

64-Bit Assembler Conversion Aid README

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Note: Before using this information and the product it supports, read the general information under "NOTICES" in this document.

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1.0 ABOUT THIS README FILE

This Readme file provides information about downloading, installing, and using the 64-Bit Assembler Conversion Aid.

1.1 Who should read this Readme file

This Readme file is for anyone who wants to convert an assembler program or application on z/Transaction Processing Facility (z/TPF) for use in 64-bit mode.

1.2 How to get help

This tool is not formally supported by the TPF Development Lab and is available for your use "as is". The "as is" tools are provided with no support intended or implied. If errors are found in the code, we make no commitment to correct them, although we might. Naturally, IBM retains all the rights to the tools as stated in the "as is" license that appears each time you download a tool.

2.0 CONVERSION AID OVERVIEW

The 64-Bit Assembler Conversion Aid helps you to convert z/TPF programs and applications written in Basic Assembler Language (BAL)

for use in a 64-bit environment. The conversion aid is not intended to address all conversion issues.

You can run the conversion aid on a Linux machine against the following types of files:

- o Assembler (*.asm)
- o Copy Member or CSECT Copy Member (*.cpy)
- o Macro (*.mac).

The conversion aid does the following:

- o Converts register instructions for use in 64-bit mode; register instructions use 64-bit values rather than 32-bit values.
- o Converts 31-bit and 32-bit values to 64-bit register values.
- o Converts most branch instructions to branch relatives (see Note 1).
- o Converts applicable literal instructions to immediate instructions where appropriate (see Notes 1 and 2).
- o Converts macro names as needed (see note 3).

Notes:

1. This is one step in removing the 4-K (or base) register restriction. The conversion aid will not complete this process for you.
2. Instructions that are converted include the following:
 - Halfword instructions that use literals
 - Fullword instructions that use literal fullwords with a value less than 32,768.
3. For example, some macro names no longer include a dollar sign (\$), so the conversion is to remove that symbol from the name of the macro.

3.0 DOWNLOADING THE CONVERSION AID

To download the 64-Bit Conversion Aid, do the following:

1. Go to the TPF Web site and click Downloads under Fast Links, or go directly to:

<http://www.ibm.com/software/htp/tpf/download/tools.htm>

2. Download the cvtto64.tar.gz file and place it in a directory on Linux. When moving (FTPing) the file, make sure that you use binary mode.

4.0 INSTALLING THE CONVERSION AID

To install the 64-Bit Conversion Aid, do the following:

1. On the Linux system, unpack the cvtto64.tar.gz file:
tar -xvzf cvtto64.tar.gz

2. Compile the `cvtto64.c` file and make sure that it has the execute file permissions:

```
cc -o cvtto64.exe cvtto64.c
chmod +x cvtto64.exe
```

3. Place the executable in a directory that is accessible via the `PATH` setting.

5.0 USING THE CONVERSION TOOL

To convert your assembler programs for running in 64-bit mode, do the following:

1. At a Linux prompt, enter the command that does the desired conversion.

Note: The following provides a basic overview of this command and information about how to use it. The opening commentary in the `cvtto64.c` file that you downloaded has additional information about the conversions. Refer to this information before using the conversion aid.

The format for this command is:

```
cvtto64.exe input_file output_file [flags]
```

Where:

- o `input_file` is the path name of the `.ASM`, `.CPY`, or `.MAC` file that you want to convert.
- o `output_file` is the path name of the file that you want the new, converted code stored in.

NOTE: The path names specified for `input_file` and `output_file` must not be the same. If you enter the same path name for both variables, your file will be destroyed.

- o `[flags]` are optional specifications for the conversions that are completed. When you do not specify any flags, the default conversion does the following:

- Converts branch instructions
- Converts applicable literal instructions
- Converts register instructions
- Uses '64MODE' as the SID code.

However, if you specify any of the following flags, this default is ignored and only the actions of the specified flags will occur. You can specify any combination of the following, but omit the brackets (`[]`) when using these flags; they simply indicate that these flags are optional on the command line:

- o `-br`
Converts most branch instructions.
- o `-reg`
Converts most register instructions for use in 64-bit mode.
- o `-mac`

Converts appropriate macro names.

- o -half
Converts halfword instructions to 64-bit immediate instructions.
- o -half31
Converts halfword instructions to 31-bit immediate instructions.
- o -sidcode xxx
Specifies the SID code to use in columns 73-80, where xxx is the 8-character desired SID code. The default SID code, if this flag is not specified, is '64MODE'. If a line should be converted, but the conversion aid is unable to convert it, SID code '64TODO' is used.
- o -verify
Ensures that the input_file path name is for a .ASM, .CPY, or .MAC file.
- o -spm
Converts obsolete structured programming macros (SPMs) to their replacement. The following changes will be made:

```
#CASENTR -> #CAST          #ECASE    -> #ECAS
#ELOOP   -> #ELOOP        #ELSEIF   -> #ELIF
#ESRCH   -> #EDO          #ORELSE   -> #OREL
#SRCEX   -> #DOEX        #STRTSRC  -> #DO
```

3. The output will be similar to the following:

```
Sidcode used to mark changes is 64MODE
Register instructions will be converted
Branch instructions will be converted
Macros will be converted
Halfword instructions will be converted
Input file is /u/shershnh/esame/cfac40.cpy
Output file is /u/shershnh/source_updates/cfac40.cpy
Conversion complete
  254 lines converted
   0 lines not converted
 1332 total lines
```

6.0 KNOWN PROBLEMS AND WORKAROUNDS

Before using this conversion aid, see the opening commentary of the cvtto64.c file that you downloaded for warnings and details.

7.0 OTHER SOURCES OF INFORMATION

z/TPF product information is available at:
<http://www.ibm.com/software/htp/tpf/pubs/tpfpubs.htm>

The opening commentary of the cvtto64.c file that you downloaded has more detailed information about the conversion aid.

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