

IBM Software Group

OMEGAMON Performance Expert Fundamentals

DB2 Information Management Software





Acknowledgement and Disclaimer

- •Measurement data included in this presentation are obtained by the members of the DB2 performance department at the IBM Silicon Valley Laboratory.
- The materials in this presentation are subject to
 - f Enhancements at some future date,
 - f A new release of DB2, or
 - f A Programming Temporary Fix
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- Some of the material was shamelessy "borrowed" from other presentations. Many thanks to Namik Hrle, Horacio Terrizano, Mary Petras, Norbert Jenninger
- Thanks to Brian and Lance (may he be happy on the outside) for reviewing the material





Product Name Soup

- •DB2 Performance monitor (or DB2PM)
- DB2 Performance expert (or DB2PE) = DB2PM +Buffer Pool Analyzer (BPA)
- •After Candle acquisition, new name, new brand, ...
- •We will only discuss the BATCH component (briefly)

IBM Tivoli OMEGAMON XE for DB2 Performance Expert on z/OS

V4.1.0 announced Aug 15 2006







DB2 Performance Reporting

- Instrumentation interface and trace classes
- Data Collection
- Working with Batch Reporting
 - f Report sets ...
- Performance Database



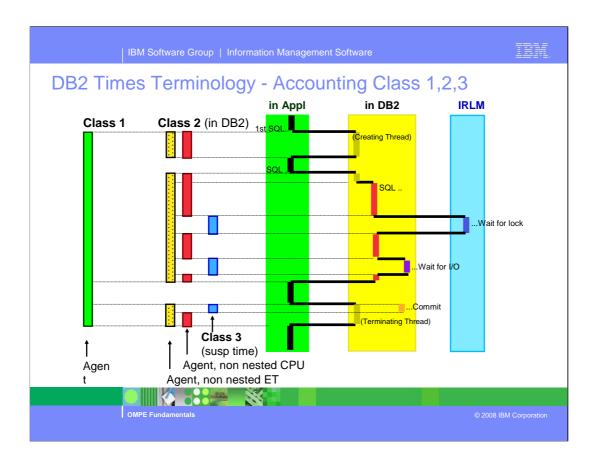


DB2's Instrumentation Facility Interface

- Trace types
 - Accounting
 - Audit
 - Performance
 - Statistics
 - Monitor
 - Global
- Trace classes
 - ■Multiple trace classes per trace type
 - •IFCID as basic unit of reporting
 - ◆Instrumentation Facility Component
 - **ID**entifier
- Trace destinations
 - ■SMF Daily monitoring
 - ■GTF High volume
 - ■OPx Online monitoring
 - ■(SRV Exit to a user-written routine)

- Trace headers (TDATA)
 - ■CORrelation header
 - ■CPU header
 - DISTributed header
 - ■TRAce header
- Qualifications
 - AUTHID
 - ■PLAN
 - **-**LOCATION
 - •IFCID
 - ■More in V9







DB2 Times Terminology

PLAN

Class 1 times

- Application time from connect to DB2 (thread creation) till disconnect (thread termination)
 Both class 1 elapsed time and class 1 CPU time are reported.

•Class 2 times

- ■Time spent within DB2
 ■Both class 2 elapsed time and class 2 CPU time are reported.

•Class 3 times

Thread suspension time, e.g. for synchronous I/O

Class 5 times

- ■Time spent for IFI calls.
 ■Both class 5 elapsed time and class 5 CPU time are reported.

PACKAGE or DBRM

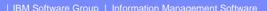
Class 7 times

- Like class 2, but on package/DBRM level.Both class 7 elapsed time and class 7 CPU time are reported.

Class 8 times

Like class 3, but on package/DBRM level.



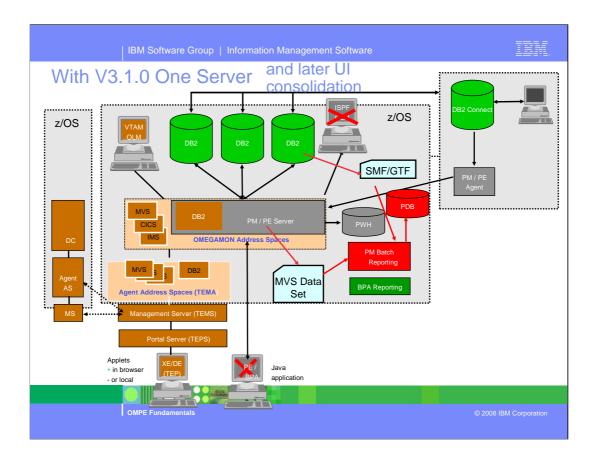




DB2 Performance Reporting

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Remember, this is a phased implementation, so the thought here is that we wanted to limit the impact of the migration, one way to do this was to support all current customer UIs. So phase one brings a consolidation of servers, with the PE server subsumed by the DB2 OMEGAMON address space.

Phase 2, to come later, will have the current DB2PE fat client and ISPF UIs removed and DB2PE instrumentation placed within the OMEGAMON Classic and XE browser UI. We have already demonstrated this UI evolution with the DB2 Connect instrumentation in the OMEGAMON UIs



Collect Report Data using DB2 PE

- •Allows collecting IFCIDs in TSO data set.
 - ■Data is immediately available
 - •No need to bother system operator with SMF/GTF handling.
- •Handy function to (automatically) collect trace data for problem analysis
- •Allows to specify DB2 PM reports instead of DB2 trace classes
- Allows to collect trace data asynchronously
 - Supported start criteria:
 - ◆Time
 - ◆Exception
 - ◆Immediate
 - ■Supported stop criteria
 - Duration
 - Number of records
 - Thread termination
- •Nice for customers but we usually deal with SMF and/or GTF

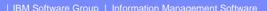




Collect Data using GTF / SMF

- •Important not to lose trace records or too flood the system with trace records
 - **-**SMF
 - ◆Losing trace records usually not a problem
 - •Flooding could be a problem
 - ◆Usually ok for stats and accounting
 - Not often used for performance traces
 - ◆SMF 100 = DB2 statistics
 - SMF 101 = DB2 accounting
 - SMF 102 = DB2 performance
 - ◆SMF must be active and SMFPRMxx member allows 100-102
 - eg. SYS(TYPE(0:255),...)
 - •GTF
 - ◆Losing trace records could be a problem
 - •GTF data set is used in wrap-around
 - ◆GTF data set cannot use extents
 - Often used for performance trace data
 - •GTF can use multiple data sets in parallel
 - •GTF can use more buffers
 - ◆Trace only DB2 events







DB2 Performance Reporting

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- Data Collection
- Working with Batch Reporting
 - f Report sets ...
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OMPE Fundamentals



Working with Batch Reporting

- •Batch jobs can be created with
 - ■ISPF Editor
 - ■Interactive Report Facility of DB2 PM
- •DB2 PM Reporting commands
 - •One command per report set, subcommands for Reports / Traces / File / Save
 - ■Plus various options
 - ■EXEC as last command to start execution
- •Reducing the amount of data
 - •FROM / TO Limits the amount of records to be processed by time.
 - ■INCLUDE / EXCLUDE Limits the amount of records to be processed by DB2 PM identifiers.
 - ■TOP (Accounting only) Shows top resource consumers.
 - ■Exception Processing





Working with Batch Reporting...

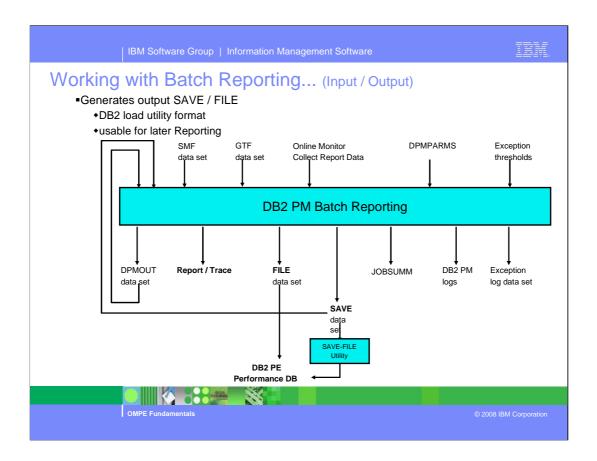
•Input

- DB2 trace data from SMF / GTF/ or TSO seq.dataset (collected and saved from DB2 PM Collect Report Data function)
- •DPMOUT / SAVE (trace) data processed and saved in a former DB2 PM run.
- Processing parameters (Timezone, Mainpack, Correlation transl., etc.)
- ■Exception thresholds

Output

- ■Report
 - •accumulated, summarized by DB2 PM identifiers, calculated averages
- ■Trace
 - •individually DB2 in chronological order
- ■DPMLOG
 - •execution log shows messages issued during DB2 PM processing
- **JOBSUMM**
 - *summary about which traces were processed
- ■Exception log







DB2 PM Reports

- •Report facility which
 - ■Takes SMF, GTF or TSO data sets as input (collected by 'Collect Report Data'), SAVEd (DPMOUT) data
 - •Generates a variety of customizable reports and traces:
 - Statistics
 - Accounting
 - Subsystem Parameters
 - Locking
 - •SQL Activity
 - ◆I/O Activity
 - Utility
 - Audit
 - •Record Trace
 - Explain
 - System parms





DB2 PM Reports...

- Many options to select which/how data is being reported
 - •Reduce, Include/Exclude, From/to
 - Summarizedby, Orderby
 - Layout
 - *****....
- ⊃ Differentiate mainly between "reports" and " traces"
 - Reports are a summary of a number of events
 - Traces are individual events
- Allows to tailor online the layout of Accounting and Statistics reports and traces





Minimal Batch JCL

```
//PTSTVART JOB (STEEGMA, XXX, 090, 281926), 'BART. STEEGMANS , SYSOUT=*, OUTLIM=50000
      MSGLEVEL=(1,1),USER=STEEGMA,
      NOTIFY=STEEGMA, MSGCLASS=H, TIME=60, REGION=256M
//
/*JOBPARM S=MVS1
//*
//*
       DB2PE - REPORT GENERATION
//*
//DB2PMJB EXEC PGM=DB2PM
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DB2DUMP.OMPE41.D071028.LEVEL2 TKANMOD
       DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DB2DUMP.OMPE41.D070411.FINAL.TKANMOD
//*
//* !----INPUTDSN
//* v
//INPUTDD DD DISP=SHR,DCB=BUFNO=50,
           DSN=STEEGMA.TRACE.UNICODE.IFC247.SMF
//*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//JOBSUMDD DD SYSOUT=*,
             DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//MSGRPTDD DD SYSOUT=*,
            DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*,
             DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//SYSIN DD *
```

⇒Limit output lines

```
//OUT1 DD
//SYSIN DD *
RECTRACE TRACE
 DDNAME (OUT1)
```

⇒Big input files and using many commands may require you to manually allocate certain workfiles Documented in the PE Report Command Reference





Working with Batch Reporting (DB2 PM command sample)

//SYSIN DD * * -- Generate DB2 PE reports GLOBAL **TIMEZONE**(+7:00) FROM (04/21/01,22:01:00.00) TO (04/21/01,23:01:00.00) INCLUDE (DB2ID(DSN7)) ACCOUNTING REPORT LAYOUT (LONG) ORDER (CONNTYPE) EXCLUDE (PACKAGE(*)) TRACE TOP (10 ONLY INAPPLET) LAYOUT (LONG) REPORT LAYOUT(LONG) ORDER (PLANNAME) STATISTICS

as early as possible Do it in the GLOBAL command if you can

⇒ TIMEZONE +7 means GMT -7H

⇒ Dates are mm/dd/yy by default

⇒ Do as much filtering as possible

- DB2 PE sorts trace to make sure records are in the correct sequence, but can be time consuming with big traces
 - ⇒ GLOBAL PRESORTED(ACCEPT) avoids sort and ignores out of sequence records
 - ⇒ GLOBAL PRESORTED(ENFORCE) avoids sort and terminates when encountering an out of sequence record



REPORT LAYOUT (LONG)

SYSPARMS

EXEC

TRACE



JOBSUMM - Job Summary Log

CMEGAMEN XE FOR DB2 PERFORMANCE EXPERT (V4)

DAGE: 1

JOB SUMMARY LOG

RUN DATE: 10/27/06 07:28:10.12

MSG.ID. LOCATION GROUP SSID MEMBER TIMESTAMP

DESCRIPTION

FPEC40601 BEBBCM_SDTE SSYSDTE SDTE SDTE 09/20/06 13:24:45.21

DB2 START TRACE NUMBER 05 DB2 SUBSYSTEM ID = SDTE

TEXT = -START TRACE (PERFM)CLASS (1 2 3 4 6 8 9 12 13)RMID (*)DEST (SMF)PLAN (*)AUTHID (*)IFCID (247)

BUFSIZE (*)

FPEC4051 BEBBCM_SDTE SSYSDTE SDTE SDTE 09/20/06 13:25:13.55

DB2 STOP TRACE NUMBER 05 DB2 SUBSYSTEM ID = SDTE

TEXT = -STOP TRACE (PERFM)CLASS (1 2 3 4 6 8 9 12 13)RMID (*)DEST (SMF)PLAN (*)AUTHID (*)TNO (*)

FPEC4051 BEBBCM_SDTE SSYSDTE SDTE SDTE

NUMBER OF RECORDS PROCESSED WITHOUT A CPU HEADER WAS 503

FPEC40101 BEBBCM_SDTE SSYSDTE SDTE SDTE

NUMBER OF RECORDS PROCESSED WITHOUT A CORRELATION HEADER WAS 10

FPEC40550 BEBBCM_SDTE SSYSDTE SDTE SDTE

DATABASE/PAGESET TRANSLATION ROUTINE WAS UNABLE TO PERFORM 9 TRANSLATIONS



OMPF Fundamentals



	SSYSDTE	Job S		FREQUENCY DISTRI			FCID 10 from OBI FCID 10	D into obje	ect name info	
SUBSYSTEM: DB2 VERSION:							ACTUAL	FROM: 09/20/06	6 13:20:43.16 6 13:25:33.30	
DDE VERDEON	INPUT	INPUT	PROCESSED	PROCESSED		INPUT	NPUT	PROCESSED	PROCESSED	
IFCID		CT OF TOTAL		PCT OF TOTAL	IFCID	COUNT	PCF OF TOTAL	COUNT	PCT OF TOTAL	
1	2	0.39%	2	0.39%	80		0.79%	4	0.79%	
2	2	0.39%	2	0.39%	81	//	0.79%	4	0.79%	
3	6	1.19%	6	1.19%	82	/4	0.79%	4	0.79%	
4	1	0.19%	1	0.19%	83	/:	0.99%	5	0.99%	
5	1	0.19%	1	0.19%	88	/ 3	0.59%	3	0.59%	
6	19	3.77%	19	3.77%	89	/ :	0.59%	3	0.59%	
7	19	3.77%	19	3.77%	98	/ 22	2 4.37%	22	4.37%	
13	1	0.19%	1	0.19%	99	/ 22	2 4.37%	22	4.37%	
14	1	0.19%	1	0.19%	100	/ 47	7 9.34%	47	9.34%	
15	29	5.76%	29	5.76%	101	36		36	7.15%	
16	2	0.39%	2	0.39%	105	6		6	1.19%	
18	31	6.16%	31	6.16%	106	2		2	0.39%	
20	4	0.79%	4	0.79%	107	1		1	0.19%	
22	1	0.19%	1	0.19%	112	1		1	0.19%	
29	5	0.99%	5	0.99%	127	1		1	0.19%	
30	5	0.99%	5	0.99%	128	1		1	0.19%	
44	66	13.12%	66	13.12%	177	3		3	0.59%	
45 53	66	13.12%	66 4	13.12% 0.79%	202 213	3		1 3	0.19%	
53	4 8	1.59%	4 8	1.59%	213	3		3	0.59%	
60	5	0.99%	5	0.99%	214	- 4		4	0.59%	
61	1	0.99%	1	0.99%	218	2		2	0.79%	
63	3	0.19%	3	0.19%	225	1		1	0.39%	
64	2	0.39%	2	0.39%	239	3		3	0.59%	
72	4	0.79%	4	0.79%	247	13		13	2.58%	
73	4	0.79%	4	0.79%	254	2		2	0.39%	
74	4	0.79%	4	0.79%	261	3		3	0.59%	
75	4	0.79%	4	0.79%	350	3		3	0.59%	
			TOTAL I	NPUT TRACE RECOR	RDS =	503				
			TOTAL P	ROCESSED TRACE F	RECORDS =	503				
		/K	geral S	39						



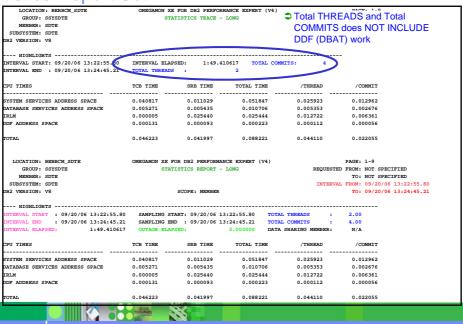
- •Based on DB2 Statistics records (IFCID 1,2, 225).
- •Used as a prime indicator for subsystem-related problems.
- •Contains information about
 - ◆SQL usage (DML, DCL, DDL, direct row access)
 ◆Stored proc, triggers, UDFs

 - ◆EDM pool

 - Subsystem services
 Open/Close activity
 Log activity
 Plan/package processing
 - ◆DB2 commands
 - ◆RID list processing, Dynamic statement cache

 - ◆Authorization management ◆Locking activity / Data-sharing locking
 - •Query parallelism
 - ◆ CPU times
 - ◆DB2 IFI requests, IFC, and data capture
 - ◆DB2 latch counters
 - ◆Buffer pool and Group buffer pool activity
 - DDF activity
 - Storage statistics
- •Many of the DB2 statistics counters are running counters.
- •So you need at least 2 stats records for a trace or report
 - •Traces show delta records between 2 subsequent DB2 stats records.
 - ■Reports summarize statistics over user-defined intervals.





OMPE Fundamentals

DBM1 AND MVS STORAGE BELOW 2 GB		QUANTITY	DBM1 AND MVS STORAGE BELOW 2 GB	CONTINUED	QUANTITY			
OTAL DBM1 STORAGE BELOW 2 GB	(MB)	567.98	24 BIT LOW PRIVATE	(MB)	0.22			
TOTAL GETMAINED STORAGE	(MB)	487.16	24 BIT HIGH PRIVATE	(MB)	1.55			
VIRTUAL BUFFER POOLS	(MB)	N/C	31 BIT EXTENDED LOW PRIVATE	(MB)	26.09			
VIRTUAL POOL CONTROL BLOCKS	(MB)	N/C	31 BIT EXTENDED HIGH PRIVATE	(MB)	586.06			
EDM POOL	(MB)	52.49	EXTENDED REGION SIZE (MAX)	(MB)	1846.00			
COMPRESSION DICTIONARY	(MB)	0.62	EXTENDED CSA SIZE	(MB)	79.84			
CASTOUT BUFFERS	(MB)	0.00						
DATA SPACE LOOKASIDE BUFFER	(MB)	N/C	AVERAGE THREAD FOOTPRINT	(MB)	1.50			
HIPERPOOL CONTROL BLOCKS	(MB)	N/C	MAX NUMBER OF POSSIBLE THREADS		740.42			
DATA SPACE BP CONTROL BLOCKS	(MB)	N/C						
TOTAL VARIABLE STORAGE	(MB)	68.02						
TOTAL AGENT LOCAL STORAGE	(MB)	32.42						
TOTAL AGENT SYSTEM STORAGE	(MB)	23.89	AVG thread footprint and max					
NUMBER OF PREFETCH ENGINES		123.00	number of possible threads is					
NUMBER OF DEFERRED WRITE ENGINES		300.00	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
NUMBER OF CASTOUT ENGINES		0.00	NOT from IFCID 225					
NUMBER OF GBP WRITE ENGINES		0.00	Coloulated by DE with input from					
NUMBER OF P-LOCK/NOTIFY EXIT ENGINES		0.00	Calculated by PE with input from					
TOTAL AGENT NON-SYSTEM STORAGE (MB)		8.52	DB2 development					
TOTAL NUMBER OF ACTIVE USER THREA	DS	6.00	222 001					
RDS OP POOL	(MB)	2.24						
RID POOL	(MB)	2.29						
PIPE MANAGER SUB POOL	(MB)	0.00						
LOCAL DYNAMIC STMT CACHE CNTL BLKS	(MB)	16.68						
THREAD COPIES OF CACHED SQL STMTS	(MB)	0.09						
IN USE STORAGE	(MB)	N/A						
STATEMENTS COUNT		N/A						
HWM FOR ALLOCATED STATEMENTS	(MB)	N/A						
STATEMENT COUNT AT HWM		N/A						
DATE AT HWM		N/A						
TIME AT HWM		N/A						
BUFFER & DATA MANAGER TRACE TBL	(MB)	6.59						
TOTAL FIXED STORAGE	(MB)	1.18						
TOTAL GETMAINED STACK STORAGE	(MB)	11.62						
STORAGE CUSHION	(MB)	119.58						



DBM1 STORAGE ABOVE 2 GB		QUANTITY	REAL AND AUXILIARY STORAGE		QUANTITY
FIXED STORAGE	(MB)	N/A	REAL STORAGE IN USE	(MB)	476.22
GETMAINED STORAGE	(MB)	N/A	AUXILIARY STORAGE IN USE	(MB)	177.61
COMPRESSION DICTIONARY	(MB)	N/A			
CACHED DYNAMIC SQL STATEMENTS (MAX)	(MB)	N/A			
DBD CACHE (MAX)	(MB)	N/A	⇒ STATISTICS FILE S	SPREADSHE	FTDD(ddname)
VARIABLE STORAGE	(MB)	N/A		JI IKE/IDOITE	LTDD(ddriame)
VIRTUAL BUFFER POOLS	(MB)	N/A	⇒ New with PK31073		
VIRTUAL POOL CONTROL BLOCKS	(MB)	N/A	- 411		
CASTOUT BUFFERS	(MB)	N/A	Allows to write IFCII	J 225 data ou	t in CSV file forma
STAR JOIN MEMORY POOL	(MB)	N/A			

LOCAT	ION: DBP1			DB2 PER	FORMANCE	EXPERT (V2)			PAGE:	1-69		
GR	GROUP: N/P RECORD TRACE - LONG						REQUE	STED FROM:	ALL	09:29:00.00		
MEM	BER: N/P								TO:	DATES	11:01:00.00	
SUBSYS	TEM: DBP1							AC	TUAL FROM:	10/24/06	6 09:51:25.37	
DB2 VERS	ION: V7								PAGE DATE:	10/24/06	6	
PRIMAUTH	CONNECT	INSTANCE	END_USER	WS_NAME	:		TRANSACT	_	Paw ro	ord to	race also cor	ntaine
ORIGAUTH CORRNAME CONNTYPE RECORD TIME		DESTNO	DESTNO ACE IFC DESCRIPTION DATA			_		an record trace also contains				
PLANNAME	CORRNMBR		TCB CPU TIME		ID				the QS	ST da	ta that you a	lso have
									in a dur	nn		
SYSOPR	DBP1	BF85E6B1B32E	'BLANK'	'BLANK'					iii a uui	ııρ		
SYSOPR	016.WVSM	'BLANK'	10:30:01.5462423	7 954594	1 1 S	YSTEM STATS			Does N	OT as	et formatted b	υV
'BLANK' T 01 2.20849273		3					statistics trace or report					
									Statistic	5 liau	e or report	
	1				QSS	T DATA						
	QSSTGPLE	14674	QSSTFPLF	14607	QSSTFREF	14	QSSTEXPF	14324	QSSTCONF	138	823	
	QSSTGPLV	7 755895	QSSTFPLV	754770	QSSTFREV	1599541	QSSTEXPV	2174139	QSSTCONV	571	171	
	QSSTGETM	112503	QSSTFREM	109695	QSSTRCNZ	. 0	QSSTCONT	0	QSSTCRIT		0	
	QSSTABNI	0	1									

OMPE Fundamentals



Accounting Report Set

- •Based on DB2 accounting records (IFCID 3, 239)
- •Contains local and distributed DB2 activity associated with a thread.
- •Contains DBRM/package accounting information.
- Contains information about
 - Identification of thread
 - •Elapsed, CPU, and wait times
 - •SQL statements counters
 - •RID list processing
 - •Query parallelism
 - Group buffer pool and buffer pool activity
 - Data-sharing locking
 - ■Stored Procedures
 - Locking activity
 - ■Resource limit facility (RLF)
 - Distributed data facility (DDF)
 - ■Packages & DBRMs executed
- •Can identify TOP resource consumers.
- Short and long flavor
- •Report and trace
 - •Traces more useful for dynamic SQL (as stmt usually changes)
- •Used as a prime indicator for thread-related problems.



OMPE Fundamentals



ORDER processing

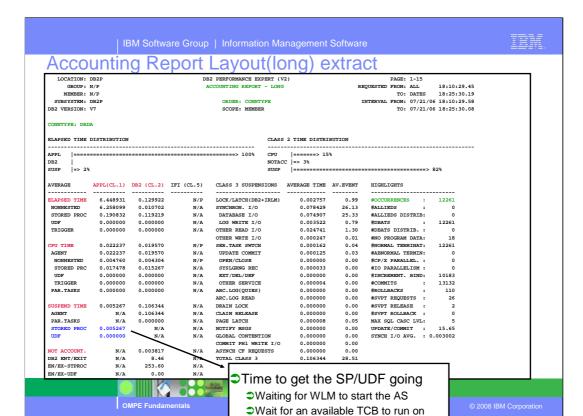
•Like GROUP BY processing in SQL

C. C	AND CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY	- ARRONAL ARRONAL TO THE	
Table 2. Performance	Expert identifiers used	d with ORDER subcommand or	neite

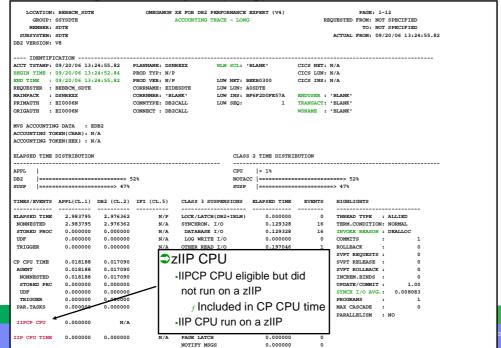
Performance Expert Identifier	ACCT	AUD	I/O	LOCK	SQL	STAT	UTIL
BPID (Buffer pool ID)			•				Î
CLASS (DB2 trace class)	•	•	•	•	•		•
CONNECT (Connection ID)	•	•	•	•	•		•
CONNTYPE (Connection type)	•	•	•	•	•		•
CORRNAME (Correlation name)	•	•	•	•	•		•
CORRNMBR (Correlation number)	•	•	•	•	•		
DATABASE (Database name)			•	•			
ENDUSER (End user ID)	•	•		•	•		
INSTANCE (Instance number)							•
INTERVAL (Interval)			•	1		•	ř
MAINPACK (Main package)	•						
OBJECT (Object type)		•				9	î
ORIGAUTH (Original authorization ID)	•	•	•	•	•		•
PACKAGE (Package information) or PROGRAM (Program information)	•						
PAGESET (Page set name)			•	•			
PLANNAME (Plan name)	•	•	•	•	•		•
PRIMAUTH (Primary authorization ID) or AUTHID (Authorization ID)	•		•	•	•		•
REQLOC (Requester location)	•	•	•	•	•		•
TRANSACT (End user transaction name)	•	•		•	•		
WSNAME (End user workstation name)	•	•		•	•		

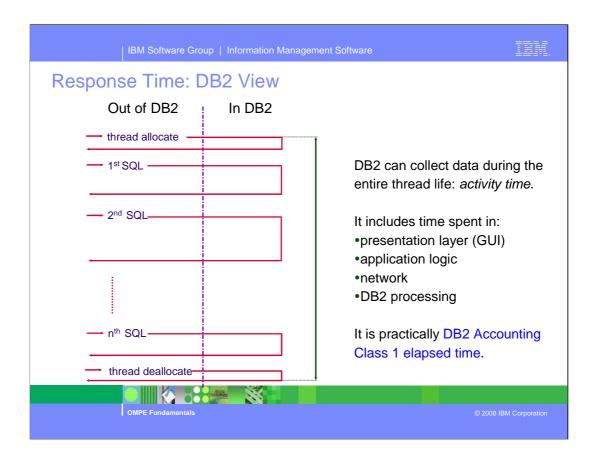


OMPE Fundamentals



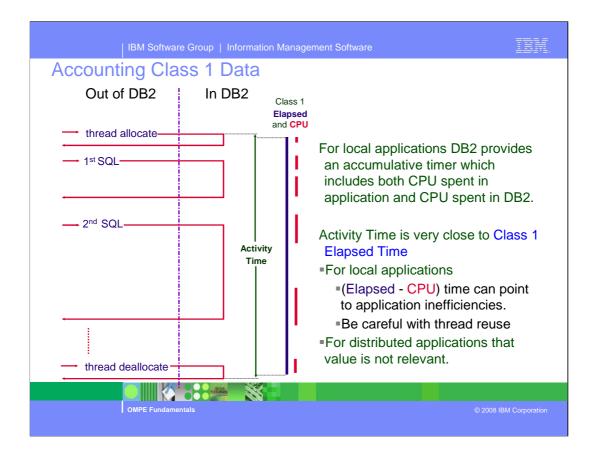
Accounting Trace Layout(long) extract





Continuation from previous page...
Most of its fields are maintained subject to an additional IFCID being active: 318. It needs to be started explicitly, via user defined class of the DB2 performance trace. Suspension timers are additionally conditioned by the DB2 accounting trace class 3 being active. As the statement text can be large, only 60 characters of it are available in IFCID 316, the rest can be retrieved by IFCID 317.

Collection and reporting of most of the 316 fields are preconditioned by the activation of IFCID 318. When IFCID 318 is deactivated, the collection ends and all the associated counters are initialized. So, in case that the values are retrieved (IFCID

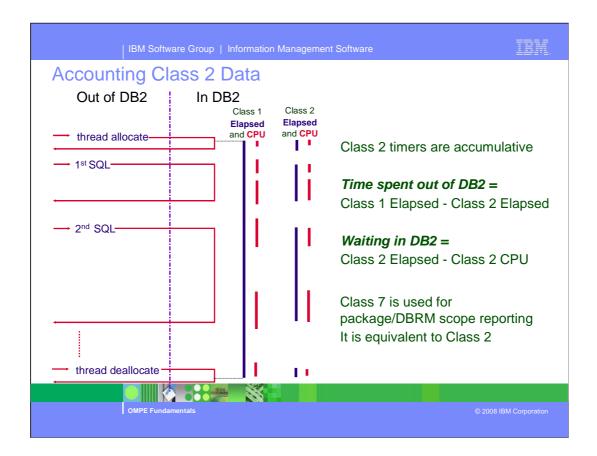


Accounting class 1 data is collected and externalized via DB2 Accounting trace class 1. It includes most of the accounting data, but no time distribution. The data that is included is SQL statistics (such as the number of SELECTs, INSERTs etc.), locking activity (the number of various lock requests, suspensions, time-outs, deadlocks), buffer pools statistics (the number of getpages, synchronous reads, various types of prefetches, writes, sort activity) parallelism data, DDF statistics and many others. The timers that are available via class 1 are elapsed and CPU time as seen from the application, i.e. including both the time spent in DB2 and time spent in application (only after the thread allocation and before thread deallocation).

For the applications that exploit thread reuse (such as CICS and IMS) or maintain very long connections (such as SAP), the class 1 data typically includes time spent in the network and the users think time which makes it less relevant for monitoring and tuning purposes.

The accounting trace class 1 is the vehicle for externalizing accounting records and its cost is generated mostly by writing the records out. Therefore it is proportional to the number of records cut. For the applications with long living threads that cost is negligible, and in general typically very low. In some extreme cases it could go up to 5%.

The accounting class 1 trace can be started at DB2 start (via system parameter SMFACCT) or at any time via START TRACE(A) CLASS(1). The former method is recommended in order to reduce the administration overhead, especially when the cost of running is low.



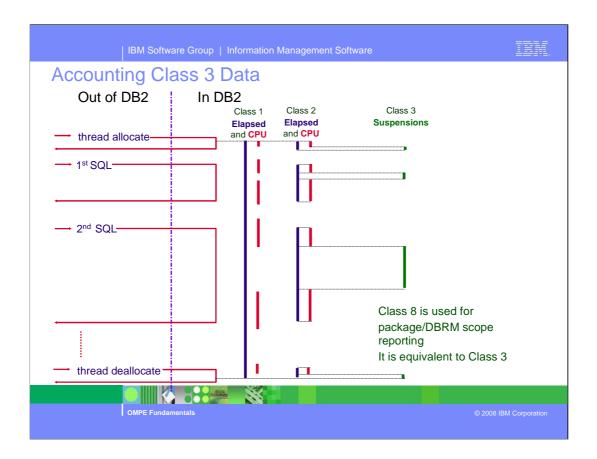
Accounting Class 2 data is collected by the DB2 accounting trace class 2. Unlike class 1 trace it includes the elapsed and CPU times spent solely in DB2. The timers start whenever the application accesses DB2 and get stopped at exists from DB2. The are accumulative in nature, i.e. they show the elapsed and CPU time spend in DB2 since the thread allocation.

Obviously, the trace cost is proportional to number of DB2 entry/exit events. The typical workloads that can drive this cost relatively higher is mass inserts or fetch activity (for each insert or fetch there is one entry into and one exit from DB2). For such workloads the overhead of running the trace can go up to 10%.

It can be stared at DB2 start (via system parameter SMFACCT) or at any time by START TRACE(A) CLASS(2). Due to its potentially higher cost the recommendation is to start is manually and observe the associated overhead. If it is low, the trace should be activated by means of the system parameter. Otherwise, use it only during performance monitoring session.

Note that class 2 trace provide the data at the plan (entire application) level. As many applications are modular, consisting of a number of separate programs that are bound into separate DBRMs and packages, it is very often beneficial to have the same data on a per-program basis. In order to get that data, the accounting trace class 7 needs to be exploited. It is equivalent to the trace class 2, only at the package, i.e. DBRM level. Its value is especially important when monitoring imbedded activity, such as triggers, external user defined functions and stored procedures.

Note that there is also Class 5 accounting trace which collects and reports elapsed and CPU times spent in IFI, i.e. attributed to monitors and data capture processing.

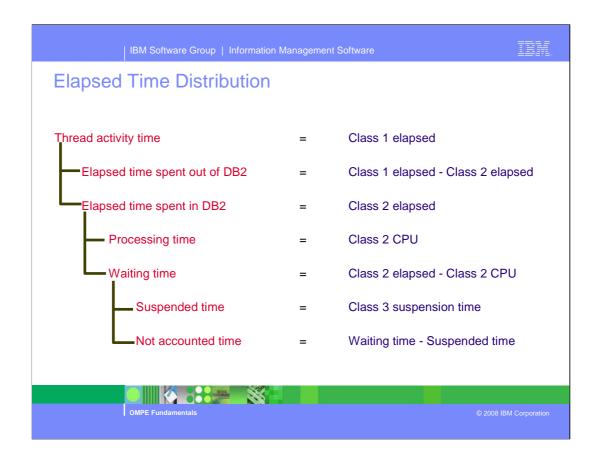


Accounting class 3 data provide detail distribution of suspension times and events. DB2 collects it by means of the accounting trace class 3. Like in the class 2 case, if the same data is needed at the program (i.e. packages and DBRM) level, a separate class (8) is available that provides equivalent information.

The suspension timers are started when a suspension event is encountered and stopped after the suspension is resolved. The are accumulative in nature as well. Consequently, the class 3 (and 8) cost is proportional to the number of suspensions. The suspensions type that has the largest potential to drive the cost of classes 3 and 8 is the DB2 internal latch suspensions. The most common reason for a high number of internal DB2 latch contentions is log contention (an update rate with which your log buffer and more probably log device cannot cope with). Another reason could be EDM pool latch contentions caused by a small EDM pool. If the number of internal DB2 latch suspensions is more than 1000/sec, cost of classes 3 and 8 can grow very high. If that happens, firstly try to get rid of the cause of the problem (i.e. reduce the number of latch suspensions), but in the meantime switch off Classes 3 and 8 in order to get your system more CPU for more productive work. Otherwise the overhead could be so large that having the trace on would hurt more than it would do any good. Typically, the class 3 cost is not higher than 3% (providing the number of internal latch suspensions is at the normal level).

It can be started at DB2 start (via system parameter SMFACCT) or at any time by START TRACE(A) CLASS(3).

DB2 reports both the accumulated time spent being suspended and the number of these events. This allows calculating an average suspension duration. Note that the divisor (the number of events) needs to be first divided by 2, because DB2 increments the counter twice for each suspension.



The following foil demonstrates the thread activity (the part of the application associated with DB2 processing) elapsed time distribution.

The thread activity time coincides with the class 1 elapsed time. It is further broken down into the time spent in DB2 and time spent in application. Note that only the times after the thread allocation and before the thread deallocation are reported, because this is when the DB2 timers are active and know the application.

The time spent in DB2 can be divided into time spent processing (CPU time) and time spent waiting for some kind of suspension. Which kind of suspensions were involved in these waits is visible from the class 3 accounting trace data which specifies which suspension events happened in the thread lifetime: I/O, locking, dataset operations (such as extensions, formatting), commits (with logging) etc. In most cases this information provide very useful pointers to where the performance problem causes might be.

There is a part of the waiting in DB2 that cannot be attributed to any suspension event. DB2 is a formal subsystem of z/OS and in some cases the operating system events can cause waits of which DB2 is not aware of. For example, CPU contention or paging can cause that the elapsed time spent in DB2 increases, but no other counter (CPU nor suspension) gets incremented. This time is called 'not accounted' time and in most cases points to some operating system specific constraints.

By analyzing the elapsed time distribution one can identify where the most time is spent and knowing which processes are done during which time look into these processes for potential performance improvements.

Accounting Report Layout(long) extract

NORMAL TERM.	AVERAGE	TOTAL
NEW USER	0.00	0
DEALLOCATION	0.00	0
APPL.PROGR. END	0.00	0
RESIGNON	0.00	0
DBAT INACTIVE	0.00	0
TYPE2 INACTIVE	0.00	0
RRS COMMIT	0.00	0
END USER THRESH	0.10	95
BLOCK STOR THR	0.00	0
STALENESS THR	0.00	0

- ⇒ New user / Resignon / DBAT inactive indicate thread reuse
- ⇒ Rollup accounting active and records rolled up in the trace
- ⇒ Then averages are calculated base on total "transactions", not # occurrences





Accounting Report Set (long) - pre V8 package accgt

PROGRAM NAME	CLASS 7 CONSUMERS	
FIJDCAIB	=> 3%	
FIMDCHR		
FIMDEXR		
FIMDIRQ		
FIMDLIST	===> 6%	
FIMDMRPB	=======================================	
FIMDMT01	=> 2%	
FIMDMTO2		
FIMDMTO3	=> 2%	
FIMDMTO4	====> 11%	
FIMDPH0		
FIMDPH1	=======> 22%	
FIMDREP	1	

FIMDMRPB	VALUE	FIMDMRPB	TIMES	FIMDMRPB	AVERAGE TIME	AVG.EV	TIME/EVENT
TYPE	PACKAGE	ELAP-CL7 TIME-AVG	6.680010	LOCK/LATCH	0.003073	46.50	0.000066
		CPU TIME	1.227790	SYNCHRONOUS I/O	3.218596	554.00	0.005810
LOCATION	SYSDSN8	AGENT	1.227790	OTHER READ I/O	1.379313	136.50	0.010105
COLLECTION ID	FIJ1	PAR.TASKS	0.000000	OTHER WRITE I/O	0.451942	17.00	0.026585
PROGRAM NAME	FIMDMRPB	SUSPENSION-CL8	5.380605	SERV.TASK SWITCH	0.327681	13.50	0.024273
		AGENT	5.380605	ARCH.LOG(QUIESCE)	0.000000	0.00	N/C
OCCURRENCES	2	PAR.TASKS	0.000000	ARCHIVE LOG READ	0.000000	0.00	N/C
SQL STMT - AVERAGE	10975.00	NOT ACCOUNTED	0.071615	STORED PROC SCHED	0.000000	0.00	N/C
SQL STMT - TOTAL	21950	AVG.DB2 ENTRY/EXIT	21978.00	UDF SCHEDULE	0.000000	0.00	N/C
STOR PROC EXECUTED	0	DB2 ENTRY/EXIT	43956	DRAIN LOCK	0.000000	0.00	N/C
UDF EXECUTED	0			CLAIM RELEASE	0.000000	0.00	N/C
USED BY STOR PROC	0	CPU SERVICE UNITS	5513.00	PAGE LATCH	0.000000	0.00	N/C
USED BY UDF	0	AGENT	5513.00	NOTIFY MESSAGES	0.000000	0.00	N/C
USED BY TRIGGER	0	PAR.TASKS	0.00	GLOBAL CONTENTION	0.000000	0.00	N/C
SUCC AUTH CHECK	0			TOTAL CL8 SUSPENS.	5.380605	767.50	0.007011



OMPE Fundamentals

Accounting package sections (acctg trace)

FROGRAM NAME REFORT1 RETRSET	i=:		=====> 44	8		 			
REPORT1	VALUE		REPORT1			REPORT1	TIME	EVENTS	TIME/EVENT
TYPE	PACKAGI		ELAPSED T			LOCK/LATCH	0.000000		N/C
LOCATION	VGIDV0	G	CP CPU TI	ME	0.009147	SYNCHRONOUS I/O	0.010964	2	0.005482
COLLECTION ID	UPGMPA	CK	AGENT		0.009147	OTHER READ I/O	0.000000	0	N/C
PROGRAM NAME	REPORT	1	PAR.TAS	KS	0.000000	OTHER WRITE I/O	0.000000	0	N/C
CONSISTENCY TOKEN	17F316	1407E055CF	IIP CPU T	IME	0.000000	SERV.TASK SWITCH	н 0.230648	13	0.017742
ACTIVITY TYPE	NONNES:	TED	SUSPENSIO	N-CL8	0.241612	ARCH.LOG(QUIESC	E) 0.000000	0	N/C
ACTIVITY NAME	BLANK		AGENT		0.241612	ARCHIVE LOG REAL	D 0.000000	0	N/C
SCHEMA NAME	BLANK		PAR.TAS	KS	0.000000	DRAIN LOCK	0.000000	0	N/C
SQL STATEMENTS		100	NOT ACCOU	NTED	0.056721	CLAIM RELEASE	0.000000	0	N/C
SUCC AUTH CHECK	NO					PAGE LATCH	0.000000	0	N/C
			CP CPU SU		184	NOTIFY MESSAGES	0.000000	0	N/C
			AGENT		184	GLOBAL CONTENTI	ON 0.000000	0	N/C
			PAR.TAS	KS	0	TOTAL CL8 SUSPE	NS. 0.241612	15	0.016107
			IIP CPU S	U	0				
			DB2 ENTRY	/EXIT	251				
REPORT1		ELAPSED TIME	EVENTS	REPORT1		ELAPSED TIME	EVENTS		
GLOBAL CONTENTION	L-LOCKS	0.000000	0	GLOBAL CON	TENTION P-LOCKS	0.000000	0		
PARENT (DB,TS,TAE	,PART)	0.000000	0	PAGESET/F	PARTITION	0.000000	0		
CHILD (PAGE, ROW)		0.000000	0	PAGE		0.000000	0		
OTHER		0.000000	0	OTHER		0.000000	0		



OMPE Fundamentals

Accounting package (trace) - new V8 sections

REPORT1	TOTAL
SELECT	0
INSERT	0
UPDATE	0
DELETE	0
DESCRIBE	0
PREPARE	0
OPEN	0
FETCH	0
CLOSE	0
LOCK TABLE	0
CALL	0
REPORT1	TOTAL
BPOOL HIT RATIO (%)	0
GETPAGES	0
BUFFER UPDATES	0
SYNCHRONOUS WRITE	0
SYNCHRONOUS READ	0
SEQ. PREFETCH REQS	0
LIST PREFETCH REQS	0
DYN. PREFETCH REQS	0
PAGES READ ASYNCHR.	0

REPORT1	TOTAL
TIMEOUTS	0
DEADLOCKS	0
ESCAL.(SHARED)	0
ESCAL.(EXCLUS)	0
MAX PG/ROW LOCKS HELD	0
LOCK REQUEST	0
UNLOCK REQUEST	0
QUERY REQUEST	0
CHANGE REQUEST	0
OTHER REQUEST	0
TOTAL SUSPENSIONS	0
LOCK SUSPENS	0
IRLM LATCH SUSPENS	0
OTHER SUSPENS	0

- → More detailed SQL stmt type info / Total BP info / locking info at package level
- → This info will be enabled/disabled with accounting class(10) after PK28561
- OMPE always prints these sections even if class 10 is not active (with zero totals as shown above)



OMPE Fundamentals

Accounting Top processing example

- •Generate an accounting trace report of
 - ONLY the TOP 20
 - DRDA transactions
 - That used the most class2 CPU time
 - Write report to a DDNAME ACTRDRDA
 - Only for DB2A
 - Adjust the time by (subtracting) 5 hours
 - If package information (IFCID 239) is present also package info Check if rollup is active

```
//SYSIN DD *
GLOBAL
TIMEZONE (+5:00)
INCLUDE (DB2ID(DB2A))
ACCOUNTING
TRACE
LAYOUT (LONG)
INCLUDE (CONNTYPE(DRDA))
TOP (20 ONLY INDB2PT)
DDNAME(ACTRDRDA))
```

```
LOCATION: DP3G OMEGAMON XE FOR DB2 PERFORMANCE EXPERT (V4) PAGE: 1 1

GROUP: DSNDP3G ACCOUNTING TRACE - LONG REQUESTED FROM: NOT SPECIFIE MAGE PROVED PROVIDED PROVID
```



MPF Fundamentals



INCLUDE / EXCLUDE options Table 3. Performance Expert Identifiers used with INCLUDE and EXCLUDE subcommand option

Performance Expert identifier	ACCT	AUD	VO	LOCK	RT	SQL	STAT	UTIL	GLOB
ACE (Agent control element address)					t,f	r,t,p			all
CLASS (DB2 trace class)					t,f				ali
CONNECT (Connection ID)	r,t,p,f	r,t,p,f	tp	r,t,p,f	t,f	r,t,p		r,t,p	all
CONNTYPE (Connection type)	r,t,p,f	r,t,p,f	tp:	r,t,p,f	t,f	r,t,p		rtp	all
CORRNAME (Correlation name)	r,t,p,f	r,t,p,f	tp	r,t,p,f	1,5	r,t,p		r,t,p	all
CORRNMBR (Correlation number)	r,t_p,f	r,t,p,f	tp.	r,t,p,f	t,f	r,t,p		r,t,p	all
DATABASE (Database name)			tp:	r,t,p,f					all
DATASET (Data set name)			t/p						all
ENDUSER (End user ID)	r,t,p,f	r,t,p,f		r,t,p,f	t,f	r,t,p,f			
FIELD (Comparison with data in a record field)					t,f				ali
GROUP (Group name)	r,t,p,f	r,t,p,f	tp.	r,t,p,f	t,f	r,t,p	r,t,p,f	r,t,p	all
IFCID (Instrumentation Facility Component Identifier)					t,f	r,t,p			all
INSTANCE (Instance number)	r,t,f	r,t,p,f		t,f	t,f	r,t,p		r,t,p	all
LOCATION (Location name)	r,t,p,f	r,t,p,f	rp	r,t,p,f	t,f	r,t,p	r,t,p,f	r,t,p	all
MAINPACK (Main package)	r,t,p,f								
MEMBER (Member name)	r,t,p,f	r,t,p,f	tp.	r,t,p,f	1,f	r,t,p	r,t,p,f	r#.p	all
ORIGAUTH (Original authorization ID)	r,t,p,f	r,t,p,f	tp:	r,t,p,f	t,f	r,t,p		rap	all
PACKAGE (Package information) or PROGRAM (Program information)	r,t,p,f								
PAGESET (Page set name)			tp	r,t,p,f					all
PLANNAME (Plan name)	r,t,p,f	r,t,p,f	LD	r,t,p,f	t.f	r,t,p		rtp	all

Table 3. Performance Expert identifiers used with INCLUDE and EXCLUDE subcommand option (continued)

Performance Expert identifier	ACCT	AUD	NO	LOCK	RT	SQL	STAT	UTIL	GLOB
PRIMAUTH (Primary authorization ID) or AUTHID (Authorization ID)	r,t,p,f	r,tp,f	r.p	r,t,p,f	t,f	rtp		r,t,p	all
REQLOC (Requester location)	r,t,p,f	r,t.p.f	rp	r,t,p,f	t,f	r,t,p		r,t,p	all
RESOURCETYPE (Resource type)				r,t,p,f					
RMID (Resource manager identifier)					t,f				all
SQLCODE					t,f			2	
SUBSYSTEMID (Subsystem ID)	r,t,p,f	r,t,p,f	r.p	r,t,p,f	t,f	r,t,p	r,t,p,f	r,t,p	all
THREADTYPE (Thread type)	r,t,p,f	r,tp,f	r,p	rt.p.f	t,f	r,t,p		r,t,p	
TRANSACT (End user transaction name)	r,t,p,f	t,p,f	r,t,p,f	t,f	r,t,p,f			50	
TYPE (Event type)				r,td					ľ
WSNAME (End user workstation name)	r,t,p,f	t,p,f		r,t,p,f	t,f	r,t,p,f			

Note: The use of PLANNAME as a filter for Accounting reports in a DDF en considerations for DDF trace data" on page 37.



Accounting Trace (short)

LOCA	ATION: SYSDS	SN7			DB2	PERFORM	ANCE MONI	TOR (V7)			PAGE: 1	-1	
G	GROUP: DSN7				A	CCOUNTIN	G TRACE -	SHORT		R	EQUESTE	D FROM: NO	OT SPECIF	TED
ME	EMBER: SG71											TO: NO	OT SPECIF	TED
SUBSY	YSTEM: SG71										ACTUA	L FROM: 0	4/24/01 0	8:21:22.8
DB2 VER	RSION: V7										PAG	E DATE: 0	4/24/01	
PRIMAUT	TH CORRNAME	CONNECT	ACCT	TIMESTAMP	COMMITS	OPENS	UPDATES	INSERTS	EL. TIME(CL1) EL. TI	ME(CL2)	GETPAGES	SYN.READ	LOCK SUS
PLANNAM	ME CORRNMBR	THR. TYP	E TERM.	CONDITION	SELECTS	FETCHES	DELETES	PREPARE	CPU TIME(CL1) CPU TI	ME(CL2)	BUF.UPDT	TOT.PREF	LOCKOUTS
JEN	JENJBMRM	BATCH	08:21	:22.855435	17	2429	322	2104	18.85492	3 12	994234	42692	1057	10
FIJ1BAT	r 'BLANK'	ALLIED	NORM	DEALLOC	3505	6288	233	0	3.65756	5 2	598451	17997	351	. 0
FI FI FI FI FI FI	IMDIRQ IMDCHR IMDREP IMDEXR IMDMRPB IMDMRPB IMDMT01 IMDMT02 IMDMT04 IMDMT04 IMDMT04		PACKAGE PACKAGE PACKAGE PACKAGE PACKAGE PACKAGE PACKAGE PACKAGE PACKAGE	27 49 10975 263 92 250	0 0 0 6 0 0 0	.002423 .073416 .002771 .003984 .664664 .320842 .010085 .326448 .480512 .447282	0.0 0.0 1.2 0.0 0.0	00706 01200 02436 03895 35758 39257 08776 49734 557355 96527	0.001796 0.072333 N/P N/P 5.358279 0.283440 N/P 0.274011 0.871868 0.333334	1 2 N/P N/P 751 62 N/P 27 132 66				
JEN	JENJBMRM			:28.538964	-	_	-	0		1 1	.046372 .140499			-





Accounting INTERVAL processing

- Can 'roll up' accounting records in intervals, for example 5 minute interval in case you need need to see how the system performs over time
 - •For example to find a peak or drop in workoad
 - Use REDUCE INTERVAL(x) and REPORT ORDER(INTERVAL)
 - •Is processing intensive to generate such a report. Therefore filter as much as possible
 - •May also need to adjust //SORTWK0x DD UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,(500,500))
 - Or add more SORTWKxx DD statements for sorting
- Also works for STATISTICS
 - → Don't 'roll up' statistics into INTERVALs smaller than the DB2 STATIME interval
 - •Eg if STATIME=5, using INTERVAL(1) does not make any sense Report will show 5 identical values for 5 minutes



Accounting INTERVAL processing example

- Generate an accounting report report
 - For 1 minute interval
 - Per connection type
 - Write report to a DDNAME ACTRDRDA
 - Takes a lot of work to produce.

Therefore limit the scope as much as you can

- Only for D2PL
- Using FROM, TO
- Only for specific plans ..

```
//SYSIN DD *
GLOBAL
TIMEZONE (+5:00)
FROM(,08:55:00.00)
TO(,09:05:00.00)
INCLUDE( DB2ID(D2PL))
ACCOUNTING
REDUCE
INTERVAL(1)
REPORT
LAYOUT(LONG)
ORDER(CONNTYPE-
INTERVAL)
```

Accounting only package info

- Both package and DBRM
- Be careful when rollup is active

```
//SYSIN
         DD *
 GLOBAL
   TIMEZONE (+5:00)
   INCLUDE (DB2ID(DB2A))
 ACCOUNTING
   REPORT
     ORDER(PROGRAM) DDNAME(ACRPPG)
     LAYOUT (SHORT)
```

LOCATION: GROUP: MEMBER: SUBSYSTEM: DB2 VERSION:	DSNDP3G DP33 DP33	ORDE		SHORT	REÇ	TERVAL FROM:	NOT SPECIF NOT SPECIF
PACKAGE				SQLSTMT CL7 ELAP.TIME	CL7 CPU TIME CL8 SUSP.TIME	CL8 SUSP	
'BLANK'.'BLA	NK'.DSNTIAUL		DBRM 1		0.013646 0.329956	25.00	
'BLANK'.'BLA	NK'.NAA0210		DBRM 4	26.0K 0.918041	0.641476 0.185402	402.25	
'BLANK'.'BLA	NK'.NAC0310		DBRM 1		13.319734 1.034322	1673.00	



System Parameters Report Set

SYSPARMS TRACE command

- Show configuration information of subsystem.
 "so called "ZPARM's"
- Based on IFCID 106 (ZPARMS), 202 (BP config)
- ALWAYS good to verify these in each trace/report
- •New entry is produced when system parameters change.
- •Buffer pool and group buffer pool changes are reported as well.





Locking Report Sets

- Provides detail information about
 - DB2 transaction locks
 - Suspensions
 - •Timeouts
 - Deadlocks
 - •DB2 drain locks and DB2 claims
 - •DB2 lock avoidance and related data, like page latches
 - •Global locks in a data sharing environment
- •Reports summarize locking information per DB2 PM identifier.
 - Lock suspension report
 - Lockout report
- •Traces list individual locking events.
 - Lock suspension trace
 - Deadlock trace
 - Timeout trace
 - Lockout trace
 - Lock detail trace





Locking Trace

LOCAT	ION: SYSD	SN7	1	DB2 PERFO	RMANCE MON	ITOR	(V7)		PAG	E: 1-1		
GR	OUP: DSN7			LOCKING	TRACE - D	ETAI	L	REQU	UESTED FRO	M: NOT SPECI	FIED	
MEM	BER: SG71								T	O: NOT SPECI	FIED	
SUBSYS	TEM: SG71							2	ACTUAL FRO	M: 04/21/01	22:01:36.62	
DB2 VERS	ION: V7			so	OPE: MEMBE	R			PAGE DAT	E: 04/21/01		
PRIMAUTH	CORRNAME	CONNTYPE										
ORIGAUTH	CORRNMBR	INSTANCE	EVENT TIMESTAMP		L O C	K	RESOURCE					
PLANNAME			RELATED TIMESTAMP		TYPE	NAM	E		PECIFIC DA	TA		
			22:01:36.62217251						N=PLAN	STATE=X'00'	XES PROP=N	
SYSOPR	AT01	B2BB079820D3	MASS	REQUEST				RSN CODE	E=X'40'	RTNCD=12	XES FORC=N	
'BLANK'	SG53							NMODIFY	LOCAL L-	LOCK		
								HASH	=x.000000	00'		
SYSOPR	022.CKPA	'BLANK'	22:01:36.62572268	LOCK	PAGESET	DB	=DSNDB06	DURATION	N=ALLOCATN	STATE=IS	XES PROP=Y	
SYSOPR	0201	B2BB079821AE		REQUEST		OB	=SYSUSER	RSN CODI	E= 0	RTNCD= 0	XES FORC=N	
'BLANK'	SG53								GLOBAL L- =X'00000F		XES ASYN=N	
			22:01:36.62580782	LOCK	PAGESET	DB	=DSNDB06	DURATIO	N=ALLOCATN	STATE=IS	XES PROP=Y	
				REQUEST		OB	=SYSPLAN	RSN CODI	E= 0	RTNCD= 0	XES FORC=N	
								NMODIFY	GLOBAL L-	LOCK	XES ASYN=N	
								HASH	=X:00000A	.06 '		
			22:01:36.62595584	CLAIM	PAGESET	DB	=DSNDB06	DURATION	N=COMMIT	CLASS=RR		
				ACQUIRE		OB	=DSNAUH01	RSN CODE	E= 0	RTNCD= 0		
			22:01:36.62605962	LOCK	DATAPAGE	DB	=DSNDB06	DURATION	N=MANUAL	STATE=S	XES PROP=N	
				REQUEST		OB	=SYSUSER	RSN CODI	E= 0	RTNCD= 4	XES FORC=N	
						PAG	E=X'000002'	NMODIFY	GLOBAL L-	LOCK		
								PARENT	=X'1151E8	04'		
								HASH	=X'000358	02'		



OMPE Fundamentals



Locking Trace - Deadlock

LOCATION: SG71

GROUP: N/P

GROUP: N/P

SUBSYSTEM: SG71

DB2 VERSION: Y

SCOPE: MEMBER: N/P

SUBSYSTEM: SG71

DB2 VERSION: Y

SCOPE: MEMBER: TO: NOT SPECIFIED

ACTUAL FROM: 04/20/01 18:17:54.70

DB2 VERSION: Y

SCOPE: MEMBER: PAGE: 1-8

ACTUAL FROM: 04/20/01 18:17:54.70

DB2 VERSION: Y

SCOPE: MEMBER: PAGE: 1-8

ACTUAL FROM: 04/20/01 18:17:54.70

DB2 VERSION: Y

FRIMITH CORRINARE CONTYPE

GRIGAUTH CORRINARE INSTANCE

EVENT TIMESTAMP

FUND TO: NOT SPECIFIED

ACTUAL FROM: 04/20/01 18:17:54.70

PAGE DATE: 04/20/01 18:17:54.70

DATE NOT SPECIFIED

ACTUAL FROM: 04/20/01 18:17:54.70

DATE NOT SPECIFIED

ACTUAL FROM

LEVEL (LOCKOUT)
Lists both deadlocks and timeouts



OMPE Fundamentals



SQL Activity Report Set

- •Unit of reporting is a SQL statement within a thread.
- •Reports details of SQL statement activity:
 - •Workload highlights
 - Scan, RID list, and query parallelism activity
 - Sort and I/O activities
 - •Lock suspensions, and page locking
 - Exit activity
 - Data capture activity
 - Prepare (minibind) information
 - Accounting
 - Host variable value
- Provides various levels of summarization.
 - Occurrence
 - Statement number
 - Cursor
 - Program
 - Statement type



SQL Activity Report Set ...

- Can merge distributed activity belonging to the same logical unit of work
- Traces show SQL statement activity of one thread
 - Can only handle 999 threads at a time
- Reports show SQL statement activity of an aggregation of threads, e.g. primauth-planname (default) combinations

SQLACTIVITY REPORT
SUMMARIZEBY (STMTNO)
WORKLOAD(SCAN)
SORTBY(TCBTIME)
ORDER(PLANNAME)

- Support of Query Sysplex Parallelism
 - Records of parallel tasks reported for the originating task
 - •Workload reported for each member
 - CPU times in Query Parallelism workload block normalized to processor speed of originating task



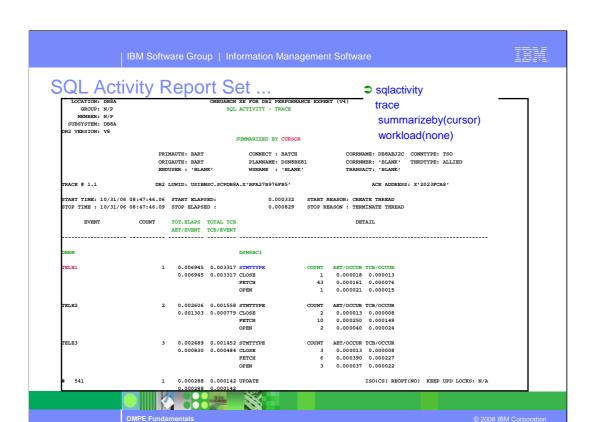


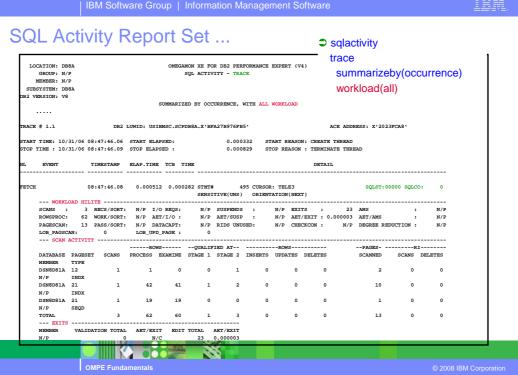
SQL Activity Report Set ...

- Very processing intensive
 - Try to limit the scope as much as possible
 - •FROM / TO, INSTANCE / PLANNAME ...
 - •Make sure to allocate enough and big //SORTWKxx DD
 - •Make sure to allocate a big //SQLWORK DD
 - Sometimes results in 'funny' abends
 - S0C4 in sort
 - Sometimes more //SORTWKxx helps
 - •S878, S80A because
 - Sometimes playing with the REGION parm helps

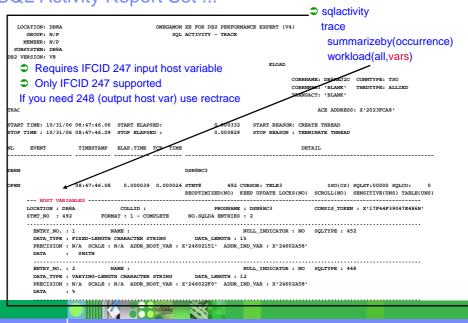


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SQL Activity Report Set ...



OMPE Fundamentals



Rectrace with IFCID 248 ...

⇒ IFCID 248 output host variable

	CORRNAME	INSTAN		_	WS_NAME DESTNO			TRANSACT			
	CORRNMER	CONNTY		CR CPH TIME		ACE IFC I	DESCRIPTION	DATA			
UNNAME.			_								
RT			76FB5 'BL		'BLANK'		-	'BLANK'			
RT	DB8AEJ2C T	rso	08:4	7:46.08417	492 1375	7 248 SQ	LDA & HOST	NETWORK	ID: USIBMS	LUNAME: SCPI	DB8A LUWSEQ: 1
√8BH81	'BLANK'			0.01861	695	,	AR TRACING				
	0000 C40	C2F8C1	40404040	40404040	40404040	40404040	40404040	40404040	40404040	DB8A	
	0020 404	40C4E2	D5F8C2C3	F3404040	40404040	40404040	17F44F39	047E486B	00000007	DSN8BC3	.4 =.,
	0040 002	2C4000	000001EF	004E0054	00560004	C4C2F8C1	00000007	C4E2D5F8	C2C3F3		DB8ADSN8BC3
										-{	
					40404040	40404040	00000000	00000000	00000000	!	
				00000000							
	0000 000									DANIEL	
			08:47		97 1377			'BLANK'			
	.:			:46.084193 0.018626	97 1377 27	7 248 SQI	DA & HOST	'BLANK' NETWORKII	D: USIBMSC	LUNAME: SCPDI	38A LUWSEQ: 1
				:46.084193 0.018626	97 1377 27	7 248 SQI VA	DA & HOST AR TRACING	'BLANK' NETWORKII	D: USIBMSC		
	0000 C4C2	2F8C1 -	40404040	:46.084193 0.018626 40404040	97 1377 27 	7 248 SQI VF 	DA & HOST AR TRACING 40404040	'BLANK' NETWORKII	D: USIBMSC 40404040	DB8A	
	 0000 C4C2 0020 4040	2F8C1 -	40404040 D5F8C2C3	:46.084193 0.018626 40404040 F3404040	97 1377 27 	7 248 SQI VF 40404040 40404040	DA & HOST AR TRACING 40404040 17F44F39	'BLANK' NETWORKII 40404040 047E486B	D: USIBMSC 40404040 00000007	DB8A DSN8BC3	
	0000 C4C2 0020 4040 0040 0020	2F8C1 - 0C4E2 1 C4000 -	40404040 D5F8C2C3	:46.084193 0.018626 40404040 F3404040 004E0054	97 1377 27 40404040 40404040 00560004	7 248 SQI VF 40404040 40404040 C4C2F8C1	DA & HOST AR TRACING 40404040 17F44F39 00000007	'BLANK' NETWORKII 40404040 047E486B C4E2D5F8	0: USIBMSC 40404040 00000007 C2C3F3	DB8A DSN8BC3	.4 =.,
	 0000 C4C2 0020 4040 0040 0020 	2F8C1 0C4E2 1 C4000 1	40404040 D5F8C2C3 000001EF	:46.084193 0.018626 40404040 F3404040 004E0054 	97 1377 27 40404040 40404040 00560004	7 248 SQI VF 40404040 40404040 C4C2F8C1	DA & HOST AR TRACING 40404040 17F44F39 00000007	'BLANK' NETWORKII 40404040 047E486B C4E2D5F8	D: USIBMSC 40404040 00000007 C2C3F3 40404040	DB8A DSN8BC3	.4 =., .DB8ADSN8BC3
	0000 C4C2 0020 4040 0040 0020 	2F8C1 0C4E2 1 C4000 0 40004 1	40404040 D5F8C2C3 000001EF 24602878 40404040	:46.084193 0.018626 	97 1377 27 4040404 4040404 00560004 	7 248 SQI VF 40404040 40404040 C4C2F8C1	DA & HOST AR TRACING 40404040 17F44F39 00000007	'BLANK' NETWORKII 40404040 047E486B C4E2D5F8	D: USIBMSC 40404040 00000007 C2C3F3 40404040	DB8A DSN8BC3	.4 =., .DB8ADSN8BC3
	0000 C4C2 0020 4040 0040 0020 0040 01C4 0000 01C4 0020 4040	2F8C1 004E2 104000 004040 000000 000000	40404040 D5F8C2C3 000001EF 24602878 40404040 000000000	:46.084193 0.018626 	97 1377 27 40404040 40404040 00560004 00000004 40404040 0000	7 248 SQI VF 40404040 40404040 C4C2F8C1	ADA & HOST AR TRACING 4040404 17F44F39 00000007	'BLANK' NETWORKII 40404040 047E486B C4E2D5F8 40404040 00000000	D: USIBMSC 40404040 00000007 C2C3F3 40404040 00000000	DB8A DSN8BC3	.4 =., .DB8ADSN8BC3
	0000 C4C2 0020 4040 0040 0020 	2F8C1 - 0C4E2 - 1 C4000	40404040 D5F8C2C3 000001EF 24602878 40404040	:46.084193 0.018626 	97 1377 27 40404040 40404040 00560004 00000004 40404040 0000	7 248 SQI VF 40404040 40404040 C4C2F8C1	ADA & HOST AR TRACING 4040404 17F44F39 00000007	'BLANK' NETWORKII 40404040 047E486B C4E2D5F8 40404040 00000000	D: USIBMSC 40404040 00000007 C2C3F3 40404040 00000000	DB8A DSN8BC3	.4 =., .DB8ADSN8BC3
	0000 C4C2 0020 4040 0040 0020 	2F8C1	40404040 D5F8C2C3 000001EF 24602878 40404040 00000000	:46.084193 0.018626 	97 1377 27 40404040 40404040 00560004 	7 248 SQI VF 40404040 40404040 C4C2F8C1 00000000 40404040	10A & HOST 10A & HOST 40404040 17F44F39 00000007 00004040 00000000	'BLANK' NETWORKII 40404040 047E486B C4E2D5F8 40404040 00000000	D: USIBMSC 40404040 00000007 C2C3F3 40404040 00000000	DB8A DSN8BC3	.4 =., .DB8ADSN8BC3
	0000 C4C2 0020 4040 0040 0020 	2F8C1	40404040 D5F8C2C3 000001EF 24602878 40404040 00000000	:46.084193 0.018626 	97 1377 27 40404040 40404040 00560004 00000004 40404040 0000	7 248 SQI VF 40404040 40404040 C4C2F8C1 00000000 40404040	10A & HOST 10A & HOST 40404040 17F44F39 00000007 00004040 00000000	'BLANK' NETWORKII 40404040 047E486B C4E2D5F8 40404040 00000000	D: USIBMSC 40404040 00000007 C2C3F3 40404040 00000000	DB8A DSN8BC3	.4 =., .DB8ADSN8BC3
	0000 C4C2 0020 4040 0040 0020 0000 01C4 0020 4040 0020 4040 0040 0000 0000 0008	2F8C1	40404040 D5F8C2C3 000001EF 24602878 40404040 00000000 F0F9F6F1	:46.084193 0.018626 	97 1377 27 4040404 4040404 00560004 00000004 4040404 0000	7 248 SQI VI 40404040 40404040 C4C2F8C1	10A & HOST 10A & HOST 40404040 17F44F39 00000007 00004040 00000000	'BLANK' NETWORKII 40404040 047E486B C4E2D5F8 40404040 00000000	D: USIBMSC 40404040 00000007 C2C3F3 40404040 00000000	DB8A DSN8BC3	.4 =., .DB8ADSN8BC3
·····	0000 C4C2 0020 4040 0040 0020 	2F8C1 10C4E2 11C4C00 1	40404040 D5F8C2C3 000001EF 24602878 40404040 00000000 	:46.084193 0.018626 	97 1377 27 4040404 4040404 00560004 00000004 4040404 0000	7 248 SQI VI 40404040 40404040 C4C2F8C1 00000000 40404040	DA & HOST R TRACING 4040404 17F44F39 00000007 00004040 00000000	'BLANK' NETWORKII 40404040 047E486B C4E2D5F8 40404040 000000000	0: USIBMSC 4040404 00000007 C2C3F3 4040404 00000000	DB8A DSN8BC3+	.4 =., .DB8ADSN8BC3
er er	0000 C4C2 0020 4040 0040 0020 0000 01C4 0020 4040 0020 4040 0040 0000 0000 0008	2F8C1 : 0C4E2 : 1	40404040 D5F8C2C3 000001EF 24602878 40404040 00000000 	:46.084193 0.018626 	97 1377 27 40404040 40404040 00560004 40404040 00000004 *BLANK* 648 1381	7 248 SQI VI 40404040 40404040 C4C2F8C1 00000000 40404040	DA & HOST R TRACING 4040404 17F44F39 00000007 00004040 00000000	'BLANK' NETWORKII 40404040 047E486B C4E2D5F8 40404040 000000000	0: USIBMSC 4040404 00000007 C2C3F3 4040404 00000000	DB8A DSN8BC3+	.4 =., .DB8ADSN8BC3



OMPE Fundamentals

Record Trace Report Set

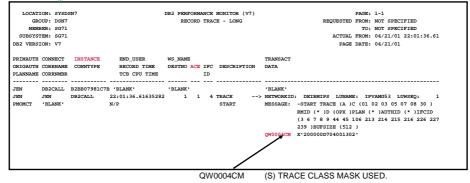
- •Formats individual IFCID trace records.
- Records can be shown in a short, long, or dump format.
- Represents most detailed level of performance data.
- Unfortunately have to resort too often to this gory level of detail





Record Trace Report Set

- Instance number
- •ACE just a number (real address at the end of the trace)
- Some fields just have field name
 - f Usually serviceability fields
 - f see DSNWMSGS or code for details







Record Trace Report Set

```
LOCATION: SYSDEN7 DB2 PERFORMANCE MONITOR (V7) PAGE: 1-22

GROUP: DSN7 RECORD TRACE - LONG REQUESTED FROM: NOT SPECIFIED

MEMBER: SG71 TO: NOT SPECIFIED

SUBSYSTEM: SG71 ACTUAL FROM: 04/21/01 22:01:36.61

DB2 VERSION: V7
PRIMAUTH CONNECT INSTANCE END_USER WS_NAME TRANSACT

GRIGAUTH CORROWNER COUNTYPE RECORD TIME DESTNO ACE IFC DESCRIPTION DATA

FLANAME CORROWNER COUNTYPE RECORD TIME DESTNO ACE IFC DESCRIPTION DATA

SYSOPR SG53 BZBE07982279 'BLANK' 'BLANK' 'BLANK'

SYSOPR SG53 BZBE07982279 'BLANK' 'BLANK'
```



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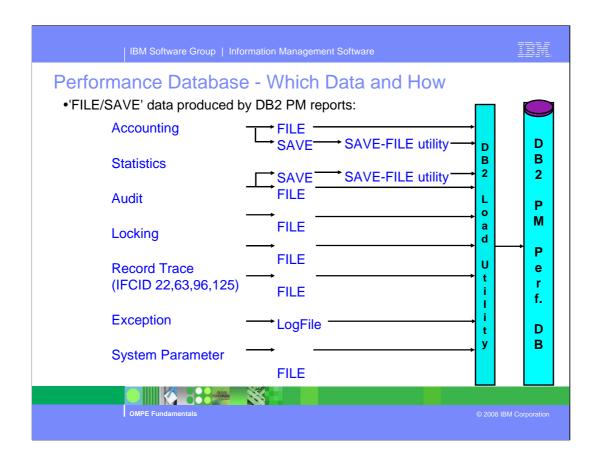
TEM

DB2 Performance Reporting

- Instrumentation interface and trace classes
- Data Collection
- Working with Batch Reporting
 - f Report sets ...
- Performance Database



OMPE Fundamentals





DB2 PE Performance database

- Load trace data into DB2 tables to allow SQL statements against data
 f Summarized (report) or raw (trace)
- Not all IFCIDs are supported
- •Documented in "Chapter 19. The Performance Database and the Performance Warehouse" of OMPE Reporting User's Guide
- •Can be interesting if INTERVAL(1) is not granular enough
- Sample JCL for acctg on STLMVS1 in DB2DUMP.OMPE.JCL

f 1. DB2PMDB Run on MVS1 to save accounting trace to a file f 2. DGOACFGE Run on EC to create performance database

f 3. DGOALFGE Run on EC to load accounting file into performance

database

f 4. DGOAQFIL Run on EC, the query to get the incoming transaction

number





References

Manuals:

- f DB2 Performance Expert V2 http://www-
 - 3.ibm.com/software/data/db2imstools/db2tools/db2pe/index.html
- f DB2 Performance Monitor for OS/390 V8 http://www-
 - 3.ibm.com/software/data/db2imstools/db2tools/db2pm/index.html
- f DB2 Buffer Pool Analyzer for z/OS V2 http://www-
 - 3.ibm.com/software/data/db2imstools/db2tools/bpa/index.html
- f DM Tools Library (complete library of all tools, including additional updates) http://www-306.ibm.com/software/data/db2imstools/db2tools-library.html
- f IBM Tivoli OMEGAMON XE for DB2 on z/OS
 - http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/tividd/td/IBMTivoliOMEGAMONXEforDB2onzOS3.0.html

Redbooks:

- f A Deep Blue View of DB2 Performance: IBM Tivoli OMEGAMON XE for DB2 Performance Expert on z/OS
 - http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/abstracts/sg247224.html (May 2006)
- f DB2 Performance Expert for z/OS V2 (SG24-6867-01) http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/abstracts/sg246470.html (June 2004)
- f DB2 Performance Expert for Multiplatform V2 (SG24-6470) http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/abstracts/sg246470.html (Feb. 2005)



