliance in a high availability pair. This command is only available in active mode.
- [The ha power on standby command](#)
The ha power on standby command powers on the Standby Integration Appliance in a high availability pair. This command is only available in active mode.
- [The ha reboot command](#)
The ha reboot command completes a system reboot of the Integration Appliance you specify: active or standby. The ha reboot command is only available for use in an HA pair. When you issue the ha reboot standby command, the Standby Integration Appliance reboots, while the Active Integration Appliance continues to process data. When you issue the ha reboot active command, the Active Integration

Appliance shuts down all routing services and then reboots. The Standby Integration Appliance does not provide failover capabilities and data is not processed until the Active Integration Appliance is back online. To simulate failover capabilities, switch the modes of the machines in the HA pair using the `ha switch` command – the Active Integration Appliance (A1) becomes the Standby Integration Appliance (S2) and Standby Integration Appliance (S1) becomes the Active Integration Appliance (A2). After the Integration Appliances in the HA pair have switched modes, issue the `ha reboot standby` command. S1 continues to process data, while A1 is rebooting.

- [The `ha show lastaccess` command](#)

The `ha show lastaccess` command displays the last 10 state transitions on the Integration Appliance. Only available in idle mode.


- [The `ha show pairstatus` command](#)

The `ha show pairstatus` command displays status of the high availability pair, providing information about which Integration Appliance is Active and which is Standby. Only available in active mode.

- [The `ha switch` command](#)

The `ha switch` command switches the roles of the Integration Appliance in a high availability pair. The Active machine becomes the Standby machine and the standby machine becomes Active. Only available in active mode.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_HA_commands.html

The `ha active` command

The `ha active` command orders the idle machine to become active. You can only issue this command if there is no peer, or the peer machine is idle.


Syntax

Note: Using this command incorrectly can lead to data corruption.

```
ha active
```

Parent topic: [High availability commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_ha_active.html

The `ha conncheck` command


The `ha conncheck` command provides information to help diagnose possible connection problems related to a high availability pair. This command is only available in active mode.

Syntax

`ha conncheck`

Parent topic: [High availability commands](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_ha_conncheck.html

The `ha disconnect` command

The `ha disconnect` command temporarily disconnects an HA pair without causing the standby machine to takeover the active machine.. This command is only available in active mode.

This action allows you to perform any necessary hardware or software maintenance on the Standby machine without interrupting orchestration processing.

When you choose this action, the Standby machine transitions to an idle state. Reboot the active machine or run the `connect` action to reestablish communications between an HA pair and resumes data synchronization and fail-over operations.


To perform maintenance on an Active machine, run the `switch` action. The active machine becomes the standby machine, where you can execute the `disconnect` action and perform Integration Appliance maintenance without interrupting orchestration processing.

Syntax

`ha disconnect`

Parent topic: [High availability commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_ha_disconnect.html

The `ha power off standby` command


The `ha power off standby` command powers off the Standby Integration Appliance in a high availability pair. This command is only available in active mode.

Syntax

```
ha poweroff standby
```

Parent topic: [High availability commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_ha_poweroffstandby.html

The ha power on standby command


The ha power on standby command powers on the Standby Integration Appliance in a high availability pair. This command is only available in active mode.

Syntax

```
ha poweron standby
```

Parent topic: [High availability commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_ha_poweronstandby.html

The ha reboot command


The ha reboot command completes a system reboot of the Integration Appliance you specify: active or standby. The ha reboot command is only available for use in an HA pair. When you issue the ha reboot standby command, the Standby Integration Appliance reboots, while the Active Integration Appliance continues to process data. When you issue the ha reboot active command, the Active Integration Appliance shuts down all routing services and then reboots. The Standby Integration Appliance does not provide failover capabilities and data is not processed until the Active Integration Appliance is back online. To simulate failover capabilities, switch the modes of the machines in the HA pair using theha switch command – the Active Integration Appliance (A1) becomes the Standby Integration Appliance (S2) and Standby Integration Appliance (S1) becomes the Active Integration Appliance (A2). After the Integration Appliances in the HA pair have switched modes, issue the ha reboot standby command. S1 continues to process data, while A1 is rebooting.

Syntax

```
ha reboot {active|standby}
```

Parent topic: [High availability commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_ha_reboot.html

The ha show lastaccess command

The ha show lastaccess command displays the last 10 state transitions on the Integration Appliance. Only available in idle mode.

Syntax


```
ha show lastaccess
```

An Integration Appliance state transition from idle to active displays the following information:

```
[GMT] Jan 10 00:55:50 State changed from 'IDLE' to 'ACTIVE_1'
```

Parent topic: [High availability commands](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_ha_showlastaccess.html

The ha show pairstatus command


The ha show pairstatus command displays status of the high availability pair, providing information about which Integration Appliance is Active and which is Standby. Only available in active mode.

Syntax

```
ha show pairstatus
```

Parent topic: [High availability commands](#)

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The ha switch command


The ha switch command switches the roles of the Integration Appliance in a high availability pair. The Active machine becomes the Standby machine and the standby machine becomes Active. Only available in active mode.

Syntax

ha switch

Parent topic: [High availability commands](#)

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Management commands

A list of the management (mgmt) commands available.

Note: If you specify community names that require quotation marks, you must use (“ ”) double quotation marks.

Table 1.


Co m ma nd na me	Action	Syntax
mg mt ker ber os del con fig	Deletes the Kerberos realm and KDC server configurations.	mgmt kerberos del config

Co m m a n d n a m e	Action	Syntax
mg mt ker ber os set real m	Allows you to specify the Kerberos realm and KDC server configuration settings.	mgmt kerberos set realm<name>kd c<name ipaddress>
mg mt ker ber os sho w con fig	Displays the Kerberos realm and KDC server configuration settings.	mgmt kerberos show config
mg mt mo td	Allows you to set a message of the day that is displayed when a user logs in to the CLI. You can view the message of the day that was set, by choosing the show parameter. Choose the clear parameter and no message of the day is displayed when a user logs in to the CLI.	mgmt motd{set show clear}
mg mt sec ure	Enables or disables secure access to the Integration Appliance for the management interface. The default option is on, which enables secure management access. When secure management access is enabled (on), you must access the CLI by using SSH (secure shell) and access the Web Management Console (WMC) by using HTTPS. When you disable secure management access, by choosing the off option, you can access the CLI by using telnet and access the WMC by using HTTP. Verify the current security setting by using the mgmt secure setting command	mgmt secure { on off setting}
mg mt sn mp set	Allows you to set up or update current SNMP configurations, as well as enable and disable the SNMP MIB2 service. For more information on using SNMP commands, see SNMP basics .	1. mgmt snmp set { community description location contact } <value> 2. mgmt snmp set { on off }
mg mt sn mp sho w	Displays current SNMP configuration settings.	mgmt snmp show { community description location contact all status }

Command name	Action	Syntax
mgmt ssh add	<p>Adds a public key for the specified host to the SSH Store on the Integration Appliance. If strict SSH key checking is enabled on the Integration Appliance, public keys must reside in the SSH Store for all participating endpoint systems that the Integration Appliance connects to with SFTP.</p> <p>Restart the Integration Appliance after you issue this command.</p> <p>Note: The keytype is a required parameter.</p>	<pre>mgmt ssh add<rsa dsa >host<name ipaddr name,i paddr></pre>
mgmt ssh del	<p>Deletes the public key for the specified host from the SSH Store on the Integration Appliance.</p> <p>Restart the Integration Appliance after you issue this command.</p> <p>Note: The keytype is a required parameter.</p>	<pre>mgmt ssh del host<hostname > host IP address></pre>
mgmt ssh keycheck	<p>Enables or disables strict SSH key checking.</p> <p>In strict mode, SFTP connectors only connect to participating endpoint systems if the public key for that system matches the public key stored in the SSH Store of the Integration Appliance.</p> <p>In easy mode, SFTP connectors connect to participating endpoint system if either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The public key for that system matches the public key stored in the SSH Store • No public key exists in the SSH Store. If no key exists, the connector loads the current public key from the participating endpoint system to the SSH Store 	<pre>mgmt ssh keycheck<stri ct easy ></pre>
mgmt ssh list	<p>Displays all or a specified host that have public keys in the SSH Store. Public keys in the SSH Store are used with SFTP connectors to ensure secure connections.</p>	<pre>mgmt ssh list[host<nam e host IP address>}</pre>
mgmt ssh show keycheck	<p>Displays the current setting of SSH key checking: strict or easy.</p>	<pre>mgmt ssh show keycheck</pre>

Command name	Action	Syntax
mgmt syslog del config	Allows you to delete system log (syslog) configurations.	mgmt syslog del config
mgmt syslog set remote host	Allows you to specify the remote host to which logs are sent.	mgmt syslog set remote host<name host IP address>
mgmt syslog show config	Displays current system log (syslog) configuration settings.	mgmt syslog show config

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Network commands

Network commands that you can use to manage the network configuration.

Table 1.

Co mm and na me	Action	Syntax
net add etc hos t	<p>Adds an entry to the /etc/hosts configuration file in the Integration Appliance.</p> <p>The IP address is typically the management IP address of the appliance. It is best practice to specify a fully qualified host name (for example, <i>myhost.mydept.mycompany.com</i>). Also, although alias is an optional parameter, it is best practice to specify an alias (for example, <i>myhost</i>).</p> <p>Here is an example of a net add etchost command.</p> <pre>net add etchost address 111.222.333.444 hostname myhost.mydept.mycompany.com alias myhost</pre> <p>If an entry was previously added with a host name that is not fully qualified, that entry must first be removed by using the net del etchost command before you add an entry with a fully qualified host name. Verify that the entry was successfully deleted by using the net show etchost command.</p>	<pre>net add etchost address <ip-address> hostname <fully-qualified- hostname> [alias <short-alias-name>]</pre>
net add rou te add res s	<p>Adds a static route to the routing table.</p>	<pre>net add route address <destination> mask <netmask> [gateway <gateway>] interface {emgmt edata}</pre>
net del etc hos t	<p>Removes one or more entries from the /etc/hosts configuration file in the Integration Appliance.</p> <p>Specify the identical parameters that were used when the entry was added by using the net add etchost command. You can verify the details by using the net show etchost command.</p>	<pre>net del etchost address <ip-address> hostname <fully-qualified- hostname> [alias <short-alias-name>]</pre>
net del rou te add res s	<p>Removes a static route from the routing table.</p>	<pre>net del route address <ip-address> mask <mask></pre>
net flus h dhc p	<p>Erases cached DHCP values from the Integration Appliance.</p>	<pre>net flush dhcp</pre>

Command name	Action	Syntax
net ping	Queries the specified host to determine if it is responding on the network.	net ping {<ip-address> <nodename>}
net restart	Saves and applies any new network settings. You must use this command after net set, net add, or net del commands to apply the changes.	net restart
net restore	Restores the memory to active or backup settings.	net restore {active backup}
net traceroute	Traces the network route to the specified node.	net traceroute <ip-address> <nodename>
net validate	<p>Tests the current in-memory settings and displays any warnings or errors that might prevent the network from operating correctly.</p> <p>When all network settings are acceptable, issuing this command returns the following statement, "Current network settings can be applied."</p> <p>When an invalid setting is entered, issuing this command returns the appropriate warning or error messages. For example,</p> <pre>warning: Route to 9.43.79.4 requires static Data IP address</pre> <pre>error: Gateway 9.9.9.9 is not reachable from emgmt</pre> <p>Current network settings cannot be applied</p>	net validate

For the net set and net show commands, see the following topics:

- [The net set command](#)
Sets the configuration for the network interfaces of the Integration Appliance, DNS server, host name, and default gateway. Choose the net set autohost command to automatically add the hostname/IP address to the Integration Appliance. You can also set the amount of time before reporting a lost carrier.
- [The net show command](#)
This command displays all network configuration for the Integration Appliance. This command can also display specific configuration information for the network interfaces, DNS server, host name, default gateway, routing tables, and socket connections. If you enable the net set autohost command, use the net show autohost to view the current settings of the autohost.

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The net set command

Sets the configuration for the network interfaces of the Integration Appliance, DNS server, host name, and default gateway. Choose the net set autohost command to automatically add the hostname/IP address to the Integration Appliance. You can also set the amount of time before reporting a lost carrier.

To improve startup time in networks that do not have a DHCP server, configure all items to either static values or none so the Integration Appliance does not search for a DHCP server.

If you configure any value to be obtained through DHCP, startup time could be delayed as the Integration Appliance tries to locate an available DHCP server.

The network interfaces of the Integration Appliance use these names:

- edata - for the interface that handles all integration data
- emgmt - for the interface that handles management traffic, including both the CLI and the Web Management Console (WMC)

Table 1.

Options	Description
autohost	Allows the Integration Appliance to find its IP address from its own hostname. When you enabled this option and the Integration Appliance cannot find an IP address corresponding to its hostname, either through DNS or an entry you entered manually into the /etc/hosts directory, the Integration Appliance automatically adds an entry into the /etc/hosts directory to allow the CIOS to operate normally. Enable or disable this option through the net set autohost command.
carrier	Specifies the time, in seconds, until a missing ethernet link carrier is reported as an error. Setting the value to zero disables the carrier checking and no errors are reported.
domain	Sets the domain name for this Integration Appliance. The effect is that most queries for names within this domain can use short names relative to the local domain.

Options	Description
gateway	Specifies the gateway and the interface to use for that gateway. The Integration Appliance supports only one default gateway for both management and data traffic (as opposed to one gateway per interface), but additional routes can be added separately.
hostname	Sets the name of the Integration Appliance. This should be the short hostname, without the domain name.
interface	Sets the IP address, Netmask and Broadcast address for the specified interface.
link	Sets the ethernet link to autonegotiate (the default) or to specific values. In most cases autonegotiate is preferable, but setting specific values can sometimes help improve throughput when network conditions are not optimal.
mtu	Sets the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size between a range of (68-9000). The default MTU is 1500.
nameserver	Sets DNS server list (maximum 2).
ntp	Sets the time server.

Options	Description
search	Specifies the search list. If you do not set this option, the search list is the same as the value of the domain setting.

Syntax 1

```
net set autohost [enable|disable ]
```

Syntax 2

```
net set carrier timeout <timeout>
```

Syntax 3

```
net set {domain|search|nameserver|ntp} {dhcp[emgmt|edata]|static <value>|none}
```

Example 1: Set a specific domain name.

```
net set domain static mydomain.com
```

Example 2: Ask a DHCP server on the management NIC for an NTP server.

```
net set ntp dhcp emgmt
```

Example 3: Search for host names in specified domains.

```
net set search static a.mydomain.com b.mydomain.com
```

Example 4: Do not search for host names in other domains.

```
net set search none
```

Syntax 4

```
net set gateway {dhcp {emgmt|edata}|static <ipaddress> {emgmt|edata}|none}
```

Syntax 5

```
net set hostname {dhcp[emgmt|edata]|static <value>}
```

Syntax 6

```
net set interface {emgmt|edata} {dhcp|address <ipaddress> mask <mask> [bcast <bcast>]}
```

Syntax 7


```
net set link {emgmt|edata} {autonegotiate|speed <speed> duplex {half|full}}
```

Syntax 8

```
net set mtu {emgmt|edata} <MTU>
```

Parent topic: [Network commands](#)

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The net show command

This command displays all network configuration for the Integration Appliance. This command can also display specific configuration information for the network interfaces, DNS server, host name, default gateway, routing tables, and socket connections. If you enable the net set autohost command, use the net show autohost to view the current settings of the autohost.

You can issue a collection of network settings changes in memory with the net show command. The Integration Appliance does not persist these changes. The net show command only becomes permanent after you issue a net restart command.

- Active - Displays the network settings for the Integration Appliance that is currently running.
- Memory - Displays the network settings of a staging Integration Appliance that becomes active when you issue the net restart command.
- Backup - Specifies the Integration Appliance that was active before you issued the previous net restart command.

The network interfaces of the Integration Appliance use these names:

- edata - for the interface that handles all integration data
- emgmt - for the interface that handles management traffic, including both the CLI and the Web Management Console

Table 1. . The following table provides descriptions for options available in the various command syntaxes:

Options	Description
all	Displays all network configuration information for the Integration Appliance.

Options	Description
active	Displays complete network configurations.
autohost	Allows the Integration Appliance to find its IP address from its own hostname. When you enabled this option and the Integration Appliance cannot find an IP address corresponding to its hostname, either through DNS or an entry you entered manually into the /etc/hosts directory, the Integration Appliance automatically adds an entry into the /etc/hosts directory to allow the runtime to operate normally. Enable or disable this option through the net set autohost command.
backup	Displays complete network configurations.
carrier	Specifies the time, in seconds, until a missing ethernet link carrier is reported as an error. Setting the value to zero disables the carrier checking and no errors are reported.
domain	Displays the domain name for this Integration Appliance. The effect is that most queries for names within this domain can use short names relative to the local domain.
etchost	Displays the entries within /etc/hosts.

Options	Description
gateway	Specifies the gateway and the interface to use for that gateway. The Integration Appliance supports only one default gateway for both management and data traffic (as opposed to one gateway per interface), but additional routes can be added separately.
hostname	Displays the name of the Integration Appliance. This should be the short hostname, without the domain name.
interface	Displays the IP address, Netmask and Broadcast address for the specified interface.
link	Sets the ethernet link to autonegotiate (the default) or to specific values. In most cases autonegotiate is preferable, but setting specific values can sometimes help improve throughput when network conditions are not optimal.
memory	Displays complete network configurations.
mtu	Displays Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size for data in an IP packet.

O p t i o n s	Description
n a m e s e r v e r	Displays the DNS server list (maximum 2).
n o d e	Displays the IP address for the node.
n t p	Displays the network protocol for clock synchronization between an appliance and network.
r o u t e	Displays active routes.
s e a r c h	Specifies the search list. If you do not set this option, the search list is the same as the value of the domain setting.
s o c k e t s	Displays a list of socket addresses.
s t a t u s	Displays the network status of the Integration Appliance, including the last attempt to start networking, the last time networking started, the last time networking stopped, the reason for last networking stop and the current networking activity.

```
net show {active|memory|backup}
```

Syntax 2

```
net show {hostname|domain|search|nameserver|gateway|ntp} [ all|active|memory|backup]
```

If not specified, the last parameter defaults to active.

Syntax 3

```
net show autohost
```

Syntax 4

```
net show carrier [all|active|memory|backup]
```

Syntax 5

```
net show etchost
```

Syntax 6

```
net show interface {emgmt|edata} [all|active|memory|backup]
```

Syntax 7

```
net show link [all|active|memory|backup]
```

Syntax 8

```
net show node {<ip address>|<hostname> }
```

Syntax 9

```
net show route [active|memory|backup]
```

If not specified, the last parameter defaults to active.

Syntax 10


```
net show sockets
```

Syntax 11

```
net show status
```

Parent topic: [Network commands](#)

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Network introspection commands

Network introspection (Netspect) commands allow you to manage network configurations and query the network for DHCP server, DNS server, gateway, and route information.

Note: Do not use reserved words in the user name, host name, or file name. Reserved words include: ftp, sftp, export, ibm, port, user, and file.

Table 1.

Co mm and na me	Action	Syntax
net spe ct arp	Issues an ARP request for the IP address you specify and displays the result of the ARP reply or displays the ARP cache content.	<code>netspect arp <lookup ipv4- address show cache></code>
net spe ct cap ture clea n	Deletes all existing packet capture files.	<code>netspect capture clean</code>
net spe ct cap ture sho w	Displays the captured packets. Issuing this command also stops any running packet capture.	<code>netspect capture show</code>


Co mm and na me	Action	Syntax
net spe ct cap ture star t	<p>Initiates a packet trace and produces a gzip (.gz) file. Packet traces can be useful for debugging network connection errors.</p> <p>Only one packet trace capture can run at a time. The capture continues running until you stop it using <CTRL + C> or until a maximum number of packets is reached.</p> <p>Note: When you start a capture with packet size parameter set to full, <code>pktsize full</code>, fewer packets can be captured.</p> <p>You can transfer packet traces to another host using the <code>netspect export</code> command.</p> <p>Note: Capturing a packet trace overwrites the previous capture.</p>	<pre>netspect capture start [interface <emgmt edata all>] [pktsize <header full>] [find <hostname network>]</pre> <p>where</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>hostname</code> - Captures to/from specified host (nn.nn.nn.nn). • <code>network</code> - Captures to/from certain network in CIDR. <p>Note: If you do not specify <code>emgmt</code> or <code>edata</code> for the interface parameter, the Integration Appliance uses the default value of <code>all</code> and capture starts for both interfaces.</p> <p>Example 1: Capture packet headers on both interfaces.</p> <pre>netspect capture start</pre> <p>Example 2: Capture full packets on <code>edata</code>.</p> <pre>netspect capture start interface edata pktsize full</pre> <p>Example 3: Capture packet headers on <code>edata</code> to/from certain network.</p> <pre>netspect capture start interface edata find 123.12.0.0/24</pre> <p>Example 4: Capture full packets on <code>emgmt</code> to/from certain host.</p> <pre>netspect capture start interface emgmt pktsize full find 123.12.0.123</pre>

Co mm and na me	Action	Syntax
net spe ct con nec t	Using the protocol you specify, this command attempts to open a connection to the network host port and displays the result of the connection attempt. If a connection is established, the connection is closed prior to this command returning.	<pre>netspect connect host <host-id> <protocol> port <port-num></pre> <p>where</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>host-id</code> - The name or IP address of a network host. • <code>protocol</code> - The protocol to use for the connection. Must be "tcp". • <code>port-num</code> - Any valid tcp port number.
net spe ct dhc p	Queries the network for DHCP servers on the network interface you specify. Also displays DHCP server supplied network configuration information, plus the offered IP address and its lease terms.	<pre>netspect dhcp interface <emgmt edata></pre>
net spe ct dns	Queries the system configured DNS server for the specified network host (i.e. perform either a forward lookup: return the IP address for a given host name, or perform a reverse lookup: return a host name for a given IP address), and display the result of the lookup.	<pre>netspect dns lookup host <host-id></pre>

Command name	Action	Syntax
netspect export	Exports a packet capture file to an FTP Server. For more information about capturing packet traces, see the <code>netspect capture start</code> command.	<pre>netspect export <ftp sftp> host <host-id> [port <number>] [user <user>] [file <filename>]</pre> <p>where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>host-id</code> - The name or IP address of the network host. • <code>port</code> - A valid port on the specified network host to which to connect. • <code>user</code> - Specifies the username used to log into the host. Note: When using <code>sftp</code>, this parameter must be specified. Anonymous logins are not allowed with <code>sftp</code>. • <code>filename</code> - File path on the destination host. <p>Example 1: <code>netspect export ftp.</code></p> <pre>netspect export ftp host 123.12.12.123</pre> <p>Example 2: <code>netspect export sftp.</code></p> <pre>netspect export sftp host 123.12.12.123 user myname file /home/myname/mycap.gz</pre>
netspect gateways	Queries the gateways and routes for the specified IP protocol family, and reports whether or not the gateway responded to the query/ping. The IP protocol family can be either <code>ipv4</code> , which is the default or <code>ipv6</code> .	<pre>netspect gateways <ip- protocol></pre>
netspect help	Displays help text for the specified <code>netspect</code> command. If a command is not specified, then a help summary for all <code>netspect</code> commands is displayed.	<pre>netspect help <command></pre>
netspect ifconfig	Displays network interface configuration information for the specified interface. If a network interface name is not specified, then interface configuration information is displayed for all network interfaces.	<pre>netspect ifconfig interface <emgmt edata></pre>

Co mm and na me	Action	Syntax
net spe ct ping	Attempts to query the specified network host, and displays the result of the query attempt.	<code>netspect ping host <host-id></code>
net spe ct rout es	Displays currently configured routes for the specified IP protocol family. The IP protocol family can be either IPv4 (the default if none specified) or IPv6.	<code>netspect routes [<ip-protocol>]</code>
net spe ct sum mar y	Provides a summary of network configuration information.	<code>netspect summary</code>
net spe ct trac ero ute	Attempts to determine the route to the specified network host, and displays the route packets took to get to the specified network host.	<code>netspect traceroute host <host-id></code>

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Status commands

Status commands allow you to view Integration Appliance status.

Table 1.

Command name	Action	Syntax
stat show all	Displays system status information, such as: disk usage, memory usage, uptime, and active processes.	<code>stat show all</code>

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System commands

System commands allow you to manage the operation of the Integration Appliance, which includes managing licenses for the Integration Appliance and connectors.

Note: Do not use reserved words in the user name, host name, or file name. Reserved words include: ftp, sftp, ibm, port, user, and file.

Table 1.


Com man d nam e	Action	Syntax
system auto rebo ot	Allows you to enable or disable automatic reboot for an Integration Appliance. Note: During a Cast Iron® firmware upgrade, the Integration Appliance reboots even if the automatic reboot is disabled.	system autoreboot <on off>
system auto rebo ot setti ng	Use the setting parameter to print autoreboot settings.	system autoreboot setting

Command name	Action	Syntax
system clean	<p>Clears the system states of the Integration Appliance. When you issue a <code>system clean all</code> command, the IBM® DataPower® Cast Iron® Appliance may reboot.</p> <p>Running the <code>all</code> option results in the removal of all data and configurations, including High Availability configurations, from disk. The results are equivalent to restoring factory default settings for the appliance. After the reboot, you will be asked to accept the license agreement before logging in to the Web Management Console for the appliance.</p>	<pre>system clean{ [running] [orchmon] [deploy] } all</pre> <p>where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>running</code> - Removes currently running project data. • <code>orchmon</code> - Removes orchestration monitoring data. • <code>deploy</code> - Removes all projects and configurations. • <code>all</code> - Resets the appliance to factory default settings.
system persist	<p>Enables or disables the disk cache on the Integration Appliance. The default and recommended setting is <code>system persist on</code>.</p> <p>When persistence is enabled, writes are synchronized to ensure that all requested data is completely written to disk. This behavior helps protect data integrity, particularly when accessing external transactional systems such as databases.</p> <p>When persistence is disabled, on an appliance that supports this feature, performance might be improved. However, there is a risk of losing job progress state.</p>	<pre>system persist { on off }</pre>
system persist setting	<p>Displays the current system persist setting: on or off. Use the <code>system persist</code> command to specify whether the disk cache is enabled or disabled.</p>	<pre>system persist setting</pre>
system poweroff	<p>Shuts down all routing services and then powers off the Integration Appliance. If the <code>force</code> parameter is used, power is cut off immediately.</p>	<pre>system poweroff</pre>

Command name	Action	Syntax
system reboot	<p>Shuts down all routing services and then reboots the Integration Appliance.</p> <p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Before making changes like Upgrade/Reboot of appliance, please stop all projects in the runtime. After appliance comes back, starts the projects one-by-one. • When the system reboots, any network settings that have not been saved are lost. To commit network settings to the Integration Appliance, use the net restart command. 	system reboot
system restart	Restarts the runtime and Web Management Console, without affecting the network connectivity.	system restart
system show platform	Displays information about the Integration Appliance, such as: ROM version, appliance platform, serial number, and MAC addresses.	system show platform
system show status	Available for Standalone Integration Appliances as well as the Active Integration Appliance in an HA pair. Shows whether the following components are up or down: System, Network, and Runtime.	<p>system show status</p> <p>Example output:</p> <pre>Appliance Status ----- System: Up Network: Up Runtime: Up</pre>
system show version	Displays the version of the Cast Iron operating system on the Integration Appliance.	system show version

Command name	Action	Syntax
system update cios image	Updates the Cast Iron Operating System on the Integration Appliance using an image from an FTP Server based file or an SFTP Server based file.	<pre>system update cios image from <source></pre> <p>where <i>source</i> can specify an FTP Server or an SFTP Server:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ftp <hostname> [port <number>] [user <user>] file <filename> • sftp <hostname> [port <number>] user <user> file <filename> • http <hostname> [port <number>] [user <user>] file <filename> • https <hostname> [port <number>] user <user> file <filename> <p>Note: When using sftp, you must specify the user parameter. Anonymous logins are not allowed with sftp.</p>

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cli.doc/CLI_system_commands.html

Time commands


Time commands allow you to set or synchronize the date and time on the Integration Appliance.

Note: To avoid time drift on Virtual Appliances, run NTP on the host and guest. Running NTP sets the system time to UTC. Do not use the time set clock command to reset time on a Virtual Appliance.

Table 1.

Com mand name	Action	Syntax
time set	<p>Sets individual time and date components relative to the time zone you choose. The Integration Appliance restarts after you issue this command using the <code>clock</code> parameter.</p> <p>If you do not know the syntax for a specific time zone, choose the last option and do not specify a value for zone.</p>	<pre>time set { { clock<string> } { zone<zone>} { zone} }</pre> <p>Example 1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> time set clock<string> User input: time set clock Sat Jan 1 00:00:00 2005 <p>Example 2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> time set zone<zone> User input: time set zone America/Los_Angeles
time show	Display all time settings or individual time components (the current time, date, or time zone).	time show

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About High Availability Pairs

A High Availability (HA) pair is an Integration Appliance configuration that connects two physical Integration Appliances together, allowing them to automatically synchronize data and perform fail-over operations. The machines that make up the HA pair share the same MAC and IP addresses, thus creating a single network identity.

There is one Active and one Standby Integration Appliance in an HA pair. The Integration Appliance that actively processes orchestrations is the Active machine. The Integration Appliance that automatically synchronizes data and performs fail-over operations is the Standby machine. When the machines that make up an HA pair initially connect to each other, they immediately synchronize with each other and determine which machine assumes the active role and which machine assumes the standby role. During the initial synchronization operation, the Active machine can process orchestrations; however, fail-over cannot occur until the HA pair is completely synchronized. Once the HA pair is synchronized, the HA pair persists data and automatically synchronizes this data between the two machines.

When an Active machine failure occurs, the Standby machine initiates a take over procedure, becomes the Active machine, and resumes processing orchestrations exactly where the other machine stopped. The take over process typically takes less than a minute to complete, but DHCP response times can slow the take over process. During the take over procedure, the Standby machine power cycles the Active machine to ensure the Active machine is not still processing orchestrations. Only when the Standby machine can successfully power cycle the failed Active machine does it become the Active machine. If the Standby machine is unable to power cycle the Active machine, the Standby machine goes into an IDLE state.


Examples of failures that can cause an HA fail-over to occur include the following failures:

- Hardware failures generated by CPUs, hard drives, RAM, motherboards, network interfaces, power supplies, and raid-controllers.
- Integration Appliance runtime failures, such as fatal errors during processing.
- Communication failures between the Integration Appliances caused by replication port network interface issues or replication cable issues.

When the Active machine loses contact with the Standby machine, the Active machine stops running orchestrations to prevent an asynchronous data commit and waits to see if the Standby machine initiates the take over procedure. If the Standby machine does not power cycle the Active machine, the Active machine resumes processing orchestrations. When the Standby machine is able to reconnect to the Active machine, the Standby machine synchronizes with the Active machine.

From the WMC, you can monitor an HA pair's status and manipulate the roles of the Integration Appliances in an HA pair.

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About Integration Appliance States

Integration Appliances in a High Availability (HA) pair can be in one of many states. States for Integration Appliances in an HA pair include:

States for Integration Appliances in an HA pair include:

ACTIVE_1

The Active machine cannot communicate with the Standby machine; however, the Active machine continues to process data.

ACTIVE_2

The Active machine is successfully processing data and can communicate with the peer HA machine.

IDLE

Displays when the Active machine or Standby machine encounters a hardware or software problem. An IDLE state helps to ensure data integrity between an HA pair. IDLE is not always an error state.

For example, the Active machine enters an IDLE state when it power cycles and remains in this state until it can verify the state of the Standby machine.

STANDBY

The Standby machine is successfully synchronizing with the Active machine.


TRANSITIONING

Can occur immediately before or after rebooting. Typically, a machine in an HA pair remains in this state after rebooting long enough to perform some initialization, find its peer, and then transition into the appropriate state.

UNKNOWN

Occurs when the peer machine is unavailable. For example, when a Standby machine is powered off, the Active machine states that the state of the peer machine (Standby machine) is UNKNOWN.

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Requirements for Configuring High Availability Pairs


A High Availability (HA) pair requires a very specific hardware configuration, and the two Integration Appliances must meet certain requirements.

To operate as an HA pair, the two Integration Appliances must meet the following requirements:

- Both Integration Appliances must use the same version of the Cast Iron® Operating System. When you apply a patch to one Integration Appliance, the same patch is automatically applied to the other Integration Appliance in the HA pair.
- The replication interfaces on one machine must be connected by cable to the corresponding interface on the other machine.
- The management network port on each Integration Appliance must be connected to the same subnet.
- The data network port on each Integration Appliance must be connected to the same subnet.

Note: A note regarding High Availability pairs and Hybrid Cloud Integration (HCI) support – If you are using HCI functionality and attempt to convert two Integration Appliances to HA, the HCI function will no longer be supported.

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Setting Up a High Availability Pair

About this task

Perform the following steps to set up a High Availability pair.

Procedure

1. If you are using 9005 appliances to set up an HA pair, do the procedures in Step 1a. If you are using 9004 appliances, do the procedures in Step 1b. .

Note: High Availability can only be obtained by connecting homogeneous appliances. Do not attempt to connect dissimilar appliances (such as a 9005 appliance and a 9004 appliance) to one another to attain High Availability

- a. For the 9005 appliance - To create an HA pair, you need a total of six Ethernet cables in addition to the recommended serial console cable. Directly connect the replication interfaces of the two appliances with two Ethernet cables:

```
1 x ethernet cable for emgmt of Appliance A
1 x ethernet cable for emgmt of Appliance B
1 x ethernet cable for edata of Appliance A
1 x ethernet cable for edata of Appliance B
1 x ethernet cable for repl1 between Appliance A and Appliance B
1 x ethernet cable for repl2 between Appliance A and Appliance B
```

Connected as follows:

```
Appliance 1          Appliance 2
Repl 1 <-----> Repl 1
MGMT                MGMT
Data 1              Data 1
Data 2              Data 2
Data 3              Data 3
Repl 2 <-----> Repl 2
```

Connect MGMT and Data 1 for both appliances to the appropriate management and data networks. Data 2 and Data 3 should remain disconnected.

- b. For the 9004 appliance - Note that the network interfaces labelled externally on the Cast Iron appliance are mapped to different interfaces internally:

External Label	Internal designation
MGMT	emgmt
ETH0	r1
ETH2	edata
ETH1	r2

Connect the appliances with two Ethernet cables:

```
Appliance 1          Appliance 2
MGMT (internal:emgmt)  MGMT (internal:emgmt)
ETH0 (internal:r1)    -----> ETH0 (internal:r1)
ETH1 (internal:r2)    -----> ETH1 (internal:r2)
ETH2 (internal:edata) ETH2 (internal:edata)
```

MGMT (emgmt) and ETH2 (edata) for both appliances should be connected to the appropriate management and data networks.

2. Select an appliance to be the initial Active peer. The second appliance will be the Standby peer.
3. Connect a serial console to the selected Cast Iron appliance. Log in to the Cast Iron command line interface (CLI) on the Active peer appliance as user `admin`. The default admin password is `!n0r1t5@C`. You should get a command prompt similar to: `none/Standalone>`.
4. Configure the management and data networks to use statically assigned IP addresses. From the CLI, you do this by issuing a `net set interface` command followed by `net restart`:

```
appliance name/Standalone> net set interface emgmt address <MGMT IP ADDRESS> mask <MGMT NETMASK> bcast <MGMT BROADCAST>
```

```
appliance name/Standalone> net set interface edata address <DATA IP
```

```
ADDRESS> mask <DATA NETMASK> bcast <DATA BROADCAST>
appliance name/Standalone> net restart
```

5. To avoid problems, you should upgrade Cast Iron appliances with the latest software version. The software can be located on the IBM Fix Central website at <http://www.ibm.com/support/fixcentral/> and should be downloaded onto a machine that is accessible from the Cast Iron appliance to be upgraded. Upgrade of the Cast Iron software can be done through the Cast Iron Web Management Console (WMC) or alternatively, through commands issued on the command line interface. To check the software level, connect a serial console to the selected Cast Iron appliance, then log in to the Cast Iron command line interface on the Active peer appliance as user `admin`. By default the admin password is `!n0r1t5@C`. Issue the following command to check the software level:

```
none/standalone>system show version
```

If an update is required, issue the update command, providing the `ftp` location and user credentials required. For example:

```
none/standalone>system update cios image from ftp 10.10.17.166 user
billbloggs file Downloads/fixcentral/castiron/myciupdate
```

The appliance reboots during the upgrade process.

6. Repeat steps 3 and 5 for the Standby appliance. Because the appliance temporarily requires two IP addresses for the duration of the upgrade, you may also need to perform step 4 on the Standby peer. Note: After HA setup is complete, only two IP addresses (one for management and one for data) are required for the HA pair. Any IP addresses used on the Standby peer for this step are discarded upon completion of HA setup and may be used elsewhere in the network environment.
7. Issue the following command on both peers to ensure that they have the same level of software installed and that it is the required software level:

```
none/standalone>system show version
```

8. Configure the Active appliance as HA:

```
none/standalone> system haconfig enable active
```

The appliance reboots and restarts as the Active appliance.

9. Log in to the Active appliance. The command prompt shows the appliance is active:

```
none/Active>
or
appliance name/Active>
```

10. Connect a serial console to the selected Standby appliance, then log into the Standby peer and issue the following command to configure it as HA:

```
none/standalone> system haconfig enable standby
```

11. Log back into the Standby appliance. The command prompt shows the appliance is standby:

```
none/Standby>
```

12. On the Active appliance check the status of the HA pair:

```
appliance name/Active>ha show pairstatus
```

The output indicates if the appliances are highly available. For example:

```
appliance name/Active>ha show pairstatus
```

```
Pair Status
-----
```

```
NOT Highly Available
Local State: ACTIVE_2
Peer State: STANDBY
Sync Status: 74%
```

```
Appliance Services
-----
Network: Up
Runtime: Starting
```

Command complete

In this example, the HA pair is not highly available because synchronization of the disks is only 74% complete. Issue the command again and the status changes:

```
appliance name/Active>ha show pairstatus
```

```
Pair Status
-----
Highly Available
Local State: ACTIVE_2
Peer State: STANDBY
Sync Status: Synced
```

```
Appliance Services
-----
Network: Up
Runtime: Up
```

Command complete

13. After synchronization completes, it is important to ensure that the HA pair can properly switch roles when necessary. Use `ha show pairstatus` to confirm that the pair is Highly Available and that the network and runtime appliance services are reported as up. Identify the serial number of the appliance that is currently active.

```
appliance name/Active> system show version
```

Issue the following command to switch the roles of the HA pair:

```
appliance name/Active> ha switch
```

The Standby peer takes over and becomes Active. (Typically this process requires about 2 minutes). The peer that was previously Active becomes Standby. Use the command `system show version` to view the serial number of the Active appliance and confirm that it has changed. Use the command "`ha show pairstatus`" to verify that the HA pair returns to the Highly Available state.

14. After confirming that the HA pair can switch roles in one direction (for example: Peer A -> Peer B), do Step 13 again to ensure the HA pair can switch roles in the other direction (Peer B -> Peer A).
Note: A note regarding High Availability pairs and Hybrid Cloud Integration (HCI) support – If you are using HCI functionality and attempt to convert two Integration Appliances to HA, the HCI function will no longer be supported.

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Working with High Availability Pairs


High Availability (HA) pairs consist of two Integration Appliances: an Active machine and a Standby machine. This HA pair can then process orchestrations as a single entity.

The Active machine actively processes orchestrations, while the Standby machine automatically synchronizes data with the Active machine in case the Standby machine needs to perform any fail-over operations. When the appropriate scenario occurs, the Active machine and Standby machine can switch roles.

From the WMC, you can change the state or role of the Integration Appliances in an HA pair.

- [Running High Availability Commands](#)
You can run commands against a High Availability (HA) pair from the navigation pane.
- [High Availability Commands](#)
These commands can be run against a High Availability (HA) Pair.

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Running High Availability Commands


You can run commands against a High Availability (HA) pair from the navigation pane.

Procedure

1. Select System > Command. The System Commands page is displayed.
2. From the Choose Command drop-down list, select a command. You can view command details by clicking the drop-down arrow.
3. Click Go.

Parent topic: [Working with High Availability Pairs](#)

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High Availability Commands

These commands can be run against a High Availability (HA) Pair.

Table 1.

System Control Commands	Description
H A C o n n e c t	Reconnects the Active and Standby Integration Appliance so that they can resume fail-over operations.
H A D i s c o n n e c t	Temporarily disconnects an HA pair without causing the Standby machine to takeover the Active machine. This action allows you to perform any necessary hardware or software maintenance on the Standby machine without interrupting orchestration processing. When you choose this action, the Standby machine transitions to an idle state. Reboot the Active machine or execute the Connect action to reestablish communications between an HA pair and resumes data synchronization and fail-over operations. To perform maintenance on an Active machine, use the Switch action. The Active machine becomes the Standby machine, where you can use the Disconnect action and perform Integration Appliance maintenance without interrupting orchestration processing.
H A S w i t c h	Causes the Integration Appliances in an HA pair to switch roles: the Active machine becomes the Standby machine and the Standby machine becomes the Active machine.

Parent topic: [Working with High Availability Pairs](#)

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Troubleshooting a High Availability Pair

If both the Active and Standby machines enter an IDLE state, use the CLI to resolve the issue.

Procedure

To resolve an IDLE/IDLE state:


1. From the CLI on both the Active machine and the Standby machine, type `ha show lastaccess`.
2. Determine which Integration Appliance has the most valid set of data. Usually the Integration Appliance with the most recent activity generates the most recent timestamp.
3. Type `ha active` on the Integration Appliance you determine to have the most valid data.

Results

This Integration Appliance is now the Active machine in a HA pair.

If you require specific technical support for high availability pairs, contact IBM Technical Support.

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About the virtual appliance

This guide provides information about creating, configuring, backing up and recovering virtual appliances. Virtual appliances run in a virtual environment and are packaged with a guest operating system and optional application software, while integration appliances are physical machines.

Cast Iron® products perform equally well in both the virtual and physical worlds. You can install the Cast Iron Operating System (CIOS) on a single virtual machine running one integration project or on multiple virtual machines running many projects to create a data center infrastructure. For information on creating virtual appliances with CIOS as the guest operating system, see [Deploying an OVF template](#).


Your virtual appliance environment should consist of the following:

- A host machine (desktop computer or server).
- CPU (for example Intel® VT-x or AMD®-V) with virtualization technology enabled. (In some cases, virtualization technology must be enabled through BIOS).
- 60 GB disk space.
- Supported configuration of either 1 CPU, 4 GB RAM or 2 CPU, 8 GB RAM. Ensure that the host has enough physical RAM to run the selected configuration or system performance might be affected.

- VMware® ESX® or ESXi version 5.0 or later. For more information on VMware products and ESX, go to <http://kb.vmware.com/selfservice/microsites/microsite.do> and click *VMware ESX and ESXi Comparison*.
- Cast Iron Hypervisor Edition installation file (in OVA format).
- VMware vCenter® Server, 4.0.0, 258672 (optional).
- VMware VMotion® and VMware High Availability add-ons (optional). When added to your installation, VMware add-ons can manage and balance your workload across virtual machines, find an optimum data center location for a virtual machine and manage OS related failures. Refer to VMware documentation to learn more about add-ons and for tips on setting up your virtual environment.

Note: Shared storage, such as a SAN, is optional. Shared storage is required to enable VMware features such as VMware VMotion and VMware High Availability.

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Getting started with the IBM WebSphere Cast Iron Hypervisor Edition


This guide introduces the IBM® WebSphere® Cast Iron® Hypervisor Edition (HVE) and provides an overview of virtualization technology. Virtualization refers to hardware virtualization where a virtual appliance runs in a virtual environment and is packaged with a guest operating system and optional application software.

Virtualization allows you to run several instances of an operating system on the same physical piece of hardware at the same time. Virtualization is accomplished through technology called *hypervisor*. A hypervisor allows many different simultaneously running operating systems to share the same set of physical resources (memory, CPU, disk and network) on one physical server. The physical machine on which the virtualization software runs is the *host* and virtual machines running on the host are *guests*.

Cast Iron products perform equally well in both the virtual and physical worlds. You can install the Cast Iron Operating System (CIOS) on a single virtual machine running one integration project or on multiple virtual machines running many projects to create a data center infrastructure. For information on creating virtual appliances with CIOS as the guest operating system, see [Deploying an OVF template](#).

- [Requirements](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.VAuserguide.doc/VA_virtualization_basics.html

Requirements

This section outlines the requirements and resources needed to establish a virtual appliance environment. For detailed information on mapping between resources, see [Resource mapping](#).


Requirements:

- A host machine (desktop computer or server).
- CPU (for example Intel® VT-x or AMD®-V) with virtualization technology enabled. (In some cases, virtualization technology must be enabled through BIOS).
- 60GB disk space.
- Supported configuration of either 1 CPU, 4GB RAM or 2 CPU, 8GB RAM. Ensure the host has enough physical RAM to run the selected configuration or system performance may be affected.
- VMware® ESX® or ESXi version 5.0 or later. For more information on VMware products and ESX, go to <http://kb.vmware.com/selfservice/microsites/microsite.do> and click on *VMware ESX and ESXi Comparison*.
- Cast Iron® Hypervisor Edition installation file (in OVA format).
- VMware vCenter® Server, 4.0.0, 258672 (optional).
- VMware VMotion® and VMware High Availability add-ons (optional). When added to your installation, VMware add-ons can manage and balance your workload across virtual machines, find an optimum data center location for a virtual machine and manage OS related failures. Refer to VMware documentation to learn more about add-ons and for tips on setting up your virtual environment.

Note: Shared storage, such as a SAN, is optional. Shared storage is required to enable VMware features such as VMware VMotion and VMware High Availability.

Parent topic: [Getting started with the IBM WebSphere Cast Iron Hypervisor Edition](#)

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Resource mapping

This section provides information on mapping between virtual and physical resources when provisioning virtual machines.

When you instantiate a new virtual machine to run the Cast Iron HVE, you first must select a size for the virtual machine. As referenced in [Requirements](#), the supported sizes are:

- 1 CPU, 4GB RAM, minimum 60GB disk space. (Standard configuration).
- 2 CPU, 8GB RAM, minimum 60GB disk space. (Enhanced configuration).

The preceding resources sizes refer to the amount of a resource that is visible to a running virtual machine. For the Standard configuration, 1 CPU and 60GB disk space refer to the number of virtual CPUs and the amount of disk space the virtual machine must see. Because virtualization allows many different virtual machines running different operating system instances to share the same physical resources, it's important to size your physical host environment to account for the number of virtual machines you have running.

Memory

In addition to your host environment, it's important to size your physical host to properly account for the amount of memory needed for your running guests. Best practice dictates that your host should have more physical memory than the sum of the memory set up for the simultaneously running guests. For example, if you are trying to size a physical host to run both the Standard and Enhanced configurations, you should pick a host that has $4 + 8 + 2 \Rightarrow$ at least 14GB of RAM. (The extra 2GB of RAM is recommended for the hypervisor processes).


CPU

When mapping virtual CPUs to physical CPUs you should count one physical CPU core per virtual CPU that will be running simultaneously, and leave at least one core as a buffer for the hypervisor processes. For example, if you are trying to size a physical host to run both the Standard and Enhanced configurations, you should pick a host that has $1 + 2 + 1 = 4$ physical CPU cores. Because most physical CPUs are multicore, a physical host with one quad-core CPU is sufficient to run the configurations. Because the Cast Iron HVE uses a 64-bit kernel, your host must have a physical CPU with virtualization technology support available and enabled, (for example, Intel's VT-x or AMD's AMD-V). In some cases, virtualization technology must be enabled through BIOS.

Disk

Disks are typically the cheapest resource in a virtualized environment. Best practices dictate that a virtual machine should preallocate the amount of disk space required onto physical disks so that performance does not suffer when trying to expand disks later. When sizing disks, you should significantly oversize the disks so you can store many suspended virtual machines at the same time and only instantiate the ones needed. For example, if you are trying to size a physical host to run both the Standard and Enhanced configurations, the minimum requirement for disk space is $60 + 60 + 5 = 125$ GB. (The remaining 5GB of space is for the hypervisor software). However, best practice is to get a physical host with significantly larger disks so that you can store more inactive virtual machines as your needs grow.

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Upload an appliance patch

By uploading an appliance patch, you can upgrade to the newest version of the Cast Iron® operating system and access the latest features.

Before you begin

Important: If you use SAP projects, you must ensure that you install the SAP 64-bit libraries. Remove any SAP 32-bit libraries before you upgrade to WebSphere® Cast Iron Hypervisor Edition Version 7. If there are any SAP 32-bit libraries that are installed, you cannot upgrade to WebSphere Cast Iron Hypervisor Edition Version 7.

About this task

Use the Web Management Console (WMC) to upgrade to the latest version of Cast Iron operating system by uploading an upgrade image onto the appliance. This upgrade process only replaces or adds necessary files, it does not destroy any data. Note, the WMC forces any running projects to be undeployed and stops any active orchestration jobs currently running on the appliance during the upgrade procedure. After the appliance is upgraded, you cannot undo or roll back to the previous version.

Note: Upgrades can also be applied through the Command Line Interface (CLI). For more information, see the system update command in the *CLI Reference Guide*.


Procedure

1. Download the WebSphere Cast Iron Hypervisor firmware upgrade file (type = vcrypt2) from Fix Central: <http://www.ibm.com/support/fixcentral/>.
2. Download the appliance upgrade image file to a location you can access from your Windows workstation, for example: C:\Desktop.
3. Use the WMC to log into the appliance that is running the Cast Iron operating system.
4. In the WMC, select Set Up > Install/Upgrade. The Install/Upgrade Appliance and Libraries panel is displayed.
5. In the Upgrade Appliance section, click Install Upgrade. The upgrade wizard is displayed.
6. Click Next.
7. Click Next to check for running projects. If projects are running on the appliance, the upgrade wizard asks for confirmation to stop the projects before proceeding. Click Continue to proceed. If there are no projects running on the appliance, a green check mark is displayed. Click Next.
8. In the text field, either specify the path to the appliance upgrade image file or browse to locate the appliance upgrade image file.
9. Click Next. In the Upgrade panel, the following message is displayed: `Upload in progress. Please wait`. A progress bar displays the status of the upload. When the upload is complete, the WMC validates the upgrade.
10. Verify the patch version number and click Install.
11. A series of dialog boxes are displayed asking for confirmation to stop any running orchestrations. Click OK and OK. The Upgrade Appliance panel displays. After the upgrade completes in about 5 minutes, the appliance reboots and the following message is displayed in the Upgrade Appliance panel: `Installation Successful! Please wait. The Appliance is rebooting.` If a console window to the appliance is open, the rebooting messages are displayed.
12. Use the WMC to log into the appliance. You might need to click the refresh button of the browser.

What to do next

Using the WMC, redeploy any projects that were undeployed by this upgrade procedure. Upgrade to a Studio version compatible with the installed Cast Iron operating system. For more information about appliance and Studio compatibility, see the Compatibility section of the *Cast Iron Operating System Release Notes*® or the *Cast Iron Studio Release Notes*. For the procedure on upgrading Studio, see *Installing Studio*.

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Deploying an OVF template

You can deploy an OVF template which creates a virtual machine with the CIOS and VMwareTools installed. After the OVF template is deployed, you can manage the virtual appliance from the vSphere Client Console tab, as you would manage a physical integration appliance through the CLI.

Before you begin

Note: The steps in this section apply to VMware only. Note also that after deploying an OVF template, the vSphere client might display the VMware Tools status as "Not Installed." However, if the OVF template is correctly deployed, VMware Tools are installed on the virtual machine.

Procedure

1. Download a local copy of the CIOS OVA file. It is recommended that you download the OVA to a storage device that is accessible by the host machine, where the virtual machine will reside.
2. In the VMware Infrastructure Client navigation pane, select the virtual machine on which to install the CIOS.
3. Select File > Deploy OVF Template. The Deploy OVF Template Wizard is displayed.
4. Choose an option to deploy the OVF template and specify the location of the OVF template, and click Next.
 - Deploy from file - Choose this option if the source OVF template is on the local file system.
 - Deploy from URL - Choose this option to download the OVF template from the Internet and enter a URL
5. Verify the template details that display and click Next.
6. Specify the name and location for the deployed template and click Next.
7. Select a configuration option and click Next.
 - Standard - 1CPU, 4GB RAM
 - Enhanced - 2CPU, 8GB RAMThe Host/Cluster page is displayed.
8. Select the host or cluster on which to run the deployed template, and click Next.
9. Select a resource pool, and click Next.
10. Select the datastore to which you want to store the virtual machine files, and click Next.
11. Map the networks used in the OVF template to networks in your inventory, by selecting the drop-down list in the Destination Networks column. Then click Next.
12. Verify the options you have specified and click Finish. The OVF template is deployed to your virtual machine.

What to do next

After you have successfully deployed the OVF template, do not attempt to modify the settings for hard disk 1 or hard disk 2.

Configuring to use DHCP addressing

You can configure a virtual machine in a network to use a DHCP server for addressing.

Procedure

1. Using the virtual machine console, log in to the virtual machine with the default user name and password.

- o localhost login: admin
- o Password: !n0r1t5@C

The following prompt displays:

```
localhost>
```

Note: The keyboard mapping of the vSphere Client terminal uses a US layout. If your workstation keyboard uses another layout, your login attempt might fail.

2. Assign the host name and IP address in the DNS server for the following interfaces:

- o Host name and IP address for the data interface
- o Host name and IP address for the management interface

The data interface is used by the integration appliance during run time to communicate to endpoints on the network, for example a database server. The management interface is used to communicate with the integration appliance from the WMC.

3. Enter the following settings:

- o MAC address for the data interface
- o Hostname assigned to the data interface in the DNS server
- o MAC address for the management interface
- o Hostname assigned to the management interface in the DNS server
- o Hostname assigned to the BMC interface in the DNS server

4. Apply the network settings: `localhost> net restart`

5. Monitor the status of the system, by repetitively issuing the following command: `localhost> system show status`. As the network settings are applied, the network status transitions through the following states:

- o Up
- o Stopping
- o Starting
- o Up

6. Monitor the state of the network: `localhost> net show status`. The network settings have been applied when status of the Current activity lists `Monitoring network`.

7. Verify the data and management interface network settings, using the following command: `localhost> net show active`

8. Reset any address that is incorrect. If you run `net show all`, the EData display as disabled.

9. Verify the connection to the management interface using the WMC.

Configuring to use static addressing

You can configure a virtual machine in a network to use static addressing.

About this task

Network settings you specify are only committed to the Integration Appliance when you run the `net restart` command. If a system reboot occurs before you commit your network settings, those network settings are lost.

Procedure

1. Using the virtual machine console, log in to the virtual machine with the default user name and password.

- o localhost login: `admin`
- o Password: `!n0r1t5@C`

The following prompt is displayed::

```
localhost>
```

2. Assign the host name and IP address in the DNS server for the following interfaces:

- o Host name and IP address for the data interface
- o Host name and IP address for the management interface

The data interface is used by the integration appliance during run time to communicate to endpoints on the network, for example a database server. The management interface is used to communicate with the integration appliance from the WMC.

3. Set the host name for the management interface: `localhost> net set hostname static appliancehostname`. Once the host machine is restarted at the end of this procedure, the prompt changes to the following setting:

```
hostname>
```


4. Set the DNS domain name: `localhost> net set domain static domain-name`
5. Set the DNS name server: `localhost> net set nameserver static dns-ipaddress`
6. Set the network address for the data interface: `localhost> net set interface edata address ipaddress mask netmask bcast broadcast`
7. Set the network address for the management interface: `localhost> net set interface emgmt address ipaddress mask netmask bcast broadcast`
8. Set the gateway address: `localhost> net set gateway static ip-address emgmt`
9. Disable searching the domain list: `localhost> net set search none`
10. Set the Network timeserver to the appropriate setting for your environment:
 - o If you have a timeserver on your network: `localhost> net set ntp static ntp-address`
 - o If you do not have a timeserver on your network: `localhost> net set ntp none`
11. Review the settings: `localhost> net show memory`
12. Apply the network settings: `localhost> net restart`
13. Monitor the status of the system, by repetitively issuing the following command: `localhost> system show status` As the network settings are applied, the network status transitions through the following states:
 - o Up
 - o Stopping

- o Starting
- o Up

Note: As network settings are applied, you can expect the runtime to be down.

14. Monitor the state of the network: `hostname> net show status` The network settings have been applied when status of the Current activity lists `Monitoring network`.
15. Verify the settings you entered using this command: `hostname> net show active`
16. Reset any address that is incorrect. If you run `net show all`, the EData display as disabled.
17. Log out `hostname> exit` The session closes.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.VAuserguide.doc/VA_configuringstatic.html

Backing up and recovering virtual appliances


You can purchase the VMware Consolidated Backup add-on to handle a disaster recovery scenario for your virtual environment or you can use the Export/Import functionality of the virtual appliance.

For more information about VMware Consolidated Backup, see the VMware Consolidated Backup Guide.

The following topics describe how to export and import virtual appliance repositories and provide details about which components of the virtual appliance are affected by these operations.

- [Exporting a virtual appliance repository](#)
Export the project repository to create a backup of the virtual appliance. You can export all project configuration and user settings from the WMC to another location. The virtual appliance system logs are not exported when you export a repository.
- [Importing a virtual appliance repository](#)
When you import a repository, the WMC deletes all existing projects, project configurations, and job history. The virtual appliance system logs remain unaffected. Once you have imported a repository, you cannot roll back to a previous repository.

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Exporting a virtual appliance repository

Export the project repository to create a backup of the virtual appliance. You can export all project configuration and user settings from the WMC to another location. The virtual appliance system logs are not exported when you export a repository.

About this task

You can export a repository with the project configurations running. However, when you import this repository, the project configurations will all be in the undeployed state.

Use the WMC to export a virtual appliance repository.

Note: Encryption of virtual appliance disks utilizes the VMware-assigned UUID of the virtual appliance. As a result, attempting to clone and/or copy a virtual appliance yields a non-functioning clone/copy because such operations yield a new UUID. To create a back-up appliance, create a new virtual appliance with the same configuration (for example: standard or enhanced) and use the CLI command `config save/load` to export/import virtual appliance settings and WMC repository functions. (Be aware, however, that these operations do not export/import data, including variables, stored on the disk or in memory as part of the process of the orchestration).


Note: VMotion remains a valid operation for migrating a virtual appliance to a new host.

Procedure

1. From the Deploy tab, select Export Repository. The File Download window is displayed.
2. Click Save. The Save As window is displayed.
3. Specify the location where you would like to save the exported repository.
4. Click Save. The WMC exports a copy of the repository as a .tar.gz file.

Parent topic: [Backing up and recovering virtual appliances](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.VAuserguide.doc/VA_exportingVA.html

Importing a virtual appliance repository

When you import a repository, the WMC deletes all existing projects, project configurations, and job history. The virtual appliance system logs remain unaffected. Once you have imported a repository, you cannot roll back to a previous repository.

Before you begin

You must stop and undeploy all project configurations on the WMC before you can import a repository. When the WMC successfully imports a repository, all project configurations are in an undeployed state. You can import repositories from CIOS version 3.7.1 to 6.x.

Note: Before you import a repository from one virtual appliance to another, you must power off the virtual appliance from which you are importing a repository.

About this task


In the steps that follow, you undeploy all projects, then use the WMC to import a virtual appliance repository:

Procedure

1. From the Deploy tab, select Projects. All project configurations are displayed.
2. Verify that all the project configurations are undeployed.
3. If any project is not in the undeployed state, click the project configuration link, then stop and undeploy the project configuration.
4. From the Deploy tab, select Import Repository. The Import Repository page is displayed.
5. Specify the repository file you want to import or click Browse to search for a repository file.
6. Select one of the following import options:
 - Project & User Settings - Imports all the contents of the repository file you select. All projects are imported in the undeployed state.
 - Project Only - Imports only project information from the repository file you select. All projects are imported in the undeployed state.
 - User Settings Only - Imports only the user setting information from the repository file you select. User setting information includes: network configurations, users and groups, licenses, job log parameters, log levels, notifications, downtime rules and passwords.
7. Click Import. A warning is displayed.
8. Click Import to verify that you would like to proceed with the import. The virtual appliance restarts and the WMC login window is displayed when the import is complete.
9. Log into the virtual appliance.
10. From the Deploy tab, select Projects to deploy all appropriate project configurations.

Parent topic: [Backing up and recovering virtual appliances](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.VAuserguide.doc/VA_importingVA.html

Integration Appliance Monitoring Options

Overview of monitoring options available on the Integration Appliance.


The Integration Appliance logs system events, such as a fan failing or Standby machine assuming the active role in an HA pair. You can view these system events from the Web Management Console (WMC). When system events occur, individual users as well as network management systems can receive notification alerts from the Integration Appliance via email and SNMP traps respectively. Using SNMP, network management systems can also poll an Integration Appliance to actively monitor resources such as disk usage, memory usage, and garbage collection cycles. For more information about systems and notification severity levels you can monitor from the WMC, see the management console online help.

While any user can view the systems events log and monitor disk and memory usage from the WMC, you must create a notification policy to receive alerts from the Integration Appliance. Use the WMC to create a notification policy. Notification policies contain details about which systems to monitor, notification levels to monitor, and notification alert recipients. The Integration Appliance only sends alerts when an event meets or

exceeds the notification level specified in a notification policy. For more information about creating notification policies and notification levels, see the management console online help.

The Cast Iron Notifications Reference provides details about reading and using Cast Iron SNMP MIB and individual messages from each Cast Iron MIB module. The version of SNMP is SNMPv2c.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/integration_appliance_monitoring_options.html

About the Cast Iron SNMP MIB

An overview of the Cast Iron SNMP MIB and a list of available MIB modules.

As a network element, the Integration Appliance is able to respond to requests from a network management system. The Integration Appliance is also able to send notifications to the network management system about events that occur on the Integration Appliance. This communication between the Integration Appliance and your network management system allows you to use traps to monitor the Integration Appliance.


Whether you choose to receive notification alerts from the Integration Appliance by enabling SNMP traps or you choose to actively monitor Integration Appliance activities like memory usage by polling the Integration Appliance, the Cast Iron MIB provides data structure and defines content type for the information exchange.

When you use the WMC to download the Cast Iron MIB, you are downloading one file that contains multiple MIB definitions. Some SNMP MIB parsers are unable to read a file that contains multiple MIB modules, so you must separate each MIB module into individual files. For more information about generating separate MIB module files, see [Downloading the Cast Iron SNMP MIB](#).

The Cast Iron MIB contains notification messages for the following modules:

- [Downloading the Cast Iron SNMP MIB](#)
Provides information about downloading each MIB module in the Cast Iron SNMP MIB as a separate file.
- [Reading the Cast Iron SNMP MIB](#)
Provides examples of how to read and organize the content of Cast Iron SNMP MIBs.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/about_the_castiron_snmp_mib.html

Downloading the Cast Iron SNMP MIB

Provides information about downloading each MIB module in the Cast Iron SNMP MIB as a separate file.

Use the Web Management Console (WMC) to download the Cast Iron SNMP MIB from an Integration Appliance. For more information about how to use the WMC to download the Cast Iron SNMP MIB, see the management console online help.

The WMC downloads the Cast Iron SNMP MIB as a single text file. This text file is comprised of multiple sections, where each section is a full MIB module. For example, the NetSuite Module is defined in one section and the Salesforce Module is defined in another section.


Note: If your SNMP MIB parser is unable to read a file that contains multiple MIB modules, separate each section (MIB module) into individual files. On Linux, you can use the following script to generate a separate file for each MIB module in the Cast Iron SNMP MIB.

```
#!/bin/bash

sed -ne 's/DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN.*//p' castironsys.mib |
while read mib; do
echo $mib
sed -ne "/^$mib/,/^END/p" castironsys.mib > $mib
done
```

Parent topic: [About the Cast Iron SNMP MIB](#)

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Reading the Cast Iron SNMP MIB

Provides examples of how to read and organize the content of Cast Iron SNMP MIBs.

Each MIB module has a module-identity, which describes the purpose for the MIB. For example, the NetSuite Module provides access to the NetSuite online service. Each MIB module also contains a comment section that provides a high-level overview of its contents. Content like the Object Summary lists the name and OID of every object in the MIB, much like a table of contents, and allows you to examine the layout and the type of data that is being provided.

In the following example, ciIaProjectSummary is an organizational node that contains general information about projects on the Integration Appliance. Like a directory, the ciIaProjectSummary organizational node contains object types that provide information about the number of projects, number of running orchestrations, number of stopped orchestrations, number of running jobs, number of completed jobs, and number of errored jobs.

```
-- ciIaProjectSummary          ciia.1.1.1
--   ciIaNbrProjects           ciia.1.1.1.1
--   ciIaNbrRunningOrchs       ciia.1.1.1.2
```

```

--      ciIaNbrStoppedOrchs                ciia.1.1.1.3
--      ciIaNbrRunningJobs                 ciia.1.1.1.4
--      ciIaNbrCompletedJobs               ciia.1.1.1.5
--      ciIaNbrErroredJobs                 ciia.1.1.1.6

```

To get more information about the meaning of one of the objects, search the file for the name of the object. For example, searching for `ciIaNbrRunningJobs` returns the following block of information:

```

ciIaNbrRunningJobs OBJECT-TYPE                -- ciia.1.1.1.4
    SYNTAX Unsigned32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Total number of currently running jobs.
        "
 ::= { ciIaProjectSummary 4 }

```

where:

- **ciIaNbrRunningJobs OBJECT-TYPE** - Defines the name of the object.
Note: Next to the object name, there is a shortened form of the OID (– ciia.1.1.1.4).
- **SYNTAX Unsigned32** - An unsigned integer whose value could go up or down over time.
- **MAX-ACCESS read-only** - A read-only value that the system manager can ask for but cannot change.
- **STATUS** -
- **DESCRIPTION** - Describes the object.

Polling for ProjectSummary information retrieves data that is similar to the following example:

```

$ snmpwalk -v 2c -c public -M "+/home/choller/mibs" -m "+CASTIRON-IA-MIB"
flintstone2 ciIaProjectSummary
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrProjects.0 = Gauge32: 2
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrRunningOrchs.0 = Gauge32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrStoppedOrchs.0 = Gauge32: 14
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrRunningJobs.0 = Gauge32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrCompletedJobs.0 = Gauge32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrErroredJobs.0 = Gauge32: 0

```

`ciIaProjectTable` is another example of an organizational node that contains information about each project on the Integration Appliance. Like a directory, the `ciIaProjectTable` organizational node contains object types that provide information like the project name, project version, project configuration, project state, and so on.

```

--      ciIaProjectTable                    ciia.1.1.2
--      ciIaProjectEntry                   ciia.1.1.2.1
--      ciIaProjEntryIndex                  ciia.1.1.2.1.1
--      ciIaProjEntryName                   ciia.1.1.2.1.2
--      ciIaProjEntryVersion                ciia.1.1.2.1.3
--      ciIaProjEntryConfig                 ciia.1.1.2.1.4
--      ciIaProjEntryState                   ciia.1.1.2.1.5
--      ciIaProjEntryNbrRunning              ciia.1.1.2.1.6
--      ciIaProjEntryNbrCompleted            ciia.1.1.2.1.7
--      ciIaProjEntryNbrErrored              ciia.1.1.2.1.8
--      ciIaProjEntryTimePublished           ciia.1.1.2.1.9

```

Polling for ProjectTable information retrieves data that is similar to the following example:

```

$ snmpwalk -v 2c -c public -M "+/home/choller/mibs" -m "+CASTIRON-IA-MIB"
flintstone2 ciIaProjectSummary
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrProjects.0 = Gauge32: 2
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrRunningOrchs.0 = Gauge32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrStoppedOrchs.0 = Gauge32: 14
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrRunningJobs.0 = Gauge32: 0

```

```
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrCompletedJobs.0 = Gauge32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaNbrErroredJobs.0 = Gauge32: 0
```

The object types are much like columns in a table that store data generated by events that occur on the Integration Appliance. For example, publishing and cloning projects are events that generate ProjectTable data. You can poll the Integration Appliance to retrieve this data. Data for two events: publishing a project and cloning a project are displayed in the following example:

```
$ snmpwalk -v 2c -c public -M "+/home/choller/mibs" -m "+CASTIRON-IA-MIB"
flintstone2 ciIaProjectTable
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryName.98304 = STRING: OnlineLicensing
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryName.98305 = STRING: OnlineLicensing
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryVersion.98304 = STRING: 1.0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryVersion.98305 = STRING: 1.0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryConfig.98304 = STRING: Default
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryConfig.98305 = STRING: OnlineLicensingClone
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryState.98304 = INTEGER: undeployed(1)
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryState.98305 = INTEGER: undeployed(1)
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryNbrRunning.98304 = Gauge32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryNbrRunning.98305 = Gauge32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryNbrCompleted.98304 = Counter32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryNbrCompleted.98305 = Counter32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryNbrErrored.98304 = Counter32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryNbrErrored.98305 = Counter32: 0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryTimePublished.98304 = STRING: 2009-6-
12,16:36:20.0,+0:0
CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjEntryTimePublished.98305 = STRING: 2009-6-12,16:36
```


As more events occur, the output can become increasingly difficult to read. To generate a more readable output, it is recommended to use the `snmptable` command to display the data in a table format. Data for each event displays as a new row.

```
$ snmptable -v 2c -c public -M "+/home/choller/mibs" -m "+CASTIRON-IA-MIB"
flintstone2 ciIaProjectTable
SNMP table: CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaProjectTable

  ciIaProjEntryName  ciIaProjEntryVersion  ciIaProjEntryConfig  ciIaProjEntryState
ciIaProjEntryNbrRunning  ciIaProjEntryNbrCompleted  ciIaProjEntryNbrErrored
ciIaProjEntryTimePublished
  OnlineLicensing          1.0          Default          undeployed
0          0          0  2009-6-12,16:36:20.0,+0:0
  OnlineLicensing          1.0  OnlineLicensingClone          undeployed
0          0          0  2009-6-12,16:36:20.0,+0:0
```

Parent topic: [About the Cast Iron SNMP MIB](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/reading_the_castiron_snmp_mib.html


SNMP Items Available Using SNMP Get

Presents a table of OID trees that you can poll using SNMP Get.

Each entry in the table represents many individual items. Use snmpwalk or another SNMP polling utility to see the complete list. You can poll the following OID trees:

OID	SNMP Name	Notes
.1.3.6.1.2.1.1	SNMPv2-MIB::system	
.1.3.6.1.2.1.2	IF-MIB::interfaces	
.1.3.6.1.2.1.4	IP-MIB::ip	
.1.3.6.1.2.1.5	IP-MIB::icmp	
.1.3.6.1.2.1.6	TCP-MIB::tcp	
.1.3.6.1.2.1.7	UDP-MIB::udp	
.1.3.6.1.2.1.1 1	SNMPv2-MIB::snmp	
.1.3.6.1.2.1.2 5.1	HOST-RESOURCES- MIB::hrSystem	Excluding .1.3.6.1.2.1.25.1.3 HOST-RESOURCES- MIB::hrSystemInitialLoadDevice Excluding .1.3.6.1.2.1.25.1.4 HOST-RESOURCES- MIB::hrSystemInitialLoadParameters
.1.3.6.1.2.1.2 5.2	HOST-RESOURCES- MIB::hrStorage	
.1.3.6.1.2.1.2 5.3	HOST-RESOURCES- MIB::hrDevice	
.1.3.6.1.4.1.2 021.4	UCD-SNMP-MIB::memory	
.1.3.6.1.4.1.2 021.10	UCD-SNMP-MIB::laTable	CPU Load Average
.1.3.6.1.4.1.2 021.11	UCD-SNMP-MIB::systemStats	
.1.3.6.1.4.1.1 3336	CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS- MIB::castironsys	See the Cast Iron MIB, particularly CASTIRON-IA-MIB.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/snmp_items_available_using_snmpget.html

Using Traps to Monitor Appliance Health

Recommendations for configuring alerts that monitor appliance health.

When monitoring the health of the Integration Appliance, you can use one or both of the following methods:

- Poll - Actively monitor runtime resource usage including appliance garbage collection cycles, appliance memory usage, and appliance disk usage.
- Trap - Receive notifications indicating hardware situations such as failed fans, high temperatures, or failed disks. For more information about hardware related SNMP traps, see [About the Platform Module](#).

For more information about creating and enabling notification alerts, see the WMC Online Help or the Cast Iron Web Management Console Guide in the IBM WebSphere Cast Iron Information Center.

[Table 1](#) provides recommended thresholds for notifications regarding garbage collection, memory usage, and disk usage.


- **Garbage Collection** - This parameter counts the number of garbage collections that have occurred since the last system restart. Garbage collection that occurs at a rate over the recommended threshold can indicate that the appliance is overworked and might start to experience performance issues.
- **Memory Usage** - This parameter measures the percentage of total memory in use, expressed in hundredths of a percent. This number is updated after each garbage collection.
Note: This value is provided as an integer, but the MIB causes the SNMP Manager to alter its displayed value by a hundredths of a percent. For example: a value of '1234' displays as '12.34!'. The SNMP Management tool should handle this automatically, but verify that it does so.
- **Disk Usage** - This parameter measures the percentage of total work-in-progress (WIP) disk space that is in use, expressed in hundredths of a percent. The percentage of disk usage determines job purging activities for the appliance.

Table 1. Recommended Notification Thresholds

Parameters to Monitor	Recommended Thresholds	SNMP Name and OID
Garbage Collection	Create a notification that triggers an alert if this value changes quickly, by more than 6 counts in a 1-minute time period.	CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaResNbrGarbageCollects .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.2.1.0
Memory Usage	Create a notification that triggers an alert if this value goes over 80% (raw value of 8000).	CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaResPctMemoryUsed .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.2.2.0
Disk Usage	Create a notifications triggers an alert if this value goes over 75% (raw value of 7500).	CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaResPctWipFull .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.2.3.0

Note: The parameters to monitor, described in the table above, are for SNMP polling only.

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Archive Module

The Archive Module provides activities that allow creating and reading compressed archives. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Archive Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Archive Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4*


The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Archive Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the Archive Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
ArchiveDone	Info	Orchestration	Activity has successfully completed archiving.
ArchiveEntryBlank	Severe	Orchestration	Archive input entry does not have any content.
ArchiverCreated	Info	Orchestration	Activity has successfully created an archiver for archiving.
ErrorIdentifyArchive	Severe	Orchestration	There was an error identifying the archive entry.
ErrorUnZipOperation	Severe	Orchestration	There was an error performing unzip operation.
ErrorZipOperation	Severe	Orchestration	There was an error performing zip operation.
IncorrectParameters	Severe	Orchestration	Parameters provided to the activity are invalid.
InvalidArchiveEntry	Severe	Orchestration	There was an error reading archive entry.
InvalidArchiveFormat	Severe	Orchestration	Activity could not create an archiver for the supplied archiving format. This format might not be supported by the activity.
InvalidBzipEntry	Severe	Orchestration	The bzip entry has more than one entry.
InvalidDateTime	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while parsing datetime from archive entries.
InvalidGzipEntry	Severe	Orchestration	The gzip entry has more than one entry.
InvalidNumInArchEntry	Warning	Orchestration	The numeric value in archive entry is not valid.
InvalidUnArchFormat	Severe	Orchestration	Activity could not create an unarchiver for the supplied archiving format. This format might not be supported by the activity.
InvalidUnarchiveInput	Severe	Orchestration	The input to unarchive is invalid.
UnArchiverCreated	Info	Orchestration	Activity has successfully created an unarchiver for unarchiving.
UnarchiveDone	Info	Orchestration	Activity has successfully completed unarchiving.
ValidationError	Severe	Orchestration	The input entries were not successfully validated against the schema.
ValidationFine	Info	Orchestration	The input entries were successfully validated against the schema.

- [Archive Operation Notifications](#)

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Archive Module.

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Archive Operation Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Archive Module.

- [ArchiveDone](#)
Activity has successfully completed archiving.
- [ArchiveEntryBlank](#)
Archive input entry does not have any content.
- [ArchiverCreated](#)
Activity has successfully created an archiver for archiving.
- [ErrorIdentifyArchive](#)
There was an error identifying the archive entry.
- [ErrorUnZipOperation](#)
There was an error performing unzip operation.
- [ErrorZipOperation](#)
There was an error performing zip operation.
- [IncorrectParameters](#)
Parameters provided to the activity are invalid.
- [InvalidArchiveEntry](#)
There was an error reading archive entry.
- [InvalidArchiveFormat](#)
Activity could not create an archiver for the supplied archiving format. This format might not be supported by the activity.
- [InvalidBzipEntry](#)
The bzip entry has more than one entry.
- [InvalidDateTime](#)
Error occurred while parsing datetime from archive entries.
- [InvalidGzipEntry](#)
The gzip entry has more than one entry.
- [InvalidNumInArchEntry](#)
The numeric value in archive entry is not valid.
- [InvalidUnArchFormat](#)
Activity could not create an unarchiver for the supplied archiving format. This format might not be supported by the activity.
- [InvalidUnarchiveInput](#)
The input to unarchive is invalid.
- [UnArchiverCreated](#)
Activity has successfully created an unarchiver for unarchiving.
- [UnarchiveDone](#)
Activity has successfully completed unarchiving.

- [ValidationError](#)
The input entries were not successfully validated against the schema.
- [ValidationFine](#)
The input entries were successfully validated against the schema.

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ArchiveDone

Activity has successfully completed archiving.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Archiving done successfully.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oArchiveDoneEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *17*

Variables

The ArchiveDone message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ArchiveDone Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/archive/archive_operation_archivedone_message.html

ArchiveEntryBlank

Archive input entry does not have any content.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Input entry has no content or it's a blank entry.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oArchiveEntryBlankEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *19*

Variables

The ArchiveEntryBlank message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ArchiveEntryBlank Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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ArchiverCreated

Activity has successfully created an archiver for archiving.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Archiver created successfully, now performing archiving.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oArchiverCreatedEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 15

Variables


The ArchiverCreated message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ArchiverCreated Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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ErrorIdentifyArchive

There was an error identifying the archive entry.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error identifying archive. Message is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oErrorIdentifyArchiveEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables

The ErrorIdentifyArchive message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ErrorIdentifyArchive Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ErrorUnZipOperation

There was an error performing unzip operation.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error occurred while unzip operation. Message is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oErrorUnZipOperationEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The ErrorUnZipOperation message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ErrorUnZipOperation Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ErrorZipOperation

There was an error performing zip operation.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error occurred while zip operation. Message is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oErrorZipOperationEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

Variables

The ErrorZipOperation message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ErrorZipOperation Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Archive Operation Notifications](#)

IncorrectParameters

Parameters provided to the activity are invalid.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Binding parameters supplied are invalid.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oIncorrectParametersEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The IncorrectParameters message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IncorrectParameters Message Variables


<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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InvalidArchiveEntry

There was an error reading archive entry.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while reading archive entry. Message is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oInvalidArchiveEntryEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *6*

Variables

The InvalidArchiveEntry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidArchiveEntry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InvalidArchiveFormat

Activity could not create an archiver for the supplied archiving format. This format might not be supported by the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not find an Archiver for supplied archive type: {FormatName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oInvalidArchiveFormatEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

Variables

The InvalidArchiveFormat message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidArchiveFormat Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. FormatName</p> <p>The archive format which is not supported.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oEv2FormatName • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2.1.2.1

Parent topic: [Archive Operation Notifications](#)

InvalidBzipEntry

The bzip entry has more than one entry.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *More than one entries found for BZIP2 operation.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oInvalidBzipEntryEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The InvalidBzipEntry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidBzipEntry Message Variables


<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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InvalidDateTime

Error occurred while parsing datetime from archive entries.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while parsing datetime from archive entries. Message is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oInvalidDateTimeEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The InvalidDateTime message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidDateTime Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InvalidGzipEntry

The gzip entry has more than one entry.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *More than one entries found for GZIP operation.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oInvalidGzipEntryEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

Variables


The InvalidGzipEntry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidGzipEntry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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InvalidNumInArchEntry

The numeric value in archive entry is not valid.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Invalid numeric value found in archive entries. Message is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oInvalidNumInArchEntryEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The InvalidNumInArchEntry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidNumInArchEntry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InvalidUnArchFormat

Activity could not create an unarchiver for the supplied archiving format. This format might not be supported by the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Invalid or unsupported archive format.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oInvalidUnArchFormatEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The InvalidUnArchFormat message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidUnArchFormat Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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InvalidUnarchiveInput

The input to unarchive is invalid.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while reading archive. Message is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oInvalidUnarchiveInputEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables


The InvalidUnarchiveInput message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidUnarchiveInput Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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UnArchiverCreated

Activity has successfully created an unarchiver for unarchiving.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Unarchiver created successfully, now performing unarchiving.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oUnArchiverCreatedEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*


Variables

The UnArchiverCreated message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnArchiverCreated Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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UnarchiveDone

Activity has successfully completed unarchiving.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *unarchiving done successfully.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oUnarchiveDoneEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables

The UnarchiveDone message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnarchiveDone Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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ValidationError

The input entries were not successfully validated against the schema.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Input entries do not conform to the schema. Error Message is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oValidationErrorEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The ValidationError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ValidationError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ValidationFine

The input entries were successfully validated against the schema.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Input entries successfully validated against schema.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-ARCHIVE-MIB::ciC4oValidationFineEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.4.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The ValidationFine message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ValidationFine Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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Crypto Service Module

The Crypto Service Module provides activities that allow encrypting and decrypting the binary content. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Crypto Service Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Crypto Service Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Crypto Service Module.


Table 1. Notifications issued by the Crypto Service Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
DecryptDone	Info	Orchestration	Activity completed decrypting the content.
DecryptStarted	Info	Orchestration	Activity started decrypting the content.
EncryptDone	Info	Orchestration	Activity completed encrypting the content.
EncryptStarted	Info	Orchestration	Activity started encrypting the content.
FoundPrivateKey	Info	Orchestration	Crypto Service was successfully able to read the private key from the java key store.
FoundPublicKey	Info	Orchestration	Crypto Service was successfully able to read the public key from the java key store.
IOException	Severe	Orchestration	Activity could not read or write to one of the Input / Output files.
InputEntryCount	Info	Orchestration	Activity successfully filtered specified number of entries.
IntegrityCheckFailed	Info	Orchestration	Message failed integrity check.
IntegrityCheckPassed	Info	Orchestration	Message passed integrity check.
InvalidAlgorithm	Severe	Orchestration	Activity could not find key because of invalid algorithm.
InvalidContent	Severe	Orchestration	The input content cannot be empty.
InvalidDateFormat	Severe	Orchestration	The date format is not valid. Enter date in dd-MM-yyyy format
InvalidFormat	Severe	Orchestration	Activity could not complete due invalid crypto format.
InvalidKeyOrPwd	Severe	Orchestration	Activity could not find a specified key handle in the java keystore with provided name and password.
InvalidKeyStore	Severe	Orchestration	Activity could not find a specified entry in key store.

Notification	Level	System	Description
InvalidKeyhandle	Severe	Orchestration	The input keyhandle cannot be empty.
InvalidPassword	Severe	Orchestration	The input password cannot be empty.
KeystoreEntryExpired	Severe	Orchestration	Activity found specified entry in key store, but its expired.
NoIntegrityCheck	Info	Orchestration	No Message integrity check.
PGPException	Severe	Orchestration	PGP Exception.

- [Crypto Service Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Crypto Service Module.

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Crypto Service Operation Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Crypto Service Module.

- [DecryptDone](#)
Activity completed decrypting the content.
- [DecryptStarted](#)
Activity started decrypting the content.
- [EncryptDone](#)
Activity completed encrypting the content.
- [EncryptStarted](#)
Activity started encrypting the content.
- [FoundPrivateKey](#)
Crypto Service was successfully able to read the private key from the java key store.
- [FoundPublicKey](#)
Crypto Service was successfully able to read the public key from the java key store.
- [IOException](#)
Activity could not read or write to one of the Input / Output files.
- [InputEntryCount](#)
Activity successfully filtered specified number of entries.
- [IntegrityCheckFailed](#)
Message failed integrity check.
- [IntegrityCheckPassed](#)
Message passed integrity check.
- [InvalidAlgorithm](#)
Activity could not find key because of invalid algorithm.

- [InvalidContent](#)
The input content cannot be empty.
- [InvalidDateFormat](#)
The date format is not valid. Enter date in dd-MM-yyyy format
- [InvalidFormat](#)
Activity could not complete due invalid crypto format.
- [InvalidKeyOrPwd](#)
Activity could not find a specified key handle in the java keystore with provided name and password.
- [InvalidKeyStore](#)
Activity could not find a specified entry in key store.
- [InvalidKeyhandle](#)
The input keyhandle cannot be empty.
- [InvalidPassword](#)
The input password cannot be empty.
- [KeystoreEntryExpired](#)
Activity found specified entry in key store, but its expired.
- [NoIntegrityCheck](#)
No Message integrity check.
- [PGPException](#)
PGP Exception.

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DecryptDone

Activity completed decrypting the content.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Decryption Done.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oDecryptDoneEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The DecryptDone message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DecryptDone Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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DecryptStarted

Activity started decrypting the content.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Decryption Started.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oDecryptStartedEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The DecryptStarted message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DecryptStarted Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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EncryptDone

Activity completed encrypting the content.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Encryption Done*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oEncryptDoneEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *9*

Variables

The EncryptDone message contains the following variables:


Table 1. EncryptDone Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p>

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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EncryptStarted

Activity started encrypting the content.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Encryption Started.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oEncryptStartedEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The EncryptStarted message contains the following variables:

Table 1. EncryptStarted Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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FoundPrivateKey

Crypto Service was successfully able to read the private key from the java key store.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Successfully Read Private Key.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oFoundPrivateKeyEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The FoundPrivateKey message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FoundPrivateKey Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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FoundPublicKey

Crypto Service was successfully able to read the public key from the java key store.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Successfully Read Public Key.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oFoundPublicKeyEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

Variables


The FoundPublicKey message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FoundPublicKey Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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IOException

Activity could not read or write to one of the Input / Output files.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *InputOutput Exception. {0}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oIOExceptionEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 6


Variables

The IOException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IOException Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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InputEntryCount

Activity successfully filtered specified number of entries.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Filtered {NumberOfEntries} entries*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oInputEntryCountEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The InputEntryCount message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InputEntryCount Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. NumberOfEntries

Number of entries filtered by the activity.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oEv12NumberOfEntries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2.1.12.1

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IntegrityCheckFailed

Message failed integrity check.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Integrity check failed.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oIntegrityCheckFailedEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *19*

Variables

The IntegrityCheckFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IntegrityCheckFailed Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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IntegrityCheckPassed

Message passed integrity check.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Integrity check passed.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oIntegrityCheckPassedEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables

The IntegrityCheckPassed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IntegrityCheckPassed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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InvalidAlgorithm

Activity could not find key because of invalid algorithm.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Invalid Key Store.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oInvalidAlgorithmEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The InvalidAlgorithm message contains the following variables:


Table 1. InvalidAlgorithm Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p>

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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InvalidContent

The input content cannot be empty.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Invalid Content*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oInvalidContentEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The InvalidContent message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidContent Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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InvalidDateFormat

The date format is not valid. Enter date in dd-MM-yyyy format

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Invalid Date Format*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oInvalidDateFormatEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*

Variables

The InvalidDateFormat message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidDateFormat Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

Parent topic: [Crypto Service Operation Notifications](#)

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InvalidFormat

Activity could not complete due invalid crypto format.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *IO Exception.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oInvalidFormatEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

Variables


The InvalidFormat message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidFormat Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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InvalidKeyOrPwd

Activity could not find a specified key handle in the java keystore with provided name and password.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Invalid Key Handle or Password . {KeyHandleName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oInvalidKeyOrPwdEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The InvalidKeyOrPwd message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidKeyOrPwd Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. KeyHandleName

KeyHandle Name used to Encrypt / Decrypt the content.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oEv3KeyHandleName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2.1.3.1

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InvalidKeyStore

Activity could not find a specified entry in key store.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Invalid Key Store. {KeyHandleName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oInvalidKeyStoreEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The InvalidKeyStore message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidKeyStore Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. KeyHandleName

KeyHandle Name used to Encrypt / Decrypt the content.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oEv4KeyHandleName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2.1.4.1

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InvalidKeyhandle

The input keyhandle cannot be empty.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Invalid Keyhandle. {KeyHandleName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oInvalidKeyhandleEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

Variables

The InvalidKeyhandle message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidKeyhandle Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. KeyHandleName</p> <p>KeyHandle Name used to Encrypt / Decrypt the content.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oEv14KeyHandleName • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2.1.14.1

Parent topic: [Crypto Service Operation Notifications](#)

InvalidPassword

The input password cannot be empty.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Invalid Password.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oInvalidPasswordEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *15*

Variables

The InvalidPassword message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidPassword Message Variables


<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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NoIntegrityCheck

No Message integrity check.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *No Message integrity check.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oNoIntegrityCheckEv20*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *20*

Variables

The NoIntegrityCheck message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoIntegrityCheck Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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PGPException

PGP Exception.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *PGP Exception.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-CRYPTOSERVICE-MIB::ciC26oPGPExceptionEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.26.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *17*

Variables

The PGPException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PGPException Message Variables

<h3>1. SerialNumber</h3>

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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Data Module

The Data Module provides activities for serializing and parsing textual and binary data. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Data Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Data Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATA-MIB*


The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Data Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the Data Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
BadEncoding	Severe	Orchestration	Encoding parameter specified is not supported by the activity.
MissingEncParse	Severe	Orchestration	Encoding parameter was not set and there was no value specified in configuration.
MissingEncSerialize	Severe	Orchestration	Encoding parameter was not set and there was no value specified in configuration.
ParsingError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while parsing the error.
SerializeError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while serializing.
SerializeIOError	Severe	Orchestration	IO Error occurred while serializing.

- [Data Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Data Module.

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Data Operation Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Data Module.

- [BadEncoding](#)
Encoding parameter specified is not supported by the activity.
- [MissingEncParse](#)
Encoding parameter was not set and there was no value specified in configuration.
- [MissingEncSerialize](#)
Encoding parameter was not set and there was no value specified in configuration.
- [ParsingError](#)
Error occurred while parsing the error.
- [SerializeError](#)
Error occurred while serializing.
- [SerializeIOError](#)
IO Error occurred while serializing.

Parent topic: [Data Module](#)

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BadEncoding

Encoding parameter specified is not supported by the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Encoding parameter not supported: {Encoding}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATA-MIB::ciC16oBadEncodingEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.16.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The BadEncoding message contains the following variables:

Table 1. BadEncoding Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Encoding

The encoding parameter not supported by the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATA-MIB::ciC16oEv3Encoding
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.16.1.2.1.3.1

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MissingEncParse

Encoding parameter was not set and there was no value specified in configuration.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Encoding parameter not set and no value specified in configuration*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATA-MIB::ciC16oMissingEncParseEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.16.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The MissingEncParse message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MissingEncParse Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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MissingEncSerialize

Encoding parameter was not set and there was no value specified in configuration.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Encoding parameter not set and no value specified in configuration*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATA-MIB::ciC16oMissingEncSerializeEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.16.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables


The MissingEncSerialize message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MissingEncSerialize Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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ParsingError

Error occurred while parsing the error.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Parsing Error: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATA-MIB::ciC16oParsingErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.16.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The ParsingError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ParsingError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SerializeError

Error occurred while serializing.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Serialization Error: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATA-MIB::ciC16oSerializeErrorEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.16.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The SerializeError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SerializeError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SerializeIOError

IO Error occurred while serializing.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Serialization Error: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATA-MIB::ciC16oSerializeIOErrorEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.16.1.2*

Variables

The SerializeIOError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SerializeIOError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Data Operation Notifications](#)

Data Quality Module

The Data Quality Module provides activities to validate and cleanse data records. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Data Quality Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Data Quality Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Data Quality Module.


Table 1. Notifications issued by the Data Quality Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
BadPreloadQuery	Warning	Orchestration	Activity could not execute query to preload lookup cache.
DQLookupFuzzyOnCloud	Severe	Orchestration	Data Quality Lookup activity with Fuzzy option is not supported in cloud
FilterError	Severe	Orchestration	Activity failed to filter data.
InputEntryCount	Info	Orchestration	Activity successfully filtered specified number of entries.
LeftMergeInputEntry	Info	Orchestration	Activity successfully merged specified number of entries.
LookUpEntryCount	Info	Orchestration	Activity successfully looked up specified number of entries.
LookUpError	Severe	Orchestration	Activity failed to perform lookup for data.
MergeError	Severe	Orchestration	Activity failed to merge data.
NoAssetsError	Severe	Orchestration	Failed to perform lookup for data, database assets may not have been created.
NoPreloadedCache	Info	Orchestration	Lookup cache was not preloaded by the activity.
OutputEntryCount	Info	Orchestration	Activity successfully outputted specified number of entries.
PreloadedCache	Info	Orchestration	Lookup cache was preloaded by activity with specified number of entries.
RightMergeInputEntry	Info	Orchestration	Activity successfully merged specified number of entries.

Notification	Level	System	Description
SortError	Severe	Orchestration	Activity failed to sort data.
SortInputEntryCount	Info	Orchestration	Activity successfully sorted specified number of entries.

- [Data Quality Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Data Quality Module.
- [Data Quality Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Data Quality Module.

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Data Quality Operation Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Data Quality Module.

- [BadPreloadQuery](#)
Activity could not execute query to preload lookup cache.
- [FilterError](#)
Activity failed to filter data.
- [InputEntryCount](#)
Activity successfully filtered specified number of entries.
- [LeftMergeInputEntry](#)
Activity successfully merged specified number of entries.
- [LookUpEntryCount](#)
Activity successfully looked up specified number of entries.
- [LookUpError](#)
Activity failed to perform lookup for data.
- [MergeError](#)
Activity failed to merge data.
- [NoAssetsError](#)
Failed to perform lookup for data, database assets may not have been created.
- [NoPreloadedCache](#)
Lookup cache was not preloaded by the activity.
- [OutputEntryCount](#)
Activity successfully outputted specified number of entries.
- [PreloadedCache](#)
Lookup cache was preloaded by activity with specified number of entries.
- [RightMergeInputEntry](#)
Activity successfully merged specified number of entries.
- [SortError](#)
Activity failed to sort data.

- [SortInputEntryCount](#)
Activity successfully sorted specified number of entries.

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BadPreloadQuery

Activity could not execute query to preload lookup cache.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Could not execute query to preload lookup cache*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oBadPreloadQueryEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The BadPreloadQuery message contains the following variables:

Table 1. BadPreloadQuery Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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FilterError

Activity failed to filter data.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to filter data, error was: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oFilterErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The FilterError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FilterError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InputEntryCount

Activity successfully filtered specified number of entries.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Filtered {NumberOfEntries} entries*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oInputEntryCountEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The InputEntryCount message contains the following variables:


Table 1. InputEntryCount Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. NumberOfEntries</p> <p>Number of entries filtered by the activity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oEv2NumberOfEntries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2.1.2.1

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LeftMergeInputEntry

Activity successfully merged specified number of entries.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Merged {NumberOfEntries} left entries*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oLeftMergeInputEntryEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The LeftMergeInputEntry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LeftMergeInputEntry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. NumberOfEntries

Number of entries merged by the activity.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oEv11NumberOfEntries
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2.1.11.1

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LookUpEntryCount

Activity successfully looked up specified number of entries.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Looked up {NumberOfEntries} entries*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oLookUpEntryCountEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables


The LookUpEntryCount message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LookUpEntryCount Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. NumberOfEntries</p> <p>Number of entries looked up by the activity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oEv7NumberOfEntries• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2.1.7.1

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LookUpError

Activity failed to perform lookup for data.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to perform lookup for data, error was: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oLookUpErrorEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The LookUpError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LookUpError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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MergeError

Activity failed to merge data.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to merge data, error was: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oMergeErrorEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The MergeError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MergeError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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NoAssetsError

Failed to perform lookup for data, database assets may not have been created.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to perform lookup for data, database assets may not have been created*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oNoAssetsErrorEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 5

Variables


The NoAssetsError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoAssetsError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>

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NoPreloadedCache

Lookup cache was not preloaded by the activity.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Lookup cache not preloaded*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oNoPreloadedCacheEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The NoPreloadedCache message contains the following variables:


Table 1. NoPreloadedCache Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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OutputEntryCount

Activity successfully outputted specified number of entries.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Emitted {NumberOfEntries} entries to "{Target}"*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oOutputEntryCountEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The OutputEntryCount message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OutputEntryCount Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. NumberOfEntries

Number of entries outputted by the activity.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oEv3NumberOfEntries
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2.1.3.1


6. Target

Output variable where entries were placed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oEv3Target
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2.1.3.2

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PreloadedCache

Lookup cache was preloaded by activity with specified number of entries.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Lookup cache preloaded with {NumberOfEntries} entries*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oPreloadedCacheEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The PreloadedCache message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PreloadedCache Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. NumberOfEntries</p> <p>Number of entries preloaded up by the activity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oEv9NumberOfEntries</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2.1.9.1</i>

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RightMergeInputEntry

Activity successfully merged specified number of entries.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Merged {NumberOfEntries} right entries*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oRightMergeInputEntryEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The RightMergeInputEntry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RightMergeInputEntry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. NumberOfEntries

Number of entries merged by the activity.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oEv12NumberOfEntries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2.1.12.1

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SortError

Activity failed to sort data.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to sort data, error was: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oSortErrorEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The SortError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SortError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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Activity successfully sorted specified number of entries.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Sorted {NumberOfEntries} entries*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oSortInputEntryCountEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The SortInputEntryCount message contains the following variables:


Table 1. SortInputEntryCount Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. NumberOfEntries</p> <p>Number of entries sorted by the activity.</p>

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14oEv14NumberOfEntries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.2.1.14.1

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Data Quality Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Data Quality Module.

- [DQLookupFuzzyOnCloud](#)
Data Quality Lookup activity with Fuzzy option is not supported in cloud

Parent topic: [Data Quality Module](#)

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DQLookupFuzzyOnCloud

Data Quality Lookup activity with Fuzzy option is not supported in cloud

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Data Quality Lookup activity with Fuzzy option is not supported in cloud*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DQ-MIB::ciC14iDQLookupFuzzyOnCloudEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.14.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables


The DQLookupFuzzyOnCloud message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DQLookupFuzzyOnCloud Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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Database Module

The Database Module provides activities for accessing various SQL databases. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Database Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Database Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Database Module.


Table 1. Notifications issued by the Database Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
ActivateError	Severe	Orchestration	A problem occurred while activating the activity.
ConnectionError	Warning	Orchestration	An error occurred while connecting to the database endpoint.
ConnectionRetry	Warning	Orchestration	An error occurred while attempting to connect to the database.
DataSourceHashCode	Info	Orchestration	Information regarding the hash code used to register the datasource.
DataSourceRegistered	Info	Orchestration	Information about the datasource name registered with the system.
DateTimeParseError	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to parse the date and time
DeleteRowsError	Severe	Orchestration	An exception occurred while deleting the row from the control table.
DeleteRowsFailure	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to delete rows from the buffer table.
DeleteSQL	Info	Orchestration	The delete query issued to the buffer table.
DeleteSQLWithId	Info	Orchestration	The delete query, with id, issued to the buffer table.
ErrorDeletePost	Severe	Orchestration	An exception occurred while deleting the row from the control table due to a connection error.
ErrorSingleTableJob	Severe	Orchestration	An exception occurred while processing a SingleTableNotification job
InboundOperationError	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while executing the inbound job.
InsertTableStatement	Info	Orchestration	An insert statement was issued to the control table.
JDBCConnectionClose	Warning	Orchestration	An error occurred while closing the connection in the exception path.
MaxRowExceeded	Info	Orchestration	The maximum number of rows for one poll on the table was reached. If this happens frequently, it is advisable to alter the threshold
MethodNotFound	Info	Orchestration	Unable to invoke the method specified in the connection properties.
OperationNameAbsent	Severe	Orchestration	The buffer table contains the operation but there is no activity in the orchestration for that operation. This is not a valid configuration.
OutboundActivateError	Severe	Orchestration	A problem occurred while activating the database outbound activity.

Notification	Level	System	Description
ParamQueryActivate	Severe	Orchestration	An exception occurred while activating the parameterized query activity.
ParamQueryError	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while processing the message for the parameterized query activity.
ParameterizedQuery	Info	Orchestration	The query for the parameterized query activity.
PollTblActivateError	Severe	Orchestration	A problem occurred while activating the database poll table activity.
QueryString	Info	Orchestration	The query which was issued for buffer table.
RedeliverSkip	Warning	Orchestration	This row is already delivered to the database and will be skipped now.
SelectStatement	Info	Orchestration	A select statement was issued to the control table to check for duplicate rows.
SetQueryTimeout	Warning	Orchestration	Unable to set the query time out for the database.
StoredProcActivate	Severe	Orchestration	An exception occurred while activating the stored procedure activity.
StoredProcException	Severe	Orchestration	A data error occurred while processing an outbound job in the stored procedure activity.
StoredProcQuery	Info	Orchestration	The stored procedure query issued to the database.
UnexpectedEmptyRows	Warning	Orchestration	An unexpected result returned from the buffer table. Expecting rows to present in result, instead the result is empty.
UpdateQuery	Info	Orchestration	The update query issued to the buffer table for marking rows.

- [Database Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the Database Module.
- [Database Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Database Module.
- [Database Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Database Module.

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Database Connection Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the Database Module.

- [ConnectionError](#)
An error occurred while connecting to the database endpoint.
- [ConnectionRetry](#)
An error occurred while attempting to connect to the database.
- [JDBCConnectionClose](#)
An error occurred while closing the connection in the exception path.
- [setQueryTimeout](#)
Unable to set the query time out for the database.

Parent topic: [Database Module](#)

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ConnectionError

An error occurred while connecting to the database endpoint.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *An error occurred while connecting to the database. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2cConnectionErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The ConnectionError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p>

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ConnectionRetry

An error occurred while attempting to connect to the database.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *An error occurred while connecting to the database. The exception is {Message} The job is retrying: {RetryAttemptNumber} out of {TotalRetryAttempts} attempts to connect to the database . Another attempt will be made after {IntervalForRetries} secs.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2cConnectionRetryEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The ConnectionRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionRetry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2</i>

6. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2cEv2RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.1.1.2.2

7. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of times to attempt connecting to the database before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2cEv2TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.1.1.2.3


8. IntervalForRetries

The specified amount of time to wait between attempts to connect to the database.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2cEv2IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.1.1.2.4

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JDBCConnectionClose

An error occurred while closing the connection in the exception path.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *An error occurred while closing the connection in the exception path. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2cJDBCConnectionCloseEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables


The JDBCConnectionClose message contains the following variables:

Table 1. JDBCConnectionClose Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SetQueryTimeout

Unable to set the query time out for the database.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Unable to set the query time out for database {DBType}. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2cSetQueryTimeoutEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The SetQueryTimeout message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SetQueryTimeout Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. DBType

The type of database

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2cEv3DBType
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.1.1.3.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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Database Operation Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Database Module.

- [ActivateError](#)
A problem occurred while activating the activity.
- [DataSourceHashCode](#)
Information regarding the hash code used to register the datasource.
- [DataSourceRegistered](#)
Information about the datasource name registered with the system.
- [DateTimeParseError](#)
Unable to parse the date and time
- [DeleteRowsError](#)
An exception occurred while deleting the row from the control table.
- [DeleteRowsFailure](#)
Unable to delete rows from the buffer table.
- [DeleteSQL](#)
The delete query issued to the buffer table.
- [DeleteSQLWithId](#)
The delete query, with id, issued to the buffer table.
- [ErrorDeletePost](#)
An exception occurred while deleting the row from the control table due to a connection error.

- [ErrorSingleTableJob](#)
An exception occurred while processing a SingleTableNotification job
- [InboundOperationError](#)
An error occurred while executing the inbound job.
- [InsertTableStatement](#)
An insert statement was issued to the control table.
- [MaxRowExceeded](#)
The maximum number of rows for one poll on the table was reached. If this happens frequently, it is advisable to alter the threshold
- [MethodNotFound](#)
Unable to invoke the method specified in the connection properties.
- [OperationNameAbsent](#)
The buffer table contains the operation but there is no activity in the orchestration for that operation. This is not a valid configuration.
- [OutboundActivateError](#)
A problem occurred while activating the database outbound activity.
- [ParamQueryActivate](#)
An exception occurred while activating the parameterized query activity.
- [ParamQueryError](#)
An error occurred while processing the message for the parameterized query activity.
- [ParameterizedQuery](#)
The query for the parameterized query activity.
- [PollTblActivateError](#)
A problem occurred while activating the database poll table activity.
- [QueryString](#)
The query which was issued for buffer table.
- [RedeliverSkip](#)
This row is already delivered to the database and will be skipped now.
- [SelectStatement](#)
A select statement was issued to the control table to check for duplicate rows.
- [StoredProcException](#)
A data error occurred while processing an outbound job in the stored procedure activity.
- [StoredProcQuery](#)
The stored procedure query issued to the database.
- [UpdateQuery](#)
The update query issued to the buffer table for marking rows.

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ActivateError

A problem occurred while activating the activity.

Level : Severe

Log Message : Exception while activating the database inbound activity.Exception is : {Message}

System : Orchestration

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oActivateErrorEv2

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The ActivateError message contains the following variables:


Table 1. ActivateError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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DataSourceHashCode

Information regarding the hash code used to register the datasource.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The datasource with the name {DataSourceName} is registered with hash code: {HashCodeName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oDataSourceHashCodeEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *19*

Variables

The DataSourceHashCode message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DataSourceHashCode Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. DataSourceName

The name of the datasource

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv19DataSourceName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.19.1


6. HashCodeName

The name of the hash code used to register the datasource.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv19HashCodeName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.19.2

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DataSourceRegistered

Information about the datasource name registered with the system.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The following datasource name is registered with the system.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oDataSourceRegisteredEv20*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 20

Variables


The DataSourceRegistered message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DataSourceRegistered Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>

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DateTimeParseError

Unable to parse the date and time

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to parse the date and time: {DateTimeValue} {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oDateTimeParseErrorEv21*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *21*

Variables

The DateTimeParseError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DateTimeParseError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. DateTimeValue

The value of date and time when the parsing error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv21DateTimeValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.21.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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DeleteRowsError

An exception occurred while deleting the row from the control table.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An exception occurred while deleting the row from the control table. The exception is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oDeleteRowsErrorEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables

The DeleteRowsError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DeleteRowsError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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DeleteRowsFailure

Unable to delete rows from the buffer table.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to delete rows from buffer table {TableName}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oDeleteRowsFailureEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *9*

Variables

The DeleteRowsFailure message contains the following variables:


Table 1. DeleteRowsFailure Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. TableName</p> <p>Name of the buffer table.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv9TableName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.9.1

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DeleteSQL

The delete query issued to the buffer table.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The delete query issued to the buffer table is {Query}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oDeleteSQLEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 5

Variables

The DeleteSQL message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DeleteSQL Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Query

The query string.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv5Query
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.5.1

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DeleteSQLWithId

The delete query, with id, issued to the buffer table.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The delete query, with id, issued to the buffer table is {Query}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oDeleteSQLWithIdEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables


The DeleteSQLWithId message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DeleteSQLWithId Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Query</p> <p>The query string.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv4Query• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.4.1

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ErrorDeletePost

An exception occurred while deleting the row from the control table due to a connection error.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An exception occurred while deleting the row from the control table. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oErrorDeletePostEv24*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *24*

Variables

The ErrorDeletePost message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ErrorDeletePost Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ErrorSingleTableJob

An exception occurred while processing a SingleTableNotification job

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An exception occurred while processing a SingleTableNotification job. Data error at row number {RowNumber} of table {TableName}. The Error is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oErrorSingleTableJobEv23*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *23*

Variables

The ErrorSingleTableJob message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ErrorSingleTableJob Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. RowNumber

The table row number where the error occurred.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv23RowNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.23.1

6. TableName

The table name where the error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv23TableName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.23.2

7. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Database Operation Notifications](#)

InboundOperationError

An error occurred while executing the inbound job.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An exception occurred while processing the inbound job: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oInboundOperationErrorEv22*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *22*

Variables

The InboundOperationError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InboundOperationError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InsertTableStatement

An insert statement was issued to the control table.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *An insert statement was issued to the control table. {TableName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oInsertTableStatementEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The InsertTableStatement message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InsertTableStatement Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. TableName

The control table to which the insert statement was issued.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv10TableName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.10.1

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MaxRowExceeded

The maximum number of rows for one poll on the table was reached. If this happens frequently, it is advisable to alter the threshold

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The maximum number of rows for one poll on table {TableName} was reached. If this is a frequent occurrence, then alter the threshold!*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oMaxRowExceededEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The MaxRowExceeded message contains the following variables:


Table 1. MaxRowExceeded Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. TableName</p> <p>The name of the table for which the threshold was reached.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv8TableName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.8.1

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MethodNotFound

Unable to invoke the method specified in the connection properties.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Unable to invoke method {MethodName} on the data source object. This might cause unexpected behavior. Please check the connection properties*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oMethodNotFoundEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *7*

Variables

The MethodNotFound message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MethodNotFound Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. MethodName

Name of the method.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv7MethodName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.7.1

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OperationNameAbsent

The buffer table contains the operation but there is no activity in the orchestration for that operation. This is not a valid configuration.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *The buffer table contains the {OperationName} operation but there is no activity in the orchestration for that operation. This is not a valid configuration.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oOperationNameAbsentEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

Variables

The OperationNameAbsent message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OperationNameAbsent Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. OperationName</p> <p>The name of the operation which was not found</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv1OperationName • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.1.1

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OutboundActivateError

A problem occurred while activating the database outbound activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while activating the database outbound activity.Exception is : {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oOutboundActivateErrorEv25*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *25*

Variables

The OutboundActivateError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OutboundActivateError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ParamQueryActivate

An exception occurred while activating the parameterized query activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An exception occurred while activating the parameterized query activity. The exception is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oParamQueryActivateEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The ParamQueryActivate message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ParamQueryActivate Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ParamQueryError

An error occurred while processing the message for the parameterized query activity.

Level : Severe

Log Message : An error occurred while processing the message for the parameterized query activity at row number {RowNumber}. The error is: {Message}

System : Orchestration

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oParamQueryErrorEv15

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 15

Variables

The ParamQueryError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ParamQueryError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. RowNumber</p> <p>The row number at which the error occurred.</p>

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv15RowNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.15.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ParameterizedQuery

The query for the parameterized query activity.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The query for the parameterized query activity is: {QueryString}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oParameterizedQueryEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The ParameterizedQuery message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ParameterizedQuery Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. QueryString

The exact query string.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv14QueryString
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.14.1

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PollTblActivateError

A problem occurred while activating the database poll table activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while activating the database poll table activity.Exception is : {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oPollTblActivateErrorEv26*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 26

Variables

The PollTblActivateError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PollTblActivateError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2</i>

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ase_operation_polltblactivateerror_message.html

QueryString

The query which was issued for buffer table.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The select query issued for the buffer table is {Query}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oQueryStringEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The QueryString message contains the following variables:

Table 1. QueryString Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Query

The query string.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv3Query
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.3.1

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RedeliverSkip

This row is already delivered to the database and will be skipped now.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *The row is already delivered to the database. Skipping it.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oRedeliverSkipEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The RedeliverSkip message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RedeliverSkip Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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SelectStatement

A select statement was issued to the control table to check for duplicate rows.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *A select statement was issued to control table {TableName} to check for duplicate rows.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oSelectStatementEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The SelectStatement message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SelectStatement Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. TableName</p> <p>The control table to which the select statement was issued.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv11TableName</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.11.1</i>

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StoredProcException

A data error occurred while processing an outbound job in the stored procedure activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An exception occurred while processing an outbound job in the stored procedure activity. Data error at row number: {RowNumber}. The error is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oStoredProcExceptionEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*

Variables

The StoredProcException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. StoredProcException Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. RowNumber

The row number at which the error occurred.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv16RowNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.16.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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StoredProcQuery

The stored procedure query issued to the database.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The stored procedure query issued to the database is {QueryString}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oStoredProcQueryEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

Variables

The StoredProcQuery message contains the following variables:

Table 1. StoredProcQuery Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. QueryString</p> <p>The exact query string issued to the database.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv17QueryString • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.17.1

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UpdateQuery

The update query issued to the buffer table for marking rows.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The update query issued to the buffer table for marking rows is {Query}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oUpdateQueryEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *6*

Variables

The UpdateQuery message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UpdateQuery Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Query

The query string.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2oEv6Query
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.2.1.6.1

Parent topic: [Database Operation Notifications](#)

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Database Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Database Module.

- [StoredProcActivate](#)
An exception occurred while activating the stored procedure activity.
- [UnexpectedEmptyRows](#)
An unexpected result returned from the buffer table. Expecting rows to present in result, instead the result is empty.

Parent topic: [Database Module](#)

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StoredProcActivate

An exception occurred while activating the stored procedure activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An exception occurred while activating the stored procedure activity. The exception is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2iStoredProcActivateEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The StoredProcActivate message contains the following variables:


Table 1. StoredProcActivate Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Database Internal Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/database/database_internal_storedprocactivate_message.html

UnexpectedEmptyRows

An unexpected result returned from the buffer table. Expecting rows to present in result, instead the result is empty.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *An unexpected result returned from the buffer table. Expecting rows to be present in the result, instead the result is empty.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DATABASE-MIB::ciC2iUnexpectedEmptyRowsEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.2.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The UnexpectedEmptyRows message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnexpectedEmptyRows Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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Domino Module

The Domino Module provides activities for accessing IBM Lotus Domino servers. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Domino Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Domino Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Domino Module.


Table 1. Notifications issued by the Domino Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
ActivateFailureBlank	Severe	Orchestration	The specified activity name is not executed successfully because the activity name was blank.
ActivateSuccess	Info	Orchestration	The specified activity name is activated successfully.
ActivityCreateSuccess	Info	Orchestration	The specified activity name is created successfully and is ready for invocation.

Notification	Level	System	Description
ActivityFailure	Severe	Orchestration	The specified activity name failed to execute.
ActivitySuccessful	Info	Orchestration	The specified activity name is executed successfully. The response parameter is populated successfully.
ConnectError	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while processing the connection parameters sent as part of the request in the activity.
InitializationError	Severe	Orchestration	Exception while initializing Lotus Domino connector.
RetryCount	Info	Orchestration	The specified activity re tried the execution so many times specified above.
RunningInfo	Warning	Orchestration	Encountered few warnings or errors while running Domino activity.
RunningMessages	Warning	Orchestration	Received messages while executing the activity.
SchemaInvoke	Info	Orchestration	The specified activity name is generating schemas.
StopSuccess	Info	Orchestration	The specified activity name is successfully stopped.
UnmarshalError	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while reading input connection parameters in the activity.

- [Domino Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Domino Module.
- [Domino Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Domino Module.

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Domino Operation Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Domino Module.

- [ActivateFailureBlank](#)
The specified activity name is not executed successfully because the activity name was blank.
- [ActivateSuccess](#)
The specified activity name is activated successfully.
- [ActivityCreateSuccess](#)
The specified activity name is created successfully and is ready for invocation.
- [ActivityFailure](#)
The specified activity name failed to execute.
- [ActivitySuccessful](#)
The specified activity name is executed successfully. The response parameter is populated successfully.

- [RetryCount](#)
The specified activity re tried the execution so many times specified above.
- [RunningInfo](#)
Encountered few warnings or errors while running Domino activity.
- [RunningMessages](#)
Received messages while executing the activity.
- [SchemaInvoke](#)
The specified activity name is generating schemas.
- [StopSuccess](#)
The specified activity name is successfully stopped.

Parent topic: [Domino Module](#)

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ActivateFailureBlank

The specified activity name is not executed successfully because the activity name was blank.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *{ActivityName} activity execution failed due to {Name} property is blank.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oActivateFailureBlankEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The ActivateFailureBlank message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivateFailureBlank Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p>

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

The activity name that failed to activate.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oEv9ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2.1.9.1


6. Name

The blank activity name caused the activation to fail.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oEv9Name
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2.1.9.2

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The specified activity name is activated successfully.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Activity {ActivityName} activated successfully.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oActivateSuccessEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *7*

Variables

The ActivateSuccess message contains the following variables:


Table 1. ActivateSuccess Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>The activity name that is activated successfully.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oEv7ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2.1.7.1

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ActivityCreateSuccess

The specified activity name is created successfully and is ready for invocation.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *{ActivityName} activity created successfully.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oActivityCreateSuccessEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The ActivityCreateSuccess message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivityCreateSuccess Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ActivityName

The activity name that is created.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oEv4ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2.1.4.1

Parent topic: [Domino Operation Notifications](#)

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ActivityFailure

The specified activity name failed to execute.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An error occurred while trying to execute activity {ActivityName}. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oActivityFailureEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 6


Variables

The ActivityFailure message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivityFailure Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>The activity name that failed to execute.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oEv6ActivityName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2.1.6.1
<p>6. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Domino Operation Notifications](#)

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ActivitySuccessful

The specified activity name is executed successfully. The response parameter is populated successfully.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *{ActivityName} activity executed successfully.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oActivitySuccessfulEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The ActivitySuccessful message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivitySuccessful Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ActivityName

The activity name that is executed successfully.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oEv5ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2.1.5.1

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RetryCount

The specified activity re tried the execution so many times specified above.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The Domino {ActivityName} activity re trying {Count} times now.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oRetryCountEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The RetryCount message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RetryCount Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

The activity name.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oEv11ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2.1.11.1

6. Count

The retry count which activity tried so far.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oEv11Count
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2.1.11.2

Parent topic: [Domino Operation Notifications](#)

RunningInfo

Encountered few warnings or errors while running Domino activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Errors/Warning messages while executing activity: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oRunningInfoEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *3*

Variables

The RunningInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RunningInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Domino Operation Notifications](#)

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RunningMessages

Received messages while executing the activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *{MessageType} messages while executing activity: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oRunningMessagesEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The RunningMessages message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RunningMessages Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. MessageType

Type of the message received.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oEv2MessageType
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2.1.2.1


6. Message

The message received while executing the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oEv2Message
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2.1.2.2

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SchemaInvoke

The specified activity name is generating schemas.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The required schema for {Name} is missing. The activity {ActivityName} generating schemas.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oSchemaInvokeEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The SchemaInvoke message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SchemaInvoke Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

The activity name that invoked the generation of schemas.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oEv10ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2.1.10.1


6. Name

The name of the schema that is not in the configuration document.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oEv10Name
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2.1.10.2

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StopSuccess

The specified activity name is successfully stopped.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Activity {ActivityName} is stopped successfully.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oStopSuccessEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 8

Variables

The StopSuccess message contains the following variables:

Table 1. StopSuccess Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ActivityName

The activity name that is stopped successfully.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22oEv8ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.2.1.8.1

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Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Domino Module.

- [ConnectError](#)
An error occurred while processing the connection parameters sent as part of the request in the activity.
- [InitializationError](#)
Exception while initializing Lotus Domino connector.
- [UnmarshalError](#)
An error occurred while reading input connection parameters in the activity.

Parent topic: [Domino Module](#)

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ConnectError

An error occurred while processing the connection parameters sent as part of the request in the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while processing the connection parameters sent as part of the request. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22iConnectErrorEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The ConnectError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p>

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Domino Internal Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/domino/domino_internal_connecterror_message.html

InitializationError

Exception while initializing Lotus Domino connector.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while initializing Lotus Domino connector.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22iInitializationErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.3

SNMP Trap Number : 1

Variables


The InitializationError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InitializationError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

Parent topic: [Domino Internal Notifications](#)

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UnmarshalError

An error occurred while reading input connection parameters in the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while trying to read optional connection input parameter. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-DOMINO-MIB::ciC22iUnmarshalErrorEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.22.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The UnmarshalError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnmarshalError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Domino Internal Notifications](#)

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Email Module

The Email Module provides connectivity to POP3 and SMTP mail servers. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Email Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Email Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Email Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the Email Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
BodyNull	Severe	Orchestration	The 'body' input parameter from the container is null. This is an error condition.
ConPoolReleaseError	Warning	Orchestration	Error while closing the connection pool.
ConnectError	Severe	Orchestration	The email activity operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
ConnectErrorRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The email activity operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
ConnectHeaderAbsent	Info	Orchestration	The optional input header - emailConnection - is mapped.
ConnectHeaderPresent	Info	Orchestration	The optional input header - emailConnection - is mapped.
ConnectionPoolReturn	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while returning connection to pool.


Notification	Level	System	Description
CouldNotGetHostIP	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while getting IP of the router. Continuing activity without the host IP.
DisconnectException	Warning	Orchestration	Error while trying to disconnect from server. Discarding error and continuing the activity.
EmailMatched	Info	Orchestration	Found an email matching From and subject fields specified in configuration.
EmailSent	Info	Orchestration	The activity successfully sent email to the server.
EndpointData	Info	Orchestration	The information regarding the email endpoint data.
IncorrectPort	Warning	Orchestration	The email port needs to be a positive integer. Defaulting to 110 in case its not specified as positive integer.
IncorrectSmtpPort	Warning	Orchestration	The email port needs to be a positive integer. Defaulting to 25 in case its not specified as positive integer.
IncorrectSmtpTimeout	Warning	Orchestration	The connection timeout needs to be a positive integer. Defaulting to 300 seconds in case its not specified as positive integer
IncorrectTimeout	Warning	Orchestration	The connection timeout needs to be a positive integer. Defaulting to 300 seconds in case its not specified as positive integer
InvalidAddressFormat	Warning	Orchestration	The email address in the specified field is in incorrect format.
InvalidEmailID	Warning	Orchestration	The email id specified is not valid.
MailHeaderAbsent	Info	Orchestration	The optional input header - mailheader - is not mapped.
MailHeaderPresent	Info	Orchestration	The optional input header - mailheader - is mapped.
MailsDeleted	Info	Orchestration	The mails processed in the current poll have been deleted from the server.
MailsToBeDeleted	Info	Orchestration	There are some mails to be deleted as they were processed earlier.
MakeConPoolError	Warning	Orchestration	Error while creating the connection.
NewConnectEverytime	Info	Orchestration	The additional property 'smtpNewConnEveryTime' was added to connection pool.
NoEmailMatched	Info	Orchestration	Could not find an email matching From and subject fields specified in configuration.
NoMailOnServer	Info	Orchestration	No mail was found on server.
PatternIncorrect	Severe	Orchestration	Pattern specified in the activity is incorrect.
Pop3ConfigParams	Info	Orchestration	Configuration parameters specified in the activity.
Pop3Connected	Info	Orchestration	The activity was successfully able to connect to the email server.

Notification	Level	System	Description
Pop3DataError	Severe	Orchestration	A pop3 data error occurred while executing the activity.
Pop3InternalError	Severe	Orchestration	Internal error occurred while executing pop3 activity.
Pop3MailSent	Info	Orchestration	Activity has outputted 'mailheader' and 'body' output parameters. Mail marked for deletion from server
Pop3NumMails	Info	Orchestration	Number of mails found on the email server.
Pop3ServerError	Severe	Orchestration	A pop3 command unexpectedly returned an error while executing the activity.
SaveStateError	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while trying to save duplist state after disconnect. Will cleanup in next poll.
SetBCCFieldValue	Info	Orchestration	Setting the value of 'BCC' field to specified value
SetCCFieldValue	Info	Orchestration	Setting the value of 'CC' field to specified value
SetFromFieldValue	Info	Orchestration	Setting the value of 'From' field to specified value
SetSubjectFieldValue	Info	Orchestration	Setting the value of the 'Subject' field to the specified value.
SetTimeout	Info	Orchestration	Setting the timeout to specified value.
SetToFieldValue	Info	Orchestration	Setting the value of 'To' field to specified value
SmtpConfigParams	Info	Orchestration	Information regarding configuration parameters specified in email activity.
SmtpConnectFailed	Severe	Orchestration	The email activity operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
SmtpConnectRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The email activity operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
SmtpConnected	Info	Orchestration	The activity was successfully able to connect to the email server.
SmtpDataError	Severe	Orchestration	Smtp data error occurred while executing the activity.
SmtpDisconnectError	Warning	Orchestration	Error while trying to disconnect from server. Discarding error and continuing the activity.
SmtpEndpointData	Info	Orchestration	The information regarding the email endpoint data.
SmtpInternalError	Severe	Orchestration	Internal error occurred while executing smtp activity.
SmtpSendEmail	Info	Orchestration	The activity is sending email to the server.
SmtpTimeout	Info	Orchestration	Setting the timeout to specified value.
SubjectPatternError	Severe	Orchestration	Subject pattern specified in the activity is incorrect.
ToAndCCEmpty	Severe	Orchestration	There was no valid To, CC, BCC specified in the activity.

- [Email Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the Email Module.
- [Email Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Email Module.

- [Email Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Email Module.

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Email Connection Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the Email Module.

- [ConPoolReleaseError](#)
Error while closing the connection pool.
- [ConnectError](#)
The email activity operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
- [ConnectErrorRetry](#)
The email activity operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
- [ConnectHeaderAbsent](#)
The optional input header - emailConnection - is mapped.
- [ConnectHeaderPresent](#)
The optional input header - emailConnection - is mapped.
- [ConnectionPoolReturn](#)
Error occurred while returning connection to pool.
- [DisconnectException](#)
Error while trying to disconnect from server. Discarding error and continuing the activity.
- [EndpointData](#)
The information regarding the email endpoint data.
- [IncorrectPort](#)
The email port needs to be a positive integer. Defaulting to 110 in case its not specified as positive integer.
- [IncorrectSmtpPort](#)
The email port needs to be a positive integer. Defaulting to 25 in case its not specified as positive integer.
- [IncorrectSmtpTimeout](#)
The connection timeout needs to be a positive integer. Defaulting to 300 seconds in case its not specified as positive integer
- [IncorrectTimeout](#)
The connection timeout needs to be a positive integer. Defaulting to 300 seconds in case its not specified as positive integer
- [MakeConPoolError](#)
Error while creating the connection.
- [NewConnectEverytime](#)
The additional property 'smtpNewConnEveryTime' was added to connection pool.
- [Pop3Connected](#)
The activity was successfully able to connect to the email server.

- [SetTimeout](#)
Setting the timeout to specified value.
- [SmtpConnectFailed](#)
The email activity operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
- [SmtpConnectRetry](#)
The email activity operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
- [SmtpConnected](#)
The activity was successfully able to connect to the email server.
- [SmtpDisconnectError](#)
Error while trying to disconnect from server. Discarding error and continuing the activity.
- [SmtpEndpointData](#)
The information regarding the email endpoint data.
- [SmtpTimeout](#)
Setting the timeout to specified value.

Parent topic: [Email Module](#)

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ConPoolReleaseError

Error while closing the connection pool.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while closing the connection pool. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cConPoolReleaseErrorEv21*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *21*

Variables

The ConPoolReleaseError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConPoolReleaseError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_connection_conpoolreleaseerror_message.html

ConnectError

The email activity operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to server after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cConnectErrorEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The ConnectError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. NumberOfRetryAttempts</p> <p>The total number of attempted retries.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv4NumberOfRetryAttempts• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.4.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_connection_connecterror_message.html

ConnectErrorRetry

The email activity operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to server. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cConnectErrorRetryEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The ConnectErrorRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectErrorRetry Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

6. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv5RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.5.2

7. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.


- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv5TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.5.3

8. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv5IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.5.4

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_connection_connecterrorretry_message.html

ConnectHeaderAbsent

The optional input header - emailConnection - is mapped.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Optional input 'emailConnection' parameter is not mapped.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cConnectHeaderAbsentEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The ConnectHeaderAbsent message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectHeaderAbsent Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_connection_connectheaderabsent_message.html

ConnectHeaderPresent

The optional input header - emailConnection - is mapped.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Optional input 'emailConnection' parameter is mapped.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cConnectHeaderPresentEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The ConnectHeaderPresent message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectHeaderPresent Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_connection_connectheaderpresent_message.html

ConnectionPoolReturn

Error occurred while returning connection to pool.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while returning connection to pool. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cConnectionPoolReturnEv20*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *20*

Variables


The ConnectionPoolReturn message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionPoolReturn Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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DisconnectException

Error while trying to disconnect from server. Discarding error and continuing the activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while trying to disconnect from server. Discarding error: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cDisconnectExceptionEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables

The DisconnectException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DisconnectException Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_connection_disconnectexception_message.html

EndpointData

The information regarding the email endpoint data.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Endpoint Parameters: Host: "{HostName}", Port: {Port}, User: "{Username}"*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEndpointDataEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The EndpointData message contains the following variables:

Table 1. EndpointData Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. HostName

The host name specified in email endpoint.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv6HostName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.6.1

6. Port

The port number specified in email endpoint.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv6Port
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.6.2

7. Username

The user name specified in email endpoint.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv6Username
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.6.3

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IncorrectPort

The email port needs to be a positive integer. Defaulting to 110 in case its not specified as positive integer.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Port needs to be positive integer. Specified as: \"{PortNumber}\". Defaulted to 110.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cIncorrectPortEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The IncorrectPort message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IncorrectPort Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. PortNumber

Port number specified for email which caused an error.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv1PortNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.1.1

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IncorrectSmtpPort

The email port needs to be a positive integer. Defaulting to 25 in case its not specified as positive integer.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Port needs to be positive integer. Specified as: \"{PortNumber}\". Defaulted to 25.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cIncorrectSmtpPortEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The IncorrectSmtpPort message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IncorrectSmtpPort Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. PortNumber

Port number specified for email which caused an error.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv9PortNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.9.1

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_connection_incorrectsmtpport_message.html

IncorrectSmtptimeout

The connection timeout needs to be a positive integer. Defaulting to 300 seconds in case its not specified as positive integer

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Timeout needs to be positive integer. Specified as: \{{Timeout}}\". Defaulted to 300 seconds.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cIncorrectSmtpTimeoutEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The IncorrectSmtpTimeout message contains the following variables:


Table 1. IncorrectSmtpTimeout Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Timeout</p> <p>Timeout specified for email which caused an error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv10Timeout
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.10.1

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_connection_incorrectsmtptimeout_message.html

IncorrectTimeout

The connection timeout needs to be a positive integer. Defaulting to 300 seconds in case its not specified as positive integer

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Timeout needs to be positive integer. Specified as: "{Timeout}". Defaulted to 300 seconds.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cIncorrectTimeoutEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The IncorrectTimeout message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IncorrectTimeout Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Timeout

Timeout specified for email which caused an error.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv2Timeout
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.2.1

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MakeConPoolError

Error while creating the connection.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while creating the connection to destination. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cMakeConPoolErrorEv22*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 22

Variables


The MakeConPoolError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MakeConPoolError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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NewConnectEverytime

The additional property 'smtpNewConnEveryTime' was added to connection pool.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Additional property {PropertyName} set to {PropertyValue} so setup connection pool.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cNewConnectEverytimeEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*

Variables

The NewConnectEverytime message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NewConnectEverytime Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. PropertyName

The new property added.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv16PropertyName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.16.1


6. PropertyValue

Value of the new property added.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv16PropertyValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.16.2

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Pop3Connected

The activity was successfully able to connect to the email server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Connected to the POP3 server.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cPop3ConnectedEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The Pop3Connected message contains the following variables:

Table 1. Pop3Connected Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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SetTimeout

Setting the timeout to specified value.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Setting timeout as {Timeout} milliseconds.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cSetTimeoutEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 8


Variables

The SetTimeout message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SetTimeout Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Timeout</p> <p>The timeout value.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv8Timeout</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.8.1</i>

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_connection_settimeout_message.html

SmtConnectFailed

The email activity operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to server after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cSmtConnectFailedEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The SmtConnectFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SmtConnectFailed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. NumberOfRetryAttempts

The total number of attempted retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv14NumberOfRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.14.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SmtConnectRetry

The email activity operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to server. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cSmtConnectRetryEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

Variables

The SmtConnectRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SmtConnectRetry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2
<p>6. RetryAttemptNumber</p> <p>The current number of retries.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv15RetryAttemptNumber

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.15.2

7. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv15TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.15.3


8. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv15IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.15.4

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_connection_smtpconnectretry_message.html

SntpConnected

The activity was successfully able to connect to the email server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Connected to the SMTP server.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cSntpConnectedEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The SntpConnected message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SntpConnected Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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SmtplibDisconnectError

Error while trying to disconnect from server. Discarding error and continuing the activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while trying to disconnect from server. Discarding error: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cSmtplibDisconnectErrorEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1

SNMP Trap Number : 18


Variables

The SntpDisconnectError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SntpDisconnectError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SmtPEndpointData

The information regarding the email endpoint data.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Endpoint Parameters: Host: "{HostName}", Port: {Port}, User: "{Username}"*.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cSmtPEndpointDataEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *17*

Variables

The SmtPEndpointData message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SmtPEndpointData Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. HostName

The host name specified in email endpoint.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv17HostName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.17.1

6. Port

The port number specified in email endpoint.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv17Port
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.17.2


7. Username

The user name specified in email endpoint.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv17Username
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.17.3

Parent topic: [Email Connection Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_connection_smtpendpointdata_message.html

Smtptimeout

Setting the timeout to specified value.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Setting timeout as {Timeout} milliseconds.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cSmtptTimeoutEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *19*


Variables

The SmtptTimeout message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SmtptTimeout Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Timeout</p> <p>The timeout value.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7cEv19Timeout</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.1.1.19.1</i>

Parent topic: [Email Connection Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_connection_smtp_timeout_message.html

Email Operation Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Email Module.

- [CouldNotGetHostIP](#)
Error occurred while getting IP of the router. Continuing activity without the host IP.
- [EmailMatched](#)
Found an email matching From and subject fields specified in configuration.
- [EmailSent](#)
The activity successfully sent email to the server.
- [InvalidAddressFormat](#)
The email address in the specified field is in incorrect format.
- [InvalidEmailID](#)
The email id specified is not valid.
- [MailHeaderAbsent](#)
The optional input header - mailheader - is not mapped.
- [MailHeaderPresent](#)
The optional input header - mailheader - is mapped.
- [MailsDeleted](#)
The mails processed in the current poll have been deleted from the server.
- [MailsToBeDeleted](#)
There are some mails to be deleted as they were processed earlier.
- [NoEmailMatched](#)
Could not find an email matching From and subject fields specified in configuration.
- [NoMailOnServer](#)
No mail was found on server.
- [PatternIncorrect](#)
Pattern specified in the activity is incorrect.
- [Pop3ConfigParams](#)
Configuration parameters specified in the activity.
- [Pop3DataError](#)
A pop3 data error occurred while executing the activity.
- [Pop3MailSent](#)
Activity has outputted 'mailheader' and 'body' output parameters. Mail marked for deletion from server
- [Pop3NumMails](#)
Number of mails found on the email server.
- [Pop3ServerError](#)
A pop3 command unexpectedly returned an error while executing the activity.
- [SaveStateError](#)
Error occurred while trying to save duplist state after disconnect. Will cleanup in next poll.

- [SetBCCFieldValue](#)
Setting the value of 'BCC' field to specified value
- [SetCCFieldValue](#)
Setting the value of 'CC' field to specified value
- [SetFromFieldValue](#)
Setting the value of 'From' field to specified value
- [SetSubjectFieldValue](#)
Setting the value of the 'Subject' field to the specified value.
- [SetToFieldValue](#)
Setting the value of 'To' field to specified value
- [SmtpConfigParams](#)
Information regarding configuration parameters specified in email activity.
- [SmtpDataError](#)
Smtp data error occurred while executing the activity.
- [SmtpSendEmail](#)
The activity is sending email to the server.
- [SubjectPatternError](#)
Subject pattern specified in the activity is incorrect.

Parent topic: [Email Module](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_operation_notifications_list.html

CouldNotGetHostIP

Error occurred while getting IP of the router. Continuing activity without the host IP.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while trying to get IP of router. Error is: {Message}. Continuing without getting IP.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oCouldNotGetHostIPEv20*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *20*

Variables

The CouldNotGetHostIP message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CouldNotGetHostIP Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Email Operation Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_oration_couldnotgethostip_message.html

EmailMatched

Found an email matching From and subject fields specified in configuration.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Matched email with From: "{FromPattern}" and Subject: "{SubjectPattern}"*.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEmailMatchedEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The EmailMatched message contains the following variables:

Table 1. EmailMatched Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. FromPattern</p> <p>The value specified for From field.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv5FromPattern
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.5.1


6. SubjectPattern

The value specified for subject field.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv5SubjectPattern
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.5.2

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_oration_emailmatched_message.html

EmailSent

The activity successfully sent email to the server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Email sent to server.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEmailSentEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *17*

Variables

The EmailSent message contains the following variables:

Table 1. EmailSent Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_oration_emailsent_message.html

InvalidAddressFormat

The email address in the specified field is in incorrect format.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *The {Field} email address {EmailID} specified in optional parameters is not in correct format. Not setting the same.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oInvalidAddressFormatEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *19*


Variables

The InvalidAddressFormat message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidAddressFormat Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Field</p> <p>The specified field.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv19Field• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.19.1
<p>6. EmailID</p> <p>The email ID in incorrect format.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv19EmailID• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.19.2

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_ operation_invalidaddressformat_message.html

InvalidEmailID

The email id specified is not valid.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Email id is invalid: {EmailID}*.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oInvalidEmailIDEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables

The InvalidEmailID message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidEmailID Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. EmailID

The invalid email id.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv18EmailID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.18.1

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_operation_invalidemailid_message.html

MailHeaderAbsent

The optional input header - mailheader - is not mapped.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Optional input 'mailheader' parameter is not mapped.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oMailHeaderAbsentEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The MailHeaderAbsent message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MailHeaderAbsent Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_oration_mailheaderabsent_message.html

MailHeaderPresent

The optional input header - mailheader - is mapped.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Optional input 'mailheader' parameter is mapped.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oMailHeaderPresentEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *15*

Variables


The MailHeaderPresent message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MailHeaderPresent Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>

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MailsDeleted

The mails processed in the current poll have been deleted from the server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Mails processed in this poll deleted from server.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oMailsDeletedEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The MailsDeleted message contains the following variables:


Table 1. MailsDeleted Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_oration_mailsdeleted_message.html

MailsToBeDeleted

There are some mails to be deleted as they were processed earlier.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *{NumberOfEmails} mails to be deleted now as they were processed earlier.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oMailsToBeDeletedEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The MailsToBeDeleted message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MailsToBeDeleted Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. NumberOfEmails

Number of mails to be deleted from the server.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv11NumberOfEmails
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.11.1

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_oration_mailstobedeleted_message.html

NoEmailMatched

Could not find an email matching From and subject fields specified in configuration.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *No emails matched on the server.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oNoEmailMatchedEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *6*

Variables


The NoEmailMatched message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoEmailMatched Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_oration_noemailmatched_message.html

NoMailOnServer

No mail was found on server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *No mail found on the server.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oNoMailOnServerEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *7*

Variables

The NoMailOnServer message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoMailOnServer Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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 file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_ope-
 ration_nomailonserver_message.html

PatternIncorrect

Pattern specified in the activity is incorrect.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *From pattern "{FromPattern}" incorrect. Error is: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oPatternIncorrectEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The PatternIncorrect message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PatternIncorrect Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. FromPattern

From Pattern Specified in the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv2FromPattern
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.2.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_operation_patternincorrect_message.html

Pop3ConfigParams

Configuration parameters specified in the activity.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Config parameters: From Pattern: \{"{FromPattern}"\}, Subject Pattern: \{"{SubjectPattern}"\}*.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oPop3ConfigParamsEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*


Variables

The Pop3ConfigParams message contains the following variables:

Table 1. Pop3ConfigParams Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. FromPattern</p> <p>From Pattern Specified in the activity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv1FromPattern• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.1.1
<p>6. SubjectPattern</p> <p>Subject Pattern Specified in the activity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv1SubjectPattern• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.1.2

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_oration_pop3configparams_message.html

Pop3DataError

A pop3 data error occurred while executing the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Data Error: {Message}*.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oPop3DataErrorEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The Pop3DataError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. Pop3DataError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_oration_pop3dataerror_message.html

Pop3MailSent

Activity has outputted 'mailheader' and 'body' output parameters. Mail marked for deletion from server

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Outputted 'mailheader' and 'body' output parameters. Mail marked for deletion from server.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oPop3MailSentEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The Pop3MailSent message contains the following variables:

Table 1. Pop3MailSent Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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Pop3NumMails

Number of mails found on the email server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Number of emails on server is {NumberOfMails}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oPop3NumMailsEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*


Variables

The Pop3NumMails message contains the following variables:

Table 1. Pop3NumMails Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. NumberOfMails</p> <p>The number of mails found on email server.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv4NumberOfMails</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.4.1</i>

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_oration_pop3nummails_message.html

Pop3ServerError

A pop3 command unexpectedly returned an error while executing the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unexpected error from server: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oPop3ServerErrorEv27*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *27*

Variables

The Pop3ServerError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. Pop3ServerError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_operation_pop3servererror_message.html

SaveStateError

Error occurred while trying to save duplist state after disconnect. Will cleanup in next poll.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while trying to save duplist state after disconnect. Will cleanup in next poll.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oSaveStateErrorEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The SaveStateError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SaveStateError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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SetBCCFieldValue

Setting the value of 'BCC' field to specified value

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Setting BCC: "{Value}"*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oSetBCCFieldValueEv24*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *24*


Variables

The SetBCCFieldValue message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SetBCCFieldValue Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Value</p> <p>The value to which BCC field is set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv24Value</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.24.1</i>

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_oration_setbccfieldvalue_message.html

SetCCFieldValue

Setting the value of 'CC' field to specified value

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Setting CC: "{Value}"*.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oSetCCFieldValueEv23*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *23*

Variables

The SetCCFieldValue message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SetCCFieldValue Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Value

The value to which CC field is set.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv23Value
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.23.1

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_operation_setccfieldvalue_message.html

SetFromFieldValue

Setting the value of 'From' field to specified value

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Setting From: "{Value}"*.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oSetFromFieldValueEv22*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *22*

Variables

The SetFromFieldValue message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SetFromFieldValue Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Value

The value to which From field is set.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv22Value
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.22.1

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_oration_setfromfieldvalue_message.html

SetSubjectFieldValue

Setting the value of the 'Subject' field to the specified value.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Setting Subject: |"{Value}"|*.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oSetSubjectFieldValueEv25*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *25*

Variables

The SetSubjectFieldValue message contains the following variables:


Table 1. SetSubjectFieldValue Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Value</p> <p>The value to which subject field is set.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv25Value
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.25.1

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_operation_setsubjectfieldvalue_message.html

SetToFieldValue

Setting the value of 'To' field to specified value

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Setting To: |"{Value}|".*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oSetToFieldValueEv21*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *21*

Variables

The SetToFieldValue message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SetToFieldValue Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Value

The value to which To field is set.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv21Value
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.21.1

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SmtplibConfigParams

Information regarding configuration parameters specified in email activity.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Config Parameters: From: "{From}", To: "{To}", CC: "{CC}", BCC: "{BCC}", Subject: "{Subject}"*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oSmtplibConfigParamsEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The SntpConfigParams message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SntpConfigParams Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. From</p> <p>The value specified for From field.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv13From• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.13.1
<p>6. To</p> <p>The value specified for To field.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv13To• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.13.2
<p>7. CC</p>

The value specified for CC field.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv13CC
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.13.3

8. BCC

The value specified for BCC field.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv13BCC
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.13.4


9. Subject

The value specified for subject field.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv13Subject
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.13.5

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_operation_smtpconfigparams_message.html

SmtpDataError

SmtpData error occurred while executing the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Data Error: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oSmtpDataErrorEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*

Variables


The SmtpDataError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SmtpDataError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SntpSendEmail

The activity is sending email to the server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Sending email to server.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oSntpSendEmailEv26*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *26*


Variables

The SntpSendEmail message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SntpSendEmail Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_oration_smtpsendemail_message.html

SubjectPatternError

Subject pattern specified in the activity is incorrect.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Subject pattern \"{SubjectPattern}\" incorrect. Error is: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oSubjectPatternErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The SubjectPatternError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SubjectPatternError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. SubjectPattern

Subject Pattern Specified in the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7oEv3SubjectPattern
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.2.1.3.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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Email Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Email Module.

- [BodyNull](#)
The 'body' input parameter from the container is null. This is an error condition.
- [Pop3InternalError](#)
Internal error occurred while executing pop3 activity.
- [SmtpInternalError](#)
Internal error occurred while executing smtp activity.
- [ToAndCCEmpty](#)
There was no valid To, CC, BCC specified in the activity.

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_ternal_notifications_list.html

BodyNull

The 'body' input parameter from the container is null. This is an error condition.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Input parameter 'body' from container is NULL.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7iBodyNullEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The BodyNull message contains the following variables:

Table 1. BodyNull Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_int_ernal_bodynull_message.html

Pop3InternalError

Internal error occurred while executing pop3 activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7iPop3InternalErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The Pop3InternalError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. Pop3InternalError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Email Internal Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/email/email_int_ernal_pop3internalerror_message.html

SmtInternalError

Internal error occurred while executing smtp activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7iSmtpInternalErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 3


Variables

The SmtpInternalError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SmtpInternalError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2</i>

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ToAndCCEmpty

There was no valid To, CC, BCC specified in the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *No valid To, CC or BCC email address found.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-EMAIL-MIB::ciC7iToAndCCEmptyEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.7.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The ToAndCCEmpty message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ToAndCCEmpty Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

Parent topic: [Email Internal Notifications](#)

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FTP Module

The FTP Module provides connectivity to remote FTP servers. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the FTP Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the FTP Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the FTP Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the FTP Module


Notification	Level	System	Description
AppendAfter	Info	Orchestration	Response received after issuing an append command to the file on remote server.
AppendBefore	Info	Orchestration	In process of issuing an append command to the file on remote server.
ConnectionFailure	Severe	Orchestration	The FTP operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
ConnectionRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The FTP operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Notification	Level	System	Description
DeleteAfter	Info	Orchestration	Response received when a file was deleted from the remote server.
DeleteBefore	Info	Orchestration	In process of deleting a file to the remote server.
DeleteDupListEntry	Info	Orchestration	Duplicate list is at maximum capacity. Removing a file from the duplicate list.
DeleteInfoSummary	Info	Orchestration	A complete summary of delete file activity configuration.
DirChangeAfter	Info	Orchestration	Changed to the specified directory on remote server.
DirChangeBefore	Info	Orchestration	Changing directory on the remote server.
DuplicateFile	Info	Orchestration	The file was previously processed by FTP poll activity.
EncodingError	Severe	Orchestration	The data encoding specified is not supported by FTP activity.
EndpointInfoSummary	Info	Orchestration	A complete summary of endpoint information specified.
FileNotMoved	Warning	Orchestration	File was not moved from original location as there is already another file in the destination location and overwrite option is false.
FileProcessed	Info	Orchestration	The file is processed by FTP activity and is left in place.
FileProcessingError	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while processing the file.
FtpPatternConversion	Warning	Orchestration	In the versions greater than 3.6 FTP use different style of pattern. If project is published from studio version before that, FTP will automatically change the pattern to new style.
GetAfter	Info	Orchestration	Response received when a file was downloaded to the remote server.
GetBefore	Info	Orchestration	In process of downloading a file to the remote server.
GetInfoSummary	Info	Orchestration	A complete summary of get file activity configuration.
InternalException	Severe	Orchestration	A internal error occurred while executing FTP activity.
ListAfter	Info	Orchestration	Response received when the directory was listed on the remote server.
ListBefore	Info	Orchestration	In process of listing a directory on the remote server.
ListFileSummary	Info	Orchestration	A complete summary of list file activity configuration.
NListAfter	Info	Orchestration	Response received when the directory was name listed on the remote server.
NListBefore	Info	Orchestration	In process of name listing a directory on the remote server.
OperationError	Severe	Orchestration	FTP activity was unable to perform operation on FTP server.

Notification	Level	System	Description
PutAfter	Info	Orchestration	Response received when a file was uploaded to the remote server.
PutBefore	Info	Orchestration	In process of uploading a file to the remote server.
PutDuplicateFileName	Severe	Orchestration	File with same name exists on the specified server location. Configuration specified not to overwrite, so erroring out.
PutEmptyFileName	Severe	Orchestration	The file name specified in put activity is empty.
PutInfoSummary	Info	Orchestration	A complete summary of put file activity configuration.
RenameAfter	Info	Orchestration	Response received when a file was renamed to the remote server.
RenameBefore	Info	Orchestration	In process of renaming a file to the remote server.
RenameDupError	Severe	Orchestration	Rename operation errored as file with same name already exists.
RenameInfoSummary	Info	Orchestration	A complete summary of get file activity configuration.
SshFingerprintInfo	Info	Orchestration	SSH finger print information for communication with FTP server.
SshModeInfo	Info	Orchestration	SSH mode information for communication with FTP server.
TimeStampError	Warning	Orchestration	The timestamp command is not supported by the FTP server. Continuing the FTP activity operation using default timestamp.
TimestampCommand	Warning	Orchestration	The timestamp command is not supported by the FTP server. Continuing the FTP activity operation.
UnableToDelete	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while deleting file from the specified location.
UnableToMove	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while moving file to destination location.

- [FTP Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the FTP Module.
- [FTP Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the FTP Module.
- [FTP Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the FTP Module.

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FTP Connection Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the FTP Module.

- [ConnectionFailure](#)
The FTP operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
- [ConnectionRetry](#)
The FTP operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Parent topic: [FTP Module](#)

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ConnectionFailure

The FTP operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to the server "{ServerName}" after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6cConnectionFailureEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The ConnectionFailure message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionFailure Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ServerName

The server name to which connection failed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6cEv1ServerName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.1.1.1.1

6. NumberOfRetryAttempts

The total number of attempted retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6cEv1NumberOfRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.1.1.1.2

7. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [FTP Connection Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/ftp/ftp_connection_connectionfailure_message.html

ConnectionRetry

The FTP operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to the server "{ServerName}". Error is: {Message} Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6cConnectionRetryEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The ConnectionRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionRetry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ServerName

The server name to which connection failed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6cEv2ServerName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.1.1.2.1

6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

7. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6cEv2RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.1.1.2.3

8. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6cEv2TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.1.1.2.4

9. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6cEv2IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.1.1.2.5

Parent topic: [FTP Connection Notifications](#)

FTP Operation Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the FTP Module.

- [AppendAfter](#)
Response received after issuing an append command to the file on remote server.
- [AppendBefore](#)
In process of issuing an append command to the file on remote server.
- [DeleteAfter](#)
Response received when a file was deleted from the remote server.
- [DeleteBefore](#)
In process of deleting a file to the remote server.
- [DeleteDupListEntry](#)
Duplicate list is at maximum capacity. Removing a file from the duplicate list.
- [DeleteInfoSummary](#)
A complete summary of delete file activity configuration.
- [DirChangeAfter](#)
Changed to the specified directory on remote server.
- [DirChangeBefore](#)
Changing directory on the remote server.
- [DuplicateFile](#)
The file was previously processed by FTP poll activity.
- [EndpointInfoSummary](#)
A complete summary of endpoint information specified.
- [FileNotMoved](#)
File was not moved from original location as there is already another file in the destination location and overwrite option is false.
- [FileProcessed](#)
The file is processed by FTP activity and is left in place.
- [FileProcessingError](#)
Error occurred while processing the file.
- [FtpPatternConversion](#)
In the versions greater than 3.6 FTP use different style of pattern. If project is published from studio version before that, FTP will automatically change the pattern to new style.
- [GetAfter](#)
Response received when a file was downloaded to the remote server.
- [GetBefore](#)
In process of downloading a file to the remote server.
- [GetInfoSummary](#)
A complete summary of get file activity configuration.
- [ListAfter](#)
Response received when the directory was listed on the remote server.
- [ListBefore](#)
In process of listing a directory on the remote server.
- [ListFileSummary](#)
A complete summary of list file activity configuration.

- [NListAfter](#)
Response received when the directory was name listed on the remote server.
- [NListBefore](#)
In process of name listing a directory on the remote server.
- [OperationError](#)
FTP activity was unable to perform operation on FTP server.
- [PutAfter](#)
Response received when a file was uploaded to the remote server.
- [PutBefore](#)
In process of uploading a file to the remote server.
- [PutDuplicateFileName](#)
File with same name exists on the specified server location. Configuration specified not to overwrite, so erroring out.
- [PutEmptyFileName](#)
The file name specified in put activity is empty.
- [PutInfoSummary](#)
A complete summary of put file activity configuration.
- [RenameAfter](#)
Response received when a file was renamed to the remote server.
- [RenameBefore](#)
In process of renaming a file to the remote server.
- [RenameDupError](#)
Rename operation errored as file with same name already exists.
- [RenameInfoSummary](#)
A complete summary of get file activity configuration.
- [SshFingerprintInfo](#)
SSH finger print information for communication with FTP server.
- [SshModeInfo](#)
SSH mode information for communication with FTP server.
- [TimeStampError](#)
The timestamp command is not supported by the FTP server. Continuing the FTP activity operation using default timestamp.
- [TimestampCommand](#)
The timestamp command is not supported by the FTP server. Continuing the FTP activity operation.
- [UnableToDelete](#)
Error occurred while deleting file from the specified location.
- [UnableToMove](#)
Error occurred while moving file to destination location.

Parent topic: [FTP Module](#)

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AppendAfter

Response received after issuing an append command to the file on remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Append data to file "{FileName}" completed with return code {ResponseCode}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oAppendAfterEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The AppendAfter message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AppendAfter Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. FileName</p> <p>Name of the file to which append command was issued.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv4FileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.4.1


6. ResponseCode

Response code returned by the remote server on the append command.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv4ResponseCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.4.2

Parent topic: [FTP Operation Notifications](#)

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AppendBefore

In process of issuing an append command to the file on remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Appending data to file "{FileName}".*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oAppendBeforeEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The AppendBefore message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AppendBefore Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. FileName

Name of the file to which append command is being issued.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv3FileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.3.1

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DeleteAfter

Response received when a file was deleted from the remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : Deleted file "{FileName}" on server with return code {ResponseCode}.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oDeleteAfterEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The DeleteAfter message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DeleteAfter Message Variables


<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. FileName</p> <p>Name of the file which was deleted.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv12FileName</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.12.1</i>
<p>6. ResponseCode</p>

Response code returned by the remote server when file was deleted.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv12ResponseCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.12.2

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DeleteBefore

In process of deleting a file to the remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Deleting file "{FileName}" on server.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oDeleteBeforeEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The DeleteBefore message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DeleteBefore Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. FileName

Name of the file which is being deleted.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv11FileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.11.1

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DeleteDupListEntry

Duplicate list is at maximum capacity. Removing a file from the duplicate list.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Duplicate list is at capacity, removing file "{FileName}" from duplicate list.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oDeleteDupListEntryEv20*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *20*

The DeleteDupLIstEntry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DeleteDupLIstEntry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. FileName</p> <p>File name removed from duplicate list to purge it.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv20FileName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.20.1

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DeleteInfoSummary

A complete summary of delete file activity configuration.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Delete file summary - Directory: {DirName}, Filename: {FileName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oDeleteInfoSummaryEv34*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *34*

Variables

The DeleteInfoSummary message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DeleteInfoSummary Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p>

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. DirName

Directory name specified in the configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv34DirName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.34.1


6. FileName

File name specified in the configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv34FileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.34.2

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DirChangeAfter

Changed to the specified directory on remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Changed directory to "{DirectoryName}" completed with return code {ResponseCode}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oDirChangeAfterEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The DirChangeAfter message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DirChangeAfter Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. DirectoryName

Name of the directory on remote server.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv2DirectoryName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.2.1

6. ResponseCode

Response code returned by the remote server on the change directory command.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv2ResponseCode
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.2.2

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DirChangeBefore

Changing directory on the remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Changing to directory "{DirectoryName}".*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oDirChangeBeforeEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The DirChangeBefore message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DirChangeBefore Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. DirectoryName

Name of the directory on remote server.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv1DirectoryName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.1.1

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DuplicateFile

The file was previously processed by FTP poll activity.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *File named "{FileName}" has already been processed previously. The previous timestamp was {Timestamp}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oDuplicateFileEv24*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *24*

Variables

The DuplicateFile message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DuplicateFile Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. FileName

The name of the file that was previously processed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv24FileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.24.1


6. Timestamp

The time at which file was last processed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv24Timestamp
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.24.2

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EndpointInfoSummary

A complete summary of endpoint information specified.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *FTP Endpoint Summary - Host: {HostName}, Port: {PortName}, UserName: {UserName}, Protocol: {Protocol}, Timeout: {Timeout}, FTP Mode: {FtpMode}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEndpointInfoSummaryEv36*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *36*

Variables

The EndpointInfoSummary message contains the following variables:

Table 1. EndpointInfoSummary Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p>

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. HostName

Host name specified in the endpoint configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv36HostName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.36.1

6. PortName

Port name specified in the endpoint configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv36PortName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.36.2

7. UserName

User name specified in the endpoint configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv36UserName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.36.3

8. Protocol

Protocol specified in the endpoint configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv36Protocol
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.36.4

9. Timeout

Timeout specified in the endpoint configuration.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv36Timeout
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.36.5

10. FtpMode

Active or Passive mode specified in the endpoint configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv36FtpMode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.36.6

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FileNotMoved

File was not moved from original location as there is already another file in the destination location and overwrite option is false.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *File "{FileName}" kept in place, will not overwrite.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oFileNotMovedEv21*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *21*

Variables

The FileNotMoved message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FileNotMoved Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. FileName

The name of the file which was not moved.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv21FileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.21.1

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FileProcessed

The file is processed by FTP activity and is left in place.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Processed file "{FileName}". Leaving in place.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oFileProcessedEv25*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *25*

Variables

The FileProcessed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FileProcessed Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. FileName

The name of the file that was processed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv25FileName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.25.1

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FileProcessingError

Error occurred while processing the file.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error processing file "{FileName}". Error is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oFileProcessingErrorEv26*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *26*

Variables

The FileProcessingError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FileProcessingError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. FileName</p> <p>The name of the file that was not processed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv26FileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.26.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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FtpPatternConversion

In the versions greater than 3.6 FTP use different style of pattern. If project is published from studio version before that, FTP will automatically change the pattern to new style.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Automatically converting old style FTP filename pattern from "{OldStylePattern}" to "{NewStylePattern}". Please republish project from Studio version 3.6 or later to eliminate this warning.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oFtpPatternConversionEv17

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 17

Variables

The FtpPatternConversion message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FtpPatternConversion Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. OldStylePattern

Old style pattern sent to FTP activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv17OldStylePattern
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.17.1


6. NewStylePattern

New style pattern automatically generated by FTP activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv17NewStylePattern
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.17.2

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GetAfter

Response received when a file was downloaded to the remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Downloaded file "{FileName}" from server with return code {ResponseCode}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oGetAfterEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The GetAfter message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GetAfter Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. FileName

Name of the file which was downloaded.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv8FileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.8.1


6. ResponseCode

Response code returned by the remote server when file was downloaded.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv8ResponseCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.8.2

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GetBefore

In process of downloading a file to the remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Downloading file "{FileName}" from server.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oGetBeforeEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *7*

Variables

The GetBefore message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GetBefore Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. FileName

Name of the file which is being downloaded.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv7FileName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.7.1

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GetInfoSummary

A complete summary of get file activity configuration.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Get file summary - Directory: {DirName}, Filename: {FileName}, IsBinary? {BinaryOption}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oGetInfoSummaryEv30*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *30*

Variables

The GetInfoSummary message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GetInfoSummary Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. DirName</p> <p>Directory name specified in the configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv30DirName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.30.1

6. FileName

File name specified in the configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv30FileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.30.2


7. BinaryOption

Binary or Text value specified in the configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv30BinaryOption
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.30.3

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ListAfter

Response received when the directory was listed on the remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Listing completed with a return code {ResponseCode}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oListAfterEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The ListAfter message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ListAfter Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ResponseCode

Response code returned by the remote server when the directory was listed.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv14ResponseCode
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.14.1

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In process of listing a directory on the remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Getting a listing for pattern "{Pattern}" for current directory.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oListBeforeEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The ListBefore message contains the following variables:


Table 1. ListBefore Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Pattern</p> <p>The pattern match used to list the directory.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv13Pattern
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.13.1

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ListFileSummary

A complete summary of list file activity configuration.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *List directory summary - Directory: {DirName}, Pattern: {Pattern}, NLIST? {ListOption}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oListFileSummaryEv35*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *35*

Variables

The ListFileSummary message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ListFileSummary Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. DirName

Directory name specified in the configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv35DirName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.35.1

6. Pattern

Pattern specified in the configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv35Pattern
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.35.2


7. ListOption

List or NList option specified in the configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv35ListOption
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.35.3

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Response received when the directory was name listed on the remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Name listing completed with a return code {ResponseCode}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oNListAfterEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*

Variables

The NListAfter message contains the following variables:


Table 1. NListAfter Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ResponseCode</p> <p>Response code returned by the remote server when the directory was name listed.</p>

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv16ResponseCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.16.1

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NListBefore

In process of name listing a directory on the remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Getting a name listing for pattern "{Pattern}" for current directory.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oNListBeforeEv15

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 15

Variables

The NListBefore message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NListBefore Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Pattern

The pattern match used to name list the directory.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv15Pattern
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.15.1

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OperationError

FTP activity was unable to perform operation on FTP server.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to perform operation "{OperationName}" . Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oOperationErrorEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables

The OperationError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OperationError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. OperationName</p> <p>Name of the operation that could not be performed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv18OperationName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.18.1
<p>6. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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PutAfter

Response received when a file was uploaded to the remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Uploaded file "{FileName}" to server with return code {ResponseCode}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oPutAfterEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *6*

Variables

The PutAfter message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PutAfter Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. FileName

Name of the file which was uploaded.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv6FileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.6.1


6. ResponseCode

Response code returned by the remote server when file was uploaded.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv6ResponseCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.6.2

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/ftp/ftp_operation_putafter_message.html

PutBefore

In process of uploading a file to the remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Uploading file "{FileName}" to server.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oPutBeforeEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

Variables

The PutBefore message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PutBefore Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. FileName</p> <p>Name of the file which is being uploaded.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv5FileName • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.5.1

Parent topic: [FTP Operation Notifications](#)

PutDuplicateFileName

File with same name exists on the specified server location. Configuration specified not to overwrite, so erroring out.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *{FileName}: File with the same name exists on the FTP server. It is a duplicate!*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oPutDuplicateFileNameEv28*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *28*

Variables

The PutDuplicateFileName message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PutDuplicateFileName Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. FileName

The name of file which already existed on the specified location.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv28FileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.28.1

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PutEmptyFileName

The file name specified in put activity is empty.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Filename is empty. Please specify valid filename.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oPutEmptyFileNameEv29*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *29*

Variables

The PutEmptyFileName message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PutEmptyFileName Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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PutInfoSummary

A complete summary of put file activity configuration.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Put file summary - Directory: {DirName}, Filename: {FileName}, Overwrite? {OverwriteOption}, IsBinary? {BinaryOption}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oPutInfoSummaryEv27*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

Variables

The PutInfoSummary message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PutInfoSummary Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. DirName</p> <p>Directory name specified in the configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv27DirName • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.27.1
<p>6. FileName</p> <p>File name specified in the configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv27FileName

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.27.2

7. OverwriteOption

Overwrite Option specified in the configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv27OverwriteOption
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.27.3


8. BinaryOption

Binary or Text value specified in the configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv27BinaryOption
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.27.4

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RenameAfter

Response received when a file was renamed to the remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Renamed file from "{SrcFileName}" to "{DestFileName}" with return code {ResponseCode}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oRenameAfterEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The RenameAfter message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RenameAfter Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. SrcFileName

Name of the file which was renamed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv10SrcFileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.10.1

6. DestFileName

Name of the file which the file was renamed to.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv10DestFileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.10.2

7. ResponseCode

Response code returned by the remote server when file was renamed.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv10ResponseCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.10.3

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RenameBefore

In process of renaming a file to the remote server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Renaming file from "{SrcFileName}" to "{DestFileName}".*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oRenameBeforeEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The RenameBefore message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RenameBefore Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. SrcFileName

Name of the file which is being renamed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv9SrcFileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.9.1


6. DestFileName

Name of the file which the file is being renamed to.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv9DestFileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.9.2

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RenameDupError

Rename operation errored as file with same name already exists.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *{FileName}: File with the same name exists on the FTP server. It is a duplicate!*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oRenameDupErrorEv33*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

Variables

The RenameDupError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RenameDupError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. FileName</p> <p>The name of file for whihc rename operation failed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv33FileName • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.33.1

Parent topic: [FTP Operation Notifications](#)

RenameInfoSummary

A complete summary of get file activity configuration.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Rename file summary - fromDirectory: {DirName}, fromFilename: {FromFileName}, toPath: {ToPath}, Overwrite: {OverwriteOption}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oRenameInfoSummaryEv32*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *32*

Variables

The RenameInfoSummary message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RenameInfoSummary Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. DirName

Directory name specified in the configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv32DirName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.32.1

6. FromFileName

Source file name specified in the configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv32FromFileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.32.2

7. ToPath

Destination path specified in the configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv32ToPath
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.32.3


8. OverwriteOption

Overwrite option specified in the configuration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv32OverwriteOption
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.32.4

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/ftp/ftp_operation_renameinfosummary_message.html

SSH finger print information for communication with FTP server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Finger print for host: {HostName} is {FingerprintInfo}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oSshFingerprintInfoEv37*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *37*

Variables

The SshFingerprintInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SshFingerprintInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. HostName</p> <p>Host name for which finger print information is specified.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv37HostName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.37.1


6. FingerprintInfo

Finger print information for the specified host.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv37FingerprintInfo
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.37.2

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SshModeInfo

SSH mode information for communication with FTP server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The SFTP key access is: {ModeInformation}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oSshModeInfoEv38*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *38*

Variables

The SshModeInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SshModeInfo Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ModeInformation

SSH mode information for the communication with FTP server.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv38ModeInformation
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.38.1

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/ftp/ftp_operation_sshmodeinfo_message.html

TimeStampError

The timestamp command is not supported by the FTP server. Continuing the FTP activity operation using default timestamp.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *MDTM command is not supported by FTP server, using default timestamp of "Jan 1, 1970" instead.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oTimeStampErrorEv31*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *31*

Variables

The TimeStampError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TimeStampError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/ftp/ftp_operation_timestamperror_message.html

TimestampCommand

The timestamp command is not supported by the FTP server. Continuing the FTP activity operation.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *MDTM command is not supported by FTP server, using timestamp from listing instead. Please consult manual for possible side effects.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oTimestampCommandEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *19*

Variables

The TimestampCommand message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TimestampCommand Message Variables


<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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UnableToDelete

Error occurred while deleting file from the specified location.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Could not delete file "{FileName}" after processing. Error is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oUnableToDeleteEv23*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *23*

Variables

The UnableToDelete message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnableToDelete Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. FileName

The name of file which was not deleted.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv23FileName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.23.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [FTP Operation Notifications](#)

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UnableToMove

Error occurred while moving file to destination location.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Could not move file "{FileName}" after processing. Error is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oUnableToMoveEv22*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *22*

Variables

The UnableToMove message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnableToMove Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. FileName</p> <p>The name of file which was not moved.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6oEv22FileName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.2.1.22.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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FTP Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the FTP Module.

- [EncodingError](#)
The data encoding specified is not supported by FTP activity.
- [InternalException](#)
A internal error occurred while executing FTP activity.

Parent topic: [FTP Module](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/ftp/ftp_internal_notifications_list.html

EncodingError

The data encoding specified is not supported by FTP activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *The data encoding specified: \"{DataEncoding}\" is not supported.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6iEncodingErrorEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 2


Variables

The EncodingError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. EncodingError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. DataEncoding</p> <p>The data encoding that is not supported by FTP activity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6iEv2DataEncoding</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.3.1.2.1</i>

Parent topic: [FTP Internal Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/ftp/ftp_internal_encodingerror_message.html

InternalException

A internal error occurred while executing FTP activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *General FTP module exception. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-FTP-MIB::ciC6iInternalExceptionEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.6.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The InternalException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InternalException Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [FTP Internal Notifications](#)

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HTTP Module

The HTTP Module provides HTTP/HTTPS client and server facilities. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the HTTP Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the HTTP Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the HTTP Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the HTTP Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
AcceptEncodingType	Info	Orchestration	The type of Accept-Encoding in the request-header field.
ClientConMgrTimeout	Info	Orchestration	Setting the client connection manager timeout value. This is configurable on the JConsole.


Notification	Level	System	Description
ClientIdleTimeout	Info	Orchestration	The amount of idle time for the connection after which the connection can be reclaimed. This is configurable from the JConsole.
ClientMaxTotalConn	Info	Orchestration	Setting the client connection manager maximum number of connections from the JConsole.
ClientReclaimPeriod	Info	Orchestration	The number of seconds to wait before the reclaim thread is run to reclaim an idle connection. This is set from the JConsole.
CommonHandlerError	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred handling the request received by the activity. Possible reasons are I/O or operation exceptions.
CompressFormat	Info	Orchestration	Indicates the type of Content-Encoding in the response from the server.
ConnectionRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The send request operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
ContentEncodingType	Info	Orchestration	The type of Content-Encoding used in the header in the outgoing request.
DecompressedEncoding	Info	Orchestration	Content-Encoding of the incoming request to the receive activity.
EndpointInformation	Info	Orchestration	Request for endpoint information.
GeneralRequestFailed	Severe	Orchestration	The send request failed while executing the activity.
HttpListenerStop	Info	Orchestration	Information regarding the stopping of a listener on a specific port.
HttpLoopBackValues	Info	Orchestration	Loopback port values set by the user, on the JConsole, and persisted in the sysconf.
IdleConTimeoutStart	Info	Orchestration	The idle connection timeout thread is enabled.
IdleConTimeoutStop	Info	Orchestration	The idle connection thread is disabled.
IncomingContentEnc	Info	Orchestration	The Content-Encoding type in the request header received by the receive activity
LoopBackInitialize	Info	Orchestration	Loopback values for initializing the MBean. It is set on the JConsole.
ReadConnectionParam	Info	Orchestration	The input connection parameter is not mapped by the user.
ReadInputHeaders	Info	Orchestration	The input parameter header is not mapped by the user.
ReceiveActivate	Severe	Orchestration	The receive activity failed to activate.
ReceiveDeActivate	Severe	Orchestration	The receive activity failed to stop.
ReceiveIOError	Severe	Orchestration	An I/O error occurred while the receive activity processed the request. Possible cause might be a broken connection.

Notification	Level	System	Description
ReceiveInternalError	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while the receive activity processed the request.
ReceiveOperationError	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while processing the request received by the receive activity due to an unsupported Accept-Charset encoding.
ReceiveResponseBody	Info	Orchestration	The response sent by the receive activity to a request.
ReceiveSendReplyError	Severe	Orchestration	A connection problem caused an error while sending the response from the receive activity.
ReceiveURIPortInfo	Info	Orchestration	Information regarding the URI and Port where the server is listening.
RegisterKeyStore	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while registering the key store.
ReplyCompressFormat	Info	Orchestration	The Content-Encoding used by the send reply activity.
ReplyConnectionError	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while sending the response. Probable cause is a connection error.
ReplyGeneralError	Severe	Orchestration	An internal error occurred while sending the reply from the receive activity.
ReplyHandlerNull	Severe	Orchestration	Connection handler stored in the receive activity and retrieved by the reply activity is null. This is an internal error and likely caused by an out of memory error or an appliance reboot while executing an activity.
ReplyUnMarshalHeader	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while reading input headers in the reply activity.
ReplyUnknownError	Severe	Orchestration	An unknown exception occurred while sending the response to the client.
RequestActivate	Severe	Orchestration	The request activity failed to activate.
RequestIgnoredHeader	Info	Orchestration	The header was ignored because it is not a supported type. Supported types are gzip, deflate or compress.
RequestParamsDetails	Info	Orchestration	Parameter details, including URL and method, used for the post activity
ResponseBodyBinary	Info	Orchestration	The response body is binary.
ResponseBodyNotBinary	Info	Orchestration	The response body is not binary.
ResponseDefinition	Info	Orchestration	Response definition received from the server for the performed post.
SendRequestConnection	Severe	Orchestration	The send request operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
SendRequestOperation	Severe	Orchestration	The Send Request operation failed either while starting the activity or while executing it. Caused by an I/O or operation exception.
ServerResponseCode	Info	Orchestration	Post response code received from the server.

Notification	Level	System	Description
SockCollectorFinish	Info	Orchestration	Information about the completion status of the Socket Janitor. The Socket Janitor is configured on the JConsole.
SockCollectorRunInfo	Info	Orchestration	Information about this run of the Socket Janitor. The Socket Janitor is configured on the JConsole.
SockCollectorSched	Info	Orchestration	Sets the frequency for garbage collection by the Socket Janitor. It is set on the JConsole.
StaleConnectionCheck	Info	Orchestration	Specifies if the stale connection check should be run on the connection manager. This is set (True or False) from the JConsole.
UnSupportedMedia	Warning	Orchestration	Request is an unsupported media type.
UnsolicitedEncoding	Severe	Orchestration	The server reply contains Content-Encoding which is not acceptable by the client.
UnsupportedEncoding	Severe	Orchestration	The Content-Encoding in the request header is not supported by the receive activity.

- [HTTP Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the HTTP Module.
- [HTTP Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the HTTP Module.
- [HTTP Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the HTTP Module.

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HTTP Connection Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the HTTP Module.


- [ClientConMgrTimeout](#)
Setting the client connection manager timeout value. This is configurable on the JConsole.
- [ClientIdleTimeout](#)
The amount of idle time for the connection after which the connection can be reclaimed. This is configurable from the JConsole.
- [ClientMaxTotalConn](#)
Setting the client connection manager maximum number of connections from the JConsole.
- [ClientReclaimPeriod](#)
The number of seconds to wait before the reclaim thread is run to reclaim an idle connection. This is set

from the JConsole.

- [ConnectionRetry](#)
The send request operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
- [EndpointInformation](#)
Request for endpoint information.
- [HttpLoopBackValues](#)
Loopback port values set by the user, on the JConsole, and persisted in the sysconf.
- [ReadConnectionParam](#)
The input connection parameter is not mapped by the user.
- [ReceiveActivate](#)
The receive activity failed to activate.
- [ReceiveDeActivate](#)
The receive activity failed to stop.
- [ReceiveIOError](#)
An I/O error occurred while the receive activity processed the request. Possible cause might be a broken connection.
- [ReceiveSendReplyError](#)
A connection problem caused an error while sending the response from the receive activity.
- [ReplyConnectionError](#)
An error occurred while sending the response. Probable cause is a connection error.
- [SendRequestConnection](#)
The send request operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
- [StaleConnectionCheck](#)
Specifies if the stale connection check should be run on the connection manager. This is set (True or False) from the JConsole.

Parent topic: [HTTP Module](#)

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ClientConMgrTimeout

Setting the client connection manager timeout value. This is configurable on the JConsole.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Setting the client connection manager timeout at {TimeoutValue} seconds.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cClientConMgrTimeoutEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

The ClientConMgrTimeout message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ClientConMgrTimeout Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. TimeoutValue</p> <p>The timeout value set for the client connection manager.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cEv11TimeoutValue• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1.1.11.1

Parent topic: [HTTP Connection Notifications](#)

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ClientIdleTimeout

The amount of idle time for the connection after which the connection can be reclaimed. This is configurable from the JConsole.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Setting the client connection idle timeout at {TimeoutValue} seconds.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cClientIdleTimeoutEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The ClientIdleTimeout message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ClientIdleTimeout Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. TimeoutValue

The Idle Timeout value set for a client connection.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cEv13TimeoutValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1.1.13.1

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ClientMaxTotalConn

Setting the client connection manager maximum number of connections from the JConsole.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Setting the client connection manager maximum number of connections at {MaxConnections}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cClientMaxTotalConnEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The ClientMaxTotalConn message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ClientMaxTotalConn Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. MaxConnections

The maximum number of connections for the client connection manager.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cEv12MaxConnections
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1.1.12.1

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ClientReclaimPeriod

The number of seconds to wait before the reclaim thread is run to reclaim an idle connection. This is set from the JConsole.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Setting the client connection reclaim period at {ReclaimPeriodValue} seconds.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cClientReclaimPeriodEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The ClientReclaimPeriod message contains the following variables:


Table 1. ClientReclaimPeriod Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ReclaimPeriodValue</p> <p>The number of seconds to wait before the reclaim thread is run to reclaim an idle connection.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cEv14ReclaimPeriodValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1.1.14.1

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ConnectionRetry

The send request operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to the server. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cConnectionRetryEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The ConnectionRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionRetry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

6. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cEv2RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1.1.2.2

7. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cEv2TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1.1.2.3

8. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cEv2IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1.1.2.4

Parent topic: [HTTP Connection Notifications](#)

EndpointInformation

Request for endpoint information.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *{Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cEndpointInformationEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The EndpointInformation message contains the following variables:

Table 1. EndpointInformation Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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HttpLoopBackValues

Loopback port values set by the user, on the JConsole, and persisted in the sysconf.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The loopback port values persisted in the sysconf: {LoopBackString}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cHttpLoopBackValuesEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The HttpLoopBackValues message contains the following variables:

Table 1. HttpLoopBackValues Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. LoopBackString

String containing the loopback port values set on the JConsole.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cEv9LoopBackString
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1.1.9.1

Parent topic: [HTTP Connection Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/http/http_connection_httloopbackvalues_message.html

ReadConnectionParam

The input connection parameter is not mapped by the user.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The input connection parameter is not mapped.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cReadConnectionParamEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *3*

Variables

The ReadConnectionParam message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReadConnectionParam Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

Parent topic: [HTTP Connection Notifications](#)

ReceiveActivate

The receive activity failed to activate.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while activating the activity. Exception: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cReceiveActivateEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The ReceiveActivate message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveActivate Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveDeActivate

The receive activity failed to stop.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while stopping the receive activity. Exception: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cReceiveDeActivateEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The ReceiveDeActivate message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveDeActivate Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveIOError

An I/O error occurred while the receive activity processed the request. Possible cause might be a broken connection.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An I/O error occurred while processing the request. Exception: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cReceiveIOErrorEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The ReceiveIOError message contains the following variables:


Table 1. ReceiveIOError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveSendReplyError

A connection problem caused an error while sending the response from the receive activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *A connection error occurred while sending the receive activity response. Exception: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cReceiveSendReplyErrorEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables

The ReceiveSendReplyError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveSendReplyError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReplyConnectionError

An error occurred while sending the response. Probable cause is a connection error.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *A connection error occurred while sending the response. Error is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cReplyConnectionErrorEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables


The ReplyConnectionError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReplyConnectionError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SendRequestConnection

The send request operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to server after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cSendRequestConnectionEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The SendRequestConnection message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SendRequestConnection Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. NumberOfRetryAttempts

The total number of attempted retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cEv1NumberOfRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1.1.1.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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StaleConnectionCheck

Specifies if the stale connection check should be run on the connection manager. This is set (True or False) from the JConsole.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Setting the stale connection check at {StaleConnection}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cStaleConnectionCheckEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *15*

Variables

The StaleConnectionCheck message contains the following variables:

Table 1. StaleConnectionCheck Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. StaleConnection

Value (True or False) of stale connection check.

- **Type** : Boolean
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1cEv15StaleConnection
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.1.1.15.1

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HTTP Operation Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the HTTP Module.

- [AcceptEncodingType](#)
The type of Accept-Encoding in the request-header field.
- [CommonHandlerError](#)
An error occurred handling the request received by the activity. Possible reasons are I/O or operation exceptions.
- [CompressFormat](#)
Indicates the type of Content-Encoding in the response from the server.
- [ContentEncodingType](#)
The type of Content-Encoding used in the header in the outgoing request.
- [DecompressedEncoding](#)
Content-Encoding of the incoming request to the receive activity.
- [HttpListenerStop](#)
Information regarding the stopping of a listener on a specific port.
- [IncomingContentEnc](#)
The Content-Encoding type in the request header received by the receive activity
- [ReadInputHeaders](#)
The input parameter header is not mapped by the user.
- [ReceiveOperationError](#)
An error occurred while processing the request received by the receive activity due to an unsupported Accept-Charset encoding.
- [ReceiveResponseBody](#)
The response sent by the receive activity to a request.
- [ReceiveURIPortInfo](#)
Information regarding the URI and Port where the server is listening.
- [RegisterKeyStore](#)
An error occurred while registering the key store.
- [ReplyCompressFormat](#)
The Content-Encoding used by the send reply activity.
- [ReplyUnMarshalHeader](#)
An error occurred while reading input headers in the reply activity.
- [RequestActivate](#)
The request activity failed to activate.
- [RequestIgnoredHeader](#)
The header was ignored because it is not a supported type. Supported types are gzip, deflate or compress.
- [RequestParamsDetails](#)
Parameter details, including URL and method, used for the post activity
- [ResponseBodyBinary](#)
The response body is binary.
- [ResponseBodyNotBinary](#)
The response body is not binary.
- [ResponseDefinition](#)
Response definition received from the server for the performed post.
- [SendRequestOperation](#)
The Send Request operation failed either while starting the activity or while executing it. Caused by an I/O or operation exception.
- [ServerResponseCode](#)
Post response code received from the server.
- [UnsupportedMedia](#)
Request is an unsupported media type.
- [UnsolicitedEncoding](#)
The server reply contains Content-Encoding which is not acceptable by the client.

- [UnsupportedEncoding](#)
The Content-Encoding in the request header is not supported by the receive activity.

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AcceptEncodingType

The type of Accept-Encoding in the request-header field.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The type of Accept-Encoding in the request-header field is {AcceptEncodingValue}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oAcceptEncodingTypeEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The AcceptEncodingType message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AcceptEncodingType Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. AcceptEncodingValue

The type of Accept-Encoding header.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv12AcceptEncodingValue
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.12.1

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CommonHandlerError

An error occurred handling the request received by the activity. Possible reasons are I/O or operation exceptions.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An error occurred handling a receive request. Exception: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oCommonHandlerErrorEv22*

SNMP Enterprise : *1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *22*

Variables


The CommonHandlerError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CommonHandlerError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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CompressFormat

Indicates the type of Content-Encoding in the response from the server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The response Content-Encoding from the server is {ContentEncodingValue}. Decompressing the body.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oCompressFormatEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *15*

Variables

The CompressFormat message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CompressFormat Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p>

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ContentEncodingValue

The type of Content-Encoding in the response header.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv15ContentEncodingValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.15.1

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ContentEncodingType

The type of Content-Encoding used in the header in the outgoing request.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The Content-Encoding header is {ContentEncodingValue}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oContentEncodingTypeEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The ContentEncodingType message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ContentEncodingType Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ContentEncodingValue

The type of Content-Encoding used in the header.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv11ContentEncodingValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.11.1

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DecompressedEncoding

Content-Encoding of the incoming request to the receive activity.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The Content-Encoding of the incoming request is {ContentEncodingValue}. Decompressing the body.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oDecompressedEncodingEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The DecompressedEncoding message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DecompressedEncoding Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. ContentEncodingValue</p> <p>Type of Content-Encoding header.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv13ContentEncodingValue</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.13.1</i>

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HttpListenerStop

Information regarding the stopping of a listener on a specific port.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *There are no more activities to listen for on port {PortNumber}. Stopping the listener on port {PortNumber}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oHttpListenerStopEv24*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *24*

Variables

The HttpListenerStop message contains the following variables:

Table 1. HttpListenerStop Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. PortNumber

Port number where the listener is stopped.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv24PortNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.24.1

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IncomingContentEnc

The Content-Encoding type in the request header received by the receive activity

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Content-Encoding header received: {ContentEncodingHeader}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oIncomingContentEncEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *19*

Variables

The IncomingContentEnc message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IncomingContentEnc Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ContentEncodingHeader

The type of Content-Encoding in the request header.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv19ContentEncodingHeader
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.19.1

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ReadInputHeaders

The input parameter header is not mapped by the user.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The input parameter header is not set.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oReadInputHeadersEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*


Variables

The ReadInputHeaders message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReadInputHeaders Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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ReceiveOperationError

An error occurred while processing the request received by the receive activity due to an unsupported Accept-Charset encoding.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An error occurred while trying to process an unsupported Accept-Charset encoding. Exception: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oReceiveOperationErrorEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables

The ReceiveOperationError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveOperationError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveResponseBody

The response sent by the receive activity to a request.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Response is : {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oReceiveResponseBodyEv21*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *21*

Variables


The ReceiveResponseBody message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveResponseBody Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveURIPortInfo

Information regarding the URI and Port where the server is listening.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Parameters: URI: "{URIValue}", Port: {PortValue}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oReceiveURIPortInfoEv23*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *23*

Variables

The ReceiveURIPortInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveURIPortInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. URIValue

The URI the server is listening on.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv23URIValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.23.1


6. PortValue

The port number the server is listening on.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv23PortValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.23.2

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RegisterKeyStore

An error occurred while registering the key store.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An error occurred while setting the key store. Exception: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oRegisterKeyStoreEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *17*

Variables

The RegisterKeyStore message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RegisterKeyStore Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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The Content-Encoding used by the send reply activity.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The response Content-Encoding is {ContentEncodingValue}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oReplyCompressFormatEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The ReplyCompressFormat message contains the following variables:


Table 1. ReplyCompressFormat Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ContentEncodingValue</p> <p>The type of Content-Encoding header.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv14ContentEncodingValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.14.1

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ReplyUnMarshalHeader

An error occurred while reading input headers in the reply activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An error occurred while reading headers. Exception: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oReplyUnMarshalHeaderEv25*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *25*

Variables

The ReplyUnMarshalHeader message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReplyUnMarshalHeader Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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RequestActivate

The request activity failed to activate.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An exception occurred while activating the activity. The exception is :{Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oRequestActivateEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*

Variables


The RequestActivate message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RequestActivate Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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RequestIgnoredHeader

The header was ignored because it is not a supported type. Supported types are gzip, deflate or compress.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The Value:"{HeaderVal}" set for Http Header:"{HeaderName}" was ignored because the type is not supported.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oRequestIgnoredHeaderEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The RequestIgnoredHeader message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RequestIgnoredHeader Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p>

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. HeaderVal

The incorrect type.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv1HeaderVal
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.1.1


6. HeaderName

The header containing the incorrect type.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv1HeaderName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.1.2

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RequestParamsDetails

Parameter details, including URL and method, used for the post activity

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Parameters: URL: "{URL}", Method: "{MethodName}"*.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oRequestParamsDetailsEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The RequestParamsDetails message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RequestParamsDetails Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. URL

The URL used to perform Http post.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv6URL
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.6.1

6. MethodName

Method specified for the post activity

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv6MethodName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.6.2

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ResponseBodyBinary

The response body is binary.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The response is binary.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oResponseBodyBinaryEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *9*

Variables

The ResponseBodyBinary message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ResponseBodyBinary Message Variables


<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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ResponseBodyNotBinary

The response body is not binary.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The response is not binary.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oResponseBodyNotBinaryEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The ResponseBodyNotBinary message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ResponseBodyNotBinary Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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ResponseDefinition

Response definition received from the server for the performed post.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Response definition received from the server: {ResponseDef}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oResponseDefinitionEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The ResponseDefinition message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ResponseDefinition Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ResponseDef

Response message received from the server. For example, OK for success.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv8ResponseDef
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.8.1

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SendRequestOperation

The Send Request operation failed either while starting the activity or while executing it. Caused by an I/O or operation exception.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *The request operation failed. Exception: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oSendRequestOperationEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The SendRequestOperation message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SendRequestOperation Message Variables


<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p>

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ServerResponseCode

Post response code received from the server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Post response code received from the server: {ResponseCode}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oServerResponseCodeEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *7*

Variables

The ServerResponseCode message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ServerResponseCode Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ResponseCode

Response code received from the server. For example, 200 is for success.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv7ResponseCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.7.1

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UnsupportedMedia

Request is an unsupported media type.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Request is an unsupported media type. Response definition: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oUnsupportedMediaEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

The UnSupportedMedia message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnSupportedMedia Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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UnsolicitedEncoding

The server reply contains Content-Encoding which is not acceptable by the client.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *The server response contained an unsolicited Content-Encoding: {ContentEncoding}. Acceptable values are: {AcceptEncoding}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oUnsolicitedEncodingEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The UnsolicitedEncoding message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnsolicitedEncoding Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ContentEncoding

The Content-Encoding in the server reply.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv2ContentEncoding
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1


6. AcceptEncoding

Encodings which are acceptable by the client.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oEv2AcceptEncoding
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.2

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UnsupportedEncoding

The Content-Encoding in the request header is not supported by the receive activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception : {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1oUnsupportedEncodingEv20*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *20*

Variables


The UnsupportedEncoding message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnsupportedEncoding Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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HTTP Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the HTTP Module.

- [GeneralRequestFailed](#)
The send request failed while executing the activity.
- [IdleConTimeoutStart](#)
The idle connection timeout thread is enabled.
- [IdleConTimeoutStop](#)
The idle connection thread is disabled.
- [LoopBackInitialize](#)
Loopback values for initializing the MBean. It is set on the JConsole.
- [ReceiveInternalError](#)
An error occurred while the receive activity processed the request.
- [ReplyGeneralError](#)
An internal error occurred while sending the reply from the receive activity.
- [ReplyHandlerNull](#)
Connection handler stored in the receive activity and retrieved by the reply activity is null. This is an internal error and likely caused by an out of memory error or an appliance reboot while executing an activity.
- [ReplyUnknownError](#)
An unknown exception occurred while sending the response to the client.
- [SockCollectorFinish](#)
Information about the completion status of the Socket Janitor. The Socket Janitor is configured on the JConsole.
- [SockCollectorRunInfo](#)
Information about this run of the Socket Janitor. The Socket Janitor is configured on the JConsole.
- [SockCollectorSched](#)
Sets the frequency for garbage collection by the Socket Janitor. It is set on the JConsole.

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GeneralRequestFailed

The send request failed while executing the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *The send request failed. Exception: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1iGeneralRequestFailedEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*


Variables

The GeneralRequestFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GeneralRequestFailed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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IdleConTimeoutStart

The idle connection timeout thread is enabled.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Starting the idle connection timeout thread.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1iIdleConTimeoutStartEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The IdleConTimeoutStart message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IdleConTimeoutStart Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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IdleConTimeoutStop

The idle connection thread is disabled.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Stopping the idle connection timeout thread.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1iIdleConTimeoutStopEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The IdleConTimeoutStop message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IdleConTimeoutStop Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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LoopBackInitialize

Loopback values for initializing the MBean. It is set on the JConsole.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Initializing the values in the MBean: {LoopBackString}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1iLoopBackInitializeEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables


The LoopBackInitialize message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LoopBackInitialize Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. LoopBackString</p> <p>String containing the port values set for loopback.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1iEv4LoopBackString• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.3.1.4.1

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ReceiveInternalError

An error occurred while the receive activity processed the request.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An error occurred while processing the request. Exception: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1iReceiveInternalErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The ReceiveInternalError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveInternalError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReplyGeneralError

An internal error occurred while sending the reply from the receive activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *A general error occurred while sending the response. Exception: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1iReplyGeneralErrorEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The ReplyGeneralError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReplyGeneralError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReplyHandlerNull

Connection handler stored in the receive activity and retrieved by the reply activity is null. This is an internal error and likely caused by an out of memory error or an appliance reboot while executing an activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Connection handler retrieved from the call context is Null!*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1iReplyHandlerNullEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 5

Variables


The ReplyHandlerNull message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReplyHandlerNull Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>

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ReplyUnknownError

An unknown exception occurred while sending the response to the client.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An unknown exception occurred while sending the response to the client. Exception: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1iReplyUnknownErrorEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *6*

Variables

The ReplyUnknownError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReplyUnknownError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SockCollectorFinish

Information about the completion status of the Socket Janitor. The Socket Janitor is configured on the JConsole.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The Socket Janitor has completed this run.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1iSockCollectorFinishEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The SockCollectorFinish message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SockCollectorFinish Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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SockCollectorRunInfo

Information about this run of the Socket Janitor. The Socket Janitor is configured on the JConsole.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Information about this run of the Socket Janitor.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1iSockCollectorRunInfoEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables


The SockCollectorRunInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SockCollectorRunInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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SockCollectorSched

Sets the frequency for garbage collection by the Socket Janitor. It is set on the JConsole.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Schedules the Socket Janitor to run every {TimeInterval}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1iSockCollectorSchedEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *7*

Variables

The SockCollectorSched message contains the following variables:


Table 1. SockCollectorSched Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. TimeInterval</p> <p>The time interval between runs of the Socket Janitor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-HTTP-MIB::ciC1iEv7TimeInterval
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.1.1.3.1.7.1

Parent topic: [HTTP Internal Notifications](#)

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JD Edwards Module

JD Edwards Module. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the JD Edwards Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the JD Edwards Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB*

MIB OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the JD Edwards Module.


Table 1. Notifications issued by the JD Edwards Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
ActivateSuccessful	Info	Orchestration	JDE activity was activated successfully.
ActivateUnSuccessful	Info	Orchestration	The activity which was not activated successfully. Activity activated, will try to establish connectivity at activity execute time.
ActivityError	Severe	Orchestration	The specified activity was not successful.
ActivitySuccessful	Info	Orchestration	The specified activity was successful.
ClassesMissing	Severe	Orchestration	JDE is missing classes required to start the activity. Please install the libraries from the WMC.
CloseConnectionError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while closing the connection to JDE.
ConnectException	Warning	Orchestration	Error while connecting to JDE.
ConnectPoolRelease	Warning	Orchestration	There was an error while closing the connection pool.
CreateSchemaError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while creating request schema for the business function.
DataStructureError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while creating a schema for the business function name.
DisconnectException	Warning	Orchestration	Error while disconnecting from JDE.

Notification	Level	System	Description
GetConnectionError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while creating a connection to JDE.
JDEConnectError	Severe	Orchestration	The JDE operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
JDEInternalerror	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while processing the request.
JDERetryError	Warning	Orchestration	The JDE operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
MakeConnectionError	Warning	Orchestration	There was an error while creating a connection to destination.
NumberFormatError	Warning	Orchestration	There was an error due to invalid port number.
ResourceCleanError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while closing the statement or result set in database.
ResponseSchemaError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while creating response schema for the business function.
SetUpInfo	Warning	Orchestration	JDE activity got warning or error messages while setting up the specified activity.
UnSupportedEncoding	Severe	Orchestration	Error while processing unsupported encoding.

- [JD Edwards Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the JD Edwards Module.
- [JD Edwards Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the JD Edwards Module.
- [JD Edwards Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the JD Edwards Module.

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JD Edwards Connection Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the JD Edwards Module.

- [ActivateUnSuccessful](#)
The activity which was not activated successfully. Activity activated, will try to establish connectivity at activity execute time.
- [CloseConnectionError](#)
Error occurred while closing the connection to JDE.
- [ConnectException](#)
Error while connecting to JDE.

- [ConnectPoolRelease](#)
There was an error while closing the connection pool.
- [DisconnectException](#)
Error while disconnecting from JDE.
- [GetConnectionError](#)
Error occurred while creating a connection to JDE.
- [JDEConnectError](#)
The JDE operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
- [JDERetryError](#)
The JDE operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
- [MakeConnectionError](#)
There was an error while creating a connection to destination.

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ActivateUnSuccessful

The activity which was not activated successfully. Activity activated, will try to establish connectivity at activity execute time.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Error connecting to JDE system while activating activity {ActivityName}, error is: {Message}. Activity activated, will try to establish connectivity at activity execute time*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cActivateUnSuccessfulEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The ActivateUnSuccessful message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivateUnSuccessful Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

The activity which was activated successfully.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cEv1ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1.1.1.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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CloseConnectionError

Error occurred while closing the connection to JDE.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while closing connection to JDE. The Exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cCloseConnectionErrorEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The CloseConnectionError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CloseConnectionError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [JD Edwards Connection Notifications](#)

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ConnectException

Error while connecting to JDE.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while connecting to JDE. The error is : {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cConnectExceptionEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The ConnectException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectException Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ConnectPoolRelease

There was an error while closing the connection pool.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while closing the connection pool. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cConnectPoolReleaseEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*


Variables

The ConnectPoolRelease message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectPoolRelease Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2</i>

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DisconnectException

Error while disconnecting from JDE.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while disconnecting from JDE. The error is : {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cDisconnectExceptionEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables

The DisconnectException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DisconnectException Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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GetConnectionError

Error occurred while creating a connection to JDE.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while creating connection to JDE. The Exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cGetConnectionErrorEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The GetConnectionError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GetConnectionError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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The JDE operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to JDE after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cJDEConnectErrorEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The JDEConnectError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. JDEConnectError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. NumberOfRetryAttempts</p> <p>The total number of attempted retries.</p>

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cEv2NumberOfRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1.1.2.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [JD Edwards Connection Notifications](#)

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JDERetryError

The JDE operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Connection error while executing activity {ActivityName}. The error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s)*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cJDERetryErrorEv3

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The JDERetryError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. JDERetryError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

The activity which faced errors.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cEv3ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1.1.3.1

6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

7. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cEv3RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1.1.3.3

8. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cEv3TotalRetryAttempts

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1.1.3.4


9. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cEv3IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1.1.3.5

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MakeConnectionError

There was an error while creating a connection to destination.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while creating the connection to destination. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15cMakeConnectionErrorEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The MakeConnectionError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MakeConnectionError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p>

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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JD Edwards Operation Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the JD Edwards Module.

- [ActivateSuccessful](#)
JDE activity was activated successfully.
- [ActivityError](#)
The specified activity was not successful.
- [ActivitySuccessful](#)
The specified activity was successful.

- [ClassesMissing](#)
JDE is missing classes required to start the activity. Please install the libraries from the WMC.
- [CreateSchemaError](#)
Error occurred while creating request schema for the business function.
- [DataStructureError](#)
Error occurred while creating a schema for the business function name.
- [NumberFormatError](#)
There was an error due to invalid port number.
- [ResourceCleanError](#)
Error occurred while closing the statement or result set in database.
- [ResponseSchemaError](#)
Error occurred while creating response schema for the business function.
- [SetUpInfo](#)
JDE activity got warning or error messages while setting up the specified activity.
- [UnsupportedEncoding](#)
Error while processing unsupported encoding.

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ActivateSuccessful

JDE activity was activated successfully.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Activity {ActivityName} activated successfully*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oActivateSuccessfulEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The ActivateSuccessful message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivateSuccessful Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ActivityName

The activity which was activated successfully.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv5ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.5.1

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ActivityError

The specified activity was not successful.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while trying to execute activity {ActivityName}. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oActivityErrorEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The ActivityError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivityError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>The activity which was not successful.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv4ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.4.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ActivitySuccessful

The specified activity was successful.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *{ActivityName} executed and outputted response output parameter*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oActivitySuccessfulEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The ActivitySuccessful message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivitySuccessful Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ActivityName

The activity which was successful.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv3ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.3.1

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ClassesMissing

JDE is missing classes required to start the activity. Please install the libraries from the WMC.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Missing classes when trying to start activity {ActivityName}. JDE library may need to be installed on the appliance. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oClassesMissingEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The ClassesMissing message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ClassesMissing Message Variables


<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>The activity name which failed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv1ActivityName</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.1.1</i>
<p>6. Message</p>

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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CreateSchemaError

Error occurred while creating request schema for the business function.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while creating request schema for the business function {FunctionName}, function code {FunctionCode}, module code {ModuleCode}. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oCreateSchemaErrorEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The CreateSchemaError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CreateSchemaError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. FunctionName

The name of function for which error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv8FunctionName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.8.1

6. FunctionCode

The code of function for which error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv8FunctionCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.8.2

7. ModuleCode

The code of module for which error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv8ModuleCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.8.3

8. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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DataStructureError

Error occurred while creating a schema for the business function name.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while creating a schema for the business function name {FunctionName}, function code {FunctionCode}, module code {ModuleCode}. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oDataStructureErrorEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The DataStructureError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DataStructureError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. FunctionName

The name of function for which error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv11FunctionName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.11.1

6. FunctionCode

The code of function for which error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv11FunctionCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.11.2

7. ModuleCode

The code of module for which error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv11ModuleCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.11.3


8. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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NumberFormatError

There was an error due to invalid port number.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Invalid port number : {PortNumber}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oNumberFormatErrorEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The NumberFormatError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NumberFormatError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. PortNumber

The invalid port number which was entered.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv6PortNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.6.1

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ResourceCleanError

Error occurred while closing the statement or result set in database.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while closing the statement or result set. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oResourceCleanErrorEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The ResourceCleanError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ResourceCleanError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ResponseSchemaError

Error occurred while creating response schema for the business function.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while creating request schema for the business function {FunctionName}, function code {FunctionCode}, module code {ModuleCode}. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oResponseSchemaErrorEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The ResponseSchemaError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ResponseSchemaError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. FunctionName</p> <p>The name of function for which error occurred.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv9FunctionName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.9.1
<p>6. FunctionCode</p> <p>The code of function for which error occurred.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv9FunctionCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.9.2

7. ModuleCode

The code of module for which error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv9ModuleCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.9.3


8. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SetUpInfo

JDE activity got warning or error messages while setting up the specified activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Warning/error messages while doing setup for {ActivityName}: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oSetUpInfoEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The SetUpInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SetUpInfo Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

The activity name which faced warnings or error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oEv2ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2.1.2.1

6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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UnsupportedEncoding

Error while processing unsupported encoding.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while processing unsupported encoding. Exception : {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15oUnsupportedEncodingEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *7*

Variables

The UnsupportedEncoding message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnsupportedEncoding Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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JD Edwards Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the JD Edwards Module.

- [JDEInternalerror](#)
Error occurred while processing the request.

Parent topic: [JD Edwards Module](#)

[Feedback](#) | [Notices](#)

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JDEInternalerror

Error occurred while processing the request.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while processing request. Exception : {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JDE-MIB::ciC15iJDEInternalerrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.15.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*


Variables

The JDEInternalerror message contains the following variables:

Table 1. JDEInternalerror Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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JMS Module

JMS Module. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the JMS Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the JMS Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8*


The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the JMS Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the JMS Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
ConnectionPoolError	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while returning connection to the pool. Continuing the activity.
FactoryUnknownError	Severe	Orchestration	Unknown exception while looking up the connection factory
FirstID	Warning	Orchestration	The appliance is in recovery mode and the first message specified is not matching the id specified of delivered message. Messages in the queue is tampered and will impact the delivery of messages
GetConnectRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The JMS operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
GetMarshallError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while marshalling the JMS message.
JMSError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while getting message from the provider.
LibraryNotInstalled	Severe	Orchestration	This error may be due to JMS Provider library being not installed on the appliance. Please install the JMS provider library using Web management console.
MakeConnectError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while creating the connection to destination.
NamingException	Severe	Orchestration	Naming exception occurred while getting message from destination.

Notification	Level	System	Description
NoMessage	Info	Orchestration	There is no message to be retrieved from the destination specified.
PollMessageError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while getting a message from queue.
PollMessageRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The JMS operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
PoolFactoryError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while looking up for connection factory.
PoolReleaseError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while closing the connection pool.
PooledConnException	Warning	Orchestration	A JMS Connection exception occurred while the connection was in the idle pool. This can occur if the JMS provider terminates the connection ungracefully.
RecoveryInfo	Info	Orchestration	The activity is recovering and its skipping message with specified id as its already delivered.
RecoveryInfo	Info	Orchestration	The JMS connector is in recovery mode.
RestartError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while trying to restart the subscriber on the specified topic.
SendConnectRerty	Warning	Orchestration	The JMS operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
SendMarshallError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while unmarshalling the JMS message.
SendMessageError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while sending message.
SendNamingException	Severe	Orchestration	Naming exception occurred while sending message to destination.
SubscriberConfigError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while configuring the subscriber activity.
SubscriberConnect	Severe	Orchestration	The JMS operation failed while trying to connect to the server.
SubscriberError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while subscribing the message. This message should be re-delivered manually from the Provider.
SubscriberNameError	Severe	Orchestration	Naming exception occurred while configuring the subscriber activity.
SubscriberStartInfo	Info	Orchestration	Subscriber started successfully for the specified topic.
UnsubscribeError	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while unsubscribing on the topic.

- [JMS Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the JMS Module.
- [JMS Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the JMS Module.
- [JMS Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the JMS Module.

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JMS Connection Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the JMS Module.

- [ConnectionPoolError](#)
Error occurred while returning connection to the pool. Continuing the activity.
- [FactoryUnknownError](#)
Unknown exception while looking up the connection factory
- [GetConnectRetry](#)
The JMS operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
- [MakeConnectError](#)
Error occurred while creating the connection to destination.
- [PollMessageRetry](#)
The JMS operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
- [PoolFactoryError](#)
Error occurred while looking up for connection factory.
- [PoolReleaseError](#)
Error occurred while closing the connection pool.
- [PooledConnException](#)
A JMS Connection exception occurred while the connection was in the idle pool. This can occur if the JMS provider terminates the connection ungracefully.
- [RecoveryInfo](#)
The JMS connector is in recovery mode.
- [RestartError](#)
Error occurred while trying to restart the subscriber on the specified topic.
- [SendConnectRerty](#)
The JMS operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
- [SubscriberConnect](#)
The JMS operation failed while trying to connect to the server.

Parent topic: [JMS Module](#)

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ConnectionPoolError

Error occurred while returning connection to the pool. Continuing the activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Exception while returning connection to pool. The Exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cConnectionPoolErrorEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 5

Variables

The ConnectionPoolError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionPoolError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [JMS Connection Notifications](#)

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FactoryUnknownError

Unknown exception while looking up the connection factory

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while looking up the connection factory {Message}. The exception is unknown error message from Provider. One of the reason for the error is If the provider is ActiveMQ and the binding file name or path is not correct.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cFactoryUnknownErrorEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The FactoryUnknownError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FactoryUnknownError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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GetConnectRetry

The JMS operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Connection exception while getting message from the provider. The error code is {ErrorCode} and message is {ErrorMessage}. The job is retrying {RetryAttemptNumber}, out of {TotalRetryAttempts} attempts to*

connect to JMS provider. The next attempt will be after {IntervalForRetries} seconds.

System : Orchestration

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cGetConnectRetryEv1

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1

SNMP Trap Number : 1

Variables

The GetConnectRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GetConnectRetry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ErrorCode</p> <p>The error code specified in the error message</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv1ErrorCode• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.1.1

6. ErrorMessage

The error message specified in the error message

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv1ErrorMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.1.2

7. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv1RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.1.3

8. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv1TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.1.4


9. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv1IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.1.5

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MakeConnectError

Error occurred while creating the connection to destination.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while creating the connection to destination. The Exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cMakeConnectErrorEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 8

Variables

The MakeConnectError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MakeConnectError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2</i>

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PollMessageRetry

The JMS operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Connection exception while polling message. The exception is {Message}. The job is retrying {RetryAttemptNumber} out of {TotalRetryAttempts} attempt to connect to JMS provider. The next attempt will be after {IntervalForRetries} secs.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cPollMessageRetryEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The PollMessageRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PollMessageRetry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

6. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv4RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.4.2

7. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv4TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.4.3


8. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv4IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.4.4

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PoolFactoryError

Error occurred while looking up for connection factory.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while looking up the connection factory {FactoryName}. The exception is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cPoolFactoryErrorEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables

The PoolFactoryError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PoolFactoryError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. FactoryName

Name of the provider connection factory.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv7FactoryName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.7.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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PoolReleaseError

Error occurred while closing the connection pool.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while closing the connection pool. The Exception is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cPoolReleaseErrorEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The PoolReleaseError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PoolReleaseError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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A JMS Connection exception occurred while the connection was in the idle pool. This can occur if the JMS provider terminates the connection ungracefully.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Exception received on JMS connection while it was in the idle connections pool. The error code is: {ErrorCode}, and the exception is: {ErrorMessage}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cPooledConnExceptionEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The PooledConnException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PooledConnException Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ErrorCode</p>

The error code specified in the exception

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv12ErrorCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.12.1


6. ErrorMessage

The error message specified in the exception

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv12ErrorMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.12.2

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RecoveryInfo

The JMS connector is in recovery mode.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The jms connector is in recovery mode.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cRecoveryInfoEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The RecoveryInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RecoveryInfo Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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RestartError

Error occurred while trying to restart the subscriber on the specified topic.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to start the subscriber for the topic {TopicName}. Will try to start the subscriber after {IntervalForRestart} seconds*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cRestartErrorEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1*


SNMP Trap Number : *10*

The RestartError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RestartError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. TopicName</p> <p>The name of specified topic.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv10TopicName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.10.1
<p>6. IntervalForRestart</p> <p>The specified time interval for restart.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv10IntervalForRestart• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.10.2

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SendConnectRerty

The JMS operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Connection exception while sending message. The error code is {ErrorCode} and exception is {ErrorMessage}. The job is retrying {RetryAttemptNumber} out of {TotalRetryAttempts} attempt to connect to JMS provider. The next attempt will be after {IntervalForRetries} secs.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cSendConnectRertyEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The SendConnectRerty message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SendConnectRerty Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ErrorCode

The error code specified in the error message

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv2ErrorCode
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.2.1

6. ErrorMessage

The error message specified in the error message

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv2ErrorMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.2.2

7. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv2RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.2.3

8. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.


- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv2TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.2.4

9. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv2IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.2.5

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SubscriberConnect

The JMS operation failed while trying to connect to the server.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Connection exception in the subscriber. The exception is {Message}. Going to restart the subscriber after the {IntervalForRestart} secs*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cSubscriberConnectEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The SubscriberConnect message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SubscriberConnect Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2


6. IntervalForRestart

The specified time interval for restart.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8cEv9IntervalForRestart
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.1.1.9.2

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JMS Operation Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the JMS Module.

- [FirstID](#)
The appliance is in recovery mode and the first message specified is not matching the id specified of delivered message. Messages in the queue is tampered and will impact the delivery of messages
- [NamingException](#)
Naming exception occurred while getting message from destination.
- [NoMessage](#)
There is no message to be retrieved from the destination specified.

- [RecoveryInfo](#)
The activity is recovering and its skipping message with specified id as its already delivered.
- [SendMessageError](#)
Error occurred while sending message.
- [SendNamingException](#)
Naming exception occurred while sending message to destination.
- [SubscriberConfigError](#)
Error occurred while configuring the subscriber activity.
- [SubscriberError](#)
Error occurred while subscribing the message. This message should be re-delivered manually from the Provider.
- [SubscriberNameError](#)
Naming exception occurred while configuring the subscriber activity.
- [SubscriberStartInfo](#)
Subscriber started successfully for the specified topic.
- [UnsubscribeError](#)
Error occurred while unsubscribing on the topic.

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FirstID

The appliance is in recovery mode and the first message specified is not matching the id specified of delivered message. Messages in the queue is tampered and will impact the delivery of messages

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *The appliance is in recovery mode and the first message id {JMSMessageID} is not matching the id {FirstMessageID} of delivered message. Messages in the queue is tampered and will impact the delivery of messages.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oFirstIDEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *3*

Variables

The FirstID message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FirstID Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. JMSMessageID

JMS message ID specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oEv3JMSMessageID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2.1.3.1

6. FirstMessageID

First message ID specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oEv3FirstMessageID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2.1.3.2

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/jms/jms_operation_firstid_message.html

NamingException

Naming exception occurred while getting message from destination.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Naming exception while getting message to destination. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oNamingExceptionEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The NamingException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NamingException Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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NoMessage

There is no message to be retrieved from the destination specified.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *There is no message to be retrieved from the destination {Destination}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oNoMessageEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The NoMessage message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoMessage Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Destination

The destination from which message was to be retrieved.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oEv2Destination
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2.1.2.1

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RecoveryInfo

The activity is recovering and its skipping message with specified id as its already delivered.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The activity is recovering and the message with id: {MessageID} is already delivered. Skipping it*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oRecoveryInfoEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *6*

Variables

The RecoveryInfo message contains the following variables:


Table 1. RecoveryInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. MessageID</p> <p>The message ID specified.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oEv6MessageID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2.1.6.1

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SendMessageError

Error occurred while sending message.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while sending message. The error code is {ErrorCode} and message is {ErrorMessage}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oSendMessageErrorEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The SendMessageError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SendMessageError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ErrorCode

The error code specified in the error message

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oEv4ErrorCode
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2.1.4.1


6. ErrorMessage

The error message specified in the error message

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oEv4ErrorMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2.1.4.2

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SendNamingException

Naming exception occurred while sending message to destination.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Naming exception while sending message to destination. The exception is {Message} not found*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oSendNamingExceptionEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 5


Variables

The SendNamingException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SendNamingException Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2</i>

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SubscriberConfigError

Error occurred while configuring the subscriber activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while configuring the subscriber activity. The exception is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oSubscriberConfigErrorEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The SubscriberConfigError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SubscriberConfigError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SubscriberError

Error occurred while subscribing the message. This message should be re-delivered manually from the Provider.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception in subscribing the message. The Exception is: {Message} for message id: {MessageID}, This message should be re-delivered manually from the Provider.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oSubscriberErrorEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *7*


Variables

The SubscriberError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SubscriberError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2
<p>6. MessageID</p> <p>The message ID specified.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oEv7MessageID • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2.1.7.2

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/jms/jms_operation_subscribererror_message.html

SubscriberNameError

Naming exception occurred while configuring the subscriber activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Naming exception while configuring the subscriber activity. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oSubscriberNameErrorEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The SubscriberNameError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SubscriberNameError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [JMS Operation Notifications](#)

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SubscriberStartInfo

Subscriber started successfully for the specified topic.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Subscriber started successfully for the topic {TopicName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oSubscriberStartInfoEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The SubscriberStartInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SubscriberStartInfo Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. TopicName

The name of specified topic.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oEv11TopicName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2.1.11.1

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UnsubscribeError

Error occurred while unsubscribing on the topic.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Exception while unsubscribing on the topic {Topic}. The error code is {ErrorCode} and message is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oUnsubscribeErrorEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The UnsubscribeError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnsubscribeError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Topic</p> <p>Name of the topic destination being unsubscribed.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oEv10Topic
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2.1.10.1

6. ErrorCode

The error code specified in the error message

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8oEv10ErrorCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.2.1.10.2


7. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [JMS Operation Notifications](#)

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JMS Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the JMS Module.

- [GetMarshallError](#)
Error occurred while marshalling the JMS message.
- [JMSError](#)
Error occurred while getting message from the provider.
- [LibraryNotInstalled](#)
This error may be due to JMS Provider library being not installed on the appliance. Please install the JMS provider library using Web management console.
- [PollMessageError](#)
Error occurred while getting a message from queue.
- [SendMarshallError](#)
Error occurred while unmarshalling the JMS message.

Parent topic: [JMS Module](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/jms/jms_internal_notifications_list.html

GetMarshalError

Error occurred while marshalling the JMS message.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while marshalling the jms message. The exception is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8iGetMarshalErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The GetMarshalError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GetMarshalError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [JMS Internal Notifications](#)

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JMSError

Error occurred while getting message from the provider.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while getting message from the provider. The error code is {ErrorCode} and message is {ErrorMessage}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8iJMSErrorEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The JMSError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. JMSError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ErrorCode

The error code specified in the error message

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8iEv2ErrorCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.3.1.2.1


6. ErrorMessage

The error message specified in the error message

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8iEv2ErrorMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.3.1.2.2

Parent topic: [JMS Internal Notifications](#)

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LibraryNotInstalled

This error may be due to JMS Provider library being not installed on the appliance. Please install the JMS provider library using Web management console.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *This error may be due to JMS Provider library being not installed on the appliance. Please install the JMS provider library using Web management console. The error is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8iLibraryNotInstalledEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The LibraryNotInstalled message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LibraryNotInstalled Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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PollMessageError

Error occurred while getting a message from queue.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while getting the message from the queue. The Exception is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8iPollMessageErrorEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The PollMessageError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PollMessageError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [JMS Internal Notifications](#)

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SendMarshalError

Error occurred while unmarshalling the JMS message.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while unmarshalling the jms message. The exception is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JMS-MIB::ciC8iSendMarshallErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.8.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *3*


Variables

The SendMarshallError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SendMarshallError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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JSON Module

The JSON Module provides activities for generating and parsing JSON content. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the JSON Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the JSON Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JSON-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.21*


The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the JSON Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the JSON Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
JSONParseError	Severe	Orchestration	There was an error while parsing the JSON.
JSONSerializeError	Severe	Orchestration	There was an error while serializing the JSON.
TransformError	Severe	Orchestration	There was an error while transforming the JSON.

- [JSON Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the JSON Module.

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JSON Operation Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the JSON Module.

- [JSONParseError](#)
There was an error while parsing the JSON.
- [JSONSerializeError](#)
There was an error while serializing the JSON.
- [TransformError](#)
There was an error while transforming the JSON.

Parent topic: [JSON Module](#)

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JSONParseError

There was an error while parsing the JSON.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to parse JSON, error was: {ErrorMessage}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JSON-MIB::ciC21oJSONParseErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.21.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The JSONParseError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. JSONParseError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber
The serial number of the appliance sending the trap. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ErrorMessage

The error message returned while parsing the JSON.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-JSON-MIB::ciC21oEv1ErrorMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.21.1.2.1.1.1

Parent topic: [JSON Operation Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/json/json_operation_jsonparseerror_message.html

JSONSerializeError

There was an error while serializing the JSON.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to serialize JSON, error was: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JSON-MIB::ciC21oJSONSerializeErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.21.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3


Variables

The JSONSerializeError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. JSONSerializeError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2</i>

Parent topic: [JSON Operation Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/json/json_operation_jsonserializeerror_message.html

TransformError

There was an error while transforming the JSON.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to transform JSON, error was: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-JSON-MIB::ciC21oTransformErrorEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.21.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The TransformError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TransformError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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Log Module

The Log activity allows users to log messages in the orchestration This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Log Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Log Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-LOGACTIVITY-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.25*


The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Log Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the Log Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
FailLogMessage	Severe	Orchestration	The Log activity failed.

- [Log Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Log Module.

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Log Operation Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Log Module.

- [FailLogMessage](#)
The Log activity failed.

Parent topic: [Log Module](#)

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FailLogMessage

The Log activity failed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to log message, error was {ErrorMsg}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-LOGACTIVITY-MIB::ciC25oFailLogMessageEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.25.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The FailLogMessage message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FailLogMessage Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ErrorMsg

The log activity failed due to this error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-LOGACTIVITY-MIB::ciC25oEv1ErrorMsg
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.25.1.2.1.1.1

Parent topic: [Log Operation Notifications](#)

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The MIME Module provides activities for creating and parsing Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the MIME Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the MIME Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the MIME Module.


Table 1. Notifications issued by the MIME Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
AttachmentNumber	Info	Orchestration	Activity is processing the specified attachment number.
AttachmentsFound	Info	Orchestration	The activity found specified number of attachments.
AutoGeneratedBody	Info	Orchestration	No boundary value was specified for multiple parts attachment. Using auto-generated boundary.
BoundaryAbsent	Info	Orchestration	Boundary attribute not set in input parameter 'mimeheader'. Input body being set as entityBody in first entity of 'parts' output parameter.
BoundaryInfo	Info	Orchestration	Boundary of mime attachment is as specified.
BoundaryMoreThan70	Warning	Orchestration	Boundary delimiters longer than 70 characters. Ignoring the specified boundary value. Using auto-generated boundary.
BoundarySpecified	Info	Orchestration	Activity found boundary in mime message.
DefaultContentType	Info	Orchestration	Activity did not find any content type specified. Setting content type to text/plain.
EmptyParts	Severe	Orchestration	The input parameter - parts - is empty and there is no data to serialize.
FoundBoundary	Info	Orchestration	Activity found boundary parameter in the mime message.
HeaderAbsent	Severe	Orchestration	Empty input parameter 'mimeheader'. was found. Activity cannot parse data.
InputBodyNull	Severe	Orchestration	Input parameter body from container is NULL. This is due to internal exception.
MainAndSubType	Severe	Orchestration	The main and sub type found in content type.
MainType	Info	Orchestration	Main type specified in the serialize activity.
MimeHeaderMapped	Info	Orchestration	Optional input parameter 'mimeheader' is mapped.
MimeHeaderNotMapped	Info	Orchestration	Optional input parameter 'mimeheader' was not mapped in the activity.
NoAttachments	Severe	Orchestration	Activity did not find any attachments to serialize.
NoBoundaryFound	Warning	Orchestration	Boundary was specified in header but no boundary found in the body. Returning single body.

Notification	Level	System	Description
NoPartBody	Info	Orchestration	This part does not have any body. Setting blank body.
NumberOfParts	Info	Orchestration	The number of parts found in the mime message.
ParseActivityDone	Info	Orchestration	The activity has outputted parts output parameter.
ParseException	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while parsing the data.
SerialActivityDone	Info	Orchestration	The activity is done outputting mimeheader and body output parameters.
SerializeException	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while serializing the data.
SubType	Info	Orchestration	Sub Type found in content type of the message.
TransferEncChanged	Warning	Orchestration	The attachment body has lines greater than 998 characters in length. Changing the Content-Transfer-Encoding to binary.
TransferEncLimit	Severe	Orchestration	Entities of type specified cannot have any other Content-Transfer-Encoding apart from 7bit.
TransferEncMissing	Warning	Orchestration	Content-Transfer-Encoding value is missing for specified attachment number . Guessing based on Content-Type and charset values.
TransferEncodingError	Severe	Orchestration	Content-Transfer-Encoding specified in Composite media type cannot be any other apart from 7bit, 8bit or binary.
TransferEncodingValue	Info	Orchestration	Activity found Content-Transfer-Encoding.

- [MIME Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the MIME Module.
- [MIME Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the MIME Module.

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MIME Operation Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the MIME Module.


- [AttachmentNumber](#)
Activity is processing the specified attachment number.
- [AttachmentsFound](#)
The activity found specified number of attachments.

- [AutoGeneratedBody](#)
No boundary value was specified for multiple parts attachment. Using auto-generated boundary.
- [BoundaryAbsent](#)
Boundary attribute not set in input parameter 'mimeheader'. Input body being set as entityBody in first entity of 'parts' output parameter.
- [BoundaryInfo](#)
Boundary of mime attachment is as specified.
- [BoundaryMoreThan70](#)
Boundary delimiters longer than 70 characters. Ignoring the specified boundary value. Using auto-generated boundary.
- [BoundarySpecified](#)
Activity found boundary in mime message.
- [DefaultContentType](#)
Activity did not find any content type specified. Setting content type to text/plain.
- [EmptyParts](#)
The input parameter - parts - is empty and there is no data to serialize.
- [FoundBoundary](#)
Activity found boundary parameter in the mime message.
- [HeaderAbsent](#)
Empty input parameter 'mimeheader'. was found. Activity cannot parse data.
- [MainAndSubType](#)
The main and sub type found in content type.
- [MainType](#)
Main type specified in the serialize activity.
- [MimeHeaderMapped](#)
Optional input parameter 'mimeheader' is mapped.
- [MimeHeaderNotMapped](#)
Optional input parameter 'mimeheader' was not mapped in the activity.
- [NoAttachments](#)
Activity did not find any attachments to serialize.
- [NoBoundaryFound](#)
Boundary was specified in header but no boundary found in the body. Returning single body.
- [NoPartBody](#)
This part does not have any body. Setting blank body.
- [NumberOfParts](#)
The number of parts found in the mime message.
- [ParseActivityDone](#)
The activity has outputted parts output parameter.
- [SerialActivityDone](#)
The activity is done outputting mimeheader and body output parameters.
- [SerializeException](#)
Error occurred while serializing the data.
- [SubType](#)
Sub Type found in content type of the message.
- [TransferEncChanged](#)
The attachment body has lines greater than 998 characters in length. Changing the Content-Transfer-Encoding to binary.
- [TransferEncLimit](#)
Entities of type specified cannot have any other Content-Transfer-Encoding apart from 7bit.
- [TransferEncMissing](#)
Content-Transfer-Encoding value is missing for specified attachment number . Guessing based on Content-Type and charset values.

- [TransferEncodingError](#)
Content-Transfer-Encoding specified in Composite media type cannot be any other apart from 7bit, 8bit or binary.
- [TransferEncodingValue](#)
Activity found Content-Transfer-Encoding.

Parent topic: [MIME Module](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/mime/mime_operation_notifications_list.html

AttachmentNumber

Activity is processing the specified attachment number.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Processing attachment number {AttachmentNumber}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oAttachmentNumberEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The AttachmentNumber message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AttachmentNumber Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. AttachmentNumber

The attachment number activity is currently processing.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv3AttachmentNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.3.1

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AttachmentsFound

The activity found specified number of attachments.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The number of attachments found is {NumberOfAttach}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oAttachmentsFoundEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

The AttachmentsFound message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AttachmentsFound Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. NumberOfAttach</p> <p>The number of attachments found by the activity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv10NumberOfAttach• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.10.1

Parent topic: [MIME Operation Notifications](#)

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AutoGeneratedBody

No boundary value was specified for multiple parts attachment. Using auto-generated boundary.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *No boundary value specified for multiple parts attachment. Using auto-generated boundary: {Boundary}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oAutoGeneratedBodyEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *19*

Variables

The AutoGeneratedBody message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AutoGeneratedBody Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Boundary

The auto generated body which is used.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv19Boundary
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.19.1

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BoundaryAbsent

Boundary attribute not set in input parameter 'mimeheader'. Input body being set as entityBody in first entity of 'parts' output parameter.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Boundary attribute not set in input parameter 'mimeheader'. Input body being set as entityBody in first entity of 'parts' output parameter.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oBoundaryAbsentEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The BoundaryAbsent message contains the following variables:

Table 1. BoundaryAbsent Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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BoundaryInfo

Boundary of mime attachment is as specified.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Boundary is: \"{Boundary}\".*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oBoundaryInfoEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 1

Variables

The BoundaryInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. BoundaryInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Boundary</p> <p>The boundary in the mime attachment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv1Boundary• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.1.1

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 ration_boundaryinfo_message.html

BoundaryMoreThan70

Boundary delimiters longer than 70 characters. Ignoring the specified boundary value. Using auto-generated boundary.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Boundary delimiters longer than 70 characters. Ignoring the specified boundary value. Using auto-generated boundary.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oBoundaryMoreThan70Ev25*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *25*

Variables

The BoundaryMoreThan70 message contains the following variables:

Table 1. BoundaryMoreThan70 Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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BoundarySpecified

Activity found boundary in mime message.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Got boundary: \"{Boundary}\".*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oBoundarySpecifiedEv23*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 23

Variables

The BoundarySpecified message contains the following variables:

Table 1. BoundarySpecified Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Boundary

Boundary found in the message.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv23Boundary
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.23.1

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DefaultContentType

Activity did not find any content type specified. Setting content type to text/plain.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Content-type not found. Taking default Content-Type as text/plain.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oDefaultContentTypeEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables


The DefaultContentType message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DefaultContentType Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>

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EmptyParts

The input parameter - parts - is empty and there is no data to serialize.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Empty input parameter 'parts'. No data to serialize.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEmptyPartsEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The EmptyParts message contains the following variables:


Table 1. EmptyParts Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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FoundBoundary

Activity found boundary parameter in the mime message.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Found boundary parameter: \"{Boundary}\".*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oFoundBoundaryEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The FoundBoundary message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FoundBoundary Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Boundary

The boundary parameter found in the mime message.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv5Boundary
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.5.1

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HeaderAbsent

Empty input parameter 'mimeheader'. was found. Activity cannot parse data.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Empty input parameter 'mimeheader'. Cannot parse data.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oHeaderAbsentEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables


The HeaderAbsent message contains the following variables:

Table 1. HeaderAbsent Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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MainAndSubType

The main and sub type found in content type.

Level : Severe

Log Message : Mime-header type: {MainType}; sub-type: {SubType}.

System : Orchestration

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oMainAndSubTypeEv7

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables

The MainAndSubType message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MainAndSubType Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. MainType</p> <p>The main type found in the content type of message.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv7MainType
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.7.1


6. SubType

The sub type found in the content type of message.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv7SubType
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.7.2

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MainType

Main type specified in the serialize activity.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Got main-type: {MainType}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oMainTypeEv22*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *22*

Variables

The MainType message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MainType Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. MainType

Main type specified in the serialize activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv22MainType
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.22.1

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MimeHeaderMapped

Optional input parameter 'mimeheader' is mapped.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Optional input parameter 'mimeheader' is mapped.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oMimeHeaderMappedEv21*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *21*

Variables


The MimeHeaderMapped message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MimeHeaderMapped Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>

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MimeHeaderNotMapped

Optional input parameter 'mimeheader' was not mapped in the activity.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Optional input parameter 'mimeheader' not mapped.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oMimeHeaderNotMappedEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *17*

Variables

The MimeHeaderNotMapped message contains the following variables:


Table 1. MimeHeaderNotMapped Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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NoAttachments

Activity did not find any attachments to serialize.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *No attachments found. Nothing to serialize.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oNoAttachmentsEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The NoAttachments message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoAttachments Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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NoBoundaryFound

Boundary was specified in header but no boundary found in the body. Returning single body.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Boundary specified in header but no boundary found in the body. Returning single body.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oNoBoundaryFoundEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The NoBoundaryFound message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoBoundaryFound Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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NoPartBody

This part does not have any body. Setting blank body.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *This part does not have any body. Setting blank body.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oNoPartBodyEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

Variables


The NoPartBody message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoPartBody Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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NumberOfParts

The number of parts found in the mime message.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Number of parts {NumberOfParts}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oNumberOfPartsEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables

The NumberOfParts message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NumberOfParts Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. NumberOfParts

The number of parts found.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv18NumberOfParts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.18.1

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ParseActivityDone

The activity has outputted parts output parameter.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Outputted 'parts' output parameter.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oParseActivityDoneEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The ParseActivityDone message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ParseActivityDone Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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SerialActivityDone

The activity is done outputting mimeheader and body output parameters.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Outputted 'mimeheader' and 'body' output parameters.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oSerialActivityDoneEv27*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *27*

Variables

The SerialActivityDone message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SerialActivityDone Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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SerializeException

Error occurred while serializing the data.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while serializing data. Error is: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oSerializeExceptionEv20*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *20*


Variables

The SerializeException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SerializeException Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2</i>

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SubType

Sub Type found in content type of the message.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Sub-type: {SubType}*.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oSubTypeEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The SubType message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SubType Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. SubType

The sub type found in the content type of message.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv6SubType
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.6.1

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TranferEncChanged

The attachment body has lines greater than 998 characters in length. Changing the Content-Transfer-Encoding to binary.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Content-Transfer-Encoding value for attachment {AttachmentNumber} is {EncodingValue} while the attachment body has lines greater than 998 characters in length. Changing the Content-Transfer-Encoding to binary.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oTranferEncChangedEv26*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *26*


Variables

The TransferEncChanged message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TransferEncChanged Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. AttachmentNumber</p> <p>The attachment number.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv26AttachmentNumber• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.26.1
<p>6. EncodingValue</p> <p>The content transfer encoding value.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv26EncodingValue• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.26.2

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TransferEncLimit

Entities of type specified cannot have any other Content-Transfer-Encoding apart from 7bit.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Entities of type {MainType}/{SubType} cannot have any other Content-Transfer-Encoding apart from 7bit.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oTransferEncLimitEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*

Variables

The TransferEncLimit message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TransferEncLimit Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. MainType

The main type found in the content type of message.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv16MainType
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.16.1


6. SubType

The sub type found in the content type of message.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv16SubType
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.16.2

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TransferEncMissing

Content-Transfer-Encoding value is missing for specified attachment number . Guessing based on Content-Type and charset values.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Content-Transfer-Encoding value missing for attachment number {AttachmentNumber}. Guessing based on Content-Type and charset values.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oTransferEncMissingEv28*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 28

Variables

The TransferEncMissing message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TransferEncMissing Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. AttachmentNumber</p> <p>The attachment number for which content transfer encoding is missing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv28AttachmentNumber• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.28.1

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ration_transferencmissing_message.html

TransferEncodingError

Content-Transfer-Encoding specified in Composite media type cannot be any other apart from 7bit, 8bit or binary.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Composite media type {MediaType} cannot have any other Content-Transfer-Encoding apart from 7bit, 8bit or binary.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oTransferEncodingErrorEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *15*

Variables

The TransferEncodingError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TransferEncodingError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. MediaType

Composite Media type specified in the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv15MediaType
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.15.1

Parent topic: [MIME Operation Notifications](#)

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TransferEncodingValue

Activity found Content-Transfer-Encoding.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Got Content-Transfer-Encoding: {ContentTransfer}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oTransferEncodingValueEv24*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *24*

Variables

The TransferEncodingValue message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TransferEncodingValue Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ContentTransfer

Content Transfer Encoding found in the message.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10oEv24ContentTransfer
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.2.1.24.1

Parent topic: [MIME Operation Notifications](#)

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MIME Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the MIME Module.

- [InputBodyNull](#)
Input parameter body from container is NULL. This is due to internal exception.
- [ParseException](#)
Error occurred while parsing the data.

Parent topic: [MIME Module](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/mime/mime_internal_notifications_list.html

InputBodyNull

Input parameter body from container is NULL. This is due to internal exception.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Input parameter 'body' from container is NULL.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10iInputBodyNullEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The InputBodyNull message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InputBodyNull Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

Parent topic: [MIME Internal Notifications](#)

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ParseException

Error occurred while parsing the data.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while parsing data. Error is: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MIME-MIB::ciC10iParseExceptionEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.10.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The ParseException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ParseException Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [MIME Internal Notifications](#)

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The Maestro Module represents the internal operation of the Cast Iron runtime. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Maestro Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Maestro Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Maestro Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the Maestro Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
AbandonedJobs	Warning	Orchestration	A timeout occurred while waiting for jobs to stop and some jobs were abandoned.
ActInvalidLicense (Deprecated)	Severe	Orchestration	Deprecated.
ActivityFailedError	Severe	Orchestration	Encountered fault of specified type, please see rest of the log for more information.
AlreadyDeployed	Severe	Orchestration	The specified orchestration is already deployed.
CallContext	Severe	Orchestration	Maestro is not able to create call context.
CallContextDestroy	Info	Orchestration	Call context created but task never started.
CatchExpression	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to parse the catch expression.
CleanUpFailed	Warning	Orchestration	Failed to clean up the activity.
CloseInputStream	Warning	Orchestration	Could not close input stream.
CloseOutputStream	Warning	Orchestration	Could not close output stream.
CloseReader	Warning	Orchestration	Could not close reader.
CloseWriter	Warning	Orchestration	Could not close writer.
DeactivateFailed	Severe	Orchestration	Maestro failed to deactivate the specified activity.
DebugFailed	Severe	Orchestration	Debugger operation failed.
DeleteObject	Warning	Orchestration	Could not clean up object with ID.
DestroyFailed	Severe	Orchestration	Maestro failed to destroy the specified activity.
EnqueueFailed	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to enqueue the orchestration.
EntryPath	Severe	Orchestration	Could not find an entry point for the specified activity in the compiled orchestration.
ErrorMap	Severe	Orchestration	Error in map activity.
ErrorTwoPhase	Severe	Orchestration	Activity could not be converted to Two phase activity.
ExecuteError	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to execute the orchestration.
FaultInfo	Severe	Orchestration	Could not initialize FaultInfo.
ForEach	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred in for each activity.


Notification	Level	System	Description
IOError	Warning	Orchestration	Internal error occurred because of Input/Output error.
InitializeJobInfo	Severe	Orchestration	Could not initialize job info.
InputMap	Severe	Orchestration	No input maps are there for required input parameter.
InputMapXPath	Severe	Orchestration	Could not perform input map expression.
InputMapXSLT	Severe	Orchestration	Could not perform input map XSLT.
InvokeError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred in module.
KeyLog	Info	Orchestration	Logged key with specified name and value.
LargeInputParam	Warning	Orchestration	Specified input parameter is over the limit and is too large to log.
LargeNonpersistentVar	Severe	Orchestration	Specified variable is too large for a non-persistent orchestration.
LargeOutputParam	Warning	Orchestration	Specified output parameter is over the limit and is too large to log.
LargeTotalVarSize	Severe	Orchestration	This job cannot be run during low-memory conditions.
LargeVariable	Warning	Orchestration	Specified variable is over the limit and is too large to log.
LicenseExpireImminent (Deprecated)	Severe	Orchestration	Deprecated.
LicenseExpireSoon (Deprecated)	Warning	Orchestration	Deprecated.
LicenseExpired (Deprecated)	Severe	Orchestration	Deprecated.
LicenseInvalid (Deprecated)	Severe	Orchestration	Deprecated.
LoaderCancel	Severe	Orchestration	Cancel of job with specified ID of specified orchestration.
LoaderDelete	Severe	Orchestration	Delete of specified orchestration failed.
LoaderDeploy	Severe	Orchestration	Deployment of specified orchestration failed.
LoaderPublish	Severe	Orchestration	Publish of specified configuration failed.
LoaderStart	Severe	Orchestration	Start of the specified orchestration failed.
LoaderStop	Severe	Orchestration	Stop of the specified orchestration failed.
LoaderSuspend	Severe	Orchestration	Suspend of the specified orchestration failed.
LoaderunDeploy	Severe	Orchestration	Undeploy of specified orchestration failed.
MBeanRegister	Severe	Orchestration	Could not register specified object with MBean server.
MBeanUnregister	Severe	Orchestration	Could not unregister specified object with MBean server.

Notification	Level	System	Description
MaxSeqNum	Warning	Orchestration	Exceeded maximum number of activity events for a job.
ModuleConfig	Severe	Orchestration	Could not read module configuration.
MonitorQuery	Severe	Orchestration	Could not query for monitor data.
MonitorVariable	Warning	Orchestration	Could not log monitor variable.
MonitorVariables	Warning	Orchestration	Could not log monitor variables.
MontiorEvents	Severe	Orchestration	Could not log monitor events.
MultipleActFactory	Severe	Orchestration	Activity Factory with specified name and version has multiple registrations, and hence not loading it.
NoActivityFactory	Severe	Orchestration	Activity Factory with specified name and version not registered.
NotDeployed	Severe	Orchestration	Orchestration not deployed.
NotDocParameter	Severe	Orchestration	Specified parameter is not an XML document.
NotDocVariable	Severe	Orchestration	Specified variable is not an XML document.
NotStopped	Severe	Orchestration	Could not undeploy as the orchestration is not stopped.
NotSuspend	Severe	Orchestration	Could not suspend as the orchestration is not running.
NullParam	Severe	Orchestration	Specified parameter is null.
NullVariable	Severe	Orchestration	Specified variable is null.
OSGISyntaxError	Severe	Orchestration	Invalid OSGI query syntax provided.
OrchCompileError	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to compile the specified orchestration.
OutputMap	Severe	Orchestration	Could not perform output map.
OutputMapXPath	Severe	Orchestration	Could not perform output map expression.
OutputMapXSLT	Severe	Orchestration	Could not perform output map transform.
ParamIndex	Warning	Orchestration	Parameter at specified index is already set.
ProgramDestroy	Severe	Orchestration	Program in non terminal state being destroyed.
ProgramStart	Severe	Orchestration	Cannot start an orchestration that is in transient state.
SocketNoReply	Warning	Orchestration	Could not receive socket reply.
SplitError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred in split activity.
SwitchExpEmpty	Severe	Orchestration	The condition provided for if-then activity and case label is empty.
SwitchExpression	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to parse the if-then expression.
TaskCancelled	Warning	Orchestration	Caught exception while cancelling job.
TaskEnd	Info	Orchestration	Ended job for specified orchestration.
TaskFound	Severe	Orchestration	Found task with specified state on undeploy.

Notification	Level	System	Description
TaskRemove	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to remove the task.
TaskStart	Info	Orchestration	Started job for specified orchestration.
TaskState	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to set the task state.
TaskStateTransition	Severe	Orchestration	Invalid task state transition happened, hence marking the job as faulted.
TaskStatusChanged	Info	Orchestration	Job status changed.
TooManyWaitingJobs	Severe	Orchestration	A job was aborted due to a large number of waiting jobs.
UnCaughtError	Severe	Orchestration	Uncaught Internal error occurred.
UnexpectedError	Severe	Orchestration	Unexpected Internal error occurred.
VariableNull	Warning	Orchestration	Specified variable is null.
WhileExpEmpty	Severe	Orchestration	The condition provided for while activity is empty.
WhileExpression	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to parse while expression with specified condition.
WrongActFactory	Severe	Orchestration	Activity factory with specified name and version returned wrong class.

- [Maestro Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Maestro Module.
- [Maestro Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Maestro Module.

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Maestro Operation Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Maestro Module.

- [AbandonedJobs](#)
A timeout occurred while waiting for jobs to stop and some jobs were abandoned.
- [ActInvalidLicense \(Deprecated\)](#)
Activity Factory with specified name and version had a licensing failure.
- [ActivityFailedError](#)
Encountered fault of specified type, please see rest of the log for more information.
- [AlreadyDeployed](#)
The specified orchestration is already deployed.

- [CallContext](#)
Maestro is not able to create call context.
- [CallContextDestroy](#)
Call context created but task never started.
- [CatchExpression](#)
Unable to parse the catch expression.
- [CleanUpFailed](#)
Failed to clean up the activity.
- [CloseInputStream](#)
Could not close input stream.
- [CloseOutputStream](#)
Could not close output stream.
- [CloseReader](#)
Could not close reader.
- [CloseWriter](#)
Could not close writer.
- [DeactivateFailed](#)
Maestro failed to deactivate the specified activity.
- [DebugFailed](#)
Debugger operation failed.
- [DeleteObject](#)
Could not clean up object with ID.
- [DestroyFailed](#)
Maestro failed to destroy the specified activity.
- [EnqueueFailed](#)
Unable to enqueue the orchestration.
- [EntryPath](#)
Could not find an entry point for the specified activity in the compiled orchestration.
- [ErrorMap](#)
Error in map activity.
- [ErrorTwoPhase](#)
Activity could not be converted to Two phase activity.
- [ExecuteError](#)
Unable to execute the orchestration.
- [FaultInfo](#)
Could not initialize FaultInfo.
- [ForEach](#)
Error occurred in for each activity.
- [InitializeJobInfo](#)
Could not initialize job info.
- [InputMap](#)
No input maps are there for required input parameter.
- [InputMapXPath](#)
Could not perform input map expression.
- [InputMapXSLT](#)
Could not perform input map XSLT.
- [InvokeError](#)
Error occurred in module.
- [KeyLog](#)
Logged key with specified name and value.
- [LargeInputParam](#)
Specified input parameter is over the limit and is too large to log.


- [LargeNonpersistentVar](#)
Specified variable is too large for a non-persistent orchestration.
- [LargeOutputParam](#)
Specified output parameter is over the limit and is too large to log.
- [LargeTotalVarSize](#)
This job cannot be run during low-memory conditions.
- [LargeVariable](#)
Specified variable is over the limit and is too large to log.
- [LicenseExpireImminent \(Deprecated\)](#)
Imminent license expiration for specified bundle - expires on specified date - Please renew the license now to avoid service interruption.
- [LicenseExpireSoon \(Deprecated\)](#)
License for specified bundle name expires soon. Please renew the license to avoid service interruption.
- [LicenseExpired \(Deprecated\)](#)
License has expired. Please renew the license now to avoid service interruption.
- [LicenseInvalid \(Deprecated\)](#)
License for specified bundle name is invalid.
- [LoaderCancel](#)
Cancel of job with specified ID of specified orchestration.
- [LoaderDelete](#)
Delete of specified orchestration failed.
- [LoaderDeploy](#)
Deployment of specified orchestration failed.
- [LoaderPublish](#)
Publish of specified configuration failed.
- [LoaderStart](#)
Start of the specified orchestration failed.
- [LoaderStop](#)
Stop of the specified orchestration failed.
- [LoaderSuspend](#)
Suspend of the specified orchestration failed.
- [LoaderunDeploy](#)
Undeploy of specified orchestration failed.
- [MBeanRegister](#)
Could not register specified object with MBean server.
- [MBeanUnregister](#)
Could not unregister specified object with MBean server.
- [MaxSeqNum](#)
Exceeded maximum number of activity events for a job.
- [ModuleConfig](#)
Could not read module configuration.
- [MonitorQuery](#)
Could not query for monitor data.
- [MonitorVariable](#)
Could not log monitor variable.
- [MonitorVariables](#)
Could not log monitor variables.
- [MontiorEvents](#)
Could not log monitor events.
- [MultipleActFactory](#)
Activity Factory with specified name and version has multiple registrations, and hence not loading it.
- [NoActivityFactory](#)
Activity Factory with specified name and version not registered.

- [NotDeployed](#)
Orchestration not deployed.
- [NotDocParameter](#)
Specified parameter is not an XML document.
- [NotDocVariable](#)
Specified variable is not an XML document.
- [NotStopped](#)
Could not undeploy as the orchestration is not stopped.
- [NotSuspend](#)
Could not suspend as the orchestration is not running.
- [NullParam](#)
Specified parameter is null.
- [NullVariable](#)
Specified variable is null.
- [OSGISyntaxError](#)
Invalid OSGI query syntax provided.
- [OrchCompileError](#)
Unable to compile the specified orchestration.
- [OutputMap](#)
Could not perform output map.
- [OutputMapXPath](#)
Could not perform output map expression.
- [OutputMapXSLT](#)
Could not perform output map transform.
- [ParamIndex](#)
Parameter at specified index is already set.
- [ProgramDestroy](#)
Program in non terminal state being destroyed.
- [ProgramStart](#)
Cannot start an orchestration that is in transient state.
- [SocketNoReply](#)
Could not receive socket reply.
- [SplitError](#)
Error occurred in split activity.
- [SwitchExpEmpty](#)
The condition provided for if-then activity and case label is empty.
- [SwitchExpression](#)
Unable to parse the if-then expression.
- [TaskCancelled](#)
Caught exception while cancelling job.
- [TaskEnd](#)
Ended job for specified orchestration.
- [TaskFound](#)
Found task with specified state on undeploy.
- [TaskRemove](#)
Unable to remove the task.
- [TaskStart](#)
Started job for specified orchestration.
- [TaskState](#)
Unable to set the task state.
- [TaskStateTransition](#)
Invalid task state transition happened, hence marking the job as faulted.

- [TaskStatusChanged](#)
Job status changed.
- [TooManyWaitingJobs](#)
A job was aborted due to a large number of waiting jobs.
- [VariableNull](#)
Specified variable is null.
- [WhileExpEmpty](#)
The condition provided for while activity is empty.
- [WhileExpression](#)
Unable to parse while expression with specified condition.
- [WrongActFactory](#)
Activity factory with specified name and version returned wrong class.

Parent topic: [Maestro Module](#)

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AbandonedJobs

A timeout occurred while waiting for jobs to stop and some jobs were abandoned.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Timeout waiting for jobs to stop, number of jobs abandoned: {NumberOfAbandonedJobs}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oAbandonedJobsEv87*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *87*

Variables

The AbandonedJobs message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AbandonedJobs Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. NumberOfAbandonedJobs

The number of abandoned jobs.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv87NumberOfAbandonedJobs
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.87.1

Parent topic: [Maestro Operation Notifications](#)

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ActInvalidLicense (Deprecated)

As of Cast Iron version 6.0, this message has been deprecated because connectors are no longer individually licensed.

Activity Factory with specified name and version had a licensing failure.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *ActivityFactory (name - {ActivityName},version - {ActivityVersion}) Licensing failure: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oActInvalidLicenseEv35*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 35

Variables

The ActInvalidLicense message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActInvalidLicense Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>The name of the activity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv35ActivityName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.35.1

6. ActivityVersion

The version of the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv35ActivityVersion
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.35.2


7. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ActivityFailedError

Encountered fault of specified type, please see rest of the log for more information.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Encountered fault of type {FaultType}, please see rest of the log for more information*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oActivityFailedErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The ActivityFailedError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivityFailedError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. FaultType

The fault type encountered.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv3FaultType
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.3.1

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Already Deployed

The specified orchestration is already deployed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Orchestration already deployed: {OrchName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oAlreadyDeployedEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The AlreadyDeployed message contains the following variables:


Table 1. AlreadyDeployed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. OrchName</p> <p>The name of the orchestration which is already deployed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv4OrchName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.4.1

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CallContext

Maestro is not able to create call context.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to create call context: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oCallContextEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The CallContext message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CallContext Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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CallContextDestroy

Call context created but task never started.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Call context created but task never started; destroying task {TaskID}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oCallContextDestroyEv80*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *80*

Variables


The CallContextDestroy message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CallContextDestroy Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. TaskID</p> <p>The task ID.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv80TaskID• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.80.1

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CatchExpression

Unable to parse the catch expression.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to parse the catch expression: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oCatchExpressionEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The CatchExpression message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CatchExpression Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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CleanUpFailed

Failed to clean up the activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Failed to cleanup activity {ActivityName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oCleanUpFailedEv63*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 63

Variables

The CleanUpFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CleanUpFailed Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ActivityName

The name of the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv63ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.63.1

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CloseInputStream

Could not close input stream.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Could not close reader*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oCloseInputStreamEv64*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *64*

Variables


The CloseInputStream message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CloseInputStream Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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CloseOutputStream

Could not close output stream.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Could not close output stream*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oCloseOutputStreamEv65*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *65*

Variables

The CloseOutputStream message contains the following variables:


Table 1. CloseOutputStream Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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CloseReader

Could not close reader.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Could not close reader*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC2oCloseReaderEv66*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *66*

Variables

The CloseReader message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CloseReader Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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CloseWriter

Could not close writer.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Could not close writer*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oCloseWriterEv67*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *67*

Variables

The CloseWriter message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CloseWriter Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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DeactivateFailed

Maestro failed to deactivate the specified activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to deactivate activity {ActivityName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oDeactivateFailedEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

Variables

The DeactivateFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DeactivateFailed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>Name of the activity which caused the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv1ActivityName • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.1.1

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DebugFailed

Debugger operation failed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Debugger operation {Value} failed*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oDebugFailedEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The DebugFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DebugFailed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Value

The operation which failed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv8Value
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.8.1

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DeleteObject

Could not clean up object with ID.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Could not clean up object with ID {ObjectID}, will try later*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oDeleteObjectEv68*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *68*

Variables

The DeleteObject message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DeleteObject Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ObjectID

The ID of the object.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv68ObjectID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.68.1

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DestroyFailed

Maestro failed to destroy the specified activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to destroy activity {ActivityName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oDestroyFailedEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 2


Variables

The DestroyFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DestroyFailed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>Name of the activity which caused the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv2ActivityName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.2.1

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EnqueueFailed

Unable to enqueue the orchestration.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to enqueue to orchestration: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC2oEnqueueFailedEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The EnqueueFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. EnqueueFailed Message Variables

1. SerialNumber The serial number of the appliance sending the trap. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
2. Severity Severity of the Notification. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
3. JobID The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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EntryPath

Could not find an entry point for the specified activity in the compiled orchestration.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not find an entry point for the activity: {{ActivityName}} in the compiled orchestration*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEntryPathEv38*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *38*

Variables

The EntryPath message contains the following variables:

Table 1. EntryPath Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ActivityName

The name of the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv38ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.38.1

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ErrorMap

Error in map activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception in map activity: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oErrorMapEv29*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *29*

Variables

The ErrorMap message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ErrorMap Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ErrorTwoPhase

Activity could not be converted to Two phase activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Activity could not be converted into TwoPhase activity*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oErrorTwoPhaseEv59*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *59*

Variables

The ErrorTwoPhase message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ErrorTwoPhase Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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ExecuteError

Unable to execute the orchestration.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to execute to orchestration: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oExecuteErrorEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The ExecuteError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ExecuteError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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FaultInfo

Could not initialize FaultInfo.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not initialize FaultInfo*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oFaultInfoEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The FaultInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FaultInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ForEach

Error occurred in for each activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception in foreach activity: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oForEachEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The ForEach message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ForEach Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InitializeJobInfo

Could not initialize job info.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not initialize JobInfo*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oInitializeJobInfoEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

Variables

The InitializeJobInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InitializeJobInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Maestro Operation Notifications](#)

InputMap

No input maps are there for required input parameter.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *No input map for required parameter: {ParamName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oInputMapEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The InputMap message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InputMap Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ParamName

The required parameter name for which input maps are missing.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv13ParamName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.13.1

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InputMapXPath

Could not perform input map expression.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not perform input map expression: {ExpressionName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oInputMapXPathEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The InputMapXPath message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InputMapXPath Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ExpressionName

The name of the expression.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv14ExpressionName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.14.1

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InputMapXSLT

Could not perform input map XSLT.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not perform input map transform: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC2oInputMapXSLTEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *15*


Variables

The InputMapXSLT message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InputMapXSLT Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InvokeError

Error occurred in module.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception detected in module, throwing exception {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oInvokeErrorEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*

Variables

The InvokeError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvokeError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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KeyLog

Logged key with specified name and value.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Logged key with name "{KeyName}" and value "{KeyValue}"*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oKeyLogEv81*

SNMP Enterprise : *1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *81*

Variables

The KeyLog message contains the following variables:

Table 1. KeyLog Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. KeyName

The key name.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv81KeyName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.81.1

6. KeyValue

The key value.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv81KeyValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.81.2

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LargeInputParam

Specified input parameter is over the limit and is too large to log.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Input parameter "{ParamName}" is over {Length} and is too large to log*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLargeInputParamEv71*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *71*

Variables

The LargeInputParam message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LargeInputParam Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ParamName

The parameter name.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv71ParamName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.71.1


6. Length

The limit for the size.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv71Length
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.71.2

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LargeNonpersistentVar

Specified variable is too large for a non-persistent orchestration.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Variable "{VariableName}" is too large, please turn on persistence for this orchestration*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLargeNonpersistentVarEv86*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *86*

Variables


The LargeNonpersistentVar message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LargeNonpersistentVar Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. VariableName</p> <p>The variable name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv86VariableName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.86.1

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LargeOutputParam

Specified output parameter is over the limit and is too large to log.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Output parameter "{ParamName}" is over {Length} and is too large to log*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLargeOutputParamEv72*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *72*

Variables

The LargeOutputParam message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LargeOutputParam Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ParamName

The parameter name.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv72ParamName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.72.1


6. Length

The limit for the size.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv72Length
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.72.2

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LargeTotalVarSize

This job cannot be run during low-memory conditions.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Cannot complete this job due to low memory, please try redeploying this orchestration*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLargeTotalVarSizeEv85*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *85*

Variables

The LargeTotalVarSize message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LargeTotalVarSize Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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LargeVariable

Specified variable is over the limit and is too large to log.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : Variable "{VariableName}" is over {Length} and is too large to log

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLargeVariableEv73*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *73*

Variables

The LargeVariable message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LargeVariable Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. VariableName</p> <p>The variable name.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv73VariableName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.73.1


6. Length

The limit for the size.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv73Length
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.73.2

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LicenseExpireImminent (Deprecated)

As of Cast Iron version 6.0, this message has been deprecated because connectors are no longer individually licensed.

Imminent license expiration for specified bundle - expires on specified date - Please renew the license now to avoid service interruption.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Imminent license expiration for {BundleName} - expires: {Date} - Please renew the license now to avoid service interruption*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLicenseExpireImminentEv26*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *26*

Variables

The LicenseExpireImminent message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LicenseExpireImminent Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. BundleName

The bundle for which license expires.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv26BundleName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.26.1


6. Date

The date on which license expires.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv26Date
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.26.2

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LicenseExpireSoon (Deprecated)

As of Cast Iron version 6.0, this message has been deprecated because connectors are no longer individually licensed.

License for specified bundle name expires soon. Please renew the license to avoid service interruption.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *License for {BundleName} expires soon: {Date} - Please renew the license to avoid service interruption*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLicenseExpireSoonEv69*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *69*

Variables

The LicenseExpireSoon message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LicenseExpireSoon Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. BundleName

The bundle name for which license expires soon.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv69BundleName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.69.1


6. Date

The date at which license expires.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv69Date
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.69.2

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LicenseExpired (Deprecated)

As of Cast Iron version 6.0, this message has been deprecated because connectors are no longer individually licensed.

License has expired. Please renew the license now to avoid service interruption.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *License for {BundleName} has expired - expired as of: {Date} - Please renew the license now to avoid service interruption*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLicenseExpiredEv27*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*


SNMP Trap Number : *27*

The LicenseExpired message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LicenseExpired Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. BundleName</p> <p>The bundle for which license expired.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv27BundleName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.27.1
<p>6. Date</p> <p>The date on which license expired.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv27Date• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.27.2

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LicenseInvalid (Deprecated)

As of Cast Iron version 6.0, this message has been deprecated because connectors are no longer individually licensed.

License for specified bundle name is invalid.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *License for {BundleName} is invalid: {1}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC2oLicenseInvalidEv28*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *28*

Variables

The LicenseInvalid message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LicenseInvalid Message Variables

1. SerialNumber The serial number of the appliance sending the trap. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
2. Severity Severity of the Notification. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. BundleName

The bundle for which license is invalid.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv28BundleName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.28.1

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LoaderCancel

Cancel of job with specified ID of specified orchestration.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Cancel of job {JobID} of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLoaderCancelEv25*

SNMP Enterprise : *1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 25

Variables

The LoaderCancel message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LoaderCancel Message Variables


<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. JobID</p> <p>The job id which was cancelled.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv25JobID• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.25.1
<p>6. OrchName</p> <p>The orchestration name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv25OrchName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.25.2
<p>7. Message</p>

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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LoaderDelete

Delete of specified orchestration failed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Delete of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLoaderDeleteEv24*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *24*

Variables

The LoaderDelete message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LoaderDelete Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. OrchName

The orchestration name for which suspend failed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv24OrchName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.24.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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LoaderDeploy

Deployment of specified orchestration failed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Deploy of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLoaderDeployEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *19*

Variables

The LoaderDeploy message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LoaderDeploy Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. OrchName</p> <p>The orchestration name for which deployment failed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv19OrchName</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.19.1</i>


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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LoaderPublish

Publish of specified configuration failed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Publish of Configuration {ConfigName} failed: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLoaderPublishEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables

The LoaderPublish message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LoaderPublish Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ConfigName

The configuration name for which loading failed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv18ConfigName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.18.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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LoaderStart

Start of the specified orchestration failed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Start of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC2oLoaderStartEv20*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *20*

Variables

The LoaderStart message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LoaderStart Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. OrchName</p> <p>The orchestration name for which start failed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv20OrchName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.20.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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LoaderStop

Stop of the specified orchestration failed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Stop of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLoaderStopEv22*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 22

Variables

The LoaderStop message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LoaderStop Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. OrchName

The orchestration name for which stop failed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv22OrchName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.22.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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Suspend of the specified orchestration failed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Suspend of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLoaderSuspendEv23*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *23*

Variables

The LoaderSuspend message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LoaderSuspend Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. OrchName</p> <p>The orchestration name for which suspend failed.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv23OrchName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.23.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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LoaderunDeploy

Undeploy of specified orchestration failed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Undeploy of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oLoaderunDeployEv21*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *21*

Variables

The LoaderunDeploy message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LoaderunDeploy Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. OrchName

The orchestration name for which undeploy failed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv21OrchName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.21.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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Could not register specified object with MBean server.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not register {ObjectName} with mbean server*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oMBeanRegisterEv30*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *30*

Variables

The MBeanRegister message contains the following variables:


Table 1. MBeanRegister Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ObjectName</p> <p>The object name which could not be registered with MBean server.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv30ObjectName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.30.1

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MBeanUnregister

Could not unregister specified object with MBean server.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not unregister {ObjectName} with mbean server*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oMBeanUnregisterEv31*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *31*

Variables

The MBeanUnregister message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MBeanUnregister Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ObjectName

The object name which could not be unregistered with MBean server.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv31ObjectName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.31.1

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MaxSeqNum

Exceeded maximum number of activity events for a job.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Exceeded maximum number of activity events for a job; logging disabled*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oMaxSeqNumEv74*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *74*

Variables


The MaxSeqNum message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MaxSeqNum Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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ModuleConfig

Could not read module configuration.

Level : Severe

Log Message : Could not read the module configuration: {Message}

System : Orchestration

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oModuleConfigEv32

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 32

Variables

The ModuleConfig message contains the following variables:


Table 1. ModuleConfig Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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MonitorQuery

Could not query for monitor data.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not query for monitor data*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oMonitorQueryEv34*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *34*

Variables

The MonitorQuery message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MonitorQuery Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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MonitorVariable

Could not log monitor variable.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Could not log monitor variable "{VariableName}"*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oMonitorVariableEv75*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *75*

Variables

The MonitorVariable message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MonitorVariable Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. VariableName

The variable name.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv75VariableName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.75.1

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MonitorVariables

Could not log monitor variables.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Could not log monitor variables*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oMonitorVariablesEv76*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *76*

Variables

The MonitorVariables message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MonitorVariables Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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 ro_operation_monitorvariables_message.html

MontiorEvents

Could not log monitor events.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not log monitor events*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oMontiorEventsEv33*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *33*

Variables

The MontiorEvents message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MontiorEvents Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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MultipleActFactory

Activity Factory with specified name and version has multiple registrations, and hence not loading it.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *ActivityFactory (name - {ActivityName},version - {ActivityVersion}) has multiple registrations, not loading*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oMultipleActFactoryEv36*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *36*

Variables

The MultipleActFactory message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MultipleActFactory Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

The name of the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv36ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.36.1


6. ActivityVersion

The version of the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv36ActivityVersion
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.36.2

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NoActivityFactory

Activity Factory with specified name and version not registered.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *ActivityFactory (name - {ActivityName}, version - {ActivityVersion}) not registered*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC2oNoActivityFactoryEv37*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *37*

Variables

The NoActivityFactory message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoActivityFactory Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>The name of the activity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv37ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.37.1


6. ActivityVersion

The version of the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv37ActivityVersion
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.37.2

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NotDeployed

Orchestration not deployed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Orchestration not deployed: {OrchName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oNotDeployedEv39*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *39*

Variables

The NotDeployed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NotDeployed Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. OrchName

The name of the orchestration not deployed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv39OrchName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.39.1

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NotDocParameter

Specified parameter is not an XML document.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Parameter {ParamName} is not an XML document*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oNotDocParameterEv40*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *40*

Variables

The NotDocParameter message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NotDocParameter Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. ParamName</p> <p>The name of the parameter which is not an XML document.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv40ParamName</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.40.1</i>

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NotDocVariable

Specified variable is not an XML document.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Variable {ParamName} is not an XML document*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oNotDocVariableEv41*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *41*

Variables

The NotDocVariable message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NotDocVariable Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ParamName

The name of the variable which is not an XML document.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv41ParamName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.41.1

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NotStopped

Could not undeploy as the orchestration is not stopped.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not undeploy, orchestration not stopped, state is {State}: {OrchName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oNotStoppedEv43*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *43*

Variables

The NotStopped message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NotStopped Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. State

The current state of the orchestration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv43State
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.43.1

6. OrchName

The orchestration name that is not running.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv43OrchName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.43.2

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NotSuspend

Could not suspend as the orchestration is not running.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not suspend, orchestration not running: {OrchName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC2oNotSuspendEv42*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *42*

Variables

The NotSuspend message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NotSuspend Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. OrchName

The orchestration name that is not running.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv42OrchName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.42.1

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NullParam

Specified parameter is null.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Parameter {ParamName} is null*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oNullParamEv44*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *44*

Variables

The NullParam message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NullParam Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ParamName

The param name which is null.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv44ParamName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.44.1

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NullVariable

Specified variable is null.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Variable {VariableName} is null*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oNullVariableEv45*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *45*


Variables

The NullVariable message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NullVariable Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. VariableName</p> <p>The variable name which is null.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv45VariableName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.45.1

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OSGISyntaxError

Invalid OSGI query syntax provided.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Invalid OSGI query syntax: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oOSGISyntaxErrorEv46*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *46*

Variables

The OSGISyntaxError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OSGISyntaxError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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OrchCompileError

Unable to compile the specified orchestration.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to compile the orchestration {OrchName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oOrchCompileErrorEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables

The OrchCompileError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrchCompileError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. OrchName

The name of the orchestration which was not compiled.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv7OrchName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.7.1

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OutputMap

Could not perform output map.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not perform output map: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oOutputMapEv47*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *47*

Variables

The OutputMap message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OutputMap Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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OutputMapXPath

Could not perform output map expression.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not perform output map expression: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oOutputMapXPathEv48*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *48*

Variables

The OutputMapXPath message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OutputMapXPath Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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OutputMapXSLT

Could not perform output map transform.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not perform output map transform: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oOutputMapXSLTEv49*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

Variables

The OutputMapXSLT message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OutputMapXSLT Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ParamIndex

Parameter at specified index is already set.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Parameter at paramIndex {ParamIndex} and varIndex {VariableIndex} already set*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oParamIndexEv78*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *78*

Variables

The ParamIndex message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ParamIndex Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ParamIndex

The parameter index.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv78ParamIndex
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.78.1


6. VariableIndex

The variable index.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv78VariableIndex
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.78.2

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ProgramDestroy

Program in non terminal state being destroyed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Program in non-terminal state being destroyed: {ConfigURI}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oProgramDestroyEv50*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *50*

Variables


The ProgramDestroy message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ProgramDestroy Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ConfigURI</p> <p>The config URL of the program being destroyed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv50ConfigURI • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.50.1

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ProgramStart

Cannot start an orchestration that is in transient state.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Cannot start an orchestration that is in transient state: {State}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oProgramStartEv51*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *51*

Variables

The ProgramStart message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ProgramStart Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. State

The current state of the orchestration.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv51State
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.51.1

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SocketNoReply

Could not receive socket reply.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Could not receive socket reply*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oSocketNoReplyEv70*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *70*

Variables

The SocketNoReply message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SocketNoReply Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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SplitError

Error occurred in split activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception in split activity: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oSplitErrorEv52*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *52*

Variables

The SplitError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SplitError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SwitchExpEmpty

The condition provided for if-then activity and case label is empty.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *The condition provided for if-then activity {{ActivityName}} and case label {{CaseLabel}} is empty*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oSwitchExpEmptyEv54*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *54*

Variables

The SwitchExpEmpty message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SwitchExpEmpty Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

The name of the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv54ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.54.1


6. CaseLabel

The name of the label.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv54CaseLabel
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.54.2

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SwitchExpression

Unable to parse the if-then expression.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to parse the if-then expression: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oSwitchExpressionEv53*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 53

Variables

The SwitchExpression message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SwitchExpression Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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TaskCancelled

Caught exception while cancelling job.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Caught exception while canceling job: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oTaskCancelledEv79*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *79*

Variables

The TaskCancelled message contains the following variables:


Table 1. TaskCancelled Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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TaskEnd

Ended job for specified orchestration.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Ended job for orchestration "{OrchName}"*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC2oTaskEndEv84*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *84*

Variables

The TaskEnd message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TaskEnd Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. OrchName

The specified orchestration name.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv84OrchName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.84.1

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TaskFound

Found task with specified state on undeploy.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *On undeploy, found task {TaskName} whose state is {State}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oTaskFoundEv55*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *55*


Variables

The TaskFound message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TaskFound Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. TaskName</p> <p>The task name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv55TaskName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.55.1
<p>6. State</p> <p>The state of the task.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv55State• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.55.2

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TaskRemove

Unable to remove the task.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to remove task {TaskID}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC2oTaskRemoveEv56*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *56*

Variables

The TaskRemove message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TaskRemove Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. TaskID

The task ID for the task which was not removed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv56TaskID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.56.1

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TaskStart

Started job for specified orchestration.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Started job for orchestration "{OrchName}"*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oTaskStartEv82*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *82*

Variables

The TaskStart message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TaskStart Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. OrchName

The specified orchestration name.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv82OrchName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.82.1

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Unable to set the task state.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to set state of task {CurrentState} to {FinalState}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oTaskStateEv57*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *57*

Variables

The TaskState message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TaskState Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. CurrentState</p> <p>The current state of the task.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv57CurrentState
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.57.1


6. FinalState

The final state of the task.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv57FinalState
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.57.2

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TaskStateTransition

Invalid task state transition happened, hence marking the job as faulted.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Invalid task state transition, marked job faulted*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oTaskStateTransitionEv58*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *58*

Variables

The TaskStateTransition message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TaskStateTransition Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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TaskStatusChanged

Job status changed.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Job status changed to {Status}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oTaskStatusChangedEv83*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *83*

Variables


The TaskStatusChanged message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TaskStatusChanged Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Status</p> <p>The new job status.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv83Status• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.83.1

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TooManyWaitingJobs

A job was aborted due to a large number of waiting jobs.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Running of job for orchestration {OrchName} aborted due to large number of waiting jobs*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oTooManyWaitingJobsEv88*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *88*

Variables

The TooManyWaitingJobs message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TooManyWaitingJobs Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. OrchName

The orchestration name.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv88OrchName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.88.1

Parent topic: [Maestro Operation Notifications](#)

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VariableNull

Specified variable is null.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Variable {VarName} is null*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oVariableNullEv77*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *77*

Variables

The VariableNull message contains the following variables:

Table 1. VariableNull Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. VarName

The variable name which is null.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv77VarName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.77.1

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WhileExpEmpty

The condition provided for while activity is empty.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *The condition provided for while activity [{{ActivityName}}] is empty*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oWhileExpEmptyEv61*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *61*


Variables

The WhileExpEmpty message contains the following variables:

Table 1. WhileExpEmpty Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>The name of the activity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv61ActivityName</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.61.1</i>

Parent topic: [Maestro Operation Notifications](#)

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WhileExpression

Unable to parse while expression with specified condition.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to parse the while expression "{ConditionSpecified}": {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oWhileExpressionEv60*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *60*

Variables

The WhileExpression message contains the following variables:

Table 1. WhileExpression Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ConditionSpecified

The condition specified for the while expression.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv60ConditionSpecified
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.60.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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WrongActFactory

Activity factory with specified name and version returned wrong class.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *ActivityFactory (name - {ActivityName},version - {ActivityVersion}) returned wrong class {ActivityClass}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oWrongActFactoryEv62*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2*

Variables

The WrongActFactory message contains the following variables:

Table 1. WrongActFactory Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>The name of the activity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv62ActivityName • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.62.1
<p>6. ActivityVersion</p> <p>The version of the activity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv62ActivityVersion

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.62.2


7. ActivityClass

The class of the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20oEv62ActivityClass
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.2.1.62.3

Parent topic: [Maestro Operation Notifications](#)

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Maestro Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Maestro Module.

- [IOError](#)
Internal error occurred because of Input/Output error.
- [UnCaughtError](#)
Uncaught Internal error occurred.
- [UnexpectedError](#)
Unexpected Internal error occurred.

Parent topic: [Maestro Module](#)

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IOError

Internal error occurred because of Input/Output error.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Internal error: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20iIOErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *3*


Variables

The IOError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IOError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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UnCaughtError

Uncaught Internal error occurred.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Internal error: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20iUnCaughtErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The UnCaughtError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnCaughtError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber The serial number of the appliance sending the trap. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
2. Severity Severity of the Notification. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
3. JobID The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Maestro Internal Notifications](#)

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UnexpectedError

Unexpected Internal error occurred.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Internal error: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MAESTRO-MIB::ciC20iUnexpectedErrorEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.20.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The UnexpectedError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnexpectedError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Maestro Internal Notifications](#)

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NetSuite Module

The NetSuite Module provides access to the NetSuite online service. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the NetSuite Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the NetSuite Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11*


The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the NetSuite Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the NetSuite Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
ConnectionFailed	Severe	Orchestration	The NetSuite operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
ConnectionPoolError	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while returning connection to pool. Continuing the activity.
ConnectionRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The NetSuite operation failed while trying to connect to the server. The operation will be retried.
CustomFieldError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred and returned specified soap fault while getting custom fields for the recordType.
IOError	Severe	Orchestration	Unexpected IO error occurred while performing operation with NetSuite.
SoapError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while creating SOAP message.
StreamError	Severe	Orchestration	Unexpected IO exception occurred while streaming the message.
TransformationError	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while processing a message for NetSuite.
UnknownError	Severe	Orchestration	Unknown error while invoking an operation on NetSuite.

- [NetSuite Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the NetSuite Module.
- [NetSuite Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the NetSuite Module.
- [NetSuite Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the NetSuite Module.

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NetSuite Connection Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the NetSuite Module.

- [ConnectionFailed](#)
The NetSuite operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
- [ConnectionPoolError](#)
Error occurred while returning connection to pool. Continuing the activity.
- [ConnectionRetry](#)
The NetSuite operation failed while trying to connect to the server. The operation will be retried.

Parent topic: [NetSuite Module](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/netsuite/netsuite_connection_notifications_list.html

ConnectionFailed

The NetSuite operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to NetSuite after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11cConnectionFailedEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The ConnectionFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionFailed Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.
--

- | |
|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String |
|--|

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. NumberOfRetryAttempts

The total number of attempted retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11cEv2NumberOfRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.1.1.2.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [NetSuite Connection Notifications](#)

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ConnectionPoolError

Error occurred while returning connection to pool. Continuing the activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Exception while returning connection to pool.Swallowing the exception. The Exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11cConnectionPoolErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The ConnectionPoolError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionPoolError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p>

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [NetSuite Connection Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/netsuite/netsuite_connection_connectionpoolerror_message.html

ConnectionRetry

The NetSuite operation failed while trying to connect to the server. The operation will be retried.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to NetSuite. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11cConnectionRetryEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The ConnectionRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionRetry Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

6. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11cEv1RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.1.1.1.2

7. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11cEv1TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.1.1.1.3

8. IntervalForRetries


The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11cEv1IntervalForRetries

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.1.1.1.4

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NetSuite Operation Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the NetSuite Module.

- [CustomFieldError](#)
Error occurred and returned specified soap fault while getting custom fields for the recordType.
- [TransformationError](#)
An error occurred while processing a message for NetSuite.

Parent topic: [NetSuite Module](#)

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CustomFieldError

Error occurred and returned specified soap fault while getting custom fields for the recordType.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while getting custom fields for the recordType. The soap fault code is {SoapFaultCode} and fault message is {SoapFaultMessage}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11oCustomFieldErrorEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.2*


SNMP Trap Number : *2*

The CustomFieldError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CustomFieldError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. SoapFaultCode</p> <p>The soap fault returned by the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11oEv2SoapFaultCode• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.2.1.2.1
<p>6. SoapFaultMessage</p> <p>The soap fault message returned by the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11oEv2SoapFaultMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.2.1.2.2

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TransformationError

An error occurred while processing a message for NetSuite.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while processing a message for NetSuite. Exception is {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11oTransformationErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The TransformationError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TransformationError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [NetSuite Operation Notifications](#)

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NetSuite Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the NetSuite Module.

- [IOError](#)
Unexpected IO error occurred while performing operation with NetSuite.
- [SoapError](#)
Error occurred while creating SOAP message.
- [StreamError](#)
Unexpected IO exception occurred while streaming the message.
- [UnknownError](#)
Unknown error while invoking an operation on NetSuite.

Parent topic: [NetSuite Module](#)

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IOError

Unexpected IO error occurred while performing operation with NetSuite.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unexpected IO error while performing operation with NetSuite. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11iIOErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The IOError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IOError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [NetSuite Internal Notifications](#)

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SoapError

Error occurred while creating SOAP message.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while creating soap message. The exception is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11iSoapErrorEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The SoapError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SoapError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [NetSuite Internal Notifications](#)

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StreamError

Unexpected IO exception occurred while streaming the message.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unexpected IO exception while streaming the message. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11iStreamErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *3*


Variables

The StreamError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. StreamError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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UnknownError

Unknown error while invoking an operation on NetSuite.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unknown exception while invoking an operation on NetSuite. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-NETSUITE-MIB::ciC11iUnknownErrorEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.11.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The UnknownError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnknownError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [NetSuite Internal Notifications](#)

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PeopleSoft Module

The PeopleSoft Module provides access to Oracle's PeopleSoft applications. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the PeopleSoft Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the PeopleSoft Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the PeopleSoft Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the PeopleSoft Module


Notification	Level	System	Description
ActivateFailureBlank	Severe	Orchestration	Activity could not be started as the specified name was blank.

Notification	Level	System	Description
ActivateSuccess	Info	Orchestration	Activity name specified was successfully activated.
ActivateUnsuccessful	Info	Orchestration	Error occurred while connecting to PeopleSoft system while activating activity. Activity activated, will try to establish connectivity at activity execute time.
ActivityFailure	Severe	Orchestration	Activity name specified failed to execute.
ActivitySuccessful	Info	Orchestration	Activity name specified executed successfully. The response output parameter was successfully generated.
ConfigURI	Info	Orchestration	Information regarding the URI and Port where the PeopleSoft Receive is listening.
ConnectionError	Severe	Orchestration	The peoplesoft operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
ConnectionPoolError	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while returning connection to the pool. Continuing the activity.
ConnectionRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The peoplesoft operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
CreateOnlyKeys	Warning	Orchestration	Only Create Keys was specified and no other properties were specified. Create might not have created the record.
DataLengthMore	Warning	Orchestration	The data set for specified field name has length exceeding the field length. This may cause loss of data.
DeleteFail	Warning	Orchestration	The activity failed to delete specified item number.
GetNoReturn	Info	Orchestration	Activity name specified could not find any record.
ItemNumberBlank	Warning	Orchestration	Item number returned is empty.
MakeConnectError	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while creating the connection to destination.
MessageNameVersion	Severe	Orchestration	Message name and version got does not match that set in activity.
MissingLibraries	Severe	Orchestration	Peoplesoft activity is missing required libraries. Please install them from WMC.
NoOperationOnRecord	Warning	Orchestration	Activity could not find any record to do specified operation on it.
OutOfRange	Warning	Orchestration	Activity is trying to delete an item which is out of range.
PoolReleaseError	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while closing the connection pool.
ReceiveActivate	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while activating PeopleSoft Receive.
ReceiveDeActivate	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while deactivating PeopleSoft Receive.
ReceiveError	Severe	Orchestration	Peoplesoft receive activity was unsuccessful in receiving the request.

Notification	Level	System	Description
ReceiveGeneralError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while sending the response from PeopleSoft Receive.
ReceiveIOError	Severe	Orchestration	IO Error occurred while processing request in PeopleSoft Receive.
ReceiveInfo	Info	Orchestration	Got document from specified host with specified name and version.
ReceiveProcess	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while processing request in PeopleSoft Receive.
ReceiveSuccessful	Info	Orchestration	Peoplesoft receive activity successfully received the request.
RunningInfo	Warning	Orchestration	Faced few warnings or errors while running Peoplesoft activity.
RunningMessages	Warning	Orchestration	Received messages while executing the activity.
SetupInfo	Warning	Orchestration	Faced few warnings or errors while setting up Peoplesoft activity.

- [PeopleSoft Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the PeopleSoft Module.
- [PeopleSoft Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the PeopleSoft Module.
- [PeopleSoft Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the PeopleSoft Module.

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PeopleSoft Connection Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the PeopleSoft Module.

- [ActivateUnsuccessful](#)
Error occurred while connecting to PeopleSoft system while activating activity. Activity activated, will try to establish connectivity at activity execute time.
- [ConnectionError](#)
The peoplesoft operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
- [ConnectionPoolError](#)
Error occurred while returning connection to the pool. Continuing the activity.
- [ConnectionRetry](#)
The peoplesoft operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

- [MakeConnectError](#)
Error occurred while creating the connection to destination.
- [PoolReleaseError](#)
Error occurred while closing the connection pool.
- [ReceiveActivate](#)
Error occurred while activating PeopleSoft Receive.
- [ReceiveDeActivate](#)
Error occurred while deactivating PeopleSoft Receive.
- [ReceiveIOError](#)
IO Error occurred while processing request in PeopleSoft Receive.

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft Module](#)

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ActivateUnsuccessful

Error occurred while connecting to PeopleSoft system while activating activity. Activity activated, will try to establish connectivity at activity execute time.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Error connecting to PeopleSoft system while activating activity {ActivityName}, error is: {Message}. Activity activated, will try to establish connectivity at activity execute time*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cActivateUnsuccessfulEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The ActivateUnsuccessful message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivateUnsuccessful Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
--

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

The activity name which failed to connect to Peoplesoft system.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cEv1ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1.1.1.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ConnectionError

The peoplesoft operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to PeopleSoft after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cConnectionErrorEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The ConnectionError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. NumberOfRetryAttempts

The total number of attempted retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cEv2NumberOfRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1.1.2.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ConnectionPoolError

Error occurred while returning connection to the pool. Continuing the activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while returning connection to pool. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cConnectionPoolErrorEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables

The ConnectionPoolError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionPoolError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ConnectionRetry

The peoplesoft operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Connection error while executing activity {ActivityName}. The error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s)*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cConnectionRetryEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *3*

Variables

The ConnectionRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionRetry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>The activity name which failed to connect to Peoplesoft system.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cEv3ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1.1.3.1

6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

7. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cEv3RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1.1.3.3

8. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cEv3TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1.1.3.4


9. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cEv3IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1.1.3.5

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MakeConnectError

Error occurred while creating the connection to destination.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while creating the connection to destination. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cMakeConnectErrorEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *9*


Variables

The MakeConnectError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MakeConnectError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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PoolReleaseError

Error occurred while closing the connection pool.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while closing the connection pool. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cPoolReleaseErrorEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The PoolReleaseError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PoolReleaseError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveActivate

Error occurred while activating PeopleSoft Receive.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while activating PeopleSoft Receive. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cReceiveActivateEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 5

Variables

The ReceiveActivate message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveActivate Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveDeActivate

Error occurred while deactivating PeopleSoft Receive.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while deactivating PeopleSoft Receive. Discarding error: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cReceiveDeActivateEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The ReceiveDeActivate message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveDeActivate Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveIOError

IO Error occurred while processing request in PeopleSoft Receive.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *IO Error while processing request in PeopleSoft Receive. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9cReceiveIOErrorEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The ReceiveIOError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveIOError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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PeopleSoft Operation Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the PeopleSoft Module.

- [ActivateFailureBlank](#)
Activity could not be started as the specified name was blank.
- [ActivateSuccess](#)
Activity name specified was successfully activated.
- [ActivityFailure](#)
Activity name specified failed to execute.
- [ActivitySuccessful](#)
Activity name specified executed successfully. The response output parameter was successfully

- generated.
- [ConfigURI](#)
Information regarding the URI and Port where the PeopleSoft Receive is listening.
 - [CreateOnlyKeys](#)
Only Create Keys was specified and no other properties were specified. Create might not have created the record.
 - [DataLengthMore](#)
The data set for specified field name has length exceeding the field length. This may cause loss of data.
 - [DeleteFail](#)
The activity failed to delete specified item number.
 - [GetNoReturn](#)
Activity name specified could not find any record.
 - [ItemNumberBlank](#)
Item number returned is empty.
 - [MessageNameVersion](#)
Message name and version got does not match that set in activity.
 - [NoOperationOnRecord](#)
Activity could not find any record to do specified operation on it.
 - [OutOfRange](#)
Activity is trying to delete an item which is out of range.
 - [ReceiveError](#)
Peoplesoft receive activity was unsuccessful in receiving the request.
 - [ReceiveGeneralError](#)
Error occurred while sending the response from PeopleSoft Receive.
 - [ReceiveInfo](#)
Got document from specified host with specified name and version.
 - [ReceiveProcess](#)
Error occurred while processing request in PeopleSoft Receive.
 - [ReceiveSuccessful](#)
Peoplesoft receive activity successfully received the request.
 - [RunningInfo](#)
Faced few warnings or errors while running Peoplesoft activity.
 - [RunningMessages](#)
Received messages while executing the activity.

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ActivateFailureBlank

Activity could not be started as the specified name was blank.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : Activity {ActivityName} not started as {Name} is blank

System : Orchestration

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oActivateFailureBlankEv6

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The ActivateFailureBlank message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivateFailureBlank Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>The activity name which failed to activate.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv6ActivityName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.6.1


6. Name

The name which was left blank causing activate to fail.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv6Name
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.6.2

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ActivateSuccess

Activity name specified was successfully activated.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Activity {ActivityName} activated successfully*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oActivateSuccessEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The ActivateSuccess message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivateSuccess Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ActivityName

The activity name which was activated.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv5ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.5.1

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ActivityFailure

Activity name specified failed to execute.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while trying to execute activity {ActivityName}. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oActivityFailureEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 4

Variables

The ActivityFailure message contains the following variables:


Table 1. ActivityFailure Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>The activity name which failed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv4ActivityName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.4.1
<p>6. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ActivitySuccessful

Activity name specified executed successfully. The response output parameter was successfully generated.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *{ActivityName} executed and outputted response output parameter*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oActivitySuccessfulEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The ActivitySuccessful message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivitySuccessful Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ActivityName

The activity name which succeeded.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv3ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.3.1

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ConfigURI

Information regarding the URI and Port where the PeopleSoft Receive is listening.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *PeopleSoft Receive listening for events on URI: "{UriValue}" and port: "{PortValue}"*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oConfigURIEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *19*

Variables

The ConfigURI message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConfigURI Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. UriValue</p> <p>The URI the server is listening on.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv19UriValue• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.19.1
<p>6. PortValue</p> <p>The port number the server is listening on.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv19PortValue• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.19.2

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CreateOnlyKeys

Only Create Keys was specified and no other properties were specified. Create might not have created the record.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Only Create Keys and no other properties specified. Create might not have created record.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oCreateOnlyKeysEv20*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *20*

Variables

The CreateOnlyKeys message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CreateOnlyKeys Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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DataLengthMore

The data set for specified field name has length exceeding the field length. This may cause loss of data.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Data being set for field named {FieldName} has length {DataLength}, where as field has length {FieldLength}. There may be loss of data.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oDataLengthMoreEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The DataLengthMore message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DataLengthMore Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. FieldName

Name of the field for which data has been set.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv12FieldName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.12.1

6. DataLength

Length of the data which has been set for this field.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv12DataLength
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.12.2

7. FieldLength

Length of the field for which data has been set.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv12FieldLength
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.12.3

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DeleteFail

The activity failed to delete specified item number.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Delete failed for item {ItemNumber}. Returning false*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oDeleteFailEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The DeleteFail message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DeleteFail Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ItemNumber

Item number which is out of range.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv10ItemNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.10.1

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GetNoReturn

Activity name specified could not find any record.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Activity {ActivityName} could not find any record*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oGetNoReturnEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *7*

Variables

The GetNoReturn message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GetNoReturn Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ActivityName

The activity name which could not find any record.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv7ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.7.1

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ItemNumberBlank

Item number returned is empty.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *ITEM_NO is empty. Returning false*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oItemNumberBlankEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The ItemNumberBlank message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ItemNumberBlank Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/peoplesoft/peoplesoft_operation_itemnumberblank_message.html

MessageNameVersion

Message name and version got does not match that set in activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Message name and version got does not match that set in activity. Set in activity: Message Name: {MessageName}, Message Version: {MessageVersion}. Actually Got: Message Name: {ActualMessageName}, Message Version: {ActualMessageVersion}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oMessageNameVersionEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The MessageNameVersion message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MessageNameVersion Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. MessageName

The message name set in the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv14MessageName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.14.1

6. MessageVersion

The message version set in the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv14MessageVersion
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.14.2

7. ActualMessageName

The message name received in the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv14ActualMessageName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.14.3


8. ActualMessageVersion

The message version received in the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv14ActualMessageVersion
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.14.4

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NoOperationOnRecord

Activity could not find any record to do specified operation on it.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Not able to get any record to do {OperationName} on. Returning false*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oNoOperationOnRecordEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The NoOperationOnRecord message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoOperationOnRecord Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. OperationName

Operation name that could not be specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv8OperationName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.8.1

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OutOfRange

Activity is trying to delete an item which is out of range.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Trying to delete item {ItemNumber} which is out of range. Returning false*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oOutOfRangeEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The OutOfRange message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OutOfRange Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ItemNumber

Item number which is out of range.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv9ItemNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.9.1

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ReceiveError

Peoplesoft receive activity was unsuccessful in receiving the request.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while receiving in PeopleSoft Receive. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oReceiveErrorEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

Variables

The ReceiveError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveGeneralError

Error occurred while sending the response from PeopleSoft Receive.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while sending the response from PeopleSoft Receive. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oReceiveGeneralErrorEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *17*

Variables

The ReceiveGeneralError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveGeneralError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveInfo

Got document from specified host with specified name and version.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Got document from {From} with Message Name: {MessageName}, Message Version: {MessageVersion}, Message Type: {MessageType} and Originating Time Stamp: {TimeStamp}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oReceiveInfoEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The ReceiveInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveInfo Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. From

The name of the host where receive activity got the document.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv13From
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.13.1

6. MessageName

The name of the message received by the activity

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv13MessageName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.13.2

7. MessageVersion

The version of the message received by the activity

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv13MessageVersion
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.13.3

8. MessageType

The type of the message received by the activity

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv13MessageType
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.13.4


9. TimeStamp

The originating time stamp of the message received by the activity

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv13TimeStamp
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.13.5

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ReceiveProcess

Error occurred while processing request in PeopleSoft Receive.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while processing request in PeopleSoft Receive. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oReceiveProcessEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables

The ReceiveProcess message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveProcess Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveSuccessful

Peoplesoft receive activity successfully received the request.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Successfully received request in PeopleSoft Receive and outputted output parameter response*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oReceiveSuccessfulEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *15*

Variables

The ReceiveSuccessful message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveSuccessful Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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RunningInfo

Faced few warnings or errors while running Peoplesoft activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Errors/Warning messages while executing activity: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oRunningInfoEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The RunningInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RunningInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p>

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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RunningMessages

Received messages while executing the activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *{MessageType} messages while executing activity: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oRunningMessagesEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The RunningMessages message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RunningMessages Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. MessageType

Type of the message received.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv1MessageType
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.1.1


6. Message

The message received while executing the activity.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9oEv1Message
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.2.1.1.2

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft Operation Notifications](#)

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Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the PeopleSoft Module.

- [MissingLibraries](#)
Peoplesoft activity is missing required libraries. Please install them from WMC.
- [SetupInfo](#)
Faced few warnings or errors while setting up Peoplesoft activity.

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft Module](#)

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MissingLibraries

Peoplesoft activity is missing required libraries. Please install them from WMC.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Missing classes when trying to start activity {ActivitName}. PeopleSoft library may need to be installed on the appliance. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9iMissingLibrariesEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The MissingLibraries message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MissingLibraries Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivitName

The activity name which faced the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9iEv1ActivitName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.3.1.1.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft Internal Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/peoplesoft/peoplesoft_internal_missinglibraries_message.html

SetupInfo

Faced few warnings or errors while setting up Peoplesoft activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Warning/error messages while initializing {ActivityName}: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9iSetupInfoEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The SetupInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SetupInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>The activity name which faced the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PEOPLESOFT-MIB::ciC9iEv2ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.9.1.3.1.2.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [PeopleSoft Internal Notifications](#)

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Platform Module

The Platform module provides notifications for elements generally not associated with projects or the runtime such as hardware, network, security, and resources. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Platform Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Platform Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB*

MIB OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Platform Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the Platform Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
AccessViolation	Info	Security	An authenticated user attempted to access a section of the Cast Iron product which would require additional authorization.
AuthFailure	Severe	Security	An attempt to authenticate with the appliance failed.
AuthLogOut	Info	Security	Event showing logging out of the user.
AuthSuccess	Info	Security	Attempt to authenticate with the appliance was successful.
DiskUsageCritOk	Info	Resources	Disk space usage is below the critical threshold.
DiskUsageCritical	Severe	Resources	Disk space usage has exceeded the critical threshold.


Notification	Level	System	Description
DiskUsageWarnOk	Info	Resources	Disk space usage is below the warning threshold.
DiskUsageWarning	Warning	Resources	Disk space usage has exceeded the warning threshold.
FanFailed	Severe	Hardware	A cooling fan is not operating correctly.
FanRestored	Info	Hardware	A cooling fan has resumed proper operation.
GrantRole	Info	Security	grant new role created.
GroupCreated	Info	Security	New group created.
GroupDeleted	Info	Security	Group deleted.
HighAvailFailover	Info	Hardware	The High Availability failover feature has taken effect; failover is complete.
HighAvailNotReady	Warning	Hardware	The HA system is not Highly Available.
HighAvailReady	Info	Hardware	The HA system is Highly Available.
HighAvailVersionError	Severe	Resources	The version of CIOS running on Standby does not match that running on Active.
IntrusionInform	Warning	Hardware	The appliance case has been opened.
IntrusionSevere	Severe	Hardware	The appliance case has been opened, which could result in system failure. Please contact Cast Iron Support.
LargeFileWarning	Warning	Resources	Large file taking up space on heavily loaded disk.
NetworkAutohost	Warning	Network	The Autohost feature has added the appliance's hostname and IP address to /etc/hosts.
NetworkInvalidRoute	Warning	Network	Could not add a requested network route.
NetworkLinkDown	Warning	Network	The network link is down (offline).
NetworkLinkUp	Info	Network	The network link is up (online).
OrcmonArchiveError	Severe	Resources	Job log archive error.
OrcmonDatabaseError	Severe	Resources	Job log database error.
OrcmonDiskFull	Warning	Resources	Normal job log purging did not clear enough disk space. Purging half of all job logs in attempt to recover disk space.
OrcmonDiskFullNoPurge	Severe	Resources	Failed to purge any job logs to recover disk space.
OrcmonDiskTrigger	Info	Resources	Job log purge was initiated due to an available disk space trigger.
OrcmonExportCdError	Severe	Resources	Could not upload the job log archive file to the FTP server: Could not cd to the destination directory.
OrcmonExportError	Severe	Resources	Failure uploading archive file to FTP server.
OrcmonExportFTP	Info	Resources	Exporting archive file to FTP server.
OrcmonExportLocal	Info	Resources	Exporting job log data to a local archive file.

Notification	Level	System	Description
OrcmonExportStoreErr	Severe	Resources	Failure uploading archive file to FTP server: Could not store file.
OrcmonExportedJobs	Info	Resources	Exported jobs from the job log.
OrcmonPurgeByCompl	Info	Resources	Job log purge has been triggered based on the number of stored completed jobs.
OrcmonPurgeByErrored	Info	Resources	Job log purge has been triggered based on the number of stored errored jobs.
OrcmonPurgeByTime	Info	Resources	Job log purge has been triggered based on the amount of time since the last purge.
OrcmonPurgeByTimeNP	Info	Resources	Job log purge has been triggered based on the amount of time since collection began.
OrcmonPurgeFailed	Severe	Resources	Job log purge/archive failed.
PowerInterrupted	Warning	Hardware	A power module has reported that it does not have power.
PowerRestored	Info	Hardware	A power module has reported that power has been restored.
RaidArrayDegraded	Severe	Hardware	The RAID array on the appliance is degraded.
RaidArrayOffline	Severe	Hardware	The RAID array on the appliance is offline. Please contact Cast Iron Support.
RaidArrayOptimal	Info	Hardware	The RAID array on the appliance is optimal.
RaidDiskFailed	Severe	Hardware	A disk on the appliance has failed.
RaidDiskOnline	Info	Hardware	A disk on the appliance is now online and working properly.
RaidDiskRebuilding	Info	Hardware	A disk on the appliance is rebuilding.
RevokeRole	Info	Security	User role revoked.
SwapUsageCritOk	Info	Resources	Swap space usage is below the critical threshold.
SwapUsageCritical	Severe	Resources	Swap space usage has exceeded the critical threshold.
SwapUsageWarnOk	Info	Resources	Swap space usage is below the warning threshold.
SwapUsageWarning	Warning	Resources	Swap space usage has exceeded the warning threshold.
SystemInitComplete	Info	Hardware	The appliance is finished initializing after reboot.
SystemInitStarted	Info	Hardware	The appliance is initializing after being shut down or rebooted.
SystemRecoveryReboot	Warning	Hardware	Operational failure was detected. System is rebooting to recover.
SystemRecoveryRestart	Warning	Hardware	Operational failure was detected. System is restarting to recover.

Notification	Level	System	Description
TemperatureOutOfRange	Severe	Hardware	A monitored temperature within the appliance is too high, which could lead to future failures.
TemperatureRestored	Info	Hardware	A temperature which was previously out of range (too hot) has come back into range
UpdateStatus	Info	Security	Update user status as active or inactive.
UpdateUser	Info	Security	Update display name of a user.
UpgradeComplete	Info	Hardware	The Cast Iron firmware was successfully upgraded.
UpgradeFailed	Severe	Hardware	The attempt to upgrade the Cast Iron firmware has failed.
UserCreated	Info	Security	New user created.
UserDeleted	Info	Security	User deleted.

- [Platform Hardware Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of hardware notifications sent from the Platform Module.
- [Platform Network Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of network notifications sent from the Platform Module.
- [Platform Resources Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of resources notifications sent from the Platform Module.
- [Platform Security Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of security notifications sent from the Platform Module.

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Platform Hardware Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of hardware notifications sent from the Platform Module.

- [FanFailed](#)
A cooling fan is not operating correctly.
- [FanRestored](#)
A cooling fan has resumed proper operation.
- [HighAvailFailover](#)
The High Availability failover feature has taken effect; failover is complete.
- [HighAvailNotReady](#)
The HA system is not Highly Available.
- [HighAvailReady](#)
The HA system is Highly Available.

- [IntrusionInform](#)
The appliance case has been opened.
- [IntrusionSevere](#)
The appliance case has been opened, which could result in system failure. Please contact Cast Iron Support.
- [PowerInterrupted](#)
A power module has reported that it does not have power.
- [PowerRestored](#)
A power module has reported that power has been restored.
- [RaidArrayDegraded](#)
The RAID array on the appliance is degraded.
- [RaidArrayOffline](#)
The RAID array on the appliance is offline. Please contact Cast Iron Support.
- [RaidArrayOptimal](#)
The RAID array on the appliance is optimal.
- [RaidDiskFailed](#)
A disk on the appliance has failed.
- [RaidDiskOnline](#)
A disk on the appliance is now online and working properly.
- [RaidDiskRebuilding](#)
A disk on the appliance is rebuilding.
- [SystemInitComplete](#)
The appliance is finished initializing after reboot.
- [SystemInitStarted](#)
The appliance is initializing after being shut down or rebooted.
- [SystemRecoveryReboot](#)
Operational failure was detected. System is rebooting to recover.
- [SystemRecoveryRestart](#)
Operational failure was detected. System is restarting to recover.
- [TemperatureOutOfRange](#)
A monitored temperature within the appliance is too high, which could lead to future failures.
- [TemperatureRestored](#)
A temperature which was previously out of range (too hot) has come back into range
- [UpgradeComplete](#)
The Cast Iron firmware was successfully upgraded.
- [UpgradeFailed](#)
The attempt to upgrade the Cast Iron firmware has failed.

Parent topic: [Platform Module](#)

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FanFailed

A cooling fan is not operating correctly.

The most likely cause is that the fan has become disconnected or has failed. The recommended action is to 1) confirm the appliance with the corresponding AffectedAppliance serial number has an indicator LED (usually orange), 2) confirm the fan is properly connected, and 3) contact Cast Iron Support for assistance replacing the fan.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Fan {FanID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is not functional. Current={CurrentSpeed} RPM. Minimum={MinimumSpeed} RPM.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hFanFailedEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The FanFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FanFailed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. FanID</p> <p>Identifier associated with the failed fan.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv1FanID• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.1.1
<p>4. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

5. CurrentSpeed

Current speed of the fan in RPM.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv1CurrentSpeed
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.1.3


6. MinimumSpeed

Minimum speed of the fan in RPM.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv1MinimumSpeed
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.1.4

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FanRestored

A cooling fan has resumed proper operation.

This notification may occur if a fan previously failed, but has since been repaired or reconnected.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Fan {FanID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is functional. Current={CurrentSpeed} RPM. Minimum={MinimumSpeed} RPM.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hFanRestoredEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*


Variables

The FanRestored message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FanRestored Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. FanID</p> <p>Identifier associated with the failed fan.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv2FanID • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.2.1
<p>4. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5
<p>5. CurrentSpeed</p> <p>Current speed of the fan in RPM.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv2CurrentSpeed • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.2.3
<p>6. MinimumSpeed</p> <p>Minimum speed of the fan in RPM.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv2MinimumSpeed • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.2.4

Parent topic: [Platform Hardware Notifications](#)

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HighAvailFailover

The High Availability failover feature has taken effect; failover is complete.

HA systems may "fail over" to the Standby appliance based on user request or based on the needs of the system. This notification is sent when the procedure has completed, regardless of the reason that the failover occurred.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The High Availability peer {AffectedAppliance} has successfully taken over.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hHighAvailFailoverEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *15*

Variables

The HighAvailFailover message contains the following variables:


Table 1. HighAvailFailover Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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HighAvailNotReady

The HA system is not Highly Available.

The Cast Iron HA pair is Highly Available when both Active and Standby appliances are fully operational. That is, when Standby is ready to take over for Active in case of a failure. This notification indicates that the Standby appliance is not currently synchronized with Active and therefore is not ready to take over if necessary.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *The HA system is not Highly Available. Active appliance is {AffectedAppliance}.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hHighAvailNotReadyEv23*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : 23

Variables

The HighAvailNotReady message contains the following variables:

Table 1. HighAvailNotReady Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1


3. AffectedAppliance

Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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HighAvailReady

The HA system is Highly Available.

The Cast Iron HA pair is Highly Available when both Active and Standby appliances are fully operational. That is, when Standby is ready to take over for Active in case of a failure. This notification indicates that the Standby appliance has synchronized with Active and is ready to take over if necessary.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The HA system is Highly Available with appliance {AffectedAppliance} acting as Active.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hHighAvailReadyEv22*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *22*

Variables

The HighAvailReady message contains the following variables:

Table 1. HighAvailReady Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1


3. AffectedAppliance

Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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IntrusionInform

The appliance case has been opened.

This applies to 7198-type appliances. The appliance has reported that its case was opened. This is an informational message; the intrusion sensor on this appliance does not affect the appliance's behavior. If this message occurs unexpectedly, you may wish to ensure the physical security of your appliance.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *The appliance {AffectedAppliance} has been opened.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hIntrusionInformEv7

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables


The IntrusionInform message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IntrusionInform Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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IntrusionSevere

The appliance case has been opened, which could result in system failure. Please contact Cast Iron Support.

This applies to 9235-type appliances. The appliance has reported that its case was opened. This is a serious situation requiring immediate attention to avoid downtime.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *The appliance {AffectedAppliance} has been opened, possibly leading to system failure. Please contact Cast Iron Support.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hIntrusionSevereEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables


The IntrusionSevere message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IntrusionSevere Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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PowerInterrupted

A power module has reported that it does not have power.

The most likely cause is that a power cord has been unplugged. Please ensure both power cords are plugged in and that the power modules are operating normally.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Power sensor {PowerID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} has reported a loss of power.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hPowerInterruptedEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The PowerInterrupted message contains the following variables:


Table 1. PowerInterrupted Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. PowerID</p> <p>Identifier associated with the monitored power module.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv5PowerID• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.5.1
<p>4. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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PowerRestored

A power module has reported that power has been restored.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Power sensor {PowerID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} has reported power is restored.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hPowerRestoredEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The PowerRestored message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PowerRestored Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. PowerID</p>

Identifier associated with the monitored power module.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv6PowerID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.6.1


4. AffectedAppliance

Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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RaidArrayDegraded

The RAID array on the appliance is degraded.

The appliance will continue operating, excepting any additional hard drive failures. The most likely cause of this notification is that one of the hard drives has failed or is rebuilding. If the disk is rebuilding, the RAID state should return to Optimal upon completion.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *The RAID array on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is degraded.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hRaidArrayDegradedEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The RaidArrayDegraded message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RaidArrayDegraded Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1


3. AffectedAppliance

Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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RaidArrayOffline

The RAID array on the appliance is offline. Please contact Cast Iron Support.

The most likely cause is that both hard drives have failed. Please examine the

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *The RAID array on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is offline. Please contact Cast Iron Support.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hRaidArrayOfflineEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables


The RaidArrayOffline message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RaidArrayOffline Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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RaidArrayOptimal

The RAID array on the appliance is optimal.

This event occurs when a disk which had previously failed or was rebuilding has been restored to proper operation.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The RAID array on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is optimal.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hRaidArrayOptimalEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables


The RaidArrayOptimal message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RaidArrayOptimal Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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RaidDiskFailed

A disk on the appliance has failed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *The RAID disk {DiskID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} has failed.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hRaidDiskFailedEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The RaidDiskFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RaidDiskFailed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. DiskID</p> <p>Identifier associated with the associated disk.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv12DiskID• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.12.1
<p>4. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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rm_hardware_raiddiskfailed_message.html

RaidDiskOnline

A disk on the appliance is now online and working properly.

This notification is typically sent when a disk has completed rebuilding and comes online, providing hardware redundancy.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The RAID disk {DiskID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is online.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hRaidDiskOnlineEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The RaidDiskOnline message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RaidDiskOnline Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. DiskID</p> <p>Identifier associated with the associated disk.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv14DiskID

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.14.1


4. AffectedAppliance

Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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RaidDiskRebuilding

A disk on the appliance is rebuilding.

A rebuilding disk actively copies data from the online disk. While in this state, system performance may be affected and the RAID Array state is usually "Degraded". System performance and the RAID Array state should return to normal when rebuilding has completed.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The RAID disk {DiskID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is rebuilding.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hRaidDiskRebuildingEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The RaidDiskRebuilding message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RaidDiskRebuilding Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. DiskID

Identifier associated with the associated disk.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv13DiskID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.13.1


4. AffectedAppliance

Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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rm_hardware_raiddiskrebuilding_message.html)

SystemInitComplete

The appliance is finished initializing after reboot.

This message indicates that the appliance is fully operational after completing a reboot.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The appliance {AffectedAppliance} is finished initializing after reboot.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hSystemInitCompleteEv21*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4

SNMP Trap Number : 21

Variables


The SystemInitComplete message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SystemInitComplete Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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SystemInitStarted

The appliance is initializing after being shut down or rebooted.

The appliance sends this message early in the bootup process. This message is intended as informational, indicating that a reboot has occurred.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The appliance {AffectedAppliance} is initializing after being shut down or rebooted.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hSystemInitStartedEv20*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *20*

Variables


The SystemInitStarted message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SystemInitStarted Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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SystemRecoveryReboot

Operational failure was detected. System is rebooting to recover.

The Cast Iron appliance continually monitors the health of components within the system. If a component has a momentary failure, the system may choose to reboot to recover from the situation. In the case of a recurring error, further reboots are not used until an hour has passed; instead the runtime is restarted. See the CLI command "system autoreboot" for information about controlling this behavior.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Operational failure was detected on appliance {AffectedAppliance}. System is rebooting to recover. Uptime {Days} days, {Hours}:{Minutes}.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hSystemRecoveryRebootEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables

The SystemRecoveryReboot message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SystemRecoveryReboot Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5
<p>4. Days</p>

The number of days the system has been up since the last reboot.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv18Days
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.18.2

5. Hours

The number of hours the system has been up since the last reboot.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv18Hours
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.18.3


6. Minutes

The number of minutes the system has been up since the last reboot.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv18Minutes
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.18.4

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SystemRecoveryRestart

Operational failure was detected. System is restarting to recover.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Operational failure on appliance {AffectedAppliance} was detected. System is restarting to recover.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hSystemRecoveryRestartEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *19*

Variables


The SystemRecoveryRestart message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SystemRecoveryRestart Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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rm_hardware_systemrecoveryrestart_message.html](http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/platform/platfo

rm_hardware_systemrecoveryrestart_message.html)

TemperatureOutOfRange

A monitored temperature within the appliance is too high, which could lead to future failures.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Temperature {TempID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is out of range. Current={CurrentTemperature} deg C. Maximum={MaximumTemperature} deg C.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hTemperatureOutOfRangeEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

Variables

The TemperatureOutOfRange message contains the following variables:


Table 1. TemperatureOutOfRange Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. TempID</p> <p>Identifier associated with the monitored temperature.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv3TempID • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.3.1
<p>4. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5
<p>5. CurrentTemperature</p> <p>Current temperature in degrees Celcius.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv3CurrentTemperature • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.3.3
<p>6. MaximumTemperature</p> <p>Maximum allowed temperature in degrees Celcius.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv3MaximumTemperature

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.3.4

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rm_hardware_temperatureoutofrange_message.html)

TemperatureRestored

A temperature which was previously out of range (too hot) has come back into range

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Temperature {TempID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is restored. Current={CurrentTemperature} deg C. Maximum={MaximumTemperature} deg C.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hTemperatureRestoredEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The TemperatureRestored message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TemperatureRestored Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. TempID</p>

Identifier associated with the monitored temperature.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv4TempID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.4.1

4. AffectedAppliance

Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

5. CurrentTemperature

Current temperature in degrees Celcius.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv4CurrentTemperature
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.4.3


6. MaximumTemperature

Maximum allowed temperature in degrees Celcius.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv4MaximumTemperature
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.4.4

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rm_hardware_temperaturerestored_message.html](http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/platform/platfo
rm_hardware_temperaturerestored_message.html)

UpgradeComplete

The Cast Iron firmware was successfully upgraded.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Successfully upgraded Cast Iron firmware on appliance {AffectedAppliance} from version {OldVersion} to version {NewVersion}.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hUpgradeCompleteEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*

Variables

The UpgradeComplete message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UpgradeComplete Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5</i>
<p>4. OldVersion</p> <p>The version of firmware which previously was operating on the Cast Iron appliance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv16OldVersion</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.16.2</i>
<p>5. NewVersion</p> <p>The version of firmware which is currently operating on the Cast Iron appliance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv16NewVersion</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.16.3</i>

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UpgradeFailed

The attempt to upgrade the Cast Iron firmware has failed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Attempt to upgrade Cast Iron firmware on appliance {AffectedAppliance} from version {OldVersion} to version {NewVersion} failed: {Message}.*

System : *Hardware*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hUpgradeFailedEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4*

SNMP Trap Number : *17*

Variables

The UpgradeFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UpgradeFailed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

4. OldVersion

The version of firmware which is currently operating on the Cast Iron appliance.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv17OldVersion
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.17.2

5. NewVersion

The version of the attempted firmware upgrade.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23hEv17NewVersion
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.4.1.17.3


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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Platform Network Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of network notifications sent from the Platform Module.

- [NetworkAutohost](#)
The Autohost feature has added the appliance's hostname and IP address to /etc/hosts.
- [NetworkInvalidRoute](#)
Could not add a requested network route.
- [NetworkLinkDown](#)
The network link is down (offline).
- [NetworkLinkUp](#)
The network link is up (online).

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NetworkAutohost

The Autohost feature has added the appliance's hostname and IP address to `/etc/hosts`.

The appliance requires the ability to resolve its own hostname to an IP address. The mapping is validated each time the appliance's network subsystem is started, and may be determined by DNS lookup or from an entry which was manually added via the CLI. If the appliance cannot determine the mapping this way, the autohost feature automatically adds a "best-guess" entry. While this automatic entry may work in many circumstances, it is not guaranteed to allow proper appliance operation in all environments. This notification may indicate a misconfiguration in the network. Therefore it is recommended that the user examine the appliance's network configuration and either enter the appliance's IP address and hostname to DNS, or manually add an entry to `/etc/hosts` by using the CLI command "net add etchost".

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Automatically added entry to /etc/hosts with hostname {Hostname} and IP address {IPAddress}.*

System : *Network*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23nNetworkAutohostEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.5*

SNMP Trap Number : *3*

Variables

The NetworkAutohost message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NetworkAutohost Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p>

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. Hostname

Hostname of the appliance as added to /etc/hosts.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23nEv3Hostname
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.5.1.3.1


4. IPAddress

IP Address of the appliance as added to /etc/hosts.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23nEv3IPAddress
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.5.1.3.2

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rm_network_networkautohost_message.html)

NetworkInvalidRoute

Could not add a requested network route.

One of the requested custom routes could not be added. Please check the network configuration, paying particular attention to the gateway IP address and the ethernet link.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Could not add route to {DestinationIP} on {LinkName}.*

System : *Network*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23nNetworkInvalidRouteEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.5*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables


The NetworkInvalidRoute message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NetworkInvalidRoute Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. DestinationIP</p> <p>IP address or netmask defining the requested route.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23nEv4DestinationIP• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.5.1.4.1
<p>4. LinkName</p> <p>Name of the network link.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23nEv4LinkName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.5.1.4.2

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rm_network_networkinvalidroute_message.html)

NetworkLinkDown

The network link is down (offline).

The network link could be reported as down because the ethernet cable has been disconnected or the remote host or switch has disabled the port. To adjust or disable network link detection, see the CLI reference guide for the command "net set carrier".

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Network link {LinkName} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is down (offline).*

System : *Network*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23nNetworkLinkDownEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.5*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The NetworkLinkDown message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NetworkLinkDown Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. LinkName</p> <p>Name of the network link.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23nEv2LinkName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.5.1.2.1
<p>4. AffectedAppliance</p> <p>Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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 rm_network_networklinkdown_message.html

NetworkLinkUp

The network link is up (online).

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Network link {LinkName} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is up (online).*

System : *Network*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23nNetworkLinkUpEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.5*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The NetworkLinkUp message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NetworkLinkUp Message Variables


<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. LinkName</p> <p>Name of the network link.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23nEv1LinkName • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.5.1.1.1
<p>4. AffectedAppliance</p>

Serial number of the affected appliance. In some cases this could be different than the serial number of the appliance sending a notification, particularly in the case of High Availability pairs where the Active peer could send a notification on behalf of the Standby peer.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvAffectedAppliance
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.5

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Platform Resources Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of resources notifications sent from the Platform Module.

- [DiskUsageCritOk](#)
Disk space usage is below the critical threshold.
- [DiskUsageCritical](#)
Disk space usage has exceeded the critical threshold.
- [DiskUsageWarnOk](#)
Disk space usage is below the warning threshold.
- [DiskUsageWarning](#)
Disk space usage has exceeded the warning threshold.
- [HighAvailVersionError](#)
The version of CIOS running on Standby does not match that running on Active.
- [LargeFileWarning](#)
Large file taking up space on heavily loaded disk.
- [OrcmonArchiveError](#)
Job log archive error.
- [OrcmonDatabaseError](#)
Job log database error.
- [OrcmonDiskFull](#)
Normal job log purging did not clear enough disk space. Purging half of all job logs in attempt to recover disk space.
- [OrcmonDiskFullNoPurge](#)
Failed to purge any job logs to recover disk space.
- [OrcmonDiskTrigger](#)
Job log purge was initiated due to an available disk space trigger.
- [OrcmonExportCdError](#)
Could not upload the job log archive file to the FTP server: Could not cd to the destination directory.
- [OrcmonExportError](#)
Failure uploading archive file to FTP server.

- [OrcmonExportFTP](#)
Exporting archive file to FTP server.
- [OrcmonExportLocal](#)
Exporting job log data to a local archive file.
- [OrcmonExportStoreErr](#)
Failure uploading archive file to FTP server: Could not store file.
- [OrcmonExportedJobs](#)
Exported jobs from the job log.
- [OrcmonPurgeByCompl](#)
Job log purge has been triggered based on the number of stored completed jobs.
- [OrcmonPurgeByErrored](#)
Job log purge has been triggered based on the number of stored errored jobs.
- [OrcmonPurgeByTime](#)
Job log purge has been triggered based on the amount of time since the last purge.
- [OrcmonPurgeByTimeNP](#)
Job log purge has been triggered based on the amount of time since collection began.
- [OrcmonPurgeFailed](#)
Job log purge/archive failed.
- [SwapUsageCritOk](#)
Swap space usage is below the critical threshold.
- [SwapUsageCritical](#)
Swap space usage has exceeded the critical threshold.
- [SwapUsageWarnOk](#)
Swap space usage is below the warning threshold.
- [SwapUsageWarning](#)
Swap space usage has exceeded the warning threshold.

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DiskUsageCritOk

Disk space usage is below the critical threshold.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Disk space usage on {Disk} is now below the {Threshold}% critical threshold - current usage is {Usage}%*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rDiskUsageCritOkEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

Variables

The DiskUsageCritOk message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DiskUsageCritOk Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. Disk</p> <p>Name of the disk being monitored</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv6Disk • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.6.1
<p>4. Threshold</p> <p>Disk usage threshold</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv6Threshold • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.6.2
<p>5. Usage</p> <p>Current disk usage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv6Usage • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.6.3

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rm_resources_diskusagecritok_message.html

DiskUsageCritical

Disk space usage has exceeded the critical threshold.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Disk space usage on {Disk} has exceeded the {Threshold}% critical threshold - current usage is {Usage}%*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rDiskUsageCriticalEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The DiskUsageCritical message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DiskUsageCritical Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. Disk</p> <p>Name of the disk being monitored</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv8Disk• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.8.1
<p>4. Threshold</p> <p>Disk usage threshold</p>

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv8Threshold
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.8.2


5. Usage

Current disk usage

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv8Usage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.8.3

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DiskUsageWarnOk

Disk space usage is below the warning threshold.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Disk space usage on {Disk} is now below the {Threshold}% warning threshold - current usage is {Usage}%*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rDiskUsageWarnOkEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The DiskUsageWarnOk message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DiskUsageWarnOk Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. Disk

Name of the disk being monitored

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv5Disk
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.5.1

4. Threshold

Disk usage threshold

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv5Threshold
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.5.2


5. Usage

Current disk usage

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv5Usage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.5.3

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DiskUsageWarning

Disk space usage has exceeded the warning threshold.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Disk space usage on {Disk} has exceeded the {Threshold}% warning threshold - current usage is {Usage}%*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rDiskUsageWarningEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : 7


Variables

The DiskUsageWarning message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DiskUsageWarning Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. Disk</p> <p>Name of the disk being monitored</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv7Disk</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.7.1</i>
<p>4. Threshold</p> <p>Disk usage threshold</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv7Threshold</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.7.2</i>
<p>5. Usage</p> <p>Current disk usage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv7Usage</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.7.3</i>

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HighAvailVersionError

The version of CIOS running on Standby does not match that running on Active.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *HA peers are running different versions of CIOS!*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rHighAvailVersionErrorEv23*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *23*

Variables

The HighAvailVersionError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. HighAvailVersionError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

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LargeFileWarning

Large file taking up space on heavily loaded disk.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *There is an unusually large file, {LargeFile}, of size {FileSize} MB.*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rLargeFileWarningEv24*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *24*

Variables

The LargeFileWarning message contains the following variables:


Table 1. LargeFileWarning Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. LargeFile</p> <p>Large file on disk</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv24LargeFile• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.24.1
<p>4. FileSize</p> <p>Size of file in megabytes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv24FileSize

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.24.2

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rm_resources_largefilewarning_message.html](http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/platform/platfo
rm_resources_largefilewarning_message.html)

OrcmonArchiveError

Job log archive error.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An error occurred while archiving job logs. The error message is: {Message}*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonArchiveErrorEv25*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *25*

Variables

The OrcmonArchiveError message contains the following variables:


Table 1. OrcmonArchiveError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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OrcmonDatabaseError

Job log database error.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An error occurred while executing a query on the job log database. The error message is: {Message}*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonDatabaseErrorEv26*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : 26

Variables

The OrcmonDatabaseError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonDatabaseError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1


3. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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rm_resources_orcmondatabaseerror_message.html)

OrcmonDiskFull

Normal job log purging did not clear enough disk space. Purging half of all job logs in attempt to recover disk space.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Job log purge triggered. Available disk space is {DiskAvailPct}%. Specified trigger is {DiskAvailTrigger}%. Purging using properties failed to clear enough disk space. Purging half of all job logs in attempt to recover disk space.*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonDiskFullEv20*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *20*

Variables

The OrcmonDiskFull message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonDiskFull Message Variables

1. SerialNumber The serial number of the appliance sending the trap. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. DiskAvailPct

Percentage of disk space which is currently available.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv20DiskAvailPct
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.20.1


4. DiskAvailTrigger

Percentage of available disk space which for triggers a purge.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv20DiskAvailTrigger
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.20.2

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OrcmonDiskFullNoPurge

Failed to purge any job logs to recover disk space.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to purge any job logs to recover disk space. Available disk space is {DiskAvailPct}%.*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonDiskFullNoPurgeEv21*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *21*

Variables


The OrcmonDiskFullNoPurge message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonDiskFullNoPurge Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. DiskAvailPct</p> <p>Percentage of disk space which is currently available.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv21DiskAvailPct • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.21.1

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OrcmonDiskTrigger

Job log purge was initiated due to an available disk space trigger.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Job log purge triggered. Available disk space is {DiskAvailPct}%. Specified trigger is {DiskAvailTrigger}%.*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonDiskTriggerEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *9*


The OrcmonDiskTrigger message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonDiskTrigger Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. DiskAvailPct</p> <p>Percentage of disk space which is currently available.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv9DiskAvailPct• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.9.1
<p>4. DiskAvailTrigger</p> <p>Percentage of available disk space which for triggers a purge.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv9DiskAvailTrigger• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.9.2

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OrcmonExportCdError

Could not upload the job log archive file to the FTP server: Could not cd to the destination directory.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failure uploading archive file to FTP server: Could not cd to directory "{Directory}".*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonExportCdErrorEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *17*

Variables


The OrcmonExportCdError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonExportCdError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. Directory</p> <p>Directory on the FTP server where the file would be stored</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv17Directory• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.17.1

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rm_resources_orcmonexportcderror_message.html](http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/platform/platfo
rm_resources_orcmonexportcderror_message.html)

OrcmonExportError

Failure uploading archive file to FTP server.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failure uploading archive file to FTP server: {Message}*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonExportErrorEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *19*

Variables


The OrcmonExportError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonExportError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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OrcmonExportFTP

Exporting archive file to FTP server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Exporting archive file to FTP server {Host}:{Port}. Placing file "{Filename}" in directory "{Directory}".*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonExportFTPEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*

Variables

The OrcmonExportFTP message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonExportFTP Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. Host</p> <p>Remote FTP host</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv16Host• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.16.1
<p>4. Port</p> <p>TCP Port on the remote FTP host</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv16Port• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.16.2
<p>5. Filename</p>

Name of the file being exported

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv16Filename
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.16.3


6. Directory

Directory on the FTP server where the file is stored

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv16Directory
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.16.4

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OrcmonExportLocal

Exporting job log data to a local archive file.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Exporting job log data to local archive file "{Filename}".*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonExportLocalEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *15*

Variables

The OrcmonExportLocal message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonExportLocal Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1


3. Filename

Name of the local archive file.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv15Filename
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.15.1

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rm_resources_orcmonexportlocal_message.html](http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/platform/platfo
rm_resources_orcmonexportlocal_message.html)

OrcmonExportStoreErr

Failure uploading archive file to FTP server: Could not store file.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failure uploading archive file to FTP server: Could not store file.*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonExportStoreErrEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables

The OrcmonExportStoreErr message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonExportStoreErr Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3


2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

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OrcmonExportedJobs

Exported jobs from the job log.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Job log purged {NumExported} jobs.*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonExportedJobsEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The OrcmonExportedJobs message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonExportedJobs Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1


3. NumExported

Number of jobs exported.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv14NumExported
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.14.1

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OrcmonPurgeByCompl

Job log purge has been triggered based on the number of stored completed jobs.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Job log purge triggered. There are {NumCompleted} completed jobs. Completed jobs threshold is {Threshold}.*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonPurgeByComplEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The OrcmonPurgeByCompl message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonPurgeByCompl Message Variables

1. SerialNumber


The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. NumCompleted</p> <p>Number of completed jobs currently stored in the job log.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv12NumCompleted • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.12.1
<p>4. Threshold</p> <p>Number of stored completed jobs which triggered a job purge.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv12Threshold • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.12.2

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OrcmonPurgeByErrored

Job log purge has been triggered based on the number of stored errored jobs.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Job log purge triggered. There are {NumErrored} errored jobs. Errored jobs threshold is {Threshold}.*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonPurgeByErroredEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*


The OrcmonPurgeByErrored message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonPurgeByErrored Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. NumErrored</p> <p>Number of errored jobs currently stored in the job log.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv13NumErrored• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.13.1
<p>4. Threshold</p> <p>Number of stored errored jobs which triggered a job purge.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv13Threshold• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.13.2

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OrcmonPurgeByTime

Job log purge has been triggered based on the amount of time since the last purge.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Job log purge triggered. Time since last purge exceeded {PurgeTime}.*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonPurgeByTimeEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables


The OrcmonPurgeByTime message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonPurgeByTime Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. PurgeTime</p> <p>Scheduled time for the purge.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv11PurgeTime• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.11.1

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OrcmonPurgeByTimeNP

Job log purge has been triggered based on the amount of time since collection began.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Job log purge triggered. Exceeded maximum duration since last purge.*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonPurgeByTimeNPEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables


The OrcmonPurgeByTimeNP message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonPurgeByTimeNP Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

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rm_resources_orcmonpurgebytimenp_message.html)

OrcmonPurgeFailed

Job log purge/archive failed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Job log purge/archive failed: {Message}.*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rOrcmonPurgeFailedEv22*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : 22

Variables


The OrcmonPurgeFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OrcmonPurgeFailed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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rm_resources_orcmonpurgefailed_message.html](http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/platform/platfo
rm_resources_orcmonpurgefailed_message.html)

SwapUsageCritOk

Swap space usage is below the critical threshold.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : Swap space usage is now below the {Threshold}% critical threshold - current usage is {Usage}%

System : Resources

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rSwapUsageCritOkEv2

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables


The SwapUsageCritOk message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SwapUsageCritOk Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. Threshold</p> <p>Swap usage threshold</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv2Threshold• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.2.1
<p>4. Usage</p> <p>Current swap usage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv2Usage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.2.2

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SwapUsageCritical

Swap space usage has exceeded the critical threshold.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Swap space usage has exceeded the {Threshold}% critical threshold - current usage is {Usage}%*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rSwapUsageCriticalEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The SwapUsageCritical message contains the following variables:


Table 1. SwapUsageCritical Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. Threshold</p> <p>Swap usage threshold</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv4Threshold• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.4.1
<p>4. Usage</p> <p>Current swap usage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv4Usage

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.4.2

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SwapUsageWarnOk

Swap space usage is below the warning threshold.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Swap space usage is now below the {Threshold}% warning threshold - current usage is {Usage}%*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rSwapUsageWarnOkEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The SwapUsageWarnOk message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SwapUsageWarnOk Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. Threshold</p> <p>Swap usage threshold</p>

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv1Threshold
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.1.1


4. Usage

Current swap usage

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv1Usage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.1.2

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SwapUsageWarning

Swap space usage has exceeded the warning threshold.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Swap space usage has exceeded the {Threshold}% warning threshold - current usage is {Usage}%*

System : *Resources*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rSwapUsageWarningEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The SwapUsageWarning message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SwapUsageWarning Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. Threshold

Swap usage threshold

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv3Threshold
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.3.1


4. Usage

Current swap usage

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23rEv3Usage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.6.1.3.2

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Platform Security Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of security notifications sent from the Platform Module.

- [AccessViolation](#)
An authenticated user attempted to access a section of the Cast Iron product which would require additional authorization.
- [AuthFailure](#)
An attempt to authenticate with the appliance failed.
- [AuthLogOut](#)
Event showing logging out of the user.
- [AuthSuccess](#)
Attempt to authenticate with the appliance was successful.
- [GrantRole](#)
grant new role created.
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Update display name of a user.
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AccessViolation

An authenticated user attempted to access a section of the Cast Iron product which would require additional authorization.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Access Violation by user: {Username}. Target: {Target}. Action Performed: {Action}.*

System : *Security*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sAccessViolationEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The AccessViolation message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AccessViolation Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p>

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. Username

The name of the user who failed to log in.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv2Username
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.2.1

4. Target

Section of the product which requires additional authorization.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv2Target
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.2.2


5. Action

Action the user attempted to perform.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv2Action
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.2.3

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AuthFailure

An attempt to authenticate with the appliance failed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Authentication failure for user {Username}, from host {Host}.*

System : *Security*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sAuthFailureEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7

SNMP Trap Number : 1

Variables


The AuthFailure message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AuthFailure Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. Username</p> <p>The name of the user who failed to log in.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv1Username• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.1.1
<p>4. Host</p> <p>The name of the host the user attempted to log in from.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv1Host• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.1.2

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AuthLogOut

Event showing logging out of the user.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *User {UserName} with session id {SessionId} logged out successfully.*

System : *Security*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sAuthLogOutEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*


Variables

The AuthLogOut message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AuthLogOut Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. UserName</p> <p>Name of the user.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv12UserName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.12.1
<p>4. SessionId</p> <p>Session ID of the user logging out.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv12SessionId• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.12.2

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AuthSuccess

Attempt to authenticate with the appliance was successful.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Authentication success for user {UserName}, from host {Host} with session id {SessionId}.*

System : *Security*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sAuthSuccessEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The AuthSuccess message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AuthSuccess Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. UserName</p> <p>Name of the user who logged on successfully.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv3UserName

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.3.1

4. Host

The name of the host the user attempted to log in from.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv3Host
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.3.2


5. SessionId

The Session ID of the user who logged on.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv3SessionId
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.3.3

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rm_security_authsuccess_message.html](http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/platform/platfo
rm_security_authsuccess_message.html)

GrantRole

grant new role created.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *User {UserName} has been granted role of {GroupName}.*

System : *Security*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sGrantRoleEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The GrantRole message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GrantRole Message Variables


1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. UserName</p> <p>Name of the user whose role is granted.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv9UserName • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.9.1
<p>4. GroupName</p> <p>Group name granted to the user.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv9GroupName • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.9.2

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GroupCreated

New group created.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *New Group {GroupName} has been created with id {Id}.*

System : *Security*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sGroupCreatedEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7*

Variables


The GroupCreated message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GroupCreated Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. GroupName</p> <p>Name of group newly created.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv6GroupName • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.6.1
<p>4. Id</p> <p>The ID of the group created newly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv6Id • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.6.2

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GroupDeleted

Group deleted.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Group {UserName} has been deleted.*

System : *Security*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sGroupDeletedEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7*

SNMP Trap Number : *7*

Variables


The GroupDeleted message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GroupDeleted Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. UserName</p> <p>Name of the group deleted.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv7UserName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.7.1

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[http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/platform/platfo
rm_security_groupdeleted_message.html](http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/platform/platfo
rm_security_groupdeleted_message.html)

RevokeRole

User role revoked.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *User {UserName} has been revoked of the role {GroupName}.*

System : *Security*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sRevokeRoleEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*


Variables

The RevokeRole message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RevokeRole Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. UserName</p> <p>Name of the user whose role is revoked.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv8UserName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.8.1
<p>4. GroupName</p> <p>Group name revoked for the user.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv8GroupName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.8.2

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/platform/platform_security_revokerole_message.html

UpdateStatus

Update user status as active or inactive.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *User {UserName} status has been changed from {OldValue} to {NewValue}.*

System : *Security*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sUpdateStatusEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The UpdateStatus message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UpdateStatus Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. UserName</p> <p>Name and Status of the user.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv11UserName

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.11.1

4. OldValue

Old value of status.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv11OldValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.11.2


5. NewValue

New value of status

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv11NewValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.11.3

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[http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/platform/platfo
rm_security_updatestatus_message.html](http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/platform/platfo
rm_security_updatestatus_message.html)

UpdateUser

Update display name of a user.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *User {UserName} displayName has been changed from {OldValue} to {NewValue}.*

System : *Security*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sUpdateUserEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The UpdateUser message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UpdateUser Message Variables


1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. UserName</p> <p>Name of the user whose status is changed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv10UserName • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.10.1
<p>4. OldValue</p> <p>Old value of display name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv10OldValue • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.10.2
<p>5. NewValue</p> <p>New value of display name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv10NewValue • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.10.3

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/platform/platform_security_updateuser_message.html

UserCreated

New user created.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *New User {UserName} has been created with id {Id}.*

System : *Security*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sUserCreatedEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables


The UserCreated message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UserCreated Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. UserName</p> <p>Name of the user newly created.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv4UserName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.4.1
<p>4. Id</p> <p>The ID of the user that was newly created.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv4Id• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.4.2

Parent topic: [Platform Security Notifications](#)

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UserDeleted

User deleted.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *User {UserName} has been deleted.*

System : *Security*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sUserDeletedEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The UserDeleted message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UserDeleted Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. UserName</p> <p>Name of the user deleted.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-PLATFORM-MIB::ciC23sEv5UserName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.23.1.7.1.5.1

Parent topic: [Platform Security Notifications](#)

SAP Module

The SAP Module provides activities to access SAP servers. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the SAP Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the SAP Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the SAP Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the SAP Module


Notification	Level	System	Description
AddingServerInfo	Info	Orchestration	Adding server gateway.
BAPIActivationError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while activating the BAPI activity.
BAPIParseError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while parsing schema for the specified BAPI.
BAPIReturnError	Severe	Orchestration	Error returned by specified BAPI in the type field.
CompleteFunctionExec	Info	Orchestration	This is the name of the function which is executed by the BAPI or RFC activity
ConnectError	Severe	Orchestration	The SAP operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
ConnectRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The SAP operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
ConnectionPoolError	Severe	Orchestration	Connection Pool returned null connection.
CreateTID	Info	Orchestration	Creating a specified TID in the TID manager.
CreateTrcDirFailed	Warning	Orchestration	Exception while setting the log directory for SAP trace files. The trace files generated by sap will be created on default location.
FuncRetStructNotFound	Info	Orchestration	This is to report that activity is not able to find the return structure for the function
FunctionLookup	Info	Orchestration	This is marking the start of finding the meta data of the BAPI or RFC activity in the SAP Repository
FunctionLookupComp	Info	Orchestration	This is marking the completion of finding the meta data of the BAPI or RFC activity in the SAP Repository
GatewayCommWarning	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred, while communicating to SAP Gateway.

Notification	Level	System	Description
GatewayRegisterError	Info	Orchestration	Server gateway specified already exists.
GatewayRemoveInfo	Info	Orchestration	Removing server gateway.
IDOCExtensionError	Severe	Orchestration	IDOC contains more than one type of IDOC extension type.
IDOCSentInfo	Info	Orchestration	IDOC with specified TID was sent to SAP.
IDOCTypeError	Severe	Orchestration	Received IDOC contains more than one type of IDOC type.
InitializationError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while initializing the send IDOC activity.
InvalidRFCName	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to find specified RFC name.
InvalidTIDError	Severe	Orchestration	TID was not set in the task context.
ListenerInstanceInfo	Info	Orchestration	SAP listener instance was started for SAP gateway.
ListenerStartInfo	Info	Orchestration	SAP listener started again for specified host.
ListenerStopWarning	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while stopping the listener for specified host.
NoHandlerError	Warning	Orchestration	Received an IDOC for specified IDOC type and no activity was registered to process it. Ignoring the IDOC.
NoSegmentWarning	Warning	Orchestration	The specified IDOC number contains no data segment.
NonReturnStruct	Severe	Orchestration	No return structure returned by the specified BAPI.
ParseError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while parsing schema for the RFC.
PoolAddInfo	Info	Orchestration	Adding Connection pool with the specified name.
PoolExistInfo	Info	Orchestration	Connection pool with specified name already exists.
ProcessDocError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while processing the IDOC.
RFCActivationError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while activating the RFC activity.
ReceiveTIDNotFound	Severe	Orchestration	Specified TID was not found in TID manager.
RemoveInfo	Info	Orchestration	Removing connection pool with specified name.
RollbackWarning	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while rolling back the transaction. Ignoring and continuing the activity.
SAPActivityError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while processing SAP activity.
SAPValidationError	Severe	Orchestration	Input data was not valid for specified RFC. The items specified were invalid.
SapLibNotFound	Severe	Orchestration	Sap activity is not able to activate because the sap provided libraries are not installed.
SendIDOCActivation	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while activating the Send IDOC activity.

Notification	Level	System	Description
SendIDOCCreateInfo	Info	Orchestration	Created the specified TID for starting a transaction in send IDOC activity.
SendIDOCValidation	Severe	Orchestration	Input data was not valid for IDOC. The specified item(s) were invalid.
SerializingError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while creating IDOC from input parameter.
StartFunctionExec	Info	Orchestration	This is the name of the function which is going to be executed by the BAPI or RFC activity
StartWarning	Info	Orchestration	Error occurred while starting the server.
TIDCheck	Info	Orchestration	SAP TIP check for specified ID is requested by SAP.
TIDCommit	Info	Orchestration	SAP TID has been committed by SAP.
TIDCommitUnknown	Severe	Orchestration	SAP attempting to confirm an unknown or uncommitted TID.
TIDCommittedInfo	Info	Orchestration	Specified TID was committed to SAP.
TIDCommittingInfo	Info	Orchestration	Committing TID to SAP.
TIDConfirmed	Info	Orchestration	SAP TID has been confirmed and deleted from the TID manager.
TIDRollback	Info	Orchestration	SAP TID has been rolled back.
TIDSentInfo	Info	Orchestration	Sending the IDOC with specified TID to SAP.
TIDUnknown	Severe	Orchestration	SAP has requested rollback for unknown TID.
TransactionalError	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to find the BAPI transaction RFCs.
UnicodeGateway	Info	Orchestration	The unicode instance property is set through JCONSOLE.
ValidationError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while validating the input data.
ValidationInfo	Info	Orchestration	Validation is on/off for the specified field value.

- [SAP Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the SAP Module.
- [SAP Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the SAP Module.
- [SAP Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the SAP Module.

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SAP Connection Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the SAP Module.

- [ConnectError](#)
The SAP operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
- [ConnectRetry](#)
The SAP operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
- [PoolAddInfo](#)
Adding Connection pool with the specified name.
- [PoolExistInfo](#)
Connection pool with specified name already exists.
- [RemoveInfo](#)
Removing connection pool with specified name.

Parent topic: [SAP Module](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/sap/sap_connection_notifications_list.html

ConnectError

The SAP operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to the SAP server after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: Error Group {ErrorGroup}, Error Key {ErrorKey}, Error Message {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cConnectErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The ConnectError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. NumberOfRetryAttempts

The total number of attempted retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cEv1NumberOfRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1.1.1.1

6. ErrorGroup

The group mentioned in the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cEv1ErrorGroup
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1.1.1.2

7. ErrorKey

The key mentioned in the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cEv1ErrorKey
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1.1.1.3


8. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [SAP Connection Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/sap/sap_connection_connecterror_message.html

ConnectRetry

The SAP operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to the SAP server. Error is: Error Group: {ErrorGroup} Error Key {ErrorKey} Error Message {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {RetryAttemptNumber} second(s).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cConnectRetryEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The ConnectRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectRetry Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ErrorGroup

The group mentioned in the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cEv2ErrorGroup
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1.1.2.1

6. ErrorKey

The key mentioned in the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cEv2ErrorKey
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1.1.2.2

7. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

8. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cEv2RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1.1.2.4

9. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cEv2TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1.1.2.5


10. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cEv2IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1.1.2.6

Parent topic: [SAP Connection Notifications](#)

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PoolAddInfo

Adding Connection pool with the specified name.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Adding Connection Pool with name {PoolName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cPoolAddInfoEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The PoolAddInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PoolAddInfo Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. PoolName

Adding the connection pool .

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cEv4PoolName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1.1.4.1

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PoolExistInfo

Connection pool with specified name already exists.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Connection Pool {PoolName} already exists, Using existing definition.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cPoolExistInfoEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 3


Variables

The PoolExistInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PoolExistInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. PoolName</p> <p>Connection pool name which already exists.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cEv3PoolName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1.1.3.1

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RemoveInfo

Removing connection pool with specified name.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Removing Connection Pool with name {PoolName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cRemoveInfoEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 5

Variables

The RemoveInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RemoveInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. PoolName

Removing the connection pool .

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19cEv5PoolName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.1.1.5.1

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SAP Operation Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the SAP Module.


- [AddingServerInfo](#)
Adding server gateway.
- [BAPIActivationError](#)
Error occurred while activating the BAPI activity.
- [BAPIParseError](#)
Error occurred while parsing schema for the specified BAPI.
- [BAPIReturnError](#)
Error returned by specified BAPI in the type field.
- [CompleteFunctionExec](#)
This is the name of the function which is executed by the BAPI or RFC activity
- [CreateTID](#)
Creating a specified TID in the TID manager.
- [CreateTrcDirFailed](#)
Exception while setting the log directory for SAP trace files. The trace files generated by sap will be created on default location.

- [FuncRetStructNotFound](#)
This is to report that activity is not able to find the return structure for the function
- [FunctionLookup](#)
This is marking the start of finding the meta data of the BAPI or RFC activity in the SAP Repository
- [FunctionLookupComp](#)
This is marking the completion of finding the meta data of the BAPI or RFC activity in the SAP Repository
- [GatewayCommWarning](#)
Error occurred, while communicating to SAP Gateway.
- [GatewayRegisterError](#)
Server gateway specified already exists.
- [GatewayRemoveInfo](#)
Removing server gateway.
- [IDOCExtensionError](#)
IDOC contains more than one type of IDOC extension type.
- [IDOCSentInfo](#)
IDOC with specified TID was sent to SAP.
- [IDOCTypeError](#)
Received IDOC contains more than one type of IDOC type.
- [InvalidRFCName](#)
Unable to find specified RFC name.
- [ListenerInstanceInfo](#)
SAP listener instance was started for SAP gateway.
- [ListenerStartInfo](#)
SAP listener started again for specified host.
- [ListenerStopWarning](#)
Error occurred while stopping the listener for specified host.
- [NoHandlerError](#)
Received an IDOC for specified IDOC type and no activity was registered to process it. Ignoring the IDOC.
- [NoSegmentWarning](#)
The specified IDOC number contains no data segment.
- [NonReturnStruct](#)
No return structure returned by the specified BAPI.
- [ParseError](#)
Error occurred while parsing schema for the RFC.
- [ProcessDocError](#)
Error occurred while processing the IDOC.
- [RFCActivationError](#)
Error occurred while activating the RFC activity.
- [ReceiveTIDNotFound](#)
Specified TID was not found in TID manager.
- [RollbackWarning](#)
Error occurred while rolling back the transaction. Ignoring and continuing the activity.
- [SAPActivityError](#)
Error occurred while processing SAP activity.
- [SAPValidationError](#)
Input data was not valid for specified RFC. The items specified were invalid.
- [SapLibNotFound](#)
Sap activity is not able to activate because the sap provided libraries are not installed.
- [SendIDOCActivation](#)
Error occurred while activating the Send IDOC activity.
- [SendIDOCCreateInfo](#)
Created the specified TID for starting a transaction in send IDOC activity.

- [SendIDOCValidation](#)
Input data was not valid for IDOC. The specified item(s) were invalid.
- [StartFunctionExec](#)
This is the name of the function which is going to be executed by the BAPI or RFC activity
- [StartWarning](#)
Error occurred while starting the server.
- [TIDCheck](#)
SAP TIP check for specified ID is requested by SAP.
- [TIDCommit](#)
SAP TID has been committed by SAP.
- [TIDCommitUnknown](#)
SAP attempting to confirm an unknown or uncommitted TID.
- [TIDCommittedInfo](#)
Specified TID was committed to SAP.
- [TIDCommittingInfo](#)
Committing TID to SAP.
- [TIDConfirmed](#)
SAP TID has been confirmed and deleted from the TID manager.
- [TIDRollback](#)
SAP TID has been rolled back.
- [TIDSentInfo](#)
Sending the IDOC with specified TID to SAP.
- [TIDUnknown](#)
SAP has requested rollback for unknown TID.
- [TransactionalError](#)
Unable to find the BAPI transaction RFCs.
- [UnicodeGateway](#)
The unicode instance property is set through JCONSOLE.
- [ValidationError](#)
Error occurred while validating the input data.
- [ValidationInfo](#)
Validation is on/off for the specified field value.

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AddingServerInfo

Adding server gateway.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Adding Server Gateway {GatewayName}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oAddingServerInfoEv30*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 30


Variables

The AddingServerInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AddingServerInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. GatewayName</p> <p>The gateway name which is being added.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv30GatewayName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.30.1

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BAPIActivationError

Error occurred while activating the BAPI activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while activating the BAPI Activity. The Exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oBAPIActivationErrorEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *15*

Variables

The BAPIActivationError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. BAPIActivationError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [SAP Operation Notifications](#)

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BAPIParseError

Error occurred while parsing schema for the specified BAPI.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while parsing schema for the BAPI {BAPIName}. The Exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oBAPIParseErrorEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*

Variables

The BAPIParseError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. BAPIParseError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. BAPIName

BAPI name for which parsing error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv16BAPIName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.16.1

6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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BAPIReturnError

Error returned by specified BAPI in the type field.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error returned by BAPI {BAPIName} in the type field. The values returned are TYPE: {Type}, MESSAGE: {Message}, LOGNO: {LogNumber}, LOGMSGNO {LogMessage}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oBAPIReturnErrorEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables

The BAPIReturnError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. BAPIReturnError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. BAPIName

The name of the BAPI for which the error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv18BAPIName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.18.1

6. Type

The type value returned.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv18Type
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.18.2

7. Message

The message value returned.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv18Message
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.18.3

8. LogNumber

The log number value returned.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv18LogNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.18.4

9. LogMessage

The log message number value returned.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv18LogMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.18.5

Parent topic: [SAP Operation Notifications](#)

CompleteFunctionExec

This is the name of the function which is executed by the BAPI or RFC activity

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Call to function {FunctionName} is complete*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oCompleteFunctionExecEv44*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *44*

Variables

The CompleteFunctionExec message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CompleteFunctionExec Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. FunctionName

Name of the BAPI or RFC

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv44FunctionName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.44.1

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CreateTID

Creating a specified TID in the TID manager.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Creating a new TID {TID} in the TID Manager.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oCreateTIDev5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The CreateTID message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CreateTID Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. TID

Created this TID in specified TID manager.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv5TID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.5.1

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CreateTrcDirFailed

Exception while setting the log directory for SAP trace files. The trace files generated by sap will be created on default location.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Exception while setting the log directory for SAP trace files.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oCreateTrcDirFailedEv49*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *49*

Variables

The CreateTrcDirFailed message contains the following variables:


Table 1. CreateTrcDirFailed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. TraceLogDir</p> <p>Path for the trace directory</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv49TraceLogDir
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.49.1

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FuncRetStructNotFound

This is to report that activity is not able to find the return structure for the function

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Not able to find field Return as structure. {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oFuncRetStructNotFoundEv47*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *47*

Variables

The FuncRetStructNotFound message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FuncRetStructNotFound Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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FunctionLookup

This is marking the start of finding the meta data of the BAPI or RFC activity in the SAP Repository

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Looking up function {FunctionName} from SAP Repository*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oFunctionLookupEv45*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *45*

Variables


The FunctionLookup message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FunctionLookup Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. FunctionName</p> <p>Name of the BAPI or RFC</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv45FunctionName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.45.1

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FunctionLookupComp

This is marking the completion of finding the meta data of the BAPI or RFC activity in the SAP Repository

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Looking up function {FunctionName} from SAP Repository (complete)*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oFunctionLookupCompEv46*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *46*

Variables

The FunctionLookupComp message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FunctionLookupComp Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. FunctionName

Name of the BAPI or RFC

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv46FunctionName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.46.1

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GatewayCommWarning

Error occurred, while communicating to SAP Gateway.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error occurred, while communicating to SAP Gateway (host {HostName}, ProgramId {ProgramID}, Service {Service}), trying again in {IntervalForRetries} seconds. \nOriginal SAP error was \n {Message} \nIf the SAP message indicates a retry interval it may not be correct.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oGatewayCommWarningEv35*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *35*

Variables

The GatewayCommWarning message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GatewayCommWarning Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. HostName

The host name for which warning occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv35HostName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.35.1

6. ProgramID

The program ID for which warning occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv35ProgramID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.35.2

7. Service

The service name for which warning occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv35Service
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.35.3

8. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv35IntervalForRetries

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.35.4


9. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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GatewayRegisterError

Server gateway specified already exists.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Server Gateway {GatewayName} already exists, Using the existing definition.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oGatewayRegisterErrorEv29*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 29

Variables

The GatewayRegisterError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GatewayRegisterError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. GatewayName

The gateway name which already exists.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv29GatewayName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.29.1

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GatewayRemoveInfo

Removing server gateway.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Removing Server Gateway {GatewayName}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oGatewayRemoveInfoEv31*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 31

Variables

The GatewayRemoveInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GatewayRemoveInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. GatewayName</p> <p>The gateway name which is being removed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv31GatewayName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.31.1

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IDOCExtensionError

IDOC contains more than one type of IDOC extension type.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Idoc contains more than one type of IDOC extension type*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oIDOCExtensionErrorEv41*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *41*

Variables

The IDOCExtensionError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IDOCExtensionError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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IDOCSentInfo

IDOC with specified TID was sent to SAP.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Idoc with the TID {TID} is sent successfully to sap.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oIDOCSentInfoEv26*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *26*

Variables

The IDOCSentInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IDOCSentInfo Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. TID

The TID which was sent.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv26TID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.26.1

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IDOCTypeError

Received IDOC contains more than one type of IDOC type.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Received IDOC contains more than one type of IDOC type*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oIDOCTypeErrorEv40*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 40

Variables


The IDOCTypeError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IDOCTypeError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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InvalidRFCName

Unable to find specified RFC name.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to find RFC {RFCName}. Invalid RFC name.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oInvalidRFCNameEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The InvalidRFCName message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidRFCName Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. RFCName

RFC name which was not found.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv14RFCName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.14.1

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ListenerInstanceInfo

SAP listener instance was started for SAP gateway.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *SAP Listener instance {InstanceNumber} started for SAP Gateway(host {HostName}, ProgramId {ProgramID}, Service {Service}).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oListenerInstanceInfoEv34*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *34*

Variables

The ListenerInstanceInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ListenerInstanceInfo Message Variables

1. SerialNumber
The serial number of the appliance sending the trap. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
2. Severity
Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. InstanceNumber

The instance number which was started.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv34InstanceNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.34.1

6. HostName

The host name for which instance was started.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv34HostName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.34.2

7. ProgramID

The program ID for which instance was started.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv34ProgramID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.34.3

8. Service

The service name for which instance was started.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv34Service
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.34.4

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ListenerStartInfo

SAP listener started again for specified host.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *SAP listener started again for host{HostName}, programid {ProgramID} and service {Service}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oListenerStartInfoEv37*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *37*

Variables

The ListenerStartInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ListenerStartInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. HostName

The host name for which listener started.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv37HostName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.37.1

6. ProgramID

The program ID for which listener started.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv37ProgramID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.37.2


7. Service

The service name for which listener started.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv37Service
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.37.3

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ListenerStopWarning

Error occurred while stopping the listener for specified host.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : Exception while stopping the listener for host {HostName}, ProgramId {ProgramID} and Service {Service}.The Exception is {Message}

System : Orchestration

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oListenerStopWarningEv39

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 39

Variables

The ListenerStopWarning message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ListenerStopWarning Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. HostName</p> <p>The host name for which error occurred.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv39HostName

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.39.1

6. ProgramID

The program ID for which error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv39ProgramID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.39.2

7. Service

The service name for which error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv39Service
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.39.3


8. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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NoHandlerError

Received an IDOC for specified IDOC type and no activity was registered to process it. Ignoring the IDOC.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Received an IDOC for idoctype {IDOCType} and no activity was registered to process it. Ignoring the IDOC.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oNoHandlerErrorEv42*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *42*

The NoHandlerError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoHandlerError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. IDOCType</p> <p>IDOC type received.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv42IDOCType• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.42.1

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NoSegmentWarning

The specified IDOC number contains no data segment.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *The IDOC number {IDOCNumber} contains no data segment.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oNoSegmentWarningEv22*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *22*

Variables

The NoSegmentWarning message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoSegmentWarning Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p>

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. IDOCNumber

The IDOC number.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv22IDOCNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.22.1

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NonReturnStruct

No return structure returned by the specified BAPI.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *No return structure returned by BAPI {BAPIName}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oNonReturnStructEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *19*

Variables

The NonReturnStruct message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NonReturnStruct Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. BAPIName

The name of the BAPI for which the error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv19BAPIName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.19.1

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ParseError

Error occurred while parsing schema for the RFC.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while parsing schema for the RFC {RFCName}. The Exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oParseErrorEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The ParseError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ParseError Message Variables


<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. RFCName</p> <p>RFC name for which error occurred.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv13RFCName</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.13.1</i>
<p>6. Message</p>

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ProcessDocError

Error occurred while processing the IDOC.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while processing the IDOC. The exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oProcessDocErrorEv33*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 33

Variables

The ProcessDocError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ProcessDocError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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RFCActivationError

Error occurred while activating the RFC activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while activating the RFC Activity. The Exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oRFCActivationErrorEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

The RFCActivationError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RFCActivationError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveTIDNotFound

Specified TID was not found in TID manager.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Tid {TIDNumber} not found in TID manager.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oReceiveTIDNotFoundEv32*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *32*

Variables

The ReceiveTIDNotFound message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveTIDNotFound Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p>

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. TIDNumber

TID which was not found.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv32TIDNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.32.1

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RollbackWarning

Error occurred while rolling back the transaction. Ignoring and continuing the activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Exception while rolling back the transaction.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oRollbackWarningEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The RollbackWarning message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RollbackWarning Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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SAPActivityError

Error occurred while processing SAP activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while processing SAP activity. Error Group: {ErrorGroup}, Error Key: {ErrorKey}, Error Message: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oSAPActivityErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The SAPActivityError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SAPActivityError Message Variables


<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ErrorGroup</p> <p>The group mentioned in the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv1ErrorGroup• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.1.1
<p>6. ErrorKey</p> <p>The key mentioned in the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv1ErrorKey• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.1.2
<p>7. Message</p>

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SAPValidationError

Input data was not valid for specified RFC. The items specified were invalid.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Input data was not valid for RFC {RFCName}. The following item(s) were invalid: {InvalidItems}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oSAPValidationErrorEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The SAPValidationError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SAPValidationError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. RFCName

RFC name for which data was not valid.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv11RFCName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.11.1


6. InvalidItems

The items which were not valid.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv11InvalidItems
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.11.2

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SapLibNotFound

Sap activity is not able to activate because the sap provided libraries are not installed.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while activating the sap. The exception is because the sap libraries are not installed.*
Exception is

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oSapLibNotFoundEv48*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *48*

Variables

The SapLibNotFound message contains the following variables:


Table 1. SapLibNotFound Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SendIDOCActivation

Error occurred while activating the Send IDOC activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while activating the Send IDOC Activity. The Exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oSendIDOCActivationEv23*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *23*

Variables

The SendIDOCActivation message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SendIDOCActivation Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SendIDOCCreateInfo

Created the specified TID for starting a transaction in send IDOC activity.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Created a new TID {TID} for starting a transaction in send IDOC activity.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oSendIDOCCreateInfoEv24*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *24*

Variables


The SendIDOCCreateInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SendIDOCCreateInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. TID</p> <p>The new TID which is created.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv24TID• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.24.1

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SendIDOCValidation

Input data was not valid for IDOC. The specified item(s) were invalid.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Input data was not valid for IDOC. The following item(s) were invalid: {InvalidItems}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oSendIDOCValidationEv20*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *20*

Variables

The SendIDOCValidation message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SendIDOCValidation Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. InvalidItems

The invalid items in the input data.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv20InvalidItems
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.20.1

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StartFunctionExec

This is the name of the function which is going to be executed by the BAPI or RFC activity

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *About to execute function {FunctionName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oStartFunctionExecEv43*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *43*

Variables

The StartFunctionExec message contains the following variables:

Table 1. StartFunctionExec Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. FunctionName

Name of the BAPI or RFC

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv43FunctionName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.43.1

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StartWarning

Error occurred while starting the server.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Exception while starting the server. Exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oStartWarningEv38*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 38

Variables

The StartWarning message contains the following variables:

Table 1. StartWarning Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2</i>

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TIDCheck

SAP TIP check for specified ID is requested by SAP.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *SAP TID {TID} check requested by SAP.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oTIDCheckEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The TIDCheck message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TIDCheck Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. TID

TID for which check is requested.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv4TID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.4.1

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TIDCommit

SAP TID has been committed by SAP.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *SAP TID {TID} has been committed by SAP.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oTIDCommitEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *9*

Variables

The TIDCommit message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TIDCommit Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. TID

TID which has been committed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv9TID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.9.1

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TIDCommitUnknown

SAP attempting to confirm an unknown or uncommitted TID.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *SAP attempting to confirm an unknown or uncommitted TID*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oTIDCommitUnknownEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The TIDCommitUnknown message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TIDCommitUnknown Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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TIDCommittedInfo

Specified TID was committed to SAP.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *TID {TID} committed succesfully.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oTIDCommittedInfoEv28*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *28*

Variables

The TIDCommittedInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TIDCommittedInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. TID

The TID which is committed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv28TID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.28.1

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TIDCommittingInfo

Committing TID to SAP.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Committing TID {TID}*.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oTIDCommittingInfoEv27*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *27*

Variables

The TIDCommittingInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TIDCommittingInfo Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. TID

The TID which is being committed.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv27TID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.27.1

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TIDConfirmed

SAP TID has been confirmed and deleted from the TID manager.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *SAP TID {TID} has been confirmed and deleted from the TID Manager.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oTIDConfirmedEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The TIDConfirmed message contains the following variables:


Table 1. TIDConfirmed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. TID</p> <p>TID which was confirmed and deleted.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv6TID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.6.1

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TIDRollback

SAP TID has been rolled back.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *SAP TID {TID} has been rolled-back by SAP.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oTIDRollbackEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *7*

Variables

The TIDRollback message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TIDRollback Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. TID

TID which was rolled back.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv7TID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.7.1

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TIDSentInfo

Sending the IDOC with specified TID to SAP.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Sending IDOC with the TID {TID} to sap.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oTIDSentInfoEv25*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *25*

Variables


The TIDSentInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TIDSentInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. TID</p> <p>The TID which was sent.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv25TID• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.25.1

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TIDUnknown

SAP has requested rollback for unknown TID.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *SAP has requested rollback for unknown TID {TID}. Cannot rollback.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oTIDUnknownEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The TIDUnknown message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TIDUnknown Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. TID

TID which could not be rolled back.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv8TID
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.8.1

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TransactionalError

Unable to find the BAPI transaction RFCs.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to find the BAPI transaction RFC's.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oTransactionalErrorEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *17*

Variables

The TransactionalError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TransactionalError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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UnicodeGateway

The unicode instance property is set through JCONSOLE.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The unicode instance property is set through JCONSOLE*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oUnicodeGatewayEv36*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *36*

Variables


The UnicodeGateway message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnicodeGateway Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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ValidationError

Error occurred while validating the input data.

Level : Severe

Log Message : Exception while validating the input data. The Exception is {Message}

System : Orchestration

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oValidationErrorEv3

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The ValidationError message contains the following variables:


Table 1. ValidationError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ValidationInfo

Validation is on/off for the specified field value.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Validation is {ValidationStatus} for {Value}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oValidationInfoEv21*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *21*

Variables

The ValidationInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ValidationInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ValidationStatus

The validation status either on or off.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv21ValidationStatus
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.21.1


6. Value

The value which is validated.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19oEv21Value
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.2.1.21.2

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SAP Internal Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the SAP Module.

- [ConnectionPoolError](#)
Connection Pool returned null connection.
- [InitializationError](#)
Error occurred while initializing the send IDOC activity.

- [InvalidTIDError](#)
TID was not set in the task context.
- [SerializingError](#)
Error occurred while creating IDOC from input parameter.

Parent topic: [SAP Module](#)

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ConnectionPoolError

Connection Pool returned null connection.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Null connection return by the connection pool.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19iConnectionPoolErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The ConnectionPoolError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionPoolError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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InitializationError

Error occurred while initializing the send IDOC activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while intializing the send IDOC activity. The error message is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19iInitializationErrorEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The InitializationError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InitializationError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InvalidTIDerror

TID was not set in the task context.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *TID not set in the task state.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19iInvalidTIDerrorEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The InvalidTIDerror message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidTIDerror Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

Parent topic: [SAP Internal Notifications](#)

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SerializingError

Error occurred while creating IDOC from input parameter.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while creating IDOC form input parameter. The Exception is {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SAP-MIB::ciC19iSerializingErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.19.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The SerializingError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SerializingError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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STS Module

The SAML STS Module This section contains details for the messages delivered from the STS Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the STS Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-STS-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.27*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the STS Module.


Table 1. Notifications issued by the STS Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
ActivationFailed	Severe	Orchestration	Activation of Get SAML 2.0 token failed
AssertionEmpty	Severe	Orchestration	Received empty response from Security Token Service. Cannot get the SAML Assertion.
InputBodyConsidered	Info	Orchestration	RequestSecuirtyToken from Map Inputs is sent as request body because data sent in Map Inputs holds higher priority than in Configure Panel

Notification	Level	System	Description
RequestLocation	Info	Orchestration	Location of request being sent to Security Token Service
UriDeprecated	Warning	Orchestration	Security Token Service Module has deprecated the input parameter httpheaders/uri. The specified value will be ignored.

- [STS Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the STS Module.

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STS Operation Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the STS Module.

- [ActivationFailed](#)
Activation of Get SAML 2.0 token failed
- [AssertionEmpty](#)
Received empty response from Security Token Service. Cannot get the SAML Assertion.
- [InputBodyConsidered](#)
RequestSecurityToken from Map Inputs is sent as request body because data sent in Map Inputs holds higher priority than in Configure Panel
- [RequestLocation](#)
Location of request being sent to Security Token Service
- [UriDeprecated](#)
Security Token Service Module has deprecated the input parameter httpheaders/uri. The specified value will be ignored.

Parent topic: [STS Module](#)

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ActivationFailed

Activation of Get SAML 2.0 token failed

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Activation of Get SAML 2.0 token failed*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-STS-MIB::ciC27oActivationFailedEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.27.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*


Variables

The ActivationFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivationFailed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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AssertionEmpty

Received empty response from Security Token Service. Cannot get the SAML Assertion.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Response from Security Token Service is empty*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-STIS-MIB::ciC27oAssertionEmptyEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.27.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The AssertionEmpty message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AssertionEmpty Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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InputBodyConsidered

RequestSecuirtyToken from Map Inputs is sent as request body because data sent in Map Inputs holds higher priority than in Configure Panel

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *RequestSecuirtyToken from Map Inputs is sent as request*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-STIS-MIB::ciC27oInputBodyConsideredEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.27.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The InputBodyConsidered message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InputBodyConsidered Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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RequestLocation

Location of request being sent to Security Token Service

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Sending request to Security Token Service at location : {Location}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-STIS-MIB::ciC27oRequestLocationEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.27.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

The RequestLocation message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RequestLocation Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Location</p> <p>Request Location</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-STS-MIB::ciC27oEv5Location• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.27.1.2.1.5.1

Parent topic: [STS Operation Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/sts/sts_operation_requestlocation_message.html

UriDeprecated

Security Token Service Module has deprecated the input parameter httpheaders/uri. The specified value will be ignored.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Security Token Service Module has deprecated the input parameter "httpheaders/uri". The value: {Value} will be ignored. Please set the URL at the input parameter "location".*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-STIS-MIB::ciC27oUriDeprecatedEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.27.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The UriDeprecated message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UriDeprecated Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Value

The value which will be ignored due to deprecated input parameter.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-STS-MIB::ciC27oEv2Value
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.27.1.2.1.2.1

Parent topic: [STS Operation Notifications](#)

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Salesforce.com Module

The Salesforce.com Module provides access to the Salesforce.com online service. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Salesforce.com Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Salesforce.com Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Salesforce.com Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the Salesforce.com Module


Notification	Level	System	Description
ActivateError	Severe	Orchestration	There was a problem in activating the activity.
ActivityOutput	Info	Orchestration	The activity has completed its operation and outputted param objects in output parameter.
BatchPollStart	Info	Orchestration	Starting a batch poll for index range specified.

Notification	Level	System	Description
ConnectFailed	Severe	Orchestration	The Salesforce.com operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established. This happened cause of reasons other than connectivity issues.
ConnectionFailed	Severe	Orchestration	The Salesforce.com operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
ConnectionRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The Salesforce.com operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
ConnectionTryAgain	Info	Orchestration	Not able to connect to Salesforce endpoint. Trying to establish a new session.
EndpointNull	Severe	Orchestration	The endpoint object provided to Salesforce.com activity is null.
ExecuteError	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while executing the activity.
ExecuteProblem	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while executing the query.
InitializeProblem	Warning	Orchestration	Error from Salesforce.com while initializing activity. Trying to ignore error and proceed.
InputParamMapped	Info	Orchestration	The optional input parameter in the activity is mapped.
InputParamNotMapped	Info	Orchestration	The optional input parameter in the activity is not mapped.
InvalidQuery	Severe	Orchestration	The query provided to Salesforce.com was invalid.
InvalidSFDCField	Severe	Orchestration	The field is invalid in Salesforce.com.
InvalidSFDCObject	Severe	Orchestration	The object is invalid in Salesforce.com
LargeData	Severe	Orchestration	The activity was not able to get data as id limit has exceeded.
LargeDataError	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred due to large data which activity cannot handle.
LoginFailure	Severe	Orchestration	Failure while performing a login into Salesforce.com.
MarshalError	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while writing output parameters in the activity.
MetadataError	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to obtain meta data from Salesforce.com.
MetadataObjectError	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to obtain meta data for the object from Salesforce.com.
NoDatafound	Info	Orchestration	No data was found by the activity in the interval specified.
OptionalInputError	Severe	Orchestration	Salesforce session timed out. The session was not created as optional connection input parameter was not mapped.
ParameterOutput	Info	Orchestration	The activity has completed its operation and outputted objects in output parameter.

Notification	Level	System	Description
ParameterResults	Info	Orchestration	The activity has completed its operation and outputted result objects in output parameter.
PollActivateError	Severe	Orchestration	The poll activity failed to activate.
PollOutput	Info	Orchestration	The number of objects outputted for a batch poll.
PollReturnedNothing	Info	Orchestration	The poll activity did not return any ids for specified interval.
PollReturnedResults	Info	Orchestration	Poll activity returned these number of ids for interval specified.
SessionInvalid	Info	Orchestration	Salesforce session timed out and activity is establishing a new session.
SfdcErrorInternal	Severe	Orchestration	An internal error occurred in Salesforce.com connector.
ShortPoll	Info	Orchestration	The current time is less than 1 minute past last polling time, so activity is skipping the poll at this interval.
StillRun	Info	Orchestration	There is a problem in connectivity and messages will be picked up from this time when connectivity is established.
TimeTooClose	Info	Orchestration	The end time specified is less than 1 minute past start time. Setting the interval to 1 minute and getting the data.
UnexpectedSFDCFault	Severe	Orchestration	Salesforce.com returned an unexpected fault that is not declared in the method signature.
UnmarshalError	Severe	Orchestration	An error occurred while reading input parameters in the activity.

- [Salesforce.com Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the Salesforce.com Module.
- [Salesforce.com Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Salesforce.com Module.
- [Salesforce.com Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Salesforce.com Module.

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Salesforce.com Connection Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the Salesforce.com Module.

- [ConnectionFailed](#)
The Salesforce.com operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
- [ConnectionRetry](#)
The Salesforce.com operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
- [ConnectionTryAgain](#)
Not able to connect to Salesforce endpoint. Trying to establish a new session.
- [LoginFailure](#)
Failure while performing a login into Salesforce.com.
- [OptionalInputError](#)
Salesforce session timed out. The session was not created as optional connection input parameter was not mapped.
- [SessionInvalid](#)
Salesforce session timed out and activity is establishing a new session.
- [StillRun](#)
There is a problem in connectivity and messages will be picked up from this time when connectivity is established.

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com Module](#)

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ConnectionFailed

The Salesforce.com operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to Salesforce.com after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3cConnectionFailedEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The ConnectionFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionFailed Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. NumberOfRetryAttempts

The total number of attempted retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3cEv4NumberOfRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.1.1.4.1

6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com Connection Notifications](#)

ConnectionRetry

The Salesforce.com operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to Salesforce.com. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3cConnectionRetryEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The ConnectionRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionRetry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

6. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3cEv3RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.1.1.3.2

7. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3cEv3TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.1.1.3.3


8. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3cEv3IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.1.1.3.4

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ConnectionTryAgain

Not able to connect to Salesforce endpoint. Trying to establish a new session.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Not able to connect, error is: {Message}. Establishing a new session.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3cConnectionTryAgainEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *7*

Variables

The ConnectionTryAgain message contains the following variables:


Table 1. ConnectionTryAgain Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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LoginFailure

Failure while performing a login into Salesforce.com.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Salesforce.com logon failure. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3cLoginFailureEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The LoginFailure message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LoginFailure Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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OptionalInputError

Salesforce session timed out. The session was not created as optional connection input parameter was not mapped.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Salesforce session timed out. The session was not created as optional connection input parameter was not mapped.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3cOptionalInputErrorEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*


The OptionalInputError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OptionalInputError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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Salesforce session timed out and activity is establishing a new session.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Session timed out. Establishing a new session.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3cSessionInvalidEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The SessionInvalid message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SessionInvalid Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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StillRun

There is a problem in connectivity and messages will be picked up from this time when connectivity is established.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Not able to establish connectivity. Polling will fail till connectivity is established. However when connectivity is established, messages will be picked up from this time onwards.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3cStillRunEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The StillRun message contains the following variables:

Table 1. StillRun Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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Salesforce.com Operation Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Salesforce.com Module.

- [ActivateError](#)
There was a problem in activating the activity.
- [ActivityOutput](#)
The activity has completed its operation and outputted param objects in output parameter.
- [BatchPollStart](#)
Starting a batch poll for index range specified.
- [ConnectFailed](#)
The Salesforce.com operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established. This happened cause of reasons other than connectivity issues.
- [ExecuteError](#)
An error occurred while executing the activity.
- [ExecuteProblem](#)
An error occurred while executing the query.
- [InitializeProblem](#)
Error from Salesforce.com while initializing activity. Trying to ignore error and proceed.
- [InputParamMapped](#)
The optional input parameter in the activity is mapped.
- [InputParamNotMapped](#)
The optional input parameter in the activity is not mapped.
- [InvalidQuery](#)
The query provided to Salesforce.com was invalid.
- [InvalidSFDCField](#)
The field is invalid in Salesforce.com.
- [InvalidSFDCObject](#)
The object is invalid in Salesforce.com

- [LargeData](#)
The activity was not able to get data as id limit has exceeded.
- [LargeDataError](#)
An error occurred due to large data which activity cannot handle.
- [MetadataError](#)
Unable to obtain meta data from Salesforce.com.
- [MetadataObjectError](#)
Unable to obtain meta data for the object from Salesforce.com.
- [NoDatafound](#)
No data was found by the activity in the interval specified.
- [ParameterOutput](#)
The activity has completed its operation and outputted objects in output parameter.
- [ParameterResults](#)
The activity has completed its operation and outputted result objects in output parameter.
- [PollActivateError](#)
The poll activity failed to activate.
- [PollOutput](#)
The number of objects outputted for a batch poll.
- [PollReturnedNothing](#)
The poll activity did not return any ids for specified interval.
- [PollReturnedResults](#)
Poll activity returned these number of ids for interval specified.
- [ShortPoll](#)
The current time is less than 1 minute past last polling time, so activity is skipping the poll at this interval.
- [TimeTooClose](#)
The end time specified is less than 1 minute past start time. Setting the interval to 1 minute and getting the data.
- [UnexpectedSFDCFault](#)
Salesforce.com returned an unexpected fault that is not declared in the method signature.

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com Module](#)

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ActivateError

There was a problem in activating the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Activity could not get activated. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oActivateErrorEv24*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 24

Variables

The ActivateError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivateError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2</i>

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ActivityOutput

The activity has completed its operation and outputted param objects in output parameter.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Completed activity and spewed out sessionInfo and {NameOfOutputParam} output parameter.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oActivityOutputEv23*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *23*

Variables

The ActivityOutput message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivityOutput Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. NameOfOutputParam

Name of the output parameter.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv23NameOfOutputParam
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.23.1

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BatchPollStart

Starting a batch poll for index range specified.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Starting batch of size {BatchSize} for index {StartIndex} through {EndIndex}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oBatchPollStartEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The BatchPollStart message contains the following variables:

Table 1. BatchPollStart Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. BatchSize

The batch size for the poll.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv13BatchSize
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.13.1

6. StartIndex

The start index specified.


- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv13StartIndex
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.13.2

7. EndIndex

The end index specified.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv13EndIndex
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.13.3

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ConnectFailed

The Salesforce.com operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established. This happened cause of reasons other than connectivity issues.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to Salesforce.com. Error is: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oConnectFailedEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 9

Variables

The ConnectFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectFailed Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ExecuteError

An error occurred while executing the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while trying to execute activity. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oExecuteErrorEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The ExecuteError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ExecuteError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ExecuteProblem

An error occurred while executing the query.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while trying to execute query. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oExecuteProblemEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The ExecuteProblem message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ExecuteProblem Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InitializeProblem

Error from Salesforce.com while initializing activity. Trying to ignore error and proceed.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error from Salesforce.com while initializing activity. Trying to ignore error and proceed. Error is: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oInitializeProblemEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The InitializeProblem message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InitializeProblem Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InputParamMapped

The optional input parameter in the activity is mapped.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Optional input parameter {ParamName} mapped.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oInputParamMappedEv19*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 19

Variables

The InputParamMapped message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InputParamMapped Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ParamName</p> <p>The name of the mapped input parameter.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv19ParamName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.19.1

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InputParamNotMapped

The optional input parameter in the activity is not mapped.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Optional input parameter {ParamName} not mapped.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oInputParamNotMappedEv20*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *20*

Variables

The InputParamNotMapped message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InputParamNotMapped Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ParamName

The name of the input parameter not mapped.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv20ParamName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.20.1

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InvalidQuery

The query provided to Salesforce.com was invalid.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Problem with querying. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oInvalidQueryEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The InvalidQuery message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidQuery Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InvalidSFDCField

The field is invalid in Salesforce.com.

Level : Severe

Log Message : Invalid Salesforce.com field. Error is: {Message}

System : Orchestration

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oInvalidSFDCFieldEv2

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The InvalidSFDCField message contains the following variables:


Table 1. InvalidSFDCField Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InvalidSFDCObject

The object is invalid in Salesforce.com

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Invalid Salesforce.com object. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oInvalidSFDCObjectEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The InvalidSFDCObject message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvalidSFDCObject Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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LargeData

The activity was not able to get data as id limit has exceeded.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Could not get data for date range, because id limit exceeded*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oLargeDataEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables


The LargeData message contains the following variables:

Table 1. LargeData Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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LargeDataError

An error occurred due to large data which activity cannot handle.

Level : Severe

Log Message : Activity failed as data to get is larger than activity can handle. Error is: {Message}

System : Orchestration

SNMP Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oLargeDataErrorEv7

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables

The LargeDataError message contains the following variables:


Table 1. LargeDataError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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MetadataError

Unable to obtain meta data from Salesforce.com.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to obtain meta data from Salesforce.com. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oMetadataErrorEv25*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *25*

Variables

The MetadataError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MetadataError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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MetadataObjectError

Unable to obtain meta data for the object from Salesforce.com.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to obtain meta data from Salesforce.com for {NameOfObject}. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oMetadataObjectErrorEv26*

SNMP Enterprise : *1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 26


Variables

The MetadataObjectError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MetadataObjectError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. NameOfObject</p> <p>Name of the object.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv26NameOfObject• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.26.1
<p>6. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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NoDatafound

No data was found by the activity in the interval specified.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *No data found in the interval.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oNoDatafoundEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*

Variables

The NoDatafound message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoDatafound Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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ParameterOutput

The activity has completed its operation and outputted objects in output parameter.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Completed activity and spewed out sessionInfo output parameter and {NumberOfObjects} objects in output parameter {NameOfOutputParam}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oParameterOutputEv21*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *21*

Variables

The ParameterOutput message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ParameterOutput Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. NumberOfObjects

Number of objects outputted by the activity.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv21NumberOfObjects
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.21.1


6. NameOfOutputParam

Name of the output parameter.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv21NameOfOutputParam
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.21.2

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ParameterResults

The activity has completed its operation and outputted result objects in output parameter.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Completed activity and spewed out sessionInfo output parameter and {NumberOfResults} result objects in output parameter {NameOfOutputParam}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oParameterResultsEv22*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *22*

Variables

The ParameterResults message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ParameterResults Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. NumberOfResults

Number of result objects outputted by the activity.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv22NumberOfResults
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.22.1


6. NameOfOutputParam

Name of the output parameter.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv22NameOfOutputParam
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.22.2

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PollActivateError

The poll activity failed to activate.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while trying to activate activity. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oPollActivateErrorEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The PollActivateError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PollActivateError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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PollOutput

The number of objects outputted for a batch poll.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Outputted {OutputSize} objects in 'objects' output parameter.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oPollOutputEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The PollOutput message contains the following variables:


Table 1. PollOutput Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. OutputSize</p> <p>The number of objects in the output.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv14OutputSize
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.14.1

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PollReturnedNothing

The poll activity did not return any ids for specified interval.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Poll did not return any ids for interval starting from {PollStartTime} to {PollEndTime}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oPollReturnedNothingEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *15*

Variables

The PollReturnedNothing message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PollReturnedNothing Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. PollStartTime

The start time for the poll.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv15PollStartTime
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.15.1


6. PollEndTime

The end time for the poll.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv15PollEndTime
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.15.2

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PollReturnedResults

Poll activity returned these number of ids for interval specified.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Poll returned {NumberOfIds} ids for interval starting from {PollStartTime} to {PollEndTime}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oPollReturnedResultsEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The PollReturnedResults message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PollReturnedResults Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. NumberOfIds</p> <p>The number of ids returned by the poll.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv12NumberOfIds</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.12.1</i>
<p>6. PollStartTime</p>

The start time for the poll.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv12PollStartTime
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.12.2


7. PollEndTime

The end time for the poll.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv12PollEndTime
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.12.3

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ShortPoll

The current time is less than 1 minute past last polling time, so activity is skipping the poll at this interval.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Current time {CurrentTime} is less than 1 minute past last polling time {LastPollingTime}. Skipping this polling interval.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oShortPollEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The ShortPoll message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ShortPoll Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. CurrentTime

The current time.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv11CurrentTime
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.11.1


6. LastPollingTime

The last polling time.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv11LastPollingTime
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.11.2

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TimeTooClose

The end time specified is less than 1 minute past start time. Setting the interval to 1 minute and getting the data.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *End time {StartTime} is less than 1 minute past start time {EndTime}. Setting interval to 1 minute and getting data.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oTimeTooCloseEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *17*

Variables

The TimeTooClose message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TimeTooClose Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p>

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. EndTime

The end time.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv17EndTime
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.17.1


6. StartTime

The start time.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oEv17StartTime
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2.1.17.2

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UnexpectedSFDCFault

Salesforce.com returned an unexpected fault that is not declared in the method signature.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Salesforce.com returned an unexpected error: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3oUnexpectedSFDCFaultEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The UnexpectedSFDCFault message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnexpectedSFDCFault Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Salesforce.com Module.

- [EndpointNull](#)
The endpoint object provided to Salesforce.com activity is null.
- [MarshalError](#)
An error occurred while writing output parameters in the activity.
- [SfdcErrorInternal](#)
An internal error occurred in Salesforce.com connector.
- [UnmarshalError](#)
An error occurred while reading input parameters in the activity.

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com Module](#)

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EndpointNull

The endpoint object provided to Salesforce.com activity is null.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Endpoint object is null.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3iEndpointNullEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The EndpointNull message contains the following variables:

Table 1. EndpointNull Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p>

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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MarshalError

An error occurred while writing output parameters in the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while trying to write output parameter sessionInfo. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3iMarshalErrorEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables


The MarshalError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MarshalError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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SfdcErrorInternal

An internal error occurred in Salesforce.com connector.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Internal error in Salesforce.com connector. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3iSfdcErrorInternalEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The SfdcErrorInternal message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SfdcErrorInternal Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com Internal Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/sfdc/sfdc_internal_sfdcerrorinternal_message.html

UnmarshalError

An error occurred while reading input parameters in the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while trying to read optional connection input parameter. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SFDC-MIB::ciC3iUnmarshalErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.3.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The UnmarshalError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UnmarshalError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Salesforce.com Internal Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/sfdc/sfdc_internal_unmarshalerror_message.html

Scheduler Module

The Scheduler Module allows jobs to be started on a regular basis. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Scheduler Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Scheduler Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SCHEDULER-MIB*

MIB OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.5


The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Scheduler Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the Scheduler Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
ActivityException	Severe	Orchestration	There was an error running scheduler activity.
SchedulerUnknownType	Warning	Orchestration	The group configured in the activity is unknown.
SchedulerWarning	Warning	Orchestration	There was an error in scheduler activity. Continuing to schedule further jobs.

- [Scheduler Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Scheduler Module.

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Scheduler Operation Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Scheduler Module.

- [ActivityException](#)
There was an error running scheduler activity.
- [SchedulerUnknownType](#)
The group configured in the activity is unknown.
- [SchedulerWarning](#)
There was an error in scheduler activity. Continuing to schedule further jobs.

Parent topic: [Scheduler Module](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/scheduler/scheduler_operation_notifications_list.html

ActivityException

There was an error running scheduler activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error: {Message}*.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SCHEDULER-MIB::ciC5oActivityExceptionEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.5.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The ActivityException message contains the following variables:


Table 1. ActivityException Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Scheduler Operation Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/scheduler/scheduler_operation_activityexception_message.html

SchedulerUnknownType

The group configured in the activity is unknown.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Not a known type of group.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SCHEDULER-MIB::ciC5oSchedulerUnknownTypeEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.5.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The SchedulerUnknownType message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SchedulerUnknownType Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

Parent topic: [Scheduler Operation Notifications](#)

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SchedulerWarning

There was an error in scheduler activity. Continuing to schedule further jobs.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Got exception in "Schedule Job" activity: {Message}. Continuing to schedule jobs.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SCHEDULER-MIB::ciC5oSchedulerWarningEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.5.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *3*

Variables

The SchedulerWarning message contains the following variables:

Table 1. SchedulerWarning Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Description of error occurred.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SCHEDULER-MIB::ciC5oEv3Message
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.5.1.2.1.3.1

Parent topic: [Scheduler Operation Notifications](#)

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Siebel Module

The Siebel Module provides access to Oracle's Siebel CRM. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Siebel Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Siebel Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Siebel Module.


Table 1. Notifications issued by the Siebel Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
ActivateError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while activating the specified activity.
ConfigURI	Severe	Orchestration	Specified activity name is listening on the specified uri and port.
ConnectError	Severe	Orchestration	The invoke operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
ConnectionPoolError	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while setting up connection pool for specified activity.
ConnectionRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The invoke operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
DataException	Severe	Orchestration	Data error occurred while executing the activity.
GeneralError	Severe	Orchestration	General error occurred while sending the response.
IOError	Severe	Orchestration	IO error occurred while processing request.
InternalError	Severe	Orchestration	Internal error occurred while processing request.
InvokeActivate	Warning	Orchestration	Error in setup of repository/connection-pool in activate of specified activity. Setup will be done at activity execution time.
InvokeDeactivateError	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while deactivating the specified activity.
InvokeException	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while executing the activity.
InvokeSuccessful	Info	Orchestration	Activity has successfully executed activity and outputted output parameter RESPONSE.
MissingLibraries	Severe	Orchestration	Config file jas.ini needs to be present before the JD Edwards Invoke activity can be run. Please upload jas.ini file and run again.
ReceiveDeactivateErr	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while deactivating the specified activity.
ReceiveError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while receiving in the specified activity name.
ReceiveSuccessful	Info	Orchestration	Receive activity successfully received request and outputted output parameter RESPONSE.
RepositoryError	Warning	Orchestration	Error occurred while setting up repository for specified activity.

Notification	Level	System	Description
UnSupportedEncoding	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while processing unsupported encoding.

- [Siebel Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the Siebel Module.
- [Siebel Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Siebel Module.
- [Siebel Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Siebel Module.

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Siebel Connection Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the Siebel Module.

- [ConnectError](#)
The invoke operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
- [ConnectionRetry](#)
The invoke operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
- [IOError](#)
IO error occurred while processing request.

Parent topic: [Siebel Module](#)

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ConnectError

The invoke operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to server after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17cConnectErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The ConnectError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. NumberOfRetryAttempts</p> <p>The total number of attempted retries.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17cEv1NumberOfRetryAttempts• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.1.1.1.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Siebel Connection Notifications](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/siebel/siebel_connection_connecterror_message.html

ConnectionRetry

The invoke operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to server. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17cConnectionRetryEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The ConnectionRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionRetry Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

6. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17cEv2RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.1.1.2.2

7. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17cEv2TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.1.1.2.3

8. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17cEv2IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.1.1.2.4

Parent topic: [Siebel Connection Notifications](#)

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IOError

IO error occurred while processing request.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *IO Error while processing request. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17cIOErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The IOError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. IOError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Siebel Connection Notifications](#)

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Siebel Operation Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Siebel Module.

- [ActivateError](#)
Error occurred while activating the specified activity.
- [ConfigURI](#)
Specified activity name is listening on the specified uri and port.
- [ConnectionPoolError](#)
Error occurred while setting up connection pool for specified activity.
- [DataException](#)
Data error occurred while executing the activity.
- [InvokeActivate](#)
Error in setup of repository/connection-pool in activate of specified activity. Setup will be done at activity execution time.
- [InvokeDeactivateError](#)
Error occurred while deactivating the specified activity.
- [InvokeException](#)
Error occurred while executing the activity.
- [InvokeSuccessful](#)
Activity has successfully executed activity and outputted output parameter RESPONSE.

- [ReceiveDeactivateErr](#)
Error occurred while deactivating the specified activity.
- [ReceiveError](#)
Error occurred while receiving in the specified activity name.
- [ReceiveSuccessful](#)
Receive activity successfully received request and outputted output parameter RESPONSE.
- [RepositoryError](#)
Error occurred while setting up repository for specified activity.
- [UnsupportedEncoding](#)
Error occurred while processing unsupported encoding.

Parent topic: [Siebel Module](#)

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ActivateError

Error occurred while activating the specified activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while activating the {ActivityName} activity. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oActivateErrorEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The ActivateError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ActivateError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p>

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

Activity name which caused the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oEv11ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2.1.11.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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Specified activity name is listening on the specified uri and port.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *{ActivityName} listening for events on URI: "{UriValue}" and port: "{PortValue}"*.

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oConfigURIEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The ConfigURI message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConfigURI Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>Activity name which is listening on the uri and port specified.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oEv13ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2.1.13.1

6. UriValue

The URI the server is listening on.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oEv13UriValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2.1.13.2


7. PortValue

The port number the server is listening on.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oEv13PortValue
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2.1.13.3

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ConnectionPoolError

Error occurred while setting up connection pool for specified activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while setting up connection pool for {ActivityName} activity. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oConnectionPoolErrorEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The ConnectionPoolError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionPoolError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

Activity name which caused the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oEv2ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2.1.2.1

6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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DataException

Data error occurred while executing the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Data error while executing the activity. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oDataExceptionEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The DataException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DataException Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InvokeActivate

Error in setup of repository/connection-pool in activate of specified activity. Setup will be done at activity execution time.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error in setup of repository/connection-pool in activate of {ActivityName}. Setup to be done at activity execution time. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oInvokeActivateEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The InvokeActivate message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvokeActivate Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

Activity name which caused the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oEv3ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2.1.3.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InvokeDeactivateError

Error occurred while deactivating the specified activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while deactivating the {ActivityName} activity. Discarding error: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oInvokeDeactivateErrorEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The InvokeDeactivateError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvokeDeactivateError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p>

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

Activity name which caused the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oEv4ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2.1.4.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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InvokeException

Error occurred while executing the activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while executing the activity. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oInvokeExceptionEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The InvokeException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvokeException Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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Activity has successfully executed activity and outputted output parameter RESPONSE.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Successfully executed activity and outputted output parameter RESPONSE.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oInvokeSuccessfulEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables

The InvokeSuccessful message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InvokeSuccessful Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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ReceiveDeactivateErr

Error occurred while deactivating the specified activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while deactivating the {ActivityName} activity. Discarding error: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oReceiveDeactivateErrEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The ReceiveDeactivateErr message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveDeactivateErr Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

Activity name which caused the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oEv12ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2.1.12.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveError

Error occurred while receiving in the specified activity name.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while receiving in {ActivityName} activity. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oReceiveErrorEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *9*

Variables

The ReceiveError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. ActivityName</p> <p>Activity name which caused the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oEv9ActivityName• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2.1.9.1
<p>6. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ReceiveSuccessful

Receive activity successfully received request and outputted output parameter RESPONSE.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Successfully received request and outputted output parameter RESPONSE.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oReceiveSuccessfulEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The ReceiveSuccessful message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReceiveSuccessful Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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RepositoryError

Error occurred while setting up repository for specified activity.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Error while setting up repository for {ActivityName} activity. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oRepositoryErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The RepositoryError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RepositoryError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. ActivityName

Activity name which caused the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oEv1ActivityName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2.1.1.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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UnsupportedEncoding

Error occurred while processing unsupported encoding.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while processing unsupported encoding. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17oUnsupportedEncodingEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The UnsupportedEncoding message contains the following variables:


Table 1. UnsupportedEncoding Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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Siebel Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Siebel Module.

- [GeneralError](#)
General error occurred while sending the response.
- [InternalError](#)
Internal error occurred while processing request.
- [MissingLibraries](#)
Config file jas.ini needs to be present before the JD Edwards Invoke activity can be run. Please upload jas.ini file and run again.

Parent topic: [Siebel Module](#)

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GeneralError

General error occurred while sending the response.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *General error while sending the response. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17iGeneralErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.3

SNMP Trap Number : 1

Variables

The GeneralError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GeneralError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Siebel Internal Notifications](#)

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InternalError

Internal error occurred while processing request.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error while processing request. The error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17iInternalErrorEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The InternalError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InternalError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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MissingLibraries

Config file jas.ini needs to be present before the JD Edwards Invoke activity can be run. Please upload jas.ini file and run again.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *jas.ini file needs to be present before the JD Edwards Invoke activity can be run. Please upload jas.ini file and run again.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-SIEBEL-MIB::ciC17iMissingLibrariesEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.17.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *3*

Variables

The MissingLibraries message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MissingLibraries Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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Web Service Module

The Web Service Module provides activities to act as a Web Service client or server. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Web Service Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Web Service Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Web Service Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the Web Service Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
AlreadyRegistered	Severe	Orchestration	The URI/port is already registered by the Web Service activity.
CleanUpMessage	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to process the request. Additional information about the error can be found on the Web Management Console.
ConnectFailed	Severe	Orchestration	The webservice operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
ConnectRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The webservice operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
DataMessageAccepted	Info	Orchestration	SOAP message has been accepted by the Integration Appliance.
MissingProtocol	Warning	Orchestration	Please put the protocol used in front of input parameter location.
NotRegistered	Severe	Orchestration	The URI/port has not been registered by the Web Service activity.
OperationNameNull	Severe	Orchestration	Operation name must not be null or empty.
TaskContextError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while processing Web Service activity due to lost task context.
TransportInfo	Info	Orchestration	The provide activity is started on local transport for the URI.
UriDeprecated	Warning	Orchestration	Web Service Module has deprecated the input parameter httpheaders/uri. The specified value will be ignored.
WSFaultString	Severe	Orchestration	The fault string returned by the WebService activity.
WebServiceException	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while processing Web Service activity.

- [Web Service Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the Web Service Module.
- [Web Service Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Web Service Module.
- [Web Service Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Web Service Module.

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Web Service Connection Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the Web Service Module.

- [ConnectFailed](#)
The webservice operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
- [ConnectRetry](#)
The webservice operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Parent topic: [Web Service Module](#)

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ConnectFailed

The webservice operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error sending SOAP request to location: {LocationName}. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18cConnectFailedEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The ConnectFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectFailed Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber

- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. LocationName

The specified location which was not being able to connect.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18cEv2LocationName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.1.1.2.1


6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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ConnectRetry

The webservice operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Unable to send the SOAP request to {LocationName}. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will retry again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18cConnectRetryEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The ConnectRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectRetry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p>

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. LocationName

The specified location which was not being able to connect.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18cEv1LocationName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.1.1.1.1

6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

7. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18cEv1RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.1.1.1.3

8. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18cEv1TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.1.1.1.4


9. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18cEv1IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.1.1.1.5

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Web Service Operation Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Web Service Module.

- [AlreadyRegistered](#)
The URI/port is already registered by the Web Service activity.
- [CleanUpMessage](#)
Unable to process the request. Additional information about the error can be found on the Web Management Console.
- [DataMessageAccepted](#)
SOAP message has been accepted by the Integration Appliance.
- [MissingProtocol](#)
Please put the protocol used in front of input parameter location.
- [NotRegistered](#)
The URI/port has not been registered by the Web Service activity.
- [OperationNameNull](#)
Operation name must not be null or empty.
- [TransportInfo](#)
The provide activity is started on local transport for the URI.
- [UriDeprecated](#)
Web Service Module has deprecated the input parameter httpheaders/uri. The specified value will be ignored.
- [WSFaultString](#)
The fault string returned by the WebService activity.
- [WebServiceException](#)
Error occurred while processing Web Service activity.

Parent topic: [Web Service Module](#)

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AlreadyRegistered

The URI/port is already registered by the Web Service activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *[URI: {Uri}, Port: {Port}, Operation Name: {OperationName}] Web Service has already been registered. Key: {RegistrationKey}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oAlreadyRegisteredEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables

The AlreadyRegistered message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AlreadyRegistered Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Uri</p> <p>The URI which is already registered.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oEv7Uri</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2.1.7.1</i>
<p>6. Port</p>

The port which is already registered.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oEv7Port
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2.1.7.2

7. OperationName

The operation name which was specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oEv7OperationName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2.1.7.3


8. RegistrationKey

Key used to identify this URI/Port/Operation

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oEv7RegistrationKey
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2.1.7.4

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CleanUpMessage

Unable to process the request. Additional information about the error can be found on the Web Management Console.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to process the request. Additional information about the error can be found on the Web Management Console.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oCleanUpMessageEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *9*

Variables


The CleanUpMessage message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CleanUpMessage Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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DataMessageAccepted

SOAP message has been accepted by the Integration Appliance.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *SOAP message has been accepted by the Integration Appliance.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oDataMessageAcceptedEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The DataMessageAccepted message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DataMessageAccepted Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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MissingProtocol

Please put the protocol used in front of input parameter location.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Please put the protocol used (e.g. {Protocol}) in front of the input parameter location: {LocationName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oMissingProtocolEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The MissingProtocol message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MissingProtocol Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. Protocol

The protocol value that can be specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oEv5Protocol
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2.1.5.1


6. LocationName

The location name parameter before which protocol has to be specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oEv5LocationName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2.1.5.2

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NotRegistered

The URI/port has not been registered by the Web Service activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : [URI: {Uri}, Port: {Port}, Operation Name: {OperationName}] has not been registered. Key: {KeyName}

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oNotRegisteredEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

The NotRegistered message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NotRegistered Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Uri</p> <p>The URI which is not registered.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oEv8Uri• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2.1.8.1
<p>6. Port</p> <p>The port which is not registered.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oEv8Port• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2.1.8.2

7. OperationName

The operation name which was specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oEv8OperationName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2.1.8.3


8. KeyName

The key name which was specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oEv8KeyName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2.1.8.4

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OperationNameNull

Operation name must not be null or empty.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Operation name must not be null or empty!*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oOperationNameNullEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The OperationNameNull message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OperationNameNull Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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TransportInfo

The provide activity is started on local transport for the URI.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The provide activity is started on local transport for the URI: {URI}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oTransportInfoEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2*

Variables

The TransportInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TransportInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. URI</p> <p>URI at which provie activity was started.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oEv10URI • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2.1.10.1

Parent topic: [Web Service Operation Notifications](#)

UriDeprecated

Web Service Module has deprecated the input parameter httpheaders/uri. The specified value will be ignored.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Web Service Module has deprecated the input parameter "httpheaders/uri". The value: {Value} will be ignored. Please set the URL (e.g. http://www.castiron.com/WebService) at the location in the endpoint panel or at the input parameter "location".*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oUriDeprecatedEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The UriDeprecated message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UriDeprecated Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Value

The value which will be ignored due to deprecated input parameter.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oEv6Value
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2.1.6.1

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WSFaultString

The fault string returned by the WebService activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *{Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oWSFaultStringEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *3*

Variables

The WSFaultString message contains the following variables:

Table 1. WSFaultString Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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WebServiceException

Error occurred while processing Web Service activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while processing Web Service activity. Error message: {Message}. Caused by: {Cause}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oWebServiceExceptionEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The `WebServiceException` message contains the following variables:

Table 1. `WebServiceException` Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <code>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</code>• SNMP OID : <code>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3</code>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <code>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</code>• SNMP OID : <code>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</code>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <code>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</code>• SNMP OID : <code>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</code>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <code>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</code>• SNMP OID : <code>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</code>
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2


6. Cause

The cause of the error message.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18oEv4Cause
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.2.1.4.2

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Web Service Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Web Service Module.

- [TaskContextError](#)
Error occurred while processing Web Service activity due to lost task context.

Parent topic: [Web Service Module](#)

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TaskContextError

Error occurred while processing Web Service activity due to lost task context.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while processing Web Service activity. Error message: {Message}. The task context is lost. The appliance may have been restarted, losing the task context that cannot be saved on the disk.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WS-MIB::ciC18iTaskContextErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.18.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*


Variables

The TaskContextError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TaskContextError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2</i>

Parent topic: [Web Service Internal Notifications](#)

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WebSphere MQ Module

The WebSphere MQ module provides activities for communicating with IBM WebSphere MQ servers. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the WebSphere MQ Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the WebSphere MQ Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB*

MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the WebSphere MQ Module.


Table 1. Notifications issued by the WebSphere MQ Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
ConnectRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The MQ operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
ConnectionError	Severe	Orchestration	The MQ operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
DetailsOpen	Info	Orchestration	Opening the queue with set all privileges as specified.
DuplicateFound	Info	Orchestration	Discarding the duplicate message found in get activity.
FormatError	Severe	Orchestration	The message format field specified is invalid. Supported formats are MQSTR, MQHRF2, and no format.
FormatWarning	Warning	Orchestration	Activity expected string data (MQFMT_STRING), but the message is of another format.
GetFailure	Severe	Orchestration	The get activity was not able to get messages from queue.
InputParamNull	Severe	Orchestration	The input parameter specified is of zero length.
InternalFailure	Severe	Orchestration	There was an internal error in MQ activity.
MQConnectionInfo	Info	Orchestration	The complete information about MQ Endpoint details.
MQMDFormatError	Severe	Orchestration	MQMD header input parameter format is incorrect.

Notification	Level	System	Description
MQProtocolWarning	Warning	Orchestration	Received warning from queue manager with specified MQ reason code.
MQPutDetails	Info	Orchestration	Putting in queue with set all privileges as specified.
MQPutFailure	Severe	Orchestration	MQ was unable to put message on queue due to specified error code.
MQRFHHeaderError	Severe	Orchestration	MQRFH2 header input parameter format is incorrect.
MessageDelievered	Info	Orchestration	The MQ message was successfully delivered to the specified queue.
MessageRetrieved	Info	Orchestration	Retrieved a message from the queue.
NoMessage	Info	Orchestration	There is no message available on the queue.
NoMessageFailure	Severe	Orchestration	The MQ operation failed as there was no message on queue on server.
NoMessageRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The MQ operation failed as there was no message on queue on server. This will cause a retry.
PollFailure	Severe	Orchestration	The poll activity was not able to get messages from queue.
RFHFormatError	Severe	Orchestration	Error encountered unmarshaling the MQRFH2 header.
ReasonCode	Info	Orchestration	The reason code for the MQ exception caught.

- [WebSphere MQ Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the WebSphere MQ Module.
- [WebSphere MQ Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the WebSphere MQ Module.
- [WebSphere MQ Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the WebSphere MQ Module.

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WebSphere MQ Connection Notifications


Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the WebSphere MQ Module.

- [ConnectRetry](#)
The MQ operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
- [ConnectionError](#)
The MQ operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

- [MQConnectionInfo](#)
The complete information about MQ Endpoint details.

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ConnectRetry

The MQ operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to the Queue Manager "{QueueManager}". MQ returned error code "{ErrorCode}". Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cConnectRetryEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The ConnectRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectRetry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. QueueManager

The name of the queue manager which activity was not able to connect.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cEv2QueueManager
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1.1.2.1

6. ErrorCode

The error code returned by the MQ server.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cEv2ErrorCode
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1.1.2.2

7. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cEv2RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1.1.2.3

8. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cEv2TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1.1.2.4

9. IntervalForRetries


The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cEv2IntervalForRetries

- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1.1.2.5

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ConnectionError

The MQ operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to connect to the Queue Manager "{QueueManager}" after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempt(s). MQ returned error code "{ErrorCode}".*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cConnectionErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The ConnectionError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectionError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. QueueManager

The name of the queue manager which activity was not able to connect.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cEv3QueueManager
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1.1.3.1

6. NumberOfRetryAttempts

The total number of attempted retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cEv3NumberOfRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1.1.3.2


7. ErrorCode

The error code returned by the MQ server.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cEv3ErrorCode
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1.1.3.3

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The complete information about MQ Endpoint details.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *MQ Endpoint Details: Host: {HostName}, Port: {PortNumber}, User: {UserName}, Queue Manager: {QueueManager}, Channel: {Channel}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cMQConnectionInfoEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The MQConnectionInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MQConnectionInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. HostName</p>

The host name specified in the endpoint.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cEv1HostName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1.1.1.1

6. PortNumber

The port number specified in the endpoint.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cEv1PortNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1.1.1.2

7. UserName

The user name specified in the endpoint.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cEv1UserName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1.1.1.3

8. QueueManager

The queue manager specified in the endpoint.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cEv1QueueManager
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1.1.1.4


9. Channel

The channel specified in the endpoint.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13cEv1Channel
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.1.1.1.5

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WebSphere MQ Operation Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the WebSphere MQ Module.

- [DetailsOpen](#)
Opening the queue with set all privileges as specified.
- [DuplicateFound](#)
Discarding the duplicate message found in get activity.
- [FormatError](#)
The message format field specified is invalid. Supported formats are MQSTR, MQHRF2, and no format.
- [FormatWarning](#)
Activity expected string data (MQFMT_STRING), but the message is of another format.
- [GetFailure](#)
The get activity was not able to get messages from queue.
- [MQMDFormatError](#)
MQMD header input parameter format is incorrect.
- [MQProtocolWarning](#)
Received warning from queue manager with specified MQ reason code.
- [MQPutDetails](#)
Putting in queue with set all privileges as specified.
- [MQPutFailure](#)
MQ was unable to put message on queue due to specified error code.
- [MQRFHHeaderError](#)
MQRFH2 header input parameter format is incorrect.
- [MessageDelievered](#)
The MQ message was successfully delivered to the specified queue.
- [MessageRetrieved](#)
Retrieved a message from the queue.
- [NoMessage](#)
There is no message available on the queue.
- [NoMessageFailure](#)
The MQ operation failed as there was no message on queue on server.
- [NoMessageRetry](#)
The MQ operation failed as there was no message on queue on server. This will cause a retry.
- [PollFailure](#)
The poll activity was not able to get messages from queue.
- [RFHFormatError](#)
Error encountered unmarshaling the MQRFH2 header.
- [ReasonCode](#)
The reason code for the MQ exception caught.

Parent topic: [WebSphere MQ Module](#)

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DetailsOpen

Opening the queue with set all privileges as specified.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Opening the queue with set all privileges as {Value}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oDetailsOpenEv18*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *18*

Variables

The DetailsOpen message contains the following variables:


Table 1. DetailsOpen Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Value</p> <p>Value of set all privileges set to true or false.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv18Value
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.18.1

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DuplicateFound

Discarding the duplicate message found in get activity.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Duplicate message found, discarding.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oDuplicateFoundEv14*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *14*

Variables

The DuplicateFound message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DuplicateFound Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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FormatError

The message format field specified is invalid. Supported formats are MQSTR, MQHRF2, and no format.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *The message format field "{Format}" is invalid. Supported formats are MQSTR, MQHRF2, and no format.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oFormatErrorEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

Variables

The FormatError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. FormatError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Format

The invalid format specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv8Format
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.8.1

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FormatWarning

Activity expected string data (MQFMT_STRING), but the message is of another format.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Activity expected string data (MQFMT_STRING), but the message is of format "{Format}".*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oFormatWarningEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *9*

Variables

The FormatWarning message contains the following variables:


Table 1. FormatWarning Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Format</p> <p>The format specified.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv9Format
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.9.1

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GetFailure

The get activity was not able to get messages from queue.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to get message from queue {QueueName}. MQ returned error code {ErrorCode}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oGetFailureEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables

The GetFailure message contains the following variables:

Table 1. GetFailure Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p>

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. QueueName

The name of the queue.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv7QueueName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.7.1


6. ErrorCode

The error code returned by the MQ server.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv7ErrorCode
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.7.2

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MQMDFormatError

MQMD header input parameter format is incorrect.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *MQMD header input parameter format is incorrect; {Header}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oMQMDFormatErrorEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *10*

Variables

The MQMDFormatError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MQMDFormatError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Header</p> <p>The header specified.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv10Header</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.10.1</i>

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MQProtocolWarning

Received warning from queue manager with specified MQ reason code.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Received warning from queue manager. MQ reason code is {ReasonCode}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oMQProtocolWarningEv16*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *16*

Variables

The MQProtocolWarning message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MQProtocolWarning Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ReasonCode

The reason code for the MQ exception.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv16ReasonCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.16.1

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MQPutDetails

Putting in queue with set all privileges as specified.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Putting in queue with set all privileges as {Value}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oMQPutDetailsEv17*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *17*

Variables

The MQPutDetails message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MQPutDetails Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Value

Value of set all privileges set to true or false.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv17Value
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.17.1

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MQPutFailure

MQ was unable to put message on queue due to specified error code.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to put message on queue {QueueManager}. MQ returned error code {ErrorCode}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oMQPutFailureEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *3*

Variables

The MQPutFailure message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MQPutFailure Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. QueueManager</p> <p>The name of the queue manager.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv3QueueManager
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.3.1


6. ErrorCode

The error code returned by the MQ server.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv3ErrorCode
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.3.2

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MQRFHHeaderError

MQRFH2 header input parameter format is incorrect.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *MQRFH2 header input parameter format is incorrect.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oMQRFHHeaderErrorEv11*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *11*

Variables

The MQRFHHeaderError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MQRFHHeaderError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Header

The header specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv11Header
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.11.1

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MessageDelivered

The MQ message was successfully delivered to the specified queue.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Message successfully delivered to queue {QueueManager}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oMessageDelieveredEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*


Variables

The MessageDelievered message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MessageDelievered Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. QueueManager</p> <p>The name of the queue manager.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv4QueueManager</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.4.1</i>

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MessageRetrieved

Retrieved a message from the queue.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *Message of {QueueName} bytes retrieved from queue "{NumberOfBytes}".*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oMessageRetrievedEv15*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *15*

Variables

The MessageRetrieved message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MessageRetrieved Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. NumberOfBytes

The number of bytes of the message.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv15NumberOfBytes
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.15.1


6. QueueName

The name of the queue.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv15QueueName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.15.2

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NoMessage

There is no message available on the queue.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *No message available on queue {Queue}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oNoMessageEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

Variables

The NoMessage message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoMessage Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Queue</p> <p>The name of the queue.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv5Queue • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.5.1

Parent topic: [WebSphere MQ Operation Notifications](#)

NoMessageFailure

The MQ operation failed as there was no message on queue on server.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *No message available on queue "{QueueManager}" after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempt(s).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oNoMessageFailureEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The NoMessageFailure message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoMessageFailure Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. QueueManager

The name of the queue manager which activity was not able to connect.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv2QueueManager
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.2.1


6. NumberOfRetryAttempts

The total number of attempted retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv2NumberOfRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.2.2

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NoMessageRetry

The MQ operation failed as there was no message on queue on server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *No message available on queue "{QueueManager}". Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oNoMessageRetryEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The NoMessageRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NoMessageRetry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. QueueManager</p> <p>The name of the queue manager which activity was not able to connect.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv1QueueManager• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.1.1
<p>6. RetryAttemptNumber</p> <p>The current number of retries.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv1RetryAttemptNumber• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.1.2
<p>7. TotalRetryAttempts</p>

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv1TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.1.3


8. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv1IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.1.4

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PollFailure

The poll activity was not able to get messages from queue.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to get message from queue {QueueName}. MQ returned error code {ErrorCode}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oPollFailureEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The PollFailure message contains the following variables:

Table 1. PollFailure Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. QueueName

The name of the queue.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv6QueueName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.6.1


6. ErrorCode

The error code returned by the MQ server.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv6ErrorCode
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.6.2

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RFHFormatError

Error encountered unmarshaling the MQRFH2 header.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error encountered unmarshaling the MQRFH2 header: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oRFHFormatErrorEv12*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *12*

Variables

The RFHFormatError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. RFHFormatError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [WebSphere MQ Operation Notifications](#)

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ReasonCode

The reason code for the MQ exception caught.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *MQ Exception caught, reason code is {ReasonCode}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oReasonCodeEv13*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *13*

Variables

The ReasonCode message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ReasonCode Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ReasonCode

The reason code for the MQ exception.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13oEv13ReasonCode
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.2.1.13.1

Parent topic: [WebSphere MQ Operation Notifications](#)

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WebSphere MQ Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the WebSphere MQ Module.

- [InputParamNull](#)
The input parameter specified is of zero length.
- [InternalFailure](#)
There was an internal error in MQ activity.

Parent topic: [WebSphere MQ Module](#)

Last updated: Thursday, December 17, 2015
 file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/mq/mq_interna
 l_notifications_list.html

InputParamNull

The input parameter specified is of zero length.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *The input parameter "{InputParam}" is zero length.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13iInputParamNullEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The InputParamNull message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InputParamNull Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. InputParam

The input parameter that was specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13iEv1InputParam
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.3.1.1.1

Parent topic: [WebSphere MQ Internal Notifications](#)

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InternalFailure

There was an internal error in MQ activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *An internal error occurred: {Message}.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-MQ-MIB::ciC13iInternalFailureEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.13.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The InternalFailure message contains the following variables:

Table 1. InternalFailure Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [WebSphere MQ Internal Notifications](#)

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Workday Module

The Workday Module provides activities to act as a Workday client. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the Workday Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the Workday Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB*


MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the Workday Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the Workday Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
AlreadyRegistered	Severe	Orchestration	The URI/port is already registered by the Workday activity.
CleanUpMessage	Severe	Orchestration	Unable to process the request. Additional information about the error can be found on the Web Management Console.
ConnectFailed	Severe	Orchestration	The workday operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
ConnectRetry	Warning	Orchestration	The workday operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.
DataMessageAccepted	Info	Orchestration	SOAP message has been accepted by the Integration Appliance.
MissingProtocol	Warning	Orchestration	Please put the protocol used in front of input parameter location.
NotRegistered	Severe	Orchestration	The URI/port has not been registered by the Workday activity.
OperationNameNull	Severe	Orchestration	Operation name must not be null or empty.
TaskContextError	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while processing Workday activity due to lost task context.
TransportInfo	Info	Orchestration	The provide activity is started on local transport for the URI.
UriDeprecated	Warning	Orchestration	Workday Module has deprecated the input parameter httpheaders/uri. The specified value will be ignored.
WDFaultString	Severe	Orchestration	The fault string returned by the Workday activity.
WorkdayException	Severe	Orchestration	Error occurred while processing Workday activity.

- [Workday Connection Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the Workday Module.
- [Workday Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Workday Module.
- [Workday Internal Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Workday Module.

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Workday Connection Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of connection notifications sent from the Workday Module.

- [ConnectFailed](#)
The workday operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.
- [ConnectRetry](#)
The workday operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Parent topic: [Workday Module](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/wd/wd_connection_notifications_list.html

ConnectFailed

The workday operation failed because a connection to the server could not be established.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Error sending SOAP request to location: {LocationName}. Error is: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ci24cConnectFailedEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The ConnectFailed message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectFailed Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. LocationName

The specified location which was not being able to connect.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24cEv2LocationName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.1.1.2.1

6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [Workday Connection Notifications](#)

ConnectRetry

The workday operation failed while trying to connect to the server. This will cause a retry.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Unable to send the SOAP request to {LocationName}. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will retry again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24cConnectRetryEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.1*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The ConnectRetry message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ConnectRetry Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p>

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. LocationName

The specified location which was not being able to connect.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24cEv1LocationName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.1.1.1.1

6. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

7. RetryAttemptNumber

The current number of retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24cEv1RetryAttemptNumber
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.1.1.1.3

8. TotalRetryAttempts

The specified number of attempts to connect to the server before stopping.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24cEv1TotalRetryAttempts
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.1.1.1.4


9. IntervalForRetries

The specified time interval between retries.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24cEv1IntervalForRetries
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.1.1.1.5

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Workday Operation Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the Workday Module.

- [AlreadyRegistered](#)
The URI/port is already registered by the Workday activity.
- [CleanUpMessage](#)
Unable to process the request. Additional information about the error can be found on the Web Management Console.
- [DataMessageAccepted](#)
SOAP message has been accepted by the Integration Appliance.
- [MissingProtocol](#)
Please put the protocol used in front of input parameter location.
- [NotRegistered](#)
The URI/port has not been registered by the Workday activity.
- [OperationNameNull](#)
Operation name must not be null or empty.
- [TransportInfo](#)
The provide activity is started on local transport for the URI.
- [UriDeprecated](#)
Workday Module has deprecated the input parameter httpheaders/uri. The specified value will be ignored.
- [WDFaultString](#)
The fault string returned by the Workday activity.
- [WorkdayException](#)
Error occurred while processing Workday activity.

Parent topic: [Workday Module](#)

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AlreadyRegistered

The URI/port is already registered by the Workday activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *[URI: {Uri}, Port: {Port}, Operation Name: {OperationName}] Workday has already been registered. Key: {RegistrationKey}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oAlreadyRegisteredEv7*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 7

Variables

The AlreadyRegistered message contains the following variables:

Table 1. AlreadyRegistered Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Uri</p> <p>The URI which is already registered.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oEv7Uri• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2.1.7.1

6. Port

The port which is already registered.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oEv7Port
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2.1.7.2

7. OperationName

The operation name which was specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oEv7OperationName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2.1.7.3


8. RegistrationKey

Key used to identify this URI/Port/Operation

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oEv7RegistrationKey
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2.1.7.4

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CleanUpMessage

Unable to process the request. Additional information about the error can be found on the Web Management Console.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Unable to process the request. Additional information about the error can be found on the Web Management Console.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oCleanUpMessageEv9*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *9*


The CleanUpMessage message contains the following variables:

Table 1. CleanUpMessage Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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SOAP message has been accepted by the Integration Appliance.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *SOAP message has been accepted by the Integration Appliance.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oDataMessageAcceptedEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The DataMessageAccepted message contains the following variables:

Table 1. DataMessageAccepted Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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 on_datamessageaccepted_message.html

MissingProtocol

Please put the protocol used in front of input parameter location.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Please put the protocol used (e.g. {Protocol}) in front of the input parameter location:
 {LocationName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oMissingProtocolEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*

Variables

The MissingProtocol message contains the following variables:

Table 1. MissingProtocol Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. Protocol

The protocol value that can be specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oEv5Protocol
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2.1.5.1


6. LocationName

The location name parameter before which protocol has to be specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oEv5LocationName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2.1.5.2

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NotRegistered

The URI/port has not been registered by the Workday activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *[URI: {Uri}, Port: {Port}, Operation Name: {OperationName}] has not been registered. Key: {KeyName}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oNotRegisteredEv8*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *8*

The NotRegistered message contains the following variables:

Table 1. NotRegistered Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Uri</p> <p>The URI which is not registered.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oEv8Uri• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2.1.8.1
<p>6. Port</p> <p>The port which is not registered.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oEv8Port• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2.1.8.2

7. OperationName

The operation name which was specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oEv8OperationName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2.1.8.3


8. KeyName

The key name which was specified.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oEv8KeyName
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2.1.8.4

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OperationNameNull

Operation name must not be null or empty.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Operation name must not be null or empty!*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oOperationNameNullEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *2*

Variables

The OperationNameNull message contains the following variables:

Table 1. OperationNameNull Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4


4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

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TransportInfo

The provide activity is started on local transport for the URI.

Level : *Info*

Log Message : *The provide activity is started on local transport for the URI: {URI}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oTransportInfoEv10*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2*

Variables

The TransportInfo message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TransportInfo Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : Integer • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : OID • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration • SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. URI</p> <p>URI at which provie activity was started.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type : String • SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oEv10URI • SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2.1.10.1

Parent topic: [Workday Operation Notifications](#)

UriDeprecated

Workday Module has deprecated the input parameter httpheaders/uri. The specified value will be ignored.

Level : *Warning*

Log Message : *Workday Module has deprecated the input parameter "httpheaders/uri". The value: {Value} will be ignored. Please set the URL (e.g. http://www.castiron.com/Workday) at the location in the endpoint panel or at the input parameter "location".*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oUriDeprecatedEv6*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 6

Variables

The UriDeprecated message contains the following variables:

Table 1. UriDeprecated Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Value

The value which will be ignored due to deprecated input parameter.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oEv6Value
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2.1.6.1

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WDFaultString

The fault string returned by the Workday activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *{Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oWDFaultStringEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *3*

Variables

The WDFaultString message contains the following variables:

Table 1. WDFaultString Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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WorkdayException

Error occurred while processing Workday activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while processing Workday activity. Error message: {Message}. Caused by: {Cause}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oWorkdayExceptionEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The WorkdayException message contains the following variables:

Table 1. WorkdayException Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String

- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2


6. Cause

The cause of the error message.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24oEv4Cause
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.2.1.4.2

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Workday Internal Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of internal notifications sent from the Workday Module.

- [TaskContextError](#)
Error occurred while processing Workday activity due to lost task context.

Parent topic: [Workday Module](#)

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/wd/wd_internal_notifications_list.html

TaskContextError

Error occurred while processing Workday activity due to lost task context.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Exception while processing Workday activity. Error message: {Message}. The task context is lost. The appliance may have been restarted, losing the task context that cannot be saved on the disk.*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-WD-MIB::ciC24iTaskContextErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.24.1.3*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*


Variables

The TaskContextError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TaskContextError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3</i>
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1</i>
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4</i>
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration</i>• SNMP OID : <i>1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3</i>
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : <i>CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage</i>• SNMP OID : <i>.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2</i>

Parent topic: [Workday Internal Notifications](#)

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XML Module

The XML Module provides activities for generating and parsing XML content. This section contains details for the messages delivered from the XML Module.

This topic provides the MIB Name and MIB OID information, in addition to high-level details about each notification in the XML Module.

MIB Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-XML-MIB*


MIB OID : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.12*

The following table provides an alphabetical list of all notifications that can be issued by the XML Module.

Table 1. Notifications issued by the XML Module

Notification	Level	System	Description
TransformError	Severe	Orchestration	There was an error while transforming the XML.
ValidateInitialize	Severe	Orchestration	There was an error while initializing the validate activity.
XMLParseError	Severe	Orchestration	There was an error while parsing the XML.
XMLQueryError	Severe	Orchestration	There was an error while querying the XML.
XMLSerializeError	Severe	Orchestration	There was an error while serializing the XML.

- [XML Operation Notifications](#)
Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the XML Module.

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XML Operation Notifications

Provides a comprehensive list of operation notifications sent from the XML Module.

- [TransformError](#)
There was an error while transforming the XML.
- [ValidateInitialize](#)
There was an error while initializing the validate activity.
- [XMLParseError](#)
There was an error while parsing the XML.
- [XMLQueryError](#)
There was an error while querying the XML.
- [XMLSerializeError](#)
There was an error while serializing the XML.

Parent topic: [XML Module](#)

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TransformError

There was an error while transforming the XML.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to transform XML, error was: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-XML-MIB::ciC12oTransformErrorEv4*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.12.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *4*

Variables

The TransformError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. TransformError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [XML Operation Notifications](#)

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ValidateInitialize

There was an error while initializing the validate activity.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to initialize the Xml Validate Activity: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-XML-MIB::ciC12oValidateInitializeEv5*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.12.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *5*


Variables

The ValidateInitialize message contains the following variables:

Table 1. ValidateInitialize Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3
<p>5. Message</p> <p>Textual description of the error.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage• SNMP OID : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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XMLParseError

There was an error while parsing the XML.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to parse XML, error was: {ErrorMessage}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-XML-MIB::ciC12oXMLParseErrorEv1*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.12.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The XMLParseError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. XMLParseError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p>

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. ErrorMessage

The error message returned while parsing the XML.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-COMP-XML-MIB::ciC12oEv1ErrorMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.12.1.2.1.1.1

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XMLQueryError

There was an error while querying the XML.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to query XML, error was: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-XML-MIB::ciC12oXMLQueryErrorEv2*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.12.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 2

Variables

The XMLQueryError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. XMLQueryError Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

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XMLSerializeError

There was an error while serializing the XML.

Level : *Severe*

Log Message : *Failed to serialize XML, error was: {Message}*

System : *Orchestration*

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-COMP-XML-MIB::ciC12oXMLSerializeErrorEv3*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.3.12.1.2*

SNMP Trap Number : 3

Variables

The XMLSerializeError message contains the following variables:

Table 1. XMLSerializeError Message Variables

<p>1. SerialNumber</p> <p>The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.3.3
<p>2. Severity</p> <p>Severity of the Notification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : Integer• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1
<p>3. JobID</p> <p>The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : String• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4
<p>4. Orchestration</p> <p>Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Type : OID• SNMP Object Name : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration• SNMP OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3


5. Message

Textual description of the error.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : .1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

Parent topic: [XML Operation Notifications](#)

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Uncategorized Notifications

This topic provides details about messages that have not formally been categorized in an existing module.

These notifications are used for events which have not yet been assigned their own OID. Use the information specified in the Message variable to identify individual notifications.

SNMP Name : *CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaUncategorizedEv*

SNMP Enterprise : *.1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.1.10*

SNMP Trap Number : *1*

Variables

The uncategorized message contains the following variables:

Table 1. Uncategorized Message Variables

1. SerialNumber

The serial number of the appliance sending the trap.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaPlatSerialNumber
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.3.3

2. Severity

Severity of the Notification.

- **Type** : Integer
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvSeverity
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.1

3. JobID

The ID of the job being run when an error occurred. If the error is unrelated to a specific job, this field is blank.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvJobID
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.4

4. Orchestration

Reference to an entry in the Orchestration table containing information about the orchestration associated with this event.

- **Type** : OID
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvOrchestration
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.3

5. Message

Textual description of the error. See the table below for a list of descriptions.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-REGISTRATIONS-MIB::ciEvMessage
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.1.2.2

6. LoggerName

Name of the logger used to send the notification. See table below.

- **Type** : String
- **SNMP Object Name** : CASTIRON-IA-MIB::ciIaEvLoggerName
- **SNMP OID** : 1.3.6.1.4.1.13336.2.2.2.1.1.10.1.1

Uncategorized Messages

This table lists the most commonly encountered uncategorized notifications. When one of these notifications is categorized, a replacement value is provided and the message remains in the uncategorized messages list for reference purposes.

Table 2. Uncategorized Messages

Severity	System	LoggerName	Message	Replacement
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Fan is not functional. Fan: {0} Current Speed: {1} rpm Min Required Speed: {2} rpm Max Allowed Speed: {3} rpm Machine ID: {4}	FanFailed
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Fan is functional. Fan: {0} Current Speed: {1} rpm Min Required Speed: {2} rpm Max Allowed Speed: {3} rpm Machine ID: {4}	FanRestored
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Temperature is out of range. Temperature sensor: {0} Current temperature: {1} degrees C Minimum: {2} degrees C Maximum: {3} degrees C Machine ID: {4}	TemperatureOutOfRange


Severity	System	LoggerName	Message	Replacement
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Temperature is restored. Temperature sensor: {0} Current temperature: {1} degrees C Minimum: {2} degrees C Maximum: {3} degrees C Machine ID: {4}	TemperatureRestored
Warning	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Power has been interrupted. Machine ID: {1}	PowerInterrupted
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Power has been restored. Machine ID: {1}	PowerRestored
Warning	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	The Integration Appliance {0} has been opened. Machine ID: {1}	IntrusionInformation
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	RAID Array {0} is offline. Machine ID: {1}	RaidArrayOffline
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	RAID Array {0} is degraded, probably because of a disk failure. Machine ID: {1}	RaidArrayDegraded
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	RAID Array {0} is optimal. Machine ID: {1}	RaidArrayOptimal
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	RAID Disk {0} on array {1} has failed. Machine ID: {2}	RaidDiskFailed
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	RAID disk {0} on array {1} is rebuilding. Do not remove the disk until the rebuild is completed. Machine ID: {2}	RaidDiskRebuilding
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	RAID disk {0} on array {1} is online. Machine ID: {2}	RaidDiskOnline
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	High Availability System Failover successful.	HighAvailabilityFailover
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Network Interface Link Up. Network Interface {0} is now up Machine ID: {1}	NetworkLinkUp
Warning	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Network Interface Link Down. Network Interface {0} is now down Machine ID: {1}	NetworkLinkDown
Warning	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Automatically added hostname to /etc/hosts, see "net show etchost".	NetworkAutohost

Severity	System	LoggerName	Message	Replacement
Warning	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Could not add route to {0} on {1}	NetworkInvalidRoute
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Swap space usage is now below the {0}% warning threshold - current usage is {1}.{2}%	SwapUsageWarnOk
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Swap space usage is now below the {0}% critical threshold - current usage is {1}.{2}%	SwapUsageCriticalOk
Warning	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Swap space usage has exceeded the {0}% warning threshold - current usage is {1}.{2}%	SwapUsageWarning
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Swap space usage has exceeded the {0}% critical threshold - current usage is {1}.{2}%	SwapUsageCritical
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	{0} disk space usage is now below the {1}% warning threshold - current usage is {2}.{3}%	DiskUsageWarnOk
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	{0} disk space usage is now below the {1}% critical threshold - current usage is {2}.{3}%	DiskUsageCriticalOk
Warning	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	{0} disk space usage has exceeded the {1}% warning threshold - current usage is {2}.{3}%	DiskUsageWarning
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	{0} disk space usage has exceeded the {1}% critical threshold - current usage is {2}.{3}%	DiskUsageCritical
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Job log purge triggered. Available disk space is {0}%. Specified trigger is {1}%.	OrcmonDiskTrigger
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Job log purge triggered. Exceeded maximum duration since last purge.	OrcmonPurgeByTimeNP
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Job log purge triggered. Time since last purge exceeded {0}.	OrcmonPurgeByTime
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Job log purge triggered. There are {0} completed jobs. Completed jobs threshold is {1}.	OrcmonPurgeByCompl
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Job log purge triggered. There are {0} errored jobs. Errored jobs threshold is {1}.	OrcmonPurgeByErrored

Severity	System	LoggerName	Message	Replacement
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Job log purged {0} jobs.	OrcmonExportedJobs
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Exporting job log data to local archive file "{0}".	OrcmonExportLocal
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Exporting archive file to FTP server {0}:{1}. Placing file "{2}" in directory "{3}".	OrcmonExportFTP
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Failure uploading archive file to FTP server: Could not cd to directory "{0}".	OrcmonExportCdError
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Failure uploading archive file to FTP server: Could not store file.	OrcmonExportStoreErr
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Failure uploading archive file to FTP server: {0}	OrcmonExportError
Warning	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Job log purge triggered. Available disk space is {0}%. Specified trigger is {1}%. Purging using properties failed to clear enough disk space. Purging half of all job logs in attempt to recover disk space.	OrcmonDiskFull
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Failed to purge any job logs to recover disk space. Available disk space is {0}%.	OrcmonDiskFullNoPurge
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Job log purge/archive failed: {0}.	OrcmonPurgeFailed
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	An error occurred while archiving job logs. The error message is: {0}	OrcmonArchiveError
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	An error occurred while executing a query on the job log database. The error message is: {0}	OrcmonDatabaseError
Severe	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Authentication failure for user {0}, from host {1}.	AuthFailure
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Access Violation by user: {0}. Target: {1}. Action Performed: {2}.	AccessViolation
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Authentication success for user {0}, from host {1} with session id {2}.	AuthSuccess

Severity	System	LoggerName	Message	Replacement
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	New User {0} has been created with id {1}.	UserCreated
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	User {0} has been deleted.	UserDeleted
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	New Group {0} has been created with id {1}.	GroupCreated
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	Group {0} has been deleted.	GroupDeleted
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	User {0} has been revoked of the role {1}.	RevokeRole
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	User {0} has been granted role of {1}.	GrantRole
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	User {0} displayName has been changed from {1} to {2}.	UpdateUser
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	User {0} status has been changed from {1} to {2}.	UpdateStatus
Info	Orchestration	com.approuter.module.platform	User {0} with session id {1} logged out successfully.	AuthLogOut

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 Last updated: Thursday, December 17, 2015
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/uncategorized_messages.html

Log Message Reference

Alphabetized list of all log messages, with links to the details.

Message	Module	Level	Notification
A connection error occurred while sending the receive activity response. Exception: {Message}	HTTP	Severe	ReceiveSendReplyError
A connection error occurred while sending the response. Error is {Message}	HTTP	Severe	ReplyConnectionError
A general error occurred while sending the response. Exception: {Message}	HTTP	Severe	ReplyGeneralError
A select statement was issued to control table {TableName} to check for duplicate rows.	Database	Info	SelectStatement
About to execute function {FunctionName}	SAP	Info	StartFunctionExec
Access Violation by user: {Username}. Target: {Target}. Action Performed: {Action}.	Platform	Info	AccessViolation
Activation of Get SAML 2.0 token failed	STS	Severe	ActivationFailed
Activity could not be converted into TwoPhase activity	Master	Severe	ErrorTwoPhase

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Activity could not get activated. Error is: {Message}	Sal esf orc e.c om	S e v e r e	Activat eError
Activity expected string data (MQFMT_STRING), but the message is of format "{Format}".	We bS phe re MQ	W a r n i n g	Format Warnin g
Activity failed as data to get is larger than activity can handle. Error is: {Message}	Sal esf orc e.c om	S e v e r e	LargeD ataErr or
Activity {ActivityName} activated successfully	JD Ed war ds	I n f o	Activat eSucc essful
Activity {ActivityName} activated successfully	Peo ple Sof t	I n f o	Activat eSucc ess
Activity {ActivityName} activated successfully.	Do min o	I n f o	Activat eSucc ess
Activity {ActivityName} could not find any record	Peo ple Sof t	I n f o	GetNo Return
Activity {ActivityName} is stopped successfully.	Do min o	I n f o	StopSu ccess

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Activity {ActivityName} not started as {Name} is blank	PeopleSoft	Severe	ActivateFailureBlank
ActivityFactory (name - {ActivityName}, version - {ActivityVersion}) not registered	Mastero	Severe	NoActivityFactory
ActivityFactory (name - {ActivityName},version - {ActivityVersion}) has multiple registrations, not loading	Mastero	Severe	MultipleActFactory
ActivityFactory (name - {ActivityName},version - {ActivityVersion}) returned wrong class {ActivityClass}	Mastero	Severe	WrongActFactory
Adding Connection Pool with name {PoolName}	SAP	Info	PoolAddInfo
Adding Server Gateway {GatewayName}.	SAP	Info	AddingServerInfo
Additional property {PropertyName} set to {PropertyValue} so setup connection pool.	Email	Info	NewConnectEventTime
An I/O error occurred while processing the request. Exception: {Message}	HTTP	Severe	ReceiveIOError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
An error occurred handling a receive request. Exception: {Message}	HTTP	Severe	CommonHandlerError
An error occurred while archiving job logs. The error message is: {Message}	Platform	Severe	OrcmonArchiveError
An error occurred while closing the connection in the exception path. The exception is {Message}	Database	Warning	JDBCConnectionClose
An error occurred while connecting to the database. The exception is {Message}	Database	Warning	ConnectionError
An error occurred while connecting to the database. The exception is {Message} The job is retrying: {RetryAttemptNumber} out of {TotalRetryAttempts} attempts to connect to the database . Another attempt will be made after {IntervalForRetries} secs.	Database	Warning	ConnectionRetry
An error occurred while executing a query on the job log database. The error message is: {Message}	Platform	Severe	OrcmonDatabaseError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
An error occurred while processing the message for the parameterized query activity at row number {RowNumber}. The error is: {Message}	Database	Severe	Param Query Error
An error occurred while processing the request. Exception: {Message}	HTTP	Severe	ReceiveInternalError
An error occurred while reading headers. Exception: {Message}	HTTP	Severe	ReplyUnMarshalHeader
An error occurred while setting the key store. Exception: {Message}	HTTP	Severe	RegisterKeyStore
An error occurred while trying to execute activity {ActivityName}. Error is: {Message}	Domaino	Severe	ActivityFailure
An error occurred while trying to process an unsupported Accept-Charset encoding. Exception: {Message}	HTTP	Severe	ReceiveOperationError
An exception occurred while activating the activity. The exception is :{Message}	HTTP	Severe	RequestActivate

Message	Module	Level	Notification
An exception occurred while activating the parameterized query activity. The exception is: {Message}	Database	Severe	Param Query Activate
An exception occurred while activating the stored procedure activity. The exception is: {Message}	Database	Severe	Stored ProcActivate
An exception occurred while deleting the row from the control table. The exception is {Message}	Database	Severe	ErrorDeletePost
An exception occurred while deleting the row from the control table. The exception is: {Message}	Database	Severe	Delete RowsError
An exception occurred while processing a SingleTableNotification job. Data error at row number {RowNumber} of table {TableName}. The Error is {Message}	Database	Severe	ErrorSingleTableJob
An exception occurred while processing an outbound job in the stored procedure activity. Data error at row number: {RowNumber}. The error is {Message}	Database	Severe	Stored ProcException
An exception occurred while processing the inbound job: {Message}	Database	Severe	InboundOperationError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
An insert statement was issued to the control table. {TableName}	Database	Info	InsertTableStatement
An internal error occurred: {Message}.	WebSphere MQ	Severe	InternalFailure
An unexpected result returned from the buffer table. Expecting rows to be present in the result, instead the result is empty.	Database	Warning	UnexpectedEmptyRows
An unknown exception occurred while sending the response to the client. Exception: {Message}	HTTP	Severe	ReplyUnknownError
Append data to file "{FileName}" completed with return code {ResponseCode}.	FTP	Info	AppendAfter
Appending data to file "{FileName}".	FTP	Info	AppendBefore
Archiver created successfully, now performing archiving.	Archive	Info	ArchiverCreated
Archiving done successfully.	Archive	Info	ArchiveDone

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Attempt to upgrade Cast Iron firmware on appliance {AffectedAppliance} from version {OldVersion} to version {NewVersion} failed: {Message}.	Platform	Severe	UpgradeFailed
Authentication failure for user {Username}, from host {Host}.	Platform	Severe	AuthFailure
Authentication success for user {UserName}, from host {Host} with session id {SessionId}.	Platform	Info	AuthSuccess
Automatically added entry to /etc/hosts with hostname {Hostname} and IP address {IPAddress}.	Platform	Warning	NetworkAutohost
Automatically converting old style FTP filename pattern from "{OldStylePattern}" to "{NewStylePattern}". Please republish project from Studio version 3.6 or later to eliminate this warning.	FTP	Warning	FtpPatternConversion
Binding parameters supplied are invalid.	Archive	Severe	IncorrectParameters
Boundary attribute not set in input parameter 'mimeheader'. Input body being set as entityBody in first entity of 'parts' output parameter.	MIME	Info	BoundaryAbsent

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Boundary delimiters longer than 70 characters. Ignoring the specified boundary value. Using auto-generated boundary.	MI ME	Warning	BoundaryMoreThan70
Boundary is: \"{Boundary}\".	MI ME	Info	BoundaryInfo
Boundary specified in header but no boundary found in the body. Returning single body.	MI ME	Warning	NoBoundaryFound
Call context created but task never started; destroying task {TaskID}	Mastero	Info	CallContextDestroy
Call to function {FunctionName} is complete	SAP	Info	CompleteFunctionExec
Cancel of job {JobID} of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.	Mastero	Severe	LoaderCancel
Cannot complete this job due to low memory, please try redeploying this orchestration	Mastero	Severe	LargeTotalVarSize
Cannot start an orchestration that is in transient state: {State}	Mastero	Severe	ProgramStart

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Caught exception while canceling job: {Message}	Mastero	Warning	TaskCancelled
Changed directory to "{DirectoryName}" completed with return code {ResponseCode}.	FTP	Info	DirChangeAfter
Changing to directory "{DirectoryName}".	FTP	Info	DirChangeBefore
Committing TID {TID}.	SAP	Info	TIDCommittingInfo
Completed activity and spewed out sessionInfo and {NameOfOutputParam} output parameter.	Sal esf orc e.c om	Info	ActivityOutput
Completed activity and spewed out sessionInfo output parameter and {NumberOfObjects} objects in output parameter {NameOfOutputParam}.	Sal esf orc e.c om	Info	ParameterOutput
Completed activity and spewed out sessionInfo output parameter and {NumberOfResults} result objects in output parameter {NameOfOutputParam}.	Sal esf orc e.c om	Info	ParameterResults
Composite media type {MediaType} cannot have any other Content-Transfer-Encoding apart from 7bit, 8bit or binary.	MIME	Severe	TransferEncodingError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Config Parameters: From: \"{From}\", To: \"{To}\", CC: \"{CC}\", BCC: \"{BCC}\", Subject: \"{Subject}\".	Email	Info	SmtPConfigParams
Config parameters: From Pattern: \"{FromPattern}\", Subject Pattern: \"{SubjectPattern}\".	Email	Info	Pop3COnfigParams
Connected to the POP3 server.	Email	Info	Pop3COnnect
Connected to the SMTP server.	Email	Info	SmtPCOnnect
Connection Pool {PoolName} already exists, Using existing definition.	SAP	Info	PoolExistInfo
Connection error while executing activity {ActivityName}. The error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s)	JDEwards	Warning	JDERetryError
Connection error while executing activity {ActivityName}. The error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s)	PeopleSoft	Warning	ConnectionRetry
Connection exception in the subscriber. The exception is {Message}. Going to restart the subscriber after the {IntervalForRestart} secs	JMS	Severe	SubscriberConnect

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Connection exception while getting message from the provider. The error code is {ErrorCode} and message is {ErrorMessage}. The job is retrying {RetryAttemptNumber}, out of {TotalRetryAttempts} attempts to connect to JMS provider. The next attempt will be after {IntervalForRetries} seconds.	JMS	Warning	GetConnectRetry
Connection exception while polling message. The exception is {Message}. The job is retrying {RetryAttemptNumber} out of {TotalRetryAttempts} attempt to connect to JMS provider. The next attempt will be after {IntervalForRetries} secs.	JMS	Warning	PollMessageRetry
Connection exception while sending message. The error code is {ErrorCode} and exception is {ErrorMessage}. The job is retrying {RetryAttemptNumber} out of {TotalRetryAttempts} attempt to connect to JMS provider. The next attempt will be after {IntervalForRetries} secs.	JMS	Warning	SendConnectRerty
Connection handler retrieved from the call context is Null!	HTTP	Severe	ReplyHandlerNull
Content-Encoding header received: {ContentEncodingHeader}	HTTP	Info	IncomingContentEnc
Content-Transfer-Encoding value for attachment {AttachmentNumber} is {EncodingValue} while the attachment body has lines greater than 998 characters in length. Changing the Content-Transfer-Encoding to binary.	MIME	Warning	TransferEncChang

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Content-Transfer-Encoding value missing for attachment number {AttachmentNumber}. Guessing based on Content-Type and charset values.	MI ME	Warning	TransferEnc Missing
Content-type not found. Taking default Content-Type as text/plain.	MI ME	Info	DefaultContentType
Could not add route to {DestinationIP} on {LinkName}.	Platform	Warning	NetworkInvalidRoute
Could not clean up object with ID {ObjectID}, will try later	Master	Warning	DeleteObject
Could not close output stream	Master	Warning	CloseOutputStream
Could not close reader	Master	Warning	CloseInputStream

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Could not close reader	Maestro	Warning	CloseReader
Could not close writer	Maestro	Warning	CloseWriter
Could not delete file "{FileName}" after processing. Error is {Message}	FTP	Warning	UnableToDelete
Could not execute query to preload lookup cache	Data Quality	Warning	BadPreloadQuery
Could not find an Archiver for supplied archive type: {FormatName}	Archive	Severe	InvalidArchiveFormat
Could not find an entry point for the activity: [{ActivityName}] in the compiled orchestration	Maestro	Severe	EntryPath

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Could not get data for date range, because id limit exceeded	Salesforce.com	Severe	LargeData
Could not initialize FaultInfo	Mastero	Severe	FaultInfo
Could not initialize JobInfo	Mastero	Severe	InitializeJobInfo
Could not log monitor events	Mastero	Severe	MonitorEvents
Could not log monitor variable "{VariableName}"	Mastero	Warning	MonitorVariable
Could not log monitor variables	Mastero	Warning	MonitorVariables

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Could not move file "{FileName}" after processing. Error is {Message}	FTP	Warning	Unable To Move
Could not perform input map expression: {ExpressionName}	Master	Severe	Input MapXP ath
Could not perform input map transform: {Message}	Master	Severe	Input MapXSLT
Could not perform output map expression: {Message}	Master	Severe	Output MapXP ath
Could not perform output map transform: {Message}	Master	Severe	Output MapXSLT
Could not perform output map: {Message}	Master	Severe	Output Map
Could not query for monitor data	Master	Severe	MonitorQuery

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Could not read the module configuration: {Message}	Master	Severe	ModuleConfig
Could not receive socket reply	Master	Warning	SocketNoReply
Could not register {ObjectName} with mbean server	Master	Severe	MBeanRegister
Could not suspend, orchestration not running: {OrchName}	Master	Severe	NotSuspend
Could not undeploy, orchestration not stopped, state is {State}: {OrchName}	Master	Severe	NotStopped
Could not unregister {ObjectName} with mbean server	Master	Severe	MBeanUnregister
Created a new TID {TID} for starting a transaction in send IDOC activity.	SAP	Info	SendIDOCCreateInfo

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Creating a new TID {TID} in the TID Manager.	SAP	Info	Create TID
Current time {CurrentTime} is less than 1 minute past last polling time {LastPollingTime}. Skipping this polling interval.	Sal esf orc e.c om	Info	ShortPoll
Data Error: {Message}.	Email	Severe	Pop3DataError
Data Error: {Message}.	Email	Severe	SmtpDataError
Data Quality Lookup activity with Fuzzy option is not supported in cloud	Data Quality	Severe	DQLookupFuzzyOnCloud
Data being set for field named {FieldName} has length {DataLength}, where as field has length {FieldLength}. There may be loss of data.	People Soft	Warning	DataLengthMore
Data error while executing the activity. The error is: {Message}	Sibel	Severe	DataException

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Debugger operation {Value} failed	Mastero	Severe	Debug Failed
Decryption Done.	Crypto Service	Info	DecryptDone
Decryption Started.	Crypto Service	Info	DecryptStarted
Delete failed for item {ItemNumber}. Returning false	PeopleSoft	Warning	Delete Fail
Delete file summary - Directory: {DirName}, Filename: {FileName}	FTP	Info	Delete InfoSummary
Delete of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.	Mastero	Severe	Loader Delete
Deleted file "{FileName}" on server with return code {ResponseCode}.	FTP	Info	Delete After
Deleting file "{FileName}" on server.	FTP	Info	Delete Before

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Deploy of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.	Maestro	Severe	LoaderDeploy
Disk space usage on {Disk} has exceeded the {Threshold}% critical threshold - current usage is {Usage}%	Platform	Severe	DiskUsageCritical
Disk space usage on {Disk} has exceeded the {Threshold}% warning threshold - current usage is {Usage}%	Platform	Warning	DiskUsageWarning
Disk space usage on {Disk} is now below the {Threshold}% critical threshold - current usage is {Usage}%	Platform	Info	DiskUsageCriticalOk
Disk space usage on {Disk} is now below the {Threshold}% warning threshold - current usage is {Usage}%	Platform	Info	DiskUsageWarningOk
Downloaded file "{FileName}" from server with return code {ResponseCode}.	FTP	Info	GetAfter
Downloading file "{FileName}" from server.	FTP	Info	GetBefore
Duplicate list is at capacity, removing file "{FileName}" from duplicate list.	FTP	Info	DeleteDupListEntry

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Duplicate message found, discarding.	WebSphere MQ	Info	DuplicateFound
Email id is invalid: {EmailID}.	Email	Warning	InvalidEmailID
Email sent to server.	Email	Info	EmailSent
Emitted {NumberOfEntries} entries to "{Target}"	Data Quality	Info	OutputEntryCount
Empty input parameter 'mimeheader'. Cannot parse data.	MIME	Severe	HeaderAbsent
Empty input parameter 'parts'. No data to serialize.	MIME	Severe	EmptyParts
Encoding parameter not set and no value specified in configuration	Data	Severe	MissingEncParse

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Encoding parameter not set and no value specified in configuration	Data	Severe	MissingEncSerialize
Encoding parameter not supported: {Encoding}	Data	Severe	BadEncoding
Encountered fault of type {FaultType}, please see rest of the log for more information	Mastero	Severe	ActivityFailedError
Encryption Done	CryptoService	Info	EncryptDone
Encryption Started.	CryptoService	Info	EncryptStarted
End time {StartTime} is less than 1 minute past start time {EndTime}. Setting interval to 1 minute and getting data.	SalEsforce.com	Info	TimeTooClose
Ended job for orchestration "{OrchName}"	Mastero	Info	TaskEnded
Endpoint Parameters: Host: \"{HostName}\", Port: {Port}, User: \"{Username}\".	Email	Info	EndpointData

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Endpoint Parameters: Host: \"{HostName}\", Port: {Port}, User: \"{Username}\".	Email	Info	SmtPEndpointData
Endpoint object is null.	Salesforce.com	Severe	EndpointNull
Entities of type {MainType}/{SubType} cannot have any other Content-Transfer-Encoding apart from 7bit.	MI ME	Severe	TransferEncLimit
Error connecting to JDE system while activating activity {ActivityName}, error is: {Message}. Activity activated, will try to establish connectivity at activity execute time	JDEwards	Info	ActivateUnSuccessful
Error connecting to PeopleSoft system while activating activity {ActivityName}, error is: {Message}. Activity activated, will try to establish connectivity at activity execute time	PeopleSoft	Info	ActivateUnSuccessful
Error encountered unmarshaling the MQRFH2 header: {Message}.	WebSphere MQ	Severe	RFHFormatError
Error from Salesforce.com while initializing activity. Trying to ignore error and proceed. Error is: {Message}.	Salesforce.com	Warning	InitializeProblem
Error identifying archive. Message is: {Message}	Archive	Severe	ErrorIdentifyArchive

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Error in setup of repository/connection-pool in activate of {ActivityName}. Setup to be done at activity execution time. The error is: {Message}	Siebel	Warning	InvokeActivate
Error occurred while unzip operation. Message is: {Message}	Archive	Severe	ErrorUnZipOperation
Error occurred while zip operation. Message is: {Message}	Archive	Severe	ErrorZipOperation
Error occurred, while communicating to SAP Gateway (host {HostName}, ProgramId {ProgramID}, Service {Service}), trying again in {IntervalForRetries} seconds.\nOriginal SAP error was \n {Message} \nIf the SAP message indicates a retry interval it may not be correct.	SAP	Warning	GatewayComWarning
Error processing file "{FileName}". Error is {Message}	FTP	Warning	FileProcessingError
Error returned by BAPI {BAPIName} in the type field. The values returned are TYPE: {Type} , MESSAGE: {Message}, LOGNO: {LogNumber}, LOGMSGNO {LogMessage}	SAP	Severe	BAPIReturnError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Error sending SOAP request to location: {LocationName}. Error is: {Message}	Workday	Severe	ConnectFailed
Error sending SOAP request to location: {LocationName}. Error is: {Message}	Web Service	Severe	ConnectFailed
Error while activating PeopleSoft Receive. The error is: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Severe	ReceiveActivate
Error while activating the activity. Exception: {Message}	HTTP	Severe	ReceiveActivate
Error while activating the {ActivityName} activity. The error is: {Message}	Siebel	Severe	ActivateError
Error while closing the connection pool. The error is: {Message}	Email	Warning	ConnPoolReleaseError
Error while closing the connection pool. The error is: {Message}	JDEwards	Warning	ConnPoolRelease

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Error while closing the connection pool. The error is: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Warning	PoolReleaseError
Error while connecting to JDE. The error is : {Message}	JDEwards	Warning	ConnectException
Error while creating the connection to destination. The error is: {Message}	Email	Warning	MakeConnectionError
Error while creating the connection to destination. The error is: {Message}	JDEwards	Warning	MakeConnectionError
Error while creating the connection to destination. The error is: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Warning	MakeConnectionError
Error while deactivating PeopleSoft Receive. Discarding error: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Severe	ReceiveDeactivate

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Error while deactivating the {ActivityName} activity. Discarding error: {Message}	Siebel	Warning	InvokeDeactivateError
Error while deactivating the {ActivityName} activity. Discarding error: {Message}	Siebel	Severe	ReceiveDeactivateError
Error while disconnecting from JDE. The error is : {Message}	JDEwards	Warning	DisconnectException
Error while executing the activity. The error is: {Message}	Siebel	Severe	InvokeException
Error while parsing data. Error is: {Message}.	MI ME	Severe	ParseException
Error while parsing datetime from archive entries. Message is: {Message}	Archive	Warning	InvalidDateTime

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Error while processing request in PeopleSoft Receive. The error is: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Severe	ReceiveProcess
Error while processing request. Exception : {Message}	JDEwards	Severe	JDEInternalError
Error while processing request. The error is: {Message}	Siebel	Severe	InternalError
Error while processing the connection parameters sent as part of the request. Error is: {Message}	Domino	Severe	ConnectError
Error while processing unsupported encoding. Exception : {Message}	JDEwards	Severe	UnsupportedEncoding
Error while processing unsupported encoding. The error is: {Message}	Siebel	Severe	UnsupportedEncoding
Error while reading archive entry. Message is: {Message}	Archive	Severe	InvalidArchiveEntry

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Error while reading archive. Message is: {Message}	Archive	Severe	InvalidUnarchiveInput
Error while receiving in PeopleSoft Receive. The error is: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Severe	ReceiveError
Error while receiving in {ActivityName} activity. The error is: {Message}	Siebel	Severe	ReceiveError
Error while returning connection to pool. The error is: {Message}	Email	Warning	ConnectionPoolReturn
Error while returning connection to pool. The error is: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Warning	ConnectionPoolError
Error while sending the response from PeopleSoft Receive. The error is: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Severe	ReceiveGeneralError
Error while serializing data. Error is: {Message}.	MI ME	Severe	SerializeException

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Error while setting up connection pool for {ActivityName} activity. The error is: {Message}	Siebel	Warning	ConnectionPoolError
Error while setting up repository for {ActivityName} activity. The error is: {Message}	Siebel	Warning	RepositoryError
Error while stopping the receive activity. Exception: {Message}	HTTP	Severe	ReceiveDeactivate
Error while trying to activate activity. Error is: {Message}	Salesforce.com	Severe	PollActivateError
Error while trying to disconnect from server. Discarding error: {Message}.	Email	Warning	DisconnectException
Error while trying to disconnect from server. Discarding error: {Message}.	Email	Warning	SMTPDisconnectError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Error while trying to execute activity {ActivityName}. Error is: {Message}	JDEwards	Severity	ActivityError
Error while trying to execute activity {ActivityName}. Error is: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Severity	ActivityFailure
Error while trying to execute activity. Error is: {Message}	Salesforce.com	Severity	ExecuteError
Error while trying to execute query. Error is: {Message}	Salesforce.com	Severity	ExecuteProblem
Error while trying to get IP of router. Error is: {Message}. Continuing without getting IP.	Email	Warning	CouldNotGetHostIP
Error while trying to read optional connection input parameter. Error is: {Message}	Domino	Severity	UnmarshalError
Error while trying to read optional connection input parameter. Error is: {Message}	Salesforce.com	Severity	UnmarshalError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Error while trying to save duplist state after disconnect. Will cleanup in next poll.	Email	Warning	SaveStateError
Error while trying to write output parameter sessionInfo. Error is: {Message}	Salesforce.com	Severe	MarshalError
Error: {Message}.	Email	Severe	Pop3InternalError
Error: {Message}.	Email	Severe	SmtplInternalError
Error: {Message}.	Scheduler	Severe	ActivityException
Errors/Warning messages while executing activity: {Message}	Domino	Warning	RunningInfo

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Errors/Warning messages while executing activity: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Warning	RunningInfo
Exceeded maximum number of activity events for a job; logging disabled	Mastero	Warning	MaxSeqNum
Exception : {Message}	HTTP	Severe	UnsupportedEncoding
Exception detected in module, throwing exception {Message}	Mastero	Severe	InvokeError
Exception in foreach activity: {Message}	Mastero	Severe	ForEach
Exception in map activity: {Message}	Mastero	Severe	ErrorMap
Exception in split activity: {Message}	Mastero	Severe	SplitError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Exception in subscribing the message. The Exception is: {Message} for message id: {MessageID}, This message should be re-delivered manually from the Provider.	JMS	Severe	SubscriberError
Exception received on JMS connection while it was in the idle connections pool. The error code is: {ErrorCode}, and the exception is: {ErrorMessage}	JMS	Warning	PooledConnException
Exception while activating the BAPI Activity. The Exception is {Message}	SAP	Severe	BAPIActivationError
Exception while activating the RFC Activity. The Exception is {Message}	SAP	Severe	RFCActivationError
Exception while activating the Send IDOC Activity. The Exception is {Message}	SAP	Severe	SendIDOCActivation
Exception while activating the database inbound activity.Exception is : {Message}	Database	Severe	ActivateError
Exception while activating the database outbound activity.Exception is : {Message}	Database	Severe	OutboundActivateError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Exception while activating the database poll table activity.Exception is : {Message}	Database	Severe	PollTblActivateError
Exception while activating the sap. The exception is because the sap libraries are not installed. Exception is	SAP	Severe	SapLibNotFound
Exception while closing connection to JDE. The Exception is {Message}	JDEwards	Severe	CloseConnectionError
Exception while closing the connection pool. The Exception is: {Message}	JMS	Severe	PoolReleaseError
Exception while closing the statement or result set. The exception is {Message}	JDEwards	Severe	ResourceCleanError
Exception while configuring the subscriber activity. The exception is: {Message}	JMS	Severe	SubscriberConfigError
Exception while creating IDOC form input parameter. The Exception is {Message}	SAP	Severe	SerializingError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Exception while creating a schema for the business function name {FunctionName}, function code {FunctionCode}, module code {ModuleCode}. The exception is {Message}	JDEwards	Severe	DataStructureError
Exception while creating connection to JDE. The Exception is {Message}	JDEwards	Severe	GetConnectionError
Exception while creating request schema for the business function {FunctionName}, function code {FunctionCode} , module code {ModuleCode}. The exception is {Message}	JDEwards	Severe	CreateSchemaError
Exception while creating request schema for the business function {FunctionName}, function code {FunctionCode} , module code {ModuleCode}. The exception is {Message}	JDEwards	Severe	ResponseSchemaError
Exception while creating soap message. The exception is: {Message}	MSDynamics	Severe	SoapError
Exception while creating soap message. The exception is: {Message}	NetSuite	Severe	SoapError
Exception while creating the connection to destination. The Exception is {Message}	JMS	Severe	MakeConnectError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Exception while getting custom fields for the recordType. The soap fault code is {SoapFaultCode} and fault message is {SoapFaultMessage}	Net Suite	Severe	CustomField Error
Exception while getting message from the provider. The error code is {ErrorCode} and message is {ErrorMessage}	JMS	Severe	JMSError
Exception while getting the message from the queue. The Exception is: {Message}	JMS	Severe	PollMessageError
Exception while initializing Lotus Domino connector.	Domino	Severe	Initialization Error
Exception while intializing the send IDOC activity. The error message is {Message}	SAP	Severe	Initialization Error
Exception while looking up the connection factory {FactoryName}. The exception is: {Message}	JMS	Severe	PoolFactoryError
Exception while looking up the connection factory {Message}. The exception is unknown error message from Provider. One of the reason for the error is If the provider is ActiveMQ and the binding file name or path is not correct.	JMS	Severe	FactoryUnknownError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Exception while marshalling the jms message. The exception is: {Message}	JMS	Severe	GetMarshallerError
Exception while parsing schema for the BAPI {BAPIName}. The Exception is {Message}	SAP	Severe	BAPIParseError
Exception while parsing schema for the RFC {RFCName}. The Exception is {Message}	SAP	Severe	ParseError
Exception while processing SAP activity. Error Group: {ErrorGroup}, Error Key: {ErrorKey}, Error Message: {Message}.	SAP	Severe	SAPActivityError
Exception while processing Web Service activity. Error message: {Message}. Caused by: {Cause}	WebService	Severe	WebServiceException
Exception while processing Web Service activity. Error message: {Message}. The task context is lost. The appliance may have been restarted, losing the task context that cannot be saved on the disk.	WebService	Severe	TaskContextError
Exception while processing Workday activity. Error message: {Message}. Caused by: {Cause}	Workday	Severe	WorkdayException

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Exception while processing Workday activity. Error message: {Message}. The task context is lost. The appliance may have been restarted, losing the task context that cannot be saved on the disk.	Workday	Severe	TaskContextError
Exception while processing a message for NetSuite. Exception is {Message}.	NetSuite	Severe	TransformationError
Exception while processing the IDOC. The exception is {Message}	SAP	Severe	ProcessDocError
Exception while returning connection to pool. The Exception is {Message}	JMS	Warning	ConnectionPoolError
Exception while returning connection to pool. Swallowing the exception. The Exception is {Message}	MS Dynamics	Warning	ConnectionPoolError
Exception while returning connection to pool. Swallowing the exception. The Exception is {Message}	NetSuite	Warning	ConnectionPoolError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Exception while rolling back the transaction.	SAP	Warning	RollbackWarning
Exception while sending message. The error code is {ErrorCode} and message is {ErrorMessage}	JMS	Severe	SendMessageError
Exception while setting the log directory for SAP trace files.	SAP	Warning	CreateTrcDirFailed
Exception while starting the server. Exception is {Message}	SAP	Info	StartWarning
Exception while stopping the listener for host {HostName}, ProgramId {ProgramID} and Service {Service}.The Exception is {Message}	SAP	Warning	ListenerStopWarning
Exception while unmarshalling the jms message. The exception is: {Message}	JMS	Severe	SendMessageError
Exception while unsubscribing on the topic {Topic}. The error code is {ErrorCode} and message is {Message}	JMS	Warning	UnsubscribeError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Exception while validating the input data. The Exception is {Message}	SAP	Severe	ValidationError
Expired key store entry. {KeyHandleName}	CryptoService	Severe	KeystoreEntryExpired
Exporting archive file to FTP server {Host}:{Port}. Placing file "{Filename}" in directory "{Directory}".	Platform	Info	OrcmonExportFTP
Exporting job log data to local archive file "{Filename}".	Platform	Info	OrcmonExportLocal
FTP Endpoint Summary - Host: {HostName}, Port: {PortName}, UserName: {UserName}, Protocol: {Protocol}, Timeout: {Timeout}, FTP Mode: {FtpMode}	FTP	Info	EndpointInfoSummary
Failed to cleanup activity {ActivityName}	Mastero	Warning	CleanupFailed
Failed to deactivate activity {ActivityName}	Mastero	Severe	DeactivateFailed
Failed to destroy activity {ActivityName}	Mastero	Severe	DestroyFailed

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Failed to filter data, error was: {Message}	Data Quality	Severe	FilterError
Failed to initialize the Xml Validate Activity: {Message}	XML	Severe	ValidateInitialize
Failed to log message, error was {ErrorMsg}.	Log	Severe	FailLogMessage
Failed to merge data, error was: {Message}	Data Quality	Severe	MergeError
Failed to parse JSON, error was: {ErrorMessage}	JSON	Severe	JSONParseError
Failed to parse XML, error was: {ErrorMessage}	XML	Severe	XMLParseError
Failed to perform lookup for data, database assets may not have been created	Data Quality	Severe	NoAssetsError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Failed to perform lookup for data, error was: {Message}	Data Quality	Severe	LookupError
Failed to purge any job logs to recover disk space. Available disk space is {DiskAvailPct}%.	Platform	Severe	OrcmonDiskFullNoPurge
Failed to query XML, error was: {Message}	XML	Severe	XMLQueryError
Failed to serialize JSON, error was: {Message}	JSON	Severe	JSONSerializeError
Failed to serialize XML, error was: {Message}	XML	Severe	XMLSerializeError
Failed to sort data, error was: {Message}	Data Quality	Severe	SortError
Failed to start the subscriber for the topic {TopicName}. Will try to start the subscriber after {IntervalForRestart} seconds	JMS	Severe	RestartError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Failed to transform JSON, error was: {Message}	JSON	Severe	TransformError
Failed to transform XML, error was: {Message}	XML	Severe	TransformError
Failure uploading archive file to FTP server: Could not cd to directory "{Directory}".	Platform	Severe	OrcmonExportCdError
Failure uploading archive file to FTP server: Could not store file.	Platform	Severe	OrcmonExportStoreError
Failure uploading archive file to FTP server: {Message}	Platform	Severe	OrcmonExportError
Fan {FanID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is functional. Current={CurrentSpeed} RPM. Minimum={MinimumSpeed} RPM.	Platform	Info	FanRestored
Fan {FanID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is not functional. Current={CurrentSpeed} RPM. Minimum={MinimumSpeed} RPM.	Platform	Severe	FanFailed

Message	Module	Level	Notification
File "{FileName}" kept in place, will not overwrite.	FTP	Warning	FileNotMoved
File named "{FileName}" has already been processed previously. The previous timestamp was {Timestamp}.	FTP	Info	DuplicateFile
Filename is empty. Please specify valid filename.	FTP	Severe	PutEmptyFileName
Filtered {NumberOfEntries} entries	CryptoService	Info	InputEntryCount
Filtered {NumberOfEntries} entries	DataQuality	Info	InputEntryCount
Finger print for host: {HostName} is {FingerprintInfo}	FTP	Info	SshFingerprintInfo
Found boundary parameter: \"{Boundary}\".	MI ME	Info	FoundBoundary
From pattern \"{FromPattern}\" incorrect. Error is: {Message}.	Email	Severe	PatternIncorrect

Message	Module	Level	Notification
General FTP module exception. Error is: {Message}	FTP	Severe	InternalException
General error while sending the response. The error is: {Message}	Siebel	Severe	GeneralError
Get file summary - Directory: {DirName}, Filename: {FileName}, IsBinary? {BinaryOption}	FTP	Info	GetInfoSummary
Getting a listing for pattern "{Pattern}" for current directory.	FTP	Info	ListBefore
Getting a name listing for pattern "{Pattern}" for current directory.	FTP	Info	NListBefore
Got Content-Transfer-Encoding: {ContentTransfer}.	MI ME	Info	TransferEncodingValue
Got boundary: \"{Boundary}\".	MI ME	Info	BoundarySpecified
Got document from {From} with Message Name: {MessageName}, Message Version: {MessageVersion}, Message Type: {MessageType} and Originating Time Stamp: {TimeStamp}	PeopleSoft	Info	ReceiveInfo
Got exception in "Schedule Job" activity: {Message}. Continuing to schedule jobs.	Scheduler	Warning	SchedulerWarning

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Got main-type: {MainType}.	MI ME	I n f o	MainType
Group {UserName} has been deleted.	Platform	I n f o	Group Deleted
HA peers are running different versions of CIOS!	Platform	S e v e r e	HighAvailabilityVersionError
IO Error while processing request in PeopleSoft Receive. The error is: {Message}	PeopleSoft	S e v e r e	ReceiveIOError
IO Error while processing request. The error is: {Message}	Siebel	S e v e r e	IOError
IO Exception.	CryptoService	S e v e r e	InvalidFormat
ITEM_NO is empty. Returning false	PeopleSoft	W a r n i n g	ItemNumberBlank

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Idoc contains more than one type of IDOC extension type	SAP	Severe	IDOCExtensionError
Idoc with the TID {TID} is sent successfully to sap.	SAP	Info	IDOCSENTINFO
Information about this run of the Socket Janitor.	HTTP	Info	SocketCollectorRunInfo
Initializing the values in the MBean: {LoopBackString}	HTTP	Info	LoopBackInitialize
Input data was not valid for IDOC. The following item(s) were invalid: {InvalidItems}	SAP	Severe	SendIDOCValidation
Input data was not valid for RFC {RFCName}. The following item(s) were invalid: {InvalidItems}	SAP	Severe	SAPValidation Error
Input entries do not conform to the schema. Error Message is: {Message}	Archive	Severe	Validation Error
Input entries successfully validated against schema.	Archive	Info	Validation Fine

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Input entry has no content or it's a blank entry.	Archive	Severe	ArchiveEntryBlank
Input parameter "{ParamName}" is over {Length} and is too large to log	Mastero	Warning	LargeInputParam
Input parameter 'body' from container is NULL.	Email	Severe	BodyNull
Input parameter 'body' from container is NULL.	MI ME	Severe	InputBodyNull
InputOutput Exception. {0}	Crypto Service	Severe	IOException
Integrity check failed.	Crypto Service	Info	IntegrityCheckFailed
Integrity check passed.	Crypto Service	Info	IntegrityCheckPassed

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Internal error in Salesforce.com connector. Error is: {Message}	Salesforce.com	Server	SfdcErrorInternal
Internal error: {Message}	Master	Server	UnCaughtError
Internal error: {Message}	Master	Server	UnexpectedError
Internal error: {Message}	Master	Warning	IOError
Invalid Content	CryptoService	Server	InvalidContent
Invalid Date Format	CryptoService	Server	InvalidDateFormat
Invalid Key Handle or Password . {KeyHandleName}	CryptoService	Server	InvalidKeyOrPwd

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Invalid Key Store.	Crypto Service	Severe	Invalid Algorithm
Invalid Key Store. {KeyHandleName}	Crypto Service	Severe	Invalid KeyStore
Invalid Keyhandle. {KeyHandleName}	Crypto Service	Severe	Invalid Keyhandle
Invalid OSGI query syntax: {Message}	Mastro	Severe	OSGISyntaxError
Invalid Password.	Crypto Service	Severe	Invalid Password
Invalid Salesforce.com field. Error is: {Message}	Salesforce.com	Severe	Invalid SFDCF field
Invalid Salesforce.com object. Error is: {Message}	Salesforce.com	Severe	Invalid SFDCObject

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Invalid numeric value found in archive entries. Message is: {Message}	Archive	Warning	InvalidNumInArchEntry
Invalid or unsupported archive format.	Archive	Severe	InvalidUnArchFormat
Invalid port number : {PortNumber}	JDEdwards	Warning	NumberFormatError
Invalid task state transition, marked job faulted	Mastero	Severe	TaskStateTransition
Job log purge triggered. Available disk space is {DiskAvailPct}%. Specified trigger is {DiskAvailTrigger}%.	Platform	Info	OrcmonDiskTrigger
Job log purge triggered. Available disk space is {DiskAvailPct}%. Specified trigger is {DiskAvailTrigger}%. Purging using properties failed to clear enough disk space. Purging half of all job logs in attempt to recover disk space.	Platform	Warning	OrcmonDiskFull
Job log purge triggered. Exceeded maximum duration since last purge.	Platform	Info	OrcmonPurgeByTimeNP

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Job log purge triggered. There are {NumCompleted} completed jobs. Completed jobs threshold is {Threshold}.	Platform	Info	OrcmonPurgeByCompl
Job log purge triggered. There are {NumErrored} errored jobs. Errored jobs threshold is {Threshold}.	Platform	Info	OrcmonPurgeByErrored
Job log purge triggered. Time since last purge exceeded {PurgeTime}.	Platform	Info	OrcmonPurgeByTime
Job log purge/archive failed: {Message}.	Platform	Severe	OrcmonPurgeFailed
Job log purged {NumExported} jobs.	Platform	Info	OrcmonExportedJobs
Job status changed to {Status}	Master	Info	TaskStatusChanged
List directory summary - Directory: {DirName}, Pattern: {Pattern}, NLIST? {ListOption}	FTP	Info	ListFileSummary
Listing completed with a return code {ResponseCode}.	FTP	Info	ListAfter
Logged key with name "{KeyName}" and value "{KeyValue}"	Master	Info	KeyLog
Looked up {NumberOfEntries} entries	Data Quality	Info	LookUpEntryCount

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Looking up function {FunctionName} from SAP Repository	SAP	Info	FunctionLookup
Looking up function {FunctionName} from SAP Repository (complete)	SAP	Info	FunctionLookupComplete
Lookup cache not preloaded	Data Quality	Info	NoPreloadedCache
Lookup cache preloaded with {NumberOfEntries} entries	Data Quality	Info	PreloadedCache
MDTM command is not supported by FTP server, using default timestamp of \"Jan 1, 1970\" instead.	FTP	Warning	TimestampError
MDTM command is not supported by FTP server, using timestamp from listing instead. Please consult manual for possible side effects.	FTP	Warning	TimestampCommand
MQ Endpoint Details: Host: {HostName}, Port: {PortNumber}, User: {UserName}, Queue Manager: {QueueManager}, Channel: {Channel}	WebSphere MQ	Info	MQConnectionInfo
MQ Exception caught, reason code is {ReasonCode}	WebSphere MQ	Info	ReasonCode

Message	Module	Level	Notification
MQMD header input parameter format is incorrect; {Header}	WebsphereMQ	Severe	MQMD Format Error
MQRFH2 header input parameter format is incorrect.	WebsphereMQ	Severe	MQRFHHeaderError
Mails processed in this poll deleted from server.	Email	Info	MailsDeleted
Matched email with From: \"{FromPattern}\" and Subject: \"{SubjectPattern}\".	Email	Info	Email Matched
Merged {NumberOfEntries} left entries	Data Quality	Info	LeftMergeInputEntry
Merged {NumberOfEntries} right entries	Data Quality	Info	RightMergeInputEntry
Message name and version got does not match that set in activity. Set in activity: Message Name: {MessageName}, Message Version: {MessageVersion}. Actually Got: Message Name: {ActualMessageName}, Message Version: {ActualMessageVersion}	PeopleSoft	Severe	MessageNameVersion
Message of {QueueName} bytes retrieved from queue \"{NumberOfBytes}\".	WebsphereMQ	Info	MessageRetrieved

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Message successfully delivered to queue {QueueManager}.	WebSphere MQ	Info	MessageDelivered
Mime-header type: {MainType}; sub-type: {SubType}.	MIME	Severe	MainAndSubType
Missing classes when trying to start activity {ActivitName}. PeopleSoft library may need to be installed on the appliance. Error is: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Severe	MissingLibraries
Missing classes when trying to start activity {ActivityName}. JDE library may need to be installed on the appliance. Error is: {Message}	JDEwards	Severe	ClassesMissing
More than one entries found for BZIP2 operation.	Archive	Severe	InvalidBzipEntry
More than one entries found for GZIP operation.	Archive	Severe	InvalidGzipEntry
Name listing completed with a return code {ResponseCode}.	FTP	Info	NListAfter

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Naming exception while configuring the subscriber activity. The exception is {Message}	JMS	Severe	SubscriberNameError
Naming exception while getting message to destination. The exception is {Message}	JMS	Severe	NamingException
Naming exception while sending message to destination. The exception is {Message} not found	JMS	Severe	SendNamingException
Network link {LinkName} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is down (offline).	Platform	Warning	NetworkLinkDown
Network link {LinkName} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is up (online).	Platform	Info	NetworkLinkUp
New Group {GroupName} has been created with id {Id}.	Platform	Info	GroupCreated
New User {UserName} has been created with id {Id}.	Platform	Info	UserCreated
No Message integrity check.	CryptoService	Info	NoIntegrityCheck

Message	Module	Level	Notification
No attachments found. Nothing to serialize.	MI ME	Se ve re	NoAtta chmen ts
No boundary value specified for multiple parts attachment. Using auto-generated boundary: {Boundary}.	MI ME	I n f o	AutoG enerat edBod y
No data found in the interval.	Sal esf orc e.c om	I n f o	NoDat afound
No emails matched on the server.	Em ail	I n f o	NoEm ailMat ched
No input map for required parameter: {ParamName}	Ma est ro	S e v e r e	Input Map
No mail found on the server.	Em ail	I n f o	NoMail OnSer ver
No message available on queue "{QueueManager}" after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempt(s).	We bS phe re MQ	S e v e r e	NoMes sageFa ilure
No message available on queue "{QueueManager}". Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).	We bS phe re MQ	W a r n i n g	NoMes sageR etry

Message	Module	Level	Notification
No message available on queue {Queue}.	WebSphere MQ	Info	NoMessage
No return structure returned by BAPI {BAPIName}.	SAP	Severe	NonReturnStruct
No valid To, CC or BCC email address found.	Email	Severe	ToAndCCEmpty
Not a known type of group.	Scheduler	Warning	SchedulerUnknownType
Not able to connect, error is: {Message}. Establishing a new session.	Salesforce.com	Info	ConnectionTryAgain
Not able to establish connectivity. Polling will fail till connectivity is established. However when connectivity is established, messages will be picked up from this time onwards.	Salesforce.com	Info	StillRun
Not able to find field Return as structure. {Message}	SAP	Info	FuncRetStructNotFound

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Not able to get any record to do {OperationName} on. Returning false	PeopleSoft	Warning	NoOperationOnRecord
Null connection return by the connection pool.	SAP	Severe	ConnectionPoolError
Number of emails on server is {NumberOfMails}.	Email	Info	Pop3NumMails
Number of parts {NumberOfParts}.	MI ME	Info	NumberOfParts
On undeploy, found task {TaskName} whose state is {State}	Maestro	Severe	TaskFound
Only Create Keys and no other properties specified. Create might not have created record.	PeopleSoft	Warning	CreateOnlyKeys
Opening the queue with set all privileges as {Value}	WebSphere MQ	Info	Details Open

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Operation name must not be null or empty!	Workday	Severe	OperationNameNull
Operation name must not be null or empty!	WebService	Severe	OperationNameNull
Operational failure on appliance {AffectedAppliance} was detected. System is restarting to recover.	Platform	Warning	SystemRecoveryRestart
Operational failure was detected on appliance {AffectedAppliance}. System is rebooting to recover. Uptime {Days} days, {Hours}:{Minutes}.	Platform	Warning	SystemRecoveryReboot
Optional input 'emailConnection' parameter is mapped.	Email	Info	ConnectHeaderPresent
Optional input 'emailConnection' parameter is not mapped.	Email	Info	ConnectHeaderAbsent
Optional input 'mailheader' parameter is mapped.	Email	Info	MailHeaderPresent
Optional input 'mailheader' parameter is not mapped.	Email	Info	MailHeaderAbsent

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Optional input parameter 'mimeheader' is mapped.	MI ME	I n f o	MimeHeader Mapped
Optional input parameter 'mimeheader' not mapped.	MI ME	I n f o	MimeHeader NotMapped
Optional input parameter {ParamName} mapped.	Sal esf orc e.c om	I n f o	InputParameter Mapped
Optional input parameter {ParamName} not mapped.	Sal esf orc e.c om	I n f o	InputParameter NotMapped
Orchestration already deployed: {OrchName}	Ma est ro	S e v e r e	AlreadyDeployed
Orchestration not deployed: {OrchName}	Ma est ro	S e v e r e	NotDeployed
Output parameter "{ParamName}" is over {Length} and is too large to log	Ma est ro	W a r n i n g	LargeOutputParameter
Outputted 'mailheader' and 'body' output parameters. Mail marked for deletion from server.	Em ail	I n f o	Pop3MailSent

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Outputted 'mimeheader' and 'body' output parameters.	MI ME	I n f o	SerialActivity Done
Outputted 'parts' output parameter.	MI ME	I n f o	ParseActivity Done
Outputted {OutputSize} objects in 'objects' output parameter.	Sal esf orc e.c om	I n f o	PollOutput
PGP Exception.	Cry pto Ser vic e	S e r v e r e	PGPException
Parameter at paramIndex {ParamIndex} and varIndex {VariableIndex} already set	Ma est ro	W a r n i n g	ParamIndex
Parameter {ParamName} is not an XML document	Ma est ro	S e r v e r e	NotDocParameter
Parameter {ParamName} is null	Ma est ro	S e r v e r e	NullParam
Parameters: URI: "{URIValue}", Port: {PortValue}.	HT TP	I n f o	ReceiveURIPortInfo

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Parameters: URL: "{URL}", Method: "{MethodName}".	HTTP	Info	RequestParamsDetails
Parsing Error: {Message}	Data	Severe	ParsingError
PeopleSoft Receive listening for events on URI: \"{UriValue}\" and port: \"{PortValue}\"	PeopleSoft	Info	ConfigURI
Please put the protocol used (e.g. {Protocol}) in front of the input parameter location: {LocationName}	Workday	Warning	MissingProtocol
Please put the protocol used (e.g. {Protocol}) in front of the input parameter location: {LocationName}	WebService	Warning	MissingProtocol
Poll did not return any ids for interval starting from {PollStartTime} to {PollEndTime}.	Salesforce.com	Info	PollReturnedNothing
Poll returned {NumberOfIds} ids for interval starting from {PollStartTime} to {PollEndTime}.	Salesforce.com	Info	PollReturnedResults

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Port needs to be positive integer. Specified as: \"{PortNumber}\". Defaulted to 110.	Email	Warning	IncorrectPort
Port needs to be positive integer. Specified as: \"{PortNumber}\". Defaulted to 25.	Email	Warning	IncorrectSmtppPort
Post response code received from the server: {ResponseCode}	HTTP	Info	ServerResponseCode
Power sensor {PowerID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} has reported a loss of power.	Platform	Warning	PowerInterrupted
Power sensor {PowerID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} has reported power is restored.	Platform	Info	PowerRestored
Problem with querying. Error is: {Message}	Salesforce.com	Severe	InvalidQuery
Processed file \"{FileName}\". Leaving in place.	FTP	Info	FileProcessed
Processing attachment number {AttachmentNumber}.	MIME	Info	AttachmentNumber

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Program in non-terminal state being destroyed: {ConfigURL}	Mastero	Severe	ProgramDestroy
Publish of Configuration {ConfigName} failed: {Message}.	Mastero	Severe	LoaderPublish
Put file summary - Directory: {DirName}, Filename: {FileName}, Overwrite? {OverwriteOption}, IsBinary? {BinaryOption}	FTP	Info	PutInfoSummary
Putting in queue with set all privileges as {Value}	WebSphereMQ	Info	MQPutDetails
Received IDOC contains more than one type of IDOC type	SAP	Severe	IDOCTypeError
Received an IDOC for idoc type {IDOCType} and no activity was registered to process it. Ignoring the IDOC.	SAP	Warning	NoHandlerError
Received warning from queue manager. MQ reason code is {ReasonCode}.	WebSphereMQ	Warning	MQProtocolWarning

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Removing Connection Pool with name {PoolName}	SAP	Info	RemoveInfo
Removing Server Gateway {GatewayName}.	SAP	Info	GatewayRemoveInfo
Rename file summary - fromDirectory: {DirName}, fromFilename: {FromFileName}, toPath: {ToPath}, Overwrite: {OverwriteOption}	FTP	Info	RenameInfoSummary
Renamed file from "{SrcFileName}" to "{DestFileName}" with return code {ResponseCode}.	FTP	Info	RenameAfter
Renaming file from "{SrcFileName}" to "{DestFileName}".	FTP	Info	RenameBefore
Request is an unsupported media type. Response definition: {Message}	HTTP	Warning	UnsupportedMedia
RequestSecurityToken from Map Inputs is sent as request	STS	Info	InputBodyConsidered
Response definition received from the server: {ResponseDef}	HTTP	Info	ResponseDefinition
Response from Security Token Service is empty	STS	Severe	AssertionEmpty

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Response is : {Message}	HTTP	Info	ReceiveResponseBody
Running of job for orchestration {OrchName} aborted due to large number of waiting jobs	Mastero	Severe	TooManyWaitingJobs
SAP Listener instance {InstanceNumber} started for SAP Gateway(host {HostName}, ProgramId {ProgramID}, Service {Service}).	SAP	Info	ListenerInstanceInfo
SAP TID {TID} check requested by SAP.	SAP	Info	TIDCheck
SAP TID {TID} has been committed by SAP.	SAP	Info	TIDCommit
SAP TID {TID} has been confirmed and deleted from the TID Manager.	SAP	Info	TIDConfirmed
SAP TID {TID} has been rolled-back by SAP.	SAP	Info	TIDRollback
SAP attempting to confirm an unknown or uncommitted TID	SAP	Severe	TIDCommitUnknown
SAP has requested rollback for unknown TID {TID}. Cannot rollback.	SAP	Severe	TIDUnknown

Message	Module	Level	Notification
SAP listener started again for host{HostName}, programid {ProgramID} and service {Service}.	SAP	Info	ListenerStartInfo
SOAP message has been accepted by the Integration Appliance.	Workday	Info	DataMessageAccepted
SOAP message has been accepted by the Integration Appliance.	WebService	Info	DataMessageAccepted
Salesforce session timed out. The session was not created as optional connection input parameter was not mapped.	Salesforce.com	Error	OptionalInputError
Salesforce.com logon failure. Error is: {Message}	Salesforce.com	Error	LoginFailure
Salesforce.com returned an unexpected error: {Message}	Salesforce.com	Error	UnexpectedSFDCFault
Schedules the Socket Janitor to run every {TimeInterval}	HTP	Info	SocketCollectorScheduler
Security Token Service Module has deprecated the input parameter "httpheaders/uri". The value: {Value} will be ignored. Please set the URL at the input parameter "location".	STS	Warning	UriDeprecated

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Sending IDOC with the TID {TID} to sap.	SAP	Info	TIDSentInfo
Sending email to server.	Email	Info	SmtPEndEmail
Sending request to Security Token Service at location : {Location}	STS	Info	RequestLocation
Serialization Error: {Message}	Data	Severe	SerializeError
Serialization Error: {Message}	Data	Severe	SerializeIOError
Server Gateway {GatewayName} already exists, Using the existing definition.	SAP	Info	GatewayRegisterError
Session timed out. Establishing a new session.	Salesforce.com	Info	SessionInvalid
Setting BCC: \"{Value}\".	Email	Info	SetBCCFieldValue
Setting CC: \"{Value}\".	Email	Info	SetCCFieldValue

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Setting From: \"{Value}\".	Email	Info	SetFromFieldValue
Setting Subject: \"{Value}\".	Email	Info	SetSubjectFieldValue
Setting To: \"{Value}\".	Email	Info	SetToFieldValue
Setting the client connection idle timeout at {TimeoutValue} seconds.	HTTP	Info	ClientIdleTimeout
Setting the client connection manager maximum number of connections at {MaxConnections}.	HTTP	Info	ClientMaxTotalConn
Setting the client connection manager timeout at {TimeoutValue} seconds.	HTTP	Info	ClientConnMgrTimeout
Setting the client connection reclaim period at {ReclaimPeriodValue} seconds.	HTTP	Info	ClientReclaimPeriod
Setting the stale connection check at {StaleConnection}.	HTTP	Info	StaleConnectionCheck
Setting timeout as {Timeout} milliseconds.	Email	Info	SetTimeout
Setting timeout as {Timeout} milliseconds.	Email	Info	Smtptimeout

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Sorted {NumberOfEntries} entries	Data Quality	Info	SortInputEntryCount
Start of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.	Mastero	Severe	LoaderStart
Started job for orchestration "{OrchName}"	Mastero	Info	TaskStart
Starting batch of size {BatchSize} for index {StartIndex} through {EndIndex}.	Sal esf orc e.c om	Info	BatchPollStart
Starting the idle connection timeout thread.	HT TP	Info	IdleConnTimeoutStart
Stop of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.	Mastero	Severe	LoaderStop
Stopping the idle connection timeout thread.	HT TP	Info	IdleConnTimeoutStop
Sub-type: {SubType}.	MI ME	Info	SubType

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Subject pattern \"{SubjectPattern}\" incorrect. Error is: {Message}.	Email	Severe	SubjectPatternError
Subscriber started successfully for the topic {TopicName}	JMS	Info	SubscriberStartInfo
Successfully Read Private Key.	CryptoService	Info	FoundPrivateKey
Successfully Read Public Key.	CryptoService	Info	FoundPublicKey
Successfully executed activity and outputted output parameter RESPONSE.	Siebel	Info	InvokeSuccessful
Successfully received request and outputted output parameter RESPONSE.	Siebel	Info	ReceiveSuccessful
Successfully received request in PeopleSoft Receive and outputted output parameter response	PeopleSoft	Info	ReceiveSuccessful
Successfully upgraded Cast Iron firmware on appliance {AffectedAppliance} from version {OldVersion} to version {NewVersion}.	Platform	Info	UpgradeComplete
Suspend of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.	Maestro	Severe	LoaderSuspend

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Swap space usage has exceeded the {Threshold}% critical threshold - current usage is {Usage}%	Platform	Severe	SwapUsageCritical
Swap space usage has exceeded the {Threshold}% warning threshold - current usage is {Usage}%	Platform	Warning	SwapUsageWarning
Swap space usage is now below the {Threshold}% critical threshold - current usage is {Usage}%	Platform	Info	SwapUsageCriticalOk
Swap space usage is now below the {Threshold}% warning threshold - current usage is {Usage}%	Platform	Info	SwapUsageWarningOk
TID not set in the task state.	SAP	Severe	InvalidTIDerror
TID {TID} committed successfully.	SAP	Info	TIDCommittedInfo
Temperature {TempID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is out of range. Current={CurrentTemperature} deg C. Maximum={MaximumTemperature} deg C.	Platform	Severe	TemperatureOutOfRange
Temperature {TempID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is restored. Current={CurrentTemperature} deg C. Maximum={MaximumTemperature} deg C.	Platform	Info	TemperatureRestored

Message	Module	Level	Notification
The Content-Encoding header is {ContentEncodingValue}	HTTP	Info	ContentEncodingType
The Content-Encoding of the incoming request is {ContentEncodingValue}. Decompressing the body.	HTTP	Info	DecompressedEncoding
The Domino {ActivityName} activity re trying {Count} times now.	Domino	Info	RetryCount
The HA system is Highly Available with appliance {AffectedAppliance} acting as Active.	Platform	Info	HighAvailabilityReady
The HA system is not Highly Available. Active appliance is {AffectedAppliance}.	Platform	Warning	HighAvailabilityNotReady
The High Availability peer {AffectedAppliance} has successfully taken over.	Platform	Info	HighAvailabilityFailover
The IDOC number {IDOCNumber} contains no data segment.	SAP	Warning	NoSegmentWarning
The RAID array on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is degraded.	Platform	Severe	RaidArrayDegraded

Message	Module	Level	Notification
The RAID array on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is offline. Please contact Cast Iron Support.	Platform	Severe	RaidArrayOffline
The RAID array on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is optimal.	Platform	Info	RaidArrayOptimal
The RAID disk {DiskID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} has failed.	Platform	Severe	RaidDiskFailed
The RAID disk {DiskID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is online.	Platform	Info	RaidDiskOnline
The RAID disk {DiskID} on appliance {AffectedAppliance} is rebuilding.	Platform	Info	RaidDiskRebuilding
The SFTP key access is: {ModeInformation}	FTP	Info	SshModeInfo
The Socket Janitor has completed this run.	HTTP	Info	SockCollectorFinish
The Value:"{HeaderVal}" set for Http Header:"{HeaderName}" was ignored because the type is not supported.	HTTP	Info	RequestIgnoredHeader
The activity is recovering and the message with id: {MessageID} is already delivered. Skipping it	JMS	Info	RecoveryInfo

Message	Module	Level	Notification
The appliance is in recovery mode and the first message id {JMSMessageID} is not matching the id {FirstMessageID} of delivered message. Messages in the queue is tampered and will impact the delivery of messages.	JMS	Warning	FirstID
The appliance {AffectedAppliance} has been opened, possibly leading to system failure. Please contact Cast Iron Support.	Platform	Severe	IntrusionSevere
The appliance {AffectedAppliance} has been opened.	Platform	Warning	IntrusionInfo
The appliance {AffectedAppliance} is finished initializing after reboot.	Platform	Info	SystemInitComplete
The appliance {AffectedAppliance} is initializing after being shut down or rebooted.	Platform	Info	SystemInitStarted
The buffer table contains the {OperationName} operation but there is no activity in the orchestration for that operation. This is not a valid configuration.	Database	Severe	OperationNameAbsent
The condition provided for if-then activity [{ActivityName}] and case label [{CaseLabel}] is empty	Master	Severe	SwitchExpEmpty

Message	Module	Level	Notification
The condition provided for while activity [{ActivityName}] is empty	Mastero	Severe	WhileExpEmpty
The data encoding specified: \"{DataEncoding}\" is not supported.	FTP	Severe	EncodingError
The datasource with the name {DataSourceName} is registered with hash code: {HashCodeName}	Database	Info	DataSourceHashCode
The delete query issued to the buffer table is {Query}	Database	Info	DeleteSQL
The delete query, with id, issued to the buffer table is {Query}	Database	Info	DeleteSQLWithId
The following datasource name is registered with the system.	Database	Info	DataSourceRegistered
The input connection parameter is not mapped.	HTTP	Info	ReadConnectionParam
The input parameter \"{InputParam}\" is zero length.	WebSphereMQ	Severe	InputParamNull
The input parameter header is not set.	HTTP	Info	ReadInputHeaders

Message	Module	Level	Notification
The jms connector is in recovery mode.	JMS	Info	RecoveryInfo
The loopback port values persisted in the sysconf: {LoopBackString}	HTTP	Info	HttpLoopBackValues
The maximum number of rows for one poll on table {TableName} was reached. If this is a frequent occurrence, then alter the threshold!	Database	Info	MaxRowExceeded
The message format field "{Format}" is invalid. Supported formats are MQSTR, MQHRF2, and no format.	WebSphereMQ	Severity	FormatError
The number of attachments found is {NumberOfAttach}.	MIME	Info	AttachmentsFound
The provide activity is started on local transport for the URI: {URI}	Workday	Info	TransportInfo
The provide activity is started on local transport for the URI: {URI}	WebService	Info	TransportInfo
The query for the parameterized query activity is: {QueryString}	Database	Info	ParameterizedQuery
The request operation failed. Exception: {Message}	HTTP	Severity	SendRequestOperation

Message	Module	Level	Notification
The required schema for {Name} is missing. The activity {ActivityName} generating schemas.	Domino	Info	SchemaInvoke
The response Content-Encoding from the server is {ContentEncodingValue}. Decompressing the body.	HTTP	Info	CompressFormat
The response Content-Encoding is {ContentEncodingValue}.	HTTP	Info	ReplyCompressFormat
The response is binary.	HTTP	Info	ResponseBodyBinary
The response is not binary.	HTTP	Info	ResponseBodyNotBinary
The row is already delivered to the database. Skipping it.	Database	Warning	RedeliverSkip
The select query issued for the buffer table is {Query}	Database	Info	QueryString
The send request failed. Exception: {Message}	HTTP	Severe	GeneralRequestFailed
The server response contained an unsolicited Content-Encoding: {ContentEncoding}. Acceptable values are: {AcceptEncoding}	HTTP	Severe	UnsolicitedEncoding

Message	Module	Level	Notification
The stored procedure query issued to the database is {QueryString}	Database	Info	StoredProcQuery
The type of Accept-Encoding in the request-header field is {AcceptEncodingValue}	HTTP	Info	AcceptEncodingType
The unicode instance property is set through JCONSOLE	SAP	Info	UnicodeGateway
The update query issued to the buffer table for marking rows is {Query}	Database	Info	UpdateQuery
The {Field} email address {EmailID} specified in optional parameters is not in correct format. Not setting the same.	Email	Warning	InvalidAddressFormat
There are no more activities to listen for on port {PortNumber}. Stopping the listener on port {PortNumber}.	HTTP	Info	HttpListenerStop
There is an unusually large file, {LargeFile}, of size {FileSize} MB.	Platform	Warning	LargeFileWarning
There is no message to be retrieved from the destination {Destination}	JMS	Info	NoMessage

Message	Module	Level	Notification
This error may be due to JMS Provider library being not installed on the appliance. Please install the JMS provider library using Web management console. The error is {Message}	JMS	Severe	LibraryNotInstalled
This part does not have any body. Setting blank body.	MIME	Info	NoPartBody
Tid {TIDNumber} not found in TID manager.	SAP	Severe	ReceiveTIDNotFound
Timeout needs to be positive integer. Specified as: \"{Timeout}\". Defaulted to 300 seconds.	Email	Warning	IncorrectTimeout
Timeout needs to be positive integer. Specified as: \"{Timeout}\". Defaulted to 300 seconds.	Email	Warning	IncorrectSmtptTimeout
Timeout waiting for jobs to stop, number of jobs abandoned: {NumberOfAbandonedJobs}	Master	Warning	AbandonedJobs
Trying to delete item {ItemNumber} which is out of range. Returning false	PeopleSoft	Warning	OutOfRange

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Unable to compile the orchestration {OrchName}	Mastero	Severe	OrchCompile Error
Unable to connect to JDE after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}	JDEwards	Severe	JDEConnectError
Unable to connect to MSDynamics after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}.	MSDynamics	Severe	ConnectionFailed
Unable to connect to MSDynamics. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).	MSDynamics	Warning	ConnectionRetry
Unable to connect to NetSuite after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}.	NetSuite	Severe	ConnectionFailed
Unable to connect to NetSuite. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).	NetSuite	Warning	ConnectionRetry
Unable to connect to PeopleSoft after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Severe	ConnectionError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Unable to connect to Salesforce.com after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}.	Salesforce.com	Severe	ConnectionFailed
Unable to connect to Salesforce.com. Error is: {Message}.	Salesforce.com	Severe	ConnectFailed
Unable to connect to Salesforce.com. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).	Salesforce.com	Warning	ConnectionRetry
Unable to connect to server after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}.	Email	Severe	ConnectError
Unable to connect to server after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}.	Email	Severe	SmtpConnectFailed
Unable to connect to server after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}.	HTTP	Severe	SendRequestConnection
Unable to connect to server after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. The error is: {Message}	Siebel	Severe	ConnectError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Unable to connect to server. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).	Email	Warning	ConnectErrorRetry
Unable to connect to server. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).	Email	Warning	SmtpConnectRetry
Unable to connect to server. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).	Siebel	Warning	ConnectionRetry
Unable to connect to the Queue Manager "{QueueManager}" after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempt(s). MQ returned error code "{ErrorCode}".	WebSphereMQ	Severe	ConnectionError
Unable to connect to the Queue Manager "{QueueManager}". MQ returned error code "{ErrorCode}". Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).	WebSphereMQ	Warning	ConnectRetry
Unable to connect to the SAP server after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: Error Group {ErrorGroup}, Error Key {ErrorKey}, Error Message {Message}	SAP	Severe	ConnectError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Unable to connect to the SAP server. Error is: Error Group: {ErrorGroup} Error Key {ErrorKey} Error Message {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {RetryAttemptNumber} second(s).	SAP	Warning	ConnectRetry
Unable to connect to the server \"{ServerName}\" after {NumberOfRetryAttempts} attempts. Error is: {Message}	FTP	Severe	ConnectionFailure
Unable to connect to the server \"{ServerName}\". Error is: {Message} Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).	FTP	Warning	ConnectionRetry
Unable to connect to the server. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will try again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).	HTTP	Warning	ConnectionRetry
Unable to create call context: {Message}	Mastero	Severe	CallContext
Unable to delete rows from buffer table {TableName}.	Database	Severe	DeleteRowsFailure

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Unable to enqueue to orchestration: {Message}	Maestro	Severe	EnqueueFailed
Unable to execute to orchestration: {Message}	Maestro	Severe	ExecuteError
Unable to find RFC {RFCName}. Invalid RFC name.	SAP	Severe	InvalidRFCName
Unable to find the BAPI transaction RFC's.	SAP	Severe	TransactionalError
Unable to get message from queue {QueueName}. MQ returned error code {ErrorCode}.	WebSphere MQ	Severe	PollFailure
Unable to get message from queue {QueueName}. MQ returned error code {ErrorCode}.	WebSphere MQ	Severe	GetFailure
Unable to invoke method {MethodName} on the data source object. This might cause unexpected behavior. Please check the connection properties	Database	Info	MethodNotFound

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Unable to obtain meta data from Salesforce.com for {NameOfObject}. Error is: {Message}	Salesforce.com	Severe	MetadataObjectError
Unable to obtain meta data from Salesforce.com. Error is: {Message}	Salesforce.com	Severe	MetadataError
Unable to parse the catch expression: {Message}	Mastero	Severe	CatchExpression
Unable to parse the date and time: {DateTimeValue} {Message}	Database	Severe	DateTimeParseError
Unable to parse the if-then expression: {Message}	Mastero	Severe	SwitchExpression
Unable to parse the while expression "{ConditionSpecified}": {Message}	Mastero	Severe	WhileExpression
Unable to perform operation \"{OperationName}\". Error is: {Message}	FTP	Severe	OperationError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Unable to process the request. Additional information about the error can be found on the Web Management Console.	Workday	Severe	CleanUpMessage
Unable to process the request. Additional information about the error can be found on the Web Management Console.	Web Service	Severe	CleanUpMessage
Unable to put message on queue {QueueManager}. MQ returned error code {ErrorCode}.	WebSphere MQ	Severe	MQPutFailure
Unable to remove task {TaskID}	Master	Severe	TaskRemove
Unable to send the SOAP request to {LocationName}. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will retry again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).	Workday	Warning	ConnectRetry
Unable to send the SOAP request to {LocationName}. Error is: {Message}. Attempt {RetryAttemptNumber} of {TotalRetryAttempts}. Will retry again in {IntervalForRetries} second(s).	Web Service	Warning	ConnectRetry
Unable to set state of task {CurrentState} to {FinalState}	Master	Severe	TaskState

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Unable to set the query time out for database {DBType}. The exception is {Message}	Database	Warning	SetQueryTimeout
Unarchiver created successfully, now performing unarchiving.	Archive	Info	UnArchiverCreated
Undeploy of Orchestration {OrchName} failed: {Message}.	Mastero	Severe	LoaderUnDeploy
Unexpected IO error while performing operation with MSDynamics. The exception is {Message}	MSDynamics	Severe	IOError
Unexpected IO error while performing operation with NetSuite. The exception is {Message}	NetSuite	Severe	IOError
Unexpected IO exception while streaming the message. The exception is {Message}	MSDynamics	Severe	StreamError
Unexpected IO exception while streaming the message. The exception is {Message}	NetSuite	Severe	StreamError

Message	Module	Level	Notification
Unexpected error from server: {Message}.	Email	Severe	Pop3ServerError
Unknown exception while invoking an operation on MSDynamics. The exception is {Message}	MS Dynamics	Severe	UnknownError
Unknown exception while invoking an operation on NetSuite. The exception is {Message}	NetSuite	Severe	UnknownError
Uploaded file "{FileName}" to server with return code {ResponseCode}.	FTP	Info	PutAfter
Uploading file "{FileName}" to server.	FTP	Info	PutBefore
User {UserName} displayName has been changed from {OldValue} to {NewValue}.	Platform	Info	UpdateUser
User {UserName} has been deleted.	Platform	Info	UserDeleted
User {UserName} has been granted role of {GroupName}.	Platform	Info	GrantRole
User {UserName} has been revoked of the role {GroupName}.	Platform	Info	RevokeRole

Message	Module	Level	Notification
User {UserName} status has been changed from {OldValue} to {NewValue}.	Platform	Info	UpdateStatus
User {UserName} with session id {SessionId} logged out successfully.	Platform	Info	AuthLogout
Validation is {ValidationStatus} for {Value}	SAP	Info	ValidationInfo
Variable "{VariableName}" is over {Length} and is too large to log	Master	Warning	LargeVariable
Variable "{VariableName}" is too large, please turn on persistence for this orchestration	Master	Severe	LargeNonpersistentVariable
Variable {ParamName} is not an XML document	Master	Severe	NotDocVariable
Variable {VarName} is null	Master	Warning	VariableNull
Variable {VariableName} is null	Master	Severe	NullVariable


Message	Module	Level	Notification
Warning/error messages while doing setup for {ActivityName}: {Message}	JDEdwards	Warning	SetupInfo
Warning/error messages while initializing {ActivityName}: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Warning	SetupInfo
Web Service Module has deprecated the input parameter "httpheaders/uri". The value: {Value} will be ignored. Please set the URL (e.g. http://www.castiron.com/WebService) at the location in the endpoint panel or at the input parameter "location".	WebService	Warning	UriDeprecated
Workday Module has deprecated the input parameter "httpheaders/uri". The value: {Value} will be ignored. Please set the URL (e.g. http://www.castiron.com/Workday) at the location in the endpoint panel or at the input parameter "location".	Workday	Warning	UriDeprecated
[URI: {Uri}, Port: {Port}, Operation Name: {OperationName}] Web Service has already been registered. Key: {RegistrationKey}	WebService	Severe	AlreadyRegistered
[URI: {Uri}, Port: {Port}, Operation Name: {OperationName}] Workday has already been registered. Key: {RegistrationKey}	Workday	Severe	AlreadyRegistered

Message	Module	Level	Notification
[URI: {Uri}, Port: {Port}, Operation Name: {OperationName}] has not been registered. Key: {KeyName}	Workday	Severe	NotRegistered
[URI: {Uri}, Port: {Port}, Operation Name: {OperationName}] has not been registered. Key: {KeyName}	Web Service	Severe	NotRegistered
jas.ini file needs to be present before the JD Edwards Invoke activity can be run. Please upload jas.ini file and run again.	Siebel	Severe	MissingLibraries
unarchiving done successfully.	Archive	Info	UnarchiveDone
{ActivityName} activity created successfully.	Domino	Info	ActivityCreateSuccess
{ActivityName} activity executed successfully.	Domino	Info	ActivitySuccessful
{ActivityName} activity execution failed due to {Name} property is blank.	Domino	Severe	ActivateFailureBlank
{ActivityName} executed and outputted response output parameter	JD Edwards	Info	ActivitySuccessful

Message	Module	Level	Notification
{ActivityName} executed and outputted response output parameter	PeopleSoft	Info	ActivitySuccessful
{ActivityName} listening for events on URI: \"{UriValue}\" and port: \"{PortValue}\".	Siebel	Severe	ConfigURI
{FileName}: File with the same name exists on the FTP server. It is a duplicate!	FTP	Severe	PutDuplicateFileName
{FileName}: File with the same name exists on the FTP server. It is a duplicate!	FTP	Severe	RenameDuplicateError
{MessageType} messages while executing activity: {Message}	Domino	Warning	RunningMessages
{MessageType} messages while executing activity: {Message}	PeopleSoft	Warning	RunningMessages
{Message}	HTTP	Info	EndpointInformation

Message	Module	Level	Notification
{Message}	Workday	Severe	WDFaultString
{Message}	Web Service	Severe	WSFaultString
{NumberOfEmails} mails to be deleted now as they were processed earlier.	Email	Info	MailsToBeDeleted

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 Last updated: Thursday, December 17, 2015
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.notifications_reference.doc/log_message_reference.html

WebSphere DataPower Cast Iron Management API Guide

This information center provides information for WebSphere® DataPower Cast Iron® Management API Guide .

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00000.html>

Introduction

This information center provides information for WebSphere® DataPower Cast Iron® Management API Guide .

About WebSphere DataPower Cast Iron Management API Guide

The Management API guide is written for developers and IT personnel who want to manage Integration Appliance and the Cloud by using applications or scripts.

This guide assumes that you have an intermediate level of expertise in integration projects and some experience in supporting and managing an IT environment.

Integration Appliance and Cloud documentation

To view PDF documents, download Adobe Reader version 5 or higher from Adobe Systems Inc., see <http://www.adobe.com>.

You can access documentation from the Documentation CD.

The documentation set includes the following books:

Command Line Interface Reference

Reference information about commands available from the Command Line Interface (CLI).

Getting Started Guide

An overview of Integration Appliance and Studio, and summary information about using Studio to create integration projects that run on the Integration Appliance

HA Overview Guide

A high-level overview about High Availability (HA) pairs. This guide includes information about HA pair states, configuration requirements, commands, and troubleshooting issues.

Management API Guide

Information for the Management API for the Cloud and Integration Appliances.

Documentation conventions

The following table describes the conventions that are used in this document.

Convention	Description
<Hostname> command	Examples of using commands are shown in this document in this format.
<code>enter exactly as shown</code>	Procedures might also include instructions on what you should enter for particular fields, prompts, or commands. Information in this font must be typed exactly as shown.
<code>net set interface dataaddress <port-address></code>	Placeholders are shown between angle brackets (<>) and generally indicate the type of information you should supply in the command.
Menu > Submenu	Instructions that use menu commands use the greater than symbol (>) to indicate submenus, for example, “click Configuration > Notifications”.

Other resources

In addition to the product information, IBM® provides these other resources:

- Online help
- Information centers

- Knowledge Base
- Product Support

Online help

Online help is accessible from Studio and the Web Management Console.

IBM website

You can access the IBM Corporation website at: <http://www.ibm.com>.

The site contains information about the IBM Corporation, its background, and products. The site also provides contact information for sales and technical support.

Contacting IBM support


IBM support provides assistance with product defects. Before contacting IBM support, the following criteria must be met:

- Your company has an active maintenance contract.
- You are authorized to submit problems.

Submit the problem in one of two ways:

- Electronically through the Service Request (SR) problem submission tool. You must sign in with your IBM ID and password.
- Telephone. Refer to the directory of worldwide contacts in the IBM Software Support Handbook for the appropriate software support phone number to call.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ci00159.html>

Overview of the Management API guide

An overview of the Management API. The API provides management capabilities for Clouds and Integration Appliances.

The Management API is implemented as a web service. This web service provides a way to manage WebSphere® DataPower Cast Iron® Appliances (Integration Appliances) and WebSphere Cast Iron Cloud (Cloud) projects through your applications or scripts.

The API provides Integration Appliance and Cloud management in the following areas:

Deployment

Provides operations to create, get, and delete configurations, rules, and projects. You can start, pause, stop, and cancel jobs. You can import or export repositories.

Security

Provides operations to create, get, list, and delete users, roles, and permissions. You can log in and log out by using the security WSDL.

Staging

Checks whether the staging database is started and starts or stops the staging database. (Applies to appliances only.)

System Administration

Sets or gets the appliance name or network configuration. You can also run system commands or get system information. (Applies to appliances only.)

Job Monitoring

Searches for job, gets job count, and gets job details. You can also set and get job monitoring properties.

Logs and Notifications

Saves, gets, and deletes notification policies. You can also get and set email and SNMP endpoints, set and get log levels, and get log count.

The Management API complies with the following web services standards:

- Web Services Interoperability Organization (WS-I) Basic Profile 1.0
- SOAP 1.1
- Web Services Description Language (WSDL) 1.1
- XML Schema 1.1

You can create client applications that call web services operations to manage and monitor Integration Appliances and Cloud projects. Communication between the client application and the Integration Appliance or Cloud project is accomplished by using HTTP or HTTPS.

The Management API is defined in WSDL files. Client applications call web services operations by sending SOAP messages. SOAP messages are formatted in XML and so are programming language neutral.

Examples of SOAP messages

This section provides examples of logging in, getting a user and logging out using the Management API - Security WSDL.

The following code is an example of a SOAP request to log in.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header/>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:login>
      <sec:username>webuser@mycompany.com</sec:username>
      <sec:password>D3nu9noB</sec:password>
    </sec:login>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following code is an example of a SOAP reply to the request to log in.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:loginResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:sessionId>8F059BEEA3611033D27773A95404641</ns2:sessionId>
    </ns2:loginResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

The *sessionId* is required to perform other SOAP operations after you log in to an Integration Appliance or the Cloud.

The following code is an example of a SOAP request to get a user.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>8F059BEEA3611033D277773A95404641</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:getUser>
      <sec:username>webuser</sec:username>
    </sec:getUser>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following code is an example of a SOAP response to the request to get a user.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getUserResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:user>
        <ns3:id>8F059BEEA3611033D277773A95404641</ns3:id>
        <ns3:name>webuser</ns3:name>
        <ns3:encPasswd>{SHA}clO20r2ZJMJcDrNwXQzhWB8YcdI=</ns3:encPasswd>
        <ns3:displayName>WebServiceUser</ns3:displayName>
        <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
        <ns3:isMutable>true</ns3:isMutable>
        <ns3:isVisible>true</ns3:isVisible>
        <ns3:email>webuser@mycompany.com</ns3:email>
        <ns3:createdTime>2010-03-02T22:11:32.935Z</ns3:createdTime>
        <ns3:failedLoginCount>0</ns3:failedLoginCount>
        <ns3:scopeId>B47EAECF6AD14AA028B4EA038CB742D0</ns3:scopeId>
        <ns3:scopeType>Tenant</ns3:scopeType>
      </ns2:user>
    </ns2:getUserResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

The following code is an example of a SOAP request to logout.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>8F059BEEA3611033D277773A95404641</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:logout/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

Cloud examples

The following examples apply to the Cloud only.

The previous examples used SOAP operations that ran in a tenant in the Cloud or an Integration Appliance. To run operations in environments within a tenant in the Cloud, you use the `setCurrentScope` operation to set the scope to the environment where you want to run SOAP operations.

The following example sets the scope to the development environment and then starts a project located in the development environment.


```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>63Y93HD6D856EB5812EB71216C3547W7</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:setCurrentScope>
      <sec:scopeName>Development</sec:scopeName>
    </sec:setCurrentScope>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:setCurrentScopeResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:setCurrentScopeResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```


The following example is a SOAP request to start a configuration in the development environment.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>63Y93HD6D856EB5812EB71216C3547W7</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:start>
      <dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>HTTP_363j</dep:configName>
    </dep:start>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:startResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment/
types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/security/03"
xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:startResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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WSDL files

Client-side web services use the WSDL file to create stubs that enable client-side applications to interact with an Integration Appliance or Cloud project.

The WSDL files specify the operations that a client application can use to install, manage, and monitor an Integration Appliance or Cloud project.

The Management API is defined in six WSDL files:

- security.wsdl
- staging.wsdl
- deployment.wsdl
- system.wsdl
- orcmon.wsdl
- lognotif.wsdl


You can download the WSDL files from the following locations for an Integration Appliance:

- Security: <https://<appliance>/ws/security?wsdl>
- Staging: <https://<appliance>/ws/staging?wsdl>
- Deployment: <https://<appliance>/ws/deployment?wsdl>
- System: <https://<appliance>/ws/system?wsdl>
- Orcmon: <https://<appliance>/ws/orcmon?wsdl>
- Lognotif: <https://<appliance>/ws/lognotif?wsdl>

You can download the WSDL files from the following locations for the Cloud:

- Security: <https://cloud2.castiron.com/ws/security?wsdl>
- Staging: <https://cloud2.castiron.com/ws/staging?wsdl>
- Deployment: <https://cloud2.castiron.com/ws/deployment?wsdl>
- System: <https://cloud2.castiron.com/ws/system?wsdl>
- Orcmon: <https://cloud2.castiron.com/ws/orcmon?wsdl>
- Lognotif: <https://cloud2.castiron.com/ws/lognotif?wsdl>

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00003.html>

Glossary of terms for WebSphere DataPower Cast Iron Management API Guide

This glossary defines WebSphere® DataPower Cast Iron® Management API Guide terms that are used in this documentation.

This glossary contains terms specific to WebSphere DataPower Cast Iron Management API Guide .

A B C D **E** F G H I J K L M N O P Q **R S T** U V W X Y Z

E

environment

In the Cloud, an environment is a subdivision of a tenant. A typical tenant contains development, staging, and production environments. An environment has its own administrators, users, roles, and role groups. After a project is completed in the Modify tab, it is published to an environment where it can be deployed, tested, and run. The administrator role of an environment can assign users to roles and roleGroups. In addition, the administrator role can create, deploy, run, clone, and delete projects and configurations in the environment.

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R

role

Role is a way to provide users with a pre-defined set of permissions. When an administrator assigns a role to a user the user is able to access all of the projects to which the role is has permissions. The user can also perform all of the actions for which the role has permissions. In the Cloud, the user gets access to any tenants and environments to which the role has permissions.

roleGroup

Use to combine roles into a single entity which can then be assigned to users. A user assigned to a roleGroup inherits all of the access and permissions that the roles in the roleGroup are given.

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S

scope

In the Cloud, scope refers to either a tenant or an environment within a tenant. You use `setCurrentScope` to set the scope to where you want to run SOAP operations. Scope applies to the Cloud only.

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T

tenant

The Cloud is a multi-tenant cloud as opposed to a single-tenant cloud. Each tenant can be divided into environments such as development, staging, and production. The administrator role of the tenant can assign users to environments, roles, and roleGroups. In addition, the administrator role can create, deploy, run, clone, and delete projects and configurations in the tenant and environments within the tenant.

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Security

Information about the security WSDL.


The security WSDL provides operations to create, get, list and delete users, roles, and permissions. You log in and log out by using the security WSDL.

This section contains the following topics:

- [addRoleToRoleGroup](#)
- [changePassword](#)
- [clearPrivileges](#)
- [createRole](#)
- [createUser](#)
- [currentScope](#)
- [deleteRole](#)
- [deleteUser](#)
- [disableUser](#)
- [enableUser](#)
- [filterNewUsers](#)
- [filterUsers](#)
- [getGrantedRoles](#)
- [getImpliedRoles](#)
- [getKerberosRealm](#)
- [getKerberosServer](#)
- [getRole](#)
- [getRoleById](#)
- [getRoleGroups](#)
- [getRoles](#)
- [getRolesInRoleGroup](#)
- [getRoleUsers](#)
- [getScope](#)
- [getScopeById](#)
- [getScopesByParentId](#)
- [getUser](#)
- [getUserById](#)
- [getUsers](#)
- [grantPrivilege](#)
- [grantPrivileges](#)
- [grantRole](#)
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- [listAvailableActions](#)
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- [listPrivileges](#)
- [listRoles](#)
- [listUsers](#)

- [login](#)
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- [removeKerberosConfiguration](#)
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- [revokePrivilege](#)
- [revokeRole](#)
- [roleExists](#)
- [setCurrentScope](#)
- [setCurrentScopeById](#)
- [setKerberosConfiguration](#)
- [setLdapConfiguration](#)
- [updateRole](#)
- [updateUser](#)
- [userExists](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00005.html>

addRoleToRoleGroup

Adds the specified role as a member to the specified group.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

role

The name of the role.


group

The name of the group to which the role is to be added.

Returns:

True if the role is successfully added to the group.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00006.html>

changePassword

Changes the password for the specified username.

Parameters:

username

The username for which the password is to be changed.

oldPassword

The old password for the username.

newPassword

The new password for the username.

Returns:

True if the password was successfully changed.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to change the password for a user.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>B0097A43C5527FA552C3DDBA7EF74CE9</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:changePassword>
      <sec:username>webman</sec:username>
      <sec:oldPassword>Oldpw12g</sec:oldPassword>
      <sec:newPassword>Newpw24e</sec:newPassword>
    </sec:changePassword>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:changePasswordResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:changePasswordResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00007.html>

clearPrivileges

Clears privileges for the specified target, such as a user.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

target

The specified target.

Returns:

True if the privileges are cleared for the specified target.

Examples:


The following code is an example of a SOAP request to create a user.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>B87CDEE24C7AE5EE4B1C00158EBC483D</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:clearPrivileges>
      <sec:target>pubuser</sec:target>
    </sec:clearPrivileges>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following code is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:clearPrivilegesResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <return>true</return>
    </ns2:clearPrivilegesResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00008.html>

createRole

Creates a role.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

role

The specified roleName for the role that you want created.

displayName

The name to be displayed in the WMC.

email

The email address for the role.

Returns:

True if the role is created.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to create a role. The input for the request is the session ID.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>85E3EB542F02449CE3FDC302A25E47F9</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:createRole>
      <sec:role>jobmonitor</sec:role>
      <sec:displayName>jobmonitor</sec:displayName>
      <sec:email>monitor@mycompany.com</sec:email>
    </sec:createRole>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:createRoleResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:createRoleResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00009.html>

createUser

Creates a user name.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

username

The user ID to create.

password

The password for username.

displayName

The name to display in the WMC.

email

The email address for username.

Returns:

True if the username was successfully created.

Examples:


The following code is an example of a SOAP request to create a user.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>8F059BEEA3611033D277773A95404641</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:createUser>
      <sec:username>webman</sec:username>
      <sec:password>Connect2WS</sec:password>
      <sec:displayName>WebServiceUser</sec:displayName>
      <sec:email>webman@mycompany.com</sec:email>
    </sec:createUser>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:createUserResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:createUserResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00010.html

currentScope

Returns the current scope for this thread.

Applies to Clouds only.

Returns:

The current scope.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request for the current scope. The input for the request is the session ID.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>85F500F8283BBD9E4F31DCE3FD894442</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:currentScope/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP reply to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:currentScopeResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:scope>
        <active>true</active>
        <category>enterprise</category>
        <displayName>mycompany.com</displayName>
        <id>B47EAECF6AD14AA028B4EA038CB742D0</id>
        <index>0</index>
        <name>mycompany.com</name>
        <parentId>00000000000000000000000000000000</parentId>
        <type>TENANT</type>
      </ns2:scope>
    </ns2:currentScopeResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00011.html

deleteRole

Deletes a specified role.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

role

The specified roleName to delete.

Returns:

True if the role is deleted.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to delete a role.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>B0097A43C5527FA552C3DDBA7EF74CE9</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:deleteRole>
      <sec:role>jobmonitor</sec:role>
    </sec:deleteRole>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:deleteRoleResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:deleteRoleResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00012.html>

deleteUser

Deletes the user with the specified username.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

username

The user to delete from the tenant, environment, or project.

Returns:

True if the user was successfully deleted.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to delete a user.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>BAB25F1A2A1ADCC0BB0D455D41354509</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:deleteUser>
      <sec:username>webman</sec:username>
    </sec:deleteUser>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP reply to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:deleteUserResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:deleteUserResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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disableUser

Disables a username. A disabled username cannot authenticate.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

username

The username to disable.

Returns:

True if the user was successfully disabled.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to disable a user.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>BAB25F1A2A1ADCC0BB0D455D41354509</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:disableUser>
      <sec:username>webman</sec:username>
    </sec:disableUser>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP reply to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:disableUserResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:disableUserResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00014.html>

enableUser

Enables a user. An enabled user can authenticate.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

username

The user to enable.

Returns:

True if the user was successfully enabled.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to enable a user.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>BAB25F1A2A1ADCC0BB0D455D41354509</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:enableUser>
      <sec:username>webman</sec:username>
    </sec:enableUser>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:enableUserResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security"
xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:enableUserResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00015.html>

filterNewUsers

Filters new users.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

filter


The filter to run against the list of users.

sinceDate

The date to use to determine new users.

Returns:

Returns the new users.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00016.html>

filterUsers

Filters users.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

filter

The filter to run against a list of users.

Returns:

The users.


Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to filter users that begin with a w.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>A5D2F0294EACB36B70622B8EE0E94706</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:filterUsers>
      <sec:filter>w</sec:filter>
    </sec:filterUsers>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:filterUsersResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:users>webman</ns2:users>
    </ns2:filterUsersResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00017.html>

getGrantedRoles

Returns a list of all the roles explicitly granted to the specified user.


Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

username
The specified user.

Returns:
The list of roles granted to the specified user.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00018.html>

getImpliedRoles

Returns a list of all roles to which the specified user is a member. The list might contain roles that might not have been explicitly granted to the user, but are indirectly implied due to group memberships.


Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

username
The specified user.

Returns:
The role names.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00019.html>

getKerberosRealm


Gets the Kerberos realm.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Returns:

The Kerberos realm.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00020.html>

getKerberosServer


Gets the name of the Kerberos server.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Returns:

The Kerberos server name.

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<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00021.html>

getRole

Gets the specified role.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

role

The specified role to return.

Returns:

The specified role

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to get a role.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>BC77BA76E338CFA6B0063218A0AE4656</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:getRole>
      <sec:name>publisher@A347B0C49C8CFA462D4F28A4C05B47C2</sec:name>
    </sec:getRole>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getRoleResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:group>
        <ns3:id>903273B869AC8CA9D99F4C8448694680</ns3:id>
        <ns3:name>publisher@A347B0C49C8CFA462D4F28A4C05B47C2</ns3:name>
        <ns3:displayName>Publisher Group</ns3:displayName>
        <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
        <ns3:isMutable>false</ns3:isMutable>
        <ns3:isVisible>true</ns3:isVisible>
        <ns3:createdTime>2010-04-10T00:08:23Z</ns3:createdTime>
        <ns3:scopeId>A347B0C49C8CFA462D4F28A4C05B47C2</ns3:scopeId>
        <ns3:scopeType>Environment</ns3:scopeType>
        <ns3:groupType>Publisher</ns3:groupType>
      </ns2:group>
    </ns2:getRoleResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

For each role the following information is returned:

id

The ID for the role.

name

The name of the role.

displayName

The name displayed in the WMC for the role.

isActive

True or false depending on whether the role is active.

isMutable

True or false. True means that the object can be updated.

isVisible

True or false. True means that the object is visible in the WMC.

email

The email address for the role.

createdTime

The date and time the role was created. The time is compliant with ISO 8601.

scopeId

The ID of the scope where the role is found. (Cloud only.)


scopeType

The type of scope, either tenant or environment. (Cloud only.)

groupType

The type of group to which the role belongs. If you create your own group, it is a custom group. For information about the built-in groups, see [WMC Help > Permissions > About Built-in Groups](#).

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00023.html>

getRoleById

Gets the specified role.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

id

The specified ID for the role that you want returned.

Returns:

The role for the specified ID.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to get a role by the ID of the role.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>A85C21BB99E816D48800C90B2C5547D4</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:getRoleById>
      <sec:id>8F52644BBA2491693D440F2FA12A4B3D</sec:id>
    </sec:getRoleById>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is a SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getRoleByIdResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security"
xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:group>
        <ns3:id>8F52644BBA2491693D440F2FA12A4B3D</ns3:id>
        <ns3:name>securitymonitor</ns3:name>
        <ns3:displayName>monitor</ns3:displayName>
        <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
        <ns3:isMutable>true</ns3:isMutable>
        <ns3:isVisible>true</ns3:isVisible>
        <ns3:email>security@mycompany.com</ns3:email>
        <ns3:createdTime>2010-03-23T19:14:30.066Z</ns3:createdTime>
        <ns3:scopeId>A6EFAF24DB7168A4206F605CA6E14B1D</ns3:scopeId>
        <ns3:scopeType>Tenant</ns3:scopeType>
        <ns3:groupType>Custom</ns3:groupType>
      </ns2:group>
    </ns2:getRoleByIdResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

For each role the following information is returned:

id

The ID for the role.

name

The name of the role.

displayName

The name displayed in the WMC for the role.

isActive

True or false depending on whether the role is active.

isMutable

True or false. True means that the object can be updated.

isVisible

True or false. True means that the object is visible in the WMC.

email

The email address for the role.

createdTime

The date and time the role was created. The time is compliant with ISO 8601.

scopeId

The ID of the scope where the role is found. (Cloud only.)


scopeType

The type of scope, either tenant or environment. (Cloud only.)

groupType

The type of group to which the role belongs.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00024.html>

getRoleGroups

Returns a list of all the groups to which the specified role is a member.


Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

role
The specified role.

Returns:
The list of groups.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00025.html>

getRoles

Gets a list of all roles.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Returns:
The roles.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to get roles.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>84076B5B810064272043B5106EEE46C3</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
```

```

<soapenv:Body>
  <sec:getRoles/>
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>

```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```

<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getRolesResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security"
xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:roles>
        <ns3:id>9A8B9ED954A3781D47C6BA88E6B048BA</ns3:id>
        <ns3:name>user@B74A0FF293331AB2A7E4F21E15D143F3</ns3:name>
        <ns3:displayName>User Group</ns3:displayName>
        <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
        <ns3:isMutable>false</ns3:isMutable>
        <ns3:isVisible>true</ns3:isVisible>
        <ns3:createdTime>2010-04-02T22:44:31Z</ns3:createdTime>
        <ns3:scopeId>B74A0FF293331AB2A7E4F21E15D143F3</ns3:scopeId>
        <ns3:scopeType>Environment</ns3:scopeType>
        <ns3:groupType>User</ns3:groupType>
      </ns2:roles>
      <ns2:roles>
        <ns3:id>A15F37B1499136A2151868DE1E47400F</ns3:id>
        <ns3:name>publisher@B74A0FF293331AB2A7E4F21E15D143F3</ns3:name>
        <ns3:displayName>Publisher Group</ns3:displayName>
        <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
        <ns3:isMutable>false</ns3:isMutable>
        <ns3:isVisible>true</ns3:isVisible>
        <ns3:createdTime>2010-04-02T22:44:31Z</ns3:createdTime>
        <ns3:scopeId>B74A0FF293331AB2A7E4F21E15D143F3</ns3:scopeId>
        <ns3:scopeType>Environment</ns3:scopeType>
        <ns3:groupType>Publisher</ns3:groupType>
      </ns2:roles>
      <ns2:roles>
        <ns3:id>B3BED651CA6AC0259BE3B5CBB14D4BF8</ns3:id>
        <ns3:name>admin@B74A0FF293331AB2A7E4F21E15D143F3</ns3:name>
        <ns3:displayName>Administrator Group</ns3:displayName>
        <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
        <ns3:isMutable>false</ns3:isMutable>
        <ns3:isVisible>true</ns3:isVisible>
        <ns3:createdTime>2010-04-02T22:44:31Z</ns3:createdTime>
        <ns3:scopeId>B74A0FF293331AB2A7E4F21E15D143F3</ns3:scopeId>
        <ns3:scopeType>Environment</ns3:scopeType>
        <ns3:groupType>Admin</ns3:groupType>
      </ns2:roles>
      <ns2:roles>
        <ns3:id>B7DD994177067F9B6238B08AE6114F2A</ns3:id>
        <ns3:name>monitor</ns3:name>
        <ns3:displayName>Job Monitor</ns3:displayName>
        <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
        <ns3:isMutable>true</ns3:isMutable>
        <ns3:isVisible>true</ns3:isVisible>
        <ns3:email>monitor@mycompany.com</ns3:email>
        <ns3:createdTime>2010-04-08T16:57:20.765Z</ns3:createdTime>
        <ns3:scopeId>B74A0FF293331AB2A7E4F21E15D143F3</ns3:scopeId>
        <ns3:scopeType>Environment</ns3:scopeType>
        <ns3:groupType>Custom</ns3:groupType>
      </ns2:roles>
    </ns2:getRolesResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>

```

```
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

For each role the following is returned:

id

The ID for the role.

name

The name of the role.

displayName

The name displayed in the WMC for the role.

isActive

True or false depending on whether the role is active.

isMutable

True or false. True means that the object can be updated.

isVisible

True or false. True means that the object is visible in the WMC.

email

The email address for the role.

createdTime

The date and time the role was created. The time is compliant with ISO 8601.

scopeId

The ID of the scope where the role is found. (Cloud only.)


scopeType

The type of scope, either tenant or environment. (Cloud only.)

groupType

The type of group to which the role belongs.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00026.html>

getRolesInRoleGroup

Returns a list of all the roles in the specified role group.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:


name

The specified role group.

Returns:

The list of roles for the specified role group.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00027.html>

getRoleUsers

Returns a list of all the users that are members of the specified role.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:


name

The specified role.

Returns:

The list of users for the specified role.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00028.html>

getScope

Gets the specified scope in the specified parent scope.

Applies to Clouds only.

Parameters:

scopeType

The type of scope, which is either tenant or environment.

name

The name of the scope.

parentScopeId

The ID of the parent scope.

Returns:

The specified scope.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to get the specified scope in the specified parent scope.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>AA91E56114D36B296D82660639B6482F</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:getScope>
      <sec:scopeType>ENV</sec:scopeType>
      <sec:name>Staging</sec:name>
      <sec:parentScopeId>88673D5DF2583806B037576D94F34BBA</
sec:parentScopeId>
    </sec:getScope>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getScopeResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:scope>
        <active>true</active>
        <displayName>Staging</displayName>
        <id>A51EDD44BE6C10B2D1335A9D634D407D</id>
        <index>1</index>
        <name>Staging</name>
        <parentId>88673D5DF2583806B037576D94F34BBA</parentId>
        <type>ENV</type>
      </ns2:scope>
    </ns2:getScopeResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00029.html>

getScopeById

Gets the scope as specified by the ID.

Applies to Clouds only.

Parameter:

scopeID

The ID for the scope.

Returns:

The scope as specified by the ID.

Examples:


The following code is an example of a SOAP request to get a scope by its ID.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>B60EA6425F8FCB16BB6E96063D09408E</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:getScopeById>
      <sec:scopeId>9378E8C3C5E5DCACA77D9F7B6BE24B98</sec:scopeId>
    </sec:getScopeById>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getScopeByIdResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:scope>
        <active>true</active>
        <category>enterprise</category>
        <displayName>mycompany.com</displayName>
        <id>9378E8C3C5E5DCACA77D9F7B6BE24B98</id>
        <index>0</index>
        <name>castiron.com</name>
        <parentId>00000000000000000000000000000000</parentId>
        <type>TENANT</type>
      </ns2:scope>
    </ns2:getScopeByIdResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ci00030.html>

getScopesByParentId

Using the ID of the parent scope, returns a list of all the child scopes.

Applies to Clouds only.

Parameter:

parentScopeId

The ID for the parent scope.

Returns:

A list of child scopes.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to get scopes by using the ID of the parent scope.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>B0097A43C5527FA552C3DDBA7EF74CE9</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:getScopesByParentId>
      <sec:parentScopeId>BB173AE61484BD7359D8910789EA4E88</
      sec:parentScopeId>
    </sec:getScopesByParentId>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request. The parent scope is a tenant and the child scopes are the environments in the tenant.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getScopesByParentIdResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security"
xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:scopes>
        <active>true</active>
        <displayName>Staging</displayName>
        <id>9203C78275503796DB49CB5E6CF34111</id>
        <index>1</index>
        <name>Staging</name>
        <parentId>BB173AE61484BD7359D8910789EA4E88</parentId>
        <type>ENV</type>
      </ns2:scopes>
      <ns2:scopes>
        <active>true</active>
        <displayName>Development</displayName>
        <id>A26D2319BAE05E9513117949CF274A09</id>
        <index>0</index>
        <name>Development</name>
        <parentId>BB173AE61484BD7359D8910789EA4E88</parentId>
        <type>ENV</type>
      </ns2:scopes>
    </ns2:scopes>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

```
<active>true</active>
<displayName>Production</displayName>
<id>B56005332F3E41A3F1456F5F40594A06</id>
<index>2</index>
<name>Production</name>
<parentId>BB173AE61484BD7359D8910789EA4E88</parentId>
<type>ENV</type>
</ns2:scopes>
</ns2:getScopesByParentIdResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

For each child scope, the following information is returned:

active

True or false. True means that the scope is active.

displayName

The name displayed in the WMC for the role.

id

The ID for the child scope.

index

The position in the index of the child scope.

name

The name of the child scope.


parentId

The ID of the parent scope.

type

The type of scope.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00031.html>

getUser

Gets the user for specified username.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

username

The specified username.

Returns:

The user corresponding to the specified username.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to get a user by using the specified username.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>BF1E7729085BB066446DF913FAE34596</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:getUser>
      <sec:username>webman</sec:username>
    </sec:getUser>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getUserResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:user>
        <ns3:id>965AAB3FED8D3CCBBE4DC8EE0E2944EA</ns3:id>
        <ns3:name>webman</ns3:name>
        <ns3:encPasswd>{SHA}c1020r2ZJMJcDrNwXQzhWB8YcdI=</ns3:encPasswd>
        <ns3:displayName>WebServiceUser</ns3:displayName>
        <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
        <ns3:isMutable>true</ns3:isMutable>
        <ns3:isVisible>true</ns3:isVisible>
        <ns3:email>webman@mycompany.com</ns3:email>
        <ns3:createdTime>2010-03-02T22:11:32.935Z</ns3:createdTime>
        <ns3:failedLoginCount>0</ns3:failedLoginCount>
        <ns3:scopeId>B47EAECF6AD14AA028B4EA038CB742D0</ns3:scopeId>
        <ns3:scopeType>Tenant</ns3:scopeType>
      </ns2:user>
    </ns2:getUserResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

For each user the following information is returned:

id

The ID for the user.

name

The name for the user.

encPasswd

The SHA encoded password for the user.

displayName

The name displayed in the WMC for the role.

isActive

True if the user is logged in, false if not.

isMutable

True or false. True means that the object can be updated, false if not.

isVisible

True or false. True means that the object is visible in the WMC, false if not.

email

The email address for the user.

createdTime

The date and time the user was created.

failedLoginCount

The number of failed attempts to log in by using this name. After five failures, the username is blocked for 15 seconds. For each successive failure, the blocked time is doubled (15 - 30 - 60 - 120).


scopeId

The scope ID for the scope where the user is located. Does not apply for Integration Appliances.

scopeType

The type of scope, either tenant or environment. Does not apply for Integration Appliances.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00032.html>

getUserById

Gets the user by the specified ID.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

id

The specified ID for the user.

Returns:

The user with the specified ID.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to get a user by the specified ID.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>BAB25F1A2A1ADCC0BB0D455D41354509</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
```

```

    <sec:getUserById>
      <sec:id>9707B975E42F2B6135D6FB0FA36C4E53</sec:id>
    </sec:getUserById>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>

```

The following example is the SOAP reply to the request.

```

<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getUserByIdResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:user>
        <ns3:id>9707B975E42F2B6135D6FB0FA36C4E53</ns3:id>
        <ns3:name>webman</ns3:name>
        <ns3:encPasswd>{SHA}gf/yUAZHwaZFhdCMaxDhVmm4FE=</ns3:encPasswd>
        <ns3:displayName>Webuser</ns3:displayName>
        <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
        <ns3:isMutable>true</ns3:isMutable>
        <ns3:isVisible>true</ns3:isVisible>
        <ns3:email>webman@castiron.com</ns3:email>
        <ns3:createdTime>2010-03-11T19:03:46.737Z</ns3:createdTime>
        <ns3:failedLoginCount>0</ns3:failedLoginCount>
        <ns3:scopeId>B47EAECF6AD14AA028B4EA038CB742D0</ns3:scopeId>
        <ns3:scopeType>Tenant</ns3:scopeType>
      </ns2:user>
    </ns2:getUserByIdResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>

```

For each user the following information is returned:

id

The ID for the user.

name

The name for the user.

encPasswd

The SHA encoded password for the user.

displayName

The name displayed in the WMC for the user.

isActive

True or false depending on whether the user is logged in.

isMutable

True or false. True means that the object can be updated. False means that the object cannot be updated.

isVisible

True or false. True means that the object is visible in the WMC.

email

The email address for the user.

createdTime

The date and time the user was created.

failedLoginCount

The number of failed attempts to log in by using this name. After five failures, the username is blocked for 15 seconds. For each successive failure, the blocked time is doubled (15 - 30 - 60 - 120).


scopeId

The scope ID for the scope where the user is located. Applies to Cloud only.

scopeType

The type of scope, either tenant or environment. Applies to Cloud only.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00033.html>

getUsers

Gets a list of all the users based on the session ID.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Returns:

The users

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to get users. The input for the request is the session ID.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>8EB8F17160F7D1E561EC45EFEBF344CF</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:getUsers/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP reply to the request to get users:

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getUsersResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:users>
        <ns3:id>860DDF6E8DE511EF0EA8E249A1514EA1</ns3:id>
        <ns3:name>foo@mycompany.com</ns3:name>
        <ns3:encPasswd>{SHA}L84w50sj87W4IQUhr2NqKsu08kI=</ns3:encPasswd>
        <ns3:displayName>Foo</ns3:displayName>
        <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
        <ns3:isMutable>true</ns3:isMutable>
```



```

<ns3:isVisible>true</ns3:isVisible>
<ns3:email>foo@mycompany.com</ns3:email>
<ns3:createdTime>2010-02-24T23:12:10.252Z</ns3:createdTime>
<ns3:failedLoginCount>0</ns3:failedLoginCount>
<ns3:scopeId>B47EAECF6AD14AA028B4EA038CB742D0</ns3:scopeId>
<ns3:scopeType>Tenant</ns3:scopeType>
</ns2:users>
<ns2:users>
  <ns3:id>90D63CC6F3A5F90C587B2B478858432D</ns3:id>
  <ns3:name>admin@mycompany.com</ns3:name>
  <ns3:encPasswd>{SHA}8eQYsQgWL3V0sLf7akuJ05wM11c=</ns3:encPasswd>
  <ns3:displayName>admin@mycompany.com</ns3:displayName>
  <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
  <ns3:isMutable>false</ns3:isMutable>
  <ns3:isVisible>true</ns3:isVisible>
  <ns3:email>admin@mycompany.com</ns3:email>
  <ns3:createdTime>2010-02-12T21:50:35Z</ns3:createdTime>
  <ns3:lastLoginTime>2010-03-10T17:20:39.774Z</ns3:lastLoginTime>
  <ns3:lastFailedLoginTime>2010-03-03T18:25:24.936Z</
  ns3:lastFailedLoginTime>
  <ns3:failedLoginCount>0</ns3:failedLoginCount>
  <ns3:scopeId>B47EAECF6AD14AA028B4EA038CB742D0</ns3:scopeId>
  <ns3:scopeType>Tenant</ns3:scopeType>
</ns2:users>
<ns2:users>
  <ns3:id>965AAB3FED8D3CCBBE4DC8EE0E2944EA</ns3:id>
  <ns3:name>webman</ns3:name>
  <ns3:encPasswd>{SHA}c1020r2ZJMJcDrNwXQzhWB8YcdI=</ns3:encPasswd>
  <ns3:displayName>WebServiceUser</ns3:displayName>
  <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
  <ns3:isMutable>true</ns3:isMutable>
  <ns3:isVisible>true</ns3:isVisible>
  <ns3:email>webman@mycompany.com</ns3:email>
  <ns3:createdTime>2010-03-02T22:11:32.935Z</ns3:createdTime>
  <ns3:failedLoginCount>0</ns3:failedLoginCount>
  <ns3:scopeId>B47EAECF6AD14AA028B4EA038CB742D0</ns3:scopeId>
  <ns3:scopeType>Tenant</ns3:scopeType>
</ns2:users>
<ns2:users>
  <ns3:id>B77F69E6D9488E2607B02076B4F848DC</ns3:id>
  <ns3:name>support@mycompany.com</ns3:name>
  <ns3:encPasswd>{SHA}Ek2MpQlE1+fGMEYolkSF6lpbNIk=</ns3:encPasswd>
  <ns3:displayName>support@mycompany.com</ns3:displayName>
  <ns3:isActive>false</ns3:isActive>
  <ns3:isMutable>false</ns3:isMutable>
  <ns3:isVisible>true</ns3:isVisible>
  <ns3:email>support@mycompany.com</ns3:email>
  <ns3:createdTime>2010-02-12T21:50:35Z</ns3:createdTime>
  <ns3:failedLoginCount>0</ns3:failedLoginCount>
  <ns3:scopeId>B47EAECF6AD14AA028B4EA038CB742D0</ns3:scopeId>
  <ns3:scopeType>Tenant</ns3:scopeType>
</ns2:users>
</ns2:getUsersResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>

```

For each user the following information is returned:

id

The ID for the user.

name

The name for the user.

encPasswd

The SHA encoded password for the user.

displayName

The name displayed in the WMC for the user.

isActive

True or false depending on whether the user is logged in.

isMutable

True or false. True means that the object can be updated, false if not.

isVisible

True or false. True means that the object is visible in the WMC, false if not.

email

The email address for the user.

createdTime

The date and time the user was created.

failedLoginCount

The number of failed attempts to log in to the tenant by using this name. After five failures, the username is blocked for 15 seconds. For each successive failure, the blocked time is doubled.


scopeId

The scope ID for the scope where the user is located. Applies to Clouds only.

scopeType

The type of scope, either tenant or environment. Applies to Clouds only.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00034.html>

grantPrivilege

Grants the specified privilege.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:


privilege

The specified privilege being granted.

Returns:

True if the privilege is granted.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00035.html>

grantPrivileges

Grants the specified privileges.


Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

privileges
The specified privileges being granted.

Returns:
True if the privileges are granted.

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grantRole

Grants a specified role to a specified user.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

userName
The specified userName to whom the specified roleName is to be granted.

role
The specified roleName to be granted to the specified userName.

Returns:
True if the role is granted to the user.

The following example is a SOAP request to grant a role.


Request:

```
<soapenv:Envelope
xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"xmlns:sec="
http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
<soapenv:Header>
<sec:sessionId>AEBD5F4E5F311F0B60F6C12642F0418F</sec:sessionId>
</soapenv:Header>
<soapenv:Body>
<sec:grantRole>
<sec:username>test</sec:username>
<sec:role>user</sec:role>
</sec:grantRole>
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

Response:

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
<S:Body>
<ns3:grantRoleResponse xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security"
xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/security/03">
<ns3:success>true</ns3:success>
</ns3:grantRoleResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00037.html>

hasPrivilege

Returns true if a privilege exists for the specified user, target, and action.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

username

The specified user.

target


The specified target.

action

The specified action.

Returns:

True if the privilege exists.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00038.html>

isRealmUser

Returns true if the specified user belongs to the realm that corresponds to the session ID.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

username
The specified user.

Returns:
True if the user belongs to the realm.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to check if the specified user belongs to the realm.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>A85C21BB99E816D48800C90B2C5547D4</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:isRealmUser>
      <sec:username>admin@mycompany.com</sec:username>
    </sec:isRealmUser>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:isRealmUserResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:isRealmUser>true</ns2:isRealmUser>
    </ns2:isRealmUserResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

isUserEnabled

Checks to see if the specified username is enabled. An enabled user is authenticated.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

username
The username to be checked.

Returns:
True if the specified username is enabled.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to check if the specified user is enabled.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>A85C21BB99E816D48800C90B2C5547D4</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:isUserEnabled>
      <sec:username>webman</sec:username>
    </sec:isUserEnabled>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:isUserEnabledResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:isUserEnabled>true</ns2:isUserEnabled>
    </ns2:isUserEnabledResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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listAvailableActions

List the available actions for a specified target.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:


target

The specified target.

Returns:

The list of actions for the specified target.

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listGrantableRoles

Returns a list of roles that can be granted (excludes conditional roles).

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Returns:

The list of roles.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to list the grantable roles.


```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>AA91E56114D36B296D82660639B6482F</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:listGrantableRoles/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:listGrantableRolesResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
```

```
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
  <ns2:roles>admin@A51EDD44BE6C10B2D1335A9D634D407D</ns2:roles>
  <ns2:roles>user@A51EDD44BE6C10B2D1335A9D634D407D</ns2:roles>
  <ns2:roles>publisher@A51EDD44BE6C10B2D1335A9D634D407D</ns2:roles>
</ns2:listGrantableRolesResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00042.html>

listPrivileges

Returns a list of privileges for the specified targets and action.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

targets

The specified targets.


action

The specified action.

Returns:

The list of privileges.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00043.html>

listRoles

Gets a list of all the role names.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Returns:

The role names.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to get the role names.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>84076B5B810064272043B5106EEE46C3</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:listRoles/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:listRolesResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:roles>user@B74A0FF293331AB2A7E4F21E15D143F3</ns2:roles>
      <ns2:roles>publisher@B74A0FF293331AB2A7E4F21E15D143F3</ns2:roles>
      <ns2:roles>admin@B74A0FF293331AB2A7E4F21E15D143F3</ns2:roles>
    </ns2:listRolesResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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listUsers

Returns a list of all users.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Returns:

A list of all users.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request for the list of users.


```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>8F059BEEA3611033D277773A95404641</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
```

```
<soapenv:Body>
  <sec:listUsers/>
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP reply to the request for the list of users:

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:listUsersResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:users>foo@mycompany.com</ns2:users>
      <ns2:users>httpclient@mycompany.com</ns2:users>
      <ns2:users>admin@mycompany.com</ns2:users>
      <ns2:users>webman@mycompany.com</ns2:users>
      <ns2:users>support@mycompany.com</ns2:users>
    </ns2:listUsersResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00045.html>

login

Logs in to an Integration Appliance or a Cloud.

Parameters:

username

The user ID that you use to log in to an Integration Appliance or Cloud.

password

The password for username.

Returns:

The session ID.

Examples:

The following code is an example of a SOAP request that you can use to log in to the web service:

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header/>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:login>
      <sec:username>webman@mycompany.com</sec:username>
      <sec:password>My6word3S</sec:password>
```

```
</sec:login>
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The password must be at least eight characters long and contain a combination of three of the following characters:


- Alphabet characters
- Uppercase alphabet characters
- Numbers
- Special characters

The following code is an example of a SOAP response to a successful login request:

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:loginResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:sessionId>8F059BWEA3611033D277773A95404641</ns2:sessionId>
    </ns2:loginResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

The session ID is required to run the other operations in the Management API after logging in.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00046.html>

logout

Logs out of an Integration Appliance or Cloud.

Returns:

Logs out of the Integration Appliance or Cloud

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to log out.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>BB93F99B80AC742BEE3BC81262C2486F</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:logout/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is a SOAP reply to a logout request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:logoutResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/security/03">
      <return>true</return>
    </ns2:logoutResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00047.html>

removeKerberosConfiguration

Removes the Kerberos configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00048.html>

removeRoleFromRoleGroup

Removes the specified role as a member of the specified group.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

role

The name of the role.


group

The name of the group from which the role is to be removed.

Returns:

True if the role is successfully removed from the group.

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00049.html>

revokePrivilege

Revokes the specified privilege.


Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

privilege
The specified privilege being revoked.

Returns:
True if the privilege is revoked.

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00050.html>

revokeRole

Revokes a specified role from a specified user.


Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

userName
The specified userName to whom the specified roleName is to be revoked.

role
The specified roleName to be revoked from the specified userName.

Returns:
True if the role is revoked from the user.

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file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00051.html>

roleExists

Checks if the specified role exists. Returns true if the role exists.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

role

The specified role to be checked to see if it exists.

Returns:

True if the specified role exists.


Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to check if a role exists.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>A85C21BB99E816D48800C90B2C5547D4</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:roleExists>
      <sec:name>securitymonitor</sec:name>
    </sec:roleExists>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is a SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:roleExistsResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:roleExists>true</ns2:roleExists>
    </ns2:roleExistsResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00052.html>

setCurrentScope

Sets the current scope for this thread.

Applies to Clouds only.

Returns:

True if the current scope was set.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to set the current scope.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>84B7E4D6D856EB5812EB71896C3547CC</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:setCurrentScope>
      <sec:scopeName>Development</sec:scopeName>
    </sec:setCurrentScope>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:setCurrentScopeResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:setCurrentScopeResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00053.html>

setCurrentScopeById

Sets the current scope for this thread.

Applies to Clouds only.

Returns:

True if the current scope was set.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to set the current scope by the ID of the tenant or environment.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>84B7E4D6D856EB5812EB71896C3547CC</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:setCurrentScopeById>
      <sec:scopeId>8DA9ED360FCB9B3F6E867705490D4B9F</sec:scopeId>
    </sec:setCurrentScopeById>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:setCurrentScopeByIdResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:setCurrentScopeByIdResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00054.html>

setKerberosConfiguration

Sets the Kerberos configuration.

You can use the Kerberos protocol to provide security on an unsecured network for communication between your server and Clouds or Integration Appliances.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:


serverName

The name of the Kerberos server.

realm

The realm for the Kerberos server.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00055.html>

setLdapConfiguration

Sets an LDAP configuration.


Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

ldapConfig

The LDAP configuration.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00056.html>

updateRole

Updates the specified role.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

role

The specified roleName to be updated.

displayName

The name to be displayed in the WMC.


email

The email address for roleName.

Returns:

True if the role is updated.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00057.html>

updateUser

Updates a user.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

username

The user name for the tenant associated with the session ID.

displayName

The name to display in the WMC.

email

The email address for the username.

Returns:

True if the user was successfully updated.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to update a user. The input for the request is the session ID and the username. The email address is being updated in this example.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>A85C21BB99E816D48800C90B2C5547D4</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:updateUser>
      <sec:username>webman</sec:username>
      <sec:displayName>?</sec:displayName>
      <sec:email>webman@mycompany.com</sec:email>
    </sec:updateUser>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```


The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:updateUserResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
```

```
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
  <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
</ns2:updateUserResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

The email address was successfully updated.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00058.html>

userExists

Checks if the specified username exists.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

username
The username for which the check is made.

Returns:
True if the username exists.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to check if a user exists. The input for the request is the session ID and the username.


```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sec="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/security">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sec:sessionId>99E1848F7661D4FC066AD5F97AB44C0C</sec:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sec:userExists>
      <sec:username>webman</sec:username>
    </sec:userExists>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:userExistsResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/security" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schema/
router/1000/security/03">
      <ns2:userExists>true</ns2:userExists>
    </ns2:userExistsResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

```
</ns2:userExistsResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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Deployment

Information about the deployment WSDL.


The deployment WSDL provides operations to create, get, and delete configurations, rules, and projects. You can start, pause, stop, and cancel jobs. You can also import or export repositories.

This section contains the following topics:

- [cancelJob](#)
- [cloneConfiguration](#)
- [createAssets](#)
- [createConfiguration](#)
- [createRepeatingRule](#)
- [createRule](#)
- [createUserConfiguration](#)
- [deleteConfiguration](#)
- [deleteProject](#)
- [deleteRule](#)
- [deleteUserConfiguration](#)
- [downloadProject](#)
- [exportRepository](#)
- [getAllProjects](#)
- [getAssetGroupDisplayString](#)
- [getAssetGroupScript](#)
- [getAssetGroupWarnings](#)
- [getAssetProperties](#)
- [getAssetPropertiesBindings](#)
- [getConfiguration](#)
- [getConfigurationGroups](#)
- [getProject](#)
- [getRule](#)
- [getRules](#)
- [getUserConfiguration](#)
- [getUserConfigurations](#)
- [importRepository](#)
- [publishProject](#)
- [resume](#)
- [saveOrchestrationValues](#)

- [saveProperties](#)
- [setConfigurationGroups](#)
- [start](#)
- [stopAndCancel](#)
- [stopAndWait](#)
- [suspend](#)
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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00092.html>

cancelJob

Cancels the specified job group.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the project.

Version

The version number for the project.

configName

The name used to identify a configuration, such as Default.


jobId

The ID for the job.

Together projectName, Version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

You can obtain the jobId by first running the searchJobs operation (orcmon.wsdl).

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00093.html>

cloneConfiguration

Clones the specified configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

oldConfigName

The name of the configuration being cloned.

newConfigName

The name of the cloned configuration.

Returns:

The cloned configuration.


Examples:

The following code is an example of a SOAP request to clone a configuration.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>855BE295392375C8551C8B98D6EA4774</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:cloneConfiguration>
      <dep:projectName>GenericProject_1_Cloud</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:oldConfigName>GenericProject_2_Cloud</dep:oldConfigName>
      <dep:newConfigName>GenericProject_3_Cloud</dep:newConfigName>
    </dep:cloneConfiguration>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:cloneConfigurationResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:cloneConfigurationResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00094.html>

createAssets

Creates assets by using the specified script.

The endpoint is specified as a project URL, such as project-url:// Endpoints/TargetDB. The module ID is typically either <http://www.approuter.com/module/webservice/> or <http://www.approuter.com/module/database/>

Database assets must be enclosed as specified in the following table.

Database	Enclosure
DB2® AS/400®	" "
Informix®	[]
Microsoft SQL	[]
Oracle	" "
Sybase	" "

The following table lists the assets that can be created for the databases.

Database	Asset
DB2 As/400, Informix, Microsoft, Sybase	Applies to Clouds, Integration Appliances. Buffer tables, control tables, and triggers.
Local Staging Database	Buffer tables, control table, index tables, and triggers
Oracle	Buffer tables, control tables, sequences, and triggers

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

ModuleID

The module ID for the assets.

endpointUrl

The endpoint URL for the assets.

propNames

The names of the property assets.

username

The user ID for the endpoint.

password

The password for the endpoint.

assetType

The type of asset.

script


The script to run against the endpoint.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

Success or failure.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00095.html>

createConfiguration

Creates the specified configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

The specified configuration.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to create a configuration.


```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>85EBDCE6FF0685C296D79CD55D86405F</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:createConfiguration>
      <dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>HTTP_363W</dep:configName>
    </dep:createConfiguration>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:createConfigurationResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:createConfigurationResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00096.html>

createRepeatingRule

Creates a repeating rule for downtime for the specified configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

stopDate

The date the configuration is to be stopped.

restartDate

The date the configuration is to be restarted.

downtimeType

The type or reason for the downtime.

repeat

Specifies that the downtime rule be repeated.

repeatInterval


Specifies the amount of time between repeats of the downtime rule.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

The new repeating rule for the specified configuration.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00097.html>

createRule

Creates a downtime rule for the specified configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

stopDate

The date the configuration is to be stopped.

restartDate

The date the configuration is to be restarted.

downtimeType

The type or reason for the downtime.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

The new downtime rule for the specified configuration.

Examples:


The following code is an example of a SOAP request to create a rule. Dates must conform to ISO 8601.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>8FDBC8ED7A014272714D23D14794473A</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:createRule>
      <dep:projectName>GenericProject_1_Cloud</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>Default</dep:configName>
      <dep:stopDate>2010-04-17T07:00:00.066Z</dep:stopDate>
      <dep:restartDate>2010-04-17T08:00:00.066Z</dep:restartDate>
      <dep:downtimeType>stop</dep:downtimeType>
    </dep:createRule>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:createRuleResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:ruleId>2</ns2:ruleId>
    </ns2:createRuleResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00098.html>

createUserConfiguration

Creates the specified user configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName
The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName


The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

The specified user configuration.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00099.html>

deleteConfiguration

Deletes the specified configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Examples:

The following code is an example of a SOAP request to delete a configuration.


```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>AACA96757B36C2B4582C811197EE43C0</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:deleteConfiguration>
      <dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>HTTP_363j</dep:configName>
    </dep:deleteConfiguration>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

```
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:deleteConfigurationResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:deleteConfigurationResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00100.html>

deleteProject

Deletes the specified project.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName
The name of the specified project.

version
The version number for the specified project.

Examples:


The following code is an example of a SOAP request to delete a project.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>80C147E844799CA856AF3DB6910C4B63</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:deleteProject>
      <dep:projectName>MIME_Test1</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
    </dep:deleteProject>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:deleteProjectResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:deleteProjectResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00101.html>

deleteRule

Deletes the rule for the specified ID.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

ruleId

The specified ID for the rule to be deleted.

Examples:

The following code is an example of a SOAP request to delete a rule.


```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>8FDBC8ED7A014272714D23D14794473A</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:deleteRule>
      <dep:ruleId>2</dep:ruleId>
    </dep:deleteRule>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:deleteRuleResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
```

```
<ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
</ns2:deleteRuleResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00102.html>

deleteUserConfiguration

Deletes the specified configuration for the specified user.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

userName

The name of the specified user.

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to delete the specified configuration.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>AAC96757B36C2B4582C811197EE43C0</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:deleteConfiguration>
      <dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>HTTP_363j</dep:configName>
    </dep:deleteConfiguration>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP reply to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:deleteConfigurationResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:deleteConfigurationResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00103.html>

downloadProject

Downloads the specified project as a byte array.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName


The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

The specified project in a compressed file.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00104.html>

exportRepository


Exports the project repository in XML format.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Returns:

The project repository in XML format.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00105.html>

getAllProjects

Gets all the projects.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Returns:

All the projects.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to get all projects.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>85EBDCE6FF0685C296D79CD55D86405F</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:getAllProjects/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.


```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getAllProjectsResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:projects>
        <assets/>
        <configurations>
          <configuration>
            <envId>
              <guidString>A51EDD44BE6C10B2D1335A9D634D407D</guidString>
            </envId>
            <lastmodified>2010-04-03T06:28:42.078Z</lastmodified>
            <name>Default</name>
```

```

<orchestrationValues>
  <orchestrationValue>
    <enabled>true</enabled>
    <syncLoggingEnabled>>false</syncLoggingEnabled>
    <loggingLevel>errorValues</loggingLevel>
    <maxJobs>1</maxJobs>
    <orchestrationRelativeurl>project-url://
    Orchestrations/Receive</orchestrationRelativeurl>
    <state>undeployed</state>
  </orchestrationValue>
  <orchestrationValue>
    <enabled>true</enabled>
    <syncLoggingEnabled>>false</syncLoggingEnabled>
    <loggingLevel>errorValues</loggingLevel>
    <maxJobs>1</maxJobs>
    <orchestrationRelativeurl>project-url://
    Orchestrations/Post</orchestrationRelativeurl>
    <state>undeployed</state>
  </orchestrationValue>
</orchestrationValues>
<projectName>HTTP_363i</projectName>
<projectVersion>1.0</projectVersion>
<propertyValues/>
<state>undeployed</state>
</configuration>
</configurations>
<envId>
  <guidString>A51EDD44BE6C10B2D1335A9D634D407D</guidString>
</envId>
<lastpublished>2010-04-03T06:28:41.894Z</lastpublished>
<name>HTTP_363i</name>
<orchestrations>
  <orchestration>
    <relativeurl>project-url://Orchestrations/Post</relativeurl>
  </orchestration>
  <orchestration>
    <relativeurl>project-url://Orchestrations/Receive</
    relativeurl>
  </orchestration>
</orchestrations>
<properties/>
<version>1.0</version>
</ns2:projects>
</ns2:getAllProjectsResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>

```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00106.html>

getAssetGroupDisplayString

Gets the asset display string for the specified configuration, endpoint, and property names.

The endpoint is specified as a project URL, such as project-url://Endpoints/TargetDB. The module ID is typically either http://www.approuter.com/module/webservice/ or http://www.approuter.com/module/database/

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

ModuleID

The module ID for the assets.

endpointUrl

The endpoint URL for the assets.

propNames


The names of the property assets.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

The asset display string.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00107.html>

getAssetGroupScript

Gets the asset script for the given configuration, endpoint, and property names.

The endpoint is specified as a project URL, such as project-url://Endpoints/TargetDB. The module ID is typically either http://www.approuter.com/module/webservice/ or http://www.approuter.com/module/database/

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

ModuleID

The module ID for the assets.

endpointUrl

The endpoint URL for the assets.

propNames


The names of the property assets.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

The asset script.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00108.html>

getAssetGroupWarnings

Gets the asset warnings for the specified configuration, endpoint, and property names.

The endpoint is specified as a project URL, such as project-url://Endpoints/TargetDB. The module ID is typically either [http:// www.approuter.com/module/webservice/](http://www.approuter.com/module/webservice/) or <http://www.approuter.com/module/database/>

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

ModuleID

The module ID for the assets.

endpointUrl

The endpoint URL for the assets.

propNames


The names of the property assets.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

The asset warnings.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00109.html>

getAssetProperties

Gets the asset property values for the specified configuration and endpoint.

The endpoint is specified as a project URL, for example project-url://Endpoints/TargetDB. The module ID is typically either <http://www.approuter.com/module/webservice/> or <http://www.approuter.com/module/database/>

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

ModuleID

The module ID for the assets.

endpointUrl


The endpoint URL for the assets.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

The values for the asset properties.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00110.html>

getAssetPropertiesBindings

Gets the asset properties for the specified configuration, endpoint, and property names.

The endpoint is specified as a project URL, such as project-url://Endpoints/TargetDB. The module ID is typically either [http:// www.approuter.com/module/webservice/](http://www.approuter.com/module/webservice/) or <http://www.approuter.com/module/database/>

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

ModuleID

The module ID for the assets.

endpointUrl

The endpoint URL for the assets.

propNames


The names of the property assets.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

The asset properties.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00111.html>

getConfiguration

Gets the specified project.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

Version

The version number for the specified project.

Returns:

The specified project.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to get a specified project:


```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>85EBDCE6FF0685C296D79CD55D86405F</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:getConfiguration>
      <dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>HTTP_363j</dep:configName>
    </dep:getConfiguration>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getConfigurationResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:configuration>
        <envId>
          <guidString>A51EDD44BE6C10B2D1335A9D634D407D</guidString>
        </envId>
        <lastmodified>2010-04-08T20:58:49.694Z</lastmodified>
        <name>HTTP_363j</name>
        <orchestrationValues>
          <orchestrationValue>
            <enabled>true</enabled>
            <syncLoggingEnabled>false</syncLoggingEnabled>
            <loggingLevel>errorValues</loggingLevel>
            <maxJobs>1</maxJobs>
            <orchestrationRelativeurl>project-url://Orchestrations/
Post</orchestrationRelativeurl>
            <state>stopped</state>
          </orchestrationValue>
          <orchestrationValue>
            <enabled>true</enabled>
            <syncLoggingEnabled>false</syncLoggingEnabled>
            <loggingLevel>errorValues</loggingLevel>
            <maxJobs>1</maxJobs>
            <orchestrationRelativeurl>project-url://Orchestrations/
```

```
    Receive</orchestrationRelativeurl>
    <state>stopped</state>
  </orchestrationValue>
</orchestrationValues>
<projectName>HTTP_363i</projectName>
<projectVersion>1.0</projectVersion>
<propertyValues/>
<state>stopped</state>
</ns2:configuration>
</ns2:getConfigurationResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00112.html>

getConfigurationGroups

Gets the display names for the groups with permission for the given configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

The group display names.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to get configuration groups with permission for the specified configuration.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>AAC96757B36C2B4582C811197EE43C0</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:getConfigurationGroups>
```




```
<dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
<dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
<dep:configName>HTTP_363j</dep:configName>
</dep:getConfigurationGroups>
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP reply to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getConfigurationGroupsResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:groupDisplayNames>
        <ns4:id>8D8D61C4EF435FDB63E543509B9F4978</ns4:id>
        <ns4:name>admin@A51EDD44BE6C10B2D1335A9D634D407D</ns4:name>
        <ns4:displayName>Administrator Group</ns4:displayName>
        <ns4:isActive>true</ns4:isActive>
        <ns4:isMutable>false</ns4:isMutable>
        <ns4:isVisible>true</ns4:isVisible>
        <ns4:createdTime>2010-04-02T22:44:46Z</ns4:createdTime>
        <ns4:scopeId>A51EDD44BE6C10B2D1335A9D634D407D</ns4:scopeId>
        <ns4:scopeType>Environment</ns4:scopeType>
        <ns4:groupType>Admin</ns4:groupType>
      </ns2:groupDisplayNames>
    </ns2:getConfigurationGroupsResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ci00113.html>

getProject

Gets the specified project.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName
The name of the specified project.

Version
The version number for the specified project.

Returns:
The specified project.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to get the specified project.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>85EBDCE6FF0685C296D79CD55D86405F</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:getProject>
      <dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
    </dep:getProject>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.


```
<S:Body>
  <ns2:getProjectResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
    <ns2:project>
      <assets/>
      <configurations>
        <configuration>
          <envId>
            <guidString>A51EDD44BE6C10B2D1335A9D634D407D</guidString>
          </envId>
          <lastmodified>2010-04-03T06:28:42.078Z</lastmodified>
          <name>Default</name>
          <orchestrationValues>
            <orchestrationValue>
              <enabled>true</enabled>
              <syncLoggingEnabled>false</syncLoggingEnabled>
              <loggingLevel>errorValues</loggingLevel>
              <maxJobs>1</maxJobs>
              <orchestrationRelativeurl>project-url://
Orchestrations/Post</
orchestrationRelativeurl>
              <state>undeployed</state>
            </orchestrationValue>
            <orchestrationValue>
              <enabled>true</enabled>
              <syncLoggingEnabled>false</syncLoggingEnabled>
              <loggingLevel>errorValues</loggingLevel>
              <maxJobs>1</maxJobs>
              <orchestrationRelativeurl>project-url://
Orchestrations/Receive</
orchestrationRelativeurl>
              <state>undeployed</state>
            </orchestrationValue>
          </orchestrationValues>
          <projectName>HTTP_363i</projectName>
          <projectVersion>1.0</projectVersion>
          <propertyValues/>
          <state>undeployed</state>
        </configuration>
      </configurations>
      <envId>
        <guidString>A51EDD44BE6C10B2D1335A9D634D407D</guidString>
```

```

</envId>
<lastpublished>2010-04-03T06:28:41.894Z</lastpublished>
<name>HTTP_363i</name>
<orchestrations>
  <orchestration>
    <relativeurl>project-url://Orchestrations
      /Post</relativeurl>
  </orchestration>
  <orchestration>
    <relativeurl>project-url://Orchestrations/Recieve</
      relativeurl>
  </orchestration>
</orchestrations>
<properties/>
<version>1.0</version>
</ns2:project>
</ns2:getProjectResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>

```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00114.html>

getRule

Gets the downtime rule for the specified downtime rule ID.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

ruleId
The specified downtime rule ID.

Returns:
The downtime rule.

Examples:

The following code is an example of a SOAP request to get a rule.

```

<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>8FDBC8ED7A014272714D23D14794473A</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:getRule>
      <dep:ruleId>2</dep:ruleId>
    </dep:getRule>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>


```

```
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getRuleResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment/
types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/security/03"
xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:rule>
        <ns3:configUrl>config-url://GenericProject_1_Cloud:1.0:Default</
ns3:configUrl>
        <ns3:downtimeType>stop</ns3:downtimeType>
        <ns3:envId>
          <guidString>A7FFE81243A1E319FCAED0DFABF9470B</guidString>
        </ns3:envId>
        <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
        <ns3:repeatInterval>0</ns3:repeatInterval>
        <ns3:repeatType>none</ns3:repeatType>
        <ns3:repeatingRule>false</ns3:repeatingRule>
        <ns3:restartDate>2010-04-17T08:00:00.066Z</ns3:restartDate>
        <ns3:ruleId>2</ns3:ruleId>
        <ns3:stopDate>2010-04-17T07:00:00.066Z</ns3:stopDate>
      </ns2:rule>
    </ns2:getRuleResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00115.html>

getRules

Gets the downtime rules for the specified configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

Version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

The downtime rules for the specified configuration.

Examples:


The following code is an example of a SOAP request to get rules.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>8FDBC8ED7A014272714D23D14794473A</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:getRules>
      <dep:projectName>GenericProject_1_Cloud</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>Default</dep:configName>
    </dep:getRules>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getRulesResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:rules>
        <ns3:configUrl>config-url://GenericProject_1_Cloud:1.0:Default</
ns3:configUrl>
        <ns3:downtimeType>stop</ns3:downtimeType>
        <ns3:envId>
          <guidString>A7FFE81243A1E319FCAED0DFABF9470B</guidString>
        </ns3:envId>
        <ns3:isActive>true</ns3:isActive>
        <ns3:repeatInterval>0</ns3:repeatInterval>
        <ns3:repeatType>none</ns3:repeatType>
        <ns3:repeatingRule>false</ns3:repeatingRule>
        <ns3:restartDate>2010-04-17T08:00:00.066Z</ns3:restartDate>
        <ns3:ruleId>2</ns3:ruleId>
        <ns3:stopDate>2010-04-17T07:00:00.066Z</ns3:stopDate>
      </ns2:rules>
    </ns2:getRulesResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00116.html>

Gets the specified configuration for the specified user.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

userName

The name of the specified user.

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName


The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

The specified configuration for specified user.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00117.html>

getUserConfigurations

Gets the configurations for the specified user.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:


userName

The name of the specified user.

Returns:

The configurations for the specified user.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00118.html>

importRepository

Imports the project repository in XML format.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Parameters:

importType

The type of import.


data

The project repository in XML format.

Returns:

Success or failure

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<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00119.html>

publishProject

Publishes the given project and creates a default configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version


The version number for the specified project.

content

The project in a compressed file (a .par file).

Returns:

Success or failure.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00120.html>

resume

Resumes the specified configuration

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

Success or failure.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to resume running a configuration that was paused.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>85EBDCE6FF0685C296D79CD55D86405F</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:resume>
      <dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>HTTP_363j</dep:configName>
    </dep:resume>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```


The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:resumeResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment/
types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/security/03"
xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:success>>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:resumeResponse>
```



```
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00121.html>

saveOrchestrationValues

Saves the specified values for the specified orchestration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

values

The specified values to save for the specified orchestration.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

Success or failure.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to save the values for the specified orchestration.


```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>AACAA96757B36C2B4582C811197EE43C0</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:saveOrchestrationValues>
      <dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>HTTP_363j</dep:configName>
      <dep:values>
        <enabled>>true</enabled>
        <syncLoggingEnabled>>false</syncLoggingEnabled>
        <loggingLevel>errorValues</loggingLevel>
      </dep:values>
    </dep:saveOrchestrationValues>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

```
<maxJobs>1</maxJobs>
<orchestrationRelativeurl>orchestrationRelativeurl>project-url://
Orchestrations/
Receive</orchestrationRelativeurl>
<state>stopped</state>
</dep:values>
</dep:saveOrchestrationValues>
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP reply to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:saveOrchestrationValuesResponse xmlns:ns2="http://
www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://
www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://
www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://
www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:saveOrchestrationValuesResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00122.html>

saveProperties

Saves the specified properties for the specified configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

Version

The version number for the specified project.

configName


The configuration name for the specified project.

properties

The specified properties to save for the specified configuration.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00123.html>

setConfigurationGroups

Sets the groups with permission for the specified project.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

groupIds


The IDs for the groups.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

Success or failure.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00124.html>

start

Starts the specified configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

Success or failure.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to start a configuration.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>85EBDCE6FF0685C296D79CD55D86405F</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:start>
      <dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>HTTP_363j</dep:configName>
    </dep:start>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:startResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment/
types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/security/03"
xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:startResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ci00125.html>

stopAndCancel

Stops and cancels all the jobs for the specified configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

Success or failure.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to stop and cancel the configuration.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>85EBDCE6FF0685C296D79CD55D86405F</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:stopAndCancel>
      <dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>HTTP_363j</dep:configName>
    </dep:stopAndCancel>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope></soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:stopAndCancelResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:stopAndCancelResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00126.html>

stopAndWait

Stops and waits for jobs for the specified configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

Success or failure

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to stop the configuration and wait.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>85EBDCE6FF0685C296D79CD55D86405F</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:stopAndWait>
      <dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>HTTP_363j</dep:configName>
    </dep:stopAndWait>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:stopAndWaitResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:stopAndWaitResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

suspend

Suspends the specified configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

Success or failure.


Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to suspend the specified configuration.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>85EBDCE6FF0685C296D79CD55D86405F</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:suspend>
      <dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>HTTP_363j</dep:configName>
    </dep:suspend>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:suspendResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment/
types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/security/03"
xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:suspendResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00128.html>

undeploy

Withdraw the specified configuration.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the specified project.

version

The version number for the specified project.

configName

The configuration name for the specified project.

Together projectName, version, and configName uniquely identify a configuration.

Returns:

Success or failure.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to withdraw the specified configuration.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:dep="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/deployment">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <dep:sessionId>85EBDCE6FF0685C296D79CD55D86405F</dep:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <dep:undeploy>
      <dep:projectName>HTTP_363i</dep:projectName>
      <dep:version>1.0</dep:version>
      <dep:configName>HTTP_363j</dep:configName>
    </dep:undeploy>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```


The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:undeployResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/deployment" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
deployment/types" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/
```



```
security/03" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
  <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
</ns2:undeployResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00129.html>

Orcmon


Information about the orcmon WSDL.

Using the orcmon WSDL, you can search for jobs, get a job count, and get job details. You can also set and get job monitoring properties.

This section contains the following topics:

- [getJobCount](#)
- [getJobDetails](#)
- [getMonitoringProperties](#)
- [purgeJobs](#)
- [searchJobs](#)
- [setMonitoringProperties](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00130.html>

getJobCount

Returns the number of jobs that have the specified parameters.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the project that contains the configuration where the jobs run.

version

The version number of the project.

configName

The name of the configuration that contains the orchestration where the jobs run. For the default configuration, this value should be 'Default'.

orchName

The name of the orchestration where the jobs run.

jobId (optional)

The ID of the jobs for which a count is returned.

jobKey (optional)

The job key for the jobs for which a count is returned.

minStartDate

The earliest date that the jobs started.

maxStartDate

The latest date that the jobs started.

status

The status of the jobs.

–Setting status as negative gets all status.


–Setting specific status value gets jobs with that status:

- SUCCESS = 0
- ERRORED = 1
- RUNNING = 2
- CANCELLING = 3
- TERMINATED = 4
- CANCELLED = 5
- SUSPENDED = 6
- CRASHED = 7
- SUSPENDING = 8
- UNKNOWN = 101

Returns:

The number of jobs.

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getJobDetails

Returns the details for the job with the specified parameters.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the project that contains the configuration where the job runs.

version

The version number of the project.

configName

The name of the configuration that contains the orchestration where the job runs.

orchName

The name of the orchestration where the job runs.


jobId

The ID of the job for which the details are returned.

Returns:

The job details for the job that has the specified parameters.

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getMonitoringProperties


Gets the properties for managing orchestration monitoring data.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Returns:

The monitoring properties.

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purgeJobs

Purges jobs that have the specified parameters.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the project that contains the configuration where the jobs run.

version

The version number of the project.

configName

The name of the configuration that contains the orchestration where the jobs run.

orchName

The name of the orchestration where the jobs run.

jobId

The ID of the job to be purged.

jobKey

The job key for the jobs to be purged.

minStartDate

The earliest date that the jobs started.

maxStartDate

The latest date that the jobs started.

status

The status of the jobs.


exportJobs

Whether to return the purged jobs - true or false.

Returns:

The purged jobs if exportJobs is set to true.

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searchJobs

Returns the jobs that have the specified parameters.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

projectName

The name of the project that contains the configuration where the jobs run.

version

The version number of the project.

configName

The name of the configuration that contains the orchestration where the jobs run.

orchName

The name of the orchestration where the jobs run.

jobId

The ID of the jobs to be returned.

jobKey

The job key for the jobs to be returned.

minStartDate

The earliest date that the jobs started.

maxStartDate

The latest date that the jobs started.

status

The status of the jobs.

page

0-based page numbering.

pageSize

The number of lines per page.

Returns:

The jobs that have the specified parameters.

Examples:

The following code is an example of a SOAP request to search jobs.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:orc="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/orcmon">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <orc:sessionId>834133D57E9259C94D44E53A5F6B43C2</orc:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <orc:searchJobs>
      <orc:projectName>CloudProvideProject_2</orc:projectName>
      <orc:version>1.0</orc:version>
      <orc:configName>Default</orc:configName>
      <orc:orchName>ProvideOnCloud</orc:orchName>
      <orc:jobId></orc:jobId>
      <orc:jobKey></orc:jobKey>
      <orc:minStartDate></orc:minStartDate>
      <orc:maxStartDate></orc:maxStartDate>
    </orc:searchJobs>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

```

    <orc:status>errored</orc:status>
    <orc:page>0</orc:page>
    <orc:pageSize>1</orc:pageSize>
  </orc:searchJobs>
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>

```


The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```

<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns3:searchJobsResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2005/1/monitoringProps/" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/orcmon" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2004/1/
orcmon/" xmlns:ns5="http://www.approuter.com/schema/router/1000/logging.xsd"
xmlns:ns6="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2004/1/orcmon">
      <ns3:jobs status="1" startTime="2010-04-15T10:40:02.665Z"
path="CloudProvideProject_2/1.0/Default/Orchestrations/ProvideOnCloud"
id=" dcs_markdown_workspace_Transform_htmlout_0_com.ibm.wci.api.doc_ci00135_ADCF71CC
D81139F8CF16F815998B4B73" endTime="2010-04-15T10:40:38.066Z">
        <ns6:event seqNum="0">
          <ns6:eventType>
            <ns4:taskStartLoggedEvent>
              <ns4:taskId>ADCF71CCD81139F8CF16F815998B4B73</ns4:taskId>
              <ns4:sequenceNumber>0</ns4:sequenceNumber>
              <ns4:time>2010-04-15T10:40:02.665Z</ns4:time>
            </ns4:taskStartLoggedEvent>
          </ns6:eventType>
        </ns6:event>
        <ns6:event seqNum="1">
          <ns6:eventType>
            <ns4:setStatusLoggedEvent>
              <ns4:taskId>ADCF71CCD81139F8CF16F815998B4B73</ns4:taskId>
              <ns4:sequenceNumber>1</ns4:sequenceNumber>
              <ns4:status>2</ns4:status>
            </ns4:setStatusLoggedEvent>
          </ns6:eventType>
        </ns6:event>
      </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>

```

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setMonitoringProperties

Sets the properties for managing orchestration monitoring data.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Parameter:


properties

The properties for managing orchestration monitoring data.

Returns:

A list of warning and error messages.

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Lognotif


Information about the lognotif WSDL.

Using the lognotif WSDL, you can save, get, and delete notification policies. You can also get and set email and SNMP endpoints, set and get log levels, and get a log count.

This section contains the following topics:

- [createNotificationPolicy](#)
- [deleteNotificationPolicy](#)
- [getEmailEndpoint](#)
- [getLogCount](#)
- [getLogLevel](#)
- [getNotificationPolicies](#)
- [getNotificationPolicy](#)
- [getSnmpEndpoint](#)
- [searchLogs](#)
- [setEmailEndpoint](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00137.html>

createNotificationPolicy

Creates and saves a notification policy.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

policy

The name of the policy.

Returns:

The notification policy ID of the policy was successfully created. If not successful, returns a -1.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to create a notification policy.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:log="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <log:sessionId>910D9A7B441C97AC2FCC54E3F1274AA7</log:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <log:createNotificationPolicy>
      <log:name>TestNotif</log:name>
      <log:logComponent>orchestration</log:logComponent>
      <log:logLevel>error</log:logLevel>
      <log:emailAddresses>user@mydomain.com</log:emailAddresses>
      <log:isSnmp>>false</log:isSnmp>
    </log:createNotificationPolicy>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:createNotificationPolicyResponse xmlns:ns2="http://
www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif" xmlns:ns3="http://
www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif/types">
      <ns2:policyId>688128</ns2:policyId>
    </ns2:createNotificationPolicyResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00138.html>

deleteNotificationPolicy

Deletes a notification policy.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

policyId

The specified ID for the notification policy to be deleted.

Returns:

Success or failure.

Examples:


The following is a SOAP request to delete the notification policy with the specified ID.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:log="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <log:sessionId>910D9A7B441C97AC2FCC54E3F1274AA7</log:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <log:deleteNotificationPolicy>
      <log:policyId>688128</log:policyId>
    </log:deleteNotificationPolicy>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:deleteNotificationPolicyResponse xmlns:ns2="http://
www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif" xmlns:ns3="http://
www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif/types">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:deleteNotificationPolicyResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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getEmailEndpoint

Gets the email endpoint for notifications based on the session ID.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Returns:

The email endpoint.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to get an email endpoint.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:log="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <log:sessionId>910D9A7B441C97AC2FCC54E3F1274AA7</log:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <log:getEmailEndpoint/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getEmailEndpointResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/lognotif" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
lognotif/types">
      <ns2:emailEndpoint>
        <ns3:active>true</ns3:active>
        <ns3:credentials>
          <ns3:password>test</ns3:password>
          <ns3:user>test</ns3:user>
        </ns3:credentials>
        <ns3:host>hq-exch-01</ns3:host>
        <ns3:port>123</ns3:port>
        <ns3:sender>user@mydomain.com</ns3:sender>
        <ns3:subject>Notification</ns3:subject>
      </ns2:emailEndpoint>
    </ns2:getEmailEndpointResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.doc/ci00140.html>

getLogCount

Gets the number of logs for the specified parameters.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

logComponent

The specified component for which logs are generated.

logLevel

The level of logging to be done for the specified component.

maxDaysOld

The maximum number of days to go back to get logs. Use 1 for no maximum.

status

The specified status of logs to be included in the count. The default values are:

- All
- Resolved
- Unresolved

Returns:

The number of logs that match the specified parameters.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to get a log count.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:log="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <log:sessionId>910D9A7B441C97AC2FCC54E3F1274AA7</log:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <log:getLogCount>
      <log:logComponent>orchestration</log:logComponent>
      <log:logLevel>error</log:logLevel>
      <log:maxDaysOld>3</log:maxDaysOld>
      <log:status>all</log:status>
    </log:getLogCount>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getLogCountResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/lognotif" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
lognotif/types">
      <ns2:logCount>8</ns2:logCount>
    </ns2:getLogCountResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00141.html>

getLogLevel

Gets the log level for the specified log component.

The default log levels are:

- All. (Note: The actual level of logs retrieved for the All level is determined by the logging level set in the WMC. For more information, see "Specify System Log Settings" in the WMC).
- Fatal
- Severe
- Warning
- Info

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter

logComponent

The specified component for which logs are generated.

Returns:

The log level for the specified component.

Examples


The following example is a SOAP request to get the log level for orchestrations.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:log="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <log:sessionId>AD2E025868AC1392A44E6E27E4594EF9</log:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <log:getLogLevel>
      <log:logComponent>orchestration</log:logComponent>
    </log:getLogLevel>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following is the SOAP reply to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns3:getLogLevelResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/lognotif/types" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/lognotif">
      <ns3:logLevel>warning</ns3:logLevel>
    </ns3:getLogLevelResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00142.html>

getNotificationPolicies

Gets the notification policies.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Returns:

The notification policies.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to get notification policies.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:log="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <log:sessionId>910D9A7B441C97AC2FCC54E3F1274AA7</log:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <log:getNotificationPolicies/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getNotificationPoliciesResponse xmlns:ns2="http://
www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif" xmlns:ns3="http://
www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif/types">
      <ns2:notificationPolicies>
        <emailAddresses>user@mydomain.com</emailAddresses>
        <id>688129</id>
        <logComponent>orchestration</logComponent>
        <logLevel>error</logLevel>
        <name>TestNotif</name>
        <snmp>>false</snmp>
      </ns2:notificationPolicies>
    </ns2:getNotificationPoliciesResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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getNotificationPolicy

Gets the notification policy that is using the specified notification policy ID.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameter:

policyId

The specified ID for the notification policy.

Returns:

The notification policy.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to get a notification.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:log="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <log:sessionId>910D9A7B441C97AC2FCC54E3F1274AA7</log:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <log:getNotificationPolicy>
      <log:policyId>688129</log:policyId>
    </log:getNotificationPolicy>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getNotificationPolicyResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/lognotif" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
lognotif/types">
      <ns2:notificationPolicy>
        <emailAddresses>user@mydomain.com</emailAddresses>
        <id>688129</id>
        <logComponent>orchestration</logComponent>
        <logLevel>error</logLevel>
        <name>TestNotif</name>
        <snmp>false</snmp>
      </ns2:notificationPolicy>
    </ns2:getNotificationPolicyResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00144.html>

getSnmpEndpoint

Gets the SNMP endpoint for notifications.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Returns:

The SNMP endpoint.

Examples:


The following example is a SOAP request to get an SNMP endpoint.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:log="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <log:sessionId>910D9A7B441C97AC2FCC54E3F1274AA7</log:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <log:getSnmpEndpoint/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getSnmpEndpointResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/lognotif" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
lognotif/types">
      <ns2:snmpEndpoint>
        <ns3:active>true</ns3:active>
        <ns3:community>Test</ns3:community>
        <ns3:host>hq-exch-01</ns3:host>
      </ns2:snmpEndpoint>
    </ns2:getSnmpEndpointResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00145.html>

searchLogs

Gets the logs for the specified parameters.

Applies to Clouds and Integration Appliances.

Parameters:

logComponent

The specified component for which logs are generated. **logComponent** is one of:

- hardware
- resources
- network
- security

- orchestration
- deployment
- all

logLevel

The level of logging to be done for the specified component. **logLevel** is one of:

- critical
- error
- warning
- info
- all

maxDaysOld

The maximum number of days to go back to get logs. Use -1 for no maximum.

status

The specified status of logs to be included in the search. **status** is one of:

- resolved
- unresolved
- all

page

Uses 0-based page numbering. Log pagination starts with zero. Maximum size of page should be documented as 2,147,483,647.

pageSize

Specifies the size of the log pages that are returned. Maximum size of pageSize should be documented as 2,147,483,647.

Returns:

The logs that match the specified parameters.

Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to search the logs for logs that match the specified parameters.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:log="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <log:sessionId>AD2E025868AC1392A44E6E27E4594EF9</log:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <log:searchLogs>
      <log:logComponent>orchestration</log:logComponent>
      <log:logLevel>error</log:logLevel>
      <log:maxDaysOld>6</log:maxDaysOld>
      <log:status>all</log:status>
      <log:page>1</log:page>
      <log:pageSize>5</log:pageSize>
    </log:searchLogs>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```


The following example is the SOAP reply to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
```



```
<ns3:searchLogsResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/lognotif/types" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/lognotif">
  <ns3:logs>
    <ns2:system>orchestration</ns2:system>
    <ns2:message>Internal error: java.lang.RuntimeException: Could
    not create the module activity: invoke for module http://www.approuter.com/
    module/jde/: com.approuter.maestro.sdk.mpi.ActivityCreationException: Not able
    to connect to gateway</ns2:message>
    <ns2:id>10157</ns2:id>
    <ns2:level>error</ns2:level>
    <ns2:timestamp>2010-04-07T09:03:30.155Z</ns2:timestamp>
  </ns3:logs>
  <ns3:logs>
    <ns2:system>orchestration</ns2:system>
    <ns2:message>Unable to compile the orchestration config-url://
    JDE_TestCase_101/3.2/Default/Orchestrations/Orchestration</ns2:message>
    <ns2:id>10156</ns2:id>
    <ns2:level>error</ns2:level>
    <ns2:timestamp>2010-04-07T09:03:29.124Z</ns2:timestamp>
  </ns3:logs>
  <ns3:logs>
    <ns2:system>orchestration</ns2:system>
    <ns2:message>Error while trying to call remote operation connect
    on gateway for activity com.approuter.module.jde.activity.JdeInvoke and
    Secure Connector 2133, error is The Secure Connector name: 2133 is not
    correct. Please specify the right agent name</ns2:message>
    <ns2:id>10155</ns2:id>
    <ns2:level>error</ns2:level>
    <ns2:timestamp>2010-04-07T09:03:29.110Z</ns2:timestamp>
  </ns3:logs>
  <ns3:logs>
    <ns2:system>orchestration</ns2:system>
    <ns2:message>Undeploy of Orchestration config-url://
    JDE_TestCase_101/3.2/Default/Orchestrations/Orchestration failed:
    Orchestration not deployed: config-url://JDE_TestCase_101/3.2/Default/
    Orchestrations/Orchestration.</ns2:message>
    <ns2:id>10153</ns2:id>
    <ns2:level>error</ns2:level>
    <ns2:timestamp>2010-04-07T08:48:30.078Z</ns2:timestamp>
  </ns3:logs>
  <ns3:logs>
    <ns2:system>orchestration</ns2:system>
    <ns2:message>Orchestration not deployed: config-url://
    JDE_TestCase_101/3.2/Default/Orchestrations/Orchestration</ns2:message>
    <ns2:id>10152</ns2:id>
    <ns2:level>error</ns2:level>
    <ns2:timestamp>2010-04-07T08:48:29.059Z</ns2:timestamp>
  </ns3:logs>
</ns3:searchLogsResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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setEmailEndpoint

Sets the email endpoint for notifications.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Parameter:

emailEndpoint

The email endpoint.

Returns:

Success or failure.


Examples:

The following example is a SOAP request to set an email endpoint.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/" xmlns:log="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif" xmlns:typ="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif/types">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <log:sessionId>910D9A7B441C97AC2FCC54E3F1274AA7</log:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <log:setEmailEndpoint>
      <log:emailEndpoint>
        <typ:active>true</typ:active>
        <typ:credentials>
          <typ:password>test</typ:password>
          <typ:user>test</typ:user>
        </typ:credentials>
        <typ:host>hq-exch-01</typ:host>
        <typ:port>123</typ:port>
        <typ:sender>user@mydomain.com</typ:sender>
        <typ:subject>Notification</typ:subject>
      </log:emailEndpoint>
    </log:setEmailEndpoint>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:setEmailEndpointResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/lognotif/types">
      <ns2:success>true</ns2:success>
    </ns2:setEmailEndpointResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00147.html>


System

Information about the system WSDL.

The system WSDL applies to Integration Appliances only. Using system WSDL you can set or get an appliance name or network configuration. You can also run system commands or get system information.

This section contains the following topics:

- [downloadPostmortem](#)
- [executeCommand](#)
- [getApplianceName](#)
- [getNetworkConfiguration](#)
- [getResourceUtilizationData](#)
- [setApplianceName](#)
- [setNetworkConfiguration](#)

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00148.html>

downloadPostmortem


Downloads the postmortem file.

Use the information in this file to resolve Integration Appliance issues.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Returns:

The postmortem file.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00149.html>

executeCommand

Runs the specified system command.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Parameter:

command

The specified system command to run.

Returns:

Success or failure.


Enums:

The system commands are defined as enumerated constants.

The following table lists the system commands.

Command	Description
removeJobHistory	Removes job histories from the Integration Appliance.
removeProjects	Removes projects from the Integration Appliance.
removeRunningJobs	Stops and removes running jobs from the Integration Appliance.
generatePostmortem	Generates an archive of information gathered from Integration Appliance logs, orchestration logs, and transaction stores. Use this information to debug Integration Appliance issues. Run this command before rebooting the Integration Appliance.
restart	Restarts the Integration Appliance routing subsystem.
reboot	Shuts down all routing services and then reboots the Integration Appliance.

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00150.html>

getApplianceName

Gets the appliance name.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Returns:

The appliance name.

Examples:


The following code is an example of a SOAP request to get the Integration Appliance name.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sys="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/system">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sys:sessionId>91997FBCE89093792D40DEF8FDB345DD</sys:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sys:getApplianceName/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns3:getApplianceNameResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/router/1000/NetConfig02.xsd" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/system" xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
util/types">
      <ns3:applianceName>TheIntegrator</ns3:applianceName>
    </ns3:getApplianceNameResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00151.html>

getNetworkConfiguration

Returns the status of the current network configuration.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Returns:

The network status.

Examples:

The following code is an example of a SOAP request to get the network configuration.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sys="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/system">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sys:sessionId>91997FBCE89093792D40DEF8FDB345DD</sys:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sys:getNetworkConfiguration/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.


```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns3:getNetworkConfigurationResponse xmlns:ns2="http://
www.approuter.com/schemas/router/1000/NetConfig02.xsd"
xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/system"
xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns3:networkStatus>
        <ns2:active>true</ns2:active>
        <ns2:carrierTimeout>30</ns2:carrierTimeout>
        <ns2:emgmt active="true">
          <ns2:ipaddr>10.10.60.23</ns2:ipaddr>
          <ns2:netmask>255.255.255.0</ns2:netmask>
          <ns2:broadcast>10.10.60.255</ns2:broadcast>
          <ns2:MACaddr>00:04:23:cd:e8:b5</ns2:MACaddr>
          <ns2:fromDhcp>true</ns2:fromDhcp>
          <ns2:leaseExp>Sat Apr 24 05:33:10 2010 GMT</ns2:leaseExp>
          <ns2:isVirtual>false</ns2:isVirtual>
          <ns2:linkInfoValid>true</ns2:linkInfoValid>
          <ns2:autoNegotiate>true</ns2:autoNegotiate>
          <ns2:speed>1000</ns2:speed>
          <ns2:fullDuplex>true</ns2:fullDuplex>
        </ns2:emgmt>
        <ns2:edata active="true">
          <ns2:ipaddr>10.10.50.23</ns2:ipaddr>
          <ns2:netmask>255.255.255.0</ns2:netmask>
          <ns2:broadcast>10.10.50.255</ns2:broadcast>
          <ns2:MACaddr>00:04:23:cd:e9:d9</ns2:MACaddr>
          <ns2:fromDhcp>true</ns2:fromDhcp>
          <ns2:leaseExp>Sat Apr 24 05:33:14 2010 GMT</ns2:leaseExp>
          <ns2:isVirtual>false</ns2:isVirtual>
          <ns2:linkInfoValid>true</ns2:linkInfoValid>
          <ns2:autoNegotiate>true</ns2:autoNegotiate>
          <ns2:speed>1000</ns2:speed>
          <ns2:fullDuplex>true</ns2:fullDuplex>
        </ns2:edata>
        <ns2:gateway>
          <ns2:value>10.10.70.3</ns2:value>
          <ns2:fromDhcp>true</ns2:fromDhcp>
          <ns2:dhcpSource>emgmt</ns2:dhcpSource>
        </ns2:gateway>
        <ns2:hostname>
          <ns2:value>myhost</ns2:value>
          <ns2:fromDhcp>true</ns2:fromDhcp>
          <ns2:dhcpSource>emgmt</ns2:dhcpSource>
        </ns2:hostname>
        <ns2:domain>
          <ns2:value>mycompany.com</ns2:value>
          <ns2:fromDhcp>true</ns2:fromDhcp>
          <ns2:dhcpSource>emgmt</ns2:dhcpSource>
        </ns2:domain>
      </ns3:networkStatus>
    </ns3:getNetworkConfigurationResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

```

<ns2:search>
  <ns2:value>mycompany.com mycompany.corp</ns2:value>
  <ns2:fromDhcp>true</ns2:fromDhcp>
  <ns2:dhcpSource>emgmt</ns2:dhcpSource>
</ns2:search>
<ns2:dns>
  <ns2:value>10.10.20.21 10.10.10.15</ns2:value>
  <ns2:fromDhcp>true</ns2:fromDhcp>
  <ns2:dhcpSource>emgmt</ns2:dhcpSource>
</ns2:dns>
<ns2:ntp>
  <ns2:value>10.10.20.21</ns2:value>
  <ns2:fromDhcp>true</ns2:fromDhcp>
  <ns2:dhcpSource>emgmt</ns2:dhcpSource>
</ns2:ntp>
<ns2:routes/>
<ns2:httpProxy>
  <ns2:host/>
  <ns2:port/>
  <ns2:user/>
  <ns2:passwd/>
  <ns2:enabled>>false</ns2:enabled>
</ns2:httpProxy>
<ns2:ftpProxy>
  <ns2:host/>
  <ns2:port/>
  <ns2:user/>
  <ns2:passwd/>
  <ns2:enabled>>false</ns2:enabled>
</ns2:ftpProxy>
<ns2:sftpProxy>
  <ns2:host/>
  <ns2:port/>
  <ns2:user/>
  <ns2:passwd/>
  <ns2:enabled>>false</ns2:enabled>
</ns2:sftpProxy>
<ns2:history>
  <ns2:startAttempt>Fri Apr 23 17:33:07 2010 GMT</
  ns2:startAttempt>
  <ns2:started>Fri Apr 23 17:33:15 2010 GMT</ns2:started>
  <ns2:stopped/>
  <ns2:stopReason/>
  <ns2:current>Monitoring network</ns2:current>
</ns2:history>
</ns3:networkStatus>
</ns3:getNetworkConfigurationResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>

```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00152.html>

getResourceUtilizationData

Gets the resource utilization data for the given appliance.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Returns:

Appliance resource utilization data.

Examples:


The following code is an example of a SOAP request to get the Integration Appliance resource utilization data.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sys="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/system">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sys:sessionId>9705D42CDA8D28BA04CEBAB3D9C44B5A</sys:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sys:getResourceUtilizationData/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:getResourceUtilizationDataResponse xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/router/1000/NetConfig02.xsd" xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/util/types" xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/
system">
      <ns2:applianceUtilization>
        <diskPercentUsed>6</diskPercentUsed>
        <usedMemory>35813024</usedMemory>
        <maxMemory>1509949440</maxMemory>
        <collectionCount>1</collectionCount>
        <totalRunningJobs>0</totalRunningJobs>
        <time>
          <ns3:offset>0</ns3:offset>
          <ns3:time>1379634870597</ns3:time>
        </time>
      </ns2:applianceUtilization>
    </ns2:getResourceUtilizationDataResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00160.html>

setApplianceName

Sets the appliance name.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Parameter:

applianceName

The specified name for the appliance.

Returns:

Success or failure.

Examples:


The following code is an example of a SOAP request to the Integration Appliance name.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sys="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/system">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sys:sessionId>91997FBCE89093792D40DEF8FDB345DD</sys:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sys:setApplianceName>
      <sys:applianceName>TheIntegrator</sys:applianceName>
    </sys:setApplianceName>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <ns3:setApplianceNameResponse xmlns:ns2="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/router/1000/NetConfig02.xsd"
xmlns:ns3="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/system"
xmlns:ns4="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/util/types">
      <ns3:success>true</ns3:success>
    </ns3:setApplianceNameResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00153.html>

setNetworkConfiguration

Sets the current network configuration.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Returns:

Success or failure.

Example:

The following code is an example of a SOAP request to set the network configuration for an Integration Appliance. Enter the values for your network and appliance.


```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:sys="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/system"
xmlns:net="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/router/1000/
NetConfig02.xsd">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <sys:sessionId?</sys:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <sys:setNetworkConfiguration>
      <sys:networkType>
        <net:emgmt>
          <net:fallback>
            <net:ipaddr?</net:ipaddr>
            <net:netmask?</net:netmask>
            <net:broadcast?</net:broadcast>
          </net:fallback>
          <net:manual>
            <net:ipaddr?</net:ipaddr>
            <net:netmask?</net:netmask>
            <net:broadcast?</net:broadcast>
          </net:manual>
          <net:useDhcp?</net:useDhcp>
          <net:useDhcpRoutes?</net:useDhcpRoutes>
          <net:autoNegotiate?</net:autoNegotiate>
          <net:speed?</net:speed>
          <net:fullDuplex?</net:fullDuplex>
        </net:emgmt>
        <net:edata>
          <net:fallback>
            <net:ipaddr?</net:ipaddr>
            <net:netmask?</net:netmask>
            <net:broadcast?</net:broadcast>
          </net:fallback>
          <net:manual>
            <net:ipaddr?</net:ipaddr>
            <net:netmask?</net:netmask>
            <net:broadcast?</net:broadcast>
          </net:manual>
          <net:useDhcp?</net:useDhcp>
          <net:useDhcpRoutes?</net:useDhcpRoutes>
          <net:autoNegotiate?</net:autoNegotiate>
          <net:speed?</net:speed>
          <net:fullDuplex?</net:fullDuplex>
        </net:edata>
        <net:gateway>
          <net:useDhcp?</net:useDhcp>
          <net:dhcpSource?</net:dhcpSource>
          <net:manual?</net:manual>
          <net:fallback?</net:fallback>
        </net:gateway>
        <net:hostname>
          <net:useDhcp?</net:useDhcp>
          <net:dhcpSource?</net:dhcpSource>
          <net:manual?</net:manual>
          <net:fallback?</net:fallback>
        </net:hostname>
      </sys:networkType>
    </sys:setNetworkConfiguration>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

```

</net:hostname>
<net:domain>
  <net:useDhcp>?</net:useDhcp>
  <net:dhcpSource>?</net:dhcpSource>
  <net:manual>?</net:manual>
  <net:fallback>?</net:fallback>
</net:domain>
<net:search>
  <net:useDhcp>?</net:useDhcp>
  <net:dhcpSource>?</net:dhcpSource>
  <net:manual>?</net:manual>
  <net:fallback>?</net:fallback>
</net:search>
<net:dns>
  <net:useDhcp>?</net:useDhcp>
  <net:dhcpSource>?</net:dhcpSource>
  <net:manual>?</net:manual>
  <net:fallback>?</net:fallback>
</net:dns>
<net:ntp>
  <net:useDhcp>?</net:useDhcp>
  <net:dhcpSource>?</net:dhcpSource>
  <net:manual>?</net:manual>
  <net:fallback>?</net:fallback>
</net:ntp>
<net:routes>
  <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
  <net:route>
    <net:destination>?</net:destination>
    <net:netmask>?</net:netmask>
    <net:router>?</net:router>
    <net:interface>?</net:interface>
  </net:route>
</net:routes>
<net:httpProxy>
  <net:host>?</net:host>
  <net:port>?</net:port>
  <net:user>?</net:user>
  <net:passwd>?</net:passwd>
  <net:enabled>?</net:enabled>
  <net:passwdEncoding>?</net:passwdEncoding>
</net:httpProxy>
<net:ftpProxy>
  <net:host>?</net:host>
  <net:port>?</net:port>
  <net:user>?</net:user>
  <net:passwd>?</net:passwd>
  <net:enabled>?</net:enabled>
  <net:passwdEncoding>?</net:passwdEncoding>
</net:ftpProxy>
<net:sftpProxy>
  <net:host>?</net:host>
  <net:port>?</net:port>
  <net:user>?</net:user>
  <net:passwd>?</net:passwd>
  <net:enabled>?</net:enabled>
  <net:passwdEncoding>?</net:passwdEncoding>
</net:sftpProxy>
  <net:carrierTimeout>?</net:carrierTimeout>
  <net:enabled>?</net:enabled>
</sys:networkType>
</sys:setNetworkConfiguration>
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>

```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00154.html>

Staging


Information about the staging WSDL.

The staging WSDL applies to Integration Appliances only. Using the staging WSDL, you can check whether the staging database is started. You can start or stop the staging database.

This section contains the following topics:

- [isStagingDatabaseStarted](#)
- [startStagingDatabase](#)
- [stopStagingDatabase](#)

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isStagingDatabaseStarted

Returns whether the staging database is started (True or False).

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Returns:

True if the staging database is started.

Examples:

The following code is an example of a SOAP request to check if the staging database is started.


```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:stag="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/staging">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <stag:sessionId>91997FBCE89093792D40DEF8FDB345DD</stag:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <stag:isStagingDatabaseStarted/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

```
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <isStagingDatabaseStartedResponse xmlns="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/staging">
      <isStarted>true</isStarted>
    </isStagingDatabaseStartedResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

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<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00156.html>

startStagingDatabase

Starts the staging database. Returns success if the database starts or failure if the database fails to start.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Returns:

Success or failure.

Examples:


The following code is an example of a SOAP request to start the staging database.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:stag="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/staging">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <stag:sessionId>91997FBCE89093792D40DEF8FDB345DD</stag:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <stag:startStagingDatabase/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <startStagingDatabaseResponse xmlns="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/staging">
      <success>true</success>
    </startStagingDatabaseResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

Feedback | Notices

 Last updated: Wednesday, December 16, 2015
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00157.html>

stopStagingDatabase

Stops the staging database. Returns success if the database stops or failure if the database fails to stop.

Applies to Integration Appliances only.

Returns:

Success or failure.

Examples:


The following code is an example of a SOAP request to stop the staging database.

```
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:stag="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/2008/1/staging">
  <soapenv:Header>
    <stag:sessionId>91997FBCE89093792D40DEF8FDB345DD</stag:sessionId>
  </soapenv:Header>
  <soapenv:Body>
    <stag:stopStagingDatabase/>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The following example is the SOAP response to the request.

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <S:Body>
    <stopStagingDatabaseResponse xmlns="http://www.approuter.com/
schemas/2008/1/staging">
      <success>true</success>
    </stopStagingDatabaseResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

Feedback | Notices

 Last updated: Wednesday, December 16, 2015
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.api.doc/ci00158.html>

簡介

《IBM® Cast Iron® 連接器開發套件 (CDK) 開發人員手冊》適用於想要使用 Cast Iron Studio (Studio) 開發平台來開發和部署外掛程式連接器的開發人員，而外掛程式連接器可從應用程式系統或其他資料來源擷取資料。

連接器可將外部應用程式的 API 外露給 Cast Iron 開發平台，來加強 Studio 的核心功能。API 會以新的程式庫和物件類型來擴充 Scripting 引擎，並將通知事件從外部系統發佈到 Cast Iron 實體或虛擬整合設備中。Cast Iron 設備支援連接到多種類型的端點，包括 FTP、SFTP、HTTP、HTTPS、電子郵件 (SMTP、POP)、SAP、MQ、Web 服務，以及許多商業資料庫系統。

每一個連接器都有關聯的 XML 描述子檔案，可讓連接器在設計時期於 Studio 中使用。XML 綱目定義 (XSD) 檔會定義 XML 檔的元素和屬性。

Cast Iron 開發平台的特色是提供了可引導您進行開發程序的「CDK 連接器精靈」。Studio 提供直覺式的拖放介面，可大幅縮短開發時間。

本手冊提供連接器的概觀、介紹 Cast Iron 開發平台元件，並提供開發和部署您專屬連接器時所需的逐步程序。

必備項目

開發連接器時會在 Studio 內進行許多工作，這表示您應該有使用 Studio 和 Cast Iron 產品的知識。您也應該熟悉下列語言和檔案格式：

- 延伸標記語言 (XML)
- Web 服務說明語言 (WSDL)
- 可延伸樣式表語言轉換 (XSLT)

註：對於許多活動，Studio 都支援「探索」處理程序，來決定傳送給端點或從端點接收的參數結構。如果您的輸入活動將在設計時期供探索，您必須利用抽象 WSDL 或綱目元素類型。將元素宣告為抽象時，需要使用替代群組。如果無法使用抽象版本，則您必須修改 WSDL 檔或綱目。接著在設計時期即會以實際的資料類型替代您的抽象檔。如需抽象檔的相關資訊，請參閱[使用新增活動視窗](#)。

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_intro.html

設計考量

由於近來透過 Web 以服務形式遞送之應用程式導向軟體的急速成長，使得對專案實作有效的準則更加重要。小心規劃設計活動有助於確保專案的成功。

開始開發之前，請仔細考量下列準則：

- 作業與使用者分析 - 請考量開始專案之前要由一般使用者執行的作業。利用綱目檔所提供的元素以及 XML 檔的配置內容，您可以控制使用者對 Studio 和其功能所擁有的存取權層次。例如，藉由定義使用者的端點，您可以限制或增加可新增至其編排的活動數。瞭解一般使用者如何執行其作業也非常重要。以使用者可能需要的順序提供資訊，這有助於專案順利整合，並且可產生一致的使用者經驗。
- 命名慣例 - 有時候，在使用截止時間緊湊的專案時，很可能會草率將應用程式的元件加上標籤。例如，在設計端點畫面時，您可能會傾向快速定義一個「類型」欄位，以便能夠進行更重要的功能作業。不過，直

覺式命名實務的好處通常不明顯，除非之後使用者面臨任意且混淆的命名方法。請記得，部署之後，連接器即會被重複使用，因此請務必使用有邏輯、一致且直覺式的命名慣例。

開始之前

開始專案之前，請先收集下列資訊。將這些資訊供存取，可讓您的開發程序進行得更加順利：

- 連線欄位 - 準備好指定連接端點所需的連線欄位詳細資料（例如名稱和類型）。
- 輸入活動 - 在設計時期決定哪些輸入活動將供動態探索，而哪些會是靜態。
- 輸入和輸出資料類型 - 準備好指出每一項活動要支援的輸入和輸出資料類型。

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_designconsider.html

本手冊的內容架構

這份文件的設計是為了讓您在盡可能短的時間內開始開發專案。第一章介紹「CDK 連接器精靈」，並提供進行專案所需的程序。不過，如果您偏好先自行熟悉 CDK 開發平台再開始開發，則請先花幾分鐘檢閱第四章 [CDK 元件](#) 中的資訊再開始。

本手冊分為以下幾節。

- [開始使用 CDK 連接器精靈](#)
介紹「CDK 連接器精靈」，並提供建置連接器的逐步指示。
- [測試與除錯](#)
提供測試及除錯連接器的程序。
- [匯出和匯入連接器專案](#)
提供如何匯出或匯入連接器專案的相關資訊。
- [Cast Iron CDK 元件](#)
提供 Studio 開發平台的概觀並介紹 CDK 元件。
- [常見問題 \(FAQ\)](#)
提供一些常見問題的解答。
- [取得協助](#)
提供 IBM 資源的相關資訊，並告訴您如何取得協助。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_docorganized.html

開始使用 CDK 連接器精靈

「CDK 連接器精靈」會呈現一系列可在其中輸入連接器基本詳細資料的三個視窗，引導您進行開發處理程序。該「精靈」接著會產生您可測試、認證並部署到 Studio 的編排。

程序

1. 啟動 Studio。
2. 選取檔案 -> 新建連接器專案。

結果

「精靈」會在 Studio 工作區中開啟，並顯示「連接器資訊」視窗。

下一步

在下一個階段中，您會使用「連接器資訊」視窗來新增連接器的基本資訊。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_wizard.html

「連接器資訊」視窗

在這個階段期間，您會將連接器的一般資訊（例如名稱、版本和說明）新增至「連接器資訊」視窗，並新增用於連接器活動的 WSDL 或綱目檔。

關於這項作業

您可以在「連接器資訊」視窗中輸入連接器專案的基本詳細資料。「連接器資訊」視窗看起來如下：

圖 1. 「連接器資訊」視窗

Connector Information

Provide Connector Name, Version and Description

Provide Basic Connector Detail

Name: SampleSalesforceConnector Description: Salesforce sample connector

Version: 1.0.0

Add WSDL Or Schema Files

Add WSDL/Schema: /WSDLs/SalesforceNew Browse

Add Schema or WSDL file

程序

1. 在「名稱」文字欄位中，輸入連接器的名稱。
註：因為 NCName 的實際限制，所以「名稱」文字欄位中的字元不能包含符號字元，例如 :、@、\$、%、&、/、+、,、;、空格字元或不同括弧。此外，「名稱」文字欄位中字元的開頭不能是數字、點或減號字元，雖然它們之後可以出現在 NCName 中。
2. 在「說明」文字欄位中，輸入連接器的說明。
3. 在「版本」文字欄位中，輸入連接器的版本號碼。
4. 如果要新增 WSDL 或綱目檔，請按一下瀏覽按鈕，並導覽至您要的檔案。所選取的檔案會顯示在「新增 WSDL/綱目檔」欄位中。
註：如果在設計時期會動態探索到輸入活動，您必須針對這個步驟提供包含抽象類型的 WSDL 或綱目。如需抽象檔的相關資訊，請參閱[使用新增活動視窗](#)。
5. 按下一步。

結果

這時會顯示「新增連線欄位」視窗。

下一步

在下一個階段中，您會使用「新增連線欄位」視窗來指定端點連線內容。

意見 | 注意事項

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_connectinfowindow.html

使用新增連線欄位視窗

您可以在「新增連線欄位」視窗中指定要外露給使用者的端點連線參數。您的使用者會使用這些值來連接至其端點。

關於這項作業

在此設計階段期間，您新增連線欄位以及連接至端點所需的對應詳細資料。「新增連線欄位」視窗看起來如下：
圖 1. 「新增連線欄位」視窗

Add Connection Fields

Provide the Endpoint Connection Fields - These fields are used to connect to the endpoint

Double-click table cell to edit the Connection Field Name. Press ENTER to complete editing.

Connection Field Name	Connection Field Default Value
UserName	
Password	

Add/Delete endpoint connection fields.

Double-click table cell to edit the Connection Field Default Value. Press ENTER to complete editing.

Endpoint Connection Fields Details

Name: Format:

Type:

Field Constraints

Enable Constraints

ValueMinLength: FieldMinRange:

ValueMaxLength: FieldMaxRange:

Provide details for the fields selected in the table shown above.

程序

1. 按一下加號圖示 (+)。「新增端點連線欄位」畫面中會顯示空白的連線欄位。
2. 在「新增端點連線欄位」畫面中，輸入欄位類型（例如：密碼），來指定與使用者名稱相關聯的密碼。如果要開始編輯，請按兩下「連線欄位名稱」資料格中的某一列來啟動它，然後輸入資訊。完成時，按 **Enter** 鍵。欄位類型資訊會顯示在「名稱」欄位中。
3. 在「端點連線欄位詳細資料」畫面中，按一下類型和格式下拉功能表，然後選取與您在「新增端點連線欄位」畫面中輸入之資訊對應的種類。在「新增端點連線欄位」畫面中，輸入欄位類型（例如：密碼），來指定與使用者名稱相關聯的密碼。
4. 重複這些步驟來新增其他連線欄位。在您新增其他欄位之後，請按下一步。

結果

這時會顯示「新增活動」視窗。

下一步

在下一個階段中，您會使用「新增活動」視窗來定義連接器活動。

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_addconnectfieldswindow.html

使用新增活動視窗

您可以在「新增活動」視窗中建立和定義連接器活動，以及將輸入和輸出資料的資訊輸入至該視窗中。

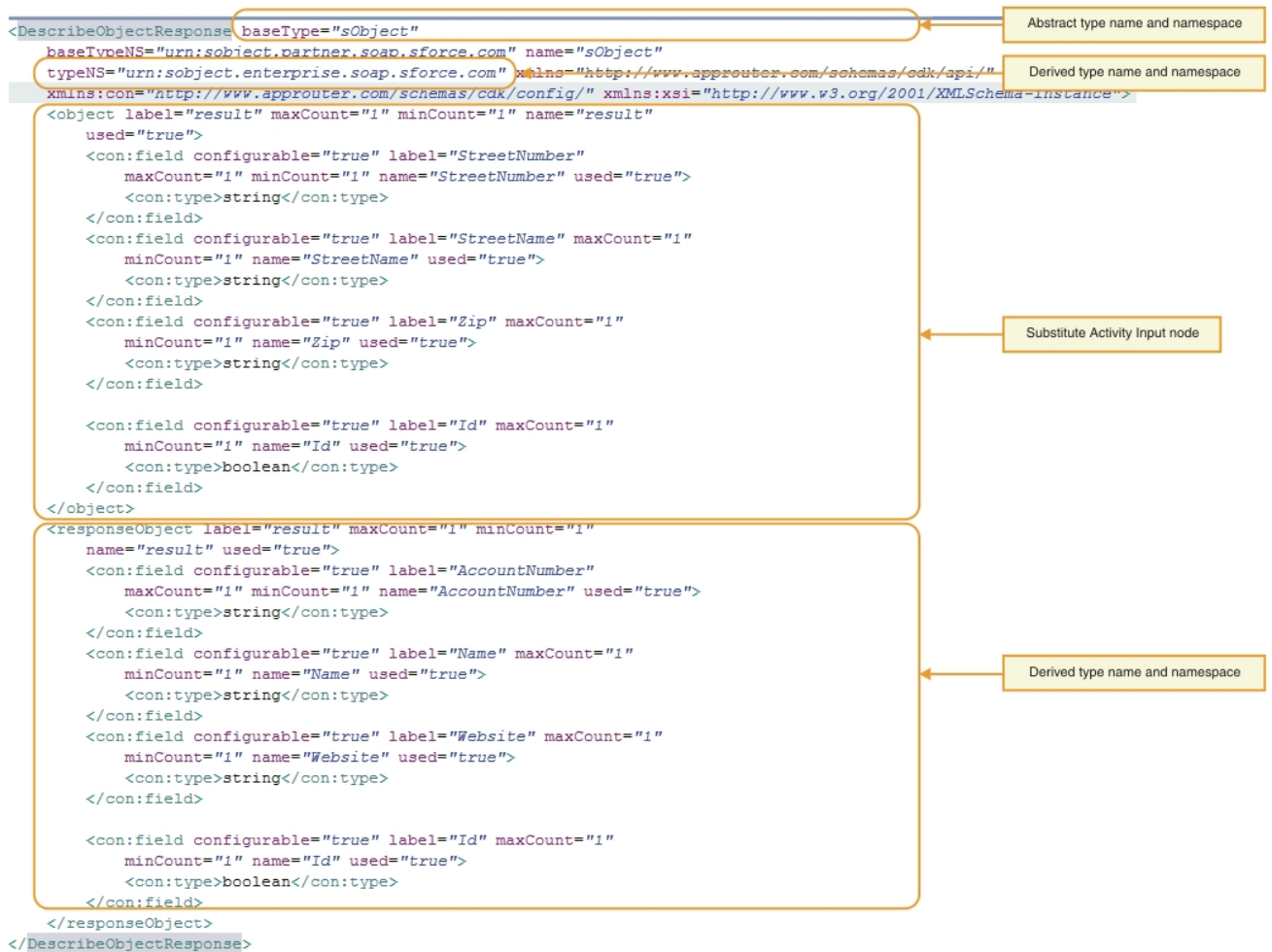
關於這項作業

在此階段期間，您可以指定在設計時期靜態還是動態探索輸入資料。例如，如果要在設計時期探索資料，則可以使用建立活動來建立不同的物件類型（如 Account、Contact 或 User）。對建立活動的輸入會視要建立的物件而有所不同。在這種狀況下，建立會被視為可瀏覽的活動，其輸入會視要產生的物件而有所不同。

註：如果要讓您的輸入活動在設計時期可供探索，您必須提供抽象 WSDL 或綱目類型。抽象 WSDL 或綱目類型會以實作中立的詞彙來說明 Web 服務，反之，具體 WSDL 或綱目類型則會定義實作服務的端點在網路上如何外露。

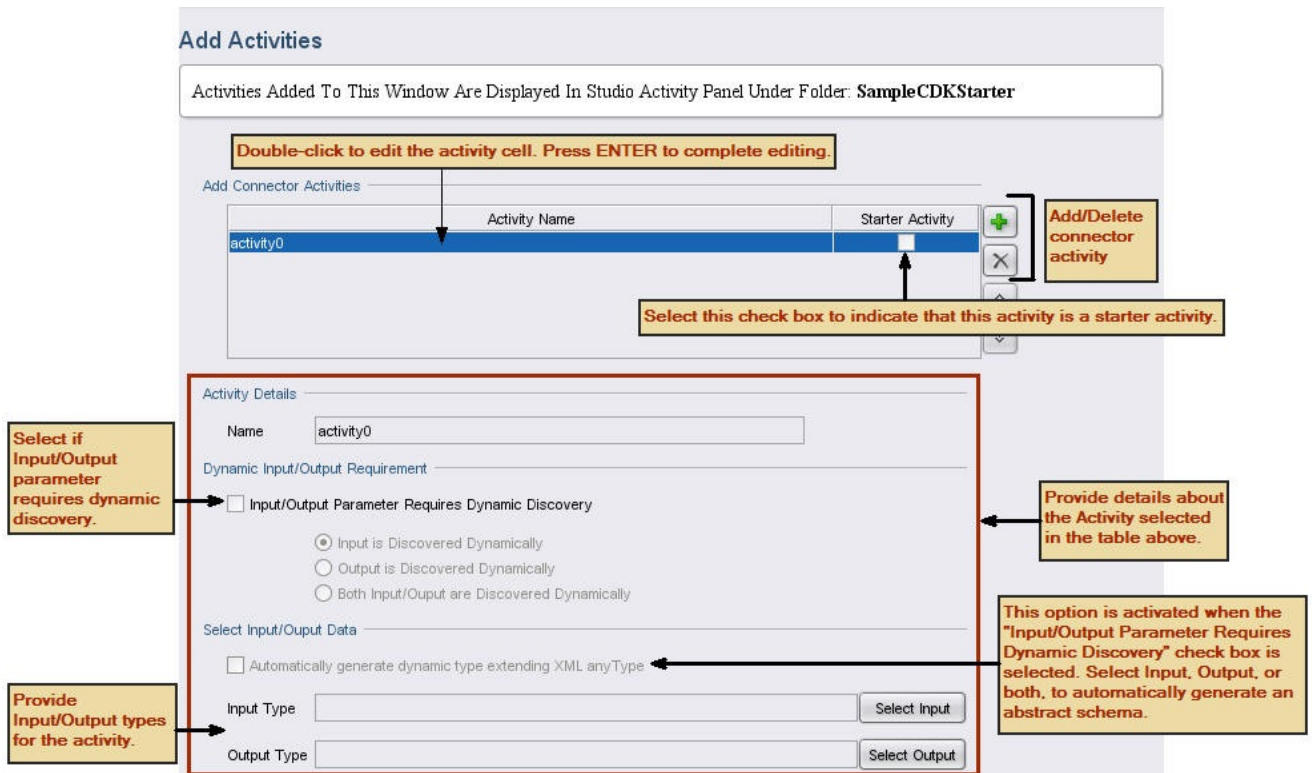
圖 1 顯示含有抽象類型定義的 WSDL 範例：

圖 1. 含有抽象定義的 WSDL



「新增活動」視窗看起來如下：

圖 2. 「新增活動」視窗



程序

1. 按一下加號 (+) 圖示。「新增連接器活動」畫面中會顯示空白的文字欄位。
2. 在「新增連接器活動」畫面中，新增活動名稱。如果要開始編輯，請按兩下「活動名稱」資料格中的某一列來啟動它，然後輸入資訊。完成時，按 **Enter** 鍵。
註：因為 NCName 的實際限制，所以「名稱」文字欄位中的字元不能包含符號字元，例如 :、@、\$、%、&、/、+、,、;、空格字元或不同括弧。此外，「名稱」文字欄位中字元的開頭不能是數字、點或減號字元，雖然它們之後可以出現在 NCName 中。
3. 在「新增連接器活動」畫面中，選取起始者活動勾選框，指示所選取的活動是否為起始者活動。
4. 在「動態輸入/輸出需求」畫面中，指定輸入參數和（或）輸出參數是否需要動態探索。如果您想要輸入活動在設計時期可供探索，則必須提供抽象綱目類型。
5. 如果一或多個參數需要動態探索，請在「選取輸入/輸出資料」畫面中，使用選取輸入或選取輸出按鈕，來選取每一個活動的輸入和（或）輸出資料。附註：請勿將特定的輸入資料類型指派給多個活動。
註：「起始者活動」只有輸出類型。因此，您只能選取「活動詳細資料」區段中的輸出類型。
6. 對每一個新活動重複這些步驟。
7. 完成之後，按下一步。

結果

這時會顯示「最終摘要」視窗。

下一步

在「最終摘要」視窗中檢視結果。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

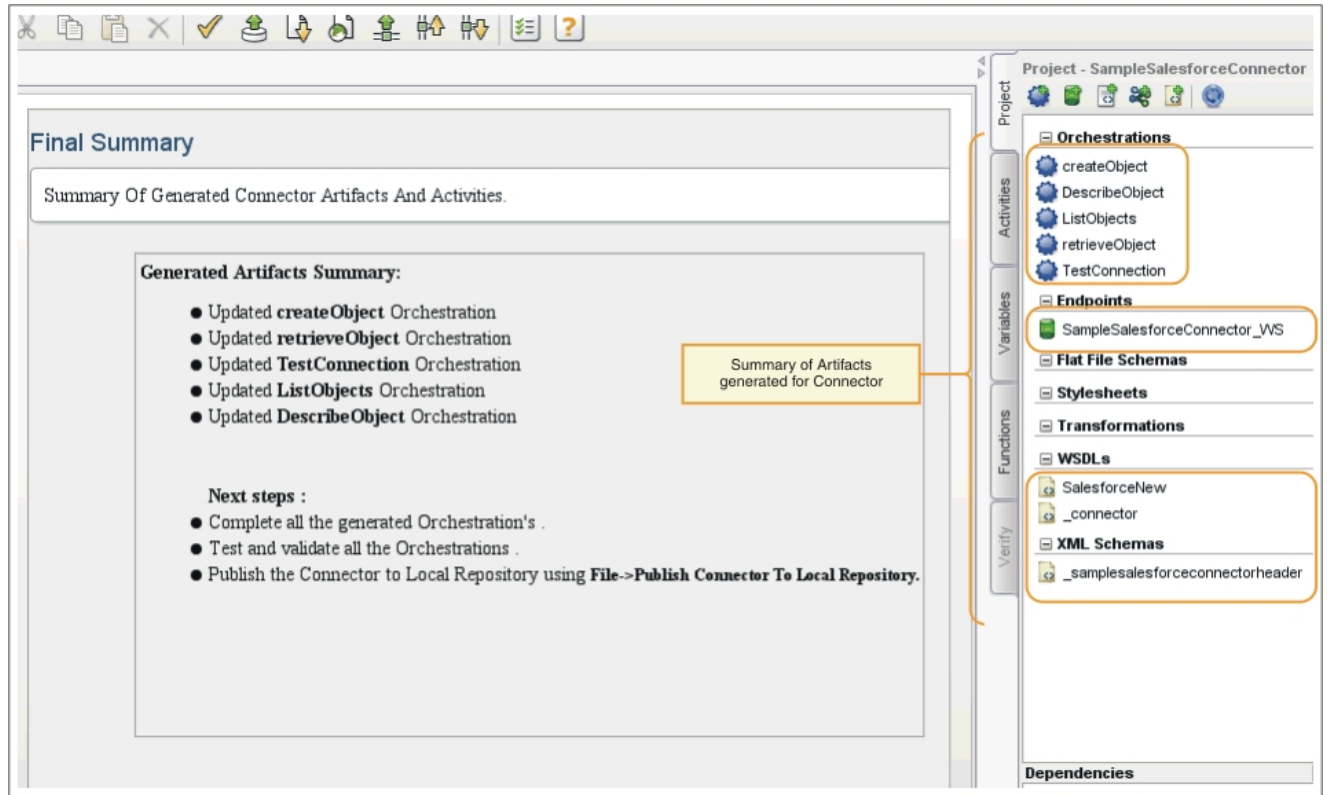
file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

「最終摘要」視窗

在開發階段結束時，「最終摘要」視窗會警示您已準備好完成所產生的編排，並將專案匯出至連接器儲存庫。

「最終摘要」視窗會確認已順利產生您的連接器活動。「最終摘要」視窗看起來如下：

圖 1. 「最終摘要」視窗



意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_finalsummary.html

完成編排

您會完成編排，以便能夠將其匯出至 Studio。除了連接器編排之外，您也必須完成 Cast Iron 連接器介面的編排。

關於這項作業

在您完成開發工作之後，請執行下列程序，以完成連接器編排。在 [Cast Iron 連接器介面](#) 中已為您介紹 Cast Iron TestConnection、ListObjects 和 DescribeObjects 連接器介面，並提供了完成每一項編排的程序。

在後續步驟中，您會從「Web 服務提供服務」活動讀取輸入資料、新增邏輯，然後使用「傳送回覆」輸出活動來回應，以完成連接器的編排。「提供服務」活動提供了可從外部用戶端啟動的 Web 服務。在執行時期，「傳送回

覆」活動會將回應傳回給用戶端。

程序

1. 在「專案」工具箱標籤，選取編排，例如：CreateObjects。編排會顯示在 Studio 工作區中。
2. 在編排中，按一下提供服務活動。這時會顯示「對映輸出」畫面。
3. 在「對映輸出」畫面中，按一下主體。這時會出現顯示輸入資料的節點類型視窗。
4. 使用節點類型視窗中的資訊對映主體資料，並使用該資料在端點中建立物件。
5. 選取編排 -> 驗證。

註：為起始者活動產生的編排具有「提供服務」及「呼叫服務」活動。作為實作起始者活動的一部分，會在結束時提取所需資料，並將值傳遞給預先生產的「呼叫服務活動」。「呼叫服務活動」必須是編排中的最後一項活動。同時，將選擇性參數 `location` 移入至已接收的 `callbackURL`，作為預先生產「提供服務活動」的 `ConnectionFields` 標頭的一部分。

結果

這時會出現顯示驗證結果的「驗證結果」視窗。

下一步

完成 Cast Iron TestConnection、ListObjects 和 DescribeObjects 連接器介面的編排。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_completeorchestration.html

Cast Iron 連接器介面

Cast Iron 連接器使用您實作為編排的三個標準介面：TestConnection、ListObjects 和 DescribeObjects。

在「新增活動」階段期間，「精靈」會自動建立 TestConnection、ListObjects 和 DescribeObjects 介面的編排範本。您必須根據個別連接器的需求來完成編排。本節介紹 TestConnection、ListObjects 和 DescribeObjects 介面。在[完成連接器介面編排](#)中，您可以完成每一項的編排。

TestConnection

TestConnection 介面會反映您新增至「連線資訊」視窗的值，並且由連接器用來建立端點連線。建立連線之後，即會以布林運算子傳回連線狀態。

ListObjects

ListObjects 介面會反映您新增至「新增活動」視窗的值，並傳回特定連接器活動所支援的所有物件的清單。例如，Salesforce 建立作業可能會支援 Account、Customer、Contact、Opportunity 和 User，還有其他的物件。傳回清單應該對應於「ListObjects 回覆活動」綱目。以下是 XML 格式的 ListObjects 回應範例：

```
<ListObjectsResponse
xmlns="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/api/">
<objectType
```

```

label="Customer"
xmlns="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/api/">Account</objectType>
<objectType
label="Account Object"
xmlns="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/api/">Customer</objectType>
<objectType
label="Customer details"
xmlns="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/api/">Contact</objectType>
<objectType
label="Opportunity details"
xmlns="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/api/">Opportunity</objectType>
<objectType
label="User details"
xmlns="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/api/">User</objectType>
</ListObjectsResponse>

```

DescribeObjects

DescribeObjects 介面提供了輸入及輸出，可讓使用者順利透過連接器活動使用外露的物件。例如，如果選取 Salesforce 建立作業，則會根據從 ListObjects 選取的物件動態探索輸入綱目。以下是 DescribeObjects 傳回的回應範例：

```

<DescribeObjectResponse baseType="sObject"
  baseTypeNS="urn:object.partner.soap.sforce.com"
  name="create" typeNS="http://example.com/stockquote"
  xmlns="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/api/"
  xmlns:con="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/config/"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
  <object label="createInput" maxCount="1" minCount="1" name="createInput"
    used="true">
    <con:field configurable="true" label="ObjectName" maxCount="1"
      minCount="1" name="ObjectName" used="true">
      <con:type>string</con:type>
    </con:field>
    <con:field configurable="true" label="FirstName" maxCount="1"
      minCount="1" name="FirstName" used="true">
      <con:type>string</con:type>
    </con:field>
    <con:field configurable="true" label="LastName" maxCount="1"
      minCount="1" name="LastName" used="true">
      <con:type>string</con:type>
    </con:field>
    <con:field configurable="true" label="Phone" maxCount="1"
      minCount="1" name="Phone" used="true">
      <con:type>string</con:type>
    </con:field>
  </object>
  <responseObject label="createOutput" maxCount="1"
    minCount="1" name="createOutput" used="true">
    <con:field configurable="true" label="Id" maxCount="1"
      minCount="1" name="Id" used="true">
      <con:type>string</con:type>
    </con:field>
    <con:field configurable="true" label="ObjectName" maxCount="1"
      minCount="1" name="ObjectName" used="true">
      <con:type>string</con:type>
    </con:field>
    <con:field configurable="true" label="Status" maxCount="1"
      minCount="1" name="Status" used="true">
      <con:type>string</con:type>
    </con:field>
  </responseObject>
</DescribeObjectResponse>

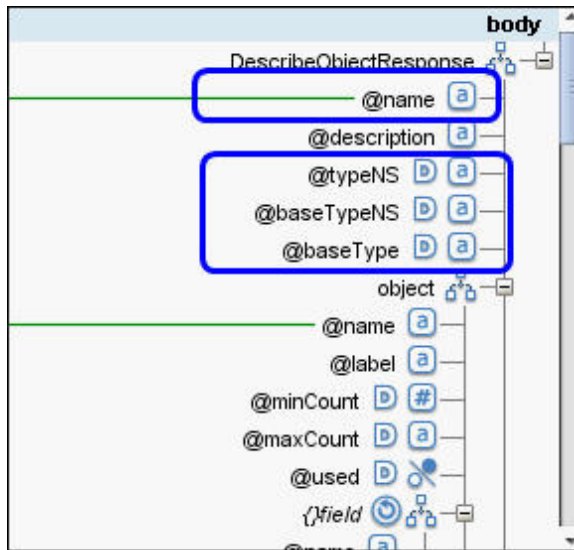
```


DescribeObjects 綱目探索特性可讓您在執行時期動態探索綱目。任何連接器活動使用綱目元素作為輸入或輸出時，會將此綱目匯入至編排。如果需要使用 `complexType QName` 探索先前匯入的綱目並動態替代為輸入或輸出活動，請在 DescribeObject 回應中設定屬性，如下列綱目所示：

```
< xsd:schema targetNamespace = " urn.sample.stock
" xmlns:xsd = "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" >
  < xsd:element name = "TradePriceRequest" >
    < xsd:complexType >
      < xsd:all >
        < xsd:element name = "tickerSymbol" type = "xsd:string" />
      </ xsd:all >
    </ xsd:complexType >
  </ xsd:element >
  < xsd:complexType name = "ciObject" ></ xsd:complexType >
  < xsd:complexType name = " tradingPartner " >
    < xsd:sequence >
      < xsd:element name = "partnerName" type = "xsd:string" />
    </ xsd:sequence >
  </ xsd:complexType >
```

例如，若要替代之前綱目中的 `complexType tradingPartner`，請設定資訊來探索綱目，並動態替代它，如下列範例所示：

```
DescribeObject Response value to
@name -> tradingPartner [complexType name to be discovered]
@typeNS -> url.sample.stock [complexType namespace ]
@baseType -> http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/api/ [CDK default]
@baseType -> cObject [CDK default]
```



意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_connectorinterfaces.html

在這個階段期間，您會將商業邏輯新增至 Cast Iron TestConnection、ListObjects 和 DescribeObjects 編排。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_completetestlistdescribe.html

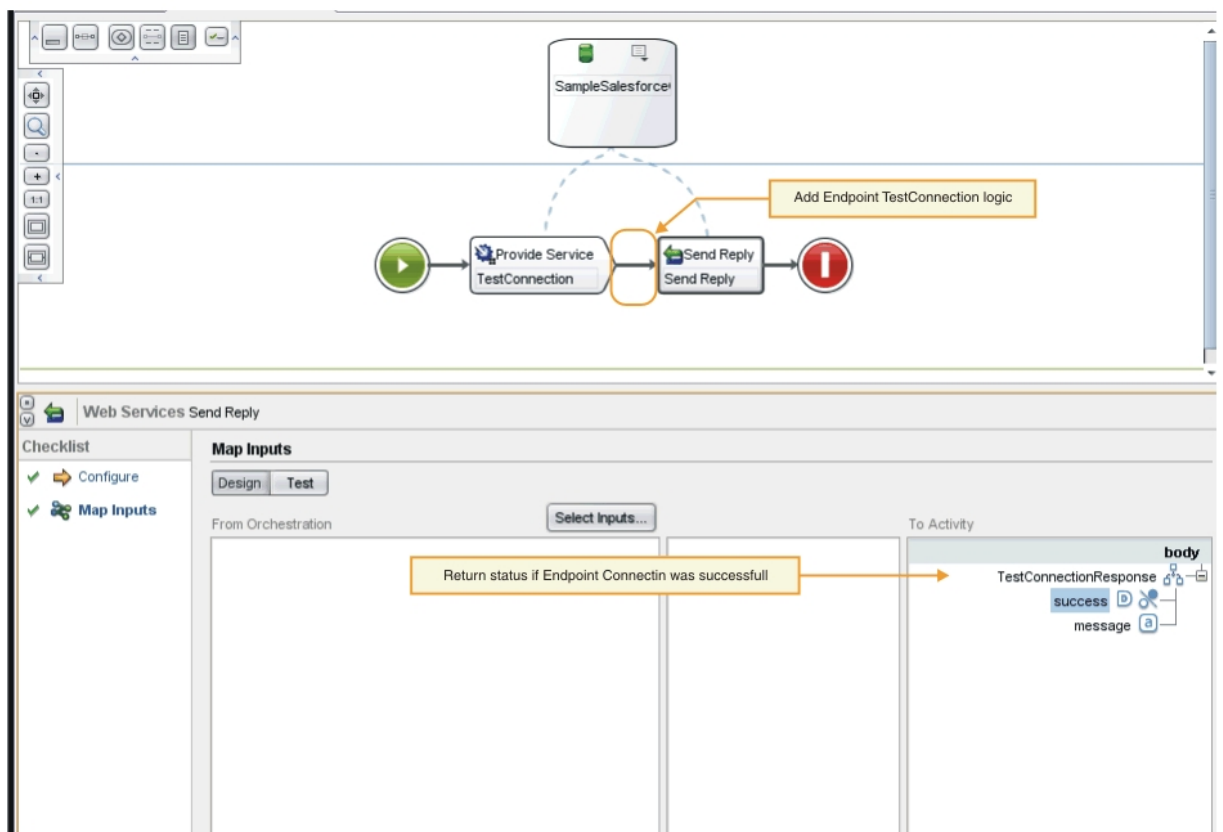
完成 TestConnection 編排

在下列步驟中，您會將值對映至物件類型，並且呼叫編排活動來測試端點連線。

程序

1. 在 Studio 「專案」 工具箱標籤中，按一下 **TestConnection** 編排。編排會顯示在 Studio 工作區中。
2. 在編排中，新增連接端點所需的邏輯，如圖 1 所示。
3. 在編排中，按一下傳送回覆活動。輸入會顯示在「來源編排」畫面中。

圖 1. TestConnection



4. 將「來源編排」畫面中顯示的值，對映到「目標活動」畫面中的物件類型。您現在已準備好測試編排。
5. 在編排中，於提供服務活動上按一下滑鼠右鍵。這時會顯示「驗證活動」功能表。
6. 在「驗證活動」功能表中，選取呼叫服務。這時會顯示「呼叫服務」視窗。
7. 在「呼叫服務」視窗中，輸入標頭和主體資料，然後按一下執行來啟動測試。如果要檢視測試活動，請按一下顯示回應按鈕。測試完成時，結果會顯示在「驗證」工具箱標籤中。
8. 如果連線成功，測試回應會顯示 "true" 值。如果要完成編排，請將 "true" 對映至「目標活動」畫面中 TestConnectionResponse 參數的 **success** 欄位。

下一步

如果您的連接器活動在設計時期可供探索，請完成完成 [ListObjects 編排](#) 中的程序。如果您的連接器活動不會供探索，則可進行完成 [DescribeObjects 編排](#)。

意見 | 注意事項

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_completingtestconnection.html

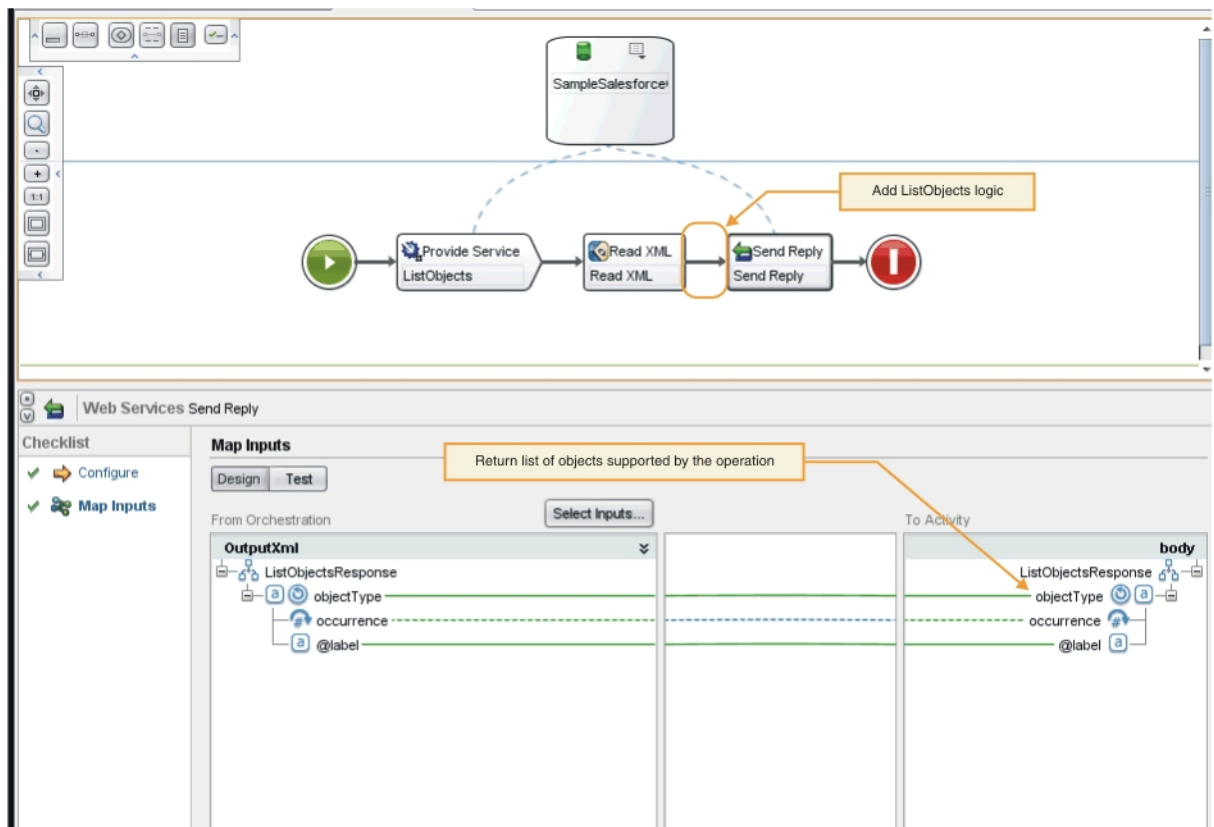
完成 ListObjects 編排

在後面的步驟中，您會將商業邏輯新增至 ListObjects 編排，並將值對映至物件類型，以及呼叫編排活動來測試端點連線。請只在您的編排活動於設計時期可供探索時，才完成本節的程序。

程序

1. 在 Studio 「專案」 工具箱標籤中，按一下 **ListObjects 編排**。編排會顯示在 Studio 工作區中。
2. 在 ListObjects 編排中新增邏輯，如圖 1 所示。「目標活動」畫面中會顯示針對提供的端點，連接器所支援的物件清單。

圖 1. ListObjects



3. 在編排中，選取傳送回覆活動。輸入會顯示在「來源編排」畫面中。
4. 在「來源編排」畫面中，按一下某個活動。「目標活動」畫面中會顯示該作業所支援的物件清單。

5. 將「來源編排」畫面中顯示的值，對映到「目標活動」畫面中 ListObjectsResponse 下的物件類型，如圖 1 所示。您現在已準備好測試編排。
6. 在編排中，於提供服務活動上按一下滑鼠右鍵。這時會顯示「驗證活動」功能表。
7. 在「驗證活動」功能表中，選取呼叫服務。這時會顯示「呼叫服務」視窗。
8. 在「呼叫服務」視窗中，輸入標頭和主體資料，然後按一下執行來啟動測試。如果要檢視測試活動，請按一下顯示回應按鈕。

結果

測試完成時，結果會顯示在「驗證」工具箱標籤中。如果有錯誤，請進行必要的更正，然後重新執行單元測試。

下一步

完成 DescribeObjects 編排。

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_completetest_describe_list.html

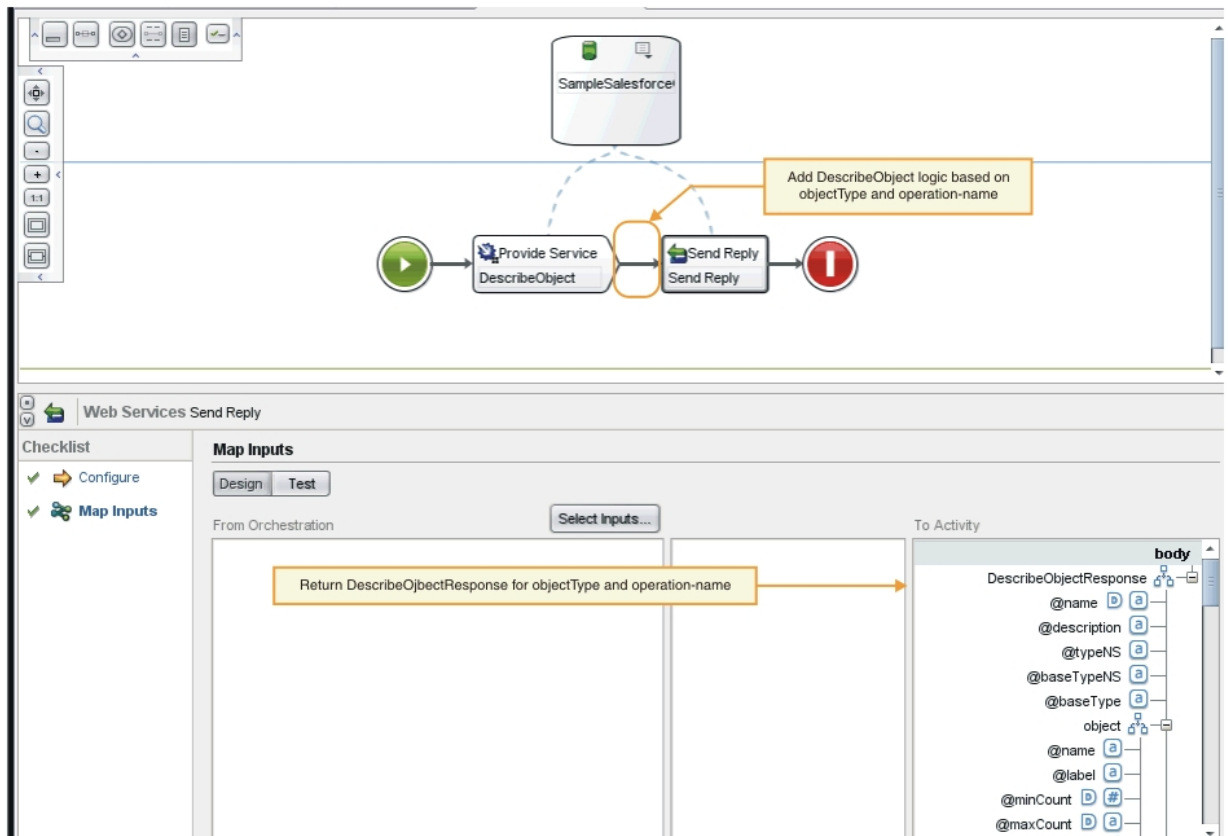
完成 DescribeObjects 編排

若要完成 DescribeObjects 編排，您可以將輸出對映至輸入資料，並將物件 meta 資料轉換成 XML 格式，以符合 `ci-connector-api.xsd` 檔，然後測試編排。

程序

1. 在 Studio 「專案」工具箱標籤中，按一下 **DescribeObjects** 編排。編排會顯示在 Studio 工作區中。
2. 在編排中，按一下提供服務活動。這時會顯示「對映輸出」畫面。
3. 在「對映輸出」畫面中，按一下主體。這時會出現顯示輸入資料的節點類型視窗。
4. 根據 `object` 和 `operation_name` 將邏輯新增至編排（如圖 1 所示），來取得物件 meta 資料。

圖 1. DescribeObjects



5. 將物件 meta 資料轉換成 XML 格式，以符合 [Cast Iron CDK 綱目檔](#) 中說明的 `ci-connector-api.xsd` 檔。將 meta 資料轉換成 XML 之後，您的綱目看起來如下：

```

< DescribeObjectResponse
baseType = "sObject"
baseTypeNS = "urn:object.partner.soap.sforce.com"
name = "create"
typeNS = "http://example.com/stockquote"
xmlns = "http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/api/"
xmlns:con = "http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/config/"
xmlns:xsi = "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" >
  < object
label = "createInput"
maxCount = "1"
minCount = "1"
name = "createInput"
used = "true" >
    < con:field
configurable = "true"
label = "ObjectName"
maxCount = "1"
minCount = "1"
name = "ObjectName"
used = "true" >
      < con:type > string </ con:type >
    </ con:field >
    < con:field
configurable = "true"
label = "FirstName"
maxCount = "1"
minCount = "1"
name = "FirstName"
used = "true" >
      < con:type > string </ con:type >
    </ con:field >
  </ object >

```

```

< con:field
  configurable = "true"
  label = "LastName"
  maxCount = "1"
  minCount = "1"
  name = "LastName"
  used = "true" >
< con:type > string </ con:type >
</ con:field >
< con:field
  configurable = "true"
  label = "Phone"
  maxCount = "1"
  minCount = "1"
  name = "Phone"
  used = "true" >
< con:type > string </ con:type >
</ con:field >
</ object >
< responseObject
  label = "createOutput"
  maxCount = "1"
  minCount = "1"
  name = "createOutput"
  used = "true" >
  < con:field
    configurable = "true"
    label = "Id"
    maxCount = "1"
    minCount = "1"
    name = "Id"
    used = "true" >
    < con:type > string </ con:type >
  </ con:field >
  < con:field
    configurable = "true"
    label = "ObjectName"
    maxCount = "1"
    minCount = "1"
    name = "ObjectName"
    used = "true" >
    < con:type > string </ con:type >
  </ con:field >
  < con:field
    configurable = "true"
    label = "Status"
    maxCount = "1"
    minCount = "1"
    name = "Status"
    used = "true" >
    < con:type > string </ con:type >
  </ con:field >
</ responseObject >
</ DescribeObjectResponse >

```

6. 在 DescribeObjects 編排中，選取傳送回覆活動。這時會顯示「對映輸入」畫面。
7. 在「對映輸入」畫面中，將產生的 XML 對映到「目標活動」畫面中的 DescribeObjectResponse 參數。您現在已準備好測試編排。
8. 在編排中，於提供服務活動上按一下滑鼠右鍵。這時會顯示「驗證活動」功能表。
9. 在「驗證活動」功能表中，選取呼叫服務。這時會顯示「呼叫服務」視窗。
10. 在「呼叫服務」視窗中，輸入標頭和主體資料，然後按一下執行來啟動測試。如果要檢視測試活動，請按一下顯示回應按鈕。

結果

測試完成時，結果會顯示在「驗證」工具箱標籤中。如果有錯誤，請進行必要的更正，然後重新執行單元測試。

下一步

在下一個階段中，您會學習如何將連接器專案發佈至本端儲存庫。

意見 | 注意事項

file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_completingdescribeobjects.html

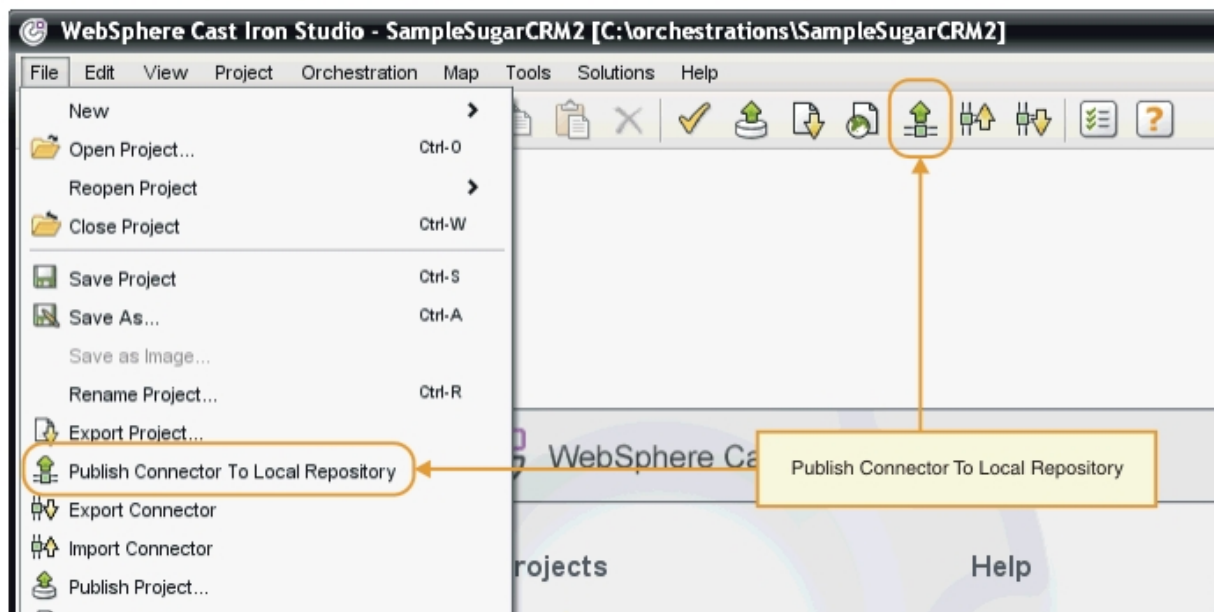
發佈至本端儲存庫

在此階段期間，Studio 會驗證您的編排。如果驗證成功，則您可以將連接器發佈至本端電腦上的儲存庫，以進行測試和除錯。

程序

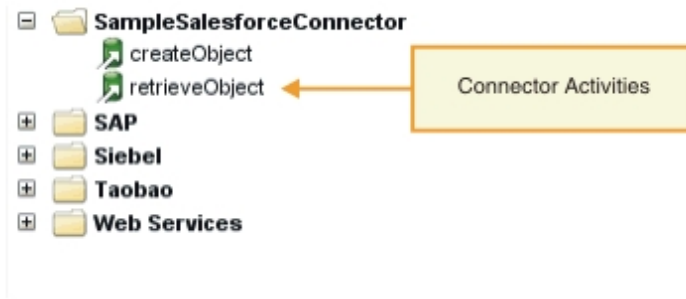
1. 選取檔案 -> 將連接器發佈至本端儲存庫，或按一下發佈工具列圖示，如圖 1 所示。Studio 會驗證編排。如果驗證成功，連接器即會發佈至位於 `<user_home>/castiron/connector-repository` 的連接器儲存庫。如果驗證失敗，則會顯示錯誤訊息。請更正問題，再重新發佈。
2. 重新啟動 Studio。您的連接器活動會顯示在 Studio 「活動」工具箱標籤中，且可供使用。

圖 1. 將連接器發佈至本端儲存庫



在開發工作結束之後，您的連接器和連接器活動會顯示在 Studio 「活動」工具箱標籤中，如圖 2 所示。

圖 2. Studio 「活動」工具箱標籤中顯示的連接器和連接器活動。



註：請不要嘗試將連接器專案直接部署至設備，因為這會導致錯誤。為獲得最佳結果，請只部署在 Studio 內顯示為端點的連接器專案。

下一步

在下一節中，您會進行執行時期驗證，以及測試端點。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_deployconnector.html

測試與除錯

Studio 提供了數個機能來測試您的連接器元件。在測試與除錯階段期間，您可以進行執行時期驗證，來測試您的連接器及診斷配置或資料錯誤。所有出埠端點都應該加以測試。

當您測試連接器時，Studio 建置程序會檢查 XML 檔的形式是否完整，並對照綱目檔加以驗證。接著其會產生出埠對映、建立並傳送出埠訊息、接收回應，以及執行入埠對映。CDK 會執行兩種類型的測試：

- 單元測試
- 整合測試

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_testdebug1.html

單元測試連接器元件

單元測試是任何開發專案的成功關鍵，其基本上是通過或失敗的測試，可驗證連接器的元件是否能如預期般執行。

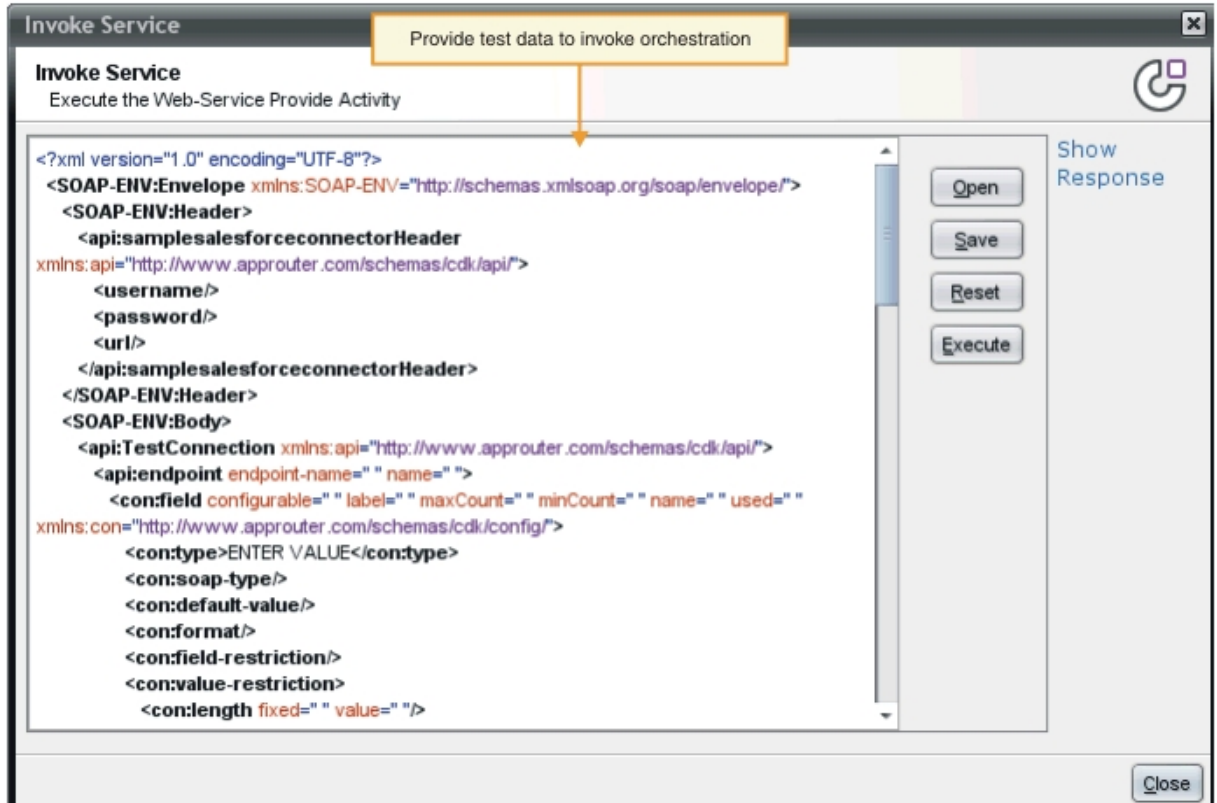
關於這項作業

在這個階段期間，您會執行單元測試來模擬用戶端與 Web 服務（其外露為「Web 服務提供」活動）之間的通訊。

程序

1. 在「專案」工具箱標籤，選取編排。編排會顯示在 Studio 工作區中。
2. 在編排中，於提供服務活動上按一下滑鼠右鍵。這時會顯示「驗證活動」功能表。
3. 在「驗證活動」功能表中，選取呼叫服務。這時會顯示「呼叫服務」視窗，如圖 1 所示。
4. 在「呼叫服務」視窗中，輸入標頭和主體資料，然後按一下執行來啟動測試。如果要檢視測試活動，請按一下顯示回應按鈕。

圖 1. 「呼叫服務」視窗



註：使用「重設」按鈕時請小心。其會消除「呼叫服務」視窗中現有的內容，並重新移入 Web 服務範本資訊。請只有在要重新開始進行單元測試時，才按一下「重設」。

結果

測試完成時，結果會顯示在「驗證」工具箱標籤中。如果有錯誤，請進行必要的更正，然後重新執行單元測試。

下一步

執行整合測試，以判斷您的連接器元件是否適當地執行。

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_unittest.html

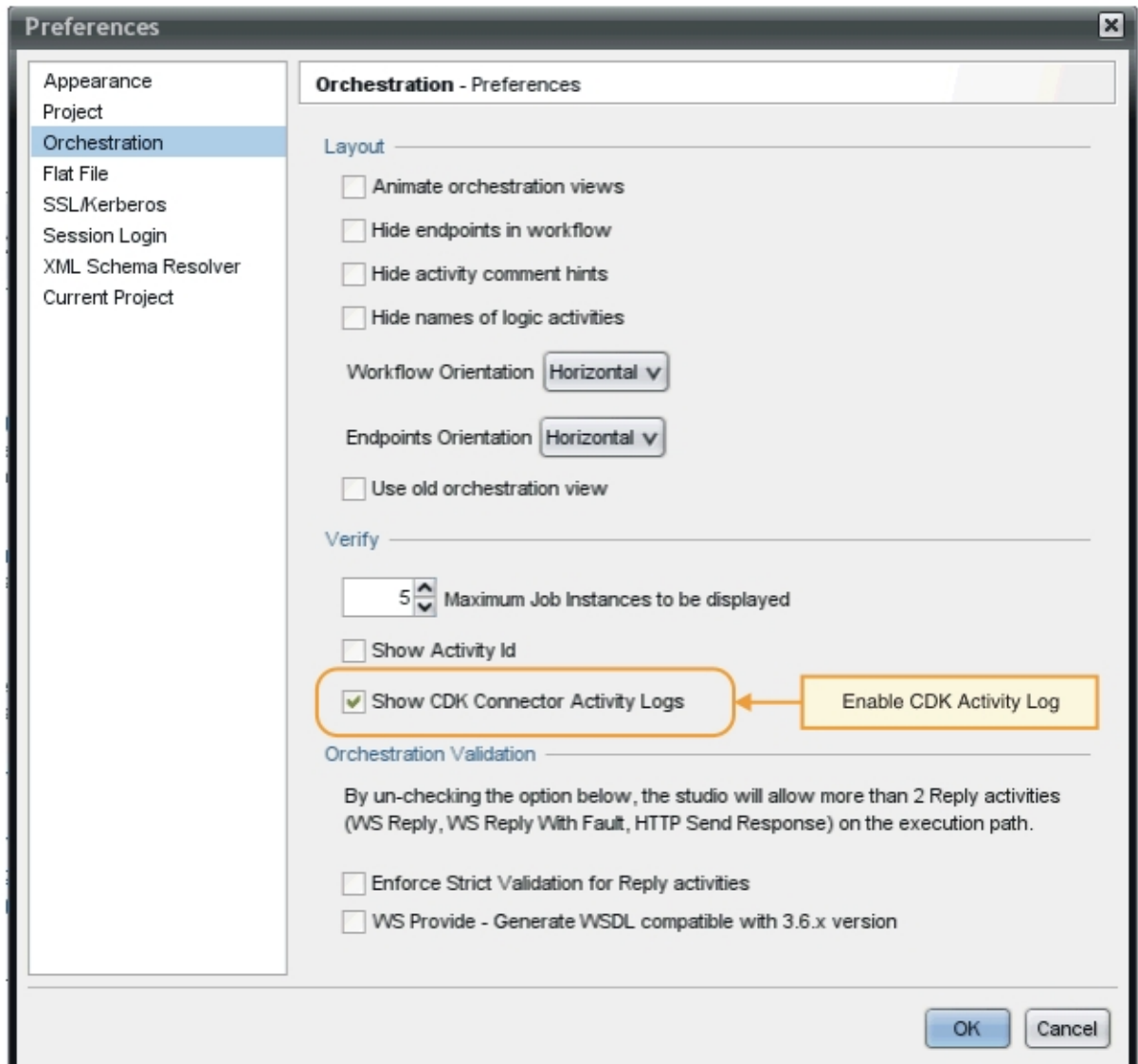
整合測試連接器服務和活動

在整合測試期間，您會驗證連接器服務、訊息與介面是否適當地執行。

程序

1. 在「專案」工具箱標籤，選取編排。編排會顯示在 Studio 工作區中。
2. 在「活動」工具箱標籤中，選取一個活動，然後將它拖放到編排中。
3. 在 Studio 工作區中，按一下該活動。該活動會強調顯示。
4. 在「核對清單」畫面中，按一下挑選端點。這時會顯示「挑選端點」畫面。
5. 在「挑選端點」畫面中，按一下新建。這時會顯示「建立端點」畫面。
6. 在「建立端點」畫面中，輸入連線資訊，然後按一下 **TestConnection**。
7. 如果連線成功，請按一下**確定**。
8. 在「核對清單」畫面中，按一下配置。這時會顯示「配置」畫面。
9. 選用項目：在「配置」畫面中，按一下瀏覽以搜尋可瀏覽的活動。（不可瀏覽的活動不需要這個步驟。）這時會顯示 ListObjects 對話視窗。
10. 在 ListObjects 對話視窗中，選取要成為選定活動之輸入的綱目。
11. 完成輸入及輸出對映。
12. 測試編排。如果您要檢視處理器活動，請在 Studio 的「喜好設定」視窗中勾選顯示 **CDK 連接器活動日誌** 選項，如圖 1 所示。

圖 1. 「喜好設定」視窗



結果

處理器活動和最終測試結果會顯示在 Studio 「驗證」 工具箱標籤中。

下一步

在下一節中，您會學習如何匯出和匯入連接器專案。

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_integrationtest.html

匯出和匯入連接器專案

建立並測試完連接器之後，您可以將它匯出至外部位置，以供其他人使用。您也可以將連接器保存檔匯入 Studio。

您可以使用 Studio 功能表或按一下「匯出」或「匯入」工具列圖示，來匯出和匯入連接器專案。

註：請不要嘗試將連接器專案直接部署至設備，因為這會導致錯誤。為獲得最佳結果，請只部署在 Studio 內顯示為端點的連接器專案。

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_exporting_importing.html

匯出連接器專案

當您將完成的連接器從 Studio 匯出至外部位置時，即可供其他人載入及使用。匯出的連接器會包裝為標準的 .zip 檔。

關於這項作業

您可以使用 Studio 功能表選項或工具列，來匯出連接器。如果您不指定目錄，匯出的連接器專案會放在專案目錄的子目錄中。如果您選擇匯出至保存檔，則專案會包裝在專案目錄下的 .zip 保存檔中。

程序

1. 選取檔案 -> 匯出連接器，或按一下匯出連接器工具列圖示。這時會顯示「檔案」對話視窗，顯示可用連接器的清單。
2. 在「檔案」對話視窗中，選取連接器，然後按一下確定。這時會顯示「儲存」對話視窗。
3. 在「儲存」對話視窗中，瀏覽至要用來匯出專案的位置，然後按一下儲存。

結果

您的連接器即會匯出為標準 .zip 保存檔。

下一步

在下一節中，您會學習如何匯入連接器專案。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_exportyourconnectorproject.html

匯入連接器專案

您可以使用 Studio 來匯入已開發為標準壓縮保存檔的連接器專案。

關於這項作業

您可以使用 Studio 功能表選項或工具列，將連接器匯入 Studio。

程序

1. 選取檔案 -> 匯入連接器，或按一下匯入連接器工具列圖示。這時會顯示「檔案」對話視窗。
2. 在「檔案」對話視窗中，選取連接器，然後按一下確定。

結果

連接器會以 .zip 保存檔形式匯入至 Studio。

下一步

在下一節中，會呈現 CDK 元件的概觀。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

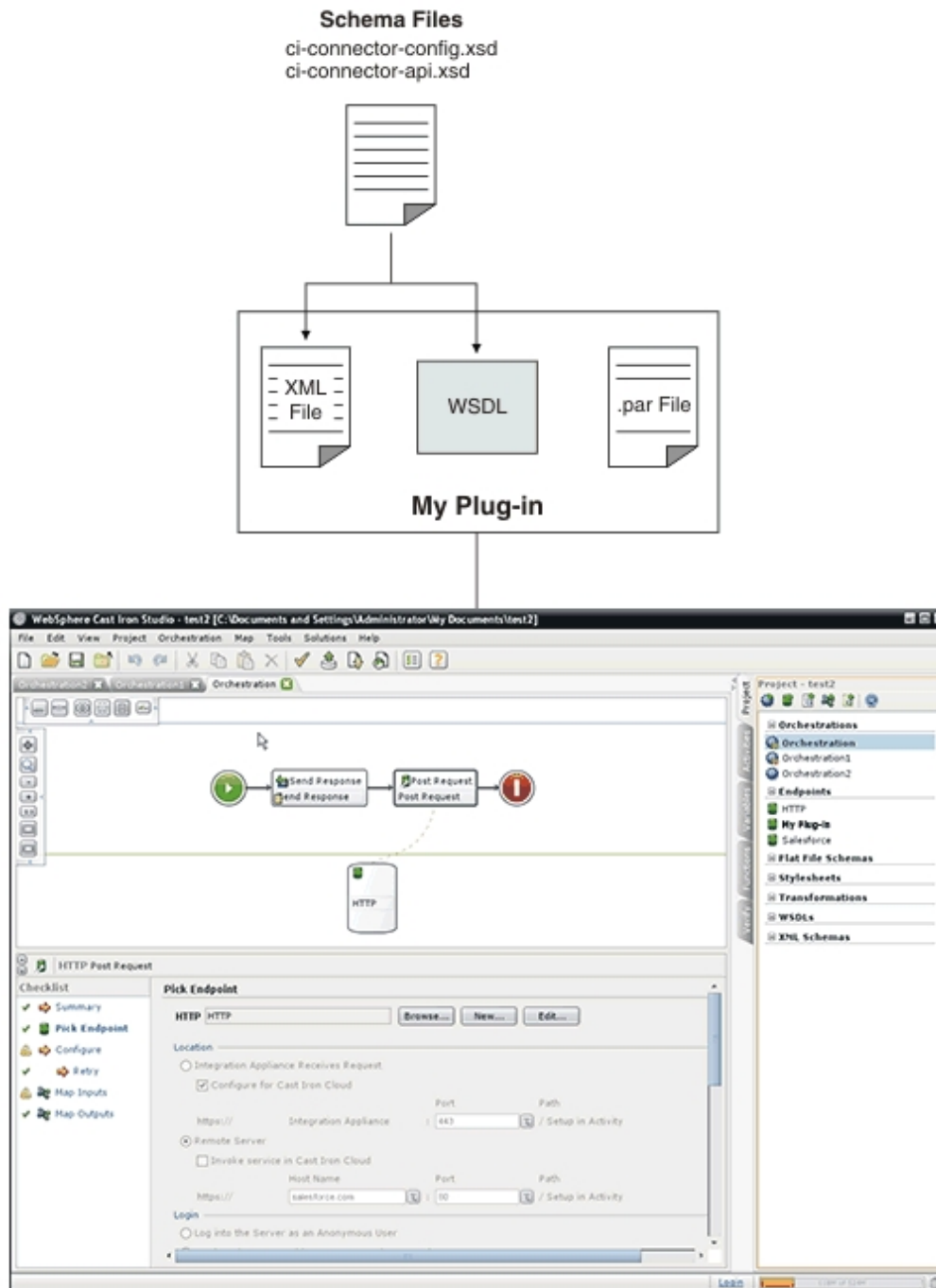
http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_importaconnector.html

Cast Iron CDK 元件

「連接器開發者套件」含有四個主要元件，這些元件共同運作即構成了 CDK 開發平台。

圖 1 顯示這些元件，並說明其與 Studio 的關係：

圖 1. CDK 元件



意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_components.html

Cast Iron CDK 綱目檔

XML 綱目檔提供語法，而且會定義如何在 XML 檔中表示元素和屬性。您可以將 Cast Iron CDK 綱目檔匯入至 Studio 開發環境，然後將綱目元素從專案工具箱標籤拖曳到您的編排，來建立端點和連線。

這些 CDK 綱目檔為：

ci-connector-config.xsd - Studio 和部署引擎會使用這個檔案來定義連接器可使用的基本配置選項。外掛程式 meta 資料會儲存為 XML 檔中的元素，且配置之後，端點內容即會定義一般使用者會看到的內容，以及對其外露的活動。這裡是 ci-connector-config.xsd 檔案：

```

<xs:schema
  id="_dcs_markdown_workspace_Transform_htmlout_0_nl_zh_TW_com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc_cdk_schemas_ci-cdk-config"
  version="1.0"
  targetNamespace="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/config/"
  xmlns:tns="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/config/"
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:jaxb="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/jaxb"
  xmlns:xjc="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/jaxb/xjc"
  jaxb:extensionBindingPrefixes="xjc"
  jaxb:version="2.0"
  elementFormDefault="qualified">
  <xs:annotation>
    <xs:appinfo>
      <jaxb:schemaBindings>
        <jaxb:package
          name="com.approuter.studio.connectors.cdk.config" />
      </jaxb:schemaBindings>
      <jaxb:globalBindings>
        <xjc:simple />
      </jaxb:globalBindings>
    </xs:appinfo>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:element
    name="connectorConfiguration">
    <xs:complexType>
      <xs:sequence>
        <!-- Connector description -->
        <xs:element
          name="description"
          type="xs:string" />
        <!-- Endpoint form definition -->
        <xs:element
          name="endpoint"
          type="tns:EndpointForm" />
        <!-- Connector activities -->
        <xs:element
          name="activity-group"
          type="tns:ActivityGroup" />
        <xs:element
          name="operations"
          minOccurs="0">
          <xs:complexType>
            <xs:sequence>
              <xs:element
                name="operation"
                type="tns:operationType"
                minOccurs="0"
                maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            </xs:sequence>
          </xs:complexType>
        </xs:element>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
  </xs:element>
  <!-- default endpoint location
  for those
  define one or are
  operations that do not
  </xs:schema

```

```

                                not defined
                                -->
                                <xs:attribute
                                name="default-endpoint-
location"
                                type="xs:string"
                                use="optional" />
                                </xs:complexType>
                                </xs:element>
                                <!-- Minimum client version -->
                                <xs:element
                                name="clients"
                                minOccurs="0">
                                <xs:complexType>
                                <xs:sequence>
                                <xs:element
                                name="client"
                                type="tns:CompatibleClient"
                                minOccurs="0"
                                maxOccurs="unbounded" />
                                </xs:sequence>
                                </xs:complexType>
                                </xs:element>
                                <!-- release documentation -->
                                <xs:element
                                name="release-documentation"
                                type="tns:ReleaseDocumentation"
                                minOccurs="0"
                                maxOccurs="unbounded" />
                                </xs:sequence>
                                <!--
                                Internal name of the connector. Do not change
                                names between releases of the connector
                                -->
                                <xs:attribute
                                name="name"
                                type="xs:string"
                                use="required" />
                                <!-- Readable label for connector -->
                                <xs:attribute
                                name="label"
                                type="xs:string"
                                use="required" />
                                <!--
                                Connection namespace. Used to associate
                                activities with endpoints within Studio
                                -->
                                <xs:attribute
                                name="connection-ns"
                                type="xs:string"
                                use="required" />
                                <!-- Version of this connector -->
                                <xs:attribute
                                name="version"
                                type="xs:string"
                                use="required" />
                                <!-- notes -->
                                <xs:attribute
                                name="notes"
                                type="xs:string" />
                                <!-- release date -->
                                <xs:attribute

```

```

        name="release-date"
        type="xs:dateTime"
        use="optional" />
    <!--
        General hint to consumer as to its
        classification
    -->
    <xs:attribute
        name="category"
        type="tns:ConnectorCategory" />
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:complexType
    name="ReleaseDocumentation">
    <xs:simpleContent>
        <xs:extension
            base="xs:string">
                <!-- corresponding plugin connector version -->
                <xs:attribute
                    name="release-version"
                    type="xs:string" />
            </xs:extension>
        </xs:simpleContent>
    </xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType
    name="CompatibleClient">
    <xs:attribute
        name="clientName"
        type="xs:string"
        default="castiron-studio" />
    <xs:attribute
        name="minimumClientVersion"
        type="xs:string"
        default="6.0" />
</xs:complexType>
<!--
    Endpoint form. Test connection action required.
-->
<xs:complexType
    name="EndpointForm">
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:extension
            base="tns:Form">
                <xs:sequence>
                    <xs:element
                        name="test-connection-action"
                        type="tns:TestConnectionAction" />
                    <!-- Connector description -->
                    <xs:element
                        name="endpoint-description"
                        type="xs:string" />
                </xs:sequence>
            <!--
                Used for Studio menu integration (e.g.
                Endpoints menu-item, default endpoint
                instance name)
            -->
            <xs:attribute
                name="endpoint-name"
                type="xs:string"
                use="required" />
        </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>

```



```

</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType
  name="Form">
  <xs:sequence>
    <!-- Form fields -->
    <xs:element
      name="field"
      type="tns:FormField"
      minOccurs="0"
      maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    <!-- Fields can be grouped -->
    <xs:element
      name="field-group"
      type="tns:FieldGroup"
      minOccurs="0"
      maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    <!-- Form actions. -->
    <xs:element
      name="actions"
      type="tns:Actions"
      minOccurs="0"
      maxOccurs="1" />
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:attribute
    name="name"
    type="xs:string"
    use="required" />
</xs:complexType>

<!-- Fields can be a member of a group -->
<xs:complexType
  name="FieldGroup">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element
      name="field"
      type="tns:FormField"
      minOccurs="0"
      maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    <xs:element
      name="field-group"
      type="tns:FieldGroup"
      minOccurs="0"
      maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:attribute
    name="name"
    type="xs:string"
    use="required" />
  <!-- Readable group label -->
  <xs:attribute
    name="label"
    type="xs:string"
    use="optional" />
  <!--
    Predefined groups. If specified, there is no
    need to specify label, groups, or fields. If
    specified they will be ignored.
  -->
  <xs:attribute
    name="type"
    use="optional">
    <xs:simpleType>
      <xs:restriction
        base="xs:string">

```

```

        <xs:enumeration
            value="connection-timeout" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="connection-proxy" />
        <!-- TBD others -->
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
</xs:attribute>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType
    name="FormField">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:appinfo>
            <jaxb:bindings
                node="//xs:complexType[@name='FormField']">
                <jaxb:class
implClass="com.aprouter.studio.connectors.cdk.config.ConnectorFormField" />
            </jaxb:bindings>
        </xs:appinfo>
    </xs:annotation>
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:extension
            base="tns:FieldDescriptor">
            <xs:sequence>
                <!-- summary description text -->
                <xs:element
                    name="short-description"
                    type="xs:string"
                    minOccurs="0" />
                <!-- detailed description text -->
                <xs:element
                    name="long-description"
                    type="xs:string"
                    minOccurs="0" />
                <!-- hint text -->
                <xs:element
                    name="hint"
                    type="xs:string"
                    minOccurs="0" />
            </xs:sequence>
        </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType
    name="Actions">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element
            name="action"
            type="tns:Action"
            maxOccurs="unbounded" />
        <!-- summary description text -->
        <xs:element
            name="short-description"
            type="xs:string"
            minOccurs="0" />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute
        name="label"
        type="xs:string"
        use="optional" />
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType
    name="Action">

```

```

    <xs:simpleContent>
      <xs:extension
        base="xs:string">
          <xs:attribute
            name="label"
            type="xs:string" />
          <!--
            the operation that should be invoked in
            response to the action
          -->
          <xs:attribute
            name="operation-name" />
          <!-- summary description text -->
          <xs:attribute
            name="short-description"
            type="xs:string"
            use="required" />
        </xs:extension>
      </xs:simpleContent>
    </xs:complexType>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType
    name="TestConnectionAction">
    <xs:simpleContent>
      <xs:restriction
        base="tns:Action">
          <xs:attribute
            name="operation-name"
            fixed="TestConnection" />
          <xs:attribute
            name="label"
            type="xs:string"
            fixed="Test Connection" />
        </xs:restriction>
      </xs:simpleContent>
    </xs:complexType>

  <!-- predefined connector categories -->
  <!--
    used to indicate the enterprise solution type
  -->
  <xs:simpleType
    name="ConnectorCategory">
    <xs:restriction
      base="xs:string">
        <xs:enumeration
          value="CRM" />
        <xs:enumeration
          value="SCM" />
        <xs:enumeration
          value="ERP" />
        <xs:enumeration
          value="ECM" />
        <xs:enumeration
          value="SFA" />
        <xs:enumeration
          value="BPM" />
        <xs:enumeration
          value="IBP" />
        <xs:enumeration
          value="ORM" />
        <xs:enumeration
          value="MIS" />
        <xs:enumeration

```

```

        value="SIS" />
    <xs:enumeration
        value="COM" />
    <xs:enumeration
        value="MOM" />
    <xs:enumeration
        value="PIM" />
    <xs:enumeration
        value="Database" />
    <!-- etc -->
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<!-- activities -->
<xs:complexType
    name="ActivityGroup">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element
            name="activity"
            type="tns:Activity"
            minOccurs="1"
            maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </xs:sequence>
    <!--
        this is the label of the group under which the
        activities will appear
    -->
    <xs:attribute
        name="label"
        type="xs:string"
        use="optional" />
</xs:complexType>

<!-- activity -->
<xs:complexType
    name="Activity">
    <xs:sequence>
        <!-- wsdl operation -->
        <xs:element
            name="operation-name"
            type="xs:string" />
        <xs:element
            name="description"
            type="xs:string" />
        <xs:element
            name="task-list"
            type="tns:Tasks" />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute
        name="name"
        type="xs:string"
        use="required" />
    <!--
        this is the label of the activity that appears
        under an activity group
    -->
    <xs:attribute
        name="label"
        type="xs:string"
        use="optional" />
</xs:complexType>

<!-- activity tasks -->
<xs:complexType

```

```

        name="Tasks">
        <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element
                name="configure-task"
                type="tns:ConfigureTask" />
        </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
    <!--
        possible enhancement: determine "browsability"
        based on if input is an extension of abstract
        type.
    -->
    <xs:complexType
        name="ConfigureTask">
        <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element
                name="type"
                type="tns:ConfigurationType"
                default="browse" />
            <xs:element
                name="applies-to"
                type="tns:AppliesTo"
                minOccurs="0"
                default="inputs" />
        </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>

    <!-- browsable or not -->
    <!--
        possible enhancement: determine browsability
        based on if input is an extension of abstract
        type.
    -->
    <xs:simpleType
        name="ConfigurationType">
        <xs:restriction
            base="xs:string">
            <xs:enumeration
                value="none" />
            <xs:enumeration
                value="browse" />
        </xs:restriction>
    </xs:simpleType>

    <!-- are the inputs or outputs configured? -->
    <!--
        possible enhancement: determine browsability
        based on if input is an extension of abstract
        type.
    -->
    <xs:simpleType
        name="AppliesTo">
        <xs:restriction
            base="xs:string">
            <xs:enumeration
                value="inputs" />
            <xs:enumeration
                value="outputs" />
            <xs:enumeration
                value="both" />
        </xs:restriction>

```

```

</xs:simpleType>

<!-- ***** -->
<!-- Descriptors... -->
<xs:simpleType
  name="allNNI">
  <xs:annotation>
    <xs:documentation> for maxOccurs
  </xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:union
    memberTypes="xs:nonNegativeInteger">
    <xs:simpleType>
      <xs:restriction
        base="xs:NMTOKEN">
        <xs:enumeration
          value="unbounded" />
        </xs:restriction>
      </xs:simpleType>
    </xs:union>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:attributeGroup
    name="counts">
    <xs:attribute
      name="minCount"
      type="xs:nonNegativeInteger"
      use="optional"
      default="1" />
    <xs:attribute
      name="maxCount"
      type="tns:allNNI"
      use="optional"
      default="1" />
  </xs:attributeGroup>
  <xs:complexType
    name="Descriptor"
    abstract="true">
    <xs:sequence />
    <xs:attribute
      name="name"
      type="xs:string"
      use="required" />
    <!-- readable label text -->
    <xs:attribute
      name="label"
      type="xs:string"
      use="optional" />
    <xs:attributeGroup
      ref="tns:counts" />
  </xs:complexType>
  <!--
    child nodes annotated with 'volatile' indicate
    that text node is set externally to the
    connector implementation (e.g. by end-user
    building a project that uses the connector)
  -->
  <xs:complexType
    name="FieldDescriptor">
    <xs:complexContent>
      <xs:extension
        base="tns:Descriptor">
        <xs:sequence>
          <!-- field type (e.g. string, boolean, ...)

```

```

-->
<xs:element
  name="type"
  type="tns:FieldType" />
<!-- associated xsd type -->
<xs:element
  name="soap-type"
  type="tns:SoapType"
  minOccurs="0" />
<!--
  define a default value for the field
  applicable
  applicable
-->
<xs:element
  name="default-value"
  type="xs:string"
  minOccurs="0" />
<!--
  define if values are of a particular
  e.g. password etc
-->
<xs:element
  name="format"
  type="tns:FieldFormat"
  minOccurs="0" />
<!--
  define if possible values form a
  (e.g. a range or set of values)
-->
<xs:element
  name="field-restriction"
  type="tns:FieldRestriction"
  minOccurs="0" />
<!--
  define if values are restricted to
  pattern
  pattern
-->
<xs:element
  name="value-restriction"
  type="tns:ValueRestriction"
  minOccurs="0" />
<!--
  volatile: current or set value.
  "posted" value from endpoint panel
  end-user presses the 'Test
  button.)
  button.)
-->
<xs:element
  name="value"
  type="xs:string"
  minOccurs="0">
  <xs:annotation>

```

```

<xs:appinfo>volatile</xs:appinfo>

```

```

        </xs:annotation>
    </xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
<!--
    <xs:attribute name="readable"
        type="xs:boolean" use="optional"
        default="true"/> <xs:attribute
        name="writable" type="xs:boolean"
        default="true" use="optional"/>
-->
<!-- namespace of this FieldDescriptor -->
<xs:attribute
    name="ns"
    type="xs:anyURI" />
<!--
    can a configuration property be applied to
    this field?
-->
<xs:attribute
    name="configurable"
    type="xs:boolean"
    default="false" />
<!-- internal -->
<xs:attribute
    name="used"
    type="xs:boolean"
    default="true">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:appinfo>volatile</xs:appinfo>
    </xs:annotation>
</xs:attribute>
</xs:extension>
</xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
<!--
    Descriptor allows consumers to obtain detailed
    object description. For instance, this allows
-->
<!--
    Studio's UI generator to produce a user
    interface with various ui-component types and
    behaviors (in a consistent way.)
-->
<!--
    Note: ObjectDescriptor is part of
    DescribeObjectResponse defined in
    ci-connector-api.xsd
    ci-connector-api.xsd
-->
<xs:complexType
    name="ObjectDescriptor">
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:extension
            base="tns:Descriptor">
            <xs:sequence>
                <xs:element
                    name="field"
                    type="tns:FieldDescriptor"
                    minOccurs="0"
                    maxOccurs="unbounded" />
                <xs:element
                    name="object"
                    type="tns:ObjectDescriptor"
                    minOccurs="0"

```



```

maxOccurs="unbounded" />
</xs:sequence>
<!-- namespace of this ObjectDescriptor -->
<xs:attribute
    name="ns"
    type="xs:anyURI" />
<!-- internal -->
<xs:attribute
    name="used"
    type="xs:boolean"
    default="true">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:appinfo>volatile</xs:appinfo>
    </xs:annotation>
</xs:attribute>
</xs:extension>
</xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- supported types -->
<xs:simpleType
    name="FieldType">
    <xs:restriction
        base="xs:string">
        <xs:enumeration
            value="string" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="base64" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="boolean" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="int" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="decimal" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="date" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="dateTime" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="anyType" />
        <!-- any of the above (e.g. string, int, etc) -->
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<!-- cooresponding xsd type -->
<xs:simpleType
    name="SoapType">
    <xs:restriction
        base="xs:string">
        <xs:enumeration
            value="xs:base64Binary" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="xs:boolean" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="xs:decimal" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="xs:int" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="xs:string" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="xs:date" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="xs:dateTime" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="xs:dateTime" />
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

```

```

        value="xs:anyType" />
    <!--
        can be id, boolean, decimal, int, string,
        date, dateTime
    -->
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<!-- supported type formats -->
<xs:simpleType
    name="FieldFormat">
    <xs:restriction
        base="xs:string">
        <xs:enumeration
            value="string" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="password" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="percent" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="phone" />
    <!--
        <xsd:enumeration value="date"/> date
        formats???
        formats???
    -->
        <xs:enumeration
            value="url" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="email" />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="currency" />
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<!--
    possible values form a well defined collection
-->
<xs:complexType
    name="FieldRestriction">
    <xs:choice>
        <!-- value is restricted to a range of values -->
        <xs:element
            name="value-range"
            type="tns:ValueRange" />
        <!-- value is restricted to a set of values -->
        <xs:element
            name="value-set"
            type="tns:ValueSet" />
    </xs:choice>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- possible values form a set -->
<xs:complexType
    name="ValueSet">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element
            name="entry"
            type="tns:ValueSetEntry"
            maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </xs:sequence>
    <!--
        is the set of values open or closed to
        additions
        additions

```

```

-->
<xs:attribute
    name="restricted"
    type="xs:boolean"
    use="optional"
    default="true" />
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType
    name="ValueSetEntry">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element
            name="label"
            type="xs:string"
            minOccurs="0" />
        <!--
            value must be parsable for specified FieldType
        -->
        <xs:element
            name="value"
            type="xs:string" />
    </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<!--
    possible values are within a defined range
-->
<xs:complexType
    name="ValueRange">
    <xs:sequence>
        <!--
            min and max must be parsable for specified
            FieldType
            FieldType
        -->
        <xs:element
            name="min"
            type="xs:string"
            minOccurs="0" />
        <xs:element
            name="max"
            type="xs:string"
            minOccurs="0" />
        <!--
            e.g. for FieldType 'int' with min=0, max = 4,
            and step=2, the only allowed field values are
            0, 2, and 4
        -->
        <xs:element
            name="step"
            type="xs:string"
            minOccurs="0"
            default="1" />
    </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<!--
    value is restricted in length or regular
    expression
    expression
-->
<xs:complexType
    name="ValueRestriction">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element
            ref="tns:length"
            minOccurs="0" />

```

```

        <xs:element
            ref="tns:min-length"
            minOccurs="0" />
        <xs:element
            ref="tns:max-length"
            minOccurs="0" />
        <xs:element
            ref="tns:pattern"
            minOccurs="0" />
    </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType
    name="ValueAttrib">
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:extension
            base="xs:anyType">
            <xs:attribute
                name="value"
                use="required" />
            <xs:attribute
                name="fixed"
                type="xs:boolean"
                use="optional"
                default="false" />
        </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType
    name="NumAttrib">
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:restriction
            base="tns:ValueAttrib">
            <xs:attribute
                name="value"
                type="xs:nonNegativeInteger"
                use="required" />
        </xs:restriction>
    </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- values conform to a regular expression -->
<xs:complexType
    name="Pattern">
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:restriction
            base="tns:ValueAttrib">
            <xs:attribute
                name="value"
                type="xs:string"
                use="required" />
        </xs:restriction>
    </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:element
    name="length"

id="_dcs_markdown_workspace_Transform_htmlout_0_nl_zh_TW_com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc_cdk_sch
emas_length"
        type="tns:NumAttrib" />
    </xs:element
        name="min-length"

```

```

id="_dcs_markdown_workspace_Transform_htmlout_0_nl_zh_TW_com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc_cdk_sch
emas_minLength"

```

```

        type="tns:NumAttrib" />
    <xs:element
        name="max-length"

id="_dcs_markdown_workspace_Transform_htmlout_0_nl_zh_TW_com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc_cdk_sch
emas_maxLength"
        type="tns:NumAttrib" />
    <xs:element
        name="pattern"

id="_dcs_markdown_workspace_Transform_htmlout_0_nl_zh_TW_com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc_cdk_sch
emas_pattern"
        type="tns:Pattern" />

<!--      ...Descriptors -->
<!-- ***** -->
<!--
        operationType allows defining endpoint location
        on a per operations basis.
-->
<xs:complexType
    name="operationType">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element
            name="endpoint-location"
            type="xs:string" />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute
        name="name">
        <xs:simpleType>
            <xs:restriction
                base="xs:string">
                <xs:enumeration
                    value="testConnection" />
                <xs:enumeration
                    value="listObjects" />
                <xs:enumeration
                    value="describeObject" />
            </xs:restriction>
        </xs:simpleType>
    </xs:attribute>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>

```

ci-connector-api.xsd - 您的應用程式需要能夠利用來自連接器 API 的呼叫，與適當的連接器交談，您才能存取端點。這個檔案說明 TestConnection、ListObjects 和 DescribeObject API 的要求/回應類型。這裡是 ci-connector-api.xsd 檔案：

```

<xs:schema

id="_dcs_markdown_workspace_Transform_htmlout_0_nl_zh_TW_com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc_cdk_sch
emas_ci-cdk-api"
    version="1.0"
    targetNamespace="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/api/"
    xmlns:tns="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/api/"
    xmlns:ccc="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/config/"
    xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
    xmlns:jaxb="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/jaxb"
    xmlns:xjc="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/jaxb/xjc"
    jaxb:extensionBindingPrefixes="xjc"
    jaxb:version="2.0"
    elementFormDefault="qualified">
    <xs:import

```

```

        namespace="http://www.approuter.com/schemas/cdk/config/"
        schemaLocation="ci-connector-config.xsd" />
<xs:annotation>
  <xs:appinfo>
    <jaxb:schemaBindings>
      <jaxb:package
name="com.approuter.studio.connectors.cdk.api" />
      </jaxb:schemaBindings>
    </xs:appinfo>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:complexType
name="TestConnection">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element
name="endpoint"
type="ccc:EndpointForm" />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType
name="TestConnectionResponse">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element
name="success"
type="xs:boolean" />
      <xs:element
name="message"
type="xs:string" />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType
name="ListObjects">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element
name="endpoint"
type="ccc:EndpointForm" />
      <xs:element
name="operation"
type="xs:string"
minOccurs="1" />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType
name="ListObjectsResponse">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element
name="objectType"
type="tns:ObjectType"
minOccurs="1"
maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType
name="ObjectType">
    <xs:simpleContent>
      <xs:extension
base="xs:string">
        <xs:attribute
name="label"
type="xs:string"
use="optional" />
      </xs:extension>
    </xs:simpleContent>
  </xs:complexType>

```

```

<xs:complexType
  name="DescribeObject">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element
      name="endpoint"
      type="ccc:EndpointForm"
      minOccurs="1" />
    <xs:element
      name="objectType"
      type="xs:string"
      minOccurs="1" />
    <xs:element
      name="operation-name"
      type="xs:string" />
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType
  name="DescribeObjectResponse">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element
      name="object"
      type="ccc:ObjectDescriptor" />
    <xs:element
      name="responseObject"
      type="ccc:ObjectDescriptor" />
  </xs:sequence>
  <!-- local part name of the derived type -->
  <xs:attribute
    name="name"
    type="xs:string" />
  <xs:attribute
    name="description"
    type="xs:string" />
  <!-- namespace of derived type -->
  <xs:attribute
    name="typeNS"
    type="xs:string" />
  <!-- namespace of base/abstract type -->
  <xs:attribute
    name="baseTypeNS"
    type="xs:string" />
  <!-- local part name of base/abstract type -->
  <xs:attribute
    name="baseType"
    type="xs:string" />
</xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>

```

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_schemas.html

Cast Iron CDK XML 檔

您的 XML 檔定義外掛程式所執行的活動。XML 檔中的每一個活動都必須與 WSDL 檔中定義的一項作業對映。

XML 已新興為一種通用語言，可代表及傳輸與程式設計語言、軟體平台和硬體無關之結構化資料。針對您的開發專案，您可以使用任何文字編輯器或符合 XML 的編寫工具，來建立 XML 檔。您的檔案必須符合綱目檔的規則，否則外掛程式會失敗。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_xmlfiles.html

Cast Iron CDK WSDL 檔

WSDL 檔是一種 XML 格式的檔案，將網路服務定義為一組端點。WSDL 檔會說明如何存取 Web 服務，並指定服務所執行的作業。WSDL 通常是由 Web 服務提供者所開發，且可透過 UDDI（通用說明、探索與整合）登錄來使用。

在專案一開始，您必須將符合 WS-I（Web 服務交互作業能力）的 WSDL 檔匯入開發平台，使得您的開發環境可以產生建置用戶端 Web 服務應用程式所需的物件。Web 服務 API 會提供一組物件或 WSDL 類型的定義，以及一組 Web 服務作業。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_wsdl.html

Cast Iron CDK .par 檔

您的外掛程式會包裝成 .par 檔。您的 .par 是您重新命名並匯入至 Studio 的標準 .zip 檔。

.par 檔包含您的外掛程式。它是從 Studio 專案匯出，並且是您實作介面作業的位置，該作業可讓您識別及盤存外掛程式內含的物件。當您遞送 .par 時，其會自動展開至外掛程式的目錄中。

[意見](#) | [注意事項](#)

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

<http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/par.html>

常見問題 (FAQ)

以下是一些常見問題，可協助您解決在開發程序期間可能發生的問題。

問：如何判斷我的輸入活動在設計時期是否可供探索？

- 答：如果活動的輸入會視物件類型而有所不同，您應選取可供探索，並對輸入使用抽象 WDSL 或綱目元素類型。

問：我的綱目或 WSDL 不含抽象元素類型。如何將它新增至我的檔案中？

- 答：WSDL 和綱目提供了一個機制，可強制替代特定的元素或類型。如果要將抽象元素新增到檔案中，請將下列 `complexType` 元素新增至 WSDL 或綱目中：`complexType name="MyObject"`。請務必在與輸入類型相同的名稱空間中定義它。

問：我可以修改現有的連接器嗎？

- 答：只要連接器是使用「CDK 連接器精靈」所建置，您只需啟動「精靈」，然後在其中新增活動或修訂現有的活動，即可加以更新。

問：我有現有的專案。我可以對其執行「精靈」，再使用編排來外露連接器活動嗎？

- 答：是的。您可以對現有的專案執行「精靈」，但請確定您的活動名稱未與現有的編排名稱衝突。

問：Studio 中未顯示我的連接器。為什麼？

- 答：許多錯誤只要檢查錯誤即可更正。請檢查位於 `Studio_Install_dir` 下的日誌檔，以查看失敗的相關資訊。

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_faq.html

取得協助

本節告訴您如何取得 IBM 和其產品的相關資訊，以及如何聯絡銷售和技術支援人員。

您可以在以下網址存取 IBM 公司網站：<http://www.ibm.com>。

這個網站包含 IBM 公司、其背景以及產品等相關資訊。此網站也提供了銷售與技術支援的聯絡資訊。

在聯絡 IBM 支援中心之前，請驗證您已符合下列準則：

- 您的公司具有作用中的維護合約。
- 您已獲得提交問題的授權。
- 您擁有設備序號。
- 您擁有用於購買設備的客戶號碼。

您可以採用下列兩種方式之一，向 IBM 提交軟體問題報告：

1. 使用服務要求 (SR) 問題提交網頁。您需要使用您的 IBM 使用者 ID 和密碼來登入。
2. 透過電話聯絡 IBM。請參閱 IBM Software Support Handbook 中的全球聯絡目錄，取得適當的軟體支援中心電話號碼。

意見 | 注意事項

<file:///dcs/markdown/workspace/Transform/out.html>

http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/wci/v7r0m0/topic/com.ibm.wci.cdk.doc/cdk_gettinghelp.html