

#### z/TPF V1.1

# TPF Users Group Fall 2008 Title: *z/TPF Support for MySQL*

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AIM Enterprise Platform Software IBM z/Transaction Processing Facility Enterprise Edition 1.1.0

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- What is MySQL?
  - Popular high-performance relational database
    - Cost-effective and reliable.
  - Relational database collection of "relations" (tables)
    - Table data is "related"
    - Data in a specific column is in the same "domain" (same data type and conform to the same restraints)
- Why use MySQL on z/TPF?
  - Port applications that use an SQL interface to z/TPF
  - Use a relational database on z/TPF for new applications
  - Transport data on/off z/TPF easily



## Install z/TPF support for MySQL:

- See the base/mysql/readme.txt file in the z/TPF source code
- <u>www.mysql.org</u>
- Open source version of MySQL Version 5.0.27 or later is available to the development community.
- For version 5.0.27, go to <u>http://downloads.mysql.com/archives/mysql-5.0/</u> and click on mysql-5.0.27.tar.gz. Create a TPF\_ROOT/opensource directory and download the source archive.
- From the TPF\_ROOT/opensource directory, extract the source archive: tar -zxf mysql-5.0.27.tar.gz
- From the TPF\_ROOT/opensource directory, create a symbolic link: In -s mysql-5.0.27 mysql
- Build and load the MySQL

Create MySQL directory and mount a thread-safe file system such as one of the processor unique file systems (PFS, FFS or MFS):

ZFILE mkdir /usr/mysql CSMP0097I 15.18.19 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 FILE0003I 10.51.35 mkdir /usr/... COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY. NO OUTPUT TO DISPLAY+

ZFILE mount -t pfs pfsrec1 /usr/mysql CSMP0097I 15.18.43 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 FILE0003I 15.18.43 mount -t pf... COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY. NO OUTPUT TO DISPLAY+

Note: If not present, need to define and initialize a new pool or fixed file system. For example, ZAVFS BUILD PFS PFSREC1 CRID FC8A DRID FC8B

### Verify TCP/IP connection:

zttcp display all CSMP0097I 13.35.34 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 \_ TTCP0184I 13.35.34 IP CONNECTIONS DISPLAY

	CURRENT	DESIRED				
OSA NAME	STATUS	STATUS	LOCAL IP ADDR	TRACE	READ	DATA
OSA1	ACTIVE	ACTIVE	9.057.013.086	ALL	2186	<b>21AC</b> _
END OF DISP	LAY+					



Verify thread support:

zctka display thread CSMP0097I 13.42.24 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 CTKA0020I 13.42.24 STORAGE ALLOCATIONS ON PROCESSOR B

KEYWORDALLOCATIONMTHD50TSTK256END OF DISPLAY+

If values set less than these values, use the zctka alter command to change them and zripl.

## Verify adequate heap size:

zctka display heap CSMP0097I 13.44.02 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 CTKA0020I 13.44.02 STORAGE ALLOCATIONS ON PROCESSOR B

KEYWORD	ALLOCATION
PEH	16
HAVL1	64
HAVL2	16
HAVL3	16
HAVL4	2
HAVSZ1	64
HAVSZ2	256
HAVS23	1024
HAVSZ4	4096
PES	16
SHA	0
SHP	20
EMPS	200
ESPS	200
MMES	200
20MMES	100
MAXMMES	200
EHTRACE	64
END OF DISPLAN	Z+

If EMPS and MMES are not at least 40, use the zctka alter command to change them and zripl. The value of MAXXMMESS and XMMES need to be configured for your system. Start by using the values above and then a more accurate value can be determined by observing 64-bit heap usage in data collection.

If necessary, define local domain name to allow TCP/IP loopback support to work with MySQL (MySQL default = localhost):

zdtcp dom def-yourlocaldomainname.com CSMP0097I 08.44.35 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 DTCP0067I 08.44.35 TPF DEFAULT DOMAIN NAME IS DEFINED +

Note: If you do not have the local domain name defined and attempt to access the local MySQL database without specifying the IP address, you may receive the following error:

ERROR 2005 (HY000): Unknown MySQL server host 'localhost' (4)



### Verify FTP client is enabled (APARs PJ31266 and PJ31296):

zdmap curl	
CSMP0097I 10.26.35 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN	IS-01
DMAP0003I 10.26.35 LINK MAP DATA DISPLAY	
CURL ACTIVE IN LOADSE	T BASE IN SUBSYSTEM BSS
PROGRAM ADDRESS	000000380BE07E0
-	
PROGRAM SIZE	0002F004
base64	- OBJ FILE AT ADDR 000000380BE07E0
OBJECT FILE SIZE	000007A0
COMPILED ON 2008/09/15 AT 21.21.28	
-	
connect	- OBJ FILE AT ADDR 000000380BE0F80
OBJECT FILE SIZE	00000FD8
COMPILED ON 2008/09/15 AT 21.21.29	
cookie	- OBJ FILE AT ADDR 000000380BE1F58
_	
OBJECT FILE SIZE	00001CA8
COMPILED ON 2008/09/15 AT 21.21.31	
easy	- OBJ FILE AT ADDR 000000380BE3C00

#### MORE.... TPFXA1

If the function does not exist, then use FTP commands to manually transfer the necessary MySQL files to TPF instead of using the bootstrap command on the next slide. The ZMSQL bootstrap command lists the commands to do it manually.

### Create MySQL configuration file for the bootstrap process and run bootstrap:

zfile echo yourlinux.com linuxuser linuxpasswd > /etc/ftp.mysql.conf CSMP0097I 08.51.20 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 FILE0003I 08.51.20 echo linuxt... COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY. NO OUTPUT TO DISPLAY+

zmsql bootstrap path-/usr CSMP0097I 08.22.38 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 MSQL0001I 08.22.38 ZMSQL BOOTSTRAP PROCESSING STARTED+ CSMP0097I 08.22.46 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 CYC00003I 08.22.46 POOL TYPE 4DP DEVICE DEVA DIRECTORIES 1073 THRU 1073 COUNTS 8000 IN USE+ CSMP0097I 08.22.55 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 MSQL0004I 08.22.55 ZMSQL BOOTSTRAP PROCESSING COMPLETED+

## Add MySQL server to internet daemon:

#### ZINET ADD s-MYSQL pgm-CMYS model-DAEMON user-tpfuser1 state-NORM act-OPER CSMP0097I 15.16.16 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 INET0011I 15.16.16 SERVER MYSQL ADDED TO THE INETD CONFIGURATION FILE+

Note: The user parameter sets the default user running on the MySQL server.

#### Start MySQL server (output here is for the first time mysql is started):

zinet start s-mysql CSMP0097I 08.58.41 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 INET0017I 08.58.41 SERVER MYSOL STARTED+ CSMP0097I 08.58.41 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 INET0017I 08.58.41 SERVER MYSQL STARTED+ CSMP0097I 08.58.43 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 InnoDB: The first specified data file ./ibdata1 did not exist:+ CSMP0097I 08.58.43 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 InnoDB: a new database to be created!+ CSMP0097I 08.58.43 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 080729 8:59:43 InnoDB: Setting file ./ibdata1 size to 10 MB+ CSMP0097I 08.58.43 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 InnoDB: Database physically writes the file full: wait ... + CSMP0097I 08.58.45 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 080729 8:59:45 InnoDB: Log file ./ib logfile0 did not exist: new to be created CSMP0097I 08.58.45 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 InnoDB: Setting log file ./ib\_logfile0 size to 5 MB+ CSMP0097I 08.58.45 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 InnoDB: Database physically writes the file full: wait ... + CSMP0097I 08.58.46 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 080729 8:59:46 InnoDB: Log file ./ib\_logfile1 did not exist: new to be created CSMP0097I 08.58.46 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 InnoDB: Setting log file ./ib\_logfile1 size to 5 MB+ CSMP0097I 08.58.46 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 InnoDB: Database physically writes the file full: wait...+ CSMP0097I 08.58.47 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 InnoDB: Doublewrite buffer not found: creating new+ CSMP0097I 08.58.48 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 InnoDB: Doublewrite buffer created+ CSMP0097I 08.58.48 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 InnoDB: Creating foreign key constraint system tables+ CSMP0097I 08.58.48 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 InnoDB: Foreign key constraint system tables created+ CSMP0097I 08.58.48 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 080729 8:59:48 InnoDB: Started; log sequence number 0 0+ CSMP0097I 08.58.48 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 080729 8:59:48 Note /usr/libexec/mysqld: ready for connections.+ CSMP0097I 08.58.48 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 Version: '5.0.27' socket: '' port: 3306 Source distribution+

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### MySQL server is started ...

zinet disp s-mysql CSMP0097I 09.03.20 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 INET0031I 09.03.20 START OF ZINET DISPLAY OF ACTIVE SERVER SERVER - MYSQL PROCID - B ACTIVATION - OPER PGM - CMYS PARM -PROTOCOL - PORT - 00000 MODEL - DAEMON \_ SERVERRORS - 00000 SERVETIME - 00000 USER - youruser MAXPROC - 00001 TIMEOUT - 00000 STATE - NORM AORLENGTH - 00000 BACKLOG - 00000 IP - ANY SOCKET - 0000000/00000000 COUNT - 000000001 TOTAL COUNT - 00000001

END OF DISPLAY+

MySQL server is started (port 3306 is MySQL) ...

zsock sum	proto-tcp						
CSMP0097I	09.17.54 0	CPU-B S	S-BSS	SSU-HPN IS-01			
SOCK0021I	09.17.54 \$	SOCKET	SUMMARY	INFORMATION			
SOCKET	LOCAL		LOCAL	REMOTE	REMOTE	PROT	STATE
DESC	IP		PORT	IP	PORT		
0000003			21			TCP	LISTEN _
0000006			1414			TCP	LISTEN
0000007	9.057.013	8.086	21	9.056.224.021	39007	TCP	ESTABLISHED
00C00043			3306			TCP	LISTEN
SUMMARY TO	TAL	4					
END OF DIS	SPLAY+						



Display all databases on MySQL server

zmsql exec-'show databases;' CSMP0097I 15.49.12 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 MSQL0006I 15.49.12 BEGIN DISPLAY OF SQL QUERY RESULTS show databases Database information schema mysql test 3 rows in set Bye

END OF DISPLAY+

### Display 1-MB frames used by MySQL

ZSTAT OWNER NAME-I	MYSQLD BLO	OCK-FRM1	MB			
CSMP0097I 14.48.19	CPU-B SS-	-BSS SS	U-HPN I	S-01		
STAT0023I 14.48.19	BLOCK OW	NER DISP	LAY			
	IOB	FRAME	COMMON	SWB	ECB	FRM1MB
ALLOCATED	2704	5000	250	1252	150	500
AVAILABLE	2704	4807	247	1118	124	242
_						
	IOB	FRAME	COMMON	SWB	ECB	<b>FRM1MB</b>
IMYSQLD						82
END OF DISPLAY+						

The purpose of this slide is to get a feeling for the memory usage of a MySQL server.



#### CreateDatabases.txt – Example file containing SQL commands:

```
CREATE DATABASE food;
USE food;
CREATE TABLE fruit (Fruit VARCHAR(15), calories INTEGER, percent water TINYINT(3),
fiber TINYINT(4), fat TINYINT(3), protein INTEGER, sugar INTEGER) ENGINE = MYISAM;
INSERT INTO fruit VALUES ('apple', 49, 84, 2.3, 0, 0.4, 11.8);
INSERT INTO fruit VALUES ('avocado', 126, 81, 0.2, 10, 2.0, 7.0);
INSERT INTO fruit VALUES ('blueberry', 48, 80, 8.4, 0, 1.0, 11.0);
INSERT INTO fruit VALUES ('banana', 88, 76, 2.7, 0, 1.2, 20.4);
INSERT INTO fruit VALUES ('grapes', 64, 83, 2.2, 0, 0.6, 15.5);
INSERT INTO fruit VALUES ('orange', 47, 87, 1.8, 0, 1.0, 10.6);
CREATE TABLE veggies (Vegetable VARCHAR(15), calories INTEGER, fiber TINYINT(4), fat TINYINT(3),
protein INTEGER, sugar INTEGER) ENGINE = INNODB;
INSERT INTO veggies VALUES ('bell pepper', 30, 2, 0, 1, 4);
INSERT INTO veggies VALUES ('broccoli', 45, 5, 0, 5, 3);
INSERT INTO veggies VALUES ('brussel sprouts', 40, 3, 0, 2, 2);
INSERT INTO veggies VALUES ('carrot', 35, 2, 0, 1, 5);
INSERT INTO veggies VALUES ('spinach', 40, 5, 0, 2, 0);
CREATE DATABASE golfers;
USE golfers;
CREATE TABLE pga (Name VARCHAR(20), Majors TINYINT(2));
INSERT INTO pga VALUES ('Tiger', 11);
INSERT INTO pga VALUES ('Jack', 18);
INSERT INTO pga VALUES ('Monty', 0);
CREATE TABLE 2006DCamateur (Position VARCHAR(3), Name VARCHAR(20), Score SMALLINT(3))
ENGINE=MYISAM;
                              :
```

:

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#### Create a file on linux and ftp it to TPF:

markcoo@linuxtpf:~> ftp 9.57.13.86

Connected to 9.57.13.86.

220 TPF FTP server (Version 1.01) ready.

331 Guest login ok, type your name as password.

230 Guest login ok, access restrictions apply.

Remote system type is UNIX.

Using binary mode to transfer files.

ftp> ascii

200 Type set to A.

ftp> cd test

250 CWD command successful.

ftp> put CreateDatabases.txt

local: CreateDatabases.txt remote: CreateDatabases.txt

500 'EPSV': command not understood.

227 Entering Passive Mode (9,57,13,86,4,59)

150 Opening ASCII mode data connection for 'CreateDatabases.txt'.

226 Transfer complete.

3990 bytes sent in 00:00 (70.53 KB/s)

NOTE: I created a /test directory on my TPF system and gave it permission to allow a client to write to it:

zfile cd ~ zfile mkdir /test zfile chmod -R 0777 /test

### Command to create/populate databases & tables:

```
zmsql file-/test/CreateDatabases.txt
CSMP0097I 15.51.44 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01
MSQL0006I 15.51.44 BEGIN DISPLAY OF SQL QUERY RESULTS
 _____
CREATE DATABASE golfers
 _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
Query OK, 1 row affected
 _____
CREATE TABLE pga (Name VARCHAR(20), Majors TINYINT(2))
 _____
Query OK, 0 rows affected
 _____
INSERT INTO pga VALUES ('Tiger', 11)
 _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
```

Query OK, 1 row affected MORE DATA AVAILABLE, ENTER ZPAGE TO CONTINUE+



### Display the newly created databases:

```
zmsql exec-'show databases;'
CSMP0097I 09.49.31 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01
MSQL0006I 09.49.31 BEGIN DISPLAY OF SQL QUERY RESULTS
show databases
  _____
 Database
  information schema
 food
 golfers
 mysql
 softball
 test
  tpf
7 rows in set
```

MORE DATA AVAILABLE, ENTER ZPAGE TO CONTINUE+



Display all tables in database "food":

END OF DISPLAY+

#### Display data in the table "fruit":

```
zmsql exec-'use food; select * from fruit;'
CSMP0097I 15.33.46 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 _
MSQL0006I 15.33.46 BEGIN DISPLAY OF SQL QUERY RESULTS
------select * from fruit
```

\_\_\_\_\_

Fruit	calories	percent_water	fiber	fat	protein	sugar	İ
apple	49	84	2	0	0	12	•
avocado	126	81	0	10	2	7	Ĺ
blueberry	48	80	8	0	1	11	Ĺ
banana	88	76	3	0	1	20	İ.
grapes	64	83	2	0	1	16	Ĺ
orange	47	87	2	0	1	11	İ.

6 rows in set

# Bye \_ MORE DATA AVAILABLE, ENTER ZPAGE TO CONTINUE+

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#### Display data in the table "fruit" from linux:

markcoo@linuxtpf:~> mysql -h 9.57.13.86
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 9 to server version: 5.0.27

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the buffer.

mysql> use food; select \* from fruit; Reading table information for completion of table and column names You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A

Database changed

Fruit	calories	percent_water	fiber	fat	protein	sugar
apple	49	84	2	0	0	12
avocado	126	81	0	10	2	7
blueberry	48	80	8	0	1	11
banana	88	76	3	0	1	20
grapes	64	83	2	0	1	16
orange	47	87	2	0	1	11
+	+		+			+

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

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Stop the MySQL server:

```
zinet stop s-mysql
CSMP0097I 09.59.54 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01
INET0019I 09.59.54 SERVER MYSQL STOPPED+
CSMP0097I 09.59.54 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01
INET00511 09.59.54 MYSQL
                             IS NO LONGER ACCEPTING CONNECTIONS ON
                  IP - PORT - 00000 PID - 5E590012+
CSMP0097I 09.59.54 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01
080729 10:00:54 Note /usr/libexec/mysqld: Normal shutdown+
CSMP0097I 09.59.54 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01
 +
CSMP0097I 09.59.55 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01
080729 10:00:55 InnoDB: Starting shutdown...+
CSMP0097I 10.00.20 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01
080729 10:01:20 InnoDB: Shutdown completed; log sequence number 0 50431+
CSMP0097I 10.00.20 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01
080729 10:01:20 Note /usr/libexec/mysgld: Shutdown complete+
CSMP0097I 10.00.20 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN
                                        IS-01
 +
```



#### Backup a database:

zfile cd /test CSMP0097I 09.38.06 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 FILE0003I 09.38.06 cd /test COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY. NO OUTPUT TO DISPLAY+ zfile mysqldump food >backup food.sql CSMP0097I 09.38.30 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 FILE0003I 09.38.30 mysqldump f... COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY. NO OUTPUT TO DISPLAY+ zmsql exec-'use food; drop table fruit;' CSMP0097I 10.06.18 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 MSQL0006I 10.06.17 BEGIN DISPLAY OF SQL QUERY RESULTS \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ drop table fruit \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ Query OK, 0 rows affected Bye END OF DISPLAY+ zmsql exec-'use food; select \* from fruit;' CSMP0097I 10.06.26 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 MSQL0006I 10.06.25 BEGIN DISPLAY OF SQL QUERY RESULTS select \* from fruit \_\_\_\_\_ ERROR 1146 (42S02) at line 1: Table 'food.fruit' doesn't exist Bye

END OF DISPLAY+

#### Restore a database:

```
zfile cat backup_food.sql | dd conv=tounix | mysql food
CSMP0097I 10.26.55 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01
FILE0002I 10.26.55 START OF ERROR DISPLAY FROM cat backup_food.sql | dd conv...
5.1 records in
5.1 records out
2649 bytes transferred in 1 secs (2649 bytes/sec)
END OF DISPLAY+
zmsql exec-'use food; select * from fruit;'
CSMP0097I 10.26.06 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 _
MSQL0006I 10.26.05 BEGIN DISPLAY OF SQL QUERY RESULTS
-------
```

select \* from fruit

-----

Fruit	calories	percent_water	fiber	fat	protein	sugar	I.
apple	49	84	2	0	0	12	i
avocado	126	81	0	10	2	7	Ĺ
blueberry	48	80	8	0	1	11	Ĺ
banana	88	76	3	0	1	20	Ĺ
grapes	64	83	2	0	1	16	ĺ
orange	47	87	2	0	1	11	İ

6 rows in set

Bye \_CSMP0097I 10.14.49 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01cd FILE0003I 10.14.49 cat /test/b... COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY. NO OUTPUT TO DISPLAY+

#### Logs

Create file /etc/my.cnf to turn on various logs: [mysqld] log-bin log log-error log-slow-queries

zfile chown tpfuser1 /etc/my.cnf CSMP0097I 11.13.45 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 FILE0003I 11.13.45 chown tpfus... COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY. NO OUTPUT TO DISPLAY+

```
Start MySQL server (first stop it if already active) 
zinet start s-mysql
```

```
zfile ls /usr/mysql/data
CSMP0097I 11.37.20 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN
                                          IS-01
FILE0001I 11.37.20 START OF DISPLAY FROM 1s /usr/mysql/data
food
                    mysql
                                        C00901B.log
qolfers
                    softball
                                        C00901B.pid
ib_logfile0
                                        CO0901B-bin.index
                    test
ib logfile1
                                        CO0901B-bin.000001
                    tpf
ibdata1
                    CO0901B.err
                                        CO0901B-slow.log
END OF DISPLAY+
```

Display logs using zfile cat or ftp them over to your linux system. For the Binary log, use the mysqlbinlog utility: zfile/bin/mysqlbinlog CO0901B-bin.000001

## MySQL users:

• MySQL users are created and authorized with the GRANT statement: ZMSQL EXEC-'GRANT ALL ON \*.\* TO user IDENTIFIED BY "mypass" WITH GRANT OPTION; 'IP-ip

Note the use of two single quotes before and after the password.

- MySQL always will create two users for root and the user ID/host specified in the /etc/ftp.mysql.conf
- ZMSQL and ZFILE commands Defaults to the z/TPF user. To switch default, use the USER parameter on the ZINET command.
- Local/remote client program calls User ID can be specified.

# Since MySQL users will sometimes default to the z/TPF user, here are some commands that manage the z/TPF user:

- ZOVFS DISPLAY ALLUSERS Will indicate if security is being used.
- ZOVFS INIT Initializes file system security support.
- ZOVFS ENABLE Enables file system security support.
- ZOVFS MKUSR userid PASSWD password UID uid Creates a userid
- ZPVFS LOGIN userid passwd and ZPVFS LOGOUT Logs in and logs out of the file system.

#### Make new MySQL user and grant authority:

```
markcoo@linuxtpf:~> mysql -u newuser -h 9.57.13.86
ERROR 1045: Access denied for user 'newuser1'@'linuxtpf.pok.ibm.com' (using
password: NO)
```

```
ZMSQL EXEC-'GRANT ALL ON *.* TO newuser WITH GRANT OPTION; '
CSMP0097I 21.06.20 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01
MSQL0006I 21.06.20 BEGIN DISPLAY OF SQL QUERY RESULTS
------
GRANT ALL ON *.* TO newuser WITH GRANT OPTION
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected

```
Bye
END OF DISPLAY+
```

```
markcoo@linuxtpf:~> mysql -u newuser -h 9.57.13.86
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 13 to server version: 5.0.27
```

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the buffer.

#### mysql>

### Do a display from linux with the new user:

markcoo@linuxtpf:~> mysql -u newuser -h 9.57.13.86
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 11 to server version: 5.0.27

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the buffer.

mysql> use food; select \* from fruit; Reading table information for completion of table and column names You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A

#### Database changed

Fruit	calories	percent_water	fiber	fat	protein	sugar
apple   avocado   blueberry   banana   grapes   orange	49 126 48 88 64 47	84 81 80 76 83 87	2 0 8 3 2 2	0 10 0 0 0	0 2 1 1 1 1	12 7 11 20 16 11

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

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MySQL application programs:

- Modify (or create) maketpf.env\_my\_appl to point to the include/ directory for MySQL. Typically, this will be the opensource/mysql/include directory. ROOTINCDIRS +=(foreach d,\$(TPF\_ROOT),\$d/opensource/mysql/include)
- 2. Modify (or create) my\_appl.mak and allow the application program to pickup MySQL header files by including the environment: maketpf\_env :=my\_appl
- Add the following line to the .mak file to link the MySQL functions: LIBS := CMYL
- 4. Create source program in ASCII mode or EBCDIC mode.
  - ASCII mode Add the following to the .mak file to include the ASCII environment (sets flag for ASCII mode): maketpf\_env +=ctoe
  - EBCDIC mode Add the following to the .mak file to only include ASCII library to use conversion routines (does not set flag for ASCII mode): LIBS += CTOE. Any text passed to MySQL needs to be converted to ASCII and any text returned from MySQL will be in ASCII.

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```
#include <stdio.h>
                                                           ASCII mode
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mysql.h>
int main(int argc, char ** argv)
MYSQL *connection;
MYSQL mysql_conn;
int rc, i;
mysql init(&mysql.conn);
/*Establish a connection based on the first input parm (argv[0] is the program name)*/
connection = mysql_real_connect(&mysql_conn,argv[1],NULL,NULL,0,NULL,0);
if (connection == NULL)
      printf("Error connecting to MySQL server: %s\n",mysql error(&mysql conn));
rc = mysql query(connection,"CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS tpftest");
 if (rc != 0)
      printf("Error issuing CREATE DATABASE: %s\n",mysgl error(connection));
rc = mysql query(connection, "CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS tpftest.t1 (t2 int unsigned, PRIMARY KEY
    (t2));");
if (rc != 0)
      printf("Error issuing CREATE TABLE: %s\n",mysql error(connection));
for (i=0; i<10; i++)</pre>
 char insertbuffer[128];
 sprintf(insertbuffer,"INSERT INTO tpftest.t1 values (%d);",i);
 rc = mysql query(connection, insertbuffer);
 if (rc != 0)
      printf("Error issuing INSERT INTO: %s\n",mysql_error(connection));
exit(0);
```

#include <atoe.h>

int ABCD()

```
EBCDIC mode
```

```
/* MY EXISTING Z/TPF CALLS.. */
iconv init();
MYSQL * connection;
MYSQL mysql conn;
int rc;
int i;
char *hostname="my.tpf.host.com";
char * ascii hostname=e2a string(hostname);
 mysql_init(&mysql_conn);
 /* Establish a connection based on the first input parm (argv[0] is the program name)*/
 connection = mysql real connect(&mysql conn, ascii hostname, NULL, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL, 0);
 if (connection == NULL)
     printf("Error connecting to MySQL server: %s\n",a2e string(mysql error(&mysql conn)));
 rc = mysql query(connection,e2a string("CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS tpftest;"));
 /* The rest of the mysql code .... */
  MY EXISTING Z/TPF calls.. */
/*
```

MySQL replication

Set up in my.cnf or command line





## MySQL configuration options

- MySQL variables are set in a number of ways:
  - /etc/my.cnf Server start time
  - The XPARM parameter on the ZINET command Server start time
  - The SET statement Any time server is active from MySQL client or on • z/TPF using ZMSQL EXEC-'SET variable\_name=variable value'.
- Thread Cache: Set by thread\_cache. Controls the number of threads (ECBs) dedicated for server processing.
- Query Cache:
  - query\_cache\_size Size of cache. Set to 0 disables cache. Minimum value about 40K.
  - query\_cache\_limit Max size cached by single query.
  - query\_cache\_type 0 = off; 1 = on (except if SELECT SQL\_NO\_CACHE); 2 = demand (only if SELECT SQL\_CACHE).

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Max Connections: Set by max\_connections. This also allows you to control the number of ECBs used by the server.

Timeslicing – If you want to change the defaults, use ZTMLS ALTER IMYSQL

```
ZTMSL display
CSMP0097I 16.00.15 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01
TMSL0002I 16.00.15
EXISTING TIME SLICE NAMES ON FILE
```

IBMHIPRI IBMLOPRI IBMINDEF IBMPARSE IMYSQL

END OF DISPLAY+

ZTMSL display IMYSQL CSMP0097I 16.00.31 CPU-B SS-BSS SSU-HPN IS-01 TMSL0003I 16.00.31 TIME SLICE ATTRIBUTES FOR NAME IMYSOL ON FILE

MAXECB- 50 MAXTIME- 0 MINSUSP- 10 RUNTIME- 50 SLICES- 0 END OF DISPLAY+



Other MySQL topics:

- Storage engines:
  - MyISAM maps databases to directories
  - Innodb maps tables to file space in fixed files
  - Federated points to tables on a remote MySQL server
  - Memory Non-persistant
- Stored procedures consistent interface for applications.
- Triggers update another table based on update to current table.
- User defined functions extend MySQL functionality (can use with TPF data).
- z/TPF MySQL supported utilities:
  - /bin/mysql MySQL client program
  - /bin/mysqltest MySQL test program
  - /bin/mysqldump Dumps MySQL tables to an SQL file
  - /bin/mysqlshow Shows MySQL databases, tables, and columns
  - /bin/mysqladmin Administers a local or remote MySQL server
  - /bin/mysqlbinlog- Displays the contents of a MySQL binary log file and relay log files
- Character set support

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